THE UNIVERSITY
OF ILLINOIS
LIBRARY

328.7481
P381
1915²

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS LIBRARY
DEC 27 1915

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1915. No. 39.

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS LIBRARY DEC 27 1915

SENATE.

THURSDAY, April 8, 1915.

The Senate met at 10.00 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

Rev. M. D. Lichliter offered the following prayer:

O, Lord, we bow before Thy throne, praying that Thou wouldst lead us to a closer and better fellowship to each other. Direct us that in our every thought, word and deed we may make for a higher and a broader citizenship. Help us that being clean of heart and true to self we can be false to none. Bless this great country of ours, this State and all its institutions and grant to steady us in our purpose that our institutions may grow with the nation's growth, and our broader and higher destiny may be as a pillar of cloud by day and a pillar of fire by night to struggling mankind the world over. Bless this Senate, its officers, the members and employes, and preserve them in body, in mind and in heart, We ask in Jesus' name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. FARLEY, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline), announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 963, entitled.

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

House Bill No. 619, entitled.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

House Bill No. 432, entitled.

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

House Bill No. 247, entitled.

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

House Bill No. 737, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such companies from State taxation

House Bill No. 770, entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

House Bill No. 513, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

House Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

House Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

House Bill No. 457, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the trutle or mourning dove the killdeer and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the

353866

twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline), in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McKEE, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 799, entitled:

A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the Second Regiment Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to be held at San Francisco, California, in nineteen hundred and fifteen, to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal, and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean; and providing that such officers and enlisted men of said Regiment as participate in said Exposition shall be paid the same per diem pay of officers and men and such allowances in connection with the annual encampment as are paid from State funds, which they would receive at the annual encampment.

Mr. HOKE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 786, entitled:

An Act amending section number one thousand four hundred and two of Article fourteen of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the 18th day of May, 1911.

Mr. MILLER, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 455, entitled:

An Act to provide for better setting of fruit and for the protection of bees by prohibiting the spraying of trees, shrubs, bushes or plants of fruit-bearing kinds when in bloom.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 410 (House Bill No. 246), entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 764 (House Bill No. 841), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 776 (House Bill No. 767), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 741, entitled:

An Act refunding to the executors of the estate of Charles C. Cox, deceased, certain moneys by him paid into the State treasury upon a bequest to the Malinda Cox Free Library of Doylestown, Pennsylvania.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No 269 (House Bill No. 249), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 13th day of April, 1869, entitled "An Act relating to hawking, peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana County.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 672 (House Bill No. 912), entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act," approved the 25th day of July, 1913, conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 698, entitled:

An Act authorizing a charge not exceeding five dollars in addition to six per cent. per annum to cover expenses incurred in making loans.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act relating to the State Police Force.

Mr. McKEE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 325, entitled:

An Act prohibiting the commissioners of townships of the first class from undertaking the paving, curbing, macadamizing or otherwise improving of, or construction of sewers in any street, alley or part thereof, except upon petition of property owners owning property containing a majority of the number of feet fronting and abutting on the line of the proposed improvement.

Mr. SENSENICH, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 720 (House Bill No. 253), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the 8th day of June, A. D. 1901, entitled "An Act amending article two of an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith,' approved the 2d day of June, A. D. 1891," increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses.

Also from the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 652, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth, eight, eleventh, sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act, approved the 26th day of March, 1895, entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings; defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery, supplies, fuel, furniture, furnishings, distribution of documents, repairs, alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature, the several departments, boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion, authorizing the appointment of a Superintendent and defining his powers, authority and duties, and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act, and fixing the compensation of the same."

Mr. HOMSHER, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 527, entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed under and by the authority of an act approved the 15th day of May, 1889, entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewer systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" and authorizing the passage of an ordinance amending an original ordinance where the route of any sewer has been changed during the course of its construction.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 806, entitled:

An Act creating a Department of Municipal Affairs and defining its powers and duties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 807, entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 808, entitled:

P 38/2
1915

An Act providing for amendments to pleadings in actions at law or in equity.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 809, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 810, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act to establish a Department of Mines in Pennsylvania, defining its purposes and authority; providing for the appointment of a Chief of said department and assistants and fixing their salaries and expenses."

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 811, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds, and game-birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions," approved the first day of May, A. D. 1909, by restricting the right to kill dogs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 812, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purpose of liquidating the balance of the unsecured indebtedness of the Northwestern State Normal School for the Twelfth District of Pennsylvania located at Edinboro, Erie County, Pennsylvania, at the date of its transfer to the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 813, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Osteopathic Hospital, of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 814, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State College to establish, equip, furnish and maintain secondary schools throughout the Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the scope and efficiency of the extension work of State College in Agriculture and Home Economics.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. FARLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 815, entitled:

An Act to amend section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to, and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done, and labor or material to be furnished, to any building, bridge, wharf, dock, pier, bulkhead, vault, subway, tramway, tollroad, conduit, tunnel, mine, coal-breaker, flume, pump, screen, tank, derrick, pipe line, aqueduct, reservoir, viaduct, telegraph, telephone, railway or railroad line; canal, millrace; works for supplying water, heat, light, power, cold air, or any other substance furnished to the public; well for the production of gas, oil, or other volatile or mineral substance; or other structure or improvement, of whatsoever kind or character the same may be; providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts, and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," approved the fourteenth day of June, 1901, as amended by the act of the 24th of April, 1903, and the present amendment which gives to the wage earner the right to file a lien against a new building or an alteration or repair, notwithstanding any contract to the contrary between the owner and contractor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 816, entitled:

An Act regulating horse racing and the betting incidental thereto, and providing for and regulating a State Racing Commission to carry out the purpose of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 817, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county, and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. SENSENICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 818, entitled:

An Act authorizing the attachment of wages or salary on judgments obtained for necessaries limiting the amount of exemption to be claimed and providing for the payment of the costs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 819, entitled:

An Act authorizing Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer his wife, citizens of Cambria County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 820, entitled:

An Act regulating through the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the business of assisting employers to obtain employes and persons to secure employment including the business of collecting information to the same end, and prescribing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 821, entitled:

An Act establishing under the Department of Labor and Industry a system of regulation of employers seeking employes, and of persons seeking employment, and prescribing as incidental thereto certain duties of employers and of county, municipal, township and school authorities, and of agencies procuring employes for others, and prescribing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 822, entitled:

An Act providing for the compilation and publication of a synopsis of the election laws and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 572, as follows:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provision of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore brought under execution or conveyed them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in the hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of Ma Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy eight insofar as it relates to banking companies amendin and extending the same and giving said banking com panies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery or possession of property so bought the same as an individual could do

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight which reads as follows

"Whereas Owing to the depreciation in the value of real estate many corporations have been obliged to purchase real estate under executions or take conveyances thereof in order to save their claims thereon and by their charters are authorized to hold the same only for a limited time and owing to such continued depression in prices have been unable to sell and dispose of the same therefore

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the time during which all corporations are authorized by law and their charters to hold and convey real estate acquired by them under execution or in satisfaction of debts be and the same is hereby extended to all property heretofore bought and now held by such corporations for and during a further period of five years from and after the expiration of the time during which as aforesaid they are now so authorized to hold and convey the same" be and the same is hereby revived continued and extended insofar as it relates to banking companies for a period of five years from and after the passage of this act and further amended as follows That said banking companies foreign or within the State having purchased real estate under execution or executions or taken conveyances thereof in order to save their claims or loans previously made shall have the right to bring any action at law or in equity or maintain any such action already brought to recover the possession of said real estate the same as an individual could do if the property had been purchased by him Provided however That nothing in this act shall apply to railroad right of ways

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Burke,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Hackett,	McNichol,		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 587 (House Bill No. 779), as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to enduce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by making the libellant a competent witness generally

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which read as follows

"Section 1 That in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion the libellant shall be fully competent to prove the fact of desertion and the efforts if any made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation though the respondent may not have been personally served with the subpoena or with a rule to take depositions and may not be residing within this Commonwealth but has been served by publication only" be so amended as to read

Section 1 That in all proceedings for divorce the libellant shall be fully competent to prove all the facts though the respondent may not have been personally served with a libel subpoena or rule to take depositions and may not be residing within the Commonwealth but has been served by publication only

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sones,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Farley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Gyger,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 75, as follows:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand seven hundred and seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved May eighteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1707 Pupils residing in school districts in which no public high schools are maintained may attend during the entire term the high schools in other districts which are nearest or most convenient to their homes If any district maintains a high school with a course less than a four-years' course pupils who have satisfactory completed the same may attend during the remaining years of a three of four years course the nearest or most conveniently located high school of such class as they may desire to attend Provided That pupils wishing to attend a high school in a district other than the one in which they reside shall obtain the consent of the board of school directors of the district in which such high school is located before attending the same" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1707 Pupils residing in school districts in which no public high schools are maintained may attend during the entire term the high schools in other districts which are nearest or most convenient to their homes If any district maintains a high school with a course less than a four years' course pupils who have satisfactorily completed the same in the school of their own district or have completed the equivalent of said course in some other school or schools may attend at the expense of the school board of the district in which they live during the remaining years of a three or four years' course the nearest or most conveniently located high school of such class as they may desire to attend Provided That pupils wishing to attend a high school in a district other than the one in which they reside shall obtain the consent of the board of school directors of the district in which such high school is located before attending the same And provided further That where pupils desirous of having their tuition paid in a high school in another district on account of having completed in a school or schools in another district the equivalent of the course in their own district they must present to the board of their own district and the board of the district in which they wish to attend a certificate from the county superintendent who has jurisdiction over the district in which they live that they have satisfactorily completed the equivalent of said course county superintendents are hereby authorized and required to examine such pupils and if entitled to issue to them the necessary certificates

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 160, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section four of article thirteen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

be recommitted to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fishwardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish arteries propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,

Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—3.

Martin,
Mills,
Snyder, P. W.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of school districts of the second third and fourth classes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 329, entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Farley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 342, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to prevent the charging of commissions for the placing of building and loan association mortgages in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof be recommitted to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 416 (House Bill No. 49), on third reading, entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 418 (House No. 227), entitled:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 450 (House Bill No. 611), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 454, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 460, on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 469, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as amended by providing for the placing of footwalks curb parking space shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in the said streets lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the eighth section of an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one which as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending section eight of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved May sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one extending the provisions of said act to the grading paving curbing macadamizing or improvement of parts of streets or alleys" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one reads as follows

"Section 8 Every municipal corporation shall have power to lay out establish or re-establish grades of streets and alleys or parts thereof and to construct bridges piers and abutments therefor and sewers and drains in any street or alley or through or on or over private property Every municipal corporation shall also have power upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting on the line of the proposed improvement to be verified by affidavit of one or more parties to said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purposes of petition) to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve any public street or public alley or part thereof within its corporate limits or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in first section of this act who shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewer grading paving curbing macadamizing or other improvement of each street or alley or part thereof within its corporate limits upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the municipal corporation and the proceedings of said viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in this act for viewers and report of viewers in cases of property taken injured or destroyed" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 Every municipal corporation shall have the power to lay out establish or re-establish grades of streets and alleys or parts thereof and to construct bridges piers and abutments therefor and sewers and drains in any street or alley or through or on or over private property Every municipal corporation shall also have power upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting the line of the proposed improvement to be verified by affidavit of one or more parties to said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purposes of petition) to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve any public street or public alley or part thereof within its corporate limits or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof And also including the improvement of any street road lane or alley and any sections or parts thereof in length in the space between the curb gutter or actual carriage way line and the property line either by an original work or improvement thereon or by a change repair renewal or alteration in the said highway space by the spacing and constructing of a footwalk curb parking space or shade trees or by changing altering renewing replanting pruning or otherwise improving the same in any or all of said particulars On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in the first section of this act who shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewer or grading paving curbing macadamizing footwalks parking pruning or tree planting or changing altering renewing replanting pruning or other improvement of each street or alley or part thereof within its corporate limits upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the municipal corporation and the proceedings of said viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in this act for viewers and reports of viewers in cases of property taken injured or destroyed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 97, by striking out the words "ninety-one" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "ninety-nine."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 531, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioiners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 558, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the night watchman in the State Library

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, F. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 574, entitled:

An Act to amend Rule eighteen of the General Rules in Article XXV of the act of June ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 4, by striking out the word "rule" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "rules".

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 580 (House Bill No. 459), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 599 (House Bill No. 727), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 608 (House No. 800), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, when this bill was up a few days ago it was referred back to committee. It comes to us this morning in its original form and a little explanation may be necessary. This is a bill that places the traction engines that we farmers use in the fall of the year to do all our threshing upon an equality with any other vehicle that travels the road. As at present under the original bill it pays a double tax; it pays a property tax, and a license tax for the man who operates it, and that is wrong. I hope the bill will pass, repealing that original act and placing it upon an equality with any other vehicle that travels the road.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 628, as follows:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regards to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballot and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violation thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fourteen of an act entitled "An act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections' approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three which reads as follows

"Section 14 When Presidential electors are to be voted for the names of candidates for Presidential electors shall be arranged in party groups as presented in the several certificates of party nomination and nomination papers and the groups shall be printed upon the ballot in order of the vote obtained in the State at the last Presidential election by the parties nominating beginning with the party which obtained the highest vote Provided That in the case of political parties not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election the order of arrangement shall be alphabetically

At the head of each group of candidates shall be printed the appropriate party name or political appellation together with the surnames of the candidates of such party for President and Vice-President underneath which shall be printed the names of the appropriate candidates for Presidential electors

At the right of the space containing the surnames of the candidates for President and Vice-President and their party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X) and at the right of the name of each candidate for Presidential elector there shall be a similar but smaller square

The names of candidates for all other shall in all cases be arranged under the title of the office for which they are candidates and be printed in the order of the votes obtained for the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating at the last Presidential election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote Provided That in the cases of parties not represented on the ballot at the last Presidenital election the name of the nominees of such parties shall be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation At the right of the name of each nominee or candidate shall be printed the name or appellation of the political party presenting or nominating him and at the right of such party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark

Whenever any candidate shall receive more than one nomination for the same office his name shall be printed once and the names of each political party so nominating him shall be printed to the right of the name of such candidate arranged in the same order as candidates names are grouped that is to say in the order of the votes obtained by such party at the last preceding Presidential election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote If such candidate shall be nominated by any political party not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election the name of such parties shall follow the other names and be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or appellation At the right of every party name or political appellation shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion cross-mark

There shall be left at the end of the groups of candidates for Presidential electors and of the list of candidates for each different office (or under the title of the office itself for which an election is to be held in case there be no candidates legally nominated therefor) as many blank spaces as there are persons to be voted for for such office in which space the voter may insert the name of any person whose name is not printed on the ballot as a candidate for such office and such insertion shall count as a vote without the cross-mark as hereinafter mentioned

Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment or other question is submitted to the vote of the people such question shall be printed upon the ballot in brief form and followed by the words "yes" and "no" and if such question be submitted at an election of public officers it shall be printed after the list of candidates

The ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to designate his choice of candidates by a cross-mark (X) in a square of sufficient size at the right of the name of each candidate and inside the line enclosing the column and in like manner answers to questions submitted by similar marks in squares at the right of the word "yes" and "no" And on the ballot may be printed instructions how to mark and such words as will aid the voter to do this as "mark one" "mark two" and the like

Privided That a voter may designate his choice of an entire group of Presidential electors by one cross-mark (X) in a large square which shall be placed at the right of the name of the candidates for President and Vice-President at the head of such group and such mark shall be equivalent to a mark against every name in the group

Provided further That each voter may have the opportunity of designating his choice for all the candidates as nominated by one political party there shall be printed on the extreme left of the ballot and separate from the rest of the ballot by a space of at least one-half inch a list of the names of all the political parties or groups of nominees represented on such ballot and presenting candidates to be voted for at such election Such names shall be arranged in the order of the votes obtained at the last Presidential election by the candidate at the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating beginning with the party that received the highest vote cast Following the names of such political parties shall be the names of the parties or principles not presented on the ballot at the last Presidential election arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation A square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of cross-mark (X) shall be placed at the right of each party name or appellation Every mark within such square shall be equivalent to a mark against every name designated by that political appellation or party name including candidates nominated by more than one party or group of citizens

At the head of every ballot shall be printed the following instructions

To vote a straight party ticket mark a cross-mark in the square opposite the name of the party of your choice in the first column A cross-mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate" shall be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 14 When Presidential electors are to be voted for the names of candidates for Presidential electors shall be arranged in party groups as presented in the several certificates of party nomination and nomination papers and the groups shall be printed upon the ballot in the order of the vote obtained in the State at the last General election by the parties nominating beginning with the party which obtained the highest vote Provided That in the case of political parties not represented on the ballot in the last General election the order of arrangement shall be alphabetically

At the head of each group of candidates shall be printed the appropriate party name or political appellation together with the surnames of the candidates of such party for President and Vice-President underneath which shall be printed the names of the appropriate candidates for Presidential electors

At the right of the space containing the surnames of the candidates for President and Vice-President and their party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X) and at the right of the name of each candidate for Presidential elector there shall be a similar but smallar square

The names of candidates for all other offices shall in all cases be arranged under the title of the office for which they are candidates and be printed in the order of the votes obtained for the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating at the last General election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote Provided That in the cases of parties not represented on the ballot at the last General election the name of the nominees of such parties shall be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation At the right of the name of each nominee or candidate shall be printed the name or appellation of the political party presenting or nominating him and at the right of such party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark

Whenever any candidate shall receive more than one nomination for the same office his name shall be printed once and the names of each political party so nominating him shall be printed to the right of the name of such candidate arranged in the same order as candidates names are grouped that is to say in the order of the votes obtained by such party at the last preceding general election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote If such candidate shall be nominated by any party not represented on the ballot in the last preceding general election the name of such parties shall follow the other names and be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or appellation At the right of every party name or political appellation shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark

There shall be left at the end of the groups of candidates for Presidential electors and of the list of candidates for each different office (or under the title of the office itself for which an election is to be held in case there be no candidates legally nominated therefor) as many blank spaces as there are persons to be voted for for such office in which space the voter may insert the name of any person whose name is not printed on the ballot as a candidate for such office and such insertion shall count as a vote without the cross-mark as hereinafter mentioned

Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment or other question is submitted to the vote of the people such question shall be printed upon the ballot in brief form and followed by the words "yes" and "no" and if such question be submitted at an election of public officers it shall be printed after the list of candidates

The ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to designate his choice of candidates by a cross-mark (X) in a square of sufficient size at the right of the name of each candidate and inside the line enclosing the column and in like manner answers to questions submitted by similar marks in squares at the right of the words "yes" and "no" And on the ballot may be printed instructions how to mark and such words as will aid the voter to do this as "mark one" "mark two" and the like

Provided that a voter may designate his choice of an entire group of candidates for Presidential electors by one cross-mark (X) in a large square which shall be placed at the right of the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President at the head of such group and such mark shall be equivalent to a mark against every name in the group

Provided further That each voter may have the opportunity of designating his choice for all the candidates as nominated by one political party there shall be printed on the extreme left of the ballot and separated from the rest of the ballot by a space of at least one-half inch a list of the names of all the political parties or groups of nominees represented on such ballot and presenting candidates to be voted for at such election Such names shall be arranged in the order of the votes obtained at the last preceding general election by the candidate at the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating beginning with the party that received the highest vote cast Following the names of such political parties shall be the names of the parties or principles not presented on the ballot at the last preceding general election arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation A square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X) shall be placed at the right of each party name or appellation Every mark within such square shall be equivalent to a mark against every name designated by that political appellation or party name including candidates nominated by more than one party or group of citizens

At the head of every ballot shall be printed the following instructions

To vote a straight party ticket mark a cross (X) in the square opposite the name of the party of your choice in the first column A cross-mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills
Patton,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

Graff,
Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 646 (House No. 883), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller.
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare.
Warner.
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk and the five clerks in the Department of Mines

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix.
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 675 (House Bill No. 852), on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 689, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund certain moneys to the estate of the late Joseph P. Kennedy.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 707 (House Bill No. 961), on third reading, entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 754, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson township Cambria county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke.
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 662.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 622, on page 13, of yesterday's calendar, entitled:

An Act regulating the licensing of dealers in intoxicating liquors in the County of Schuylkill creating a Liquor License Commission for said county prescribing its powers and duties providing for the appointment of commissioners by the Governor and imposing certain duties upon the county commissioners and expenses upon said county

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I voted no.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 192.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 192 (House Bill No. 10), on page 3, of the calendar of Wednesday, March 31, 1915, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employees in counties having a population over one million

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I voted no.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. GRAFF. Mr President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, with pleasure.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, has too long a time elapsed to bring up this question?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I understand I am within my rights, as five legislative days have not elapsed. This bill relates to the City of Philadelphia and the County of Philadelphia. It provides for the semi-monthly payment of employes of the respective county departments, and under some misapprehension, the bill failed of passage on March 31st, and I ask the members of the Senate to vote for a reconsideration.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, this bill conforms to a bill that was passed two years ago which provided for the payment of those employed by corporations by semi-monthly payments. This bill provides that the City of Philadelphia would pay its employes twice a month instead of once a month. It would not cost any more. The warrant clerks in the different departments would be required to draw two warrants a month instead of one, and it would help the employes to get through the month without going and borrowing money from the loan sharks when they get short of money. It seems to me a just bill and ought to be reconsidered and passed. There is not a feature in the bill that hurts anybody.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constituton, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz.
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 415 (House Bill No. 484), on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act creating an art jury for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties"

be recommitted to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 255, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety four entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation" as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessaries of life on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 286, as follows:

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties with half pay under certain conditions during the remainder of their lives except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen whenever the Governor is of opinion based upon satisfactory medical evidence that a State employe is by reason of physical or mental disability permanently incapacitated for performing his regular official duties except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for he shall notify said employe of his opinion giving the reasons therefor and if the said employe shall resign within thirty days after such notice and shall have served continuously in office as such a State employe for twenty-five years or more or who shall have reached the age of seventy years and shall have served continuously in office as such a State employe for twenty years or more and shall hold himself in readiness to perform special duties in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do after his honorable retirement from office by resignation he shall receive during the remainder of his life one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service.

Section 2 No such State employe while accepting the benefits of this act shall be entitled to any additional compensation for the performance of any duties assigned to him hereunder and no such employe shall be obliged to accept an assignment of duty for any other than the department or branch of service of which he was an employe at the time of his retirement

Section 3 Any such State employe wishing to take advantage of the provisions of this act may notify the Governor of his desire so to do or the Governor on his initiative may notify any State employe as provided herein

Section 4 All payments under this act shall be made monthly only upon the certificates of the head of the proper department or branch of service that such retired State employe is living and willing to perform the special duties assigned to him by such State official

Section 5 Any vacancy created by a retirement under this act shall be filled as now provided by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 365, as follows:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Philadelphia county the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by and paid by him to the treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by virtue of the power vested in it by the Constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county the amount of such part of the fee for wholesale liquor license for premises number nine hundred nine South street seventh ward city and county of Philadelphia as required by and paid by said Louis Gumbiner to Murrell Dobbins treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia on or about November twenty-first one thousand nine hundred twelve in excess of or over and above the amount of and for said fee that was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof Said suit or suits to be subject to the rules of pleading practice evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court are subject

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 566, as follows:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing for the regulation and control of the sanitary conditions surrounding the preparation handling storage and serving of food in hotels restaurants and dining cars defining hotels restaurants and dining cars imposing certain duties upon the Dairy and Food Commissioner in reference to this act and providing penalties for the violation of the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person firm copartnership limited partnership joint stock company or corporate body by himself herself itself or themselves or by his her its or their agents servants or employes to sell offer for sale expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell at or from any hotel restaurant or dining car as hereinafter defined any article of food which has been prepared handled or served in an unsanitary way as hereinafter defined

Section 2 The term "hotel" as used in this act shall include all licensed places of public entertainment and all places kept primarily for the entertainment of transient guests

Section 3 The term "restaurant" as used in this act shall include all places where meals or lunches are served to transient guests for pay and which are not included under the terms hotel or dining car

Section 4 The term "dining car" as used in this act shall mean a car transported on a railroad and in which meals or lunches are served for pay

Section 5 An article of food shall be deemed to have been prepared in an unsanitary way within the meaning of this act

First When the kitchen or other place wherein food is prepared is not at the time of the preparation thereof kept screened from flies free from exposure to dust free from all vermin or is not in other respects in a sanitary condition

Second When the utensils and dishes used in the preparation of food are not at the time of use in a sanitary condition or when the towels dish-cloths or other appliances used for the cleansing of utensils and dishes used in the preparation of food or for the cleansing of the hands or person of the persons concerned in the preparation of food shall not be when in use in a clean and sanitary condition

Third When any person engaged in the preparation or handling of food at the time of preparation shall not have and keep the hands person and clothing in a clean and sanitary condition or shall not be properly clad so as to avoid undue contact of the food with the person

Section 6 An article of food shall be deemed to have been handled in an unsanitary way

First When any place where food after preparation is handled or any mechanism or appliance by which it is handled or any utensil or dish used for handling are not at the time in a sanitary condition

Second When any person engaged in the handling of food after preparation shall not have and keep the hands person and clothing in a clean and sanitary condition or shall not be properly clad so as to avoid undue contact of the food with the person

Section 7 An article of food shall be deemed to have been stored in an unsanitary way when the bin closet shelf refrigerator or other place where the food is stored is not at the time of storage kept free from exposure to dust and flies from vermin or is not in other respects in a sanitary condition

Section 8 An article of food shall be deemed to have been served in an unsanitary condition

First When the dining room or other place where the food is served is not at the time of serving kept properly screened from flies free from vermin free from exposure to dust or is not in any other respect in a sanitary condition

Second When any table lunch counter steam table or other place whereon or wherefrom food is served is not at the time of serving kept properly protected from flies and dust free from vermin or is not in any other respect in a sanitary condition

Third When any dish utensil linen table coverings or other appliances used in serving food is not at the time of serving in a sanitary condition or when any cloth linen napkin or other appliance used in cleansing any dish utensil food container or appliance used in serving food is not at the time of the use thereof in a sanitary condition

Fourth When any person engaged in the serving of food shall not have and keep the hands person and clothing in a clean and sanitary condition

Section 9 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) dollars or more than two hundred (200) or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than ten or more than sixty days or both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 10 The Dairy and Food Commissioner of the Commonwealth shall be charged with the enforcement of this act

Section 11 The Dairy and Food Commissioner of the Commonwealth and any of his agents and any person or persons designated by him shall at all reasonable times have the right of access to any hotel restaurant or dining car and to all parts and places thereof and therein for the purpose of examination as to the sanitary conditions affecting the preparation handling storing and serving of food therein and for the purpose of enforcement of this act Refusal of this right of examination or interference therewith shall render the person or persons so refusing or interfering guilty of a misdemeanor and shall subject him or them to the penalties provided in section nine of this act

Section 12 It shall be the duty of the Dairy and Food Commissioner from time to time at his discretion to cause publication to be made of the results of examinations made by himself or agents or persons designated by him of hotels restaurants and dining cars visited and examined and also to make publication of a statement of all suits and prosecutions instituted under this act and results thereof

Section 13 All fines and penalties imposed and recovered for the violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be paid to the Dairy and Food Commissioner or his agent and by the Dairy and Food Commissioner be paid into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 571, as follows:

An Act authorizing county controllers in counties containing a population of from one hundred fifty thousand to two hundred sixty thousand to designate and appoint a solicitor prescribing the duties of the said solicitor and fixing his term of office and salary to be paid by the proper county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all counties of the Commonwealth containing a population of not less than one hundred fifty thousand nor more than two hundred sixty thousand as shown by the last preceding United States census the county controller shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to designate and appoint one person learned in the law to act as his solicitor It shall be the duty of said solicitor to advise upon all legal matters that may be submitted to him and to conduct any litigation desired by said county controller The said solicitor shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200.00) per annum to be paid out of the county treasury

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 590 (House Bill No. 331), as follows:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That counties having a population of one million and over shall create a pension fund for the pensioning of all employes appointed who have given twenty years of service in said county No employe under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

Section 2 Counties having a population of one million and over shall set aside and appropriate a sum not less than one-half of one per centum nor more than two per centum of all available taxes for such pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease the amounts contributed by employes for the pension fund together with the appropriation made by the county to carry out the purpose of this act shall be collected by the respective county treasurer and shall be kept by him in a separate fund Disbursements of the money from said fund shall be made upon warrant of the pension board which shall consist of the county controller and county commissioners

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the yearly salary received for the year immediately preceding the year of the retirement of the employe if for any cause an employe contributing to the pension fund shall cease to be an employe of the county before the expiration of the twenty year period the total amount of contributions paid into pension fund by each employe shall be refunded to him in full The pension paid to any one employe shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 590 (House Bill No. 331), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 618 (House Bill No. 291), entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 618 (House Bill No. 291), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 687, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishment for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section twelve and section thirteen of an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" which reads as follows

Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any proprietor manager clerk or agent of any market hotel boarding house eating house restaurant or saloon or any person company or corporation in this Commonwealth to purchase sell or expose for sale any charr commonly called brook trout or any species of trout or contract with or employ any person or persons to catch and keep such fish for him or them by the day or otherwise Provided That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent any person company or corporation from selling charr commonly called brook trout or spreckled trout or any species of trout bred or raised artificially under the provisions of section eleven of this act And Provided further That nothing in ths section shall be so construed as to prohibit any person or persons from employing a guide to accompany him or them when fishing Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-eight of this act be subject to a fine of twenty dollars for each and every offense so committed

Section 13 That it shall be unlawful to purchase sell or offer for sale or have in possession any fresh dead game fish whenever caught within this Commonwealth or any fresh dead food fish caught in the waters within this Commonwealth except during the lawful period for catching the same and the space of six days after such period has expired Provided however That nothing herein shall be so construed as to prohibit the sale of food or game fish artificially propagated by any person or persons under the provisions of section eleven of this act Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-seven of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each fish" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any proprietor manager clerk or agent of any market hotel boarding house eating house restaurant or saloon or any person company or corporation in this Commonwealth to purchase sell or expose for sale at any time any charr commonly called brook trout or any species of trout or any black bass or small-mouth bass or large-mouth bass otherwise called Oswego or yellow bass or any crappie grass strawberry or calico bass or any white bass rock bass otherwise known as red eye or goggle eye or any pickerel western pike or muscalonge whether caught killed or taken within or without this Commonwealth or contract with or employ any person or persons to catch and keep such fish for him or them by the day or otherwise Provided That nothing in this section shall be so constructed as to prevent any person company or corporation from selling game fish bred or raised artificially under the provisions of section eleven of this act and Provided further That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prohibit any person from employing a guide to accompany him or them when fishing Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-seven of this act be subject to a fine of twenty dollars for each and every offence so committed

Section 13 That it shall be unlawful to have in possession any fresh dead game fish except pike-perch whether caught within or without this Commonwealth or any fresh dead food fish caught in the waters of this Commonwealth excepting during the lawful period for catching the same and the space of six days after such period has expired Provided however That nothing herein shall be construed as to prohibit the sale of food or game fish artificially propagated by any person or persons under the provisions of section eleven of this act Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-seven of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each fish All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 414 (House Bill No. 248), entitled:

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 690, as follows:

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing for the erection and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county-seat of Allegheny county in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from that county who served in the army and navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion authorizing and directing the commissioners of said Allegheny county to erect and maintain said memorial hall upon petition of fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries the court of quarter sessions and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county at a general election designating a committee to determine what relics records et cetera shall be placed in said memorial hall and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States" by extending its provisions so that societies resulting from the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition may have rooms in said memorial hall to meet in and making the members of said societies eligible to membership on the supervisory board

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section six of an act approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing for the erection and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county-seat of Allegheny county in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from that county who served in the army and navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion authorizing and directing the commissioners of said Allegheny county to erect and maintain said memorial hall upon petition of fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries the court of quarter sessions and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county at a general election designating a committee to determine what relics records et cetera shall be placed in said memorial hall and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States" which read

"Section 6 Said memorial hall shall be in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from Allegheny county who served in the army and navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion It shall contain one large assembly hall or auditorium for public meetings of the soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county but which may be used for other public meetings It shall also contain rooms for meetings of posts of the Grand Army of the Republic encampments of the Union Veterans

Legion commanderies of the Loyal Legion and kindred patriotic organizations It shall also contain rooms and places for the proper display and preservation of relics and trophies of the war for the suppression of the rebellion flags histories rosters and records of the Grand Army posts encampments of the Union Veteran Legion commanderies of the Loyal Legion regimental and company histories photographs paintings and portraits busts and statues of soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county and mural tablets upon which shall be inscribed the names of soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county who served in the war for the suppression of the rebellion A committee of ten with power to fill vacancies shall be selected by the survivors of the war for the suppression of the rebellion residing in Allegheny county said committee shall determine and designate what relics trophies flags statues busts histories rosters records et cetera shall be placed in said rooms The president judges of the courts of common pleas numbers two and three and the county commissioners of the said county shall be ex-officio members of said committee" is hereby amended to read

Section 6 Said memorial hall shall be in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from Allegheny county who served in the army and navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion It shall contain one large assembly hall or auditorium for public meetings of the soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county but which may be used for other public meetings It shall also contain rooms for meetings of posts of the Grand Army of the Republic encampments of the Union Veteran Legion societies resulting from the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition commanderies of the Loyal Legion and kindred patriotic organizations It shall also contain rooms and places for the proper display and preservation of relics and trophies of the war for the suppression of the rebellion flags histories rosters and records of the Grany Army posts encampments of the Union Veteran Legion commanderies of the Loyal Legion regimental and company histories photographs paintings and portraits busts and statues of soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county and mural tablets upon which shall be inscribed the names of soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county who served in the war for the suppression of the rebellion A committee of ten with power to fill vacancies shall be selected by the survivors of the war for the suppression of the rebellion and by the survivors of the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition residing in Allegheny county said committee shall determine and designate what relics trophies flags statues busts histories rosters records et cetera shall be placed in said rooms The president judges of the courts of common pleas numbers two and three and the county commissioners of the said county shall be ex-officio members of said committee

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 711, as follows:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "film" used in this act means what is usually known as a motion-picture film

The word "view" used in this act means what is usually known as a stereopticon view or slide

The word "person" includes an association co-partnership or a corporation

USE OF FILMS REELS OR VIEWS PROHIBITED

Section 2 It shall be unlawful to sell lease lend exhibit or use any motion-picture film reel or view unless the said film reel or view has been duly approved by the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors hereinafter in this act called the Board

BOARD OF CENSORS

Section 3 The Board shall consist of three residents and citizens of Pennsylvania two males and one female well qualified by education and experience to act as Censors under this act One male member of the Board shall be Chairman the female member shall be Vice-Chairman and one male member shall be Secretary They shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of three years Those first appointed under this act shall be appointed for three years two years and one year respectively the respective terms to be designated by the Governor

Section 4 A vacancy in the membership of the Board shall be filled for the unexpired term by the Governor A vacancy shall not impair the right and duty of the remaining members to perform all the functions of the Board

SEAL

Section 5 The Board shall procure and use an official seal which shall contain the words "Pennsylvania State Board of Censors" together with such design engraved thereon as the Board may prescribe

APPROVALS BY BOARD

Section 6 The Board shall examine or supervise the examinations of all films reels or views to be exhibited or used in Pennsylvania and shall approve or withhold approval from such films reels or views The Board shall approve such films reels or views which are moral and proper and shall disapprove such as are sacrilegous obscene indecent or immoral or such as tend in the judgment of the Board to debase or corrupt the morals incite to riot or prejudice the public mind

STAMPING FILMS REELS AND VIEWS

Section 7 Upon each film reel or view which has been approved by the Board there shall be furnished and stamped by the Board the following certificate or statement

"Approved by
Pennsylvania State Board
of Censors"

and shall also furnish a certificate in writing to the same effect which certificate shall be exhibited to any member of the Board or employe thereof upon demand

In the case of motion-pictures such statement shall be shown on the screen to the extent of at least five feet of film

In the case of slides or views each set shall have at least two slides or views shown with a similar statement

RECORD OF EXAMINATIONS

Section 8 The Board shall keep a record of all examinations made by it of films reels or views noting on the record all films reels or views which have been approved and those which have not been approved with the reason for such disapproval

REPORT

Section 9 The Board shall report in writing annually to the Governor on or before the first day of November of each year The report shall show

1 A record of its meetings and a summary of its proceedings during the year immediately preceding the date of the report

2 The results of all examinations of films reels or views

3 A detailed statement of all prosecutions for violation of this act

4 A detailed and itemized statement of all expenditures made by or on behalf of the Board

5 Such other information as the Board may deem necessary or useful in explanatioin of the operations of the Board

6 Such other information as shall be requested by the Governor

OATH AND BOND

Section 10 The Chairman Vice-Chairman and Secretary shall before assuming the duties of their respective offices take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the Constitution of Pennsylvania and shall enter into bonds to the Commonwealth in the sum of three thousand dollars two thousand five hundred dollars and two thousand four hundred dollars respectively conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties

SALARIES

Section 11 The Chairman shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars the Vice-Chairman an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars and the Secretary an annual salary of two thousand four hundred dollars The salaries shall be payable monthly

EXPENSES

Section 12 Each member and employe of the Board shall be allowed all expenses of whatsoever nature actually and necessarily incurred by him or her in carrying out the purposes of this act

EMPLOYES

Section 13 The Chairman shall appoint with the approval of the Governor the following employes One chief clerk at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of one thousand dollars each two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one chief inspector at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars three inspectors at salaries of fourteen hundred dollars each three inspectors at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator who shall be an electrician at a salary of fourteen hundred dollars two operators at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator at a salary of one thousand dollars two messengers at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one assistant operator or patcher at a salary of six hundred dollars one assistant patcher at a salary of four hundred and eighty dollars The salaries provided for above shall be annual and payable monthly

In addition to the employes enumerated above the Chairman my with the approval of the Governor appoint such additional employes as the work of the Board may necessarily require The salaries of such additional employes shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of five thousand dollars annually

OFFICES

Section 14 The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide adequate offices for the Board in Harrisburg and in such other cities of the Commonwealth as the Board may require in carrying out the intent and provisions of this act

SUPPLIES

Section 15 Upon requisition of the Board the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall furnish to the Board all furniture books stationery supplies machines and paraphernalia necessary in the work of the Board

PRINTING AND BINDING

Section 16 The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the Board or the proper preservation of the records of the Board including the printing of two thousand copies of the Annual Report and the binding thereof shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the Board

FEES

Section 17 For the examination of each film reel or set of views of one thousand two hundred lineal feet or less the Board shall receive in advance a fee of two dollars and fifty cents and one dollar for each duplicate or print thereof if such examination of the duplicate or print thereof is applied for at the same time and by the same person For each film reel or set of views of more than one thousand two hundred lineal feet the fee shall be five dollars and two dollars for each duplicate or print thereof.

FEES AND FINES

Section 18 All fees received by the Board and all fines imposed for violation of this act shall be by the Board paid into the State Treasury

Section 19 The money necessary to carry out the purpose of this act shall be appropriated by the General Assembly to the Board bienially as an item in the General Appropriation Bill

REGULATIONS AND EXHIBITIONS

Section 20 The Board has general power and authority to supervise and regulate the display and exhibition of all films reels or views and to have submitted for its examination such films reels or views which are to be exhibited or used in places of amusement or elsewhere within this Commonwealth Any member or employe of the Board may enter any place where films reels or views are exhibited or used

REGULATION OF BANNERS POSTERS AND ADVERTISING MATTER

Section 21 The Board has general power and authority to supervise and regulate the display and exhibition of all banners posters and other advertising matter used in connection with the display and exhibition of films reels or views which are to be exhibited or used in places of amusement or elsewhere within this Commonwealth and to have submitted for its examination all such banners posters or other advertising matter

RULES

Section 22 This act shall be enforced by the Board In carrying out and enforcing the purposes of this act it may adopt such rules as it may deem necessary and amend and revoke the same Such rules shall not be inconsistent with the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 23 All disbursements of such a nature as to make it impracticable for the Board to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expense shall be paid out of money specifically appropriated for that purpose in the manner provided by an act entitled "An Act prescribing the method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to the departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State Government" approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

DUTIES OF PERSONS WHO SELL LEASE EXHIBIT OR USE FILMS REELS OR VIEWS

Section 24 Every person intending to sell lease exhibit or use any film reel or view shall furnish the Board when and where and as it may require a description of the film reel or view to be exhibited or used and the purposes thereof and shall submit the film reel or view to the Board for examination and shall also furnish a statement or affidavit that the film reel or view (if it is a duplicate or print) is a copy of the film reel or view as submitted for examination to the Board and that all eliminations changes or rejections made or required by the Board in the original has been or will be made in the duplicate or print

INTERFERENCE WITH EMPLOYES OF BOARD

Section 25 It shall be unlawful for any person to hinder or interfere in any manner with any member or employe of the Board while performing any duties in carrying out the intent or provisions of this act

PENALTIES

Section 26 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act and is convicted thereof summarily before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for the first offense For any subsequent offense the fine shall be not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars In default of payment of a fine and costs the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the prison of the county where such offense was committed for not less than ten days and not more than thirty days All fines shall be paid by the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace to the Board and by it paid into the State Treasury Any film reel or view exhibited or used in violation of the provisions of this act shall be confiscated to and taken possession of by the said Board

LIMITATION OF SCOPE OF ACT

Section 27 This act does not apply to any exhibition of or use of films reels or views for purely educational charitable fraternal or religious purpose by any religious association fraternal society library museum public school or private school institution of learning or by any corporation of the first class

Section 28 The several sections and provisions of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and it is the legislative intent that if any of said sections or provisions are declared to be unconstitutional such section or provision shall not effect any other portion of this act

REPEAL

Section 29 The act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving-picture and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 711, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 714, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale furnishing giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium morphine heroin cocaine codeine or any salts derivatives or compounds thereof and providing penalties

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person co-partnership association or corporation to sell furnish give away or administer any patent or proprietary medicine or any substance or preparation containing opium or morphine or heroin or cocaine or codeine or any of their salts or derivatives or compounds which is advertised or recommended or intended as a remedy for administration to infants

Provided That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the prescribing or administering of narcotics by physicians in the practice of their profession

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 10, by adding after the word "infants" the words "under three years of age"; also in line 7, by striking out after the word "heroin" the words "or cocaine."

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third and fourth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 Any person co-partnership association or corporation violating any of the provisions of section one of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or such person or the members of such co-partnership or association or the officers or directors of such corporation shall undergo an imprisonment of not more than two years or both

Section 3 This act shall take effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to regulate the sale furnishing giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium morphine heroin cocaine codeine or any salts derivatives or compounds thereof and providing penalties

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 4, by striking out after the word "heroin" the word "cocaine."

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 732, as follows:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game-fish which are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen may be clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food-fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eleven or an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game-fish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 11 That it shall be unawful to fish in any part of the waters described in this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction with any gill-net having a mesh of less than three inches stretched mesh fishing measure and more than thirty meshes deep and all gill-nets used in fishing for trout shall have meshes at least five and one-half (5 1-2) inches in size stretched mesh fishing measure or with any pound-net with the net at the back side of the crib having a mesh of less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and the net of the balance of the crib having a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched fishing measure Any person or persons fishing at any time of the year with gill-nets or pound-nets having meshes of less size than herein described shall on conviction be subject to a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars or in default or payment each person convicted shall be confined in the county jail for a period of three months and all boats nets and other appliances used together with any fish caught shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries Provided further That the provisions in regard to size of meshes in pound-nets shall not become affective until the year one thousand nine hundred fourteen" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 11 That it shall be lawful to fish for food fish in any part of any lake described in the first section of this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction subject to the other provisions of modifications in this act contained with gill-nets having a mesh not less than three (3) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and not more than thirty meshes deep provided that gill-nets used in fishing for trout shall have meshes at least five and one-half (5 1-2) inches in size stretched mesh fishing measure and with pound-nets the cribs of which shall have a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and with trap-nets over seventeen miles from the entrance to any bay described in the first section of this act measured in a direct line and over one-half mile from the entrance to the lake of any stream having a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and with set lines with hooks attached called night-lines Any person or persons fishing at any time of the year with gill-nets pound-nets or trap nets having meshes of less size than herein described shall on conviction be subject to a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars or in default of payment each person convicted shall be confined in the county jail for a period of three months and all boats nets and other appliances used together with any fish caught shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries Provided further That the provisions in regard to size of meshes in trap nets shall not become effective until August first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 2 That section twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any person persons company or corporation to operate for the purpose of catching fish any boat boats net nets or any device whatsoever except a rod and line having not more than three hooks or handline having not more than three hooks or a spear used for catching carp and suckers only with a trolling-line with spoon-hooks attached in any part of any lakes described in this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction without having first paid into the hands of the Department of Fisheries the following amounts as license fees to wit For each row or sail-boat used in fishing with gill-nets five dollars for each boat of any other kind under ten tons gross burden so used ten dollars for each boat of any kind of from ten to twenty tons gross burden so used fifteen dollars for each boat of any kind over twenty tons gross burden so used twenty dollars for each pound-net ten dollars for any other form of net or device not less than one dollar nor more than five dollars as the Department of Fisheries may determine and in addition to the license fees above set forth the operators of each boat so licensed shall permit a man designated by the Commissioner of Fisheries to accompany such boat at any time when it is engaged in fishing under and by virtue of such license for the purpose of securing for the Department of Fisheries from the fish caught so much of their spawn as the Department may desire to secure and any person operating or employing others to operate or any member of a partnership or officer of a corporation that employs or consents to the employment of any person to operate any boat net nets device or devices without having procured from the Department of Fisheries a license as provided in this section authorizing him them or it to do shall on conviction be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars or in default of payment be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of one day for each dollars of fine unpaid and all fish and nets shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any person persons company or corporation to operate for the purpose of catching fish any boat boats net nets or any device whatosever except a rod and line having not more than three hooks a hand-line having not more than three hooks a spear used for catching carp and suckers only and a trolling-line with spoon-hooks attached in any part of any lake described in this act over which this Commonwealth his jurisdiction without having first paid into the hands of the Department of Fisheries the following amounts as license fees to wit For each row or sail-boat used in fishing with gill-nets five dollars for each boat of any kind under ten tons gross burden so used ten dollars for each boat of any kind of from ten to twenty tons gross burden so used fifteen dollars for each boat of any kind over twenty tons gross burden so used twenty dollars for each pound-net ten dollars for any other form of authorized and not excepted net or device not less than fifty cents nor more than five dollars as the Department of Fisheries may determine and in addition to the license fees above set forth the operators of each boat so licensed shall permit a man designated by the Commissioner of Fisheries to accompany such boat at any time when it is engaged in fishing under and by virtue of such license for the purpose of securing for the Department of Fisheries from the fish so caught so much of their spawn as the Department may desire to secure and any person operating or employing others to operate or any member of a partnership or officer of a corporation that employs or consents to the employment of any person to operate any boat net nets device or devices without having procured from the Department of Fisheries a license as provided in this section authorizing him them or it so to do shall on conviction be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars or in default of payment be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of one day for each dollar of the fine unpaid and all fish and nets shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 756, as follows:

An Act authorizing boroughs to redeem outstanding bonds and for that purpose issue and sell new interest-bearing bonds and to provide a fund for the redemption thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any borough may redeem its existing bonded indebtedness as the same becomes payable whether by maturity or under an option giving the borough the right to redeem before maturity and for that purpose may issue and sell at not less than par new bonds bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum payable at any time not exceeding thirty years from the date of issue and redeemable at the pleasure of the borough at any time before maturity

Section 2 That for the purpose of creating a sinking fund for the gradual extinguishment of indebtedness for which bonds may be issued under the provisions of the first section of this act the councils of the borough issuing the same shall annually (until payment of the said bonds be fully provided for) levy and collect in addition to other taxes a tax sufficient to pay the interest and also the principal of the indebtedness for which said bonds may be issued within thirty years to be called the sinking fund tax which shall be paid into the borough treasury and shall be kept separate and distinct from all other funds and shall be applied annually towards the redemption of said bonds and the payment of the interest thereon and to no other purpose whatever and said bonds when so redeemed shall be cancelled

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act providing for a State Association of County Controllers and Deputy County Controllers and for the meetings thereof and providing for the payment by the counties of the expenses thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 331 (House Bill No. 182), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contracts for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 355 (House Bill No. 139), entitled:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 614, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 633, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to hospitals

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 653, entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 654, entitled:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 677 (House Bill No. 900), entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 721 (House Bill No. 153), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 795, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 796, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part and exempting buildings in actual use for such exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibitions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 797, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 798, entitled:

An Act to legalize the erection construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 7, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it be to meet on Tuesday evening, April thirteenth, at nine o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it be to meet on Monday evening, April twelfth, at eight o'clock.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 88.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 88, entitled:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 305.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 371.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 371, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-four"

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 430.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 431.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 431, entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 438.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 438, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 285.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 7, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 285.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 285.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 285, entitled::

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend by adding to the end of the bill the following: "This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals. The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended.

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 401.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 7, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 401.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 401.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 13, by striking out the words "the suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading and appeal as other suits brought in said court" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals. The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended.

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 119.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 119, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 464.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 464, entiled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 885.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 885, entitled:

An Act extending the powers and duties of foresters forest rangers game protectors deputy game protectors special deputy game protectors fish wardens and deputy fish wardens of this Commonwealth

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 114.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 8, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 114 entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission entitled 'Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion' and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said Reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECESS.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 816, entitled:

An Act regulating horse racing and the betting incidental thereto, and providing for and regulating a State Racing Commission to carry out the purpose of this act.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. I move that Senate Bill No. 816, entitled:

An Act regulating horse racing and the betting incidental thereto, and providing for and regulating a State Racing Commission to carry out the purpose of this act.

be read the first time.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 816, entitled:

An Act regulating horse racing and the betting incidental thereto, and providing for and regulating a State Racing Commission to carry out the purpose of this act.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 807, entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel, of Philadelphia, to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 807, entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel, of Philadelphia, to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

be read the first time.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 807, entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel, of Philadelphia, to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital, Kittanning, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 33, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 41, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association, Incorporated, of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 67, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mary M. Packer Hospital, Sunbury, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 70, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Hospital, located at South Bethlehem, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 76, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland County, at Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 100, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital, Franklin, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 102, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 109, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 165, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 223, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Evangelical Home for the Aged in the City of Philadelphia.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 226, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 257, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home, in Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 258, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls, Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 299, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital, Allentown, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 348, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon County.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 349, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 374, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of the North Side, City of Pittsburgh.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 403, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home, of New Brighton, Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 434, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monroe County Hospital, located at Stroudsburg, Monroe County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 472, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem, Salisbury Township, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 529, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home, located at one hundred thirty-nine Queen Street, Germantown, Philadelphia.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 552, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the City of Philadelphia.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 643, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tabor Home for Children, at Doylestown, Bucks County.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 272, entitled:

An Act creating a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection and defining the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania excepting the cities of the first class, providing for the appointment of a chief inspector an assistant chief inspector and as many elevator inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act and providing salaries for the same, providing laws for the protection of the public elevator operators and attendants, empowering the chief of said bureau to make alter amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto, and providing a penalty for the violation of any provision or provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of said bureau.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 823, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships abutting on navigable lakes forming boundaries of the Commonwealth and providing for an equitable distribution of the road funds therein.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 779 (House Bill No. 89), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 30th day of July, 1897, entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers, distillers, wholesalers, bottlers, rectifiers, compounders, storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors," as amended.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 824, entitled:

An Act making evidence as to the register number of a motor vehicle prima facie evidence as to ownership in certain civil cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous concent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 590 (House Bill No. 331), entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating the payment of such pensions.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 628 (Senate Bill No. 825), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 760 (Senate Bill No. 826), entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 795 (Senate Bill No. 827), entitled:

To authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 910 (Senate Bill No. 828), entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 942 (Senate Bill No. 829), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1034 (Senate Bill No. 830), entitled:

An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 1068 (Senate Bill No. 831), entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the several clerks of the courts of oyer and terminer general jail delivery and quarter sessions of the peace in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 867 (Senate Bill No. 832), entitled:

An Act conferring upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanatorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 939 (Senate Bill No. 833), entitled:

An Act relating to the holding of real estate by certain foreign corporations associations and companies doing business in Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1105 (Senate Bill No. 834), entitled:

An Act authorizing Jennie Clay Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1108 (Senate Bill No. 835), entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1131 (Senate Bill No. 836), entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney Generals Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1134 (Senate Bill No. 837), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 698, entitled:

An Act authorizing a charge not exceeding five dollars, in addition to six per cent. per annum to cover expense incurred in making loans.

be read the first time.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 698, entitled:

An Act authorizing a charge not exceeding five dollars, in addition to six per cent. per annum to cover expense incurred in making loans.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 698, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until next Tuesday evening at 9 o'clock.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 12.10 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday evening, April 13, 1915, at 9 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY April 8th, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for the daily expressions of Thy infinite goodness for which we exclaim "Bless the Lord, Oh my soul and all that is within me; bless His Holy Name. Bless the Lord, Oh my soul and forget not all His benefits." We thank Thee for the health we enjoy; no death nor sickness have afflicted us. We thank Thee for this beautiful Spring with its sunny mornings, with the songs of birds and with its glorious resurrections. We thank Thee for the fraternal and good fellowship existing among us for the unity and harmony in enacting just and wise laws for the benefit of the people of this great Commonwealth. Continue to bestow upon us Thy blessings and may we ever be grateful for them, we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Vogdes, the further reading was dispensed with and the journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. RUDISILL presented the petition of the students of Pennsylvania College, of Gettysburg, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. RUDISILL presented two petitions of the citizens of Gettysburg, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. RUDISILL presented a petition of the citizens of Adams County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BALDWIN presented two petitions of citizens of Delaware County favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Commitee on Law and Order.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. STONE. House Bill No. 1455.

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this State.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LANIUS. House Bill No. 1456.

An Act to provide a system for the classification, control, construction and maintenance of public roads in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; by the creation of a State Highway Commission, a board of County Road Commissioners, for the election of a County Superintendent of Roads, Board of Township Supervisors, defining the powers and duties and salaries of each, providing for the assessment and collection of taxes, the payment of employees, payment for materials, road machinery and indebtedness.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No 1457.

An Act for the relief of Maier Massimino and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SHOOP. House Bill No. 1458.

An Act exempting all loans made by school districts from all taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 1459.

An Act repealing section four of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the Auditor General to institute suit for the collection of any balance which may be found due from Lawrence L. Milnor, late Clerk of the Senate, and for other purposes," approved April fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight; and also repealing an act entitled "An Act relating to the office of interpreter for the several courts in the County of Allegheny," approved March twenty-fifth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; and also repealing an act entitled "An Act relating to the office of interpreter for the several courts in the County of Allegheny", approved the sixteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 1460.

An Act making an appropriation to the Water Supply Commission for the purpose of improving and cleansing the course of Sandy Creek in the counties of Crawford, Mercer and Venango.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WAGNER. House Bill No. 1461.

An Act requiring fire insurance companies affiliated with underwriting companies to set aside a certain reserve; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. WAGNER. House Bill No. 1462.

An Act limiting the risk to be assumed by fire insurance companies in any one policy of insurance and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. ROBERTSON. House Bill No. 1463.

An Act to fix the salaries of the Deputies in the offices of the Clerk of the Courts, County Controller, Recorder of Deeds, County Treasurer, Chief Deputy Sheriff and Chief Clerk to the County Commissioners in Counties of this Commonwealth having over two hundred and fifty thousand population, and less than three hundred and twenty-five thousand population.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 1464.

An Act to amend Route eighty-seven of section six of an act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats, principal cities, and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough, or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith: and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 1465.

An Act regulating the apprenticing of minors, imposing certain powers and duties upon the parents, guardians and employers of minors, and upon officials of school districts, school teachers, the department, division or bureau of the State government having charge of vocational education, and the department of labor and industry; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 1466.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. BUNGARD. House Bill No. 1467.

An Act authorizing the attachment of wages or salary or judgments obtained for necessaries limiting the amount of exemption to be claimed and providing for the payment of the costs.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1468.

An Act providing for and defining the powers and duties of a Banking Law Commission and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 1469.

An Act to amend Section 2229 of an act approved the 18th day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entilted "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1470.

An Act empowering the councils of boroughs in the Commonwealth to fix by ordinance the salary of the burgess of said boroughs.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. House Bill No. 1471.

An Act amending an act "Relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, etc." approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (P. L. 672) by increasing the registration fees provided in Section six thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WALSH. House Bill No. 1472.

An Act amending section two hundred and seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a Public School system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws general, special, local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ARNOLD. House Bill No. 1473.

An Act to amend sections two thousand seven hundred and one and two thousand seven hundred and two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws 309) by providing that all receipts and proceeds derived in any way from, or on account of, the state forests now or hereafter acquired by this Commonwealth shall belong to and form a part of "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ARNOLD. House Bill No. 1474.

An Act appropriating to "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania" the moneys now accumulated in the State Treasury to the credit of the Special Fund composed of the proceeds derived from the State forestry reservations of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BARNETT. House Bill No. 1475.

An Act regulating the sale at retail of certain alcoholic liquors and fixing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. BARNETT. House Bill No. 1476.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1477.

An Act to amend sub-section (c), of section three, of article three, of an act entitled: "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for the regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating the municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a public service commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or facilities of said companies: Providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries the compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determination by the court of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Daughin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the order of the commission, and to restrain such order, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the public service commissions to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section 9 thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections 1 and 2 of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act entitled "to provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of Section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act." Approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1478.

An Act to amend section four of article four of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies: and providing for the regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a public service commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, re-location, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies ,and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, re-location, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately ,by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporations concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases: providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes: prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the supreme court; prescribing penalties, fines ,and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the public service commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the ninetenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroad, by compelling common carriers by railroads to properly man their trains;" by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the provisio of clauses three and the privisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent or supplied by this act," approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1479.

An Act to amend section twenty-three of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations;" approved April twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, as amended by the fifth section of an act, entitled "A Supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations," approved April seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, requiring the filing of all the reports required by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth and the payment of all taxes due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by certain corporations up to and including the date of the proposed sale, assignment, disposition and conveyance of the franchises and property of such corporations before the returns authorizing such sale, assignment, disposition and conveyance shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1480.

An Act to amend an act approved April twenty-third, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the Chief Clerk of his Department to do certain official acts," by authorizing the Auditor General to empower other employes of his Department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1481.

An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, re-location, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other Public Service Companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, re-location or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the Public Service Companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for same in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the Commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the Courts of Common Pleas; and giving the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injuctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals," and an act "to provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges or railroad companies and corporations, or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by thi sact." Approved, July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen,. so as to vest in the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylrvania the power to suspend for a period of ninety days any proposed increased rates of Public Service Companies."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1482.

An Act to amend section two, of article six, of an act entitled: "An Act defining public service companies, and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a public service commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, re-location or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other facilities of such companies; providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, re-location or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determination by the courts of common pleas, and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the supreme court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the public service commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals"; an act entitled 'An Act to provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisions of clause seven, of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act." Approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, regulating witness fee, mileage, cost of service of subpoenas, and costs and the payment thereof in proceedings before the public service commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1483.

An Act to amend section eleven, of article three, of an act entitled: "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled, "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads, canals," and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied with this act, approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand, nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McKAY. House Bill No. 1484.

An Act to prohibit the co-mingling of persons of different sex in wine rooms and provide a penalty for the violation of the same.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1485.

An Act fixing the salary of district attorneys and providing for the appointment of a deputy district attorney and assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants; describing the powers, duties and terms of office, and fixing the salary of said deputy district attorney and said assistant district attorneys.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. JACOB W. SMITH. House Bill No. 1486.

An Act making the turning in of short weight or short measure by any person whose duty it is to turn the same in to employers where the contract of hiring between employer and employe provides for payment by weight or measure a misdemeanor and providing a penalty therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 1487.

A supplement to an act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation, and, to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damage in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canal"; and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled: "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act. Approved the 26th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1488.

An Act prohibting all persons or charitable institutions having the care, custody or control of minor children under the age of sixteen years from selling, apprenticing, giving away, or otherwise disposing of such children to any person other than the parent, brother, sister, uncle or aunt of any such child, except upon approval of the Juvenile Court or Directors of the Poor, and providing a penalty for violations thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1489.

An Act to provide for just compensation to the Commonwealth and to persons and corporaitons for loss or damage to property by fire proximately caused by the operation of locomotive engines on railroads in this State by making railroad corporations responsible for all such loss or damage irrespective of the existence or non-existence of negligence on their part, in cases where such fires arise within one hundred feet of the railroads or rights of way owned or operated by such corporations, outside of the territorial limits of cities and boroughs.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1490.

An Act prohibiting trespassing on the tracks, rights of way, locomotive engines, or cars, of railroad companies operating within this State, and providing punishment for such trespassing.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BARNETT. House Bill No. 1491.

A supplement to an act approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. WEIMER. House Bill No. 1492.

An Act regulating the furnishing of vinous spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof at retail.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. GLENN. House Bill No. 1493.

An Act regulating through the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the business of assisting employers to obtain employes and persons to secure employment including the business of collecting information to the same end, and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. GLENN. House Bill No. 1494.

An Act establishing under the Department of Labor and Industry a system of regulation of employers seeking employes, and of persons seeking employment, and prescribing as incidental thereto certain duties of employers and of county, municipal, township and school authorities, and of agencies procuring employes for others, and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. LUPPERT. House Bill No. 1495.

An Act creating reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious reptiles, birds and animals within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth, and providing penalties for the violation of its several provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. LANDIS. House Bill No. 1496.

An Act to amend section one of the act approved the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-five) entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties, poor districts, boroughs, incorporated towns and townships, for county, poor, borough, town, or township taxes, respectively; and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes," which provides for the sale of such lands by the county treasurer whenever personal property cannot be found thereon sufficient to pay any tax assessed thereon, so as to make the said act applicable to taxes assessed by school districts.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 1497.

An Act authorizing the exoneration of John McSorley from the payment of certain taxes erroneously assessed.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LUXEMBERGER. House Bill No. 1498.

An Act regulating poor districts comprising the territory constituting the whole or part of a second class city.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 1499.

An Act making an appropriation for the purchase of the manuscript of an annotated edition of the school code of May eighteenth, one thousand nine hundred eleven (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred and nine) prepared by Ardemus Stewart, Esquire, of the Philadelphia Bar, and for the publication of the same at the expense of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HARPER. House Bill No. 1500.

An Act to amend an act entiltled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating the incorporation, and to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations enaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, stree railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel and employers; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its order and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to strain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains, by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act, approved the 26th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 1501.

An Act concerning violations of the laws relating to insurance, concerning the duty of the Insurance Commissioner, and concerning prosecutions, suits and actions, civil and criminal, based on violations of the said laws relating to insurance, and concerning the duty of instituting such prosecutions, suits and actions, exonerating the Insurance Commissioner from liability to any person for damages arising out of such prosecutions, suits and actions, and repealing existing laws.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 1502.

An Act making an appropriation to the Brethren Home, Neffsville, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 1503.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Deparlment, to be used for the deepening, straightening, widening, and otherwise improving Pine Creek, so as to prevent damage and danger from floods and overflows: and granting to the State Highway Department **the authority to make** said improvements.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 1504.

An Act authorizing Maier Massimino of Plumville Borough, Indiana County, to sue the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. ERDMAN. House Bill No. 1505.

An Act providing fees and mileage for witnesses attending coroner's inquests.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. EVANS. House Bill No. 1506.

An Act fixing the salaries of mine inspectors in this Commonwealth and the expenses incident to the office.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 1507.

An Act for the protection of sheep and the incidental destruction of certain dogs.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 1508.

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act relating to milk; providing for the protection of the public health, and the prevention of fraud and deception, by regulating the sale of milk, skimmed milk, and cream; providing penalties for the violation thereof; and providing for the enforcement thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. AMBLER. House Bill No. 1509.

An Act to erect into a suburban metropolitan district the area included within a radius of twenty-five miles from the City Hall of each city of the first class in this Commonwealth, exclusive of the territory of each such city; to provide for the creation of a Department of Suburban Metropolitan Planning and the appointment of a Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commission for each such district; to prescribe the powers and duties of such departments and commissions; and to direct the proper municipal authorities of each city, borough and township within the limits of each such district to levy an annual tax for the purpose of defraying the necessary expenses of each such department and commission; and to repeal the act approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act to create Suburban Metropolitan Districts of the areas within twenty-five miles of the limits of cities of the first class; to provide for the creation of a Department of Suburban Metropolitan Planning and the appointment of Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commissions for such districts; to prescribe their powers and duties; and to provide for assessment upon the cities, boroughs and townships within the limits thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BARNETT. House Bill No. 1510.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the supervision construction maintenance and repair of township roads relating to road tax and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 1511.

An Act to amend section 1110 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 1512.

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the supervision construction maintenance and repair of township roads relating to road tax and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. HERMAN. House Bill No. 1513.

An Act relating to public high schools in districts of the second third and fourth classes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. BROWNLEE. House Bill No. 1514.

An Act amending "An Act supplementary to 'An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep,' approved the twenty-fifth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three; requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be provided by the county commissioners; imposing certain duties upon constables, tax collectors and county commissioners; and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement; and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act," so that assessors of the several cities, wards, boroughs, townships or other assessment districts of this Commonwealth shall collect an annual license fee for said dogs, at the time of the annual assessment and issue a receipt and a tag therefor; providing for the publication of the assessor's list of licensed dogs, requiring that all unlicensed dogs be killed and fixing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 1515.

An Act fixing the salaries of writ servers and process servers in the office of the sheriff in counties containing a population of more than one million four hundred thousand inhabitants.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SONES. House Bill No. 1516.

An Act to amend the twenty-third subdivision of corporations of the second class in section two of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "A Supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" providing for the incorporation and regulation of stage and omnibus lines specifying their purposes and defining their motive power.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 1517.

An Act imposing a tax for State purposes on the capital stock of manufacturing and laundering corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the maintenance and construction of State highways.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McKAY, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed House Bill No. 1159, entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to regulate hawking and peddling and canvassing from house to house soliciting orders for the sale of goods, wares or merchandise, and to require a license therefor and to fix and collect a reasonable license fee for such license.

Mr. GOODNOUGH, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1013, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the Jury Commissioners, County Jailor, and Jail Physician in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census.

Mr. GOODNOUGH, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1214, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act provding for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties, poor districts, boroughs, incorporated towns and townships, for providing for the sale of such lands for taxes," so as to include school taxes.

Mr. GOODNOUGH, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1227 (Senate Bill No. 549), entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and five thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER. Mr. Speaker, yesterday I called up resolution No. 15. I hope you all have read that resolution. The purpose of that resolution was to bring before this House the expenses of this Appropriation Committee. In the session of 1913 it was rumored and reported that some members of the Appropriation Committee received mileage books from the Appropriation Committee which they used in going home and returning. Now, the purpose of that resolution was to bring out whether this is true or not. The purpose of the resolution was that they shall file their expense account. That was all the resolution was introduced for. As the Appropriation Committee has referred it back to their own Committee and dug their own grave, and buried it in there, the House cannot find out what is going on. In a few weeks we shall vote on those appropriation bills which they have fixed up. They give no report to this House whatever. We, the 167 members do not know what they are about. Now, gentlemen, is it not proper that we ought to know something when we vote on those appropriation bills whether they are right or not. They say they are right. We don't know, but we shall vote on those bills. I say it was proper to call the resolution up. I hope you will try and get it back again to this House. They have a secretary, and it is not a hardship on the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee. They have a secretary for the whole year and he has the report of their expenses and where this money goes to.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 276.

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestery purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled: as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 885.

An Act extending the powers and duties of Foresters Forest Rangers Game Protectors Deputy Game Protectors Special Deputy Game Protectors Fish Wardens and Deputy Fish Wardens of this Commonwealth

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The **SPEAKER**. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 5, strike out the word "commission"

Line 7, strike out the words "under the direction of the Forestry Department that"

Line 12, strike out the words "under the direction of the Game Commission of this Commonwealth that"

Line 16, strike out the words "under the direction of the Department of Fisheries and for this purpose" and insert in lieu thereof the words "under the direction of that Department or Commission into whose special care the interests of these several subjects have been entrusted namely all prosecutions for violation of laws relating to Forestry shall be brought under the direction of the Department of Forestry all prosecutions for violation of the Fish Laws shall be brought under the direction of the Department of Fisheries and all prosecutions for violation of the Game Laws shall be brought under the direction of the Board of Game Commissioners and to that end"

Mr. **MILLIRON**. Mr. Speaker, I have examined these amendments and they are fine.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—138.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,

Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,

Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,

Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,

Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,

Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,

Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,

Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weimer
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 119.

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The **SPEAKER**. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 3, line 5, after the word "squirrel" insert the words "shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the thirtieth day of November."

Line 7, strike out the word "fifteenth" and insert in lieu thereof the word "first."

Line 7, strike out the word "October" and insert in lieu thereof the word "November."

Line 10, strike out the word "January" and insert in lieu thereof the word "December."

Section 4, line 12, insert the words "That ring-neck pheasants raised strictly in captivity may be killed by the owners thereof without regard to numbers during the open season for such birds in this Commonwealth and that"

Section 5, line 18, after the word "twenty" insert the word "wild."

Line 23, after the word "hair" insert the words "and it shall be unlawful for any person at any time to shoot or wound or kill or to attempt to wound or kill a female or fawn found in a wild state in this Commonwealth

Mr. **PHILLIPS**. Mr. Speaker, I have examined the amendments made by the honorable body on the other side and they are all right.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—153.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,

Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,

Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,

Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,

Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler.
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shoop,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

McKay,
Metzenbacher,
Showalter,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 464.

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, insert the words "on or after the first day of January nineteen hundred and sixteen."

The SPEAKER. The author of the bill, the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Hess, desires me to say to the House that the amendments are entirely satisfactory to him.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—150.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Robertson,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendment concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 836 (Senate Bill No. 61), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiences which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and addition to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 186, as follows:

An Act to provide a system of annual payments to certain citizens of Pennsylvania who while as citizens of Pennsylvania volunteered in defense of said State as emergency men

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall after the approval of this act appoint a pension commissioner who shall hold office for a term of four years or until his successor is appointed and qualified The commissioner shall be an honorably discharged soldier who served in a Pennsylvania command and who is now a citizen of Pennsylvania

Section 2 The office of said commissioner shall be in the city of Harrisburg in such place as may ze provided for him by the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings and where all permanent records shall be kept He shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars and in addition shall be paid his actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the duties of his office He shall give a surety company bond in the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) for the faithful performance of his duties

Section 3 The commissioner shall have power to appoint one chief clerk who shall receive an annual salary of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) who shall give a surety company bond in the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) for the faithful performance of his duties The cost of the said bonds for the commissioner and chief clerk shall be paid by the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings The commissioner shall also have power to appoint two clerks at an annual salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) each one messenger at an annual salary of nine hundred dollars ($900) two stenographers and typewriters at an annual salary of one thousand dollars ($1,000) each All salaries to be paid monthly out of the general appropriation fund

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the commissioner assisted by the Board of Appeals to formulate rules and regulations for governing and filing applications for pensions or that may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act of assembly and provided further that the benefits to be derived by any one under the provisions of this act shall not commence until the first day of September one thousand nine hundred fifteen being understood that the interim is to be utilized by the commissioner in organizing and examining applications made under the provisions of this act

Section 5 The commissioner shall have power to make requisition upon the proper State officials for supplies including printing stationery and furniture and such other paraphernalia as may be necessary for the performance of his duties All printing and binding necessary for the work of the commissioner shall be done by the State Printer upon an order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding when a requisition is made upon him by the commissioner

Section 6 The said Commissioner shall on or before the third Wednesday of January of each regular session of the General Assembly present to the Governor under oath a detailed report of all the financial transactions of the said Pension Department for the two years immediately preceding and including the thirtieth day of November of the year which immediately precedes the regular session of the General Assembly

Section 7 Every person who while a citizen of the State of Pennsylvania and who during the time he is a beneficiary under the provisions of this act is a citizen of the State of Pennsylvania and who did volunteer for the defense of the State of Pennsylvania under the calls of the Governor of said State made either in September one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two or June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three to repel invasions of the State of Pennsylvania by the Army of the Confederate States of America and who was honorably discharged or honorably relieved of duty when his company was disbanded and sent home by the proper authority shall on and after the first day of December one thousand nine hundred and fifteen receive the sum of eight dollars per month to be paid by the State of Pennsylvania quarterly on the first day of March June September and December on a warrant of the Auditor General drawn on the State Treasurer upon a requisition approved and certified to by Commissioner created by this act and after a settlement made and for the purpose of obtaining benefits of this act every applicant shall file his petition upon a blank to be furnished by the Commissioner named in this act setting forth all of the facts that may be required of him under any rule or regulation that may be adopted by the said Commissioner and embodied in the blank to be filled in by the applicant and for the verity of which there shall be an affidavit of the applicant attached

On filing the said petition or application it shall be the duty of the Commissioner to inquire into and investigate the facts set forth therein and if proven to be true and for that purpose he shall have the right to administer oaths and affirmations and shall place the name of the applicant in the book or books to be kept for that purpose in which shall be set forth in addition thereto his age his residence the date of his enlistment time which he served date of his discharge and the number or name of the regiment in which he served or any other military organization created under the above calls of the said Governor

The Commissioner if approving said application shall issue a certificate to the said party which said certificates shall be consecutively numbered in which shall appear such facts as may be determined by the said Commissioner in adopting any rule or regulation upon the subject

There shall be a board of appeals consisting of the Lieutenant Governor the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Attorney General to whom an applcant for pension whose application has been disapproved by the Commissioner may appeal for a re-hearing and their decision shall be final

No enlisted person who has enrolled in the service of the United States who is receiving or shall hereafter receive a pension from the United States Government shall be entitled to a pension under this act Any soldier who deserted from the United States service shall not receive a pension under this act even though he did have an honorable discharge from the emergency service

Section 8 If it shall appear to the Commissioner aforesaid either at the time the application is being made or after the same shall have been granted that the person named therein is mentally and physically unable of taking care of himself the said Commissioner shall after investigation find the fact to be true he shall require some suitable person to be appointed his guardian and who for the faithful performance of his duty shall file a bond with the said Commissioner in the sum of one hundred dollars ($100) said bond to be approved by the said Commissioner On the filing of the bond the said person so appointed guardian shall have the right to receive such sum or sums of money as may be due the said beneficiary

Section 9 After the placing of the name of the applicant upon the books of the Commissioner with his residence attached all warrants for the payments of any sum or sums due said applicant under the provisions of this act shall be mailed to the residence therein stated said warrants to be accompanied by a blank receipt acknowledging that said warrant has been received and if such letter is returned because of the failure to find the party to whom it is directed said warrant shall be held by the State Treasurer for one year from its date and if not called for or demanded in that time the same shall be marked cancelled and the Treasurer shall notify the Commissioner and the name of the beneficiary be taken from the list kept by the Commissioner The sums paid out under the provisions of this act shall apply solely for the benefit of the persons for whom it is intended and shall not be subject to the trustee process except as hereinbefore provided by guardianship Any person who shall swear falsely to any fact material to the claim of an applicant shall be deemed guilty of perjury and on conviction thereof shall be subject to the penalties provided by law for the commission of such offense

Section 10 For the purpose of paying the benefits provided by this act for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) is hereby specifically appropriated or so much thereof as may be necessary from such sum or sums as may not otherwise have been heretofore appropriated

And said bill having been read at length the second time. and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1271, as follows:

An Act providing that hereafter all actions for damages for death by negligence or unlawful violence shall be brought by the executor or administrator of the decedent for the exclusive benefit of the widow or husband children grand-children mother father brother sister or other next of kin dependent on such decedent and such damages shall be distributable free from all claims of creditors in the proportion such beneficiaries would take the personal estate of such decedent under the intestate law of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter all actions for damages for death by negligence or unlawful violence shall be brought by the executor or administrator of the decedent for the exclusive benefit of the widow or husband children grandchildren mother father brother sister or other next of kin dependent on such decedent and such damagese shall be distributable free from all claims of creditors in the proportion such beneficiaries would take the personal estate of such decedent under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there shall be created a Bureau of Vocational Education as a sub-divisoin of the Department of Public Instruction There shall be two divisions of the said bureau to be known as the Agricultural and Rural Schools Division and the Industrial Division The Bureau of Vocational Education shall be under the direction and supervision of the Superintendent of Public Instruction

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 7, after the word Agricultural strike out the words "and rural schools"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 The officers and other employes of the Agricultural and Rural Schools Division shall consist of a Chief of the Division two supervisors of Agricultural and Rural Education one head stenographer and two assistant stenographers

The officers and employes of the Industrial Division shall consist of a Chief of the Division two supervisors of industrial education one supervisor of drawing one head stenographer and two assistant stenographers

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 2, line 2, after the word Agricultural strike out the word "and rural schools"

Section 2, line 3, after the word Division insert "who shall be designated as Director of Agricultural Education"

Section 2, line 3, after the word Agricultural strike out "and rural"

Section 2, line 6, after the word Division insert "who shall be designated as Director of Industrial Education"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 The annual compensation for each officer and employe of the Bureau of Vocational Education shall be as follows chiefs of divisions four thousand ($4,000) dollars supervisors two thousand ($2,000) dollars head stenographers one thousand ($1,000) dollars assistant stenographers six hundred ($600) dollars

Section 4 The officers and employes of said bureau shall be appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction

The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 The duties of the bureau shall be to investigate the need for aid in the establishment of supervise inspect and approve schools departments and courses for manual training domestic science household arts rural agricultural industrial and commercial education as well as general continuation schools when maintained as a part of the public school system of the Commonwealth The said bureau shall also be charged with administering compulsory education law and shall have authority to make regulations for the issuing of employment certificates The work and duties of the said bureau shall also include such additional functions as may be assigned to it by the Superintendent of Public Instruction and shall be subject to his approval and direction

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Strike out Section 5 and substitute in lieu thereof the following:

Section 5 The duties of the Bureau shall be to investigate the need for, aid in the establishment of, supervise, inspect and approve for the purpose of reimbursement on the part of the State Schools departments and courses for manual training, domestic science, household arts, agricultural, industrial and commercial education, as well as general continuation schools when maintained as a part of the public school system of the Commonwealth.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 6 All other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed Unconstitutionality of one section or part of section of this act shall not invalidate the entire act

An act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1286, entitled:

An Act to further amend section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached" by providing for refunding certain indebtedness and changing rate of interest

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached" which as amended by an act approved the first day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend section one and to repeal section two of an act entitled 'An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities and school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached' " reads as follows

"Section 1 That in all cases where any county city borough municipality or school district in this Commonwealth has by virtue of any general or special act of Assembly issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness with or without interest coupons attached to secure any indebtedness of any such county city borough municipality or school district which may have matured but remain unpaid and uncancelled or are about to mature and become payable or whenever any county city borough municipality or school district shall have the option to redeem or pay any such bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness or whenever holders of any bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness of any county city borough municipality or school district which may not have matured or become redeemable are willing to surrender the whole or any part of such issue of bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness it shall be lawful for any such county city borough municipality or school district for the purpose of redeeming or paying off any or all of the bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness payable redeemable or offered for redemption as aforesaid to issue and sell either registered or coupon bonds bearing interest at a rate not exceeding the rate the issue proposed to be refunded bears and payable at any time not exceeding thirty years after the date thereof and not exceeding in the aggregate the amount of the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness so redeemed or paid and the said bonds so issued or sold in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be exempt from taxation except for State purposes Provided however That all moneys for the redemption of the issue of bonds proposed to be refunded placed in the sinking fund if any shall be first applied to the payment as far as applicable of the principal of such bonds and the balance of such issue only shall be redeemed by the issue of new bonds" is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where any county city borough municipality or school district in this Commonwealth has by virtue of any general or special act of Assembly issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness with or without interest coupons attached to secure any indebtedness of any such county city borough municipality or school district which may have matured but remain unpaid and uncancelled or are about to mature and become payable to issue and sell either by registered or coupon bonds bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum not exceeding in the aggregate the amount of the bonds which may have matured but remain unpaid and uncancelled or are about to mature and become payable and payable at any time not exceeding thirty years after the date thereof shall be exempt from taxation except for State purposes Said bonds so issued or sold shall be redeemable at the option of the county city borough municipality or school district issuing the same or whenever any county city borough municipality or school district shall have the option to redeem or pay any such bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness or whenever holders of any bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtdness of any county city borough municipality or school district which may not have matured or become redeemable are willing to surrender the whole or any part of such issue of bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness it shall be unlawful for any such county city borough municipality or school district for the purpose of redeeming or paying off any or all of the bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness payable redeemable or offered for redmption as aforesaid to issue and sell either registered or coupon bonds bearing interst at a rate not exceeding the rate the issue proposed to be refunded bears and payable at any time not exceeding thirty years after the date thereof and not exceeding in the aggregate the amount of the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness so redeemed or paid and the said bonds so issued or sold in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be exempt from taxation except for State purposes Provided however That all moneys for the redemption of the issue of bonds proposed to be refunded placed in the sinking fund if any shall be first applied to the payment as far as applicable of the principal of such bonds and the balance of such issue only shall be redeemed by the issue of new bonds

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WEST. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, lines 59, 60, 61 and 62, by striking out beginning with the word "Be" on line 59 and ending with the word "same" on line 62.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to further amend section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached" by providing for refunding certain indebtedness and changing rate of interest

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 630, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred dollars is herewith specifically appropriated to the use of the Secretary of the Game Commission of Pennsylvania to pay for the services to be rendered in collecting revising indexing and proof-reading the material to be published in said "Game Fish and Forestry Laws" for the year nineteen hundred and fifteen as directed by a joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives same to be paid from resident hunters' license fund

Payment of this amount to be made upon proof rendered to the Superintendent of State Printing that said pamphlet was published as directed by said joint resolution

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1172 (Senate Bill No. 489), entitled:

An Act authorizing the City of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 587, File Folio 4859, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax"

on page 5 of today's calendar, be ex-recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. ROWELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1249 (Senate Bill No. 564), File Folio 1515, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk

on page 13 of today's calendar be recommitted to the Committee on Labor and Industry for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 411, File Folio 4591, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection construction and alteration of public buildings" by providing that it shall include mason brick and concrete work whenever the same shall cost one-fourth of the entire contract

on page 12 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 824, as follows:

An Act providing that all horsedrawn vehicles in all cities of the first and second cass except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and the address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all horsedrawn vehicles owned or operated by persons residing in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and address of the owner and if the said owner has more than one vehicle a designating number must be placed on each vehicle in addition to the name and address

Section 2 The neglect to place the name and address on such vehicle and designating number and having upon the streets of said cities any such vehicles without the name of the owner address and designating number shall be punishable by a fine of five dollars in a summary conviction before any alderman or magistrate of the city in which the offence is committed

Section 3 It shall be the duty of police officers constables and other peace officers to make arrests upon their own view of any person found violating the provisions of this act and to take such person before an alderman or magistrate for trial

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—60.

Adams,
Alexander,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fretz,
Gibson,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Jones, W. W.,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Palmer,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rowell,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Stern,
Stone,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walter,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—47.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Becker,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Cromer,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Erdman,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Love,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McClure,
Milliron,
Oaks,
Powell,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
er,
Taylor,
Trach,
Watson,
Whitten,
Wylie,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Mr. RICH asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 1192, on third reading calendar, page 6, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1192, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments to this bill.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 15, by striking out the double quote before the word "The

Amend section 1, line 16, by striking out the double quote after the word "law"

Amend section 2, line 6, by striking out the double quote before the word "The

Amend section 2, line 8, by striking out the double quote after the word law"

Amend title by adding at the end thereof the following by designating the counties of Cameron and Elk as the twenty-fifth district and attaching the county of Clinton to the fifty-fifth district

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? The Chair hears no objection and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to state that on next Thursday afternoon, at 4:00 o'clock, Ex-President Taft will address the Joint Assembly in this room.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. WYLIE asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 1035, on page 10, of today's calendar, bills on third reading, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1035, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plants or parts thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding leasing and selling real estate

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Title, line 2, inserting after the word "entitled" the following: "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled

Amend Title, line 15, by inserting a single quote after the word water'

Amend Title, line 17, by stiking out the single quote after the word ninety-three' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote ninety-three"

Amend Title, line 23, by inserting before the word "seven" the word "and"

Amend Title, line 30, by striking out the word "plants" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "plant"

Amend Section 1, line 5, by inserting after the second word "entitled" the following: "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled

Amend Section 1, line 5, by striking out the single quote before the last word 'An and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote "An

Amend Section 1, line 10, by striking out the single quote after the word purposes' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote purposes"

Amend Section 1, line 16, by inserting after the word "selling" the word "natural"

Amend Section 1, line 16, by inserting a single quote after the word water'

Amend Section 1, line 17, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and"

Amend Section 1, line 18, by striking out the single quote after the word three' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote three"

Amend Section 1, line 20, by striking out the word "purpose" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "purposes"

Amend Section 1, line 21, by inserting after the first word "cement" the word "and"

Amend Section 1, line 22 by striking out the double quote after the word rock" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote rock'

Amend Section 1, line 22, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and"

NOTE:—Line 94 is printed upside down.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11:00 A. M.) the House adjourned to meet on Monday evening, April 12th, 1915, at 8:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

Vol. 3. HARRISBURG, PA. MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1915. No. 40.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, April 12th, 1915.

The House met at 8:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

O God, Thou art our God, and besides Thee there is none other. Thou hast been our dwelling place in all generations; Thou art infinite in love. He that dwelleth in love dwelleth in God, and he that love not, knoweth not God, for God is love; a love that pities, seeks and saves; a love that makes a man a man of faith, to remove mountains and to overcome the world; that fills man with courage to master himself, his circumstances and his environments; a love that is inseparable for it throws out the challenge, "who shall separate us from the love of Christ? Shall tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or peril, or the sword, nay in all these things; we are more than conquerors through Him that loved us, for I am persuaded that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor powers, nor things present, nor things to come, nor heighth, nor depth, nor any other creature shall be able to separate us from the love of God which is in Christ Jesus, our Lord." O God, endow every one of us with this power, we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of April 8th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of April 8th, when on motion of Mr. Baker, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. BALDWIN presented two petitions of the citizens of Delaware County favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Olyphant, Luzerne County, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of the First Presbyterian Church, Huntingdon, Pa., favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of the citizens of Huntingdon County favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. OSTRANDER presented the petition of a citizen of Gettysburg, Pa., favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of citizens of Wilkinsburg favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Delta Alpha Bible Class, of Braddock favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Civic League of the Borough of Wilkinsburg favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the citizens of Midway favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the members of the Young Peoples Society of Christian Endeavor of St. John's Lutheran Church, of Swissvale, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Men's Bible Class of the First United Presbyterian Church, of Wilmerding, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the members of the Calvary Lutheran Church, of Wilkinsburg, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Men's Bible Class of the M. E. Church, of Pitcairn, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the members of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, of Wilkinsburg, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Bill.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Young Men's Christian Association, of Wilmerding, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Men's Association of the Edgewood Presbyterian Church, of Edgewood Park, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Allegheny County Woman's Temperance Union of Pittsburgh favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the citizens of Turtle Creek favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Bible School of the First Christian Church, Turtle Creek, favoring the passage af a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the members of the Second United Presbyterian Church of Verona favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Luther League Society of the First English Lutheran Church of Braddock favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the United Brethren Church of East Pittsburgh favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Trinity Lutheran Sunday School of Braddock favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Braddock Church of the United Brethren In Christ of Braddock favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Senior Yokefellows' Class of the First Baptist Church of Pittsburgh favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Men's Brotherhood Bible Class of First United Presbyterian Church of Wilkinsburg favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Young People's Christian Union of the First United Presbyterian Church of Braddock favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the State Young Men's Christian Association of Pennsylvania favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Epworth League of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Braddock favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MARVIN presented a petition from the voters of Union Township favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MARVIN presented a petition from the voters of Knoxville requesting the members to support the Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MARVIN presented a petition from the voters of Hamilton Township favoring Local Option.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MARVIN presented a petition from the voters of the Township of Bloss favoring Local Option.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MARVIN presented a petition from the voters of Arnot Tioga County, Pa., favoring Local Option.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MARVIN presented a petition from the voters of Blossburg, Pa., favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MARVIN presented a petition from the voters of Mansfield, Pa., favoring the Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of the Philadelphia Conference Temperance Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Waterford favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of citizens of Darby favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of citizens of Division A of the Travelers Protective Association of America favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of the citizens of Blossburg favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. BALDWIN presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 126 P. O. S. of A. of Media, praying for the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING THE ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO THE FOUNDERS OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Mr. BALDWIN presented the petitions of Camp No. 126, of Media; Camp No. 121, of Upland, and Camp No. 314, of Darby, Patriotic Order Sons of America, praying for the erection of a mounment to the Founders of the Public Schools.

Mr. BERGY presented the petition of Camp No. 494, P. O. S. of A., Port Royal, praying for the erection of manument to the Founders of the Public Schools.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL NO. 319.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Mayor of Philadelphia, as chairman of the Committee on Comprehensive Plans of Philadelphia, protesting against the passage of Senate Bill No. 319.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF SENATE BILLS NOS. 483 AND 484.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Mayor of Philadelphia, as chariman of the Committee on Comprehensive Plans of Philadelphia, favoring the passage of Senate Bills No. 483 and 484.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CHRISTMAN, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, House Bill No. 554, entitled:

An Act to provide a standard form of policy contract to be issued by fire insurance companies transacting business in Pennsylvania designating the provisions thereof exempting certain policies and prescribing penalties for any violations.

Mr. CHRISTMAN, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed, House Bill No. 832, entitled:

An Act to provide for the person upon whom service of all legal processes shall be made in the case of foreign insurance companies transacting business in this Commonwealth requiring the designation of the Insurance Commissioner for such service prescribing the method of service and repealing existing laws.

Mr. SNYDER, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1311, entitled:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and five, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million, a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes; prescribing their powers and duties; and abolishing the office of ward, borough and township assessors, in so far as respects the assessment of State, and county taxes," as heretofore amended and supplemented, imposing certain duties on the Board and on burgesses of boroughs, township commissioners and supervisors, and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury.

Mr. WALSH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1266, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Department of Health to establish and maintain a place of detention and treatment for lepers on the state forest reserve or elsewhere and making an appropriation therefor.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1086 (Senate Bill No. 347), entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities.

Mr. GARNER, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, re-reported as committed, House Bill No. 1249 (Senate Bill No. 564), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the Chief Clerk.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. HEFFERNAN asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Theodore Campbell on account of illness.

Mr. TWIBILL asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Richards on account of illness.

Mr. EPPLEY asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Lanius.

Mr. WITMER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Urich on account of illness.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McCAIG offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. McCaig seconded by Mr. Cromer, that House Bill No. 1031, File Folio 4145, entitled:

An Act regulating the use of electricity in cities of the second class providing for the examination and licensing of electrical contractors individuals or companies doing electrical repair work and certain electrical engineers and for the supervision and inspection of electrical installations in said cities for the inspection of places of amusement maintaining electrical machinery or devices making the violations of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor and prescribing the punishment therefor page eight of today's calendar, bills on third reading, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Mr. THOMAS offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Thomas seconded by Mr. Powell, that House Bill No. 1213, File Folio, 4621, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations or appointments on such Boards of Visitation

page fifteen of today's calendar, bills on third reading, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations for the purpose of amendment.

HOUSE BILL NO. 27 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. SPANGLER offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Spangler, seconded by Mr. Leighner, that House Bill No. 27, File Folio 4399, entitled:

An Act relating to county officers in counties having less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and providing for their salaries and the compensation of deputies and clerks in the respective county officers requiring the payment into the respective county treasury of the fees of county officers and providing penalties for violations of this act

page sixteen of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, be made a special order for Wednesday, April 14th, at 11:30 o'clock A. M.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. MILLIRON offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Milliron, seconded by Mr. Powell, that the vote by which Senate Bill No. 121, File Folio 719, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

was defeated on final passage on April 6th, be reconsidered.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I move that further action on Senate Bill No. 121 be postponed for the present.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WALTON offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Walton, seconded by Mr. Williams, that Senate Bill No. 489, File Folio 1311, entitled:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

page twenty of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations for the purpose of a hearing.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. TRACH asked and received unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

By Mr. TRACH. House Bill No. 1518.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 434.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 434, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to refund Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury."

This bill contemplates a refund of money erroneously paid into the State Treasury. The bill is carelessly drawn. Its merit is not in question. A new bill carefully drawn would meet my approval.

For these reasons this bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law, the veto of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding.

Mr. TRACH. Mr. Speaker, I move that the veto be laid upon the table.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 295.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 295, entitled "An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of public buildings and of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses creating a sanitary board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Sanitary Board to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by said Sanitary Board under the powers granted by this act also proivding for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith" .

This bill contemplates the creation of a Sanitary Board in cities of the first class. It is intended as a repealer of the so-called Housing Code of 1913. The history of the latter act is well known to the people of Philadelphia.. The introduction and passage of this bill has occasioned much comment and has aroused considerable feeling among the parties in interest. The present bill has been presented because it is claimed by many that the Housing Code of 1913 is too drastic, that it is too costly, and that it is impracticable.

On the other hand it has been argued with great earnestness that this bill is a distinct step backwards and would prove of no definite service to the people affected by its provisions.

The fact to be kept in mind is that the act of 1913 has not been enforced. Just what its meaning may be is, so far as a practical test is concerned, as yet undefined.

To annul a statute of this Commonwealth without giving it the test of a trial is of doubtful wisdom. The present bill is not carefully drawn, nor are its provisions likely to secure the results so essential to the health of our people.

Much feeling has developed concerning this matter. The Legislature is now in session. If both the Act of 1913 and the present bill are, as claimed, so widely divergent in character as to divide the parties in interest into hostile camps, the Legislature is quite capable of dealing with the situation, provided the officials and the citizens of Philadelphia will get together at once, lay aside their extreme differences and agree frankly and fully upon a bill whose provisions are workable and reasonable. The health of the people should no longer be jeopardized by delay. There is, moreover, a repealer now in the Legislature which, if agreement cannot be reached, could do no other harm than to throw the whole city back upon the old law. The failure to enforce the present act and the conviction that the pending bill is not adequate to the conservation of the health of the people. alike impel me to urge instant conference and argeement upon a bill such as will be enforceable and will give the city a housing code of the most advanced practical character.

For these reasons and in the earnest hope that all parties may unite to give this matter prompt attention, this bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law the veto of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. GRANSBACH. Mr. Speaker, I move that the veto be laid upon the table.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 21.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 21, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public strets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same.' "

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 48.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 48, entitled "An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 166.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 166, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid.' "

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 665.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 665 entitled "A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the Game Fish and Forestry Laws."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 595.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 595 entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 383.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 383 entitled "An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the miltiia of the Commonwealth."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 658.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 658 entitled "An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 121.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 121 entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne County Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 169.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 169 entitled "A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 8, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 410.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECESS.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now take a recess for five minutes in order to congratulate the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Beck.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The SPEAKER. The time of recess having elapsed, the House will be in order.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 10.

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million

House Bill No. 883.

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

House Bill No. 800.

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to tax traction-engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

House Bill No. 227.

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

with the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment:

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1071, File Floio 4691, be placed upon the calendar notwithstanding the negative of the committee.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the title of the bill.

The Clerk then read the title of the bill as follows:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, It is the purpose of the gentleman who handed this bill to me to have certain amendments made, which we trust will make it entirely satisfactory to the committee and to the House. When the bill is on second reading this motion will be followed by another to recommit the bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act requring all locomotives operated by common carriers to be equipped with bell ringers and providing a penalty for violiation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 297, entitled:

An Act to regulate the hours of employment of signalmen towermen gatemen agents train despatchers telegraphers or telephone operators in signal towers or public railroad stations of any railroad operated by steam electricity or other motive power in this State and providing for compensation for extra service performed by such employes

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Railroads for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1180, entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults srypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1186, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1182, entitled:

An Act to prevent municipalities from locating or opening streets roads or highways on over or through land belonging to any educational institution conducted by the Commonwealth or by a board appointed in whole or in part by the Governor without first obtaining the approval of the Governor and the board in charge thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1077 (Senate No. 404), entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 693 (Senate No. 172), entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two'" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1188, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June nineteen hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 419, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 833, entitled:

An Act relating to the vaccination including the entrance into schools of children not vaccinated and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 906, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1198, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth approved fhe fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five' by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population and increasing the salaries of the county commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1129, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commisioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 923, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of the cost of the transcription of stenographic notes in certain proceedings by the county and the reimbursement of the county for such payment

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1159, entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to regulate hawking and peddling and canvassing from house to house soliciting orders for the sale of goods wares or merchandise and to require a license therefor and to fix and collect a reasonable license fee for such license

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1013, entitled:

An Act to fix the salariies to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1214, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1227 (Senate No. 549), entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 543, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act in counties having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million the prothonotary shall appoint a person learned in the law as deputy prothonotary" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in counties having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million inhabitants the prothonotary shall designate from the force of clerks in his office a person learned in the law who shall be the deputy prothonotary Any clerk in the office of such prothonotary designated by the prothonotary shall have the power of deputy prothonotary so far as relates to the administration of oaths and affirmations in the performance of the work of the office

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?
Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker.
The SPEAKER. The gentlemen from Luzerne, Mr. Powell.
Mr. POWELL Mr Speaker, I desire to say that the amendment to this bill has met with the approval of the people concerned.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur.
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck.
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy.
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback.
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett.
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones.
Spangler,
Spencer.
[illegible]tlor.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz.
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,

Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh.
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Baker,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 779.

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by making the libellant a competent witness generally

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with the amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 6, by inserting after the word "by" insert the word "making" and strike out the words "enabling."

Strike out lines 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 and the first word in the 13th line and insert "a competent witness generally."

Amend section 1, first line, strike out after the word "divorce," in line 18 to and including the word "burdensome" in line 27 and insert the word "all" in line 28 after the word "prove."

Strike out after the word "facts" in line 28 to line 35 to and including the word "burdensome" and insert in line 36 "libel subpoena or."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, as sponsor of the bill I desire to state that the amendments made by the Senate are entirely satisfactory to myself.

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Luxemburger
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Shoop,
ter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
You
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1130, as follows:

An Act regulating the legal business of the State Government and the employment of attorneys therefor and defining the duties of the various departments bureaus boards agents and commissions in relation thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act all of the legal business and affairs of every department bureau board agent and commission of the State Government shall be under the supervision direction and control of the Attorney General

Section 2 Whenever any department bureau board agent or commission or officer of the State Government may require legal advice concerning its conduct or operation or whenever any legal difficulty or dispute arises or litigation is commenced or to be commenced in which any such department bureau board agent or commission or officer is concerned or whenever any taxes or other accounts of any kind whatever due the Commonwealth remain overdue and unpaid it shall be the duty of such department bureau board agent or commission or officer to refer the same to the Attorney General whose duty it shall be legally to advise such department bureau board agent or commission and to take charge of such litigation and collections of overdue and unpaid taxes and of all other moneys and accounts due the Commonwealth it being the intent of this act to vest the exclusive authority and control in the Attorney General to collect all moneys and accounts due the Commonwealth from any and every source whatever The collection of which is now vested by law in any department bureau board agent or commission officer or officers whatever as well as the exclusive control of all other legal business of the Commonwealth

Section 3 It shall be the duty of any officer of any other department bureau board agent or commission of the State government who has requested from the Attorney General's Department any legal advice concerning his official duty when said advice has been given to follow the same and such officer so doing shall not in any way whatever be liable either upon his official bond or otherwise

Section 4 After the passage of this act no department bureau board agent or commission of the State Government or any officer thereof except as herein provided shall have any right power or authority to retain or employ any attorney to transact any legal business of such department bureau board agent or commission provided however whenever authorized by the Attorney General such department bureau board agent or commission or any officer thereof may retain counsel whose appointment and compensation shall be approved by the Attorney General

Section 5 Nothing herein contained shall effect the right of private counsel heretofore employed to continue with the approval of the Attorney General their service until the termination of the business for which they were specially employed

Section 6 All other laws or parts thereof conferring authority upon any officer of the State to employ attorneys or counsel except as herein provided and inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—193.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan.
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer.
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time from page 7 of today's calendar, House Bill No. 1008, File Folio 3533, Bills on Final Passage Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1008, entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I have been asked to make an explanation of this bill which is before you now for consideration. The bill divides the counties of this State into eight classes for the purpose of future legislation. It was prepared by the Law Library of Allegheny County and approved by the Bar Association of that county. Under the existing law every bill relating to counties fixes the minimum number and the maximum number of the population. The result is that any one who is interested in a law relating to a particular county must examine all the acts in the digest in order to know what acts apply to the county in which he is interested. If this bill becomes a law all future legislation will be classified under the proper classification as specified in this bill. It will not affect any of the existing laws relating to counties, and it follows the same general scheme as in the classification of cities and townships as on the statute books at the present time.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—194.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 433, as follows:

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps coupons tickets cards certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise regulating and licensing the sale furnishing and giving of trading stamps and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives **of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in** General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "trading stamp" when used in this act includes any coupon stamp certificate ticket card or other device furnished free by a vendor of merchandise together with merchandise as an inducement for the sale thereof and which stamp certificate coupon card ticket or other device is redeemable in or accepted for personal property or money by the vendor or by any person or firm or corporation other than the vendor The term "trading stamp" does not apply to certificates or coupons or cards or stamps or tickets placed by the manufacturer in sealed containers of merchandise or printed or stamped on the container or wrapper enclosing the merchandise The word "person" includes individuals copartnerships corporations and associations The word "sale" includes a conditional sale and a bailment

Section 2 No person shall sell give or furnish trading stamps intended for use in or with the sale of merchandise to a merchant or vendor of merchandise unless the person selling giving or furnishing trading stamps shall have obtained a license therefor from the county treasurer for which the persons shall have paid the sum of one thousand dollars And no merchant or vendor of merchandise shall sell give or furnish trading stamps for use in or with the sale of merchandise unless the merchant or vendor of merchandise selling giving or furnishing trading stamps shall have obtained a license therefor from the county treasurer for which the merchant or vendor shall have paid the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars And no merchant or vendor of merchandise shall sell give or furnish trading stamps for use in or with the sale of merchandise where such trading stamps have been manufactured or prepared by such merchant or vendor or manufactured or prepared at his instance unless the merchant or vendor selling giving or furnishing such stamps shall have obtained a license therefor from the county treasurer for which he shall have paid the sum of one thousand dollars

Section 3 The license herein provided for shall be valid only for the calendar year for which issued No license shall be issued except upon a written application which shall set forth the name and business address of the applicant The application shall be accompanied by the proper license fee One-fourth of the money received from such license shall be paid monthly into the State Treasury The remaining three-fourths shall be retained by the county and devoted to the construction maintenance and repair of roads and county bridges in the county

Section 4 The license shall permit the selling or furnishing of trading stamps only at one place of business in the county If the applicant for a license has more than one place of business in the county a separate license shall be required for each place Every building or part of a building shall be deemed a separate place of business where trading stamps are sold or furnished or where the personal property to be exchanged for the trading stamps is exhibited

Section 5 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof the person if an individual or the members of a co-partnership or association or the officers and directors of a corporation as the case may be with guilty knowledge of the fact shall each be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding six months or both in the discretion of the court

Section 6 This act shall become effective ou the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

Section 7 All acts or parts of acts supplied herewith or inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, before this House passes this bill, they should go carefully and think what they are about to do. There seems to be no reason to put a tax upon the trading stamp firm, unless it be for the benefit of the shopkeepers of Pennsylvania, wholly disregarding the premium which the purchaser gets when she goes to the store. In each one of these places where a trading stamp firm has been established, they are employing four to five persons, and by this act you are going to put out of work these people. Now this may mean a revenue to the State of Pennsylvania, but if the sponsor of this bill has in mind the collection of revenue for the State of Pennsylvania he starts too large in his amounts, because a thousand dollars means prohibition, and consequently the going out of the trading stamp business. Now, we are not here as the guardians of the people, we are not here to say whether they shall purchase these things and shall not purchase more than is necessary to get a premium. That is up to the people of Pennsylvania and not for us to decide. For I say that the trading stamp firms pay their mercantile license the same as anybody else. They say that they take all the wealth out of Pennsylvania and put none of it back. Why, there is nothing to prevent the citizens of Pennsylvania to establish the same thing, and further, gentlemen, will you let your earnestness for the welfare of labor extend only to Pennsylvania? If these chairs and these desks are manufactured outside have some consideration for them, because you are not doing the workingmen of Pennsylvania any good. We have many of these little stores. Now, I am not excited abou this affair, but I do not think it is proper. There have been many things passed for the benefit of the shopkeeper. I am not against the shopkeeper. They do not have to sell their stamps if they dont want to—it is a matter of option. Some of the greatest things in history have been passed for the benefit of the shopkeepers. The burning of Mary Burns was done for the benefit of the shopkeepers of Ludgate. Now, we are not going to burn any one but we are going to put a lot of people out of business, and I only want to make my declaration on this floor before that thing happens.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I wish to say that a great many of my constituents, and most of them small merchants, have vigorously assailed the trading stamp proposition. It has reached such proportions of late that it has become a burden upon the small merchant who is unable to check it, and he, to a great extent, must bear the burden in order that the men who are at the head of this business may fill their coffers to repletion. In Winchester, Virginia, there is one man who has made millions upon millions of dollars out of this trading stamp business, and where has it come from? It has come out of the pockets of the people and out of the small merchants of Pennsylvania and of other states. As I understand, these men now do a great business in Pennsylvania, and practically pay no license. If they do the business that we all know that they do do in the State of Pennsylvania, why should not they be compelled to pay a heavy license for the business they do, as other businesses have to do for the business that they do. As I have already remarked, if the small merchant should be relieved of this burden, if it were a matter of volition, there would be no purpose in placing a high license upon this business, but as I have already stated, this business has simply taken a stranglehold upon the small merchant and has practically compelled him to accept a proposition that he does not want. And what does it mean? We all know what a struggle the small merchant has at present to get along. Why should we saddle upon him additional burdens? I say to you, gentlemen of the House, that this is a fair proposition both from the standpoint of the manufacturer and in so far as the small merchant of Pennsylvania is concerned, in behalf of whom this proposition should be considered by the legislature of this great State.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, if we go along the line of the gentleman from York's argument, Mr. Spangler, then this Assembly should pass a bill providing that a manufacturer shall sell all his goods at the same price, whether a man buys in carloads or whether he buys in fives. That is precisely the same argument for the benefit of the small storekeeper of Pennsylvania. There is another thing in this. In the large communities the trading stamp firms will be able to stand this proposition because they have a wider field. They will be able to stand this one thousand dollar tax, but in small communities, in communities which are not particuarly large, such as I reside in, we are going to be cut out by this bill. Now, I ask you to consider it fairly and then render your judgment.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I feel sorry indeed that my friend from Schuylkill feels called upon to oppose this bill, but knowing as I do, that he has a particular friend interested in the trading stamp business, I am not surprised at his opposition. I want to say to the members of the House, that I am not the author of this bill, but that I have presented it at the instance of The Retail Merchants' Association of Pennsylvania—an association comprised of ten thousand members. When the gentleman from Schuylkill talks about imposing a hardship upon the small dealer, it seems to me that he has not read the bill properly. To begin with, the bill provides that a trading stamp concern shall, to do business in a county, go to the county treasurer of that particular county and pay a license of one thousand dollars. That license is paid by the wholesale stamp concern giving them a license to sell stamps to retail merchants. We do not ask that the retail merchant pay one thousand dollars. We come to that later. In another section it provides that the merchant who produces or develops his own samps, such as the United Cigar Stores Companies and as large concerns are doing, shall be considered as manufacturing, and they, too, shall pay one thousand dollars for each place of business. When it comes to the retail merchant, he is asked to pay one hundred and fifty dollars. That will show you that Mr. Palmer's position is entirely wrong. He says that it will practically prohibit the stamp business in many counties of the State. I will say to the members of this House candidly, that that is just what we want. As a merchant, I can truthfully say, as one who has handled trading stamps, not because of his own desire, but because of coercion and because of sharp competition and as representing an association of ten thousand people, I ask the members of this House to pass this bill in order that the small merchant may be relieved of this burden. Do you ask why he handles the stamps. I will tell you. Among merchants as among other men, you always find a weak brother; an agent comes along and offers him a proposition. He says I will sell you this stamp, and I will give you the exclusive right to it. I will not sell to your neighbor. This gives that retail grocer getting the stamp, an unfair advantage. His neighbor must scout around to find another trading stamp concern in order that he can get a stamp and save his business. He is compelled to do this because of the fact of sharp competition. I hope that the members of this House will vote for the passage of this bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bunsard.
Campbell, J. O..
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit.
Gallagher,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman.
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Oaks,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer.
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—17.

Cummins,
Drinkhouse,
Graham,
Hollern,
Klinger,
Lauer,
Milliron,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Statler,
Trach,
Twibill,
Weir,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 225, as follows:

An Act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected and regulating such benefits Providing for the organization of such societies and for their licensing supervision regulation and examination by the Insurance Commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies Designating tables of mortality to be used and establishing a standard of solvency Requiring all societies to make annual reports and all foreign societies to appoint the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process Providing penalties for any violations of the act Exempting certain societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any corporation society order or voluntary association without capital stock organized and carried on solely for the mutual benefit of its members and their beneficiaries and not for profit and having a lodge system with ritualistic form of work and representative form of government and which shall make provision for the payment of benefits in accordance with section five hereof is hereby declared to be a Faternal Benefit Society

Section 2 Any society having a supreme governing or legislative body and subordinate lodges or branches by whatever name known into which members shall be elected initiated and admitted in accordance with its constitution laws rules regulations and prescribed ritualistic ceremonies which subordinate lodges or branches shall be required by the laws of such society to hold regular or stated meetings at least once in each month shall be deemed to be operating on the lodge system

Section 3 Any such society shall be deemed to have a representative form of government when it shall provide in its constitution and laws for a supreme legislative or governing body composed of members elected either by the membership or by delegates elected directly or indirectly by the membership together with such other members as may be prescribed by its constitution and laws provided that the elective members shall constitute a majority in number and have not less than two-thirds of the votes nor less than the votes required to amend its constitution and laws and provided further that the meetings of the supreme or governing body and the election of officers representatives or delegates shall be held as often as once in four years The members officers representatives or delegates of a fraternal benefit society shall not vote by proxy

Section 4 Except as herein provided such societies shall be governed by this act and shall be exempt from all provisions of the insurance laws of this Commonwealth not only in govermental relations with the Commonwealth but for every other purpose and no law hereafter enacted shall apply to them unless they be expressly designated therein

Section 5 Every such society shall provide for the payment of death benefits and may provide for the erection of monuments to mark the graves of its deceased members It may also provide for the payment of old-age permanent disability special fraternal help and temporary relief benefits provided the period of life at which the old-age benefit matures shall not be under sixty years of age Each society shall have power to issue whole-life limited payment life old-age and term benefit certificates and to make the benefit payable in a single cash payment or in instalments or a term or life annuity It may provide that a member when permanently disabled or upon attaining not less than sixty years of age shall have the option to surrender his certificate upon payment of all or such portion of its face value as may be authorized under the constitutior and laws It may also provide for the acceptance of liens against benefit certificates with interest at not less than four per centum per annum in lieu of cash payments of the rates of contribution provided that the total of such liens against any benefit certificate shall not exceed the reserve credit thereunder Any such society collecting a level rate of contribution under any of its benefit certificates as high or higher than required under the National Fraternal Congress Table of mortality hereinafter referred to and four per centum interest may grant to members holding such certificates extended and paid up protection or such withdrawal equities as may be allowed under its constitution or by-laws provided that such grants or privileges shall not exceed in value the portion of the reserve to the credit of such certificate at the time of such grant or privilege is allowed Provided however that any association or society regularly admitted prior to January first one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and now doing business in this Commonwealth shall be permitted to pay out of its mortuary or other funds an amount equal to a death benefit to a retiring member in accordance with its existing constitution laws and regulations

Section 6 The payment of death benefits shall be confined to wife husband relative by blood to the fourth degree father-in-law mother-in-law son-in-law daughter-in-law stepfather stepmother stepchildren children by legal adoption or to a person or persons dependent upon the member Provided That if after the issuance of the original certificate the member shall become dependent upon the charity of an individual or an incorporated charitable institution he shall have the privilege with the consent of the society to make such individual or institution his beneficiary within the above restrictions each member shall have the right to designate his beneficiary and from time to time have the same changed in accordance with the laws rules or regulations of the society and no beneficiary shall have or obtain any vested interest in the said benefit until the same has become due and payable upon the death of the said member Provided That any society may by its law limit the scope of beneficiaries within the above classes

Section 7 Any society may admit to beneficial membership any person not less than sixteen and not more than sixty years of age and it shall be lawful for any minors who have attained the age of sixteen years to make all needful contracts and assume all needful obligations to become members Each applicant shall be examined by a legally qualified physician and the examination supervised and approved in accordance with the laws of the society Provided That any beneficiary member of such society who shall apply for a certificate providing for disability benefits need not be required to pass an additional medical examination therefor Nothing herein contained shall prevent such society from accepting general or social members

Section 8 Every certificate issued by any such society shall specify the amount of benefit provided thereby and shall provide that the certificate the charter or articles of incorporation or if a voluntary association the articles of association the constitution and laws of the society and the application for membership and medical examination signed by the applicant and all amendments to each thereof shall constitute the obligation of the society and the member and copies of the same certified by the secretary of the society or corresponding officer shall be received in evidence of the terms and conditions thereof and any changes additions or amendments to said charter or articles of incorporation or articles of association if a voluntary association constitution or laws duly made or enacted subsequent to the issuance of the benefit certificate shall bind the member and his beneficiaries in all respects the same as though such changes additions or amendments had been made prior to and were in force at the time of the application for membership

Section 9 Subsection 1 Any society may create maintain invest disburse and apply an emergency surplus or other similar fund in accordance with its law Unless otherwise provided in the contract such funds shall be held invested and disbursed for the use and benefit of the society and no member or beneficiary shall have or acquire individual rights therein or become entitled to any apportionment or the surrender of any part thereof except as provided in section five of this act The funds from which benefits shall be paid and the funds from which the expenses of the society shall be defrayed shall be derived from periodical or other payments by the members of the society and accretions of said funds No society shall hereafter be incorporated in this Commonwealth nor shall any foreign society hereafter be admitted to transact business in this Commonwealth which does not provide for stated periodical contributions sufficient to provide for meeting the mortuary obligations of the society when valued upon the basis of the National Fraternal Congress Table of Mortality as adopted by the National Fraternal Congress August twenty–third eighteen hundred and ninety-nine or any higher standard with interest assumption not more than four per centum per annum No society domestic or foreign shall hereafter be incorporated or admitted to write or accept members for temporary or permanent disability benefits except upon tables based upon reliable experience with an interest assumption not higher than four per centum per annum Subsection 2 Deferred payments or instalments of claims shall be considered as fixed liabilities on the happening of the contingency upon which such payments or instalments are thereafter to be paid Such liability shall be the present value of such future payments or instalments upon the rate of interest and mortality assumed by the society for valuation and every society shall maintain a fund sufficient to meet such liability regardless of proposed future collections to meet any such liabilities

Section 10 Every society shall invest its funds only in securities permitted by the laws of this Commonwealth for the investment of the assets of life insurance companies Provided That any foreign society permitted or seeking to do business in this Commonwealth which invests its funds in accordance with the laws of the State in which it is incorporated shall be held to meet the requirements of this act for the investment of funds

Section 11 Every provision of the laws of the society for payment by members of such society in whatever form made shall distinctly state the purpose of the same and the proportion thereof which may be used for expenses and no part of the money collected for mortuary or disability purposes or the net accretions of either or any of said funds shall be used for expenses

Section 12 From and after the passage of this act any fifteen or more persons nine of whom shall be citizens and residents of this Commonwealth having associated themselves as a Fraternal Benefit Society may be incorporated under the provisions of this act when so incorporated the said corporation shall have the following

GENERAL POWERS

a To have succession by its corporate name perpetually subject to the power of the General Assembly under the Constitution of this Commonwealth

b To maintain and defend judicial proceedings

c To make and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure

d To be capable of taking receiving purchasing holding and transferring real and personal property for the purpose of its incorporation and for no other purpose

e To elect appoint and remove the officers and agents for the management of its business and carrying out its objects and to allow them a suitable compensation

f To make a constitution and general laws for the government of the society the management of its affairs the admission and classification of its members the control and regulation of the terms and conditions governing the issue of its benefits certificates and the character or kind of benefits or privileges payable or allowable thereunder and to change alter add to or amend same Such constitution and general laws when made or as changed altered added to or amended shall be the law governing such society and its officers board of directors or managers subordinate lodges councils or branches and all members and beneficiaries in their relations to such society

g To provide in its constitution or by-laws for the payment of death old age permanent and temporary disability benefits and special fraternal help in such manner and for such amounts as may be authorized and directed by said constitution or by-laws not inconsistent with the provisions of this act

h To collect from its members by admission fees dues or rates of contribution the funds necessary to carry on its operations and to provide for the payment of its obligations

i To carry on its operations through a supreme or governing body and subordinate bodies branches or lodges and to issue benefit or relief certificates in accordance with its constitution and general laws

j To enter into any obligation necessary for the transaction of its affairs

The certificate of incorporation must be subscribed by five or more persons citizens of this Commonwealth and shall set forth

First The name of the corporation Second the purpose for which it is formed Third The place where its principal office is to be located Fourth The names and residences of the subscribers Fifth The number and names of its officers with the term or terms of years for which they have been chosen and also the names of not less than six directors managers or members of an executive committee who together with the president of the society order or association shall form a board of directors managers or executive committee with the term or terms of years for which each is to serve

Notice of the intention to apply for any such charter shall be inserted in two newspapers of general circulation printed in the proper county for three weeks setting forth briefly the character and object of the corporation to be formed and the intention to make application therefor

The said certificate of incorporation shall be acknowledged by at least five of those who subscribed thereto before any officer authorized to take the acknowledgments of deeds in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to be their act and deed and the same being duly certified under the hand and official seal of the said officer shall be presented to a law judge of the county in which the principal office of the corporation is located accompanied by proof of the publication of the notice of such application who is hereby authorized to peruse and examine said instrument and if the same shall be found to be in the proper form and within the purposes named in this act he shall endorse thereon those facts and shall order and decree thereon that the charter is approved and that upon the recording of the same in the office of the recorder of deeds in and for the county aforesaid the subscribers thereto and their associates shall be a corporation for the purposes and upon the terms therein stated

Such articles of incorporation and duly certified copies of the constitution and laws rules and regulations and copies of all proposed forms of benefit certificates applications therefor and circulars to be issued by such society and a bond in the sum of five thousand dollars with sureties approved by the Insurance Commissioner conditioned upon the return of the advance payments as provided in this section to applicants if the organization is not completed within one year shall be filed with the Insurance Commissioner who may require such further information as he deems necessary and if the purposes of the society conform to the requirements of this act and all provisions of law have been complied with the Insurance Commissioner shall so certify and retain and file the articles of incorporation and furnish the incorporators a preliminary certificate authorizing said society to solicit members as hereinafter provided

Upon receipt of said certificate from the Insurance Commissioner said society may solicit members for the purpose of completing its organization and shall collect from each applicant the amount of not less than one regular monthly payment in accordance with its table of rates as provided by its constitution and laws and shall issue to each such applicant a receipt for the amount so collected But no such society shall incur any liability other than for such advanced payments nor issue any benefit certificate nor pay or allow or promise to pay or allow to any person any death or disability benefit until actual bona fida applications for death benefit certificates have been secured upon at least five hundred lives for at least one thousand dollars each and all such applicants for death benefits shall have been regularly examined by legally qualified practicing physicians and certificates of such examinations have been duly filed and approved by the chief medical examiner of such society nor until there shall be established ten subordinate lodges or branches into which said five hundred applicants have been initiated nor until there has been submitted to the Insurance Commissioner under oath of the president and secretary or corresponding officers of such society a list of such applicants giving their names addresses date examined date approved date initiated name and number of the subordinate branch of which each applicant is a member amount of benefits to be granted rate of stated periodical contributions which shall be sufficient to provide for meeting the mortuary obligations contracted when valued for death benefits upon the basis of the National Fraternal Congress Table of Mortality as adopted by the National Fraternal Congress August twenty-three one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine or any higher standard at the option of the society and for disability benefits by tables based upon reliable experience and for combined death and permanent total disability benefits by tables based upon reliable experience with an interest assumption not higher than four per cent per annum nor until it shall be shown to the Insurance Commissioner by the sworn statement of the treasurer or corresponding officer of such society that at least five hundred applicants have each paid in cash at least one regular monthly payment as herein provided per one thousand dollars of indemnity to be effected which payments in the aggregate shall amount to at least twenty-five hundred dollars all of which shall be credited to the mortuary or disability fund on account of such applicants and no part of which may be used for expenses

Said advanced payment shall during the period of organization be held in trust and if the organization is not completed within one year as hereinafter provided returned to said applicants

The Insurance Commissioner may make such examination and require such further information as he deems advisable and upon presentation of satisfactory evidence that the society has complied with all the provisions of law he shall issue to such society a certificate to that effect Such certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the existence of such society at the date of such certificate The Insurance Commissioner shall cause a record of such certificate to be made and a certified copy of such record may be given in evidence with like effect as the original certificate

No preliminary certificate granted under the provisions of this section shall be valid after one year from its date or after such further period not exceeding one year as may be authorized by the Insurance Commissioner upon cause shown unless the five hundred applicants herein required have been secured and the organization has been completed as herein provided and the articles of incorporation and all proceedings thereunder shall become null and void in one year from the date of said preliminary certificate or at the expiration of said extended period unless such society shall have completed its organization and commenced business as herein provided When any domestic society shall have discontinued business for the period of one year or has less than 400 members its charter shall become null and void

Section 13 Any society heretofore organized or incorporated under any act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and which is now engaged in transacting business in this Commonwealth may exercise after the passage of this act all of the rights conferred thereby and all of the rights powers privileges and exemptions now exercised or possessed by it under its charter or articles of incorporation or if it be a voluntary association it may incorporate hereunder But no society already organized shall be required to re-incorporate hereunder Nor shall its existence as a corporation nor its right to exercise any corporate rights vested in it by virtue of its past incorporation be effected by anything herein contained

Section 14 No domestic society shall merge with or accept the transfer of the membership or funds of any other society unless such merger or transfer is evidenced by a contract in writing setting out in full the terms and conditions of such merger or transfer and filed with the Insurance Commissioner of this Commonwealth together with a sworn statement of the financial condition of each of said societies by its president and secretary or corresponding officers and a certificate or such officers duly verified under oath of said officers of each of the contracting societies that such merger or transfer has been approved by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the supreme legislative or governing body of each of said societies

Upon the submission of the said contract financial statements and certificates the Insurance Commissioner shall examine the same and if he shall find such financial statements to be correct and the said contract to be in conformity with the provisions of this section and that such merger or transfer is just and equitable to the members of each of said societies he shall approve said merger or transfer issue his certificate to that effect and thereupon the said contract of merger or transfer shall be of full force and effect

In case such contract is not approved the fact of its submission and its contents shall not be disclosed by the Insurance Commissioner

Section 15 Foreign societies which are now authorized to transact business in this Commonwealth may continue such business until the first day of April next succeeding the passage of this act and the authority of such societies may thereafter be renewed annually but in all cases to terminate on the first day of the succeeding April Provided however the license shall continue in full force and effect until the new license be issued or specifically refused For each such license or renewal the society shall pay the Insurance Commissioner twenty dollars A duly certified copy or duplicate of such license shall be prima facie evidence that the license is a fraternal benefit society within the meaning of this act

Section 16 No foreign society which is not now authorized to transact business in this Commonwealth shall transact any business without a license from the Insurance Commissioner Any such society shall be entitled to a license to transact business within this Commonwealth upon filing with the Insurance Commissioner a duly certified copy of its charter or articles of association a copy of its constitution and laws and certificates certified by its secretary or corresponding officer a power of attorney to the Insurance Commissioner as hereinafter provided a statement of its business under oath of its president and secretary or corresponding officers in the form required by the Commissioner duly verified by an examination made by the supervising insurance official of its home state or other state satisfactory to the Insurance Commissioner of this Commonwealth a certificate from the proper official in its home state province or country that the society is legally organized all of which must show that its benefits are provided for by periodical or other payments by its members and upon furnishing the Commissioner such other information as he may deem necessary to a proper exhibit of its business and plan of working and upon showing that its assets are invested in accordance with the laws of the state territory district province or country where it is organized he shall issue a license to such society to do business in this Commonwealth until the first day of the succeeding April and such license shall upon compliance with the provisions of this act be renewed annually but in all cases to terminate on the first day of the succeeding April Provided however That license shall continue in full force and effect until the new license be issued or specifically refused Any foreign society desiring admission to this Commonwealth shall have the qualifications required of domestic societies organized under this act and have its assets invested as required by the laws of the State territory district country or province where it is organized For each such license or renewal the society shall pay to the Commissioner twenty dollars Provided however That nothing contained in this or the preceding section shall be taken or construed as preventing any such society from continuing in good faith all contracts made in this Commonwealth during the time such society was legally authorized to transact business herein

Section 17 Every foreign society applying for admission to this Commonwealth shall by a duly executed instrument filed in the office of the Insurance Commissioner constitute and appoint the Insurance Commissioner or his successors its true and lawful attorney upon whom all lawful processes in any action or legal proceeding against it may be served and therein shall agree that any lawful process against it which may be served upon him as its said attorney shall be of the same force and vitality as if served on the society and that the authority thereof shall continue in force irrevocable so long as any liability of the society remains outstanding in this Commonwealth The service of such process shall be made by leaving copies of the same in duplicate in the hands or office of the Commissioner One copy of such instrument certified by the Commissioner or his deputy as having been served upon him shall be deemed valid service upon the society Provided however That no such service shall be valid or binding against any such society when it is required thereunder to file its answer pleading or defense in less than thirty days from the date of mailing the copy of such service to such society

When legal procedure is served upon the Commissioner as attorney for a foreign society he shall forthwith forward one of the duplicate copies of process served on him to its secretary or corresponding officer or to such other person as may have been previously designated by the society by written notice filed in the office of the Commissioner As a condition of valid and effective service and of the duty of the Commissioner in the premises the plaintiff in each such process shall pay to the Commissioner at the time of the service thereof the sum of two dollars which the said plaintiff shall recover as taxable costs if he prevails in the suit The Commissioner shall keep a record of all such processes which shall show the day and hour of service Legal process shall not be served upon any such society except in the manner provided herein

Section 18 Any domestic society may provide that the meetings of its legislative or governing body may be held in any state district province or territory wherein such society has subordinate branches and all business transacted at such meetings shall be as valid in all respects as if such meetings were held in this Commonwealth but its principal office shall be located in this Commonwealth

Section 19 Officers and members of the supreme grand or any subordinate body of any such incorporated society shall not be individually liable for the payment of any disability or death benefit provided for in the laws and agreements of such society but the same shall be payable only out of the funds of such society and in the manner provided by its laws

Section 20 Unless authorized by express provisions in the constitution and laws of the society no subordinate body nor any of its subordinate officers or members shall have the power or authority to waive any of the provisions of the constitution and laws of the society and the same shall be binding on the society and each and every member thereof and on all beneficiaries of members

Section 21 No money or other benefit charity or relief or aid to be paid provided or rendered by any such society shall be liable to attachment garnishment or other process or be seized taken appropriated or applied by any legal or equitable process or operation of law to pay any debt or liability of a member or beneficiary or any other person who may have a right thereunder either before or after payment

Section 22 Every such society by its supreme governing or legislative body shall have power to make alter and amend a constitution and laws for the government of the society the management of its affairs the admission and clasification of its members the control and regulation of the terms and conditions governing the issue of its benefit certificates and the character or kind of benefits or privileges payable or allowable thereunder Every such constitution and laws when made and as altered and amended shall be the law governing the said society and its officers board of directors or managers subordinate or constituent lodges councils or branches and all members and beneficaries in their relation to such society Each society shall file with the Insurance Commissioner a duly certified copy of all amendments of or additions to its constitution and laws within ninety days after the enactment of the same Printed copies of the constitution and laws as amended changed or added to certified by the secretary or corresponding officer thereof shall be prima facie evidence of the legal adoption thereof

Section 23 Every society transacting business in this Commonwealth shall annually on or before the first day of March file with the Insurance Commissioner in such form as he may require a statement under oath of its president and secretary or corresponding officer of its condition and standing on the thirty-first day of December next preceding and of its transactions for the year ending on that date and also shall furnish such other information as the Insurance Commissioner may deem necessary to a proper exhibit of its business and plan of working The Commissioner may at other times require any further statement he may deem necessary to be made relating to such society

In addition to the annual report herein required each society shall annually report to the Commissioner a valuation of its certificates in force on December thirty-first last preceding excluding those issued within the year for which the report is filed in cases where the contributions for the first year in whole or in part are used for current expenses provided the first report of valuation shall be made as of December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen Such report of valuation shall show as contingent liabilities the present mid-year value of the promised benefits provided in the constitution and laws

of such society under certificates then subject to valuation less such portion thereof as may have been assumed by other associations or companies and as contingent assets the present mid-year value of the future net contributions provided in the constitution and laws as the same are in practice actually collected At the option of any society in lieu of the above valuation may show the net value of the certificates subject to valuation hereinbefore provided less such portion thereof as may have been assumed by other associations or companies and said net value when computed in case of monthly contributions may be the mean of the terminal values for the end of the preceding and of the current insurance years

Such valuation shall be certified by a competent accountant or actuary or at the request and expense of the society verified by the actuary of the department of insurance of the home state of the society and shall be filed with the Insurance Commissioner within ninety days after the submission of the last preceding annual report The legal minimum standard of valuation for all certificates except for disability benefits shall be the National Fraternal Congress Table of Mortality as adopted by the National Fraternal Congress August twenty-third one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine or at the option of the society any higher table or at its option it may use a table based upon the society's own experience of at least twenty years and covering not less than one hundred thousand lives with interest assumption not more than four per centum per annum Each such valuation report shall set forth clearly and fully the mortality and interest basis and the method of valuation Any society providing for disability benefits shall keep the net contributions for such benefits in a fund separate and apart from all other benefit and expense funds Provided That where a combined contribution table is used by a society for both death and permanent total disability benefits the valuation shall be according to tables of reliable experience and in such case a separation of the funds shall not be required

The valuation herein provided for shall not be considered or regarded as a test of the financial solvency of the society but each society shall be held to be legally solvent so long as the funds in its possession are equal to or in excess of its matured liabilities

Beginning with the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen a report of such valuaton shall be printed and mailed to each beneficiary member of the society not later than June first of each year or in lieu thereof may be published in the society's official paper and the issue containing the same mailed to each beneficiary member of the society The laws of such society shall provide that if the stated periodical contributions of the members are insufficient to pay all matured death and disability claims in full and to provide for the creation and maintenance of the funds required by its laws additional or increased rates of contribution shall be collected from the members to meet such deficiency and such laws may provide that upon the written application or consent of the member his certificate may be charged with its proportion of any deficiency disclosed by the valuation with interest not exceeding six per centum per annum

Section 23b In lieu of the requirements of section twenty-three any society may value its certificates on a basis herein designated "accumulation basis" by crediting each member with the net amount contributed for each year and with interest at approximately the net rate earned and by charging him with his share of the losses for each year herein designated "cost of insurance" and carrying the balance if any to his credit The charge for the cost of insurance may be according to the actual experience of the society applied to a table of mortality recognized by the law of this Commonwealth and shall take into consideration the amount at risk during each year which shall be the amount payable at death less the credit to the member Except as specifically provided in its articles or laws or contracts no charge shall be carried forward from the first valuation hereunder against any member for any past share of losses exceeding the contributions and credit If after the first valuation any member's share of losses for any year exceeds his credit including the contribution for the year the contribution shall be increased to cover his share of the losses and if the credit at the time any benefit becomes payable during the lifetime of the member including any available funds does not equal such benefit the contribution to be made by him or on his behalf shall be increased by the difference Any such excess shares of losses chargeable to any member may be paid out of a fund or contributions especially created or required for such purpose

Any member may transfer to any plan adopted by the society with net rates on which tabular reserves are maintained and on such transfer shall be entitled to make such application of his credit as provided in the laws of the society

Certificates issued rerated or readjusted on a basis providing for adequate rates with adequate reserve to mature such certificates upon assumptions for mortality and interest recognized by the law of this Commonwealth shall be valued on such basis herein designated the "Tabular Basis" provided that if on the first valuation under this section a deficiency in reserve shall be shown for any such certificates the same shall be valued on the accumulation basis

Whenever in any society having members upon the tabular basis and upon the accumulation basis the total of all costs of insurance provided for any year shall be insufficient to meet the actual death and disability losses for the year the deficiency shall be met for the year from the available funds after setting aside all credits in the reserve or from increased contributions or by an increase in the number of assessments applied to the society as a whole or to classes of members as may be specified in its laws Savings from a lower amount of death losses may be returned in like manner as may be specified in its laws

If the laws of the society so provide the assets representing the reserves of any separate class of members may be carried separately for such class as if in an independent society and the required reserve accumulation of such class so set apart shall not thereafter be mingled with the assets of other classes of the society

A table showing the rates being paid by and the credits to individual members at each age and year of entry and showing opposite each credit the tabular reserve required on the whole life or other plan of insurance specified in the contract according to assumptions for mortality and interest recognized by the law of this Commonwealth and adopted by the society shall be filed by the society with each annual report and also be furnished to each member before July first of each year

In lieu of the aforesaid statement there may be furnished to each member within the same time a statement giving the data aforesaid for such member and giving the tabular rates and tabular reserve and level rate required for a transfer carrying out the plan of insurance specified in the contract No table or statement need be made or furnished where the reserves are maintained on the tabular basis

For this purpose individual bookkeeping accounts for each member shall not be required and all calculations may be made by actuarial methods

Nothing herein contained shall prevent the maintenance of such surplus over and above the credits on the accumulation basis and the reserves on the tabular basis as any society may provide by or pursuant to its laws nor be construed as giving to the individual member any right or claim to any such reserve or credit other than in manner as expressed in the contract and its laws nor as making any such reserve or credits a liability in determining the legal solvency of the society

Section 24 The Insurance Commissioner or any person or persons he may appoint shall have the power of visitation and examination into the affairs of any domestic society He may employ assistants for the purpose of such examination and he or any person he may appoint shall have free access to all the books papers and documents that relate to the business of the society and may summon and qualify as witness under oath and examine its officers agents and employes or other persons in relation to the affairs transactions and conditions of the society

Whenever after examination the Insurance Commissioner is satisfied that any domestic society has failed to comply with any provisions of this act or is exceeding its powers or is not carrying out its contracts in good faith or is transacting business fraudulently or whenever any domestic society after the existence of one year or more shall have a membership of less than four hundred (or shall determine to discontinue business) he may present the facts relating thereto to the Attorney General who shall if he deem the circumstances warrant proceed in the manner prescribed by the act of June first nineteen hundred and eleven for the liquidation of insolvent or delinquent companies orders or associations transacting any class of insurance

No such proceedings shall be commenced by the Attorney General against any such society until after notice has been duly served on the chief executive officers of the society and a reasonable opportunity given to it on a date to be named in said notice to show cause why such proceedings should not be commenced

Section 25 No application for injunction against or proceedings for the dissolution of or the appointment of a receiver for any domestic society or branch thereof shall be entertained by any court of this Commonwealth unless the same is made by the Attorney General

Section 26 The Insurance Commissioner or any person or persons whom he may appoint may examine any foreign society transacting or applying for admission to transact business in this Commonwealth The said Insurance Commissioner may employ assistants and he or any person he may appoint shall have free access to all the books papers and documents that relate to the business of the society and may summon and qualify as witness under oath and examine its officers agents and employes and other persons in relation to the affairs transactions and condition of the society He may in his discretion accept in lieu of such examination the examination of the Insurance Department of the state territory district province or country where such society is organized The actual expenses of examiners making any such examination shall be paid by the society upon statement furnished by the Insurance Commissioner

If any such society or its officers refuse to submit to such examination or to comply with the provisions of the section relative thereto the authority of such society to write new business in this Commonwealth shall be suspended or license refused until satisfactory evidence is furnished the Insurance Commissioner relating to the condition and affairs of the society and during such suspension the society shall not write new business in this Commonwealth

Section 27 Pending during or after an examination or investigation of any such society either domestic or foreign the Insurance Commissioner shall make public no financial statement report or finding nor shall he permit to become public any financial statement report or finding effecting the status standing or rights of any such society until a copy thereof shall have been served upon such society at its home office nor until such society shall have been afforded a reasonable opportunity to answer any such financial statement report or finding and to make such showing in connection therewith as it may desire

Section 28 When the Insurance Commissioner on investigation is satisfied that any foreign society transacting business under this act has exceeded its powers or has failed to comply with any provisions of this act or is conducting business fraudulently or is not carrying out its contracts in good faith he shall notify the society of his findings and state in writing the grounds of his dissatisfaction and after reasonable notice require said society on a date named to show cause why its license should not be revoked If on the date named in said notice such objections have not been removed to the satisfaction of the said Insurance Commissioner or the society does not present good and sufficient reasons why its authority to transact business in this Commonwealth should not at that time be revoked he may revoke the authority of the society to continue business in this Commonwealth

Section 29 Every decision order or ruling of the Insurance Commissioner under the provisions of this act shall be reduced to writing and filed in his office and a copy thereof together with a statement of his reasons therefor furnished to the officers of each society interested therein Every such decision order or ruling shall be reviewable by any court of competent jurisdiction by appeal or other proceeding for review and such appeal or other proceeding for review shall be a supersedeas and in every such case the said decision order or ruling of the Insurance Commissioner shall be suspended and abide the final determination of the appeal or other proceeding for review

Section 30 Nothing contained in this act shall be construed to affect or apply to grand or subordinate lodges of Masons Odd Fellows or Knights of Pythias exclusive of the Insurance Department of the Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics (exclusive of the Beneficiary Degree of Insurance Branch of the National Council Junior Order United American Mechanics) or societies which limit their membership to any one hazardous occupation nor to similar societies which do not issue insurance certificates nor any domestic order or association now doing business in this Commonwealth which reinsures all of its Pennsylvania risks in a domestic life insurance company authorized to do business in this Commonwealth nor to an association of local lodges of a society now doing business in this Commonwealth which provide death benefits not exceeding five hundred dollars to any one person or disability benefits not exceeding three hundred dollars in any one year to any one person or both nor to any contracts of reinsurance business on such plan in this Commonwealth nor to domestic societies which limit their membership to the employes of a particular city or town designated firm business house or corporation nor to domestic lodges orders or associations of a purely religious charitable and benevolent description which do not provide for a death benefit of more than one hundred dollars or for disability benefits of more than one hundred and fifty dollars to any one person in any one year Provided however that nothing in that part of section twenty-three beginning with the words "In addition to the annual report" and ending with the words "Not exceeding six per centum per annum" at the end of said section twenty-three and none of section twenty-three shall affect or apply to any corporation society order or voluntary association which was prior to January one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen organized and doing business in this Commonwealth on the lodge system as provided for in section two of this article and which does not issue death or disability benefit certificates in a sum exceeding five hundred dollars or both to any one member and whose membership is confined and limited exclusively to persons of one particular faith The Insurance Commissioner may require from any society such information as will enable him to determine whether such society is exempt from the provisions of this act

Any fraternal benefit society heretofore organized and incorporated and operating within the definition set forth in sections one two and three of this act providing for benefits in case of death or disability resulting solely from accidents but which does not obligate itself to pay death or sick benefits may be licensed under the provisions of this act and shall have all the privileges and shall be subject to all the provisions and regulations of this act except that the provisions of this act requiring medical examinations valuations of benefit certificates and that the certificate shall specify the amount of benefits shall not apply to such society

Beneficial societies other than those specifically exempted herein without ritualistic work or a representative form of government transacting any class of insurance shall not be required to comply with this act but all such societies or associations shall on and after the passage of this act file with the Insurance Commissioner copies of their charter constitution and laws and annually thereafter make a report in such form as the Commissioner may require showing their condition and standing on the thirty-first day of December preceding and of their transactions for the year and the Commissioner may at any time make an examination of the books and accounts of any such society

And whenever he is satisfied that any such association has not on hand sufficient funds to meet its outstanding obligations to take the necessary proceedings to liquidate its affairs

Section 31 Every fraternal society organized or operating under this act is hereby declared to be a charitable and benevolent institution and all of its funds shall be exempt from all and every state county district municipal and school tax other than taxes on real estate and office equipment

Section 32 Any person officer member or examining physician of any society authorized to do business under this act who shall knowingly or wilfully make any false or fraudulent statement or representation in or with reference to any application for membership or for the purpose of obtaining money from or benefit in any society transacting business under this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than one year or both in the discretion of the court and any person who shall wilfully make a false statement of any material fact or thing in a sworn statement as to the death or disability of a certificate holder in any such society for the purpose of procuring payment of a benefit named in the certificate of such holder and any person who shall wilfully make any false statement in any verified report or declaration under oath required or authorized by this act shall be guilty of perjury and shall be proceeded against and punished as provided by the statutes of this Commonwealth in relation to the crime of perjury

Any person who shall solicit membership for or in any manner assist in procuring membership in any fraternal benefit society not licensed to do business in this Commonwealth or who shall solicit membership for or in any manner assist in procuring membership in any such society not authorized as herein provided to do business as herein defined in this Commonwealth shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars

Any society or any officer agent or employe thereof neglecting or refusing to comply with or violating any of the provisions of this act the penalty for which neglect refusal or violation is not specified in this section shall be fined not exceeding two hundred dollars upon conviction thereof

Section 33 The act of April sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three entitled "An Act regulating the organization and incorporation of secret fraternal beneficial societies orders or associations and protecting the rights of members therein" the act of April sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three entitled "An Act defining fraternal beneficial and relief societies and their status authorizing them to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected by dues and assessments therein providing for their registration in the office of the Insurance Commissioner and requiring that they shall make annual reports to him and exempting them from taxation and from the supervision of the Insurance Commissioner" the act of June twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act to provide for the person upon whom service shall be had by legal process in the case of fraternal beneficial and relief societies whose status is defined by the act of Assembly entitled 'An Act defining fraternal beneficial and relief societies and their status authorizing them to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected by dues and assessments therein providing for their registration in the office of the Insurance Commissioner and requiring that they shall make annual reports to him and exempting them from taxation and from the supervision of the Insurance Commissioner' approved the sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" the act of June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to enable minors above the age of eighteen years to contract for membership in fraternal and benficial societies" and paragraph nine of section two of the act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" in so far as applies to the incorporation of societies for the purpose of transacting any class of insurance are repealed All other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed Provided however That no repeal provided for in this section or otherwise shall effect the rights of societies heretofore incorporated to exercise all the corporate powers possessed by them at the time of the passage of this act

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would like the sponsor of this bill to explain the purpose of it.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia desires to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware. Will the gentleman from Delaware permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the purpose of this bill explained.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, this bill is before the House as the result of a careful consideration of the subject by all the insurance commissioners of the United States at their annual convention. Added to that is the thought of the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Pennsylvania. The bill affects fraternal and beneficial societies. The resaon that this bill is here is because in the past there have been organizations of that character doing business in the State of Pennsylvania under methods that were questionable,—against the interests of the public. The purpose of the bill is to give the Insurance Department of the State of Pennsylvania what is believed to be a reasonable supervision of that class of beneficial and fraternal insurance companies or fraternal insurance associations. I think I can say that it meets the approval of nearly all the beneficial and fraternal associations of the State of Pennsylvania. At the time the bill was before the committee there were before us what we were led to believe, the representatives of institutions of this character from all over the United States; and the bill as now amended, appearing considerably different from what it was in the pink print, I believe now meets the approval of practically all those societies and has the backing of the Insurance Commissioner and the best judgment of the Insurance Committee.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr Speaker, I would like to know why it is that in Section 30 of the bill, page 58, there is a specific exception of certain named societies

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I think if the gentleman will read the title of the bill, that it specifically sets out that certain organizations of this character with a ritual, which come under the names of such societies as the Masons, who have no insurance feature or beneficial feature, and, also, we might say the Odd Fellows and the Red Men,—that is a class of fraternal societies that have ritualistic work connected with them; and the thought was that those having that character of work were so well conducted that with the provisions as embraced in the bill it would be all that the State would require, in the judgment of those who had given the subject thought.

Mr. BEYER. I desire to state, Mr. Speaker, that the gentleman has just answered the thought I had in mind.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I belong to eight organizations. We are getting along very fine under the present law. We are paying our bills. We don't need any more laws at all, sir.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—53.

Albee,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Becker,
Benn,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Cummins,
Erdman,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit.
Gans,
Gibson,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Graham,
Gransback,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heyburn,
Jones. E. E.,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Mather,
Maurer,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Myers.
Perry,
Pickering,
Powell,
Scott,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Wildmar
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Woodward,

NAYS—101.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Herman.
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Landis,
Leighner,
Lipschutz.
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McClure,
McCurdy,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith. J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones.
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler.
Staving,
Swan,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1155, as follows:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That article two of section one of an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates" and which as last amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act amending article two of section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three as amended by further regulating the appointment and number of appraisers" reads as follows

"Article 2 Where such intestate shall leave a widow and collateral heirs or other kindred but no issue such widow shall be entitled to the real or personal estate or both to the aggregate value of five thousand dollars in addition to the widows' exemption as allowed by law and if such estate shall exceed in value the sum of five thousand dollars the widow shall be entitled to such sum of five thousand dollars absolutely to be chosen by her from the real or personal estate or both and in addition thereto shall be entitled to one-half part of the remaining real estate for the term of her life and to one-half part of the remaining personal estate absolutely Provided That the procedure for appraising and setting apart the said five thousand dollars in value of property shall be the same as provided in section five of the act of Assembly approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one 'An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates' but the appraisement and setting apart shall be made by the appraisers appointed to appraise the other personal estate of the decedent

Provided however That should any of such appraisers be unable to make the appraisement provided for by this act the orphans' court of the proper county may appoint a properly qualified appraiser to act in the place of said appraiser of the other personal estate of the decedent" is further amended to read as follows

Article 2 Where such intestate shall leave a widow or husband and collateral heirs or other kindred but no issue such widow or surviving husband shall be entitled to the real or personal estate or both to the aggregate value of five thousand dollars in addition to any exemption now allowed by law If such estate shall exceed in value the sum of five thousand dollars the widow or surviving husband shall be entitled to such sum of five thousand dollars absolutely to be chosen by him or her from the real or personal estate or both in addition thereto the widow or surviving husband shall be entitled to one-half part of the remaining real estate for the term of her or his life and to one-half of the remaining personal estate absolutely The procedure for appraising and setting apart the said five thousand dollars in value of property shall be the same as provided in section five of the Act of Assembly approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates" but the appraisement and setting apart shall be made by the appraisers appointed to appraise the other personal estate of the decedent

Provided however That should any one or both of such appraisers be unable to make the appraisement provided for by this act the orphans' court of the proper county may appoint a properly qualified appraiser or appraisers to act in the place of said appraiser or appraisers of the other personal estate of the decedent and if no appraisers have been appointed thereof the orphans' court may appoint two properly qualified persons to make the appraisement provided for by this act

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—188.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
ncer,
Statler,

Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1053, as follows:

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in any and all mortgages judgments satisfactions of mortgages judgments and other evidences of debt or upon which a scire facias sur mortgage or judgment has been brought or upon which a writ of execution has been issued owned or held and all assignments of the same made by a building and loan association whose charter has expired all such mortgages judgments scire facias sur mortgage or judgments and executions thereon shall be as good valid and effectual in law for all purposes as if said association had complied with the requirements of an act relating to renewals of charters approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight-hundred and seventy-four and any and all sales of such lands upon executions issued by said association or assignments and satisfactions made of such mortgages judgments or other evidences of debt shall be as good valid and effectual in law for transferring passing and conveying the estate right title and interest in and to said lands mortgages judgments or evidences of debt as if all the requirements of said section of the said act had been fully complied with

Section 2 That such building and loan association whose charter has expired shall within six months from the expiration of said charter apply to the Governor for a renewal of said charter according to the provisions of the act relating to renewals of charters and such renewal of said charter shall be as good valid and effectual as if the same had been made before the expiration of said charter

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,

Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1192, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one by designating the Counties of Cameron and Elk as the twenty-fifth district and attaching the County of Clinton to the fifty-fifth district

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That So much of section one of an act of assembly approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" which reads as follows

"The twenty-fifth district of the counties of Clinton Cameron and Elk and shall have one judge learned in the law" is hereby amended to read as follows

"The twenty-fifth district of the Counties of Cameron and Elk and shall have one judge learned in the law"

Section 2 So much of section one of said act which reads as follows

"The fifty-fifth district of the County of Potter and shall have one judge learned in the law" is hereby amended to read as follows

"The fifty-fifth district of the county of Potter to which the County of Clinton is hereby attached and shall have one judge learned in the law"

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Bernthelzel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 9.30 having arrived, the House will proceed to the special order set for that hour.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 929, as follows:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder

Article I Interpretation and definition

Article II Defining the liability of an employer in an action at law for damages for personal injury to an employe and abolishing in whole or in part certain defenses thereto

Article III Establishing a system of compensation by agreement prescribing the method by which such agreement shall be made and terminated defining the injuries for which compensation is payable the persons to whom it is payable its amount and the condition under which and the manner in which it is payable

Article IV Providing a procedure for the determination and settlement of claims for compensation

Article V General provisions

ARTICLE I

Interpretation and Definition.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That this act shall be called and cited as The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and shall apply to all accidents occuring within this Commonwealth irrespective of the place where the contract of hiring was made renewed or extended and shall not apply to any accident occurring outside of the Commonwealth

Section 102 Whenever in this act the singular is used the plural shall be included where the masculine gender is used the feminine and neuter shall be included

Section 103 The term "employer" as used in this act is declared to be synonymous with master and to include natural persons partnerships joint stock companies corporations for profit corporations not for profit municipal corporations the Commonwealth and all governmental agencies created by it

Section 104 The term "employe" as used in this act is declared to be synonymous with servant and includes all natural persons who perform services for another for a valuable consideration exclusive of persons whose employment is casual in character and not in the regular course of the business of the employer and exclusive of persons to whom articles or materials are given out to be made up cleaned washed altered ornamented finished or repaired or adapted for sale in the worker's own home or on other premises not under the control or management of the employer

Section 105 The term "contractor" as used in article two section two hundred and three and article three section three hundred and two (b) shall not include a contractor engaged in an independent business other than that of supplying laborers or assistants in which he serves persons other than the employer in whose service the accident occurs but shall include a sub-contractor to whom a principal contractor has sublet any part of the work which such principal contractor has undertaken

Section 106 The exercise and performance of the powers and duties of a local or other public authority shall for the purposes of this act be treated as the trade or business of the authority

Section 107 The term Bureau when used in this act shall mean the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry

The term Board when used in this act shall mean the Workmen's Compensation Board of the Bureau

ARTICLE II

Damages by Action at Law

Section 201 That in any action brought to recover damages for personal injury to an employe in the course of his employment or for death resulting from such injury it shall not be a defense

(a) That the injury was caused in whole or in part by the negligence of a fellow employe or

(b) That the employe had assumed the risk of the injury or

(c) That the injury was caused in any degree by the negligence of such employe unless it be established that the injury was caused by such employe's intoxication or by his reckless indifference to danger The burden of proving such intoxication or reckless indifference to danger shall be upon the defendant and the question shall be one of fact to be determined by the jury.

Section 202 The employer shall be liable for the negligence of all employes while acting within the scope of their employment including engineers chauffeurs miners mine-foremen fire-bosses mine suprintendents plumbers officers of vessels and all other employes licensed by the State or other governmental authority if the employer be allowed by law the right of free selection of such employes from the class of persons thus licensed and such employes shall be the agents and representatives of their employers and their employers shall be responsible for the acts and neglects of such employes as in the case of other agents and employes of their employers and notwithstanding the employment of such employes the property in and about which they are employed and the use and operation thereof shall at all times be under the supervision management and control of their employers

Section 203 An employer who permits the entry upon premises occupied by him or under his control of a laborer or an assistant hired by an employe or contractor for the performance upon such premises of a part of the employer's regular business entrusted to such employe or contractor shall be liable to such laborer or assistant in the same manner and to the same extent as to his own employe

Section 204 No agreement composition or release of damages made before the happening of any accident except the agreement defined in article three of this act shall be valid or shall bar a claim for damages for the injury resulting therefrom and any such agreement other than that defined in article three herein is declard to be against the public policy of this Commonwealth The receipt of benefits from any association society or fund shall not bar the recovery of damages by action at law nor the recovery of compensation under article three hereof and any release executed in consideration of such benefits shall be void.

ARTICLE III

Elective Compensation

Section 301 When employer and employe shall by agreement either express or implied as hereinafter provided accept the provisions of article three of this act compensation for personal injury to or for the death of such employe by an accident in the course of his employment shall be made in all cases by the employer without regard to negligence according to the schedule contained in section three hundred and six and three hundred and seven of this article provided that no compensation shall be made when the injury or death be intentionally self-inflicted but the burden of proof of such fact shall be upon the employer

The terms "injury" and "personal injury" as used in this act shall be construed to mean only violence to the physical structure of the body and such disease or infection as naturally results therefrom and wherever death is mentioned as a cause for compensation under this act it shall mean only death resulting from such violence and its resultant effects and occurring within three hundred weeks after the accident The term "injury" by an accident in the course of his employment" as used in this article shall include an injury caused by an act of a third person intended to injure the employe because of reasons personal to him and not directed against him as an employe or because of his employment but shall include all other injuries sustained while the employe is actually engaged in the furtherance of the business or affairs of the employer whether upon the employer's premises or elsewhere and shall include all injuries caused by the condition of the premises or by the operation of the employer's business or affairs thereon sustained by the employe who though not so engaged is injured upon the premises occupied by or under the control of the employer or upon which the employer's business or affairs are being carried on the employes presence thereon being required by the nature of his employment.

Section 302 (a) In every contract of hiring made after December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and in every contract of hiring renewed or extended by mutual consent expressed or implied after said date it shall be conclusively presumed that the parties have accepted the provisions of article three of this act and have agreed to be bound thereby unless there be at the time of the making renewal or extension of such contract an express statement in writing from either party to the other that the provisions of article three of this act are not intended to supply and unless a true copy of such written statement accompanied by proof of service thereof upon the other party setting forth under oath or affirmation the time place and manner of such service be filed with the Bureau within ten days after such service and before any accident has occurred Every contract of hiring oral written or implied from circumstances now in operation or made or implied on or before December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen shall be conclusively presumed to continue subject to the provisions of article three hereof unless either party shall on or before said date in writing have notified the other party to such contract that the provisions of article three hereof are not intended to apply and unless there shall be filed with the Bureau a true copy of such notice together with proof of service within the time and in the manner hereinabove prescribed provided however that the provisions of this section shall not be so construed as to impair the obligation of any contract now in force In the employment of minors article three shall be presumed to apply unless the said written notice be given by or to the parent or guardian of the minor It shall not be lawful for any officer or agent of this Commonwealth or for any county city borough or township therein or for any officer or agent thereof or for any other governmental authority created by the laws of this Commonwealth to give such notice of rejection of the provisions of this article to any employe of the State or of such governmental agency

(b) After December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen an employer who permits the entry upon premises occupied by him or under his control of a laborer or an assistant hired by an employe or contractor for the performance upon such premises of a part of the employer's regular business entrusted to that employe or contractor shall be conclusively presumed to have agreed to pay to such laborer or assistant compensation in accordance with the provisions of article three unless the employer shall post in a conspicuous place upon the premises where the laborer's or assistant's work is done a notice of his intention not to pay such compensation and unless there be filed with the Bureau within ten days thereafter and before any accident has occurred a true copy of such notice together with proof of the posting of the same setting forth upon oath or affirmation the time place and manner of such posting and after December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen any such laborer or assistant who shall enter upon premises occupied by or under the control of such employer for the purpose of doing such work shall be conclusively presumed to have agreed to accept the compensation provided in article three in lieu of his right of action under article two unless he shall have given notice in writing to the employer at the time of entering upon such employer's premises for the purpose of doing his work of his intention not to accept such compensation and unless within ten days thereafter and before any accident has occurred there shall have been filed with the Bureau a true copy of such notice accompanied by proof of service thereof upon such employer setting forth under oath or affirmation the time place and manner of such service And in such cases where article three binds such employer and such laborer or assistant it shall not be in effect between the intermediate employer or contractor and such laborer or assistant unless otherwise expressly agreed

Section 303 Such agreement shall constitute an acceptance of all the provisions of article three of this act and shall operate as a surrender by the parties thereto of their rights to any form or amount of compensation or damages for any injury or death occurring in the course of the employment or to any method of determination thereof other than as provided in article three of this act Such agreement shall bind the employer and his personal representatives and the employe his or her wife or husband widow or widower next of kin and other dependents

Section 304 Any agreement between employer and employe for the operation or non-operation of the provisions of article three of this act may be terminated prior to any accident by either party upon sixty days' notice to the other in writing if a copy of such notice with proof of service be filed in the Bureau as provided in section three hundred and two of this article

Section 305 Every employer liable under this act to pay compensation shall insure the payment of compensation in the State Workmen's Insurance Fund or in any insurance company or mutual association or company authorized to insure such liability in this Commonwealth unless such employer shall be exempted by the Bureau from such insurance An employer desiring to be exempt from insuring the whole or any part of his liability for compensation shall make application to the Bureau showing his financial ability to pay such compensation whereupon the Bureau if satisfied of the applicant's financial ability shall by written order make such exemption The Bureau may from time to time require further statements of the financial ability of such employer and if at any time such employer appear no longer able to pay compensation shall revoke its order granting exemption in which case the employer shall immediately subscribe to the State fund or insure his liability in a mutual association or company as aforesaid

If an employer shall fail to comply with the provisions of this section the Bureau shall by registered mail or in such other manner as the rules and regulations of the Bureau shall provide serve upon such employer a notice to forthwith comply with such provisions and if such employer does not within thirty days thereafter insure his liability as aforesaid or satisfy the Bureau of his financial ability to pay compensation as aforesaid or does not terminate his acceptance of article three of this act in the manner provided in section three hundred four of the said article such employer shall be liable for compensation under article three of this act to any employe injured thereafter or to his personal representative or for damages under article two of this act at the option of such employe or his personal representatives Provided That such option be exercised by the employe and written notice given to the employer within thirty days after the accident and provided further that until the expiration of the said thirty days from the giving of the notice by the Bureau the employer shall be liable only for compensation under article three of this act and that if he shall terminate his acceptance under section three hundred four of article three of this act he shall be liable only for compensation under article three of this act until such termination of acceptance shall become effective

Section 306 The following schedule of compensation is hereby established for injuries resulting in total disability

(a) For the first five hundred weeks after the fourteenth day of total disability fifty per centum of the wages of the injured employe as defined in section three hundred and nine but the compensation shall not be more than ten dollars per week nor less than five dollars per week and shall not exceed in aggregate the sum of four thousand dollars provided that if at the time of injury the employe receives wages of less than five dollars per week then he shall receive the full amount of such wages per week as compensation Nothing in this clause shall require the payment of compensation after disability shall cease Should partial disability be followed by total disability the period of five hundred weeks mentioned in this clause of this section shall be reduced by the number of weeks during which compensation was paid for such partial disability

(b) For disability partial in character (except the particular cases mentioned in clause (c)) fifty per centum of the difference between the wages of the injured employe as defined in section three hundred and nine and the earning power of the employe thereafter but such compensation shall not be more than ten dollars per week This compensation shall be paid during the period of such partial disability not however beyond three hundred weeks after the fourteenth day of such total disability Should total disability be followed by partial disability the period of three hundred weeks mentioned in this clause shall be reduced by the number of weeks during which compensation was paid for such total disability

(c) For all disability resulting from permanent injuries of the following classes the compensation shall be exclusively as follows

For the loss of a hand fifty per centum of wages during one hundred and seventy-five weeks

For the loss of an arm fifty per centum of wages during two hundred and fifteen weeks

For the loss of a foot fifty per centum of wages during one hundred and fifty weeks

For the loss of a leg fifty per centum of wages during two hundred and fifteen weeks

For the loss of an eye fifty per centum of wages during one hundred and twenty-five weeks

For the loss of any two or more of such members not constituting total disability fifty per centum of wages during the aggregate of the periods specified for each

Unless the Board shall otherwise determine the loss of both hands or both arms or both feet or both legs or both eyes shall constitute total disability to be compensated according to the provisions of clause ([illegible])

Amputation between the elbow and the wrist shall be considered as the equivalent of the loss of a hand and amputation between the knee and ankle shall be considered as the equivalent of the loss of a foot Amputation at or above the elbow shall be considered as the loss of an arm and amputation at or above the knee shall be considered as the loss of a leg Permanent loss of the use of a hand arm foot leg or eye shall be considered as the equivalent of the loss of such hand arm foot leg or eye

This compensation shall not be more than ten dollars per week nor less than five dollars per week provided that if at the time of injury the employe receives wages of less than five dollars per week then he shall receive the full amount of such wages per week as compensation

(d) No compensation shall be allowed for the first fourteen days after disability begins except as hereinafter provided in clause (e) of this section

(e) During the first fourteen days after disability begins the employer shall furnish reasonable surgical medical and hospital services medicines and supplies as and when needed unless the employe refuses to allow them to be furnished by the employer The cost of such services medicines and supplies shall not exceed twenty-five dollars unless a major surgical operation shall be necessary in which case the cost shall not exceed seventy-five dollars If the employer shall upon application made to him refuse to furnish such services medicines and supplies the employe may procure the same and shall receive from the employer the reasonable cost thereof within the above limitations If the employe shall refuse reasonable surgical medical and hospital services medicines and supplies tendered to him by his employer he shall forfeit all right to compensation for any injury or any increase in his incapacity shown to have resulted from such refusal

(f) Should the employe die as a result of the injury the period during which compensation shall be payable to his dependents under section three hundred and six of this article shall be reduced by the period during which compensation was paid to him in his lifetime under this section of this article No reduction shall be made for the amount which may have been paid for medical and hospital services and medicines nor for the expenses of the last sickness and burial Should the employe die from some other cause than the injury the liability for compensation shall cease

Section 307 In case of death compensation shall be computed on the following basis and distributed to the following persons

1 To the child or children if there be no widow nor widower entitled to compensation twenty-five per centum of wages of deceased with ten per centum additional for each child in excess of two with a maximum of sixty per centum to be paid to their guardian

2 To the widow or widower if there be no children forty per centum of wages

3 To the widow or widower if there be one child forty-five per centum of wages

4 To the widow or widower if there be two children fifty per centum of wages

5 To the widow or widower if there be three children fifty-five per centum of wages

6 To the widow or widower if there be four or more children sixty per centum of wages

7 If there be neither widow widower nor children then to the father and mother or the survivor of them if dependent to any extent upon the employe for support at the time of his death twenty per centum of wages

8 If there be neither widow widower children nor dependent parent then to the brothers and sisters if actually dependent to any extent upon the decedent for support at the time of his death fifeen per centum of wages for one brother or sister and five per centum additional for each brother or sister with a maximum of twenty-five per centum such compensation to be paid to their guardian

9 Whether or not there be dependents as aforesaid the reasonable expenses of the last sickness and burial not exceeding one hundred dollars (without deduction of any amounts theretofore paid for compensation or for medical expenses) payable to the dependents or if there be no dependents then to the personal representatives of the deceasd

Compensation shall be payable under this section to or on account of any child brother or sister only if and while such child brother and sister is under the age of sixteen No compensation shall be payable under this section to a widow unless she was living with her deceased husband at the time of his death or was then actually dependent upon him for support No compensation shall be payable under this section to a widower unless he be incapable of self-support at the time of his wife's death and be at such time dependent upon her for support The terms "child" and 'children" shall include step-children and adopted children and children to whom he stood in loco parentis if members of decedent's household at the time of his death and shall include posthumous children should any dependent of a deceased employe die or should the widow or widower remarry or should the widower become capable of self-support the right of such dependent or such widow or widower to compensation under this section shall cease If the compensation payable under this section to any person shall for any cause cease the compensation to the remaining persons entitled thereunder shall thereafter be the same as would have been payable to them had they been the only persons entitled to compensation at the time of the death of the deceased

The wages upon which death compensation shall be based shall not in any case be taken to exceed twenty dollars per week nor be less than ten dollars per week

This compensation shall be paid during three hundred weeks and in the case of children entitled to compensation under this section the compensation of each child shall continue after said period of three hundred weeks until such child reach the age of sixteen at the rate of fifteen per centum of wages if there be but one child with ten per centum additional for each additional child with a maximum of fifty per centum

Section 308 Except as hereinafter provided all compensation payable under this article shall be payable in periodical installments as the wages of the employe were payable before the accident

Section 309 Wherever in this article the term "wages" is used it shall be construed to mean the money rate at which the service rendered is recompensed under the contract of hiring in force at the time of the accident and shall not include gratuities received from the employer or others nor shall it include board lodging or similar advantages received from the employer unless the money value of such advantages shall have been fixed by the parties at the time of hiring In occupations involving seasonable employment or employment dependent upon the weather the employe's weekly wages shall be taken to be one-fiftieth of the total wages which he has earned from all occupations during the year immediately preceding the accident unless it be shown that during such year by reason of exceptional causes such period of computation does not ascertain fairly the earnings of the employe in which case the period for calculation shall be extended so far as to give a basis for the fair ascertainment of his average weekly earnings In continuous employments if immediately prior to the accident the rate of wages was fixed by the day or hour or by the output of the employe his weekly wages shall be taken to be five and one-half times his average earnings at such rate for a working day of ordinary length excluding earnings from overtime and using as a basis of calculation his earnings during so much of the preceding six months as he worked for the same employer Where the employe is working under concurrent contracts with two or more employers his wages from all employers shall be considered as if earned from the employer liable for compensation

Section 310 Compensation under this article to alien dependent widows and children not residents of the United States shall be two-thirds of the amount provided in each case for residents and the employer may at any time commute all future installments of compensation payable to alien dependents not residents of the United States by paying to such alien dependents the then value thereof calculated in accordance with the provisions of section three hundred and sixteen of this article Alien widowers parents brothers and sisters not residents of the United States shall not be entitled to any compensaion

Non-resident alien dependents may be officially represented by the Consular officers of the nation of which such alien or aliens may be citizens or subjects and in such cases the Consular officers shall have the right to receive for distribution to such non-residents alien dependents all compensation awarded hereunder and the receipt of such Consular officers shall be a full discharge of all sums paid to and received by them

Section 311 Unless the employer shall have actual knowledge of the occurrence of the injury or unless the employe or some one in his behalf or some of the dependents or some one in their behalf shall give notice thereof to the employer within fourteen days after the accident no compensation shall be due until such notice be given or knowledge obtained but if the employe or other beneficiary shall show that his delay in giving notice was due to his mistake or ignorance of fact or of law or to his physical or mental inability or to fraud misrepresentation or deceit or to any other reasonable cause or excuse then compensation shall be allowed unless the employer shall show that he did not know and by reasonable diligence could not have learned of the accident and that he was prejudiced by the delay in which case he shall be relieved to the extent of such prejudice

Section 312 The notice referred to in section three hundred and eleven hereof shall be substantially in the following form

to (name of employer)

You are hereby notified that an injury of the following character
( ) was suffered by (name of
employe injured) who was in your employment at (place) while engaged
as (kind of employment) on or about the ( ) day of
( ) Anno Domini ( ) and that compensation will be claimed
therefor
Date
Signed ( ) but no variation from this form shall be material if the notice be sufficient to inform the employer that a certain employe by name received an injury the character of which is described in ordinary language in the course of his employment on or about a time specified and at or near a place specified

Section 313 The notices referred to in section three hundred and two and section three hundred and eleven hereof may be served personally upon the employer or upon the manager or superintendent in charge of the works or business in which the accident occured or by sending them through the registered mail to the employer at his or its last known residence or place of business or if the employer be a corporation either foreign or domestic then upon the president vice-president secretary or treasurer thereof knowledge of the occurence of the injury on the part of any of said agents shall be the knowledge of the employer

Section 314 At any time after an injury the employe if so requested by his employer must submit himself for examination at some reasonable time and place to a physician or physicians legally authorized to practice under the laws of such place who shall be selected and paid by the employer If the employe shall refuse upon the request of the employer to submit to the examination by the physician or physicians selected by the employer the Board may upon petition of the employer order the employe to submit to an examination at a time and place set by it and by the physician or physicians selected and paid by the employer or by a physician or physicians designated by it and paid by the employer and if the employe shall without reasonable cause or excuse disobey or disregard such order he shall be deprived of his right to compensation under this article The Board may at any time after such first examination upon petition of the employer order the employe to submit himself to such further examinations as it shall deem reasonable and necessary at such times and places and by such physicians as it may designate and in such case the employer shall pay the fees and expenses of the examining physician or physicians and the reasonable traveling expenses and loss of wages incurred by the employe in order to submit himself to such examination The refusal or neglect without reasonable cause or excuse of the employe to submit to such examination ordered by the Board either before or after an agreement or award shall deprive him of the right to compensation under this article during the continuance of such refusal or neglect and the period of such neglect or refusal shall be deducted from the period during which compensation would otherwise be payable

The employe shall be entitled to have a physician or physicians of his own selection to be paid by him participate in any examination requested by his employer or ordered by the Board

Section 315 In cases of personal injury all claims for compensation shall be forever barred unless within one year after the accident the parties shall have agreed upon the compensation payable under this article or unless within one year after the accident one of the parties shall have filed a petition as provided in article four hereof In cases of death all claims for compensation shall be forever barred unless within one year after the death the parties shall have agreed upon the compensation under this article or unless within one year after the death one of the parties shall have filed a petition as provided in article four hereof Where however payments of compensation have been made in any case said limitations shall not take effect until the expiration of one year from the time of the making of the last payment

Section 316 The compensation contemplated by this article may at any time be commuted by the Board at its then value when discounted at five per centum interest with annual rests disregarding the probability of the beneficiary's death upon applciation of either party with due notice to the other if it appear that such commutation will be for the best interest of the employe or the dependents of the deceased employe and that it will avoid undue expense or undue hardship to either party or that such employe or dependent has removed or is about to remove from the United States or that the employer has sold or otherwise disposed of the whole or the greater part of his business or assets Except as provided in section three hundred and ten hereof and in this section no commutation of compensation shall be made

Section 317 At any time after the approval of an agreement or after the entry of the award a sum equal to all future installments of compensation may (where death or the nature of the injury renders the amount of future payments certain) with the approval of the Bureau be paid by the employer to any savings bank trust company or life insurance company in good standing and authorized to do business in this State and such sum together with all interest thereon shall thereafter be held in trust for the employe or the dependents of the employe who shall have no further recourse against the employer The payment of such sum by the employer evidenced by the receipt of the trustee noted upon the prothonotary's docket shall operate as a satisfaction of said award as to the employer Payments from said fund shall be made by the trustee in the same amounts and at the same periods as are herein required of the employer until said fund and interest shall be exhausted In the appointment of the trustee preference shall be given in the discretion of the court to the choice of the employe or the dependents of the deceased employe Should however there remain any unexpended balance of any fund after the payment of all sums due under this act such balance shall be repaid to the employer who made the original payment or to his legal representatives

Section 318 The right of compensation granted by this article of this act shall have the same preference (without limit of amount) against the assets of an employer liable for such compensation as is now or may hereafter be allowed by law for a claim for unpaid wages for labor Provided however that no claim for compensation shall have priority over any judgment mortgage or conveyance of land recorded prior to the filing of the petition award or agreement as to compensation in the office of the prothonotary of the county in which the land is situated Claims for payments due under this article of this act shall not be assignable and (except as provided in section five hundred and one of article five hereof) shall be exempt from all claims of creditors and from levy execution or attachment which exemption may not be waived

Section 319 Where a third person is liable to the employe or the dependents for the injury or death the employer shall be subrogated to the right of the employe or the dependents against such third person but only to the extent of the compensation payable under this article by the employer Any recovery against such third person in excess of the compensation theretofore paid by the employer shall be paid forthwith to the employe or to the dependents and shall be treated as an advance payment by the employer on account of any future installments of compensation

ARTICLE IV

Procedure

Section 401 The term "Referee" when used in this article shall mean Workmen's Compensation Referee

The term "Fund" when used in this article shall mean the State Insurance Fund of this Commonwealth

The term "Employer" when used in this article shall mean the empoyer as defined in article one of this act or his duly authorized agent or his insurer if such insurer has assumed the employer's liability or the fund if the employer be insured therein

Section 402 All proceedings before the Board or any referee and all appeals to the Board shall be instituted by petition addressed to the Board All petitions shall be in writing and in the form prescribed by the Board

Section 403 All petitions all copies of agreements for compensation and all other papers requiring action by the Board shall be mailed or delivered to the Bureau at his principal office

Section 404 The Bureau shall immediately upon their receipt properly file and docket all petitions agreements for compensation findings of fact by the Board of any referee awards or disallowances of compensation or modifications thereof and all other reports or papers filed with it under the provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of the Board

Section 405 The Bureau shall by mail or in such other manner as the Board shall direct transmit to the Board or the proper referee true copies of all petitions agreements or other papers requiring action by the Board or a referee

Section 406 At the close of each day the Board and all referees shall in such manner as the rules of the Board shall prescribe transmit to the Bureau all findings of fact awards or disallowances of compensation or modifications thereof or other decisions or reports rendered during the day

Section 407 Immediately upon receiving from the Board or any referee any approval or disapproval of any agreement for or any award or disallowance of compensation or any modification thereof or any other decision the Bureau shall serve a certified copy thereof on all parties in interest

Section 408 All notices and certified copies to which any party shall be entitled under the provisions of this article shall be served by mail or in such other manner as the Board shall direct For the purposes of this article any notice or certified copy shall be deemed served on the date when mailed properly stamped and addressed and shall be presumed to have reached the party to be served but any party may show by competent evidence that any notice or certified copy was not received or that there was unusual or unreasonable delay in its transmission through the mails In any such case proper allowance shall be made for the party's failure within the prescribed time to assert any right given him by this act

The Bureau the Board and every referee shall keep a careful record of the date of mailing every notice and certified copy required by this act to be served on the parties in interest

Section 409 A referee's findings of fact shall be final unless the Board shall allow an appeal therefrom as hereinafter provided The Board's findings of fact shall in all cases be final

From the referee's decision on any question of law an appeal may be taken to the Board and from any decision of the Board on a question of law an appeal may be taken to the courts as hereinafter provided

Section 410 On or after the fourteenth day after any accident shall have occurred the employer and the employe or his dependent may agree upon the compensation payable to the employe or his dependent under this act but any agreement made prior to the fourteenth day after the accident shall have occurred or permitting a commutation of payments contrary to the provisions of this act or varying the amount to be paid or the period during which compensation shall be payable as provided in this act shall be wholly null and void

All agreements made in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be in writing and signed by all parties in interest

Section 411 Whenever an agreement shall be executed beteween an employer and an employe or his dependent as provided by this act a certified copy of the same signed by all parties in interest shall be mailed or delivered to the Board It shall be the duty of the Board to examine the agreement and to determine whether it conforms to the provisions of section four hundred and ten and within thirty days after the copy of the agreement has been mailed or delivered to it to notify the parties thereto of its validity or invalidity under the aforesaid section Provided however that any payment made in accordance with any agreement prior to the receipt of notice of invalidity shall discharge pro tanto the liability under article three of this act of the employer making such payments

Section 412 If after any accident the employer and the employe or his dependent concerned in any accident shall fail to agree upon the facts thereof and the compensation due under this act the employe or his dependent may present a claim for compensation to the Board

Section 413 Whenever a claim-petition shall be presented to the Board the Bureau shall promptly assign it to a referee for hearing and determination The Bureau shall forthwith notify such referee that the petition has been assigned to him and shall serve upon each adverse party in interest a certified copy of the petition and a notice that unless an answer shall within seven days be filed with the referee to whom the petition has been assigned (giving his name and address) the allegations of the petition shall be deemed admitted

Section 414 Within seven days after a certified copy of the petition and a notice as herein required shall have been served upon any adverse party he may file with the referee designated in the notice an answer in the form prescribed by the rules and regulations of the board

Section 415 Seven days after notice of a claim-petition shall have been served upon the adverse parties thereto the referee shall fix a time and place for hearing the claim and shall notify all the parties in interest The time of hearing shall not be less than twelve days nor more than twenty-one days after notice of the filing of the petition shall have been mailed or delivered to all adverse parties thereto Together with the notice of the time and place of hearing a copy of any answer filed by any adverse party shall be mailed or delivered to the petitioner or petitioners

Whenever all adverse parties in interest have concurred in the answer all facts not denied therein shall be deemed admitted and no testimony shall be required from the petitioner or petitioners or heard on behalf of the adverse parties upon any fact not controverted in such answer

Section 416 The Referee designated by the Bureau or such other referee as the Board shall substitute for him shall hear evidence relating to the claim at the time and place stated in the notice of the parties

Section 417 The referee if he shall deem it necessary shall either before or after any hearing make an investigation of the facts set forth in the petition or cause the same to be made With the consent of the Board he may appoint one or more impartial physicians or surgeons to examine the injuries of the plaintiff and report thereon or he may employ the services of such other experts as shall appear necessary to ascertain the facts The Board shall fix the compensation of such physicians surgeons and experts and the referee shall tax the same as a part of the cost of the proceedings to be paid by either party or both as the board may direct The report of any physician surgeon or expert appointed by the referee shall be filed with him and shall be a part of the record and open to inspection by any party to the same

Section 418. Within seven days after the conclusion of any hearing the referee shall in writing state his findings of fact his award or disallowance of compensation in accordance with the provisions of this act and such other matters as the rules of the Board shall require

Section 419 Any party in interest may within ten days after notice of a referee's award or disallowance of compensation shall have been served on him take an appeal to the Board on the ground (1) that the award or disallowance of compensation is not in conformity with the terms of this act or that the referee committed any other error of law or (2) that the findings of fact and award or disallowance of compensation was unwarranted by the evidence or because of fraud coercion or other improper conduct by any party in interest

Section 420 Whenever an appeal shall be based upon an alleged error of law it shall be the duty of the Board to grant a hearing thereon The Board shall fix a time and place for such hearing and shall serve notice thereof on all parties in interest

As soon as maybe after any such hearing the Board shall either sustain or reverse the referee's award or disallowance of compensation or make such modification thereof as it shall seem proper

Section 421 Whenever an appeal shall be taken on the ground that the referee's award or disallowance of compensation was unwarranted by the evidence or because of fraud coercion or other improper conduct by any party in interest the Board may in its discretion grant a hearing de novo or sustain the referee's award or disallowance of compensation If the Board shall grant a hearing de novo it shall fix a time and place for the same and shall notify all parties in interest

The Board shall at all times have the power to make any investigation which it shall deem necessary to ascertain the facts It may employ physicians surgeons or other experts to aid in its investigation and shall in all cases fix the compensation of such physicians surgeons or experts and tax the same as a part of the costs of the proceedings to be paid by either party or both as the Board may direct

As soon as may be after any hearing de novo by the Board it shall in writing state its findings of fact and award or disallow compensation in accordance with the provisions of this act

Section 422 Whenever the employer and the employe or his dependent shall on or after the fourteenth day after any accident agree on the facts on which a claim for compensation depends but shall fail to agree on the compensation payable thereunder they may by petition request the Board to determine the compensation payable Such petition shall contain the agreed facts and shall be signed by all parties in interest The Board shall fix a time and place for hearing the petition and shall notify all parties in interest As soon as may be after such hearing the Board shall award or disallow compensation in accordance with the provisions of this act

Section 423 All agreements for compensation shall be subject to review by the Board at any time upon presentation of a petition alleging fraud mistake coercion or other proper cause The Board shall fix a time and place for hearing the petition and shall notify all parties in interest

As soon as may be after such hearing the Board shall either ratify or disapprove the agreement

Section 424 If any patry shall desire the commutation of future installments of compensation he shall present a petition therefor to the Board The Board shall appoint a time and place for hearing the petition and shall notify all parties in interest

Every such petition shall be heard by the Board but the Board may refer any question of fact arising out of such petition to a referee whose findings shall be final unless upon petition the Board shall for cause shown grant a hearing on the facts

The Board shall fix a time and place for the hearing and shall notify all parties in interest

Section 425 If any party in interest shall desire to appeal from the decision of the Board on matters of law he shall within ten days after notice of its decision shall have been served on him file a notice of appeal with the prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which the accident occurred or of the county in which the adverse party resides or has a permanent place of business or by agreement of the parties to the Court of Common Pleas of any other county in such case it shall be the duty of the Bureau within ten days to prepare and mail or deliver to the prothonotary of the proper county a transcript of the agreement or finding of fact and award or disallowance of compensation or modification thereof involved in the appeal

Any appeal from a decision of the Board to the Courts of Common Pleas and from them to the Supreme Court shall take precedence over all other civil cases

Section 426 Any agreement or award of compensation may be modified or terminated at any time by a subsequent agreement approved by the Board and may be modified or terminated by the Board or a referee designated by the Board on the petition of either party on the ground that the incapacity of the injured employe has subsequently increased decreased or terminated or that the status of any dependent has changed In such case the procedure shall be the same as that provided in the case of an original agreement or petition

Section 427 All hearings before the Board or before a referee shall be public

Section 428 Neither the Board nor any referee shall be bound by the technical rules of evidence in conducting any hearing or investigation

Section 429 Wherever after an accident any employe or his dependents shall have entered into a compensation agreement with his employer or shall file a claim-petition with the Board he may file a certified copy thereof with the prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of any county The prothonotary shall enter the amount stipulated in any such agreement or claimed in any such petition as a judgment against the employer If the agreement be approved by the Board or compensation awarded as claimed in the petition the amount of compensation stipulated in the agreement or claimed in the petition shall be a lien as of the date when the agreement or petition was filed with the prothonotary Pending the approval of the agreement or the award of compensation no other lien which may be attached to the employer's property during such time shall gain priority over the lien of such agreement or award but no execution shall issue on any compensation judgment before the approval of the agreement or the award of compensation on the said petition

If the agreement be disapproved or after hearing compensation shall be disallowed the employer may file with the prothonotary of any county in which the petition or agreement is on record as a judgment a certified copy of the disapproval of the agreement or disallowance of compensation and it shall be the duty of such prothonotary to strike off the judgement

If the amount of compensation claimed be disallowed but another amount awarded the compensation judgment shall be a lien to the extent of the award as of the date of filing the petition with the prothonotary with the same effect as to other liens and the same disability to issue execution thereon as if the compensation claimed had been allowed In such cases the prothonotary shall make such modification of the record as shall be appropriate

If after approval of the agreement or award the agreement or award be subsequently modified either party may file with the prothonotary a certified copy of the modified award or agreement and it shall be the duty of the prothonotary to make such modification of the record as shall be appropriate and the lien of the judgment shall be modified accordingly

Section 430 If any party against whom a compensation agreement or award is on record in any county of this Commonwealth shall at any time present to the Board receipts or copies thereof certified by any referee showing the payment of compensation as required by the agreement or award in full to the date of presentation to the referee the Board shall issue a certificate to such party in the form prescribed stating the extent to which the judgment of the agreement or award has been reduced Upon presentation of such certificate to the prothonotary of any county in which the agreement or award is on record it shall be the prothonotary's duty to mark the judgment satisfied to the extent of the payments so certified

Section 431 The lien of any judgment entered upon any award shall not be divested by any appeal If however the the party appealing from the award shall file with the Board a bond in such amount and in such form as the rules and regulations of the Board shall direct the appeal shall pending its decision excuse the payment of so much of the compensation as is contested therein but if the final decision on appeal shall sustain the award it shall be the duty of the employer by whom such award is payable to make payments of compensation as from the date of the original award If on appeal the award is sustained as to a part it shall be the duty of the employer by whom such part is payable to make payments as from the date of the original award In case the award is annulled on appeal it shall be the duty of the prothonotary of any county in which such award has been entered as a judgment to mark it satisfied

Section 432 The cost of the prothonotary for entering the amount of compensation as provided in this act or making a modification of the record or marking the judgment satisfied shall be allowed taxed and collected as upon a confession of judgment

Section 433 It shall be the duty of the prothonotary of each Court of Common Pleas and of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth to make a monthly report to the Board of the disposition of all appeals taken to such court under the provisions of this article

ARTICLE V

General Provisions

Section 501 No claim or agreement for legal services or disbursements in support of any demand made or suit brought under the provisions of article two of this act shall be an enforceable lien against the amount to be paid as damages or be valid or binding in any other respect unless the same be approved in writing by the judge presiding at the trial or in case of settlement without trial by a judge of the Common Pleas Court of the county in which the accident occurred

No claim or agreement for legal services or disbursements in support of any claim for compensation or in preparing any agreement for compensation under article three of this act shall be an enforceable lien against the amount to be paid as compensation or be valid or binding in any other respect unless the same be approved by the Board Any such claim or agreement shall be filed with the Bureau which shall as soon as may be notify the person by whom the same was filed of the Board's approval or disapproval thereof as the case may be

After the approval as herein required if the employer be notified in writing of such claim or agreement for legal services and disbursements the same shall be a lien against any amount thereafter to be paid as damages or compensation Provided however That where the employe's compensation is payable by the employer in periodical installments the Board shall fix at the time of approval the proportion of each installment to be paid on account of legal services and disbursements

Section 502 If any provision of this act shall be held by any court to be unconstitutional such judgment shall not affect any other section or provision of this act except that articles two and three are hereby declared to be inseperable and as one legislative thought and if either article be declared by such court void or inoperative in an essential part so that the whole of such article must fall the other article shall fall with it and not stand alone

Section 503 Nothing in this act shall affect or impair any right of action which shall have acrued before this act shall take effect

Section 504 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

Section 505 This act shall not apply in the case of an accident occurring prior to the first day of January next succeeding its passage and approval

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—195.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Baldwin,
Heyburn,
Rothenberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 930, as follows:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment of Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such Bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and certain of their employes and assistants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry is hereafter called Bureau

The Workmen's Compensation Board is hereinafter called the Board

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry is hereinafter called the Commissioner

The Workmen's Compensation Referee is hereinafter called the Referee

Section 2 The Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry is hereby created

Section 3 The Board is hereby created to supervise and direct the Bureau It shall consist of three members who shall be appointed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Governor The Commissioner shall be an ex officio member of the Board but shall not have a vote on orders decisions or awards The members of the Board shall be appointed for terms of four years but they shall at all times be removable by the Commissioner with the approval of the Governor

Whenever a vacancy on the Board shall occur because of the death resignation or removal of a member the Commissioner shall with the approval of the Governor appoint a member of the Board to fill the remainder of the term of the member whose death resignation or removal created the vacancy

Section 4 The Commissioner shall designate a member of the Board to serve as its chairman during his term of office It shall be the duty of the chairman when present to preside at all meetings of the Board

Two members shall be a quorum of the Board and any action of the Board shall not be valid unless it shall have the concurrence of two members A vacancy on the Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the Board

Section 5 The Attorney General shall ex officio be the general counsel of the Bureau He shall appoint an attorney or attorneys learned in the law as counsel for the Bureau whose salaries shall not in the aggregate exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars

Section 6 It shall be the duty of the Board immediately upon its organization to divide the Commonwealth into districts to be known as workmen's compensation districts Each district shall as near as may be practicable be compact and of contiguous territory

Section 7 As soon as such districts shall have been created the Commissioner with the approval of the Governor shall appoint as many Referees as shall be necessary to fulfil the purposes of this act not to exceed ten in number

Section 8 The Board may assign any Referee or Referees to any workmen's compensation district

Section 9 The Board shall appoint a secretary to serve at its pleasure who shall perform such duties as shall be imposed upon him by the Board

Section 10 The Board shall appoint a sergeant-at-arms who shall attend all hearings preserve order thereat superintend the serving of subpoenas and such other papers as the Board may direct and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board

Section 11 It shall be the duty of the Bureau to publish such blank forms as will be useful in the administration of any workmen's compensation law now in force or hereafter to be enacted to distribute the same to all employers insurers or employes applying therefor in person or by mail and to perform such other duties as shall be required by law

Section 12 It shall be the duty of the Bureau if the State Workmen's Insurance Board shall file with it a written notice that any employer has become a subscriber to the State Workmen's Insurance Fund promptly to transmit to the State Workmen's Insurance Board a copy of any notice received by such Bureau of any accident to any employe of such subscribing employer

Section 13 It shall be the duty of the Board to make all proper and necessary rules and regulations for the conduct of the Bureau and to promptly hear and determine all petitions and appeals and to perform such other duties as shall be required by law

Section 14 It shall be the duty of every Referee to hear such claims for compensation as shall be assigned to him by the Bureau to perform such duties as shall be required of him by the Board and to perform all other duties imposed by law

Section 15 The Commissioner shall with the approval of the Governor appoint three clerks whose salary shall not exceed two thousand dollars per annum and not more than twenty-four clerks one-half at least of whom shall be stenographers at an annual salary not exceeding fourteen hundred dollars to perform such duties in connection with the work of the Bureau as the Board shall direct The Commissioner may also appoint with the approval of the Governor one clerk for each Referee at an annual salary not to exceed one thousand dollars and a messenger for the Bureau at a salary not to exceed one thousand dollars per annum

The Commissioner may also from time to time detail to the assistance of the Bureau the Board or the Referees such other employes of the Dpartmnt of Labor and Industry as may be necessary

Section 16 It shall be the duty of the Commissioner to provide suitable places in the various workmen's compensation districts in which Referees may hold hearings The Commissioner shall have the power with the approval of the Board to establish permanent offices for Referees in the various compensation districts

The expenses of procuring places for hearings and establishing permanent offices for Referees shall be paid as other expenses of the Department of Labor and Industry are paid

Section 17 The Board and every Referee shall have the power to conduct any investigation which may be deemed necessary to ascertain the facts of any claim or any other matter properly before such Board or Referee Such investigations may be made by the Board or Referee personally or by any inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry or by any other person or persons authorized by law Every inspector of the said Department of Labor and Industry is hereby empowered and directed to conduct any investigaation authorized by this act at the request of the Board or any Referee with the consent of the Commissioner

Section 18 Every member of the Board and every Referee shall have the power to issue subpoenas administer oaths and summon witnesses at the request of either party to a petition or of his own motion and to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers pertinent to any hearing and to examine them and such public records as he may require in relation to any matter which he has power to investigate

Any witness who refuses to obey a subpoena of a member of the Board or any Referee or who refuses to be sworn or to testify or who fails to produce any papers books or documents touching any matter under investigation or who is guilty of any contempt after summons to appear may be punished as for contempt of court and for this purpose an application may be made to any Court of Common Pleas within whose territorial jurisdiction the offence was committed and for which purpose such court is hereby given jurisdiction

The secretary of the Board and all Referees are hereby directed to administer any oaths required by this Act without charge to the parties to any petition and all certified copies of awards or disallowances of compensation or modifications thereof or of receipts for payments of compensation shall be made by the Bureau or any Referee without charge

Section 19 All subpoenas issued by a member of the Board or by a Referee shall be signed by him or by the secretary of the Board and may be served by any adult in any part of this Commonwealth

Section 20 Each witness required to attend before the Board or any Referee shall receive for each day's attendance the sum of one dollar and fifty cents and in addition thereto three cents for each mile circular traveled by such witness by the usual route from his home to the place where his presence is required The fees for serving subpoenas shall be the same as those paid sheriffs for similar services The fees expenses and costs of any hearing may be imposed by the Board upon either party or may be divided between the parties in such proportions as the Board may determine

Section 21 Each member of the Board shall receive an annual salary of seven thousand dollars except the chairman who shall receive seven thousand five hundred dollars the secretary shall receive an annual salary of four thousand dollars the sergeant-at-arms shall receive an annual salary of one thousand five hundred dollars each Referee shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars

The salaries hereinbefore mentioned and the salaries of all other officers agents appointees and employes of the Bureau shall be payable monthly

Each member of the Board its secretary counsel sergeant-at-arms and other officers agents employes and appointees and each Referee shall be paid in addition to their stipulated salary or compensation the railroad fare board lodging and other travelling expenses necessarily and actually incurred by each of them in the performance of the duties required by this act or performed by direction of the Board

And said bill having been read at length the third time. considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—195.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Baldwin,
Heyburn,
Rothenberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

PRESENTATION TO MR. SHAABER.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The getleman from Erie, Mr. Kitts.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I ask leave to interrupt the proceedings of this House and desire to interrogate the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Shaaber. I should like to ask the gentleman from Berks if he ever had a birthday?

Mr. SHAABER. Mr. Speaker, yes, sir, I have had a birthday.

Mr. KITTS. Mr Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman how many birthdays he has had?

Mr. SHAABER. Mr. Speaker, this is my seventy-first birthday.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I take great pleasure in announcing to this House that we have the honor of having associated with us in the 1915 session of the Legislature a veteran of the Civil War, who happens to have the happiness and honor this day of celebrating what he calls his seventy-first birthday. I think, however, that it is his seventy-second birthday. As near as I can figure it out, he had two birthdays on the first year of his life.

The gentleman served through the Civil War. As I understand he was born in the City of Reading in the year 1844 and enlisted in the Civil War at the outbreak in September. It is a memorable event in that the first gun of the Civil War at Fort Sumter was fired on the very date of this gentleman's birth. Following his duty to his country, in the same year, in September, he enlisted in the Federal Army and served throughout the war. While I am told that he had the distinction of serving in but two battles, he was in active service during the entire war. He was in the Battle of Fair Oaks. The gentleman from Berks received a wound which has never healed. I understand that at this very time, this gentleman is now suffering from one of those minnie balls and a piece of shell which struck him in the Battle of Fair Oaks. It is, therefore, fitting at this time to interrupt the regular procedure of this House and pay honor to a gentleman who has stood so valiantly by the flag and the State of

Pennsylvania and for every year since his birth we take honor in presenting to the gentleman a rose and if he counts them all he will find in this basket seventy-one or seventy-two, I cannot say which but there is enough to pin all his buttonholes perfectly full of beautiful roses.

On behalf of his friends in this House, I take great pleasure in presenting the gentleman from Berks with this token on his birthday.

Mr. SHAABER. Mr. Speaker and members af the House I thank you heartily for this elegant present—I call it a present—and in response to it I will say that McClain Post of which I am a member had intended that I should stay there this evening and there recite what has always been my custom on all occasions of this kind, Lincoln's Gettysburg Address, and I will endeavor to give it to you now.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, the author of that address at Gettysburg, which is about to be recited, took this little chap (indicating Mr. Shaaber) in his arms during the days of the War.

Mr. SHAABER. Fourscore and seven years ago our fathers brought forth upon this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. Now, we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation or any nation so conceived and so dedicated can long endure. We are met on a great battlefield of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field as the final resting place for those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. But in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, consecrated it far above our power to add or detract. The world will little know nor long remember what we say here. But it can never forget what they did here. It is for us, the living, rather to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which, they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us, that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain, that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people and for the people shall not perish from the earth.

BILLS ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 931, as follows: ,

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto declaring false oaths by the subscribers to be misdemeanors and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Workmen's Insurance Board is hereinafter called the Board the State Workmen's Insurance Fund is hereinafter called the Fund and the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry is hereinafter called the Bureau

Section 2 The State Workmen's Insurance Board is hereby created consisting of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Insurance Commissioner and the State Treasurer

Section 3 Certain sums to be paid by employers as hereinafter provided are hereby constituted a Fund to be known as "The State Workmen's Insurance Fund" for the purpose of insuring such employes against liability under article three of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and of assuring the payment of the compensation therein provided Such Fund shall be administered by the Board without liability on the part of the State except as hereinafter provided beyond the amount thereof and shall be applied to the payment of such compensation

Section 4 The State Treasurer shall be the custodian of the Fund and all disbursements therefrom shall be paid by him upon vouchers authorized by the Board and signed by any two members thereof except as hereinafter provided in sections twenty-two and twenty-three He may deposit any portion thereof not needed for immediate use as other State funds are lawfully deposited and the interest thereon shall be collected by him and placed to the credit of the Fund

Section 5 On or before the first day of October in each year the said Board shall prepare and publish a schedule of premiums or rates of insurance for employers who shall have accepted article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 which schedule shall be printed and distributed free of charge to such employers as shall make application therefor and any such employer may at his option as hereinafter provided pay to the Fund the amount of the premium appropriate to his business or domestic affairs and upon payment thereof shall thereafter be considered a subscriber to the Fund and shall be insured as hereinafter provided for the calendar year for which such premium is paid and such insurance shall cover all payments becoming due in any year because of accidents occurring during the year for which said premium is paid

Section 6 The said Board shall determine the amount of premiums which the subscribers to the Fund shall pay and shall fix the premiums for insurance in accordance with the nature of their business and of the various employments of their employes and the probable risk of injury to their employes therein And they shall fix the premiums at such an amount as shall be adequate to enable them to pay all sums which may become due and payable to the employes of such subscribers under the provisions of article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and to create and maintain the surplus provided in section nine of this act and to provide an adequate reserve sufficient to carry all policies and claims to maturity In fixing the premiums payable by any subscriber the Board may take into account the condition of the plant work-room shop farm mine quarry operation and all other property or premises of such subscriber in respect to the safety of those employed therein as shown by the report of any inspector appointed by the Board or by the Department of Labor and Industry and they may from time to time change the amount of premiums payable by any of the subscribers as circumstances may require and the condition of the plant work-room shop farm mine quarry operation or other property or premises of such subscribers in respect to the safety of their employes may justify and they may increase the premiums of any subscriber neglecting to provide safety devices required by law or disobeying the rules or regulations made by the Board in accordance with the provisions of section fifteen of this act The insurance of any subscriber shall not be effective until he shall have paid in full the premium so fixed and determined

Section 7 The Board shall file with the Workmen's Compensation Bureau of the Department of Labor and Industry a notice setting forth the names and places of business of those employers who from time to time shall become subscribers to the said Fund

Section 8 The expenses of the organization and administration of the Fund shall be paid by the State out of funds hereinafter appropriated therefor

Section 9 The Board shall set aside five per cent. of all premiums collected for the creation of a surplus until such surplus shall amount to one hundred thousand dollars and thereafter they may set apart such percentage not exceeding five per centum as in their discretion they may determine to be necessary to maintain such surplus sufficiently large to cover the catastrophe hazard of all the subscribers to the Fund and to guarantee the solvency of the Fund

Section 10 The said Board shall divide the subscribers into groups in accordance with the nature of the business of such subscribers and the probable risk of injury therein and they shall fix all premiums for each group in accordance with the experience thereof Where the employes in any business are engaged in various employments in which the risk of injury is substantially different the Board may subdivide the employments into classes and shall fix the premium for each in accordance with the probable risk of injury therein

Section 11 The Board shall keep an accurate account of the money paid in premiums by the subscribers and the disbursements on account of injuries to employes thereof and if at the expiration of any year there shall be a balance remaining after deducting such disbursements the unearned premiums on undetermined risks and the percentage of premiums paid or payable to create or maintain the surplus provided in section nine of this act and after setting aside an adequate reserve so much of the balance as the board may determine to be safely distributable shall be distributed among the subscribers in proportion to the premiums paid by them and the proportionate share of such subscribers as shall remain subscribers to the Fund shall be credited to the installment of premium next due by them and the proportionate share of such subscribers as shall have ceased to be subscribers in the Fund shall be refunded to them out of the Fund in the manner hereafter provided

Section 12 The said Board may invest any of the surplus or reserve belonging to the Fund in such securities and investments as are authorized for investment by savings banks All such securities or evidence of indebtedness shall be placed in the hands of the State Treasurer who shall be the custodian thereof he shall collect the principal and interest thereof when due and pay the same into the Fund The State Treasurer shall pay all vouchers drawn on the Fund for the making of such investments when signed by two members of the Board upon delivery of such securities or evidences of indebtedness to him when there is attached to such vouchers a certified copy of the resolution of the Board authorizing the investment The said Board may upon like resolution sell any of such securities

Section 13 The said Board shall have the power to make all contracts necessary for supplying medical hospital and surgical services as provided in section three hundred and six sub-section (e) article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915

Section 14 The said Board shall have the power to reinsure any risk which they may deem necessary

Section 15 The said Board shall be entitled to inspect the plant work-room shop farm mine quarry operation and all other property or premises of any subscriber and shall be entitled to examine from time to time the books records and payrolls of any subscriber or intending subscriber for the purpose of determining the amount of the premium payable to such subscriber or intending subscriber and they shall have the power to appoint such inspectors and auditors as may be necessary to carry out the powers given in this section or they may with the consent of the Department of Labor and Industry and Commissioner of Insurance cause such inspection and examination to be made by the inspectors of the said Department of Labor and Industry and the auditors of the State Insurance Department and such inspectors and auditors shall have free access to all such premises books records and pay-rolls during the regular working and office hours

The Board shall make reasonable rules and regulations for the prevention of injuries upon the premises of the subscribers and they may refuse to insure or may terminate the insurance of any subscriber who refuses to permit such examinations or disregards such rules or regulations and may forfeit one-half of the unearned premiums previously paid by him

Section 16 Any employer who shall have accepted the provisions of article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and who shall desire to become a subscriber to the said Fund for the purpose of insuring therein his liability to those of his employes or any class thereof who have accepted the said provisions shall make a written application for such insurance to the said Board in which application the applicant shall state under oath or affirmation (a) the nature of the business or domestic affairs in which insurance is desired (b) the average number of employes expected to be employed in such businss during the year for which insurance is sought and the average number of employes if any engaged in such business during the previous calendar year (c) the approximate money wages expected to be paid during the year for which insurance is sought and the money wages paid to such employes during the preceding year (d) the place where such business is to be transacted (e) the place where the employer's payroll and books of accounts are kept and where the employes are customarily paid and such other facts and information as the Board shall require And when the employments are sub-divided into classes as provided in section ten of this act the applicant shall further state (f) the number of employes of each class expected to be employed or previously employed as aforesaid (g) the approximate money wages expected to be paid or previously paid as aforesaid to employes of each class for which insurance is sought Thereupon the Board shall make such investigations as they may deem necessary and within thirty days after such application shall issue a certificate showing the classification or group in which such applicant is entitled to be placed and the amount of premium payable by such applicant for the calendar year or the remainder of the calendar year for which insurance is sought No insurance shall be issued for a longer period than a single calendar year

Section 17 All premiums shall be payable to the State Treasurer who shall issue an appropriate receipt therefor and such receipt together with the certificate of the Board specified in section sixteen hereof shall be the evidence that the applicant has become a subscriber to the Fund and is insured therein

Section 18 Each subscriber to said Fund shall within one month after his subscription has terminated furnish a written statement under oath or affirmation to the said Board setting forth the maximum average and minimum number of employes insured in the Fund that such subscriber had employed during the preceding year and the actual amount of the money payroll of such employes for such year and setting forth when the Board has subdivided the employments in any group into classes as provided in section ten of this act the number and actual amounts of the money payroll of such employes of each of such classes and thereupon within thirty days the said Board shall state the account of such subscriber for such calendar year based on the facts thus proven and shall render a copy of such statement to the subscriber and if the amount of the premium theretofore paid by such subscriber shall exceed the amount due according to such stated account then the excess shall be forthwith refunded to the subscriber by payment out of the Fund in the manner hereinafter provided and if the amount shown by said statement exceed the amount of the premium thertofore paid by such subscriber the excess shall be forthwith due and payable by the subscriber into the Fund and until paid shall be a lien as State taxes are a lien upon the real and personal property of the subscriber and if unpaid shall be collectible as State taxes are now collectible with interest at the rate of twelve per centum per annum commencing thirty days after service of the copy of said account which service shall be by registered mail

Section 19 Any person who shall falsely make oath or affirmation to any certificate application or statement herein required shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and any subscriber who shall after notice from the said Board neglect or refuse to file the statement mentioned in section eighteen hereof within ten days after such notice shall be liable to pay to the Fund a penalty of ten dollars for each day that such neglect or refusal shall continue to be recovered at the suit of the Fund

Section 20 Any subscriber to the Fund who shall within seven days after knowledge or notice of an accident to an employe in the course of his employment as required by section three hundred and eleven of article three of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 have filed with the Board a true statement of such knowledge or a true copy of said notice shall be discharged from all liability for the payment of compensation for the personal injury or death of such employe by such accident and all such compensation due therefor under article three of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 shall be paid out of the Fund Provided however that the report of such accident required by the act entitled "An Act requiring employers to make report to the Department of Labor and Industry of accidents to employes and prescribing a penalty for non-compliance therewith" approved the nineteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen shall be sufficient compliance with this section if such report be made within said period of seven days and shall state that the employer making the same is a subscriber to the Fund

Provided That nothing in this section shall discharge any employer from the duty of supplying the medical and surgical services medicines and supplies required by section three hundred and six of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 And provided further That any subscriber who has supplied such services medicines and supplies shall be reimbursed therefor from the Fund

Section 21 In every case where a claim is made against the Fund the Fund shall be entitled to every defense against such claim that would have been open to the employer and shall be subrogated to every right of the employer arising out of such accident against the employe the dependents and against third persons the Fund may in the name of "The State Workmen's Insurance Fund" sue in any county of this Commonwealth or be sued in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county to enforce any right given against or to any subscriber or other person under this act or The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and the proceedings provided in article four of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 may be instituted by or against the fund in the said name to enforce before the Board of Workmen's Compensation or any Referee thereof the rights given to or against the said Fund by The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915

Section 22 Upon receipt of a notice or statement of knowledge of an accident to an employe of a subscriber occurring in the course of his employment the said Board shall if it deem necessary cause an investigation to be made by an inspector appointed by it or an inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 23 The Board is hereby empowered to execute the agreements provided in the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and to appoint such agents and make such rules as they may deem necessary for this purpose When any such agreement has been approved by the Bureau the same shall be properly filed and docketed and the Board shall from time to time until such agreement shall be modified or terminated as provided in the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 issue such warrant or warrants as may be necessary to pay the sums therein agreed upon Such warrant or warrants shall be signed by a member of the said Board or an agent appointed by the said Board for this purpose and shall be mailed to the person or persons entitled thereto under such agreement When any award is made by the Board of Workmen's Compensation or by a Referee designated by the Bureau in any proceedings brought by an employe of a subscriber or the dependents of such employe against the said Fund such award shall be filed and docketed and the State Workmen's Insurance Board shall from time to time until such award is modified reversed or terminated issue such warrant or warrants as may be necessary to pay the sums therein lawfully awarded against the said Fund Such warrant or warrants shall be signed by a member of the State Workmen's Insurance Board or by an agent appointed by the Board for that purpose and shall be mailed to the person or persons entitled thereto under such award

Section 24 All payments to employes dependents of deceased employes physicians attorneys investigators and others entitled to be paid out of the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on a warrant of the Board as aforesaid But where periodical installments are required to be paid under article three of said Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 a single warrant shall be sufficient to authorize such periodical payments But in the modification of any agreement or award or in accordance with the provisions of article four section four hundred and twenty-six of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 upon review by the Court the Board shall issue a further warrant in accordance with such subsequent agreement or such modification and such warrant when issued shall supersede and cancel the previous warrant

Section 25 Information acquired by the Fund its officers and employes from employers employes or insurance corporations or association shall not be open to public inspection

Section 26 The Board may with the approval of the Governor appoint a manager at a salary not to exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars an assistant manager at a salary not to exceed four thousand dollars an actuary at a salary not to exceed four thousand five hundred dollars and may with the approval of the Governor appoint at salaries fixed by the Board with the approval of the Governor such underwriters bookkeepers comptrollers auditors inspectors examiners medical advisers agents assistants and clerks as may be necessary for the proper administration of the Fund and the performance of the duties imposed upon the Board by the provisions of this act The Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall include in his annual report a full and complete statement of the administration of the said Fund

Section 27 The Attorney General shall ex-officio be the general counsel of the Board He shall appoint at an annual salary or salaries to be fixed by him not to exceed in the aggregate the sum of ten thousand dollars an attorney or attorneys who shall act as counsel for the Board

Section 28 The sum of three hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated for the expenses of the organization and administration of the said Fund

Section 29 This act shall take effect on July first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—198.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Baldwin,
Heyburn,
Rothenberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 932, as follows:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no policy of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 shall be made unless the same shall contain the agreement of the insurer that in the event of the failure of the insured promptly to pay any installment of compensation insured against the insurer will forthwith make such payments to the injured amploye or the dependents of the deceased employe and that the obligations shall not be affected by any default of the insured after the accident in the payment of premiums or in the giving of any notices required by such policy or otherwise Such agreement shall be construed to be a direct promise to such injured employe and to such dependents enforceable by action brought in the name of such injured employe or in the name of such dependents

Section 2 No suit shall be maintained for the collection of premiums upon any such policy of insurance unless said covenant is contained in said policy

Section 3 No policy of insurance against liability arising under said Article of said Act shall contain any limitation of the lability of the insurer to an amount less than that payable by the insured on account of the risk insured against under said Article of said Act nor shall any such policy contain any limitation of the total liability of the insurer because of injuries to two or more persons in a single accident nor shall any action be maintained for the collection of premiums on any policy violating this section but policies may be issued to employers insuring them against their liability under the said Article to any designated class or part of their employes or against any particular hazard to which their employes or any class or part thereof may be exposed

Section 4 The State Workmen's Insurance Fund and every insurance association and corporation which insures employers against liability for compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 shall file with the Commissioner of Insurance its classification of risks and premiums together with basis rate and schedule or merit ratings if a system of schedule or merit rating be in use none of which shall take effect until the Commissioner of Insurance shall have approved the same as adequate for the risks to which they respectively apply The Commissioner of Insurance may withdraw his approval of any premium rate or schedule made by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund of any insurance corporation or association if in his judgment such premium rate or schedule is inadequate to provide the necessary reserves Such premium rates or system of schedule or merit rating shall take no account of any physical inpairment of employes or the extent to which employes have persons dependent upon them for support

On and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen neither the State Workmen's Insurance Fund nor any insurance association or corporation may issue renew or carry beyond anniversary date any insurance for compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 at premium rates which are less than those approved by the Commissioner of Insurance for such carrier as adequate for the risks to which they respectively apply Provided however that if the Commissioner of Insurance shall have previously approved a system of schedule or merit rating filed with him by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund or any insurance association or corporation it may apply the same to risks subject thereto but any reduction from the basis rate filed with and approved by the Commissioner of Insurance on account of the application of such system of schedule or merit rating shall be clearly set forth in the insurance contracts or the endorsements attached thereto

The statistical and actuarial data compiled by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund shall at all times be available to the State Insurance Commissioner for his use in judging the adequacy or inadequacy of rates and schedules filed and it shall be the duty of the manager of the State Workmen's Insurance Fund to render all possible assistance to the State Insurance Department in carrying out the provisions of this act

The Commissioner of Insurance may require every insurance association or corporation which insures employers or employes under the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 to file with its annual statement a sworn report of its loss experience in such detail and form as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Insurance

The Commissioner of Insurance shall have the power to suspend or revoke the license of any insurance association or corporation which violates any of the provisions of this act

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—200.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,

Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Baldwin,
Heyburn,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 933, as follows:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies and declaring the false oaths of officers thereof to be perjury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any twenty or more employers who have in the aggregate not less than five thousand employes in the State of Pennsylvania and who have accepted the provisions of article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 may form an incorporated employers' mutual liability insurance association for the purpose of insuring themselves and such other employers as may become suscribers to the association against liability for the compensation payable under the terms of article three of said Act Provided however that in the case of associations engaged only in insurance of employers engaged in agriculture the minimum number of employers shall be two hundred and the minimum number of employes shall be five hundred

Section 2 The articles of association thereof shall state
(a) The name of the association
(b) The place of its principal office
(c) The duration of the association
(d) The name and address of its treasurer

Any name not in use by an existing association may be adopted but must clearly designate the object and purpose of the association

Section 3 The suscribers to said articles of agreement shall acknowledge the same before some person empowered to take acknowledgments of deeds and forward the same in duplicate to the Commissioner of Insurance who shall certify in duplicate to the Governor whether all of the requirements hereof have been complied with Whereupon the Governor shall in case he approves the application endorse his approval thereon in duplicate and cause letters patent to issue creating the subscribers and their associates a body corporate under the name designated in said articles but such associations shall not engage in business until the further provisions of this Act have been complied with

Section 4 Such association shall not begin to issue policies until a list of the suscribers with the number of employes of each together with such other information as the Commissioner of Insurance may require shall have been filed at the Insurance Department nor until the president and secretary of the association shall have certified under oath that every subscription in the list so filed is genuine and made with an agreement of all the subscribers that they will take the policies subscribed for within thirty days of the granting of a license by the Commissioner of Insurance

Section 5 Upon the filing of the certificate provided for in the preceding section the Commissioner of Insurance shall make such investigations as he may deem proper and if his findings warrant it grant a license to the association to issue policies

Section 6 Charters under this act may be perputual or limited in time as the articles of agreement shall specify

Section 7 Such associations shall have the power to make by-laws for the government of its officers and the conduct of its affairs and the same to alter and amend and adopt a common seal

Section 8 The annual meeting for the election of directors shall be held at such time in the month of January as the by-laws of the association may direct Of the time and place of said meeting at least thirty days' previous written or printed notice shall be given to the subsrcibers or such notice may be given by publication not less than three times in at least two daily or weekly newspapers published in the city or county wherein the association has its principal office and in the legal periodical if any designated by the rules of court of the proper county for the publication of legal notices Subscribers who during the preceding calendar year have paid into the treasury of the association premiums amounting to more than one-half of the total premiums received by it during that year shall constitute a quorum At such annual meeting the subscribers shall elect by ballot from their own number not less than five directors a majority of whom shall be residents of this Commonwealth to serve for at least one year and until their successors are duly chosen Provided however that such association may provide in its by-laws for the division of its board of directors into two three or four classes and for the election thereof at its annual meetings in such manner that the members of one class only shall retire and their successors be chosen each year Vacancies may be filled by election by the board until the next annual meeting in the choice of directors and in all meetings of the association each subscriber shall be entitled to one vote for every one hundred dollars or any fracton thereof paid by him in premiums into the treasury of the association during the preceding calendar year Subscribers may vote by proxy and the record of all votes shall be made by the secretary and shall show whether the same were cast in person or by proxy and shall be evidence of all such elections Not less than three directors shall constitute a quorum The directors shall annually choose by ballot a president who shall be a member of the board a secretary a treasurer who may also be either the president or secretary and such other officers as the by-laws may provide and they shall fix the salaries of the president and secretary as well as the salaries or compensation of such other officers and agents as the by-laws prescribe Vacancies in any office may be filled by the directors or by the subscribers as the by-laws shall prescribe

Section 9 Policies of Insurance issued by any such association may be made either with or without the seal thereof and they shall be signed by the president or such other officers as may be designated by the directors for that purpose and attested by the secretary

Section 10 If at any time the number of subscribers or the number of the subscribers' employes within the State falls below the minimum stated in section one hereof no further policies shall be issued until the total number of subscribers and the total number of employers whose employes within the State are not less than such minimums

Section 11 The board of directors shall be entitled to inspect the plant work-room shop farm or premises of any subscriber and for such purpose to appoint inspectors who shall have free access to all such premises during the regular working hours and the board of directors shall likewise from time to time be entitled to examine by their auditor or other agent the books records and payrolls of any subscriber for the purposes of determining the amount of premium chargable to such subscriber

The board of directors shall make reasonable rules and regulations for the prevention of injuries upon the premises of subscribers and they may refuse to insure or may terminate the insurance of any subscriber who refuses to permit such examination or disregards such rules or regulation and forfeit one-half of the unearned premiums previously paid by him but such termination of the insurance of any subscriber shall not release him from liability for the payment of assessments then or thereafter made by the board of directors to make up deficiencies existing at the termination of his insurance

Section 12 Every subscriber to such association shall be under a contingent mutual liability for the payment of losses and expenses in excess of the cash funds of the association to an amount equal to the premium paid by him during the current year

Section 13 The board of directors shall determine the amount of the premiums which the subscribers of the association shall pay for their insurance in accordance with the nature of the business in which such subscribers are engaged and the probable risk of injury to their employes under existing conditions and they shall fix premiums at such amounts as in their judgment subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Insurance shall be sufficient to enable the association to create and maintain the surplus provided in section fourteen of this act and to pay to its subscribers all sums which may become due and payable to their employes under the provisions of said article three of said Act and also the expenses of conducting the business of the association In fixing the premium payable by any subscriber the board of directors may take into account the condition of the plant work-room shop farm mines quarry operation and all other property or premises of such subscriber in respect to the safety of those employed therein as shown by the report of any inspector appointed by such board and they may from time to time change the amount of premiums payable by any of the subscribers as circumstances may require and the condition of the plant work-room shop farm mines quarry operation and all other property or premises of such subscriber in respect to the safety of their employes may justify and they may increase the premiums of any subscriber neglecting to provide safety devices required by law or disobeying the rules or regulations made by the Board of directors in accordance with the provisions of section eleven of this Act No policy of insurance issued to any subscriber shall be effective until he shall have paid in cash the premium so fixed and determined

Section 14 The board may set aside five per centum of all premiums collected for the creation of a surplus to cover the catastrophe hazard of all the subscribers to such fund and to guarantee the solvency of the fund

Section 15 If the associatiin be not possessed of cash funds over and above its unearned premiums on undetermined risks sufficient for the payment of incurred losses and expenses it shall make an assessment for the amount needed to pay such losses and expenses upon the subscribers liable to assessment therefor in proportion to their several liabilities

Section 16 The board of directors may from time to time fix and determine the amount to be paid as dividends upon policies expiring each year after retaining the unearned premiums upon undetermined risks and sufficient sums to pay all the compensation then payable or which may become payable on acount of injuries theretofore received by employes of the subscribers and to pay the expenses incurred in the operation of the business of the association and such percentage of the premiums as have been paid or are payable to creat and maintain the surplus provided in section fourteen

Section 17 The board of directors may divide the subscribers into groups in accordance with the nature of their business and the probable risks of injury therein In such case they shall fix all premiums for each business in such group and for the various classes of employments therein in accordance with the probable risks of injury to the employes in such business and in each class of employment therein and they shall make all assessments and determine and pay all dividends by and for each group in accordance with the experience thereof but all funds of the association and the contingent liability of all the subscribers shall be available for the payment of any claim against the association Provided however that (as between the association and its subscribers) until the whole of the contingent liability of the members of any group shall be exhausted the general funds of the association and the contingent liability of the members of other groups shall not be available for the payment of losses and expenses incurred by such group in excess of the earned premiums paid by the members thereof

Section 18 A statement of any propesed premium assessment dividend or distribution of subscribers into groups shall be filed with the Insurance Department and shall not take effect until approved by the Commissioner of Insurance

Section 19 If any officer of the association shall falsely make oath to any certificate required to be filled with the Commissioner of Insurance he shall be guilty of perjury

Section 20 Any subscriber of the association who has complied with all of its rules and regulations may withdraw therefrom by written notice to that effect sent by such subscriber by registered mail to the association and on such withdrawal shall become effective on the first day of the month immediately following the tenth day after the receipt of such notice but such withdrawal shall not release such subscriber from liability for the payment of assessments thereafter made by the Board of Directors to make up deficiencies existing at the date of his withdrawal and such subscriber shall be entitled to his share of any dividend earned at the date of his withdrawal

Section 21 If the Commissioner of Insurance shall find that more than fifty per centum of the contingent liability of all the subscribers is by quired to pay accured losses after charging against the funds in hand the unearned premiums on undetermined risks no further insurance shall be issued until the subscribers have made good such deficiency

Section 22 Such associations shall invest and keep invested all its funds of every description excepting such cash as may be required in the transaction of its business as follows

First In such real estate as it is authorized to hold by section twenty-three of this act

Second In bonds of the United States or the District of Columbia or of any state or territory of the United States

Third In the legally authorized bonds or notes of any city county township municipality school or water district of this Commonwealth or of any other state or territory of the United States or Canada

Fourth In the bonds of any solvent railroad or street railway corporation upon which no default in interest has been made

Fifth In loans upon improved and unincumbered real estate provided that no loan on such real estate shall exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of the fair market value thereof at the time of making such loan

Section 23 No such association shall purchase hold or convey real estate for the purpose and in the manner herein set forth to wit

First Such as shall be requisite for its convenient accomodation in the transaction of its business

Second Such as shall have been mortgaged to it to secure loans previously contracted or for moneys due

Third Such as shall have been conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts

Fourth Such as shall have been purchased at sales upon judgment decrees or mortgages obtained or made for debts due the association or for debts due other persons where said associations may have liens or incumberances on the same

Any real estate purchased under the second third or forth paragraphs of this section which has been held for a period of more than five years from the date of its purchase shall be sold and disposed of within a period of six months after notice to the association from the Insurance Commission to sell and convey the same Provided however that the Commissioner may extend the time for such disposition if he believes the interest of the association will suffer materially by a forced sale

Section 24 A mutual liability insurance company of another State may be licensed to transact business in this State when it has surplus over all liabilities including unearned premiums of not less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00) upon compliance with such provisions of this Act and of the general laws of this Commonwealth as may be applicable thereto

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—202.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle Beck,

Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough,

Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy,

Shaffer, Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler,

Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O. Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz,

Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert,

McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, Scott, Shaaber,

Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Rothenberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 934, as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That nothing contained in any article or any section of an act entitled the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 shall apply to or in any way affect any person who at the time of injury is engaged in domestic service or agriculture

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—202.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle Beck, Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O. Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin,

Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern,

Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry,

Shaffer, Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson,

Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Rothenberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 935, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof

Amend section twenty-one article three of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which reads as follows

"No act of the General Assembly shall limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death or for injuries to persons or property and in case of death from such injuries the right of action shall survive and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property or for other causes different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons and such acts now existing are avoided" so that it shall read as follows

The General Assembly may enact laws requiring the payment by employers or employers and employes jointly of reasonable compensation for injuries to employes arising in the course of their employment and for occupational diseases of employes whether or not such injuries or diseases result in death and regardless of fault of employer or employe and fixing the basis of ascertainment of such compensation and the maximum and minimum limits thereof and providing special or general remedies for the collection thereof but in no other cases shall the General Assembly limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death or for injuries to persons or property and in case of death from such injuries the right of action shall survive and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property or for other causes different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons and such acts now existing are avoided

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—202.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,

Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Rothenberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1035, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred seven and extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding leasing and selling real estate

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one of the act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hunderd and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement cement and products and the quarring of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or applicatioin of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" is hereby amended to read as follows

It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding leasing and selling real estate to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE

Mr. BENN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. BENN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Cerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 24, by striking out the word "and" after the word "seven" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and" before the word "seven."

Amend section 1, line 21, by striking out the word "and" after the word "cement" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and" between the two words "cement."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1052, entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—199.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,

Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Cromer,
Watson.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk persent the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 877 (Senate Bill No. 250), entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violations of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas

Shall the bill pass finally?

and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—200.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 835 (Senate Bill No. 7), entitled:

An Act amending sections one three four seven ten eleven and repealing section eight of an act entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth and providing that the city treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be collector of the said several taxes prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend title by adding at the end thereof the following: "by further regulating the collection of said taxes and by extending the provisions of the act to county taxes."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection?

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the gentleman explain why he desires this to be extended to the county taxes as well.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, this amendment is made with the consent of the sponsor of the bill. If the gentleman objects the bill can be re-committed.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I would rather see the bill re-committed for amendment than to have the amendment inserted at this time; therefore, I object.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objection.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. ALEXANDER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be re-committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 914, as follows:

An Act enabling cities of the second class to relieve traffic congestion and to improve transit facilities in such cities by the construction and maintenance of subways and galleries in or adjacent to congested districts of such cities empowering the Public Service Commission to compel public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries providing a method for fixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class for the purpose of relieving traffic congestions are hereby authorized and empowered to locate construct own and maintain on or through either public or private property subways or tunnels for the transportation of persons and property in or adjacent to the districts or sections of such cities where traffic is or may hereafter become congested together with approaches entrances stations tracks power transmission systems sidings connections with other facilities of said city and others galleries and other accessories either in appurtenant thereto or in connection therewith to be used for any lawful purpose Said cities are also hereby authorized and empowered to grant licenses for a reasonable rental for the use of such subways and tunnels to public service companies as defined in the Public Service Company Law of this State and others maintaining works and facilities in said district in the manner and under the restrictions herein set forth Such cities may permit entrances to be made into such subways and tunnels from private property and may grant permits for advertising and for news stands at the stations of such subways and tunnels and may fix the compensation therefor

Section 2 Before letting any contract for the construction of such subway or tunnel such city shall negotiate with the public service companies and others for which it is proposed to provide accommodation in said subway or tunnel for the purpose of agreeing upon terms for the use of such subway or tunnel All agreements so made must be approved by the Public Service Commission If the city and any such public service companies and others do not agree upon the terms on which the city shall grant a license to use such subway or tunnel the city may thereupon fix the terms of such license and apply to the Public Service Commission for an order directing such public service companies and others to use such subway or tunnel in accordance with such terms If the Public Service Commission shall find that it is necessary or proper for the public safety welfare and convenience to require such public service companies and others to use such subway or tunnel it shall make an order requiring such public service companies and others to use such subway or tunnel for a period not exceeding twenty-five years upon the terms fixed by such city or such modification thereof as to the said commission shall seem just and reasonable Any such order shall be subject to review by the courts as is now provided by law in other proceedings before the commission No agreement for the use of said subway or tunnel shall be made for a longer period than twenty-five years and all such agreements shall be subject to modification of their terms at five year intervals either by agreement or by like proceedings before the Public Service Commission The Public Service Commission shall review all orders made by it respecting the use of said subway or tunnel at five year intervals and shall make such modifications in the terms thereof as shall be just and reasonable Such orders may be modified at other times for cause shown upon the application of any interested party All such orders of the Commission shall be subject to review by the courts as is provided by law in other proceedings before the Commission

Section 3 Any such city shall have the right to repeal any ordinance passed or discontinue any proceeding taken providing for any of the improvements authorized by this act prior to beginning the construction thereof and shall not thereafter be liable to pay any damages which have been or might have been assessed but all costs upon such proceeding shall be paid by said city together with any actual damages sustained by reason of such proceedings

Section 4 If such city shall proceed with the construction of such subway or tunnel all public service companies and others who have agreed or been ordered by the Public Service Commissiin to use said subway or tunnel shall remove their works and facilities from existing locations and place them in such subway or tunnel when and as said city may direct and if any such public service companies or others shall refuse or neglect to remove said works and facilities and place them in said subway or tunnel when required by said city so to do said city may remove said works and facilities and place them in said subway or tunnel at the expense of such public service company or others After said works and facilities are removed from existing locations the city shall not grant rights to other parties which may impair any franchise or right of such public service companies and others in their former locations save as said city may lawfully do it being the intention of this act to preserve the rights of all parties except as the mode of their exercise is herein changed

Section 5 No exclusive rights whatever shall be granted by any city to any public service company or others to use and operate in said subway or tunnel but licenses may be granted to other public service companies and others whether for the transportation of persons or property or for other public service it not being intended by this act to protect transportation companies or other public service companies from competition which is or may be authorized by law No franchise or right to use said subway or tunnel or any part thereof shall be granted for a longer term than twenty-five years and the terms thereof shall be reviewed at five year intervals

Section 6 In case any property is damaged by the construction of such sub way or tunnel or in case any such city desires to enter upon any land to make any investigation or desires to take use or appropriate the fee or any lesser estate in any lands or properties necessary for the construction of such subway or tunnel and is unable to agree with the owner or owners upon the price to be paid therefor the damages caused by such construction shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages to abutting properties caused by the grading or otherwise improving of streets in such cities and the damages caused by such entry on taking using and appropriation of land shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages for the taking occupation or injury of property necessary in the laying out opening widening and grading of streets in the municipal corporations of this Commonwealth

Section 7 Should any section or provision of this act be held by the courts to be invalid or unconstitutional the same shall not impair the grant of power herein to cities of the second class to locate construct own and maintain subways or tunnels and their appurtenances nor shall it be held to affect any other section or provision of this act

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 ,line 4, of said bill as amended by striking out the word "congestions" and inserting in its place the word "congestion."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the Bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1097, entitled:

An Act requiring the borough council to fix by ordinance the salary of the burgess

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, as I read this bill, it would cause a great hardship to many boroughs of this Commonwealth. I can undertstand where the Burgess acts as Justice of the Peace and devotes all his time to the business of the office, that it would be proper to give him the salary provided in this bill. The second section of the bill provided that the salary shall not be less than one hundred dollars for each thousand of population. Now, in many of the boroughs of this State the custom is to elect a Burgess who does not give his time and attention to the office, but merely passes upon such ordinances as are presented to him. In that case a leading citizen is usually selected and he gives very ittle time away from his business to the office. This bill would make the salary of every borough in this State having five thousand people, at least five hundred dollars, and for each additional one thousand inhabitants, the salary would be increased fifty dollars. It seems to me this would be imposing too great a burden. Under existing laws Councils can, and in some cases do, pay the Burgess liberally. It would not be right to compel them to pay the salary that this bill requires them to pay.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I would like to add one other word to what the member said. The latter part of section two provides for a still further increase in the salary to an amount not exceeding fifty dollars per month. In very many of the Boroughs of this State, a majority of the Boroughs of the State, if this was attempted to be put in force, they would be given a very great deal of trouble. There is no small borough in the State of Pennsylvania that can perhaps afford to pay anything like fifty dollars a month. In addition to that the Chief Burgess in most of the towns is on his job very little of the time. He perhaps does not put three days of the time on the job in the whole year. He is, in a large part, a mere sinecure, or figurehead. The work is done by the town council and the president of the town council, and the Chief Burgess oftentimes don't so much as meet with that town council for months at a time, and the whole matter seems to me to be entitrely unwarranted.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

A division was called for and 60 gentlemen having voted in the affirmative, and 59 in the negative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the bill was agreed to on third reading.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—69.

Adams,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benninger,
Body,
Bovee,
Christman,
Cox,
Dawson,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Horton,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Lauer,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
McCaig,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Peters,
Powell,
Rich,
Robertson,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Weir,
Willard,
Wobensmith,

NAYS—97.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beck,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Goldsmith,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Davis,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Eppley,
Fruit,
Gingery,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Landis,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Luppert,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stone,
Swan
Swartz,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

A MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which Senate Bill No. 183 (House Bill 837), File Folio, 1479 entitled:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves

was defeated on Wednesday last be reconsidered.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 905, entitled:

An Act Authorizing the free distribution of all maps issued by the State Highway Department

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—197.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn.
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative,

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 824, File Folio 4375, entitled:

An Act providing that all horsedrawn vehicles in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and the address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor

was defeated on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. ROBERTSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the noes appear to have it.

Whereupon, a division was called for, 73 voting in the affirmative and 63 in the negative.

And the question was determined in the affirmative, and the motion was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr, Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the nays appear to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for, 81 voting in the affirmative and 52 in the negative.

The question was determined in the affirmative.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1115 (Senate Bill No. 213), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws five hundred sixty-eight entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering.
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger.
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.

Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Baker,
Diefenderfer,
Gompers,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 928, entitled:

An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Walsh, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WALSH. Yes, sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SHOWALTER. I desire to know if this bill prevents fishing on Sunday.

Mr. WALSH. In answer to that Mr. Speaker, let me say that a bill was introduced on Wednesday last which will prohibit Sunday fishing. The reason the additional bill was offered was so that it would not be necessary to amend this bill in the House.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to know whether if this bill passes it does not repeal the act which prohibits fishing on Sunday.

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I understand not. I got that information from Dr. Mutchler,, who is the head of the Sunday Law and Order Society. He was perfectly satisfied that the additional bill which was offered to prohibit Sunday fishing would take care of that feature.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, there, no doubt, will be some difference of opinion as to whether this act, if passed, will repeal the former act, which prohibits fishing on Sunday. We are not going to discuss that, but there are some provisions in this bill that I wish to call your attention to. Each man has his own ideas as to what sport, in fishing, consists of. One man will fish one way and another man will select another. This bill provides that in streams which have been declared trout streams outlines shall not be set, neither shall spearing nor gigging be permitted. That is very good so far as that goes. But if you will turn to section twenty-five of this act you will see that the Fish Commission has unlimited authority to declare any stream a trout stream, and there is absolutely no appeal from the decision of that Fish Commission. In many instances that would work out all right, but there are some instances, I guarantee you sir that it will work out unjustly. It is not fair to my mind, that the decision of the Fish Commission should be final. We should have a right to appeal this question to a court, it seems to me at least. In section 12 I notice there is a provision that allows fish officers to buy and sell fish for the purpose of accumulating evidence. I take it to mean this; that a Fish Commissioner in order to get some person into the toils of the law has the privilege of buying and trying to sell fish to a certain person. I know from my personal knowledge that that was done by some man from the Game Department. Now, whether the Fish Department expects to practice anything like that I do not know. But it looks to me from the phraseology of the act that that is what it would amount to. Now, gentlemen we appeal to you. We feel that the fish law as it now stands is fair. The fish law is definitely understood, and now to turn it around again, perverts the ideas of the people as to what the fish law really is.

I do not see that there is going to anything particularly gained by this act any more than that possibly the liberties and privileges of some people who now enjoy fishing will be curtailed or absolutely cut off. We feel that we do not need this law. I come from a county where there is some fishing and where we have some streams, and I am simply voicing to you the sentiments of the people whom I represent. They do not care to have this written into the law, and I ask you to vote "no" on the question.

Mr. FORSTER. I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Union, Mr. Showalter.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentlean from Union permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SHOWALTER. I will, sir.

Mr. FORSTER. Under what language in section 25 does the gentleman consider it gives the Fish Commission absolute authority to declare any stream in the State a trout stream?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I do not know that I can make myself any more clear than to read the section which says this—"for the purpose of this act, any stream or water or part thereof within this Commonwealth in which charr or trout are commonly fished for and caught whether through the stocking of the stream or whether native to such stream or water or part thereof shall be deemed water or streams inhabited by trout. In case of a conflict of statement on this point as to any stream or water the matter shall be investigated by the Board of Fishery Commission and its decision shall be final."

Now, Mr. Speaker, since the gentleman has called me out on this proposition I wish to relate something that the Fish Commission actually did, but for the benefit of Mr. Buller, who is President of the Fish Commission, I will say that it was not done during his term. In my county quite a large stream, Penns Creek, was declared a trout stream about eighteen miles down from the mountains. In order to determine whether or not that stream was a trout stream, the Fish Commission went to Bellefonte, a distance of 40 miles from the boundaries of the stream, to determine whether or not there were fish in that stream. Now, no man will travel 40 miles and pay his own expenses to be a witness, but as a matter of fact there was one man from my county who appeared before that commission and he was a man who worked on the railroad, and I suppose he got free transportation or else he would not have been there. As a consequence of that hearing, Penns Creek was closed for 10 or 12 miles. We do not think that the Fish Commission's decisions ought to be final, but that we ought to have some redress.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Union, Mr. Showalter.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Union, Mr. Showalter, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, do I understand the gentlean from Union to say that section 12 provides for the purchase of fish to obtain evidence?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker will the gentleman just point out to me such provision in that section.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I beg the gentleman's pardon, it is section 11, page 12, lines 16, 17 and 18.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from Union?

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Yes, sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, do I understand the gentleman to say that it is improper for an investigator to purchase fish from any one, who has such fish illegally in his possession, for the purpose of obtaining evidence?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I would say no, but the provision also says that he may sell and that would be an attempt to induce and get the person to violate the law. I do not think that any game warden or fish commissioner should be endowed with any authority to go so far as to tempt some person to break the law.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House I do not know that I know very much about fish or fishing, but I am, on principle, in favor of anything which tends to preserve our sporting fish and game in this Commonwealth. There has been enough done to exterminate by sportsmen—not so much by the sportsmen, as by the market fisherman, to exterminate the trout throughout this State. Now this section, 25, which my friend from Union seems to object to, to my mind does not make the Fish Commission absolute unless there is a dispute of fact, and certainly if there is any person who is best fitted to say if there are trout in a certain stream, the Fish Commission, having charge of stocking the stream, is the proper department to decide that question or the persons in that Commission—they are the persons most apt to know whether or not it is a game-fish stream.

As to Section 11, to my mind it is perfectly fair to obtain evidence against a wilful violator of the law and the man who has stock on hand which he knows has been taken in violation of the law should be trapped, if possible, by those who are interested in enforcing law. I see no reason why any person who is hunting for evidence should not have the right to purchase fish from the man who has them and knows that he has them illegally as that is the only possible way we can get the evidence. On the other hand, there is no reason why any person who is willing to buy fish illegally should be protected when he knows he is violating the law. I think there is a little bit of courteous sentiment in favor of what I would not say criminals but petty-criminals and these men should be punished when they violate the law, knowing that they are doing it.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, when this bill was brought before the committee for consideration there was no printed copy of the bill before that committee except the one bill that was in the hands of the chairman of that committee, and you will notice if you will look over the bill that it contains a great many sections and it covers a great deal of ground. We talked about that, Mr. Speaker. We had with us at that time the Commissioner of Fisheries. He explained some of the changes that this act would bring about and we made all inquiries that we coud make as committeemen without having the bill at hand. None of the committee that I know of had read the bill and they did not read it until after it was brought out upon the floor of this House; and we talked it over and we came to this conclusion—and I think that every member of that committee will bear me out in this statement—that the bill ought to come out on the floor of the House and be printed so that every member could have a copy and then if the members of this committee were not satisfied with this bill it was agreed, gentlemen, that the bill would be placed back in the committee for amendment. I have asked that this bill be put back in committee for amendment.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Fisheries.

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I hope that this motion will not carry. I have in my hand a communication from the Pennsylvania State Sportsmen's Association, representing one hundred and twenty-five organizations or clubs, endorsing House Bill No. 928 as amended and for passage tonight. As sponsor of this bill, although I may not be up to the expert fishing class that my friend Mr. Herman is, yet at the same time I feel that the members of the House should vote on this bill tonight. I cannot see any reason for the bill going back to the committee. I fell that there are enough members in the House interested in this code to pass the bill and I will ask the members of the House to support me and refuse to send it back to the committee.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I do not wish to be misunderstood. There are many good things in this bill, but there are some things that the people in my end of the State are opposed to, and the people who are interested in this bill are inclined to give way and allow us to amend that bill. In fact, a certain gentleman talked to me no longer that one half or three quarters of an hour ago about that matter and I want to say to you, gentlemen, that my object in asking that this bill be put back is simply because I was promised that in that committee before we ever let it out of the committee, and I ask the gentlemen of this House to stand by what was promised not only to me but to every other member of that committee when this bill came out. That is what I am asking. I have no objections to the gentleman's objections that he has offered relative to my motion but I do say that we are entitled to the courtesy that we extended in that committee when we allowed it to come out without further discussion.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I speak for an organization known as the West Branch Sportsmen's Association, made up of branches throughout the West Branch of the Susquehanna River which is one of the great fishing sections of the State. Now, undoubtedly there are many good features in this code but in its present form it is absolutely unsatisfactory to this large body of fishermen of the State who are sincerely and earnestly endeavoring to advance everything looking toward fish conservation. The part they particularly object to is this relating to the pollution of our streams and they feel that this bill, instead of strengthening that point, weakens it. There are quite a few things that are rather hard to remedy on the floor of this House and I believe the proper thing to do for the people back of this bill, if they are really trying to get a better fish law, is to send it back to the committee where it can be considered section by section carefully and many of these objections met. Now that was the understanding when it came out, that if there was any question raised, then it would be sent back. Personally, I think it ought to go back and I hope the members will sustain that motion. If they do not allow it to go back the bill in its present shape has bad points in it and should be defeated. There are some amendments which could be made. This matter has been talked out with those back of this bill and their sole argument is, "we are going to send it to a vote; we will promise to do certain things in the Senate." I do not think we should depend on doing things in the Senate but should attend to our own affairs here.

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to say, for the benefit of the members of the House, in answer to the statement made by the gentleman from Wyoming, Mr. Herman, that he was promised that the bill would go back to the committee—as sponsor of this bill I would like to say that I did not make any such promise.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, there are several reasons why this bill should not go back to committee. One is that there are so many different opinions as to what should and what should not be on this subject that no matter how many times you would send the bill back to the committee it would be impossible to satisfy all.

It is the same as with the game laws. There are so many different lattitudes and so many different kinds of conditions in the different sections that it would be utterly impossible to put the matter in shape to satisfy all. This bill has been thoroughly gone over and endorsed by the State Sportsmen's Association and by the Wild Life League with the exception of possibly two or three different sections and we come here tonight and ask you to support it because it has that endorsement.

The second objection, the one raised by the gentleman down there—I forget his name—he finds fault with section 25. If you will take the trouble to read the old fishing code you will find the very same words in it as appears in section 25 and he says he was satisfied with the old code. If there is any one that is to be given the power to settle a disputed question it should be the Fishery Commission. There are some features of this bill good and some bad. The principal feature of this bill that I want to call your attention to is the catching of trout. The old fishing code provides that the fishermen cannot catch trout under six inches. Up to this time people have been catching fish four and five inches long and throwing them back in the stream and they die. Now we have this bill which provides that you can catch them from one to six inches to the number of forty each day. That is gettting away with the man catching the small fish and throwing them back into the stream to die. We want to take care of the fish and we must have a head to do it. There is somebody that must have the final decision and therefore the power is here given to the Fishery Commission.

Then there is one more objection made and that is the Sunday fishing. In relation to the Sunday fishing I want to say that there are four or five fish codes that were passed in 1911 and 1909 and only one of them said you must not fish on Sunday and that provision related to inland water. I claim that is not constitutional to say that you shall not fish on Sunday in inland waters and allow fishing on lakes. We have therefore gone to the trouble to take out this exception and made it unlawful to fish anywhere in the State of Pennsylvania on Sunday, covering all the waters within the State. I therefore ask the gentlemen of the House to dispose of the bill tonight.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I woud like to interrogate the Chairman of the Fisheries Committee

The SPEAKER. Will the Chairman of the Committee on Fisheries permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. STEEDLE. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the Chairman of the Fisheries Committee if it was not talked about and practically agreed on in the Committee that this bill would be recommitted if there was any considerable objection to it.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman from Susquehanna I will says, yes.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill be recommitted to the Committee on Fisheries?

The SPEAKER declared the ayes appeared to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for and 72 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and ninety in the negative the motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this house go in to the committee of the whole for the purpose of special amendment, which I ask to be read by the Clerk.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the amendment.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentlemen will state his point of order.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is that this bill being on final passage and having been agreed to on third reading, this House cannot go into the committee of the whole.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman's point of order is well taken.

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill was agreed to on third reading be reconsidered for the purpose of going into the committee of the whole for the puspose of considering special amendments.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this billl be postponed for the present.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion

The motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, one of the amendments which I intended to introduce was to re-insert the provisions prohibiting fishing on Sunday.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is that this amendment having been rejected by the House a discussion of the same is not in order.

The SPEAKER. The gentlemans point of order is well taken.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I agree quite heartily with the gentleman from Clearfield in regard to this bill. We have heard statements made here on the floor of the House tonight about objections to it in its present form. We have not heard any valid objections stated and I quite agree, if we are to stand here all night and talk in general terms about the provisions of this Fish Code we will never get anywhere with it, and I say now is the time to vote on this bill and pass it, and decide the matter here now, because we know we cannot have it entirely acceptable to every member of the House.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, in regard to the merits of this bill, with the Sunday exemption excluded, I will say that several weeks ago we got a communication from one of these soprtsmen organizations endorsing certain legislation and among other things they said they instructed their legislative committee to prepare a code leaving out the fine on Sunday fishing. Now they come along and have a separate bill, which is to include it. Now, in view of the fact of that letter where one of their main reasons for wanting a code is to strike that out, I think it is a case of the Greeks bearing gifts, and it would be very much wiser if we retained the law as we have it, which prohibits that.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—132.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
McCaig,
McClure,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Tribill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wynne,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—41.

Benninger,
Bergy,
Body,
Curry,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fruit,
Gibson,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Harper,
Herman,
Hollingsworth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Landis,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Marvin,
Mather,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
Peters,
Reel,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Stone,
Vickerman,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wylie,
Young,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1057, entitled:

An Act to repeal and act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities co-extensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collections of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer and amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend title, line 6, by striking out the word "collections" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "collection"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and at 11:30 o'clock P. M. the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

Vol. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1915. No. 41.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, April 13, 1915.

The Senate met at 9.00 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor, Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

"Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for the splendid powers with which we are endowed. We thank Thee for those longings of whatever character they may be, and those ambitions that are constantly expressing themselves within us. We pray Thee that we may be able to interpret them in such a way that they shall give larger and better force to our lives. Grant that when splendid visions come to us to-day, no matter how small, we may obey them so that we can grasp the larger visions for to-morrow. Give Thy blessing to this body and its President, let Thy blessing be with all the employes, and grant, dear Father, to so guide us that we may live to Thy glory and the good of our fellowmen. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. SPROUL, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which were laid upon the table.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

The Chair asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. KLINE, for the balance of the week on account of illness.

Mr. TOMPKINS asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Lycoming, Mr. SONES, on account of illness.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 95.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 13, 1915.

Resolved (If the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 95 entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 247.

He also laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 13, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 247, entitled An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 513.

He also laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 13, 1915.

"Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 513, entitled An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 326.

He also laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 13, 1915.

"Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 326, entitled: An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer and board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the board of water assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 301.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 301, entitled:

> An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 372.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 372, entitled:

> An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 564.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 564, entitled:

> An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 213.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 213, entitled:

> An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws five hundred and sixty-eight entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 250.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 250, entitled:

> An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 422.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 422, entitled:

> An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 452 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

> A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 245 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

> An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 543 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 543, entitled:

> An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million defining their qualifications powers and salary"

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had no final passage and third reading of said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

> In section 1, line 4, by inserting after the word "June" the words "one thousand nine hundred and eleven;" also in line 25, by striking out the words "he shall also appoint subject to existing laws as many assistant deputies as he shall deem necessary in the performance of the work of the office" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "any clerk in the office of such prothonotary designated by the prothonotary shall have the power of deputy prothonotary so far as relates to the administration of oaths and affirmations in the performance of the work of the office."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 294.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 294 entitled "An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 29.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 29, entitled "An Act amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trials and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases and providing for an appeal to the Superior Court from judgments of the court of common pleas upon writs of certiorari issued to the county courts."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 92.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 92 entitled "An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 153.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 153 entitled "An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 176.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 176 entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk squirrels and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 249.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 249 entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 289.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 289 entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five' and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement.' "

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 287.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 10, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 287, entitled "An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 779.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 779, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor, Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 422, entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans' court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand

Senate Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

Senate Bill No. 213, entitled:

An Act to amend secton one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen [illegible] hundred and sixty-eight entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the [illegible] and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Senate Bill No. 564, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk

Senate Bill No. 372, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight

Senate Bill No. 301, entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

Senate Bill No. 438, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

Senate Bill No. 431, entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

Senate Bill No. 371, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-four"

Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts

Senate Bill No. 88, entitled:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain

Senate Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the department

House Bill No. 10, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million

House Bill No. 119, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

House Bill No. 464, entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

House Bill No. 885, entitled:

An Act extending the powers and duties of foresters forest rangers game protectors deputy game protectors special deputy game protectors fish wardens and deputy fish wardens of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 883, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

House Bill No. 800, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

House Bill No. 227, entitled:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasng machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other scurities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

House Bill No. 779, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT, (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 13, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Ella F. Braman to be a Commissioner of Deeds for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with residence in the City of New York, N. Y., for the term of five years to compute from the date of confirmation.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSIONER.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 13, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Robert J. Cunningham, of the County of Allegheny, to be State Highway Commissioner of Pennsylvania for the term of four years to compute from the date of confirmation.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 13, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Miss Viola K. Henderson, Pittsburgh.
Miss Evelyn C. Sproull, Pittsburgh.
John T. Textor, Pittsburgh.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

John J. Martin, Johnstown.

ERIE COUNTY.

Ralph R. Lee, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

DeLos M. Graham, Perry Township.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Ernesto M. Lettieri, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

John S. Breneman, Lancaster.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

S. P. Lewis, Williamsport.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

F. G. Shimer, Easton.
Harvey C. Werst, Easton.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

J. P. Helfenstein, Shamokin.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Samuel Davis, Philadelphia.
Edgar J. Elliott, Philadelphia.
Thomas McIlhenny, Philadelphia.
Emanuel Nageli, Jr., Philadelphia.
Henry Saxe, Philadelphia.
Miss Ethel M. Welch, Philadelphia.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

James J. Graham, Mahanoy City.
P. J. Martin, Pottsville.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 13, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Miss Gertrude M. Schroth, Pittsburgh, April 19, 1915.
Miss Florence Kitt, Pittsburgh, April 25, 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

W. L. Hicks, Tyrone, April 30, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Harry W. Keeny, Harrisburg, April 19, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

Miss Lucy Fellows, Albion, April 17, 1915.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

William B. Faust, Mount Carmel, April 23, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

James F. Brown, Philadelphia, April 14, 1915.
Miss Margaret H. Emerson, Philadelphia, April 19, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

Bright R. Paxton, York, April 18, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 640.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 640, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 528.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 528, entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 429.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 429, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 545.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 293.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" Approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 386.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 613, entitled:

An Act amending an act, entitled "An Act defining commodities; regulating the sale thereof; and providing penalties for violation hereof," approved the 24th day of July, A. D. 1913, by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 715, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 26th day of June, 1895, entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of appraisers appointed by the registers of wills of the several counties to appraise the value of estates subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax, and experts employed to assist such appraisers," by icreasing the compensation of appraisers.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act relating to the Legislative Reference Bureau, and authorizing and regulating therein a system of municipal reference information.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 817, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county, and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 749, entitled:

An Act to permit a married woman, whose husband has lived separate and apart from her for one year or more, and who during that time has not been supported by her husband, to become a feme sole trader.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 698, entitled:

An Act authorizing a charge not exceeding five dollars in addition to six per centum per annum to cover expenses incurred in making loans.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 779 (House Bill No. 780), entitled:

A Supplement to an act, entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs," approved the 12th day of June, A. D. 1913, prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report, the method by which the cointroller may obtain evidence before him, making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury, providing for appeals by the borough taxpayers or officers from the controller's report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals, fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 766 (House Bill No. 1050), entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 763 (House Bill No. 1049), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the 15th day of April, 1907, entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction."

Mr. GERBERICH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 768 (House Bill No. 70), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals, providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure—it or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdeameanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts," approved the 25th day of July, 1913, so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities.

Mr. SALUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 731, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the 28th day of March, 1820, entitled "An Act relative to mortgages," by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien.

Also, from the Committee on Law and Order, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the 22d day of April, 1794, entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation," as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessaries of life on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday.

Mr. GYGER, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 479, entitled:

An Act to regulate the grading, packing, marking, shipning and sale of apples and providing penalties.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners, posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors, and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 638 (House Bill No. 757), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms.

Also, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 762 (House Bill No. 1011), entitled:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices, boards, bureaus, departments and divisions thereof, prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof.

Also, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 830 (House Bill No. 1034), entitled:

An Act relative to boroughs and township employes, prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities.

Also, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 832 (House Bill No. 867), entitled:

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania.

Also, from the Committee on Finance, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 726, entitled:

An Act providing for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 838, entitled:

An Act to repeal the first, third and fourth sections of an act entitled "An Act to regulate places of public amusement in cities of the first class" approved the twenty-second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 839, entitled:

An Act regulating the appraisement and payment for animals destroyed in eradicating or preventing the spread of the foot and mouth disease, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 840, entitled:

An Act providing for the sale, distribution and use for the promotion of biological science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery of unclaimed animals in the public pounds and providing penalties for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 841, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry; requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers; and providing penalties for violations thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 842, entitled:

An Act authorzing Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 843, entitled:

An Act authorizing joint purchase, maintenance and use of fire apparatus and equipment by second class townships.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 844, entitled:

An Act to permit foreign corporations organized for certain purposes to purchase, acquire and hold lands and real estate within this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 845, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Buiding and Loan Associations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 846, entitled:

An Act relating to trust funds and property, surety bonds given to secure the same, and payment of premiums thereon and the discharge of sureties thereunder.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 847, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 848, entitled:

An Act to amend the second and third sections of Article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their corporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission, and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act of June 19, 1911, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the 31st day of May, 1907, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the 4th day of June, 1883, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the 17th article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved 24th day of May, A. D. 1907; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section 34 of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, 1874, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved the 26th day of July, 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 849, entitled:

An Act to amend sub-section (d) of section one of article three of an act, entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the power and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration, relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and terminations by the Courts of Common Pleas; and giving the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injuctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violaton of the orders of said Commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the 19th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the 31st day of May, 1907, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the 4th day of June, 1883, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the 17th article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals," and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations, or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars ,and fixing the free time that should be allowed for unloading cars," approved 24th day of May, A. D. 1907; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entiled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April 1874, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved July 26th, 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 850, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the 29th day of March, 1899, entitled "An Act to establish a board for the examination of accountants, to provide for the granting of certificates to accountants, and to provide a punishment for the violation of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 851, entitled:

An Act providing that obligations heretofore issued, or which may hereafter be issued by any municipality, other than Philadelphia, to provide for the construction or acquisition of water-works, subways, underground or street railways, or the appurtenances thereof, shall not under the conditions herein provided, be considered as a debt of a municipality within the meaning of an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing or limiting the incurriing of debt or indebtedness or the increase of debt or indebtedness of any municipality, and conferring upon municipalities the powers provided for in section 15 article 9 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania being an amendment to the Constitution adopted in 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 852, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 853, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SENSENICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 854, entitled:

An Act regulating the election of coroners and the appointment of deputy coroners in certain counties

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 855, entitled:

An Act to amend section seventeen of an act approved the 17th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes, and, in cities coextensive with counties, for city and county purposes; imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property; providing for the assessment and collection of the same; providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith; and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes," by fixing the classes of cities whose script, bonds and certificates of indebtedness are taxable.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. MOORE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 856, entitled:

An Act relating to Teachers' Institutes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. HILTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 857, entitled:

An Act to provide for just compensation to the Commonwealth and to persons and corporations for loss or damage to property by fire proximately caused by the operation of locomotive engines on railroads in this State by making railroad corporations responsible for all such loss and damage irrespective of the existence or nonexistence of negligence on their part, in causes where such fires arise within one hundred feet of the railroads or rights of way owned or operated by such corporatons, outside of the territorial limits of cities and boroughs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 858, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three, eight and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of court of record; providing for non-partisan nominations and elections of said offices; abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or poltical names of appellations at elections with respect to said offices; imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, county commissioners and election officers and clerks, and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof, and the punishment of certain offenses," approved the 24th day of July A. D. 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 490.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 490, on page 2 of the calendar of Wednesday, March 31, 1915, entitled:

An Act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth providing for their establishment maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts and providing that all library property and all gifts devises grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation and providing that the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts may levy taxes condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violation of libary regulations and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects

was defeated on Final Passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I voted "No."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I voted "No."

The PRESIDENT. More than five days having elapsed since this bill was defeated, this motion to reconsider requires unanimous consent, it being the suspension of a rule. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 847, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 838, entitled:

An Act to repeal the first, third and fourth sections of an act entitled "An Act to regulate places of public amusement in cities of the first class," approved the 22nd day of May, 1879.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 285, as follows:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That J. P. Swearingen of Green township Beaver county Pennsylvania in his own right and in the right of his minor son James Edgar Swearingen is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against this Commonwealth for any sum or sums of money that may be legally due the said J. P. Swearingen in his own right and in the right of said minor son from this Commonwealth as damages for personal injuries sustained by the said James Edgar Swearingen upon a State highway through the negligence of certain officers and employes of this Commonwealth This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment.

The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And said amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 401, as follows:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling formerly Louis J. Bergdoll and George F. Pawling doing business as Bergdoll and Pawling is authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due the said George F. Pawling is his own right or as successor to Bergdoll and Pawling arising out of a contract for the erection of a sun parlor for the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment.

The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And said amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 469, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as amended by providing for the placing of footwalks curb parking space shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in the said streets lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the eighth section of an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one which as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending section eight of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved May sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one extending the provisions of said act to the grading paving curbing macadamizing or improvement of parts of streets or alleys" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine reads as follows

"Section 8 Every municipal corporation shall have power to lay out establish or re-establish grades of streets and alleys or parts thereof and to construct bridges piers and abutments therefor and sewers and drains in any street or alley or through or on or over private property Every municipal corporation shall also have power upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting on the line of the proposed improvement to be verified by affidavit of one or more parties to said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purposes of petition) to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve any public street or public alley or part thereof within its corporate limits or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in first section of this act who shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewer grading paving curbing macadamizing or other improvement of each street or alley or part thereof within its corporate limits upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the municipal corporation and the proceedings of said viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in this act for viewers and report of viewers in cases of property taken injured or destroyed" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 Every municipal corporation shall have the power to lay out establish or re-establish grades of streets and alleys or parts thereof and to construct bridges piers and abutments therefor and sewers and drains in any street or alley or through or on or over private property Every municipal corporation shall also have power upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting the line of the proposed improvement to be verified by affidavit of one or more parties to said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purposes of petition) to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve any public street or public alley or part thereof within its corporate limits or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof And also including the improvement of any street road lane or alley and any sections or parts thereof in length in the space between the curb gutter or actual carriage way line and the property line either by an original work or improvement thereon or by a change repair renewal or alteration in the said highway space by the spacing and constructing of a footwalk curb parking space or shade trees or by changing altering renewing replanting pruning or otherwise improving the same in any or all of said particulars On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in the first section of this act who shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewer or grading paving curbing macadamizing footwalks parking pruning or tree planting or changing altering renewing replanting pruning or other improvement of each street or alley or part thereof within its corporate limits upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the municipal corporation and the proceedings of said viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in this act for viewers and reports of viewers in cases of property taken injured or destroyed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
Mills,
Moore,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Jenkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed consideration of Senate Bill No. 574, as follows:

An Act to amend rule eighteen of the General Rules in article twenty-five of the act of June nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six) entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That rule eighteen of the General Rules of article twenty-five of the act of June nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six) entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" which rule reads as follows

"Rule Eighteen In the cutting of clay veins spars or faults entries or other narrow workings going into the solid coal in mines wherein explosive gas is generated in dangerous quantities a bore hole shall be kept not less than three feet in advance of the face of the work or three feet in advance of any shot hole drilled for a blast to be fired in" be and hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Rule Eighteen In the cutting of clay veins spars or faults in entries or other narrow workings going into the solid coal in mines wherein explosive gas is generated in dangerous quantities a bore hole shall be kept not less than three feet in advance of the face of the work or three feet in advance of any shot hole drilled for a blast to be fired in

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,

Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 272, as follows:

An Act creating a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection and defining the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania excepting the cities of the first class providing for the appointment of a chief inspector an assistant chief inspector and as many elevator inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act and providing salaries for the same Providing laws for the protection of the public elevator operators and attendants Empowering the chief of said bureau to make alter amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto And providing a penalty for the violation of any provision or provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of said bureau

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby established a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection The head of the Bureau shall be a chief inspector who shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the consent of the Senate and who shall hold office for the term of four years from the date of his appointment and who shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000) He shall appoint and may at pleasure remove any employe of the Bureau of Elevator Inspection

Section 2 The chief of the bureau shall forthwith appoint upon entering upon the duties of his office an assistant chief inspector who shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars ($3,000) a year and who shall during the absence or disability of the chief of the bureau possess all the powers and perform all the duties of the chief except the power to make appointments and who in addition to his duties prescribed by this act shall perform such other duties and possess such other power as the chief of the bureau shall prescribe

Section 3 The chief of the bureau shall appoint one computer at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800) per year eighteen elevator inspectors at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars each ($1,500) per year two tank inspectors at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) each per year a chief clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) per year three clerks at a salary of eleven hundred ($1,100 dollars each per year a stenographer at a salary of one thousand ($1,000) dollars per year and a messenger at a salary of nine hundred ($900) dollars per year

The inspectors under this act must be competent and practical elevator mechanics having had practical experience in elevator-mechanism and all other employes appointed hereunder shall have such special qualifications as may be required for the proper inspection of passenger and freight elevators

Whenever the chief of the bureau of inspection shall deem it necessary for the safety of the public he shall have the power to order the discontinuance of the use of any passenger or freight elevator and to compel the owner lessee or agent of the building within which such elevator is located or any other person responsible for the running of the same to make such alterations or repair as he may deem necessary for the safety of persons and property using or carried upon said elevator before the same is again put in use

The chief of the bureau of inspection shall also have the power to condemn any mechanical part or appliance connected with any passenger or freight elevator if the same in his judgment is dangerous or unreliable and whenever any such part or appliance has been condemned it shall be removed and the elevator made safe to the satisfaction of the chief of said bureau before again put in operation

Whenever any elevator shall be in need of repairs in any respect pertaining to the operation of the same or any of the apparatus or machinery connected with an elevator shall become impaired necessitating the temporary disuse of the elevator or any accident shall occur in an elevator or elevator shaftway affecting life or limb it shall be necessary for the owner lessee or agent of the building in which the said elevator is located or other person under whose control and management the said elevator is operated to notify the chief of the bureau of inspection of such impairment disuse or accident

No elevator shall be operated without having displayed therein a certificate of inspection from the State Bureau of Elevator Inspection stating the carrying capacity of the elevator whether freight or passenger No person shall at any time operate an elevator unless he is over the age of eighteen (18) years and if in the judgment of the chief of the bureau of inspection any person running an elevator shall be deemed incompetent so to do the person firm or corporation having control of said elevator shall at once remove such incompetent person and replace him by duly licensed operator No elevator either passenger or freight shall be operated without an attendant if in the judgment of the chief of the bureau of inspection the character of the business or construction or location of the elevator warrants the same

Any person firm or coporation operating an elevator without having a certificate as herein provided or who shall violate any provision of this act shall be subject to a penalty of fifty ($50) dollars for each and every such violation and the said penalty shall be collected as debts are by law collectible

All elevator shafts shall conform to the requirements of section four of the Act of Assembly of April twenty-five nineteen hundred and three

No elevator shall be erected re-erected or altered and no enclosures built or interlock or other safety appliances installed without first having obtained a permit from the Bureau of Inspection

The applicant for a permit to erect an elevator must submit a plan of the whole ground floor of the building showing proposed location of the shaftway and drawings of the elevator and also an elevation of shaftway the said plans and drawing to be filed as a part of the records of the bureau

No permit shall be issued to erect an elevator or sling hoist in any thoroughfare where it is necessary to pass through the shaftway or under the elevator whether inside or outside of the building

No permit shall be issued allowing power to be applied to any back guide elevator or roller hoist

No wooden hoist drum shall be allowed

Whenever any back guide elevator shall be in need of extensive repairs it shall be condemned and replaced with a guide post car or the hatchway must be closed but if the shaftway occupies a thoroughfare the location of the same must be changed except in extreme cases where in the judgment of the bureau such change is practically impossible This clause does not apply to a carriage elevator

All elevators must be so located as to give easy and safe access to all principal parts for inspection adjustment and repair

No pressure tank shall have less strength than a factor of safety of four (4) and no other part affected by this load shall have less strength than a factor of safety of four (4) for freight five (5) for passenger and six (6) for all drum shafts and overhead supports

No power driven elevator shall have less than two (2) main hoisting cables and all cables must be attached to a substantial and effective equalizing bar with means for adjustment

The maximum load on hoist cables must not be greater than one-sixth (1-6) of the ultimate strength for passenger elevators and one fifth (1-5) for freight the basis of computation being Standard Swedes iron hoisting cable

All sheaves and drums for hoist and counterweight cables must conform to the standards of the Bureau of Inspection

No elevator car shall be suspended by any kind of cable other than metallic

Every passenger elevator car hereafter constructed must have its frame built of metal and no inferior material of any kind shall be allowed to enter into the construction of any elevator

Every guide post elevator car must be provided with safety clutches that will prevent the car from falling in case of broken cables or broken or deranged machinery

Every passenger elevator now in operation or that shall be hereafter installed shall be provided with speed governor in connection with a gradually applied safety

Every freight elevator having a car speed of over fifty (50) feet per minute shall be provided with a governor working in connection with gradually applied safety

Every freight elevator having a car speed of less than fifty (50) feet per minute must be provided with speed governor which may work in connection with an instantaneous safety

All elevators must be tested with a maximum load

All wooden guide posts must be provided with independent guide straps

All elevators carrying more persons that the regular attendant and designated assistants not to exceed three in number shall be classed as passenger elevators and are subject to all the requirements of passenger service

Every power driven elevator must be automatic terminal stops other than those required on the controlling mechanism

Every power driven drum hoist elevator must have a slack cable controller shifter

All brakes operated by a check line must be so arranged as to be applied automatically if the check line should break and all electric brakes must be applied by breaking the current

All passenger elevators must be equipped with mechanical interlocks and all interlocking mechanism must conform to the requirements of the Bureau

Where any interlock already installed is found to be unreliable or does not conform to the requirements of the bureau it shall be condemned and be replaced within a reasonable time by an approved interlock

Requirements for Elevator Locking Device

a The device must prevent the doors of the landing being opened either from inside or outside except when the car is within three inches of such landing

b The device must prevent the opening of the landing door either from outside or inside when the car is at the landing until after the controlling mechanism of the car has been set in position to stop the car

c The opening of the landing door when a car is at a floor must immediately lock the controlling mechanism in the stop position and the devices must prevent the starting of the car up or down until the landing door has been again closed and locked

d The locking device electrical or mechanical shall be such as will hold immovable and secure the carriage used in such elevator while any gate door or doors at the landing that are used for entrance thereto or exit therefrom are open and unsecured

e The device must be so arranged that the car can run from top to bottom without touching any of the mechanism at the landing unless it is desired to stop at a floor

f The device electrical or mechanical shall be such as to place the power of controlling the elevator beyond the control of the attendant while any gate door or doors on the landing leading to the carriage is open and unsecured

g The device must prevent the car leaving the landing from any cause whatever while the door of the enclosure is open

h No interlocker mechanism shall so affect the controller of any elevator as to reduce the valve lap to less than one-third (1-3) of its total amount

All automatic door opening and closing devices must be independent of the interlocking device

No pilot valve shall be installed or allowed to remain in service that cannot be controlled by an interlock within the limits of two-thirds (2-3) of its total lap

Any pilot valves now in use if in the judgment of the inspectors and the chief of the bureau of inspection are considered a source of danger shall be condemned and removed

Every hydraulic elevator shall have an independent exhaust pipe from the controlling valve of the discharge tank and no two cylinders shall be allowed to discharge through the same pipe unless provided with checks

The shaftways of all passenger and freight elevators hereafter constructed must be enclosed below the first floor with either fire-proof or slow burning construction All windows opening into elevator shafts are to be guarded with screens or bars

All hand power elevators in which the platform travels more than one story shall be equipped with a speed governor

If the shaftway of any passenger elevator is so located or the motive power is so limited in range as to make a basement air pit impracticable the air pit must be constructed above the first floor

The pit of every elevator shaftway must be kept clean and dry at all times Stop or resting blocks shall not be allowed at the bottom of shaftway

At the top of the shaft and under the suspension sheaves and beams of every power driven elevator there shall be built a substantial working platform or grating the said platform or grating to be of such a character as to prevent tools or other dangerous weights from falling through and down the shaftway

No explosives inflammable or suffocating material whether solid liquid or gaseous or any pipe for conveying the same shall be stored or kept under any elevator shaftway

No elevator shaftway shall be used for the storage of any material or the running of any rope wire or pipe except for the use of the elevator itself

All elevators used for carrying passengers must have their hatchways surrounded by substantial vertical enclosures the same to be made flush with the hatchway and continuous from door to ceiling on every open side of the car and on every floor except the top where a height of six feet six inches is sufficient On every other side of the car the enclosures must be at least six feet six inches in height All enclosures doors must be made to slide except in extreme cases where necessity compels the adoption of some other movable enclosures but in all cases this enclosure door must be of such a character as to be controlled by an interlock All grill work enclosures must be substantially braced and be kept in through repair Wherever an elevator shaftway has been constructed as not to admit of a mechanical interlock on the basement door the said door must be so constructed as to close and lock automatically when the car leaves

EVERY PASSENGER ELEVATOR MUST BE PROVIDED WITH AN INSIDE SLIDING DOOR

Whenever the car of a passenger elevator has more than one doorway every doorway must be provided with an inside sliding door and the doors must be so arranged and connected that the opening of any one door mechanically closes all the other doors

Every freight elevator shall have its hatchway surrounded by vertical enclosures and gates The fixed enclosures to be not less than six (6) feet in height and the gates to be as near six (6) feet in height as the condition will warrant Wooden gates must be made of vertical strip with spaces not wider than two (2) inches All gates must be self-closing and also fitted with device to prevent them being raised until the platform is at the floor landing and whenever practicable they must be made to slide vertically Full automatic gates wherever found will be condemned and must be replaced within a reasonable time by gates approved by the bureau

All enclosures must be made flush with hatchways on every open side of the car and whenever window recesses occur in the shaftway the same must be covered by a substantial grille or screen Where it is necessary to place a lifting gate on any elevator car the said gate must be so hung and balanced as to close automatically when the car leaves the landing

Whenever in the judgment of the bureau the construction of the building or the nature of the business is such that the standard vertical enclosures are impracticable they may adopt such safeguards as will afford the best protection Fire doors on the floor side of brick shaftways are not deemed sufficient protection and self-closing vertical gates shall be required in addition

Every elevator occupying a thoroughfare that cannot be guarded by vertical enclosures must be provided with a loud ringing gong that will ring continuously or at close intervals while the car is descending through the thoroughfare

Every power driven freight elevator must be provided with a signal bell that can be operated from every floor and the controlling device must be provided with some form of lock that will enable the attendant to hold the car immovable while loading and unloading All freight elevators not in the care of a regular attendant must have signs posted on every floor prohibiting all persons from riding on the car

Every sidewalk elevator must be protected at the street level by a removable railing of such construction that the controlling mechanism of the said elevator will be locked and held immovable until the railing is in place

Every sidewalk elevator must be protected by a substantial guard that will open the sidewalk doors far enough in advance of the car to prevent crushing a person between the car platform and the sidewalk doors

Where any freight elevator shall have flush enclosures but not self closing gates the owner agent or lessee may provide all the shaftway doors with substantial safe inside locks and put the car in charge of a regularly authorized operator otherwise the shaftway must be provided with approved self-closing gates

The bureau of inspection shall have the power to demand a regularly licensed operator on any elevator when in the judgment of the bureau the safety of the public requires the elevator to be placed under such control Should the owner agent or lessee refuse to comply with the same demand the elevator shall be locked up

All elevators counterweights must be hung in guides and the foot of the guideway must be so protected as to prevent any person from being injured by the descending weights

All counterweights must have their component parts so fastened together as to prevent any piece or pieces from becoming detached from the guides should the counterweight be accidentally drawn to the top of the shaft with the usual velocity

Counterweights of plunger elevators must be connected direct to plunger

All hydraulic elevators must have their valve chambers and cylinders provided with means for preventing the accumulation of air

If any accident shall occur to any elevator affecting life or limb or in any way impairing the strength or efficiency of said elevator it shall be the duty of the engineer in charge of the building or in the absence of the engineer the superintendent to immediately notify the chief of the bureau of such accident The chief of the burau shall cause auy such accident to be promptly investigated

The owner agent or lessee of a building will be held responsible for the failure of the engineer or superintendent to properly report any elevator accident in said building or for any negligence on the part of said engineer or superintendent affecting the safety of any elevator under his control

The builder of any elevator will be held responsible for the proper construction of the said elevator in all its parts and for the execution of all rules and regulations of the bureau regarding elevator construction

If the owner agent or lessee of any building shall receive a written notice from the bureau that any passenger elevator under his control is in an unsafe condition and shall continue to operate the said elevators ignoring the requirements of the bureau the chief of the bureau shall after the lapse of two days from the date of notice have the power to post a written notice at the elevator entrance stating that the said elevator is in an unsafe condition and said notice shall not be removed until so ordered by the chief of the bureau

All power driven elevators must be inspected at least once every six months after first inspection All hand hoist elevators must be re-inspected at least once in twelve months after first inspection

Pressure tanks must be inspected as often as in the judgment of the bureau their condition may require

Certificates of inspection shall be in force one year from date of issue unless in the judgment of the bureau any elevator is found to be in an unsafe condition In such cases the certificate shall be removed and the elevator put out of service until it is put in safe running condition

The elevator inspectors with the concurrence of the chief of the bureau may require safety appliances in addition to those before mentioned when in their judgment the same may be necessary to better provide for the safety of the public

The inspection of elevators shall be conducted during business hours (eight ante meridian to five post meridian) and with a little interruption to the business of the establishment as possible The inspection of pressure tanks need not be conducted during business hours

The owners and tenants of buildings in which elevators are located their agents and employes shall be required to admit elevator inspectors at all times and with as little delay as possible and to give every facility for the prompt execution of all inspections

Every elevator shall be regularly inspected by the bureau of inspection regardless of any other inspection and no insurance or casualty company's certificate will be accepted in lieu of a certificate from the State Bureau of Elevator Inspection

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Thompson,
Tompkins,

NAYS—2.

Snyder, P. W., Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 286, entitled:

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties with half pay under certain conditions during the remainder of their lives except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend Section 1, in line 12, by inserting after the word "life" the words "or during the continuance of such disability or incapacity."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner, a resident of Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, either in law or equity, in the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by, and paid by him to the treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable; together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—2.

Snyder, P. W., Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 410 (House Bill No. 246), as follows:

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each city of the second class shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years service in said city excepting employes of the Bureaus of Police Fire and Electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus No employe under the age of fifty-five shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled Provided however an employe who has served twenty years and is less than fifty-five years of age when retiring from the service shall be entitled to a pension when such employe attains the age of fifty-five

Section 2 Each city of the second class shall set aside and appropriate a sum not less than one-half of one per centum nor more than one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries or wages each succeeding month until they retire on pensions when such contributions shall cease

Section 4 The monthly pension allowed shall be one-half of the average monthly salary or wage received during the two years previous to retirement Provided however the pension shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month

Section 5 Each city of the second class shall determine the method by which the payment of pensions shall be made

Section 6 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul.
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Wasbers,

NAYS—12.

Beidleman,
DeWitt,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Martin,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

The ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, (Mr. W. C. Sproul) in the Chair.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 416 (House Bill No. 49), on third reading, entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 450 (House Bill No. 611), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend Section 1, in line 57, by striking out the words "a janitor" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "in addition to the foregoing fund an employees';" also in line 75, by striking out the word "janitors" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "employees;" also in line 77, by striking out the word "janitor" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "employees;" also in line 85 by striking out the word "janitor" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "employee"; also in line 93 by striking out the word "janitor" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "employees."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 454, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McKee. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 460, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the Governor of Pennsylvania shall have authority through proclamation to close for a period not to exceed one season at one time any county or counties or any section of any county of this Commonwealth to either hunting or fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing because of excessive drought and consequent danger from forest fires low water and the presence of contagious or infectious diseases when such action may be necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

Section 2 Each and every person wilfully violating any provision of such proclamation shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be liable to a penalty of not less than twenty-five dollars or more than one hundred dollars or to imprisonment or not more than one year both or either as in the opinion of the court hearing the case may appear necessary

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
Miller,
Moore,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,

NAYS—5.

Beidleman,
Kurtz,
Martin,
Schantz,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affiramtive.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 566, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing for the regulation and control of the sanitary conditions surrounding the propagation handling storage and serving of food in hotels, restaurants and dining cars; defining hotels, restaurants and dining cars; imposing certain duties upon the Dairy and Food Commissioner in reference to this act, and providing penalties for the violation of the same.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Senator from Lebanon, Mr. Gerberich?

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Lebanon, Mr. Gerberich, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I will

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Senator from Lebanon, if this bill No. 566, is not almost impossible of proper working by those engaged in the hotel and restaurant business? It seems to me from the reading of the bill that probably you will have to screen everything that you are cooking in a hotel.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, the bill simply refers to cleanliness. I would like to see it pass for the benefit of the public health.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—21.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Magee, C. J.,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Thompson.

NAYS—18.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Martin,
McConnell
McKee W. S.,
Mills,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 571, entitled:

An Act authorizing county controllers in counties containing a population of from one hundred fifty thousand to two hundred sixty thousand to designate and appoint a solicitor prescribing the duties of the said solicitor and fixing his term of office and salary to be paid by the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 580 (House Bill No. 459), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for a hearing.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 590 (House Bill No. 331), as follows:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That counties having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein shall create a pension fund for the pensioning of employes in the manner under the conditions nad subject to the qualifications following

Section 2 In every county above designated there shall be created a board to be known as the pension board consisting of the treasurer and controller of each county and the mayor of each city therein whose duty it shall be to register all persons employed by the said county and city or cities and to administer the collection and distribution of the funds provided for and to do such acts and make such reasonable rules in the premises as they deem necessary to effectually carry into effect the provisions of this act

Section 3 Every person now or hereafter employed by the counties and cities herein designated of the age of fifty years and upwards who shall have been employed by any county and city or cities aforesaid for a period of twenty years or more shall upon application to the board of pensions herein created be retired from service and shall during the remainder of his or her life receive the pension or compensation fixed by this act subject to such qualifications as are herein contained

Section 4 During the lifetime of the said person he or she shall be entitled to receive as a pension annually from the fund set aside for that purpose fifty per centum of the amount which would constitute the average annual salary or wages which he or she received during the last five years of his or her employment by the said city and county said pension to be paid in monthly payments Should any person so employed after twenty years of service be dismissed voluntarily retire or be in any manner deprived of his position or employment before attaining the age of fifty years upon continuing a monthly payment to the fund equal to the last amount due and paid monthly while in active service said person shall be entitled to the pension above mentioned notwithstanding he or she has not attained the age of fifty years but said pension shall not commence until he or she has attained the age of fifty years Should any employe however become totally and permanently disabled after twenty years of service and before attaining the age of fifty years he or she shall be entitled to the said pension Proof of total and permanent disability shall consist of the sworn statement of three practicing physicians designated by the board that the employe is not in a condition of health to perform the duties of his or her position or office

Section 5 Employes of counties and cities herein mentioned shall after the passage of this act pay unto the board of pensions monthly an amount equal to two per centum of their monthly salaries or wages which shall be applied to the purposes of this act Payment of the monthly amount or contribution herein mentioned shall cease and be discontinued at the time the beneficiary is entitled to receive the pension herein provided

Section 6 Should any person holding position under the counties and cities herein mentioned be paid a per diem wage he or she shall not be compelled to pay or contribute toward the pension fund herein provided for but shall have the option or choice of so doing and in that event only of becoming entitled to the pension provided by this act

Section 7 The heads of every department and office shall certify to the board of pensions all persons employed and the amount of salary or wages which is paid to said employe together with dismisals resignations changes or terminations of services and from the records of their office or department furnish such information as the board of pensions shall require

Section 8 It shall be the duty of the board of pensions to receive and retain and when deemed advisable to invest the funds payable in accordance with the provisions of this act and to pay over by warrant or check the amount due to said employes

Section 9 The authorities of the counties and city or cities herein designated charged with the disbursements expenditures and appropriations shall annually set aside apportion and appropriate out of all taxes and income of the said counties and city or cities unto the board of pensions a sum sufficient to maintain the pensions or compensations due under this act Where there is more than one city in the counties designated each city shall appropriate a sum equal to its share or portion of the whole amount required

Section 10 The benefits conferred by this act shall apply to all persons employed in any capacity by or holding positions in the counties of the State included in its provisions and the city or cities therein Provided that this act shall not apply to employes of such departments bureaus or offices as are now protected by pension authorized by the laws of this State and in force at the time of the passage of this act

Section 11 The time of service herein specified namely twenty years shall be computed from the time of the first or original employment said employment to consist of service either to a city or county or both and need not be continuous No pensions shall be paid however until after January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 12 The compensation or pension herein mentioned shall not be subject to attachment or execution shall be payable only to the beneficiary designated in this act and shall not be subject to assignment or transfer

Section 13 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 2, in line 4, by adding after the word "therein" the following: "And two employes of the county, and two employes of each city therein to be chosen by the employes of said county and city, respectively, each year"; also in section 3, line 2, by adding after the word "fifty" the word "five"; also in section 4, in line 10, by adding after the word "fifty" the word "five"; also in line 15, by adding after the word "fifty" the word "five"; also in line 17, by adding after the word "fifty" the word "five"; also in section 5, in line 7, by striking out the words "is entitled to"; also in line 7, by striking out the word "receive" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "receives"; also in line 7, by adding after the word "provided" the following: "If for any cause an employe contributing to the pension fund shall cease to be an employe of any of the counties herein mentioned or of the city or cities therein, before said employe becomes entitled to the pensions conferred by this act, the total amount of the contributions paid into the pension fund by such employe shall be refunded to him in full without interest, Provided, however, if any such employe shall have had returned to him or her the amount contributed as aforesaid and shall afterward reenter the employ of any such county or city herein designated said employe shall not be entitled to the pension designated until twenty years after the said re-employment unless he or she shall return to the pension fund the amount withdrawn, in which event the period of twenty years shall be computed from the time said employe first entered the service of said county or city. In the event of the death of any such employe before said employe becomes entitled to the pension aforesaid the said total amount of contribution aforesaid shall be paid over to the estate of said deceased employe.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 599 (House No. 727), entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 675 (House No. 852), entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 687, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May, 1909, entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth, declaring which are game-fish, which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid."

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 690, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved the 12th day of April, A. D. 1905, entitled "An Act providing for the erection and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county seat of Allegheny County, in honor of the soldiers, sailors and marines from that county who served in the Army and Navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion; authorizing and directing the commisisoners of said Allegheny County to erect and maintain said memorial hall, upon petition of fifty citizens, approved by two successive grand juries, the court of quarter sessions, and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county; at a general election; designating a committee to determine what relics, records, etc., shall be placed in said memorial hall, and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States;" by extending its provisions so that societies resulting from war with Spain, Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition may have rooms in said memorial hall to meet in and making the members of said societies eligible to membership on the supervisory board.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title in line 6, by striking out the word "army" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Army"; also in line 6, by striking out the word "navy" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Navy"; also in line 13, by striking out the words "et cetera" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "etc"; also in section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "army" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Army"; also in line 9, by striking out the word "navy" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Navy"; also in line 15, by striking out the words "et cetera" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "etc"; also in line 20, by striking out the word "army" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Army"; also in line 20, by striking out the word "navy" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Navy"; also in line 40, by striking out the word "bust" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "busts."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 2, in line 159, by striking out the word "seventeen" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sixteen."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 707 (House No. 961), entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I would like to call the attention to the Senators to what this bill is and what it reads like. If they listen I do not believe they will vote for it. It reads as follows:

That where a fire originates on the premises occupied by any person firm or corporation as a result of his or its criminal intent design or willful negligence or where said person firm or corporation has failed to comply with any law or ordinance of said cities or any lawful regulation or requirement of any State or municipal authority enacted or made for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof such person firm or corporation shall in addition to the present penalties for the punishment of persons convicted of arson or the payment of any fine or penalty for the violation of any law ordinance or lawful regulation or requirement of any State or municipal authority enacted or made for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof be liable in a civil action.

Now, what this means is if there were an ordinance of council say, for instance, that a corporation should have three fire buckets in their place and one happened to have two and a fire would break out in the place they would be civilly liable to the community for whatever the costs and expenses of that fire might be. I do not believe after considering it, anybody wants to vote for a bill like that. I just happened to see it, I am not interested in it. It seems like an unfair measure.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I want to call attention to the fact that in the title of this act it limits the scope of it to cities of the second class and in the body of the act there is no mention of cities of the second class. It seems to me that would make the act unconstitutional because the title would be inconsitent with the act itself, I, therefore, move that Senate Bill No. 707 (House Bill No. 961), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 714, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale furnishing giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium morphine heroin codeine or any salts derivatives or compounds thereof and providing penalties

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 732, entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game-fish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen more clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to redeem outstanding bonds and for that purpose issue and sell new interest bearing bonds and to provide a fund for the redemption thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith. W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No. 582), on third reading postponed for the present, on page 7 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No 582), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 136, as follows:

An Act to provide for a State association of county controllers and deputy county controllers and for the meetings thereof and providing for the payment by the counties of the expenses thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That county controllers and deputy county controllers may form a State association of county controllers and may hold meetings thereof for the purpose of discussing the various questions which arise in the discharge of their duties and for such other purposes as will conduce to greater efficiency in their respective offices

Section 2 This association shall meet at the same time and place as the State association of county commissioners and may meet in joint session with them if mutually agreed upon It shall however have a separate session on at least one day of the annual meeting

Section 3 Each controller or deputy controller shall be allowed his expenses actually and necessarily incurred in going to attending and returning from the annual meeting of the association The time spent in attending the meeting exclusive of the time employed in traveling shall not exceed four days These expenses shall be paid by the respective county The expenses of the annual meeting of the association including printing committee expenses and stenographers shall be paid by the counties represented but shall not exceed ten dollars per annum for each county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 331 (House Bill No. 182), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contracts for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 355 (House Bill No. 139), entitled:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

An said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 614, as follows:

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person committed by an alderman magistrate or justice of the peace to a county prison or city or borough or township lockup in default of payment of a fine and costs may pay such fine and costs to the warden or keeper of such prison or lockup and upon such payment shall be released

Section 2 The warden or keeper receiving such fine and costs shall forthwith pay the same to the alderman magistrate or justice who committed the prisoner to the prison or lockup

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 633, as follows:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to hospitals

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners of any county may appropriate moneys for the support of any hospital located within or without the limits of such county which is engaged in charitable work and extends treatment and medical attention to residents of such county

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 653, entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met by virtue of the power vested in it by section eleven of article first of the Constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county for any sum or sums of money that may be legally due either jointly or severally the said E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife by reason of an accident which occurred on the State highway leading from Millersburg to Halifax in Dauphin county Pennsylvania on the first day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Said suit or suits to be subject to the rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court are subject

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 17 by striking out the words "Said suit or suits to be subject to the rules of pleading, evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court are subject" and inserting in lieu thereof the following. "This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individual. The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in said suit hereby authorized."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 654, entitled:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

The first section of the Bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met by virtue of the power vested in it by section eleven of article first of the Constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county for any sum or sums of moneys that may be legally due either jointly or severally the said O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife by reason of an accident which occurred on the State highway leading from Millersburg to Halifax in Dauphin county Pennsylvania on the first day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Said suit or suits to be subject to the rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court are subject

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN, I move to amend section 1 in line 17 by striking out the words "Said suit or suits to be subject to the rules of pleading, evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court are subject" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals. The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in said suit hereby authorized."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows, and agreed to:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 677 (House Bill No. 900), entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 721 (House Bill No. 153), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Live stock Sanitary Board incidental thereto

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 721, House Bill No. 153, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 795, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudevlle acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party wall in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine which reads as follows

Section 49 Every building hereafter erected or altered to be used as a theatre opera house or other building intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed shall be built to comply with the requirements of this section but all theatres or places of amusement now existing may be altered providing such alteration does not amount to a virtual reconstruction thereof so as to make it a new building No building which at the time of the passage of this act is not in actual use for theatrical or operatic purposes and no building hereafter erected not in conformity with the requirements of this section shall be used for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed until the same shall have been made to conform to the requirements of this section and no building hereinbefore described shall be opened to the public for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainment of any kind where stage scenery or apparatus are employed until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire respectively shall have approved the same in writing as conforming to the requirements of this section and the mayors of the said cities shall refuse to issue any license for any such building and shall close the same and prevent its opening until a certificate in writing of such approval shall have been given by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire respestively Every such building shall have at least one front on the street which front shall be as wide as the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall and in such front there shall be suitable means of entrance and exit for the audience unless there shall also be a way or passage leading directly from the auditorium to another street in which case the means of entrance and exit by such way or passage shall be taken into consideration to such extent as they shall furnish entrances and exits and if they shall be of sufficient width to meet the requirements of this act there need be no means of entrance or exit in front saving by the side courts hereafter stipulated for Any building located on a street having a width thereon as wide as the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall shall be considered as having a front on said street within the meaning of this act if in addition thereto there shall be a way or passage leading from said theatre to another street which way or passage shall be of a width not less than one-third of the width of the widest part of said auditorium or assembly hall In addition to the aforesaid entrances and exists on the street there shall be reserved for service in case of an emergency an open court or space on the side not bordering on the street where said building is located on a corner lot and on both sides of said building where there is but one frontage on the street The width of such open court or courts shall not be less than seven feet where the seating capacity is not over one thousand people above one thousand nor more than eighteen hundred people eight feet in width and above eighteen hundred people ten feet in width Said open court or courts if there be not in addition to the front as aforesaid on one street a way or passage of the width aforesaid leading into another street shall begin on a line with or near the proscenium wall and shall extend the length of the auditorium proper to or near the wall separating the same from the entrance lobby or vestibule and the said open court or a separate and distinct corridor from each open court shall continue to the street through such superstructure as may be built on the street side of the auditorium with continuous walls of brick or fireproof materials on each side of the entire length of said corridor or corridors and the ceilings and floors shall be fireproof If there be in addition to the front on a street a way or passage of the width aforesaid leading into another street then it will be sufficient if said open court or courts shall extend along the auditorium on each side thereof to said front on said street on which the theatre shall be located Said corridor or corridors shall not be reduced in width except by the thickness of the outer walls and there shall be no protection in the same the outer openings to be provided with doors or gates opening towards the street During the performance the doors or gates in the corridors shall be kept open by proper fastenings at other times they may be closed and fastened by movable bolts or locks The said open courts and corridors shall not be used for storage purposes or for any purposes whatsoever except for exit and entrance from and to the auditorium and stage and must be kept free and clear during performances The level of said corridors at the front entrance to the building shall not be greater than one step above the level of the sidewalk where they begin at the street entrance and the entrance of the main front of the building shall not be on a higher level from the sidewalk than four steps unless approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection To overcome any difference of level existing between exits from the parquet into courts and the level of the said corridors gradients shall be employed of not over one foot in ten feet with no perpendicular rise From the auditorium opening into the said open courts or on the side street there shall not be less than two exits on each side in each tier form and including the parquet and each and every gallery Each exit shall be at least five feet in width in the clear and provided with doors of iron or wood if of wood the doors shall be constructed as hereinbefore in this bill described All of said doors shall open outwardly and must be fastened with movable bolts the bolts to be kept drawn during the performances There shall be balconies not less than four feet in width in the said open court or courts at each level or tier above the parquet on each side of the auditorium of sufficient length to embrace the two exits and from said balconies there shall be staircases extending to the ground level with a rise of not over eight and one-half inches to a step and not less than nine inches tread exclusive of the nosing the staircase from the upper balcony to the next below shall not be less than thirty inches in width in the clear and from the first balcony to the ground three feet in width in the clear where the seating capacity of the auditorium is for one thousand people or less three feet and six inches in the clear where above one thousand and not more than eighteen hundred people and four feet in the clear when above eighteen hundred people and not more than twenty-five hundred people and not less than four feet six inches in the clear when above twenty-five hundred people All the before mentioned balconies and staircases shall be constructed of iron throughout including the floors and of ample strength to sustain the load to be carried by them and they shall be covered with a metal hood or awning to be constructed as shall be directed by the Inspector of Buildings If the said balconies be carried to and connect with an inclosed tower stairway having its exit directly to the street the open courts or corridors hereinbefore described may have deducted from their width the width of the staircases herein called for Where one side of the building borders on a street there shall be balconies and staircases of like capacity and kind as before mentioned carried to the ground When located on a corner lot that portion of the premises bordering on the side street and not required for the uses of the theatre may if such portion be not more than twenty feet in width be used for offices stores or apartments provided the walls separating this portion of the theatre proper are carried up solidly to through the roof and that a fire-proof exit is provided from the theatre on each tier equal to the combined width of exits opening on opposite sides in each tier communicating with balconies and staircases leading to the street in a manner provided elsewhere in this section Said exit passages shall be entirely cut off by brick walls from said offices stores or apartments and the floors and ceilings in each tier shall be fire-proof Nothing herein contained shall prevent a roof garden art gallery or rooms for similar purposes being placed over a theatre or public building provided the floor of the same forming the roof over such theatre or building shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials and that said floor shall have no covering boards or sleepers of wood but be of tile or cement Every roof over said garden or rooms shall have all supports and rafters of iron or steel and be covered with glass or fire-proof materials or both but no such roof garden art gallery or room for any public purpose shall be placed over or above that portion of any theatre or other building which is used as a stage No workshop storage or general property-room shall be allowed above the auditorium or stage or under the same or in any of the fly galleries All of said rooms or shops may be located in the rear or at the side of the stage but in such cases they shall be separated from the stage by a brick wall and the openings leading into such portions shall have fire-proof doors on each side of the openings hung to iron eyes built into the wall No portion of any building hereafter erected or altered used or intended to be used for theatrical or other purposes as in this section specified shall be used or occupied as a hotel boarding or lodging house factory workshop or manufactory or for storage purposes except as may be hereafter specifically provided for Said restriction relates not only to that portion of the building which contains the auditorium and the stage but applies also to the entire structure in connection therewith No store or room contained in the building or the offices stores or apartments adjoining as aforesaid shall be let or used for carrying on any business dealings in articles designated as specifically hazardous in the classification in the Board of Fire Underwriters or for manufacturing purposes No loading accommodation shall be allowed in any part of the building communicating with the auditorium interior walls built of fire-proof materials shall separate the auditorium from the entrance vestibule and from any room or rooms of the same also from any lobbies corridors refreshment or other rooms All staircases for the use of the audience shall be inclosed with walls of brick or of fire-proof materials approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection in the stories through which they pass and the openings to said staircases from each tier shall be the full width of said staircase A fire wall of brick shall separate the auditorium from the stage and the same shall extend at least four feet above the stage roof or the auditorium roof if the latter be higher and shall be coped Above the proscenium openings there shall be an iron girder covered with fireproof materials to protect it from the heat There shall also be constructed a relieving arch over the same the intervening space being filled in with hard-burnt brick of the full thickness of the proscenium wall Should there be constrtucted an orchestra over the stage above the proscenium opening the said orchestra shall be placed on the auditorium side of the proscenium fire wall and shall be entered only from the auditorium side of said wall The moulded frame around the proscenium opening shall be formed entirely of fire-proof materials if metal be used the metal shall be filled in solid with non-combustible material and securely anchored to the wall with iron The proscenium opening shall be provided with a fire-proof metal curtain or a curtain of asbestos or similar fire-proof material approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection sliding at each end within iron grooves securely fastened to the brick wall and extending into such grooves not less than six inches on each side Said fire-proof curtain shall be raised at the commencement of each performance and lowered at the close of said performance and be operated by approved machinery for that purpose The proscenium curtains shall be placed at least three feet distant opening through the proscenium wall except the curtain opening and not more than two others which shall be located at or below the level of the stage These latter openings shall not exceed twenty-one superficial feet each which shall have doors of iron or wood in each face of the wall if of wood the door shall be lined with tin and securely hung to rabbetted iron frames or rabbets in the brick wall They shall be hung so as to be opened from either side at all times Direct access to these doors shall be provided on both sides and the same shall always be kept free from any incumbrance Iron ladders or stairs securely fixed to the wall on the stage side shall be provided to overcome any difference of level existing between the floor or galleries on the stage side of the fire wall and those on the other side of the auditorium There shall be provided over the stage metal skylights of an area or a combined area of at least one-eighth of the area of the said stage fitted up with sliding sash and glazed with double-thick sheet glass not exceeding one-eighth of an inch thick and each pane thereof measuring not less than three hundred square inches and the whole of which skylights shall be constructed so as to open instantly on the cutting or burning of a hempen cord which shall be arranged to hold said skylights closed or some other equally simple approved device for opening them may be provided There shall be provided immediately under the glass of said skylight a wire netting or the skylight may be glazed with wire-glass All that portion of the stage not comprised in the working of scenery traps and other mechanical apparatus for the presentation of a scene usually equal to the width of the proscenium opening shall be built of iron or steel beams filled in between with fire-proof materials and all girders for the support of said beams shall be wrought-iron or rolled steel The fly-galleries entire including pin rails shall be constructed of iron or steel and the floor of said galleries shall be composed of iron or steel beams filled with fire-proof materials and no wood boards or sleepers shall be used as a covering over beams but the said floors shall be entirely fire-proof The rigging loft shall be fire-proof except the floor covering the same All stages scenery curtains and decorations made of combustible material and all woodwork on or about the stage shall be saturated with some non-combustible material or otherwise rendered safe against fire to the satisfaction of the Bureau of Fire and all such stage scenery shall be raised and lowered without the use of counterweights unless such counterweights are so situated that they operate against the wall and do not overhang the stage The roof over the auditorium and the entire main floor of the auditorium and vestibule also the entire floor of the second story of the front superstruction over the entrance lobby and corridors and all galleries in the auditorium shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials not excluding the use of wooden floor boards and necessary sleepers to fasten the same to but such sleepers shall not mean timbers of support The fronts of each gallery shall be formed of fire-proof materials excepting the capping which may be made of wood The ceiling under each gallery shall be entirely formed of fire-proof material The ceiling of the auditorium shall be formed of fire-proof materials All lathing wherever used shall be of metal The partition in that portion of the building which contains the auditorium the entrance vestibule and every room and passage devoted to the use of the audience shall be constructed of fire-proof materials including the furring of outside of other wall None of the walls or ceiling shall be covered with wood sheathing canvas or any other combustible material but this shall not exclude the use of wood wainscoting to a height not to exceed six feet which shall be filled in solid between the wainscoting and the wall with fire-proof materials The wall separating the actors' dressing rooms from the stage and the partitions of every passageway from the same to the stage and all other partitions on or about the stage shall be contructed of fire-proof material approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection All doors in any of said partitions shall be of iron or of wood constructed as hereinbefore described All the shelving and cupboards in each and every dressing room property-room or other storage-rooms shall be constructed of metal slate or some fire-proof material Dressing rooms may be placed in the fly galleries Provided That proper exits are secured therefrom to the fire escapes in the open courts and that the partitions and other matters pertaining to dressing rooms shall conform to the requirements herein contained but the stairs leading to the same shall be fire-proof All seats in the auditorium excepting those contained in the boxes shall be firmly secured to the floor and no seat in the auditorium shall have more than six seats intervening between it and an aisle on either side and no stool or seats shall be placed in any aisle All platforms in galleries formed to receive the seats shall not be more than twenty-one inches in height of riser nor less than thirty inches in width of platform All aisles on the respective floors in the auditorium having seats on both sides of same shall not be less than three feet wide where they begin and shall be increased in width towards the exits in the ratio of one and one-half inches to five running feet Aisles having seats on one side only shall not be less than two feet wide at their beginning and increasing in width the same as aisles having seats on both sides The aggregate capacity of the foyers lobbies corridors passages and rooms for the use of the audience not including aisle space between seats shall on each floor gallery be sufficient to contain the entire number to be accommodated on said floor or gallery in the ratio of one hundred and fifty superficial feet of floor room for every one hundred persons Gradients or inclined planes shall be employed instead of steps where possible to overcome slight difference of level in or between aisles corridors and passages Every theatre accommodating three hundred persons shall have at least two exits When accommodating five hundred persons at least three exits shall be provided these exits not referring to or including the exits to the open court at the sides of the theatre Doorways of exit or entrance for the use of the public shall not be less than five feet in width and for every additional one hundred persons or portion thereof to be accommodated in excess of five hundred an aggregate of twenty inches additional exit must be allowed These doorways or exit and of entrance may be in the said front altogether or in the case of a theatre having also an exit and entrance directly to and from another street through a way or passage covered or otherwise the width of one-third of that of the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall some of the said doorways may be made therein to such extent as said entrance or passage will accommodate the same All doors of exit or entrance shall open outwardly and be hung to swing in such manner as not to become an obstruction in a passage or corridor and no such doors shall be closed and locked during any representation or when the building is open to the public Distinct and separate places of exit and entrance shall be provided for each gallery above the first A common place of exit and entrance may serve for the main floor of the auditorium and the first gallery provided its capacity be equal to the aggregate capacity of the outlets from the main floor and said gallery No passage leading to any stairway communicating with any entrance or exit shall be less than four feet in width in any part thereof All stairs within the building shall be constructed of fire-proof material throughout Stairways serving for the exit of fifty people must if straight be at least four feet wide between railing or between walls and if curved or winding five feet wide and for every additional fifty people to be accommodated six inches must be added to their width In no case shall the risers of any stairs exceed seven and one-half inches in height nor shall the treads exclusive of the nosings be less than ten and one-half inches wide in a straight stairs In circular or winding stairs the width of the treads at the narrowest end shall not be less than seven inches Where the seating capacity is for more than one thousand people there shall be at least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets provided for each gallery in the auditorium where there are not more than two galleries and the same shall be located on opposite sides of said gallery Where there are more than two galleries one or more additional staircases shall be provided the outlets from which shall communicate directly with the principal exit or other exterior outlets All said staircases shall be of width proportioned to the seating capacity as elsewhere herein described Where the seating capacity is for one thousand people or less two direct lines of staircase only shall be required located on opposite sides of the galleries and in both cases shall extend from the sidewalk level to the upper gallery with outlets for each gallery to each of said staircases At least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets shall also be provided for the service of the stage and shall be located on the opposite side of the same All inside stairways leading to the upper galleries of the auditorium shall be inclosed on both sides with walls of fire-proof materials Stairs leading to the first or lower gallery may be left open on one side in which case they must be constructed as herein provided for a similar stairs leading from the entrance hall to the main floor of the auditorium but in no case shall stairs leading to any gallery be left open on both sides When straight stairs return directly on themselves a landing of the full width of both flights without any steps shall be provided Stairs turning at an angle shall have a proper landing without winders introduced at said turn In stairs when two side flights connect with one main flight no winders shall be introduced and the width of the main flight shall be at least equal to the aggregate width of the said flights Circular or winding stairs shall have proper landings introduced at convenient distances All inclosed staircases shall have on both sides string handrails firmly secured in the wall about three inches therefrom and about three feet above the stairs but said handrail shall not run on level platforms and landings where the same is more in length than the width of the stairs All staircases six feet and over in width shall be provided with a centre handrail of hard wood or metal not less than two inches in diameter placed at a height of about three feet above the centre of the treads and supported on wrought-iron or brass standards of sufficient strength placed no farther than four feet apart and securely bolted to the treads or risers of stairs or both and at the head of each flight of stairs on each landing the post or standard shall be at least six feet in height to which the rail shall be secured Every steam boiler which may be required for heating or other purposes shall be located outside of the building and the space allotted to the same shall be inclosed by walls of masonry on all sides and the ceiling of such space shall be constructed of fire-proof material All doorways in said walls shall have iron doors No floor-register for heating shall be permitted No coil or radiator shall be placed in any aisle or passageway used as an exit where it forms an obstruction but all said coils and radiators shall be placed in recesses formed in the wall or partition to receive the same All supply return or exhaust pipes shall be properly incased and protected where passing through floors or near woodwork Standpipes of two and one-half inches in diameter shall be provided with hose attachments on every floor and gallery as follows namely One on each side of the auditorium in each tier also one on each side of the stage in each tier and at least one in the property-room and one in the carpenter shop if the same be contiguous to the building All such standpipes shall be kept clear from obstruction Said standpipes shall be separate and distinct receiving their supply of water from the steam pump and shall be fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department and shall be kept constantly filled with water by means of an automatic steam pump or pumps of sufficient capacity to supply all the lines of hose when operated simultaneously and said pump or pumps shall be supplied from the street main and be ready for immediate use at all times during a performance in said buildings A separate and distinct system of automatic sprinklers with fusable plugs approved by the Bureau of Fire supplied with water from a tank located on the roof of the stage and not connected in any manner with the standpipes shall be placed up and around the proscenium opening and on the ceiling or roof over the stage at such intervals as will protect every square foot of stage surface when said sprinklers are in operation Automatic sprinklers shall also be placed wherever practicable under the stage and in the carpenter's shop paint-room store-rooms and property rooms A proper and sufficient quantity of two and one-half inch hose fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department and with nozzles attached thereto and with hose spanners at each outlet shall always be kept attached to each hose attachment There shall also be kept in readiness for immediate use on the stage at least four casks full of water and two buckets to each cask Said casks and buckets shall be painted red There shall also be provided hand pumps or other portable fire extinguishing apparatus and at least four axes and two twenty-five feet hooks two fifteen-feet hooks and two ten feet hooks on each tier or floor of the stage Every portion of the building devoted to the uses or accommodation of the public also outlets leading to the streets and including the open courts and corridors shall be well and properly lighted during every performance and the same shall remain lighted until the entire audience has left the premises At least two or more oil lamps on each side of the auditorium in each tier shall be provided on fixed brackets not less than seven feet above the floor Said lamps shall be filled with whale or lard oil and shall be kept lighted during each performance or in place of said lamps candles shall be provided All gas or electric lights in the halls corridors lobby or any other part of the said buildings used by the audience except the auditorium must be controlled by a separate shut-off located in the lobby and controlled only in that particular place Gas mains supplying the buildings shall have independent connections for the auditorium and the stage and provisions shall be made for shutting off the gas from the outside of the building When the interior gas lights are not lighted by electricity other suitable appliances approved by the Bureau of Fire shall be provided All suspended or bracket lights surrounded by glass in the auditorium or in any part of the building devoted to the public shall be provided with proper wire netting underneath No gas or electric light shall be inserted in the walls woodwork ceilings or in any part of the building unless protected with fire-proof materials All lights in passages and corridors in said building and wherever deemed necessary by the bureau of fire shall be protected by proper wire network The footlights in addition to the wire network shall be protected by strong wire guard not less than two feet distant from said footlights and the trough containing said footlights shall be formed of and surrounded by fire-proof materials All stage lights shall be incandescent electric lights where the current can be obtained and shall be constructed according to the best known methods and subject to the approval of the Bureau of Fire and shall be suspended for ten feet by wire rope All ducts or shafts use for conducting heated air from the main chandelier or from any other light or lights shall be constructed of metal and made double with an air space between All stages lights shall have strong metal wire guards or screens not less than ten inches in diameter so constructed that any material in contact therewith shall exit and entrance directly to and from another street through be out of reach of the flames of said stage lights and must be soldered to the fixtures in all cases The standpipes gas pipes electric wires hose footlights and all apparatus for extinguishing of fire or guarding against same as in this section specified shall be in charge and under the control of the bureau of fire department of public safety and said department is hereby directed to see that the arrangements in respect thereto are carried out and enforced and councils may by ordinance fix a reasonable compensation for such services A diagram or plan of each tier gallery or floor showing distinctly the exits therefrom shall be printed in a legible manner on the program of the performance Every exit shall have over the same on the inside the "exit" painted in legible letters not less than eight inches high It shall be within the power of the mayor after full report from the department of public safety to cause the closing up of any theatre opera house or public hall where in the judgment of the mayor and the department of public safety the ingress and egress are not reasonably safe for the safe and speedy exit of the audience in case of fire or panic" be amended so that said section shall hereafter read and be as follows

"Section 49 Every building hereafter erected or altered to be used as a theatre opera house or other building intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed shall be built to comply with the requirements of this section but all theatres or places of amusement now existing may be altered providing such alteration does not amount to a virtual reconstruction thereof so as to make it a new building No building which at the time of the passage of this act is not in actual use for theatrical or operatic purposes and no building hereafter erected not in conformity with the requirements of this section shall be used for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed until the same shall have been made to conform to the requirements of this section and no building hereinbefore described shall be opened to the public for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainment of any kind where stage scenery or apparatus are employed until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire respectively shall have approved the same in writing as conforming to the requirements of this section and the mayors of the said cities shall refuse to issue any license for any such building and shall close the same and prevent its opening until a certificate in writing of such approval shall have been given by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire respectively Every such building shall have at least one front on the street which front shall be as wide as the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall and in such front there shall be suitable means of entrance and exit for the audience unless there shall also be a way or passage leading directly from the auditorium to another street in which case the means of entrance and exit by such way or passage shall be taken into consideration to such extent as they shall furnish entrances and exits and if they shall be sufficient width to meet the requirements of this act there need be no means of entrance or exit in front saving by the side courts hereafter stipulated for Any building located on a side street having a width thereon as wide as the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall shall be considered as having a front on said street within the meaning of this act if in addition thereto there shall be a way or passage leading from said theatre to another street which way or passage shall be of a width not less than one-third of the width of the widest part of said auditorium or assembly hall In addition to the aforesaid entrances and exits on the street there shall be reserved for service in case of an emergency an open court or space on the side not bordering on the street where said building is located on a corner lot and on both sides of said building where there is but one frontage on the street The width of such open court or courts shall not be less than seven feet where the seating capacity is not over one thousand people above one thousand nor more than eighteen hundred people eight feet in width Said open court or courts if there be not in addition to the front as aforesaid on one street a way or passage of the width aforesaid leading into another street shall begin on a line with or near the proscenium wall and shall extend the length of the auditorium proper to or near the wall separating the same from the entrance lobby or vestibule and the said open court or a separate and distinct corridor from each open court shall continue to the street through such superstructure as may be built on the side street of the auditorium with continuous walls of brick or fire-proof materials on each side of the entire length of said corridor or corridors and the ceilings and floors shall be fire-proof If there be in addition to the front on a street a way or passage of the width aforesaid leading into another street then it will be sufficient if said open court or courts shall extend along the auditorium on each side thereof to said front on said street on which the theatre shall be located Said corridor or corridors shall not be reduced in width except by the thickness of the outer walls and there shall be no projection in the same the outer openings to be provided with doors or gates opening toward the street During the performance the doors or gates in the corridors shall be kept open by proper fastenings at other times they may be closed and fastened by movable bolts or locks The said open courts or corridors shall not be used for storage purposes or for any purpose whatsoever except for exit and entrance from and to the auditorium and stage and must be kept free and clear during performances The level of said corridors at the front entrance to the building shall not be greater than one step above the level of the sidewalk where they begin at the street entrance and the entrance of the main front of the building shall not be on a higher level from the sidewalk than four steps unless approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection To overcome any difference of level existing between exits from the parquet into courts and the level of the said corridors gradients shall be employed of not over one foot in ten feet with no perpendicular rise From the auditorium opening into the said open courts or on the side street there shall not be less than two exits on each side in each tier from and including the parquet and each and every gallery Each exit shall be at least five feet in width in the clear and provided with doors of iron or wood if of wood the doors shall be constructed as hereinbefore in this bill described All of said doors shall open outwardly and must be fastened with movable bolts the bolts to be kept drawn during performances There shall be balconies not less than four feet in width in the said open court or courts at each level or tier above the parquet on each side of the auditorium of sufficient length to embrace the two exits and from said balconies there shall be staircases extending to the ground level with a rise of not over eight and one-half inches to a step and not less than nine inches tread exclusive of the nosing The staircase from the upper balcony to the next below shall not be less than thirty inches in width in the clear and from the first balcony to the ground three feet in width in the clear where the seating capacity of the auditorium is for one thousand people or less three feet and six inches in the clear where above one thousand and not more than eighteen hundred people and four feet in the clear when above eighteen hundred people and not more than twenty-five hundred people and not less than four feet six inches in the clear when above twenty-five hundred people All the above mentioned balconies and staircases shall be constructed of iron throughout including the floors and of ample strength to sustain the load to be carried by them and they shall be covered with a metal hood or awning to be constructed as shall be directed by the Inspector of Buildings If the said balconies be carried to and connect with an inclosed tower stairway having its exit directly to the street the open courts or corridors hereinbefore described may have deducted from their width the width of the staircases herein called for Where one side of the building borders on a street there shall be balconies and staircases of like capacity and kind as before mentioned carried to the ground When located on a corner lot that portion of the premises bordering on the side street and not required for the uses of the theatre may if such portion be not more than twenty feet in width be used for offices stores or apartments provided the walls separating this protion of the theatre proper are carried up solidly to and through the roof and that a fire-proof exit is provided from the theatre on each tier equal to the combined width of exits opening on opposite sides in each tier communicating with balconies and staircases leading to the street in a manner provided elsewhere in this section Said exit passages shall be entirely cut off by brick walls from said offices stores or apartments and the ffoors and ceilings in each tier shall be fire-proof Nothing herein contained shall prevent a roof garden art gallery or rooms for similar purposes being placed over a theatre or public building provided the floor of the same forming the roof over such theatre or building shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials and that said floor shall have no covering boards or sleepers of wood but be of tile or cement Every roof over said garden or rooms shall have all supports and rafters of iron or steel and be covered with glass or fire-proof materials or both but no such roof garden art gallery or room for any public purpose shall be placed over or above that portion of any theatre or other building which is used as a stage No workshop storage or general property room shall be allowed above the auditorium or stage or under the same or in any of the fly gallaries All of said rooms or shops may be located in the rear or at the side of the stage but in such cases they shall be separted from the stage by a brick wall and the openings leading into such portions shall have fire-proof doors on each side of the openings hung to iron eyes built into the wall No portion of any building hereafter erected or altered used or intended to be used for theatrical or other purposes as in this section specified shall be used or occupied as a hotel boarding or lodging house factory workshop or manufactury or for storage purposes except as may hereafter specifically provide for Such restrictions relates not only to that portion of the building which contains the auditorium and the stage but applies also to the entire structure in connection therewith No store or room contained in the building or the offices stores or apartments adjoining as aforesaid shall be let or used for carrying on any business dealings in articles designated as specifically hazardous in the classification in the Board of Fire Underwriters or for manufacturing purposes No loading accommodation shall be allowed in any part of the building communicating with the auditorium Interior walls built of fire-proof materials shall separate the auditorium from the entrance vestibule and from any room or rooms of the same also from any lobbies corridors refreshment or other rooms All staircases for the use of the audience shall be inclosed with walls of brick or of fire-proof materials approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection in the stories through which they pass and the openings to said staircases from each tier shall be the full width of said staircases A fire wall of brick shall separate the auditorium staircase A fire wall of brick shall separate the auditorium from from the stage and the same shall extend at least four feet above the stage roof or the auditorium roof if the latter be higher and shall be coped Above the proscenium openings there shall be an iron girder covered with fire proof materials to protect it from the heat There shall also be constructed a relieving arch over the same the intervening space being filled in with hard-burnt brick of the full thickness of the proscenium wall Should there be constructed an orchestra over the stage above the proscenium opening the said orchestra shall be placed on the auditorium side of the proscenium fire wall and shall be entered only from the auditorium side of said wall The moulded frame around the proscenium opening shall be formed entierly of fire-proof materials if metal be used the metal shall be filled in solid with non-combustible material and securely anchored to the wall with iron The proscenium opening shall be provided with a fire-proof metal curtain or a curtain of asbestos or similar fire-proof material approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection sliding at each end within iron grooves not less than six inches on each side Said fire-proof curtain shall be raised at the commencement of each performance and lowered at the close of said performance and be operated by approved machinery for that purpose The proscenium curtains shall be placed at least three feet distance from the footlights at the nearest point There shall be no opening through the proscenium wall except the curtain opening and not more than two others which shall be located at or below the level of the stage These latter openings shall not exceed twenty-one superficial feet each which shall have doors of iron or wood in each face of the wall if of wood the door shall be lined with tin and securely hung to rabbetted iron frames or rabbets in the brick wall They shall be hung so to be opened from either side at all times Direct access to these doors shall be provided on both sides and the same shall always be kept free from any incumberance Iron ladders or stairs securely fixed to the wall on the stage side shall be provided to overcome any difference of level existing between the floor or gallaries on the stage side of the fire wall and those on the other side of the auditorium There shall be provided over the stage metal skylights of an area or a combined area of at least one-eighth of the area of the said stage fitted up with sliding sash and glazed with double-thick sheet glass not exceeding one-eighth of an inch thick and each pane thereof measuring not less than three hundred square inches and the whole of which skylights shall be constructed so as to open instantly on the cutting or burning of a hempen cord which shall be arranged to hold said skylights closed or some other equally simple approved device for opening them may be provided There shall be provided immediately under the glass of said skylight a wire netting or the skylight may be glazed with wire-glass All that portion of the stage not comprised in the working of scenery traps and other mechanical apparatus for the presentation of a scene usually equal to the width of the proscenium opening shall be built of iron or steel beams filled in between with fire-proof materials and all girders for the support of said beams shall be wrought-iron or rolled steel The fly-gallaries entire including pin rails shall be constructed of iron or steel and the floor of said gallaries shall be composed of iron or steel beams filled with fire-proof materials and no wood boards or sleepers shall be used as a covering over the beams but the said floors shall be entirely fire-proof The rigging loft shall be fire-proof except the floor covering the same All stage scenery curtains and decorations made of combustible materials and all woodwork on or about the stage shall be saturated with some non-combustible material or otherwise rendered safe against fire to the satisfaction of the Bureau of Fire and all such stage scenery shall be raised and lowered without the use of counter-weights unless such counter-weights are so situated that they operate against the wall and do not overhand the stage The roof over the auditorium and the entire main floor of the auditorium and vestibule also the entire floor of the second story of the front superstructure over the entrance lobby and corridors and all galleries in the auditorium shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials not excluding the use of wooden floor boards and necessary sleepers to fasten the same to but such sleepers shall not mean timbers of support The fronts of each gallery shall be formed of fire-proof materials excepting the capping which may be made of wood The ceiling under each gallery shall be entirely formed of fire-proof materials The ceiling of the auditorium shall be formed of fire-proof materials All lathing wherever used shall be of metal The partition in that portion of the building which contains the auditorium the entrance vestibule and every room and passage devoted to the use of the audience shall be constructed of fire-proof materials including the furring of outside or other wall None of the walls or ceilings shall be covered with wood sheathing canvas or any other combustible material but this shall not exclude the use of wood wainscoting to a height not to exceed six feet which shall be filled in solid between the wainscoting and the wall with fire-proof materials The wall separating the actors' dressing rooms from the stage and the partitions of every passage way from the same to the stage and all other partitions on or about the stage shall be constructed of fire-proof material approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection All floors in any of said partitions shall be of iron or of wood constructed as hereinbefore described All the shelving and cupboards in each and every dressing room property room or other storage rooms shall be constructed of metal slate or some fire-proof material Dressing rooms may be placed in the fly gallaries Provided That proper exits are secured therefrom to the fire escapes in the open courts and that the partitions and other matters pertaining to dressing rooms shall conform to the requirements herein contained but the stairs leading to the same shall be fire-proof All seats in the auditorium excepting those contained in the boxes shall be firmly secured to the floor and no seat in the auditorium shall have more than six seats intervening between it and an aisle on either side and no stool or seats shall be placed in any aisle All platforms in galleries formed to receive the seats shall not be more than twenty-one inches in height of riser not less than thirty inches in width of platform All aisles on the respective floors in the auditorium having seats on both sides of same shall not be less than three feet wide where they begin and shall be increased in width towards the exits in the ratio of one and one-half inches to five running feet Aisles having seats on one side only shall not be less than two feet wide at their beginning and increased in width the same as aisles having seats on both sides The aggregate capacity of the foyers lobbies corridors passages and rooms for the use of the audience not including aisles space between seats shall on each floor gallery be sufficient to contain the entire number to be accommodated on said floor or gallery in the ratio of one hundred and fifty superficial feet of floor room for every one hundred persons Gradients or inclined planes shall be employed instead of steps where possible to overcome slight difference of level in or between aisles corridors and passages Every theatre accommodating three hundred persons shall have at least two exits When accommodating five hundred persons at least three exits shall be provided these exits not referring to or including the exits to the open court at the sides of the theatre Doorways of exit or entrance for the use of the public shall not be less than five feet in width and for every additional one hundred persons or portion thereof to be accommodated in excess of five hundred an aggregate of twenty inches additional exit must be allowed These doorways or exit and of entrance may be in the said front altogether or in the case of a theatre having also an exit and entrance directly to and from another street through a way or passage covered or otherwise the width of one-third of that of the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall some of the said doorways may be made therein to such extent as said entrance or passage will accommodate the same. All doors of exit or entrance shall open outwardly and be hung to swing in such manner as not to become an obstruction in a passage or corridor and no such doors shall be closed and locked during any representation or when the building is open to the public Distinct and separate places of exit and entrance shall be provided for each gallery above the first A common place of exit and entrance may serve for the main floor of the auditorium and the first gallery provided its capacity be equal to the aggregate capacity of the outlets from the main floor and said gallery No passage leading to any stairway communicating with any entrance or exit shall be less than four feet in width in any part thereof All stairs within the building shall be constructed of fire-proof material throughout Stairways serving for the exit of fifty people must if straight be at least four feet wide between railing or between walls and if curved or winding five feet wide and for every additional fifty people to be accommodated six inches must be added to their width In no case shall the risers of any stairs exceed seven and one-half inches in height nor shall the treads exclusive of the nosings be less than ten and one-half inches wide in a straight stairs In circular or winding stairs the width of the treads at the narrowest end shall not be less than seven inches Where the seating capacity is for more than one thousand people there shall be at least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets provided for each gallery in the auditorium where there are not more than two galleries and the same shall be located on opposite sides of said gallery Where there are more than two galleries one or more additional staircases shall be provided the outlets from which shall communicate directly with the principal exit or other exterior outlets All said staircases shall be of width proportioned to the seating capacity as elsewhere herein described Where the seating capacity is for one thousand people or less two direct lines of staircase only shall be required located on opposite sides of the galleries and in both cases shall extend from the sidewalk level to the upper gallery with outlets for each gallery to each of said staircases At least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets shall also be provided for the service of the stage and shall be located on the opposite side of the same All inside stairways leading to the upper galleries of the auditorium shall be inclosed on both sides with walls of fire-proof materials Stairs leading to the first or lower gallery may be left open on one side in which case they must be constructed as herein provided for a similar stairs leading from the entrance hall to the main floor of the auditorium but in no case shall stairs leading to any gallery be left open on both sides When straight stairs return directly on themselves a landing of the full width of both flights without any steps shall be provided Stairs turning at an angle shall have a proper landing without winders introduced at said turn In stairs when two side flights connect with one main flight no winders shall be introduced and the width of the main flight shall be at least equal to the aggregate width of the said flights Circular or winding stairs shall have proper landings introduced at convenient distances All inclosed staircases shall have on both sides string handrails firmly secured in the wall about three inches therefrom and about three feet above the stairs but said handrail shall not run on level platforms and landings where the same is more in length than the width of the stairs All staircases six feet and over in width shall be provided with a centre handrail of hard wood or metal not less than two inches in diameter placed at a height of about three feet above the centre of the treads and supported on wrought iron or brass standards of sufficient strength placed not farther than four feet apart and securely bolted to the treads or risers of stairs or both and at the head of each flight of stairs on each landing the post or standard shall be at least six feet in height to which the rail shall be secured Every steam boiler which may be required for heating or other purposes shall be located outside of the building and the space allotted to the same shall be inclosed by walls of masonry on all sides and the ceiling of such space shall be constructed of fire-proof material All doorways in said walls shall have iron doors No floor register for heating shall be permitted No coil or radiator shall be placed in any aisle or passageway used as an exit where it forms an obstruction but all said coils and radiators shall be placed in recesses formed in the wall or partition to receive the same All supply return or exhaust pipes shall be properly incased and protected where passing through floors or near woodwork Standpipes of two and one-half inches in diameter shall be provided with hose attachments on every floor and gallery as follows namely One on each side of the auditorium in each tier also one on each side of the stage in each tier and at least one in the property room and one in the carpenter shop if the same be contiguous to the building All such standpipes shall be kept clear from obstruction Said standpipes shall be separate and distinct receiving their supply of water from the steam pump and shall be fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department and shall be kept constantly filled with water by means of an automatic steam pump or pumps of sufficient capacity to supply all the line of hose when operated simultaneously and said pump or pumps shall be supplied from the street main and be ready for immediate use at all times during a performance in said buildings A separate and distinct system of automatic sprinklers with fusible plugs approved by the Bureau of Fire supplied with water from a tank located on the roof of the stage and not connected in any manner with the standpipes shall be placed up and around the proscenium opening and on the ceiling or roof over the stage at such intervals as will protect every square foot of stage surface when the said sprinklers are in operation Automatic sprinklers shall also be placed wherever practicable under the stage and in the carpenter's shop paint room store rooms and property rooms A proper and sufficient quantity of two and one-half inch hose fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department and with nozzles attached thereto and with hose spanners at each outlet shall always be kept attached to each hose attachment There shall also be kept in readiness for immediate use on the stage at least four casks full of water and two buckets in each cask Said casks and buckets shall be painted red There shall also be provided hand pumps or other portable fire extinguishing apparatus and at least four axes and two twenty-five feet hooks two fifteen-feet hooks and two ten feet hooks on each tier or floor of the stage Every portion of the building devoted to the uses of accommodation of the public also all outlets leading to the streets and including the open courts and corridors shall be well and properly lighted during every performance and the same shall remain lighted until the entire audience has left the premises At least two or more oil lamps on each side of the auditorium in each tier shall be provided on fixed brackets not less than seven feet above the floor Said lamps shall be filled with whale or lard oil and shall be kept lighted during each performance or in place of said lamps candles shall be provided All gas or electric lights in the halls corridors lobby or any other part of the said buildings used by the audience except the auditorium must be controlled by a separate shut-off located in the lobby and controlled only in that particular place Gas mains supplying the buildings shall have independent connections for the auditorium and the stage and provisions shall be made for shutting off the gas from the outside of the building When the interior gas lights are not lighted by electricity other suitable appliances approved by the Bureau of Fire shall be provided All suspended or bracket lights surrounded by glass in the auditorium or in any part of the building devoted to the public shall be provided with the proper wire netting underneath No gas or electric light shall be inserted in the walls wood-work ceilings or in any part of the building unless protected with fireproof materials All lights in passages and corridors in said building and wherever deemed necessary by the Bureau of Fire shall be protected by proper wire network The footlights in addition to the wire network shall be protected by strong wire guard not less than two feet distant from said footlights and the trough containing said footlights shall be formed of and surrounded by fire-proof materials All stage lights shall be incandescent electric lights where the current can be obtained and shall be constructed according to the best known methods and subject to the approval of the Bureau of Fire and shall be suspended for ten feet by wire rope All ducts or shafts used for conducting heated air from the main chandelier or from any other light or lights shall be constructed of metal and made double with an air space between All stage lights shall have strong metal wire guards or screens not less than ten inches in diameter so constructed that any material in contact therewith shall be out of reach of the flames or said stage lights and must be soldered to the fixtures in all cases The standpipes gas pipes electric wires hose footlights and all apparatus for extinguishing of fire or guarding against same as in this section specified shall be in charge and under the control of the Bureau of Fire Department of Public Safety and said department is hereby directed to see that the arrangements in respect thereto are carried out and enforced and councils may by ordinance fix a reasonable compensation for such services A diagram or plan of each tier gallery or floor showing distinctly the exits therefrom shall be printed in a legible manner on the programme of the performance Every exit shall have over the same on the inside the word "exit" painted in legible letters not less than eight inches high It shall be within the power of the mayor after full report from the Department of Public Safety to cause the closing up of any theatre opera house or public hall where in the judgment of the mayor and the Department of Public Safety the ingress and egress are not reasonably safe for the safe and speedy exit of the audience in case of fire or panic" Provided That neither the foregoing provisions of this act nor the hereinabove quoted provisions of the act hereby amended shall regulate effect or be applicable to any building or buildings erected constructed or altered prior to the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and in actual use on or before that date for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part and any and all such buildings shall be deemed and taken and hereby are declared to have been and to be lawfully erected constructed or altered and in lawful use for such exhibitions anything hereinbefore or in the act hereby amended or in any other law of this Commonwealth contained to the contrary notwithstanding

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 8, by inserting after the word "ninety-nine" the words "approved the fifth day of June nineteen hundred one"; also in line 8, by inserting after the word "ninety-nine" a double quotation mark; also in line 10, by inserting a double quotation mark before the word "Section"; also in line 78, by striking out "treatre" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "theatre"; also in line 82, by striking out the word "wards" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ward"; also in line 86, by striking out the word "purposes" where it occurs the second time, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "purpose"; also in line 99, by striking out the word "form" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "from"; also in line 165, by striking out the word "such" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "said"; also in line 180, by striking out the word "loading" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lodging"; also in line 327, by inserting after the word "exit" the word "width"; also in line 328, by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"; also in line 390, by striking out the word "said" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "side"; also in line 390, by striking out "widing" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "winding"; also in line 392, by striking out the word "string" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "strong"; also in line 401, by striking out the word "no" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "not"; also in line 454, by striking out the word "also" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "all"; also in line 517, by striking out the double quotation mark before the word "Section"; also in line 765, by striking out the word "overhand" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "overhand"; also in line 834, by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"; also in line 898, by striking out the word "string" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "strong"; also in line 1020, by striking out the double quotation marks after the word "panic."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed wiith,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 796, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part and exempting buildings in actual use for such exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibitions.

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Represetatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no building in any city of the first class which at the time of the passage of this act is not in actual use for the exhibition of moving pictures and no building hereafter erected in said cities not in conformity with the requirements of this act shall be used for the purpose of exhibiting moving pictures until such building shall have been made to conform to such requirements and no building not in such actual use shall be open to the public for the exhibition of moving pictures until the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection the Chief of the Bureau of Fire and the Fire Marshal shall in writing approve such building for the purpose of exhibiting moving pictures and shall certify that the same conforms to the requirements of this act No licenses shall be issued under the provisions of any law or ordinance licensing for the exhibition of moving pictures any building not in actual use for that purpose at the time of the passage of this act unless upon such written approval and certificate and no exhibition of moving pictures shall be permitted in any such building until such written approval and certificate shall have been given" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the words "exhibition of moving pictures" as used in this act shall include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part No building in any city of the first class which was not erected constructed or altered prior to June ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven and in actual use prior to or on said date for the exhibition of moving pictures and no building thereafter erected in said cities not in conformity with the requirements of this act shall be used for the purpose of exhibiting moving pictures until such buildings shall have been made to conform to such requirements and no building not in actual use as aforesaid shall be open to the public for the exhibition of moving pictures until the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection the Chief of the Bureau of Fire and the Fire Marshal shall in writing approve such building for the purpose of exhibiting moving pictures and shall certify that the same conforms to the requirements of this act No license shall be issued under the provisions of any law or ordinance licensing for the exhibition of moving pictures any building not in actual use for that purpose as aforesaid unless upon such written approval and certificate and no exhibition of moving pictures shall be permitted in any such building until such written approval and certificate shall have been given Provided That neither the above recited provisions of this act nor of the act hereby amended shall regulate affect or be applicable to any building or buildings erected constructed or altered prior to June ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven and in actual use on or before that date for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part and any and all such biuldings shall be deemed and taken and hereby are declared to have been and to be lawfully erected constructed and altered and in lawful use for such exhibitions anything hereinbefore or in the act hereby amended contained to the contrary notwithstanding

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 17, by striking out the word "building" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "buildings"; also in line 75, by striking out "cantained" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "contained."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part and exempting buildings in actual use for such exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibitions.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 4 by striking out "enfrocment" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "enforcement."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendmeent?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 797, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof.

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Secton 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section seven of an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 7 The license or licenses provided for under the provisions of this act shall be granted by the city or county treasurer for one year from the first day of May of each year upon application therefor upon the payment of the license fee as provided in this act by the owner or owners lessee or lessees of such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures in which the same are to be held upon the certificate of the proper municipal officers setting forth that the person or persons applying for such license are of good moral character and that the exhibitions or performances intended to be given are not immoral in their nature or tendencies or otherwise unlawful or hurtful to the community and that such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures have been erected constructed or altered and in actual use as a 'place of amusement' or as a 'moving picture place' (whether stage scenery and apparatus are employed or not) or as a 'theatre' in accordance with the laws and ordinances regulating the erction construction of alteration of such places at the time of the erection construction or alteration thereof either as a 'place of amusement' or as a 'moving picture place' (whether stage scenery and apparatus are employed or not) or as a 'theatre'

A license when granted shall not be transferable except to the lawful representatives of the deceased licensee or to a purchaser of an insolvent or bankrupt sale for the remainder of the term" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as folows

Section 7 The license or licenses provided for under the provisions of this act shall be granted by the city or county treasurer for one year from the first day of May of each year upon application therefor upon the payment of the license fee as provided in this act by the owner or owners or lessee or lessees of such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures in which the same are to be held upon the certificate of the proper municipal officers setting forth (1) that the person or persons applying for such license are of good moral character and (2) that the exhibitions or performances intended to be given are not immoral in their nature or tendencies or otherwise unlawful or hurtful to the community and (3) that such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures were erected constructed or altered according to the law governing their erection construction or alteration Provided that any and all such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures if erected constructed or altered prior to June ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven and in actual use on or before that date for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part shall be deemed and taken and hereby are declared to have been and to be lawfully erected constructed or altered and the owner or owners lessee or lessees of such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures shall be entitled to the certificate hereinbefore provided for upon compliance with the first and second requirements aforesaid

A license when granted shall not be transferable except to the lawful representatives of the deceased licensee or to a purchaser at an insolvent or bankrupt sale for the remainder of the term

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 33 by striking out the word "of" where it first occurs and inserting in lieu thereof the word "at."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 That section seventeen of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 17 Any person or persons owner or owners lessee or lessees of any such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures who shall feel aggrieved at the act of the proper municipal officers in granting or refusing to grant the certificate or certificates as herein provided or refusing to grant a license or in revoking any license so issued or in forbidding any exhibition performance or entertainment or closing any such place of amusement buildings tents or enclosures shall have the right to appeal in writing to the court of common pleas of the county wherein any such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures are situated which said court shall within ten days after said appeal is taken and filed hear the person or persons aggrieved and determine the character of the applicant nature of the exhibition or performance and whether such places of amusement buildings tents or enslosures have been erected constructed or altered and are in actual use as a place of amusement or as a moving picture place (whether stage scenery and apparatus are employed or not) or as a theatre in accordance with the laws and ordinances regulating the erection construction or alteration of such places at the time of the erection construction or alteration thereof either as a place of amusement or as a moving picture place (whether stage scenery and apparatus are employed or not) or as a theatre as to the said court may seem just and right and for that purpose shall have full and ample power if upon a reversal of the proceedings to direct what the proper municipal officers shall do or perform in the premises" be and the same hereby is amended to read as follows

Section 17 Any person or persons owner or owners lessee or lessees of any such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures who shall feel aggrieved at the act of the proper municipal officers in granting or refusing to grant the certificate or certificates as herein provided or refusing to grant a license or in revoking any license so issued or in forbidding any exhibition performances or entertainment or closing any such place of amusement buildings tents or enclosures shall have the right to appeal in writing to the court of common pleas of the county wherein any such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures are situated which said court shall within ten days after said appeal is taken and filed hear the person or persons aggrieved and determine (1) the character of the applicant (2) the nature of the exhibition or performance and (3) whether such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures were erected constructed or altered according to the law governing their erection construction or alteration provided that any and all such places of amusement buildings tents or enclosures if erected constructed or altered prior to June ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven and in actual use on or before that date for exhibition of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part shall be deemed and taken and hereby are declared to have been and to be lawfully erected constructed or altered and for that purpose the said court shall have full and ample power upon a reversal of the proceedings to direct what the proper municipal officers shall do or perform in the premises

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providng penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 798, entitled:

An Act to legalize the erection construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part.

The preamble of the bill was read as follows:

Whereas for many years prior to July eighteenth one thousand nine hundred and twelve it was commonly supposed by the local authorities throughout this Commonwealth that buildings designed for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part constituted moving picture houses and did not come within the building laws or the tax laws of the Commonwealth relative to theatres or buildings intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed

And whereas Acting on this supposition permits were granted for the erection construction and alteration of such buildings by such local authorities without requiring them to conform in their construction to such building laws and licenses were granted for their operation year after year without requiring them to conform to such license laws in consequence of which action on the part of the local authorities many hundreds of thousands of dollars have been invested in erecting constructing and altering buildings for such exhibitions in accordance with the laws deemed applicable thereto as aforesaid

And whereas By a decision of the Superior Court on July eighteenth one thousand nine hundred and twelve it was adjudged that such exhibitions were theatrical exhibitions and the buildings in which they were given were theatres

And whereas The logical result of this adjudication would have been the compulsory closing of these buildings and the consequent loss of the large investments made therein in good faith with the sanction and approval of the local authorities as aforesaid

And whereas To prevent this injustice and consequent destruction of tax paying property of great value an act was approved May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by which it was intended that the provisions of the building laws relative to buildings intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed should be held not to apply to buildings of the character above mentioned

And whereas Said provision has been held to be unconstitutional because the acts amended thereby were referred to by title only and were not re-enacted and published at length

And whereas In consequence of this decision there is imminent danger that the injustice designed to be prevented by the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen will be visited upon persons who have invested in good faith in buildings of the kind above mentioned therefore

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the preamble?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend the preamble in line 7 by striking out "secenry" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "scenery".

Mr. GERBERICH: Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the preamble as amended?

It was agreed to.

The first and second sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all buildings erected constructed or altered prior to May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and in actual use on or before that date for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part hereby are declared to be lawfully erected constructed and altered and in lawful use for such exhibitions nothwithstanding that the said buildings do not conform to the laws of this Commonwealth relative to buildings intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed provided that nothing herein contained shall excuse or dispense with the payment by the owner or owners lessee or lessees of such buildings of the license fee payable by the laws of this Commonwealth to the city or county treasurer of any city or county in which such buildings are situated to the use of the Commonwealth

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same hereby are repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to legalize the erection construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, **To be transcribed for a third reading.**

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 807, as follows:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That A. K. Cassel a citizen of Philadelphia county Pennsylvania is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum of money that may be legally or justly due the said A. K. Cassel from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for services performed as special agent of the State Dairy and Food Commissioner This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, **To be transcribed for a third reading.**

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 816, as follows:

An Act regulating horse racing and the betting incidental thereto and providing for and regulating the State Racing Commission to carry out the purpose of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any corporation formed for the purpose of racing and breeding or improving the breed of horses and conducting races and contests of speed shall have the power and right subject to the provisions of this act to hold one or more running or harness race meetings in each year and to hold maintain and conduct running or harness races at such meetings At such meetings the corporation or the owners of the horses engaged in such races or others who are not participants in the racing may contribute purses prizes premiums or stakes to be contested for but no person or persons other than the owners of a horse or horses contesting in a race shall have any pecuniary interest in a purse prize premium or stake contested for in such race or be entitled to or receive any portion thereof after such race shall have been finished and the whole of such purse prize premium or stake shall be allotted in accordance with the terms and conditions of such race Such meetings shall not be held except during the period extending from the first day of April to the first day of December inclusive in each year No running races are authorized or shall be permitted except during the period aforesaid nor except betwen sunrise and sunset

Section 2 A State Racing Commission is hereby established to consist of five persons to be appointed by the Governor three of whom shall be breeders and raisers of thoroughbred stock and no two of whom shall be members the same racing association The members of said commission shall hold their office for a term of four years and the first commission shall be appointed within twenty days after this act shall go into effect Such commission shall appoint a secretary who shall serve during its pleasure whose duty it shall be to keep a full and faithful record of its proceedings and preserve at its general office all books maps documents and papers intrusted to its care and perform such other duties as the commission may prescribe He shall be paid a salary to be fixed by the commission at a rate not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per annum which shall be paid by the several racing corporations or associations the amounts to be paid by each to be apportioned by the commission which shall on or before the first day of December in each year assess upon each of said corporations or associations its just proportion of such salary The commission shall bi-annually make a full report to the General Assembly of its proceedings for the two year period ending with the first day of December preceding the meeting of the General Assembly and shall embody therein such suggestions and recommendations as it shall deem desirable

Section 3 Said commission shall have the power to prescribe the rules regulations and conditions under which harness or running races shall be conducted in this State and no such races shall be conducted except by a corporation or association duly licensed by said commission as herein provided. Any corporation or association desiring to conduct such racing may annually apply to the State Racing Commission for a license so to do If in the judgment of the commission a proper case for the issuance of such license is shown it may grant the same for a term of one year and every such license shall contain a condition that all races or race meetings conducted thereunder shall be subject to the rules regulations and conditions from time to time prescribed by the commission and shall be revocable by the commission for any violation thereof or whenever the continuance of such license shall be deemed by the commission not conducive to the interest of legitimate racing But if said license is refused or revoked said commission shall publicly state its reasons for so doing and said reasons shall be written in full in the minute book of said commission which shall at all times be subject to inspection upon application of any one desiring so to do. Said finding of said commission shall be subject to the review of the court of competent jurisdiction Provided that a refusal of the commission to grant any racing association a license or to assign a racing association at least forty days in each year if desired for racing at such association and the decision of such commission revoking any license of any association shall be subject to review of the courts of the State

Section 4 Every running or harness race meeting at which racing shall be permitted for any stake purse or reward except as allowed by this act is hereby declared to be a public nuisance and every person acting or aiding therein shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and punished by a fine not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars for each day of such meeting or racing and in addition thereto in a suit brought for the purpose by the State Racing Commission in the circuit court of the county where it may be proposed to conduct such unathorized racing an injunction may be obtained against the same

Section 5 This act shall not apply to trotting meeetings or harness races nor to races conducted by any State county or other fair association holding not more than one meeting annually and for a period not exceeding six days for such meeting

Section 6 In as much as there is no general law regulating racing in this Commonwealth and it is desirable that one should be in operation as soon as possible an emergency is hereby declared to exist and this act shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage

Section 7 Any one guilty of making a handbook on the grounds of any racing association licensed by this commission during any race meeting thereof shall be ejected from the grounds and denied further admission thereto and any owner trainer jockey or other person interested in any horse or horses at said race meeting who shall be guilty of betting with or through any such handbook shall be ejected from the grounds fined or suspended and the license of such persons who are licensed by this commission shall be revoked

Section 8 No racing association licensed by this commission shall permit any Pari Mutel machines to be set up or operated on any part of its grounds except in the regular betting shed or ring and no betting commissioners shall be employed or allowed to carry any bets from any part of the grounds to the Pari Mutel machines and no tickets shall be sold in any Pari Mutel machines except in the regular betting shed or ring

The proceeds of Pari Mutel machines shall be appropriated as follows Five per centum of the gross receipts to be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the race meeting occurs and the fund in the hands of the treasurer shall be divided among the hospitals of the county or State

And five per centum of the gross receipts to be applied to the improvement of the roads of the county

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital Kittanning Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 33, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the City of Erie Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirugical Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 41, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sedgwick Valley Hospital Association Incorporated of Allegheny county Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 67, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mary M. Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 70, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Lehigh county Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 76, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland county at Greensburg Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 100, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital Franklin Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 102, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 109, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act relating to the State Police Force.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 165, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 223, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Evangelical Home for the Aged in the city of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 226, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 257, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 258, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 269 (House Bill No. 249), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls Beaver county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 299, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 325, entitled:

An Act prohibiting the commissioners of townships of the first class from undertaking the paving curbing macadamizing or otherwise improving of or construction of sewers in any street alley or part thereof except upon petition of property owners owning property containing a majority of the number of feet fronting and abutting on the line of the proposed improvement

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 348, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 349, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 374, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of the North Side City of Pittsburgh

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 403, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home of New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 414 (House Bill No. 248), entitled:

An Act authorizing courts to make wards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 434, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monroe County Hospital located at Stroudsburg Monroe county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 455, entitled:

An Act to provide for better setting of fruit and for the protection of bees by prohibiting the spraying of trees shrubs bushes or plants of fruit-bearing kinds when in bloom

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 472, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem Salisbury township Lehigh county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 527, entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed under and by the authority of an act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewerage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" and authorizing the passage of an ordinance amending an original ordinance where the route of any sewer has been changed during the course of its construction

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 529, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 552, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the city of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 643, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tabor Home for Children at Doylestown Bucks county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 652, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the board of commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 672 (House Bill No. 912), entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 720 (House Bill No. 253), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the mine inspectors' examining boards and providing for their expenses

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 741, entitled:

An Act refunding to the executor of the estate of Charles C. Cox deceased certain monies by him paid into the State Treasury upon a bequest to the Malinda Cox Free Library of Doylestown Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 764 (House Bill No. 841), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 776 (House Bill No. 767), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 779 (House Bill No. 89), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors of any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 786, entitled:

An Act amending section number one thousand four hundred and two of article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 799, entitled:

A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the Second Regiment Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held at San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing that such officers and enlisted men of said regiment as participate in said exposition shall be paid the same per diem pay of officers and men and such allowances in connection with the annual encampment as are paid from State funds which they would receive at the annual encampment

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 643, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tabor Home for Children at Doylestown Bucks county

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make a report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PATTON from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 167.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced returned to the Senate Senate Bill 167, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred and sixty authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 166.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 166, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 61.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and additions to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 197.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 778 (House Bill No. 1098), entitled:

A suplement to an act approved the 19th day of March 1909, entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act."

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 778 (House Bill No. 1098), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said board of osteopathic examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act."

be read the first time.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 778 (House Bill No. 1098), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said board of osteopathic examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 331 (House Bill No. 182), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contracts for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough.

be recommitted to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion

The motion was agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 852, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committees at this time

The PRESIDENT Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. W. W. SMITH from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 725, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the 3d day of June, 1911, entitled 'A further supplement to an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class,' approved the 28th day of April, A. D. 1899, as to townships of the first class; provided for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners; invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by, or in excess of appropriations; providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers, and the method of making contracts," approved the 23d day of May, 1913, P. L. 306.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 727, entitled:

An Act to repeal section four of an act, entitled "A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of the first class; providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts, hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations; providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts," approved the 3d day of June, 1911, P. L. 626.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 581 (House Bill No. 550) entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 23d day of May 1893, entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office of the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess."

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 225, on final passage, postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten and twelve of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims habeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve wherever it appears to the word "clerk"

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I voted "aye".

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I voted "aye".

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring.

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title in line 9, after the word "to," by striking out the words and figures "twelve hundred dollars ($1200)", and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "One thousand dollars ($1,000)"; also in section 10 line 31, by striking out after the word "of" the words and figures "twelve hundred ($1200)", and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "one thousand ($1,000)" also in line 48 by striking out the words and figures "twelve hundred dollars ($1200)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "One thousand dollars ($1,000)."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act to amend and revise an act, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class, regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidation and extending existing laws in relation thereto," approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, enlarging changing modifying and defining certain of the powers of cities of the third class.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. FARLEY from the Committee on Public Printing rereported as committed, Senate Bill No. 446 (House Bill No. 515) entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 709, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three, six and seven of an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare, by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments, with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment; by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work; by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted; by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof; by defining the procedure in prosecutions; and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof."

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 820, entitled:

An Act regulating through the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the business of assisting employers to obtain employes and persons to secure employment including the business of collecting information to the same end, and prescribing penalties.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 821, entitled:

An Act establishing under the Department of Labor and Industry a system of regulation of employers seeking employes, and of persons seeking employment, and prescribing as incidental thereto certain duties of employers and of county, municipal, township and school authorities and of agencies procuring employes for others and prescribing penalties.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committees at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW from the Committee on Corporations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 752, entitled:

An Act relating to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania in the matter of the elimination of grade crossings and providing that it may compel all changes in all streets, highway and bridges of every kind, and in all other public conveniences and in all facilities of all public service companies made necessary by proper elimination thereof.

Also from the Committee on Corporations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 753, entitled:

An Act relating to plans and specifications fo rthe elimination of grade crossings when county commissioners have made or shall make complaint against the same to the Public Service Commission; and providing that the same may be contracted for and paid for out of the county funds if approved by the Court of Quarter Sessions; and providing that the same shall be sufficiently comprehensive to show all matters and things necessary for proper action on said complaint by the Public Service Commission and to show the location of the proposed improvement and the effect thereof on all public conveniences and public service companies interested; and providing that the Public Service Commission shall include the cost of such plans and specifications in the cost of the improvement, if they decide upon the elimination of such grade crossings; and repealing all inconsistent laws.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 859, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 860, entitled:

An Act to further regulate the construction, maintenance and inspection of buildings and defining the term "basement" in cities of the first class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 861, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article IX of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 417 (House Bill No. 55) entitled:

"An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof,' approved the 20th day of April A. D. 1874, abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed," approved the 13th day of April, A. D. 1897, by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 929 (Senate Bill No. 862) entitled:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations

House Bill No. 930 (Senate Bill No. 863) entitled:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth in to workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board and the workmen's compensation referees and certain of their employes and assistants.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 931 (Senate Bill No. 864) entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 932 (Senate Bill No. 865) entitled:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the act entitled "An Act entitled 'An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulation procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder' approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 933 (Senate Bill No. 866) entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 934 (Senate Bill No. 867) entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder" approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 935 (Senate Bill No. 868), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 433 (Senate Bill No. 869), entitled:

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps coupons ticket cards certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise regulating and licensing the sale furnishing and giving of trading stamps and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 1008 (Senate Bill No. 870) entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class.

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 1053 (Senate Bill No. 871) entitled:

An Act to validate transactions of Building and Loan Associations whose charter has expired and permitting such Building and Loan Association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

House Bill No. 1130 (Senate Bill No. 872), entitled:

An Act regulating the legal business of the State government and the employment of attorneys therefor defining the duties of the various departments bureaus boards and commissions in relation thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1155 (Senate Bill No. 873), entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1192 (Senate Bill No. 874), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1052 (Senate Bill No. 875), entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 905 (Senate Bill No. 876), entitled:

An Act authorizing the free distribution of all maps issued by the State Highway Department

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 928 (Senate Bill No. 877), entitled:

An Act to classify the fish in the water within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artifically propagated for profit and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

House Bill No. 1128 (Senate Bill No. 878), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 825 (Senate Bill No. 879), entitled:

An Act to license and regulate the business of purchasing for smelting purposes all articles made in whole or in part of gold or silver

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1004 (Senate Bill No. 880), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 241 (Senate Bill No. 882), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions"

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

House Bill No. 86 (Senate Bill No. 883), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

House Bill No. 966 (Senate Bill No. 884), entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating tender of judgment or payment in certain civil matters

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No 553 (Senate Bill No. 885), entitled:

An Act to provide for the safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth by providing that no person or persons shall be conveyed into or from the mines by way of perpendicular shafts except in cages of steel frame construction and fixing a penalty for violations thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

House Bill No. 945 (Senate Bill No. 886), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act requiring owners lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish the owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of the mines and workings along the division line of such coal or clay lands and permitting the owners or lessees of such adjoining coal or clay lands to enter such mines and make surveys and to verify the accuracy of such maps"

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

House Bill No. 608 (Senate Bill No. 887), entitled:

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act amending sections one two three seven and fifteen article two of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws one thousand nine hundred and one page five hundred and thirty-five et ectera) increasing the number of inspectors and inspection districts proviidng for the examination of candidates for Dauphin county and providing for certain redistricting of inspectors" granting ot the qualified electors of Sullivan Susquehanna and Wayne counties the right to participate in the election of mine inspectors of the Second inspection district so as to increase the number of inspection districts by making the counties of Susquehanna Wayne and Sullivan a separate district providing for the appointment of a board of examiners for said district and for the examination and election of an inspector therefor and for the appointment of an inspector therefor until such times as an inspector should be duly elected" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven increasing the number of inspectors to be elected in the First and Second inspection districts

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

House Bill No. 1175 (Senate Bill No. 888), entitled:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne County to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1187 (Senate Bill No. 889), entitled:

An Act authorizing the consular officers of foreign nations to act as administrators of estates of citizens of their respective nations and to present the legal heirs of such decedents resident in foreign countries

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 575 (Senate Bill No. 890), entitled:

An Act relating to and the employment of persons in compressed air work

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

House Bill No. 1181 (Senate Bill No. 891), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 970 (Senate Bill No. 892), entitled:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also section four, five, twelve, thirteen, twenty, twenty-two, thirty, thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the Fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paragraph of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No 1151 (Senate Bill No. 893), entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation for commissioners of townships of the first class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1147 (Senate Bill No. 894), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges of the Courts of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 165 (Senate Bill No. 895), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 180 (Senate Bill No. 896), entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to wild birds and animals and game within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the hunting for or capture or killing of such wild birds or animals or game by unnatralized foreign-born residents forbidding the ownership or possession of dogs by any unnaturalized foreign-born resident within the Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

House Bill No. 437 (Senate Bill No. 897), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 485 (Senate Bill No. 898), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuykill county Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 528 (Senate Bill No. 899), entitled:

An Act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census and repealing all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 735 (Senate Bill No. 900), entitled:

Supplement supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the voting of shares of stock in corporations in this Commonwealth held by executors administrators guardians and trustees and the manner of voting the same" approved March sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1061 (Senate Bill No. 901), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and C. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1168 (Senate Bill No. 902), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-three) entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1209 (Senate Bill No. 903), entitled:

An Act regulating the disposition of dockets of justices of the peace and alderman and providing penalties

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1211 (Senate Bill No. 904), entitled:

An Act requiring the prothonotaries of the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to provide an Adsectum Judgment Index and fixing the fees of the prothonotaries therefor

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 123 (Senate Bill No. 905), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation of eight hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road and the bridges thereon through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and of building a new bridge on such road in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1058 (Senate Bill No. 906), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act prescribing a method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State Government" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for an extension of the provisions of such act to boards of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions maintained for various charitable educational and eleemosynary purposes

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1137 (Senate Bill No. 907), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1143 (Senate Bill No. 908), entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1202 (Senate Bill No. 909), entitled:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 186 (Senate Bill No. 910), entitled:

An Act to provide a system of annual payments to certain citizens of Pennsylvania who while as citizens of Pennsylvania volunteered in defense of said State as emergency men

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1271 (Senate Bill No. 911), entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter all actions for damages for death by negligence or unlawful violence shall be brought by the executor or administrator of the decedent for the exclusive benefit of the widow or husband children grandchildren mother father brother sister or other next of kin dependent on such decedent and such damages shall be distributable free from all claims of creditors in the proportion such beneficiaries would take the personal estate of such decedent under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:48 P. M. until Wednesday morning, April 14, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, April 13th, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that Thou are omnipotent, Thou dost hold the seas in the hollow of Thy hand and Thou dost say unto the mighty oceans "Thus far shalt thou go and no farther." Thou art omnicient; Thou knowest the thought in every mind, the secret in every heart and the influence of every deed. Thou hast founded governments and preserved nations and individuals. Thou hast said "Righteousness exalteth a nation but sin is a reproach to any people." Amidst it all Thou dost bow down Thine ear to hear our prayer and we pray Thee this morning that Thou wilt hear our prayer as we pray for the Governor of this Commonwealth. Help him to bear his responsibility and may he be successful in all his undertakings. Bless the Speaker; give him a cheerful heart and a ready mind to preside over this House. Bless the membership of this House. May good fellowship and harmony exist throughout this entire session, making this session one of the most successful of any legislation in the history of this old Keystone State. We ask for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Fruit, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

Mr. BERGY presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 710, P. O. S. of A., Mifflintown, favoring the erection of Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF A MEMORIAL TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. BERGY presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 710, P. O. S. of A., Mifflintown, favoring the erection of a Memorial to public schools and the founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. C. A. SHAFFER presented the petition of the citizens of Columbia County favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. McCURDY presented the petition of citizens of Blair County favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. HESS presented the petition of the boys and girls of St. Andrew's Reformed School, Lancaster, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. ALCORN presented the petition of the citizens of Clearfield County favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. ALCORN presented the petition of citizens of Lumber City favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. ALCORN presented the petition of the citizens of West Liberty favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. ALCORN, presented a petition from the citizens of Helvatia, Clearfield County, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. ALCORN presented a petition from the citizens of Brady and Sandy Townships, Clearfield County, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Commitee on Law and Order.

Mr. ALCORN presented a petition from the citizens of Clearfield, Clearfield County, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BALDWIN presented a petition from the citizens of Broomall and Herrtown Square, Delaware County, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. DELL presented a petition from the citizens of Huntingdon County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BARNETT presented the petition of citizens of Windsor, York County, praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. HESS presented the petitions of organizations of men and women, of Lancaster County, praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. HESS also presented the petition of citizens of Lancaster County, praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition from the Young Men's Bible Class of Oakmont, Pa., favoring Local Option.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented a petition from the Methodist Episcopal Church of Wilkinsburg, Pa., favoring Local Option.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented a petition from the Fourth St. M. E. Church of Braddock, Pa., favoring Local Option.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented a petition from the Bible School of the Homewood Baptist Sunday School favoring Local Option.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented a petition from the First Presbyterian Church of Wilkinsburg, Pa., favoring Local Option.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented a petition from the Calvary Presbyterian Church of Wilkinsburg, Pa., favoring Local Option.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. DAWSON presented a petition from Washington Camp No. 177 of Scranton, Pa., favoring the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 572 (House Bill No. 1519).

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as an individual could do.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 75 (House Bill No. 1520).

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Which was referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 283 (House Bill No. 1521).

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fishwardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid."

Which was referred to the Committee on Game.

Senate Bill No. 304 (House Bill No. 1522).

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of school districts of the second third and fourth classes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 329 (House Bill No. 1523).

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 558 (House Bill No. 1524).

An Act fixing the salary of the night watchman in the State Library.

Referreed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 628 (House Bill No. 1525).

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' and punishing certain offences in regards to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eight and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate he nomination and election of public officers requring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making returns of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three.

Referred to the Committeee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 657 (House Bill No. 1526).

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk and the five clerks in the Department of Mines.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 689 (House Bill No. 1527).

An Act making an appropriation to refund certain monies to the estate of the late Joseph P. Kennedy.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 754 (House Bill No. 1528).

A joint resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson township Cambria county Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed House Bill No. 1518, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. DUNN, from the Committee on Railroads, reported as committed House Bill No. 203, entitled:

An Act requiring all locomotives operated by common carriers to be equipped with head lights of a certain candle power, and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL, from the Committee on Military, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1032, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled, "An Act to amend an act" "An Act authorizing the County Commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county, in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war," approved the twenty-second day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL, from the Committee on Military, reported as amended, House Bill No. 117, entitled:

An Act requiring the payment of not more than fifty dollars for the burial of the body of any honorably discharged soldier or marine, who heretofore served or shall hereafter serve in the army, the navy or the marine corps of the United States in any war or insurrection and of any persons who was in active service in the militia of Pennsylvania during the civil war under and in pursuance of any proclamation of the Governor, not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from said service, having a legal residence in this Commonwealth, at the time of his death, who shall hereafter die, either within or without the state, by the county in which said soldier, sailor, marine or militiaman had a legal residence at the time of his death, providing for the appointment of committees to execute the provisions of this act and fixing the powers and duties of said committees.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. RUDISILL asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Kunkle.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will take up bills on second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 868, entitled:

An Act to regulate the operation of motor vehicles for public use in the transportation of persons and the issuance of licenses therefor to prescribe the qualifications of the owners and drivers or operators thereof to define certain rights and duties and fixing penalties for the violation of this act and to provide revenue from the operation of such vehicles for the maintenance of streets and highways.

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful from and after the passage of this act for any person firm association or corporation to operate upon any of the streets or highways of this Commonwealth for public use in the transportation of passengers any mechanically driven motor vehicles unless a license be obtained therefor by the owner thereof from the proper authorities as hereinafter provided

Section 2 Said license shall be issued upon the application of the owner or owners of said vehicle or vehicles accompanied by an affidavit of one or more of such owners or one of the principal officers of the corporation if a corporation be such owner setting forth the name or names and address by street and number of the owner or owners the character and size of such motor vehicle or vehicles the number of passengers each motor vehicle will carry the place or places in which it is proposed to operate the same and the route or routes upon which the same are to be operated specifying the particular streets roads or highways and setting forth that said owner or owners if an individual or individuals are all of full age have complied with all other laws of this Commonwealth or ordinances of the municipality in which said motor vehicles are to be operated regulating or governing the same and specifying the license numbers of each of said vehicles issued under said laws or ordinances and thereupon subject to the restrictions conditions and provisions hereinafter contained and upon the payment of the sum of fifty cents for each month or part thereof during which such license shall be effective a license or licenses shall be issued

All license fees so received shall be paid to the treasurer of the municipality whose officers shall issue such license for the use of the municipality save and except that the fees received by the State Highway Department shall be retained by it for its purposes

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 No license shall be issued upon any application therefor unless and until the applicant shall file with the authorities issuing the same a bond or bonds to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) for each motor vehicle for which the license may be isued with one or more corporations authorized so to act as surety therein conditioned that the said owner or owners shall well and truly pay all sums due for damages that may be finally recovered against such owner by any person or persons or corporation for the death of any person or injuries to his their or its person or property arising from or growing out of the operation of said motor vehicle under said license during the period for which the same shall be granted or be in force as in this act provided and all taxes that may be due under the provisions of this act and all penalties that may be recovered for violation hereof nor shall any license issue unless such owner or owners are actual owners of said motor vehicles in their own right and are of full age A separate license shall be issued for each motor vehicle shall speccify the State license number of the vehicle licensed and shall entitle the owner therof to operate the vehicle therein specified for the calendar year or remaining part thereof in which the same may be issued and for thirty day thereafter upon and over the route therein specified and no license shall issue for a less period of time than the remaining portion of the calendar year subsequent to the date of the issue thereof Every owner operating such motor vehicle shall keep such license exposed in some conspicious place in the motor vehicle operated thereunder at all times during the continuance of such operation All such vehicles so licensed shall notwithstanding the grant of said license be subject to all the other laws of this Commonwealth and ordinances of the respective municipalities in which the same may be operated relating to the license and operation of motor vehicles therein No license shall be transferable but on the sale of any licensed motor vehicle the owner may surrender the license issued therefor and a new license shall be issued to the purchaser without charge upon application therefor under and in acordance with all the conditions and provisions of this act relating to the original application including the giving of a new bond upon such issurance In any such case the original bond filed shall remain as a security and the owner and the surety or sureties signing the same shall remain liable for any liability that may have arisen prior to the surrender of said license In case the route specified in the application for said license shall extend into or through two or more different municipalities a license shall be obtained from the authorities hereinafter designated in each of said municipalities but it shall not be necessary to file but one bond for each vehicle which in such case shall be filed with the municipality in which the residence of the owner or owners if individuals may be or the principal office of the corporation if a corporation be the owner is situate All licensees desiring to renew their licenses shall make application and obtain new licenses in the same manner as hereinbefore of January in each year.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr E. E JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 3, lines 4 and 5, strike out "ten thousand dollars ($10,000)" and insert "five thousand dollars ($5,000)."

Section 3, amend line 20, by inserting after the word "vehicle" the word "and."

Section 3, amend line 23, by striking out the word "me" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "be."

Section 3, line 25, by striking out the word "issue" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "be issued."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 4 All bonds filed under the provisions of this act shall remain as a continuing security for all liability arising thereon during the existence of the license upon the issuance of which the same was given and until a new license be obtained and bond given for the operation of the motor vehicle for which such license was granted All persons having any right of action against any owner or owners upon the causes of action provided in this act to be specified in the condition of the bond so to be given shall have the right to proceed on said bond or bonds for the enforcement thereof in the same manner as is now provided by law in relation to bonds given to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by administrators and others for the use of such persons as may be affected by the acts or neglect of the person giving such bond

Section 5 The authorities who shall grant such licenses shall be the municipal officers now granting licenses for or consents to the use of the highways of the various cities boroughs townships or other municipalities of the Commonwealth if any such there be In case there be no such officer now granting such licenses or consent in any municipality or empowered so to do then the same shall be issued by the treasurer thereof provided however that in all cases where any route is upon any State highway the license shall be granted by the State Highway Department and no other license shall be required with respect to the portion of the route upon such highway

Section 6 No such motor vehicle shall be at any time operated by any person who is under full age nor unless such operator chauffeur or driver thereof shall have presented himself before the authorities granting the license for the vehicle to be operated by him and filed his name with said authorities establishing his competency so to act to their satisfaction and received from them a badge containing the number of the license issued to said car which said badge shall be at all times conspicuously worn by said operator while engaged in the operation of said vehicle

Section 7 In addition to the provisions of this act all said vehicles so operating as herein provided shall be subject to the same regulation by the various municipalities in which the same may operate to which they are now subject

The eighth section was read as follows:

Section 8 All owners of said vehicles operating as aforesaid shall within thirty days after the first day of January in each year file a return under oath with the authority granting the license in such form as may be prescribed by it setting forth the amount of their gross receipts during the preceding calendar year and shall within thirty days after filing the same pay to the said authority a sum equal to ten per centum of said gross receipts which said sums when so received shall be forthwith paid in to the proper fund used for the purpose of or appropriated or established for the repair and maintenance of streets and highways of the municipality from whose officer such owner has received his license In case the route specified in the license granted for the operation of any motor vehicle shall extend into or through two or more municipalities the owner or owners of the motor vehicles operating thereover shall apportion the gross receipts from each vehicle proportionately to the amount received or earned in each municipality as near as may be and make report as herein provided to each municipality in accordance therewith and make payment to each municipality for the amount due it upon the basis of such report

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section eight (8) line eight (8) strike out "ten" and insert "two and one-half" so that the line shall read "sum equal to five per centum of said gross receipts."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The ninth, tenth and eleventh sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 9 All owners of motor vehicles operating under this act shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania and shall comply with and perform and fulfill all the obligations and requirements of the Public Service Company Law

Section 10 If any owner of any motor vehicle operating under this act shall violate any of the provisions of this act he shall for the first offense forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars ($100.00) and for any subsequent offense the sum of five hundred dollars ($500.00) which may be recovered in the manner in which penalties are now recovered by law and in addition thereto upon such second offence shall forfeit the license or licenses granted to him hereunder In case any person firm association or corporation shall operate any such vehicle without obtaining a license therefor as herein provided or upon any route not embraced in such license or in case any driver chauffeur or operator shall act as such in the operation of any licensed vehicle hereunder he they or it shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500.00) for each offence

Section 11 This act shall not apply to railroads or street railways or motor cycles nor to persons firms associations or corporations carrying persons upon specific trips and not over a regular route to be traversed by said vehicles

An Act to regulate the operation of motor vehicles for public use in the transportation of persons and the issuance of licenses therefor to prescribe the qualifications of the owners and drivers or operators thereof to define certain rights and duties and fixing penalties for the violation of this act and to provide revenue from the operation of such vehicles for the maintenance of streets and highways

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 842, entitled:

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require railroad corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to repeal an act entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Public Serivce Commission created by the Public Service Company law approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen shall have power after hearing upon notice by order in writing to require any railroad corporation as defined in the Public Service Company Law to employ a sufficient and adequate number of men upon any of its trains and any such order shall be enforceable in the same manner as prescribed by such Public Service Company Law in respect to orders of the Commission made thereunder and all acts inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby are hereby repealed including the act of June nineteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1 as follows: On line 13, strike out the last syllable thereon and all words thereafter in the section beginning with the word "including" and ending with the word "trains" on line 17.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. BALDWIN. I would like to ask the gentleman if it is not a fact that if this amendment be inserted in the bill, it entirely destroys the effect of the act?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, if I would give my own opinion, it would not be worth very much on that point, because I am not an attorney. I only introduced this amendment after advice with a great, able and competent judge of this State, a lawyer who is general counsel of one of the leading railroads, which is one of the five in this combination of railroads, and they cannot see where it is necessary to put in this particular reference after the general repealer is in. If this is a bill to refer this matter to the Public Service Commission, then we believe that our amendment should be put in. If this is a bill simply to repeal the Full Crew Act, then we believe that our amendment should be voted down. We are in favor of referring it to the Public Service Commission.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I have also taken this subject up very carefully with attorneys. I say to the House that where a bill is repealed in full, it is always so far as I can find the practice to use the language contained in this act. The words "hereby repeal" refer to the acts that might be in conflict with the proposed proposition or act—I want to make myself clear to the House—the language that my friend from McKean, desires to strike out, especially what is known as the Full Crew Act of 1911, feels that the general repealer or the language, used as a general repealer, is sufficient and it is unnecessary to specify particularly the Act of 1911. It appears to me that the constitutional requirement that where you repeal an act in full you must either recite the act or the title of the specific act. If my friend from McKean will examine the act which is supposed to repeal the provisions of the Act of 1911, the language is identical with the language in this act, as there is a general repealer of all parts of acts that are inconsistent with this act. Further along it specifies particularly the complete sections which it repeals entirely in the particular act. Now, if my friend from McKean is right, in holding that the general repealer is all that is necessary then the specific repealer does not change the situation in the least. If my friend from McKean is wrong in holding that a general repealer is all that is necessary to dispose of the act of 1911, then the act fails and is of no consequence, after the House passes it, if it should pass it. This language is used for the purpose of leaving no doubt as to the intent of the Legislature in case it should pass this bill. The result is identical. There is no difference. My friend from McKean simply feels that his amendment takes out what is superfluous in the bill. In my judgment it is a mistake. It is vital that it should stay in, and I hope that the members of the House will allow the main repealer to remain, because if you examine the statutes you will find that it is the practice of all careful attorneys who draw statutes, and I hope the House will not accept the amendment.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the section?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require railroad corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to repeal an act entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 346, as follows:

An Act relating to the issue and redemption of trading stamps coupons and other similar devices

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person firm or corporation who shall sell or deliver to merchants or others any trading stamps coupon or other similar device to be used for the purpose of inducing trade or in connection with the sale of merchandise shall cause to be printed upon the face thereof the value in cash at which the same will be redeemed by the original issuer thereof

Section 2 It shall be unlawful for any person firm or corporation to sell assign transfer issue or deliver any trading stamp coupon token or other similar device to any person firm or corporation to be used as aforesaid unless with the written consent of the person firm or corporation originally issuing same and responsible for the redemption thereof and no person firms or corporations shall use in connection with the sale of merchandise any trading stamp coupon token or other similar device unless authorized in writing to do so by the original issuer of same

Section 3 Any person firm or corporation engaged in trade who shall deliver or present to any customer any trading stamp coupon token or similar device which will entitle the holder thereof to receive either directly or from the person issuing same or delivering same or indirectly through any other person either money or merchandise shall upon the refusal or failure of the person firm or corporation originally issuing the same to redeem the same as aforesaid in money or merchandise at the option of the holder at the redemption value thereof

Section 4 This act shall not apply to redeemable coupons or vouchers placed by manufacturers in or upon packages of goods sold by them to be redeemed in money or merchandise by the manufacturers originally issuing same

Section 5 Any person copartnership or corporation violating any of the provisions of the preceding section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof before any justice of the peace of this State or court of competent jurisdiction shall be fined not less than one hundred ($100) dollars nor more than five hundred ($500) dollars for each offense and in default of payment of the fine shall be committed to jail for the period of not less than sixty (60) days or more than six (6) months

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 135, as follows:

An Act defining drugs and defining and regulating the peddling thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "peddle" as used in this act means the selling or offering for sale or exchange upon any public place or highway or from house to house or by public outcry on or near a public place or highway or otherwise carrying on the business of an itinerant vendor

The term "drug" as used in this act shall include all medicines and preparations listed and recognized in the United States Pharmacopeia the National Formulary or the American Homeopathic Pharmacopeia for internal or external use or any preparation or substance or mixture of substances recommended for internal or external medicinal use and intended to be used for the cure mitigation or prevention of disease of man or to affect the complexion or to change the color or affect the condition or health of human hair or to increase or decrease the weight of the human body

The term "person" as used in this act shall include any individual person firm or corporation

Section 2 It is unlawful for any person to peddle any drug of any nature without a license therefor to be issued in accordance with the provisions of this act

Section 3 The license required in section two shall be issued by the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board on written application therefor as provided in section four of this act

Section 4 An application for a license shall be in writing upon a blank form provided by the Board and shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the applicant It shall set forth the full name age and residence address of the applicant every applicant if an individual shall be at least twenty-one years of age and each application shall be accompanied with the license fee which fee shall be returned if the application is refused"

Section 5 The license shall be dated numbered serially and shall set forth the name and residence address of the applicant The ilcense shall be valid only during one calendar year beginning January first The license shall not be transferable The fee for a license shall be five dollars Licenses may be renewed on application and payment of fee as for new licenses

Section 6 It is unlawful for any person

1 To make any false or misleading statement in an application for license or

2 To peddle any drug or medicinal preparation not compounded by a person who is a graduate chemist graduate pharaceutical chemist or a pharmacist registered under the laws of the State in which the drugs are compounded

Section 7 Upon satisfactory proof of violation of any provision of this act by the licensee the license may be revoked at any time by the board

Section 8 This act is not to be construed to apply to the agent or representative of any wholesale dealer or manufacturer of drugs or medicinal preparations lawfully soliting business from dealers in drugs and medicinal preparations

Section 9 Any person engaged in peddling drugs or medicinal preparations shall show his license therefor on demand at any time to a member of the Board or to a duly authorized agent representative or employe of the Board or to police officer or constable

Section 10 A person is guilty of a misdemeanor who shall violate any of the provisions of this act Upon conviction thereof he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars

Section 11 All license fees and fines collected under this act shall be paid to the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board or it specially authorized agent and shall be used by the Board in the enforcement of the provisions of this act

Section 12 The enforcement of this act shall be by the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board which may employ such agents chemists attorneys and assistants as it may deem necessary for this purpose

Section 13 This act shall become effective on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

Section 14 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said Anatomical Board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives or representatives of fraternal society or charitable organization within seventy-two hours after death

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act entitled "An act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" which reads as follows

Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospital or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within the State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered If any person claiming to be and satisfying the authorities in charge of said body that he or she is of kindred or is related by marriage to the deceased shall claim the said body for burial but it shall be surrendered for interment nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if such deceased person was a traveler who died suddenly in which case the said body shall be buried" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospital or other municipality or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense and hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within the State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any relative by blood or marriage shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be less than forty-eight hours after death but the body shall be surrendered to said claimant for interment nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if said person was a traveler who died suddenly or was an honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine of the United States or of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania in which case said body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of existing laws

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, by inserting after the first word "act" the following: "approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three"

Amend section 1, line 9, by inserting before the word "Section" a double quote

Amend section 1, line 23, by striking out the first word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "this"

Amend section 1, line 61, by inserting a closing bracket after the word "organization"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives or representatives of fraternal society or charitable organization within seventy-two hours after death

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 4, by inserting after the word "unclaimed" the word "human"

Amend title, line 11, by inserting after the word "of" the letter "a"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

HOUSE BILL NO. 842 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. BALDWIN offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Baldwin, seconded by Mr. McVicar, that House Bill No. 842, File Folio 4567, entitled:

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require railroad corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to repeal an act entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

be made a special order on third reading and final passage for Monday evening, April 19th, at 9:30 o'clock P. M.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 173, as follows:

An Act requiring all locomotives operated by common carriers to be equipped with bell ringers and providing a penalty for violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each locomotive operated on any railroad by any common carrier shall be equipped with an automatic bell ringer in good and efficient working order that can be so operated with other than hand power

Section 2 At least twenty-five per centum of all locomotives operated within this Commonwealth by any common carrier shall be equipped with bell ringers provided in section one of this act by the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and fifty per centum by the first day of January one thousand nine hundred seventeen seventy-five per centum by the first day of January one thousand nine hundred eighteen and all such locomotives so operated shall be equipped as hereinbefore provided by the first day of January one thousand nine hundred nineteen

Section 3 A person co-partnership corporation or association that violates any of the provisions of this act is guilty of a misdemeanor Upon conviction thereof such person and each member of such co-partnership or association and each officer and director of such corporation shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars

This section is not intended to apply to a case where the bell ringer shown to have been in good and efficient working order when the trip began fails during the trip

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1180, as follows:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

Whereas It is deeemd inimical to public policy and public health for sanitary and civic reasons to permit the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no person firm or corporation shall hereafter commence build construct or erect any public or community vault or mausoleum that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums wherein such vaults crypts or parts of mausoleums are intended to be sold or offered for sale to the public for the interment therein of human bodies where such public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums are in a building or buildings wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1186, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" which as amended by an act approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions' approved May twenty-five one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven increasing the weekly sum therein authorized to be paid from one dollar and fifty cents to two dollars" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That any county municipality borough or township of this Commonwealth which now has or may hereafter supply erect and equip a suitable institution for the maintenance care and treatment of its indigent insane upon plans and specifications approved in writing by the Board of Public Charities shall receive from the State Treasury the sum of two (2) dollars per week for every indigent insane person of such county municipality borough or township so maintained who has been legally adjudged to be insane and committed to such institution or who may be transferred from a State hospital for the insane to such local institution Provided That the Board of Public Charities shall be satisfied that the quality and equipment of such institution and the manner of care and treatment therein furnished is proper and suitable to the class or classes of the indigent insane so maintained and shall so certify to the Auditor General before any such payment shall be made" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That any county municipality borough or township of this Commonwealth which now has or may hereafter supply erect and equip a suitable institution for the maintanance care and treatment of its indigent insane upon plans and specifications approved in writing by the Board of Public Charities shall receive from the State Treasury the sum of two dollars and twenty-five cents ($2.25) per week for every indigent insane person of such county municipality borough or township so maintained who has been legally adjudged to be insane and committed to such institution or who may be transferred from a State hospital for the insane to such local institution Provided That the Board of Public Charities shall be satisfied that the quality and equipment of such institution and the manner of care and treatment therein furnished is proper and suitable to the class or classes of the indigent insane so maintained and shall so certify to the Auditor General before any such payment shall be made

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1182, as follows:

An Act to prevent municipalities from locating or opening streets roads or highways on over or through land belonging to any educational institution conducted by the Commonwealth or by a board appointed in whole or in part by the Governor without first obtaining the approval of the Governor and the board in charge thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter no municipality or municipalities in this Commonwealth shall locate or open any street road or highway on over or through any land belonging to any educational institution conducted by the Commonwealth or by a Board appointed in whole or in part by the Governor without first obtaining the approval of the Governor and the Board in charge thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1077 (Senate Bill No. 404), entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 693 (Senate Bill No. 172), entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

The first, second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" which as amended reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Edward Spencer of the borough of Dunmore Joseph Slocum and David K. Kresler of the borough of Scranton and Henry Griffin of the township of Providence in Luzerne county be and they are hereby appointed commissioners whose duty it shall be or a majority of them as soon after the passing of this act as practicable to determine upon and with the assent of the court of quarter sessions of said county purchase such real estate as may be necessary and proper for the accommodation of the poor of the borough of Dunmore and the borough of Scranton and the township of Providence aforesaid and it shall be lawful for said commissioners to take and receive proper conveyances therefor in the name and for the use of the corporation mentioned in the second section of this act and upon the receipt of such conveyance to execute in the name of said corporation and deliver to the vender or vendors bonds or mortgage upon said real estate to secure the payment of so much of the purchase money thereof as shall then remain unpaid and also to erect thereon suitable buildings for the accommodation and keeping of the poor of said boroughs and township and they are also authorized and empowered to borrow such sum or sums of money as may in their opinion be advisable and necessary not exceeding ten thousand dollars at a rate of interest not exceeding seven per centum to be used in the payment of the expense of purchasing said real estate and erecting said buildings and to secure the payment of the same by bonds and mortgages on said real estate

"Section 2 That the said Edward Spencer Joseph Slocum David K. Kresler and Henry Griffin are hereby constituted directors of the poor in the boroughs and townships aforesaid until successors are elected or appointed and qualified as hereinafter provided and they and their successors in office are hereby created a body politic and corporate in law to all intents and purposes whatever relative to the poor of said boroughs and township and shall have perpetual succession by the name style and title of the Scranton poor district and by that name may be sued plead and be impleaded receive take and hold any lands tenements and hereditaments not exceeding the yearly value of three thousand dollars to erect and keep in proper condition suitable buildings for the reception use accommodation and employment of the poor of said boroughs and township and to provide all things necessary for the lodging maintenance and employment of the poor of said boroughs and township

"Section 3 That the said Edward Spencer Joseph Slocum David K Kresler and Henry Griffin shall continue in office as directors until the annual March election in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five at which time the qualified electors of the township of Providence shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years the said Edward Spencer the said Joseph Slocum and David K. Kresler holding over until the usual spring election for borough officers in the borough of Scranton in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six at which time the qualified electors of each of the wards of the said borough of Scranton shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years and for the purpose of ascertaining the result of said election it shall be the duty of the judges of election in the several wards of said borough to meet at the office of the Wyoming House in said borough on the day next succeeding the day of said election and to count up the votes polled in the several wards for the respective candidates for the office of director of the poor aforesaid and such candidate as shall have received the highest number of legal votes in his ward shall be declared elected and the said judges shall thereupon certify his election accordingly as well to him as to the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township and in case of a tie vote between the candidates for the said office in either of the said wards the burgess shall put the names of the candidates thus having received an equal number of votes for the said office respectively into a suitable box or drawer and after having fairly shaken them together shall draw therefrom the paper containing the name of one of the said candidates and such person whose name has been thus drawn shall be declared elected to the office aforesaid and the said judge in whose presence the said drawing shall always take place shall certify together with the burgess the election of said director as well to himself as to the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township the said Edward Spencer holding over until the usual spring election for borough officers in the borough of Dunmore in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven at which time the qualified electors of the borough of Dunmore shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor for said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years and in case of a tie vote between any candidates for the said office the same proceedings shall be had as provided herein relative to such an occurrence in the borough of Scranton and in case of a vacancy occurring in the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township by death resignation or otherwise it shall be the duty of the judges of the court of quarter sessions of the county of Luzerne to appoint a suitable person to fill such vacancy for the unexpired term of the director causing the same and at the usual annual March election every three years after the election in March in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five the qualified electors of the township of Providence shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years next ensuing and the same shall be the case with the borough of Scranton and the borough of Dunmore every three years after the usual spring elections for borough officers in said boroughs in the years one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven respectively Provided That the person appointed to fill any vacancy shall reside in the borough or township for which said vacancy shall be filled And provided further That the judges of the court of quarter sessions of Luzerne county shall have power to remove any director for gross neglect of duty or other misconduct upon the petition of twenty or more of the electors of the said boroughs or township respectively on hearing of the complaint after reasonable notice to the director complained of

"Section 4 That the said directors shall before entering upon the duties of their office respectively be duly sworn or affirmed to faithfully discharge the duties of said office and the persons herein appointed directors shall as soon as they shall think proper after the passing of this act appoint a treasurer steward or superintendent collector of poor taxes and such other assistants as they shall deem necessary who shall serve until successors are appointed and in the month of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and in the month of January in each year thereafter the said directors shall appoint a treasurer collector steward or superintendent physician and such other assistants as they may deem necessary to serve for one year and until successors are appointed and qualified the said treasurer and collectors to give bonds with sufficient security to be approved by the president judge of the court of common pleas of said county and filed in the office of the prothonotary of said court conditioned for the faithful performance of their respective duties in such sum as the directors shall require any of said officers or assistants may be removed by said directors for neglect of duty or for improper conduct in office and the vacancies as well as all vacancies which shall otherwise occur shall be filled by them

"Section 5 That the said directors a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business shall have power annually as soon after the returns of the annual assessments in said county as is practicable to lay a rate of assessments upon all real and personal estate trades and occupations and all other matters and things made taxable under existing laws for state and county purposes in the boroughs and township aforesaid for defraying the expenses of purchasing the real estate as referred to in the first section of this act erecting said buildings and of stocking and fitting up the property of the corporation for the proper comfort and employment of the poor of said boroughs and township which shall be the same rate per centum in said boroughs and township and shall be levied upon the basis of the last adjusted valuation made for regulating county rates and levies and having caused fair duplicates of such rate or assessment by them laid to be made which shall be signed by them shall issue their warrant to the collector of such tax therein authorizing and requiring him to demand receive and collect from every person therein named the sum wherewith such person stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are now by law collectable and the said directors shall from the time of providing by them of suitable buildings for the accommodating of said poor exercise and perform all the powers and duties which overseers of the poor may and are now required by law to exercise and perform within said boroughs and township except so far as such acts duties and powers as are herein expressly prescribed or limited

"Section 6 That the said directors shall keep or cause to be kept a book or books in which shall be entered the name or names the age and sex and place of nativity of all and every poor person coming from either of the boroughs or township aforesaid to whom they shall give relief in the poor house aforesaid and they shall keep or cause to be kept a just and true account of the cost and expense of maintaining the poor admitted into the said poor house or relieved by the said directors from each of the said boroughs and the said township respectively and the said directors or a majority of them shall have power annually as soon after the returns of the annual assessments in said county as is practicable to lay a rate or assessment upon the real and personal estate trades and occupations and all other matters and things made taxable under existing laws for state and county purposes within the boroughs respectively aforesaid and within the township aforesaid for defraying the expenses of maintaining the poor coming from the boroughs respectively as aforesaid and from the township aforesaid which rate shall be levied upon the basis of the last adjusted valuation made for regulating county rates and levies and shall not together with the rate for which provision has been made in the preceeding section of this act exceed one cent on the dollar at one time and having caused fair duplicates of such rate or assessment by them laid on the property aforesaid in each of the said boroughs and townships to be made which shall be signed by them shall issue their warrant to the collector of such tax therein authorizing and requiring him to demand receive and collect from every person therein named the sum wherewith such person stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are by existing laws collectable the true intent and meaning of this section being that the borough of Dunmore and the borough of Scranton and the township of Providence shall each pay the expenses of maintaining the poor at the poor house aforesaid who are received and maintained there from each of the said districts respectively and a rate or assessment shall be levied as herein provided for that purpose upon each of the said districts in the proportion accordingly

"Section 7 That the said directors shall have the exclusive power to grant exonerations for taxes levied in pursuance of this act

"Section 8 That the said directors shall keep or cause to be kept a book or books showing the amount of the taxes levied in each of said boroughs and in the said township the amount exonerated and collected in each and the amount expended in maintaining the poor from each of the said boroughs and the said township which book or books shall at all times be open to the inspection of any of the electors in the said boroughs and township

"Section 9 That the said directors shall as soon as they shall have provided suitable buildings for the accommodation of the poor of said boroughs and township file in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of Luzerne county a certificate setting forth that such buildings are ready for the reception and accommodation of said poor which certificate shall also contain a statement of the real estate purchased with a brief description of the buildings thereon the cost of procuring and fitting up the same together with the cost of stocking and fitting up the property of the corporation and they shall also thereupon give notice to the overseers of the poor of said boroughs and township of their readiness to receive and accommodate the poor thereof which said overseers are required forthwith to furnish said directors with a list of the names of the persons then a charge upon said boroughs and township respectively or receiving relief therefrom with the place of residence of each and the said directors shall thereupon cause such poor persons or such of them as they shall think it expedient to be removed to said house so provided and thereafter to be kept lodged and maintained therein so long as such persons shall continue a charge upon said borough or township and no person who shall refuse to go to said poor house or to be maintained therein shall be entitled to relief or support from said directors or from said boroughs or township during the time of such refusal Provided however That said directors may if they think proper furnish assistance and afford relief to any poor persons without requiring them to be removed to and kept at said poor house

"Section 10 That the said directors are hereby authorized to provide work and employment for such poor persons as may be able to perform any labor or pursue any employment and if any poor person unless by reason of age infancy disease infirmity or other disability shall refuse to perform such reasonable labor or service as shall be allotted to or required of him or her by said directors such person or persons shall not be entitled to or receive any relief or assistance during such refusal and shall immediately upon such refusal be discharged from said poor house

"Section 11 That the overseers of the poor and other persons having charge of the poor of the boroughs and township aforesaid shall assume as notified by the directors in the manner provided for in a preceding section of this act cease to act as overseers of the poor in said boroughs and township except so far as may be required to settle adjust and close their accounts as overseers with said boroughs and township or with persons with whom they have transacted business and they shall upon demand deliver to the said directors transcripts of all poor taxes remaining unpaid on duplicates in their hands together with all books orders papers and documents pertaining to their office as overseers and shall also pay to the said directors or to the treasurer appointed by them all the moneys unexpended in their hands belonging to the said boroughs or township and the said directors shall forwith issue their warrant to the collector for the collection of all such unpaid poor taxes which shall be collected in the same manner as is provided for the collection of taxes assessed by said directors

"Section 12 That if upon a final settlement by said overseers of the boroughs and township aforesaid of their account as overseers any balance shall be found due them or either of them the said balance shall be certified by the auditors making such settlement and thereupon the said directors are required to issue their order upon the treasurer in favor of such overseer or overseers for the amount or or amounts so certified to be due

"Section 13 That the said directors are hereby required yearly on the first Monday of January in each year to make and prepare a statement or to cause the same to be done showing the income of said real estate for the preceding year as nearly as the same can be done also the excess of the expenditures over and above said income during the said preceding year the amount and kind of personal property then on hand including grain stock and all farming implements and conveniences the number of persons admitted from each of the boroughs and township aforesaid and also the number discharged and belonging to the said boroughs and township respectively and the number belonging to each then therein the length of time each of the said persons remained and the age sex and nativity of each a just and correct account of the receipts and disbursements for each of the said boroughs and township during the preceding year which statement the said directors shall annually in the month of January in each year publish in any weekly newspaper published in either of the said boroughs in three successive issues of the same together with a statement of the aggregate amount of the receipts disbursements and expenditures of said corporation during the preceding year from any source whatever or for any cause or purpose whatsoever.

"Section 14 The judges of the court of common pleas of the county of Lackawanna are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint on the first Monday of January three competent persons residents and taxpayers of the Scranton poor district to constitute a board of auditors one to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years to settle the accounts of said district and on the first meeting of said auditors they shall determine by lot which shall serve for one year which for two years and which for three years and the judges of Lackawanna county shall appoint one auditor annually thereafter for a term of three years and the said board of auditors shall meet to settle the accounts of the directors on the second Monday of January in each year and shall receive for their service each two dollars per day for each day necessarily employed to be paid out of the funds belonging to said district and that said report of such auditors shall be sworn to by them before any alderman justice of the peace or notary public within said poor district Provided That one of the said auditors shall at all times be a resident and taxpayer of the old borough of Providence and one of the borough of Dunmore

"Section 15 That all orders issued for the relief of any poor person or persons within said boroughs or township after the filing of the certificates mentioned in a preceding section of this act shall be directed to the directors of the poor of Providence and upon the receipt of such orders said directors or any of them shall immediately proceed to inquire into the circumstances and if the person or persons therein named are found to be entitled to relief he or they shall furnish such relief or cause such person or persons to be removed or taken to said poor house and there kept and maintained until legally discharged but no person shall be discharged from said poor house unless at his or her own request except by the direction of at least two of the said directors though any one of the said directors shall have authority to direct a poor person to be admitted into the said poor house

"Section 16 That the said directors are hereby authorized to bind out poor children under their care whose parents are dead or unable to support them as apprentices in the same manner and under the same restrictions as the overseers of the poor may now by law put out such children and the said directors shall exercise the same power and authority over all real and personal estate of any poor person under their care as is now by law vested in the overseers of the poor

"Section 17 That the compensation of the treasurer collector steward or superintendent matron physician and other officers or assistants shall be fixed by the directors and the compensation of the directors shall be fixed by the board of auditors at each yearly settlement for the next succeeding year provided that the compensation of said directors from the passage of this act until the first settlement shall be fixed by the board of auditors at the first yearly settlement the said directors to furnish the said auditors a correct account of the time and expense lost and incurred by them in attending to their duties from which account the said compensation shall be fixed and adjusted

"Section 18 That the said directors or treasurer or any one or more of the taxpayers of said boroughs or township may within thirty days from the yearly settlement by the auditors as aforesaid appeal from such settlement to the court of common pleas of Luzerne County in the same manner and under the same provisions and regulations that appeals from settlements by township auditors are now allowed

"Section 19 That no moneys shall be paid by the treasurer except upon orders drawn by the directors and signed by at least a majority of said directors

"Section 20 That the borough of Providence and the borough of Hydepark in the County of Luzerne or either of them may at any time elect to become a part of this corporation and be entitled to all the benefits and priivleges resulting therefrom and be subject to all the provisions in this act contained and for the purpose of enabling said boroughs or either of them to join said corporation it shall be lawful for the burgess and town council of said boroughs or either of them upon petition of twenty or more of the citizens thereof asking to become a part of said corporation to pass an ordinance declaring that said borough shall become a part of said corporation whereupon the burgess shall forthwith cause a copy of said ordinance to be lodged with the directors named in this act or their successors and the burgess and town council shall forthwith appoint some suitable and competent person resident therein to be a director for said borough who shall hold his office for one year or until his successor shall be duly elected and qualified and at the usual spring election next succeeding said appointment the qualified electors of said borough shall elect one suitable and competent person to serve as director for the term or period of three years and the same shall be done every three years thereafter Provided That said borough or boroughs respectively shall on becoming a part of this corporation pay a full proportion of the expenses incurred in the purchase of the real estate erecting the buildings and fitting up and stocking the property and to this end a rate or assessment shall be levied upon the said boroughs or either of them in the same manner and with like force and affect as assessments are levied by virtue of the provisions hereinbefore contained in this act

"Section 21 That the expenses of the corporation so far as paying the officers and assistants costs of auditing accounts and all other matters except as hereinbefore provided shall be borne by the several boroughs and the township included herein in common and shall be paid out of the funds of the corporation to be raised in the manner hereinbefore provided and in case of any tie vote between candidates for the office of director in either the borough of Providence or Hydepark at any election for director hereafter the same shall be decided in the manner as hereinbefore provided for like occurrences in the boroughs of Dunmore and Scranton

"Section 22 That all acts of Assembly or parts of acts hereby supplied or inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed" is amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 The Scranton poor district which is hereby established shall consist of all the territory now or hereafter constituting the City of Scranton and the borough of Dunmore

This district shall be divided into seven sub-districts which shall be numbered and constituted as follows

The first sub-district shall consist of the first second and third wards of the city

The second sub-district shall consist of the seventh eighth thirtenth and sixteenth wards of the city

The third sub-district shall consist of the ninth tenth twelfth and seventeenth wards of the city

The fourth sub-district shall consist of the eleventh nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city

The fifth sub-district shall consist of the sixth fifteenth eighteenth and twenty-second wards of the city

The sixth sub-district shall consist of the fourth fifth fourteenth and twenty-first wards of the city

The seventh sub-district shall consist of the borough of Dunmore

Section 2 The poor board of said Scranton poor district hereafter designated in this act as the board shall consist of seven qualified electors one from each of said sub-districts who shall be elected as follows

At the municipal election to be held in November one thousand nine hundred and fifteen there shall be elected from each of the seven sub-districts by the qualified electors thereof one qualified elector of each sub-district to represent such sub-district on the board The persons elected as directors in the first third fifth and seventh districts shall serve for the term of two years and until their successors are duly qualified

The persons elected directors in the second fourth and sixth districts shall serve for the term of four years and until their successors are duly qualified

At every succeeding municipal election an election shall be held in the proper sub-districts to fill the vacancies in the office of director for the proper district Those so elected shall serve for the term of four years

Section 3 Any vacancy occurring in the board shall be filled for the unexpired term by a majority vote of the remaining members of the board by the selection of a duly qualified elector from the proper sub-district

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 Each of the members of the board shall receive an annual compensation of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) payable quarterly

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, line 460, by striking out the words "twelve hundred" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "one thousand"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I object to that amendment.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, this bill, making elective the poor directors of the Scranton and Dunmore poor districts instead of appointive as they now are, is not favorable to the people of that district; but if it has got to pass to make them elective we desire to put it in the most unobjectionable form to the tax payers of that district by making the salary one thousand dollars as it now is under the appointive system. That is all the amendment seeks to do.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this particular bill has been in committee for several months and it seems strange to me that my colleague from Lackawanna did not see fit to present such an amendment or suggest it to this committee during that time. We had two hearings on this bill and it was reported out with one dissenting vote, that of my colleague, Mr. Ehrhardt.

Now gentlemen we have been trying to get this bill on the floor of the House for twenty-six years. They have managed to kill it in committee all this time. The people want an elective poor board. They do not want a poor board consisting of seven members appointed by the President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. We believe the people should select these poor board members and we do not consider twelve hundred dollars a year too much to pay them. This amendment to reduce the salary to one thousand dollars is but a subterfuge to send the bill back to the Senate again. Now gentlemen I ask you to vote this amendment down. Twelve hundred dollars is not too much to pay the members of the poor board in a city the size of Scranton, and this affects only the poor district of the City of Scranton and therefore, gentlemen, I ask you to vote this amendment down.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was not agreed to.

The fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third and twenty-fourth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 The term of office of each director shall begin on the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 6 Each member of the board before assuming the duties of his office shall take and subscribe the oath or affirmation prescribed in article seven of the Constitution of this Commonwealth The oath or affirmation so subscribed shall be filed with the clerk of court of Lackawanna county

Section 7 For each meeting regular or special from which any director shall be absent he shall forfeit the sum of ten dollars ($10) unless he can produce to the board a certificate under the oath of his regular physician to the effect that such director was physically unable to attend such meeting The said sum shall be deducted from the compensation of the director for that quarter

Section 8 Within ten days after the first Monday of January in every year the board shall organize by electing a president who shall be a member of the board a treasurer secretary collector of taxes and attorney who shall be elected for a term of one year and who shall respectively receive such compensation as shall be fixed by the board Immediately after the first organization of the board it shall elect a superintendent of the Hillside Home a resident physician and such other employes as it may deem necessary in administering the affairs of the district These officers and employes shall serve for such terms and at such compensation as may be fixed by the board The board shall hold stated meetings at least every month and shall hold special meetings when called by the president The president shall call a special meeting when requested so to do by two members of the board Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum

Section 9 The board shall cause books to be kept showing the amount of taxes levied for poor purposes in the district the amount collected and exonerated and the amount expended in poor relief and in administering the affairs of said district The board shall keep full records of all meetings and actions All records of the board shall be in the custody of the secretary and shall at all times be open for inspection by any taxpayer of said district

Section 10 No debt shall be contracted or sanctioned except by a majority of the entire membership of the board Orders for temporary relief may be acted on and relief thereon furnished upon the direction of any member of the board Every such order for relief shall be reported by such director at the next meeting of the board and approved hereby

Section 11 No money shall be paid out by the treasurer except on warrant of the board signed by the president and secretary Each warrant shall state on its face specifically for what it is given Each warrant when filled out shall be detached from its proper stub in the warrant book Each stub which shall bear the same number as the corresponding warrant shall show the date and amount of such warrant and in itemized detail for what the same shall have been given

Section 12 The board shall lay annually a rate of assessment upon all property real and personal and on all trades and occupations for the proper relief and employment of the poor in said district This rate shall be levied upon the county valuation last preceding such assessment The board shall cause duplicates of such rate to be made and shall issue its warrant to the proper collector of poor tax requiring him to collect from every person firm or corporation named in such duplicate the sum wherewith such person firm or corporation stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are now by law collectible The board shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties which overseers of the poor may or are now by law required to exercise and perform within said district except as herein expressly prescribed or limited

Section 13 The board shall have exclusive power to grant exonerations for taxes levied in pursuance of this act

Section 14 The board may extend relief to every poor person who shall have a legal settlement in the district Such relief may be extended by requiring such person to be removed to the house or home provided for the poor or by furnishing relief or assistance to any poor person without requiring him or her to be so removed No person shall be entitled to relief if such person shall refuse to go to such home when so ordered by the board

Section 15 All orders issued for the relief of any poor person in the district shall be directed to the board Upon receipt of any such order the board or any member thereof shall immediately inquire into the circumstances and if the person or persons named therein shall be entitled to relief every such person shall receive relief or shall be removed to the home and there properly kept and maintained until legally discharged

Section 16 The board may provide work or employment for poor persons who are able to perform any labor or pursue any employment If any poor person unless incapacitated by infancy age disease or other disability shall refuse to perform such reasonable labor or service as shall be allotted to or required of such person he or she shall not be entitled to receive any relief during such refusal and shall on the continuance of such refusal be discharged from said house or home

Section 17 The board may bind out as apprentice any poor child under its care whose parents are dead or unable to support it Such binding out shall be done in the same manner and under the same restrictions as are or may be prescribed by law

Section 18 The board shall exercise the same power and authority over all real and personal estate of any poor person removed to such home as is or may hereafter be by law vested in overseers of the poor

Section 19 Except by a majority vote of the board no person shall be discharged from the home unless on the request of such persons or on the refusal of such persons to perform such labor or service allotted to or required of such person

Section 20 The board shall cause to be prepared immediately after the first of January in each year a statement showing

(1) An itemized list of receipts during the preceding year

(2) An itemized list of expenditures during the preceding year

(3) An itemized list of all exonerations granted during the preceding year

(4) The income from all real estate during the preceding year

(5) The amount and kind of personal property belonging to the district then on hand

(6) The number of persons to whom outdoor relief has been given during the year giving the age sex and birth place of such persons

(7) The number of person admitted to the home during the year the number discharged the number of persons who have died in the home and the number in the home at the end of the year This statement shall include the age sex birth place and the sub-district from which each person shall have come

This statement shall thereupon be published once a week for three successive weeks in two daily newspapers of said district having a general circulation in such district

Section 21 The court of common pleas of Lackawanna county shall on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen appoint three competent electors of the district to constitute a board of auditors One of said auditors shall be an elector of the borough of Dunmore The court shall designate one of such auditors to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years Annually thereafter said court shall appoint one competent elector of the district to serve as auditor for three years The board of auditors shall meet on the second Monday of January in each year or oftener if thereto required and examine and audit all the accounts of the said poor board and make a report thereof Such report shall be sworn to and subscribed by the auditors before any alderman justice of the peace or notary public of the district Each auditor shall receive the sum of five dollars ($5.00) for each day necessarily employed by him in the performance of his duties This compensation shall be paid out of the funds of the district If any auditor shall fail or refuse to perform any of the duties herein prescribed his office shall by the other auditors be declared vacant Any vacancy occurring in the office of auditor shall be filled by the court on the petition of the remaining auditors Each auditor before assuming the duties of his office shall take the oath or affirmation prescribed by the Constitution of this Commonwealth

Section 22 The board or the treasurer thereof or any tax-payer of the district may within thirty days after the annual settlement of the auditors appeal from such settlement to the said court in the same manner and under the same regulations as appeals from settlements of township auditors are now allowed

Section 23 The present offices of directors of the poor of Scranton poor district are hereby abolished on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen at which time they shall turn over to such elected board all real and personal property of the present Scranton poor district

Section 24 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two'" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1188, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June nineteen hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fifteen of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June nineteen hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" which reads as follows

"Section 15 The mayor of each city of the third class in Pennsylvania elected under the provision of this act shall receive for his services during his term of service an annual salary to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments The council in said cities shall by ordinance fix the amount of the salary to be paid to the mayor for his services and may provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of council or councilmanic committees The amount of said salary in cities of the third class shall not be less than five hundred dollars nor more than three thousand five hundred dollars per year For the first term of any mayor elected under the provisions of this act and until thereafter changed by ordinance the salary of said mayors in cities of the third class shall be as follows In cities having a population of fifteen thousand or under by the last United States census five hundred dollars in cities having a population of over fifteen thousand and less than thirty thousand inhabitants one thousand two hundred dollars per year in cities having a population exceeding thirty thousand and not exceeding fifty thousand inhabitants two thousand five hundred dollars per annum in cities having a population of over fifty thousand and not exceeding seventy thousand inhabitants three thousand dollars per annum in cities having a population of over seventy thousand inhabitants three thousand five hundred dollars per annum

The first council elected under the provisions of this act shall by ordinance fix the salary to be paid to the mayor in said cities for succeeding terms and the amount of compensation for the mayor in any of said cities shall not be increased or diminished during the term of office for which he shall be elected Succeeding councils may change the amount of such compensation" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 15 The mayor of each city of the third class in Pennsylvania elected under the provisions of this act shall receive for his services during his term of service an annual salary to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments The council in said cities shall by ordinance fix the amount of the salary to be paid to the mayor for his services and may provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of council or councilmanic committees The amount of said salary in cities of the third class shall not be less than five hundred dollars nor more than three thousand five hundred dollars per year For the first term of any mayor elected under the provisions of this act and until thereafter changed by ordinance the salary of said mayors in cities of the third class shall be as follows In cities having a population of fifteen thousand or under by the last United States census eight hundred forty dollars in cities having a population of over fifteen thousand and less than thirty thousand inhabitants one thousand two hundred dollars per year in cities having a population exceeding thirty thousand and not exceeding fifty thousand inhabitants two thousand five hundred dollars per annum in cities having a population of over fifty thousand and not exceeding seventy thousand inhabitants three thousand dollars per annum in cities having a population of over seventy thousand inhabitants three thousand five hundred dollars per annum

The first council elected under the provisions of this act shall by ordinance fix the salary to be paid to the mayor in said cities for succeeding terms and the amount of compensation for the mayor in any of said cities shall not be increased or diminished during the term of office for which he shall be elected Succeeding councils may change the amount of such compensation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ALCORN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, by inserting after the word "fifteen" the words "of Article seven"

Amend section 1, line 14, by striking out the word "ordinansce" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ordinance"

Amend section 1, line 22, by striking out the word "dolars" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "dollars"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June nineteen hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 419, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of the vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships" which reads as follows

"Section 2 That the qualified voters of each election district shall elect one commissioner who need not reside in the district for which he is elected and where there are less than five election districts each district shall elect one commissioner as aforesaid and the remaining number of township commissioners to which the said township is entitled shall be elected by vote of the qualified voters of the whole township" is amended to read as follows

Section 2 Except as herein specially provided the qualified electors of each election district shall elect one commissioner who needs not reside in the disrict for which he is elected No commissioner shall be elected from an election district unless the district contains at least one-fifteenth of the entire number of qualified electors of the township Any election district having too small a number of qualified electors to be entitled to choose one commissioner shall be combined with the smallest adjoining district Where there are less than five election districts each district shall elect one commissioner as aforesaid and the remaining number of township commissioneers to which the township is entitled shall be elected by the qualified electors of the township at large

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 8, by striking out the first word "the"

Amend section 1, line 31, by striking out the word "needs" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "need"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 833, as follows:

An Act relating to vaccination including the entrance into schools of children not vaccinated and providing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Represetatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter it shall be unlawful for any person to compel the vaccination of any other person or to prevent any child not vaccinated from attending any public or other school

Section 2 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding six months or both in the discretion of the court

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 906, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any borough of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has heretofore constructed or shall hereafter construct any sewer or sewer system at public expense the council of the said borough may provide by ordinance for the collection of an annual rental or charge for the use of such sewer or sewer system from the owners of property served by them such annual rental or charge shall be authorized and collected as provided by general ordinances and when so levied and charged shall be a lien on the properties charged and the collection thereof shall be made and enforced in the manner borough taxes are now collected

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 10, by striking out the word "them" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "it."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1198, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five' by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population and increasing the salaries of the county commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of said act of June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the annual salary of each member of the Board of County Commissioners in the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be as follows"

"In counties containing ten thousand population or less three hundred dollars in counties over ten thousand population and less than thirty thousand population five hundred dollars in counties over thirty thousand population and less than thirty-five thousand population seven hundred dollars in counties over thirty-five thousand population and less than fifty thousand population one thousand dollars in counties over fifty thousand population and less than seventy-five thousand population twelve hundred dollars in counties over seventy-five thousand population and less than one hundred thousand population one thousand five hundred dollars in counties over one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred and fifty thousand population one thousand eight hundred dollars In counties over one hundred and fifty thousand population the salaries shall be as now provided by law The said salaries shall be paid out of the treasuries of the respective counties The salaries herein fixed shall be in full and in lieu of all other compensation for the services of county commissioners except traveling expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties or in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon county commissioners Provided That the population of counties be taken from the last United States Census" be and the same is hereby amended so that the same shall read as follows namely

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the annual salary of each member of the Board of County Commissioners in the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be as follows

In counties containing ten thousand population or less three hundred dollars in counties over ten thousand population and less than thirty thousand population five hundred dollars in counties over thirty thousand population and less than thirty-five thousand population seven hundred dollars in counties over thirty-five thousand population and less than fifty thousand population one thousand dollars in counties over fifty thousand population and less than seventy-five thousand population twelve hundred dollars in counties over seventy-five thousand population and less than one hundred thousand population one thousand five hundred dollars in counties over one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred and twenty-five thousand population one thousand eight hundred dollars in counties over one hundred and twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred and fifty thousand population three thousand dollars In counties over one hundred and fifty thousand population the salaries shall be as now provided by law The said salaries shall be paid out of the treasuries of the respective counties The salaries herein fixed shall be in full and in lieu of all other compensation for the services of county commissioners excepting traveling expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties or in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon county commissioners Provided That the population of counties be taken from the last United States Census

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MYERS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by inserting after the word "eleven" entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners, in counties of this Commonwealth, approved fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five.' "

Amend section 1, line 12, by striking out the double quote after the word "follows."

Amend section 1, line 58, by striking out the second word "salaries."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended:

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five' by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into coutneis having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population and increasing the salaries of the county commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. MYERS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 3, by striking out the word "amending" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "to amend."

Amend title, line 6, by inserting a single quote after the words "monwealth."

Amend title, line 6, by striking out the word "the."

Amend title, line 7, by striking out the single quote after the word "five," and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote, "five."

Amend title, line 18, by striking out the double quote after the word "annum."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1129, as follows:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners of the several counties shall on or before the first day of April of each year at the expense of the county furnish to the township commissioners of each township of the first class for its use a properly certified duplicate of the last adjusted valuation of all real estate personal property and occupations made taxable for county purposes in such township of the first class Such duplicate shall state the name of each taxable with the valuation description and kind of property and occupation of such taxable

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 923, as follows:

An Act relating to the payment of the cost of the transcription of stenographic notes in certain proceedings by the county and the reimbursement of the county for such payment

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Represetatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the cost of the transcription of stenographic notes of testimony taken in any proceeding in the courts of common pleas and furnished to the court plaintiff or defendent for the purpose of a new trial argument or appeals shall immediately upon the completion of the transcription and delivery thereof to the party requesting the same be paid by the county in which the cause is tried

Section 2 The county treasurer upon the payment of any warrant for such costs shall certify the fact of such payment to the prothonotary who shall note such cost upon the record as part of the costs of the proceedings to be paid by the party or parties legally liable therefor

Section 3 Upon payment of the costs of the proceeding by the plaintiff or defendant after final adjudication the prothonotary shall pay to the county the amount of the cost of the transcription which payment shall be receipted for by the county treasurer on the record of the proceeding

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1159, entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to regulate hawking and peddling and canvassing from house to house soliciting orders for the sale of goods wares or merchandise and to require a license therefor and to fix and collect a reasonable license fee for such license

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That townships of the first class within this Commonwealth shall have power to regulate by ordinance hawking and peddling and canvassing from house to house soliciting orders for the sale of goods wares or merchandise within such township and to require hawkers peddlers and canvassers from house to house who soliciting orders for the sale of goods wares or merchandise to take out a license and to fix and collect a reasonable license fee for such license as provided by ordinance adopted by the Board of Township Commissioners of the township All such license fees collected are to be paid into the township treasury

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 That said ordinances shall be enforced as other ordinances of townships of the first class are by law enforced Provided however That this act shall not apply to any townships of this state where under existing laws hawking and peddling is entirely prohibited by law nor shall it affect any local or special laws now in force and Provided further That this act shall not apply to any person or persons nor alter existing laws in the hawking peddling or selling goods wares and merchandise where the manufacturer or producer hawks peddles or sells goods of his own manufacture and Provided further That nothing in this act shall apply to the act entitled "An Act to amend an act to permit disabled soldiers to peddle by procuring a license therefor without charge approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven extending said privilege to all soldiers sailors and marines who are unable to procure a livelihood by manual labor" approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one and Provided further That nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to prohibit farmers gardners or dairymen from selling the products of their own farms gardens or dairies

On the question.

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 13, by inserting after the third word "act" the words "entitled 'An Act."

Amend section 2, line 15, by inserting a single quote after the word "charge"

Amend section 2, line 15, by inserting after the word "April" the words "Anno Domini."

Amend section 2, line 16, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to regulate hawking and peddling and canvassing from house to house soliciting orders for the sale of goods wares or merchandise and to require a license therefor and to fix and collect a reasonable license fee for such license

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1013, as follows:

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census the annual salaries of the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician shall be as follows

Of the jury commissioners twelve hundred dollars each

Of the county jailor five thousand dollars

Of the jail physician twenty-four hundred dollars Such salaries to be paid monthly out of the county treasury

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts general special and local inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1214, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That return of taxes assessed by the authorities of any county poor district borough incorporated town or township against seated lands in such county poor district borough town or township shall be made whenever personal property cannot be found thereon sufficient to pay such taxes in the same manner and at the same time that return is now made for unpaid county taxes on unseated lands and whenever any such tax against said lands in any such county poor district borough town or township shall not be paid within two years after the date of the assessment thereof such seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs towns or townships shall be advertised and sold by the proper county treasurer at the time and in the same manner and under the same conditions and with the same effect as unseated lands are now sold by such treasurer for unpaid county taxes" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That return of taxes assessed by the authorities of any county school district borough incorporated town or township against seated lands shall be made whenever personal property cannot be found thereon sufficient to pay such taxes Whenever any such taxes are not paid within two years after the date of the assessment such seated lands shall be advertised and sold by the county treasurer at the time and in the manner and with the same conditions and effect as unseated lands

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1227 (Senate Bill No. 549), entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transribed for a third reading.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 513 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. FRUIT offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 513, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. ADAMS asked and received unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time:

Mr. ADAMS, from the Committee on Military, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1297, entitled:

An Act authorizing the use of State armories for certain purposes.

Mr. HABGOOD asked and received unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time:

Mr. HABGOOD, from the Committee on Military, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1274, entitled:

An Act permitting and regulating the use of the several armory buildings of the National Guards of Pennsylvania for horticultural and poultry exhibitions.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. Mr. Speaker, I see at this moment for the first time in a Philadelphia morning paper, that I, together with the two gentlemen from Delaware, am recorded as voting against the workmen's compensation bills last night. I hesitate very much to disassociate myself from otherwise congenial company, but I did not vote against those bills last night. Paraphrazing the celebrated words used by the gentlemen from Berks, "the world will little care nor long remember" how I voted on these bills, but the world is not my constituents. I feel that the good people of the second district of Lancaster County will very long remember and very much care how I voted. I voted for the bills. The fault may have been mine in that I did not exhibit sufficient enthusiasm to make my voice carry to the desk, but I voted aye on all the bills.

The SPEAKER. The Chief Clerk will announce how the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Berntheizel, voted on the Workmen's Compensation Bills.

The CHIEF CLERK. On Bill No. 929 Mr. Berntheizel is recorded as voting aye; on Bill No. 930 as voting aye; on Bill No. 931 as voting aye; on Bill No. 932 as voting aye; on Bill No. 933 as voting aye; on Bill No. 934 as voting aye, and on Bill No. 935 as voting aye.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. Mr. Speaker, I regret now that I did not consult with the Clerk as to how I was recorded as voting. I just picked up a Philadelphia morning paper and glancing at it saw my name recorded as voting no, and hastened to get right on the record.

The SPEAKER. It was probably an error of the printer.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 95 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. BAUERLE offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 247 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. LAUER offered the following resolution, which was read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1071, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 554, entitled:

An Act to provide a standard form of policy contract to be issued by fire insurance companies transacting business in Pennsylvania designating the provisions thereof exempting certain policies and prescribing penalties for any violations

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 832, entitled:

An Act to provide for the person upon whom service of all legal processes shall be made in the case of foreign insurance companies transacting business in this Commonwealth requiring the designation of the Insurance Commissioner for such service prescribing the method of service and repealing existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1311, entitled:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred and five, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million, a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes; prescribing their powers and duties; and abolishing the office of ward, borough and township assessors, in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes," as heretofore amended and supplemented, imposing certain duties on the Board and on burgesses of boroughs, township commissioners and supervisors, and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1266, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Department of Health to establish and maintain a place of detention and treatment for lepers on the State forest reserve or elsewhere and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1086 (Senate No. 347), entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 978 (Senate Bill No. 245), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—192.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Neider,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1128, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1123, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting a Union Chapel at Tuberculosis Sanatorium Number three located at Hamburg in this Commonwealth and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said Sanatorium property a suitable building for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 2, line 6 by striking out the word "specifictaions" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "specifications"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted according to the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1026, entitled:

An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons engaged or engaging in the business or work of barbering in cities of this Commonwealth and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements therefor and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures in violation thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HOWARTH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were then read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 3, line 13 by striking out the word "crtificates" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "certificates"

Amend Section 10, line 3 by inserting after the word "may" the words "upon the payment of a fee of one dollar"

Amend Section 14, lines 4 and 5 by striking out the words "is absolutely" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "shall be"

Amend Section 14 by adding at the end thereof the following "The annual license fee shall be one dollar"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance to the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1078 (Senate Bill No. 422), entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, the salary of the first assistant clerk of the Orphan's Court, according to this bill, shall be $4,500 a year. That looks like a very heavy salary for the assistant clerk of the Orphan's Court. The present salary is $3,500 a year, and I think that is sufficient.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to answer the gentleman whose knowledge extends to all things, in his own opinion, but in practice not as far as he thinks. I happen to know the clerk of the Orphan's Court whose salary is here involved and am familiar with his duties, and while I respect my friend from Allegheny who knows all things, I have an equal respect for the clerk of the Orphan's Court of our County and desire to say that all the judges of the Orphan's Court, the Register of Wills, and practically every judge in our Common Pleas have asked, as a personal favor, I may almost say, that this bill pass, for the reason that the clerk of the Orphan's Court of Allegheny County has been doing this work for the last twenty-five years at the same salary as he is now receiving. During the last twenty-five years his duties have at least doubled and possibly tripled, to say nothing of the increased cost of living and the increased efficiency brought about by the experience of that clerk.

However, my friend from Allegheny, without any knowledge of the facts, opposes this bill, which is simply in line with the other obstructive measures and policies he seems to pursue here. Notwithstanding the able argument of my friend to the contrary, I hope the members of this House will give this bill a unanimous vote.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I would like, in reply to my colleague, from Allegheny to say to him, with all due respect, that I don't claim to know everything, but I do know that the taxpayers of Allegheny County have us come here to look after the interests of this Commonwealth and we are here to look after the interests of the taxpayers. I wish to say, in addition, that any piece of legislation that comes down here to create a new position or increase the salary of an office holder, goes through this House like greased lightning. I have heard the Chaplain of this House get up before us and pray for this Commonwealth. Notwithstanding all that a great many members come here and try to prey on the taxpayers of this Commonwealth. I say that we are here in the interests of the taxpayers to whom we owe a duty.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—138.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—13.

Baker,
Campbell, J. O.,
Cromer,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Gormley,
Jack,
Mellott,
Oaks,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Spencer.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1110, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry, Pennsylvania, certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton.
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 825, as follows:

An Act to license and regulate the business of purchasing for smelting purposes all articles made in whole or in part of gold or silver

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful for any person association co-partnership or corporation carrying on the business of smelting precious metals to purchase for that purpose any article comprised in whole or in part of gold or silver without first having obtained a license for the same from the county commissioners which said license shall expire at the end of the calendar year for which it was issued unless sooner revoked by the county commissioners who are hereby authorized to do the same whenever any licensee shall be convicted of any offense in connection with their said business of smelting and each person firm co-partnership or corporation to whom such license shall be issued shall pay therefor for the use of the county treasury the sum of fifty ($50) dollars No such license shall authorize the licensee to have more than one place for the transaction of the business of smelting in said county Before such license shall be granted the county commissioners shall be furnishd with proof by the application being endorsed by at least fifteen (15) reputable freeholders of the county setting forth that the applicant or applicants are fit to hold the license about to be issued to him them or it

Section 2 No person association co-partnership or corporation licensed under section one of this act shall keep his or their office open to transact business any day of the week before eight (8) o'clock ante meridian or after five (5) o'clock post meridian under the penalty of having their license revoked by the county commissioners on due proof being made thereof

Section 3 No person association co-partnership or corporation so licensed or any officer or agent shall purchase any article comprised in whole or in part of gold or silver from any minor for the violation of which said licensee or officer or agent shall upon conviction be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred ($100) dollars or imprisonment for not more than two (2) years or both within the discretion of the court

Section 4 Every person association co-partnership or corporation licensed as aforesaid shall keep a book to be called a purchase book in which shall be fairly and plainly written in the English language the date the name of the article purchased with a description of the character of the metal comprised therein and the name and residence of the person selling such article and every person association partnership or corporation who shall wilfully neglect to make such entry shall forfeit said license

Said book shall at all times be open to the full and free inspection of the police authorities of any city borough town or township in this Commonwealth and to any person who shall exhibit an order to examine the same signed by the county commissioners Failure to comply with the provisions of this section shall make the licensee liable to have his license revoked on due proof being made thereof to the county commissioners

No person association co-partnership or corporation licensed as aforesaid shall sell smelt or dispose of any article purchased by them in accordance with the provisions of this act until the same shall have remained in his possession for thirty (30) days and violation of this provision shall give authority to the county commissioners on due proof being made thereof to revoke said license

That every person association co-partnership or corporation so licensed as aforesaid shall cause to be furnished upon a blank form to be supplied by the county commissioners the name and residence of all persons from whom they have bought goods with the list of the articles purchased and the character and nature thereof Said list to be furnished to the county commissioners by eleven (11) o'clock of the day following the said purchase and there shall appear upon said blank if the article purchased is a watch the kind of metal and any initials or descriptions or distinguishing marks All jewelry will be described as to its kind and character and any initials distinctions or distinguishing marks Silverware and gold ware to be designated by name and character maker's name if any and any initials description or peculiar marks

Any person association co-partnership or corporation who shall carry on the trade as above described without having first obtained the license as aforesaid shall be deemed guilty on conviction thereof of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of five hundred ($500) dollars or imprisonment for thirty (30) days or either or both within the discretion of the court

All fines and penalties collected by reason of the violation of any of the provisions contained in this act shall be paid into the county treasury for the benefit of the county

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee.
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich.
Rininger,
Rinn,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill.
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith.
Wood,
Woodward.
Wylie,

Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Wynne.
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Rothenberger, Rowell, Sarig,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1004, as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in addition to the powers heretofore granted to cities of the second class as provided for in an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one and the supplements thereto every city of the second class in its corporate capacity in order to decrease and prevent fire the spread of fire and fire waste loss of life from fire and loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings is authorized and empowered by ordinance

a. To provide for the inspection of the inside and outside of all buildings and premises at any time

b To provide and require that the owner or occupant of any building shall alter repair or remove any buildings or structures or part thereof or shall remove any combustible or explosive matter or inflammable conditions upon order of the Director of the Department of Public Safety to safeguard life or property and to provide for penalties for disobedience of such orders and to provide that the said Department may close the buildings or premises pending such repairs and if the owner or occupant fails to obey such order may have the necessary work done at the expense of the city said expense to be recovered as hereinafter provided in section three

c To require the installation and maintenance in such buildings as shall be designated of portable fire apparatus such as axes pikes poles hose reels ladders chemical extinguishers portable pumps and other similar appliances

d To require the installation and maintenance in such buildings as shall be designated of standpipes sprinkling systems hose lines and other similar appliances

e To provide for the keeping of all halls doors stairways passageways aisles fire escapes and exits in such repair and so free from obstruction as to provide in case of fire full free safe and adequate means of escape for those people who use frequent or are employed in such buildings

f To provide for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste danger to life in case of fire and loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings regulations and specifications for the construction equipment arrangement maintenance alteration and inspection heating cooling and lighting stairways doorways elevators fire towers fire escapes exits aisles passageways floor levels seats fire alarms and all other means of providing safe escape in case of fire of all buildings which may hereafter be constructed for use as stores manufacturing establishments churches theaters dance halls lodging houses tenements dwellings stables storage houses office buildings hospitals asylums hotels colleges schools dry cleaning establishments garages and all other buildings where a large number of people have homes congregate or are employed

g To provide regulations and specifications for the construction and arrangements maintenance alteration and inspection of proper adequate and safe means and appliances to prevent the spread of fire and to enable the occupants to escape safely in case of fire in all existing buildings used for the purposes set forth in paragraph f of this section

h To provide regulations and specifications for the construction of all chimneys stacks flues smoke pipes and ventilators

i To provide regulations for the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of all fireworks gunpowder dynamite and other explosives including gas under pressure all inflammable substances volatile inflammable liquids and all other inflammables and their products drugs chemicals and generally all substances which may be dangerous or likely to cause fire or injury to life or property in case of fire

j To prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks

k To regulate and prohibit the transportation storage sale or use of nitro-glycerine

1 To provide for the preparation and distribution by the Department of Public Safety of rules and regulations to minimize the danger of fire and lessen fire waste

Section 2 The Director of the Department of Public Safety shall execute and carry out the provisions of this act and of the ordinances enacted pursuant thereto shall make an annual report to the council with recommendations for means of further preventing fires fire waste and loss of life and shall when he deems it desirable make investigations of any or all fires and keep reports thereof

Section 3 Any owner agent or occupant interested who may feel himself aggrieved by an order of the said Department which requires a substantial alteration or repair or the removal of any substantial portion or portions of any building may within thirty days after the service of the order as hereinafter provided present his petition to the court of common pleas of the county wherein the city is situated having first notified the said department of his intention so to do and the court shall then fix a time for a hearing within five days thereafter and may suspend such order pending hearing and thereafter at the time fixed for the hearing a judge of said court shall hear and determine the said appeal and make such order as right and justice may require

In case any owner agent or occupant does not remove or remedy a building or structure or part thereof or remove or remedy dangerous conditions as ordered by the said department and does not appeal to the court of common pleas in such cases as appeals are provided for the said department may remove or remedy or cause to be removed or remedied the building or structure or part thereof or the dangeous condition at the expense of the city the cost thereof to be recovered by the city from said owner or occupant in an action of law in the court of common pleas and when such suit with statement of claim with description of the premises is filed by the city the prothonotary shall index it upon the judgment docket and the city shall have a lien for the amount of said claim against the said premises

All orders herein provided or issued by the department of Public Safety and directed to the owner shall be served by pasting a copy or copies in a conspicuous place on the building referred to in such order and by prepaid mailing of a copy thereof on the same day to the owner or owners whose address is known or ascertained by the said department If after a reasonably diligent search the address or addresses of the owner or owners cannot be ascertained said orders shall in addition to posting be served upon the agent or the tenant or tenants or other responsible occupant of said building if any All orders directed to the occupant shall be served in the manner above provided and in addition thereto by handing a copy thereof to the occupant of the premises

Section 4 The director of the said department shall have the power to summon and compel witnesses to attend and testify before him as to the cause origin and circumstances of any fire and may require the production of any books papers or documents deemed pertinent or necessary to said inquiry and shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations to any person appearing as witnesses such inquiry to be public

Any witness who refuses to obey a summons of the director of said department or who refuses to be sworn or testify or who disobeys any lawful order of the said director in relation to any such inquiry or who fails or refuses to produce any books papers or documents touching any matter under investigation or who is guilty of any contempt after being summoned to appear before him to give testimony in relation to any such inquiry as aforesaid may be punished for contempt of court and for this purpose application may be made to the court of common pleas within whose jurisdiction the contempt took place for which purpose the courts of common pleas are given jurisdiction

Section 5 The following acts and parts of acts of Assembly of this Commonwealth namely

Sections four five six seven eight ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine thirty thiry-one thirty-two thirty-three thirty-four thirty-five thirty-six thirty-seven thirty-eight thirty-nine forty-one forty-two and forty-three of an act entitled "An Act regulating the construction maintenance alteration and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (P. L. 135)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fireproof construction'" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 259)

Sections two and three of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 68)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act to further amend an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine providing additional means of escape' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-three as amended by an act to amend the same approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-five as amended by an act to amend the same approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-five" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 169)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine providing additional means of escape' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-three" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 65)

Section nine of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating the construction maintenance alteration and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five regulating the construction alteration and ventilation of tenement houses and providing for the safety of the inhabitants thereof and providing penalties for the violation of the same" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand nine hundred and three (P. L. 110)

Section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the employment and provide for the health and safety of men women and children in manufacturing establishments mercantile industries laundries renovating work or printing offices and provide for the safety of men women and children in hotels school buildings seminaries colleges academies hospitals store-houses public halls and places of amusement by requiring proper fire-escapes and to provide for the appointment of inspectors office clerks and others to enforce the same" approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 322) be and the same are hereby repealed

Section 6 This act shall not go into force or take effect until the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—188.

Adams.
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby.
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit.
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey.
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger.
Lynch.
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber.
Shaffer.
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone.
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton.
Watson,
Weaver.
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1101, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of county controllers in all counties having a population exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand and not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, I understood the bill was to be amended at least to leave our county out, at least is that the arrangement? I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Reynolds.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. REYNOLDS. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia whether it is his purpose or the purpose of the people who are responsible for this bill to have it amended so as to leave Westmoreland County out?

Mr REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to say to the gentleman that I have the amendments now ready to offer, and will do so if he will permit me.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title by striking from the third line the word "fifty" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twenty-five."

Amend Section 1, line 6, by striking out the word "fifty" and inserting in lieu thereof "twenty-five."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection?

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. OAKS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this looks to me like a very unfair proposition. Westmoreland county has a population of two hundred and thirty-one thousand. Cambria county has a population of 166,000 and this amendment is put in to eliminate Westmoreland county as far as this goes, and it is a very unfair proposition, because Cambria county is just as much opposed to this bill as Westmoreland county, and I do not want Cambria county in this amendment, for there is nothing fair about it. If there is, I want to know it. I think it is a very unfair proposition.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, we have endeavored to include every county that could be possibly included in this bill, but if we included every county we would have to introduce a bill that would practically cover each county and would necessitate seven or eight bills. I have had a number of gentlemen from the various counties call upon me, some asking that they be excluded; some asking that they be included, and it has been impossible for me to get an act that would cover all the counties. Now, that is the only objection to the bill in the entire House. Every county represented in this House wants that bill passed. I ask the gentlemen in the House in favor of this amendment to vote "aye," because every county except Westmoreland wants it.

Mr. OAKS. Mr. Speaker, I absolutely object. In fact, I object to the whole bill but I do object to this amendment. Now, you gentlemen of the House know that this is not a fair proposition inasmuch as one of the largest counties is left out of the bill. We passed a bill last night in this House classifying the counties of this State for the purpose of regulating salaries et cetera. Now here we have a bill gives a larger salary to the smaller counties. There is nothing fair about it.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objections to the amendment.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, it has been repeatedly charged that the chief business of the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania has been to multiply offices and increase salaries. A number of bills of this character have been offered in this legislature, which seem to give added foundation for that charge. This is an item on the same line right at this time. I, in part, represent the county of York. That county, while it may not be immediately affected by this bill if passed, is right on the border line and would very soon be included in this class. What our county controller receives at this time, I am not sure, but I think it is about twenty-five hundred dollars, less than half of what this bill would provide. What was the result at our last election? Why men were fairly falling over each other to get this office; by the dozens running after the office at a small salary-less than one-half what this would call for—and the calibre of the men who were applying was such that if they were working for themselves in any other legitimate line of business they could not make one thousand dollars a year; and yet if they are hunting for a job and they cannot make money working for themselves, they are worth six thousand dollars working for the public. Now, that has been repeated over and over in various ways throughout the State of Pennsylvania. I do not believe that we ought to do business that way. We ought to spend other people's money like we would spend our money. We ought to transact the business of the public like we would transact business for ourselves individually. If we were running a business, we would employ men according to the labor to be performed and their capacity for performing that labor, and we would not offer to any clerk six thousand dollars a year if we could fill his place just as well, and have dozens of men applying for it, at twelve hundred dollars. We would not do business that way and the legislature of the State of Pennsylvania ought not to do it. This will affect a few counties of the State. A majority of the members here come from other counties that would not be affected at all by this measure, and when we go to legislating for other people and spending other peoples money we ought to do it cautiously and with care and with business-like tact.

Mr. OAKS. Mr. Speaker, in the first place I would like to know what interest it is to Mr. Reynolds of Philadelphia to introduce a bill of this kind, inasmuch as he is in the City of Philadelphia and this affects eight or nine counties, I understand, in this State. We have some most accommodating fellows in the State that want to come out here and pass legislation affecting us country fellows, they preach home rule and things like that and yet they want to have legislation passed that will affect us when they are not concerned in the least. I do not think it is a fair proposition the whole way through, and I am still opposed to the amendment.

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, I do not want the gentleman from Cambria, Mr. Oaks, to imagine for one minute that I have asked for this amendment for the purpose of taking any undue advantage of Cambria or any other county. There are seven counties included in this classification. As I remember them they are Berks, Cambria, Fayette, Lancaster, Montgomery, Schuylkill and Westmoreland. Westmoreland is the biggest county in this classification, having a population of 231,304. Now by leaving Westmoreland out, of course, it makes the case no harder for Cambria or any other county. I do not claim for one minute that Westmoreland has any more right for immunity in this case than any other of the counties named. The only reason I ask whether or not the amendment was to be offered was because I thought I had such an arrangement with Mr. Hess, who I believe to be the real sponsor for this bill, for I have been told by that gentleman that in his county they have a very capable controller, and he honestly believes the man is entitled to a salary of six thousand dollars. That is as I understand the matter, although I am told by my friend on the left that the controller in Lancaster County is dead and perhaps they are to appoint or elect another—I don't know about that or care about it, except I am sorry if the man is dead. But what I do mean to say is that in Westmoreland county bankers have been controllers and have been almost continuously with one exception possibly since the office was created in that county. The controller does not spend one-third of his time in the office of the controller. His office is run by the deputy and by the clerk, with a solicitor at a salary of twelve hundred dollars. Now the salary as it now stands for the whole office is seven thousand nine hundred dollars. If this increase is added it will be a matter of nine thousand nine hundred dollars, almost ten thousand dollars, and there is no use in the world for the increase. The man is President of the Westmoreland National Bank and he will continue to be that. He will run the bank and he will come over to the Controller's Office on an average of one hour a day and sometimes not even that, and he gets his salary of four thousand dollars and after he has gone his way the chances are that some other banker in the borough of Greensburg will be elected controller and he will do just as the present Controller is doing. Now why should this additional burden be placed on the County? There is no use. A controller is more or less of a figure head, in a great many ways, outside the way that he fills the duties or functions of the former County Auditors, he has very little to do. In our county the commissioners and commissioner's clerk do nine-tenths of the work that is done and I am opposed to the passage of the bill on that account. If the gentlemen from the other counties are satisfied and will allow the amendment to stand and leave Westmoreland out we will not need to weep over their troubles. You may have them, if you choose, but I do object to bringing Westmoreland County into this, although Westmoreland County is the largest county affected. I sincerely hope that the legislature will see its way clear to leave us out of the provisions of this bill.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, while this bill does not concern me personally as a resident of Allegheny County, it does concern me when I look at the Commonwealth at large. It has been stated to me on several occasions that I am getting in bad because I have opposed the creation of unnecessary positions and the unreasonable boosting of salaries. I want to say to the gentlemen of the House that I have been honest and sincere in every action I have taken in the House. There is nothing personal in this matter at all. Just to show you, in less than twenty-four hours you beat three bills for me. Did I get sore and try and go around and try to beat some other fellow's bills? Most certainly not. You can beat every bit of legislation I present to the House and I will come up smiling, regardless of the man who presents the bill. In fact, I have such a high regard for the gentlemen of this House that I am going to spend five dollars for a picture of the whole House and take it home with me and find a place in my home to hang it up. If you remember, two weeks ago—

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Cromer.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Cromer, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, he will.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman whether he bought the photograph because the rest of us were honored or because he was honored?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I want to say that I take a very poor picture and I did not try to get my own picture. I have plenty of pictures of myself and very seldom look in the glass.

Will the gentleman hear me further, just a moment? If you will remember, two weeks ago the gentleman from Cambria opposed a bill raising the salary of these gentlemen or had a bill, or presented a bill reducing the salary of these gentlemen from four thousand to twenty-five hundred dollars. Previous to 1911 I believe this position paid from fifteen to eighteen hundred dollars. By Act of Assembly they were raised to four thousand dollars. This bill of the gentleman from Cambria was defeated and the salary was left alone at four thousand dollars. Now we come along and boost the amount up to six thousand dollars. I think I will have to give up my business of manufacturing and move into one of these rural counties and get one of these positions.

The SPEAKER. The amendment being objected to, the question is,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, this bill affects seven counties in the State. Now the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Weaver, has just told the House that in his county the position of County Controller is a sinecure and that the officer or man filling the place is simply a figure-head. Those of us representing other counties that would be affected by this legislation feel that if up in Westmoreland County they could afford to have as their County Controller a man who was a mere figure-head and regard the office in the light of a sinecure, then we would be perfectly willing to amend the bill so as to let them out; but in the remaining counties that are going to be affected by this bill—and I speak with certain knowledge when I refer to my own county—this officer is not a figure-head. The County Controller in our county is one of the, if not the, most important officer in the county because he reviews all the business done and he is the watch dog at the gate of the treasury, as the result of which we feel that it is only right that his salary should be on a par with the remaining county officers and that is what this bill does. It simply places the salary in counties of this population, affecting only seven counties, on a par with the other county officers. His service is the most valuable of any of the county officers and why should he not have the same salary? I trust the gentlemen will vote for this bill.

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, if I concede that the office in Lancaster County is not a sinecure, I still insist that four thousand dollars is plenty as a salary for the duties performed even if the man is the watch dog of the treasury. The Register of Wills gets four thousand; the Recorder of Deeds gets four thousand; the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions gets four thousand; and why in the name of common sense should the Controller of the County get more than them when it is not necessary for him to be there all the time? The District Attorney in our county also gets four thousand dollars. We have two offices, that of Prothonotary and that of Sheriff, in which the salary is each six thousand dollars; and I say to you that the Prothonotary in our county and in every county where there is anything like the amount of business done in ours, does more work in six months or at least in one year of his term than the Controller does in the whole term for which he is elected; and if I concede the whole matter to be true, as the gentleman has stated, that the office is not a sinecure, that it is one absolutely necessary to be filled by a man of care and tact and ability, four thousand dollars is still a reasonable pay and emolument for all that he does.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—70.

Aron,
ur.
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Body,
Curry,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Goodnough,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Landis,
Lauer,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Wynne,

NAYS—82.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Forster,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Hamilton,
Hollern,
Jack,
Kitts,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Phillips,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaffer,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Marvin,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman if this bill wipes out entirely the registration in third class cities?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, this bill simply provides that the personal registration of voters in the small cities of the State should not be required further and puts it where it was previously, and where it was in boroughs, many of which are larger than some of the third class cities of the State.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, the registration in third class cities was passed in 1906 in response to a large demand all over the State on the part of these smaller cities, and the gentleman from McKean now proposes to wipe out entirely those registration laws. The registration laws in third class cities are practically the same as in first and second class cities. I think it would be a very serious mistake to wipe these laws off the books, which would tend to throw us back to the old system of corrupt elections. I therefore ask you to vote this bill down.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to say that I have no personal interest in this bill whatever, as an individual voter or as an individual citizen. It is no difficuty for me, going by as I do three or four times a day, the place for personal registration, on my way to my home or my business. I can step in and register, but I want to call the attention of the members of this House to this condition. It is necessary under the bill requiring personal registration in the smaller cities of the State, for every voter of every party, regardless of where he may live, or what his duties may be, to personally go before the registration officer and answer a number of hypothetical questions and personally make his registration in order to be allowed to vote . His taxes may be paid, his residence fully qualified and his judgment and integrity above reproach, yet he will be disfranchised if he does not go personally to this particular spot on this particular day, within certain hours and answer certain hypothetical questions.

Now, gentlemen, on the basis of protecting the purity of the ballot, on the basis of securing a just and proper expression of the voters at the polls, I yield to no man in a desire to safeguard that in every particular. But I also come as a representative from a third class city and ask you if you think that in any of the third class cities of this State that there is a possibility of anything maintaining as we have in the larger cities of this State. When this bill was passed in 1906 it was done not with a demand from the third class cities, but it was done simply to let the bill pass to put the third class cities in with Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, so as not to reflect seemingly upon the cities of any class, but to put them all in to gether and let us try it. Now it has been tried and there is a general demand, so far as my city is concerned, from people of all parties that this bill be repealed, and in other third class cities. A gentleman in this House who represents the largest third class city in this State said to me this morning that he does not believe there is any possibility of any stuffing of ballot boxes, or any irregularities in the voting in the third class cities in this State. In the smaller cities we know each other personally. It is through no fault of yours, in the large cities, but under the very fundamentals of your social organizations there, you cannot and do not know, as we do in the smaller cities. In our country the oil men go out for miles to drill wells and pump for oil and otherwise carry on the duties of men who work in that district. It is necessary under this bill, if it is not repealed for them to pay their fare to come to Bradford and personally go and register, or they are disfranchised.

Now, I submit to you gentlemen, is that fair? I believe that while the safety and honesty of the ballot should be protected, yet I believe the inherent right of suffrage given to every man in this State under the Constitution, and by the government under the Constitution, should be protected so that there will be no possibility of snap judgment or technicality whereby a man will be disfranchised simply because, with all other things being just as good fundamentally for his qualifications for voting as though he did go to that particular place, that he should be disfranchised simply because he does not feel that he can spend four or five dollars to go to a particular spot on that particular day, leaving his work and answer hypothetical questions, or be disfranchised.

I hope you gentlemen who do not live in third class cities will not allow any thought to come into your minds but the question as to whether it is necessary, in these smaller cities, to put this bill as it is. It does in some cases permit those who might be in a special way, organized, or in any other way, to get men to the polls, when other men are not going there because of the expense, or the lack of desire to spend their money. I stand here and ask you to vote for this bill, not for the benefit of any one party but for all parties, that they may be permitted to vote if their taxes are paid and if their residence is correct, regardless of whether they go to a particular place before a particular man and answer hypothetical questions, when it is not necessary in this way to protect the sanctity of the ballot, in third class cities, where we all know one another and we know whether he has a right to vote in that particular precinct, which is never very large in itself.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I just wish to second the remarks of the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood. I believe all the people of the cities of the third class are heartily in favor of the repeal of the personal registration laws for these cities. I think it is a great nuisance and I believe if it is repealed everybody will be satisfied.

Mr. WILLIAM W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, as a representative of a third class city ,I desire to protest against the repeal of this act. It is necessary to have personal registration. It is not a hardship for anybody to go to the polls on any one of the three days. If he cannot go he can get a certificate from the Commissioner's office and be registered. It is no trouble to have that at all. The only thing that is necessary is to have the taxes paid. And that is the trouble they don't want to have their taxes paid and vote. I ask the members of this House to continue that law on the books of the State. It is a good law and we ought to have it.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, as a representative of Berks, and living on the outskirts of the City of Reading, one of the largest of the third class cities of this State, I wish to say that our people are in favor of this bill. They think there is entirely too much red tape connected with this registration business and the people of the city of Reading almost unanimously are in favor of this bill. I hope that it will be passed.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—111.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shafler,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Sones,
Spangler,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Trach,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—38.

Berntheizel,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Cromer,
Davis,
Dawson,
Ehrhardt,
Fretz,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Harper,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
McClintock,
McKay,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Shaaber,
Smith, J. W.,
Spencer.
Staving,
Taylor,
Watson,
Wettach,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. GRAHAM in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 966, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating tender of judgment or payment in certain civil matters

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—176.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
gard.
Christman,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,

Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Campbell, J. O.,
Gingery,
Jones,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1082 (Senate Bill No. 452), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—136.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Glass,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood.
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—26.

Alexander,
Baker,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Christman,
Dodds,
Fruit,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
McClintock,
Mellott,
Palmer,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Trach,
West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 806, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser.
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Jack,
Jones, W. W.,

PRESENT—1.

Garner.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1178, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made to them by their patients except in civil cases brought by their patients for damages on account of personal injuries

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 553, entitled:

An Act to provide for the safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth by providing that no person or persons shall be conveyed into or from the mines by way of perpendicular shafts except in cages of steel frame construction and fixing a penalty for violations thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner
Lindsey,
Lipschutz.
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellot
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

PRESENT—1.

Garner.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

REASONS FOR VOTE.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, my reasons for voting "present" on this and following labor bills affecting the anthracite miners are as follows:

Before the start of this Legislature I made it my business to find out what labor measures the miners desired. In accordance with their wishes I framed and introduced early in the sessions three labor acts earnestly desired by the miners of my district and intended introducing others. In order to facilitate the passage of these acts I endeavored to be appointed the Chairman of Committee on Mines and Mining. I failed in this, but was appointed the Chairman of the Committee on Labor and Industry. At my request the Speaker referred all my bills to my own Committee, I was therefore in a position to have them promptly reported to the House and have them acted upon.

I was waited upon by the three district boards of the U. M. W. of A. and requested that I do not allow any of my bills to come out of the Committee and the reason given was that they had "One Great Bill," namely, Senate Bill No. 160, in which they were interested in to the exclusion of all others, and that "no friend of Labor" would introduce any bills of his own until that bill was passed and signed. That they were afraid that if any smaller bills were introduced that they would interfere with the said "One Great Bill."

In view of this request I have held my own labor bills in my Committee without any action being taken on the same and have left them die. I do not feel it proper for me to vote upon the bill now before us or on any other labor bills not authorized by the Three District Boards.

A vote for any such bills might be construed as a denial of the request of said officers of the U. M. W. of A., upon whom I feel all the responsibility for labor legislation in this Legislature should rest, they having denied to the individual member the right of acting at his own discretion.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 945, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act requiring owners lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish the owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of the mines and workings along the division line of such coal or clay lands and permitting the owners or lessees of such adjoining coal or clay lands to enter such mines and make surveys and to verify the accuracy of such maps"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to,
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STATLER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I wish to offer a few words in support of this measure. This amendment does not change the act, but it is intended to complete it. Under the act of 1911 it is provided that the adjoining landowner can request and require from the operator a map of the workings of the mine, he is also privileged to enter the mines and verify the correctness of the map, but if the operator does not wish to do so, there is no remery at hand. The act is simply like a command without a penalty or a prescription without a remedy, and this amendment is simply intended to supply this penalty or remedy, therefore I hope you will support this amendment.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner.
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
[illegible]
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Gingery,
Rininger,
Scott,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1249 (Senate Bill No. 564), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—139.

Adams,
Albee,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—9.

Body,
Cromer,
Gingery,
Goodyear.
Metzenbacher,
Reel.
Rothenberger,
Sarig.
Statler,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1224 (Senate Bill No. 503), entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing for a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Senate Bill No. 503.

House Bill No. 1224.

Amend section 3, by inserting in line 6, after the words "and proper" the following: "nor shall he approve the giving of any mortgage the amount whereof is in excess of fifty per centum of the fair market value of the property to be covered thereby."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 986 (Senate Bill No. 301), entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman.
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger.
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1116 (Senate Bill No. 372), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
[illegible]ler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it without amendment.

TIME EXTENDED SENATE BILL NO. 161.

Mr. HABGOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer a motion at this time, which was twice read, considered and agreed to, as follows:

Moved by Mr. Habgood, and seconded by Mr. Walters, that the time on House Bill No. 675 (Senate Bill No. 161), entitled:

"An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

bills on final passage postponed, on page 16 of to-day's calendar, be extended five days.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WILLIAM W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1227 (Senate Bill No. 549), entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

on page 20 of to-day's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Counties and Townships, for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. RINN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1158, as follows:

An Act designating the Tulip Poplar (Leriodendron Tulipifers) as the State flower of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Tulip Poplar (Leriodendron Tulipifers) shall be the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the country and city gentleman whether or not he is in a position to state whether or not this bill will conflict in any way with the bill that suffered defeat,—the Laurel bill?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I do not understand the gentleman's interrogation.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I will put the interrogation in other words. I would like to ask the country and city gentleman whether or not he is in a position to state whether or not the Myrtle bill will suffer the same defeat as the Laurel bill?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, in regard to the question of my good friend from Luzerne, I would like to state that when he makes reference to the Myrtle bill I do not know to what he refers.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I should have said the Dunn bill, which has relation to the Myrtle as a State flower.

Mr. DUNN. Mr Speaker, in reply to that I would say that I do not know that there is any Myrtle bill before this House at the present time.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DUNN. I will, Mr. Speaker, because I can sympathize with the gentleman.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia whether or not the Myrtle is not known as the "graveyard" flower?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, in reply to the gentleman, I would like to state that there is no Myrtle bill before the House at the present time.

Mr GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I was under the impression that the bill was No. 1158, File Folio 4595, on page 4 of today's calendar.

The SPEAKER. The bill under consideration is House Bill No. 1158, File Folio 4595, at the bottom of page 4 of today's calendar.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Northampton.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Northampton, Mr. Geiser, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. GEISER. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. DUNN Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman if he has read the bill?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I will be perfectly frank in saying that I have not even looked at it.

Mr. DUNN. Then, Mr. Speaker, the gentleman does not know what he is talking about.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I only wish to say, if I have the floor, and this is the Myrtle bill, and the Myrtle, as I understand it, is known as the "graveyard" flower, I think now is the time to bury it.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr Dunn, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DUNN. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I notice that when this bill was introduced originally it called for the establishment of the Myrtle as the State flower. I now find that the Tulip Poplar is designated as the State flower. Now, my question is, is this not in conflict with Article 3, Section 1, of the State Constitution, which provides that no bill shall be so altered or amended on its passage through either House, as to change its original purpose.

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wobensmith, address his question to the Chair, or to Mr. Dunn?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I am addressing Mr. Dunn.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia Mr. Dunn, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I am always pleased to answer questions.

Mr. WALTER. I would like to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia, being a farmer, as well as an American citizen, whether or not it is true that the Myrtle is often called a noxious weed and is of great annoyance to the farmers of the State of Pennsylvania?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Franklin.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman is out of order.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to express my lack of knowledge on this bill. I see it has been amended and there has been inserted in its place the Tulip Poplar. Another flower is named in its place.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, for the benefit of the members of this House, and not wishing to make this bill one that will probably be laughed down, I want to speak for the name of the flower which the bill contains, and I read the words of a man of authority, Mr. Harvey M. Watts, of the Philadelphia Ledger:

TULIP POPLAR.

If Pennsylvania really wants a State flower and since it has no conspicuous plant or bloom peculiar to itself which it does not share with adjacent State, there is nothing that is more worthy of the State, to represent it in all magnificence, than our own American Tulip Poplar Tree the famous Liriodendron Tulipifers or as the word means the Tulip—bearing Lily Tree—a remarkable tree, one of the noblest in the American woods, which is a distinct feature of Pennsylvania forests and clearings. It is not only beautiful for itself alone, but bears a bloom as gorgeous as any Tulip and is unique in its leafage and in its manner of growth,—tall, stately and even in the winter time en silhouette without its foliage, holding up its cone-like fruit on its evenly spreading branches like giant candelabra against the grazing skies.

The Tulip poplar would be characteristic of Pennsylvania. No other State has usurped it and as an emblem its possibilities are tremendous. In Europe it is viewed as peculiarly American. Its leaf, owing to its flat top with a depression in the centre aroused the criticism of Ruskin when he was speaking on the elements of beauty in natural form because of all the leaves in the vegetable kingdom the leaves of the American Lily tree were not pointed like a Gothic Arch. That settled it with Ruskin who could see nothing but Gothic in Art, Architecture or Nature.

I want to speak further in regard to the Tulip Tree and from no less authority than Professor John W. Harshberger, Professor of Botany in the University of Pennsylvania. He gives here fifteen reasons why we should adopt this as a State Flower which I will read:

"The tulip tree (Liriodendron tulipifera), of the magnolia family, has the strongest claims to be made the State Flower of Pennsylvania, for the following good reasons:

First. It is one of the most ancient trees of our flora, having come down to us from Miocene times. In fact, it is found in the fossil state.

Second. It lends itself in the form of its flowers, fruits and leaves to easy conventionalization for artistic purposes.

Third. It is an important timber tree of our State.

Fourth. It reaches lordly proportions, and is a fit emblem of the State, one of the greatest and richest of American Commonwealths.

Fifth. It is in flower on Memorial, or Decoration Day, when we wish to commemorate with floral emblems the brave deeds of our soldiers in the late Civil War.

Sixth. No other State or nation has adopted it.

Seventh. It is peculiarly an Eastern, and entirely an American tree, and is one of the forest giants of our State.

Eighth. The leaf resembles a keystone in shape, the keystone being symbolical of our State in the archway of the 13 original States.

Ninth. The leaf is also roughly shield-shaped, like one of our national emblems.

Tenth. The flowers and fruits are beautiful in themselves and suitable for household decoration in the fresh state.

Eleventh. In autumn the leaves turn a magnificient yellow color, and the tree in the autumn condition, is one of the glories of our forests.

Twelfth. The structure of the flowers and fruits is unique among trees.

Thirteenth. The buds are unusual in their structure and form one of the most interesting studies in their stage of opening among our native forest trees.

Fourteenth. The tree is suitable for planting along our streets, and it would be the very finest tree to plant on both sides of the proposed national highway across our State from east to west. In the next generation, if so planted, such an avenue of tulip trees from, say, Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, would rival the famous avenue of Cryptomeria trees on the way to the shrine of Nikko, in Japan, or the celebrated avenue of linden trees in Berlin, or the avenue of royal palm trees in Rio Janeiro, Brazil.

Fifteenth. It is a tree, whose claim as the State floral emblem, is supported by a majority of the professional botantists of the State and by tree lovers and nature lovers aware of its claims."

That is the question as it is presented by one of the great Professors of Botany in the University of Pennsylvania and the flower which I want to present to you as the State Flower, as it has been pictured before you here showing a Pennsylvania flower from a Pennsylvania tree.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—28.

Adams,
Baldwin,
Beyer,
Cromer,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Glass,
Hackett,
Heyburn,
Howarth,
Hubler,
McAndle,
McClintock,
McDermott,
Nissley,
Perry,
Rhoads,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Stein,
Stern,
Swartz,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wobensmith,

NAYS—90.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Corbin,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Twibill,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced presented the following communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, viz:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 8, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed Concurrent Resolution from the Senate and House of Representatives, recalling from the Governor, for the purpose of amendment, House Bill No. 410, entitled "A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments in this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title by adding at the end thereof the following: "and making an appropriation."

Amend the bill by adding thereto the following to be marked and known as Section 3.

Section 3. To carry out the purpose of this act the sum of three hundred dollars ($300.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby specifically appropriated to the Department of Public Printing and Binding.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILL RE-REFERRED.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, inadvertently Senate Bill No. 274 (House Bill No. 1399), entitled:

An Act to provide for the payment of costs of suit in cases of summary proceedings or convictions had before magistrates aldermen or justices of the peace for the violation of any act of assembly of this Commonwealth.

a bill of purely legal character has been referred to the Committee on Public Roads. I ask that it be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

The SPEAKER. The bill will be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will declare a recess until 8:00 o'clock tonight.

Whereupon (at 1:00 o'clock P. M.) the House took a recess until 8:00 o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 8 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. WALSH, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1293, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of employes of the board of revision of taxes in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Forestry, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1253, entitled:

An Act empowering the Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through the State Forests.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1226 (Senate Bill No. 538), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 412, entitled:

An Act establishing and regulating the department of state police and fixing its powers and duties.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1355, entitled:

An Act to provide for the taxing and collection of fees as costs to the successful party in civil suits at law or in equity in courts of record.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1092, entitled:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Law," approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1500, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation, and, to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons, whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employers; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains, by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act, approved the 26th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1093, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of Interpreters who shall act as assistant assessors in certain counties, defining their powers and duties, fixing their compensation; and providing for their expenses.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Printing, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1244 (Senate Bill No. 423), entitled:

An Act reguating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1091, entitled:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Company Law." approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1334, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens, and the proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1507, entitled:

An Act for the protection of sheep and the incidental destruction of certain dogs

Mr. LYNCH, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as commited, House Bill No. 1440 (Senate Bill No. 463), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract.

Mr. BLACKBURN, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1439 (Senate Bill No. 462), entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Mr. LAUER, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1067, entitled:

An Act providing for the formation and regulation of stock corporations having shares without nominal or par value and authorizing such corporations to issue shares without par value upon reorganization merger or consolidation.

Mr. HEFFERNAN, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 865, entitled:

An Act relating to the assessment of real estate for taxation.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1477, entitled:

An Act to amend Sub-section (c) of section three of Article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways, by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals"; and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and coroprations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1478, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of Article four of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribng, definng, and lmiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies and of public highways, by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals"; and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and coroprations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time which shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1481, entitled:

An Act to amend section four, of Article five, of an act entitled: "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companiies iterested ,the State, or municipal corporations concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act, and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violatioin of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it tthe duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thererof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, onethousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act;" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to vest in the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the power to suspend, for a perod of ninety days, any proposed increased rates of public service companies.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1482, entitled:

An Act to amend Section two, of Article six, of an act entitled: "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing ,defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration, relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission ,and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains; by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, regulating wiitness fees, mileage, cost of service of subpoenas and costs, and the payment thereof in proceedings before the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1483, entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven, Article three, of an act entitled: "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations, engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies: providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce to provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three," entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals," and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1193, entitled:

An Act defining conditional sales of personal property attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real and regulating the recording and effect thereof and providing penalties.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1375, entitled:

An Act providing that whenever in any civil cause in any court of this Commonwealth the verdict of a jury is set aside and a new trial ordered the reason or reasons for the order of court shall be stated of record and if such reason or reasons be only that the damages awarded by the verdict are excessive or inadequate the new trial shall be restricted to question of the damages and the verdict shall stand good in all other respects.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 260, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, as amended by the act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand, nine hundred and eleven, entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof;" approved July 24th, 1913, by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years.

Mr. PHILLIPS, from the Committee on Forestry, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1347, entitled:

An Act to establish a Bureau of Forest Protection within the Department of Forestry designting the officers who shall constitute the Bureau their duties and salaries prescribing penalties for the violation thereof and repealing all laws general or local or any parts thereof that may be inconsistent or supplied by this Act

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1346, entitled:

An Act defining the term "legal name," and making it unlawful to use a name different than the legal name with intent to defraud.

Mr. DAVIS, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1516, entitled:

An Act to amend the twenty-third sub-divisions of corporations of the second class in section two of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" providing for the incorporation and regulation of stage and omnibus lines specifying their purposes and defining their motive power.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1487, entitled:

A supplement to an act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation, and, to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the constructions, alterations, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroad, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains, by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporations and regulation of certain corporations, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act; approved the 26th day of July A. D. 1913.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1436 (Senate Bill No. 318), entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1247 (Senate Bill No. 468), entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers.

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 499, entitled:

An Act to repeal section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' approved April twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, providing for the further regulation of such corporations," approved the seventeenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 456, entitled:

An Act to exempt bequests or devises in trust for the perpetual care and preservation of burial lots or graves therein from the payment of collateral inheritance tax.

Mr. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1340, entitled:

An Act defining public utilities owned by cities, boroughs, towns and townships; and providing for the submission of the question of the sale or lease thereof to the electors of such cities, boroughs, towns or townships

Mr. STATLER, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1400 (Senate Bill No. 373), entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1246 (Senate Bill No. 459), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Mr. GLENN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1290, entitled:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen, of Article Nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein, and the bonds, obligations or securities issued, or to be issued, in pursuance thereof.

Mr. BROWNLEE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1320, entitled:

An Act regulating and defining the relations between the operators of coal mines and the mine foremen and assistants thereof employed by such operators.

Mr. BROWNLEE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1194, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth, eighth, eleventh, sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act, approved the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings; defining the powers of the commissioners; authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve, article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery, supplies, fuel, furniture, furnishings, distribution of documents, repairs, alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature, the several departments, boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion, authorizing the appointment of a Superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties, and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same"

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1090 (Senate Bill No. 291), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

Mr. DAWSON, from the Committee on Judiciary Local, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1299, entitled:

An Act regulating the business of loaning money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less, either with or without security, to indiivduals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities, fixing the rates of interest and charges therefor, requiring the licensing of lenders, and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. DAWSON, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1358, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering road supervisors in townships of the second class to enter into contracts with water companies for the placing of fireplugs or hydrants in said townships, to purchase fire engines, apparatus, hose, horses, and erect or acquire hose house and land in connection with same, and provide for care and management thereof, and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon the assessed valuation of said townships.

Mr. POWELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Local, reported as committed, House Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act, entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers, elected or appointed, of boroughs, townships, poor districts, and school districts; prescribing the time for such settlement and audits, for the matter to be contained in the report of settlement and audit, for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions, and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Court," by more specifically defining the duties of auditors in regard to the report of settlement and audit.

Mr. RUDISILL, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1519 (Senate Bill No. 572), entitled:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action arleady brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as any individual could do.

Mr. ERDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1317, entitled:

An Act fixing fees for notaries public.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1106, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views; providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving pictures films or reels and stereopticon views; and fixing penalties for the violation of this act."

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1341, entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sleuchter and Mary E. Sleuchter citizens of Green Township, Franklin County, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 624, entitled:

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over counties, cities, boroughs, towns and townships in certain matters relating to their duties, powers, contract and public service and vesting the same in the courts of common pleas.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1156, entitled:

An Act granting to parties litigant in cases involving the reasonableness of the rates or regulations or the adequacy of the services or facilities furnished or offered by public service corporations in this State the right to examine the accounts, books, papers, records, vouchers, letters, contracts, memoranda and documents, and to enter upon and examine the properties of said public service corporation or corporations.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1283, entitled:

An Act relating to the trial of civil cases by jury in the courts of this Commonwealth and providing that in any civil cause now pending or hereafter to be brought in any of the courts of this Commonwealth where the damages are, by reason of the subject matter of the case, unliquidated and in which a trial by jury is had and the verdict of a jury awarding damages is rendered, no new trial shall, either by the court in which the said cause was tried or by any appellate, court in this Commonwealth, be granted because the opinion of the court differs from the verdict of the jury as to the amount of the damages and no such damages, as awarded, shall, by any such court, be increased reduced or changed.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1409, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating places of amusement including the issue and sale of tickets thereto and providing penalties.

Mr. LAULER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1069, entitled:

An Act requiring railroads to remove grade crossings and providing penalties.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1025, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Mr. POWELL, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1397 (Senate Bill No. 375), entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks in certain counties.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and mercandise and providing for the collection of said tax.

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1218, entitled:

An Act making it a misdemeanor for any officer or employe of any of the departments of the State Government to practice as an attorney-at-law directly or indirectly and either gratuitously or for pay before the department in which he is such officer, or in which he is employed or before any other department of the State Government and providing for penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1248 (Senate Bill No. 507), entitled:

An Act authorizing John E. Joos a resident of the City of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1480, entitled:

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the Chief Clerk of his Department to do certain official acts," by authorizing the Auditor General to empower certain other employes of his department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1300, entitled:

An Act permitting the Commonwealth to intervene in any proceedings at law or in equity, in which the Commonwealth may have an interest, without giving security.

Mr. HABGOOD, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act requiring each telephone company to install registers and call records on certain telephones, and providing penalties for failure so to do, and providing for the enforcement of this act

Mr. OSTRANDER, from the Committee on Forestry, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1236, entitled:

An Act to permit the Department of Forestry to enter into co-operative agreements with county, township, municipal and private agencies for the prevention and suppression of forest fire, and providing a method of payment of the expenses arising thereunder.

Mr. OSTRANDER, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1359, entitled:

An Act amending Section two of an act entitled "An Act to authorize and empower the supervisors of the several townships of the second class, throughout this Commonwealth upon a petition of a majority of the real estate owners of any or either of the said townships, to levy and collect an electric light or other tax, to be used and expended for lighting the streets and highways, lanes, alleys, and public places thereof, and to make and enter into contracts for such lighting," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Mr. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1199, entitled:

An Act exempting agricultural corporations from the payment of a bonus and of State taxes upon their capital stock.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1094, entitled:

An Act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits.

Mr. WEST, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1369, entitled:

An Act requiring a written demand for a jury trial in actions at law in the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth by either party thereto, regulating the procedure of trials at law by a judge without a jury, authorizing the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth and the supreme court to adopt rules for regulating the procedure under this act and regulating appeals from judgments.

Mr. ALBEE, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1262, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred thirty-six, entitled "An Act relating to roads, highways and bridges."

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 954, entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location and size and use of buildings in cities.

Mr. WEIR, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 586, entitled:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks.

BILL RE-REFERRED.

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to return to the House, House Bill No. 1203, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred twelve of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

which was inadvertently referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The SPEAKER. House Bill No. 1203 is re-referred to the Committee on Education.

PETITIONS.

PRAYING FOR PASSAGE OF COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. GOODNOUGH presented the petition of citizens of Cameron County praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of citizens of Allegheny County praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. VICKERMAN presented petitions from citizens of Allegheny County praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. McVICAR presentd petitions from citizens of Allegheny County praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

The CHAIR presented the petition of the Grape Vine Union Sunday School praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

The CHAIR presented the petition of the Tabernacle Presbyterian Church, of Pittsburgh, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PRAYING FOR THE PASSAGE OF A BILL TO ERECT A MEMORIAL TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. ADAM C. SCHAEFFER presented the petitions of Washington Camp No. 112 P. O. S. of A. of Shenandoah, Pa., and Washington Camp No. 167 P. O. S. of A. of Mahanoy City, Pa., praying for the passage of a bill to erect a memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Mr. HOLLERN presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 549, P. O. S. of A. of Blandburg, Pa., praying for the passage of a bill to erect a memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Mr. HOLLERN presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 775 P. O. S. of A. of Hastings, Pa., praying for the passage of a bill to erect a memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PRAYING FOR THE PASSAGE OF A BILL TO ERECT A MONUMENT IN HONOR OF MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. ADAM C. SCHAEFFER presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 112 P. O. S. of A. of Shenandoah, Pa., and the petition of Washington Camp No. 167 P. O. S. of A. of Mahanoy City, Pa., praying for the passage of a bill to erect a monument in honor of Molly Pitcher.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PRAYING FOR THE PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 833.

The CHAIR presented the petition of the League of Awakened Freemen of Vandergrift, Pa., praying for support of House Bill No. 833.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to move that House Bill No. 662, File Folio 3185, entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same

formerly on the postponed calendar on third reading be restored to its place on the calendar.

Mr. LAULER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I make this motion for the reason that last Thursday which was the final day for its consideration, as the gentlemen of the House probably know, I was with the Appropriation Committee at Pittsburgh, actually engaged in public business, and failed at that time to have the necessary extension noted on the record. I desire, therefore, to ask the indulgence of the Speaker and my colleagues to permit this bill to be replaced in its position on the calendar.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

HOUSE BILL NO. 662 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be made a special order at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning on third reading and final passage.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 326 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. MEARKLE offered the following concurrent resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the House of Representatives, April 13, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 326, file folio 4087, entitled "An Act amending sections one, three, five, six and seven of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class," approved the seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, providing for the levy, collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer, the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for,' approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven, as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act, approved May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety, changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto, and the time for the levy and assessment thereof," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment .

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 970, as follows:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also section four five twelve thirteen twenty twenty-two thirty thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paragraphs of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the paragraph of section one of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one which paragraph as amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one providing for liens and claims of townships of the first class relative to sewers and drains" reads as follows:

"The words 'municipal claim' as used in this act mean the claim filed to recover for the grading guttering macadamizing or otherwise improving the cartways of any public highway for grading curbing recurbing paving repaving constructing or repairing the footways thereof for laying water-pipes gas-pipes culverts sewers branch-sewers or sewer connections therein for assessments for benefits in the opening widening or vacation thereof or in the changing of water courses or the construction of sewers through private lands or in highways of townships of the first class or in the acquisition of sewers and drains constructed and owned by individuals or corporations and of rights in and to use the same for the removal of nuisances or for water-rates lighting-rates or sewer-rates" be and same is hereby further amended so as to read as follows

The word "municipal claim" as used in this act mean the claim filed to recover for the grading guttering macadamizing or otherwise improving the cartways of any public highway for grading curbing recurbing paving repaving constructing or repairing the footways thereof for laying water-pipes gas-pipes culverts sewers branch sewers or sewer connectios therein for assessments for benefits in the opening widening or vacation thereof or in the changing of water courses or the construction of sewers through private lands or in highways of townships of the first class or in the acquisition of sewers and drains constructed and owned by individuals or corporations and of rights in and to use the same for the removal of nuisances or for water rates lighting rates or sewer rates

That the paragraph of section one of the said act which reads as follows

"The word 'owner' as used in this act means the person or persons in whose name the property is registered if registered according to law and in all other cases means any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of the property as apparent owner or owners thereof if any and if not then the reputed owner or owners thereof in the neighborhood of such property" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

The word "owner" as used in this act means the person or persons in whose name the property is registered if registered according to law and in all other cases means any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of the property as apparent owner or owners thereof if any or the reputed owner or owners thereof in the neighborhood of such property

Section 2 That section four of said act which as amended by said act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini nineteen hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-two) reads as follows

"Section 4 The lien for taxes shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property taxed by any county city borough township school district road district or poor district to which the tax is payable The lien for the removal of nuisances shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property from which it is removed or by which it is caused by any city borough or township by or for which the nuisance is removed The lien for grading guttering paving macadamizing or otherwise improving the cartways of for grading curbing recurbing paving repaving constructing or repairing the footways thereof or for laying water-pipes gas-pipes culverts sewers branch sewers or sewer connections in any highway for assessments for benefits in the opening widening or vacation thereof or in the changing of water courses or construction of sewers through private lands or in highways of townships of the first class or in the acquisition of sewers and drains constructed and owned by individuals or corporations and of rights in and to use the same or for water-rates lighting-rates or sewer rates shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property thereby benefited by the city borough or township extending the benefit Where the contractor performing the work is to be paid by assessment bills the lien shall exist for and the claim shall be filed to his use and he shall under no circumstances have recourse to the city borough or township authorizing the work" be and the same is further amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 The lien for taxes shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property taxed by any county city borough township school district road district or poor district to which the tax is payable The lien for the removal of nuisances shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property from which it is removed or by which it is caused by any city borough or township by or for which the nuisance is removed The lien for grading guttering paving macadamizing or otherwise improving the cartways of any highway for grading curbing recurbing paving repaving construtcting or repairing the footways thereof or for laying water-pipes gas-pipes culverts sewers branch sewers or sewer connections in any highway for assessments for benefits in the opening widening or vacation thereof or in the changing of watercourses or construction of sewers through private lands or in highways or townships of the first class or in the acquisition of sewers and drains constructed and owned by individuals or corporations and of rights in and to use the same or for water-rates lighting-rates or sewer rates or rates for any other service furnished by a municipality shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property thereby benefited by the city borough or township extending the benefit Where the contractor performing the work is to be paid by assessment bills the lien shall exist for and the claim shall be filed to his use and he shall under no circumstances have recourse to the city borough or township authorizing the work

Section 3 That section five of the said act which as amended by an act approved the nineteen day of March Anno Domini nineteen hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-three) reads as follows

"Section 5 Public property used for public purposes shall not be subject to tax claims or municipal claims and actual places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity shall not be subject to tax or municipal claims except for removal of nuisances for sewer claims and sewer connections or for the recurbing paving repaving or repairing the footways in front thereof All other real estate by whomsoever owned and for whatsoever purpose used shall be subject to all tax claims and municipal claims herein provided for Provided however that nothing in this act contained shall hinder or prevent any city borough or township of the first class from providing that any municipal work may be done at the expense of the public generally and be paid for out of the general city borough or township funds" be and the same is further amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 All real estate by whomsoever owned and for whatsoever purpose used shall be subject to all taxes and municipal claims herein provided for except that all property owned by the state county city or other municipal division and actual places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity shall not be subject to tax or municipal claims other than for water rates lighting rates sewer rates or rates for any other services furnished by the municipality Provided however that nothing in this act contained shall hinder or prevent any city borough or township of the first class from providing that any municipal work may be done at the expense of the public generally and be paid out of the general city borough or township funds

Section 4 That section twelve of the said act which as amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-six) entitled "An Act amending section twelve of an act entitled 'An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales' approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by changing the provisions prescribing what property shall be included in tax and municipal claims" reads as follows

"Section 12 The property described in tax claims shall include the whole property against which the tax is levied The property described in municipal claims for the recovery of assessments made against properties benefited by any of the municipal improvements in this act mentioned shall include the entire property abutting on such improvement to the depth to which the same is found to be benefited In other cases the property described in municipal claims shall include the lot in front of or upon which the work is done of such depth as is usual in properties of the same kind or character in the particular neighborhood

No municipal or tax claim shall be invalidated by reason of including therein property to a greater depth than hereby subjected to such claim but the court in which the same is filed may at any time prior to judgment thereon but not afterwards upon it appearing that such claim includes property to a greater depth than hereby made subject to such claim limit the lien thereof to the proper depth" be and the same is hereby further amended so as to read as follows

Section 12 The property described in tax claims shall include the whole property against which the tax is levied The property described in municipal claims may include the whole contiguous property or it may include only the lot in front of or upon which the work is done or to which service is supplied of such depth as is usual in properties of the same kind or character in the particular neighborhood No municipal claim or tax claim shall be invalid by reason of including therein property to a greater depth than as above provided but the court in which the same is filed may at any time prior to judgment thereon but not afterwards upon it appearing that such claim includes property to a greater depth than is hereby made subject to such claim limit the lien is thereof to the proper depth In all cases where a tax is levied on or filed against separate and distinct properties in one amount covering all the proper public authority shall if tendered with all costs if any accept payment of the portion of the whole amount of said tax chargeable upon each or any of the separate and distinct properties so charged together according to the tax rate and assessed valuation thereof and payment and satisfaction of any one portion may be made without prejudice to the claim against the remainder

Section 5 That section thirteen of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 13 Any person having an interest in the property whensoever acquired may by agreement of the parties or by leave of the court intervene as a party defendant and make defence thereto with the same effect as if he had been originally named as a defendant the claim filed And the claimant may by writing filed at his costs strike off the name of any defendant therein and may substitute as a defendant and issue a scire facias against any person who may have acquired an interest as owner after the right to file a claim accrued or who is the personal representative of an owner who has died either before or after filing the claim but such substitution shall always be without prejudice to any intervening rights" be and the same is amended so as to read as follows

Section 13 Any person having an interest in the property whensoever acquired may after ten days prior notice in writing by leave of court intervene as a party defendant and make defence thereto with the same effect as if he had been originally namd as a defendant in the claim filed And the claimant may by writing filed at his costs strike off the name of any defendant therein and may substitute as a defendant and issue a scire facias against any person who may have any interest therein as owner or who is the personal representative of an owner who has died either before or after filing the claim but such substitution shall always be without prejudice to any intervening rights

Section 6 That section twenty of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 20 Tax claims shall be prima facie evidence of the facts averred therein in all cases and the averments in both tax and municipal claims shall be conclusive evidence of the facts averred therein except in the particulars in which those averments shall be specifically denied by the affidavit of defence or any amendment thereof duly allowed A compulsory nonsuit upon trial shall be equivalent to a verdict for defendant whether the plaintiff appeared or not If plaintiff recovers a verdict upon trial in excess of the amount admitted by the defendant in his affidavit of defence or pleadings he shall be entitled to an attorney's fee for collection equal to five per cent of such excess but not exceeding fifty dollars" be and the same is amended so as to read as follows

Section 20 Tax claims and municipal claims shall be prima facie evidence of the facts averred therein in all cases and the averments in both tax and municipal claims shall be conclusive evidence of the facts averred therein except in the particulars in which those averments shall be specifically denied by the affidavit of defence or amendment thereof duly allowed A compulsory nonsuit upon trial shall be equivalent to a verdict for defendant whether the plaintiff appeared or not If plaintiff recovers a verdict upon trial in excess of the amount admitted by the defendant in his affidavit of defence or pleadings he shall be entitled to an attorney's fee for collection equal to five per centum of such excess but not exceeding fifty dollars

Section 7 That section twenty-two of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 22 Said writ or scire facias to revive shall be served and the proceedings thereon shall be conducted in the manner hereinbefore provided for the original scire facias sur claim unless personal service was made upon all the defendants in the original proceeding in which event two returns of nihil habet to the writs to revive shall be equivalent to personal service upon the defendants" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 22 Said writ of scire facias shall be served and the proceedings thereon shall be conducted as to persons who are found by the sheriff in the manner hereinbefore provided for the original scire facias sur claim but in any and all events two returns of nihil habet to the writs to revive shall be equivalent to personal service upon the defendants The practice and procedure following said scire facias to revive so far as applicable shall be the same as in the case of the original scire facias to collect the claim

Section 8 That section thirty of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 30 The plaintiff in any judgment recovered on a tax or municipal claim may upon paying the sheriff's cost fix an upset price to be realized at any sale under such judgment sufficient to pay his claim in full No sale shall be made on a judgment recovered on a tax claim except for a sum sufficient to pay all taxes in full and the plaintiff in such judgment may purchase the property at such sale for that sum if no one bids a higher price therefor" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 30 The plaintiff in any judgment recovered on a tax or municipal claim may upon paying the sheriff's costs fix an upset price to be realized at any sale under such judgment sufficient to pay all taxes and municipal claims and all accrued but unfiled taxes and claims in full No sale shall be made on a judgment recovered on a tax or municipal claim except for a sum sufficient to pay all taxes and municipal claims in full except as hereinafter provided and the plaintiff in such judgment may purchase the property at such sale for that sum if no one bids a higher price therefor

Section 9 That section thirty-two of the said act as amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand and seventy-six) entitled "An Act to amend the tenth and thirty-second sections of an act entitled 'An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one as said tenth section was amended by an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven and further amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine and as said thirty-second section was amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven by providing for the filing of municipal claims where appeals are taken from the assessment for the recovery of which such claim is filed and changing the procedure for reviving and continuing the lien of municipal and tax claims and providing that tax and municipal claims shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount of such tax or municipal claim is not definite or is not due and payable" which reads as follows

"Section 32 The lien of a tax or municipal claim shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount due is indefinite or undetermined or where the same is not due and payable nor shall the lien of a tax or municipal claim be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened as respects so much thereof as the proceeds of such sale may be insufficient to discharge nor shall a judicial sale of the property liened under a judgment obtained on a tax or municipal claim discharge the lien of any other tax or municipal claim than that upon which such sale is had except to the extent that the proceeds realized are sufficient for its payment after paying the costs and expenses of the sale and of the writ upon which it was made and any other prior tax or municipal claims to which the fund may first be applicable On any such sale being made all tax claims shall be paid out of the proceeds thereof first the oldest tax having priority and municipal claims shall be paid next the oldest in point of lien having priority Mortgages ground-rents and other charges on or estates in the property which were recorded or created where recording is not required before any tax other than for the current year accrue or before the actual doing of the work in front of or upon the particular property for which the municipal claim is filed shall not be disturbed by such sale unless a prior lien is also discharged thereby Provided however That upon the petition of the plaintiff in any such tax or municipal claim setting forth that more than five years have elapsed since the filing of his claim that he has exposed the property to sheriff's sale thereunder and was unable to obtain a bid sufficient to pay his claim in full and if a municipal claimant that he will bid sufficient to pay all tax claims in full and upon the production of searches or a title insurance policy showing the state of the record and the ownership of the property and of all liens claims mortgages ground-rents or other charges on or estates in the land the court shall grant a rule upon all parties thus shown to be interested to appear and show cause why a decree should not be made that said property be sold freed and clear of their respective claims liens charges and estates If upon hearing thereafter the court is satisfied that personal service has been made of said rule upon the parties respondent wherever found and that the facts stated in the petition be true it shall order and decree that said property be sold freed and discharged of all tax and municipal claims at a minuimum bid sufficient to pay all tax claims in full return theerof to be made to the court and if upon such return it further appears that no sale was made because no one was willing to bid a sum sufficient to pay the petitioner's claim in full it shall further decree that said property be sold clear of all such claims liens charges and estates at a minimum bid sufficient to pay all tax claims in full If at the last named sale no other person is willing to bid a sum sufficient to pay all tax claims in full the property shall be knocked down to and title made to the treasurer of said county for the benefit of the various tax claimants in the order of priority hereinbefore set forth and after the time for redemption has expired said property may under direction of said claimants or by decree of the proper court be sold either at public or private sale freed and discharged of all claims and the proceeds realized therefrom distributed in accordance with the priority of said claims Provided further That any person interested may at any time before the sale pay the petitioner the whole of his claims with interest and costs whereupon the proceedings on petition shall at once determine

For the purpose of enabling the petitioner in any such proceeding to give the notice required he may take the testimony of the defendant in the claim or of any other person whom he may have reason to believe has knowledge of the whereabouts of any of the parties respondent either by depositions commission or letters rogatory" be and the same is hereby further amended so as to read as follows

Section 32 The lien of a tax or a municipal claim shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount due is indefinite or undetermined or where the same is not due and payable nor shall the lien of a tax or municipal claim be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened as respects so much thereof as the proceeds of such sale may be insufficient to discharge nor except as hereinafter provided shall a judicial sale of the property liened under a judgment obtained on a tax or municipal claim discharge the lien of any other tax or municipal claim than that upon which said sale is had except to the extent that the proceeds realized are sufficient for its payment after paying the costs and expenses of the sale and of the writ upon which it was made and any other prior tax or municipal claims to which the fund may first be applicable On any such sale being made all tax claims shall be paid out of the proceeds thereof first the oldest tax having priority and municipal claims shall be paid next the oldest in point of lien having priority Mortgages ground-rents and other charges on or estates in the property which were recorded or created where recording is not required before any tax other than for the current year accrue or before the actual doing of the work in front of or upon the particular property for which the municipal claim is filed shall not be disturbed by such sale unless a prior lien is also discharged thereby In case the property be not sold for a sum sufficient to pay all taxes and municipal claims together with the costs thereon the plaintiff in any such claim may postpone the sale without payment of costs and file his petition setting forth that more than one year has elapsed since the filing of his claim that he has exposed the property to sheriff's sale thereunder and was unable to obtain a bid sufficient to pay the upset price in full and if a municipal claimant other than a municipality that he will bid sufficient to pay the upset price and upon the production of searches or a title insurance policy showing the state of the record and the ownership of the property and of all tax and municipal claims mortgages ground-rents or other charges on or estates in the land the court shall grant a rule upon all parties thus shown to be interested to appear and show cause why a decree should not be made that said property be sold freed and cleared of their respective claims mortgages charges and estates If upon a hearing thereafter the court is satisfied that service has been made of said rule upon the parties respondent in the manner provided in the act to which this is an amendment for the service of writs of scire facias to obtain judgments upon tax and municipal claims and that the facts stated in the petition be true it shall order and decree that said property be sold at a subsequent sheriff's sale day to be fixed by the court without further advertisement clear of all claims liens mortgages charges and estates to the highest bidder at such sale and the proceeds realized therefrom shall be distributed in accordance with the priority of such claims and the purchaser at such sale shall take and forever thereafter have an absolute title to the property sold free and discharged of all tax and municipal claims liens mortgages charges and estates of whatsoever kind subject only to the right of redemption as provided by law

Any person interested may at any time before the sale pay the petitioner the whole of his claim with interest and costs whereupon the proceedings on petition shall at once determine

For the purpose of enabling the petitioner in any such proceeding to give the notice required he may take the testimony of the defendant in the claim or of any other person whom he may have reason to believe has knowledge of the whereabouts of any of the parties respondent either by disposition commission or letters rogatory

Any county municipality township or school district being a claimant shall have the right and is hereby empowered to bid and become the purchaser of the property at such sale and while the said property so purchased is held and owned by either a county or a municipality township or school district it shall not be subject to tax claims unless it be redeemed by the former owner or other person having the right to redeem as provided by the act to which this is an amendment If however a county municipality township or school district shall become the purchaser at said sale the former owner or other person desiring to redeem shall pay all taxes and municipal claims accrued and chargeable against the property prior to the sale thereof together with the costs and interest thereon and also all taxes and claims whether filed or not which would have accrued and become chargeable against the property had the same been purchased at the sale by some party other than the county city or other municipal division

Upon the delivery by the sheriff of a deed for any property sold under a tax or municipal claim the judgment upon which such sale was had shall thereupon and forever thereafter be final and conclusive as to all matters of defence which could have been raised in the proceeding including payment and no error or irregularity in obtaining or entering of such judgment shall effect the validity thereof

Section 10 That section thirty-seven of said act which reads as follows

“Section 37 All notices petitions and rules shall be served upon counsel for the parties interested or upon the parties themselves in the manner bills in equity are served or upon the owner by leaving a copy with the party in possession of the real estate or in default of service in any of the methods stated then in such manner as the court shall direct" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 37 Unless otherwise herein provided all notices petitions and rules shall be served upon counsel for the parties interested or upon the parties themselves in the manner bills in equity are served or upon the owner by leaving a copy with the party in possession of the real estate or in default of service in any of the methods stated then in such manner as the court shall direct

Section 11 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1151, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation for commissioners of townships of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Baldwin.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1169 (Senate Bill No. 429), entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having posession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—12.

Benninger,
Body,
Eby,
Gingery,
Lauler,
Palmer,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Sones,
Spencer,
Trach,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 10.

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million

House Bill No. 227.

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or othr securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Damini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

House Bill No. 779.

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by making the libellant a competent witness generally

House Bill No. 800.

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

House Bill No. 883.

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

House Bill No. 119.

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

House Bill No. 464.

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

House Bill No. 885.

An Act extending the powers and duties of Foresters Forest Rangers Game Protectors Deputy Game Protectors Special Deputy Game Protectors Fish Wardens and Deputy Fish Wardens of this Commonwealth

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1174 (Senate Bill No. 545), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposees of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—175.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,

Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1147, as follows:

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges not learned in the law of the Courts of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the salaries or compensation of the associate judges not learned in the law of the courts of this Commonwealth shall be as follows Each such associate judge shall receive five dollars per day for every day he may be employed in the discharge of his official duties Provided that the salary of no such associate judge shall be less than six hundred dollars per annum Each of said judges shall continue to be entitled to mileage as now provided by existing law

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger.
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body.
Bovee,
Brosius.
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner.
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz.
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman.
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Dell,
Eby,
McCurdy,
Mellott,
Spencer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 984 (Senate Bill No. 293), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" Approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dunn.
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott.
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard.
Williams,
Wilson, W. H
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1191, entitled:

An Act designating the Sweet Pea (Lathyrus odoratus) as the floral emblem or state flower of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS OF THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No 1222 (Senate Bill No. 386), entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur.
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lauer.
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather.
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber.
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1038, entitled:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the new Western Penitentiary of Centre County so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—68.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Beck,
Becker,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Landis,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
Milliron,
Palmer,
Ramsey,
Rich,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Stone,
Swartz,
Weaver,
West,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,

NAYS—52.

Adams,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Brosius,
Curry,
Dunn.
Eby,
Fackler,
Forster,
Glass,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hubler,
Lauer,
Leighner,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Smith, Jeff. W..
Sones,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Swan,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Wobensmith,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 608, entitled:

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act amending sections one two three seven and fifteen article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws one thousand nine hundred and one page five hundred and thirty-five et cetera) increasing the number of inspectors and inspection districts providing for the examination of candidates for Dauphin county and providing for certain redistricting of inspectors" granting to the qualified electors of Sullivan Susquehanna and Wayne counties the right to participate in the election of mine inspectors of the second inspection district' so as to increase the number of inspection districts by making the counties of Susquehanna Wayne and Sullivan a separate district providing for the appointment of a board of examiners for said district and for the examination and election of an inspector therefor and for the appointment of an inspector therefor until such time as an inspector should be duly elected" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven increasing the number of inspectors to be elected in the first and second inspection districts

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Albee,
Campbell, T.,
Klinger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1175, entitled:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne county to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn.
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W..
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1250 (Senate Bill No. 640), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I..
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Klinger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1187, entitled:

An Act authorizing the consular officers of foreign nations to act as administrators of estates of citizens of their respective nations and to represent the legal heirs of such decedents resident in foreign countries.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Baker,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Gompers,
Hollern,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 575, as follows:

An Act relating to and regulating the employment of persons in compressed air work

DEFINITIONS

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "pressure" when used in this act means gauge pressure in pounds per square inch

(2) The term "employer" when used in this act includes individuals co-partnerships associations and corporations

SAFETY OF EMPLOYES

Section 2 Every tunnel caisson compartment or place to which this act applies shall be so constructed equipped arranged operated and conducted as to provide such protection to the lives' health and safety of all persons employed therein as the nature of the employment will reasonably permit

EQUIPMENT FOR WORK IN COMPRESSED AIR

Section 3 Every employer carrying on any work in the prosecution of which persons are employed in compressed air shall

(1) Provide and install gauges in each tunnel for showing the air pressure to which the persons so employed therein are subjected Such gauges shall be accessible at all times during working hours to all employes in the tunnels

(2) Provide and attach gauges to each caisson for showing the air pressure to which the persons so employed therein or subjected and employed a competent person who may be the lock tender to take charge of such gauges and of the instruments required under subdivision three of this section The person so employed shall not be permitted to work more than eight hours in any twenty-four hours

(3) Provide and attach an air gauge and a time piece to each air lock Such gauge and time piece shall be accessible to the lock tender at all times

(4) Keep at least two air pipes or lines connected with each tunnel caisson compartment or place in which persons are so employed

(5) Provide a suitable iron ladder for the entire length of every shaft used in connection with such work

(6) Keep every passageway used in connection with such work clear and properly lighted

(7) Provide sufficient electric lights for all lighting purposes and provide a wire for lighting the shaft which wire shall be separated from the wire used for lighting the place where the employes are at work in compressed air all electric wires shall be properly insulated

(8) Provide for the use of all persons so employed dressing rooms which shall be kept open and accessible during working hours and during the intervals between working periods and also a separate room for drying clothes The dressing rooms shall contain benches and individual lockers shower baths with hot and cold water and sanitary water closets and shall be kept properly heated lighted and ventilated

(9) If the maximum air pressure in such work exceeds seventeen pounds provide and maintain at least one double compartment hospital lock Such lock shall be at least six feet high inside measurement and be suitably floored it shall be equipped with inside and outside air gauges and time pieces and a telephone with proper connections and shall contain benches and proper surgical and medical equipment it shall be properly heated lighted and ventilated

SUSPENSION OF CAISSONS

Section 4 No caisson in which persons are employed in compressed air shall while work is in progress therein be suspended or hung so that the bottom of the excavation is more than four feet below the cutting edge of the caisson

INSPECTION

Section 5 Every employer carrying on any work in the prosecution of which persons are employed in compressed air shall cause all engines boilers steam pipes steam gauges drill caissons air pipes air gauges air locks dynamos electric wiring signal apparatus brakes buckets hoists cables chains ropes ladders ways tracks sides roofs timbers supports and all other equipment apparatus and appliances used in connection with such work to be inspected at least once every working day by a competent person especially designated for that purpose and if any defect in such equipment apparatus or appliances is found a report thereof in writing shall forthwith be made by the inspector to the employer and the defect shall be immediately repaired

MEDICAL ATTENDANCE AND NURSES

Section 6 Every employer carrying on any work in the prosecution of which persons are employed in compressed air shall

(1) Employ one or more licensed physicians as medical officers who shall be present to render medical assistance at all necessary times at the place where such work is in progress and who shall perform such other duties as are imposed on them by this act

(2) If the maximum air pressure in such work exceeds seventeen pounds employ one or more registered nurses or one or more competent persons which persons shall be selected by the medical officer and be certified by him to be competent by actual experience to handle cases of compressed air illness The nurses or persons so employed shall have charge of the hospital lock provided for in this act and may also have other duties of a clerical nature exclusive of timekeeping such as will not require their presence elsewhere than at the hospital lock and such as they may leave at any time their service at the lock is necessary

EMPLOYMENT OF CERTAIN PERSONS PROHIBITED

Section 7 No person known to be addicted to the excessive use of intoxicants shall be employed or permitted to work in compressed air

PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS

Section 8 (1) No person shall be employed or permitted work in compressed air until he has been examined by the medical officer and found to be physically qualified therefor

(2) No person who has not previously worked in compressed air shall during the first twenty-four hours of his employment be permitted to work therein longer than one working period as provided in section ten and he shall not be permitted to resume such work if the air pressure exceeds fifteen pounds until he has been re-examined by the medical officer and found to be physically qualified therefor

(3) No person who is employed in compressed air but who has been absent therefrom for ten or more consecutive days for any cause shall be permitted to resume such work until he has been re-examined by the medical officer and found to be physically qualified therefor

(4) No person who has been employed regularly in compressed air for three months shall be permitted to continue such work until he has been re-examined by the medical officer and found to be physically qualified therefor

RECORD OF PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS

Section 9 The medical officer shall keep a record of all physical examinations made in accord with section eight which record shall be kept at the place where the work is in progress and shall contain the name age address and full description of each person examined the date on which each examination was made and the physical condition on that date of the person examined and the total time such person has worked in compressed air including time in previous employments The employer shall also be responsible for the observance of this section

HOURS OF LABOR

Section 10 When the air pressure in any tunnel caisson compartment or place in which persons are employed exceeds normal but does not exceed fifty pound the maximum number of hours which in any twenty-four hours a person may be employed or permitted to work or remain therein shall be as hereafter stated In every case the maximum number of hours shall be divided into two working periods of equal length and the minumum time interval which shall elapse between such working periods shall be as hereafter stated

When the air pressure exceeds normal but does not exceed twenty-one pounds number of hours in twenty-four eight interval between working periods thirty minutes

When the air pressure exceeds twenty-one but does not exceed thirty pounds number of hours in twenty-four six interval between working periods one hour

When the air pressure exceeds thirty but does not exceed thirty-five pounds number of hours in twenty-four four interval between working period two hours

When the air pressure exceeds thirty-five but does not exceed forty pounds number of hours in twenty-four three interval between working periods three hours

When the air pressure exceeds forty but does not exceed forty-five pounds number of hours in twenty-four two interval between working periods four hours

When the air pressure exceeds forty-five but does not exceed fifty pounds number of hours in twenty-four one and one-half interval between working periods five hours

Except in cases of emergency no person shall be employed or permitted to work or remain in any tunnel caisson compartment or place where air pressure exceeds fifty pounds

RATE AND TIME OF DECOMPRESSION

Section 11 No person shall be permitted to pass from any tunnel caisson compartment or place where he has been employed in compressed air to atmosphere or normal pressure without passing through an intermediate lock or stage of decompression When the employe is passing from a tunnel to atmosphere of normal pressure the rate of decompression shall be three pounds every two minutes except when the air pressure in the tunnel exceeds thirty-six pounds in which case the rate of decompression shall be one pound every minute When the employe is passing from a caisson compartment or place to atmosphere or normal pressure the time of decompression shall be as follows

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds normal but does not exceed ten pounds time of decompression one minute

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds ten but does not exceed fifteen pounds time of decompression two minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds fifteen but does not exceed twenty pounds time of decompression five minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed twenty-five pounds time of decompression ten minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds twenty-five pounds but does not exceed thirty pounds time of decompression twelve minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds thirty but does not exceed thirty-six pounds time of decompression fifteen minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds thirty-six but does not exceed forty pounds time of decompression twenty minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds forty but does not exceed fifty pounds time of decompression twenty-five minutes

ENFORCEMENT

Section 12 The Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall enforce this act In enforcing this act any employe or agent of the Department of Labor and Industry specially authorized in writing may at any time enter any place of employment covered by this act for purposes of inspection It shall be unlawful to hinder or prevent such employe or agent in the performance of his duties under this act

PENALTIES

Section 13 Every person who directly or indirectly violates or fails to comply with any provisions of this act is liable to a penalty of fifty dollars for the first offense one hundred dollars for the second offense and three hundred dollars for the third and each subsequent offense Such penalties shall be recovered as debts of like amount are recoverable in action to be brought for the use of the Commonwealth by or under the direction of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry

TIME OF TAKING EFFECT

Section 14 This act shall take effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

On the question

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman whether this bill applies to compressed air in coal mines?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I will answer the gentleman by saying that the bill before you does not apply in any way to coal mines; it does not apply to people operating compressed air machinery ;it does not apply to machinery operated by compressed air. The bill only applies to people working under pressure, or working in compressed air. The bill may seem strange to some, because this State has up to the present time done practically no, or very little, compressed air work, but it is a foregone conclusion that we will before many years pass by no one can tell just when we will be doing such work, where men will be employed under pressure such as the digging of the tubes at New York and other tunnel work. These men work under pressure ranging from ten to fifty pounds. Were a man suddenly to leave a chamber working under fifty pounds, and come out into atmospheric pressure it would kill him; or should a man suddenly leave atmospheric pressure and go into high pressure, it would kill him; or should a man not of sound health be employed at that kind of work it would prove fatal. This bill before you is almost an exact duplicate of the law of New York and New Jersey where tunnel work has been done.

The bill has been brought before the Department of Labor and Industry for their inspection and they have agreed to the provisions of the bill and encourage its passage.

We also had it before Mr. Roderick of the Department of Mines and Mining and he likewise approved of the bill and said just yesterday that it properly belonged to the Department of Labor and Industry and hoped that it would pass.

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman if the provisions of this bill are not within the scope of the Public Utilities Commission

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, they are not. The Public Utilities Commission would be at a loss to know how to act. Those of you who have read this bill will know that it means to the contractor what a foot-rule or a yardstick means to the mechanic. It is a gauge by which they can work and understand how to do this kind of work. It cost considerable loss of property and life before this rule was worked out, and it is therefore desirable on the part of the Department of Labor and Industry if they have to apply the rule in this State, or if they are called upon to inspect that kind of work. The Public Service Commission would be at a loss to know how to act if they were called upon to make a rule on this kind of work. They would have to go to New York or New Jersey and get it there They would have to have what is now before you before they could act and before they could make a ruling.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Eby,
Swartz,
Wettach,
Wood.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1181, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" which as amended by an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day' by requiring the commissioners to make the payment specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both be and are hereby required to appropriate annually to each post in their respective counties or boroughs a sum not to exceed fifty dollars to aid in defraying expenses of Memorial Day" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in a county or borough where there is no Post of the Grand Army of the Republic the appropriation shall be made to an association or society that has been conducting the ceremonies on Memorial Day in lieu of the Grand Army Post

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz.
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1125 (Senate Bill No. 528), entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Bernthelzel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Herman,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 437, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 3 All judgments which at the time of the death of a decedent shall be a lien on his real estate shall continue to bind such real estate during the term of five years from his death although such judgments be not revived by scire facias or otherwise after his death and such judgments shall during such term rank according to their priority at the time of such death and after the expiration of such term such judgments shall not continue a lien on the real estate of such decedent unless revived by scire facias or otherwise according to the laws regulating the revival of judgments" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All judgments which at the time of the death of a decedent shall be a lien on real estate owned by said decedent at the time of his death or on real estate which shall have been conveyed by deed not duly recorded during his lifetime shall continue to bind such real estate during the term of five years from his death although such judgments be not revived by scire facias or otherwise after his death and such judgments shall during such term rank according to their priority at the time of such death and after the expiration of such term such judgments shall not continue a lien on the real estate of such decedent unless revived by scire facias or otherwise according to the laws regulating the revival of judgments

Any judgment against such decedent which may be a lien upon real estate sold or aliened by such decedent during his life may be revived by writ of scire facias according to law and for the purpose of any such revival the writ of scire facias may be issued in the name of such decedent with the same force and effect as if it were issued in the name of his executors administrators or legal representatives but before any judgment shall be entered thereon the legal representatives shall be made parties defendant and a scire facias shall be served on such legal representatives.

Section 2 Section five of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the said act and of this amendment thereto including the act of Assembly approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred ninety-seven) entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to executors and administrators' approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four relating to the lien of judgments against decedents" and section twenty-five of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act amending the first and seventeenth sections of an act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities and also by removing the exemption of life and fire insurance corporations having no capital stock from the provisions of the act.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such of railroad companies street railway companies canal companies bridge companies gas companies pipe line companies ferry companies electric light heat and power companies water companies telegraph companies telephone companies express companies and all other public service corporations or so called quasi public corporations of the same or other kinds.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 897, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard-tables pool-tables and bagatelle boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for the punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1168, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-three) entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class'"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the sponsor of this bill give us some explanation as to its provisions.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Allegheny desires to interrogate the gentleman from Chester, Mr. Whitaker. Will the gentleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WHITAKER. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker. The purpose of this act is very simple and plain. It is merely to authorize the re-election of a township treasurer.

The present act prohibits townships treasurers succeeding themselves, and the association of tax collectors and townships treasurers of the State have considered this subject, along with a number of others in connection with their duties, and they desire to have the power to succeed themselves in the office. That is all there is in this bill.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Mellott,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 528, entitled:

An Act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census and repealing all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,

Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,

Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,

Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Baker,
Brownlee,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1233, entitled:

An Act authorizing townships of the first class to create a paid fire service or department and providing for the levying of a tax for the creation and maintenance of such fire service or department

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to report a bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objections.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1211, entitled:

An Act requiring the prothonotaries of the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to provide an Adsectum Judgment Index and fixing the fees of the prothonotaries therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,

Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,

Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,

Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Blackburn,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Eby,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1216, as follows:

An act to regulate and improve the civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of certain counties and cities thereof and providing penalties for the violation of its provisions.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That this act shall apply to the civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to the civil service of each county having a population of two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants or more according to a United States census and to the civil service of each county having a population of less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants which has accepted its provisions in the manner provided in section twenty-five and to the civil service of each city of the third class which has accepted its provisions in the manner provided in section twenty-five

Section 2 All appointments transfers reinstatements promotions reductions removals and dismissals in the civil service of the Commonwealth and of any county or city to which this act applies shall be made in accordance with this act and the rules prescribed hereunder

Section 3 The term "Civil Service of the Commonwealth" shall include all offices positions and employments in which the officers or employes are paid from the State Treasury and all officers positions or employments in or under institutions departments boards or commissions wherein the Commonwealth either directly or through any commission board official or officials has the right to appoint or select the officials or employes or which are constituted agencies for the performance of a function of this Commonwealth Provided however that this act shall not apply to offices employments or positions in the military or naval service of the Commonwealth

The term "Civil Service of any County" shall include for each county to which this act applies and each county which has accepted the provisions of this act in the manner provided in section twenty-five all offices positions and employments in which the officers or employes are paid from the county treasury and all offices positions or employments in or under institutions departments boards or commissions wherein the county either directly or through any commission board official or officials has the right to appoint or select the officials or employes

The term "Civil Service of any City" shall include for each city which has accepted the provisions of this act in the manner provided in section twenty-five all offices positions and employments in which the officers or employes are paid from the city treasury and all offices positions or employments in or under institutions departments boards or commissions wherein the city either directly or through any commission board official or officials has the right to appoint or select the officials or employes

The terms "any county" and "any city" and "every county" and "every city" unless a contrary meaning clearly appears from the context to be intended shall mean each and every county with a population of two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants or more and each and every county or city which has accepted the provisions of this act in the manner provided in section twenty-five

The term "positions" shall include all offices and employments unless a contrary meaning clearly appears from the context to be intended

The term "appoint" shall include employ and the term "appointment" shall include employment

The term "Commonwealth" shall mean the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

The terms "he" and "his" shall include it its she her they and their unless a contrary meaning clearly appears from the context to be intended

The term "oath" shall include affirmation and "swear" shall include affirm

Section 4 Upon the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of the Senate three persons to serve one until March first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen one until March first one thousand nine hundred and nineteen and one until March first one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one as Civil Service Commissioners who shall constitute the State Civil Service Commission of Pennsylvania Upon the expiration of the term of office of each Commissioner so appointed the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate shall appoint a successor to serve for a term of six years from the date of his appointment and until his successor is appointed and has qualified The Governor shall fill any vacancy in the commission by appointing a commissioner to serve the remainder of the unexpired term The commissioners shall hold no other office under the United States the Commonwealth or any county or city thereof Not more than two commissioners shall be adherents of one political party the commission shall maintain its principal office in Harrisburg and may establish branch offices in such other localities as it deems advisable

Section 5 The commissioner longest in continuous service shall be president He shall receive a salary of five thousand five hundred dollars ($5,500) annually The Governor shall designate the president on the first organization of the commission The commission shall employ a chief examiner who shall act also as secretary and such other employes as it deems necessary and shall fix their salaries Each other commissioner shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000) annually The Commonwealth shall pay the salaries of the commissioners and their employes and defray all other necessary expenses incurred by the commission in carrying out the purposes of this act but the commission shall not incur expense in excess of its appropriation

Section 6 The civil service of the Commonwealth and of each county and city to which this act applies shall be divided into the unclassified service and the classified service The unclassified service shall comprise

(a) All officers elected by the people

(b) All members of boards or commissions and all heads of departments whose appointment is subject to confirmation by the Senate

(c) All persons engaged directly in the service of either branch of the General Assembly and appointed by any officer or committee thereof

(d) All officers elected by the General Assembly

(e) All persons in judicial service or appointed by judges except probation officers and all assistants to the Attorney General

(f) All persons holding positions under any school district

(g) All registrars and clerks of election

(h) One secretary and one confidential clerk to the Governor and one confidential clerk to the head of each department created by the Constitution or by an Act of Assembly

The classified service shall include all offices positions and employments to which this act applies and which are not specifically included in the unclassified service and shall be divided into the competitive class the exempt class and the labor class

Section 7 The commission shall

1 Adopt enforce and amend rules providing for

(a) Open competitive examinations for positions in the competitive class and for ample notice of all examinations in the localities affected

(b) All appointments transfers reinstatements promotions reductions removals and dismissals in the classified service

(c) Maintaining a record of all examinations and of all appointments to and changes in the service The commission shall adopt proper regulations for the inspection of its records by the public

(d) The classification re-classification and grading of positions

(e) Temporary appointments in the absence of appropriate eligible lists

(f) Appropriate examinations and tests for positions in the labor class

2 Grant public hearings upon all changes in the rules before adopting same

3 Make investigations either sitting as a body or through a single commissioner concerning all matters touching the operation and results of the provisions of this act and the rules and regulations prescribed thereunder and concerning the efficiency of all officers and employes and of all groups of officers and employes in the classified service and make reports to each officer board or other authority in charge of any institution office or department of the State Government of its findings and recommendations relative to increasing the efficiency and economy therein

4 Have power to require by subpoena the attendance of witnesses and to compel testimony and the production of all books documents memoranda and other papers relating to any matter under investigation Each commissioner and the chief examiner may administer oaths and affirmations Witness fees shall be the same as those for witnesses before the court of common pleas and may be paid by the commission from moneys appropriated to it

5 Keep minutes of its meetings and records of its proceedings

6 Prescribe the qualifications to be met by applicants for positions in the classified service

7 To make an annual report to the Governor

Section 8 On and after the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen every position in the competitive class unless filled by promotion transfer reinstatement or reduction shall be filled only in the following manner The appointing officer shall notify the Civil Service Commission of any vacancy in the service which he deems it necessary to fill and shall request the certification of eligibles The Commission shall forthwith certify from the appropriate eligible list the names of the three persons thereon who received the highest averages at examinations held under the provisions of this act Provided however that in case a list consists of less than three names the Commission shall certify such name or names as appear upon the list The appointing officer shall fill the said vacancy from the names so certified He may however at his option in case the list consists of less than three names treat such appointment as temporary and if he does so treat it the Commission shall proceed at once to hold an examination and to secure an eligible list as promptly as possible The appointing officer shall upon the receipt of the eligible list from the Commission and with sole reference to the relative merit and fitness of the candidates make an appointment from the three names so certified.

As each subsequent vacancy occurs in the same or a similar position the same procedure shall be followed Provided however that after any name has been three times rejected by any one appointing officer for the same or a similar position in favor of other name or names on the same eligible list the said name shall not again be certified to that appointing officer When there are a number of positions of the same kind to be filled at the same time each appointment must nevertheless be made separately and in accordance with the foregoing provisions.

When an appointment is made under the provisions of this section it shall be in the first instance for a probationary period of three months If during that period the service of that officer clerk or employe is unsatisfactory the appointing officer shall notify him in writing that he will not be retained in the public service after such three months' period If not so notified his appointment becomes absolute at the end of the three months' probationary period.

Section 9 No auditing or disbursing officer of the Commonwealth shall honor any payroll which does not bear the certificate of the Commission showing that all items thereon are in accordance with this act and the rules of the Commission.

Section 10 All examinations shall be practical and appropriate and relate solely to those matters which fairly test the relative merits of the applicants and may include physical or medical tests when the Commission deems it proper.

Section 11 No appointing officer shall employ any person under any title which in the judgment of the Commission is not appropriate to the duties involved.

Section 12 The proper officials of the State and of any county or city to which this act applies shall provide the Commission with suitable quarters and accommodations for carrying on its work permit the use of public buildings for examinations and other official purposes and otherwise assist without compensation in carrying out the purposes of this act.

Section 13 The Commission may refuse to examine or may withdraw from an eligible list any applicant who after investigation is found to be unfit for public service The Commission shall spread upon its minutes the reasons for such action.

Section 14 The labor class shall include ordinary unskilled laborers Vacancies in the labor class shall be filled by appointment from lists of applicants registered by the

Civil Service Commission Preference in employment from such lists shall be according to rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Civil Service Commission.

Section 15 No officer clerk or employe in the classified service shall be concerned in any manner in paying or soliciting funds for political purposes or in taking any active part whatsoever in any political campaign or political organization.

Section 16 No inquiry in any application examination or investigation shall relate to the religious or political affiliations of any person nor shall any person in the classified service be dismissed nor shall his status in the service be changed for political or religious reasons.

Section 17 No officer clerk or employe in the competitive class of the classified civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of any county or city who shall have been appointed under the provisions of this act except those appointed without competitive examination temporarily or provisionally shall be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for a just cause Further no other officer clerk or employe shall be removed discharged or reduced except as provided in section eight of this act until he shall have been furnished with a written statement furnishing such specific reasons as if true would constitute a just cause for such action and until he shall have been allowed a reasonable time in which to give the removing officer such written answer as the person sought to be removed or reduced may desire Upon receipt and consideration of such answer the removing officer shall finally determine his action in the case and if he has followed the procedure required by this section no appeal to the Civil Service Commission shall lie from his decision unless it is alleged with an offer of proof supported by affidavit that the real reason for the removal was religious or political If such allegations are made the Commission may investigate the removal and if in its judgment the allegations are true it may order the reinstatement of the person removed No appeal to any court shall lie from any decision of the said Commission in such cases In every case of a removal or reduction a copy of the statement of reasons therefor and of the written answer thereto shall be forthwith furnished to the Civil Service Commission and entered upon its record.

Section 18 If any applicant or employe under this act is aggrieved by any action of the Commission affecting him the Commission shall upon his request in writing grant him a public hearing At any public hearing or session of the Commission any citizen shall have the right to be present in person and by counsel and subject to reasonable regulations of the Commission to interrogate any witness and to produce evidence and arguments either in favor of or against any proposed classification rule or other action Public notice of every proposed public hearing shall be given at least one week in advance thereof and shall state clearly the purpose of the hearing and the matters to be there and then considered A copy of every such notice shall be posted on a suitable public bulletin board at the office of the Commission.

Section 19 Any false statment made under oath either in any application or other paper filed with the Commission or in any proceeding before the Commission or in any proceeding arising under this act shall be perjury and punishable as such.

Section 20 Whoever wilfully makes an appointment to any position contrary to the provisions of this act or of the rules made pursuant thereto or wilfully refuses or neglects to comply with or to conform to the provisions of this act or violates any of its provisions shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 21 Any person who shall wilfully by himself or in co-operation with one or more persons defeat deceive or obstruct any person in respect to his or her right of examination appointment or employment according to this act or to any rules or regulations prescribed pursuant thereto or who shall wilfully or corruptly falsely mark grade estimate or report upon the examination or proper standing of any person examined registered or certified pursuant to the provisions of this act or aid in so doing or who shall wilfully make any false representations concerning the same or concerning the person examined or who shall wilfully or corruptly furnish to any person any special or secret information for the purpose of either improving or injuring the prospects or chances of any person so examined registered or certified or to be examined registered or certified or who shall personate any other person or permit or aid in any manner any other person to personate him in connection with any examination or registration or appointment or application or request to be examined or registered or appointed or who shall furnish any false information about himself or about any other person in connection with any examination or registration or appointment or application or request to be examined or registered or appointed shall for each offense be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 22 Misdemeanors under the provisions of this act shall be punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or by both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Section 23 All persons holding positions in the classified service as defined herein on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen shall be considered as having been appointed under the provisions of this act and shall hold their positions in accordance herewith.

Section 24 Any taxpayer may bring action to restrain the payment of compensation to any person who has been employed in violation of this act or the rules prescribed thereunder.

Section 25 Any county having a population of less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants according to a United States census or any city of the third class may accept this act in the following manner:

Whenever a petition signed by five per centum of the duly qualified voters of any such county or of any such city shall have at least two months prior to any election been presented to the County Commissioners of the county in which such qualified voters reside requesting that an election be held to determine whether or not this act shall be accepted by such county or city the said county commissioners shall thereupon arrange for the submission of this question at the next succeeding election within the said county to the duly qualified voters of the said county if the petition shall relate to a county or at the next succeeding election within the said city to the duly qualified voters of the said city if the petition shall relate solely to a city The county commissioners and the sheriff of the county in which such petition is presented shall give such notice by publication or otherwise as may be required by the laws of the Commonwealth in the case of a general election that at the next succeeding election the question hereinafter set forth will be submitted to the duly qualified voters of the said county or of the said city as the case may be The county commissioners of the said county shall further cause to be printed on the official ballot prepared for use at the next succeeeding election within the county or the city in relation to which the said petition may have been presented in the form required by law for the submission of a constitutional amendment or other question required to be submitted to the vote of the people the question as to whether or not this act shall be accepted in the said locality in substantially the following form:

Shall the Civil Service Act of (insert date of this act) be accepted by the county (or by the city) of (insert name of county or of city as the case may be) Yes...... No......

It shall be the duty of the proper officers of the said county or of the said city to submit this question to the vote of the duly qualified electors of the said county or of the said city at such next succeeding election which shall be held at the places and by the officers provided by law for the holding of general elections It shall be the duty of the judges and inspectors of such elections to receive from the duly qualified electors ballots containing the aforesaid question and the vote of the electors thereon and to count the ballots and to make return thereof to the proper officials as required by law in the case of other ballots The return judges and other officers charged with the duty of certifying the result of the said election shall also certify to the county commissioners and in the case of a city to the mayor whether or not the majority of the electors of the county or of the city as the case may be who voted on the said question at the said election did vote in favor of accepting this act If such majority did so vote the county commissioners or the mayor shall make a public proclamation that the provisions of this act are effective in the county or in the city as the case may be Thereafter the provisions of this act shall be observed in the appointment promotion transfer reduction removal and reinstatement of all officers clerks and employes in the Civil Service of such county or of such city and in all other matters provided for in this act.

Section 26 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MARVIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1061, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State treasury by Eva Riley and C. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,

Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman.
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Jack,
Robertson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 485, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron.
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir.
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 165, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Brownlee,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1239, entitled:

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the word "agaisnt" and insert in lieu thereof the word "against."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted according to the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to wild birds and animals and game within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the hunting for or capture or killing of such wild birds or animals or game by unnaturalized foreign-born residents forbidding the ownership or possession of dogs by any unnaturalized foreign-born resident within the Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones. W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Baldwin,
Heyburn,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1209, entitled:

An Act regulating the disposition of dockets of justices of the peace and alderman and providing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—113.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Christman,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Gallagher,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kunkle,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Spencer,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—14.

Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Eby,
Fruit,
Klinger,
Milliron,
Reel,
Sones,
Statler,
Wagner,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1237, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election apppointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 735, entitled:

Supplement supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the voting of shares of stock in corporations in this Commonwealth held by executors administrators guardians and trustees and the manner of voting the same" approved March sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—164.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lanschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Brownlee,
Peters,
Robertson,
Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1210, entitled:

An Act designating the wild honeysuckle (rhododendron nudiflorum) as the floral emblem or State Flower of Pennsylvania.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL DROPPED FROM THE CALENDAR.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. BAUERLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1202, as follows:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate at time of the assessment" which reads as follows

"Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of township commissioners in each township of the first class within this Commonwealth to procure and cause to be kept by the town clerk record books in the form of the indices which are required by law to be kept in the office of the recorder of deeds of the particular county for the indexing of deeds and conveyances of real estate wherein the said town clerk shall enter when notified by the recorder of deeds of the county as hereinafter provided each deed or conveyance of any tract piece parcel or lot of real estate within the respective township noting the names of the grantor and grantee the acreage of the land conveyed if mentioned the consideration mentioned in the deed and the election district or districts in which the same may be located and if the land conveyed be a lot or lots on a recorded plan the number or numbers by which the same may be designated on the plan if mentioned in the deed In one such record book deeds or conveyances shall be noted in the name of the grantor first and in another they shall be first noted in the name of the grantee" shall be amended to read as follows

Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of township commissioners in each township of the first class within this Commonwealth except townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes to procure and cause to be kept by the town clerk record books in the form of the indexes which are required by law to be kept in the office of the recorder of deeds of the particular county for the indexing of deeds and conveyances of real estate wherein the said town clerk shall enter when notified by the recorder of deeds of the county as hereinafter provided each deed or conveyance or any tract piece parcel or lot of real estate within the respective township noting the names of the grantor and grantee the acreage of the land conveyed if mentioned the consideration mentioned in the deed and the election district or districts in which the same may be located and if the land conveyed be a lot or lots in a recorded plan the number or numbers by which the same may be designated on the plan if mentioned in the deed In one such record book deeds or conveyances shall be noted in the name of the grantor first and in another they shall be first noted in the name of the grantee

Section 2 That section two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 Before the recorder of deeds of any county shall admit to record in his office any deed of conveyance of land in any township of the first class within the said county he shall charge and collect from the person presenting the said deed of conveyance for record the sum of fifteen (15) cents as a fee for the service hereinafter prescribed and at the time of admitting the said deeds of conveyance to record the said recorder of deeds shall transmit to the town clerk of the township of the first class in which the said land so conveyed may be located an abstract of the said deed of conveyance giving the name of the grantor the name and address of the grantee the acreage conveyed if mentioned and the consideration money mentioned and if the land conveyed be a lot or lots on a recorded plan the number or numbers by which the same may be designated on the plan if mentioned in the deed and it shall be the duty of the said town clerk to note the said deed of conveyance in the record books hereinbefore directed to be kept in the manner hereinbefore prescribed and it shall be the further duty of the said town clerk without any fee or compensation therefor other than the salary of his office to ascertain and to note on the said record books the election district or districts of the said township in which the said land so conveyed may be located" shall be amended to read as follows

Section 2 Before the recorder of deeds of any county wherein there is no board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes shall admit to record in his office any deed of conveyance of land in any township of the first class within said county he shall charge and collect from the person presenting the said deed of conveyance for record the sum of fifteen (15) cents as a fee for the service hereinafter prescribed and at the time of admitting the said deed of conveyance to record the said recorder of deeds shall transmit to the town clerk of the township of the first class in which the said land so conveyed may be located an abstract of the said deed of conveyance giving the name of the grantor the name and address of the grantee the acreage conveyed if mentioned and the consideration money mentioned and if the land conveyed be a lot or lots on a recorded plan the number or numbers by which the same may be designated on the plan if mentioned in the deed and it shall be the duty of the town clerk to note the said deed of conveyance in the record books hereinbefore directed to be kept in the manner hereinbefore prescribed and it shall be the further duty of the town clerk without any fee or compensation therefor other than the salary of his office to ascertain and note on the said record books the election district or districts of the said township in which the said land so conveyed may be located

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—174.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,

Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry.
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop.
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Stone
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz.
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard.
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1137, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage ware-house license

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler.
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein.
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie.
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1058, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act prescribing a method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State government" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for an extension of the provisions of such act to boards of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions maintained for various charitable educational and eleemosynary purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act prescribing a method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State government" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter when any appropriation is made to any department bureau commission or other branch of the Government of this Commonwealth which is intended for expenses of such a nature as to make it impracticable for said department bureau commission or other branch of the government of the Commonwealth to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expenses it shall be lawful for such department bureau commission or other branch of the State government to make requisition upon the Auditor General from time to time for such sum or sums of the appropriation as may be necessary to meet such expenses and the Auditor General after the approval of said requisition by himself and the State Treasurer shall draw his warrant upon the latter office for such sum or sums to be paid out of the appropriation as in the discretion of the Auditor General may be necessary Said department bureau commission or other branch of the State government shall whenever required by the Auditor General file specifically itemized vouchers in such form as may be prescribed by him accounting for all money expended out of said advance All balances in the hands of said department bureau commission or other branch of the State government at the end of the appropriation period for which expenses have not been incurred shall be returned to the State Treasurer before any advance is made out of any succeeding apropriation for the same purpose" is hereby amended so as to read as fololws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter when any appropriation is made to any department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the government of this Commonwealth which is intended for expenses of such a nature as to make it impracticable for said department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the government of the Commonwealth to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expenses it shall be lawful for such department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the State government to make requisition upon the Auditor General from time to time for such sum or sums of the appropriation as may be necessary to meet such expenses and the Auditor General after the approval of said requisition by himself and the State Treasurer shall draw his warrant upon the latter officer for such sum or sums to be paid out of the appropriation as in the discretion of the Auditor General may be necessary Said department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the State government shall whenever required by the Auditor General file specifically itemized vouchers in such form as may be prescribed by him accounting for all money expended out of said advance All balances in the hands of said department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the State government at the end of the appropriation period for which expenses have not been incurred shall be returned to the State Treasurer before any advance is made out of any succeeding appropriation for the same purpose Provided however That the funds so advanced shall be deposited in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by the officer or institution to whom or which said advancement is made in a depository approved by the Board of Revenue Commissioners and the name of such bank or depository certified to the State Treasurer And provided further That the advancement shall never in any case exceed the amount of the bond of the officer or individual having control of the disbursements from the funds so advanced

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1099, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies in the City of Harrisburg

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. In the absence of the sponsor, will the gentleman from Dauphin Mr. Swartz, be interrogated?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SWARTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr Speaker I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 123, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation of four hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

Whereas The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania granted to the Cornplanter Indians a branch of the Seneca Nation about six hundred and forty acres of land on the west bank of the Allegheny river now in the township of Elk County of Warren which land is not subject to taxation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the annual sum of two hundred dollars ($200) for the two fiscal years beginning June first nineteen hundred and fifteen be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to be paid to the treasurer of Elk township Warren county on warrant drawn on the State Treasurer by the Auditor General which money shall be disbursed under the direction of the supervisors of said Elk township for the maintenance in good repair of the public road or highway passing through said Indian Reservation and the bridges thereon

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1143, entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Chester, Mr. Whitaker.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Chester, Mr. Whitaker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WHITAKER. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. BAKER. Will the gentleman tell the House how many employes are already provided for in the department?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker the present organization of the office of the Governor, includes, besides the Private Secretary, nine clerks, an Executive clerk, an assistant executive clerk, a stenographer, a commission clerk a messenger, a watchman a page, and two janitors. The total salaries amount to $9,600.00.

Mr. BAKER. That is by the proposed measure?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, no, that is the present law, and those are the salaries paid the present clerks in the executive department. The bill which is now before the House provides for only seven officers, instead of nine, and the total salaries amount to $10,400.00, an increase of only $800.00. That is the only change that is made, a total increase of $800.00 in the Executive Department. The principal change that is made is due to an increase of the salary for the Executive Clerk who now receives $1,500.00 and the bill provides a salary of $3,000.00 for him.

Any of you gentlemen knowing the man who occupies that position will readily agree that his services are worth a great deal more than fifteen hundred dollars and he could not be obtained if it were not anticipated that he would receive more than fifteen hundred dollars as he left a position in the Secretary of the Commonwealth's office where he received twenty-five hundred dollars. The former Executive Clerk, who received fifteen hundred dollars, was at the same time a member of the Water Commission and received an extra salary of four thousand dollars, which made it very easy for him to occupy that position at fifteen hundred dollars. The present man does not have that extra salary from the Water Commission and deserves a reasonable salary which this bill provides; but in the sum total the present bill increases the expenses of the Executive Department only eight hundred dollars.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Chester permit himself to be further interrogated.

Mr. WHITAKER. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. BAKER. Now, Mr. Speaker, will any of these proposed appointees receive salaries from any other department?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, this bill has nothing to do with dual office holders and I do not think that question arises at this time. However, my personal views are that it is against the policy of the administration to undertake dual office holding. I think the gentleman from Washington need not concern himself about that feature at this time.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas anu nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—131.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wylie,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—27.

Baker
Benninger,
Christman,
Cromer,
Eppley,
Gallagher,
Geiser,
Gompers,
Hamilton,
Hollern,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
McClure,
Metzenbacher,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Watson,
Wood,
Wynne,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill 1114 (Senate Bill No. 167), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of game commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws nine hundred sixty) authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—140.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rinn,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Rothenberger, Rudisill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 876 (Senate Bill No. 197), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1220 (Senate Bill No. 166), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel coal fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—155.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 393, as follows:

An Act relating to the powers duties and fees of coroners and their officers or assistants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act whenever a coroner or deputy coroner shall have been called or notified of a death warranting an investigation by said coroner or deputy coroner it shall be the duty of said coroner or deputy coroner in such case to investigate the death and to view the body of any such person who had died as a result of a felony violence suicide drowning misadventure or negligence and all cases in which any such person shall have died after an illness of less than twenty-four hours and it shall be the duty of said coroner or deputy coroner to investigate the death and to view the body of any person without call or notification in each case wherein suspicious circumstances render investigation necessary as well as such other cases wherein suspicious circumstances are sworn to before the said coroner or deputy coroner by one or more residents of the county or by a person having knowledge of such circumstances Provided also That such death did not occur in or by reason of an accident in any of the anthracite or bituminous coal mines of this Commonwealth

Section 2 It shall be the duty of said coroner or deputy coroner to proceed at once to the place where the dead body is and investigate the cause of death and if the object of a coroner's inquest will be promoted by holding an inquest he shall summon a jury hold an inquest upon such body or bodies if more than one and file the return of said inquest in the office of the court of quarter sessions of the peace in and for the county whereof he is coroner

Section 3 Every coroner shall have the power when occasion shall require to issue a writ or writs in the nature of a writ of venire facias to summon a jury or a writ or writs of subpoena ad testificandum or a writ or writs in the nature of a writ of subpoena or a writ or writ of attachment directed to any constable or officer of the law for service Provided however That the fees of the said constable or other officer for executing or serving any such writ or writs shall be paid by the said county

Section 4 Until otherwise provided by law the respective counties of this Commonwealth shall pay or cause to be paid to the coroner thereof the following fees to wit

For investigating each case of death and viewing each dead body when no inquest is held five dollars and fifty cents ($5.50)

For summoning and qualifying each inquest two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50)

For investigating each case and viewing each dead body and holding each inquest ten dollars ($10.00)

For drawing and filing each inquisition one dollar and twenty-five cents ($1.25)

For drawing and filing each return when no inquest is held one dollar and twenty-five cents ($1.25)

For qualifying each witness twenty-five cents ($.25)

For summoning the first witness at each inquest one dollar ($1.00)

For each additional witness fifty cents ($.50)

For committing a prisoner or admitting to bail fifty cents ($.50)

Mileage for each circular mile actually traveled from the court house upon necessary business of the coroner's office six cents ($.06)

For performing or causing to be performed each autopsy except in cases of murder twenty-five dollars ($25.00)

For performing or causing to be performed each autopsy in cases of murder fifty dollars ($50.00)

For stenographic service in taking testimony at each inquest and transcribing same five dollars ($5.00)

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with said act are hereby repealed

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. NEVILLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 836 (Senate Bill No. 61), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and addition to the laundry at the State institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—151.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Luppert,
Mangan,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Barnett,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 186, entitled:

An Act to provide a system of annual payments to certain citizens of Pennsylvania who while as citizens of Pennsylvania volunteered in defense of said State as emergency men

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Baker,
Cromer,
Lauler,
Spencer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1271, entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter all actions for damages for death by negligence or unlawful violence shall be brought by the executor or administrator of the decedent for the exclusive benefit of the widow or husband children or grandchildren mother father brother sister or other next of kin dependent on such decedent and such damages shall be distributable free from all claims of creditors in the proportion such beneficiaries would take the personal estate of such decedent under the interstate laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—151.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Coldsmith,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan.
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,

Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Campbell, J. O., Eby,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

GRANTING USE OF THE HALL OF HOUSE TO JUDICIARY GENERAL COMMITTEE.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Stein.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move you that the use of the Hall of the House of Representatives be granted to the Judiciary General Committee for a Public Hearing on the Pittsburgh Canal Bill on Wednesday, April 21st at 2:00 P. M.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGES.

RESOLUTIONS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the Resolutions from the House of Representatives as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 13, 1915.

Resolved (If the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 513, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Also

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Also

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Also

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety) changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assesssment thereof

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct the titles were read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 276.

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department

Senate Bill No. 88.

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain

Senate Bill No. 305.

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts

Senate Bill No. 371.

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four"

Senate Bill No. 430.

An Act relating to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

Senate Bill No. 431.

An Act relating to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

Senate Bill No. 438.

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

Senate Bill No. 301.

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

Senate Bill No. 372.

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)

Senate Bill No. 564.

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk

Senate Bill No. 213.

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws five hundred sixty-eight) entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Senate Bill No. 250.

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Senate Bill No. 422.

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand.

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. McARDLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10:55 P. M.) the House adjourned to meet at 10:00 o'clock to-morrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1915. No. 42.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, April 14, 1915.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for this beautiful morning and for the rest of the night. We pray Thee that looking over our past lives those things that please us and give encouragement and cheer to our conscience may be emphasized in the days that are to come in our activities Grant that we may be regulated very largely in what we shall do and what we shall say by what has been commended in our lives in the past, and may we avoid those things that give condemnation. Help us at all times to endeavor to have a conscience void of offense both toward God and man. Direct this body in all the proceedings of the day. May we live to Thy glory and the good of our fellows, we ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT—A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. HOMSHER, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. WASBERS presented 16 petitions of Citizens of York County praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The Chair presented 9 petitions of Sunday Schools and Churches of Allegheny County, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of citizens of Meyersdale, Somerset County, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of the citizens of Everett, Bedford County, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of the citizens of Broomall, Delaware County, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of the Men's Bible Class of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Ellwood City, Lawrence County, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. PHIPPS presented 22 petitions of Churches and Sunday Schools of the Forty-eighth Senatorial District praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. HILTON presented petition of citizens of McKean County, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING REPEAL OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY LAW.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of the town councils of the Borough of Baden, Beaver County, Pa., favoring the repeal of the Public Service Company Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

FAVORING MEMORIAL TO MOLLY PITCHER.

The Chair presented petition of Washington Camp No. 694, P. O. S. of A., favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented petition of the citizens of Brownstown, Lancaster County, praying for the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented petition of Washington Camp No. 549, P. O. S. of A., of Blandburg, Cambria County, praying for the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented petition of the citizens of Blandburg, Cambria County, praying for the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented petition of Washington Camp No. 718, P. O. S. of A., of Garman, Cambria County, praying for the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MARTIN presented petition of the citizens of Juniata County praying for the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WASBERS presented 4 petitions of citizens of York County, praying for the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING MEMORIAL TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

The Chair presented petition of Washington Camp No. 694, P. O. S. of A., of Brownstown, Lancaster County, praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented petition of the citizens of Brownstown, Lancaster County, praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented petition of Washington Camp No. 718 P. O. S. of A., of Garman, Cambria County, praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GERBERICH presented petition of Commandery No. 5, P. O. S. of A., of Lebanon, Pa., praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented petition of the citizens of Lebanon County, praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MARTIN presented petition of the citizens of Juniata County praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WASBERS presented 4 petitions of the citizens of York County praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

AGAINST REPEAL OF NON-PARTIZAN BALLOT LAW.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of the Councils of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, against the repeal of the Non-Partizan Ballot Law of 1913, known as the "Clark Act."

Which was referred to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

FAVORING APPROPRIATION TO PURCHASE FORT AUGUSTA, SUNBURY, PA.

The Chair presented petition of Fort Augusta Chapter No 43, D. A. R., favoring an appropriation to purchase Fort Augusta, Sunbury, Pa.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 528, entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases.

Senate Bill No. 429, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith.

Senate Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate ganite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation conrtol distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties.

Senate Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Senate Bill No. 640, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads.

Senate Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof.

Senate Bill No. 166, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pensylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Senate Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital.

Senate Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and additions to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania.

Senate Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred and sixty authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 683 (House Bill No. 1012), entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 152, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment, erection, equipment and management of a Pennsylvania Home for boys and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years; and making an appropriation.

Mr. GERBERICH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 840, entitled:

An Act providing for the sale distribution and use for the promotion of biological science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery of unclaimed animals in the public pounds and providing penalties for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of this act.

Mr. CLARK, from the Commitee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 666, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section eleven of an act, entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia; prescribing its jurisdiction and powers; providing for the service of its writs, process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia; regulating the procedure therein; and appeals therefrom, and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 12th day of July, 1913, by conferring jurisdiction on the court in certain additional criminal actions, involving and including forgery kidnapping, perjury, rape and robbery, and by conferring exclusive jurisdiction upon the said court in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all persons adults or minors accused of disorderly street-walking, and in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all minors between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one years absenting themselves from school or who shall disobey their parents' command, or be found idle in the streets, and against all disorderly children; and defining disorderly children; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Mr. W. W. SMITH, from the Committee on Public Printing, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 626 (House Bill No. 572), entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act to enable foreign religious and charitable corporations which have been incorporated and are carried on not for purposes of profit but for a purely and strictly religious or charitable purpose to hold real estate in this Commonwealth.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 491, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the 23d day of June, 1885, entitled "An Act relating to marriage licenses, providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry" as amended.

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 751, entitled:

An Act to repeal the eighth section of an act approved the 5th day of May, 1899, entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act, entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments,' approved June 24, 1895," together with the amendment thereto.

Mr. SALUS from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 718 (House Bill No. 962), entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions.

Mr. SPROUL from the Committee on Finance re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 520 (House Bill No. 687), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 9th day of June, 1881, entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives or of fire bricks and refractories or of cheese butter or other dairy or creamery products

Mr. MILLS from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 729, entitled:

An Act providing for the return of seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs townships or incorporated towns for non-payment of taxes; and providing for the sale of such lands.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 738, entitled:

An Act validating certain proceedings and setting aside of property under article two of section one of an act, entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates," passed and approved April 8th, 1833, defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate," approved the 1st day of April, 1909.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. MOORE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 912, entitled:

An Act providing for the construction, maintenance and operation of main or trunk sanitary sewers and of sewerage disposal plants by the several counties of this Commonwealth; making such main or trunk sewers and sewerage disposal plants county sewers and county disposal plants; for the formation of sewer districts in the several counties of this Commonwealth; the preparation of separate copies of the assessed value for county purposes of the taxable properties included in such sewer districts; authorizing the taking of property for the construction of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and providing for the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking; providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in the constructing, maintaining, and operating of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and authorizing the levy of a tax upon said sewer districts to provide a fund for said purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. McCONNELL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 913, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor to appoint a commission of seven persons to purchase the site of Fort Augusta erected in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifty-six, and now located in the Borough of Sunbury, Northumberland County, and making an appropriation therefor, and for the maintenance of said Fort.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HOKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding, restoring and replacing buildings, structures, equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty, and regulating the placing of insurance thereon, and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.

Mr. LYNCH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 915, entitled:

An Act regulating the mining out and removing of the coal and other minerals and support underlying and beneath the surface of the several streets, avenues, thoroughfares, courts, alleys, places, and public highways, within the limits of the several municipal corporations, and authorizing the creation of a Bureau of Mine Inspection and Surface Support by any municipal corporation, within the anthracite coal fields of this Commonwealth; giving such Bureau jurisdiction; providing for the filing of certain maps and plans, and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 916, entitled:

An Act creating and defining the offense of disorderly conduct by persons in houses, buildings, lanes, alleys, streets, squares in boroughs and cities, roads in townships, public highways, public or private parks, picnic grounds kept for amusement of the public, in churches and meeting houses, on commons or near thereto, and on railroads, railway and trolley cars within this Commonwealth, and fixing the penalties for the commission of such offense, and imposing duties upon such railroad conductors; revising and consolidating all former acts, creating and defining the offense of disorderly conduct, and repealing acts of June 25th, 1895, May 2nd, 1901, May 21st, 1901, and May 19th, 1913; and all other acts whether general, special or local, inconsistent herewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 917, entitled:

An Act regulating the recovering of costs in suits before justices of the peace, aldermen or magistrates.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 245, returned from the House of Representatives with amendments, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RETURNED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "A Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the constitution, were twice read as follows:

In Section 1, in line 5, by striking out the word "assessment" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "assessments;" also in line 43, by inserting after the word "township" the word "entitled."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 225, on final passage entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten and twelve of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to one thousand dollars ($1,000) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims habeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve wherever it appears to the word "clerk"

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 286, as follows:

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties with half pay under certain conditions during the remainder of their lives except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen whenever the Governor is of opinion based upon satisfactory medical evidence that a State employe is by reason of physical or mental disability permanently incapacitated for performing his regular official duties except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for he shall notify said employe of his opinion giving the reasons therefor and if the said employe shall resign within thirty days after such notice and shall have served continuously in office as such a State employe for twenty-five years or more or who shall have reached the age of seventy years and shall have served continuously in office as such a State employe for twenty years or more and shall hold himself in readiness to perform special duties in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do after his honorable retirement from office by resignation he shall receive during the remainder of his life or during the continuance of such disability or incapacity one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service.

Section 2 No such State employe while accepting the benefits of this act shall be entitled to any additional compensation for the performance of any duties assigned to him hereunder and no such employe shall be obliged to accept an assignment of duty for any other than the department or branch of service of which he was an employe at the time of his retirement

Section 3 Any such State employe wishing to take advantage of the provisions of this act may notify the Governor of his desire so to do or the Governor on his initiative may notify any State employe as provided herein

Section 4 All payments under this act shall be made monthly only upon the certificates of the head of the proper department or branch of service that such retired State employe is living and willing to perform the special duties assigned to him by such State official

Section 5 Any vacancy created by a retirement under this act shall be filled as now provided by law

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Tompkins,
Wasbers,

NAYS—6.

Martin,
Phipps,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 450 (House Bill No. 611), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections two thousand four hundred one two thousand four hundred two two thousand four hundred three and two thousand four hundred four of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 2401 The board of school directors of any district in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and empowered to establish contribute to and administer as herein provided a teachers' retirement fund The said fund shall consist of all funds available for like purposes in said district at the time of the enactment of this law together with such additions thereto as the board of school directors may from time to time appropriate for that purpose from the funds of the district and such moneys or other property as may be donated bequeathed devised or received from any other source for such purpose.

"Section 2402 The board of school directors of any district may provide in the contracts with its teachers principals or supervising officials that they shall contribute a reasonable sum from their salaries each year to said retirement fund Provided That no person shall be required to contribute any part of his salary to any retirement fund unless the same is provided for in the contract by which he is engaged.

"Section 2403 Where the teachers principals or supervising officials of any district contribute to any retirement fund they shall be represented in making the regulations governing it and in its control and management.

"Section 2404 Every teacher principal or supervising official who retires in accordance with the regulations prescribed shall be entitled to such annuity as said regulations provide" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2401 The board of school directors of any district in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and empowered to establish contribute to and administer as herein provided a teachers' retirement fund The said fund shall consist of all funds available for like purposes in said district at the time of the enactment of this law together with such additions thereto as the board of school directors may from time to time appropriate for that purpose from the funds of the district and such moneys or other property as may be donated bequeathed devised or received from any other source for such purpose.

The board of school directors of any district of the first class is hereby authorized and empowered to establish contribute to and administer as therein provided in addition to the foregoing fund an employe's retirement fund This fund shall consist of all funds available for like purposes in said district at the time of the enactment of this act together with such additions thereto as the board of school directors may from time to time appropriate for that purpose from the funds of the district and such real or personal property as may be donated bequeathed devised or received from any other source for such purpose.

Section 2402 The board of school directors of any district may provide in the contracts with its teachers principals or supervising officials that they shall contribute a reasonable sum from their salaries each year to said retirement fund Provided That no person shall be required to contribute any part of his salary to any retirement fund unless the same is provided for in the contract by which he is engaged.

The board of school directors of any district of the first class may provide in the contracts with its employes that they shall contribute a reasonable sum from their salaries each year to said retirement fund No employe shall be required to contribute any part of his salary to the retirement fund unless the same is provided for in the agreement by which he is engaged.

Section 2403 Where the teachers principals or supervising officials of any district contribute to any retirement fund they shall be represented in making the regulations governing it and in its control and management.

When employes of any school in districts of the first class contribute to a retirement fund they shall be represented in making the regulations governing it and in its control and management.

Section 2404 Every teacher principal or supervising official who retires in accordance with the regulations prescribed shall be entitled to such annuity as said regulations provide.

Every employe who retires in accordance with the regulations required shall be entitled to such annuity as the regulations provide.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall be bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Sproul,
Thompson,

NAYS—10.

Hoke,
Martin,
Miller,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 590 House Bill No. 331), on final reading, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating the payment of such pensions

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 690, on final passage entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing for the erection and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county seat of Allegheny county in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from that county who served in the Army and Navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion authorizing and directing the commissioners of said Allegheny county to erect and maintain said memorial hall upon petition of fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries the court of quarter sessions and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county at a general election designating a committee to determine what relics records etc. shall be placed in said memorial hall and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States" by extending its provisions so that societies resulting from the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition may have rooms in said memorial hall to meet in and making the members of said societies eligible to membership on the supervisory board.

be recommitted to the Committee on Military Affairs for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), on final passage, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act providing for a State Association of County Controllers and Deputy County Controllers and for the meetings thereof and providing for the payment by the counties of the expenses thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall be bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—19.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,

NAYS—11.

Burke,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
McKee, W. S.,
Miller,
Mills,
Schantz,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 355 (House No. 139), entitled:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall be bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Jenkins
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McKee, W. S.,
Miller,
Miller,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideraion of Senate Bill No. 446 (House No. 515), entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—3.

Mills,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 614, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Schantz.
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Tompkins,
Warner.
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 633, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to hospitals

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
Phipps,
Salus,
Smith. W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers

NAYS—7.

Gyger,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Mills,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 653, as follows:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met by virtue of the power vested in it by section eleven of article first of the Constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county for any sum or sums of money that may be legally due either jointly or severally the said E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife by reason of an accident which occurred on the State Highway leading from Millersburg to Halifax in Dauphin county Pennsylvania on the first day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,

DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 654, as follows:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin County Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met by virtue of the power vested in it by section eleven of article first of the Constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county for any sum or sums of moneys that may be legally due either jointly or severally the said O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife by reason of an accident which occurred on the State highway leading from Millersburg to Halifax in Dauphin county Pennsylvania on the first day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as folows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 677 (House No. 900), entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,

Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 711, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing Penalties for the violation of this act

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 114 on third reading, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale furnishing giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium morphine heroin codeine or any salts derivatives or compounds thereof and providing penalties

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 795, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party wall in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the fifth day of June nineteen hundred one which reads as follows

"Section 49 Every building hereafter erected or altered to be used as a theatre opera house or other building intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed shall be built to comply with the requirements of this section but all theatres or places of amusement now existing may be altered providing such alteration does not amount to a virtual reconstruction thereof so as to make it a new building No building which at the time of the passage of this act is not in actual use for theatrical or operatic purposes and no building hereafter erected not in conformity with the requirements of this section shall be used for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed until the same shall have been made to conform to the requirements of this section and no building hereinbefore described shall be opened to the public for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainment of any kind where stage scenery or apparatus are employed until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire respectively shall have approved the same in writing as conforming to the requirements of this section and the mayors of the said cities shall refuse to issue any license for any such building and shall close the same and prevent its opening until a certificate in writing of such approval shall have been given by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire respectively Every such building shall have at least one front on the street which front shall be as wide as the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall and in such front there shall be suitable means of entrance and exit for the audience unless there shall also be a way or passage leading directly from the auditorium to another street in which case the means of entrance and exit by such way or passage shall be taken into consideration to such extent as they shall furnish entrances and exits and if they shall be of sufficient width to meet the requirements of this act there need be no means of entrance or exit in front saving by the side courts hereafter stipulated for Any building located on a street having a width thereon as wide as the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall shall be considered as having a front on said street within the meaning of this act if in addition thereto there shall be a way or passage leading from said theatre to another street which way or passage shall be of a width not less than one-third of the width of the widest part of said auditorium or assembly hall In addition to the aforesaid entrances and exists on the street there shall be reserved for service in case of an emergency an open court or space on the side not bordering on the street where said building is located on a corner lot and on both sides of said building where there is but one frontage on the street The width of such open court or courts shall not be less than seven feet where the seating capacity is not over one thousand people above one thousand nor more than eighteen hundred people eight feet in width and above eighteen hundred people ten feet in width Said open court or courts if there be not in addition to the front as aforesaid on one street a way or passage of the width aforesaid leading into another street shall begin on a line with or near the proscenium wall and shall extend the length of the auditorium proper to or near the wall separating the same from the entrance lobby or vestibule and the said open court or a separate and distinct corridor from each open court shall continue to the street through such superstructure as may be built on the street side of the auditorium with continuous walls of brick or fireproof materials on each side of the entire length of said corridor or corridors and the ceilings and floors shall be fireproof If there be in addition to the front on a street a way or passage of the width aforesaid leading into another street then it will be sufficient if said open court or courts shall extend along the auditorium on each side thereof to said front on said street on which the theatre shall be located Said corridor or corridors shall not be reduced in width except by the thickness of the outer walls and there shall be no protection in the same the outer openings to be provided with doors or gates opening towards the street During the performance the doors or gates in the corridors shall be kept open by proper fastenings at other times they may be closed and fastened by movable bolts or locks The said open courts and corridors shall not be used for storage purposes or for any purposes whatsoever except for exit and entrance from and to the auditorium and stage and must be kept free and clear during performances The level of said corridors at the front entrance to the building shall not be greater than one step above the level of the sidewalk where they begin at the street entrance and the entrance of the main front of the building shall not be on a higher level from the sidewalk than four steps unless approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection To overcome any difference of level existing between exits from the parquet into courts and the level of the said corridors gradients shall be employed of not over one foot in ten feet with no perpendicular rise From the auditorium opening into the said open courts or on the side street there shall not be less than two exits on each side in each tier from and including the parquet and each and every gallery Each exit shall be at least five feet in width in the clear and provided with doors of iron or wood if of wood the doors shall be constructed as hereinbefore in this bill described All of said doors shall open outwardly and must be fastened with movable bolts the bolts to be kept drawn during the performances There shall be balconies not less than four feet in width in the said open court or courts at each level or tier above the parquet on each side of the auditorium of sufficient length to embrace the two exits and from said balconies there shall be staircases extending to the ground level with a rise of not over eight and one-half inches to a step and not less than nine inches tread exclusive of the nosing the staircase from the upper balcony to the next below shall not be less than thirty inches in width in the clear and from the first balcony to the ground three feet in width in the clear where the seating capacity of the auditorium is for one thousand people or less three feet and six inches in the clear where above one thousand and not more than eighteen hundred people and four feet in the clear when above eighteen hundred people and not more than twenty-five hundred people and not less than four feet six inches in the clear when above twenty-five hundred people All the before mentioned balconies and staircases shall be constructed of iron throughout including the floors and of ample strength to sustain the load to be carried by them and they shall be covered with a metal hood or awning to be constructed as shall be directed by the Inspector of Buildings If the said balconies be carried to and connect with an inclosed tower stairway having its exit directly to the street the open courts or corridors hereinbefore described may have deducted from their width the width of the staircases herein called for Where one side of the building borders on a street there shall be balconies and staircases of like capacity and kind as before mentioned carried to the ground When located on a corner lot that portion of the premises bordering on the side street and not required for the uses of the theatre may if such portion be not more than twenty feet in width be used for offices stores or apartments provided the walls separating this portion of the theatre proper are carried up solidly to through the roof and that a fire-proof exit is provided from the theatre on each tier equal to the combined width of exits opening on opposite sides in each tier communicating with balconies and staircases leading to the street in a manner provided elsewhere in this section Said exit passages shall be entirely cut off by brick walls from said offices stores or apartments and the floors and ceilings in each tier shall be fire-proof Nothing herein contained shall prevent a roof garden art gallery or rooms for similar purposes being placed over a theatre or public building provided the floor of the same forming the roof over such theatre or building shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials and that said floor shall have no covering boards or sleepers of wood but be of tile or cement Every roof over said garden or rooms shall have all supports and rafters of iron or steel and be covered with glass or fire-proof materials or both but no such roof garden art gallery or room for any public purpose shall be placed over or above that portion of any theatre or other building which is used as a stage No workshop storage or general property-room shall be allowed above the auditorium or stage or under the same or in any of the fly galleries All of said rooms or shops may be located in the rear or at the side of the stage but in such cases they shall be separated from the stage by a brick wall and the openings leading into said portions shall have fire-proof doors on each side of the openings hung to iron eyes built into the wall No portion of any building hereafter erected or altered used or intended to be used for theatrical or other purposes as in this section specified shall be used or occupied as a hotel boarding or lodging house factory workshop or manufactory or for storage purposes except as may be hereafter specifically provided for Said restriction relates not only to that portion of the building which contains the auditorium and the stage but applies also to the entire structure in connection therewith No store or room contained in the building or the offices stores or apartments adjoining as aforesaid shall be let or used for carrying on any business dealings in articles designated as specifically hazardous in the classification in the Board of Fire Underwriters or for manufacturing purposes No lodging accommodation shall be allowed in any part of the building communicating with the auditorium interior walls built of fire-proof materials shall separate the auditorium from the entrance vestibule and from any room or rooms of the same also from any lobbies corridors refreshment or other rooms All staircases for the use of the audience shall be inclosed with walls of brick or of fire-proof materials approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection in the stories through which they pass and the openings to said staircases from each tier shall be the full width of said staircase A fire wall of brick shall separate the auditorium from the stage and the same shall extend at least four feet above the stage roof or the auditorium roof if the latter be higher and shall be coped Above the proscenium openings there shall be an iron girder covered with fireproof materials to protect it from the heat There shall also be constructed a relieving arch over the same the intervening space being filled in with hard-burnt brick of the full thickness of the proscenium wall Should there be constrtucted an orchestra over the stage above the proscenium opening the said orchestra shall be placed on the auditorium side of the proscenium fire wall and shall be entered only from the auditorium side of said wall The moulded frame around the proscenium opening shall be formed entirely of fire-proof materials if metal be used the metal shall be filled in solid with non-combustible material and securely anchored to the wall with iron The proscenium opening shall be provided with a fire-proof metal curtain or a curtain of asbestos or similar fire-proof material approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection sliding at each end within iron grooves securely fastened to the brick wall and extending into such grooves not less than six inches on each side Said fire-proof curtain shall be raised at the commencement of each performance and lowered at the close of said performance and be operated by approved machinery for that purpose The proscenium curtains shall be placed at least three feet distant opening through the proscenium wall except the curtain opening and not more than two others which shall be located at or below the level of the stage These latter openings shall not exceed twenty-one superficial feet each which shall have doors of iron or wood in each face of the wall if of wood the door shall be lined with tin and securely hung to rabbetted iron frames or rabbets in the brick wall They shall be hung so as to be opened from either side at all times Direct access to these doors shall be provided on both sides and the same shall always be kept free from any incumbrance Iron ladders or stairs securely fixed to the wall on the stage side shall be provided to overcome any difference of level existing between the floor or galleries on the stage side of the fire wall and those on the other side of the auditorium There shall be provided over the stage metal skylights of an area or a combined area of at least one-eighth of the area of the said stage fitted up with sliding sash and glazed with double-thick sheet glass not exceeding one-eighth of an inch thick and each pane thereof measuring not less than three hundred square inches and the whole of which skylights shall be constructed so as to open instantly on the cutting or burning of a hempen cord which shall be arranged to hold said skylights closed or some other equally simple approved device for opening them may be provided There shall be provided immediately under the glass of said skylight a wire netting or the skylight may be glazed with wire-glass All that portion of the stage not comprised in the working of scenery traps and other mechanical apparatus for he presentation of a scene usually equal to the width of the proscenium opening shall be built of iron or steel beams filled in between with fire-proof materials and all girders for the support of said beams shall be wrought-ron or rolled steel The fly-galleries entire including pin rails shall be constructed of iron or steel and the floor of said galleries shall be composed of iron or steel beams illed with fire-proof materials and no wood boards or sleepers shall be used as a covering over beams but the said floors shall be entirely fire-proof The rigging loft shall be fire-proof except the floor covering the same All stages scenery curtains and decorations made of combustible material and all woodwork on or about the stage shall be saturated with some non-combustible material or otherwise rendered safe against fire to the satisfaction of the Bureau of Fire and all such stage scenery shall be raised and lowered without the use of counterweights unless such counterweights are so situated that they operate against the wall and do not overhang the stage The roof over the auditorium and the entire main floor of the auditorium and vestibule also the entire floor of the second story of the front superstruction over the entrance lobby and corridors and all galleries in the auditorium shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials not excluding the use of wooden floor boards and necessary sleepers to fasten the same to but such sleepers shall not mean timbers of support The fronts of each gallery shall be formed of fire-proof materials excepting the capping which may be made of wood The ceiling under each gallery shall be entirely formed of fire-proof material The ceiling of the auditorium shall be formed of fire-proof materials All lathing wherever used shall be of metal The partition in that portion of the building which contains the auditorium the entrance vestibule and every room and passage devoted to the use of the audience shall be constructed of fire-proof materials including the furring of outside of other wall None of the walls or ceiling shall be covered with wood sheathing canvas or any other combustible material but this shall not exclude the use of wood wainscoting to a height not to exceed six feet which shall be filled in solid between the wainscoting and the wall with fire-proof materials The wall separating the actors' dressing rooms from the stage and the partitions of every passageway from the same to the stage and all other partitions on or about the stage shall be contructed of fire-proof material approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection All doors in any of said partitions shall be of iron or of wood constructed as hereinbefore described All the shelving and cupboards in each and every dressing room property-room or other storage-rooms shall be constructed of metal slate or some fire-proof material Dressing rooms may be placed in the fly galleries Provided That proper exits are secured therefrom to the fire escapes in the open courts and that the partitions and other matters pertaining to dressing rooms shall conform to the requirements herein contained but the stairs leading to the same shall be fire-proof All seats in the auditorium excepting those contained in the boxes shall be firmly secured to the floor and no seat in the auditorium shall have more than six seats intervening between it and an aisle on either side and no stool or seats shall be placed in any aisle All platforms in galleries formed to receive the seats shall not be more than twenty-one inches in height of riser nor less than thirty inches in width of platform All aisles on the respective floors in the auditorium having seats on both sides of same shall not be less than three feet wide where they begin and shall be increased in width towards the exits in the ratio of one and one-half inches to five running feet Aisles having seats on one side only shall not be less than two feet wide at their beginning and increasing in width the same as aisles having seats on both sides The aggregate capacity of the foyers lobbies corridors passages and rooms for the use of the audience not including aisle space between seats shall on each floor gallery be sufficient to contain the entire number to be accommodated on said floor or gallery in the ratio of one hundred and fifty superficial feet of floor room for every one hundred persons Gradients or inclined planes shall be employed instead of steps where possible to overcome slight difference of level in or between aisles corridors and passages Every theatre accommodating three hundred persons shall have at least two exits When accommodating five hundred persons at least three exits shall be provided these exits not referring to or including the exits to the open court at the sides of the theatre Doorways of exit or entrance for the use of the public shall not be less than five feet in width and for every additional one hundred persons or portion thereof to be accommodated in excess of five hundred an aggregate of twenty inches additional exit width must be allowed These doorways of exit and of entrance may be in the said front altogether or in the case of a theatre having also an exit and entrance directly to and from another street through a way or passage covered or otherwise the width of one-third of that of the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall some of the said doorways may be made therein to such extent as said entrance or passage will accommodate the same All doors of exit or entrance shall open outwardly and be hung to swing in such manner as not to become an obstruction in a passage or corridor and no such doors shall be closed and locked during any representation or when the building is open to the public Distinct and separate places of exit and entrance shall be provided for each gallery above the first A common place of exit and entrance may serve for the main floor of the auditorium and the first gallery provided its capacity be equal to the aggregate capacity of the outlets from the main floor and said gallery No passage leading to any stairway communicating with any entrance or exit shall be less than four feet in width in any part thereof All stairs within the building shall be constructed of fire-proof material throughout Stairways serving for the exit of fifty people must if straight be at least four feet wide between railing or between walls and if curved or winding five feet wide and for every additional fifty people to be accommodated six inches must be added to their width In no case shall the risers of any stairs exceed seven and one-half inches in height nor shall the treads exclusive of the nosings be less than ten and one-half inches wide in a straight stairs In circular or winding stairs the width of the treads at the narrowest end shall not be less than seven inches Where the seating capacity is for more than one thousand people there shall be at least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets provided for each gallery in the auditorium where there are not more than two galleries and the same shall be located on opposite sides of said gallery Where there are more than two galleries one or more additional staircases shall be provided the outlets from which shall communicate directly with the principal exit or other exterior outlets All said staircases shall be of width proportioned to the seating capacity as elsewhere herein described Where the seating capacity is for one thousand people or less two direct lines of staircase only shall be required located on opposite sides of the galleries and in both cases shall extend from the sidewalk level to the upper gallery with outlets for each gallery to each of said staircases At least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets shall also be provided for the service of the stage and shall be located on the opposite side of the same All inside stairways leading to the upper galleries of the auditorium shall be inclosed on both sides with walls of fire-proof materials Stairs leading to the first or lower gallery may be left open on one side in which case they must be constructed as herein provided for a similar stairs leading from the entrance hall to the main floor of the auditorium but in no case shall stairs leading to any gallery be left open on both sides When straight stairs return directly on themselves a landing of the full width of both flights without any steps shall be provided Stairs turning at an angle shall have a proper landing without winders introduced at said turn In stairs when two side flights connect with one main flight no winders shall be introduced and the width of the main flight shall be at least equal to the aggregate width of the side flights Circular or winding stairs shall have proper landings introduced at convenient distances All inclosed staircases shall have on both sides string handrails firmly secured in the wall about three inches therefrom and about three feet above the stairs but said handrail shall not run on level platforms and landings where the same is more in length than the width of the stairs All staircases six feet and over in width shall be provided with a centre handrail of hard wood or metal not less than two inches in diameter placed at a height of about three feet above the centre of the treads and supported on wrought-iron or brass standards of sufficient strength placed no farther than four feet apart and securely bolted to the treads or risers of stairs or both and at the head of each flight of stairs on each landing the post or standard shall be at least six feet in height to which the rail shall be secured Every steam boiler which may be required for heating or other purposes shall be located outside of the building and the space allotted to the same shall be inclosed by walls of masonry on all sides and the ceiling of such space shall be constructed of fire-proof material All doorways in said walls shall have iron doors No floor-register for heating shall be permitted No coil or radiator shall be placed in any aisle or passageway used as an exit where it forms an obstruction but all said coils and radiators shall be placed in recesses formed in the wall or partition to receive the same All supply return or exhaust pipes shall be properly incased and protected where passing through floors or near woodwork Standpipes of two and one-half inches in diameter shall be provided with hose attachments on every floor and gallery as follows namely One on each side of the auditorium in each tier also one on each side of the stage in each tier and at least one in the property-room and one in the carpenter shop if the same be contiguous to the building All such standpipes shall be kept clear from obstruction Said standpipes shall be separate and distinct receiving their supply of water from the steam pump and shall be fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department and shall be kept constantly filled with water by means of an automatic steam pump or pumps of sufficient capacity to supply all the lines of hose when operated simultaneously and said pump or pumps shall be supplied from the street main and be ready for immediate use at all times during a performance in said buildings A separate and distinct system of automatic sprinklers with fusable plugs approved by the Bureau of Fire supplied with water from a tank located on the roof of the stage and not connected in any manner with the standpipes shall be placed up and around the proscenium opening and on the ceiling or roof over the stage at such intervals as will protect every square foot of stage surface when said sprinklers are in operation Automatic sprinklers shall also be placed wherever practicable under the stage and in the carpenter's shop paint-room store-rooms and property rooms A proper and sufficient quantity of two and one-half inch hose fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department and with nozzles attached thereto and with hose spanners at each outlet shall always be kept attached to each hose attachment There shall also be kept in readiness for immediate use on the stage at least four casks full of water and two buckets to each cask Said casks and buckets shall be painted red There shall also be provided hand pumps or other portable fire extinguishing apparatus and at least four axes and two twenty-five feet hooks two fifteen-feet hooks and two ten feet hooks on each tier or floor of the stage Every portion of the building devoted to the uses or accommodation of the public also all outlets leading to the streets and including the open courts and corridors shall be well and properly lighted during every performance and the same shall remain lighted until the entire audience has left the premises At least two or more oil lamps on each side of the auditorium in each tier shall be provided on fixed brackets not less than seven feet above the floor Said lamps shall be filled with whale or lard oil and shall be kept lighted during each performance or in place of said lamps candles shall be provided All gas or electric lights in the halls corridors lobby or any other part of the said buildings used by the audience except the auditorium must be controlled by a separate shut-off located in the lobby and controlled only in that particular place Gas mains supplying the buildings shall have independent connections for the auditorium and the stage and provisions shall be made for shutting off the gas from the outside of the building When the interior gas lights are not lighted by electricity other suitable appliances approved by the Bureau of Fire shall be provided All suspended or bracket lights surrounded by glass in the auditorium or in any part of the building devoted to the public shall be provided with proper wire netting underneath No gas or electric light shall be inserted in the walls woodwork ceilings or in any part of the building unless protected with fire-proof materials All lights in passages and corridors in said building and wherever deemed necessary by the bureau of fire shall be protected by proper wire network The footlights in addition to the wire network shall be protected by strong wire guard not less than two feet distant from said footlights and the trough containing said footlights shall be formed of and surrounded by fire-proof materials All stage lights shall be incandescent electric lights where the current can be obtained and shall be constructed according to the best known methods and subject to the approval of the Bureau of Fire and shall be suspended for ten feet by wire rope All ducts or shafts use for conducting heated air from the main chandelier or from any other light or lights shall be constructed of metal and made double with an air space between All stages lights shall have strong metal wire guards or screens not less than ten inches in diameter so constructed that any material in contact therewith shall exit and entrance directly to and from another street through be out of reach of the flames of said stage lights and must be soldered to the fixtures in all cases The standpipes gas pipes electric wires hose footlights and all apparatus for extinguishing of fire or guarding against same as in this section specified shall be in charge and under the control of the bureau of fire department of public safety and said department is hereby directed to see that the arrangements in respect thereto are carried out and enforced and councils may by ordinance fix a reasonable compensation for such services A diagram or plan of each tier gallery or floor showing distinctly the exits therefrom shall be printed in a legible manner on the program of the performance Every exit shall have over the same on the inside the "exit" painted in legible letters not less than eight inches high It shall be within the power of the mayor after full report from the department of public safety to cause the closing up of any theatre opera house or public hall where in the judgment of the mayor and the department of public safety the ingress and egress are not reasonably safe for the safe and speedy exit of the audience in case of fire or panic" be amended so that said section shall hereafter read and be as follows

Section 49 Every building hereafter erected or altered to be used as a theatre opera house or other building intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed shall be built to comply with the requirements of this section but all theatres or places of amusement now existing may be altered providing such alteration does not amount to a virtual reconstruction thereof so as to make it a new building No building which at the time of the passage of this act is not in actual use for theatrical or operatic purposes and no building hereafter erected not in conformity with the requirements of this section shall be used for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed until the same shall have been made to conform to the requirements of this section and no building hereinbefore described shall be opened to the public for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainment of any kind where stage scenery or apparatus are employed until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire respectively shall have approved the same in writing as conforming to the requirements of this section and the mayors of the said cities shall refuse to issue any license for any such building and shall close the same and prevent its opening until a certificate in writing of such approval shall have been given by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Bureau of Fire respectively Every such building shall have at least one front on the street which front shall be as wide as the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall and in such front there shall be suitable means of entrance and exit for the audience unless there shall also be a way or passage leading directly from the auditorium to another street in which case the means of entrance and exit by such way or passage shall be taken into consideration to such extent as they shall furnish entrances and exits and if they shall be sufficient width to meet the requirements of this act there need be no means of entrance or exit in front saving by the side courts hereafter stipulated for Any building located on a side street having a width thereon as wide as the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall shall be considered as having a front on said street within the meaning of this act if in addition thereto there shall be a way or passage leading from said theatre to another street which way or passage shall be of a width not less than one–third of the width of the widest part of said auditorium or assembly hall In addition to the aforesaid entrances and exits on the street there shall be reserved for service in case of an emergency an open court or space on the side not bordering on the street where said building is located on a corner lot and on both sides of said building where there is but one frontage on the street The width of such open court or courts shall not be less than seven feet where the seating capacity is not over one thousand people above one thousand nor more than eighteen hundred people eight feet in width Said open court or courts if there be not in addition to the front as aforesaid on one street a way or passage of the width aforesaid leading into another street shall begin on a line with or near the proscenium wall and shall extend the length of the auditorium proper to or near the wall separating the same from the entrance lobby or vestibule and the said open court or a separate and distinct corridor from each open court shall continue to the street through such superstructure as may be built on the side street of the auditorium with continuous walls of brick or fire-proof materials on each side of the entire length of said corridor or corridors and the ceilings and floors shall be fire-proof If there be in addition to the front on a street a way or passage of the width aforesaid leading into another street then it will be sufficient if said open court or courts shall extend along the auditorium on each side thereof to said front on said street on which the theatre shall be located Said corridor or corridors shall not be reduced in width except by the thickness of the outer walls and there shall be no projection in the same the outer openings to be provided with doors or gates opening toward the street During the performance the doors or gates in the corridors shall be kept open by proper fastenings at other times they may be closed and fastened by movable bolts or locks The said open courts or corridors shall not be used for storage purposes or for any purpose whatsoever except for exit and entrance from and to the auditorium and stage and must be kept free and clear during performances The level of said corridors at the front entrance to the building shall not be greater than one step above the level of the sidewalk where they begin at the street entrance and the entrance of the main front of the building shall not be on a higher level from the sidewalk than four steps unless approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection To overcome any difference of level existing between exits from the parquet into courts and the level of the said corridors gradients shall be employed of not over one foot in ten feet with no perpendicular rise From the auditorium opening into the said open courts or on the side street there shall not be less than two exits on each side in each tier from and including the parquet and each and every gallery Each exit shall be at least five feet in width in the clear and provided with doors of iron or wood if of wood the doors shall be constructed as hereinbefore in this bill described All of said doors shall open outwardly and must be fastened with movable bolts the bolts to be kept drawn during performances There shall be balconies not less than four feet in width in the said open court or courts at each level or tier above the parquet on each side of the auditorium of sufficient length to embrace the two exits and from said balconies there shall be staircases extending to the ground level with a rise of not over eight and one-half inches to a step and not less than nine inches tread exclusive of the nosing The staircase from the upper balcony to the next below shall not be less than thirty inches in width in the clear and from the first balcony to the ground three feet in width in the clear where the seating capacity of the auditorium is for one thousand people or less three feet and six inches in the clear where above one thousand and not more than eighteen hundred people and four feet in the clear when above eighteen hundred people and not more than twenty–five hundred people and not less than four feet six inches in the clear when above twenty-five hundred people All the above mentioned balconies and staircases shall be constructed of iron throughout including the floors and of ample strength to sustain the load to be carried by them and they shall be covered with a metal hood or awning to be constructed as shall be directed by the Inspector of Buildings If the said balconies be carried to and connect with an inclosed tower stairway having its exit directly to the street the open courts or corridors hereinbefore described may have deducted from their width the width of the staircases herein called for Where one side of the building borders on a street there shall be balconies and staircases of like capacity and kind as before mentioned carried to the ground When located on a corner lot that portion of the premises bordering on the side street and not required for the uses of the theatre may if such portion be not more than twenty feet in width be used for offices stores or apartments provided the walls separating this protion of the theatre proper are carried up solidly to and through the roof and that a fire-proof exit is provided from the theatre on each tier equal to the combined width of exits opening on opposite sides in each tier communicating with balconies and staircases leading to the street in a manner provided elsewhere in this section Said exit passages shall be entirely cut off by brick walls from said offices stores or apartments and the ffoors and ceilings in each tier shall be fire-proof Nothing herein contained shall prevent a roof garden art gallery or rooms for similar purposes being placed over a theatre or public building provided the floor of the same forming the roof over such theatre or building shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials and that said floor shall have no covering boards or sleepers of wood but be of tile or cement Every roof over said garden or rooms shall have all supports and rafters of iron or steel and be covered with glass or fire–proof materials or both but no such roof garden art gallery or room for any public purpose shall be placed over or above that portion of any theatre or other building which is used as a stage No workshop storage or general property room shall be allowed above the auditorium or stage or under the same or in any of the fly gallaries All of said rooms or shops may be located in the rear or at the side of the stage but in such cases they shall be separted from the stage by a brick wall and the openings leading into such portions shall have fire-proof doors on each side of the openings hung to iron eyes built into the wall No portion of any building hereafter erected or altered used or intended to be used for theatrical or other purposes as in this section specified shall be used or occupied as a hotel boarding or lodging house factory workshop or manufactury or for storage purposes except as may hereafter specifically provide for Such restrictions relates not only to that portion of the building which contains the auditorium and the stage but applies also to the entire structure in connection therewith No store or room contained in the building or the offices stores or apartments adjoining as aforesaid shall be let or used for carrying on any business dealings in articles designated as specifically hazardous in the classification in the Board of Fire Underwriters or for manufacturing purposes No loading accommodation shall be allowed in any part of the building communicating with the auditorium Interior walls built of fire-proof materials shall separate the auditorium from the entrance vestibule and from any room or rooms of the same also from any lobbies corridors refreshment or other rooms All staircases for the use of the audience shall be inclosed with walls of brick or of fire-proof materials approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection in the stories through which they pass and the openings to said staircases from each tier shall be the full width of said staircases A fire wall of brick shall separate the auditorium staircase A fire wall of brick shall separate the auditorium from from the stage and the same shall extend at least four feet above the stage roof or the auditorium roof if the latter be higher and shall be coped Above the proscenium openings there shall be an iron girder covered with fire proof materials to protect it from the heat There shall also be constructed a relieving arch over the same the intervening space being filled in with hard-burnt brick of the full thickness of the proscenium wall Should there be constructed an orchestra over the stage above the proscenium opening the said orchestra shall be placed on the auditorium side of the proscenium fire wall and shall be entered only from the auditorium side of said wall The moulded frame around the proscenium opening shall be formed entierly of fire-proof materials if metal be used the metal shall be filled in solid with non-combustible material and securely anchored to the wall with iron The proscenium opening shall be provided with a fire-proof metal curtain or a curtain of asbestos or similar fire-proof material approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection sliding at each end within iron grooves not less than six inches on each side Said fire-proof curtain shall be raised at the commencement of each performance and lowered at the close of said performance and be operated by approved machinery for that purpose The proscenium curtains shall be placed at least three feet distance from the footlights at the nearest point There shall be no opening through the proscenium wall except the curtain opening and not more than two others which shall be located at or below the level of the stage These latter openings shall not exceed twenty-one superficial feet each which shall have doors of iron or wood in each face of the wall if of wood the door shall be lined with tin and securely hung to rabbetted iron frames or rabbets in the brick wall They shall be hung so to be opened from either side at all times Direct access to these doors shall be provided on both sides and the same shall always be kept free from any incumberance Iron ladders or stairs securely fixed to the wall on the stage side shall be provided to overcome any difference of level existing between the floor or gallaries on the stage side of the fire wall and those on the other side of the auditorium There shall be provided over the stage metal skylights of an area or a combined area of at least one-eighth of the area of the said stage fitted up with sliding sash and glazed with double-thick sheet glass not exceeding one-eighth of an inch thick and each pane thereof measuring not less than three hundred square inches and the whole of which skylights shall be constructed so as to open instantly on the cutting or burning of a hempen cord which shall be arranged to hold said skylights closed or some other equally simple approved device for opening them may be provided There shall be provided immediately under the glass of said skylight a wire netting or the skylight may be glazed with wire-glass All that portion of the stage not comprised in the working of scenery traps and other mechanical apparatus for the presentation of a scene usually equal to the width of the proscenium opening shall be built of iron or steel beams filled in between with fire-proof materials and all girders for the support of said beams shall be wrought-iron or rolled steel The fly-gallaries entire including pin rails shall be constructed of iron or steel and the floor of said gallaries shall be composed of iron or steel beams filled with fire-proof materials and no wood boards or sleepers shall be used as a covering over the beams but the said floors shall be entirely fire-proof The rigging loft shall be fire-proof except the floor covering the same All stage scenery curtains and decorations made of combustible materials and all woodwork on or about the stage shall be saturated with some non-combustible material or otherwise rendered safe against fire to the satisfaction of the Bureau of Fire and all such stage scenery shall be raised and lowered without the use of counter-weights unless such counter-weights are so situated that they operate against the wall and do not overhand the stage The roof over the auditorium and the entire main floor of the auditorium and vestibule also the entire floor of the second story of the front superstructure over the entrance lobby and corridors and all galleries in the auditorium shall be constructed of iron or steel and fire-proof materials not excluding the use of wooden floor boards and necessary sleepers to fasten the same to but such sleepers shall not mean timbers of support The fronts of each gallery shall be formed of fire-proof materials excepting the capping which may be made of wood The ceiling under each gallery shall be entirely formed of fire-proof materials The ceiling of the auditorium shall be formed of fire-proof materials All lathing wherever used shall be of metal The partition in that portion of the building which contains the auditorium the entrance vestibule and every room and passage devoted to the use of the audience shall be constructed of fire-proof materials including the furring of outside or other wall None of the walls or ceilings shall be covered with wood sheathing canvas or any other combustible material but this shall not exclude the use of wood wainscoting to a height not to exceed six feet which shall be filled in solid between the wainscoting and the wall with fire-proof materials The wall separating the actors' dressing rooms from the stage and the partitions of every passage way from the same to the stage and all other partitions on or about the stage shall be constructed of fire-proof material approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection All floors in any of said partitions shall be of iron or of wood constructed as hereinbefore described All the shelving and cupboards in each and every dressing room property room or other storage rooms shall be constructed of metal slate or some fire-proof material Dressing rooms may be placed in the fly gallaries Provided That proper exits are secured therefrom to the fire escapes in the open courts and that the partitions and other matters pertaining to dressing rooms shall conform to the requirements herein contained but the stairs leading to the same shall be fire-proof All seats in the auditorium excepting those contained in the boxes shall be firmly secured to the floor and no seat in the auditorium shall have more than six seats intervening between it and an aisle on either side and no stool or seats shall be placed in any aisle All platforms in galleries formed to receive the seats shall not be more than twenty-one inches in height of riser not less than thirty inches in width of platform All aisles on the respective floors in the auditorium having seats on both sides of same shall not be less than three feet wide where they begin and shall be increased in width towards the exits in the ratio of one and one-half inches to five running feet Aisles having seats on one side only shall not be less than two feet wide at their beginning and increased in width the same as aisles having seats on both sides The aggregate capacity of the foyers lobbies corridors passages and rooms for the use of the audience not including aisles space between seats shall on each floor gallery be sufficient to contain the entire number to be accommodated on said floor or gallery in the ratio of one hundred and fifty superficial feet of floor room for every one hundred persons Gradients or inclined planes shall be employed instead of steps where possible to overcome slight difference of level in or between aisles corridors and passages Every theatre accommodating three hundred persons shall have at least two exits When accommodating five hundred persons at least three exits shall be provided these exits not referring to or including the exits to the open court at the sides of the theatre Doorways of exit or entrance for the use of the public shall not be less than five feet in width and for every additional one hundred persons or portion thereof to be accommodated in excess of five hundred an aggregate of twenty inches additional exit must be allowed These doorways of exit and of entrance may be in the said front altogether or in the case of a theatre having also an exit and entrance directly to and from another street through a way or passage covered or otherwise the width of one-third of that of the widest part of the auditorium or assembly hall some of the said doorways may be made therein to such extent as said entrance or passage will accommodate the same. All doors of exit or entrance shall open outwardly and be hung to swing in such manner as not to become an obstruction in a passage or corridor and no such doors shall be closed and locked during any representation or when the building is open to the public Distinct and separate places of exit and entrance shall be provided for each gallery above the first A common place of exit and entrance may serve for the main floor of the auditorium and the first gallery provided its capacity be equal to the aggregate capacity of the outlets from the main floor and said gallery No passage leading to any stairway communicating with any entrance or exit shall be less than four feet in width in any part thereof All stairs within the building shall be constructed of fire-proof material throughout Stairways serving for the exit of fifty people must if straight be at least four feet wide between railing or between walls and if curved or winding five feet wide and for every additional fifty people to be accommodated six inches must be added to their width In no case shall the risers of any stairs exceed seven and one-half inches in height nor shall the treads exclusive of the nosings be less than ten and one-half inches wide in a straight stairs In circular or winding stairs the width of the treads at the narrowest end shall not be less than seven inches Where the seating capacity is for more than one thousand people there shall be at least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets provided for each gallery in the auditorium where there are not more than two galleries and the same shall be located on opposite sides of said gallery Where there are more than two galleries one or more additional staircases shall be provided the outlets from which shall communicate directly with the principal exit or other exterior outlets All said staircases shall be of width proportioned to the seating capacity as elsewhere herein described Where the seating capacity is for one thousand people or less two direct lines of staircase only shall be required located on opposite sides of the galleries and in both cases shall extend from the sidewalk level to the upper gallery with outlets for each gallery to each of said staircases At least two independent staircases with direct exterior outlets shall also be provided for the service of the stage and shall be located on the opposite side of the same All inside stairways leading to the upper galleries of the auditorium shall be inclosed on both sides with walls of fire-proof materials Stairs leading to the first or lower gallery may be left open on one side in which case they must be constructed as herein provided for a similar stairs leading from the entrance hall to the main floor of the auditorium but in no case shall stairs leading to any gallery be left open on both sides When straight stairs return directly on themselves a landing of the full width of both flights without any steps shall be provided Stairs turning at an angle shall have a proper landing without winders introduced at said turn In stairs when two side flights connect with one main flight no winders shall be introduced and the width of the main flight shall be at least equal to the aggregate width of the said flights Circular or winding stairs shall have proper landings introduced at convenient distances All inclosed staircases shall have on both sides string handrails firmly secured in the wall about three inches therefrom and about three feet above the stairs but said handrail shall not run on level platforms and landings where the same is more in length than the width of the stairs All staircases six feet and over in width shall be provided with a centre handrail of hard wood or metal not less than two inches in diameter placed at a height of about three feet above the centre of the treads and supported on wrought iron or brass standards of sufficient strength placed not farther than four feet apart and securely bolted to the treads or risers of stairs or both and at the head of each flight of stairs on each landing the post or standard shall be at least six feet in height to which the rail shall be secured Every steam boiler which may be required for heating or other purposes shall be located outside of the building and the space allotted to the same shall be inclosed by walls of masonry on all sides and the ceiling of such space shall be constructed of fire-proof material All doorways in said walls shall have iron doors No floor register for heating shall be permitted No coil or radiator shall be placed in any aisle or passageway used as an exit where it forms an obstruction but all said coils and radiators shall be placed in recesses formed in the wall or partition to receive the same All supply return or exhaust pipes shall be properly incased and protected where passing through floors or near woodwork Standpipes of two and one-half inches in diameter shall be provided with hose attachments on every floor and gallery as follows namely One on each side of the auditorium in each tier also one on each side of the stage in each tier and at least one in the property room and one in the carpenter shop if the same be contiguous to the building All such standpipes shall be kept clear from obstruction Said standpipes shall be separate and distinct receiving their supply of water from the steam pump and shall be fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department and shall be kept constantly filled with water by means of an automatic steam pump or pumps of sufficient capacity to supply all the line of hose when operated simultaneously and said pump or pumps shall be supplied from the street main and be ready for immediate use at all times during a performance in said buildings A separate and distinct system of automatic sprinklers with fusible plugs approved by the Bureau of Fire supplied with water from a tank located on the roof of the stage and not connected in any manner with the standpipes shall be placed up and around the proscenium opening and on the ceiling or roof over the stage at such intervals as will protect every square foot of stage surface when the said sprinklers are in operation Automatic sprinklers shall also be placed wherever practicable under the stage and in the carpenter's shop paint room store rooms and property rooms A proper and sufficient quantity of two and one-half inch hose fitted with the regulation couplings of the fire department and with nozzles attached thereto and with hose spanners at each outlet shall always be kept attached to each hose attachment There shall also be kept in readiness for immediate use on the stage at least four casks full of water and two buckets in each cask Said casks and buckets shall be painted red There shall also be provided hand pumps or other portable fire extinguishing apparatus and at least four axes and two twenty-five feet hooks two fifteen-feet hooks and two ten feet hooks on each tier or floor of the stage Every portion of the building devoted to the uses of accommodation of the public also all outlets leading to the streets and including the open courts and corridors shall be well and properly lighted during every performance and the same shall remain lighted until the entire audience has left the premises At least two or more oil lamps on each side of the auditorium in each tier shall be provided on fixed brackets not less than seven feet above the floor Said lamps shall be filled with whale or lard oil and shall be kept lighted during each performance or in place of said lamps candles shall be provided All gas or electric lights in the halls corridors lobby or any other part of the said buildings used by the audience except the auditorium must be controlled by a separate shut-off located in the lobby and controlled only in that particular place Gas mains supplying the buildings shall have independent connections for the auditorium and the stage and provisions shall be made for shutting off the gas from the outside of the building When the interior gas lights are not lighted by electricity other suitable appliances approved by the Bureau of Fire shall be provided All suspended or bracket lights surrounded by glass in the auditorium or in any part of the building devoted to the public shall be provided with the proper wire netting underneath No gas or electric light shall be inserted in the walls wood-work ceilings or in any part of the building unless protected with fireproof materials All lights in passages and corridors in said building and wherever deemed necessary by the Bureau of Fire shall be protected by proper wire network The footlights in addition to the wire network shall be protected by strong wire guard not less than two feet distant from said footlights and the trough containing said footlights shall be formed of and surrounded by fire-proof materials All stage lights shall be incandescent electric lights where the current can be obtained and shall be constructed according to the best known methods and subject to the approval of the Bureau of Fire and shall be suspended for ten feet by wire rope All ducts or shafts used for conducting heated air from the main chandelier or from any other light or lights shall be constructed of metal and made double with an air space between All stage lights shall have strong metal wire guards or screens not less than ten inches in diameter so constructed that any material in contact therewith shall be out of reach of the flames or said stage lights and must be soldered to the fixtures in all cases The standpipes gas pipes electric wires hose footlights and all apparatus for extinguishing of fire or guarding against same as in this section specified shall be in charge and under the control of the Bureau of Fire Department of Public Safety and said department is hereby directed to see that the arrangements in respect thereto are carried out and enforced and councils may by ordinance fix a reasonable compensation for such services A diagram or plan of each tier gallery or floor showing distinctly the exits therefrom shall be printed in a legible manner on the programme of the performance Every exit shall have over the same on the inside the word "exit" painted in legible letters not less than eight inches high It shall be within the power of the mayor after full report from the Department of Public Safety to cause the closing up of any theatre opera house or public hall where in the judgment of the mayor and the Department of Public Safety the ingress and egress are not reasonably safe for the safe and speedy exit of the audience in case of fire or panic" Provided That neither the foregoing provisions of this act nor the hereinabove quoted provisions of the act hereby amended shall regulate effect or be applicable to any building or buildings erected constructed or altered prior to the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and in actual use on or before that date for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part and any and all such buildings shall be deemed and taken and hereby are declared to have been and to be lawfully erected constructed or altered and in lawful use for such exhibitions anything hereinbefore or in the act hereby amended or in any other law of this Commonwealth contained to the contrary notwithstanding

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—2.

Jenkins,
Patton,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 796, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part and exempting buildings in actual use for such exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibitions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Represetatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no building in any city of the first class which at the time of the passage of this act is not in actual use for the exhibition of moving pictures and no building hereafter erected in said cities not in conformity with the requirements of this act shall be used for the purpose of exhibiting moving pictures until such building shall have been made to conform to such requirements and no building not in such actual use shall be open to the public for the exhibition of moving pictures until the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection the Chief of the Bureau of Fire and the Fire Marshal shall in writing approve such building for the purpose of exhibiting moving pictures and shall certify that the same conforms to the requirements of this act No licenses shall be issued under the provisions of any law or ordinance licensing for the exhibition of moving pictures any building not in actual use for that purpose at the time of the passage of this act unless upon such written approval and certificate and no exhibition of moving pictures shall be permitted in any such building until such written approval and certificate shall have been given" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the words "exhibition of moving pictures" as used in this act shall include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part No building in any city of the first class which was not erected constructed or altered prior to June ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven and in actual use prior to or on said date for the exhibition of moving pictures and no building thereafter erected in said cities not in conformity with the requirements of this act shall be used for the purpose of exhibiting moving pictures until such buildings shall have been made to conform to such requirements and no building not in actual use as aforesaid shall be open to the public for the exhibition of moving pictures until the Chief of the Bureau of Building Inspection the Chief of the Bureau of Fire and the Fire Marshal shall in writing approve such building for the purpose of exhibiting moving pictures and shall certify that the same conforms to the requirements of this act No license shall be issued under the provisions of any law or ordinance licensing for the exhibition of moving pictures any building not in actual use for that purpose as aforesaid unless upon such written approval and certificate and no exhibition of moving pictures shall be permitted in any such building until such written approval and certificate shall have been given Provided That neither the above recited provisions of this act nor of the act hereby amended shall regulate affect or be applicable to any building or buildings erected constructed or altered prior to June ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven and in actual use on or before that date for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part and any and all such buildings shall be deemed and taken and hereby are declared to have been and to be lawfully erected constructed and altered and in lawful use for such exhibitions anything hereinbefore or in the act hereby amended contained to the contrary notwithstanding

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Thompson,
Tompkins,

NAYS—7.

Jenkins,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Snyder, P. W.
Sproul,
Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 797, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof

and Senate Bill No. 798, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to legalize the erection construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part

have not been received from the printer and will go over in their order.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 807, entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 816, entitled:

An Act regulating horse racing and the betting incidental thereto and providing for and regulating a State Racing Commission to carry out the purpose of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—18.

Buckman,
Burke,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
McKee, W. S.
Patton,
Salus,
Smith, W. W.
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Wasbers,

NAYS—15.

Catlin,
Croft,
Endsley,
Farley,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
McConnell,
Miller,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,

Less than the majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 454, on third reading postponed for the present, on page 7 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend Section 1, in line 54, by inserting after the word "and" the words "having successfully passed the same examinations before said board as were passed by those now licensed who were in practice in this State, March 19, 1909, including all members of the said board and who applied for license within ninety days of the passage of the act to which this is a supplement;" also in line 55 by striking out the words "ten dollars the secretary of" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "fifty dollars;" also in line 56 by inserting after the word "shall" the words "so examine and;" also in line 56 by inserting after the word "applicant" the words "within four months after the approval of this act."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 14, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital Kittanning Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Kittanning General Hospital Kittanning Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 33, as follows:

An Act making an apropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the city of Erie Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it anacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the city of Erie Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 37, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it anacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and fifty-four thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 37, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 41, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 42, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association Incorporated of Allegheny County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it anacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association Incorporated of Allegheny county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 67, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mary M. Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand five hundred dollars ($14,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mary M. Packer Hospital located at Sunbury Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 70, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Lehigh County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty thousand ($30,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Lehigh County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 76, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pittsburgh Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 83, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland county at Greensburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland county at Greensburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years commencing June first Anno Domini nineteen hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 95, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 100, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital Franklin Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Franklin City Hospital Franklin Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 102, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same hereby is specifically appropriated to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 109, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars ($125,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hospital of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 120, as follows:

An Act relating to the State police force

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no person shall be appointed on or enlisted in the State police force either as private or officer unless he has been a resident of Pennsylvania at least one year immediately preceding his appointment or enlistment nor in any such appointment or enlistment shall any discrimination be made against a married man or in favor of an unmarried man

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 165, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Presbyterian Hospital located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act to amend and revise an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen enlarging changing modifying and defining certain of the powers of cities of the third class

has not yet been received from the printer, and will go over in its order.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 223, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Evangelical Home for the Aged in the city of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Evangelical Home for the Aged located in the city of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 226, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand ($40,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen (1915) for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 241, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand six hundred dollars ($2,600) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 255, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation" as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessities of life on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 257, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand five hundred dollars ($8,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home a corporation of Beaver County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 258, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 269 (House Bill No. 249), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 295, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls Beaver County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Providence Hospital located at Beaver Falls Beaver County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 295, on second reading, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 299, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-seven thousand ($37,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Allentown Hospital located at Allentown Lehigh County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 325, as follows:

An Act prohibiting the commissioners of townships of the first class from undertaking the paving curbing macadamizing or otherwise improving or for construction of sewers in any street alley or part thereof except upon petition of property owners owning property containing a majority of the number of feet fronting and abutting on the line of the proposed improvement

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter the commissioners of townships of the first class within this Commonwealth shall not undertake the paving curbing macadamizing or otherwise improving of any public highway street or alley or part thereof within their respective limits or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof or the construction of sewers therein except upon petition of property owners owning property containing a majority of the number of feet fronting and abutting on the line of the proposed improvement Provided however That the costs damages and expenses of any such improvement may be provided and paid for by any method heretofore provided by law

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 348, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon County

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon County Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 349, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 374, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of the North Side City of Pittsburgh

Section 1 B it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars ($175,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Allegheny General Hospital of the North Side City of Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, to be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 403, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home of New Brighton Beaver County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to The Beaver County Children's Home located at New Brighton Beaver County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, to be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 414 (House Bill No. 248), entitled:

An Act authorizing courts to make wards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, to be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 434, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monroe County Hospital located at Stroudsburg Monroe county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the Monroe County Hospital located at Stroudsburg Monroe County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, to be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and coneration of Senate Bill No. 455, entitled:

An Act to provide for better setting of fruits and the protection of bees by prohibiting the spraying of trees or shrubs bushes or plants of fruit-bearing kinds when in bloom

The preamble of the bill was read as follows:

Whereas It is necessary for the pollen of one flower to be carried to another flower in order to secure the bast results in the setting of fruits of any kind and

Whereas The honey bee is the chief agent as a pollenizer and is also a valuable producer of honey and wax which without their aid would be a waste product and

Whereas spraying trees and plants when in bloom not only destroys the functions of the essential organs of the flowers and prevents the setting of a good fruit crop but also kills the honey bees and further is not essential because better results can be obtained by spraying after the blossoms fall than by spraying while in bloom therefore

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the preamble?

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I move to amend the preamble in line 10 by inserting after the word "further" the word "it."

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the preamble as amended?

It was agreed to.

The first and second sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful to spray trees shrubs bushes or plants of fruit-bearing kinds until after three-fourths of the blossoms have fallen

Section 2 Any person convicted of violation of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten nor more than twenty-five dollars

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to provide for better setting of fruit and for the protection of bees by prohibiting the spraying of trees shrubs bushes or plants of fruit-bearing kinds when in bloom

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 472, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home at South Bethlehem Salisbury Township Lehigh county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand five hundred ($3,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Home located at South Bethlehem Salisbury township Lehigh county Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 527, as follows:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed under and by the authority of an act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" and authorizing the passage of an ordinance amending an original ordinance where the route of the sewer has been changed during the course of construction

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where heretofore any sewer has been constructed by any borough under the provisions of an act approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" and during the course of its construction the route of a portion of such sewer has been changed from a street or highway designated by the original ordinance through private land the council of such borough is hereby given power after the completion of such sewer to amend the original ordinance under which such sewer was constructed by a supplemental ordinance if such supplemental ordinance shall have been passed within six months from the date of the approval of this act and any lien or liens which have been filed against properties adjoining or adjacent to such sewer within the time fixed by said act are declared to be valid and subsisting liens and collectable according to law

Section 2 This act shall not apply where the change in the route of a sewer causes it to embrace property which was not intended to be sewered in the original ordinance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 529, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred thirty-nine Queen Street Gemantown Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 552, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the City of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the German Hospital of the city of Philadelphia for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 652, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundrd ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the board of commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same"

The first and second section of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings defining the powers of the Commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same" which reads as follows

"Section 6 The superintendent shall receive from the contract or contractors the articles mentioned in the schedule It shall be his duty to reject all articles not up to the standard required and if a contractor shall fail to exchange them for articles that meet the requirements prescribed the Board may go in to the open market and purchase articles to take the place of those adjudged to be of inferior quality and deduct the expense from the amount due him from the Commonwealth or if the amount due said contractor be not sufficient to pay for the articles purchased the Board may proceed against the contractor or his sureties under the bond aforesaid by proper action through the Attorney General's Department Provided That in all cases it shall be the duty of the Auditor General to withhold from the contractor the warrant for one-fourth part of the entire contract until the superintendent shall certify that the contract has been fully complied with" is amended to read as follows

Section 6 The superintendent shall receive from the contractor or contractors the articles mentioned in the schedule It shall be his duty to reject all articles not up to the standard required and if a contractor shall fail to exchange them for articles that meet the requirements prescribed the Board may go into the open market and purchase articles to take the place of those adjudged to be of inferior quality and deduct the expense from the amount due him from the Commonwealth or if the amount due said contractor be not sufficient to pay for the articles purchased the Board may proceed against the contractor or his sureties under the bond aforesaid by proper action through the Attorney General's Department Articles must be furnished promptly as ordered On the failure of the contractor to deliver any article within a reasonable time after it is ordered and of satisfactory quality the right is reserved by the Board to purchase such articles in the open market or to declare the contract forfeited and if a greater price than that of the contract be paid for such articles the difference in the total amount of the purchase will be charged to the contractor and the sureties on the bond Provided That in all cases where a lump sum contract containing a provision for a partial payments on account of materials delivered and work done is entered into by the Board a percentage to be fixed by the Board of the amount due as set forth in the contract shall be withheld from the contractor by the Auditor General until the superintendent shall certify that the contract has been fully complied with

Section 2 The eighth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide suitable storage rooms for the furniture stationery and supplies that may be procured and shall also provide proper offices for the superintendent and his clerks and shall cause the same to be supplied with suitable furniture Whenever the heads of the departments the executive officers of the State boards and commissions and the chief clerks aforesaid shall require any portion of the furniture stationery or supplies named in their original lists a requisition therefor shall be made upon the superintendent who shall cause the articles to be delivered taking proper receipt therefor" is amended to read as follows

Section 8 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide suitable storage rooms for the furniture stationery and supplies that may be procured and shall also provide proper offices for the Superintendent and subordinate officers and shall cause the same to be supplied with suitable furniture Whenever the heads of departments the executive officers of the State boards and commissions and the chief clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives shall require any portion of the stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings repairs alterations improvements and other matters or things appearing in the annual schedule for which contracts have been awarded by the Board a requisition giving number and description of the item needed shall be made on the superintendent who shall cause the article to be delivered taking proper receipt therefor

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 The eleventh section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 11 All bids on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the superintendent and if found correct he shall certify that the materials have been furnished or that the work or labor has been performed in accordance with the contract and after having been so certified to by him shall be presented to the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings for their examination and approval and when so approved shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in the usual form" is amended to read as follows

Section 11 All bills on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the Superintendent and if found correct he shall certify that the materials have been furnished or that the work or labor has been performed in accordance with the contract and after having been so certified to by him shall be approved by the Executive Controller and when so approved shall be audited by the Auditor General and paid by warrant drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in the usual form.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 in line 19 by inserting after the word "audited" the words "settled and paid;" also by striking out the whole of lines 20 and 21 and inserting in lieu thereof the words "State Treasurer in the manner provided by law."

Mr. DIAX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth and fifth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to.

Section 4 The sixteenth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 16 That for the purpose of making purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which does not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the Superintendent the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby annually appropriated which amount shall be known as the Board's general fund Provided That no expenditure of said amount shall be made by the Superintendent without first receiving authority from the Board so to do Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the Board" is amended to read as follows

Section 16 That for the purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the Superintendent such sum as may be appropriated by the General Assembly in the general appropriation bill which appropriation shall be known as the Board's general fund Provided That no expenditure from said fund shall be made by the Superintendent without first receiving authority from the Board so to do and Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the Board and Provided also That in awarding contracts under this schedule proposals for such contracts shall be invited by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings in such manner and at such times as the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings in their discretion may direct

Section 5 The seventeenth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 17 That nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the contracts for State printing and binding or supplies for the State printing or for the Legislative Record or Record wrappers" is amended to read as follows

Section 17 That nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the contracts for State printing and binding and the distribution of public documents or supplies for the State printing or for the Legislative Record or Record wrappers

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundrd ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the board of commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationry supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same"

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 655, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand five hundred ($1,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Florence Crittenton Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 672 (House Bill No. 912), entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 698, as follows:

An Act authorizing a charge not exceeding five dollars in addition to six per centum per annum to cover expenses incurred in making loans

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful to charge receive and collect for the loan or use of money in addition to interest at the rate of six per centum per annum for each fifty dollars or fraction thereof loaned at any one time the sum of one dollar for expenses including any examination or investigation of the character and circumstances of the borrower or of the security offered for such loan or other expenses incurred in making the loan Provided however That no such charge shall exceed five dollars If the amount loaned is fifty dollars or less such charge shall not be more than one dollar No charge shall be collected unless a loan shall have been made as the result of such examination or investigation

Section 2 Whenever an additional loan shall be made to anyone borrowing within three months of the date of the previous loan no charge for examination investigation or other expenses incurred in the making of the loan shall be made under any pretext whatever

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 720 (House Bill No. 253), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the mine inspectors' examining boards and providing for their expenses

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 741, as follows:

An Act refunding to the executor of the estate of Charles C. Cox deceased certain moneys by him paid into the State Treasury upon a bequest to the Malinda Cox Free Library of Doylestown Pennsylvania

Whereas Charles C. Cox died on or about the thirtieth day of May one thousand nine hundred fourteen leaving a last will and testament wherein and whereby he bequeathed his entire residuary estate amounting to a sum in the neighborhood of thirty thousand dollars for the creation and perpetual maintenance of a free public non-sectarian library at Doylestown Pennsylvania and

Whereas On the   day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen Harman Yerkes the executor of the estate of Charles C. Cox deceased paid into the State Treasury the sum of one thousand four hundred seventy-three dollars and thirty-four cents as a collateral inheritance tax upon said estate and

Whereas It has become the settled policy of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to encourage and aid the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries within said Commonwealth and it has in pursuance of said policy through appropriate legislation established a commission known as the Pennsylvania Free Library Commission having for its purpose the advancement of the interests of free public libraries and

Whereas It will be greatly to the interest and advantage of the said Melinda Cox Free Library that the entire residuary estate aforesaid shall be applied to the purposes for which said bequest was made free of any deductions for taxes therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand four hundred seventy-three dollars and thirty-four cents is hereby appropriated for the purpose of refunding to Harman Yerkes executor of the will of Charles C. Cox deceased the amount paid into the State Treasury by said Harman Yerkes executor as collateral inheritance tax on a bequest made by said C. C. Cox for a public free non-sectarian library at Doylestown Pennsylvania said amount when refunded as aforesaid to constitute a part of the fund left for said library purpose Payment of the amount hereby appropriated shall be made on warrant of the Auditor General subject to such reasonable conditions as he may prescribe

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 764 (House Bill No. 841), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 776 (House Bill No. 767), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 778 (House Bill No. 1098), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 779 (House Bill No. 89), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 786, as follows:

An Act amending section number one thousand four hundred and two of Article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section number one thousand four hundred and two of Article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1402 A child shall be considered a resident of the school district in which his parents or the guardian of his person resides If any child has no parents or guardian of his person then such child shall be considered a resident of the district in which the person sustaining parental relations to such child resides" be amended to read as follows

Section 1402 A child shall be considered a resident of the school district in which his parents or the guardian of his parents resides If any child has no parents or guardian of his person then such child shall be considered a resident of the district in which the person sustaining parental relations to such child resides Provided That where any orphans' home or other institution which furnishes free support for children of school age owns contiguous real estate which is situate in two or more school districts all pupils having a residence on such real estate shall have the right (irrespective of where the dwelling house or other buildings may be located) to attend the public schools in any of the school districts in which any part of such real estate may be situate

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 799, as follows:

A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the Second Regiment Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held at San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing that such officers and enlisted men of said regiment as participate in said exposition shall be paid the same per diem pay of officers and men and such allowances in connection with the annual encampment as are paid from State funds which they would receive at the annual encampment

Whereas An exposition to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundreth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean will be held in San Francisco California in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and

Whereas An invitation has been extended to the various units of the organized militia of the various states and territories to be represented by their military organizations and many have accepted such invitation and

Whereas The Second Regiment Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania in celebrating of its seventy-fifth anniversary is desirous of accepting such invitation therefore

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met That they approve of the participation of the Second Regiment Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific Exposition and authorize the payment to such officers and enlisted men of said regiment as participate in said exposition under the direction of the proper military authorities of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the same per diem pay of officers and men and such allowances in connection with the annual encampment as are paid from State funds which they would be entitled to if participating in the regular annual encampment of the National Guard of Pennsylvania for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen provided that no officer or enlisted man participating in both the Panama Pacific Exposition and the regular annual encampment shall be paid but for one of the two aforementioned tours of duty

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make a report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SALUS, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 618 (House Bill No. 291), entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 787, entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter proceedings in equity may be commenced without first filing a bill in equity by the issuance of a writ of summons which shall be issued by the prothonotary in the form prescribed by law for writs of summons in personal actions at law and describing the cause as a proceeding in equity and, unless and until otherwise provided by the Supreme Court equity rules, such summons shall be returnable and shall be served as writs of summons in personal actions at law are returnable and are served.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SEMMENS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 918, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of official stenographers in the county court of Allegheny County, describing their powers and duties and fixing their compensation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 919, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of an inspector of illuminating gas and gas meters to regulate the inspection of the same, and to protect the consumers and manufacturers of gas in the County of Allegheny."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 571, on third reading postponed for the present, on page 7 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act authorizing county controllers in counties containing a population of from one hundred fifty thousand to two hundred sixty thousand to designate and appoint a solicitor prescribing the duties of the said solicitor and fixing his term of office and salary to be paid by the proper county

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 816.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 816 on page 5 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act regulating horse racing and the betting incidental thereto and providing for and regulating a State Racing Commission to carry out the purpose of this act

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I voted no.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

A division was called for,

Whereupon,

Twenty-five Senators having voted in the affirmative, and seven Senators in the negative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

CONGRATULATIONS TO THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator from Delaware, Mr. Sproul, will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, it having been drawn to the attention of the members of the Senate that the State is to-day celebrating a very important occasion in its history and in fact a very remarkable coincidence in its affairs, in that to-day represents the birthday anniversary of not only the Governor of the Commonwealth, but also of the presiding officer of this body, the Lieutenant-Governor, and as it would seem that an event of this kind should be worthy of notice in this body, it has been decided by some of the friends of the Lieutenant-Governor among the Senate to express to him in a simple way their appreciation and regard for him.

While white roses might be very fitting as a souvenier for some birthday celebrations, I am sure that for the celebration of the birthday of the courteous, courageous, devoted and warm-hearted friend who presides over this body, the "Red Rose of Lancaster" is far more appropriate. There are a good many of these roses, enough, possibly, to represent all of the years which have slipped so lightly over the head of the hearty, wholesome and genial figure who stands before us, but not nearly enough to represent the regard, affection and esteem in which those of us here in the Senate hold him.

Mr. President, on behalf of the Senators, I present you this basket of fifty-one red roses with their compliments and congratulations and with the hope that for many more years you may continue to shed radiant geniality over and among you great circle of true friends.

The PRESIDENT. Senator Sproul, in all of the language of compliment, I cannot find words sufficiently expressive to tell you and your colleagues of my appreciation of this beautiful remembrance, and I assure you that with me in the days to come red roses will always bring dreams of you, sir, and your associates, and my associates in this distinguished law-making body. The only criticism that I have to make, Mr. Senator, of what you have said is that you transcend my merit, but I am inclined to forgive you for that when I reflect how seldom these days is a public officer referred to in a complimentary way.

After all, it is a very nice thing to do. And it is better that we err on the side of exaggeration than to say too little.

I ran across a little, homely bit of verse a few days ago that would seem to have significance to this very time, and to the very sentiment, sir, which you have so beautifully expressed; and it ran like this:

"If he earns your praise, bestow it,
If you like him, let him know it,
Let the word of true encouragement be said,
Do not wait till life is over,
And he's underneath the clover,
For he cannot read his tombstone when he's dead."

I have reached the fifty-first milestone on the highway of my life, and whilst that highway has not been as smooth as the kind of roads that Bob Cunningham is going to give us, yet the little jolts that it has given me have not hurt me; have not stilled the song in my heart. I have gone through life looking for goodness, looking for gladness, rather than looking for badness, or sadness. I have tried to bring a smiling visage to the glass, because I knew if I did I would meet a smile. I have tried to keep my cap on straight, and my coat buttoned up, and my shoes shined,—if the weather was good. I have answered foolish questions, and I have tried to be polite to disagreeable people, I have, when prosperous, tried to be meek, and when adversity caught up with me, which I am happy to say has been seldom, I have tried to be patient. I have no fault to find with the world. I envy no man his better luck and am content with my own harm. The result of it all is that I can say "Hang the almanac's cheat and the catalogue's say, Old Time is a liar, I'm only thirty to-day."

I can best epitomize all that I might say if I talked for an hour when I tell you that on a somewhat similar occasion an old friend of mine in Illinois said: "Well, if this old World's a fleeting show, it's the best old circus I want to know. So give me a ticket and let her go."

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President. I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes to give the members an opportunity to extend their congratulations to the presiding officer on his birthday.

Mr. HOMSHER: Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT: The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 920, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. DIAX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DIAX from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 702 (House Bill No. 488), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derive from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans," approved the 18th day of May, 1893, and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations.

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

Mr. DeWITT from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 634, entitled:

An Act giving to banks, bankers and trust companies, in case of insolvency of any depositor therein, or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositor, or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor, a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency, assignment for the benefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank, banker or trust company upon any promissory note, bill of exchange letter of credit, or other indebtedness in any form, whether or not the same has then matured.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOMSHER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 921, entitled:

An Act relating to dealers in poultry for the market, requiring the divulging of names of persons from whom poultry has been bought or received and a description of such poultry to policemen, detectives or constables, and providing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CROFT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROFT from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 845, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder.

Also from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 846, entitled:

An Act relating to trust funds and property surety bonds and property, surety bonds given to secure the same, and payment of premiums thereon and the discharge of sureties thereunder.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; describing their duties; prohibiting venders from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the 11th day of May, 1911, as amended.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 582, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the 25th day of May, 1907, entitled "An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 583, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 547, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections three, five and six of an act, entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the City of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors," approved the 2d day of June, 1871, as amended by the act of first of June 1885, and as amended by the act of 20th April 1903, by extending jurisdiction over certain causes set out in such act to a judge of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), on final passage, on page three of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 922, entitled:

An Act authorizing the employment of architects and draughtsmen in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, prescribing their powers, fixing their duties and compensation, requiring the preparation of uniform contracts, and providing the method of payment of sums upon contracts entered into by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings and carried out under the supervision of the said architects.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 923, entitled:

An Act giving the orphans' court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over the distribution by executors, trustees or others holding property in trust for charitable uses, objects and purposes or the like, who have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust, and providing that in case any object of charity or charitable institution in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is discriminated against in the said distribution, that said object of charity or charitable institution may present its petition to the orphans' court having jurisdiction of the funds to be distributed alleging the facts under oaths that they believe they are discriminated against or about to be discriminated against in the distribution by said executors, or trustees, or others holding property in trust for charitable uses, objects or purposes or the like, who have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust; the said court, upon the presentation of said petition, shall have power to hear evidence or appoint a master to take the testimony and report to the court, and if the court is of the opinion that said petitioner has been discriminated against or is about to be discriminated against in said distribution, the court shall have the power to make distribution of the said fund, in lieu of the distribution as made or suggested to be made by the executors, trustees, or others holding such fund, and to direct who shall pay the costs, and providing that any party aggrieved by order or decree of the court shall have the right to appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court, and repealing all inconsistent laws.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act relating to the Legislative Reference Bureau and authorizing and regulating therein a system of municipal reference information

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 417 (House Bill No. 55), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 479, entitled:

An Act to regulate the grading packing marking shipping and sale of apples and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 581 (House Bill No. 550), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the offices of the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 613, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 638 (House Bill No. 757), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 709, entitled:

An Act to amend sectons three six and seven of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 715, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of appraisers appointed by the registers of wills of the several counties to appraise the value of estates subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax and of experts employed to assist such appraisers" by increasing the compensation of appraisers

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 725, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to amend an act appoved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and six

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 726, entitled:

An Act providing for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 727, entitled:

An Act to repeal section four of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspections of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws six hundred and twenty-six

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 731, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eight day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 749, entitled:

An Act to permit a married woman whose husband has lived separate and apart from her for one year or more and who during that time has not been supported by her husband to become a feme sole trader

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 752, entitled:

An Act relating to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania in the matter of the elimination of grade crossings and providing that it may compel all changes in all streets highways and bridges of every kind and in all other public conveniences and in all facilities of all public service companies made necessary by proper elimination thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 753, entitled:

An Act relating to plans and specifications for the elimination of grade crossings when county commissioners have made or shall make complaint against the same to the Public Service Commission and providing that the same may be contracted for and paid for out of the county funds if approved by the court of quarter sessions and providing that the same shall be sufficiently comprehensive to show all matters and things necessary for proper action on said complaint by the Public Service Commission and to show the location of the proposed improvement and the effect thereof on all public conveniences and public service companies interested and providing that the Public Service Commission shall include the cost of such plans and specifications in the cost of the improvement if they decide upon the elimination of such grade crossings and repealing all inconsistent laws

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 762 (House Bill No. 1011), entitled:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 763 (House Bill No. 1409), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents of Public Instruction"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 766 (House Bill No. 1050), entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 768 (House Bill No. 70), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of the act or of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 779 (House Bill No. 780), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of dispisition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 817, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 820, entitled:

An Act regulating through the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the business of assisting employers to obtain employes and persons to secure employment including the business of collecting information to the same end and prescribing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 821, entitled:

An Act establishing under the Department of Labor and Industry a system of regulation of employers seeking employes and of persons seeking employment and prescribing incidental thereto certain duties of employers and of county municipal township and school authorities and of agencies procuring employes for others and prescribing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 830 (House Bill No. 1034), entitled:

An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 832 (House Bill No. 867), entitled:

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 838, entitled:

An Act to repeal the first third and fourth sections of an act entitled "An Act to regulate places of public amusement in cities of the first class" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered to be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 847, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered to be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 852, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 410 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 410, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment.

The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution were twice read as follows:

In the title, in line 3, by adding the words "and making an appropriation"; also by adding a new section as follows:
Section 3 To carry out the purpose of this act the sum of three hundred dollars ($300.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Department of Public Printing and Binding

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

NOMINATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, viz:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William L. Sansom to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Lykens, County of Dauphin, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice Walter S. Young, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nomination,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nomination,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 662 (Senate Bill No. 924), entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1123 (Senate Bill No. 925), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting a Union Chapel at Tuberculosis Sanatorium Number three located at Hamburg in this Commonwealth and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said Sanatorium property a suitable building for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 914 (Senate Bill No. 926), entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the second class to locate construct and maintain subways and galleries with the equipment accessories and appurtenances thereof in congested districts of such cities and grant licenses for the use thereof to public service companies and others maintaining works and facilities in said districts providing for the determination of questions relatng thereto by proceedings before the Public Service Commission and in the courts requiring public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries for their works and facilities in certain cases and providing a method for fixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and the appurtenances and accessories thereof and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 1035 (Senate Bill No. 927); entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals food-stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of very kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plants or parts thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding leasing and selling real estate

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 190 (House Bill No. 104), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 590 (House Bill No. 331), on final passage, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city or cities and regulating the payment of such pensions

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 590 (House Bill No. 331), as follows:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That counties having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein shall create a pension fund for the pensioning of employes in the manner under the conditions and subject to the qualifications following

Section 2 In every county above designated there shall be created a board to be known as the pension board consisting of the treasurer and controller of each county and the mayor of each city therein and two employes of the county and two employes of each city therein to be chosen by the employes of said county and city respectively each year whose duty it shall be to register all persons employed by the said county and city or cities and to administer the collection and distribution of the funds provided for and to do such acts and make such reasonable rules in the premises as they may deem necessary to effectually carry into effect the provisions of this act

Section 3 Every person now or hereafter employed by the counties and cities herein designated of the age of fifty-five years and upwards who shall have been employed by any county and city or cities aforesaid for a period of twenty years or more shall upon application to the board of pensions herein created be retired from service and shall during the remainder of his or her life receive the pension or compensation fixed by this act subject to such qualifications as are herein contained

Section 4 During the lifetime of the said person he or she shall be entitled to receive as a pension annually from the fund set aside for that purpose fifty per centum of the amount which would constitute the average annual salary or wages which he or she received during the last five years of his or her employment by the said city and county said pension to be paid in monthly payments Should any person so employed after twenty years of service be dismissed voluntarily retire or be in any manner deprived of his position or employment before attaining the age of fifty-five years upon continuing a monthly payment to the fund equal to the last amount due and paid monthly while in active service said person shall be entitled to the pension above mentioned notwithstanding he or she has not attained the age of fifty years but said pension shall not commence until he or she has attained the age of fifty-five years Should any employe however become totally and permanently disabled after twenty years of service and before attaining the age of fifty-five years he or she shall be entitled to the said pension Proof of total and permanent disability shall consist of the sworn statement of three practicing physicians designated by the board that the employe is not in a condition of health to perform the duties of his or her position or office

Section 5 Employes of counties and cities herein mentioned shall after the passage of this act pay unto the board of pensions monthly an amount equal to two per centum of their monthly salaries or wages which shall be applied to the purposes of this act Payment of the monthly amount or contribution herein mentioned shall cease and be discontinued at the time the beneficiary receives the pension herein provided If for any cause an employe contributing to the pension fund shall cease to be an employe of any of the counties herein mentioned or of the city or cities therein before said employe becomes entitled to the pension conferred by this act the total amount of the contributions paid into the pension fund by such employe shall be refunded to him in full without interest Provided however If any such employe shall have returned to him or her the amount contributed as aforesaid and shall afterward re-enter the employ of any such county or city herein designated said employe shall not be entitled to the pension designated until twenty years after the said re-employment unless he or she shall return to the pension fund the amount withdrawn in which event the period of twenty years shall be computed from the time said employe first entered the service of said county or city In the event of the death of any such employe before the said employe becomes entitled to the pension aforesaid the said total amount of contributions aforesaid shall be paid over to the estate of said deceased employe

Section 6 Should any person holding position under the counties and cities herein mentioned be paid a per diem wage he or she shall not be compelled to pay or contribute toward the pension fund herein provided for but shall have the option or choice of so doing and in that event only of becoming entitled to the pension provided by this act

Section 7 The heads of every department and office shall certify to the board of pensions all persons employed and the amount of salary or wages which is paid to said employe together with dismisals resignations changes or terminations of services and from the records of their office or department furnish such information as the board of pensions shall require

Section 8 It shall be the duty of the board of pensions to receive and retain and when deemed advisable to invest the funds payable in accordance with the provisions of this act and to pay over by warrant or check the amount due to said employes

Section 9 The authorities of the counties and city or cities herein designated charged with the disbursements expenditures and appropriations shall annually set aside apportion and appropriate out of all taxes and income of the said counties and city or cities unto the board of pensions a sum sufficient to maintain the pensions or compensations due under this act Where there is more than one city in the counties designated each city shall appropriate a sum equal to its share or portion of the whole amount required

Section 10 The benefits conferred by this act shall apply to all persons employed in any capacity by or holding positions in the counties of the State included in its provisions and the city or cities therein Provided that this act shall not apply to employes of such departments bureaus or offices as are now protected by pension authorized by the laws of this State and in force at the time of the passage of this act

Section 11 The time of service herein specified namely twenty years shall be computed from the time of the first or original employment said employment to consist of service either to a city or county or both and need not be continuous No pensions shall be paid however until after January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 12 The compensation or pension herein mentioned shall not be subject to attachment or execution shall be payable only to the beneficiary designated in this act and shall not be subject to assignment or transfer

Section 13 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Hoke,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 870 (House Bill No. 1008), entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 870 (House Bill No. 1008), entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class

be read the first time.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 870 (House Bill No. 1008), entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 246.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 246, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the first and second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 1:15 o'clock P. M. until Thursday morning, April 15, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, April 14th, 1915.

The House met at 10.00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that we have been permitted to see the light of this beautiful day. More than fifty years ago some of us who are in this House represented this great State in one of the most cruel wars of modern times. We were associated with some of the bravest soldiers as Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, McClellan, Hancock, Meade and Reynolds, and hosts of others. We were associated with one of the greatest Presidents that ever sat in the seat of government, whose martyred death this day commemorates, whose hand grasped our hand with hearty shake, whose voice had in it a benediction for us, whose burning words have been carved upon a thousand monuments, whose deeds have become the heritage of the generation, and whose name has been embalmed in the hearts of millions of people. From the top of Fame's ladder he stepped into the sky. O God, give us grace, manhood and character to imitate him in his devotion to his fellow-man, to the flag he loved so much, to the country for which he died and to the God to Whom he prayed, we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Baker, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION BILL.

Mr. Scott presented the several petitions of the citizens of Center County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of sundry citizens of Huntingdon County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. WALTER presented the several petitions of the citizens of Franklin County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. McCLURE presented numerous petitions of the citizens of Beaver County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH presented several petitions of the citizens of Blair County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. RICH presented several petitions of the citizens of Clinton County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. GINGERY presented the petition of sundry citizens of Clearfield County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. RICH presented the petition of 212 women of Clinton County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH presented the several petitions of adult women residents of Beaver County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. GOODYEAR presented the petitions of sundry citizens of Cumberland County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. BARNETT presented the petition of Shinar Commandery No. 143, K. of M., of York County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. McCURDY presented the petition of the citizens of Blair County, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of The Central Presbyterian Church, McKeesport, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the citizens of McKeesport, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the First Presbyterian Church, McKeesport, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the citizens of Carrick and vicinity, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the citizens of North Side, Pittsburgh, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the citizens of Swissvale, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PRAYING FOR THE PASSAGE OF A COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. MARVIN presented the petition of citizens of Gaines township, Tioga County, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. MARVIN presented the petition of citizens of Tioga County, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST COMPULSORY MILITARY OR NAVAL INSTRUCTION IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Mr. BARNETT presented the protest of the teachers of the City of York, Pa., against the passage of Senate Bill No. 570, making military or naval instruction in our schools compulsory.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. W. W. JONES, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as amended, House Bill No. 26, entitled:

An Act to protect public life and safety by regulating and prohibiting the manufacture, sale, use, offering, giving away, disposing, lending, leasing, carrying and possession of certain weapons, arms, and firearms, fixing duties of the district attorney and county commissioners and providing penalties.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1406, entitled:

An Act requiring magistrates, upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors, to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1238, entitled:

A supplement to an act, entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth, the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation, and providing for the incidental expenses of said department," approved May fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, fixing the salaries in the Department of Public Instruction.

Mr. HACKETT, from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1427, entitled:

An Act to prohibit fishing with any device whatsoever in waters of this Commonwealth, including tidal streams and boundary waters and from the shores of this Commonwealth on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday, and to provide penalties for the violation of its provisions and empower any fish warden, deputy warden, sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable or any special officer, in this Commonwealth to make arrests for violation of this act.

Mr. VICKERMAN, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as committed, House Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act to further regulate the granting of licenses for the sale of vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by permitting the electors of any county in this Commonwealth to determine by an election whether the granting of licenses for such sale therein shall be prohibited.

Mr. LANIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1498, entitled:

An Act regulating poor districts comprising the territory constituting the whole or part of a second class city.

Mr. REEL, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1095, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of Register Assessors in boroughs and townships at primary elections.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 406, entitled:

An Act to clearify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of assembly which are obsolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional.

Mr. HABGOOD, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 714, entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations", approved 29th day of April 1874.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1263, entitled:

An Act requiring all State officials and employes who receive and disburse public moneys to give bond for the faithful performance of their official duties.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1354, entitled:

An Act relating to taxing, as part of the costs in a clause, an attorney's fee for the successful party upon appeals to the Supreme and Superior Courts.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1243 (Senate Bill No. 409), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof.

Mr. FLYNN, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed, House Bill No. 890, entitled:

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on landed purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located.

RESOLUTION NO. 14.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up resolution No. 14. File Folio 3753.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will be read by the Clerk.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 14.

Whereas, It has been alleged in the public press and in public discussion that large sums of money were illegally collected and expended by the liquor interests in the political campaign and election in Pennsylvania in one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, and

Whereas, By reason of this alleged huge and illegal expenditure the combined liquor interests now openly declare that they control a sufficient number of votes of representatives of the people to defeat any legislation imperilling the interests of the liquor dealers, and

Whereas, It is common knowledge that the Retail Liquor Dealers' Association of Pennsylvania, through its responsible officers, conducted a widespread and costly publicity campaign to accomplish this purpose, and

Whereas, Governor Brumbaugh in a statement published in the press of March tenth, is quoted as having said: "That after diligent search he had failed to find in any election expense account filed at Harrisburg any mention of money contributed for election purposes by a representative of the liquor interests, nor any accounting of any money spent by any individual or organization representing liquor interests, and

Whereas, Under the Corrupt Practices Act now in force any organization that collects or disburses money for any political purpose must file a full and complete accounting thereof, and

Whereas, The open and flagrant violation of the election laws by liquor interests, if permitted to pass without challenge, creates a vicious precedent and imperils the people's control of their own government, therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That a joint committee, consisting of three members of the Senate, one of whom shall be of the minority party, and four members of the House, one of whom shall be of the minority party, be appointed by the respective presiding officers of each House, to make a full investigation of all the circumstances and transactions connected with the alleged violation of the election laws of this Commonwealth by the liquor interests, including all moneys expended and the manner of expending said moneys, and such other matters pertaining to the alleged violation of the election laws as may to said joint committee seem pertinent. The said joint committee is hereby directed to organize forthwith after the approval of this resolution by the Governor, to hold public hearings as often as may be necessary, to summon witnesses, and for the purpose of this inquiry to issue subpoenas, administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all books, bills, cheques, cheque books, papers, minutes, records and contracts, and such other written and documentary evidence as may be pertinent to the inquiry and the said joint committee shall have the largest and most complete powers which the Attorney-General can confer for the accomplishment of these purposes. And the said joint committee shall have the assistance in conducting such investigation of auditors, accountants and counsel learned in the law, who shall be appointed by the Governor, and the said joint committee shall have authority to employ stenographers, clerks and messengers necessary for the proper prosecution of this investigation. The sergeant-at-arms of the Senate is hereby directed to attend said joint committee and serve all subpoenas issued by it, and generally enforce all the orders which said joint committee is hereby authorized to make, and to incur all the necessary expenses to discharge these duties, and that the said joint commttee shall make reports to the two Houses of the General Assembly at the present session, and the members of the General Assembly do hereby pledge themselves to make the necessary appropriations to defray the expenses of such joint committee, and this investigation.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask for a second reading of the resolution.

The resolution was again read by the Clerk.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this resolution be referred to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. GANS. Mr Speaker, I second the motion.

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Glenn and Mr. Brownlee and were as follows:

YEAS—128.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McDermott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—36.

Barnett,
Beck,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Harper,
Herman,
Jack,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Love,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Vickerman,
Watson,
Weaver,
Wylie,

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the motion agreed to.

RESOLUTION REQUESTING INFORMATION FROM THE STATE LIVE STOCK SANITARY BOARD.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer a resolution, which I ask to have read and request that it be referred to the Committee on Agriculture for immediate investigation and hearing, if necessary.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the resolution.

The Clerk then read the resolution as follows:

RESOLUTION.

Whereas Since the Foot and Mouth Disease seems not under control, and our State Live Stock Sanitary Board is not able in eradicating foot and mouth disease, It depreciates the value of the farms and is also detrimental to the cattle and dairy interests of our great State, and

Whereas The State Live Stock Sanitary Board has filed no report of the conduct of the department since the last session of the General Assembly, and

Whereas Foot and Mouth Disease has been a great loss to our State. Large sums of public moneys have been appropriated to and extended by the department since the outbreak in October 1914, and

Whereas It is essential that this House of Representatives and the farmers and cattle dealers of this great Keystone State should have full knowledge of the operation of this department, in order that it may consider intelligently Legislative matters affecting said department, therefore be it

Resolved That the State Veterinarians are hereby requested to furnish forthwith to the House a full, complete, detailed statement of information on foot and mouth disease, as follows, to wit, etc.

First An itemized statement of the expenditures of the appropriations to the State Live Stock Sanitary Board for foot and mouth disease, made by the act of Assembly 1915.

Second The names and addresses of the farmers that were quarantined for foot and mouth disease and had no foot and mouth disease in their herds.

Third The number of grade cattle and hogs killed on account of foot and mouth disease and paid for to date and what amount paid.

Fourth The number of grade cattle and hogs killed on account of foot and mouth disease and not paid for and state what appropriation needed.

Fifth The number of registered cattle and hogs killed on account of foot and mouth disease and paid to date and what amount paid.

Sixth The number of registered cattle and hogs killed on account of foot and mouth disease and not paid for. State what appropriation needed.

Seventh The names and addresses of all the inspectors, or veterinarians, their monthly salaries and expenses on foot and mouth disease since October first, 1914, office rent, etc.

Eighth Why did Dr. Marshall issue a circular November 1914 known as circular number 15 paying value for all the cattle killed for foot and mouth disease and now only paying $40 for grade cattle and $70 for registered as the State's half?

Ninth Why did Dr. Marshall order the farmer's barns torn out and contents burned up and saved the cattle pens in the stock yards and the cattle cars, and not allowing the farmers their full loss?

Tenth Why did Dr. Marshall not order all the cattle killed in the Union Stock Yards in Pittsburgh, Pa., where the first case was found October 24th, 1914?

Eleventh Why did Dr. Marshall not order all the cattle killed at the Union Stock Yards, Lancaster, Pa. after foot and mouth disease had been discovered?

Twelfth Why did Dr. Marshall not give the farmers the same rights on their healthy cattle as you do the Stock Yard Companies on foot and mouth disease?

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this resolution be referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 410, as follows:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is directed to cause to be printed and bound in pamphlet form five thousand copies of the report of the Commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania which was authorized by an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Section 2 The copies when printed and bound shall be delivered to the Division of Distribution of Documents and shall be distributed as follows. The Governor may requisition five hundred copies each Senator and Representative ten copies the State Librarian five hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau two hundred copies and the commission the remaining number.

Section 3 To carry out the purpose of this act the sum of three hundred dollars ($300.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Department of Public Printing and Binding.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop.
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving.
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan
Swartz.
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1071, File Folio 4691, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

on Second Reading be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 554, as follows:

An Act to provide a standard form of policy contract to be issued by fire insurance companies transacting business in Pennsylvania designating the provisions thereof exempting certain policies and prescribing penalties for any violations

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen no insurance company shall issue fire insurance policies except policies of perpetual insurance on property in this Commonwealth other than those of the standard form herein set forth except as follows

First A company may print on its policies its name location and date of incorporation plan of operation whether stock or mutual and if the former the amount of its paid up capital stock the name of its officers and agents the number and date of the policy and if it is issued through an agent the words "This policy shall not be valid until countersigned by the duly authorized agent of the company at ...."

Second A company may print or use in its policies printed forms of description and specifications of the property insured

Third A company incorporated in this Commonwealth may print in its policies any provisions which it is authorized or required by law to insert therein and any company not incorporated in this Commonwealth may with the approval of the Insurance Commissioner so print any provisions required by its charter or deed of settlement or by the laws of its own state or country not contrary to the laws of this Commonwealth but the Insurance Commissioner shall require any provision which in his opinion modifies the contract of insurance in such way as to effect the question of loss to be appended to the policy by a slip or rider as hereinafter provided

Fourth The blanks in said standard form may be filled in print or writing

Fifth A company may print upon policies issued in compliance with the preceding provisions of this section the words "Pennsylvania Standard Policy" and may include the name of any state or states which may adopt this form of policy

Sixth A company may write upon the margin or across the face of the policy or print in type not smaller than long primer upon separate slips or riders to be attached thereto provisions adding to or modifying those contained in the standard form and all such slips and provisions must be signed by the officers or agents of the company so issuing them

Section 2 Said standard form shall be plainly printed and no portion thereof shall be in type smaller than the type used in printing the form on file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner and shall be as follows

No. ....

Insertion of name of company or companies issuing the policy and other matter permitted to be stated at the head of the policy

Amount $.......... Rate .... Premium $..........

In Consideration of the Stipulations herein named

and of .... dollars premium does insure ....
and legal representatives to the extent of the actual cash value (ascertained with proper deductions for depreciation) of the property at the time of loss or damage but not exceeding the amount which it would cost to repair or replace the same with material of like kind and quality within a reasonable time after such loss or damage without allowance for any increased cost of repair or reconstruction by reason of any ordinance or law regulating construction or repair and without compensation for loss resulting from interruption of business or manufacture for the term of ....
from the .... day of ....19...... at noon
to the .... day of .... 19.... at noon
against all direct loss and damage by fire and by removal from premises endangered by fire except as herein provided to an amount not exceeding .... dollars to the following described property while located and contained as described herein or pro rata for five days at each proper place to which any of the property shall necessarily be removed for preservation from fire but not elsewhere namely

Description of Property

This policy is made and accepted subject to the foregoing stipulations and conditions and to the stipulations and conditions printed on the back hereof which are hereby made a part of this policy together with such other provisions stipulations and conditions as may be endorsed hereon or added hereto as herein provided

In Witness Whereof this Company has executed and attested these presents

Date and Signatures and Titles of Officers and Agent

Fraud Misrepresentation Et Cetera

This entire policy shall be void if the insured has concealed or misrepresented any material fact or circumstances concerning this insurance of the subject thereof or in case of any fraud or false swearing by the insured touching any matter relating to his insurance or the subject thereof whether before or after a loss

Property Uninsurable and Accepted

This policy shall not cover accounts bills currency deeds evidences of debt money notes or securities nor unless specifically named hereon in writing bullion manuscripts mechanical drawings dies or patterns

Hazards not Covered

This Company shall not be liable for loss or damage caused directly or indirectly by invasion insurrection riot civil war or commotion or military or usurped power or by order of any civil authority or by theft or by neglect of the insured to use all reasonable means to save and preserve the property at and after a fire or when the property is endangered by fire in neighboring premises

This entire policy shall be void unless otherwise provided by agreement in writing added hereto

Ownership Et Cetera

(a) If the interest of the insured be other than unconditional and sole ownership or (b) if the subject of insurance be a building on ground not owned by the insured in fee simple or (c) if with the knowledge of the insured foreclosure proceedings be commenced or notice given of sale of any property insured hereunder by reason of any mortgage or trust deed or (d) if any change other than by the death of an insured take place in the interest title or possession of the subject of insurance (except change of occupants without increase of hazard) or (e) if this policy be assigned before a loss

Unless otherwise provided by agreement in writing added hereto this Company shall not be liable for loss or damage occurring

Other Insurance

(a) While the insured shall have any other contract of insurance whether valid or not on property covered in whole or in part by this policy or

Increase of Hazard

(b) While the hazard is increased by any means within the control or knowledge of the insured or

Repairs Et Cetera

(c) While mechanics are employed in building altering or repairing the described premises beyond a period of fifteen days or

Explosives Gas Et Cetera

(d) While illuminating gas or vapor is generated on the described premises or while (any usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding) there is kept used or allowed on the described premises fireworks, greek, fire, phosphorus, explosives, benzine, gasoline, naphtha or any other petroleum product of greater inflammability than kerosene oil gunpowder exceeding twenty-five pounds or kerosene oil exceeding five barrels or

Factories

(e) If the subject of insurance be a manufacturing establishment while operated in whole or in part between the hours of ten post meridian and five ante meridian or while it ceases to be operated beyond a period of ten days or

Unoccupancy

(f) While a described building whether intended for occupancy by owner or tenant is vacant or unoccupied beyond a period of ten days or

Explosion Lightning

(g) By explosion or lightning unless fire ensue and in that event for loss or damage by fire only

Chattel Mortgage

Unless otherwise provided by agreement in writing added hereto this Company shall not be liable for loss or damage to any property insured hereunder while incumbered by a chattel mortgage and during the time of such incumbrance this Company shall be liable only for loss or damage to any other property insured hereunder

Fall of Building

If a building or any material part thereof fall except as the result of fire all insurance by this policy on such building or its contents shall immediately cease

Added Clauses

The extent of the application of insurance under this policy and of the contribution to be made by this Company in case of loss or damage and any other agreement not inconsistent with or a waiver of any of the conditions or provisions of this policy may be provided for by agreement in writing added hereto

Waiver

No one shall have power to waive any provision or condition of this policy except such as by the terms of this policy may be the subject of agreement added thereto nor shall any such provision or condition be held to be waived unless such waiver shall be in writing added hereto nor shall any provision or condition of this policy or any forfeiture be held to be waived by any requirement act or proceeding on the part of this Company relating to appraisal or to any examination herein provided for nor shall any privilege or permission affecting the insurance hereunder exist or be claimed by the insured unless granted herein or by rider added hereto

Cancellation of Policy

This policy shall be cancelled at any time at the request of the insured in which case the Company shall upon demand and surrender of this policy refund the excess of paid premium above the customary short rates for the expired time This policy may be cancelled at any time by the Company by giving to the insured a five days' written notice of cancellation with or without tender of the excess of paid premium above the pro rata premium for the expired time which excess if not tendered shall be refunded on demand Notice of cancellation shall state that said excess premium (if not tendered) will be refunded on demand

Pro Rata Liability

This Company shall not be liable for a greater proportion of any loss or damage than the amount hereby insured shall bear to the whole insurance covering the property whether valid or not and whether collectible or not

Noon

The word "noon" herein means noon of standard time at the place of loss or damage

Mortgage Interests

If loss or damage is made payable in whole or in part to a mortgagee not named herein as the insured this policy may be cancalled as to such interest by giving to such mortgagee a ten days' written notice of cancellation Upon failure of the insured to render proof of loss such mortgagee shall as if named as insured hereunder but within sixty days after such failure render proof of loss and shall be subject to the provisions hereof as to appraisal and time of payment and of bringing suit On payment to such mortgagee of any sum for loss or damage hereunder if this Company shall claim that as to the mortgagor or owner no liability existed it shall to the extent of such payment be subrogated to the mortgagee's right to recovery and claim upon the collateral to the mortgagee debt but without impairing the mortgagee's right to sue or it may pay the mortgage debt and require an assignment thereof and of the mortgage other provisions relating to the interest and obligation of such mortgagee may be added hereto by agreement in writing

Requirements in Case of Loss

The insured shall give immediate notice in writing to this Company of any loss or damage protect the property from further damage forthwith separate the damaged and undamaged personal property put it in the best possible order furnish a complete inventory of the destroyed damaged and undamaged property stating the quantity and cost of each article and the amount claimed thereon and the insured shall within sixty days after the fire unless such time is extended in writing by this Company render to this Company a proof of loss signed and sworn to by the insured stating the knowledge and belief of the insured as to the time and origin of the fire the interest of the insured and of all others in the property the cash value of each item thereof and the amount of loss or damage thereto all incumbrances thereon all other contracts of insurance whether valid or not covering any of said property and a copy of all the descriptions and schedules in all policies any changes in the title use occupation location possessions or exposures of said property since the issuing of this policy and by whom and for what purpose any building herein described and the several parts thereof were occupied at the time of fire and shall furnish if required verified and specifications of any building fixtures or machinery destroyed or damaged The insured as often as may be reasonably required shall exhibit to any person designated by this Company all that remains of any property herein described and submit to examinations under oath by any person named by this Company and subscribe the same and as often as may be reasonably required shall produce for examination all books of account bills invoices and other vouchers or certified copies thereof if originals be lost at such reasonable time and place as may be designated by this Company or its representative and shall permit extracts and copies thereof to be made

Appraisal

In case the insured and this Company shall fail to agree as to the amount of loss or damage each shall on the written demand of either select a competent and disinterested appraiser The appraisers shall first select a competent and disinterested umpire and failing for fifteen days to agree upon such umpire then on request of the insured or this Company such umpire shall be selected by a judge of a court of record in the county in which the property insured is located The appraisers shall then appraise the loss and damage stating separately sound value and loss or damage to each item and failing to agree shall submit their differences only to the umpire An award in writing so itemized of any two when filed with this Company shall determine the amount of sound value and loss or damage Each appraiser shall be paid by the party selecting him and the expenses of appraisal and umpire shall be paid by the parties equally

Company's Options

It shall be optional with this Company to take all or any part of the articles at the agreed or appraised value and also to repair rebuild or replace the property lost or damaged with other of like kind and quality within a reasonable time on giving notice of its intention so to do prior to thirty days after ascertainment of loss or damage is made as herein provided

Abandonment

There can be no abandonment to this Company of any property

When Loss Payable

The amount of loss or damage for which this Company may be liable shall be payable sixty days after proof of loss as herein provided is received by this Company and ascertainment of the loss or damage is made either by agreement between the insured and this Company expressed in writing or by the filing with this Company of an award as herein provided

Suit

No suit or action on this policy for the recovery of any claim shall be sustainable in any court of law or equity unless the claimant shall show compliance with all the requirements of this policy nor unless commenced within twelve months next after the fire

Subrogation

This Company may require from the insured an assignment of all right of recovery against any party for loss or damage to the extent that payment therefor is made by this Company

Section 3 Any person corporation or company that shall either as principal or agent wilfully issue or cause to be issued any policy or contract of fire insurance on property situated within this Commonwealth contract to the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not exceeding five hundred dollars Any policy issued in violation of this act shall nevertheless be construed in accordance with the provisions of this act Provided however That as the provisions of this act are not applicable to policies of perpetual insurance such perpetual policies shall not be required to conform to the requirements of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 832, as follows:

An Act to provide for the person upon whom service of all legal processes shall be made in the case of foreign insurance companies transacting business in this Commonwealth requiring the designation of the Insurance Commissioner for such service prescribing the method of service and repealing existing laws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every insurance company or association of any other State or foreign government before it is admitted and authorized to transact business in this Commonwealth shall be a duly executed instrument filed in his office constitute and appoint the Insurance Commissioner or his successor its true and lawful attorney upon whom all legal processes in any action rule order or legal proceedings against it shall be served and therein shall agree that any legal process against it which may be served upon him as its said attorney shall be of the same force and validity as if served on the company and that the authority thereof shall continue in force irrevocable so long as any liability of the company remains outstanding in this Commonwealth The service of such process shall be made by leaving the same in duplicate in the hands or office of the Commissioner one copy certified by the Commissioner or his Deputy as having been served upon him shall be deemed sufficient evidence thereof and service upon such attorney shall be deemed valid service upon the company

Section 2 When legal process is served upon him as attorney for a foreign company he shall forthwith forward one of the duplicate copies of the process served on him to its secretary or in the case of a company of a foreign country to its resident manager in the United States Provided that where attachments are so served the Commissioner shall give immediate notice thereof to the company by telegraph As a condition of valid and effective service and of the duty of the Commissioner in the premises the plaintiff in each such process shall pay to the Commissioner at the time of service thereof the sum of two dollars which the said plaintiff shall recover as taxable costs in the case if he prevails in the suit The Commissioner shall keep a record of all such processes which shall show the day and hour of service

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1311, entitled:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing their powers and duties and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes" as heretofore amended and supplemented imposing certain duties on the board and on burgesses of boroughs township commissioners and supervisors and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury.

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That appeals from assessments made by the board for the assessment and revision of taxes under the act to which this act is a supplement and under the various amendments and supplements thereto shall be heard by the board at such place in the city or borough or township where respective property is located and at such time as the board may fix Notice of the time and place of hearing appeals shall be given as required in said act In hearing appeals in a borough or township the burgess or the chairman of the township commissioners or a township supervisor selected by the township supervisors as the case may be shall sit with said board as a member thereof ex-officio in hearing appeals from assessment of property located in the respective borough or township For such services the burgess or commissioner or supervisor shall receive from the county treasury compensation at the rate of five dollars per diem for each day necessarily employed in the duties herein imposed Payment shall be made on warrant of the county controller on certificate from the President of the board that the services have been actually performed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 8, by inserting after the word "where" the word "the"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing their powers and duties and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes" as heretofore amended and supplemented imposing certain duties on the board and on burgesses of boroughs township commissioners and supervisors and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1266, as follows:

An Act authorizing the State Department of Health to establish and maintain a place of detention and treatment for lepers on the state forest reserve or elsewhere and making an appropriation therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Department of Health is hereby authorized to establish and maintain upon a state forest reserve or elsewhere in Pennsylvania a suitable place of detention for persons afflicted with leprosy The Department is authorized to construct such building as may be necessary and to provide for the care attention and treatment of persons afflicted with such disease

Section 2 To carry out the purpose of this act the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) is hereby specficially appropriated for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 3 Upon the completion of such place of detention the Department of Health is authorized to remove thereto all persons afflicted with leprosy now in any house or other place of detention and treatment in Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1086 (Senate Bill No. 347), as follows:

An Act relating to Policies of Life Insurance or Annuities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all policies of life insurance or annuities upon the life of any person which have heretofore or which shall be hereafter taken out for the benefit of or assigned to the wife or children or any other relative dependent upon such person shall be vested in such wife or children or other relative exempt from all claims of the creditors of such insured person notwithstanding the right to change the beneficiary named has been reserved by the insured or is permitted by the insurer

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 954, entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of promoting the public health safety order and general welfare cities of the first class may regulate the location size and use of buildings therein and may make different regulations for different districts thereof the park commission of any city of the first class may make such regulations as to the location size and use of buildings and portion of which shall come within two hundred feet of any park parkway playground or other public place under its care or management and upon their approval by the councils of such city said regulations shall have the same effect as if originally made by said councils

The title was read as follows:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by inserting after the word "cities" the words "of the first class"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1035, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled

"An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding leasing and selling real estate

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one of the act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to [illegible] incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or applicatoion of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass of for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind of for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose construction acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of elecerical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing buisness as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" is hereby amended to read as follows

It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding leasing and selling real estate to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Boyle,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
[illegible]r,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,

Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 914, as follows:

An Act enabling cities of the second class to relieve traffic congestion and to improve transit facilities in such cities by the construction and maintenance of subways and galleries in or adjacent to congested districts of such cities empowering the Public Service Commission to compel public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries providing a method for fixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class for the purpose of relieving traffic congestion are hereby authorized and empowered to locate construct own and maintain on or through either public or private property subways or tunnels for the transportation of persons and property in or adjacent to the districts or sections of such cities where traffic is or may hereafter become congested together with approaches entrances stations tracks power transmission systems sidings connections with other facilities of said city and others galleries and other accessories either in appurtenant thereto or in connection therewith to be used for any lawful purpose Said cities are also hereby authorized and empowered to grant licenses for a reasonable rental for the use of such subways and tunnels to public service companies as defined in the Public Service Company Law of this State and others maintaining works and facilities in said district in the manner and under the restrictions herein set forth Such cities may permit entrances to be made into such subways and tunnels from private property and may grant permits for advertising and for news stands at the stations of such subways and tunnels and may fix the compensation therefor

Section 2 Before letting any contract for the construction of such subway or tunnel such city shall negotiate with the public service companies and others for which it is proposed to provide accommodation in said subway or tunnel for the purpose of agreeing upon terms for the use of such subway or tunnel All agreements so made must be approved by the Public Service Commission If the city and any such public service companies and others do not agree upon the terms on which the city shall grant a license to use such subway or tunnel the city may thereupon fix the terms of such license and apply to the Public Service Commission for an order directing such public service companies and others to use such subway or tunnel in accordance with such terms If the Public Service Commission shall find that it is necessary or proper for the public safety welfare and convenience to require such public service companies and others to use such subway or tunnel it shall make an order requiring such public service companies and others to use such subway or tunnel for a period not exceeding twenty-five years upon the terms fixed by such city or such modification thereof as to the said commission shall seem just and reasonable Any such order shall be subject to review by the courts as is now provided by law in other proceedings before the commission No agreement for the use of said subway or tunnel shall be made for a longer period than twenty-five years and all such agreements shall be subject to modification of their terms at five year intervals either by agreement or by like proceedings before the Public Service Commission The Public Service Commission shall review all orders made by it respecting the use of said subway or tunnel at five year intervals and shall make such modifications in the terms thereof as shall be just and reasonable Such orders may be modified at other times for cause shown upon the application of any interested party All such orders of the Commission shall be subject to review by the courts as is provided by law in other proceedings before the Commission

Section 3 Any such city shall have the right to repeal any ordinance passed or discontinue any proceeding taken providing for any of the improvements authorized by this act prior to beginning the construction thereof and shall not thereafter be liable to pay any damages which have been or might have been assessed but all costs upon such proceeding shall be paid by said city together with any actual damages sustained by reason of such proceedings

Section 4 If such city shall proceed with the construction of such subway or tunnel all public service companies and others who have agreed or been ordered by the Public Service Commissiin to use said subway or tunnel shall remove their works and facilities from existing locations and place them in such subway or tunnel when and as said city may direct and if any such public service companies or others shall refuse or neglect to remove said works and facilities and place them in said subway or tunnel when required by said city so to do said city may remove said works and facilities and place them in said subway or tunnel at the expense of such public service company or others After said works and facilities are removed from existing locations the city shall not grant rights to other parties which may impair any franchise or right of such public service companies and others in their former locations save as said city may lawfully do it being the intention of this act to preserve the rights of all parties except as the mode of their exercise is herein changed

Section 5 No exclusive rights whatever shall be granted by any city to any public service company or others to use and operate in said subway or tunnel but licenses may be granted to other public service companies and others whether for the transportation of persons or property or for other public service it not being intended by this act to protect transportation companies or other public service companies from competition which is or may be authorized by law No franchise or right to use said subway or tunnel or any part thereof shall be granted for a longer term than twenty-five years and the terms thereof shall be reviewed at five year intervals

Section 6 In case any property is damaged by the construction of such subway or tunnel or in case any such city desires to enter upon any land to make any investigation or desires to take use or appropriate the fee or any lesser estate in any lands or properties necessary for the construction of such subway or tunnel and is unable to agree with the owner or owners upon the price to be paid therefor the damages caused by such construction shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages to abutting properties caused by the grading or otherwise improving of streets in such cities and the damages caused by such entry on taking using and appropriation of land shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages for the taking occupation or injury of property necessary in the laying out opening widening and grading of streets in the municipal corporations of this Commonwealth

Section 7 Should any section or provision of this act be held by the courts to be invalid or unconstitutional the same shall not impair the grant of power herein to cities of the second class to locate construct own and maintain subways or tunnels and their appurtenances nor shall it be held to affect any other section or provision of this act

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—192.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Baker,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1057, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities co-extensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities co-extensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" is hereby repealed

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1123, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting a Union Chapel at Tuberculosis Sanatorium Number Three located at Hamburg in this Commonwealth and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said sanatorium property a suitable building for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting a Union Chapel at Tuberculosis Sanatorium Number Three situated at Hamburg Berks County Pennsylvania

Section 2 The said Commissioner of Health is hereby further authorized and empowered after receiving sufficient donation or donations for the purpose set forth in section one of this act to have plans and specifications prepared for a building to be used as a Union Chapel which said plans and specifications shall be submitted to the Governor of this Commonwealth for his consideration and approval and upon the approval of plans and specifications for such building by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the Commissioner of Health to have the said building erected under said plans and specifications at a suitable place on the property purchased and owned by the Commonwealth for sanatorium purposes at Hamburg provided however that the entire cost of the construction and equipment of said chapel shall be covered by the said donation or donations and no plans shall be prepared or building done until such donation or donations have been received by the Commissioner of Health

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker.
Baldwin.
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger.
Bergy,
Finnerty.
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit.
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1026, as follows:

An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons engaged or engaging in the business or work of barbering in cities of this Commonwealth and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements therefor and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures in violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to carry on or work at the business of barbering in cities of this Commonwealth until a certificate or license to engage in or work at said business shall have been granted to said persons by the Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health of such cities nor until they have registered as such in the office of the said department or bureau of such cities

Section 2 The business of barbering in the meaning of this act is defined as the trade or occupation wherein any person male or female is engaged for hire or reward in shaving the face or cutting or washing the hair of the head of other persons either by manual or mechanical means

A barber within the meaning of this act shall be any person either male or female who practices or is engaged in barbering under the provisions of this act either as an employer or employe

Section 3 All and every person or persons engaged or engaging in the business of barbering in such cities shall apply in writing to the said Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health for such certificate or license and if after proper examination made by the Board of Examiners of such cities to be appointed as hereinafter provided such person or persons so applying shall be found competent the same shall be certified to the director of said department or bureau who shall thereupon issue certificate or license to such person or persons which shall entitle him or them to carry on such business or work at the same A registry of all such applicants and the licenses or certificates issued shall be kept in said Department or Bureau of Public Health and said registration shall be opened to the inspection of all persons interested therein

Section 4 The council of said cities shall by ordinance fix the number of examiners constituting said board and the compensation if any that shall be paid to said examiners

Section 5 The Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health of said cities is hereby authorized to appoint the Board of Examiners which shall consist of the practical barbers who have been filling the occupation of barbering for at least five years prior to their appointment and the Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health shall be ex officio member of said board

Section 6 The said Board of Examiners shall examine all applicants for licenses under the provisions of this act and shall make rules and regulations providing for such examinations All applicants shall file under oath a written application with the said Board setting forth his full name residence citizenship age and date and place of birth and that he has served not less than three years under a competent barber or in a properly conducted barber school In said application he shall set forth that he is ready and willing to offer himself for a physical examination by the said board The applicant shall pay for the filing of said application the sum of two dollars which shall be paid into the city treasury for the use of such cities

Section 7 No habitual drunkard or persons having an infectious contagious or other transmissable disease shall be permitted to practice or be engaged in the business of barbering within the said cities and no license or certificate shall be given to any such person

Section 8 Every applicant for examination under the provisions of this act who has passed a satisfactory examination both as to his competency and physical health shall be awarded a certificate by said Board certifying that he is competent to engage in the practice of barbering and upon the said certificate the Director of the Deparment or Bureau of Public Health shall grant the license to engage in the business of barbering under the provisions of this act

Section 9 Every person who at the date of this act has been engaged in the occupation of barbering in this Commonwealth for the last five (5) years and who shall within ninety (90) days after the appointment of the Board of Examiers comply with the rules of said board shall be exempt from any examination as to his competency

Section 10 Every person holding a certificate of any other state showing that he is duly qualified to practice barbering under this act may upon the payment of a fee of one dollar be granted a certificate by said Board without examination as to his competency

Section 11 The Board of Examiners shall further require every applicant as an apprentice or student to file in its office a formal application similar to the one provided for in section three of this act and the board shall make such reasonable rules and regulations as the board sees fit

Section 12 Upon the payment of one ($1.00) dollar and the filing of satisfactory proofs under this act the board shall issue to all apprentices a certificate of registration or license

Section 13 Said apprentice shall pay the said board such fee at the time of his registration said registration need not be renewed

Section 14 Registration under section three shall be renewed each year during the month of May and all licenses must be taken out on or before June first following or the said license to practice barbering shall be revoked and cannot be renewed for a period of thirty (30) days The annual license fee shall be one dollar

Section 15 The Board of Examiners shall keep two (2) separate registers one for the registration of persons practicing barbering and the other for the registration of apprentices

Section 16 Said board shall have power to revoke any certificate of registration after a full hearing after a notice given for

(a) Habitual drunkenness

(b) Having or imparting a contagious or infectious disease

(c) For unsanitary or unworkmanlike work

(d) Gross incompetency

Section 17 The said board shall have power to reissue any revoked licenses upon a sufficient showing that the disqualification has ceased

Section 18 The Board of Examiners shall have full power to see that all barber schools and barber shops are conducted in a clean and sanitary condition as not to endanger the health of the public and for the purpose of ascertaining these conditions any member of said board may at any time enter and after notice and hearing compel the owner or operator to put his shop in such condition or close the shop

Section 19 No barber shop having more than one chair shall be entitled to more than one apprentice for each two registered barbers and no barber school shall have less than one teacher to each ten pupils

Section 20 The course of study in each barber school or college shall be subject to approval of the Board of Examiners

Section 21 Every registered barber and every registered apprentice shall keep prominently displayed in front of the chair in which he practices his certificate of registration and every master barber shall keep prominently displayed in his barber shop the rules and regulations furnished him by the Board of Examiners

Section 22 The Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health shall have power to enforce the provisions of this act

Section 23 Any person violating any provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon a conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or undergo an imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety days or both

Section 24 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Arthur,
Benn,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Gans,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Mangan,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Wagner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Luxemburger,
McClintock,
McKay,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Palmer,
Perry,
Staving,
Steedle,
Walsh,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,

NAYS—112.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benninger,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Corbin,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Myers,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Stein,
Stone,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of eleven o'clock has arrived, the time fixed for the consideration by special order of House Bill No. 662, File Folio 3185.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 662, entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be postponed indefinitely.

Mr. WALTERS. Mr Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, without entering upon a discussion of a motion, I would like to ask the gentleman from Clearfield, I may say, a personal favor to me, to withdraw that motion at least for the present. Will the gentleman please withdraw that motion?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my motion for the present.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I would like to claim the attention of this House for probably ten minutes or more and in that time I would like to ask of you gentlemen, perhaps as a personal favor, perhaps as something that the bill under consideration merits, that you give it your whole and undivided attention and that you gentlemen consider it not in a spirit of jest or hilarity and not in a spirit of prejudice or opposition.

I want to say to you, my colleagues, that I rise to add my humble effort for the passage of House Bill 662 guaranteeing to all persons, regardless of race, creed or color, the equal protection of the law, and I trust my colleagues will consider this great question without any feelings of prejudice. The bill simply prohibits the usual forms of race discrimination as practiced daily against our colored citizens, and provides that any person so insulted may be recompensed in damages, and the offender criminally punished. It is merely an amplification of the Act of 1887 which was intended to accomplish the same purpose, but is unenforcable.

I am deeply conscious of my inability to do justice to this great question and am completely overawed by the great struggle for human rights for which I plead. If I had the eloquence of a Webster, a Lincoln or a Douglass, I might adequately present this matter to you. The rights of over a quarter million of our citizens are involved and they appeal to you far better than any word of mine.

You will not consider me impertinent or sacrilegious in saying that we should approach this great question with a clean mind and pure heart and with a prayer to our Father in Heaven to give us wisdom to see the right and courage to enforce it.

I plead simply for the justice granted by the fourteenth amendment to the Federal Constitution guaranteeing every person the equal protection of the law. This right was recognized and followed by the framers of our Constitution in 1874, for the very first article thereof declares these inherent rights of man:

"That all men are born equally free and independent and have certain inherent and indefeasible rights among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty, of acquiring, possessing and protecting property and reputation and of pursuing their own happiness."

The Republican Platform adopted at Pittsburgh in August 1914 upon which our party secured its magnificent victory, contained this declaration for justice to the negro citizen:

"We condemn the so-called Jim Crow bills introduced in Congress by Southern Democrats, and other measures antagonistic to the negro citizen, together with the rulings for segregation in the Executive Department of the government of negro employees. We declare these race discriminations are contrary to the spirit of American institutions."

Upon this solemn promise the Republican party secured the negro vote of this Commonwealth. Can we now as honorable men refuse to carry out our pledge? They have done their full duty by the party and by us and now ask for justice. Dare we deny it?

And why not grant our colored brother the same right to the pursuit of happiness as we enjoy? Has he not brought his full sacrifice upon every occasion of national peril? Whose blood helped to render the testament of liberty valid? Ask Port Hudson and Milligans Bend, and Fort Wagner, and Fort Pillow, and Pittsburgh Landing, how the negro soldier behaved under the fire of the enemy on those memorable battlefields rendered sacred by their patriotic blood.

Who saved the Rough Riders at San Juan, whose blood marked the pathway to safety in the Philippines?

At the close of the Civil War, they were without homes, lands or money. To-day, they own over 600,000 homes, 20,000,000 acres of farm land, covering an area equal to Belguim and Holland. They have under cultivation 40,000,000 acres of farm lands, own 10,000 business houses, 300 drug stores and 60 banks.

At the close of the Civil War, they were without schools, without men of letters, and without men in any of the professional or higher walks of life. To-day in almost every city in the land, you may find schools and churches, their hospitals and charitable institutions, their newspapers and magazines- their social and fraternal organizations. They have adorned all the professons and are represented on the Bench and in the highest political offices.

A race that can produce in 50 years, beginning with nothing such a record, may well be entitled to simple justice. They only ask for an equal opportunity in the race for life; they ask for no special legislation, but simply for a just application of the law.

The history of the world has no such chapter as the negro's 50 years of freedom. The duty of this House is to Unshackle him completely and make him wholly free, as this bill contemplates. When the negro is free from the vexatious annoyance of color—the mark of the Creator—and is given the same opportunity as other men, his contribution to society will continue even greater.

Whatever be his present disadvantages and inequalities, one thing is certain, that probably in no State of the Union is he more respected than here. Thank God, there are not many persons who must be forced and controlled by this Act, but just enough to keep the best element of the colored race continually smarting under the lash of unfairness and insult.

I am indeed glad to state that the great majority of the right-minded people of our County and State are for this bill. New York has such a law, respected by everybody, why not Pennsylvania follow her noble example. I predict that within the next 50 years, every State in the Union will have a bill like this, for antipathy to creed or color is not natural, but is rather one of the unfortunate and undesirable consequences of our social life.

We have founded our Commonwealth not upon the rock of selfishness or the sands of materialism, for these would not resist the torrents of human passion or the whirlwinds of adversity. We have founded our Commonwealth upon the great corner-stones of humanity, upon virtue, upon liberty and upon independence. Upon our altar we have placed the Bible of the great Jehovah revered by all good men, and from the gilded dome of our Capitol we have unfurled the Flag of Freedom, that it may flutter in the breezes and proclaim our loyality to its principles.

I ask you, my colleagues, can any structure reared by the hand of man be more lasting or inspiring? If we were but true to its principles, then indeed would every problem in society be solved and the word of the prophecy be fulfilled "They shall beat their swords into plowshares and their spears into pruning hooks. Nation shall not lift up the sword against nation; nor shall they teach the art of war any longer."

Go back with me, my friends, along the corridors of time, and see what struggles man has made that virtue and liberty might not perish from the earth.

From the thundering mountains of Sinai, Moses first proclaimed these principles as the word of God, yet centuries passed and the Teacher of Nazareth gave His life that the Golden Rule might continue as the rule of human conduct. Since the Cross of Calvary, the fires of hope and independence have been glowing continuously that man might have equal opportunity.

Let us lift our eyes to Heaven and see the vision of this great nation of the future. America, the crucible of time, the melting pot of the nations, extending from the rock-ribbed coast of Maine to the fertile shores of California, and from the frozen hills of Alaska to the sun-kissed plains of Florida. America, the promised land, flowing with milk and honey, the land of freedom and opportunity, the favorite child among the nations, may well be just and even generous to its colored citizens. As we stand to-day before the throne of God enjoying peace on Earth, let us show our spirit of gratitude by extending justice and full equality to our colored brother.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I rise with reluctance after hearing the classic oration of my friend from Pittsburgh. His constituents have shown their wisdom by sending him here, and I say that we should be here and stand here manly, leaving our prejudices behind, if we have any. Here is a law making body. We are not here for the purpose of giving forth any prejudices we may have, but we are here for the purpose of passing laws regardless of any prejudice. The gentleman from Allegheny has said, and well said, that our colored brethren are not asking for any favors. They are asking that which the Constitution of the United States said they shall have. In the State of New York they have a law of this character on the Statute books.

I say to the gentlemen of this House, be courageous, be manly. Let this matter go to a vote. Let each of us record either aye or nay, according to our consciences and not postpone this matter because, to my mind, that is not the courageous thing to do.

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker, I want to say just a word in favor of the passage of this bill which is of greatest importance to over 250,000 colored people throughout the State and who are anxiously awaiting the verdict of this House. In talking to some members, they argue the bill is not necessary. The opponents to the measure however, argue that if this bill should become a law, the colored people in Pennsylvania would be quick to take advantage and abuse the privileges it allows. Now this is not correct because it only assures the colored man in this Commonwealth that he will be treated the same as any other man or citizen. In the first place, the colored man is not going to that public place where he is not welcome as any other citizen. In the second place he is not going to spend his money or do business with that public or private concern that don't want to do business with him. What he objects to however, is being insulted, abused, and kicked about by a few people who if they had their say or way, would have one law for the colored citizen and one for the white, not to speak of one for the rich and one for the poor. Now we don't want any distinction in our citizenship in Pennsylvania and by voting in favor of this bill you will be wiping out what little there is.

The colored citizen who owns property is assessed in the same way as is the white man. If he desires to vote, he is compelled to pay his poll tax and be registered in the same way. His ballot is put in the box and counted in the same way, and at that, the privileges accorded him stop. He is not given the same privileges in the way of amusements, nor is he given the same amount of latitude or respect as alloted to the ordinary tax-payer. In other words he is compelled to pay for all things which tend to make him a citizen of the State, but derives none of the benefits outside of the ordinary protection to life and property.

The colored man is capable of enjoying healthy amusements, and can and does conduct himself properly. If he is compelled to pay for these privileges, then he should be allowed to enjoy them, but if they are denied him, then he should not be put to that expense. Being put on an equal plane with the white man in the matter of paying for them, he should be given equal suffrage when it comes to enjoying those privileges.

Now, Mr. Speaker, I am going to call on every man who believes in justice and fair play, on every member elected on the Republican ticket, on every member elected as a Democrat, as well as those elected on any party ticket, and on every member who is a friend of mine in the House to stand up and vote in favor of the passage of this bill when his name is called and receive the everlasting thanks of the colored people in the Keystone State.

Mr. GEISER. I thoroughly agree with what the gentlemen from Allegheny have just said and in rising in behalf of this measure. I simply wish to recall the words of the great Emancipator, and I believe if he were here today he would repeat what he said at Gettysburg, "It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this."

Mr. BUNGARD. Mr. Speaker, I would not attempt to add anything to what has already been said, but I just want to say one little word at this time. Our great Republican Party of this great Commonwealth rests upon that fundamental foundation of protection, protection to industry, protection to commerce and protection to humanity. We are called upon here to render a service in this Legislature, not to benefit the favored few, but to benefit the masses, to benefit the people of Pennsylvania.

I am glad to be a member of this law-making body at this time when vital questions are the great issues of the time, and among these questions I deem the most vital is that question which deals with humanity. And, gentlemen, after we have run our course, and we trace our footsteps from the cradle to the grave, after we have assembled home to God, we can look back over this world and we can rejoice over one of the greatest things that we can crown the light of humanity, and that is service to all mankind. I want to be of service to mankind, regardless of race. Now, gentlemen, let us look upon the human side of this question and vote accordingly.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I am glad that the gentlemen from Allegheny referred to the last Republican Platform, so that we owe it to our party that we vote on this question. I am glad to say that even though it were not in the party platform, as a man I would vote on this question. I represent a number of people who are referred to, and who were referred to by Mr. Stein, and I have had them tell me of some of the most outrageous discriminations against them, simply because they are colored people. I am glad to say that the outrageous discriminations against them invariably are not made by American-born citizens, but by those who have come from other countries to live here. If this shall do nothing else, it will teach those people who come from other countries and propose to carry with them the race prejudices that they cannot do that in this State of Pennsylvania. I am, therefore, in favor of voting on this bill and I shall certainly vote in favor of it.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, coming from the ironclad hills of Schuylkill County, a county which gave more men to the Union Army in the days of the Rebellion, proportionately, more than any other county north of the Mason and Dixon line, who first answered the call of Lincoln, through their First Defenders in April, 1861; in the name of all the men who died upon the field of battle, I would not be true to the traditions of my families in Schuylkill County if I did not go on record on this bill and say that this Assembly has no other thing to do in the name of our fore-fathers than to pass this act.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I want to say just one word. There is not a greater friend of the colored man in this House than I am. I believe that we ought to take care of him. If you will look at that bill you will find that if we postpone that bill indefinitely we are taking care of him the best we can. I, therefore, move that this bill be postponed indefinitely.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I most seriously object to any such proposed course for the simple reason that I don't think the gentleman from Clearfield, who is so desirous of protecting our colored citizens, is at all fair, to say the least, in his course Let us have a vote upon this measure. I have no doubt that the desire of my friend from Clearfield, and perhaps other gentlemen of the House, is to avoid going upon record on this question. I want now to serve notice that if this motion prevails I shall demand a roll call which will accomplish the same purpose as a vote upon this bill. I ask you to do the manly honorable thing. If you want to vote against this bill you can do so, but if you want to vote in accordance with the dictates of your conscience then vote for the bill, but in Heaven's name let us not be cowards and dodge behind this motion.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I am somewhat surprised at my friend from Clearfield making a motion of this kind at this time. If you gentlemen will recall for the past few months back he has been giving most of his time protecting wild game of this State. He has been here working in the interest of the raccoon and the bear and the deer, but when a bill comes up to protect this class of the human race he wants to vote it down. I want to say to you, gentlemen, that there is no more proper time to pass this bill than at the present time. Fifty years ago today the great Emancipator of this race gave up his life for their freedom. Fifty years ago the race was emancipated and there is not a man here who thinks of that, but has a happy heart and we can afford to sanction and second his action by voting for this bill. I appeal to the members of this House to vote down the game protector's motion.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, as my friend from Allegheny has served notice that he will put the members of this House on record, I think it is only proper that I should explain to the House how I view this bill and why I shall vote against it. I realize that you may cloud this subject as you will, but that it is not a question of civil rights that is involved. There is no color distinction in the laws of the State of Pennsylvania and I will stand for no difference in the civil rights of any citizenship in our State.

I might say to my colored friends who are in the hall of this House that my lineage is traced down the lines from the Quakers since 1664; ever since them, my sires have been citizens of America where my people have stood and always stood and have been for equal civil rights of all the people irrespective of color and creed. My people and my relatives were those who helped to run what was known as the "Underground Railroad" carrying the black man from slavery in the South to the land indicated by the Great Northern Star, the land of Canada. My people were Abolitionists; we were Whigs; we stood for equal civil rights and I now stand for equal civil rights irrespective of creed or color. However, I know and you know that the whole trouble is that there are social stratas. We know that even today we have in Asia a condition where you have your castes and man cannot rise out of that particular caste into which he was born. Such laws as these are a disgrace to civilization. They are not on the statute books of Pennsylvania and they should not be discussed here nor should this question be clouded by leading the public to believe that the man who votes against this bill stands against equal rights for all creeds and colors. In my position I am not standing against equal civil rights because I know that there are social stratas and I also know that there are social stratas that I cannot enter; I cannot enter the social strata of Kings with its tinsel and gold and brass, nor I don't want to enter there. I am perfectly satisfied to stay in the social strata of my birth. I think most sensible people are satisfied to remain in the strata to which they are born. I want to say that I know that the black man of today has not an equal chance in his opportunities in the present time in the great State of Pennsylvania, but it is not due to any laws that are upon the statute books. Nor do I believe that it will ever be due to any laws on the statute books that may be passed by the representatives of this great State. But to attempt to change social stratas and to say I can enter a certain social strata because of legislation would be useless; it would be folly. It cannot be done with laws of this character. Whenever you try to invade that field by statutes you aggravate the condition and it always reverts against the poorer man in the race. It is for that reason that I shall vote against this bill. Because of my experience in years of public life, and my examination into the history of these conditions I have never found any good come from statutes that run counter to public sentiment or social conditions.

I don't want to be misunderstood, having been notified that we must respond to the call of the roll. I hope I will never be afraid to vote as my conscience dictates upon any question in this House. I have, in my earlier days here, dreaded a roll call, but I believe I have now the courage and I hope I have, at least, to express my views at any time as I see them, being guided by the lamp of experience.

I don't think this bill ought to go on the statute books. I think it defeats the very purpose for which the friends of the bill are working. There should be no caste, nor there should be no social strata, but Utopia is not here. I don't know when it will come; I will not live to see it. When we think that we can change the social relations of the people, we will find that to be an impossibility and all attempts to do so only defeats the effect in an effort to force a place in society. They say a black man's dollar is as good as a white man's dollar, and a black man's tax is as good as a white man's tax but according to law a man "is a man for a' that."

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I take exception to a remark made by my friend from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin. He has told you that he would make no attempt to enter into the society of kings and queens. Thank God, my friends, we have no kings and queens in this country. During several campaigns which I have passed through it was my pleasure to co-mingle with my colored friends in my district. I mingled with them and was among them and I shook them by the hand and I asked them for their votes and I received them. I sat at table with them and I ate with them and I want to say to you that I am proud of it. Among the men with whom I associated I found many far superior intellectually and in cleanliness to some that may be found among my own race.

Gentlemen, fifty years ago the great Emancipator sacrificed his life to save these people and to liberate them from bondage. Charles Sumner, one of our greatest statesmen, made every effort to bring about just such a measure as we have before us to-day. I can see no reason why any gentleman should refuse to be placed on record in favor of this measure.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion to postpone indefinitely?

The motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?
Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—138.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker.
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—34.

Baldwin,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Body,
Christman,
Conner,
Eby,
Eppley,
Finnerty,
Garner,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jones, W. W.,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Mangan,
Mellott,
Peters,
Reel,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Statler,
Taylor,
Walter,
West,
Wood,
Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 11.30 has arrived, the time fixed for the consideration by special order of House Bill No. 27, File Folio 4399.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act relating to county officers in counties having less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and providing for their salaries and the compensation of deputies and clerks in the respective county offices requiring the payment into the respective county treasury of the fees of county offices and providing penalties for violation of this act

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House. The bill before you provides that in all counties under one hundred and fifty thousand population the county officers, enumerated in this bill, shall be placed upon a salary basis instead of upon a fee system as they are at present. This bill has been drawn after months of serious study of the question. It provides that the sheriffs, prothonotary, clerks of the several courts the register of wills, recorder of deeds, the county teasurer, county auditors, county controller and the jury commissioner, the keeper of the county prison shall all be placed upon a salary basis. In order that the gentlemen of the House may more fully understand this measure I shall, in a brief way, describe its provisions and the effect of the provisions in this bill.

In section two, the officers included under this act are required to keep separate accounts and pay the moneys received to the county treasurer on the first Monday of each month. And in the event of their failing to do this, they are subject to a penalty. The county officers receive their pay under the provisions of this act monthly, all salaries to be paid from the moneys paid into the treasury by the respective offices after deducting the amount due the deputies and clerks. If the officer does not earn enough during the month to pay the salary in full after deducting the amount due the deputies and clerks he shall receive only such proportion of his salary as shall be equal to the aggregate of the net fees received and earned during his term of office during such month, but the deficit can be made up of any excess during his term. In other words, a public officer under the provisions of this act cannot receive a larger salary than the fees amount to from month to month that he earns, but if there is any deficit in any month he shall receive the excess in another month to make up that particular deficit. Each county officer shall appoint and may dismiss his own clerks and deputies. The county commissioners and the county controller where such officer exists shall constitute a salary board. It shall be their duty to determine the number of deputies and clerks required in the office and their salaries are subject to the approval of the Court. In other words, the county commissioners and county controller, where these offices exist, are a salary board who do nothing but fix the number of deputies and clerks to which each office is entitled, subject to the approval of the court; and if the officer is not satisfied he has an opportunity to appeal to the court for any change that he may deem necessary.

Now, Mr. Speaker, I feel that it is unnecessary for me to describe further the provisions of this act. I believe that of all the bills before this House there has been none that has been more closely and more carefully scrutinized than has this act. I also desire to say at this time that I have not put into this act arbitrary salaries for county officers. It has been my purpose during all the two months and more that this bill was before the House and in the Committee of the Judiciary General to give to every member of this House who was interested in this bill an opportunity to be heard in order that his views might be obtained in arriving at a proper salary for the officers of his particular county and the particular class. I am perfectly willing to say here and now that, if this bill passes this House this morning and goes over into the Senate, if there are any other changes that may be desired by the members of the various classifications that I shall not stand in the way of giving the representatives exactly what they want and observing their views in respect to the size of the salaries that their county officers are to receive.

Now, Mr. Speaker, there has been a question as to the constitutionality of this measure. In fact when the effort was made to have this bill reported out, the question had been raised that the bill was contrary to the provisions of the Constitution, particularly to Article 3, section seven of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and in order to clear the mind of any person who may doubt the constitutionality of this act I take the liberty of citing to you authorities in support of this measure and in support of its absolute constitutionality. Article 14, Section 5 of the Constitution says: "In counties containing over 150,000 inhabitants, all county officers shall be paid by salary and the salary of such officer and his clerks heretofore paid by fees shall not exceed the aggregate amount of the fees earned during his term and collected by or for him."

In pursuance of said constitutional provision, the Act of 1876, P. L. 13, and amendments, provides for the salarying of all county officers in counties of over 150,000 inhabitants.

The legal question involved in the enactment of a law placing county officers on a salary basis in counties containing a population of less than 150,000 is, whether such an enactment would be in conflict with Article 3, Section 7 of the Constitution which states that "The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special laws regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs, or school distircts."

In order to determine this question it is necessary to have recourse to the decisions of the courts upon the subject, which are numerous and, in many instances, conflicting.

In the case of Perkins et al vs Philadelphia, 156 Pa. 554 which case construed the Act of May 24, 1893, "An Act to abolish commissioners of public buildings and to place all public buildings under the control of the Department of Public Works in cities of the first class," declared by Mr. Justice Dean unconstitutional as offending against Article 3, Section 7 which forbids the General Assembly from enacting any local law regulating the affairs of cities.

In a dissenting opinion, referring to Article 3, Section 7, Mr. Justice Mitchell, page 569, says: "It is a barbed wire fence around all legislative action, bristling with points of danger even to the most honest and desirable and essential laws. A literal adherence to all its provisions would have stopped the wheels of government and so this Court was forced to yield when the first great question of the needs of municipal legislation came before it. Some elasticity was absolutely indispensable and it was found in the principle of classifications. If a statute does not offend against the spirit, does not really do the thing which the Constitution means to prohibit, then it should be sustained, although its form may be liable to objection under the strict words of the prohibition."

Mr. Speaker, I have here a very extensive brief relating to the constitutionality of this measure. I do not believe that it is necessary for me at this time to read my entire brief in support of this measure. I believe that it would, in all probability tire the House. I shall, therefore, conclude my brief on this subject by referring to 245 Pa. in the case of Stratton vs. Allegheny County decided in 1914, which is really all the law and the prophets on the constitutionality of this question; and this section says as follows:

"That legislation for a class distinguished from a general subject is not special but general, and classification is a legislative question, subject to judicial revision only so far as to see that it is founded on real distinctions in the subjects classified, and not on artificial or irrelevant ones used for the purpose of evading the constitutional prohibition. If the distictions are genuine, the courts cannot declare the classification void, though they may not consider it to be on a sound basis. The test is not wisdom, but good faith in the classification."

Mr. Speaker, we have in support of these views passed laws placing upon a salary basis the district attorneys in counties under one hundred and fifty thousand. We have placed upon a salary basis county commissioners in counties under one hundred and fifty thousand; and as late as 1913 we appointed, under the provisions of an act for counties of from one hundred and fifty to one hundred thousand, county controllers who are also placed upon a salary basis. In other words, in so far as the constitutionality of this act is concerned, the decision of the court are practically unanimous in declaring that an act of this kind is constitutional where it is made in good faith and where there is a necessity for such classification. Mr. Speaker, there is probably no worse incongruity in our State than that relating to the salarying of county officers. As I have already stated, under the constitution of 1873 it was seen fit to place county officers in counties of over one hundred and fifty thousand on a salary basis. At that time counties under one hundred and fifty thousand were not considered. In 1873 we did not have the grave questions coming before the counties that we have at the present time, and county government in 1873, at the time of the adoption of this constitution, was a comparatively simple proposition. We were not bothered by the scientific construction of good roads that make for the economy of transportation for the farmer; we were not much bothered about the housing of our dependents, either in jails or in poor houses; we were not much bothered concerning widows' pensions; in other words, the obligations of the county were so few that it made little difference whether the affairs of the county were administered economically or whether they were administered extravagantly. The purpose of this act is to bring order out of chaos; the purpose of this act is to place county officers upon a salary basis in order that the affairs of the county may be more systematically regulated; and the purpose of this act is also to provide economy in the administration of county offices.

Mr. Speaker, as I say, all these great movements on the part of county government call for additional expense. I say to you that unless we begin to economize in our county governments we have but one alternative and that is to raise the taxes of the farmer and of the taxpayer generally. And why should we pay to county officers, as we are doing in many instances in this Commonwealth, salaries that are in excess of the salaries of the judges of the courts, and salaries that have almost, in some instances, reach the salary of the Vice President of the United States. I say I believe that we should give our county officers adequate salaries based upon scientific investigation and upon fairness; but I do not believe that we should be extravagant with the people's money and give to county officers salaries that are grossly in excess of adequacy and that are nothing more or less than handouts on the part of the county. If this bill passes it will not reduce the salaries, but it will place the salaries upon a fair, upon a definite, upon an honest basis in all counties of a population of one hundred and fifty thousand in this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I rise at this time in opposition to this bill. There comes a time in the life of every man when he conceives the idea that he should do something great, or something noble or something along the line of reform; and it seems to me that my friend from York was struck with that chord sometime during the last year or two and he has brought into this House at this time a bill which, if we were to have looked into it then and take it now and look at it, you could not recognize that it was the same bill. I want just to say from the outstart, gentlemen, that the Constitution of Pennsylvania, Article 14, Section 5, says that in all counties having a population of over one hundred and fifty thousand, the officers shall be paid by salary; and while it does not specify how officers shall be paid in counties under one hundred and fifty thousand, the Supreme Court of this State has assumed that is what is meant by that article and that section of the Constitution.

We passed here the other evening a bill providing for the classification of counties into eight classes. Now this bill comes along just after that bill and asks to classify the counties into twelve classes. Now, if the bill that we passed here in the House the other evening receives the support in the Senate and is signed by the Governor, the operation of this bill will be impossible. It cannot be practical. It cannot work under the provisions of the other bill, because we cannot classify in one bill, or one act, or one law, all the counties in this State into eight classes and in another law classify them into twelve classes.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Armstrong.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Armstrong permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman what affect, in his opinion, the act that was just passed, classifying counties into eight classifications, will have upon the District Attorney Act of 1905, the County Commissioner Act of 1905 and the County Controller Act of 1913.

Mr. MILLIRON. I would like to answer the gentleman, Mr. Speaker, that I tried to convince this House within the last two weeks that that bill was also unconstitutional; and while that may be unconstitutional and no doubt is, this one also will be, and therefore it will have no effect upon it because the Supreme Court will declare that one and this one unconstitutional if it shall pass.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman further.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Armstrong permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. MILLIRON. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I want to ask the gentleman whether he has any authorities in support of his contention.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, does the gentleman have any legal authorities?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, what are they?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, we have here in the case of the Sheriff of Armstrong County, against the County of Armstrong, which was sustained—if you will allow me to read, the Act of Assembly of Pennsylvania under consideration being the act of June 20, 1911, P. L. 1072, which is entitled as follows: "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in counties having a population of less than one hundred and thirty thousand, in this Commonwealth and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same."

We then cited to you the fact that "the General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law, regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs or school districts.' And also with regard to what I have already quoted, stated in Article 14, Section 5 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania; and we have as our decision Morrison vs Bachert, 112 Pa., 323. We have also here the decision of Judge Ruppel, of Somerset County in the case of Hochard vs Somerset County, 22 District Ct., 751; Glass vs Northumberland County, 22 District, Ct., 753; Myers, Sheriff vs. Northampton County, 22 District, Ct., 757; also the opinion filed by Judge Criswell, of Venango County, at No. 3 August term, 1913; and I could read dozens of others which I have here which is not necessary.

We will eliminate for the sake of argument, the constitutionality of the act. The Supreme Court is amply able to take care of that phase of it, and we will dwell with the bill. When this bill was first introduced practically every member of this House living in counties that were affected by the passage of this act opposed it. The sponsor of this bill, as I understand, went to the members of each of these counties and said, "what do you want the salaries of the officers in your county fixed at?"

Did any of you ever see the old crazy quilt that your mothers used to make. This bill will remind you of them. We will take for instance the sheriff's salary in this act. Let me read that to you. In counties of ten thousand or less, it is twelve hundred dollars. That is what the members from those counties asked for and that is what the sponsor of this bill placed in there. Counties of twenty thousand or under, eighteen hundred dollars; counties of thirty thousand, two thousand dollars. The first classification of ten thousand people, the sponsor of this bill has asked for an increase of six hundred dollars. Why wouldn't it be right to put six hundred dollars for the next ten thousand people. No, the patched up bill gives them two hundred dollars for the next ten thousand people. In counties of forty thousand or under or between thirty thousand and forty thousand, a two hundred dollar increase; between fifty thousand and forty thousand a four hundred dollar increase; between sixty thousand and fifty thousand, a four hundred dollar increase; between seventy thousand and sixty thousand a two hundred dollars increase,—back to the two hundred dollars, because some one from counties of that classification wanted salaries fixed at a lower figure.

That is the kind of an original bill, that is the kind of a dream, of a reform measure, that has been given to you by the sponsor of this bill. He listened to the members from those counties and changed his bill in accordance with their wishes, so that he could get their support.

Now, between seventy and eighty thousand, three hundred dollars; between ninety and eighty thousand, three hundred dollars. He comes back again with the next ten thousand, between ninety thousand and one hundred thousand, and gives a difference of two hundred dollars. Now, what did he do when he goes over one hundred thousand. What does he allow the man to have,—the sheriff—for the next fifty thousand dollar. The salary in counties of one hundred thousand shall be thirty-eight hundred dollars, jumping fifty thousand people. He allows twenty-four hundred dollars to take care of fifty thousand people, then he raises the salary only two hundred dollars for taking care of fifty thousand additional people above one hundred thousand.

Now, if there is a man in this House who will agree with me that this is not a fair proposition I want him to vote against this bill. I just want to take this bill and show you a few of its defects, and I want you to listen to this again, if you please. Section Six: now the sponsor of this bill says he fixed definite salaries. Let me read this:

Section 6 All salaries fixed by this act (except in the case of such officers as may be otherwise provided for herein) shall be paid from the amounts paid into the proper county treasury from the respective offices after ascertaining and deducting the amount due the deputies and clerks in each office and if there has not been a sum sufficient from fees received and paid in or for fees earned and due by the county for services rendered to pay the full amount of the salary of any officer holding any of said offices after deducting the amount due the deputies and clerks such officer shall receive only such proportion of his salary as shall be equal to the aggregate of the net fees received and earned by him as aforesaid during his term of office during such month If the fees in any month or months during his term of office shall exceed the amount of the expense and salary aforesaid for such month the deficit of salary for any month shall be made up from such excess

Now, after deducting the amounts that the clerks of the office earned, and for telephone, heat and a thousand other things too numerous to mention that the Board of Salaries can pay for, then you are to pay him his salary if there is enough left. Now, isn't that a nice proposition. Elect a man with a salary of four thousand dollars, or two thousand dollars a year, and then say to him after he has made his campaign and been elected to the office: 'now, we are not going to pay you that unless there is enough left after clerk hire and the expenses of the office have been paid.'

I appeal to you, gentlemen, it is not a fair proposition. I want to call your attention to one or two other things. I will take my own county for example, in which we have between sixty and seventy thousand people. Now, the provisions of this act calls for the county auditors to meet once a month, in addition to auditing the accounts, they meet once a month and go over the accounts of the different officers, and this bill allows them one hundred and seventy-five dollars a year,—in our county, with a population of sixty-eight thousand, one hundred and seventy-five dollars a year for auditing, and adding on to that ten times as much work as they did previously, where they made previously two hundred or two hundred and fifty dollars a year.

Here is another unfair proposition. You know, gentlemen who come from counties where the fee system is in operation that a certain amount of the money from the registers and recorders and prothonotaries offices, and the office of the clerk of courts, is paid into the State Treasury. There isn't any provision in this act where the State gets one cent of it. The only provision is, and my friend here says it will save money,—the only provision is you can eat up all the fees with clerkships, office furniture and telephones and then give the recorder, or prothonotary or sheriff, the remainder. There is not one provision in this act that says that one cent goes to the State, or repeals the law that does say that a certain amount of that money shall go to the State. It is not necessary to cite the Constitution of Pennsylvania as to whether this is a good bill, or whether it is constitutional or not. I want to appeal to the men of the small counties, counties of ten or twenty thousand, and read to them section thirteen: "The sheriff, county jailor, or prison keeper, county auditors, county controller, county commissioners"—now listen to that word, "County Commissioners." Get that. "And the county commissioners and the county treasurer shall severally be paid quarterly."

Now, did you know that was in the act? The county commissioners in our State in these smaller counties get their salary monthly. He says it does not deal with the county commissioners, yet he has here a snake which says they shall be paid quarterly. Why should the officers of this State, in the different counties, be compelled to wait three months for their pay.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I think if the gentleman had carefully read this bill, that he would find that a whole lot of the objections he has made here are erroneous.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from York will confine himself to interrogation.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I want to say that I have given this study,—and why? Because it affects my county and those are the people I am conserving. I know that the things I have spoken of are there and the reason that the sponsor of this bill does not know they are there is because it is not the original bill he prepared, but it is the things that were suggested to him by the different members from the different counties, things that they wanted and things that he said he would do in order to get their support for the bill. But I want to appeal to the members from Philadelphia county, and Allegheny county and other counties of over two hundred and fifty thousand population, you have not asked for a bill here where it did not affect us, but what we gave you our support, and we were glad to do it. Now we, of the smaller counties, under one hundred and fifty thousand appeal to you to help us out on this and don't wish something on us that we do not want. You are too good fellows for that. Boys, if you ever stood by us, stand by us this time. I will leave it in your hands.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, after listening to the very eloquent remarks of the gentleman from Armstrong, I desire to say a word in reply. The gentleman has compared this act to a crazy quilt. If the gentleman had read that act and read it thoroughly, I believe that the gentleman certainly would have come to a different understanding. It is true that I did consult with the various members of the House who were to be affected by this measure, and it was only right and fitting that I should do that in order that I might find out what their wishes and what the wishes of their counties were, in view of of the fact that they were to be affected, but as I have stated before, these salaries are not hap-hazardly reached, but reached after the most careful consideration. They have been graded most carefully and this bill has been gone into most thoroughly, and has been most carefully prepared. The bill was even submitted to the Auditor-General, by whom an amendment was put in, giving the Auditor-General the power, as he has now, of inspecting the books of the county officers.

There is nothing in this bill that is contrary to the law, as it exists now, preserving the rights of the Commonwealth and the rights of the county. It is a bill, as I have already stated, that is aimed to place upon a systematic basis the salaries of the various counties, and as I have already said, unless we soon, in our smaller counties, try to systematize our affairs, and try to economize, we have but one alternative, either greatly increased taxation or a bonded indebtedness. Mr. Speaker, far be it from me to declare that the salaries of the county officers shall be pauperized. Far be it from me to try to take the honest earnings away from the pockets of any man, and I have not attempted to do that in this bill. Under the provisions of this bill I have merely attempted to save the taxpayers the money that is unjustly filched from their pockets, and not a dollar of honest money would I take from any man or any office holder.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman.

Mr. WALTER in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from York, Mr. Spangler, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, at the conclusion of my remarks. As I have remarked before, we are duty bound to give to our people what is their due. Are these officers,—some of the sheriffs in the counties of Pennsylvania,—entitled to ten or fifteen thousand dollars a year for services rendered. What special knowledge do they bring to that office that entitled them to a salary in excess of that of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, may I ask, and these are the salaries that are the loopholes that we want to close up.

Under the Act of 1874, under which we are operating at the present time, the salaries of the county officers in all counties of less than one hundred and fifty thousand, are fixed at two thousand dollars a year. That is what they are, and yet these county officers say that when we place the salaries of the various officers at three thousand, twenty-five hundred and four thousand dollars a year, that we are cutting off their salaries. I cannot see it, Mr.

Speaker. Further than that, if this bill is enacted into a law, it will compel the county officer himself to do the work and not deputize the work to the deputies and clerks in his office, as is done in many instances in every county in this Commonwealth. Mr. Speaker, this bill, I believe will stand the test of constitutionality, and its provisions will stand the test of reason. It provides only that which will place system, order and economy in the body politic of our counties throughout Pennsylvania.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, owing to the fact that the gentleman from York refuses to be interrogated, I shall ask myself the question and answer it myself. I am asking myself the question now, whether it is a fact that the fees which this bill attempts to regulate for recording deeds and mortgages and legal papers of different kinds, come out of the pockets of the taxpayers. I am answering it now in saying no, it comes from the fellow who is so fortunate as to have this kind of legal paper and record and when he states that this bill protects the taxpayers it is made for the purpose of throwing dust in your eyes. Don't let him do it.

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I consider that the gentleman from York is deserving of the thanks of the smaller counties of this State in the work that he has done in the preparation of this bill. The question as to it constitutionality was raised and there was some doubt thrown upon it when the gentleman from Armstrong decided to let it rest. The citations which he has made are not clear enough or distinctive enough for any man to apply in the consideration of the constitutionality of this bill, because the constitutionality of a question of this kind is a question of perhaps the necessity of the classification made and he has not referred in his remarks to the reason for the classification attempted of these cases. Outside of the constitutionality he speaks of it as "a crazy quilt." It is true that the gentleman from York consulted with the representatives from the other counties of the State in an attempt to get the salaries which he was fixing at a proper and a reasonable amount. I have been surprised in a comparison of the salaries fixed in this bill to find the uniformity of it. I made a tabulation of the salaries provided in each classification of counties starting with forty thousand and running up to one hundred and fifty thousand. I found, with a very few exceptions, the increase is proportionate in every office. I consider that the fixing of these salaries has been the work of genius. The purpose of this bill is to correct some practices that are reprehensible, to say the least. I made an effort to determine the salaries, or fees, which the men in my county were receiving. I went into the Sheriff's office and I was absolutely unable to get any record of the fees that the sheriff had been receiving and I presume the same thing is true in other counties. I have had the same experience with the treasurer's office. In my county the treasurer and the sheriff are supposed to have the best paying offices and while it is possible to find the fees that the treasurer receives as coming from the county but he also receives fees from the State which it was not possible for me to ascertain.

The Sheriff seems to have no record of the fees he received. He has no obligation to return these fees. It has been the practice in my county and in a number of counties, as I understand it, for the county officers to make up the list of their assistants, selecting persons, fixing salaries so that the balance of the money received in fees, after paying the official his salary, shall be divided among the employes.

Let me explain that a little further: We will take the case of the prothonotary. He is entitled to two thousand dollars in my county, and I believe that is the amount in the other counties provided the fees makes two thousand dollars; if half over two thousand dollars it goes into the county, not the State. The statement is incorrect as made. All over two thousand goes into the county; the other half goes to the officials. If he appoints members of his own immediate family in his office he fixes the salary as he desires it should be fixed and he may take the expenses of his office which otherwise would go into the county. I know of this being done. An appeal has been made here to the members of the larger counties uneffected by this act to come to our assistance. I don't want them to come to the assistance of the gentleman from Armstrong. We represent counties of about the same size but I would like to have him come to my assistance. This is wrong in principle. The counties of Philadelphia and of Allegheny are not on a fee basis; they are on a salary basis. I presume when it was done it was thought to be a wise thing to do. I don't know what the experience has been, but is it right? Is it right to enable the officials of a county to so pad the pay-roll that the money coming into the office in fees which should go to the county shall go to their immediate families. I hestitate to go into it any further or specify instances because it may go home. I made a pretty thorough investigation of this thing in some counties and I know that there are abuses of the fee system. This is a business proposition in the opinion of Butler County and it is a proper proposition.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, this bill was not brought into this House on account of any demand on the part of the people living in the counties which it has very carefully seemed to effect; not on account of any demand on the part of the members in this House from those counties in the majority as they are represented. The people of these counties who represent a large portion of this State are not asking for this bill neither are their representatives in this House. There is some power or some inspiration that is endeavoring to put this bill upon the statute books, but what it is we do not know. The simple fact that after men are elected to the various county offices in these various counties many of them the smallest counties in the State, their income, what they shall receive for their services should be in the slightest way, after their election, under the jurisdiction or arbitrary decision of the county commissioner, is absolutely a wrong foundation. The county commissioners in some counties wish to get the county officers under their thumbs. There is no demand for this legislation on the part of the people in these different counties or on the part of their representatives. We ask you from the other counties who are not effected, to vote against this bill with the majority, from the counties who are effected.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, this is a bill that might well attract the attention of this Honorable Body as well as the people of the several counties of Pennsylvania. It has direct reference to the interests of the people as well as the interests of the officeholders. I shall not enter upon any dissertation of the constitutionality of the law neither shall I attempt to pose as a substitute for the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, like my learned friend from Armstrong County, but coming to hard facts now, I wish to say that is a matter of importance that is well worthy of consideration. The present method is to pay these officers by fees from the fees. The consequence is every year that there is an election there is a wild scramble for office. Why, the woods are full of candidates. I just heard from my friend on the left here, from Westmoreland County, where they had twenty-six candidates for sheriff, and some other counties, I guess, can come up to Westmoreland. There was a worthy Irishman out there who was willing to bet that not one-half of those candidates for sheriff would be nominated. What is the use of so many running for office If there is so many there is ammunition expended for all those offices and there is a great deal of ammunition and large amounts of money expended. Why? Not for charity; not for the good of the public; not that they may have the opportunity to serve their fellowmen in office as public servants in the positions they seek; what is it for? Why, for the spoils of office and when he gets into position, gets his office, he begins to work it. He gets a farmer's position. Some of the offices cannot be farmed, and others can be farmed. The office of the district attorney can be farmed. You can farm this office very extensively. The Clerk of the Courts and the Sheriff may farm the office. They proceed to do it. They have spent their money in the canvas for the position and he wants to get it back and a big salary beside. It is not an unheard of thing in the county of York for the office of Sheriff to pay as much almost as the President of the United State receives, and four times as much as the office of Governor of Pennsylvania; that is a bagatelle, the office of Governor of Pennsylvania and the salary attached to it. Go to York County in a good season, why, the sheriff, according to reports has an income of from forty to fifty thousand dollars a year. That is in good season; that is when the people are struck by a cyclone and lots of people are ready to be sold out and the sheriff helps them in that job. He gets a committee to put a job on the man and puts him a corner; he puts him in the corner of condemnation and sends him to the condemnation bow-wows, or some other seaport, and he gets a big fee out of it. This bill of putting it on a salary will avoid that. Let the office be filled in the interest of the people and men will not be seeking cases with work to do. He will take the work that comes under the law and serve the people and not make the people serve him. He will know what to expect as his compensation; whether it is two thousand dollars or ten thousand dollars that he is to get. But when his salary is in the woods he takes his gun and goes ahunting squirrels, rabbits, partridges and pheasants and the more he can bring down the better for him, be they as big as they please. I could wish he had made a simpler classification of the counties in regard to the bill and perhaps a more equitable parcelling out of the amounts, but I say aside from that it is a strike in the right direction, and the matter that is now before us is well worthy of consideration, and I believe also well worthy of support.

Mr WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I think that this question has been discussed sufficiently so that every member present understands it as it is presented to us. We have a long calendar ahead of us, and we have other work to do and I, therefore, Mr. Speaker, move the previous question.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Clerk will call the roll.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—20.

Barnett,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Cox,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glenn,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Mather,
McKay,
Metzenbacher,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rich,
Rudisill,
Spangler,
Stone,
Wilson, H. I.,

NAYS—151.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Curry,
Dell.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds.
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby.
Eppley,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Howarth,
Jack.
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor.
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Showalter,
Sinclair.
Smith, J. W.,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 246.

An Act requiring each city of the first and second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title by inserting after the word "first" the words "and second."

Section one line three after the word "that" strike out all of section one, section two, section three, section four, section five and section six, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

(each city) of the first and second (classes) shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years service in said city (excepting employes in the Bureaus of Police Fire and Electricity who are eligile to the pension funds of said bureaus) No employe under the age of (fifty-five) shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled (Provided however an employe who has served twenty years and is less than fifty-five years of age when retiring from the service shall be entitled to a pension when such employe attains the age of fifty-five)

Section 2 (Each city) of the first and second (classes) shall set aside and appropriate a sum not less than one-half of one per centum nor more than one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries (or wages) each succeeding month until they retire on pensions when such contributions shall cease

Section 4 The (monthly) pension allowed shall be one-half of the (average monthly) salary (or wage) received during the two years previous to retirement (provided however that the pension shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month)

Section 5 (Each city of the first and second classes shall determine the method by which the payment of pensions shall be made)

Section 6 The act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions" is repealed All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—167

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett.
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,

Curry,
Davis,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Snaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, **W. H.**,
Wobensmith,
Woodward.
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 528.

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such case

Senate Bill No. 429.

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 545.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

Senate Bill No. 293.

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Senate Bill No. 386.

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof

Senate Bill No. 640.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads

Senate Bill No. 166.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the Township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland County Pennsylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Senate Bill No. 61.

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and addition to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 167.

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred sixty authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty

Senate Bill No. 197.

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

TIME EXTENDED HOUSE BILL NO. 746.

Mr. RAMSEY asked and obtained unanimous consent to have the time extended one week on House Bill No. 746, File Folio 3909, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and seventy-four prohibiting magistrates or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offenses dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respcetive homes and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases

on page 10 of to-day's calendar. Bills on Third Reading **Postponed.**

CONGRATULATIONS EXTENDED TO MR. STATLER.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the congratulations of this House be extended to the Honorable J. P. Statler upon his obtaining this day the fiftieth year of his age.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was unanimously agreed to.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. HUBLER asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess until 8 o'clock to-night.

Whereupon at 1.05 P. M. the House took a recess until 8 o'clock to-night.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 8.00 o'clock P M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION BILL.

Mr. GINGERY presented 82 petitions of citizens of the 1st district of Blair County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL presented a petition from 1,197 residents of Lancaster County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of sundry residents of Westmoreland County, praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Also the petition of citizens of Butler County, praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Also a communication from the Trinity Reformed Church congregation of the Borough of Wilkinsburg.

Mr. LANIUS presented the petition of sundry citizens of York County, praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. HIBSHMAN presented the petition of 500 residents of Lancaster County, praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. BLACKBURN presented the petition of citizens of Bedford County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. CORBIN presented the petition of citizens of Mifflin County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. TRACH presented the several petitions of citizens of Northampton County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. LUPPERT presented the petition of citizens of Lycoming County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. MYERS presented the petition of sundry residents of Washington County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. NISSLEY presented, by request, the petition of sundry citizens of the Second District of Dauphin County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. ALCORN presented four petitions of citizens of Clearfield County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. GOMPERS presented the petition of 289 citizens of the First District of Cambria County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. HOLLERN presented the petition of 27 citizens of Cambria County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. SCOTT presented the petition of 67 citizens of Centre County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. CROMER presented several petitions of sundry citizens of Pittsburgh, praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. WOOD presented the petition of 50 citizens of Indiana County, praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. LEIGHNER presented a communication from the Allegheny Presbytery of the United Presbyterian Church praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. BROWNLEE presented a communication from the Brotherhood of the Allison Avenue Baptist Church, of Washington, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Also a communication from the congregation of the Venici United Presbyterian Church, of McDonald, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented 44 petitions from Pittsburgh school teachers, containing 1000 names, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Also the petition of the Trinity Reformed Church, of Wilkinsburg, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Also the petition of Turtle Creek Valley Council No. 191 Daughters of Liberty asking for the enactment of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. BEYER presented the petition of sundry citizens of Philadelphia praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Mr. FRUIT presented sundry petitions from citizens of Mercer County praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

The SPEAKER presented a petition of sundry citizens of Germantown and vicinity praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Commitee on Law and Order.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence Bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 469 (House Bill No. 1529)

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth, the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as amended by providing for the placing of foot-walks curb parking space shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb-line and the property line in said streets lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 574 (House Bill No. 1530)

An Act to amend Rule eighteen of the General Rules in Article twenty-five of the act of June nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seventy hundred and fifty-six) entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith.

Which was referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Senate Bill No. 272 (House Bill No. 1531)

An Act creating a state bureau of elevator inspection and defining the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania excepting the cities of the first class providing for the appointment of a Chief Inspector and Assistant Chief Inspector and as many elevator inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act and providing salaries for the same providing laws for the protcetion of the public elevator operators and attendants empowering the Chief of said Bureau to make alter amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto and providing a penalty for the violation of any provision or provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of said Bureu.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 365 (House Bill No. 1532)

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Philadelphia County the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by and paid by him to the Treasurer of the City and County of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest in such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 460 (House Bill No. 1533)

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or parts of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

Senate Bill No. 687 (House Bill No. 1534)

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishment for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid."

Referred to the Committee on Game.

Senate Bill No. 732 (House Bill No. 1535)

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game fish which are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen may be clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food-fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

Senate Bill No. 756 (House Bill No. 1536)

An Act authorizing boroughs to redeem outstanding bonds and for that purpose issue and sell new interest-bearing bonds and to provide a fund for the redemption thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

The SPEAKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following bills:

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1537.

An Act to amend an act, approved the eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a Poor House by the township of Jenkins, borough of Pittston and township of Pittston, in the county of Luzerne."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1538.

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, entitled "An Act relative to the Luzerne County Prison and to discharged convicts," together with the supplements thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1539

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the better management of the jails or county prisons in the several counties of this Commonwealth, having over one hundred and fifty thousand and less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants each, by creating in such counties a board to be known by the name and style of Inspectors of the Jail or County Prison, with authority to appoint a warden of such prison, and by vesting in said board and the officers appointed by it the safekeeping, discipline, and employment of prisoners, and the government and management of said jails or county prisons,' approved the twenty-seventh day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine," approved the twenty-first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen; extending same so as to include the several counties of this Commonwealth, having over one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than five hundred thousand inhabitants each.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. EHRHARDT from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1517, entitled:

An Act imposing a tax for State purposes on the capital stock of manufacturing and laundering corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the maintenance and construction of State highways.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Commitee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1432 (Senate Bill No. 125), entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1303,

An Act authorizing cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to establish and operate municipal abbatoirs and markets, defining the same, requiring the inspection of animal products used for food in said cities, and providing penalties for the violation of the terms thereof or of regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1302, entitled:

An Act amending section four of an act approved the first day of May, 1905 (P. L. 330) entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by menas of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits; requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State, as required to be established by the State Board of Health; and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State, as provided in section seven of "An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health, and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth," approved June third, eighteen hundred and eighty-five; and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a Bureau, and providing certain penalties," and amending the twentieth section thereof as amended by the act approved June 6, 1907, and as further amended by the act approved June 13, 1911.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1305, entitled:

An Act to provide for the regulation of rag shops, second hand paper shops and junk shops, in cities of the first class, and providing a penalty for the violation of this act.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation ,reported as committed, House Bill No. 1307, entitled:

An Act to provide in cities of the first class for the registration of persons, co-partnership, association, or corporation engaging in the business or preparing, exposing or offering for sale or exchange articles used for human food and providing for the regulation and inspection of the conduct of such business and providing a penalty for the violation thereof or of the regulations made in conformity therewith.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1306, entitled:

An Act to provide for the regulation of the business of handling dead animals or animal refuse other than for food purposes, and of the manufacturing of products therefrom in cities of the first class, and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Mr. DRINKHOUSE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1268, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act relating to milk; providing for the protection of the public health, and the prevention of fraud and deception, by regulating the sale of milk, skimmed milk and cream; providing penalties for the violation thereof; and providing for the enforcement thereof.

Mr. WEIR, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1330, entitled:

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of a tax, for State purposes, on the loans of private and public corporations, and appropriating and dedicating the same to the construction and maintenance of State highways.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, (Senate Bill No. 432), House Bill No. 949, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof."

Mr. SONES, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1424, entitled:

An Act authorizing Christian Gerz administrator of the estate of Alexander Gerz, late of the City of Lancaster, County of Lancaster, deceased, to sue the Commonwealth.

Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1405, entitled:

An Act amending the second section of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relative to Verdicts and Judgments in Ejectment and to regulate the procedure in such cases," approved May 8th, A. D. 1901, by providing that the court may enter judgment on the pleadings in favor of the party appearing to be entitled thereto, or, for the plaintiff in default of an answer for the defendant.

Mr. JACK, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1331, entitled:

An Act regulating the keeping of bees and providing a penalty.

Mr. McCONNELL, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1002, entitled:

An Act relating to domestic animals and their destruction to prevent spread of disease, and the compensation therefor.

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1385, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done by corporations before the recording of their charter.

Mr. GOODNOUGH, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1508, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An act relating to milk; providing for the protection of the public health, and the prevention of fraud and deception, by regulating the sale of milk, skimmed milk and cream; providing penalties for the violation thereof; providing for the enforcement thereof."

Mr. ROTHENBERGER, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, House Bill No. 462, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners, for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions, to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association, paying premiums on agricultural exhibits, holding an annual exhibition in the county; providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition; and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid," as amended.

Mr. HERMAN from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as amended, House Bill No. 566, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating self propelled traction engines or tractors equipped with metal tired wheels, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors; providing for their registration and the licensing of certain operators, by the Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any traction engine or tractor by any person when intoxicated; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon, or requiring the registration of traction engines or tractors, by any county, city, borough or incorporated town or township; establishing the rights of traction engines or tractors upon thepublic highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions of damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees and fines imposed thereunder.

Mr. POWELL from the Committee on Ways and Means reported as committed, House Bill No. 1164, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 8th day of May, A. D. 1909 (P. L. 474), entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five, entitled "An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the seveal boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth,' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes," by providing for the payment of the premium charged for the bond of a trust or bonding company, by the authorities of boroughs or townships.

Mr. POWELL from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1166, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 8th day of May, A. D. 1909 (P. L. 474), entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five, entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth,' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes," by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum amount of bond.

Mr. ALCORN from the the Committee on Agriculture, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

Mr. W. W. JONES, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 1227 (Senate Bill No. 549), entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants.

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as amended House Bill No. 1040, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations and the solicitors officers directors and stockholders thereof.

Mr. McCLURE, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 995 (Senate Bill No. 382), entitled:

An Act to aid the suppression of insect pests in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a catalog of the insects of Pennsylvania giving their common and scientific names dates localities food enemies remedies habits and other important points as far as can be ascertained together with illustrations of some of the important types of insects and providing for the publication of said book and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor.

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 1453 (Senate Bill No. 694), entitled:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor-Genreal and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefore and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the Canal Board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the Canal Board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds made by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expense incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts.

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1454 (Senate Bill No. 695), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a Commission Board or other agency thereof canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the Court of Quarter Sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Mr. POWELL, from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1535 (Senate Bill No. 732), entitled:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game fish which are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibt the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen may be clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1415, entitled:

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting, quarantining and control of certain communicable diseases and for the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violations of the act.

Mr. HOFFMAN, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1075 (Senate Bill No. 288), entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons.

Mr. DODDS, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1036, entitled:

An Act providing for a uniform rate of taxation upon all property subject to taxation within the territorial imits of cities of the second class of this Commonwealth, for the payment of current expenses and the payment of the indebtedness of said cities, or any territorial part thereof, and for all other municipal purposes.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1408, entitled:

An Act providing for the installation and maintenance of safety devices of fenders upon motor vehicles; regulating the use thereof, and prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of the same.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 993, (Senate Bill No. 379), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred sixty-two).

Mr. WALSH, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1356, entitled:

An Act to provide revenue by the imposition of a tax upon the transfer of stock of domestic and foreign corporations, copartnership associations and joint-stock associations; providing the manner of collecting such tax; and prescribing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Game, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1412, entitled:

An Act legalizing the killing of foxes.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1486, entitled:

An Act making the turning in of short weight or short measure by any person whose duty it is to turn the same into employers where the contract of hiring between employer and employe provides for payment by weight or measure a misdemeanor and providing a penalty therefor.

Mr. HEYBURN, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as amended, House Bill No. 790, entitled;

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the supervision construction maintenance and repair of township roads relating to road tax and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1419, entitled:

An Act to fix the number and salaries of clerks and employes in the State Treasury.

Mr. HEYBURN, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 639, entitled:

An Act relating to poultry; providing methods of improving the quality and the eradication and prevention of diseases thereof; establishing and regulating a Bureau of Poultry in the Department of Agriculture; defining its powers and duties and providing penalties for violation of this act.

MOTION TO PLACE BILL ON CALENDAR.

Mr. KUNKLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 613, File Folio 2855, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to provide a stenographer for the use of county superintendents of schools.

which was reported with a negative recommendation be placed upon the calendar.

Mr. PETERS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared that the nays seemed to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for, 45 voting in the affirative and sixty-one in the negative.

And the question was determined in the negative.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 410.

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment.

The vote on final pasage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended in which amendments the Senate has concurred.

AMENDED SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 452.

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 331.

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating the payment of such pensions

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by striking out all after the words "an act" and inserting the following:

Requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating the payment of such pensions

Amend section 1 by striking out all after the word "that" in line 3. Strike out section 2, strike out section 3, strike out section 4, strike out section 5 and strike out section 6, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That counties having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein shall create a pension fund for the pensioning of employes in the manner under the conditions and subject to the qualifications following

Section 2 In every county above designated there shall be created a board to be known as the pension board consisting of the treasurer and controller of each county and the mayor of each city therein and two employes of the county and two employes of each city therein to be chosen by the employes of said county and city respectively each year whose duty it shall be to register all persons employed by the said county and city or cities and to administer the collection and distribution of the funds provided for and to do such acts and make such reasonable rules in the premises as they may deem necessary to effectually carry into effect the provisions of this act

Section 3 Every person now or hereafter employed by the counties and cities herein designated of the age of fifty-five years and upwards who shall have been employed by any county and city or cities aforesaid for a period of twenty years or more shall upon application to the board of pensions herein created be retired from service and shall during the remainder of his or her life receive the pension or compensation fixed by this act subject to such qualifications as are herein contained

Section 4 During the lifetime of the said person he or she shall be entitled to receive as a pension annually from the fund set aside for that purpose fifty per centum of the amount which would constitute the average annual salary or wages which he or she received during the last five years of his or her employment by the said city and county said pensions to be paid in monthly payments Should any person so employed after twenty years of service be dismissed voluntarily retire or be in any manner deprived of his position or employment before attaining the age of fifty-five years upon continuing a monthly payment to the fund equal to the last amount due and paid monthly while in active service said persons shall be entitled to the pension above mentioned notwithstanding he or she has not attained the age of fifty years but said pension shall not commence until he or she has attained the age of fifty-five years Should any employe however become totally and permanently disabled after twenty years of service and before attaining the age of fifty-five years he or she shall be entitled to the said pension Proof of total and permanent disability shall consist of the sworn statement of three practicing physicians designated by the board that the employe is not in a condition of health to perform the duties of his or her position or office

Section 5 Employes of counties and cities herein mentioned shall after the passage of this act pay unto the board of pensions monthly an amount equal to two per centum of their monthly salaries or wages which shall be applied to the purposes of this act Payment of the monthly amount or contribution herein mentioned shall cease and be discontinued at the time the beneficiary receives the pension herein provided If for any cause an employe contributing to the pension fund shall cease to be an employe of any of the counties herein mentioned or of the city or cities therein before said empoye becomes entitled to the pension conferred by this act the total amount of the contributions paid into the pension fund by such employe shall be refunded to him in full without interest Provided however If any such employe shall have returned to him or her the amount contributed as aforesaid and shall afterward re-enter the employ of any such county or city herein designated said employe shall not be entitled to the pension designated until twenty years after the said re-employment unless he or she shall return to the pension fund the amount withdrawn in which event the period of twenty years shall be computed from the time said employe first entered the service of said county or city In the event of the death of any such employe before the said employe becomes entitled to the pension aforesaid the said total amount of contributions aforesaid shall be paid over to the estate of said deceased employe

Section 6 Should any person holding position under the counties and cities herein mentioned be paid a per diem wage he or she shall not be compelled to pay or contribute toward the pension fund herein provided for but shall have the option or choice of so doing and in that event only of becoming entitled to the pension provided by this act

Section 7 The heads of every department and office shall certify to the board of pensions all persons employed and the amount of salary or wages which is paid to said employe together with dismissals resignations changes or terminations of services and from the records of their office or department furnish such information as the board of pensions shall require

Section 8 It shall be the duty of the board of pensions to receive and retain and when deemed advisable to invest the funds payable in accordance with the provisions of this act and to pay over by warrant or check the amount due to said employes

Section 9 The authorities of the counties and city or cities herein designated charged with the disbursements expenditures and appropriations shall annually set aside apportion and appropriate out of all taxes and income of the said counties and city or cities unto the board of pensions a sum sufficient to maintain the pensions or compensations due under this act Where there is more than one city in the counties designated each city shall appropriate a sum equal to its share or portion of the whole amount required

Section 10 The benefits conferred by this act shall apply to all persons employed in any capacity by or holding positions in the counties of the State included in its provisions and the city or cities therein Provided that this act shall not apply to employes of such departments bureaus or offices as are now protected by pension authorized by the laws of this State and in force at the time of the passage of this act

Section 11 The time of service herein specified namely twenty years shall be computed from the time of the first or original employment said employment to consist of service either to a city or county or both and need not be continuous No pensions shall be paid however until after January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 12 The compensation or pension herein mentioned shall not be subject to attachment or execution shall be payable only to the beneficiary designated in this act and shall not be subject to assignment or transfer

Section 13 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

YEAS—164.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer.
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,

Dodds,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Beck,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 611.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 2401, line 57, after the word "provided" insert the words "in addition to the foreging fund an employe's."

Section 2401, line 58, strike out the words "a janitors."

Section 2402 line 75, after the word "its" insert the word "employes" and strike out the word "janitors."

Section 2402, line 77, after the word "No" insert the word "employe" and strike out the word "janitor."

Section 2403, line 85, after the word "When" insert the word "employes" and strike out the word "janitors."

Section 2404, line 93, after the word "Every" insert the word "employe" and strike out the word "janitor."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDED SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 285.

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene Township Beaver County Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate, and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section one by inserting after the word "Commonwealth" in line 13 the following:

"This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDED SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 401.

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the City of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate, and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section one by striking out after the word "Harrisburg" in line thirteen, the following:

"The suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court"

and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
[illegible]
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
[illegible]
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 852.

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

House Bill No. 139.

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a vacancy in either branch of the councils of cities of the first class shall be filled for the unexpired term at any general or municipal election or at any special election held in such city for any purpose

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

House Bill No. 515.

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 900.

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over

With information that the Senate had passed the same without amendment.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to House Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 543.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives, and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate was requested.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

The SPEAKER. Only the first twenty-three bills on first reading are on the files of the members. If there is no objection the Chair will take up these bills. The Chair hears no objection.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1518, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 203, entitled:

An Act requiring all locomotives operated by common carriers to be equipped with head lights of a certain candle power, and providing a penalty for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1297, entitled:

An Act authorizing the use of state armories for certain purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1274, entitled:

An Act permitting and regulating the use of the several armory buildings of the National Guards of Pennsylvania for horticultural and poultry exhibitions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1032, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish-American War

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 117, entitled:

An Act requiring the payment of not more than fifty dollars for the burial of the body of any honorably discharged soldier or marine, who heretofore served or shall hereafter serve in the army, the navy or the marine corps of the United States in any war or insurrection and of any persons who was in active service in the militia of Pennsylvania during the civil war under and in pursuance of any proclamation of the Governor, not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from said service, having a legal residence in this Commonwealth, at the time of his death, who shall hereafter die, either within or without the state, by the county in which said soldier, sailor, marine or militiaman had a legal residence at the time of his death, providing for the appointment of committees to execute the provisions of this act and fixing the powers and duties of said committees.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1293, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of employes of the board of revision of taxes in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1253, entitled:

An Act empowering the Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through the State Forests

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1226 (Senate No. 538), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 412, entitled:

An Act establishing and regulating the department of state police and fixing its powers and duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1355, entitled:

An Act to provide for the taxing and collection of fees as costs to the successful party in civil suits at law or in equity in courts of record

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1092, entitled:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1500, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employers prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1093, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of interpreters who shall act as assistant assessors in certain counties defining their powers and duties fixing their compensation and providing for their expenses

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1244 (Senate No. 423), entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1091, entitled:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Company Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1334, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1507, entitled:

An Act for the protection of sheep and the incidental destruction of certain dogs

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1440 (Senate No. 463), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1439 (Senate No. 462), entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1067, entitled:

An Act providing for the formation and regulation of stock corporations having shares without nominal of par value authorizing such corporations to issue shares without par value upon reorganization merger or consolidation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 865, entitled:

An Act relating to the assessment of real estate for taxation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1477, entitled:

An act to amend sub-section (c) of section three of Article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liablities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1224 (Senate Bill No. 503), as follows:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever hereafter any benevolent charitable philanthropic educational or eleemosynary institution corporation or unincorporated association in the manner hereinafter provided shall give its mortgage to secure any bond or other obligation the proceeds whereof are to be used in making permanent improvements or to refund any bonds or other obligations secured by mortgage or both covering any real estate against which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania holds any non-interest bearing lien for moneys appropriated the said mortgage and the lien thereof shall have prior standing and in all respects be preferred to any and all such non-interest bearing liens

Section 2 Every institution corporation or unincorporated association desiring to give a mortgage for any purpose as aforesaid shall present to the Auditor General of the Commonwealth an application duly verified by the affidavit of its president or other executive officer setting forth the amount and purpose of the mortgage desired to be given a description of the real estate to be covered thereby a list of liens and when the mortgage is for the purpose of making improvements a copy of the plans and specifications that have been adopted The application thereupon shall be referred by the Auditor General to the Board of Public Charities whose duty it shall be to investigate any and all matters touching the same and report back its findings together with any recommendation deemed pertinent

Section 3 Upon the receipt of said report the Auditor General shall either approve or disapprove the giving of such mortgage provided he shall not approve the giving of any mortgage for the purpose of making improvements unless the Board of Public Charities has found the improvements to be necessary and proper nor shall he approve the giving of any mortgage the amount whereof is in excess of fifty per centum of the fair market value of the property to be covered thereby and provided further in approving the giving of any mortgage for the purpose of making improvements he may require a bond for the erection and completion of said improvements If the giving of such mortgage be approved the Auditor General shall issue to the applicant his certificate of approval and thereafter such mortgage with all the rights and privileges hereof may be executed and delivered Every mortgage so delivered shall contain a recital of the approval as aforesaid and the purchaser of any bond or other obligation secured thereby shall not be responsible for the faithful application of the proceeds

Section 4 It shall further be the duty of the Auditor General upon notice after the recording of any mortgage given in pursuance of the provisions hereof to transmit to the prothonotary of the county in which the real estate covered by said mortgage is located a proper certificate of priority to be by that officer filed of record and noted in the appropriation lien docket

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts whether general or special inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, it has been the policy of this Commonwealth for over fifty years to reserve to itself a non-interest bearing first lien upon the property of charitable institutions toward the buildings of which and the purchase of ground where an appropriation has been made. This bill proposess that that first lien shall be subrogated to the lien of any mortgage executed by such charitable institution for the purpose of paying bonds or other obligations issued to raise money to build additional buildings to such charitable institution; or any mortgage issued to secure any bond or other obligation, the proceeds whereof are to be issued to refund any bonds or other obligations secured by mortgage. The purposes of reserving the lien to the Commonwealth have been threefold: First, to insure the proper application of the appropriation. Second, to insure the continued use of the charitable buildings and land for the purpose for which the appropriation is made. Third, with the view of providing that the people in the locality in which the charitable building is erected shall furnish a portion of the money to purchase the land and erect such buildings. This bill has the further proviso in as a cautionary measure that application for such mortgage to be issued by the charitable association shall be made to the Auditor General who shall certify the same to the Charities Board. The Charities Board shall investigate and report to the Auditor General who shall authorize the issue of such mortgage. It is further limited to fifty per cent. of the value of the property or buildings. I believe that the same reasons which were applicable in the past are applicable today, namely: That there should be an insurance to the Commonwealth that the appropriation would be used for the purposes for which it is made and to insure the Commonwealth in the continuation of the property for the purposes for which the appropriation has been made. I believe that it is just as important today that the people of the locality should furnish and not borrow a portion of the money to be used in the purchase of land or the completion of buildings or the operation of the charitable institution. I will read in 237 Pennsylvania State Report, Booth & Flinn, Ltd., v. Miller given in 1909 in an appropriation made by the State to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital. The usual provision for a non-interest bearing first lien on the property bonds were issued for the raising of a sum of $325,000 to $350,000 to be used in the construction of these buildings. A stated case was presented to the Common Pleas Court of Allegheny County to test if the mortgage was on first or second lien. The opinion holds that the lien of the State was a first lien and in an opinion by Justice Mestrezat he quotes an opinion of Mr. Justice Clark delivered in the case of McLeod v. Central Normal School Association, 152 Pa. 575, in which Mr. Justice Clark states, delivering the opinion after saying that the act established the relation of debtor and creditor proceeds (p. 583): "The object and aim of all the legislation since 1857 has been to give the State standing as a creditor against them (Normal Schools) in order that, in the event of any such attempted diversion, the State might lay its hand upon the property for its own indemnification." Justice Mestrezat proceeding, "The same purpose is manifest in the act under consideration. It appropriates the money for the specific charitable use and establishes the relation of debtor and creditor between the hospital and the State so that the purpose of the appropriation may be made effective and the fund cannot be diverted to any other purpose. It was not an absolute and unconditional gift, but one condition that the hospital should continue to use the money for the designated purpose or it should be repaid to the State." Justice Mestrezat proceeding, "It cannot be doubted that the Legislature would not have made the appropriation had it not been for the protection against the diversion of the fund to other than charitable purposes. The object of the legislation as disclosed by its terms was to appropriate the fund, not to private uses or purposes, but to the charity represented by the hospital.' Justice Mestrezat proceeding further: "The compensation for or the inducement to make the appropriation was the provision that it should be applied to no other purpose than the charity represented by the hospital which was secured by the obligation and the lien."

Mr. Speaker, I believe that this is an unwise provision and I believe that the bill should be voted down.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—24.

Adams,
Aron,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Blackburn,
Dell,
Dodds,
Ehrhardt,
Flynn,
Geary,
Gormley,
Graham,
Hubler,
Kitts,
McClure,
Milliron,
Nissley,
Powell,
Smith, J. W.,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Sullivan,
Trach,
Wettach,

NAYS—117.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stern,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1239, as follows:

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases in which the period of two years the limitation of the warrants of the duplicates of the county state dog poor road city township ward school and borough tax collectors have expired and in case where the power and authority of said tax collectors have expired or shall expire during the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by virtue of the expiration of their terms of office and said tax collector or collectors have or shall become personally liable for the taxes contained in said duplicates and warrants or any part thereof by reason of the personal payment or otherwise by the said tax collector or collectors of the said taxes or any part thereof without having recovered or collected the same from the person or persons against whom they have been levied and assessed or without having recovered or collected the same from the person or persons owning the property against which the said taxes have been levied and assessed —the said duplicates and warrants and the powers and authority of the said tax collectors in all such cases are hereby revived and extended for another period of two years in the passage of this act and the said tax collector or collectors their executors or administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the said surety or sureties have paid the said taxes are hereby empowered to proceed and collect said taxes from all such persons who have not paid them residing in said district within which said taxes are assessed as well as from all persons who may remove or have removed from said city ward township or townships or boroughs and have neglected to pay the taxes as aforesaid assessed with the like effect as if said warrant or warrants had not expired by the limitation of the two years as aforesaid or the term of office of said tax collector had not expired Provided That the provisions of this act shall not apply to warrants issued prior to the year one thousand eight hundred ninety-four and that nothing in this act shall release any bondsman or security Provided That this act shall not apply to cities having special laws on this subject Provided also That no collector or the sureties thereof who take advantage of this act shall be permitted to plead the statute of limitations in any action brought to recover the amount of any duplicate or warrant so extended or renewed Provided further That no statute of limitations shall prevent the collector of any tax for which the warrants and powers and authorities of the said tax collectors have been so as aforesaid extended renewed and revived

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 587, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax" which reads as follows:

"Section 3 For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act the appointment of mercantile appraisers shall be made annually on or before the thirtieth day of December of each year by the county commissioners except in cities of the first class when the Auditor General and the treasurer of the city are authorized and required to appoint five suitable qualified citizens all of whom shall not be of the same political party and the term of office of said appraisers shall be for three years" is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 3 For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act the appointment of mercantile appraisers shall be made annually on or before the thirtieth day of December of each year by the county commissioners except in cities of the first class In cities of the first class the city treasurer is required to appoint five suitable qualified citizens all of whom shall not be of the same political party whose term of office shall be for four years In such cities the city treasurer shall appoint for the board of mercantile appraisers all necessary clerical help In such cities the appraisers and the clerical help and the necessary expenses incurred in performing the duties of the office shall be paid by the city treasurer out of funds coming into his hands from the mercantile license taxes collected in such cities

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. J. W. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, this bill simply affects the City of Philadelphia. It relates to the appointment of the mercantile appraiser in Philadelphia, and it amends the Act of 1889 by giving to the City Treasurer absolutely the appointment. It is now divided with the Attorney General. This simply puts it where it belongs, as it is a local matter, and I hope it passes.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,

Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

Gibson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

TIME EXTENDED HOUSE BILL NO. 1029.

Mr. WHITAKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to extend the time one week on House Bill No. 1029, File Folio 3497, entitled:

An Act conferring authority on street passenger railway companies and motor power or other companies lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways to own lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time, House Bill No. 675 (Senate Bill No. 161), File Folio 1705.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration of final passage of House Bill No. 675 (Senate Bill No. 161), entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes "fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held" and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy.
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips.
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill.
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—16.

Barnett,
Cromer,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Maurer,
McKay,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Rich,
Sarig,
[illegible]
Watson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1047, as follows:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there shall be created a Bureau of Vocational Education as a sub-divisoin of the Department of Public Instruction There shall be two divisions of the said bureau to be known as the Agricultural Division and the Industrial Division The Bureau of Vocational Education shall be under the direction and supervision of the Superintendent of Public Instruction

Section 2 The officers and other employes of the Agricultural Division shall consist of a Chief of the Division who shall be designated as Director of Agricultural Education two supervisors of Agricultural Education one head stenographer and two assistant stenographers

The officers and employes of the Industrial Division shall consist of a Chief of the Division who shall be designated as Director of Industrial Education two supervisors of industrial education one supervisor of drawing one head stenographer and two assistant stenographers

Section 3 The annual compensation for each officer and employe of the Bureau of Vocational Education shall be as follows chiefs of divisions four thousand ($4,000) dollars supervisors two thousand ($2,000) dollars head stenographers one thousand ($1,000) dollars assistant stenographers six hundred ($600) dollars

Section 4 The officers and employes of said bureau shall be appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction

Section 5 The duties of the Bureau shall be to investigate the need for aid in the establishment of supervise inspect and approve for the purpose of reimbursement on the part of the State schools departments and courses for manual training domestic science household arts agricultural industrial and commercial education as well as general continuation schools when maintained as a part of the public school system of the Commonwealth

Section 6 All other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed Unconstitutionality of one section or part of section of this act shall not invalidate the entire act

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I was a member of the sub-committee to which this bill was assigned. I do not like to go on record as voting against the measure that has as much merit as this measure has, but I will be compelled to do so, unless the sponsor of the bill will amend the bill in section two by striking out four "thousand dollars" and inserting "three.". I went to the author of the bill and requested that he do this, but he thinks that the bill will pass as it stands and that the salary is all right.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, this bill was prepared by the Department of Public Instruction, together with the Governor of this State. The gentleman from Allegheny informed me this morning that he had been in to see the Governor and the Governor had requested or suggested that this be amended. I immediately sent a messenger to the Governor to find out whether he wanted his bill amended and whether he had told the gentleman from Allegheny those words; and he said that the suggestion came from the gentleman from Allegheny and for me to stand on the bill as it was. That is the only statement I have to make.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I did not see the Governor neither did I say I saw the Governor. I saw the Governor's Secretary, or Acting Secretary, and he spoke to me about this and I said that I would support the bill if it was amended. The Governor said nothing to me. I did not see His Excellency at all. If the gentleman does not want to tell the truth about me I wish he would remain silent.

Mr. MILLIRON. I do not want to get my name in the paper, but I just want to guarantee my friend that this has nothing to do with local option.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I accept the gentleman's apology.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
tman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Cromer,
Mellott,
Rothenberger.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1286, as follows:

An Act to further amend section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefore with or without interest coupons attached" by providing for refunding certain indebtedness and changing rate of interest

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached" which as amended by an act approved the first day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend section one and to repeal section two of an act entitled 'An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities and school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached' " reads as follows

"Section 1 That in all cases where any county city borough municipality or school district in this Commonwealth has by virtue of any general or special act of Assembly issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness with or without interest coupons attached to secure any indebtedness of any such county city borough municipality or school district which may have matured but remain unpaid and uncancelled or are about to mature and become payable or whenever any county city borough municipality or school district shall have the option to redeem or pay any such bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness or whenever holders of any bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness of any county city borough municipality or school district which may not have matured or become redeemable are willing to surrender the whole or any part of such issue of bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness it shall be lawful for any such county city borough municipality or school district for the purpose of redeeming or paying off any or all of the bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness payable redeemable or offered for redemption as aforesaid to issue and sell either registered or coupon bonds bearing interest at a rate not exceeding the rate the issue proposed to be refunded bears and payable at any time not exceeding thirty years after the date thereof and not exceeding in the aggregate the amount of the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness so redeemed or paid and the said bonds so issued or sold in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be exempt from taxation except for State purposes Provided however That all moneys for the redemption of the issue of bonds proposed to be refunded placed in the sinking fund if any shall be first applied to the payment as far as applicable of the principal of such bonds and the balance of such issue only shall be redeemed by the issue of new bonds" is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 That in all cases where any county city borough municipality or school district in this Commonwealth has by virtue of any general or special act of Assembly issued bonds or other interest bearing evidences of indebtedness with or without interest coupons attached to secure any indebtedness of any such county city borough municipality or school district which may have matured but remain unpaid and uncancelled or are about to mature and become payable to issue and sell either by registered or coupon bonds bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum not exceeding in the aggregate the amount of the bonds which may have matured but remain unpaid and uncancelled or are about to mature and become payable and payable at any time not exceeding thirty years after the date thereof shall be exempt from taxation except for State purposes Said bonds so issued or sold shall be redeemable at the option of the county city, borough municipality or school district issuing the same or whenever any county city borough municipality or school district shall have the option to redeem or pay any such bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness or whenever holders of any bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtdness of any county city borough municipality or school district which may not have matured or become redeemable are willing to surrender the whole or any part of such issue of bonds or interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness it shall be lawful for any such county city borough municipality or school district for the purpose of redeeming or paying off any or all of the bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness payable redeemable or offered for redmption as aforesaid to issue and sell either registered or coupon bonds bearing interst at a rate not exceeding the rate the issue proposed to be refunded bears and payable at any time not exceeding thirty years after the date thereof and not exceeding in the aggregate the amount of the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness so redeemed or paid and the said bonds so issued or sold in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be exempt from taxation except for State purposes Provided however That all moneys for the redemption of the issue of bonds proposed to be refunded placed in the sinking fund if any shall be first applied to the payment as far as applicable of the principal of such bonds and the balance of such issue only shall be redeemed by the issue of new bonds "

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,

Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 630, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4 by striking out the word "dolars" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "dollars"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 868, entitled:

An Act to regulate the operation of motor vehicles for public use in the transportation of persons and the issuance of licenses therefor to prescribe the qualifications of the owners and drivers or operators thereof to define certain rights and duties and fixing penalties for the violation of this act and to provide revenue from the operation of such vehicles for the maintenance of streets and highways

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—53

Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Dawson,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Haggerty,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lauler,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
McCaig,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Palmer,
Perry,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Scott,
Smith, J. W.,
Staving,
Stein,
Stone,
Thomas,
Trach,
Walsh,
Weimer,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—74

Albee,
Alcorn,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Cromer,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gingery,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Heyburn,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Kuhn,
Lindsey,
Love,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Watson,
West,
Williams,
Wood,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 346, entitled:

An Act relating to the issue and redemption of trading stamps coupons and other similar devices

And said bill having been read three times at length, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Fayette, Mr. Sinclair, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SINCLAIR. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman how this bill is affected by the bill passed yesterday, or the day before, which practically abolished trading stamps?

Mr. SINCLAIR. Mr. Speaker, it will not affect it at all.

Mr. WALTER. Why not?

Mr. SINCLAIR. This bill is a bill that the merchants of my county are very much in favor of. The only thing to it is that it makes it optional with the holders of the coupons whether they take the premium put up or the value in cash, and that is the only thing there is to the bill.

Mr. WALTER. It makes it cash or premium?

Mr. SINCLAIR. Yes, and that is optional with the holder of the coupons.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,

Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauer,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard.
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4

Becker,
Leighner,
Luppert,
Palmer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time on page 10 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed, House Bill No. 1099, File Folio 4563.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on the third reading of House Bill No. 1099, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies in the City of Harrisburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1

McKay,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 135, entitled:

An Act defining drugs and defining and regulating the peddling thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, just a word to explain this bill. It is termed the Vendors' Bill for persons peddling drugs throughout the country. This bill has been presented at the suggestion partly of the Vendors Association and the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board. It puts on the vendor a tax of five dollars per year. It requires their preparations to be put up under the supervision of a registered pharmacist. The cause of this bill being brought about is that there is a great deal of fictitious stuff peddled throughout the country, in the farming districts, that has no virtue whatever. In a great many cases there have been deaths which have been traced back to preparations that have been sold that have no standing whatever. I call your attention to a preparation that was put on the market about a year ago, known as the "Elixir of Life." The label called for a great many cures made only in New York State and Canada. Complaint was made to Doctor Dixon in regard to this preparation. He referred it back to the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board and they began to make trace of this preparation and they found it was manufactured in Altoona in a livery stable, in a horse's stall, manufactured, labeled, bottled and put up there for sale on investigating the preparation it was found to be nothing more than a fusion of quassa with a little aniline coloring. This was put out on the market and advertised on the label as a cure for rheumatism and all manner of bodily ailments. Mr. Speaker, a bill of this character is something that every country district needs. They have no way of knowing what the preparations are at the present time. Under this bill a preparation that is put out has to come up to the requirements of the pharmacopoeia. This does not effect any flavoring extracts or anything of that kind, because they come under the Pure Food Act. There has been some mention made here as to whether it would affect soaps and things of that character. This only pertains to the preparations such as liniments and ingredients used internally.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I am sorry to disagree with my friend from Philadelphia, but when the parcels post of the United States was contemplated it was said that there was only three reasons against it: The Adams Express Company, the American Express Company and the Wells Fargo Express Company, and it seems that the only objection for the innocent peddling of medicines is the drug stores, the druggists, and the drug clerks. It strikes me through receiving letters from some of my constituents and some of my friends in the country around and about Erie that it would be wrong to enact this bill into a law. The drug peddlers who go about the country don't object to the payment of a small license fee but they do object to being put under an examination under the State Pharmaceutical Board. If this become a law it would be almost impossible for anybody to buy any of the innocent home remedies that most of the peddlers handle throughout the country. It may be a matter of fact that some men abuse this right but I take the position that it is not any more abused by these men who go through the country than it is by those who sell the drugs in the drug stores. I have no personal interest in this bill at all, but I call the attention of the House to these matters and will ask them to look them over carefully before their vote is cast.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that if the medicines are labeled as required and that the packages be marked according to the requirements it will do no harm whatever if the medicines are sold all over the country by dealers and others, if they are so marked, so that the farmers know what they buy. That is our position on this bill that no person can bottle anything that is not so marked and by paying this insignificant license fee. It seems to me that this bill ought to be considered favorably.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, we have too much regulation already. We have a law for this and a law for that and a law for the other thing. Suppose some woman wants to sell a little bunch of herb tea? Look at the trouble she would get into. Or suppose she would want to sell a bottle of magic liniment? Look at the amount of trouble she would get into. Trouble for nothing. I cannot see any good that can come out of this bill.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, when it comes to regulating that which goes into the human body I tell you you cannot regulate it too much. You cannot regulate too much anything pertaining to the health of the people of this country. In reference to the passing of an eamination they do not have to pass any examination whatever.

On the qestion, recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—71

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell J. O.,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gans,
Glass,
Glenn,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
McClintock,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Powell,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Steedle,
Stein,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walton,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—70

Barnett,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Christman,
Corbin,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Harper,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lanius,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Ramsey,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stone,
Swan,
Taylor,
Trach
Twibill,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wood,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 563, as follows:

An Act to amend second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives friends or representatives of a fraternal society of charitable organization within a reasonable time after deatn.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" which reads as follows

"Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospital or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within this State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any person claiming to be and satisfying the authorities in charge of said body that he or she is of kindred or is related by marriage to the deceased shall claim the said body for burial but it shall be surrendered for interment nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if such deceased person was a traveler who died suddenly in which case the said body shall be buried" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospital or other municipality or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense and hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent when ever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within the State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any relative by blood or marriage shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be less than forty-eight hours after death but the body shall be surrendered to said claimant for interment nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if said person was a traveler who died suddenly or was an honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine of the United States or of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania in which case said body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of existing laws

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were then read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 2, line 39, by striking out the word "and" and insert instead the word "are"

Further amend Section 2, line 56, by placing a closing bracket after the word "Commonwealth"

Further amend Section 2, line 61, by removing the closing bracket after the word "organization"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act requiring all locomotives operated by common carriers to be equipped with bell ringers and providing a penalty for violation thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the author of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Fayette, Mr. Sinclair, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SINCLAIR. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr Speaker, I desire to ask the sponsor of this bill what the purpose of this bill is?

Mr. SINCLAIR. Mr. Speaker, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers asked me to present this bill which I did. The purpose of the bill is to compel the railroads to install an automatic bell ringer on all locomtives not so equipped at the present time. At the present time I believe the Lake Erie, the B. and O. and the D. and W. have all installed these automatic bell-ringers. It is a very simple device and if I am correctly informed, costs about two dollars and fifty cents to install on each locomtive. Further than that I know very little of it, but I think it is a very good and meritorious bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—64

Albee,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Beyer,
Brosius,
Cromer,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Geiser,
Glass,
Graham,
Hackett,
Harper,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McClure,
Milliron,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer.
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—58

Arnold,
Benn,
Benninger,
Blackburn,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Cromer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Fruit,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Jack,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Leighner,
Love,
Marvin,
Mather,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Peters,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in tne affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1180, as follows:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Stein, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. STEIN. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr Speaker, I desire to know whether this bill affects Bill No. 590, known as the Mausoleum Bill, of which I happen to be the sponsor.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, in reply to my friend from Dauphin I am pleased to state that this bill will not in any way interfere with Bill No. 590, of which he is the sponsor in this House. The bill now under consideration is intended for second class cities only. It is intended for the benefit of Pittburgh and Scranton. It is requested by our municipal authorities and is introduced for the purpose of prohibiting the erection of what is practically a cold storage for the dead, in the very best section of Pittsburgh. There does not seem to be any demand whatever for the erection of the mausoleum which is strictly a scheme for profit and practically every person within a radius of a mile of the proposed building is very seriously opposed to the bill. The municipal authorities are opposed to it and the best element of the people everywhere are opposed to it and I do not find any one in its favor except the promoters of the scheme. I would say that it does not interfere with the gentleman's bill and I, therefore, ask the gentlemen of the House to give me an unanimous vote for it.

On the question, recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—161

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2

Christman,
Goodyear,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1186, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—167

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin.
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby.
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder.
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber.
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach.
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward.
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1182, entitled:

An Act to prevent municipalities from locating or opening streets roads or highways on over or through land belonging to any educational institution conducted by the Commonwealth or by a board appointed in whole or in part by the Governor without first obtaining the approval of the Governor and the board in charge thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz.
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1077 (Senate Bill No. 404), entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, inasmuch as this is a Senate Bill I cannot interrogate the sponsor, but I would like to ask the House whether they think it is necessary to create another Medical Examiner's Board? Could not the State Board of Medical Examiners take charge of the provisions in this bill?

On the question, recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41

Adams,
Alcorn,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Flynn,
Gallagher,
Gibson,
Graham,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Luxemburger,
Neville,
Palmer,
Pickering,
Schaeffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—75

Albee,
Arnold,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brumbaugh,
Christ
Coldsmith,
Cromer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Forster,
Fruit,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Habgood,
Herman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stone,
Swan,
Trach,
Twibill.
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 693 (Senate Bill No. 172), entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of

Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the bill now under discussion provides for an elective poor board in the poor district of the City of Scranton and Borough of Dunmore instead of an appointive one as at present. This bill was introduced in the Senate by Senator Lynch, of our county, and passed without a dissenting vote. Senator Lynch made this an issue during his campaign and received a majority of two thousand votes in this district. This vote should be evidence enough to prove to you that the people of our district want this bill passed. Every other county or municipality in this State has an elective poor board, therefore, we think that the people working under such ideal conditions should be willing to give us the same privilege.

Now, gentlemen, we have no objection to the man who appoints this poor board. He is the President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Lackawanna County. He is a State official elected by the people of the county. We want the people of the poor district to elect this board. We do not want any one man to appoint this Poor Board. This particular board appointed by one man levys the tax, collects the tax and spends the tax. We do not consider that is fair. We think that people should have the privilege of choosing their own representatives, especially a body that levys and collects and spends the taxes.

Gentlemen, I appeal to you on behalf of the people of our district to give them this privilege,—this privilege that they have been trying to get for twenty-six years. For twenty-six years this bill was killed in committee because a certain clique was powerful enough to come down here and convince the people from Philadelphia and Allegheny and other remote parts that the people of Scranton did not want it. Gentlemen, this is the first time that a representative of the City of Scranton has been able to get this bill out of committee. We have got it out of the committee with only one dissenting vote, that of my colleague. Mr. Ehrhardt. Now, gentlemen, you may think that I am unsually worked up this bill, but it means a lot to our people. Mr. Ehrhardt, my colleague, is a very estimable gentlemen and I do not have anything against him. He is the Poor Tax Collector at the present time and I want to see him continue as such; but we do not think he should come down here and oppose this measure. They have decided what they want by electing Senator Lynch by such a substantial majority and I appeal to you to give us the privilege and the opportunity of electing this Poor Board.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, while it is true that there was somewhat of a fight made in the Senatorial district, the issue being partly the election of the poor directors, a more strenous fight was made in the legislative district personally on myself because I happened to be appointed something over a year ago as poor tax collector, and they centered all their fight, with all the vindictive spleen possiblee to raise on that issue and, of course, I am here in proof that we won out on it.

There is no popular demand either in Scranton or Dunmore for the election of the poor directors. For the past fifty years in which the appointments have been made, there has never been a breath of scandal or charges of any kind brought against the Board. Under the present law twenty citizens can go into court and have these men tried and ousted either by the court of common pleas, or the president judge who makes these appointments.

It may be said by some that the entire delegation, with the exception of myself, are united on this, but that is not true. They are very much divided on it, and the large part, or the majority of the people in the City of Scranton, are absolutely opposed to making a change since they have had such an excellent condition for so long a time, without the least breath of scandal being brought against the Board. I ask you, therefore, gentlemen, to defeat this bill.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I have risen on the floor of this House many times and I have at different times stood for what the other man wants. I am not now asking for anything that I want, but it seems to me that if the people of Lackawanna county want this, that we should give it to them.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speker, I desire to go on record at this time as saying that I have nothing at all against the Poor Board. I am not making any charges against them nor have any been made as Mr. Ehrhardt has intimated I think they are an estimable board, but I think the people should have the right to select them. We did not put a ripper feature in this bill; we cut that out, and this bill gives these people the same opportunity to appear before the people at the next Fall election as any other candidate has. It is just as the School Code was. Instead of ripping out the school directors it gave them an opportunity to come before the people for election. The people have been doing the choosing in other matters. They have been sending Mr. Ehrhardt down here for twelve years and I think they showed good judgment in so doing, but I also believe that they will show good judgment in picking a poor board, and I think the people should be given this opportunity.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I have no personal interest in this matter whatever. The gentleman of the other side of the House are both fairminded and honest gentlemen, but it seems to me that the spirit of this bill is absolutely correct. This is the time when the people are electing men for all the other offices and I see no reason why the poor board should be appointed, instead of elected. It is against the principles of our government, and I wish to say that I am heartily in favor of this measure.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, perhaps I ought not to interfere in a family quarrel, since it is entirely a local matter, in which opinion is very strong, but the thought just occurred to me, which might be of interest to the rest of the House, and that is that this is special legislation, specifically applying to one district, namely, the City of Scranton; and the Constitution, in section seven, provided that the General Assembly shall not pass any special law regarding the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, etc. I think,—I will at least submit it to the gentlemen who advocates this act, if he has considered this, and if I may interrogate him, I would like to have his opinion on whether or not that has been considered.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Dawson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I will, and in reply to the gentleman from Chester, I wish to inform him that according to law we advertised this bill thirty days, that it appeared in the newspapers according to law.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—121.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Luxemburger,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Palmer,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,

Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—24

Arnold,
Conner,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Gibson,
Goodnough,
Habgood,
Hollingsworth,
Marvin,
Mather,
Ostrander,
Rhoads,
Showalter,
Smith, J
ngler,
Stern,
Stone,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1188, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June nineteen hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fifteen of Article seven of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June nineteen hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" which reads as follows

"Section 15 The mayor of each city of the third class in Pennsylvania elected under the provision of this act shall receive for his services during his term of service an annual salary to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments The council in said cities shall by ordinance fix the amount of the salary to be paid to the mayor for his services and may provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of council or councilmanic committees The amount of said salary in cities of the third class shall not be less than five hundred dollars nor more than three thousand five hundred dollars per year For the first term of any mayor elected under the provisions of this act and until thereafter changed by ordinance the salary of said mayors in cities of the third class shall be as follows In cities having a population of fifteen thousand or under by the last United States census five hundred dollars in cities having a population of over fifteen thousand and less than thirty thousand inhabitants one thousand two hundred dollars per year in cities having a population exceeding thirty thousand and not exceeding fifty thousand inhabitants two thousand five hundred dollars per annum in cities having a population of over fifty thousand and not exceeding seventy thousand inhabitants three thousand dollars per annum in cities having a population of over seventy thousand inhabitants three thousand five hundred dollars per annum

The first council elected under the provisions of this act shall by ordinance fix the salary to be paid to the mayor in said cities for succeeding terms and the amount of compensation for the mayor in any of said cities shall not be increased or diminished during the term of office for which he shall be elected Succeeding councils may change the amount of such compensation" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 15 The mayor of each city of the third class in Pennsylvania elected under the provisions of this act shall receive for his services during his term of service an annual salary to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments The council in said cities shall by ordinance fix the amount of the salary to be paid to the mayor for his services and may provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of council or councilmanic committees The amount of said salary in cities of the third class shall not be less than five hundred dollars nor more than three thousand five hundred dollars per year For the first term of any mayor elected under the provisions of this act and until thereafter changed by ordinance the salary of said mayors in cities of the third class shall be as follows In cities having a population of fifteen thousand or under by the last United States census eight hundred forty dollars in cities having a population of over fifteen thousand and less than thirty thousand inhabitants one thousand two hundred dollars per year in cities having a population exceeding thirty thousand and not exceeding fifty thousand inhabitants two thousand five hundred dollars per annum in cities having a population of over fifty thousand and not exceeding seventy thousand inhabitants three thousand dollars per annum in cities having a population of over seventy thousand inhabitants three thousand five hundred dollars per annum

The first council elected under the provisions of this act shall by ordinance fix the salary to be paid to the mayor in said cities for succeeding terms and the amount of compensation for the mayor in any of said cities shall not be increased or diminished during the term of office for which he shall be elected Succeeding councils may change the amount of such compensation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that this bill puts an unnecessary hardship on a very considerable number of the smaller cities of the State. It affects every city of the third class under fifteen thousand population and arbitrarily raises the salary of the mayor to a minimum of eight hundred and forty dollars. This may not seem to be very much, but under the Clark act, the minimum amount is five hundred dollars, and I am informed that every city under fifteen thousand population must, if this act goes into effect, pay their next mayor eight hundred and forty dollars. I believe in home rule as one of the fundamental principles of government, in Pennsylvania, and I believe that the councils of these small third class cities should be allowed to fix the amount of salary to be paid to the mayor. Furthermore, it disrupts our whole present system of commission form of government. In the third class cities councilmen get three hundred dollars and the mayor five hundred dollars. The mayor's duties are not any more onerous than those of councils and in some cases the councilmen work more than the mayor. To pay the mayor eight hundred and forty dollars, when the remainder of the board only gets three hundred dollars seems to me to be unfair. I therefore ask you to vote against this proposed amendment.

Mr. ALCORN. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this bill does not in any way interfere with the Clark act, except that it makes it possible for a city of the third class, of fifteen thousand population or less, to pay the mayor eight hundred and forty dollars. Now, we are going into a third class city at the present time. We now pay our mayor six hundred dollars; under the Clark act we can only pay him five hundred dollars. The duties of the mayor under this bill are doubled, therefore we ask you to give us the privilege of paying our mayor eight hundred and forty dollars instead of paying him five hundred dollars.

Mr. GOODWIN. Mr. Speaker, it appears to me that this is a law devised by past legislation under our present limit for cities of the third class of five hundred dollars. It leaves a discretionary power to councils in the various cities increasing this salary. By this act we take that power away. We take away the principle of home rule. Therefore, I am against this bill.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Alcorn, is certainly misinformed as to the law in this matter. I have consulted some of the best lawyers in this House, and from Philadelphia, and they all agree with me that this affects only third class cities of Pennsylvania whose population is less than fifteen thousand and arbitrarily boosts that salary up from five hundred to eight hundred nd forty dollars. Furthermore, Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Alcorn, does not have a third class city in his district at the present time. He is asking us to raise this in anticipation that in some part of this district there may at sometime be a city of the third class.

Mr. ALCORN. Mr. Speaker, we have a third class city in my district, a city of fifteen thousand. I just want to answer the gentleman and repeat that statement that we have a city in our district of the third class consisting of a population of fifteen thousand. It does not affect the cities over fifteen thousand at all.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—82

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Evans,
Gingery,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Sones,
Spangler,
Steedle,
Stone,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—44

Beck,
Benn.
Benninger,
Brownlee,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Cromer,
Diefenderfer,
Eppley,
Forster,
Fretz,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glenn,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Hamilton,
Herman,
Kunkle,
Luppert,
Marvin,
McClintock,
McKay,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Reel,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Showalter,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Sullivan,
Taylor,
Trach,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Wobensmith,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 419, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of the vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships" which reads as follows

"Section 2 That the qualified voters of each election district shall elect one commissioner who need not reside in the district for which he is elected and where there are less than five election districts each district shall elect one commissioner as aforesaid and the remaining number of township commissioners to which the said township is entitled shall be elected by vote of the qualified voters of the whole township" is amended to read as follows

Section 2 Except as herein specially provided the qualified electors of each election district shall elect one commissioner who need not reside in the district for which he is elected No commissioner shall be elected from an election district unless the district contains at least one-fifteenth of the entire number of qualified electors of the township Any election district having too small a number of qualified electors to be entitled to choose one commissioner shall be combined with the smallest adjoining district Where there are less than five election districts each district shall elect one commissioner as aforesaid and the remaining number of township commissioneers to which the township is entitled shall be elected by the qualified electors of the township at large

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165

Adams,
Albee,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2

Alcorn.
Robertson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 833, entitled:

An Act relating to the vaccination including the entrance into schools of children not vaccinated and providing penalties

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Health and Sanitation.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I want the House to treat me fairly on this bill and that is all I ask. I would like to say a few words on this bill and then if the House wants to do what is right after they have listened to what I have to say, they can favor it or vote this bill down. I protest to recommitting this bill to committee and have it killed there. If they want to kill this bill they can do it here. I am not asking for anything, only a square deal in this matter. I ask to be treated fairly and not have it sent back to the committee.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my motion, for the present.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I thank my colleague for that courtesy. Gentlemen of the House, I have enough evidence to support my position, and if I were to produce all of it, it would require at least two hours to bring it before this House. I think, however, that it is the part of wisdom at this time, to make a brief statement setting forth facts that cannot be controverted, at least easily and leave the matter in your hands Now, I wnt to say for the greatest respect for the medical authority that vaccination is a crime and should be prohibited by legislative enactment.

You will admit gentlemen that a man may be eliminated easily enough but it is almost impossible to kill an Idea and the idea is that Compulsory Vaccination is wrong in pinciple and directly opposed to human rights as guaranteed by Article 1, Section 1 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

I will not go so far as to state with many anti-vaccinists that vaccination is a crime and should be prohibited by law, but I will state that in no case should it be compulsory. A great many eminent physicians claim that vaccination prevents smallpox. A great many equally eminent physicians and bacteriologists claim it does not and that the so-called remedy is often worse than the disease, which fact I believe I can prove to your entire satisfaction.

I hold the medical fraternity in the greatest esteem and my family physician is a graduate of one of the best schools of medicine in this country. The University of Pittsburgh. It may surprise you somewhat to learn that an eminent physician a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, a school of international reputation helped me draft this enactment.

Now gentlemen let us see what vaccination really is and what it actually does. I trust that you will hear me with an open mind free from prejudice either way, as I will simply state facts that you may easily verify.

Vaccination or rather its forerunner small pox inoculation, (for vaccination is a French word and means cow proxing), was first practiced in Constantinople a few years prior to 1721 by a few old women an operation which the Turks called ingrafting. Lady Mary Worthy Montagu who had been residing at Constantinople with her husbnd, the British Ambassador returned to England in 1721 and had the practice introduced in London, and it became quite the rage and was finally indorsed by the Royal College of Physicians in 1754.

This process was simply the insertion of the running matter of a small pox sore into the blood of a healthy person. It was finally discovered that persons so inoculated became non centers of contagion, then in 1798 Dr. Edward Jenner, often called the father of vaccination, came out with a new theory he just experimented with swine pox on one of his own children who afterward died of tuberculosis. He then tried virus taken from the sore of a milkmaid infected with cow pox; not satisfied with this he next used virus taken from the sore of a man who had been handling the heels of a sick horse. This led to his final discovery which was neither horse grease or cow pox but a combination of both. The cow was infected with horse grease, and then puss from the cow was injected into a person, and the puss from the sore of the person was the true virus, and 4 years later, Dr. Jenner stated in the House of Commons that small pox would be annihilated. That has been more than 100 years ago, and we still have small pox. This disease, however, continued to spread until in 1840, vaccination was made a criminal offense by act of parliament.

Next came the arm to arm vaccination, which many of you gentlemen remember, but was discontinued some years ago because it was found that diseases such as Scrofula, Tuberculosis, Erysipelas, Infant Paralysis, Meningitis, Tetanus and even Syphilis was communicated to the person being vaccinated.

So much dissatisfaction existed in England that her Majesty Queen Victoria appointed a commission in 1889 consisting of fifteen gentleman famous as physicians. Bacteriologists, etc., three of whom were anti-vaccinists and twelve provaccinists. After seven years research on their submission of their report. Parliament passed the celebrated act with the conscience clauses. Thus England, really the birthplace of vaccination, after 100 years experience freed her people from compulsory vaccination. This, remember in a Monarchial form of Government, while we in free America must submit to a compulsory surgical operation, which, by the way, is the only operation known to medicine or surgery which is compulsory. Why? The Board of Public Health says it must be done to prevent small pox.

Gentlemen of the House have you heard much in the last three or four years about that great bird, the American Eagle? You have not! A few years ago this noble bird was able to fly to the top of the Washington Monument very easily and after looking on the land of the free and the home of the brave screamed with joy but now he has been vaccinated and re-vaccinated and innoculated with anti-toxins, toxins, and serums until he has become too weak to walk down the Lincoln Highway without dragging his tail feathers in the dust. He has been so wound about with legislative enactment that he could not fly to the top of a trolley pole without a down-hill start.

Gentlemen vaccination does not prevent small pox nor never did, but sanitation and isolation did and still does. Remember also this truth, that when conditions on sanitary the personal habits of the people clean and the blood pure the community is absolutely free from any danger of small pox, typhoid germs or any filth producing diseases.

Gentlemen, I call your attention to the spectacle of eminent alopathic physicians running around in circles for 120 years, reversing themselves 4 times, adopting the basic theory of Homeopathy that like cures like a hair of the dog that bit you, etc. discording this Jenner practiced and going back to the old women of Constantinople, taking puss from a small pox sore, innoculating a monkey and then from the monkey through a series of calves, mixing the puss from the calf with glycerine in order to sterilize it and then handing it to us as pure virus.

There is no such thing as pure virus, it would not vaccinate if it was pure; can pus from a running sore be pure; can a rotten egg be pure? Ah, but you say how about Diphtheria, Anti toxin. The Bacilli cultures in Anti toxin is dead, but vaccination is alive, it is ultra micro scpie; tetanus spores were found by Dr. Willson after boiling virus for 4 hours.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman Mr. Cromer.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Cromer permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker I would rather wait until I am through with my remarks if it is all the same.

Mr. LANIUS. My reason for asking the gentleman at this time was this. He seems to have such a lengthy discourse, that I am afraid I will forget my question until he finishes it.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker the most eminent mind on vaccination in the United States to-day which will be admitted by all physicians is Dr. William H. Welsh of Johns Hopkins University. Dr. Welch admitted before the Pennsylvania Commission which was appointed in 1911, consisting of seven gentlemen. He admitted that the present day vaccination was made with vaccine virus, stating that "it (vaccine virus) is the contents of the vaccine vesicle, or pustule fluid, and, I think, very often mixed with it now, a certain amount of the solid contents of the vesicle, containing as its essential part the undiscovered but undoubted micro-organism of the disease vaccinia..........The specific substances (in vaccine virus) we cannot isolate chemically. The ordinary things we can isolate so they are ordinary proteids—nothing peculiar about them—which you obtain in any ordinary inflammatory exudate." Here we have the highest living authority in America stating that vaccine virus consists of the contents of a vaccine vesicle and that it is often mixed with the solid contents of the vesicle, but that the only contents of vaccine virus easily recognizable is "ordinary inflammatory exudate." It will be observed in the above quotation from Dr. Welch that he says the "essential part" of vaccine virus is "undiscovered," and that, upon examination, only the "ordinary inflammatory exudate" is recognizable.

I want to say that last week the State of New York passed an anti-vaccination bill and it was signed by the Governor.

MOTION TO ADJOURN

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I move that we adjourn.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Cromer.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Cromer permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. CROMER. **Yes sir.**

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker did I understand the gentleman to say that when the Parliament of England passed the law, that a gentleman said that small pox would be eliminated.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I did not understand the gentleman.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, did I understand the gentleman to say that when the Parliament of England passed the compulsory vaccination law, that a gentleman stated at the time that if this act were passed small-pox would be destroyed?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, why Dr. Jenner said, "it would annihilate small-pox," but it did not. And afterward Parliament passed a law making it a crime to vaccinate a person.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker. Was he a member of Parliament?

Mr. CROMER. No, he was not. He reported Parliament.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker then I think he ought to be removed.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen I can prove beyond a doubt that 50 deaths occurred in several cities of the State of New York, Buffalo, Albany, Rochester and others—50 deaths occurred from vaccination. I have the statistics here to prove it.

I want to say further that Leicester, England, with a population of 250,000 inhabitants discontinued vaccination for a number of years and the death rate is practically nil, nothing. The United States government goes on record and states that the foot and mouth disease in this country was brought in by vaccination virus from Japan.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, did I understand the gentleman from Allegheny to name some town where the death rate was practically nil.

Mr. CROMER. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker; Leicester, England.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, where the death rate was nil?

Mr. CROMER. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker; I have a document here. As soon as I find it I will let the gentleman read it.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, here it is by a physician, how small-pox was banished from Leicester, England.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, did I understand the gentleman to state, that the death rate there was practically nil? I did not understand him to say the death rate particularly from small-pox. I just wanted to know where the town was and how much it cost to get there.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I have been discussing cow pox or small-pox, or whatever you want to call it.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I want to say to the gentleman from Allegheny that unless he eliminates cowpox I will not be able to support the bill.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I will state for the gentleman from Armstrong that cowpox is practically unknown among cattle and is not practiced by physicians.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call the attention of the gentleman from Allegheny to the fact that he cited certain matters prior to the revolution and I want to say that the revolution of 1776 repealed all statistics prior to that time.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, we are having a great deal of fun over this bill but in my opinion it is no joke. There is a great difference of opinion in the minds or the best physicians that you can see in regard to this proposition of compelling children to be vaccinated because they must go to school and the law compels them to go to school and the law compels them to be vaccinated because the law compels them to go to school; and I personally do not favor the compulsory vaccination simply because the children must go to school and before they go to school is is not necessary to vaccinate them. In the case of an epidemic the Health Board can enforce vaccination or segregation or any other thing they desire to enforce; but the question of simply compelling children or the parents to have the children vaccinated because they want to go to school, and as a means to go to school. I don't think there are a great many parents when that time comes but wished that was not the law; and I think there are very few family physicians when that time comes for them to vaccinate the children but wished that they could in some way give a certificate that the child is not strong enough to be vaccinated or for any other reason and that they will do so; and I want to say that in many school districts the law is not enforced; and I think we should give this matter careful consideration and not treat it simply as a joke. Personally, I shall vote for the bill and I should like to see the House do the same.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, my attention was called to the fact.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order. The gentleman from Allegheny is not in his stall.

Mr. CROMER. Just one brief word, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen. The question was asked why no reference was made to the School Code in this matter, and that was done for a purpose, because this act is brief and the last paragraph will attend to that matter. I want to call your attention to the fact that if any of you have the School Code and will look on page 157 you will see what it does. You will see that even the Superintendent of a Sunday School can be sent to jail for sixty days for permitting a child to attend without being vaccinated.

Mr. LOVE. Mr. Speaker, I protest against this bill being sent back to the committee at the present time. This is a great issue and why not settle it here like men right on the floor to-night. This has been an issue in our district for sometime and that is where the bill really originated and now is the time to settle it.

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill may be right or it may be wrong ;at the same time I feel and I believe the rest of the members feel that the scourge of small-pox is such a terrible thing that I think that the bill ought to be again reconsidered in the Health and Sanitation Committee.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this is an issue in which a great many of the people of Pennsylvania are vitally interested. I do not think that it is becoming as members of this House to make a farce out of it. I believe that this bill deserves serious and careful consideration and I am really ashamed, as I sit in my seat here, to see the conduct displayed in here over the discussion of a bill of this kind. This is a bill really that vitally affects each and every citizen in this great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and I think that it deserves our serious attention and our serious consideration.

Now I am not a physician and I am not here to say whether vaccination will eliminate smallpox or whether it will not. The question is whether we shall debar our children from the public schools if they are not vaccinated. Now I have some experience in this line. I have two litle girls at home and up to a few years ago they were both as sound and as healthy as a dollar. My oldest one had to be vaccinated before she could go to school. We had her vaccinated and after a while, that is, a week following her vaccination, a very sore arm developed. Now, during that period she was subject to a number of what I call "heat spells;"—I do not know what the doctors call them—but a rise in temperature with which she is afflicted ever since that time. Whenever she takes a cold or an affliction of some kind or other these spells reappear. Now, I believe that this is a matter on which a great many people in Pennsylvania have serious convictions and I believe that this bill deserves fair consideration. Now I am not so narrow as to say you should take this one particular case and build up a charge against vaccination. I am not sure whether vaccination is a benefit or whether it is not a benefit, but I believe that we have a great many physicians in the House and they ought to show us the benefit. I believe that it ought to be thoroughly threshed out and thoroughly discussed, and we ought not to take a matter like this and treat it light as we have been doing, simply laughing the question off the floor of the House. There are a great many people, medical men, who do not believe in vaccination. There are a good many others who do believe in it, and I am not here to say whether vaccination is a success or failure. In this one instance, it did wrong to my little child. I am not here to try to upset the whole theory of vaccination on that account. I am not so narrow as all that; but I believe that at least there is sufficient ground to study this question and to consider it carefully. Remember, that there are thousands of people all over this Commonwealth of Pennylvania who have convictions against this compulsory vaccination and who believe it is not right in a free country like ours to say to our boys and girls you must have a lot of poison thrown into your system before you are allowed to enter the public schools of this Commonwealth. Is vaccination so necessary? If it is necessary to practice it generally, on the general public, then I am satisfied to have my children vaccinated; but I think that we ought to be shown and it ought to be proved to us that the general health of the general public demands such action. I believe that the Board of Health now has the power, without this compulsory vaccination before going to school, to take care of an epidemic of small pox if such epidemic arises. I believe that if an epidemic arises, while I am not a lawyer, but as I understand the law, the Board of Health now has the power to compel the people in all walks of life to become vaccinated in that particular portion of the State where such epidemic exists. But I do not see the necessity why every boy and girl, whether healthy or not healthy, shall be compelled to submit to have this poison poured into their systems before they are allowed to enter our free public schools in this great Commonwealth. Gentlemen, I am not here to say, as I have stated, that vaccination is a failure; but I am here to protest that this is a question that ought to receive thorough and serious consideration from us as members of this great body, and I do not believe that it is becoming for us to sit here and make a farce out of a great question that is now agitating the minds of the people of this Commonwealth.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation?

It was not agreed to.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it was not my intention to say anything on this subject as I felt it was unnecessary to make any argument on the necessity of vaccination. The question of vaccination, I admit, in some instances has produced some bad effects upon the physical condition of children; but let us stop for a moment and go one step further: Are the bad effects that are caused by vaccination really due directly to the absorption of the poison virus or are they due to improper care of the individual after becoming vaccinated? In ninety cases out of one hundred if we go into the history of the children or the adult who has been vaccinated, we can trace an infection, whether that be of a tetanous character or whether that be simply a pus, termed cocci infection or whether it be some other form. Now, in the case of Mr. Sarig's child, there is not one of us but does not regret that any child or man or woman has this misfortune of infection. Now it was probably due to the underclothing of that child that became adherent to the scab, the infection getting into that wound and causing mixed infection, primarily due to the vaccine and secondarily due to the infection of the other bacteria, of whatever nature it may have been.

That vaccine has taken a place in the great humanitarian conditions of the United States is without question. If it would not do this, in the name of goodness does any man here think that the government of this country would make it a compulsory practice on every soldier in our army and every sailor in our navy to become vaccinated, not only to prevent small pox, but also in the prevention of typhoid fever, which is now practiced in our army and navy. There is not a man permitted to serve this government, who does not have to become vaccinated for the prevention of those diseases.

Of the 207 men sitting here, we all believe in that old adage "An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure," and that is all vaccination does. It is only to prevent, and if that is impossible, without a burden of proof resting upon us, we know that it will ameliorate, and that is what we need in this country, something by which we can prevent. Let us keep it down, and that is all this is. It is not doing any hardship to anybody, and yet the people who are advocating this, as free men of this country, have sent circulars around to every member of this House and Senate, signed the League of Awakened Freemen.

They laughed; they thought they had grasped a great opportunity when they had a chance to say that on the United States ship, the batleship "Ohio," that on that boat there was an outbreak of small-pox. They have placarded this great nation all over, and yet on the other hand when a letted was sent to the Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Daniels, here is the answer to this great piece of paper, in which our good friends here possibly had a part in having sent to every member here, and with your kind indulgence and consideration I will just read this letter to you for a moment. This letter was addressed to Doctor Gormley, a member of this House, who took it upon himself to investigate and here is the answer from the Secretary of the Navy.

"My Dear Mr. Gormley: I have to acknowledge your letter of March 17th 1915 in which you inquire with regard to the outbreak of small pox on board the U. S. S. Ohio. In reply, I would inform you that a court of inquiry decided that the small pox on the U. S. S. Ohio was due to the lack of vaccination and a courtmartial of the medical officer of the ship found him guilty of neglect of duty in not seeing that the crew of the Ohio were properly vaccinated, in accordance with the requirements of the Navy regulations.

All of the facts in the case tend to show that the small pox on the Ohio was due to failure to vaccinate and not that vaccination failed to protect, or was useless. A striking feature is that the U. S. S. Vermont, a sister ship, whose medical officer had carefully assured himself that the entire crew were fully protected by vaccination, did not have a single case of small pox, although anchored near the Ohio, and apparently under the same conditions of exposure to contagion that caused the small pox on the Ohio at Marseilles.

Sincerely,

(signed) JOSEPH M. DANIELS.

Now, gentlemen, our good friend, Mr. Sarig has said, let us take this seriously. I likewise ask you to take it seriously It is proved to the nation that it is a good thing, then why do we want to tear down something that has been applied for years. How rarely do we see now a smallpox epidemic? Why? Just simply because we all more or less have got a certain amount of immunity from this vaccination. Now, therefor gentlemen, in all seriousness, I ask you to vote against this bill. I can bring statistics here that would take hours, yes days, to read to you until you were tired, but I am not going to do that. I am going to ask you to use your good judgment. In your hands I leave this question. If it has proved what it is, without a question of doubt, then I ask you to vote against this bill, and I hope that will be the opinion of this House.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me it is about time this House takes notice of the sort of stuff that is being attempted to be put over by certain elements in the State of Pennsylvania. This Anti-Vaccination crusade is backed by the same people that back the Anti-Vivisection crusade. These are the people that appeared before a committee of this House the other day and objected to vivisection generally. They would have the children of this State die for want of anti-toxin, because of the pain it inflicts upon the horse. These are the very people that are also against the use of anti-toxin, which is used to cure children of diptheria, and the very kind of anti-vaccinationists who would not permit scientists to conduct investigations by means of experiments on animals. They would be like the good, but misinformed lady, who said, in committee the other day, that if it was a question of giving up one of her six children or saving the dogs of the United States, she would give up the child.

Now, those are the people who put these circulars on our desks, who gather misleading cases from all over the world and put them in that form. This movement, I happen to know, is financed by a very estimable gentleman from the county of Allegheny, perhaps a constituent of the sponsor of this bill; and it is promoted by a set of faddists in Philadelphia, who make it their business to go over the State and stir up the good people against vaccination. Everybody knows what a terror smallpox was a few generations ago, when it was epidemic not only in this country, but all over the world. When the United States took posession of the Philippines, smallpox was a scourage. By enforcing vaccination strictly and vaccinating they practically eradicated it. No man can enlist in the army of the United States, or the Navy, except he be vaccinated. The German nation practices vaccination. Every child is vaccinated when only six months old, and vaccinated again before maturity, and as a result, smallpox has been eradicated in Germany. Every nation in the world, except the half-civilized nation practices vaccination. The information I am giving you is taken from a report of the case of the Commonwealth versus Jacobson, 197 U. S. in a note appended to that case by the reporter to the Supreme Court of the United States. I believe it is accurate and I would rather take it than the statistics in these misleading statements that are contained in these pamphlets. I hope the gentlemen will emphatically vote this bill down.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41

Adams,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Bungard,
Cromer,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Eppley,
Gallagher,
Habgood,
Howarth,
Jack,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Maurer,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Shoop,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Vickerman,
Weir,
Wettach,
Wildman,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—106

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Benn,
Beyer,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Davis,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth
Hubler,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McDermott,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1478, entitled:

"An Act to amend section four of Article four of an act entitled An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal cor poration concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determination by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamaus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloading within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-six one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1481, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to vest in the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the power to suspend for a period of ninety days any proposed increase rates of public service companies

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1482, entitled:

An act to amend section two of article six of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen regulating witness fees mileage cost of service of subpoenas and costs and the payment thereof in proceedings before the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1483, entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven of article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1193, entitled:

An Act defining conditional sales or personal property attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real and regulating the recording and effect thereof and providing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1375, entitled:

An Act providing that whenever in any civil cause in any court of this Commonwealth the verdict of a jury is set aside and a new trial ordered the reasons or reasons for the order of court shall be stated of record and if such reason or reasons be only that the damages awarded by the verdict are excessive or inadequate the new trial shall be restricted to question of the damages and the verdict shall stand good in all other respects.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 260, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1347, entitled:

An Act to establish a Bureau of Forest Protection within the Department of Forestry designating the officers who shal constitute the Bureau their duties and salaries prescribing penalties for the violation thereof and repealing all laws general or local or any parts thereof that may be inconsistent or supplied by this act.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1346, entitled:

An Act defining the term "legal name" and making it unlawful to use a name different than the legal name with intent to defraud.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1516, entitled:

An Act to amend the twenty-third subdivisions of corporations of the second class in section two of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" providing for the incorporation and regulation of stage and omnibus lines specifying their purposes and defining their motive power.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1487, entitled:

A supplement to an act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulate municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alterations relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroad by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associtions may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporations and regulation of certain corporations approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1436, (Senate Bill No. 318), entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1247, (Senate Bill No. 468), entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 499, entitled:

An Act to repeal section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the further regulation of such corporations' approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 456, entitled:

An Act to exempt bequests or devises in trust for the perpetual care and preservation of burial lots or graves therein from the payment of collateral inheritance tax

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1340, entitled:

An Act defining public utilities owned by cities boroughs towns or townships and providing for the submission of the question of the sale or lease thereof to the electors of such cities boroughs or townships

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceedeed to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1400, (Senate Bill No. 373), entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceedeed to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1246, (Senate Bill No. 459), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1290, entitled:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1320, entitled:

An Act regulating and defining the relations between the operators of coal mines and the mine foreman and assistants thereof employed by such operators

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1194, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act fixing the compensation of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1090, (Senate Bill No. 291), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1299, entitled:

An Act regulating the business of loaning money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security to individuals pressed by lack funds to meet immediate necessities fixing the rates of interest and charges therefor requiring the licensing of lenders and prescriing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1358, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering road supervisors in townships of the second class to enter into contracts with water companies for the placing of fireplugs or hydrants in said townships to purchase fire engines apparatus hose horses and erect or acquire hosehouse and land in connection with same and provide for care and management thereof and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon the assessed valuation of said townships.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matter to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and the Supreme Court" by more specifically defining the duties of auditors in regard to the report of settlement and audit.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1519, (Senate Bill No. 572), entitled:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as any individual could do.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1317, entitled:

An Act fixing fees for notaries public.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1106, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing the penalties for the violation of this

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration House Bill No. 1341, entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sleuchter and Mary E. Sleichter citizens of Green Township Franklin County to bring suit in the court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 624, entitled:

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over counties cities boroughs towns and townships in certain matters relating to their duties powers contract and public service and vesting the same in the Courts of Common Pleas.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1156, entitled:

An Act granting to parties litigant in cases involving the reasonableness of the rates or regulations of the adequacy of the services or facilities furnished or offered by public service corporations in this State the right to examine the accounts books papers records vouchers letters contracts memoranda and documents and to enter upon and examine the properties of said public service corporation or corporations

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1283, entitled:

An Act relating to the trial of civil cases by jury in the courts of this Commonwealth and providing that in any civil cause now pending or hereafter to be brought in any of the courts of this Commonwealth where the damages are by reason of the subject matter of the case unliquidated and in which a trial by jury is had and the verdict of a jury awarding damages is rendered no new trial shall either by the court in which the said cause was tried or by any appellate court in this Commonwealth be granted because the opinion of the court differs from the verdict of the jury as to the amount of the damages and no such damages as awarded shall by any such court be increased reduced or changed.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1409, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating places of amusement including the issue and sale of tickets thereto and providing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1069, entitled:

An Act requiring railroads to remove grade crossings and providing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1025, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1397, (Senate Bill No. 375), entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks in certain counties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1248, (Senate Bill No. 507), entitled:

An Act authorizing John E. Joss a resident of the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1480, entitled:

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor-General to empower the Chief Clerk of his Department to do certain official acts" by authorizing the Auditor-General to empower certain other employes of his Department to do such official acts as the Auditor-General may designate.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1300, entitled:

An Act permitting the Commonwealth to intervene in any proceeding at law or in equity in which the Commonwealth may have an interest without giving security.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act requiring each telephone company to install registers and call records on certain telephones and providing penalties for failure so to do and providing for the enforcement of this act.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1236, entitled:

An Act to permit the Department of Forestry to enter into co-operative agreements with county township municipal and private agencies for the prevention and suppression of forest fire and providing a method of payment of the expenses arising thereunder.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1359, entitled:

An Act amending section two of an act entitled "An Act to authorize and empower the supervisors of the several townships of the second class throughout this Commonwealth upon a petition of a majority of the real estate owners of any or either of the said townships to levy and collect an electric light or other tax to be used and expended for lighting the streets and highways lanes alleys and public places thereof and to make and enter into contracts for such lighting" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1199, entitled:

An Act exempting agricultural corporations from the payment of a bonus and of State taxes upon their capital stock.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1094, entitled:

An Act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1369, entitled:

An Act requiring a written demand for a jury trial in actions at law in the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth by either party thereto regulating the procedure of trials at law by a judge without a jury authorizing the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth and the Supreme Court to adopt rules for regulating the procedure under this act and regulating appeals from judgments.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1262, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges."

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11:40 P. M.) the House adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

Vol. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1915. No. 43.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, April 15, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. D. P. Gerberich), in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Rev. M. D. Lichliter offered the following prayer:

Our Father, in all our ways we acknowledge Thee as Lord and Master, and would have Thee to direct our footsteps. We thank Thee for the life that now is and for the promise of the life which is to come. Fifty years ago as a nation we stood within the shadows—a nation's heart was broken, yet out of the darkness Thou did'st show to this people that "behind the dim unknown Thou alone could stand within the shadows, keeping watch above Thine own." We thank Thee for the life of our great Emancipator; for his exalted character, and lead by his matchless spirit, with "malice toward none and charity for all." Thou hast lead this nation cut of the darkness of that hour into the noonday splendor of today, and when our last battle has been fought and the warfare ended and we have been put to sleep by the tattoo of death, may we, in the morning of the resurrection, hear the reveille of the angels, and as we arise from our tombs and meet the descending Lord in the skies, to Thee shall be all the praise, forevermore, Amen.

The PRESIDENT—A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. CLARK the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. KURTZ presented petition of citizens of Reynoldsville, Jefferson County, praying for the passage of County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The Chair presented petition of citizens of Quakertown, Bucks County, praying for the passage of County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WASBERS presented three petitions of citizens of York County, praying for the passage of County Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO MOLLY PITCHER.

The Chair presented petition of Washington Camp, No. 461, P. O. S. of A., of Philadelphia, favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented petition of Washington Camp, No. 716, of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pa., favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE FOUNDERS THEREOF.

The Chair presented petition of Washington Camp, No. 461, P. O. S. of A., of Philadelphia, Pa., favoring the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the founders thereof

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented petition of Washington Camp, No. 716, P. O. S. of A., of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Pa., favoring the erection of a memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 773 (House Bill No. 1023), entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April 23d, A. D. 1903, entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care, treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised," by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 781 (House Bill No. 1048), entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices," approved May 3d, 1909, so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER, from the Committee on Agriculture reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 214, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale for agricultural purpose of crushed limestone, lime, gymsum and related products, defining said products, and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. SCHANTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 772 (House Bill No. 955), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 4th day of
1855, entitled "An Act relating to certain duties an
of husband and wife and parents and children."

Mr. ENDSLEY, from the Committee on Ag
ported as amended, Senate Bill No. 780 (H
792), entitled:

An Act for the encouragement
holding of agricultural exhibitio
certain agricultural associatio
ment thereof.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 649 (House Bill No. 680), entitled:

An Act relative to estates of decedents.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 722 (House Bill No. 743), entitled:

An Act authorizing the orphan's court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith.

Mr C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 874 (House Bill No. 1192), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said dsitricts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law," approved the 18th day of July, 1901, by designating the counties of Cameron and Elk as the twenty-fifth district and attaching the County of Clinton to the Fifty-fifth district.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 923, entitled:

An Act giving the Orphans' Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over the distribution by executors trustees or others holding property in trust for charitable uses objects and purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust and providing that in case any object of charity or charitable institution in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is discriminated against in the said distribution that said object of charity or charitable institutions may present its petition to the Orphans' Court having jurisdiction of the funds to be distributed alleging the facts under oath, that they believe they are discriminated against or about to be discriminated against in the distribution by said executors, or trustees or others holding property in trust for charitable uses, objects or purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust; the said court upon the presentation of said petition shall have power to hear evidence or appoint a master to take the testimony and report to the court and if the court is of the opinion that said petitioner has been discriminated against in said distribution the court shall have the power to make distribution of the said funds in lieu of the distribution as made or suggested to be made by the executors trustees or others holding such fund, and to direct who shall pay the costs, and providing that any party aggrieved by order or decree of the court shall have the right to appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court, and repealing all inconsistent laws.

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 13th day of March 1815, entitled "An Act concerning divorces."

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 765 (House Bill No. 941), entitled:

An Act further amending an act, entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the 7th day of June, A. D. 1879, amending the 1st, 14th, 16th, 20th, 21st, 25th and 26th sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1889, entitled 'A further supplement to an act, entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation," approved the 7th day of June, A. D. 1879,' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value," approved the 8th day of June, A. D. 1891, and regulating the making of certain reports and a statement to the Auditor General for the purposes of taxation.

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 835 (House Bill No. 1108), entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by
o corporations after letters patent are issued and be-
he recording of their charters.

m the Committee on Judiciary General reported
d, Senate Bill No. 705 (House Bill No. 1009),

ate and establish the fees to be charged
recorder of deeds in counties having
ht hundred thousand and less than
thousand inhabitants as com-
United States census.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 693, entitled:

An Act requiring products of crude petroleum and compounds containing the same to be so branded or marked as to indicate the kind and grade of such petroleum from which the same are derived or manufactured and providing penalties for a violation thereof.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 857, entitled:

An Act to provide for just compensation to the Commonwealth and to persons and corporations for loss or damage to property by fire proximately caused by the operation of locomotive engines on railroads in this State by making railroad corporations responsible for all such loss and damage irrespective of the existence or non-existence of negligence on their part, in cases where such fires arise within one hundred feet of the railroads or rights of way owned or operated by such corporations outside of the territorial limits of cities and boroughs.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 819, entitled:

An Act authorizing Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer, his wife, citizens of Cambria County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylavnia.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 834 (House Bill No. 1105), entitled:

An Act authorizing Jennie Clay Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence County Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. LYNCH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 578 (House Bill No. 416), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 8th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act regulating the appointment, confirmation, duties, salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants," by extending its provision to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act.

Mr. GYGER, from the Committee on Education reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 712, entitled:

An Act relating to the employment of teachers in certain branches of Vocational Education.

Also from the Committee on Agriculture reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 761 (House Bill No. 336), entitled:

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information fixing their compensation therefor and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith.

Mr. WARNER, from the Committee on Agriculture reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 801, entitled:

An Act regulating the manufacture and sale and use of insectides and fungicides and imposing certain duties on the Secretary of Agriculture the Commissioner of Forestry and the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College and making an appropriation.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 517 (House Bill No. 196), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a Commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation.

Mr. HINDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 829 (House Bill No. 942), entitled:

An Act amending an act, entitled "A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the 7th day of June, A. D. 1879," approved the 1st day of June, A. D. 1889.

Also from the Committee on Insurance reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 648 (House Bill No. 517), entitled:

An Act prohibiting any city, county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner.

Mr. McKEE from the committee on Education reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 248 (House Bill No. 103), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Also from the Committee on Military Affairs re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 690, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved the 12th day of April, A. D. 1905, entitled "An Act providing for the erection and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county seat of Allegheny County in honor of the soldiers, sailors and marines from that county who served in the Army and Navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion authorizing and directing the commissioners of said Allegheny County to erect and maintain said memorial hall upon petition of fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries the court of quarter sessions and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county at a general election designating a committee to determine what relics records, etc., shall be placed in said memorial hall and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States" by extending its provisions so that societies resulting from the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition may have rooms in said memorial hall to meet in and making the members of said societies eligible to membership on the supervisory board.

Mr. TOMPKINS from the Committee on Education reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 802, entitled:

An Act relating to payment of cost of tuition, text books and school supplies in cases in which inmates of orphans asylums, children's homes, institutions and other similar institutions attend the public school.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 842, entitled:

An Act authorizing Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 782 (House Bill No. 1100), entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 805, entitled:

An Act limiting the time within which to begin actions in trespass for malicious prosecution and false imprisonment to one year and conspiracy to three years after the injury complained of.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 928, entitled:

An Act relating to the mayors of third class cities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 929, entitled:

An Act defining what shall be treated as part of the record on appeals in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 930, entitled:

An Act relating to the calling in certain cases of judges registered in the "Judicial Assignment Register" of the Supreme Court to districts other than their own; and providing for their compensation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. MILLER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 931, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of Article four, section one of Article five and section nine of Article twenty-four of an act entitled, "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1911, permitting operators, managers and superintendents free selection of mine foremen, assistant mine foremen and fire bosses and placing mine employes under the supervision and control of the operator.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 932, entitled:

An Act establishing certain public roads as State Highways and providing for their construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Also, read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 933, entitled:

An Act establishing certain public roads as State Highways, and providing for their construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. BURKE (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 934, entitled:

An Act providing a method of establishing title to land acquired at a sale for unpaid taxes or municipal claims.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. HILTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 935, entitled:

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of license taxes in boroughs of this Commonwealth from merchants of all kinds, and fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 936, entitled:

An Act authorizing township school districts, which entirely surround a city or borough, to acquire, in such city or borough, lands, and to erect thereon buildings for high-school purposes, and exempting property so acquired, from taxation by such city, borough, or school district thereof, and authorizing such township school directors to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground for such high school purposes, and providing for the determination of damages done and suffered by the owners of the land by reason of the taking thereof for such high school purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. In the absence of the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Patton, the chair will ask that Senate Bill No. 245, returned from the House of Representatives with Amendments, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

will go over in its order. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 225, as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten (10) and twelve (12) of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to one thousand dollars ($1,000) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims divorce and all habeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve (12) wherever it appears to the word "clerk"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section ten (10) of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 10 The said court hereby created shall have jurisdiction in all civil actions at law and in equity where the value of the matter or thing in controversy exclusive of interest and costs does not exceed the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) except that in actions for damages for personal injuries it shall have jurisdiction where the sum demanded by the plaintiff does not exceed one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) The amount claimed by the plaintiff where the said claim is for a sum certain shall be conclusive as to the jurisdiction of the court in all actions brought for the recovery of money and in actions at law or in equity not involving any sum certain the plaintiff shall file with his statement a certificate as to the amount of the thing or matter in controversy The said court shall also have jurisdiction in any civil cases transferred to it by order of a majority of the judges of any court of common pleas of Philadelphia county" be and the same is herewith amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 10 The said court hereby created shall have jurisdiction in all civil actions at law and in equity where the value of the matter or thing in controversy exclusive of interest and costs does not exceed the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) in actions of assumpsit and fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) in actions of trespass The amount claimed by the plaintiff where the said claim is for a sum certain shall be conclusive as to the jurisdiction of the court in all actions brought for the recovery of money and in actions at law or in equity not involving any sum certain the plaintiff shall file with his statement a certificate as to the amount of the thing or matter in controversy The said court shall also have jurisdiction in any civil cases transferred to it by order of a majority of the judges of any court of common pleas of Philadelphia county The said court hereby created shall also have jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine in proceedings involving mechanics' liens and municipal claims where the matter or thing in controversy exclusive of interest and costs shall not exceed the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) and in divorce and all habeas corpus proceedings

Section 2 And be it further enacted et cetera that section twelve of the above mentioned act which reads as follows

"Section 12 All civil actions in said municipal court shall be begun by filing a statement of the plaintiff's claim without the issuance of any formal writ The said statement shall consist of a concise recital of the facts which the plaintiff claims give rise to his cause for action divided into paragraphs consecutively numbered only one averment of fact so far as possible being included in one paragraph Where any contracts or other writings are material to the validity of the plaintiff's claim he must annex copies of the same in accordance with the practice now obtaining in the courts of common pleas This statement may be filed by the plaintiff or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All statements shall be verified by the affidavit of the plaintiff or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by the plaintiff or his counsel

The said clerk shall thereupon issue a summons under the seal of the court requiring the defendant to appear and file an answer to the plaintiff's claim within ten days after service of the statement upon him In default of the filing of an answer within ten days the plaintiff may take judgment against the defendant as of course In order to prevent judgment as aforesaid defendant must file within ten days of the service of the summons and statement upon him as aforesaid an answer which shall consist of a series of numbered paragraphs corresponding to the paragraphs in the plaintiff's statement of his claim and shall contain an admission or denial of each fact averred Provided That if defendant alleges himself to be ignorant as to the facts averred in any paragraph he may so state and place the plaintiff upon proof of the same as if they had been denied All facts which defendant does not deny or aver himself to be ignorant and demand proof as aforesaid shall be deemed to be admitted The answer may be filed by the defendant or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All answers shall be verified by the affidavit of defendant or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by defendant or his counsel After defendant has filed an answer the case shall be at issue without any formal pleas unless he sets up new matter in separate numbered paragraphs in addition to those answering plaintiff's averments in which case plaintiff may within five days answer the same in the same manner and all new matter so averred by defendant and not denied by plaintiff or of which he does not declare himself to be ignorant and demand proof shall be deemed to be admitted The case shall then be at issue Plaintiff may move for judgment for want of a sufficient answer for all or a portion of his claim

Every statement of claim before it shall be received by the prothonotary shall contain on the back thereof an endorsement signed by plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his statement pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar endorsement and if defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars If both parties as aforesaid have filed agreements that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe

When a case is at issue it may be immediately ordered on the trial list by either party It shall be the duty of the judges of the said court to so arrange their trial list that cases shall be tried as promptly as possible For the purpose of promtply disposing of all motions and rules in connection with its business it shall be the duty of said court to have at least one judge sitting continuously as many hours per day as he may be needed Except as modified by this act or its own rules adopted by a majority of the judges the practice and procedure of the municipal court shall be the same as the practice and procedure in the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county" be and the same is hereby amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 12 In actions of replevin in foreign attachment in proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth day of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine in divorce and all habeas corpus proceedings in mechanic's liens and municipal claims and in all actions for the filing enforcement and collection of said claims the practice and procedure in the municipal court shall be similar to that which governs in similar actions or proceedings in the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth

Otherwise than in writs of capias ad respondendum when required and in those for which different provisions are made in this act all civil actions in the municipal court [illegible] be begun by filing a statement of the plaintiff's claim prior to the issuance of any formal writ The said statement shall consist of a concise recital of the facts which the plaintiff claims give rise to his cause of action divided into paragraphs consecutively numbered only one averment of fact so far as possible being included in one paragraph Where any contracts or other writings are material to the validity of the plaintiff's claim he must annex copies of the same in accordance with the practice now obtaining in the courts of common pleas This statement may be filed by the plaintiff or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All statements shall be verified by the affidavit of the plaintiff or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by the plaintiff or his counsel

The said clerk shall thereupon issue a summons under the seal of the court requiring the defendant to appear and file an answer to the plaintiff's claim within ten days after service of the statement upon him In default of the filing of an answer within ten days the plaintiff may take judgment against the defendant as of course In order to prevent judgment as aforesaid defendant must file within ten days of the service of summons and statement upon him as aforesaid an answer which shall consist of a series of numbered paragraphs corresponding to the paragraphs in the plaintiff's statement of his claim and in actions of trespass shall contain an admission or denial of each fact averred Provided That if defendant alleges himself to be ignorant as to the facts averred in any paragraph as he may so state and place the plaintiff upon proof of the same as if they had been denied All facts which defendant does not deny or aver himself to be ignorant and demand proof as aforesaid shall be deemed to be admitted In actions of assumpsit the answer duly sworn to shall set forth fully the nature and character of the defense to the plaintiff's demand and shall conform to such rules as may be adopted by the majority of the judges of said court The answer may be filed by the defendant or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All answers shall be verified by the affidavit of defendant or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by defendant or his counsel After defendant has filed an answer the case shall be at issue without any formal pleas unless he sets up new matter in separate numbered paragraphs in addition to those answering plaintiff's averments in which case plaintiff may within ten days answer the same in the same manner and all new matter so averred by defendant and not denied by plaintiff or of which he does not declare himself to be ignorant and demand proof shall be deemed to be admitted The case shall then be at issue Plaintiff may move for judgment for want of a sufficient answer for all or a portion of his claim

Every statement of claim before it shall be received by the clerk shall contain on the back thereof an endorsement signed by plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his statement pay to the clerk a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar endorsement and if defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer pay to the clerk a jury fee of four dollars If both parties as aforesaid have filed agreements that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe

When a case is at issue it may be immediately ordered on the trial list by either party It shall be the duty of the judges of the said court to so arrange their trial list that cases shall be tried as promptly as possible For the purpose of promptly disposing of all motions and rules in connection with its business it shall be the duty of said court to have at least one judge sitting continuously as many hours per day as he may be needed Except as modified by this act or its own rules duly adopted by a majority of the judges the practice and procedure in the municipal court shall be the same as the practice and procedure in the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 454, as follows:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide for the violation of this act" approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by the act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any person who has been in the practice of osteopathy in this State for two continuous and consecutive years immediately prior to the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and who is the holder of a diploma granted unto him or her from a legally incorporated school or college of osteopathy shall be allowed to continue in such practice provided he or she shall have been registered prior to the date of the approval of this amendment by the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she practices as originally provided for in the section hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania" be and the same is hereby amended and made to read as follows

Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any registered osteopath who has been engaged in the practice of osteopathy in this State for eight continuous and consecutive years immediately prior to the approval of this act who shall exhibit his or her certificate of registration to the Secretary of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners within ninety days after the approval of this act together with a written application for license to practice osteopathy setting forth facts showing that the applicant is within the requirements of this proviso which shall be duly supported by affidavit and having successfully passed the same examinations before said board as were passed by those now licensed who were in practice in this State March nineteen one thousand nine hundred and nine including all members of the said board and who applied for license within ninety days of the passage of the act to which this is a supplement upon the payment by the applicant of the fee of fifty dollars the said Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall issue so examine and to such applicant within four months after the approval of this act a license to practice osteopathy in this State which license shall be subscribed by every member of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners and shall have a like effect for all purposes as a license issued after examination by the Board of Examiners and such licensee shall register in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice as required by section thirteen of the act hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. PRESIDENT. I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading, be reconsidered.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 51, by striking out the word "issue" after the word "shall" and inserting the word "issue" after the word "and."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to,

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital Kittanning Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 136.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 136, on page 4 of yesterday's calendar, entitled:

> An Act providing for a State Association of County Controllers and Deputy County Controllers and for the meetings thereof and providing for the payment by the counties of the expenses thereof

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I voted no.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—2.

Jenkins,
Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 33, entitled:

> An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the City of Erie Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SENATE BILL NO. 369 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

Mr. CLARK offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

> Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 369, entitled "An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes or fruits providing containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

> An Act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 41, entitled:

> An Act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association Incorporated of Allegheny County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 67, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mary M. Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 70, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Lehigh County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 76, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell.
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson.
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland County at Greensburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 100, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital Franklin Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell.
McKee, W. S.
Smith, W. W.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 102, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 109, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act relating to the State Police Force

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Graff,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,

Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Patton,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 165, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell.
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 190 (House Bill No. 104), on third reading, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 223, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Evangelical Home for the Aged in the city of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul.
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 226, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Warner,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 257, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 258, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 269 (House No. 249), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 299, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 325, on third reading, entitled:

An Act prohibiting the commissioners of townships of the first class from undertaking the paving curbing macadamizing or otherwise improving of or construction of sewers in any street alley or part thereof except upon petition of property owners owning property containing a majority of the number of feet fronting and abutting on the line of the proposed improvement

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 340, as follows:

An Act to enable foreign religious and charitable corporations which have been incorporated and are carried on not for purposes of profit but for a purely and strictly religious or charitable purpose to hold real estate in this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter it shall be lawful for a religious or charitable corporation chartered under the laws of any other state and which may require the holding and owning of real estate in this Commonwealth for the purpose of the religious or charitable use for which such corporation may have been organized to take hold and enjoy in any part of this Commonwealth either in its corporate name or by a trustee or trustees agent or agents real estate and premises which said corporation may deem necessary to further the religious or charitable use for which such corporation may have been organized and incorporated and to mortgage and convey or lease any part or portion thereof Provided however that such foreign religious or charitable corporation shall have a duly authorized agent or agents as required by the existing laws and Provided further That the clear yearly income from such real estate shall not exceed the sum of twenty thousand dollars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 937, entitled:

An Act providing for the regulation of dams or other structures, works or obstructions in, along, across, or projecting into any stream or body of water wholly or partly within this Commonwealth forming part of the route of the canal authorized to be constructed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by act of the General Assembly approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913; vesting certain powers and duties in the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for this purpose; fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof; and providing equitable remedies for non compliance with or violation of orders of the aforesaid Canal Board or of provisions of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Canals and Inland Navigation.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act, entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the 24th day of June, A. D. 1895.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 348, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 349, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 374, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of the North Side city of Pittsburgh

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 403, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home of New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 414 (House No. 248), entitled:

An Act authorizing courts to make wards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 434, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monroe County Hospital located at Stroudsburg Monroe county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 455, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for better setting of fruit and for the protection of bees by prohibiting the spraying of trees shrubs bushes or plants of fruit-bearing kinds when in bloom

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 472, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem Salisbury township Lehigh county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 520 (House Bill No 687), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 527, entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed under and by the authority of an act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" and authorizing the passage of an ordinance amending an original ordinance where the route of any sewer has been changed during the course of its construction

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 529, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 552, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the City of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 618 (House No. 291), entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation as special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—3.

Jenkins,
McKee, W. S.,
Snyder, P. W.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 626 (House Bill No. 572), as follows:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "document" used in this act includes the documents specifically referred to in section nineteen of this act and also such books pamphlets circulars bulletins blanks and other documents and papers which any department division bureau or commission shall request the Division of Distribution of Documents to distribute

Section 2 There is hereby established in the Department of Public Printing and Binding a division to be known as the "Division of Distribution of Documents"

Section 3 The chief of the division shall be appointed by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding with the approval of the Governor for the term of four years or until his successor has been appointed and has qualified He shall before assuming the duties of his office take and subscribe to the oath or affirmation prescribed by the Constitution of this Commonwealth and shall give bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) conditioned on the faithful performance by him of the duties of his office He shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars

Section 4 The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall appoint in said division two shipping clerks two mailing clerks one bookkeeper and one stenographer and typewriter each of whom shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars one messenger who shall receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars Additional employes shall when necessary be assigned to the division by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

Section 5 It shall be the duty of the State Printer when he shall print any document at the expense of this Commonwealth to deliver all such documents to the division of distribution of documents unless otherwise directed in writing by the chief of the division of documents

Section 6 Whenever any documents shall be delivered to the chief of the division he shall notify the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding who shall have the paper printing and binding thereof examined and compared with the paper printing and binding set forth in the order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to the State Printer for such documents and if the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall find any variance in the quality of the paper or the printing or binding he shall at once notify the Chief of the Division of Public Documents not to accept the same and in case the number of documents delivered is not as authorized the Chief of the Division of Public Documents shall at once notify the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding of such shortage

Section 7 It shall be unlawful for any officer of the State Government or for any legislative committee or for any commission or commissioner authorized by law to have any document printed except by the State Printer unless the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is required to order printing done elsewhere because of the inability of the State Printer to do the work or it is necessary in order to expedite the printing for the said Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to authorize the State Printer to have the printing done elsewhere

Section 8 The chief of said division shall distribute documents only on a written order or requisition addressed to the chief of the division by the official or persons entitled to such documents The distribution of any document the distribution of which is not provided for in this act or the act authorizing the publication of the same shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

Section 9 The only persons who shall be entitled to order documents from the division shall be the following namely—The Governor the heads of the various departments of the State Government and the Librarian of the Senate and the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives who shall make requisition on the Chief of the Division of Documents from time to time for such documents as the Senators and principal officers of the Senate and the Members and principal officers of the House of Representatives are entitled also each department and each sole commissioner and the chairman of any lawful commission and the chairman of any legislative committee shall be entitled to order from the division such documents not enumerated in this act as the Division of Distribution of Documents may have in its charge for distribution as may be necessary in the performance of the work of such department or commissioner or commission or committee or institution and also such documents not enumerated in this act as the Division of Distribution of Documents may have in its charge for distribution as shall embody the results of the work of such department or any bureau or division thereof or of any such commissioner commission or committee

Section 10 As soon as copies of any document are delivered to the division the chief shall in writing notify the Librarian of the Senate the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives and the head of each department division bureau commission or committee of the number thereof to which he or it is entitled Any report which has not been requisitioned at the time when succeeding report from same department commission or committee is received shall be subject to requisition by said department commission or committee without regard to number There shall however be retained for future use such number of each document as the Superintendent of Pubic Printing and Binding shall determine Whenever the Librarian of the Senate and Resident Clerk of the House are notified by the chief of the division that he has documents ready for delivery to which the Senate and House of Representatives are entitled they shall immediately notify the Members and principal officers of the Senate and House of Representatives respectively Upon receipt of any proper requisition the chief shall have the proper documents prepared for shipment by wrapping the same separately or by packing in bulk in packages or in boxes as the case may be and addressed as requested in the requisition All documents to be shipped by mail or express shall be delivered to the post office or to the express company respectively All documents to be shipped by freight shall be delivered to the general shipping contractors All documents shall be delivered free at the post office express office or freight office as the case may be where the person to whom they are addressed resides All files and the contents of the desks of Members of the General Assembly shall be shipped by the division if requested by any Senator or Member

Section 11 To the persons entitled to documents the chief shall furnish on request blank forms for orders for documents

Section 12 The Librarian of the Senate the Resident Clerk of the House and every department division bureau commission or committee shall file with the division before July first of each year the number of documents respectively on hand the first day of June preceding said first day of July

Section 13 The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide adequate rooms for conducting the affairs of the division and shall furnish and keep the same duly furnished On requisition of the Chief of the Division countersigned by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding it shall furnish all supplies and furniture that may be necessary in conducting the affairs of the division

Section 14 The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall on requisition of the Chief of the Division furnish all printing that may be necessary in such division

Section 15 The Chief of the Division shall annually report as of July first to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding the number of documents received the manner and on whose order they have been distributed and the number remaining undistributed He shall also report the names of those who in his judgment have unreasonably requested documents or who have exceeded in their orders the number of documents to which they would reasonably be entitled He shall also suggest improved methods leading to economy in the printing and distribution of documents This report or a summary thereof shall be included in the report of the Superintendent to the Governor

Section 16 Documents shall be distributed in the following manner only Personally to those entitled thereto or to their duly authorized agent Upon the requisition of any members or principal officer of the General Assembly at any time during the term of his office any document requested shall be delivered by mail or otherwise to the address of the person indicated in such requisition Due credit shall be given to the respective member or officer by stamping in the front of such document "Compliments of John Doe" member or officer of the Senate (or House of Representatives as the case may be) Such stamps shall be furnished by the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings This however shall not prevent any member or officer from having one in every five or fractional part of five of his allotment of the different documents sent on requisition to his residence or business address if he shall so desire The Chief Clerk of the Senate the Librarian of the Senate the Chief Clerk of the House and the Resident Clerk of the House may in their discretion requisition their documents singly or in bulk

Section 17 During the month of July in each year the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall by advertisement solicit proposals for shipping by freight The contract shall be for shipping documents by freight including drayage to the railroad from the Division and shall be for one year from the fifteenth day of August The contract shall be let to the lowest and best bidder All or any bids may be rejected if in the judgment of the Superintendent they are excessive

Section 18 When a contract or contracts for the shipping of documents shall be awarded the contractor or contractors shall dray and ship all documents shipped by freight from the rooms of the Division of Documents If a contractor shall fail to comply with the terms thereof the contract may be awarded to the next best and responsible bidder or the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding may readvertise and proceed as in the case of a new contract or he may have the work stipulated in the contract performed otherwise at the expense of the defaulting contractor and his surety or the Sueprintendent of Public Printing and Binding may call upon the surety on the bond to fulfill the terms of the contract If the contract be awarded to the next best bidder or be readvertised and reawarded or the work done otherwise as aforesaid the Attorney General shall in the name of the Commonwealth bring action against the defaulting contractor and his surety to recover fully the loss if any sustained by the Commonwealth by such default Any check that accompanied the proposal of such defaulting contractor shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth

Section 19 All documents of this Commonwealth shall be printed and bound and distributed as provided in this act unless otherwise specified by special act The Governor and each member and President of the Senate Chief Clerk Secretary Librarian Assistant Librarian Journal and Reading Clerks of the Senate and each Member and the Chief Clerk Resident Clerk Assistant Resident Clerk Journal and Reading Clerks of the House of Representatives and each department and commission and institution shall be respectively entitled to requisition not more than the number of documents hereinafter set forth however any Senator or Member may obtain a reasonable additional number of any report of any department commission or committee by furnishing the names and addresses of the parties to whom they wish same sent to The Librarian of the Senate or the Resident Clerk of the House who may with the consent of the department commission or committee publishing same requisition the Division of Distribution of Documents to forward same wiith the Senators or Members compliments stamped therein

1 Twelve hundred and fifty copies each of the Governor's inaugural address annual biennial and special message one thousand of which shall be bound in cloth Each Senator and officer of the Senate four copies each Member and officer of the House of Representatives three copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Senate Library ten copies and the Governor the remaining number

2 Thirty-three thousand copies of the Pamphlet Laws of each session Twenty copies shall be labeled "Property of the Senate" and twenty copies shall be labeled "Property of the House" each Senator and officer may requisition sixty copies each Member and officer of the House fifty copies and each member and officer of the succeeding General Assembly five copies Each member of the Senate may requisition an additional copy for each attorney whose voting residence is within his Senatorial District by furnishing the names and addresses of same and certifying they are attorneys and actually voting residents of his Senatorial District also the member or members of the House from each legislative district may requisition one copy for each justice of the peace or alderman whose voting residence is within their legislative district by furnishing the names and addresses of same and certifying same are actual voting residents of their legislative district The Division of Distribution of Documents shall place in such copies the compliments of all members from said district The Secretary of the Senate the Chief Clerk of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House may requisition three hundred copies each the Secretary of the Commonwealth the Senate Librarian Resi-

dent Clerk of the House and State Librarian five hundred copies the Governor one hundred copies the Auditor General Commissioner of Labor and Industry Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings Secretary of Agriculture State Highway Commissioner and the Commissioner of Health ten copies each The Attorney General Legislative Reference Bureau and Department of Printing and Binding fifty copies all other departments and commissions five copies each The Division of Distribution of Documents the remaining number from which they shall supply one to each county office and court within the State on list furnished by the prothonotaries of the different counties One copy shall be sent to each judge and clerk of the circuit and the district courts of the United States in Pennsylvania and one copy each to the President of the United States the Secretary of State of the United States the Secretary of the United States Senate the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives and two copies to the Librarian of Congress The remaining copies shall be sold to the public at one dollar and one-half per copy

3 Four hundred each of the journals of the Senate and of the House of Representatives shall be bound in full sheep or otherwise as the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall deem most expedient Ten copies shall be labeled "Property of the Senate" and ten copies shall be labeled "Property of the House" and shall be for the use of the respective branch of the General Assembly Each Senator and officer may requisition one copy the State Librarian one hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Senate Library five copies

4 Four hundred copies only of the Legislative Journal shall be bound in full sheep or as the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall deem most expedient Five copies shall be labeled "Property of the Senate" five copies shall be labeled 'Property of the House" and shall be for the use of the respective branch of the General Assembly Each Senator and officer of the Senate and each member and officer of the House may requisition one copy the State Librarian one hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau fifteen copies and the Senate Library five copies

5 Twelve hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Auditor General on the finances Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and Senate Library ten copies each and the Auditor General the remaining number

6 Twelve hundred and fifty copies of the report of the State Treasurer Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the State Treasurer the remaining number

7 Twelve hundred and fifty copies of the general report of the Secretary of Internal affairs Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House may requisition two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each the Secretary of Internal Affairs the remaining number

8 Two thousand copies of the report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs on railroads canals and telegraphs Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each the Secretary of Internal Affairs the remaining number

9 Seven thousand copies of the report of the Department of Mines on bituminous mines Each Senator and officer may requisition five copies each member and officer of the House five copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Mines the remaining number

10 Sixty-five hundred copies of the report of the Department of Mines on anthracite mines Each Senator and officer may requisition five copies each member and officer of the House five copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Mines the remaining number

11 Ninety-three hundred copies of the report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Superintendent of Public Instruction the remaining number

12 Thirty-five thousand copies of the school laws and decisions Each Senator and officer may requisition five copies each member and officer of the House five copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau one hundred copies the Senate Library ten copies the Superintendent of Public Instruction the remaining number

13 Twelve hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Commissioners of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Commissioners the remaining number

14 Two thousand copies of the report of the Adjutant General Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Librarian ten copies each and the Adjutant General the remaining number

15 Three thousand copies of the report of the Insurance Commissioner on fire and marine insurance Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Insurance Commissioner the remaining number

16 Three thousand copies of the report of the Insurance Commissioner on life and accident insurance Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Insurance Commissioner the remaining number

17 Twelve thousand copies of the report of the Secretary of Agriculture Each Senator and officer may requisition fifty copies each member and officer of the House fifty copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Agriculture the remaining number

18 Thirty thousand copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book Each Senator and officer may requisition one hundred and fifty copies each member and officer of the House eighty copies the Governor Secretary of the Commonwealth Commissioner of Health and the State Librarian five hundred copies each the Librarian of the Senate seven hundred copies the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives one thousand copies the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings and the Department of Public Printing and Binding three hundred copies each the Attorney General Auditor General the State Treasurer Secretary of Internal Affairs Superintendent of Public Instruction Insurance Commissioner Adjutant General State Fire Marshal Banking Commissioner Secretary of Agriculture Commisioner of Forestry Commissioner of Labor and Industry Chief of the Department of Mines State Highway Commissioner the compiler of Smull's Handbook and the Public Service Commission two hundred copies each the Executive Controller the Superintendent of State Police the Commissioner of Fisheries the Soldiers' Orphans' School Commission the Water Supply Commission the Board of Public Charities the Legislative Reference Bureau the Game Commission the Dairy and Food Commission the State Veterinarian the Economic Zoologist Board of Censors of Moving Pictures and the Division of Distribution of Documents fifty copies each each member and principal officer of the succeeding General Assembly ten copies of the edition published in the preceding even year of which edition twenty-five hundred additional Copies may be printed From the number alloted to each department one copy shall be delivered to each officer and employe of said department by the Division of Distribution of Documents from a list to be furnished by the several departments giving the names and addresses of the officers and employes

19 One thousand five hundred copies of the report of the Board of Public Charities Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Board of Public Charities the remaining number

20 Two thousand copies of the report of the Fisheries Commission Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Fisheries Commission the remaining number

21 Three thousand copies of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health which may be bound in one or two volumes as the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall deem most expedient Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Health the remaining number

22 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Department of Health monthly or at longer intervals and not more than ten thousand copies at one time The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Department of Health the remaining number

23 Seventeen hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Commissioner of Banking on banks Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Banking the remaining number

24 Fifteen hundred copies of the report of the Commissioner of Banking on building and loan associations Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies each the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Banking the remaining number

25 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the

Senate Library ten copies each and the State Treasurer the remaining number

26 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding the remaining number

27 Fifteen hundred copies of the report of the Attorney General Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Attorney General the remaining number

28 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the report of the State Librarian Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library tne copies each and the State Librarian the remaining number

29 Two thousand copies of the annual report of the Trustees of Pennsylvania State College and accompanying papers Each Senator and officer may requisition two copies each member and officer of the House one copy the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the trustees of the college the remaining number The President of Pennsylvania State College may have any reprints of any parts of said annual reports or of earlier reports made and bound in paper in such number as he may deem necessary to meet the public demand

30 Four thousand copies of the report of the Department of Forestry Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Forestry the remaining number

31 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Highway Commissioner Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Highway Commission the remaining number

32 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Department of Agriculture (other than Zoological Bulletins) not more than twenty-five thousand at one issue The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Department of Agriculture the remaining number

33 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Division of Zoology in the Department of Agriculture not more than fifty thousand copies at one issue The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Department of Agriculture the remaining number

34 One thousand copies of the annual report of the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Secretary of Internal Affairs the remaining number

35 Thirty-five hundred copies of the report of the Water Supply Commission Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Water Supply Commission the remaining number

36 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the annual report of the Game Commission Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Library three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Board of Game Commissioners the remaining number

37 Four thousand copies of the report of the Public Service Commission with the report of the Common Carriers of the State Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Public Service Commission the remaining number

38 Three thousand five hundred copies of the report of the State Fire Marshal Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the State Fire Marshal the remaining number

39 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Highway Commissioner other than of automobile licenses and not more than ten thousand copies at one issue The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Commissioner of Highways the remaining number

40 Three thousand copies of each of the reports of the Department of Labor and Industry Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Labor and Industry the remaining number

41 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Department of Labor and Industry not more than fifty thousand at one issue The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Department of Labor and Industry the remaining number

42 One hundred thousand copies of the Digest of the Game Fish and Forestry Laws Each Senator and officer may requisition two hundred and fifty copies each Member and officer of the House one hundred and fifty copies the Librarian of the Senate one thousand copies the Resident Clerk of the House one thousand five hundred copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies the Department of Forestry eight thousand copies the Department of Fisheries eight thousand copies and the Board of Game Commissioners the remaining number

43 Ten thousand copies of the Industrial Directory of the Department of Labor and Industry of which the State Library may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and Senate Library ten copies and the Department of Labor and Industry the remaining number

44 Twenty-five hundred copies of the Report of the Board of Censors Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Librarian ten copies each and the Board of Censors the remaining number

45 Thirty-five hundred copies of the report of the State Livestock Sanitary Board each Senator and officer may requition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Librarian ten copies each and the State Livestock Sanitary Board the remaining number

Section 20 Whenever any document of any kind not included in this act shall be printed by the State Printer for any branch of the State or for any commission or commissioner authorized by law three hundred and ten copies thereof shall be printed in addition to the number called for Of such additional copies the State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies and the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies The order for printing such additional copies shall be included by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding in his order to the State Printer for such publication

Section 21 If it shall be found at any time that more copies of any document are printed than are actually needed the Governor is authorized by order directed to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to decrease the number of such documents at the termination of the contract then in force or at an earlier date if satisfactory arrangement can be made with the contractor

Section 22 It shall be the duty of the head of each department commission State library and the Librarian of the Senate and the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives at the close of each year to turn over to the Division of Distribution of Documents all such pamphlets bulletins reports legislative bills calendars journal et cetera as will not be needed to supply a possible demand and shall take a receipt for the same The Chief of the Division of Distribution of Documents shall receive all such documents pamphlets bulletins reports legislative bills calendars and journals as are turned over to him and all that he may not have use for in his department shall be sold as waste paper by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to the highest bidder after due notice by advertisement has been made of same All bids may be rejected if deemed to be insufficient The contract may be for a year or less period and shall be for the sale of all such waste paper as the Superintendent may have for sale during the continuance of the contract All money received from the sale of any such waste paper shall be paid into the treasury of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 23 It is unlawful for any officer or employe of the State Government other than the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to sell or offer for sale as waste paper any document pamphlet bulletin report legislative bill calendar or journal

Section 24 The following acts and parts of acts are specifically repealed

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the more equal distribution of the laws of this Commonwealth" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventeen (Pamphlet Laws ninety-six)

Section three of an act entitled "An Act directing a further distribution of the laws and journals of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred seventy-seven)

A resolution approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-seventh Chapter seven) which resolution reads as follows

"Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be and he is hereby required to present a copy of the Acts of Assembly passed at the present and each succeeding session of the Legislature to each of the judges and clerks of the circuit and district courts of the United States for the districts of Pennsylvania"

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the transmission of the laws of this Commonwealth to the Government of the United States" approved the fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty (Pamphlet Laws twelve)

Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An supplement to the act providing for the publication and distribution of the pamphlet laws of the Commonwealth" approved the eleventh day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty-four)

Sections one to twenty-nine both inclusive of an act entitled "An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act" approved the nineteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws eight hundred and forty-five)

Such repeal shall not revive any act or part of an act not in force at the date of this repeal

Section 25 The provisions of this act so far as they are the same as those of existing laws are intended as a continuation of such laws and not new enactments All contracts made duties imposed powers granted or rights vested under such repealed acts are hereby continued in full force and effect

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Beidleman.	Gerberich,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Burke,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner.
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.	Wasbers,
Farley,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 652, as follows:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationary supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the state government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings defining the powers of the Commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same" which reads as follows

"Section 6 The superintendent shall receive from the contract or contractors the articles mentioned in the schedule It shall be his duty to reject all articles not up to the standard required and if a contractor shall fail to exchange them for articles that meet the requirements prescribed the Board may go in to the open market and purchase articles to take the place of those adjudged to be of inferior quality and deduct the expense from the amount due him from the Commonwealth or if the amount due said contractor be not sufficient to pay for the articles purchased the Board may proceed against the contractor or his sureties under the bond aforesaid by proper action through the Attorney General's Department Provided That in all cases it shall be the duty of the Auditor General to withhold from the contractor the warrant for one-fourth part of the entire contract until the superintendent shall certify that the contract has been fully complied with" is amended to read as follows

Section 6 The superintendent shall receive from the contractor or contractors the articles mentioned in the schedule It shall be his duty to reject all articles not up to the standard required and if a contractor shall fail to exchange them for articles that meet the requirements prescribed the Board may go into the open market and purchase articles to take the place of those adjudged to be of inferior quality and deduct the expense from the amount due him from the Commonwealth or if the amount due said contractor be not sufficient to pay for the articles purchased the Board may proceed against the contractor or his sureties under the bond aforesaid by proper action through the Attorney General's Department Articles must be furnished promptly as ordered On the failure of the contractor to deliver any article within a reasonable time after it is ordered and of satisfactory quality the right is reserved by the Board to purchase such articles in the open market or to declare the contract forfeited and if a greater price than that of the contract be paid for such articles the difference in the total amount of the purchase will be charged to the contractor and the sureties on the bond Provided That in all cases where a lump sum contract containing a provision for a partial payments on account of materials delivered and work done is entered into by the Board a percentage to be fixed by the Board of the amount due as set forth in the contract shall be withheld from the contractor by the Auditor General until the superintendent shall certify that the contract has been fully complied with

Section 2 The eighth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide suitable storage rooms for the furniture stationery and supplies that may be procured and shall also provide proper offices for the superintendent and his clerks and shall cause the same to be supplied with suitable furniture Whenever the heads of the departments the executive officers of the State boards and commissions and the chief clerks aforesaid shall require any portion of the furniture stationery or supplies named in their original lists a requisition therefor shall be made upon the superintendent who shall cause the articles to be delivered taking proper receipt therefor" is amended to read as follows

Section 8 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide suitable storage rooms for the furniture stationery and supplies that may be procured and shall also provide proper offices for the Superintendent and subordinate officers and shall cause the same to be supplied with suitable furniture Whenever the heads of departments the executive officers of the State boards and commissions and the chief clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives shall require any portion of the stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings repairs alterations improvements and other matters or things appearing in the annual schedule for which contracts have been awarded by the Board a requisition giving number and description of the item needed shall be made on the superintendent who shall cause the article to be delivered taking proper receipt therefor

Section 3 The eleventh section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 11 All bids on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the superintendent and if found correct he shall certify that the materials have been furnished or that the work or labor has been performed in accordance with the contract and after having been so certified to by him shall be presented to the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings for their examination and approval and when so approved shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in the usual form" is amended to read as follows

Section 11 All bills on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the Superintendent and if found correct he shall certify that the materials have been furnished or that the work or labor has been performed in accordance with the contract and after having been so certified to by him shall be approved by the Executive Controller and when so approved shall be audited settled and paid by the Auditor General and State Treasurer in the manner provided by law

Section 4 The sixteenth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 16 That for the purpose of making purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which does not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the Superintendent the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby annually appropriated which amount shall be known as the Board's general fund Provided That no expenditure of said amount shall be made by the Superintendent without first receiving authority from the Board so to do Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the Board" is amended to read as follows

Section 16 That for the purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the Superintendent such sum as may be appropriated by the General Assembly in the general appropriation bill which appropriation shall be known as the Board's general fund Provided That no expenditure from said fund shall be made by the Superintendent without first receiving authority from the Board so to do and Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the Board and Provided also That in awarding contracts under this schedule proposals for such contracts shall be invited by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings in such manner and at such times as the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings in their discretion may direct

Section 5 The seventeenth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 17 That nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the contracts for State printing and binding or supplies for the State printing or for the Legislative Record or Record wrappers" is amended to read as follows

Section 17 That nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the contracts for State printing and binding and the distribution of public documents or supplies for the State printing or for the Legislative Record or Record wrappers

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
Miller,
Mills,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Tompkins,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Washers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 672 (House No. 912), entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of an criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Sproul,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 698, on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing a charge not exceeding five dollars in addition to six per centum per annum to cover expenses incurred in making loans

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 711, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 720 (House No. 253), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the mine inspectors' examining boards and providing for their expenses

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Magee, C. J.
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,

Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

SENATE BILL NO. 545 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, April 15, 1915.

Be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 545, File Folio 1315, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparauts in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties.

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HILTON, from the Committee on Education, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 671 (House Bill No. 870), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Also from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 602 (House Bill No. 547), entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 741, entitled:

An Act refunding to the executor of the estate of Charles C. Cox deceased certain moneys by him paid into the State Treasury upon a bequest to the Malinda Cox Free Library of Doylestown Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 764 (House No. 841), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 776 (House No. 767), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 778 (House No. 1098), entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 779 (House No. 89), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesale bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, Is not this a bill to take five per cent. of the license fund and put it into the Pension Fund of the police in cities?

The PRESIDENT. It is.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, if this bill should become a law, it would have a tendency to make the police and hotel keepers, and liquor dealers and liquor interests work together in their business, and I think it would have a tendency for evil in a great many ways.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, this bill contains a provision whereby a certain part of this money is given to beneficial assocations. It is what we call a police pension fund down there. I consider it a fair measure and I would like very much for the benefit of the widows and orphans of the policemen that that fund should be set aside for that purpose, to help them along in their unfortunate and distressing conditions.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Crow,
Daix,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—5.

Farley,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Schantz,
Sensenich,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 786, entitled:

An Act amending section number one thousand four hundred and two of article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 797, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Sproul,
Vare,
Wasbers,

NAYS—5.

Magee, C. J.,
Mills,
Snyder, P. W.,
Tompkins,
Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 798, as follows:

An Act to legalize the erection construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part

Whereas for many years prior to July eighteenth one thousand nine hundred and twelve it was commonly supposed by the local authorities throughout this Commonwealth that buildings designed for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part constituted moving picture houses and did not come within the building laws or the tax laws of the Commonwealth relative to theatres or buildings intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed

And whereas Acting on this supposition permits were granted for the erection construction and alteration of such buildings by such local authorities without requiring them to conform in their construction to such building laws and licenses were granted for their operation year after year without requiring them to conform to such license laws in consequence of which action on the part of the local authorities many hundreds of thousands of dollars have been invested in erecting constructing and altering buildings for such exhibitions in accordance with the laws deemed applicable thereto as aforesaid

And whereas By a decision of the Superior Court on July eighteenth one thousand nine hundred and twelve it was adjudged that such exhibitions were theatrical exhibitions and the buildings in which they were given were theatres

And whereas The logical result of this adjudication would have been the compulsory closing of these buildings and the consequent loss of the large investments made therein in good faith with the sanction and approval of the local authorities as aforesaid

And whereas To prevent this injustice and consequent destruction of tax paying property of great value an act was approved May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by which it was intended that the provisions of the building laws relative to buildings intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed should be held not to apply to buildings of the character above mentioned

And whereas Said provision has been held to be unconstitutional because the acts amended thereby were referred to by title only and were not re-enacted and published at length

And whereas In consequence of this decision there is imminent danger that the injustice designed to be prevented by the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen will be visited upon persons who have invested in good faith in buildings of the kind above mentioned therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all buildings erected constructed or altered prior to May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and in actual use on or before that date for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part hereby are declared to be lawfully erected constructed and altered and in lawful use for such exhibitions notwithstanding that the said buildings do not conform to the laws of this Commonwealth relative to buildings intended for theatrical or operatic purposes or for public entertainments of any kind where stage scenery and apparatus are employed provided that nothing herein contained shall excuse or dispense with the payment by the owner or owners lessee or lessees of such buildings of the license fee payable by the laws of this Commonwealth to the city or county treasurer of any city or county in which such buildings are situated to the use of the Commonwealth

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same hereby are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Vare,

NAYS—7.

Magee, C. J.,
Mills,
Moore,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 799, entitled:

A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the Second Regiment Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held at San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing that such officers and enlisted men of said regiment as participate in said exposition shall be paid the same per diem pay of officers and men and such allowances in connection with the annual encampment as are paid from State funds which they would receive at the annual encampment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 531, on third reading postponed for the present, on page 9 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences"

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the bill be recommitted to the Committee on Elections for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 580 (House Bill No. 459), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 24th day of May, 1887, entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committees at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 713, entitled:

An Act relating to public evening schools in school districts of the second, third and fourth classes.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 828 (House Bill No. 910), entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States Census.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 650 (House Bill No. 725), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 6th day of May, 1887, entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws."

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committees at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL, from the Committee on Finance, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections.

Also from the Committee on Finance, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act to promote and encourage manufacturing within the Commonwealth by exempting machinery therein from State and Local Taxation.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act, entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention" approved the 8th day of May, A. D. 1883, so as to fix the compensation of the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 938, entitled:

An Act relating to and providing for the safety of users of the public highways by regulating the use thereof by motor and other vehicles and electric street cars; establishing as incidental thereto a Department of Motor Vehicles, and defining its powers and duties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 520 (House Bill No. 687), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, earlier in the session today this bill went over in its order because it was thought that the amendments in the bill had not been printed. It appears that the bill is properly printed and here on the desks and I would ask that the Senate proceed to the consideration of that bill.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 520 (House Bill No. 687), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives or of fire bricks and refractories or of cheese butter or other dairy or creamery products

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domine one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" which reads as follows

"It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the manufacture and sale of explosives or for the manufacture or fire bricks and refactories and the mining or quarrying of the raw material therefor or for the manufacture storage distribution or sale of cheese butter or other dairy or creamery products to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And Provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And Provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 939, entitled:

An Act providing for the annexation of any borough to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. LYNCH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 940, entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 941, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judges of a court of record; providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices; abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices; imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, county commissioners, and election officers and clerks; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof, and the punishment of certain offenses," approved the 24th day of July, 1915, so as to make the proviso to section thirteen of said act operative where two or more candidates for the office of judge of any court of record—consisting of several judges—are to be elected at one election.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 942, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys deposited in the State Treasury by the State Highway Department under the provisions of Act of July seventh, 1913, as fees for the registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making appropriation of whole amount received and balance remaining in State Treasury.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 941, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record; providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices; abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices; imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof, and the punishment of certain offenses," approved the 24th day of July, 1913, so as to make the proviso to section thirteen of said act operative where two or more candidates for the office of judge of any court of record—consisting of several judges—are to be elected at one election.

SENATE BILL NO. 84 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SEMMENS offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Be it resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 943, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 31st day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioiner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highway of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated town with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 944, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the rebuilding, repair and maintenance of the National or Cumberland Road.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 945, entitled:

An Act to amend section 16 of an act entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth; declaring which are game fish, which are food fish, and which are bait fish, and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same, to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair, improper, wasteful and destructive fishing, and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means; to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens, and to declare their official powers and duties; to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth, and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries, in the waters within the same; to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries; to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit; to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish; and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act, and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid," approved the 1st day of May, A. D. 1909.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 200, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend and revise an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of citites of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen enlarging changing modifying and defining certain of the powers of cities of the third class

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs for the purpose of further consideration and a hearing.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 216, as follows:

An Act relating to the Legislative Reference Bureau and authorizing and regulating therein a system of municipal reference information

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Legislative Reference Bureau is hereby directed to establish in the bureau a system of municipal reference information for the benefit of the municipalities of Pennsylvania The bureau shall gather classify and make available information along legal lines from any source that may be helpful in improving methods of administration and government in such municipalities It shall study the laws and ordinances governing municipalities in Pennsylvania and elsewhere publish from time to time the results of such studies Upon request from any municipality in Pennsylvania it shall draft ordinances of a general nature It shall prepare standard forms for ordinances on matters common to the various classes of municipalities.

Section 2 The director of the bureau is authorized to appoint in the bureau a Municipal Reference Librarian who shall be learned in the law and who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars and one filing clerk at an annual salary of one thousand dollars.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 308, as follows:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when a jury is appointed for assessing damages for the opening widening narrowing vacating or change of grade of any highway in a city of the first class it shall be the duty of the city solicitor to procure at the expense of the city a correct plan of the highway to be opened widened narrowed vacated or graded showing all the properties affected the grade thereof and of the highway and the names of the registered owners When the jury is appointed for assessing damages for the taking injury or destruction of property for any other public use it shall be the duty of the city solicitor to procure at the expense of the city a correct plan of the improvement showing all of the properties affected thereby and the names of the registered owners thereof

The plans shall be prepared and ready for the use of the jury within two months after the date of the filing of the said petition in court for the appointment of the jury One or more blue prints of said plans shall be furnished by the city solicitor to any party in interest on demand at the rate of twenty-five cents per copy

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 417 (House Bill No. 55), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 479, as follows:

An Act to regulate the grading packing marking shipping and sale of apples and providing penalties.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the standard grades or classes for apples grown in Pennsylvania when packed in closed packages shall be as follows

First Pennsylvania standard fancy grade shall consist of apples of one variety which are well-grown specimens hand-picked properly packed of good color for the variety normal shape free from dirt diseases insect and fungus injury bruises and other defects except such as are necessarily caused in the operation of packing

Second Pennsylvania standard "A" grade shall consist of apples of one variety which are well-grown specimens hand-picked properly packed of good color for the variety normal shape free from dirt diseases insect and fungus injury bruises and other defects except such as are necessarily caused in the operation of packing or apples of one variety which are not more than ten per centum below the foregoing specifications on a combination of all defects of five per centum on any single defect.

Third Pennsylvania standard "B" grade shall consist of apples of one variety which are well matured hand-picked properly packed practically normal shape practically free from dirt diseases insect and fungus injury and which may be of medium or less than medium color for the variety of apples of one variety which are not more than five per centum below the foregoing specifications on a combination of all defects or ten per centum on any single defect.

Fourth Unclassified apples not conforming to the foregoing specifications of grade or if conforming are not branded in accordance therewith shall be classed as unclassified and so branded The minimum size of the fruit in the package shall also be branded upon it as hereinafter specified and in addition to the other marks hereinafter required.

The marks indicating grade as above prescribed may be accompanied by any other designation of grade or brand if that designation or brand is not inconsistent with or marked more conspicuously than the one of the said four marks which is used on the said package Apples packed and branded in accordance with the Act of Congress approved August third one thousand nine hundred and twelve entitled "An Act to establish a standard barrel and standard grades for apples when packed in barrels and for other purposes" shall be exempt from the provisions of this act.

The minimum size of the fruit in all classes or grades including the unclassified shall be determined by taking the transverse diameter of the smallest fruit in the package at right angles to the stem and blossom and Minimum sizes shall be stated in variations of one-quarter of an inch like two inches two and one-quarter inches two and one-half inches two and three quarters inches three inches three and one-quarter inches and so on in accordance with the facts.

Minimum sizes may be designated by figures instead of words The word "minimum" may be designated by using the abbreviation "min."

A tolerance or variation of five per centum on size shall be allowed in all classes but such five per centum shall not be in addition to the variations or tolerances for defects provided in grades "A" and "B"

Section 2 Every closed package containing apples grown in Pennsylvania which is packed sold distributed transported or offered or exposed for sale distribution or transportation by any person shall bear upon the outside of one end in plain letters and figures the name and address of the packer or the person by whose authority the apples were packed and the package marked the true name of the variety the grade or class of the apples therein contained and the minimum size of the fruit in the package as provided by section one If the true name of the variety shall not be known to the packer or the person by whose authority the package is packed or branded then such variety shall be designated as "unknown" Every package of apples which is repacked shall bear the name and address of the repacker or the name of the person by whose authority it is repacked in place of that of the original packer

Section 3 It shall be unlawful for any person except under the percentages of tolerance and variation as allowed by clauses second and third of section one relating to Pennsylvania standard "A" and "B" grades to pack sell distribute transport offer or expose for sale in closed packages apples which are not hand-picked or which are wormy or diseased or which show fungus or scab injury unless such fact or facts shall be plainly stated by the use of the words "not hand-picked" "wormy" "diseased" "fungused" or "scabby" as the case may be said words to be branded upon the outside of the same end of the package on which the marks prescribed by section two shall appear

Section 4 The marks or brands prescribed by sections one two and three shall be in block letters and figures of size not less than three quarter inch

Section 5 It shall be unlawful for any person to pack sell distribute transport offer or expose for sale distribution or transportation apples which are adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act

Section 6 For the purposes of this act apples packed in a closed package shall be deemed to be misbranded

First If the package shall fail to bear all statements required by sections one two and three

Second If the package shall be falsely branded or shall bear any statement design or device regarding such apples which is false or misleading or if the package bears any statement design or device indicating that the apples contained therein are Pennsylvania "standard grade" and said apples when packed or repacked do not conform to the requirements prescribed by section one of this act

Section 7 For the purposes of this act apples packed in closed packages shall be deemed to be adulterated if their quality or grade when packed or repacked does not conform to the marks upon the package

Section 8 Any person who misbrands or adulterates apples within the meaning of this act or who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced for the first offense to pay a fine not exceding twenty-five dollars and not less than ten dollars for the second offense to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars and not less than twenty-five dollars and for each subsequent offense to pay a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars and not less than fifty dollars together in all cases with the costs of prosecution

Section 9 No person shall be prosecuted under the provisions of this act when he can establish a guaranty signed by the person from whom he received such articles to the effect that the same is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act The guaranty to be valid shall contain the true name and address of the person making the sale and in such case the guarantor shall be liable to the penalties of this act

Section 10 Definitions The word "person" as used herein includes both the singular and plural males and females individuals corporations copartnerships and associations The act omission or failure of any officer agent servant or employe acting within the scope of his employment or office shall be deemed the act omission or failure of the principal the words "closed package" mean a box barrel or other package the contents of which cannot be seen or inspected when such package is closed The words "not hand-picked" include windfalls drops and apples shaken or knocked from the tree by any agency

Section 11 No person shall on behalf of any other person pack any fruit for sale transportation or distribution contrary to the provisions of this act

Section 12 This act shall not apply to unpacked apples actually transported in barrels to storage within this State until the same are removed from storage for the purpose of marketing sale transportation or distribution

Section 13 This act shall take effect July first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 14 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMIITTED.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 479, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Agriculture for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 581 (House Bill No. 550), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office of the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 613, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of the act of the General Assembly approved twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 It shall be unlawful in selling any commodity to use any measure unless the same shall have thereon marked in distinct letters and figures the capacity thereof If such measure be of the capacity of one-half bushel or less or of one-half gallon or less it shall be marked in terms of a quart dry or liquid measure respectively If the measure be of the capacity of over one-half bushel or one-half gallon respectively it shall be marked in terms of a bushel or gallon respectively" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

"Section 4 It shall be unlawful in selling any commodity to use any measure unless the same shall have thereon marked in distinct letters and figures the capacity thereof If such measure be of the capacity of one-half bushel or less or of one-half gallon or less it shall be marked in terms of a quart dry or liquid measure respectively If the measure be of the capacity of over one-half bushel or one-half gallon it shall be marked in terms of a bushel or gallon respectively Provided That bottles or jars used for the sale of milk or cream shall be regarded and considered as measures, within the meaning of this act and shall be in all respects subject to all rules and regulations heretofore or hereafter made by the Chief of the Pennsylvania Bureau of Standards as to reasonable variations and tolerances"

Section 2 All acts or parts of an act general local or special inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 638 (House Bill No. 757), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 709, as follows:

An Act to amend sections three six and seven of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" which reads as follows

"Hours of Labor

Section 3 (a) No female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for more than six day in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day

Provided That during weeks in which a legal holiday occurs and is observed by an establishment any female may be employed by such establishment during three days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor more than the maximum hours per week specified in this act

The employment of such persons at any other time than as stated herein shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost in the same week in consequence of the alteration repairs or accidents to machinery or plant upon which she was employed and dependent for employment but no stoppng of machnery for less than thrty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be legal unless a written report of the same is sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one day nor for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act Provided That aforesaid restrictions as to hours shall not apply to females engaged in the canning of fruit and vegetable products

(b) Whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with more than one establishment in any one week or in any on day the aggregate number of hours during which she shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with such establishment shall not exceed the number of hours prescribed in this section for such females in any one week or any one day

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the work of nurses in hospitals" is amended to read as follows

Hours of Labor

Section 3 (a) No female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for more than six day in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day

Provided That during weeks in which a legal holiday occurs and is observed by an establishment any female may be employed by such establishment during three days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor more than the maximum hours per week specified in this act

The employment of such persons at any other time than as stated herein shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost in the same week in consequence of the alteration repairs or accidents to machinery or plant upon which she was employed and dependent for employment but no stoppng of machnery for less than thrty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be legal unless a written report of the same is sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one day nor for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act Provided That aforesaid restrictions as to hours shall not apply to females engaged in the canning of fruit and vegetable products

(b) Whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with more than one establishment in any one week or in any one day the aggregate number of hours during which she shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with such establishment shall not exceed the number of hours prescribed in this section for such females in any one week or any one day

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the work of nurses in hospitals

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any operator train dispatcher or other employe who by use of the telegraph or telephone dispatches reports transmits receives or delivers orders pertaining to or affecting train movements Such operators train dispatchers or other employees shall not be required or permitted to be or remain on duty for a longer period than nine hours in any twenty-four hour period in all towers offices places and stations continuously operated night and day nor for a longer period than thirteen hours in all towers offices places and stations operated only during the daytime In cases of emergency however any such operator dispatcher or employe may be permitted to be and remain on duty for four additional hours in a twenty-four hour period on not exceeding three days in any week

Section 2 Section six of said act which reads as follows

"Mid-Day Meal Periods

Section 6 Not less than forty-five minutes shall be allowed to every female employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for the mid-day meal which period shall not be considered a part of the hours of labor Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for less than eight hours in any one day the time allowed for the mid-day meal may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Employes shall not be required to remain in the work-rooms during the time allowed for meals" is amended to read as follows

Mid-Day Meal Periods

Section 6 Not less than forty-five minutes shall be allowed to every female employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for the mid-day meal which period shall not be considered a part of the hours of labor Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for less than eight hours in any one day the time allowed for the mid-day meal may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Employes shall not be required to remain in the work-rooms during the time allowed for meals

The provisions of this section shall not apply to any operator train dispatcher or other employe who by the use of the telegraph or telephone dispatches reports transmits receives or delivers orders pertaining to or affecting train movements

Section 3 Section seven of said act which reads as follows

"Intervals Between Work Periods

Section 7 No female shall be employed or permitted to work for more than six hours continuously in or in connection with any establishment without an interval of at least forty-five minutes and no period of less than forty-five minutes shall be deemed to interrupt a continuous period of work Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for less than eight hours in any one day the interval between work-periods may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Employes shall not be required to remain in the work-rooms during the rest periods required by this section" is amended to real as follows

Intervals Between Work Periods

Section 7 No female shall be employed or permitted to work for more than six hours continuously in or in connection with any establishment without an interval of at least forty-five minutes and no period of less than forty-five minutes shall be deemed to interrupt a continuous period of work Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for less than eight hours in any one day the interval between work-periods may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Employes shall not be required to remain in the work-rooms during the rest periods required by this section

The provisions of this section shall not apply to any operator train dispatcher or other employe who by the use of the telegraph or telephone dispatches reports transmits receives or delivers orders pertaining to or affecting train movements

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 715, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of appraisers appointed by the registers of wills of the several counties to appraise the value of estates subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax and of experts employed to assist such appraisers" by increasing the compensation of appraisers

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the Same That section one of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act fixing compensation of appraisers appointed by the registers of wills of the several counties to appraise the value of estates subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax and of experts employed to assist such appraisers" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the compensation of appraisers appointed by the registers of wills of the several counties of the Commonwealth to fix the value of estates which are or may hereafter be subject to collateral inheritance tax shall be as follows namely For each and every day on which an appraiser shall actually be engaged in making appraisement of property subject to said tax he shall receive the sum of two dollars Provided That if in the discharge of his duties it shall be necessary for him the said appraiser to travel from his place of residence to appraise property subject to said tax he shall be allowed such actual necessary traveling expenses as he may incur which expenses shall be itemized in a sworn statement to be returned to the register and subject to the final approval of the Auditor General" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the compensation of appraisers appointed by the registers of wills of the several counties of the Commonwealth to fix the value of estates which are or may be subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax shall be as follows For each and every day on which an appraiser shall actually be engaged in making appraisements of property subject to said tax he shall receive the sum of five dollars Provided That if in the discharge of his duties it shall be necessary for him the said appraiser to travel from his place of residence to appraise property subject to said tax he shall be allowed such actual necessary traveling expenses as he may incur which expenses shall be itemized in a sworn statement to be returned to the register and subject to the final approval of the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 725, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts'" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and six)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts'" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and six) be and the same is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 726, as follows:

An Act providing for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth for the destroying of dogs.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every township of the first class of the Commonwealth shall have power to pass ordinances taxing the owners and harborers of dogs and providing for the destroying of all dogs found at large contrary to any ordinance.

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 727, as follows:

An Act to repeal section four of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved the twenty-eight day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations provdiing for inspections of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and twenty-six)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their poulation into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved the twenty-eight day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts" (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and twenty-six) be and the same is hereby repealed.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 731, as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of October next all mortgages or defeasible deeds in the nature of mortgages made or to be made or executed for any lands tenements or hereditaments within this Commonwealth shall have priority according to the date of recording the same without regard to the time of making or executing such deeds and it shall be the duty of the recorder to endorse the time upon the mortgages or defeasible deeds when left for record and to number the same according to the time they are left for record and if two or more are left upon the same day they shall have priority according to the time they are left at the office for record And that no mortgage or defeasible deed in the nature of a mortgage shall be a lien until such mortgage or defeasible deed shall have been recorded or left for record as aforesaid Provided That no mortgage given for the purchase money of the land so mortgaged shall be affected by the passage of this act if the same be recorded within sixty days from the execution thereof" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of October next all mortgages or defeasible deeds in the nature of mortgages made or to be made or executed for any lands tenements or hereditaments within this Commonwealth shall have priority according to the date of recording the same without regard to the time of making or executing such deeds and it shall be the duty of the recorder to endorse the time upon the mortgages or defeasible deeds when left for record and to number the same according to the time they are left for record and if two or more are left upon the same day they shall have priority according to the time they are left at the office for record No mortgage or defeasible deed in the nature of a mortgage shall be a lien until such mortgage or defeasible deed shall have been recorded or left for record as aforesaid No mortgage given by purchaser to seller for any part of the purchase money of the land so mortgaged shall be affected by the passage of this act if the same be recorded within thirty days from the execution thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 749, as follows:

An Act to permit a married woman whose husband has lived separate and apart from her for one year or more and who during that time has not been supported by her husband to become a feme sole trader

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever a man and wife live apart and separate for one year or more and all marital relations between them have ceased and the husband for one year or more has not supported his wife nor their child or children if any they have from the time of the separation of the husband and wife and the wife and child or children if any there are maintained either by the wife by the joint efforts of the wife and children by the children or from the income of the wife's separate estate then in such case the wife may petition the court of common pleas of the county in which she resides to be decreed a feme sole trader and if it thereupon appear upon proof presented that the wife and husband have been living separate and apart for one year or more that the husband has not supported nor contributed toward the support of his wife and that the wife by her own industry or the joint industry of herself and her children or by reason of an income from her own estate has maintained herself or been maintained by her children then in every such case the wife shall be declared a feme sole trader and thereupon her property real and personal however acquired shall be subject to her free and absolute disposal during life or by will without any liability to be interfered with or obtained by such husband and in case of intestacy shall go to her next of kin as if he were previously dead

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 752, as follows:

An Act relating to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania in the matter of the elimination of grade crossings and providing that it may compel all changes in all streets highway and bridges of every kind and in all other public conveniences and in all facilities of all public service companies made necessary by proper elimination thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania to eliminate grade crossings shall include jurisdiction to compel all changes in all township borough city county and State bridges streets and highways and in bridges to be rebuilt by the Commonwealth over navigable rivers and streams declared public highways and in all other public conveniences and in the facilities of all public service companies made necessary by the proper elimination of such grade crossings

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 753, as follows:

An Act relating to plans and specifications for the elimination of grade crossings when county commissioners have made or shall make complaint against the same to the Public Service Commission and providing that the same may be contracted for and paid for out of the county funds if approved by the court of quarter sessions and providing that the same shall be sufficiently comprehensive to show all matters and things necessary for proper action on said complaint by the Public Service Commission and to show the location of the proposed improvement and the effect thereof on all public conveniences and public service companies interested and providing that the Public Service Commission shall include the cost of such plans and specifications in the cost of the improvement if they decide upon the elimination of such grade crossings and repealing all inconsistent laws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where county commissioners of any county of this Commonwealth have heretofore made or may hereafter make complaint to the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania against any grade crossing or grade crossings between any highway and any railroad or railroads railway or railways asking for the elimination of the same that it shall be lawful for the said county commissioners to contract with some competent engineer for plans and specifications for the proposed improvement and pay for the same out of the county funds Provided the said county commissioners first obtain the approval of said contract by the court of quarter sessions of the county for which they are commissioners Said plans and specifications shall be sufficiently comprehensive to permit the said Public Service Commission to act on said complaint and to make apportionment of the cost of the proposed improvement between the proper parties and may show such crossing above grade or below grade at a new location if such commissioners deem the same more advantageous and shall include all changes in all public conveniences and facilities of public service companies made necessary by the elimination of such grade crossing or crossings whether the said public conveniences or facilities of public service companies so changed be city streets township county or State highways canals railroads tramways streets railways township borough county city or State bridges or bridges over navigable streams and streams declared public highways which are to be rebuilt by the State or any other public conveniences and all necessary approaches to any of them

Section 2 If the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania decides upon the elimination of the grade crossing or grade crossings complained of they shall include the cost of the plans and specifications mentioned in the first section of this act in the cost of the improvement to be apportioned between the parties in interest and shall allow the county a credit for the same on the county's share of such improvement

Section 3 All laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 762 (House Bill No. 1011), entitled:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United tSates census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 763 (House Bill No. 1049), as follows:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents of Public Instruction"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction" which reads as follows

"Section 2 That from and after the passage of this act the salary of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction shall be two thousand dollars per annum" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The salary of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction shall be three thousand dollars per annum

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 766 (House Bill No. 1050), entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 768 (House Bill No. 70), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 777 (House Bill No. 780), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 817, as follows:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That counties having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million shall create a pension fund for the pensioning of all appointed employes who have given twenty years of service in said county No employe under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

Section 2 Such counties shall set aside and appropriate a sum not less than one-half of one per centum nor more than two per centum of all available taxes for such pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease the amounts contributed by employes for the pension fund together with the appropriation made by the county to carry out the purpose of this act shall be collected by the respective county treasurer and shall be kept by him in a separate fund Disbursements of the money from said fund shall be made upon warrant of the pension board which shall consist of the county controller and county commissioners

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the yearly salary received for the year immediately preceding the year of the retirement of the employe If for any cause an employe contributing to the pension fund shall cease to be an employe of the county before the expiration of the twenty year period the total amount of contributions paid into pension fund by such employe shall be refunded to him in full The pension paid to any one employe shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month

All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 820, as follows:

An Act regulating through the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the business of assisting employers to obtain employes and persons to secure employment including the business of collecting information to the same end and prescribing penalties

EMPLOYMENT AGENTS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no employment agent shall hereafter conduct business for profit unless licensed to do so in accordance with the provisions of this act

DEFINITIONS

Section 2 The term "employment agent" as used in this act shall mean every person co-partnership association or corporation engaged in the business of assisting employers to secure employes and persons to secure employment or of collecting and furnishing information regarding employers seeking employes and persons seeking employment

The term "employment office" shall mean every office or place where the business of an employment agent is carried on

The term "Commissioner" shall mean the "Commissioner of Labor and Industry"

APPLICATION FOR LICENSE

Section 3 Application for a license may be made in person or by mail to the commissioner upon a blank furnished by the commissioner which shall be verified by oath or affirmation

The application must be accompanied by a fee of fifty dollars

The application must also be accompanied by a bond to the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the penal sum of one thousand dollars with two or more sureties or of a surety company approved by the commissioner conditioned among other things upon the faithful observance by the employment agent of the provisions of this act together with all rules and regulations issued thereunder that the employment agent shall discharge all obligations and pay all damages or loss which shall accrue to any person dealing with such employment agent by reason of any contract or other obligation of such employment agent or resulting from any fraud deceit excessive charges misrepresentations or other wrongful act of such employment agent or of his employes or agents in connection with the business so licensed

Any person aggrieved may bring an action for the enforcement of said bond in any court of competent jurisdiction

APPLICATION AS EVIDENCE

Section 4 Applications or a certified copy thereof under the hand and seal of the commissioner shall be received as evidence in any court to prove the facts contained therein

RENEWAL OF LICENSES

Section 5 All licenses issued by the commissioner shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year for which it was issued and shall not be transferrable

REFUSAL OF LICENSES

Section 6 The commissioner may refuse to issue a license if upon investigation he finds that the applicant is unfit to engage in the business or has had a license or permit previously revoked or that the business is to be conducted on or immediately adjoining unsuitable premises or that any other good reason exists within the meaning of the law

REVOKING OF LICENSE

Section 7 The commissioner may revoke any license issued under the provision of this act with or without a hearing and may order such license to be returned for cancellation if the employment agent has violated any provisions of this act or the rules and regulations issued thereunder or if any cause appears on which a license might have been refused

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Section 8 The commissioner may prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the supervision of employment agents

LIABILITY FOR FALSE STATEMENTS

Section 9 Every employment agent shall be held responsible for every untrue statement he makes publishes or distributes regarding any employment He shall also be responsible for the acts statements and misconduct of his employe or employes agent partner or person associated with him where such acts statements or misconduct occur in the conduct and operation of such employment agent's business

No employer seeking employes and no person seeking employment shall knowingly make any false statement or conceal any material facts for the purpose of obtaining employes or employment by or through any employment agent duly licensed

FORM OF CONTRACTS

Section 10 Every employment agent using written or printed form of contracts in his business shall file with the commissioner a copy of such contracts No written or printed form of contract shall be used until approved by the commissioner

The forms of contract may be changed but shall not be used by employment agents unless approved by the commissioner

The commissioner may direct changes to be made in forms of contracts if he finds the forms are unfair or oppressive or tending to violate the intent of this act and may withhold his approval unless the changes are made

FEES

Section 11 Every employment agent shall file with the commissioner for his approval a schedule of fees proposed to be charged for any services rendered to employers seeking employes and persons seeking employment The schedule of fees may be changed only with the approval of the commissioner

No registration or other fees shall be charged or received by such employemnt agent

No employment agent shall divide directly or indirectly any fees charged or received by him with any person who secures help through such employment agent or to whom help is referred by such employment agent nor shall any employment agent offer to so divide any fees

RECEIPTS

Section 12 Every employment agent shall give a receipt to each person from whom he has received any money or other valuable consideration whatsoever as compensation directly or indirectly for services rendered

The receipt shall state separately the amount received for transportation and for other expenses and shall set forth such other facts as the commissioner may direct

FEES TO BE RETURNED

Section 13 If any person fails through no fault of his own to obtain employment from the employer to whom he has been referred by any employment agent or after having been engaged by an employer is not permitted by said employer to enter upon such employment the whole amount paid by such person to the employment agent as a fee or for transportation or other expenses shall be refunded to him on demand

POSTING OF LICENSES

Section 14 Every employment agent shall keep conspicuously posted in his office or place of business the license issued under this act a copy of the schedule of all fees required to be filed with the commissioner and any other notices or information that the commissioner may direct and in such form and manner as he may prescribe

INSPECTION OF EMPLOYMENT OFFICES

Section 15 For the purpose of enforcing this act and the rules and regulations issued thereunder the commissioner or his duly authorized agent may enter any employment office or place of business of any employment agent and inspect the registers cards or other records of such employment agent

In the performance of the duties herein required by law the commissioner or his agents may at any time enter any premises If permission so to enter shall be refused or delayed by any person the commissioner or his agent may on oath or affirmation declare before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace that permission to enter and to investigate has been refused or delayed whereupon such alderman magistrate or justice of the peace may upon payment of a fee of one dollar issue a search warrant for such premises Such search warrant shall describe as nearly as may be the premises which it is desired to search or investigate The commissioner or his agent armed with such search warrant shall have all the authority of a constable or other peace officer in the execution of such warrant It shall be unlawful for any person to refuse or delay admission to any premises to the commissioner or his agent provided with a search warrant as herein authorized

EMPLOYMENT FOR IMMORAL PURPOSES PROHIBITED

Section 16 No employment agent shall furnish any female for immoral purposes or send or cause to be sent any female employe to enter as servant inmate or for any purpose whatsoever any place of bad repute house of ill-fame or assignation house or any house or place of amusement kept for immoral purposes the character of which such employment agent could have ascertained upon reasonable inquiry

No employment agent shall knowingly admit or allow to remain in such agency any person of bad character prostitute gambler or intoxicated person

EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN PROHIBITED

Section 17 No employment agent shall furnish employment to any child in violation of the laws regulating the labor of children or their compulsory attendance at school

INSPECTION OF LABOR CAMPS

Section 18 The commissioner shall inspect all labor camps and housing accommodations for employes maintained directly or indirectly in connection with any work or place where work is being performed and all places established for the temporary shelter and care of aliens and unemployed persons and prescribe minimum standards of sanitation for all such labor camps accommodations and temporary quarters

PROTECTION TO ALIENS

Section 19 The commissioner shall investigate the general industrial social and educational welfare and conditions of aliens within the State for the purpose of co-operating with the various agencies of the State possessing the requisite jurisdiction in securing such remedial action as may be necessary

The commissioner shall enforce all laws pertaining to the sale of steamship tickets or orders for transportation and prescribe rules and regulations for the protection of purchasers in the purchase of and cancellation of third class steerage tickets or orders for transportation investigate conditions prevailing at all docks ferries railway stations and other places where employes or aliens arrive or depart and in co-operation with the proper authorities afford such employes or aliens protection against frauds crimes and exploitations investigate all complaints of employes and aliens with respect to frauds extortion and improper practices by any person or corporation whether public or private and present to the proper authorities the results of such investigation for action thereon

PROCEEDINGS

Section 20 The commissioner shall have power to issue subpoenas administer oaths take affidavits and testimony in all matters relating to the duties and powers herein prescribed He shall have power to subpoena any witness or any person to examine all books contrates records and documents of any person or corporation and by subpoena duces tecum to compel production thereof

All subpoenas shall be issued in the name of the commissioner under the seal of the Commonwealth

All hearings held before the commissioner or his deputy duly authorized shall be governed by rules prescribed by the commissioner who shall not be bound by the technical rules of evidence in the examination of witnesses or in the conduct of such hearings

PENALTIES

Section 21 Any person co-partnership association or corporation who shall open and conduct an employment agency without procuring a license as required by this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding one year or both at the discretion of the court

Any person making any false statement or testifying falsely under oath shall be subject to prosecution for perjury upon the recommendation of the commissioner to the officials having the requisite jurisdiction

Any individual co-partnership or corporation or association who shall neglect or refuse to obey any subpoena and give testimony according to the provisions of this act or who shall neglect or refuse to answer questions by circular or upon personal application shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars to be collected by order of the commissioner in an action in which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be plaintiff as debts of like amount are collected

Any person co-partnership association or corporation that shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding one year or both at the discretion of the court and in addition thereto such person or each of the members of a co-partnership association or each of the directors of the corporation as the case may be with guilty knowledge of the fact may be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment in the jail in the proper county for a period of not exceeding one year or both at the discretion of the court

Section 22 This act shall take effect on the first day of October one thousand nine hundred fifteen

Section 23 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 821, as follows:

An Act establishing under the Department of Labor and Industry a system of regulation of employers seeking employes and of persons seeking employment and prescribing as incidental thereto certain duties of employers and of county municipal township and school authorities and of agencies procuring employes for others and prescribing penalties

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "bureau" as used in this act shall mean Bureau of Employment

The term "commissioner" shall mean the Commissioner of Labor and Industry

The term "board" shall mean the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry

The term "local offices" shall mean local free public employment offices

BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT

Section 2 A Bureau of Employment shall be established in the Department of Labor and Industry The central office of the bureau shall be located in the city of Harrisburg

DIRECTOR

Section 3 The commissioner shall appoint a director who shall be subject to the direction and supervision of the commissioner

QUALIFICATIONS

Section 4 The director shall have executive and managerial ability a scientific and practical knowledge of the problem of unemployment experience as an administrator and a capacity to direct investigations and devise remedies for unemployment

SALARY

Section 5 The director shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars during the first year and annually thereafter in the discretion of the commissioner a salary of five thousand dollars

TERM OF OFFICE

Section 6 The director shall hold office as long as his work is performed to the satisfaction of the commissioner

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR

Section 7 The director shall bring into communication employers seeking employes and persons seeking employment prescribe rules and regulations for the administration and operation of all public and private employment offices investigate the circulation of information and statements regarding employment and labor conditions for the purpose of preventing fraud and improper practices ascertain the extent and causes of unemployment and the remedies therefor devise and recommend (in the form of bills or otherwise) means and methods for the prevention of unemployment and distress from involuntary idleness and co-operate with any person or authority whatsoever in carrying out the full intent and purposes of this act

SUPERINTENDENT

Section 8 A superintendent for each branch office shall be appointed by the commissioner He shall have such experience training executive ability and general fitness as to qualify him for the position

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYERS

Section 9 Additional officers and employes shall be appointed by the commissioner as may be necessary to enable the bureau to perform properly its duties and functions All subordinate officers and employes shall be under the supervision and direction of the director

TESTS

Section 10 The commissioner shall prescribe such tests for each position as shall be necessary to guide him in appointing persons with the highest qualifications

DISTRICT BRANCH OFFICES

Section 11 The State may be divided into districts and district branch offices may be established by the commissioner as he may deem necessary and advisable

LOCAL FREE PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT OFFICES

Section 12 The director may enter into an agreement with any county city borough town or township for the establishment and joint maintenance of local offices All county city borough town or township executives shall shall report to the director from time to time the general conditions of employment the demands of employers for employes the demands of employes for employment and the existence of industrial disputes strikes and lock-outs in their respective districts and shall cause to be posted any bulletins or notices of the bureau pertaining to the purposes of this act Any county city borough town or township may appoint the superintendent of the nearest district branch office to fill the office of superintendent of employment

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INDUSTRIAL BOARD

Section 13 The board shall

(a) Devise plans and take steps toward the regularization of employment in the industries and seasonal trades of the State

(b) Investigate the feasibility of and induce the State counties cities boroughs towns and townships to undertake public improvements during the periods of unemployment

(c) Co-operate with any person employer official association or organ of the press whatsoever for the accomplishment of the aforesaid purposes appoint sub-committees for juveniles farm laborers and for other purposes and the membership of these sub-committees may be enlarged to include persons outside the board but each subcommittee must be presided over by a member of the board

REPRESENTATIVE COUNCILS

Section 14 Each district and local office shall have a representative council appointed by the commissioner The council shall consist of six members one of whom shall be a woman and all of whom are citizens of the United States and of the State and residents of the district where the council is to serve One member shall be an employer not a member of any employers' association two members shall be representatives of employers' organizations one member shall be a working person not a member of any organization of working people and two shall be representatives of organizations of working people the commissioner shall designate one from the employers and one from the employes to serve for a period of two years one from each group to serve for a period of four years and one from each group to serve for a period of six years Upon the expiration of said terms the term of office of each member thereafter appointed shall be for a term of six years except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve for the unexpired term thereof

The commissioner and the director shall be ex-officio members of each council The superintendent in charge of a district shall be chairman of the council for his district and in case of his inability to be present at any meeting the director or the commissioner may act as chairman

The actual and necessary traveling expenses incurred by members of district representative councils while engaged in the performance of their duties shall be paid by the State

DUTIES OF COUNCILS

Section 15 The council in each district shall

(a) Devise methods and take steps toward the regularization of employment in the various industries and seasonal trades of the district

(b) Devise plans and take steps to promote public improvements by municipalities within the district during seasons of unemployment

(c) Co-operate with any person employer association or organ of the press in accomplishing the aforesaid purposes

(d) Appoint sub-committees to deal specially with any subject which the council has power to investigate or act upon but each subcommittee shall be presided over by a member of the council

(e) Hold meetings at least once each month or oftener if required for the accomplishment of the aforesaid purposes such meetings to be called by the chairman of the council or to be fixed at any regular meeting of the council

(f) Keep minutes of all meetings submit a copy of all minutes records and decisions and report in full on all actions or proceedings to the director No rule shall be prescribed or action taken by the council inconsistent with the action of the board

FREE SERVICES

Section 16 The bureau shall neither charge nor receive fees directly or indirectly for any service or benefit rendered to those availing themselves of advantages provided No official employe or person associated with the bureau in the performance of its duties shall charge demand accept or receive directly or indirectly any fee compensation contribution or gratuity for any service or duty performed as an official or employe of the bureau

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES STRIKES LOCK-OUTS ET CETERA

Section 17 Each person applying for employes at any public employment office shall file in such form and manner as the director may require a signed statement affirming or denying the existence of an industrial dispute strike or lock-out at or in connection with the business or place of business for which such person is applying for help Any employe may file at any public employment office a signed statement with regard to the existence of an industrial dispute strike or lock-out affecting the business or trade in which he is engaged Each statement filed shall be exhibited in the public employment office but not until it has been communicated to the employes affected if filed by employers or to the employers affected if filed by employes In case a reply to such a statement is received it shall be exhibited together with the original statement in the public employment office Each person applying to any public employment office for help or employment shall give such information as the director may require

FULL INFORMATION

Section 18 It shall be the duty of the officer in charge of each public employment office and of his assistants to give full and complete information with regard to any position offered and the terms and conditions relative thereto to any person applying for such position and to call the attention of such applicant to any statement or reply thereto with reference to the existence of any industrial dispute strike or lock-out affecting the business or trade in which the position is offered

DISCRIMINATION

Section 19 No applicant for employment shall suffer any disqualification or be otherwise prejudiced at any public employment office on account of refusing to accept employment offered The reliability and fitness of an applicant for the particular position which he is to fill shall always be taken into consideration in referring him to an employer

JUVENILES

Section 20 In case bureaus for vocational training and placement or other similar bureaus are established by local school authorities the director shall co-operate with such bureaus in dealing with the employment of children between the ages of fourteen and eighteen years in such manner as may be advisable The director shall use all reasonable means to promote the establishment of bureaus for vocational training and placement in connection with vocational education by public school authorities throughout the State Until bureaus for vocational training and placement or other similar bureaus have been established by local public school authorities for the purposes of directing advising and assisting children in the selection of suitable vocations the director shall provide school principals and all public employment offices with special blank forms for the registration of all children having employment certificates as required by law and leaving school lawfully in search of employment Each child applying for employment may register at a public or other approved school with the principal of such school and the principals of public or other approved schools are hereby authorized and required to register such applications for employment to assist and advise each applicant in the selection of a vocation in such manner as may be necessary and to transmit immediately to the superintendent of the district branch office all applications for employment registered The superintendent of each public employment office shall co-operate with the school principals in his district in endeavoring to secure suitable positions for children leaving school lawfully to enter a vocation and shall guide and induce minors to enter promising vocations and each principal shall acquaint the teachers and pupils of his school with the purpose and functions of the public employment office in placing juveniles

PERMIT FOR FREE EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

Section 21 Each employment office or agency wherein no fee or other compensation is charged or received directly or indirectly shall be required to have a permit from the director Such offices or agencies shall be subject to inspection by the director and information shall be furnished to him at such time and in such form as he may require A permit may be revoked by the directors when the conduct of such office or agency is in violation of the provisions of this act.

UNTRUE STATEMENTS

Section 22 Any person wilfully making any untrue statement in applying to any employment office shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding six months or both at the discretion of the court

Section 23 Except as herein provided otherwise any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding one year or both at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 830 (House Bill No. 1034), entitled:

An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each person employed by a borough or township shall be paid semi-monthly on the first day and the fifteenth day of the month respectively It shall be the duty of the borough or township officer authorized to pay for such services in cash or check as above provided and it is further provided That it shall be unlawful for said authorities in any borough or township to pay or offer to pay employe by order or warrant on any person firm or corporation Provided however This act shall not be taken to prohibit payment being made at shorter intervals

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 5, by striking out after the word "semi-monthly" the word "on"; also in line 5, by inserting after the word "semi-monthly" the words "the first payment to be made between"; also in line 6, by striking out the word "respectively" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "and the second payment to be made between the fifteenth and the last day of the month."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 832 (House Bill No. 867), entitled:

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 838, as follows:

An Act to repeal the first third and fourth sections of an act entitled "An Act to regulate places of public amusement in cities of the first class" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first third and fourth sections of an act entitled "An Act to regulate places of public amusement in cities of the first class" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine be and the same hereby is repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 847, as follows:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Amos L. Jones George Burgess LeRoy Craig Henry V. B. Darlington and Gilbert S. B. Darlington and all other persons who may hereafter be subscribers to or holders of the stock hereinafter mentioned are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of Knowlton Bridge Company for the purpose of constructing maintaining and managing a bridge across the Delaware River at the township of Upper Mount Bethel in the County of Northampton and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania where the bridge formerly used by the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company crosses the said river to the center line of said Delaware River and which will connect at the said center line of said river with a bridge running to Warren county in the state of New Jersey the immediate location to be fixed as hereinafter provided

Section 2 The affairs of the said company shall be managed by five (5) directors and Amos L. Jones George Burgess LeRoy Craig Henry V. B. Darlington and Gilbert S. B. Darlington are hereby made directors of said company and they shall continue in office until five thousand ($5,000.00) of the capital stock of the said company shall be subscribed and until others shall be selected or appointed in their stead as shall be hereinafter provided The said directors shall have power to fill any and all vacancies in their number occasioned by death resignation refusing to serve or otherwise and said directors so appointed to such vacancies shall have the same power as the original directors and shall continue in office until others shall be chosen according to this act Any two of said directors shall have power to call a meeting of such directors for the purpose of organization At least five days' notice shall be given stating the time and place for such meeting which may be served personally or by mail

Section 3 The capital stock of said corporation shall be five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars with power to increase it to thirty thousand ($30,000.00) dollars if necessary The said stock shall be divided into shares of one hundred ($100.00) dollars each

Section 4 The said Knowlton Bridge Company shall have perpetual succession and all the privileges and franchises incident to a corporation and shall be capable of taking and holding their capital stock and the increase and profits thereof and of enlarging the same from time to time by new subscriptions in such manner and form as provided by law if such enlargement shall be found necessary to fulfill the intent of this act Provided such increase does not with the original subscription exceed the amount of thirty thousand ($30,000.00) dollars and of purchasing taking and holding for itself its successors and assigns in fee simple or for any less estate all such lands tenements hereditaments and assets real and personal as may be necessary and convenient to them in the prosecution of said road and approaches to said bridge and the same to sell and dispose of and of suing and being sued pleading and being impleaded in all courts of proper jurisdiction

Section 5 That in addition to the general powers hereinabove given the corporation shall have the right to cause such examination and surveys for its proposed approach to said bridge as may be necessary and for such purposes by its officers and servants to enter upon the lands or waters of any person but subject to the responsibility for all damages which shall be done thereto

Section 6 The corporation shall have the right to take and hold such voluntary grants of real estate and other property whether real or personal as may be necessary for the construction maintenance operation and accommodation of its turnpike bridge approach culverts abutments rights of way and franchises pertaining or incidental or in any way necessary thereto

Section 7 The corporation shall have the right to lay out its road as hereby provided and to construct the same together with all necessary culverts drains approaches and abutments and for the purposes of cuttings and embankments to take as much more land as may be necessary for the proper construction security maitenance and accommodation of said turnpike and all bridges connected therewith and forming part of the same

Section 8 The corporation shall have the right to charge levy collect and receipt for such rates and tolls for passage along and over said bridge and the bridges forming a part thereof as may be charged and levied according to law

Section 9 The corporation shall have the right to erect and maintain piers approaches abutments offices warehouses and all other buildings and structures or to acquire existing structures of any of the said kinds necessary for the maintenance of any bridge within this Commonwealth or between this Commonwealth and any other State or upon or over any river flowing between the same in particular any river flowing between this Commonwealth and the State of New Jersey

Section 10 The corporation shall have the right to make such by-laws and regulations not inconsistent with the laws or Constitution of this Commonwealth or of the United States as shall be necessary for well ordering the affairs of the company and fixing upon the site or location of said highway and bridges forming a part of the same such fixing of such sites or locations being however subject to the general site or location of said highway as prescribed by this act

Section 11 The corporation shall have the right to enter upon lands neighboring and adjacent to the line of said highway for the purpose of obtaining stone gravel sand or other material necessary for the construction or operation of its turnpike the bridges forming a part thereof with their approaches providing always that due compensation be made in every case to the owner or owners of any materials so taken

Section 12 That the places from and to which the said turnpike may be constructed maintained and operated are as follows

Beginning at a point in the township of Upper Mount Bethel county of Northampton upon the main highway along the Delaware River and near the point where the main railway bridge of the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company crosses the said river said point of beginning being a point in the said highway situated five hundred feet more or less due south from the farm and buildings of one Peter Michael and where the said highway crosses a brook by a plank bridge Running thence in a northeasterly direction following the easterly bank of the said brook one hundred and fifty feet more or less to a concrete cullvert at the point where the said brook passes beneath the embankment formerly used by the said Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company running thence in a general easterly direction along the said embankment and following the line thereof approximately seven hundred feet to the westerly bank of the Delaware river running thence almost due east to the centre line of the Delaware river being the boundary between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey a distance of approximately three hundred feet using the structure of the old truss bridge erected in one thousand eight hundred and ninety for the use of the Warren Railroad Company and its lessee the said Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company

Section 13 That in all cases in which the corporation is permitted to take waters streams lands property materials or franchises for the public purposes thereof and the corporation cannot agree with the owner or owners of any such waters streams lands materials or franchises for the compensation proper for the damage done or likely to be done to or sustained by any such owner or owners of such waters streams land or materials the corporation may enter upon use or take away in pursuance of the authority herein given or by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of any such owner or owners no such compensation can be agreed upon the court of common pleas of the county of Northampton on application thereto by petition either by the corporation or by the owner or owners or any one in behalf of either shall appoint three discreet and disinterested freeholders of the said county of Northampton and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter for said viewers to meet at or upon the premises where the damages are alleged to be sustained or the property taken of which time and place five days' notice shall be given by the petitioner to the said viewers and the other party and the said viewers having been first duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises they shall estimate and determine the quantity quality and value of such lands streams or property so taken or occupied or to be taken or occupied or the materials so used or taken away as the case may be and having a due regard to and making just allowance for the advantages which may have resulted or which may seem likely to result to the owner or owners of said streams land or materials in consequence of the making of the improvements or conducting the operations of the corporation or of the construction of works for which the property is to be taken and after having made a fair and just comparison of said advantages and disadvantages they shall estimate and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained and to whom payable and make report thereof to the said court and if any damages be awarded and the report be confirmed by the said court judgment shall be entered thereon and upon the payment by the corporation of the amount named in the said judgment to the owner or owners of said streams land or materials or to whomever decreed in said judgment the title to said streams lands materials or franchises shall thereupon vest in the corporation in accordance with the terms of the said judgment

Section 14 As soon as the bridge shall be ready for travel it shall be lawful for said company to erect a toll-gate or gates at or near said bridge and to fix exact demand receive and collect of all persons passing or repassing over said bridge a toll to be received and collected for the use of said company and to make such erections as the directors may deem expedient to guard the entrance of said bridge but said tolls shall not exceed the following rates namely for every automobile or motor driven vehicle twenty-five cents for every stage wagon carriage hack sleigh or vehicle drawn by two horses mules or oxen twenty-five cents for every additional horse mule or oxen ten cents for every carriage wagon sleigh vehicle cart or sulky drawn by one horse mule or ox fifteen cents for every horse mule ox or cow five cents for every hog sheep calf goat three cents for every horse or mule ridden or led ten cents for every peson crossing said bridge on foot three cents

Section 15 If any person shall wilfully do or cause to be done any act or acts whatever whereby said bridge or any appurtenances thereto belonging shall be obstructed impaired weakened injured or destroyed the person or persons so offending shall forfeit to the said company treble the damages sustained by reason of said offense or injury to be recovered in the name of the corporation with costs of suit by an action in any court having jurisdiction thereof and such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be punished by fine or imprisonment or both as provided by law for the punishment of misdemeanors when no other punishment is prescribed

Section 16 If any person or persons shall force attempt to force any of the gates of said company or shall attempt to cross said bridge without the payment of the toll demanded by said company or fixed by this act such person or persons shall forfeit and pay to the said company the sum of five dollars which sum may be recovered by said company as a penalty for said act with costs

Section 17 The president and directors shall keep a just and true account of all moneys received by their agents and officers together with a just and true account of all moneys paid out by them during each and every year as well as from what source said money was received and for what purpose and to whom paid out and shall on the last Monday of December in each and every year publish a statement showing the condition of the premises of the said company together with the dividend to be made with the clear profits among the stockholders and on the first Monday of January in each year at the annual election of directors shall pay said dividend to the said stockholders

Section 18 The said company after its increase of its capital stock as hereinbefore provided is hereby authorized to issue bonds secured by a mortgage on its real estate and other property to an amount not exceeding one-half the amount of its capital stock said bonds to be issued only after a meeting of the stockholders called for that purpose shall authorize the same

Section 19 Said bridge shall be ready for travel within three years after the passage of this act

Section 20 It shall be lawful for the company to erect a gate and receive toll at or near the west end of said bridge

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 852, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight million five hundred thousand dollars ($8,500,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated to the State Highway Department for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes to wit

For the maintenance and improvement of State highways in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and its amendments the sum of six million dollars ($6,000,000)

For the payment of the expenses costs and awards in the purchase or condemnation of turnpikes forming a part of State highway routes as provided in the Act of May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of five hunderd thousand dollars ($500,000)

For the payment of the Commonwealth's share in the expense of constructing and maintaining State-aid highways as provided in the Act of May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of one million dollars ($1,000,000)

For the payment of a portion of the expenses of the maintenance of township roads as provided in the Act of July twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of one million dollars ($1,000,000)

Provided That the appropriations made by this act shall include and not be in addition to the amounts received by the Commonwealth during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the licensing of motor vehicles and drivers under the act of July seventh one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

An said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 870 (House Bill No. 1008), entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 152, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment erection equipment and management of a Pennsylvania Home for Boys and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 491, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to marriage licenses providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 582 (House Bill No. 747), entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 583 (House Bill No. 785), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 634, entitled:

An Act giving to banks bankers and trust companies in case of insolvency of any depositor therein or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositor or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency assignment for the benefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank banker or trust company upon any promissory note bill of exchange letter of credit or other indebtedness in any form whether or not the same has then matured

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 666, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section eleven of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by conferring jurisdiction on the court in certain additional criminal actions involving and including forgery kidnapping perjury rape and robbery and by conferring exclusive jurisdiction upon the said court in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all persons adults or minors accused of disorderly street-walking and in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all minors between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one years absenting themselves from school or who shall disobey their parents' command or be found idle in the streets and against all disorderly children and defining disorderly children and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 683 (House Bill No. 1012), entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 702 (House Bill No. 488), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 718 (House Bill No. 962), entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 729, entitled:

An Act providing for the return of seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs townships or incorporated towns for non-payment of taxes and providing for the sale of such lands

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses describing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 738, entitled:

An Act validating certain proceedings and setting aside of property under article two of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 751, entitled:

An Act to repeal the eighth section of an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-forth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" together with the amendment thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 787, entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter proceedings in equity may be commenced without first filing a bill in equity by the issuance of a writ of summons which shall be issued by the prothonotary in the form prescribed by law for writs of summons in personal actions at law and describing the cause as a proceeding in equity and unless and until otherwise provided by the Supreme Court equity rules such summons shall be returnable and shall be served as writs of summons in personal actions at law are returnable and are served

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 840, entitled:

An Act providing for the sale distribution and use for the promotion of biological science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery of unclaimed animals in the public pounds and providing penalties for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 845, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 846, entitled:

An Act relating to trust funds and property surety bonds and property surety bonds given to secure the same and payment of premiums thereon and the discharge of sureties thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 718 (House Bill No. 962), on first reading, entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 347.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that Rule 21, which requires amended bills to be noted on the calendar, be in this case, dispensed with, and the Senate proceed to the consideration of the amendments made by the House of Representatives to the foregoing bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The amendment having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In section 1, line 5, by striking out after the word "person" the word "and"; also in line 6, by striking out after the word "or" the words "bona fide"; also in line 9, by striking out after the word "relative" the words "full and clear" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "exempt"; also in line 10, by inserting after the word "such" the word "insured."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 369 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 14, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 369, entitled: An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 285 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 285, entitled:

An Act authorizing J. F. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading of said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 401 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading of said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 611.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 611, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 331.

He also laid before the Senate communications from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million and over to establish a pension fund for employees of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 172.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 172, entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 161 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows and referred to the Committee on Executive nominations:

RECALL OF NOMINATIONS OF MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—On January 5, 1915, my predecessor in office nominated for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to serve for the terms set opposite their names, respectively, to compute from July 1, 1913:

Samuel W. Pennypacker, Schwenksville, 10 years.
S. LaRue Tone, Pittsburgh, 9 years.
Emory R. Johnson, Philadelphia, 8 years.
Milton J. Brecht, Lancaster, 7 years.
Charles Frederick Wright, Susquehanna, 6 years.
Frank M. Wallace, Erie, 5 years.
Walter H. Gaither, Pittsburgh, 4 years.

I respectively advise the Senate that I do hereby recall the said nominations.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

He also presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, Pa., April 15, 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ADAMS COUNTY.

Burton M. Alleman, Littlestown, April 17, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

Robert L. Roberts, Erie, April 23, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

George Marx, Philadelphia, April 19, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

John A. Fitzgibbon, Bradford, April 19, 1915 .

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Eecutive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

The Honorable, The Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

A. H. McNamee, Pittsburgh.
H. A. Noah, Pittsburgh.
J. Raymond Schroyer, Pittsburgh.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Victor Doyno, New Castle.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Const Collins, South Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Charles F. Gerhard, Philadelphia.
Henry Wessel, Jr., Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Walter Olloman, Canonsburg.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,

DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities.

Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 172, entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two' " by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

Senate Bill No. 285, entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

House Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

House Bill No. 515, entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 852, entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

House Bill No. 900, entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder or deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over

House Bill No. 246, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the first and second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

House Bill No. 531, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

House Bill No. 611, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 410, entitled:

Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

ANNOUNCEMENT AS TO VISIT OF EX-PRESIDENT TAFT.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair announces that word has been received that former President Taft will arrive at the Capitol this afternoon at 4:15 instead of 4 o'clock, and the Chair would request the Senators to be in their places at 3:45 this afternoon and be ready to proceed to the House of Representatives in a body when President arrives. The program is that when the Senate take a recess this morning it be to meet here this afternoon at 3:45. In order that the Clerks may be able to catch up with their work at the present time the Chair will entertain a motion that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

RECESS.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 630 (Senate Bill No. 946), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 587 (Senate Bill No. 947), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax"

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1239 (Senate Bill No. 948), entitled:

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 346 (Senate Bill No. 949), entitled:

An Act relating to the issue and redemption of trading stamps coupons and other similar devices

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1047 (Senate Bill No. 950), entitled:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1099 (Senate Bill No. 951), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies of the city of Harrisburg

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1286 (Senate Bill No. 952), entitled:

An Act to further amend section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second class) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached" by providing for refunding certain indebtedness and changing rate of interest

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 1180 (Senate Bill No. 953), entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 1182 (Senate Bill No. 954), entitled:

An Act to prevent municipalities from locating or opening streets roads or highways on over or through land belonging to any educational institution conducted by the Commonwealth or by a board appointed in whole or in part by the Governor without first obtaining the approval of the Governor and the board in charge thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1186 (Senate Bill No. 955), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" as amended

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 419 (Senate Bill No. 956), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 3:45 this afternoon.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communications from the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 141 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DAIX offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the Senate, April 15, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optomtery in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for the revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts iconsistent therewith

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 619.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 15, 1915.

Resolved (If the Senate concur), That House of Bill No. 619, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and do take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manuacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 84 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 15, 1915.

Be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 84, File Folio 877, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general and special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 545 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 15, 1915.

Be it resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 545, File Folio 1315, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron or steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 906 (Senate Bill No. 957), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 1129 (Senate Bill No. 958), entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 1178 (Senate Bill No. 959), entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made to them by their patients except in civil cases brought by their patients for damages on account of personal injuries

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1013 (Senate Bill No. 960), entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now take a recess to await the arrival of the Committee of the House of Representatives to escort the Senate to the Hall of the House of Representatives to participate in a joint meeting.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

Messrs. BALDWIN and LIPSCHUTZ, a committee from the House of Representatives being introduced, requested the President and members of the Senate to proceed to the Hall of the House of Representatives, to be in attendance during the address to be delivered by Ex-President William Howard Taft.

Whereupon,

The President and members of the Senate proceeded to the Hall of the House of Representatives.

(For report of Joint Meeting see proceedings of the House of Representatives of this date.)

SENATE RETURNS FROM HOUSE.

After some time the President and Senators returned to the Senate Chamber.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 35, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section eight of Article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 928, entitled:

An Act relating to the mayors of third class cities.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 141 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 15, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 141 entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of Optometry in Pennsylvania, defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure as a Bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith, be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 687.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 687, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form or iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until next Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Mr. R. E. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:10 o'clock P. M. until Monday evening, April 19, 1915, at 8 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, April 15th, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee that Thou hast provided for us a plan of life, with its laws and material to develop our manhood; to work out our salvation, and to complete our destiny. Thou hast set over us an expert instructor, a master workman, who hath placed before us two men—builders. One a wise man, and the other a foolish man. The one built according to Thy plan, and the other rejected the plan, and Thou hast said, "Whosoever heareth these sayings of mine and doeth them, I will liken him unto the wise man who built his house upon a rock, and the rain descended, and the floods came, and the winds blew and beat upon that house, and it fell not, for it was founded upon a rock; whosoever heareth these sayings of mine and doeth them not I will liken him unto the foolish man who has built his house upon the sand, and the rains descended, and the floods came and the wind blew, and beat upon that house, and it fell, and great was the fall thereof." "They that be wise, shall shine as the brightness of the firmament, and they that turn many to righteousness as the stars forever and ever." May we all be wise builders, we ask, for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Stern, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. JACOB W. SMITH presented numerous petitions of citizens of Carbon County favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Montgomery County favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the citizens of Philadelphia favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Trinity Reformed Church Congregation of Wilkinsburg favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Rev. W. R. Jamison of Turtle Creek favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of The Young Men's Class of the First United Presbyterian Church of Wilkinsburg favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BALDWIN presented the petition of the citizens of Swarthmore favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WATSON presented the petition of the citizens of Forrest County, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the citizens of Perry County, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WHITTEN presented the petition of the citizens of Munhall, Homestead, Duquesne, Clairton, Dormont, Ingram, Bridgeville, Imperial, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. KUNKLE presented the petition of the members of the Organized Bible Class of the Middle Smithfield Presbyterian Church, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. STONE presented the petition of the Bradford County Medical Society of Athens, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. EPPLEY presented several petitions of the citizens of York County, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MURDOCH presented the petition of the citizens of Allegheny County, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. CORBIN presented the petition of the citizens of Mifflin County, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. VICKERMAN presented several petitions from the citizens of Northumberland County favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. GINGERY presented a petition from the citizens of Clearfield County favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL NO. 255.

The SPEAKER presented a petition from the residents of Cecil, Pa. favoring the passage of Senate Bill No. 255.

The SPEAKER presented a petition from the residents of Pittsburgh, Pa. favoring the passage of Senate Bill. No. 255.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING THE ERECTION OF A PUBLIC SCHOOL MEMORIAL.

The SPEAKER presented two petitions from the Washington Camp No. 461, Patriotic Sons of America of Philadelphia, Pa. favoring the erection of a Public School Memorial.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. STERN asked and received unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

BILL INTRODURED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 1548.

An Act providing for a Commission to determine what portions of the Constitution of this Commonwealth need revision, to gather literature, statistics, and other information, and to make a report embodying its recommendations and the result of its inquiries; defining the power and duties of such Commission; providing for its organization and the filling of vacancies in its membership; fixing its compensation and making an appropriation for its compensation and expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. ERDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1523 (Senate Bill No. 329), entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, House Bill No. 903, entitled:

An Act providing a system of recording farm names; imposing duties on the recorder of deeds; regulating the use of the name, and imposing penalties.

Mr. GIBSON, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1189, entitled:

An Act to permit farmers to hawk, peddle and sell their own products without a license fee, in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Railroads, rereported as committed, House Bill No. 297, entitled:

An Act to regulate the hours of employment of signalmen, towermen, gatemen, agents, train dispatchers, telegraphers or telephone operators in signal towers or public railroad stations of any railroad operated by steam electricity or other motive power in this State and providing for compensation for extra service performed by such employes.

Mr. WEIR, from the Committee on Ways and Means reported as committed, House Bill No. 1452 (Senate Bill No. 668), entitled:

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes prescribing their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

The SPEAKER asked and received unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 1233, File Folio 4484, on page 23 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, Postponed for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1233, entitled:

An Act authorizing townships of the first class to create a paid fire service or department and providing for the levying of a tax for the creation and maintenance of such fire service or department

Mr. AMBLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Strike out Sections 1 and 2, and insert the following: "That the Board of Township Commissioners in every Township of the first class in this Commonwealth may in their discretion by Ordinance duly passed according to law levy a tax not exceeding One Mill upon all the taxable property in such Township for the maintenance of fire service or departments"

Amend title by striking out in line 1, after the word "to," down to and including the word "such" in line 4, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"Levy a tax not to exceed one mill for the maintenance of."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1518, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Whereas In the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Henry S. Reichard a Special Deputy Game Protector of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania instituted prosecution against certain violators of the game laws of Pennsylvania before G. H. Getter a justice of the peace of said borough which certain violators were fined in sums amounting in the aggregate to one hundred and fifty dollars and

Whereas The half of said fine was paid to the said Henry S. Reichard for the use of the Commonwealth and was by him sent to the Secretary of the Game Commission and was thence paid into the State Treasury and

Whereas On proceedings in certiorari in said prosecutions the decision of the justice was reversed and the money was ordered returned to the defendants the said Henry S. Reichard being compelled then to pay to the defendants in the aggregate the sum of seventy-five dollars as aforesaid and

Whereas He has been unable through absence of specific authority to obtain re-payment to him of the amount by him so paid therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventy-five dollars ($75.00) is hereby specifically appropriated to refund to Henry S. Reichard a Special Deputy Game Protector of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania being one-half of certain penalties collected from violators of the game law prosecuted by him and which amount was by him paid indirectly into the State Treasury but which amount of money he the said Henry S. Reichard through reversal of the conviction was compelled personally to refund to the defendants in said prosecution

Section 2 No payment shall be made under the provisions of this act until due proof shall be furnished to the Auditor General of the fact set forth above and of the correctness of said payments

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1297, as follows:

An Act authorizing the use of State armories for certain purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Armory Board of Pennsylvania shall in each armory now or hereafter under its care management or supervision provide and properly maintain a suitable room for the use of any association in the proper city or borough of soldiers who served in the armies of the United States in the Civil War or the Spanish-American War The use of such room shall be subject to such reasonable regulations as may be prescribed by the board

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1274, as follows:

An Act permitting and regulating the use of the several armory buildings of the National Guard of Pennsylvania for horticultural and poultry exhibitions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That permission to use and occupy armories of the National Guard of the State of Pennsylvania without charging rent therefor is hereby given to horticultural and poultry associations for the purpose of holding horticultural and poultry exhibitions conducted for educational purposes and not for profit intended or used for division among the members thereof Provided however The said associations obtaining such permission from the Armory Board or from any one delegated by existing laws or rules or regulations shall pay the actual expenses of light heat and janitor service during the period in which said exhibitions are carried on in any of said armories Provided also That the dates for such exhibitions and the conduct of the same shall be subject to the laws regulations restrictions and rules heretofore governing them or similar public use of said armories.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1032, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" which as amended by an act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend section first of an Act of Assembly approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county-seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That upon the petition of at least fifty of the citizens to the court of quarter sessions of any county in this Commonwealth for the erection or completion of a monument in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war it shall be the duty of said court to lay said petition before the grand jury and if approved by two successive grand juries and said court the county commissioners of said county shall be authorized to erect or complete any monument now partly erected but not completed and maintain at the county-seat a suitable monument in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war of the rebellion from said county Provided however That in counties having a population as computed by the last preceding United States Census of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million four hundred thousand inhabitants said petition may pray for the erection of a memorial hall and if approved as above provided the county commissioners of said county shall be authorized to acquire by purchase or by the exercise of right of eminent domain the necessary site and shall be authorized to erect and maintain thereon at the county-seat a suitable memorial hall or building in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war of the rebellion from such counties" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That upon the petition of at least fifty citizens to the court of quarter sessions of any county in this Commonwealth for the erection or completion of a monument in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war it shall be the duty of said court to lay said petition before the grand jury and if approved by two successive grand juries and said court the county commissioners of said county shall be authorized to erect or complete any monument now partly erected but not completed and maintain at the county-seat a suitable monument in memory of the soliders and sailors of the late war of the rebellion and the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War from said county provided however That in counties having a population as computed by the last preceding United States Census of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million four hundred thousand inhabitants said petition may pray for the erection of a memorial hall and if approved as above provided the county commissioners of said county shall be authorized to acquire by purchase or by the exercise of right of eminent domain the necessary site and shall be authorized to erect and maintain thereon at the county-seat a suitable memorial hall or building in memory of the soliders and sailors of the late war of the rebellion and the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War from such counties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 117, as follows:

An Act requiring the payment of not more than fifty dollars for the burial of the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who hertofore served or shall hereafter serve in the army the navy or the marine corps of the United States in any war or insurrection of any person who was in active service in the militia of Pennsylvania during the civil war under and in pursuance of any proclamation of the Governor not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from said service having a legal residence in this Commonwealth at the time of his death who shall hereafter die either within or without the State by the county in which said soldier sailor or marine or militiaman had legal residence at the time of his death providing for the appointment of committees to execute the provisions of this act and fixing the powers and duties of said committees

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a sum not exceeding fifty dollars shall be paid for the burial in a decent and respectable manner in any cemetery or burial ground within this State other than those used exclusively for the burial of the pauper and criminal dead of the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who heretofore served or shall hereafter serve in the army the navy or the marine corps of the United States in any war or insurrection and of the body of any person who was in active service in the militia of Pennsylvania during the civil war under and in pursuance of any proclamation of the Governor but not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from such service having a legal residence in this Commonwealth who shall hereafter die either within or without the State by the county wherein such soldier sailor marine or militiaman had a legal residence at the time of his death

Section 2 The county commissioners of every county in this State shall appoint in each township borough and ward in cities and boroughs divided into wards a committee composed of a sufficient number of suitable persons other than those prescribed by law for the care of paupers and the custody of criminals who shall serve without compensation and whose duty it shall be to cause to be buried in the manner prescribed in section one of this act the bodies of the soldiers sailors marines and militiamen mentioned in said section one who shall hereafter die such burial to be in charge of the committee for the township borough or ward in which said deceased soldier sailor marine or militiaman had a legal residence at the time of his death provided however that if such person shall die in any other township borough or ward than the one in which he had a legal residence then the committee of the township borough or ward in which said person shall die may assist the committee of the township borough or ward in which said person had a legal residence in the performance of their duties under this act

Section 3 Before assuming the charge and expense of the burial or any soldier sailor marine or militiaman it shall be the duty of the committee called upon to bury the body of any such person to determine by a carefully inquiry into all the circumstances whether the county is liable for the expense of the burial of such body under the provisions of the first section of this act and if satisfied that the county is so liable the said committee shall then take charge of and bury said body of such deceased soldier sailor marine or militiaman in the manner prescribed by the first section of this act and shall thereupon immediately report their action in the matter to the county commissioners setting forth the name of the said deceased soldier sailor marine or militiaman the war or insurrection in which he served his branch of service command and rank at the time of his discharge the date of his discharge his occupation and residence at the time of his death the date of his death and the place of burial with a carefully itemized statement of the expense of burial which report shall be signed by at least a majority of the committee and sworn to by at least one member thereof and upon the filing of said report with the county commissioners the said commissioners shall draw a warrant upon the county treasurer for the actual expense of said burial but in no case to exceed the sum of fifty dollars

Section 4 All acts parts of acts supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1293, as follows:

An Act fixing the salaries of employes of the board of revision of taxes in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in

General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand the employes of the board of revision of taxes shall from and after July first one thousand nine hundred fifteen receive the following annual salaries chief clerk two thousand five hundred dollars ($2500) assistant chief clerk two thousand dollars ($2000) registation clerk two thousand dollars ($2000) allowance clerk one thousand eight hundred ($1800) division and locality clerk one thousand seven hundred ($1700) certificate clerk one thousand eight hundred ($1800) special clerk one thousand five hundred ($1500) all other clerks one thousand five hundred ($1500) stenographer one thousand two hundred ($1200) doorkeeper nine hundred and sixty ($960) janitors seven hundred and twenty dollars ($720)

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts general local or special inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1253, as follows:

An Act empowering the Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through the State forests

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of Forestry is hereby empowered to grant rights of way through State forests to individuals or corporations who may apply therefor when it shall appear to the Department that the grant of a right of way will not so adversely affect the land as to interfere with its usual and orderly administration and when it shall appear that the interests of the Commonwealth or of its citizens will be promoted by such grant

Section 2 A right of way under this act is hereby construed to include a passage haulage flowage or transmission for any lwaful purpose

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1226 (Senate Bill No. 538), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1355, entitled:

An Act to provide for the taxing and collection of fees as costs to the successful party in civil suits at law or in equity in courts of record

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all civil suits at law or in equity in any court of record wherever either party is successful in any motion or rule except where the same is rendered necessary by the act or omission of the party applying therefor (it shall be the duty of the court) on disposing of said motion or rule to grant the successful party such fee as in said court's discretion compensates said successful party therein not to exceed the sum of thirty dollars to be paid within ten days by the party against whom said decision is rendered or further proceedings on his part in the cause to stay with the right to said successful party to collect the said fee by execution after the expiration of the said period

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1 by striking out lines 7 and 8 the words "it shall be the duty of the court" and insert in lieu thereof the words "the court may"

Line 8 strike out the word "to"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 That upon the entry of any final judgment order or decree for the payment of money in any suit at law or in equity in any court of record unless the same is founded upon a contract which provides for the payment of an attorney's fee for the collection of the same the party in whose favor said final judgment order or decree is entered shall be entitled to charge and collect as a part of the legal costs in said proceeding in addition to the costs now allowed by law the following sum or sums Five per centum of all such judgments orders or decrees wherein said order judgment or decree is under two thousand dollars where they exceed two thousand dollars five per centum of the first two thousand dollars thereof three per centum on the excess thereof up to five thousand dollars two per centum on the excess thereof above five thousand dollars up to ten thousand dollars and one per centum on the excess thereof above ten thousand dollars

An Act to provide for the taxing and collection of fees as costs to the successful party in civil suits at law or in equity in courts of record

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1092, entitled:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Company Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section seventeen of article six of "The Public Service Company Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 17 Within thirty days after the filing of any finding or determination by the commission or after the date of service of any order—unless an application for a rehearing may be pending and then within thirty days after the refusal of such application or the entry of an order modifying amending rescinding or affirming the original finding determination or order any party to the proceedings affected thereby may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Provided That there shall be no appeal from any order for reparation made by the commission but the suit may be brought as hereinbefore provided The said court is hereby clothed with exclusive jurisdiction throughout the Commonwealth for the purpose of hearing and determining any and all said appeals Provided That in case of an appeal from the award of damages or compensation by the commission under any of the provisions of this act the appeal shall in case any party is entitled to demand a jury trial under section eight of article sixteen of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be to the courts of the proper county thereof but in all other cases shall be to the said court of common pleas of Dauphin county If an appeal be made to any court other than the Court of common pleas of Dauphin county the case shall be proceeded with therein in accordance with the practice and procedure made and provided in such cases In case of any appeal from the award by the commission of damages or compensation for property taken injured or destroyed where the commission shall have power to apportion the amount thereof among or direct the payment thereof by any public service companies or municipal corporations concerned any such public service company or municipal corporation may intervene and be heard in the trial of such appeal under such rules and regulations as the court in which the said appeal may be pending shall prescribe All appeals to the court of common pleas of Dauphin county shall be by petition to said court setting forth specifically and concisely the error or errors assigned to the finding determination or order of the commission which petition shall be accompanied by a copy of the original complaint if any filed with the commission as well as a copy of the ruling determination or order of the commission appealed from and shall also be accompanied by affidavit of the party or parties appellant of if its his her or their agent or attorney that the appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the appellant or appellants verily believe that injustice has been done Each error relied on must be specified particularly and set forth in a separate numbered paragraph of the petition" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 17 Within thirty days after the filing of any finding or determination by the commission or after the date of service of any order—unless an application for a rehearing may be pending and then within thirty days after the refusal of such application or the entry of an order modifying amending rescinding or affirming the original finding determination or order any party to the proceedings affected thereby may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the proper county Provided That there shall be no appeal from any order for reparation made by the commission but the suit may be brought as hereinbefore provided In case of an appeal from the award of damages or compensation by the commission under any of the provisions of this act the appeal shall in case any party is entitled to demand a jury trial under section eight of article sixteen of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be to the courts of the proper county thereof In case of any appeal from the award by the commission of damages or compensation for property taken injured or destroyed where the commission shall have power to apportion the amount thereof among or direct the payment thereof by any public service companies or municipal corporations concerned any such public service company or municipal corporation may intervene and be heard in the trial of such appeal under such rules and regulations as the court in which the said appeal may be pending shall prescribe All appeals to the court of common pleas shall be by petition to said court setting forth specifically and concisely the error or errors assigned to the finding determination or order of the commission which petition shall be accompanied by a copy of the original complaint if any filed with the commission as well as a copy of the ruling determination or order of the commission appealed from and shall also be accompanied by affidavit of the party or parties appellant or if its his her or their agent or attorney that the appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the appellant or appellants verily believe that injustice has been done Each error relied on must be specified particularly aand set forth in a separate numbered paragraph of the petition

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amenuments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 11, by inserting a dash after the word "application."

Amend section 1, line 47, by inserting after the word "by" the word "as."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third, fourth and fifth sections were separately read an agreed to as follows:

Section 2 Section twenty-nine of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 29 Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to deprive any party upon any such appeal and judicial review of the proceedings and orders of the commission of the right to trial by jury of any issue of fact raised thereby or therein where such right is secured either by the Constitution of the Commonwealth or of the United States but in every such case such right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate Provided however That when any appeal is taken such right shall be deemed to be waived upon all issues unless expressly reserved in such reasonable manner as shall be prescribed by the court of common pleas of Dauphin County" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 29 Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to deprive any party upon any such appeal and judicial review of the proceedings and orders of the commission of the right to trial by jury of any issue of fact raised thereby or therein where such right is secured either by the Constitution of the Commonwealth or of the United States but in every such case such right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate Provided however That when any appeal is taken such right shall be deemed to be waived upon all issues unless expressly reserved in such reasonable manner as shall be prescribed by the court of common pleas

Section 3 Section thirty-two of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 32 Every public service company its officers agents and employes affected by any final order of the commission or of any final order of the court of common pleas of Dauphin county or of the Supreme Court shall obey observe and comply with such order and with the terms and conditions thereof so long as the same shall be and remain in force" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 32 Every public service company its officers agents and employes affected by any final order of the commission or any final order of the court of common pleas or of the Supreme Court shall obey observe and comply with such order and with the terms and conditions thereof so long as the same shall be and remain in force

Section 4 Section thirty-three of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 33 Whenever the commission shall be of opinion that any public service company is violating or is about to violate any provision of this act or has done or is about to do any act matter or thing herein prohibited or declared to be unlawful or has failed omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or has failed omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to obey any lawful requirement or final order made by the commission or any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county or by the Supreme Court—then and in every such case the commission may by its counsel or assistant counsel institute in the name of the commission in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county injunction mandamus or other appropriate legal proceedings to restrain such violations of the provisions of this act or of the orders of the commission and to enforce obedience thereto and the said court of common pleas is hereby clothed with exclusive jurisdiction throughout the Commonwealth to hear and determine all such actions" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 33 Whenever the commission shall be of opinion that any public service company is violating or is about to violate any provision of this act or has done or is about to do any act matter or thing herein prohibited or declared to be unlawful or has failed omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or has failed omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to obey any lawful requirement or final order made by the commission or any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas or by the Supreme Court—then and in every such case the commission may by its counsel or assistant counsel institute in the name of the commission in the court of common pleas injunction mandamus or other appropriate legal proceedings to restrain such violations of the provisions of this act or of the orders of the commission and to enforce obedience thereto

Section 5 Section thirty-five of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 35 If any public service company shall violate any of the provisions of this act or shall do any matter or thing herein prohibited or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final direction requirement determination or order made by the commission or to comply with any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county or the Supreme Court—such public service company for such violation omission failure neglect or refusal shall forfeit and pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the sum of fifty dollars to be recovered by an action of assumpsit instituted in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the said court of common pleas of Dauphin county which court is hereby clothed with exclusive jurisdiction throughout the Commonwealth to hear and determine all such actions

"In construing and enforcing the provisions of this section the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of any officer agent or other person acting for or employed by any such public service company acting within the scope of his employment shall in every case be deemed to be the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of such public service company" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 35 If any public service company shall violate any of the provisions of this act or shall do any matter or thing herein prohibited or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final direction requirement determination or order made by the commission or to comply with any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas or the Supreme Court such public service company for such violation omission failure neglect or refusal shall forfeit and pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the sum of fifty dollars to be recovered by an action of assumpsit instituted in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

In construing and enforcing the provisions of this section the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of any officer agent or other person acting for or employed by any such public service company acting within the scope of his employment shall in every case be deemed to be the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of such public service company

The sixth section was read as follows:

Section 6 Section thirty-six of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 36 Each and every day's continuance in the violation of any final direction requirement determination or order of the commission or of any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county or by the Supreme Court shall be a separate and distinct offense Provided however That if any interlocutory order of supersedas or a preliminary injunction be granted no penalties shall be incurred or collected for or on account of any act matter or thing done in violation of such final direction requirement determination or order or decree so superseded or enjoined for the period of time such order or supersedeas or injunction is in force" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 36 Each and every day's continuance in the violation of any final direction requirement determination or order of the commission or of any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas or by the Supreme Court shall be a separate and distinct offense Provided however That if any interlocutory order of supersedeas or preliminary injunction be granted no penalties shall be incurred or collected for or on account of any act matter or thing done in violation of such final direction requirement determination or order or decree so superseded or enjoined for the period of time such order or supersedeas or injunction is in force

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 6, line 8, by striking out the word "supersedas" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "supersedeas"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The seventh section was read as follows:

Section 7 Section thirty-nine of article six of this act which reads as follows
"Section 39 Any person whether an officer agent or employe of any public service company or not or any corporation who shall knowingly fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final order direction or requirement of the commission or with any final order or decree of the said court of common pleas of Dauphin county or of the Supreme Court or who shall knowingly procure aid or abet any such violation omission failure neglect or refusal shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of competent jurisdiction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than one month nor more than twelve months either or both at the discretion of the court and upon conviction of any subsequent offense shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than three months nor more than eighteen months either or both at the discretion of the court" is hereby amended to read as follows
Section 39 Any person whether an officer agent or employe of any public service company or not or any corporation who shall knowingly fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final order direction or requirement of the commission or with any final order or decree of the court of common pleas or of the Supreme Court or who shall knowingly procure aid or abet any such violation omission failure neglect or refusal shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of competent jurisdiction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than one month nor more than twelve months either or both at the discretion of the court and upon conviction of any subsequent offense shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than three months nor more than eighteen months either or both at the discretion of the court

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 7, line 10, by inserting a dash after the word "refusal"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1500, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employers prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the courts of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eighteen of Article four of an act entitled an act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers council and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriae proceedings to enfore the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act Approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Which reads as follows "The commission or a quorum thereof shall hold stated meetings at least twice a month during the year at its principal office and may hold meetings at any time and at any place within this Commonwealth" Be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

The commission or a quorum thereof shall hold stated meetings at least twice a month during the year at its principal office and may hold stated meetings at any time and at any place within this Commonwealth Provided however that hereafter in any case now being or hereafter brought before the commission in which the commissioner or a member thereof and find it impossible or impracticable to take the testimony at the place of dispute The commissioner to have the power on its open motion and shall upon the request of the plaintiff or respondent appoint an examiner or commissioner to take the testimony on such case at a time and place agreed upon by plaintiff and respondent or designated by the commissioner

The plaintiff and respondent shall pay the examiner or commissioner appointed by the commission the cost of taking the testimony for their respective side of the case and the same shall be taxed as costs in the case to abide the final order of judgment of the commission

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 23, insert the word "and" after the word "concerned" and before the word "giving"

Section 1, line 79, strike out the word "commissioner" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Commission"

Section 1, line 80, amend by striking out the word "and" after the word "thereof" and before the word "find"

Section 1, line 82, strike out the word "commissioner" and insert in lieu thereof the word "commission," and further amend by striking out the word "to" after the word "commissioner" and insert in lieu thereof the word "shall," and further amend by striking out the word "open" and insert in lieu thereof the word "own"

Section 1, line 85, amend by striking out the word "on" before the word "such" and insert "in"

Line 86, strike out the word "commissioner" and insert in lieu thereof the word "commission"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

ARTICLE V

Section 2 That section twelve of said act which reads as follows

Except in cases in which grade crossings are in process of abolition at the time of the passage of this act under agreement or contract with a municipality as set forth in the proviso of section five of article three of this act the commission shall have exclusive power to determine order and prescribe in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by it the just and reasonable manner including the particular point of crossing in which the tracks or other facilities of any public service company may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other public service company at grade or above or below grade or at the same or different levels or in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation or street railway corporation or across any public highway at grade or above or below grade or in which any public highway may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation at grade or above or below grade and to determine order and prescribe the terms and conditions of installation and operation maintenance and protection of all such crossings which may now or hereafter be constructed including the stationing of watchmen thereat or the installation and regulation of lights block or other system of signaling safety appliances devices or such other means of instrumentalities as may to the commission appear reasonable and necessary to the end intent and purpose that accidents may be prevented and the safety of the public promoted No such crossing shall be constructed without the approval of the commission evidenced by its "Certificate of Public Convenience" as provided in section five of article three of this act (but in no case shall the approval or consent of any court board or commission or officer or of any municipality be necessary therefor It shall be proper however for the commission by general rule or order whenever the same can be properly regulated by suitable general rule to to prescribe the terms and conditions under which such crossing may be constructed operated maintained or protected without the particular approval of the commission

The commission shall also have exclusive power upon its own motion or upon complaint and after hearing as hereinafter provided (of which all the parties in interest including the owners of adjacent property shall have due notice) to order any crossing aforesaid now existing or hereafter constructed at grade or at the same or different levels to be relocated or altered or to be abolished according to plans and specifications to be approved and upon just and reasonable terms and conditions to be prescribed by the commission

The compensation for damages which the owners of adjacent property taken injured or destroyed may sustain in the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing specified in this section (for which compensation the said owners are hereby invested with warrant of authority upon appeal from the determination of the commission to sue the Commonwealth) after due notice and hearing be ascertained and determined by the commission and such compensation as well as the expense of the said construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing shall be borne and paid as hereinafter provided by the public service company or companies or municipal corporations concerned or by the Commonwealth either severally or in such proper proportions as the commission may after due notice and hearing in due course determine unless the said proportions are mutually agreed upon and paid by those interested as aforesaid

In prescribing the terms and conditions upon which any such crossing may be constructed or relocated or altered or abolished and the proportionate contributions to the expense thereof including the damages or compensation to the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid the commission may among other things take into consideration the relative importance to the public of the service rendered by the public service companies concerned as well as the priority of location Provided That where any portion of the cost and expense thereof shall have been or shall be borne in the future by the Commonwealth or any municipal corporation such portion shall not be taken into account by the commission in fixing any valuation for any purpose under any of the provisions of this act And provided further That where the order of the commission shall as part of the regulation of the construction re-location alteration or abolition of any crossing aforesaid require as incidental thereto a relocation changes in or the removal of any adjacent structures equipment or other facilities of any telegraph telephone gas electric light waterpower water pipe-line or other public service company said company shall at its own expense relocate change or remove such structures equipment or other facilities in conformity with the order of the commission and in default of compliance with such order the commission shall cause the work and materials to be done and furnished in accordance with the said order and may recover the cost and expense thereof from the said public service company

Before the commission shall make any final order relative to the construction alteration or abolition of any crossing involving any public highway or street an effort shall be made by the commission to reach an agreement with the proper officials of the municipal corporations concerned determining the plans and specifications governing such crossings and in default of such agreement the commission shall exercise the exclusive power vested in it under this section and shall finally determine and adopt the complete plans and specifications and locate all lines and grades in said public highways and streets and may permit the public service company or companies or the municipal corporation to do the whole or any portion of the work in accordance therewith otherwise the commission shall do the work by contract or contracts to be awarded after due advertisements to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with the said plans and specifications

The said contractor shall be authorized in the name of the commission to collect by due process of law from the public service company or companies or the said municipal corporations or from the Commonwealth either severally or proportionately as may be determined by the commission the amount which may be justly due him under the terms of his said contract with the commission and any amount so determined to be paid the said contractor by the Commonwealth as well as the amount of damages or compensation determined and awarded to be paid the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid shall in each instance be paid by the State Treasurer on a warrant drawn by the Auditor General upon the presentation to that officer of a statement setting forth the amount determined to be paid as aforesaid duly certified by the commission said payments to be paid out of any funds specifically appropriated for such purpose or generally appropriated for the improvement of the roads or highways of the Commonwealth and in case of a verdict and judgment thereon for the damages or compensation recorded by any adjacent property owners upon appeal the same shall be paid out of any funds appropriated as aforesaid and any court of common pleas hearing and determining said appeal is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a writ of mandamus to said commission the Auditor General and the State Treasurer or any of them as the case may require for the payment of such judgment

The commission shall have the right to recover for and on behalf of the Commonwealth by due process of law recoverable from the public service company or companies or municipal corporations in such amounts or proportions against each and may be determined by the commission as aforesaid the amount of the damages or compensation awarded to the owners of adjacent property by the commission or by the court of the proper county on appeal and the amount so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury for the improvement of the roads of the Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Except in cases in which grade crossings are in process of abolition at the time of the passage of this act under agreement or contract with a municipality as set forth in the proviso of section five of article three of this act the commission shall have power subject to the right of appeal to the courts of common pleas of the proper county to determine order and prescribe in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by it the just and reasonable manner including the particular point of crossing in which the tracks or other facilities of any public service company may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other public service company at grade or above or below grade or at the same or different levels or in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation or street railway corporation or across any public highway at grade or above or below grade or in which any public highway may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation at grade or above or below grade and to determine order and prescribe the terms and conditions of installation and operation maintenance and protection of all such crossings which now or hereafter be constructed including the stationing of watchmen thereat or the installation and regulation of lights block or other system of signaling safety appliances devices or such other means or instrumentalities as may to the commission appear reasonable and necessary to the end intent and purpose that accidents may be prevented and the safety of the public promoted No such crossing shall be constructed without the approval of the commission evidenced by its "Certificate of Public Convenience" as provided in section five or article three of this act It shall be proper however for the commission by general rule or order when ever the same can be properly regulated by suitable general rule to prescribe the terms and conditions under which such crossing may be constructed operated maintained or protected without the particular approval of the commission

The commission shall also have power subject to the approval of the court of common pleas of the proper county upon its own motion or upon complaint and after hearing as hereinafter provided (of which all the parties in interest including the owners of adjacent property shall have due notice) to order any crossing aforesaid now existing or hereafter constructed at grade or at the same or different levels to be relocated or altered or to be abolished according to plans and specifications to be approved upon just and reasonable terms and conditions to be prescribed by the commission

The compensation for damages which the owners of adjacent property taken injured or destroyed may sustain in the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing specified in this section (for which compensation the said owners are hereby invested with warrant of authority upon appeal from the determination of the commission to sue the Commonwealth) shall after due notice and hearing be ascertained and determined by the commission and such compensation as well as the expense of the said construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing shall be borne and paid as hereinafter provided by the public service company or companies or municipal corporations concerned or by the Commonwealth either severally or in such proper corporations as the commission may after due notice and hearing in due course determine which award or decisions of the commission shall be final unless the appeal therefrom be taken to the court of common pleas of the county wherein said crossing is located within ten days from the filing of said award or decision

In prescribing the terms and conditions upon which any such crossing may be constructed or relocated or altered or abolished and the proportionate contributions to the expense thereof including the damages or compensation to the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid among other things taken into consideration the relative importance to the public of the services rendered by the public service companies concerned as well as the priority of location shall be considered Provided That where any portion of the cost and expense thereof shall have been or shall be borne in the future by the Commonwealth of any municipal corporation such proportion shall not be taken into account by the commission in fixing any valuation for any purpose under any of the provisions of this act And provided further That where the order of the commission shall as part of the regulation of the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any crossing aforesaid require as incidental thereto a relocation changes in or the removal of any of the adjacent structures equipment or other facilities of any telegraph telephone gas electric light water-power water pipe-line or other public service company said company shall at its own expense relocate change or remove such structures equipment or other facilities in conformity with the order of the commission and in default of compliance with such order the commission shall cause the work and materials to be done and furnished in accordance with said order and may recover the cost and expense thereof from the said public service company

Before the commission shall make any final order relative to the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any crossing involving any public highway or street an effort shall be made by the commission to reach an agreement with the proper officials of the municipal corporations concerned determining the plans and specifications governing such crossings and in default of such agreement the commission shall exercise the power invested in it under this section and shall determine and adopt the complete plans and specifications and locate all lines and grades in said public highways and streets subject to the approval of the court of common pleas of the county therein said crossings are located and may permit the public service company or companies or the municipal corporations to do the whole or any portion of the work in accordance therewith otherwise the commission shall do the work by contract or contracts to be awarded after due advertisements to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with the said plans and specifications

The said contractor shall be authorized in the name of the commission to collect by due process of law from the public service company or companies or the said municipal corporations or from the Commonwealth either severally or proportionally as may be determined by the court the amount which may be justly due him under the terms of his contract with the commission and any amount so determined to be paid the said contractor by the Commonwealth as well as the amount of damages or compensation determined and awarded to be paid the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid shall be in each instance be paid by the State Treasurer as a warrant drawn by the Auditor General upon the presentation to that officer of a statement setting forth the amount determined to be paid as aforesaid duly certified by the commission said payment to be paid out of any funds specially appropriated for such purpose or generally appropriated for the improvement of the roads or highways of the Commonwealth and in case of a verdict and judgment thereon for damages or compansation recorded by any such adjacent property owners upon appeal the same shall be paid out of any funds appropriated as aforesaid and any court of common pleas hearing or determining said appeal is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a writ of mandamus to said commission the Auditor General and the State Treasurer or any of them as the case may require for the payment of such judgment

The commission shall have the right to recover for and on behalf of the Commonwealth by due process of law as debts of the like amount are now by law recoverable from the public service company or companies or municipal corporations in such amounts or proportions against each as may be determined by the Court as aforesaid the amount of by the commission or by the court of the proper county on appeal and the amount so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury for the improvements of the roads of the Commonwealth Provided That all appeals or exceptions taken or filed from the determination and decision of the commission shall follow the procedure governing appeals from or exceptions to the viewers' reports in street improvement cases unless otherwise herein provided

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, by striking out the words "Article 5" in line 1.

In line 2, insert after the word "twelve" and before the word "of" the words, "of Article 5"

In line 26, strike out the word "of" and insert in lieu thereof the word, "or".

In line 29, strike out the word "publuic" and insert in lieu thereof, the word "public".

In line 33, after the word "or" and before the word "commission" insert the word "other".

In line 55, insert the word "shall" after the word, "commonwealth".

In line 91 after the word "construction" and before the word "alteration," insert the word "relocation."

In line 100, strike out the word, "publice" and insert in lieu thereof, the word "public".

In line 131, after the word "law", and before the word "recoverable" insert the following: "as debts of like amount are now" and further amend by inserting after the word "recoverable" the words "by law."

In line 133 amend by striking out the word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "as".

In line 134, insert after the word "aforesaid", the word, "and".

In line 142, strike out the word "munciipality" and insert in lieu thereof the word "municipality".

Amend section 2, line 208, by striking out the word "the" after the word "unless" and insert in lieu thereof the word "an".

In line 221, strike out the word "of" after the word "commonwealth" and insert in lieu thereof, the word "or."

In line 224, strike out the word, "furher" and insert the word "further" in lieu thereof.

In line 247, strike out the word "therein", and insert in lieu thereof the word "wherein."

In line 265, strike out the word "be" after the word "shall".

In line 266, after the word "Treasurer", strike out the word "as" and insert in lieu thereof, the word "on."

In line 274, after the word "compensation" strike out the word "recorded" and insert in lieu thereof, the word "recovered".

In line 288, strike out the following words: "by the court as aforesaid".

In line 289, strike out the words, "the amount".

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section was read as follows:

ARTICLE V

Section 3 That section twenty-six of Article five reads as follows

"The Commission may make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the law as may be necessary or proper in the exercise of its powers or for the performance of its duties and whenever the commission shall determine it to be necessary in the interests of the public to withhold from the public any facts or information obtained during the progress of any investigation such facts and information may be so withheld" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

ARTICLE V

Section 26 The commission may make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the law as may be necessary or proper in the exercise of its powers or for the performance of its duties

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 3.

In line 1, section 3, strike out the words, "Article 5".

In line 2, after the word "five and before the word "reads," insert the word "which".

In line 14, strike out the words, "Article 5"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation, and, to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons, whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employers; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains, by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act, approved the 26th day of July, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title line 4 by striking out the word "Incorporation" and inserting in lieu thereof, the word, "incorporations".

Amend the title, line 24, by striking out the word "employers" and insert in lieu thereof, the wod "employees".

Amend the title, line 61, after the word "of" and before the word "corporations," by inserting the word "certain."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 412, entitled:

An Act establishing and regulating the Department of State Police and Fixing its powers and duties

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repesentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Generaly Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of State Police is hereby established The head of the department shall be the Superindendent of State Police who shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate He shall serve for a term of four years from the date of his appointment He shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars ($4,000) per annum to be paid quarterly He shall give bond to the Commonwealth for the faithful performance of his duties in the sum of twenty thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the Governor

Section 2 The Superintendent shall appoint a deputy superintendent at a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum one chief clerk who shall also be a storekeeper at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars per annum and one stenographer at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 The superintendent shall appoint the State police force which shall consist of four troops each consisting of a captain at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum a lieutenant at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum a first sergeant at a salary of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum four sergeants each at a salary of eleven hundred dollars ($1,100) per annum eight corporats each at a salary of nine hundred and fifty dollars ($950) per annum one blacksmith with rank of corporal at a salary of nine hundred and fifty dollars ($950) per annum and seventy privates each at a salary of nine hundred dollars per annum

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 8, by striking out the word "corporats" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "corporal".

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Sections four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten and eleven and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 4 The members of the State police force shall be enlisted for a period of two years Each member of the State police force shall receive an increase in pay of five dollars ($5.00) per month during a second continuous enlistment and an additional increase in pay of five dollars ($5.00) per month during a third continuous enlistment

Section 5 No applicant shall be appointed to the State police force until he has satisfactorily passed a physical and mental examination based upon the standard provided by the rules and regulations of the police force of the cities of the first class Each applicant must be a citizen of the United States and of sound constitution able to ride of good moral character and between the ages of twenty-one and forty years

Section 6 The superintendent shall provide for the members of the police force suitable uniforms arms equipments and where it is deemed necessary horses He shall make such rules and regulations subject to the approval of the Governor as are deemed necessary for the control and regulation of the police force The superintendent shall establish local headquarters in various places For that purpose he is hereby authorized to do so by lease or otherwise so as best to distribute the force throughout the various sections of the Commonwealth where they will be most efficient in carrying out the purposes of this act to preserve the peace and to prevent crime

Section 7 The members of the State police force are hereby authorized and empowered to make arrests without warrant for all violations of the law which they may witness and to serve and execute warrants issued by the proper local authorities They are also authorized and empowered to act as forest fire game and fish wardens They shall have in general the powers and prerogatives conferred by law upon members of the police force of cities of the first class or upon constables of the Commonwealth

The State police force shall wherever possible co-operate with the local authorities in detecting crime and apprehending criminals and preserving the law and order throughout the State

Section 8 The board of commissioners of public grounds and buildings shall provide the department with suitable offices in the State Capitol or elsewhere and shall on requisition of the superintendent furnish the department with all furniture fixtures books supplies et cetera that may be needed in conducting the affairs of the department

Section 9 The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the department shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the superintendent

Section 10 The act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred five entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith" and the act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof together with officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith' approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police also the salaries of the officers and men of the State police" are specifically repealed

Section 11 The provisions of this act so far as they are the same as existing laws are intended as a continuation of such laws All officers members of the State police force and employes of the department holding office or employed prior to the passage of this act shall continue to do so until their commission period of enlistment or term of employment shall respectively expire The provisions regarding increase in pay to members of the State police force for continuous enlistment shall apply to all who enlisted in the force prior to the passage of this act and who at the expiration of their term of service again enlist for a second or third continuous enlistment under the provisions of this act

An Act establishing and regulating the Department of State Police and fixing its powers and duties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1093, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of interpreters who shall act as assistant assessors in certain counties defining their powers and duties fixing their compensation and providing for their expenses

The first, second, third, fourth and fifth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That county commissioners may appoint interpreters to act as such for assessors or assistant assessors

Section 2 Such interpreters may be assigned by the county commissioners to assist any assessor or assistant assessors and shall accompany him to his district at and for such time as the commissioners may designate Such interpreters shall on behalf of such assessor or assistant assessor and under his direction and control administer oaths and interrogate any taxable concerning name occupation residence and property of said taxable

Section 3 The number of said interpreters so appointed shall be within the discretion of the county commissioners provided not more than one interpreter be employed to a district and in no event shall any interpreter be employed for a greater length of time than ten days in any one district

Section 4 The compensation for interpreter appointed under the provisions of this act shall be two dollars and fifty cents per day and traveling expenses payable upon warrant of county commissioners out of the county treasury

Section 5 This act shall apply only to counties having a population of less than two hundred thousand inhabitants

The title was read as follows:

An Act providing for the appointment of interpreters who shall act as assistant assessors in certain counties defining their powers and duties fixing their compensation and providing for their expense

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title by striking out words "who shall act as assistant assessors" and insert in lieu thereof the words "to act as such for assessors and assistant assessors."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.
And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1032, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War

passed second reading, be reconsidered for the purpose of amendment.
Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.
On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the bill on second reading?
Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments at this time.
The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.
The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 1, by striking out the words "amend an act, entitled An act to."
Amend title, line 3, by striking out the second word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "this."
Amend title, line 8, by inserting after the words "ninety-five" the words "as amended."
Amend section 1, line 26, by striking out the words "of the."
Amend section 1, line 71, by striking out the word "inbahitants" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "inhabitants."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.
The bill as amended was then agreed to on second reading.
Ordered, That the bill, as amended, be transcribed for third reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1244 (Senate Bill No. 423), entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1091, as follows:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Company Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eighteen of article four of "The Public Service Company Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 18 The commission or a quorum thereof shall hold stated meetings at least twice a month during the year at its principal office and may hold meetings at any time and at any place within this Commonwealth" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 18 The commission shall divide the State into three districts One of said districts shall include the city of Philadelphia one the city of Harrisburg and one the city of Pittsburgh Each of said cities shall be known as the central city in its respective district Additional districts may be created from time to time The commission shall assign the several counties to one of said districts and in making such assignments the convenience of the several counties shall be considered

The commission or a quorum thereof shall sit in each central city at such times as shall be necessary for the convenient and prompt handling of all business which may come before the commission The commission may from time to time sit in any other place in any of said districts All hearings shall be in the district in which the same arise but for cause shown may be certified to any other district

Upon the petition of either party to a suit the commission shall designate a place within the proper county where such testimony will be heard Such testimony may be heard before one or more of the commissioners or upon deposition as now provided

The county commissioners of the several counties in which hearings are to be held shall furnish at the expense of the State suitable accommodations and necessary attendants for the commission The cost of such accommodations and attendants shall be paid in the first instance by the county and shall be refunded by the commission upon bills being rendered therefor and approved by the commission

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1334, as follows:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore the council of any incorporated borough of this Commonwealth has required by ordinance and caused to be graded paved curbed or macadamized with brick stone or other suitable material or otherwise improved any public street or thoroughfare or part thereof either cartway or foot-walk or both or is now causing such grading paving curbing or macadamizing pursuant to such ordinance but owing to some defect in the petition notice or other proceeding necessary under existing law and ordinance to give jurisdiction to such council or owing to some defect in the ordinance or for any other reason the cost of such improvement or a portion thereof cannot be legally assessed upon the property bounding or abutting upon the street or part thereof improved or owing to some defect in the statement of claim filed to secure the lien for the cost of such improvement payment thereof cannot be enforced as was contemplated by the act or acts of the General Assembly under which the improvement was attempted to be made and statement of claim filed now by this act such improvements are made valid and binding and the council of such incorporated borough may cause the property bounding or abuttin upon the street or part thereof upon which the improvement has been made or is now being made to be assessed in the manner now provided by law with such a portion of the cost of such improvement as is contemplated by the law under which the improvement was made or is now being made such assessment shall be a lien upon the property assessed The lien shall date from the completion of the improvement for which the assessment is made and shall remain a lien until fully paid and satisfied Provided that a writ of scire facias is issued to revive the same during every period of five years after a lien is filed as hereinafter provided

Section 2 The council of any incorporated borough of this Commonwealth entitled to a lien under this act shall file a lien therefor in the office of the prothonotary of the county within which the property lies within six months after the completion of the work where the improvement is now in progress or within six months after the approval of this act where the improvement is now completed and the same shall be entered upon record as other municipal claims Such lien shall state the name of the party claimant which shall be the corporate name of the borough making the improvement the name of the owner or reputed owner of the property assessed a reasonable description of the property assessed the amount or sum claimed to be due which shall include interest on the assessment from the completion of the improvement for what improvement the claim is made the date of its completion the date of the assessment for which the lien is filed Such lien when so filed shall be pima facie evidence of all matters therein set forth and of the right of the borough to recover the amount therein claimed to be due together with interest from the date of the lien or completion of the improvement costs and an attorney's commission of five per centum for collecting

Section 3 The lien when so filed shall be proceeded upon for collection by writ of scire facias The said writ shall be made returnable to the monthly or other return day in the respective courts and shall be served upon the owner or reputed owner personally or by leaving a copy thereof duly attested with an adult member of his family or of the family in which he resides at least ten days before the return day thereof If the owner of the property cannot be found or has no residence within the county in which the property lies the sheriff shall thereupon return the said writ nihil and thereupon an alias scire facias may issue which shall be served by notice posted upon the premises stating the substance of the writ at least ten days prior to the return day and also by advertisement in at least two newspapers published in the county in which the premises are located once a week for three successive weeks Such posting and publication shall be equivalent to a service

Section 4 If the writ shall have been served and no appearance entered on or before the return day thereof the plaintiff therein shall be entitled to judgment after the return day thereof for the debt interest costs and attorney's commission If an appearance be entered the plaintiff shall also be entitled to judgment unless a sufficient affidavit of defense be filed within fifteen days after the return day If such affidavit be filed the cause shall be proceeded with in accordance with the rules of law and the practice of the courts

Section 5 When final judgment shall have been entered upon such lien the plaintiff therein may have a writ of levari facias and upon the same the sheriff shall cause the said property to be advertised for sale in at least two newspapers of the proper county once a week for three weeks before the day of sale and shall also give notice by at least ten handbills posted in conspicuous places—one of which shall be posted upon the property—of the time and place of sale and thereupon shall proceed to sell the same The place of sale shall be the sheriff's office The proceeds of sale shall be distributed according to law

Section 6 The term "owner or reputed owner" as used in this act shall mean any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of property Remaindermen or other persons interested in expectancy not having been heard and aggrieved by such final judgment upon petition presented in the proper court may have the judgment opened at any time before the sale of the property and be allowed to defend when in the judgment of the court such opening is necessary to secure justice to all parties Sale of the property shall preclude all persons from setting up anything contrary to the record

Section 7 Nothing in this act shall be taken to restrict the right of either plaintiff or defendant in proceeding under it to appeal as in other cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1507, as follows:

An Act for the protection of sheep and the incidental destruction of certain dogs

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any dog that enters any field where there are sheep shall constitute a private nuisance and the owner of such sheep or his agent or servant may kill such dog while it is in the field without liability or responsibility of any nature for such killing

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1440 (Senate Bill No. 463), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been enitrely severed and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1439 (Senate Bill No. 462), entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1067, as follows:

An Act providing for the formation and regulation of stock corporations having shares without nominal or par value and authorizing such corporations to issue shares without par value upon reorganization merger or consolidation.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That upon the formation or reorganization of any stock corporation under the laws of this Commonwealth now or hereafter in force upon the merger or consolidation thereunder of two or more such corporations provision may be made for the issuance of the shares of stock of such corporation other than preferred stock having a preference as to principal without any nominal or par value by stating in the certificate of incorporation or reorganization or in the joint agreement of merger and consolidation

(a) The number of shares that may be issued by the corporation and if any of such shares be preferred stock the preferences thereof If such preferred stock or any part thereof shall have a preference as to principal the certificate shall state the amount of such preferred stock having such preference the particular character of such preferences and the amount of each share thereof which shall be five dollars or some multiple of five dollars but not more than one hundred dollars

(b) The amount of capital with which the corporation will carry on business which amount shall be not less than the amount of preferred stock (if any) authorized to be issued with a preference as to principal and in addition thereto a sum equivalent to at least two dollars for every share authorized to be issued other than such preferred stock but in no event shall the amount of such capital be less than one thousand dollars

Such statements in the certificate shall be in lieu of any statements prescribed by the law under which the corporation shall have been formed or recognized merged or consolidated as to the amount or the maximum amount of its capital stock or the number of shares into which the same shall be divided or the amount or the par value of such shares

Section 2 Each share of such stock without nominal or par value shall be equal to every other share of such stock subject to the preferences given to the preferred stock if any authorized to be issued Provided however That the voting power of the different classes of stock (whether preferred or common) to be issued hereunder may be so regulated in accordance with the Constitution of this Commonwealth as may be provided in the certificate of incorporation or reorganization or in the joint agreement of merger and consolidation or in the by-laws of the corporation

Section 3 Every certificate for such shares without nominal or par value shall have plainly written or printed upon its face the number of such shares which it represents and no such certificate shall express any nominal or par value of such shares The certificates for preferred shares shall state briefly any rights given to the holders of such shares in preference to the holders of other shares

Section 4 Such corporation may issue any may sell its authorized shares from time to time for such consideration as may be prescribed in the certificate of incorporation or reorganization or in the joint agreement of merger or consolidation or as from time to time may be fixed by the board of directors pursuant to authority which authority may be conferred upon the board of directors in such certificate or agreement of if such certificate or agreement shall not so provide then pursuant to authority of the holders of two-thirds of each class of shares then outstanding given at a meeting called for that purpose in such manner as shall be prescribed by the by-laws

Section 5 Any and all shares issued as permitted by this act shall be deemed fully paid and non-assessable and the holder of such shares shall not be liable to the corporation or to its creditors in respect thereof

Section 6 No corporation authorized to issue stock without par value in pursuance of this act shall begin to carry on business or shall incur any indebtedness until the amount of its capital as stated in pursuance of this act shall have been fully paid in cash or in property taken at its actual value and in case the amount of stated capital of any such corporation shall be increased as hereinafter provided the corporation shall not increase the amount of its indebtedness existing at the time of such increase until it shall have receiced in money or property taken at its actual value the amount of such increase of its stated capital Provided That nothing in this act shall be held to exempt any corporation from the payment of ten per centum of its capital in cash as now required by law The directors of the corporation in whose administration any indebtedness has been incurred in violation of this section except those who may have caused their dissent therefrom to be entered on the minutes of such directors at the time or who being absent when such action was taken shall have filed their objections with the secretary of the corporation upon learning of such action shall be liable jointly and severally for such indebtedness but no action shall be brought under the foregoing provisions of this section unless within one year after the indebtedness shall have been incurred the creditor shall have served upon the director written notice of intention to hold him personally liable for such indebtedness Any director who because of any such liability under this section shall pay any indebtedness of the corporation shall be subrogated to all rights of the creditor in respect thereof against the corporation and its property and also shall be entitled to contribution from all other directors of the corporation similiary liable for the same indebtedness and the personal representative of any such director who shall have died before making such contribution

Section 7 No such corporation shall declare any dividend which shall reduce the amount of its capital below the amount stated in pursuance of this act as the amount of capital with which the corporation will carry on business In case any such dividend shall be declared the directors in whose administration the same shall have been declared except those who may have caused their dissent therefrom to be entered upon the minutes of such directors at the time or who being absent when such action was taken shall have filed their objections with the secretary of the corporation upon learning of such action shall be liable jointly and severally to such corporation and to the creditors thereof to the full amount of any loss sustained by such corporation or by its creditors respectively by reason of such dividend with rights of subrogation and contribution as provided in section six hereof

Section 8 Any corporation having shares without par value in pursuance of this act may increase or reduce the number of shares which it may issue or may increase or reduce the amount of its stated capital in the manner and subject to the terms and conditions now provided by law for the increase or reduction of the capital stock of a similar corporation having shares with a par value Provided however That the stated capital as increased or reduced shall be in compliance with the provisions of section one sub-division (b) hereof In case consent is given to an increase of stated capital or to an increase of the number of shares that may be issued the resolutions of directors and stockholders declaring such purpose and consenting to such increase included in the return filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall specify the amount of such authorized increase of stated capital if any and the number of additional shares authorized

Section 9 The bonus required by law to be paid upon the authorized capital stock of a corporation shall in the case of a corporation issuing shares without par value be paid upon the amount of capital with which the corporation carries on business as stated pursuant to section one sub-division (b) of this act and upon any increase thereof

Section 10 No corporation which shall issue shares without par value in pursuance of this act shall be authorized to issue any shares except as herein prescribed

Section 11 For the purpose of any rule of law or of any statutory provision (other than the provisions of this act) relating to the amount of the capital stock of a corporation or the amount or par value of its shares the aggregate amount of the capital stock of any such corporation having power hereunder to issue shares without nominal par value shall be deemed to be the aggregate amount specified in the certificate or certificates or the joint agreement filed in pursuance of this act as the amount of capital with which the corporation shall carry on business the amount of the par value of each share of preferred stock having a preference as to principal shall be deemed to be the amount thereof so specified and the amount or the par value of each other share shall be deemed to be an aliquot part of the aggregate capital so specified in excess of the specified amount if any of the preferred stock therein authorized to be issued with a preference as to principal In any case where under existing law a corporation is required to make return to any public officer stating the rate per centum of dividends declared within any stated period a corporation having shares without par value shall make return of the amount per share of dividends declared within such period

Section 12 Except as otherwise provided by this act corporations issuing shares without par value under the provisions hereof shall be and remain subject to the laws of the Commonwealth now or hereafter in force relating to the formation and regulation of such corporations and all other laws applicable thereto Nothing herein contained shall in any wise impair or affect the powers or jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission under existing laws and the power and jurisdiction of such Commission shall extend to such corporations organized hereunder as are of the class or character of corporations over which the powers and jurisdiction of such Commission extends under existing laws

Section 13 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 865, as follows:

An Act relating to the assessment of real estate for taxation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in the assessment of real estate for taxation the machinery and tools used in manufacturing in any mill or manufactory shall not be considered or included in determining the value of real estate

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1477, as follows:

An Act to amend sub-section (c) of section three of Article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroads corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damage resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sub-section (c) of section three of Article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determination by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car-service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"(c) For any public service company to sell assign transfer lease consolidate or merge its property powers franchises or privileges or any of them to or with any other corporation or person" be and the same hereby is amened so as to read as follows

(c) For any public service company to sell assign transfer lease consolidate or merge its property powers franchises privileges or any of them to or with any other corporation or person provided that this sub-section shall not apply to any lease license or other contract for the use of poles or other like facilities by two or more public service companies in common but it shall be the duty of every public service company to construct and maintain its facilities upon such poles in conformity with such reasonable regulations or orders as may be made by the commission

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 513.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 513, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

passed finally, be reconsidered.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading, be reconsidered.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading.

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 10 by striking out the word "either"

Amend Section 1 line 10 by striking out the words "or by his individual name"

Amend Section 1 lines 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21 by striking out the words "and this power and authority conferred by this act to enter such satisfaction shall not in any way be impaired or affected by the fact that the person who executed and delivered such power of attorney or the person named or designated therein as attorney or both of them may have in the meantime died."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent ot the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 260, as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which as amended reads of sollows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars pen annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city Provided however That payment of a minimum salary shall not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and properly sworn to Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent two or more counties of any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the chief of the bureau of standards Provided further In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the said city may be located Any inspector appointed in pursuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement The county and city inspectors of weights and measures as appointed by the respective counties and cities shall hold their office during good behavior and shall not be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for inefficiency incapacity conduct unbecoming employes or other just cause and until the said officials shall have been furnished with written statements of the reason for such removal discharge or reduction and shall have been given reasonable time to make written answer thereto Nor shall such removal discharge or reduction be made until the charge or charges shall have been examined into and found true in fact by the appointing power of such county or city at a hearing upon reasonable notice to the person charged at which time he may be represented by counsel and offer testimony or witnesses in his own behalf It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts" is amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars per annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city Provided however That the payment of a minimum salary shall not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and properly sworn to Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent two or more counties or any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the chief of the bureau of standards Provided further In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the said city may be located Any inspector appointed in pusuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement The county and city inspectors of weights and measures hereafter appointed by the respective counties and cities of the Commonwealth shall hold their office for a term of four years and inspectors who have been appointed prior to the approval of this act shall serve for the remainder of a term of four years During their respective terms inspectors of weights and measures shall not be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for inefficiency incapacity conduct unbecoming employes or other just cause and until the said officials shall have been furnished with written statements of the reason for such removal discharge or reduction and shall have been given reasonable time to make written answer thereto Nor shall such removal discharge or reduction be made until the charge or charges shall have been examined into and found true in fact by the appointing power of such county or city at a hearing upon reasonable notice to the person charged at which time he may be represented by counsel and offer testimony or witnesses in his own behalf It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1347, as follows:

An Act to establish a Bureau of Forest Protection within the Department of Forestry designating the officers who shall constitute the Bureau their duties and salaries prescribing penalties for the violation thereof and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that may be inconsistent with or supplied by this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repesentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a Bureau of Forest Protection is hereby established within the Department of Forestry The persons appointed thereto or assigned to duty therein shall be subject to the authority and under the control of the Commissioner of Forestry

ARTICLE I
Chief Forest Fire Warden

Section 101 Appointment Immediately after this act becomes effective and thereafter whenever a vacancy occurs the Commissioner of Forestry shall appoint a forester in the employ of the Department to be the Chief Forest Fire Warden

Section 102 Duties

(a) It shall be the duty of the chief forest fire warden to take such measures for the pevention control and extinction of forest fires as will assure a reasonable protection from fire to woodlots forests and wild lands within the State

(b) The chief forest fire warden shall institute the system of forest fire wardens as hereby created and shall have authority to supervise and manage the same

(c) He shall reorganize the former system of fire wardens and as rapidly as possible make it conform to the provisions of this act

(d) As soon as convenient after this act becomes effective the chief forest fire warden shall divide the State into forest fire districts for the organization of an effective forest fire warden system

(e) At the end of each calendar year he shall render to the Commissioner of Forestry a report for the year covering all phases of the work under his direction which report together with a list of the fire wardens shall be published annually as a bulletin of the Department of Forestry

(f) He shall collect with the assistance of the force and means at his command data relating to location area and and fire hazard of woodlots forests and wild lands within the State data relating to forest fires and losses resulting therefrom and such other data as he may deem to come within the purview of his duties and as he may desire to present to the Commissioner or to the public

(g) He shall tabulate and draft data in such manner that the information may be easily and readily appreciated Maps drafts and tables shall be published in the discretion and under the direction of the Commissioner of Forestry as a part of the annual report of the chief forest fire warden or as separate bulletins of the Department

(h) He shall plan and put into effect as rapidly as convenient a system of fire towers and observation stations which shall cover the regions subject to forest fires purchase the necessary material and equipment and hire the necessary labor for the installation of the system

(i) When in his discretion the purposes of this act may be accomplished better by the appointment of certain forest fire wardens as watchmen or patrolmen during dry seasons and within regions subject to great fire risk he shall make such appointments provided that no person shall be appointed watchman or patrolman without first having been appointed a forest fire warden and that wardens who have proved to be efficient shall be given preference

(j) He may enter into agreements with the consent of the Commissioner of Forestry with persons firms corporations or associations upon satisfactory terms for the successful accomplishment of forest fire prevention or control

(k) He shall conduct such educational work in relation to forest fires as may be approved by the Commissioner of Forestry

(l) He shall audit all bills incurred under this act He shall approve those which are correct and should be paid and present them to the Commissioner of Forestry who shall transmit them to the Auditor General

(m) Upon receipt of checks from the State Treasurer he shall send them to the persons eneitled thereto

(n) He shall have authority to declare a public nuisance any property which by reason of its condition or operation is a special forest fire hazard and as such endangers other property or human life.

(o) He shall notify the owner of the property or the person responsible for the condition declared a public nuisance and advise him as to the abatement or removal of such nuisance

(p) He shall collect and arrange information obtained concerning violation of laws relating to the protection of forests from fire and present the same to the Commissioner of Forestry who shall file it with the Attorney General for legal action

Section 103 Compensation The chief forest fire warden shall be paid a salary not to exceed two thousand five hundred ($2,500) dollars per annum and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his duties

ARTICLE II
Clerical Assistants

Section 201 As soon as convenient after this act becomes effective the Commissioner of Forestry shall assign to the Bureau of Foerst Protection a forester in the employ of the Department to act as a clerk to the chief forest fire warden and from time to time may assign such other clerical assistants to the Bureau as may be necessary

ARTICLE III
District Fire Warden

Section 301 Appointment As rapidly as fire districts may be determined upon by the chief forest fire warden and thereafter whenever vacancies occur the Commissioner of Forestry shall appoint foresters in the employ of the Department to be known as District Fire Wardens

Section 302 Duties

(a) The district fire warden shall establish headquarters at some advantageous place within his district shall act as the field representative of the chief forest fire warden and be under his direction

(b) He shall be responsible for the collection of data within his district necessary for accomplishing properly the purposes of this act

(c) He shall make recommendations to the chief forest fire warden for the appointment of local fire wardens the location of fire towers the employment of patrolmen and the region to be patrolled and regarding such other matters as may come to his attention which would tend to improve the protective system

(d) He shall arrange for annual meetings of fire wardens within his district for instruction in forest fire matters

(e) He shall report to the chief forest fire warden situations and conditions existing within his district which are or may become forest fire hazards He shall serve notices for the correction or removal of such conditions when issued by the chief forest fire warden

(f) He shall receive audit and approve the reports and accounts of the local fire wardens before submitting them to the chief forest fire wardens

(g) He shall act as an inspector of the work of local fire wardens and render assistance to them

(h) He shall conduct educational work and develop co-operation between local agencies and the Department of Forestry for the prevention and suppression of forest fires

(i) He shall perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the Commissioner of Forestry or the chief forest fire warden

Section 303 Compensation The district fire warden shall be paid a salary not to exceed one thousand eight hundred ($1,800) dollars per annum and all necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his duties

ARTICLE IV

Local Forest Fire Wardens

Section 401 Qualifications A person appointed a local fire warden shall be chosen expressly by reason of his physical fitness sobriety honesty and ability to perform the duties herein required and must have the recommendation of the district fire warden for the forest fire district in which he is located Where no district fire warden has been appointed the chief forest fire warden shall first satisfy himself as to the above qualifications before making an appointment

Section 402 Appointment Local fire wardens shall be appointed by the chief forest fire warden in such localities as he may deem necessary

Section 403 Certificates of Appointment Every person appointed a forest fire warden under this act shall be given a certificate of appointment issued by the chief forest fire warden and may be furnished with an appropriate badge in the discretion of the chief forest fire warden

Section 404 Duties

(a) Whenever fire is discovered in or approaching wood-lots forests or wild lands whether the same be owned by individuals corporations or by the Commnowealth it shall be the duty of a forest fire warden immediately to take such measures as are necessary to extinguish the fire.

(b) Whenever fires have been combatted or extinguished as provided for in this act the forest fire warden shall prepare a correct statement of expenses upon forms to be furnished by the Department which statement must be verified by oath or affirmation and must be filed with the district warden and by him forwarded to the chief forest fire warden within sixty days of the date of fire

(c) He shall promptly investigate the cause of each fire which comes to his knowledge collect such evidence as may be discovered relating thereto and such other facts as he may be directed and report the same to the chief forest fire warden

(d) Upon receipt of a check from the State Treasurer he shall at once pay by check the amounts due to such persons as are entitled to receive pay from him

(e) He shall attend an annual meeting of fire wardens in his district when notified or present a reasonable excuse

(f) When designated as a patrolman or watchman he shall perform such duties as may be assigned him by the chief forest fire warden or by the district fire warden

Section 405 Compensation Each local fire warden shall be paid at the rate of thirty cents per hour for the time actually employed in the performance of his duties He shall also be paid for the necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his duties In addition he shall be paid annually the sum of ten dollars provided that the Commissioner of Forestry may withhold this annual sum for just and reasonable cause

A local forest fire warden shall not be paid from the forest fire fund for services in any one month an amount in excess of fifty dollars

ARTICLE V.

Special and Ex-officio Forest Fire Wardens

Section 501 The chief forest fire warden may appoint persons who will serve without compensation as special or as ex-officio forest fire wardens They shall have the same power and authority as local forest fire wardens but their duties may be changed or extended by the chief forest fire warden

Section 502 Foresters and rangers in the employ of the Department of Forestry shall be forest fire wardens ex-officio

Section 503 Special and ex-officio forest fire wardens shall receive no compensation under this act other than the necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties as fire wardens

ARTICLE VI

General Powers

Section 601 A fire warden shall have authority to employ such other persons as in his judgment may be necessary to render assistance in extinguishing fire and whenever it shall not otherwise be possible for him to secure a sufficient number of persons to assist in extinguishing fire he is hereby authorized to compel the attendance of persons and to require them to render assistance in the extinguishing of fire under penalties prescribed in this act

Section 602 A fire warden shall have authority to administer an oath or affirmation in order to examine any person who he believes knows facts relating to any fire or who claims compensation for services rendered

Section 603 Every official provided for by this act shall have authority to enter upon any land at any time for the purpose of performing duties in accordance herewith

Section 604 A fire warden shall have power to arrest on view without first procuring a warrant any person detected by him in the act of commiting an offence against any of the laws now enacted or hereafter to be enacted for the protection of forests woodlots timber or wild lands or when he shall have a reasonable suspicion that any person is committing or is about to commit some such offense The warden shall have further power to take the offender before a justice of the peace or other magistrate having jurisdiction for hearing trial or other due process of law The further conduct of any such case shall be entrusted to and be undertaken by the Attorney General

Section 605 A fire warden shall not be personally liable for any act required or permitted to be done under the provisions of this law while acting within the scope of his duties as a fire warden

ARTICLE VII

Private Persons

Section 701 Fire Fighters Persons who extinguish forest fires except as otherwise provided shall be paid at a rate per hour to be determined for each fire district by the chief forest fire warden with the approval of the Commissioner of Forestry and based upon the rates of wages received for day labor within the respective fire districts provided the rate does not exceed twenty-five cents per hour

Section 702 Appeal to the Commissioner of Forestry If any person shall feel aggrieved by the act of any fire warden such person may appeal to the Commissioner of Forestry who will examine into the complaint After hearing the parties he shall decide as to him shall seem just and right

Section 703 Land Owners Nothing in this act shall be so construed as to relieve the owner or lessee of lands upon which fires may burn or be started from the duty of extinguishing such fire so far as may lie within his power

No owner or lessee of land upon which fire may burn or be started nor any person during employment with such owner or lessee nor any other person with a present vested interest in such land shall receive compensation under this act for extinguishing fire upon his land or the land to which his interest is attached

No person who is responsible for the spreading of a fire to a woodlot forest or wild land nor any person in his employ may receive compensation from a fire warden for helping to extinguish such fire

ARTICLE VIII.

Railroads

Section 801 All steam and electric railroad companies owning or operating lines of railroad within the State shall put into effect such reasonable regulations for the prevention of forest fire as may be deemed necessary by the chief forest fire warden providing the regulations be approved by the Public Service Commission

ARTICLE IX

Expenses

Section 901 Expenses incurred under this act shall be paid from the general forest protection appropriation

Section 902 No bills of expense relating to the protection of forests from fire incurred under this act shall be honored by the chief forest fire warden unless presented to him within sixty days after the expense has been incurred

Section 903 The Auditor General shall satisfy himself as to the correctness of all bills transmitted to him by the Commissioner of Forestry for expense incurred under this act and shall then draw his warrants against the general forest protection appropriation in favor of the persons and for the amounts shown by the approved bills

ARTICLE X

Penalties

Section 1001 Penalty for Neglect of Duty If a fire warden shall fail to perform his duty or shall render a false or fraudulent statement of service alleged to have performed or shall fail to pay promptly the respective amounts due those who have rendered service after said amounts have been transmitted to him he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment not exceeding three months or both in the discretion of the court

Section 1002 Penalty for Refusing to Aid a Fire Warden If any fire warden being in need of assistance in the suppression of fire shall call upon any person to render assistance and such person shall refuse without a just and fair excuse he is hereby declared to be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment not exceeding one month or both in the discretion of the court

Section 1003 Penalty for Hindering an Officer in his Duties A person who shall prevent or obstruct or attempt to prevent or obstruct a fire warden in the performance of a duty required by this act or the exercise of the right of entry access or examination by any warden or officer of this Bureau shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment not exceeding one month or both in the discretion of the court

Section 1004 Penalty for Non-Abatement or Removal of Nuisance Every person or corporation refusing to comply with an order of the chief forest fire warden for the abatement of a nuisance under this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment not exceeding one month or both in the discretion of the court In construing or enforcing the provisions respecting the abatement of nuisances under this act the neglect or refusal of any officer agent or other person acting for or employed by a corporation and having within the scope of his employment the supervision of the property complained about shall in every case be deemed to be the neglect or refusal of the corporation itself

Every day's continuance in the non-abatement of a nuisance after an order by the chief forest fire warden to abate the same shall be a separate and distinct offense

If a preliminary injunction be granted or any interlocutory order of supersedeas intervene no penalty shall be incurred on account of non-abatement of such nuisance for the period of time such injunction or supersedeas is in force

Section 1005 Penalty for Causing Forest Fire Whenever a fire set by any person or by the operation of any property spreads to and destroys property belonging to another it shall be prima facie evidence that the loss occasioned is the result of negligence and that the person responsible therefor is guilty of a misdemeanor Upon conviction he shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars for each offense or undergo imprisonment not exceeding six months or both in the discretion of the court This section shall not apply to the setting of a back fire in good faith to extinguish a fire then burning

Section 1006 Every steam and electric railroad company owning or operating lines of railroad within the State which shall neglect or refuse to put into effect such reasonable regulations for the prevention of forest fire as may be deemed necessary by the chief forest fire warden and approved by the Public Service Commission shall forfeit and pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for each neglect or refusal the sum of one hundred dollars to be recovered by an action of assumpsit instituted in the name of the Commonwealth by the Attorney General in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county which court is hereby clothed with exclusive jurisdiction throughout the Commonwealth to hear and determine such actions

Every day's continuance in refusal to comply with such regulations after a notice from the chief forest fire warden and the lapse of a reasonable length of time for compliance therewith which time shall be fixed in the notice shall be a separate and distinct offense

Section 1007 Disposition of Fines Moneys received from the payment of fines shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which suit is brought for the use of the county except as otherwise provided in this act

ARTICLE XI

Section 1101 When in the judgement of the Commissioner of Forestry he deems it necessary for general forest protection that causes or agencies injurious to trees and forests other than fire be investigated reported upon or abated he is hereby authorized to assign to the Bureau of Forest Protection persons competent for such work The salaries of such persons so assigned shall be fixed by the Commissioner of Forestry and shall in no case exceed the ordinary and usual amount paid for such services Salaries and expenses shall be paid out of the general forest protection appropriation

ARTICLE XII

Section 1201 This act shall take effect June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen or if approved subsequent to that date upon date of approval All appropriations for forest fire protection which shall be made at the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen shall be deemed to have been appropriated for general forest protection and shall be expended for that purpose by the Department of Forestry

ARTICLE XIII

Repeal

Section 1301 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1346, as follows:

An Act definining the term "legal name" and making it unlawful to use a name different than the legal name with intent to defraud

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Geneal Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "legal name" as used in this act means the surname the christen or given name or a name received through legal proceedings marriage adoption or the ceremony of a religious congregation or society or a name assumed and used by a person without an intent to defraud

Section 2 No person shall use a name different than the legal name of such person with an intent to defraud

Section 3 Any person violating the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced for each offense to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding six months or both

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1516, as follows:

An Act to amend the twenty-third subdivision of corporations of the second class in section two of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" providing for the incorporation and regulation of stage and omnibus lines specifying their purposes and defining their motive power

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the twenty-third subdivision of corporations of the second class in section two of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-nine one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations'" which reads as follows

"XXIII The formation and operation of stage and omnibus lines" be and the same is hereby amended so as to be and read as follows

XXIII The installing maintaining and operation of stage and omnibus lines for public use in the conveyance of passengers and commodities on highways and elsewhere and the using of horse drawn vehicles or motor-vehicles propelled by electricity from overhead wires or by any other form of motor engine or mechanical power Provided however That nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize corporations formed hereunder to lay or maintain rails or tracks upon the highway Also provided That no company incorporated hereunder shall install and operate its lines upon and along any street in any city upon which a street railway is laid or authorized to be laid and no company incorporated hereunder shall install and operate its lines on any highway in any borough or township upon which a street railway line is constructed or authorized to be constructed for more than a distance of one and one half miles and then only when so doing is necessary to complete a continuous route to connect points at least one and one half miles distant along the route on each side the points of intersection with the said highway

Section 2 When any such line using power from overhead wires shall be installed on any street or highway within the supervision of any city county borough or township the same shall be installed therein under and subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as shall be made by the local authorities thereof in pursuance of the authority vested in them by law and when any such line using power as aforesaid shall be installed on any highway within the supervision of the State Highway Department the same shall be installed therein only under and subject to such reasonable conditions restrictions and regulations as may be prescribed by the State Highway Department

Section 3 The said vehicles and the use thereof when other than horse drawn vehicles shall conform in all respects with legislative requirements relating to motor-vehicles

Section 4 The formation and conduct of the affairs of companies incorporated hereunder shall be subject to and in conformity with legislative requirements relating to public service companies

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1487, entitled:

A supplement to an act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the constructions alterations relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroad by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporations and regulation of certain corporations approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That wherever and whenever in any municipality within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a public service company within the meaning of this act has constructed and is operating such company within the limits of said municipality or any part thereof that such municipality shall not be permitted to construct and operate an independent plant or works for the furnishing or supply of a utility of the same character as that already being furnished by the said public service company within the limits of said municipality or the portion thereof which may be served by the said public service company until and unless the said municipality shall offer to purchase and acquire the property and plant of the said public service company within the limits of the said municipality or any part thereof upon the terms hereinafter provided and if the said municipality shall at any time offer to purchase and acquire the property and plant of the said public service company within the limits of the municipality at the price as hereinafter provided and the said company shall refuse to sell the same at the price hereinafter provided then the said municipality shall have the right thereafter to construct maintain and operate a plant or works for the purpose of supplying or furnishing the said utility Nothing contained in this act shall in the case herein provided require any municipality to secure from the Public Service Commission a certificate of public service convenience as provided under any provision of this act

The price to be paid for the plant or works of the said public service company shall be fixed and determined as follows namely whenever the said municipality shall desire to acquire the plant and property of the said company as hereinafter provided it shall make application to the Public Service Commission to determine the reproduction value of the plant or works to be acquired based upon the fair average price of labor and materials taking into account only the physical properties of the company actually used by the company in furnishing the said service or at the request of the company the Commission shall ascertain and fix the actual cost of the physical properties of the company actually used in furnishing the said service The Commission shall also ascertain and determine and make an adequate deduction for the actual depreciation of the plant or works and shall add to the net price as so determined ten per centum to cover the value of the plant as a going concern and said award shall be the price as hereinbefore provided

Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Commission in any given case where the plant of any public service company extends beyond the limits of such municipality from requiring the said municipality or other municipalities acting jointly when in its judgment it would be impractical to separate the portion of the plant within such municipality from the portion of the plant outside of such municipality to acquire and purchase the entire plant of the public service company or so much thereof as could be practically and reasonably separated and removed from the remaining plant of the company Provided further That nothing herein contained shall in any way interfere with or effect the right of municipalities to maintain jointly or operate existing plants or extend the same or to construct maintain and operate plants and works in territory not actually supplied by any public service company

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 59 after the words, "service company," insert the following:

"Provided further that nothing herein contained shall prevent a municipality from purchasing the property and plant of a public service company at terms mutually agreed upon, between such a municipality and public service company, and in such event it shall not be necessary to petition or receive the approval of the public service commission before making such purchase."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

A Supplement to an act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the proviso of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to povide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreeed to as amended.

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1436 (Senate Bill No. 318), entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1247 (Senate Bill No. 468), entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" which reads as follows

Section 9 The president judge shall appoint a chief probation officer whose salary shall not exceed three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) a year and such additional probation officers as a majority of the judges may determine at salaries not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500.00) a year whose powers and duties shall be similar to those heretofore appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the peace for said county

There shall be no preliminary hearings in any cases affecting dependent delinquent or neglected children under the age of sixteen years as defined by existing laws relating to such proceedings (which laws are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court) but such children shall be brought immediately before the judge of the juvenile court and he shall hear and determine said cases separately from each other at such place and at such hours of the day or night as will in the judgment of the president judge and of the judge of the juvenile court be most conducive to the welfare of such children" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 9 The president judge shall appoint a chief probation officer whose salary shall not exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) a year and such additional probation officers as he may determine at salaries not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500.00) a year whose powers and duties shall be similar to those heretofore appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the peace for said county

There shall be no preliminary hearings in any cases affecting dependent delinquent or neglected children under the age of sixteen years as defined by existing laws relating to such proceedings (which laws are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court) but such children shall be brought immediately before the judge of the juvenile court and he shall hear and determine said cases separately from each other at such place and at such hours of the day or night as will in the judgment of the president judge and of the judge of the juvenile court be most conducive to the welfare of such children

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, in line 33, after the word "as" strike out the word "he" and insert in lieu thereof the words "a majority of the judges."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 499, as follows:

An Act to repeal section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the further regulation of such corporations" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the further regulation of such corporations" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 456, as follows:

An Act to exempt bequests or devises in trust for the perpetual care and preservation of burial lots or graves therein from the payment of collateral inheritance tax

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter all bequests or devises in trust for the purpose of applying the entire interest or income thereof to the care and preservation of any burial lot or lots or graves therein in good order and repair perpetually shall be exempt from liability for collateral inheritance tax

Section 2 The act of March five one thousand nine hundred and three Pamphlet Laws twelve entitled "An Act to exempt from the payment of collateral inheritance tax bequests and devises in trust for the care and preservation of burial lots" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1340, as follows:

An Act defining public utilities owned by cities boroughs towns and townships and providing for the submission of the question of the sale or lease thereof to the electors of such cities boroughs towns or townships

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "Public Utility" as used in this act shall be taken to include any electric light plant electric power plant gas plant fuel or heating plant water supply or power plant sewer or sewage disposal plant street railway or other public utility of a like nature or character

Section 2 No city borough town or township being the owner or owners of any public utility shall have authority or power to sell or lease any such public utility until the question of such sale or lease shall be first submitted to and approved by the electors of such city borough town or township

Section 3 Whenever any city borough town or township shall desire to sell or lease any public utility it shall pass an ordinance or resolution to that effect and provide for the holding of an election for the purpose of obtaining the expression of the electors upon such question Notice of such election shall be given to the electors of any such municipality by publication in three newspapers published in such municipality once a week for four weeks immediately preceding such election If less than three newspapers are published in such municipality then such notice shall be published in any newspaper published in such municipality and if no newspaper is published therein then notice shall be given by at least fifty printed hand bills posted in the most public parts of such municipality

Section 4 The advertisements or notices provided for in section three of this act shall state the time and place of holding such election the public utility in quetsion and the proposed manner of disposal thereof a statement under oath by the president or treasurer of the council or corporate authorities of such city borough town or township showing the valuation of such public utility at the last inventory the total earnings and percentage of profit and loss and the cost of operation and maintenance thereof for the two years last past the name or names of the parties desiring to purchase or lease such public utility and the price or sum offered therefor

Section 5 The corporate authorities of such city borough town or township shall in all cases fix the time of holding any election in pursuance to this act on the day of any municipal or general election unless more than ninety days elapse between the date of the ordinance and any such election Any such election shall be conducted by the regular election officers and all electors of any such city borough town or township qualified under the laws of this Commonwealth to vote at general elections may vote at any such election

Section 6 The ballots used at any such election shall have printed on the outside in large plain letters "Proposed Sale of" (naming public utility) or "Proposed Leasing of" (naming public utility) and said ballot shall contain on the inside a brief statement of the object of the election naming the public utility to be sold or leased the name of the party seeking to purchase or lease the same and the sum offered and below such statement shall be printed in large letters "Shall the Sale (or Lease) be Made" followed by the words "Yes" and "No" and the qualified voters of any such city borough town or township shall at such election mark in the square opposite the words "Yes" or "No" by a cross mark (X) his answer to the question submitted The ballots so voted shall be deposited in a box specially provided for that purpose and shall be counted and a return thereof made by the election board to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and the clerk of the courts shall make a record of the same and shall furnish a certified copy thereof showing the result to the corporate authorities of such city borough town or township and the same shall be placed of record upon the minutes thereof

Section 7 If any such election be held at any time other than on the day of any general or municipal election the expense of holding the same shall be paid by such city borough town or township All penalties for the violation of the election laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are extended to any such election

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1400 (Senate Bill No. 373), entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tries upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1246 (Senate Bill No. 459), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1290, as follows:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of Article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that all proceedings and elections heretofore had or held by any county city borough township school district or other incorporated district or municipalities within this Commonwealth under the method or procedure specified by the provisions of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four its amendments and supplements to increase its indebtedness to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein as authorized by section fifteen of Article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be and the same are hereby ratified confirmed and made valid Provided at least three-fifths of the votes cast at any such election were in favor of the increase of the indebtedness to an amount not exceeding ten percentum of such valuation notwithstanding any defect or informality in the manner of holding or giving notice of such election or that full complete and proper return of the votes were not made to the proper court or counted by the court or a record showing the results made and certified by the clerk of said court to the proper authorities of such district or municipality and notwithstanding no Act of Assembly authorizing an increase of the indebtedness of such district or municipality to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of its assessed valuation or the manner of holding and making return of any election authorizing such increase has been enacted previous to such proceedings or elections to carry into effect the fifteenth section of Article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth and that all proceedings heretofore or hereafter had and all bonds securities or obligations issued or to be issued authorizing an increase of the indebtedness of such district or municipality to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of its assessed valuation are hereby authorized and made valid and binding obligations of every such district or municipality provided all the requirements and procedure except as hereinabove excepted of the aforesaid Act of Assembly have been fully complied with

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1320, as follows:

An Act regulating and defining the relations between the operators of coal mines and the mine foremen and assistants thereof employed by such operators

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act mine foremen and their assistants employed in and about the coal mines of this Commonwealth shall be the agents and employes of the operators of such mines shall be employed and discharged as are other agents and employes of such operators and said operators shall be responsible for the acts and neglects of such mine foremen and their assistants as in the case of other agents and employes of such operators and notwithstanding the employment of such mine foremen and their assistants such mines and the operation thereof shall at all times be under the supervision management and control of such operators

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1194, as follows:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the board of commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the board of commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a superindent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same" which reads as follows

"Section 6 The superintendent shall receive from the contractor or contractors the articles mentioned in the schedule It shall be his duty to reject all articles not up to the standard required and if a contractor shall fail to exchange them for articles that meet the requirements prescribed the board may go into the open market and purchase articles to take the place of those adjudged to be of inferior quality and deduct the expense from the amount due him from the Commonwealth or if the amount due said contractor be not sufficient to pay for the articles purchased the board may proceed against the contractor or his sureties under the bond aforesaid by proper action through the Attorney General's Department Provided That in all cases it shall be the duty of the Auditor General to withhold from the contractor the warrant for one-fourth part of the entire contract until the superintendent shall certify that the contract has been fully complied with" is amended to read as follows

Section 6 The superintendent shall receive from the contractor or contractors the articles mentioned in the schedule It shall be his duties to reject all articles not up to the standard required and if a contractor shall fail to exchange them for articles that meet the requirements prescribed the board may go into the open market and purchase articles to take the place of those adjudged to be of inferior quality and deduct the expense from the amount due him from the Commonwealth or if the amount due said contractor be not sufficient to pay for the articles purchased the board may proceed against the contractor or his sureties under the bond aforesaid by proper action through the Attorney General's Department Articles must be furnished promptly as ordered On the failure of the contractor to deliver any article within a reasonable time after it is ordered and of satisfactory quality the right is reserved by the board to purchase such articles in the open market or to declare the contract forfeited and if a greater price than that of the contract be paid for such articles the difference in the total amount of the purchase will be charged to the contractor and the sureties on the bond Provided That in all cases where a lump sum contract containing a provision for partial payments on account of materials delivered and work done is entered into by the board a percentage to be fixed by the board of the amount due as set forth in the contract shall be withheld from the contractor by the Auditor General until the superintendent shall certify that the contract has been fully complied with

Section 2 The eighth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide suitable storage rooms for the furniture stationery and supplies that may be procured and shall also provide proper offices for the superintendent and his clerks and shall cause the same to be supplied with suitable furniture Whenever the heads of the departments the executive officers of the State boards and commissions and the chief clerks aforesaid shall require any portion of the furniture stationery or supplies named in their original lists a requisition therefor shall be made upon the superintendent who shall cause the articles to be delivered taking proper receipt therefor" is amended to read as follows

Section 8 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide suitable storage rooms for the furniture stationery and supplies that may be procured and shall also provide proper offices for the Superintendent and subordinate officers and shall cause the same to be supplied with suitable furniture Whenever the heads of the departments the executive officers of the State boards and commissions and the chief clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives shall require any portion of the stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings repairs alterations improvements and other matters or things appearing in the annual schedule for which contracts have been awarded by the board a requisition giving number and description of the item needed shall be made on the superintendent who shall cause the article to be delivered taking proper receipt therefor

Section 3 The eleventh section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 11 All bills on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the superintendent and if found correct he shall certify that the materails have been furnished or that the work or labor has been performed in accordance with the contract and after having been so certified to by him shall be presented to the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings for their examination and approval and when so approved shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Auditor-General on the State Treasurer in the usual form" is amended to read as follows

Section 11 All bills on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the superintendent and if found correct he shall certify that the materials have been furnished or that the work or labor has been performed in accordance with the contract and after having been so certified to by him shall be approved by the executive controller and when so approved shall be audited by the Auditor-General and paid by warrant drawn by the Auditor-General on the State Treasurer in the usual form

Section 4 The sixteenth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 16 That for the purpose of making purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations on improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the superintendent the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby annually appropriated which amount shall be known as the board's general fund Provided That no expenditure of said amount shall be made by the superintendent without first receiving authority from the board so to do Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the board" is amended to read as follows

Section 16 That for the purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the superintendent such sum as may be appropriated by the General Assembly in the General Appropriation Bill which appropriation shall be known as the board's general fund Provided That no expenditure from said fund shall be made by the superintendent without first receiving authority from the board so to do and Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the board and Provided also That in awarding contracts under this schedule proposals for such contracts shall be invited by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings in such manner and at such times as the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings in their discretion may direct

Section 5 The seventeenth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 17 That nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the contracts for State Printing and Binding or supplies for the State printing or for the Legislative Record or Record Wrappers" is amended to read as follows

Section 17 That nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the contracts for State Printing and Binding and the distribution of public documents or supplies for State printing or for the Legislative Record or Record Wrappers

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1090 (Senate Bill No. 291), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1299, as follows:

An Act regulating the business of loaning money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities fixing the rates of interest and chages therefor requiring the licensing of lenders and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act

Whereas There is at present conducted in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania an extensive business in the making of small loans of three hundred dollars and less to persons in need of funds to meet immediate necessities and

Whereas The conduct of such business has become a cause of general complaint and much protest by reason of the fact that those engaged therein have extorted from the borrowers in interest and charges amounts running in many instances to one hundred per centum and even two or three hundred per centum or more and borrowers are often compelled to repay many times over the amount borrowed with legal interest thereon frequently through ignorance and intimidation and there is no regulation or provision of law for the protection of such borrowers or for the punishment of such money lenders and

Whereas It is recognized that such business however unfortunate does and will exist and there is therefore a real need for the establishment of such provision as will enable its continuance under proper regulation and supervision of law and

Whereas It appears that in the conduct of such business greater risk is incurred than is ordinarily incident to lending money by banks pawnbrokers and other money lenders where marketable security is given and greater labor and expense is required in examining into the character and circumstances of the borrower and in the collection of the money loaned therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after passage of this act it shall be lawful for any person persons partnership association or corporation within this Commonwealth who shall comply with the requirements of this act to loan money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities and charge and collect for the loan thereof interest and fees as hereinafter provided under the following conditions

(a) Any person or persons firm corporation or association applying for the same under oath and in the form prescribed by the Banking Commissioner and paying the sum of fifty ($50) dollars may in the discretion of the Banking Commissioner except as hereinafter provided obtain a license for carrying on the said business The said license shall be issued by the Banking Commissioner and shall expire the first day of June next following the date of its issuance but no abatement of said charge shall be made if licenses are issued for less than one year Every such license shall be renewed annually on the first day of June in each year No license shall be granted to any corporation unless and until such corporation shall in writing and in due form to be first approved by and filed by the Banking Commissioner appoint an agent resident in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania upon whom all judicial and other process or legal notice directed to such corporation may be served and in the case of the death removal from the Commonwealth or any legal disability or disqualification of any such agent service of such process or notice may be made upon the Banking Commissioner The said commissioner shall have the power to reject any application for license if he is satisfied that the character and general fitness of the applicant or applicants is not such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant the conclusion that the business will be honestly transacted in accordance with the intent and purpose of this act The said commissioner may revoke any license if the licensee shall violate any of the provisions of this act Whenever such license is revoked said commissioner shall not issue another to said licensee until the expiration of at least one year from the date of revocation of such license and not at all if such licensee shall have been convicted of a violation of this act under the provisions of section six (6) thereof In addition to said license fee said licensee shall pay for the examination by said Banking Commissioner as hereinafter provided Every such applicant shall execute and file a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the penal sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars with the Banking Commissioner to be approved by him for the faithful observance of all laws relating to such business Said bond shall be executed by a surety company authorized by the laws of Pennsylvania to transact business within the Commonwealth and such bond shall be renewed and refiled annually not later than the first day of June in each year

(b) The license shall state fully the name or names of the persons or corporation and of every member of the firm or association authorized to do business thereunder and the location of the office or place of business in which the business is to be conducted and in the case of a corporation shall also state the date and place of its incorporation the names of its directors for the period for which the license is issued and the name and address of the agent as provided in section one (1) of this act Such license shall be kept posted in a conspicuous place in the office where the business is transacted No person persons firm corporation or association so licensed shall transact or solicit business under any other name or at any other office or place of business than that named in the license Not more than one office or place of business shall be maintained under the same license and no loans or advancements shall be made at any other place than that designated in the license But in case of a removal the Banking Commissioner may on application indorse thereon a transfer to the new place of business with the date of transfer and from the time of such endorsement the new place so designated shall be deemed the place designated in the license

(c) The Banking Commissioner shall either personally or by such person or persons as he may appoint for the purpose at least once a year and oftener if he deems it advisable investigate the business and affairs of every such licensee and for that purpose shall have free access to the vaults books and papers thereof and other sources of information with regard to the business of such licensee and shall ascertain the condition of the business and whether it has been transacted in accordance with law Said commissioner and every examiner appointed by him shall have authority to examine under oath or affirmation any person whose testimony relative to the business of any such license may be required on any such examination The cost of every such examination shall be paid by the licensee so examined and said commissioner may maintain an action for the recovery of such costs in any court of competent jurisdiction

Section 2 Any person persons co-partnership association or corporation who shall obtain a license in accordance with the provisions of section one of this act shall be entitled to loan money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities at his their or its place of business for which said license is issued and to charge the borrowers thereof for its use or loan interest as follows upon loans not exceeding one hundred ($100) dollars in amount not more than (3) per centum per month upon loans exceeding one hundred ($100) dollars in amount and not exceeding three hundred ($300) dollars not more than two (2) per centum per month and in addition in any case in which the loan is made for a period of not less than six (6) months on sums not exceeding fifty ($50) dollars in amount an examination fee of not more than one ($1) dollar on sums exceeding fifty ($50) dollars an examination fee of not more than two ($2) dollars may be charged for examining the security offered or the credit and responsibility of the borrower No charge of any kind in addition to interest shall be made on a loan of less than fifteen ($15) dollars No charge in addition to the said interest and examination fee shall be exacted charged or collected

It shall not be lawful for said lender to divide or split up applications for loans or said loans under any pretext whatsoever so as to require or exact any other or greater charges than prescribed herein or to make any charges for renewals or extensions or for any transfers or changes of any loan or loans within six months of the date of the original loan Said licensee shall be entitled to charge for each renewal extension or transfer of any loan made after the expiration of six months from date of said loan a new examination fee as hereinbefore specified providing said renewal extension or transfer shall be for a period of not less than six months from date of making said renewal extension or transfer Interest shall not be payable in advance and shall be chargeable only upon unpaid balances The examination fee herein provided may be payable at the time of the making of the loan A licensee shall not be entitled to any examination fee or any charge whatsoever unless a loan is actually made If interest or charges in excess of those hereinbefore prescribed shall be received by any licensee the said licensee shall thereupon lose all his right to collect or receive the interest and charges allowed under this act and shall be entitled to recover from the borrower only the amount actually loaned together with interest at the rate of six per centum per annum upon unpaid balances less any and all amounts already paid by the borrower on account of said loan either as principal or interest Any person borrowing money from any licensee under this act who shall be charged and pay any charges or interest in excess of those prescribed and allowed by the provisions of this act shall be entitled to recover back from the lender by action at law begun at any time within two years from the date of the last payment any and all sums of money so charged and paid in excess of the amount of the original loan together with interest at the rate of six per centum per annum upon unpaid balances up to the date of final payment of said loan and in addition fifty ($50) dollars as a penalty to be paid to the borrower

Section 3 A licensee making any loan under the terms of this act shall at the time of making such loans give to the borrower a receipt or card upon which shall be stated the date and amount actually loaned the amount of examination fee the amount and date of each payment thereon and the rate of interest charged On the back thereof or immediately attached thereto shall be printed in legible type in English a copy of section two (2) of this act

Section 4 Wherever payment is made on account of a loan to which the provisions of this act shall apply the person receiving such payment shall when payment is made give to the person paying a receipt setting forth the amount then paid the total amount previously paid and the amount remaining due identifying the instrument accompanying the loan to which the payment is to be applied

Section 5 A licensee under the provisions of this act shall not ask for accept or receive from any borrower or intending borrower any power of attorney or written instrument authorizing or purporting to authorize any person or persons either individually or acting as officer or agent for any person persons co-partnership association or corporation either within or outside of this Commonwealth to sign make or execute any note instrument or written promise to pay any sum or sums of money whatsoever Any note instrument or written promise to pay any sum of money made or executed by virtue or authority of any such power of attorney or written authorization shall be null and void and proof that the same was made in said manner shall be sufficient to prevent recovery being had upon the same in any court of this Commonwealth

Section 6 Every person persons co-partnership association or corporation or any partner director officer agent or member thereof who shall violate any provision of this act or shall direct or consent to such violation or who shall lend money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less and charge or receive for the loan or use thereof intrest in excess of six per centum per annum without first having complied with the provisions of section one of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred ($500) dollars for the first offense and for each subsequent offense a like fine and to suffer imprisonment not to exceed six months or both in the discretion of the court

Section 7 This act shall not effect any existing laws special or general authorizing a charge for the loan of money in excess of interest at the legal rate and provided that this act shall not apply to any person persons partnership association or corporation operating under the laws relating to banks trust companies building associations or pawn brokers

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts insofar as they are inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1358, as follows:

An Act authorizing and empowering road supervisors in townships of the second class to enter into contracts with water companies for the placing of fire-plugs or hydrants in said townships to purchase fire engines apparatus hose horses and erect or acquire hoeshouse and land in connection with same and provide for care and management thereof and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon the assessed valuation of said townships

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the road supervisors of any township of the second class in this Commonwealth are hereby authorized and empowered on the petition of the majority of the real estate owners thereof to enter into contract with water companies for the placing of fire-plugs or hydrants in said township and along the streets alleys and public places thereof and purchase fire engines apparatus hose horses and erect or acquire hosehouses and purchase land in connection with same and provide for the care and management of said fire apparatus and property

Section 2 The supervisors shall levy on the assessed valuation of said township for county purposes for the maintenance of said fire-plugs or hydrants and the purchase and care of fire engines and apparatus and other property herein provided for an annual tax which shall be collected in the same manner as other taxes and by the tax collector paid to the treasurer of the Board of Supervisors of said townships

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 657, as follows:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts" by more specifically defining the duties of auditors in regard to the report of settlement and audit

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for the appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme courts" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which provides as follows

"Section 2 That the auditors of every borough township poor district and school district created or incorporated by any general or special law of this Commonwealth shall file a report or statement of their settlement and audit in the office of the clerk of the ocurt of quarter sessions of the county within which such municipality or district shall be situated or within which shall be the greater portion of its population within a period of ten days after the completion of said settlement and audit which report shall contain an itemized list of all receipts expenditures and credits of the said several officers for the preceding fiscal year" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 That the auditors of every borough township and poor district created or incorporated by any general or special law of this Commonwealth shall file a report or statement of their said settlement and audit in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the county within which such municipality or district shall be situated or within which shall be the greater portion of its population within a period of ten days after the completion of said settlement and audit which report shall contain an itemized list of all receipts showing the dates and sources thereof all expenditures and credits allowed showing the number of the voucher the dates the names of persons to whom payment was made or credit given the purpose and the amount thereof of the several officers for the preceding fiscal year One such report shall be filed also and remain with the senior auditor for the inspection of all persons concerned and also within said period of ten days said auditors shall publish by posting written typewritten or printed hand bills in at least three public places not hotels or saloons a summary of said report

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1519 (Senate Bill No. 572), entitled:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as any individual could do

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1317, as follows:

An Act fixing fees for notaries public

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any notary public in Pennsylvania may charge fees not exceeding the following

Making demand for payment or acceptance of a promissory note bill of exchange draft or check seventy-five cents and necessary expenses

Protesting promissory note bill of exchange draft or check one dollar

Registering protest of a prommissory note bill of exchange draft or check fifty cents

For each notice of a protest of a promissory note bill of exchange draft or check exceeding two ten cents

Administering each oath affirmation or affidavit without writing out and certifying the same with seal excepting depositions fifty cents

Administering each oath affirmation or affidavit writing out and certifying the same with seal excepting depositions one dollar

Administering each oath affirmation or affidavit and certifying the same with seal excepting depositions for each additional deponent or affiant twenty-five cents

Acknowledgement of a deed mortgage power of attorney or other instrument in writing one name seventy-five cents

Acknowledgment of a deed mortgage power of attorney or other instrument in writing for each additional name twenty-five cents

Probate to will or account and certifying same with seal fifty cents

Taking depositions reducing same to writing and certifying under seal first page folio cap one dollar

Taking depositions reducing same to writing certifying under seal for each additional page folio cap seventy-five cents

The fees for services not herein specially provided shall be the same as for similar services

Notation of marine protest one dollar

Notation of marine protest each additional copy one dollar

Taking affidavit to extension of marine protest receiving proof or acknowledgment of bills of sale bottomries mortgages and hypothecations of vessels or ships charter-parties or affreightments fifty cents for the first name each and twenty-five cents for each additional name

The compensation for all other services usually performed by notaries public in conection with commerce or navigation in the nature of transcribing or furnishing or drawing the several instruments hereinabove enumerated may be fixed by agreement between the notary and the person requesting such service

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts general local and special inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1106, as follows:

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving-pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving-pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act which reads as follows

"Section 5 For each examination made as herein prescribed said board shall receive for the use of the Commonwealth a fee of two dollars and fifty cents for each moving picture film or reel or stereopticon view No picture or view shall be examined until such fee shall be paid Such fees when paid to said board shall constitute a fund to further the purposes of this act" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 For each examination made as herein prescribed the board shall receive for the use of the Commonwealth a fee of fifty cents for each moving-picture or stereopticon view irrespective of the number of films or reels No picture or view shall be examined until such fee shall be paid Such fees when paid to the board shall constitute a fund to further the purposes of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1341, as follows:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sleichter and Mary E. Sleichter citizens of Green township Franklin County to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Charles H. Sleichter and Mary E. Sleichter citizens of Green township Franklin county are hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum that may be legally or justly due the said Charles H. Sleichter and the said Mary E. Sleichter for injury to the property of the said Charles H. Sleichter and Mary E. Sleichter and the impairment of water power caused by the erection of a dam below the property of the said Charles H. Sleichter and Mary E. Sleichter by the Commission of Soldiers' Orphan Schools

Section 2 Such suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence as in cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 624, as follows:

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over counties cities boroughs towns and townships school and poor districts in certain matters relating to their duties powers contract and public service and vesting the same in the courts of common pleas

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall exercise no jurisdiction over any county city borough town school district poor district or township or over the manufacture generation furnishing distribution or transmission by any county city borough town school district poor district or township of light heat power or water or over the manufacture or sale of any commodity by a county city borough town school district poor district or township or over any facilities or means of transportation of passengers or freight owned operated or leased by any county city borough town school district poor district or township or over any contract heretofore or hereafter entered into between any county city borough town school district poor district or township of the one part and any person co-partnership corporation or association of the other part but the jurisdiction over any such service or contracts and over the question of the reasonableness of any such service or contracts shall be exclusively vested in the court of common pleas of the proper county and shall be exercised in the manner and to the extent provided by law prior to the passage of the Public Service Company law approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen with right to appeal to the Supreme or Superior Court as the case may be providing however that it shall be unlawful for any municipal corporation to acquire construct or begin to operate any plant equipment or other facilities for the rendering or furnishing to the public of any service of the kind or character already being rendered or furnished by any public service company within the municipality without first receiving permission so to do from the court of common pleas of the proper county

This proviso shall not be construed so as to interfere with or affect the right or power of a municipal corporation to continue the operation of its municipal plant or to extend the same within the territory of any such municipal corporation or any part thereof which is not then being supplied by a public service company rendering or furnishing service of a like kind or character

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1409, as follows:

An Act relating to and regulating places of amusement including the issue and sale of tickets thereto and providing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all tickets for the admission to any place of amusement shall have the price thereof printed upon the face thereof in large type

Section 2 It shall be unlawful for any person co-partnership association or corporation to sell any such ticket unless the price thereof be printed on the face thereof as required in section one of this act or for any person to sell any such ticket at a price higher than that printed on the face thereof

Section 3 Tickets of admission to a place of amusement shall be sold only at the ticket window or ticket office in or at the entrance to such place No person co-partnership association or corporation shall sell offer for sale expose for sale or engage in the business of selling or procuring tickets to places of amusements other than at the ticket window or ticket office in or at the entrance of the place where such ticket calls for admission

Section 4 The price of tickets for admission to a place of amusement shall be exhibited in a conspicuous place near the ticket window or ticket office After such list is exhibited no deviation in the price of admission shall be made

Section 5 When all the tickets for a particular performance or exhibition or play have been sold or when for any performance all the seats are filled a sign with the words "standing room only" printed thereon shall be placed in a conspicuous place near the ticket window or ticket office

Section 6 All reserved seats shall be numbered and tickets sold for such seats shall have the words "reserved seat" and the number of the seat printed on the face of the ticket in large type

Section 7 Tickets of admission to a place of amusement may be sold elsewhere than at the ticket window or ticket office if the entire receipts from the sale of tickets for a particular performance or exhibition or play are to be devoted to a benevolent or charitable purpose and if the words "benefit ticket" are printed on each ticket

Section 8 Any person co-partnership association or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction thereof before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace of the county be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50) or more than five hundred dollars ($500) for each offencs or in default thereof such person or the directors or officers of such co-partnership association or corporation shall be committed to the proper county jail for a period not to exceed thirty days

Provided That any person co-partnership association or corporation so accused may waive such summary trial or hearing and secure the right of a trial by jury before the court of quarter sessions of the peace for the county in which the offence is alleged to have been committed by depositing with the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace to whom complaint has been made or before whom he is taken the sum in double the amount of the fine and cost which might be imposed or by entering security to pay the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1025, as follows:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore the council of any incorporated borough of this Commonwealth has required by ordinance and caused to be curbed with stone or other suitable material any public street or thoroughfare or part thereof either cartway or footway or both or is now causing such curbing pursuant to such odinance but owing to some defect in the ordinance or other proceedings necessary under existing law and ordinance to give jurisdiction to such council or owing to the notice to the property owners to set or construct said curbing in pursuance of said ordinance not being served personally upon the property owner or his agent or person in possession of the property as required under existing laws or owing to said notice or the service thereof or other notices necessary under existing laws and ordinances to give proper jurisdiction to such council being defective for any other reason the cost charges and expenses of such improvement or portion thereof cannot be legally assessed upon the property fronting upon the street or part thereof improved as contemplated by the act or acts of the General Assembly under which the improvement was attempted to be made or whenever heretofore the council of any borough aforesaid has assessed the cost charges and expenses of said improvement upon the properties fronting upon the improvement as contemplated by the law under which the impovement was made but liens therefor were not filed in the office of the prothonotary of the county wherein the property lies within the time required by the act or acts of the General Assembly in such cases made and provided or where said assessments are invalid for any or all of the reasons set forth above now by this act such improvements and such assessments are made valid and binding and where the assessment has not heretofore been made the council of such incorporated borough may cause the property fronting upon the street or part thereof upon which the improvement has been made or is now being made to be assessed in the manner now provided by law with such a portion of the cost charges and expenses of such improvement as is contemplated by the law under which the improvement was made or is now being made such assessment heretofore made as aforesaid or now made in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be a lien upon the property assessed The lien shall date from the completion of the improvement for which the assessment is made and shall remain a lien until fully paid and satisfied Provided That a writ of scire facias is issued to revive the same during every period of five years after lien is filed as hereinafter provided The said borough may collect such claims or assessments or any of them by action in assumpsit in manner now provided by law

Section 2 The council of any incorporated borough of this Commonwealth entitled to a lien under this act shall file a lien therefor in the office of the prothonotary of the county within which the property lies within six months after the completion of the work where the improvement is now in progress or within six months after the approval of this act where an improvement is now completed and the same shall be entered upon record as other municipal claims Such liens shall state the name of the party claimant which shall be the corporate name of the borough making the improvement the name of the owner or reputed owner of the property assessed a reasonable description of the property assessed the amount or sum claimed to be due which shall include interest on the assessment from the completion of the improvement an attorney's commission of five per centum for collecting for what improvement the claim is made the date of its completion the date of the assessment for which the lien is filed Such lien when so filed shall be prima facie evidence of all matters therein set forth and the right of the borough to recover the amount therein claimed to be due together with interest from the date of the lien or completion of the improvement costs charges and an attorney's commission of five per centum for collecting

Section 3 The lien when so filed shall be proceeded upon for collection by writ of scire facias The said writ shall be made returnable to the monthly or other return day in the respective courts and shall be served upon the owner or reputed owner personally or by leaving a copy thereof duly attested with an adult member of his family or the family in which he resides at least ten days before the return day thereof If the owner of the property cannot be found or has no residence within the county in which the property lies the sheriff shall there upon return the said writ nihil and thereupon an alias scire facias may issue which shall be served by notice posted upon the premises stating the substance of the writ at least ten days prior to the return day and also by advertisement in at least two newspapers published in the county in which the premises are located once a week for three successive weeks Such posting and publication shall be equivalent to a service

Section 4 If the writ shall have been served and no appearance entered on or before the return day thereof the plaintiff therein shall be entitled to judgment after the return day thereof for the debt interest costs and attorney's commission If an appearance be entered the plaintiff shall also be entitled to judgment unless a sufficient affidavit of defense be filed within fifteen days after the return day If such affidavit be filed the case shall be proceeded with in accordance with the rules of law and the practice of the courts

Section 5 When the final judgment shall have been entered upon such lien the plaintiff therein may have a writ of levari facias and upon the same the sheriff shall cause the said property to be advertised for sale in at least two newspapers of the proper county once a week for three weeks before the day of sale and shall also give notice by at least ten handbills posted in conspicuous places one of which shall be posted upon the property of the time and place of sale and thereupon shall proceed to sell the same The place of sale shall be the sheriff's office The proceeds of sale shall be distributed according to law

Section 6 The term "owner or reputed owner" as used in this act shall mean any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of property Remaindermen or other persons interested in expectancy not having been heard and aggrieved by such final judgment upon petition presented in the proper court may have the judgment opened at any time before the sale of the property and be allowed to defend when in the judgment of the court such opening is necessary to secure justice to all parties Sale of the property shall preclude all persons from setting up anything contrary to the record

Section 7 Nothing in this act shall be taken to restrict the right of either plaintiff or defendant in proceeding under it to appeal as in other cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1397 (Senate Bill No. 375), entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks in certain counties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1248 (Senate Bill No. 507), entitled:

An Act authorizing John E. Joos a resident of the City of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1300, as follows:

An Act permitting the Commonwealth to intervene in any proceeding at law or in equity in which the Commonwealth may have an interest without giving security

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases at law or in equity in any court or before any officer board commission or other body having jurisdiction of the matter in which the Commonwealth or any officer thereof may be a party or in which the Commonwealth may have any interest the Commonwealth shall have the right to intervene and to plead prosecute defend or appear as other parties litigant but in no case shall be required to give any bond or other security for costs or for any other purpose whatever

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1236, as follows:

An Act to permit the Department of Forestry to enter into co-operative agreements with county township municipal and private agencies for the prevention and suppression of forest fires and providing a method of payment of the expenses arising thereunder

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of Forestry is authorized to enter into agreements for the prevention and suppression of forest fires with county township municipal and private agencies owning or controlling woodlots forests or wild lands or whose activities in whole or in part are directed toward the prevention and suppression of forest fires The Department is authorized to expend from its general forest fire appropriation for such protective and preventive purposes as it deems effective a sum of money equal in amount to the amount which shall be expended by such agencies in accordance with such agreements All expenditures must first be presented to the Department of Forestry in monthly statements in form and manner prescribed for the payment of any sum from the forest fire appropriation The Commissioner of Forestry shall audit the same and transmit them to the Auditor General who shall then draw his warrant for one half the amount of expenditures approved by the Commissioner of Forestry

Section 2 That every county township municipal or private agency working under agreement with the Department in accordance with this act shall render to the Department at the end of each calendar year a report setting forth a complete itemized statement of expenditures made with a view to the prevention and suppression of forest fires and stating such other information as the Department may request The financial statement and facts relating thereto shall be accompanied by an affidavit subscribed to by the person authorized to make the report

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1359, as follows:

An Act amending section two of an act entitled "An Act to authorize and empower the supervisors of the several townships of the second class throughout this Commonwealth upon a petition of a majority of the real estate owners of any or either of the said townships to levy and collect an electric light or other tax to be used and expended for lighting the streets and highways lanes alleys and public places thereof and to make and enter into contracts for such lighting" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That that section two of an act entitled "An Act to authorize and empower the supervisors of the several townships of the second class throughout this Commonwealth upon a petition of a majority of the real estate owners of any or either of the said townships to levy and collect an electric light or other tax to be used and expended for lighting the streets and highways lanes alleys and public places thereof and to make and enter into contracts for such lighting" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 2 That the money so raised and collected shall be used laid out and expended for the following purposes and none other namely for the purpose of properly lighting and illuminating the streets highways lanes and alleys and other public places and property of the said townships with electric light gas or other illuminating medium and of defraying the cost charges and expense thereof And for such purposes the supervisors of the said townships are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time and enter into such contract or contracts agreement or agreements with any person or persons company or companies corporation or corporations partnership or partnerships as they may deem necessary for a period not exceeding five years for the purpose of securing and maintaining a permanent and sufficient supply of light in upon and within the roads streets highways lanes alleys property and other public places of their several townships aforesaid" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 That the money so raised and collected shall be used laid out and expended for the following purposes and none other namely for the purpose of properly lighting and illuminating the streets highways lanes and alleys and other publis places and property of the said townships with electric light gas or other illuminating medium and of defraying the cost charges and expenses thereof And for such purposes the supervisors of the said townships are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to make and enter into such contract or contracts agreement or agreements with any person or persons company or companies corporation or corporations partnership or partnerships as they may deem necessary for a period not exceeding ten years for the purpose of securing and maintaining a permanent and sufficient supply of light in upon and within the roads streets highways lanes alleys property and other public places of their several townships aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1199, as follows:

An Act exempting agricultural corporations from the payment of a bonus and of State taxes upon their capital stock

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act all corporations at present engaged in or hereafter organized for the purpose of engaging in agricultural pursuits shall be exempt from the payment of all taxes upon the capital stock of such corporation

Section 2 Upon the incorporation of any agricultural corporation or upon the increase of the capital stock of any such corporation no bonus shall be charged

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1094, as follows:

An Act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the funds in the treasury of any county having a population not exceeding three hundred thousand shall be greater than an amount which the commissioners thereof shall deem necessary to meet current expenses it shall be the duty of the county treasurer to place such surplus funds in such bank or banks as will pay interest on the funds of such county

Section 2 Before any money shall be deposited as required in section one the county treasurer shall advertise for bids once a week for three weeks in a daily or weekly newspaper published in said county designating whether such funds shall be deposited on checking account or on time-deposit and stating when and where such bids shall be opened At the time and place designated in such advertisement the bids shall be opened publicly in the presence of the county commissioners and the treasurer The contract shall be let to the responsible bank or banks offering the highest rate of interest on such funds The treasurer shall have the right to reject any or all bids Before any money shall be deposited in such bank or banks a contract shall be entered into in writing between such bank or banks and said treasurer Each bank so selected as a depository shall enter into a bond with said treasuer with at least two sureties to be approved by the court of common pleas of said county or with a surety company authorized to act as surety in Pennsylvania as surety on such bond which bond shall be in double the amount of moneys so deposited or to be deposited

It shall be unlawful for any such treasurer to deposit with any such bank county moneys in excess of one-half of the amount of such bond But such money may be increased from time to time if the amount of moneys so deposited or to be deposited shall so require Said bonds shall remain in the custody of the controller or auditors of such county

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1369, as follows:

An Act requiring a written demand for a jury trial in actions at law in the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth by either party thereto regulating the procedure of trials at law by a judge without a jury authorizing the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth and the supreme court adopt rules for regulating the procedure under this act and regulating appeals from judgments

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in any action at law hereafter brought in any of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in which the parties are entitled by the constitution and laws thereof to a trial by jury the plaintiff if he desires a trial by jury shall file with his statement of claim a written demand for a jury trial in substantially the words "Jury trial demanded" and if no such demand be filed by the plaintiff but a trial by jury is desired by the defendant he shall in like form demand a trial by jury when filing his affidavit of defence in actions where no plea is required and with his plea in other actions

Section 2 If neither party shall file a demand in writing for a trial by jury he shall be deemed to have waived his right to trial by jury and the court shall proceed to try the cause without a jury

The party filing a demand for trial by jury may withdraw the same with the written consent of the other side filed in the cause and the parties shall be deemed to have waived their right to trial by jury and the court may proceed to try the cause without a jury the same as if the demand had never been made

Section 3 The trial of causes at law without a jury shall so far as practicable be conducted as causes are now tried before juries provided that the testimony of witnesses the rulings of the court on offers of and objections to evidence the exceptions taken to the rulings of the court and the judgment of the court shall all be taken stenographically by the official stenographer

The official stenographer shall not transcribe his stenographic notes unless so directed by the court during or at the close of the trial or unless either party shall make a motion for a new trial or to take of a non suit or notify the official stenographer in writing of his intention to sue out a writ of error or to take out an appeal a copy of such notice to be filed among the records of the cause in either of said cases the official stenographer shall immediately transcribe and file the notes of testimony

In every cause in which the official stenographer is not authorized by the provisions of this section to transcribe his stenographic notes he shall file his original notes with the prothonotary among the records of the cause

Section 4 The several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth are authorized to adopt rules of practice not inconsistent with the provisions of this act for the purpose of regulating the practice hereunder Provided whenever the Supreme Court deems it necessary that the practice hereunder should be uniform among the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth it may adopt rules regulating the same which shall be binding upon the said courts of common pleas and shall supersede the rules theretofore made by them

Section 5 No jury fee shall be required to be paid by either party upon the entering of judgment by the court in causes tried without a jury

Section 6 All judgments entered by the court in trials without a jury shall be liens to the same extent and indexed in the same manner as judgments entered upon the verdicts of juries

Section 7 The parties to any action at law tried by the court without a jury under the provisions of this act and in which judgment shall have entered shall have the right to remove the cause by appeal or writ of error to the Supreme Court or Superior Court in the same manner as appeals and writs of error are now taken by law in cases tried before a jury

Section 8 That it is declared to be the true intent and meaning of this act that no part of the act of the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four Pamphlet laws page one hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the submission of civil cases to the decision of the court and to dispense with trial by jury shall be repealed by this act

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1262, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the twenty-sixth section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges" which reads as follows

"Section 26 Roads upon and along a line which divides two adjoining counties may be laid out altered and vacated in the manner provided in the case of other roads except that the court of quarter sessions of each of the said counties shall appoint three of the viewers and that a report as aforesaid shall be made to the said courts respectively and that the said courts shall otherwise have and exercise concurrent jurisdiction therein" is amended to read

Section 26 Roads upon and along a line which divides two adjoining counties and roads forming or intended to form a continuous highway from one county to another may be laid out or altered or vacated in the manner provided in the case of other roads except that the court of quarter sessions of each county shall appoint three viewers and that a report as aforesaid shall be made to each court respectively and that each court shall otherwise have and exercise concurrent jurisdiction therein

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1040, as follows:

An Act relating to building and loan associations and the solicitors officers directors and stockholders thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it is unlawful for any officer or director of any building and loan association part of whose duty as such officer or director is to vote upon the acceptance or refusal of applications for mortgage loans made to his association to accept any commission or other compensation directly or indirectly for the placing of that mortgage loan

Section 2 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars for the first offense and for any subsequent offense to undergo an imprisonment of not less than thirty days and not more than six months in addition to such fine

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14, 1915.

To the Honorable, The House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and the House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 326.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 326, File Folio 4087, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

passed on final passage be reconsidered.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 326, File Folio 4087, passed on third reading, be reconsidered.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title by striking out at the end thereof the words: "changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for levy and assessment therefor."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT TO DELIVER ADDRESS.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to call the attention of the House to the fact that we have invited Ex-President Taft to address us at four o'clock. The Chair also desires to state that Ex-President Taft will be here promply at four o'clock and trusts that as many members as possible will be in their seats to hear Mr. Taft.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. SWARTZ asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up Senate Bill No. 347 (House Bill No. 1086), File Folio 2161.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1086 (Senate Bill No. 347), entitled:

An Act relating to Policies of Life Insurance or Annuities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—14.

Benn,
Bungard,
Gompers,
Hubler,
McCaig,
Murdoch,
Peters,
Spencer,
Steedle,
Stein,
Swan,
Trach,
Wagner,
Whitten,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will take up First Reading Bills at this time. The Chair hears no objection.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 26, entitled:

An Act to protect public life and safety by regulating and prohibiting the manufacture sale use offering giving away disposing lending leasing carrying and possession of certain weapons arms and firearms fixing duties of the district attorney and county commissioners and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1406, entitled:

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1238, entitled:

A supplement to a nact entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said departments" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four fixing the salaries in the Department of Public Instruction

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1427, entitled:

An Act to prohibit fishing with any device whatsoever in waters of this Commonwealth including tidal streams and boundary waters and from the shores of this Commonwealth on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday and to provide penalties for the violation of its provisions and empower any fish warden deputy warden sheriff deputy sheriff constable or any special officer in this Commonwealth to make arrests for violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act to further regulate the granting of licenses for the sale of vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by permitting the electors of any county in this Commonwealth to determine by any election whether the granting of licenses for such sale therein shall be prohibited

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE BILL NO. 283 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. WILLIAMS offered the following motion which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Moved by Mr. Williams, seconded by Mr. Ramsey, that House Bill No. 283, File Folio 5409, entitled:

An Act to further regulate the granting of licenses for the sale of vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by permitting the electors of any county in this Commonwealth to determine by an election whether the granting of licenses for such sale therein shall be prohibited

be made a special order on Second Reading for Monday, April 19th, at nine o'clock P. M. and a special order on Third Reading and Final Passage on Wednesday, April 21st, at eleven o'clock A. M.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1498, entitled:

An Act regulating poor districts comprising the territory constituting the whole or part of a second class city

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1095, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of Register Assessors in boroughs and townships at primary elections

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 714, entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1263, entitled:

An Act requiring all State officials and employes who receive and disburse public moneys to give bond for the faithful performance of their official duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1354, entitled:

An Act relating to taxing as part of the costs in a clause an attorney's fees for the successful party upon appeals to the Supreme and Superior Courts

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1243 (Senate Bill No. 409), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1517, entitled:

An Act imposing a tax for State purposes on the capital stock of manufacturing and laundering corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the maintenance and construction of State Highways

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1432 (Senate Bill No. 125), entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board of its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1303, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to establish and operate municipal abbatoirs and markets defining the same requiring the inspection of animal products used for food in said cities and providing penalties for the violation of the terms thereof or of regulations adopted pursuant thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1302, entitled:

An Act amending section four of an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and thirty) entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth" approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" and amending the twentieth section thereof as amended by the act approved June sixth one thousand nine hundred and seven and as further amended by the act approved June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1305, entitled:

An Act to provide for the regulation of rag shops second hand paper shops and junk shops in cities of the first class and providing a penalty for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1307, entitled:

An Act to provide in cities of the first class for the registration of any person co-partnership association or corporation engaging in the business or preparing exposing or offering for sale or exchange articles used for human food and providing for the regulation and inspection of the conduct of such business and providing a penalty for the violation thereof or the regulations made in conformity therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1306, entitled:

An Act to provide for the regulation of the business of handling dead animals or animal refuse other than for food purposes and of the manufacturing of products therefrom in cities of the first class and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1268, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1330, entitled:

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of a tax for State purposes on the loans of private and public corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the construction and maintenance of state highways

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 949 (Senate No. 432), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1424, entitled:

An Act authorizing Christian Gerz administrator of the estate of Alexander Gerz late of the City of Lancaster County of Lancaster deceased to sue the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1405, entitled:

An Act amending the second section of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relative to verdicts and judgments in ejectment and to regulate the procedure in such cases" approved May eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing that the court may enter judgment on the pleadings in favor of the party appearing to be entitled thereto or for the plaintiff in default of an answer for the defendant

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1331, entitled:

An Act regulating the keeping of bees and providing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1002, entitled:

An Act relating to domestic animals and their destruction to prevent spread of disease and the compensation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1385, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done by corporations before the recording of their charter

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1508, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the enforcement thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 462, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 566, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating self propelled traction engines or tractors equipped with metal tired wheels, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors providing for their registration and the licensing of certain operators by the Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any traction engine or tractor by any person when intoxicated forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of traction engines or tractors by any county city borough or incorporated town or township establishing the rights of traction engines or tractors upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions of damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees and fines imposed thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1164, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" by providing for the payment of the premium charged for the bond of a trust or bonding company by the authorities of boroughs or townships

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Houe Bill No. 1166, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum amount of bond

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1453 (Senate No. 694), entitled:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor-Genreal and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefore and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the Canal Board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the Canal Board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expense incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1454 (Senate No. 695), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a Commission Board or other agency thereof canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1535 (Senate No. 732), entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game-fish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen more clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1415, entitled:

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting quarantining and control of certain communicable diseases and for the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violations of the act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1075 (Senate No. 288), entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1036, entitled:

An Act providing for a uniform rate of taxation upon all property subject to taxation within the territorial limits of cities of the second class of this Commonwealth for the payment of current expenses and the payment of the indebtedness of said cities or any territorial part thereof and for all other municipal purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1408, entitled:

An Act providing for the installation and maintenance of safety devices of fenders upon motor vehicles regulating the use thereof and prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 993 (Senate No. 379), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred sixty-two)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1356, entitled:

An Act to provide revenue by the imposition of a tax upon the transfer of stock of demestic and foreign corporations co-partnership associations and joint stock associations providing the manner of collecting such tax and prescribing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1412, entitled:

An Act legalizing the killing of foxes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1486, entitled:

An Act making the turning in of short weight or short measure by any person whose duty it is to turn the same into employers where the contract of hiring between employer and employe provides for payment by weight or measure a misdemeanor and providing a penalty therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 790, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the supervision construction maintenance and repair of township roads relating to road tax and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1419, entitled:

An Act to fix the number and salaries of clerks and employes in the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE BILL NO. 624 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. VICKERMAN offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Vickerman, seconded by Mr. McVicar, that House Bill No. 624, File Folio 5351, entitled:

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over counties cities boroughs towns and townships in certain matters relating to their duties powers contract and public service and vesting the same in the Courts of Common Pleas

on page seventeen of to-day's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, be made a special order for Tuesday morning April 20th at ten thirty o'clock.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1487 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. VICKERMAN offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Vickerman, seconded by Mr. McVicar, that House Bill No. 1487, File Folio 5299, entitled:

A supplement to an act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation, and, to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the constructions, alterations, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission: making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroad, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains, by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporations and regulation of certain corporations, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act; approved the 26th day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen on page thirteen of to-day's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, be made a special order of business on Third Reading, for Tuesday morning, April 20th at ten thirty-five o'clock.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 630, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred dollars is herewith specifically appropriated to the use of the Secretary of the Game Commission of Pennsylvania to pay for the services to be rendered in collecting revising indexing and proof-reading the material to be published in said "Game Fish and Forestry Laws" for the year nineteen hundred and fifteen as directed by a joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives same to be paid from resident hunters' license fund

Payment of this amount to be made upon proof rendered to the Superintendent of State Printing that said pamphlet was published as directed by said joint resolution

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bu
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone.
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Kuhn,
McKay,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 563, as follows:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said Anatomical Board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives friends or representatives of a fraternal society or charitable organization within a reasonable time after death

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved June thirteenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" which reads as follows

"Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospital or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within this State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered If any person claiming to be and satisfying the authorities in charge of said body that he or she is of kindred or is related by marriage to the deceased shall claim the said body for burial but it shall be surrendered for interment nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if such deceased person was a traveler who died suddenly in which case the said body shall be buried" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospital or other municipality or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within the State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any relative by blood or marriage shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be less than forty-eight hours after death but the body shall be surrendered to said claimant for interment and no such notice shall be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any friend or any representative of a fraternal society of which the deceased was a member or a representative of any charitable organization shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be limited to less than forty-eight hours said burial to be at the expense of such friend fraternal society or charitable organization nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if said person was a traveler who died suddenly or was an honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine of the United States or of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania in which case said body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of existing laws

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, I desire the sponsor of this bill to give us some idea of just what the purpose of it really is. There is one clause there that I wish to have explained.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, this bill amends the Act of 1883 which has been interpreted by the Anatomical Board to mean that no one but a relative by blood or marriage can obatin the dead body from any almshouse, morgue, hospital or public institution.

This interpretation of the law has worked many severe hardships, so many that there is a general sentiment throughout the State that it is time the act should be made explicit and clear; therefor, the bill which is now before you, gives to any friend the right to take the dead body of a friend, if he should be unfortunate enough to die in a public institution. It also gives the right to any fraternal society or charitable organization of which he was a member, to secure the body and have it interred according to the wishes of the unfortunate dead.

The Municipality, County, and the Commonwealth, however, are protected by the provision which states that when any friend or representative of fraternal or charitable organization should secure the dead body, it must be interred at the expense of the claimant.

This briefly explains this bill, and I should say that it is an agreement reached between the friends of this bill and the Anatomical Board at a hearing before the Public Health and Sanitation Committee.

There are many, many reasons why this bill should become a law, reasons that appeal to every human being, but I feel that there is no occasion to speak to the members of this House in order to pass this measure.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Luzerne permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. THOMAS. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman to make it clear in regard to the clause where, after forty-eight hours, a friend or relative could not procure the body of the deceased. Is that right, according to the bill?

Mr. THOMAS. No, not after forty-eight hours.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. You could not receive the body?

Mr. THOMAS. Yes; if they identify it.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr Speaker, I understand from the section that you could not get it after forty-eight hours.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, this enables them to get it after forty-eight hours. It is a humanitarian measure. If a gentleman dies in a certain city and is unknown or dies in some institution and no one knows him, the idea is to keep him there forty-eight hours before turning the body over to Anatomical Board.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, as far as I can read, from the bill I understand that the bill reads that a relative of the deceased could not obtain the body after forty-eight hours had elapsed. Now a relative or a friend of the deceased might not know of the death until after forty-eight hours had elapsed and according to the bill then you could not procure that body. It would be giving over to the Anatomical Board for medical purposes.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, in order to give every one an opportunity to read this bill thoroughly and become more acquainted with it I move you that it be postponed for the present.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman to agree to some particular time when this bill will again be taken up. It is an important matter and we want to consider it thoroughly. If it was placed on the postponed calendar it could be called up at any time. I would like to gentleman to set the time when it will be called up and I will be satisfied to make it a special order.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I will consult with the gentleman from Delaware when I am ready to call it up.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion to postpone the bill for the present? It was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was twice read, considered and concurred in.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 906, as follows:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any borough of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has heretofore constructed or shall hereafter construct any sewer or sewer system at public expense the council of the said borough may pro-owners of property served by it such annual rental or charge for the use of such sewer or sewer system from the owners of property served by it such annual rental or charge shall be authorized and collected as provided by general ordinances and when so levied and charged shall be a lien on the properties charged and the collection thereof shall be made and enforced in the manner borough taxes are now collected

Section 2 The councils of said boroughs shall execute a warrant or warrants authorizing the collection of the said annual sewer rentals or charges to the officer employed by council to collect the same and the officer collecting the said rentals shall have the authority now vested by law in collection of borough taxes

Section 3 The said annual sewer rentals or charges shall be a lien on the properties charged with the payment thereof from the date set in the said ordinance and if not paid after thirty days' notice may be collected by an action in assumpsit in the name of the borough against the owner of the property charged or by distress of personal property on the premises or by a lien filed in the nature of a tax lien

Section 4 The said annual rental so to be levied and charged as herein provided shall not exceed the amount expended annually by the said boroughs in the maintenance repair alteration inspection or other expense in relation thereto and may include any interest on money expended by the said borough in the construction of the said sewer or sewer system The said annual sum shall be apportioned equitably among the several properties served by the said sewers

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—107.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Fruit,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hubler,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lipschutz,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather.
Maurer,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—28.

Bergy,
Blackburn,
Coldsmith,
Davis,
Eby,
Flynn,
Gingery,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
Milliron,
Palmer,
Reel,
Rothenberger,
Shaaber,
Sones,
Statler,
Swartz,
Trach,
Twibill,
West,
Wettach,
Wood,
Wynne,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 95.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed finally, be reconsidered.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WYLIE. Mr Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. HUBER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BAUERLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 6, by adding after the word "amended" the following: by an act approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred thirty-four, entitled 'An Act relating to executors and administrators.' "

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Mr. FORSTER asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up at this time the bills on second reading which were passed over.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1478, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article four of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for the regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a public service commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, re-location, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, re-location, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the supreme court; prescribing penalties, fines ,and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the public service commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroad, by compelling common carriers by railroads to properly man their trains;" by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the provisio of clauses three and the privisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of article four of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by pescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorpoations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive powers to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expenses and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Daupihn County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 Any investigation inquiry or hearing which the commission has power to undertake or hold may be undertaken or held by or before any one of the commissioners upon condition however that such commissioner shall have been authorized by the commission to undertake or hold such investigation inquiry or hearing All investigations inquiries or hearings before or by any such commissioner shall be and be deemed to be the investigations inquiries and hearings of the commission Any determination ruling or order of a commissioner upon any such investigation inquiry or hearing undertaken or held by him shall not become and be effective until approved and confirmed by at least a quorum of the commission and ordered to be filed in its office Upon such confirmation and order such determination ruling or order shall be the determination ruling or order of the commission" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Any investigation inquiry or hearing which the commission has power to undertake or hold may be undertaken or held by or before any one of the commissioners upon condition however that such commissioner shall have been authorized by the commission to undertake or hold such investigation inquiry or hearing All investigations inquiries or hearings before or by any such commissioner shall be and be deemed to be the investigations inquiries and hearings of the commission any determination ruling or order of a commissioner upon any such investigation inquiry or hearing undertaken or held by him shall not become and be effective until approved and confirmed by at least a quorum of the commission and ordered to be filed in its office Upon such confirmation and order such determination ruling or order shall be the determination ruling or order of the commission

In any investigation inquiry or hearing now pending or which may hereafter be instituted the commission is hereby authorized to employ a special agent or examiner who shall have power to administer oaths and examine witnesses and receive evidence in any locality which the commission having regard to the public convenience and the proper discharge of its functions and duties may designate

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, by inserting after the word "one" in line 86, the words "or more"

By inserting after the word "commissioner" at the end of line 87, the words "or commissioners"

By inserting after the word "commissioner" in line 91, the words "or commissioners"

By inserting after the word "commissioner" in line 93, the words "or commissioners"

By inserting after the word "him" in line 94,, the words "or them"

By striking out of line 105 the words "and the proper" at the end of that line, and by striking out of line 106 the words "regard to the public convenience" at the beginning of that line.

Add at the end of line 107 the following: "The testimony and evidence so taken or received shall have the same force and effect as if taken or received by the commission, or any one or more of the commissioners, as above provided."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend section four of article four of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal cor poration concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determination by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamaus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-six one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee or the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1481, as follows:

An Act to amend section four of article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks of other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associtions may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-six one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to vest in the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the power to suspend for a period of ninety days any proposed increased rates of public service companies

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of Article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their corporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive powers to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expenses and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commision its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hunderd and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or suppleid by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 Whenever the commission receives notice of any change proposed in any tariff or schedule filed or posted under the provisions of this act it shall have power either upon complaint or upon its own motion and if it so orders without answer or other formal pleading by the interested public service company after notice to hold a public hearing and make investigations as to the propriety of such proposed change and of the new rate practice or classification After such hearing and investigation whether completed before or after such change goes into effect the commission may make such order in reference to the new rate practice and classification as wuold be proper in a proceeding initiated after the same had become effective At any such hearing involving any proposed increase in any rate the burden of proof to show that such increased rate is just and reasonable shall be upon the public service company

The commission shall have power in its discretion and for good cause shown to permit changes in the tariffs or schedules filed and published upon less than the thirty days' notice specified in article two section one (f) of this act or upon other conditions which shall be just and reasonable

The commission shall also have power in its discretion where any notice of increase in any rates fares tolls or charges of a public service company has been filed to require by general rule or special order that such company shall furnish to its shippers consumers or other patrons a certificate or other evidence of payments made by them in excess of the prior established rate" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Wheneer the commission receives notice of any change proposed in any tariff or schedule filed or posted under the provisions of this act it shall have power either upon complaint or upon its own motion and if it so orders without answer or other formal pleading by the interested public service company after notice to hold a public hearing and make investigations as to the propriety of such proposed change and of the new rate fare toll charge classification regulation or practice and pending such hearing and investigation and the determination of the commission thereon the Commission upon filing with such notice of change proposed in any tariff or schedule and delivering to the public service company or public service companies affected thereby a statement in writing of its reasons for such suspension may suspend the operation of such tariff or schedule and defer the use of such rate fare toll charge classification regulation or practice but not for a longer period than ninety days beyond the time when such rate fare charge classification regulation or practice would otherwise go into effect and after full hearing whether completed before or after the rate fare toll charge classification regulation or practice goes into effect the commission may make such order in reference to such rate fare toll charge classification regulation or practice as would be proper in a proceeding initiated after the same had become effective At any such hearing involving any proposed increase in the rate fare toll or charge the burden of proof to show that the proposed increased rate fare toll or charge is just and reasonable shall be upon the public service company

The commission shall have power in its discretion and for good cause shown to permit changes in the tariffs or schedules filed and published upon less than the thirty days' notice specified in article two section one (f) of this act or upon other conditions which shall be just and reasonable

The commission shall also have power in its discretion where any notice of increase in any rates fares tolls or charges of a public service company has been filed to require by general rule or special order that such company shall furnish to its shippers consumers or other patrons a certificate or other evidence of payments made by them in excess of the prior established rate

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1482, as follows:

An Act to amend section two of article six of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonments for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the proviso of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen regulating witness fees mileage cost of service of subpoenas and costs and the payment thereof in proceedings before The Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of article six of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive powers to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expenses and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 2 The commission may require copies of books papers or abstracts thereof to be sent to it in any part of the Commonwealth in all cases in which it would have the right to examine the originals or compel their production before it All subpoenas issued by the commission shall be under its seal and shall be signed by a commissioner or by the secretary and may be served by any adult in any part of this Commonwealth

Each witness required to attend before the commission or a commissioner shall receive for each day's attendance the sum of one dollar and fifty cents and shall receive in addition the sum of three cents for each mile circular traveled by such witness by the usual route between his home and the place where his presence is required

All disbursements made in the payment of such fees shall be included in and paid in the same manner as is provided for the payment of other expenses of the commission

The fees for serving a subpoena shall be the same as those paid the sheriff for similar services The fees expenses and costs of or in connection with any hearing may be imposed by the commission upon any party to the record or may be divided between any or all parties to the record in such proportions as the commission may determine" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as folows

Section 2 The commission may require copies of books papers or abstracts thereof to be sent to it in any part of the Commonwealth in all cases in which it would have the right to examine the originals or compel their production before it All subpoenas issued by the commission shall be under its seal and shall be signed by a commissioner or by the secretary and may be served by any adult in any part of this Commonwealth

Each witness required to attend before the commission or a commissioner shall receive for each day's attendance the sum of one dollar and fifty cents and shall receive in addition the sum of three cents for each mile circular traveled by such witness by the usual route between his home and the place where his presence is required

The fees for serving a subpoena shall be the same as those paid the sheriff for similar services Such witness fees mileage and fees for serving a subpoena shall be piad by the party to the proceeding subpoenaing such witness The witness fees mileage and costs of serving subpoenas issued at the instance of the commission and not at the instance of any party to the poceeding shall be paid by the commission

All disbursements which may be made by the commission in the payment of witness fees mileage and costs of serving subpoenas shall be included in and paid in the same manner as is provided for the payment of other expenses of the commission

The said witness fees mileage and fees for serving subpoenas and expenses and costs of or in connection with any hearing may be imposed by the commission upon any party to the record or may be divided between any or all parties to the record in such proportions as the commission may determine

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1483, as follows:

An Act to amend section eleven of article three of an act entitled "An act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commissoin and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commissoin and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars'approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all othe legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eleven of article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive powers to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expenses and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" which reads as follows

"Section 11 No contract or agreement between any public service company and any municipal corporation shall be valid unless approved by the commission Provided That upon notice to the local authorities concerned any public service company may apply to the commission before the consent of the local authorities has been obtained for a declaration by the commission of the terms and conditions upon which it will grant its approval of such contract or agreement if at all" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 11 It shall not be necessary to obtain the approval of the commission of any contract or agreement between a municipal corporation and a public service company but every contract or agreement made by a public service company with a municipal corporation or with any person or corporation shall be deemed to be made under and subject to the provisions of this act and the powers of regulation vested in the commission Provided however That no public service company shall obtain any privilege or franchise from any municipal corporation without the approval of the commission which approval evidenced by its Certificate of Public Convenience shall be given if and when after hearing the Commission shall find or determine that such approval is necessary or proper for the service accommodation convenience and safety of the public and the Commission shall have power in so approving to impose such conditions to be set forth in its Certificate of Public Convenience as it shall find or determine to be necessary or proper for the service accommodation convenience or safety of the public

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1375, as follows:

An Act providing that whenever in any civil cause in any court of this Commonwealth the verdict of a jury is set aside and a new trial ordered the reason or reasons for the order of court shall be stated of record and if such reason or reasons be only that the damages awarded by the verdict are excessive or inadequate the new trial shall be restricted to the question of the damages and the verdict shall stand good in all other respects

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever hereafter in any civil cause in any court in this Commonwealth a verdict of a jury is set aside and a new trial ordered such order of such court shall be in writing and shall contain the reason or reasons therefor whereupon the said order shall become a part of the record in the cause if the only reason set forth in the said order be that the damages awarded by the verdict are excessive or inadequate then the new trial shall be restricted to the question of the amount of the damages and the verdict so set aside as to the damages shall stand good in all other respects

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1283, as follows:

An Act relating to the trial of civil cases by jury in the courts of this Commonwealth and providing that in any civil cause now pending or hereafter to be brought in any of the courts of this Commonwealth where the damages are by reason of the subject matter of the case unliquidated and in which a trial by jury is had and the verdict of a jury awarding damages is rendered no new trial shall either by the court in which the said cause was tried or by any appellate court in this Commonwealth be granted because the opinion of the court differs from the verdict of the jury as to the amount of the damages and no such damages as awarded shall by any such court be increased reduced or changed

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in any civil cause now pending or hereafter to be brought in any of the courts of this Commonwealth where the damages are by reason of the subject matter of the case unliquidated and in which trial by jury is had and the verdict of a jury awarding damages is rendered no new trial shall either by the court in which the said cause was tried or by any appellate court in this Commonwealth be granted because the opinion of the court differs from the verdict of the jury as to the amount of the damages and no such damages as awarded shall by any such court be increased reduced or changed

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1480, as follows:

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the chief clerk of his department to do certain official acts" by authorizing the Auditor General to empower certain other employes of his Department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Auditor General is hereby authorized to empower the chief clerk of his department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate Provided That this act shall not be construed to relieve the Auditor General of responsibility for such acts as may be performed by the chief clerk" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Auditor General is hereby authorized to empower the Deputy Auditor General the Assistant Deputy Auditor General the Chief Clerk the Chief Clerk of the Bureau of Corporations the two Assistant Chief Corporation Clerks the Chief Clerk in the Bureau of Collections from county officers and the Chief Clerk and Assistant Chief Clerk and Warrant Clerk in the Bureau of Accounts and Expenditures to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate Provided That this act shall not be construed to relieve the Auditor General of responsibility for such acts as may be performed by such employes

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1293, File Folio 5117, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of employes of the board of revision of taxes in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand

passed second reading, be reconsidered.

Mr. ROWELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second reading?

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1 in line 11 by adding after the word hundred the word "dollars"

In line 12 by adding after the word hundred the word "dollars"

In line 13 by adding after the word hundred the word "dollars"

In line 14 by adding after the first word hundred the word "dollars," and by adding after the last word hundred the word "dollars"

In line 15 by adding after the figures ($1,500) the word "each"

In line 16 by adding after the word sixty the word "dollars"

In line 17 by adding after the figures ($720) the word "each"

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on second reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, be transcribed for third reading.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1198, as follows:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth' approved fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five" by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population and increasing the salaries of the county commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of said act of June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth approved fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five' " which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the annual salary of each member of the Board of County Commissioners in the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be as follows

"In counties containing ten thousand population or less three hundred dollars in counties over ten thousand population and less than thirty thousand population five hundred dollars in counties over thirty thousand population and less than thirty-five thousand population seven hundred dollars in counties over thirty-five thousand population and less than fifty thousand population one thousand dollars in counties over fifty thousand population and less than seventy-five thousand population twelve hundred dollars in counties over seventy-five thousand population and less than one hundred thousand population one thousand five hundred dollars in counties over one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred and fifty thousand population one thousand eight hundred dollars In counties over one hundred and fifty thousand population the salaries shall be as now provided by law The said salaries shall be paid out of the treasuries of the respective counties The salaries herein fixed shall be in full and in lieu of all other compensation for the services of county commissioners except traveling expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties or in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon county commissioners Provided That the population of counties be taken from the last United States Census" be and the same is hereby amended so that the same shall read as follows namely

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the annual salary of each member of the Board of County Commissioners in the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be as follows

In counties containing ten thousand population or less three hundred dollars in counties over ten thousand population and less than thirty thousand population five hundred dollars in counties over thirty thousand population and less than thirty-five thousand population seven hundred dollars in counties over thirty-five thousand population and less than fifty thousand population one thousand dollars in counties over fifty thousand population and less than seventy-five thousand population twelve hundred dollars in counties over seventy-five thousand population and less than one hundred thousand population one thousand five hundred dollars in counties over one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred and twenty-five thousand population one thousand eight hundred dollars in counties over one hundred and twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred and fifty thousand population three thousand dollars In counties over one hundred and fifty thousand population the salaries shall be as now provided by law The said salaries shall be paid out of the treasuries of the respective counties The salaries herein fixed shall be in full and in lieu of all other compensation for the services of county commissioners excepting traveling expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties or in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon county commissioners Provided That the population of counties be taken from the last United States Census

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. MYERS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 7, by inserting after the word "Commonwealth" a single quote Commonwealth'

Amend section 1, line 8, by striking out the single quote after the word "five"

Amend section 1, line 50 by inserting after the word "dollars" the following: "but where the commissioners are directors of the poor, then eighteen hundred dollars"

Amend the title after the word "annum" by inserting "and increasing the salaries in counties having a population over fifty thousand and less than seventy-five thousand twelve hundred dollars but where the commissioners are directors of the poor then eighteen hundred dollars.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be transcribed for final passage.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 1178, File Folio 4289 on page 22 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1178, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made to them by their patients except in civil cases brought by their patients for damages on account of personal injuries

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—120.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy.
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spencer,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,

NAYS—12.

Beck,
Brosius,
McClure,
Palmer,
Pickering,
Reynolds,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Sinclair,
Sones,
Spangler,
Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1129, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—144.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn.
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Eby,
Gompers,
Hollern,
Phillips,
Wildman,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct the titles were read as follows:

House Bill No. 410.

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation

House Bill No. 611.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 331.

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating the payment of such pensions

House Bill No. 246.

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

House Bill No. 900.

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over

House Bill No. 852.

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

House Bill No. 515.

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 543.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

House Bill No. 139.

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER in the presence of the House signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 923, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of the cost of the transcription of stenographic notes in certain proceedings by the county and the reimbursement of the county for such payment

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. C. A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of this bill, I move that further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. WEST. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1159, as follows:

An Ast enabling townships of the first class to regulate hawking and peddling and canvassing from house to house soliciting orders for the sale of goods wares or merchandise and to require a license therefor and to fix and collect a reasonable license fee for such license

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That townships of the first class within this Commonwealth shall have power to regulate by ordinance hawking and peddling and canvassing from house to house soliciting orders for the sale of goods wares or merchandise within such township and to require hawkers peddlers and canvassers from house to house who soliciting orders for the sale of goods wares or merchandise to take out a license and to fix and collect a reasonable license fee for such license as provided by ordinance adopted by the Board of Township Commissioners of the township All such license fees collected are to be paid into the township treasury

Section 2 That said ordinances shall be enforced as other ordinances of townships of the first class are by law enforced Provided however That this act shall not apply to any townships of this state where under existing laws hawking and peddling is entirely prohibited by law nor shall it affect any local or special laws now in force and Provided further That this act shall not apply to any person or persons nor alter existing laws in the hawking peddling or selling goods wares and merchandise where the manufacturer or producer hawks peddles or sells goods of his own manufacture and Provided further That nothing in this act shall apply to the act entitled "An Act to amend an act to permit disabled soldiers to peddle by procuring a license therefor without charge approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven extending said privilege to all soldiers sailors and marines who are unable to procure a livelihood by manual labor" approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one and Provided further That nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to prohibit farmers gardners or dairymen from selling the products of their own farms gardens or dairies

On the question,

Will the House agreed to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker the bill which is before us proposes to do away with a man's going through a township and soliciting orders to do business. This strikes at the man who is willing to go out and try to hustle for a living. Now, the bill provides that in each township in which he goes—the idea is absolutely ridiculous, the idea is impracticable, because there may be fifty townships in a county or there may be forty or sixty, and in each township in which he goes they can levy a different priced license, or in other words it is just going to prohibit these men from doing business. Further, to the people in the country districts it is a convenience, and you propose to stop this for those very people. Where a man is willing to come around and display his goods, mention his price and take the order, there is absolutely nothing in this proposition any more than to defeat some man doing a fair business, who is now paying a mercantile license tax under the laws of this Commonwealth, and I ask this House to vote down this bill.

MOTION TO POSTPONE.

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MURDOCH. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—13.

Body,
Campbell, J. O.
Conner,
Dell,
Goodnough,
Graham,
Hackett,
Jones, E. E.,
Nissley,
Snyder,
Trach,
Wylie,
Young,

NAYS—101.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Christman,
Corbin,
Davis,
Dawson,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer.
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer.
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Wildman,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Mr. WALSH in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence a resolution as follows:

In the Senate, April 15th, 1915.

Be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 545, File Folio 1315, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 619 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. HEFFERNAN asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer the following concurrent resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the House of Representatives, April 15, 1915.

Be it Resolved (if the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 619, File Folio 2657, entitled

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend on act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals food-stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1013, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—144.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Harper,
Luppert,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron.
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Wettach,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Greenwood.
Kuhn.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. STERN offered the following motion which was twice read and considered.

Moved by Mr. Stern and seconded by Mr. Lauler that the vote by which House Bill No. 1224, Senate Bill No. 503, File Folio 2163, entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing for a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

was defeated on third reading and final passage yesterday be reconsidered.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to appeal to the members of the House for just one minute's attention even though we are in the midst perhaps of preparing to leave; and I should like to ask for a favorable vote for the reconsideration of this bill. It was probably defeated through lack of attention or failure to explain its provisions. It is a bill that has passed the Senate and is desired by the Attorney General's Department and the State Board of Charities and by hospital and charitable institutions of the State. The bill will permit hospitals and other eleemosynary institutions to mortgage their premises in such cases in which the State Board of Charities will permit the mortgage to be given and be a lien prior to the one the Commonwealth now has for moneys advanced for improvements. I may say to you gentlemen that every hospital in the Commonwealth wants this act and the charitable institutions in your district are in favor of it and the State Board of Charities desires it and the Attorney General's Department insists that it be passed. It was defeated yesterday on account of lack of attention and it is a bill that ought to receive your careful consideration and this you can give to it by voting to reconsider it.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1224 (Senate Bill No. 503), the bill just restored to the calendar be postponed for the present.

Mr. LAULER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1214, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the reutrn of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. RICH. I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 586, entitled:

An Act to amend an act "to provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. HEFFERNAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 554, entitled

An Act to provide a standard form of policy contract to be issued by fire insurance companies transacting business in Pennsylvania designating the provisions thereof exempting certain policies and prescribing penalties for any violations.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—63.

Adams,
Albee,
Baldwin,
Beck,
Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman.
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Erdman,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gibson,
Gompers,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Marvin,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ramsey,
Rininger,
Rowell,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Spangler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Swan,
Swartz,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Wettach,
Wobensmith.
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—44.

Alcorn,
Arnold.
Benninger,
Bergy,
Brumbaugh,
Corbin,
Davis,
Eppley,
Gallagher,
Geary,
Geiser,
Goodyear,
Habgood,
Howarth,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Luxemburger,
Maurer,
McClure,
McCurdy,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Rudisill,
Sinclair,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stone,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Watson,
West,
Williams,
Wood,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

MOTION TO ADJOURN.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

Mr. CUMMINS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF DEATH OF CAPTAIN DELANEY.

The SPEAKER. The Chair has received the following telegram, which the Clerk will read:

The Clerk then read the communication as follows:

Washington, D. C., April 15th, 1915.
5.20 A. M.

Charles A. Ambler,
Speaker, House of Representatives,
Harrisburg, Penna.

Captain Delaney died here Wednesday night. Funeral notices in newspaper.

(Signed) C. H. DELANEY.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read, considered and concurred in:

In the Senate, April 15, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 84, File Folio 877, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess until 3.30 o'clock when we will have reports from committees, after which we will be addressed by ex-President Taft at 4 o'clock sharp. The Chair hears no objection.

Whereupon, at 12.25 o'clock P. M. the Speaker declared a recess until 3.30 o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 3.30 P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 795 (House Bill No. 1540).

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 796 (House Bill No. 1541).

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part and exempting buildings in actual use for such exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibitions.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 807 (House Bill No. 1542).

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 286 (House Bill No. 1543).

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties with half pay under certain conditions during the remainder of their lives except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 614 (House Bill No. 1544).

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 633 (House Bill No. 1545).

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to hospitals.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 653 (House Bill No. 1546).

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 654 (House Bill No. 1547).

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the Borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 912.

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

House Bill No. 253.

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses

House Bill No. 841.

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart ·

House Bill No. 249.

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the Counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana county

House Bill No. 248.

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

House Bill No. 291.

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

House Bill No. 767.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1098.

A supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act"

House Bill No. 89.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

With the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct the titles were read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 347.

An Act relating to Policies of Life Insurance or Annuities

Senate Bill No. 452.

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Senate Bill No. 401.

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the City of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 161.

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes "fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held" and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

Senate Bill No. 285.

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 172.

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER in the presence of the House signed the same.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION BILL.

Mr. GINGERY presented two petitions of citizens of Clearfield County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. McCLINTOCK presented the petition of citizens of the 21st Legislative District, Philadelphia, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. WALSH presented the petitions of the members of Saint Andrew's M. E. Church; All Souls Universalist Church; St. Philip's P. E. Church and Richardson Memorial Church, praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO FOUNDERS OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Mr. McCLINTOCK presented the petitions of Washington Camps Nos. 481, 533 and 55, P. O. S. of A., favoring the passage of a bill providing for the erection of a monument to the Founders of the Public Schools of Pennsylvania.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 278, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 479, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association of Pittston, Pennsylvania.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 512, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital, Greenville, Mercer County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 526, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Wetsern Pennsylvania, located at Pittsburgh.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets, in the City of Philadelphia.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners, of the City of Philadelphia.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 138, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 137, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital, Roaring Spring, Blair County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy, Roxborough, Pennsylvania.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children of the City and County of Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 39, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital, of Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the maintenance to the Hahnemann Hospital, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 140, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital, Altoona, Blair County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 415, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 640, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Almira Home, of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 231, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital, of Lewistown, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 409, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanitarium, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 408, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital, located at Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 145, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of Scranton Pennsylvania.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 127, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless Women and Children of the City of Scranton.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd, Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 13, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford, Philadelphia.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 445, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 15, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 377, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 343, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 705, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 699, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane, McKean County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 584, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 712, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 569, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women of the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 898, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Southern Homeopathic Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 808, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital of Sharon, Pennsylvania.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 625, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lying-In-Charity Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 510, entitled:

Act Act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 286, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville Childrens' Aid Society and Home for the Aged located at the corner of Grove street and Williamson Road, Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 796, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 307, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg, General Hospital Association at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria, at Spangler, in Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the Borough of Braddock, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Home for the Friendless, situated in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 823, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd, Penn and Chew streets, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 523, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bloomsburg Hospital (formerly Joseph Ratti Hospital), located at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 809, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown, Fayette county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 585, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital of Waynesburg, Greene county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. NIEDER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. NIEDER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 154, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes of the Care of Epileptics, at Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 188, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Phoenixville Hospital.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 183, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 187, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Grove City Hospital at Grove City, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 581, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 355, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home, Department of Pennsylvania, at Hawkins Station Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 361, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital, Clearfield, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. NIEDER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 399, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital, New Castle, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 641, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission, near the City of Bradford, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 521, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 32, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. NIEDER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 400, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ellwood City Hospital, Ellwood City, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 357, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged, one thousand eight hundred and nine Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 359, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 19, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital, in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 453, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hayes Mechanics' Home, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 35, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 612, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the aged, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 396, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Charity Hospital of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 391, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital, of Lock Haven, Clinton county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 388, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Spencer Hospital, located at Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 226, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies, of West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 387, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases, of Philadelphia.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 440, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 190, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SINCLAIR, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 327, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the United Charities, of Hazleton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SINCLAIR, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 321, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKees Rocks, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SINCLAIR, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 315, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the City of Bradford.

Mr. SINCLAIR, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 633, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SINCLAIR, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 258, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Friends' Home for Children, situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen Street, Philadelphia.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 451, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Home for Babies.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 398, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 469, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 31, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Altoona, Blair county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 299, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital at Washington, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 734, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd, Lincoln Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 362, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 448, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Orphan Asylum of the Holy Family, located at Emsworth, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 450, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as commited, House Bill No. 115, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seaman's Friend Society, of Phildadelphia, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 118, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 128, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital, of Ridgway, Pennsylvania.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 574, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Mount Lebanon township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. EBY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 288, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 122, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the City of Scranton.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 589, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Messiah Rescue and Benevolent Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. EBY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 292, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Germantown Dispensary and Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia.

Mr. EBY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women, at Philadelphia.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 443, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital in the City of Easton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 454, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Francis Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 461, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital, of Susquehanna, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 354, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 236, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home, at Brookville, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 269, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, for use in the hospital department, Philadelphia.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 279, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Indiana Hospital of Indiana County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 261, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 81, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 67, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. Mary's Keller Memorial Hospital, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 632, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 810, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1045, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Union Day Nursery, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 80, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COLDSMITH, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Mission and Rescue Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny, Lowrie Street, Troy Hill, North Side, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mr. COLDSMITH, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 82, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian Home, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COLDSMITH, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COLDSMITH, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 155, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital, at Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COLDSMITH, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 159, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 467, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples and Old Men, at Bala, Philadelphia.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 124, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital, of Warren, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 107, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. John's General Hospital.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 442, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children, at Easton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 395, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, Pennsylvania.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 328, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 312, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital, Pottstown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 311, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City, Washington County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons, formerly the Christian Home, of York, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 531, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School, at Paradise Township, York county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 707, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 690, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses, in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 618, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 263, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Coleman Industrial Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 73, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Coatesville Hospital, Coatesville, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 669, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania, located at Oakdale, Allegheny county.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 750, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 264, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 65, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburgh.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 811, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburgh.

Mr. ARON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 189, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital.

Mr. ARON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 170, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. ARON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 229, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Julia White Priscilla Home for Aged Colored People, of LaMott, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. ARON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives, located at Eagleville, Montgomery County.

Mr. ARON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 171, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 86, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital Association and Training School for Nurses, of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 53, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 51, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharin's Orphan Asylum in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 158, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 524, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital, Berwick, Columbia county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 568, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 309, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington, Pennsylvania

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 616, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hamor Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 266, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, for maintenance in handicraft employment.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 822, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 503, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association of the Borough of Taylor, Lackawanna county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 360, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital, Ridley Park, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 754, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nesbitt West Side Hospital, Dorranceton, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 659, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the McKeesport Hospital, McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 911, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital Corporation, Bellefonte, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 562, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic College for Graduates of Medicine.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna county.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 749, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 310, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital, Latrobe, Pennsylvania.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 298, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Charleroi-Monessen Hospital, Charleroi, Washington county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CURRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 54, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home Day Nursery for Children, in the County of Philadelphia, incorporated.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 303, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital, Oil City, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CURRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 52, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CURRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children, of Pittsburgh.

Mr. CURRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CURRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women, located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CURRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary, of York, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CHAS. A. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 794, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys, Protectory Station, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

Mr C. A. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 812, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr C. A. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 899, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital, of Philadelphia.

Mr C. A. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 901, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia.

Mr C. A. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 917, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital, located at Columbia, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. C. A. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1064, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton, Pennsylvania, Somerset county.

Mr RININGER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 826, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia.

Mr RININGER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 435, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Pottstown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

Mr RININGER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 425, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital, Pottsville, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania.

Mr RININGER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 417, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital located at Frankford Avenue and Palmer Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr RININGER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women, at Easton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FLYNN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FLYNN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 474, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of the City of Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FLYNN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended. House Bill No. 472, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FLYNN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 858, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the DuBois Hospital of DuBois, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FLYNN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 643, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FLYNN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1005, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Chester county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Infants' Home and Hospital at Erie, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 356, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants, located at four thousand six hundred eighteen Westminster Avenue, Philadelphia.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 374, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association, of Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 389, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Renova Hospital, at Renova, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 439, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital, at New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 428, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanatorium, located at Austin, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 477, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 922, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Chester County, located at West Chester, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 244, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Fairfax Babies' Home, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 475, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 235, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin County.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 358, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 195, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital, at Butler, Pennsylvania.

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 828, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia.

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 588, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital, Sayre.

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 583, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association, at Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 487, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Grand View Hospital, located near Sellersville, Bucks county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee of Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 333, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home, of the City of Pittsburgh, North Side.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee of Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 368, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Colored Children of Allegheny, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee of Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 682, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Settlement Association, Petosky Street, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee of Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 571, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Protestant Home for Aged at Fair Oaks, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee of Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 570, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Sunshine Children's Home, located at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee of Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 148, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Citizens' General Hospital, of New Kensington, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee of Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill 142, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital in the City of Chester.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee of Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 147, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital, at Titusville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1154, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid Highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act"

Mr. BENNINGER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 839, entitled:

An Act creating a department of agriculture; defining its powers and duties; charging the department with the enforcement of laws heretofore enforced by the department of agriculture or any bureau or division thereof and the State livestock sanitary board; and abolishing the state livestock sanitary board and certain offices in the department of agriculture.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1033, entitled:

An Act to encourage the establishment of public marine schools.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1402 (Senate Bill No. 550), entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1458, entitled:

An Act exempting all loans made by school districts from all taxes.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, re-reported as committed, House Bill No. 1172 (Senate Bill No. 489), entitled:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city.

Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1136, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for the Commissioners of any County in this Commonwealth to contract to repair, build, or rebuild any county bridge, without due advertisement for sealed proposals and the employment of a competent engineer; making it mandatory that location plans be submitted in duplicate to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, and requiring the Attorney General to defend all suits where any county within this Commonwealth is made defendant in a suit for the recovery of damages, where infringements on patents, royalties, designs and patented processes or geatures are alleged, where a county has complied with the provisions of this act, excepting contracts not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars.

Mr. SHOWALTER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1403 (Senate Bill No. 551), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same.

Mr. STONE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1455, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens, and the proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this State.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 758, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and first class townships to form and to join associations for certain purposes and to appropriate moneys therefor.

Mr. STONE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1404, entitled:

An Act validating municipal liens filed by boroughs for paving and curbing the public highways thereof.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1469, entitled:

An Act to amend section 2229 of an act approved the 18th day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any part thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. LOVE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1273, entitled:

An Act to amend section three hundred and three of an act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. SHOOP, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1473, entitled:

An Act to amend sections two thousand seven hundred and one and two thousand seven hundred and two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet laws 309) by providing that all receipts and proceeds derived in any way from, or on account of, the State forests now or hereafter acquired by this Commonwealth shall belong to and form a part of "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania."

Mr. DELL, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1113, entitled:

An Act to amend section five hundred and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1447 (Senate Bill No. 612), entitled:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, re-reported House Bill No. 1213 as amended, entitled:

An Act regulating the duties of boards of visitors in certain counties relative to the visitation of institutions societies and associations having the care of children committed thereto from the counties.

Mr. LAULER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1256, entitled:

An Act fixing the pay of assessors in cities of the third class and in boroughs and townships of the second class.

Mr. McKAY, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1152, entitled:

An Act to further amend section one thousand four hundred twelve of an act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. SPENCER, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1200, entitled:

An Act relating to open air schools.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 314, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over.

Mr. STONE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1388, entitled:

An Act validating certain elections held for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, and other incorporated districts, and validating certain bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE SENATE.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that a committee of two be appointed to notify the Senate to be present during the address of ex-President William Howard Taft.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER The Chair appoints the gentleman from Delaware, Mr Baldwin, and the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Lipschutz.

SENATE MESSAGES.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence a resolution as follows:

In the Senate, April 15, 1915.

Be It Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania Defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives, as follows, viz

Be It Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 619, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water" approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. WAGNER asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 1311, File Folio 5429, on page 21 of to-day's calendar, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1311, as follows:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing their powers and duties and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes" as heretofore amended and supplemented imposing certain duties on the board and on burgesses of boroughs township commissioners and supervisors and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That appeals from assessments made by the board for the assessment and revision of taxes under the act to which this act is a supplement and under the various amendments and supplements thereto shall be heard by the board at such place in the city or borough or township where the respective property is located and at such time as the board may fix Notice of the time and place of hearing appeals shall be given as required in said act In hearing appeals in a borough or township the burgess or the chairman of the township commissioners or a township supervisor selected by the township supervisors as the case may be shall sit with said board as a member thereof ex-officio in hearing appeals from assessment of property located in the respective borough or township For such services the burgess or commissioner or supervisor shall receive from the county treasurer compensation at the rate of five dollars per diem for each day necessarily employed in the duteis herein imposed Payment shall be made on warrant of the county controller on certificate from the President of the board that the services have been actually performed

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 1, by striking out the word "further"

Amend title, line 1, by striking out the word "twenty-fourth" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "thirteenth"

Amend title, line 2, by striking out the word "March" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "June"

Amend title, line 2, by striking out the word "five" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eleven"

Amend title, line 4, by striking out the word "three" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eight"

Amend title, line 4, by inserting after the word "million" the words "four hundred thousand"

Amend title, line 6, by inserting after the word "prescribing" the words "the method of their appointment"

Amend title, line 6, by inserting after the word "duties" the following: "fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county"

Amend title, line 9, by striking out the words "as heretofore amended and supplemented"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 687.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives or of fire bricks and refractories or of cheese butter or other dairy or creamery products

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows

Amend the title by adding after the word "explosives" the words "or of fire bricks and refractories, or of cheese butter or other dairy or creamery products"

Amend section one, line 25, by inserting after the word "natural" the word "mineral;" line 37 by striking out "electrcity" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "electricity;" line 112, by inserting after the word "explosives" the following: "or for the manufacture of fire bricks and refractories and the mining or quarrying of the raw material therefor or for the manufacture storage distribution or sale of cheese butter or other dairy or creamery products"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—150.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body.
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner.
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Flynn,
Forster,
[illegible]uit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
[illegible]tatler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO NOTIFY THE SENATE.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, your Committee announces the presence of the Senate.

JOINT SESSION.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR McCLAIN. The Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in joint assembly met, will be in order.

We are met here this afternoon to greet one of America's very foremost men. (Applause). They say that "all the world loves a lover." I have some doubts about that, but of one thing I am absolutely certain, and that is that every red-blooded man and woman loves a good loser. (Applause). Big-bodied, big-handed, big-hearted, big-minded, he needs no introduction to an American audience. It is simply my high privilege to present to you a former President of the United State, William Howard Taft. (Rising applause.)

ADDRESS OF EX-PRESIDENT TAFT.

Ex-President WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT. Gentlemen of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, I came to Harrisburg in my capacity as a school-teacher, to deliver a lecture at your Academy, and this visit has flowered out, as you see. I am not responsible; but Governor Brumbaugh, somehow or other, got hold of it and there is a bond between us, not in the fact that he is in the midst of his great and useful political career,—because mine is ended—(Laughter), but because both our careers began, in a sense, in those Spanish settled countries that came to us after the Spanish war. He looked after the education and the preparation for citizenship of the Porto Ricans and I tried my apprentice hand on the Filipinos, and that makes a very great bond, for we have been through the same experience. We have had the same widening,—I mean it has had the same widening influence, an influence that comes from going out into the world and finding that we American people are not the whole thing; not the only "pebbles on the beach." It does not diminish our respect for popular government, but it gives us an understanding that there are other points of view and, therefore, more logical reasons for valuing popular government; and it also charges us with a sense of responsibility that we have had thrust into our guardianship these people, that we, a great, powerful people, shall lend them our arms to help them along to better things, to help them to fit themselves for the popular government toward which I trust they are tending.

And now, my friends, I deem it a great honor to be here and to be invited to address the Legislature of this great State. Pennsylvania is truly the "Keystone State;" the only State reaching from tidewater to the navigable waters of the Mississippi Valley; with a great history teeming with a patriotic, intelligent, energetic people; a marvel of mineral, mechanical and agricultural industry of every variety known to the temperate zone. Pennsylvania is not so flambuoyant in its claims of greatness; it is not so vociferous in its assertion of leaderhip, but it is solidly substantial in its progress and in its vindication of popular government, as the one best adapted to give more nearly equal opportunity to all and to preserve to those who labor, save and, by their ability and self-control increase the wealth of the community, and adequate share in the product of their effort, skill and foresight.

To-day is the anniversary of the death of the great American. He was the product of American conditions, providentially developed to meet the national crisis and to save our country's life in our greatest danger. Great in his simplicity, his humility, in the lucidity and honesty and certainty of his mental processes; great in his wonderful power in the use of the English of the Bible and of Shakespeare; in his tenderness; in his sympathy with and understanding of men; in his trust in the ultimate wisdom of the American people; great in his accurate political judgment and in his skill in making clear to the people the error of his opponents; great in his absence of rancor, of bitterness toward his country's foe; great in his yearning to receive them again as brothers; great in his fatherly sense of responsibility for the suffering and burdens of his people. His memory awakens the never-ending love of the humblest and the most ignorant, and the profound respect and affectionate admiration of the most intelligent and closest critic of his career and character, growing with every new circumstance and phase of them that further investigation and study bring to light.

And now may I refer to one subject, in respect to which I may seem to be "butting in;" but I do not know anything about the finances of Pennsylvania; I do not know anything about the troubles that you may have or the prosperity and ease and comfort you may have in raising taxes and spending the people's money, and my remarks therefore are directed to the general legislation in America, and particularly to that Legislature with which, in times past, I have had most familiarity, the Congress of the United States. The growing danger to this country is the waste of the people's money. Some waste is necessary because of the impossibility of such economy as there is in a private business, owing to the greater motive for it in private gain.

But our systems of government house-keeping are so childishly lacking in business method and foresight, that it calls for the anxiety and the care of all patriots. Compare our system with that of other governments. Take Congress. We have seven committees looking after various appropriations, one committee looking after the raising of money; no central responsibility; no one knows how we are coming out. Heretofore we have been so rich that nobody seemed to care. Taxes were so easy to find a place to put on that it made the mouths of Chancellors of the Exchequer in European countries water to think of what rich fields for the levying of taxes. But, my friends, we are getting very much nearer to the limit of our taxable resources than we ever were.

Now, one of the things it would seem we ought to have is a trial balance; one of the things we ought to have is a statement of how much money we are going to get before we decide how much we are going to spend; and yet no step of that sort has been taken in the Congress of the United States. We spend eleven hundred millions of dollars a year, and yet we have nobody that comes before Congress, before that expenditure is determined on, and says, here is the revenue we are going to have, and here are our expenditures. We have no division reasonable,—I mean no statement showing the actual purposes to which the money is to be devoted. It is covered in appropriation bills that mix all sorts of expenditures. Now, why should we not adopt, as they have in countries that are not so rich and that have not had such easy taxation,—why should we not adopt the system that fixes the responsibility on somebody so that he can explain, or they can explain to the people where the money is coming from and where it is going to. We are going to be driven into it ultimately, and the question is whether we shall not come to it earlier by the adoption of such a system as the older countries have found necessary to adopt.

Now, of course, there are causes for this waste of public money. In the first place, under our system, it is perfectly natural that each district, through its representative, should like to have a piece of the "pork," (applause), but somebody has got to sit on the "pork" barrel; (laughter and applause), somebody has got to be responsible for getting the "pork" into it; somebody has got to represent the people as a whole, and somebody the people must charge with the responsibity for looking after matters as a whole, and for the benefit of all the people. And, of course, the people themselves, in their districts, are responsible for this. It is not the legislators alone that are responsible. That is a mistake. It is the people that are responsible. I have got to the point where I can tell the truth about the people. (Laughter and applause). A fellow comes in, you know, and shakes his head and says, "That river and harbor bill is awful,—perfectly awful; just a porkbarrel where they are robbing the treasury." "Well, how about that post-office in your town that cost the Government two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, when you could have gotten along for fifty thousand?" "Well, that is different. We ought to have a great, big, representative building to show the dignity of the postoffice and the Federal Government in our community." (Applause.) And that is the way they all feel in that district. Now, they have got to be made aware that that kind of thing costs and that is what runs up the appropriations. The earnest desire to have the money go into one district on their part, is what, after all, stimulates extravagance.

And then there is another thing; we are tending toward fraternalism. We have a greater universal brotherhood. We have stopped in the mad chase,—not altogether,—for wealth, but there has been a halt, a letting-up, and we are looking around to help along the brethren that have fallen by the wayside; and you know that feeling is deep-seated, because you and I have been politicians and we recognize it, and when we see a feeling like that, we know it. (Applause). When the politicians and the newspapers see a feeling like that, it exists, because it is their business to find out those traits of the public,—those tendencies of the public mind. The consequence is that there are a good many people,—I saw a statement by a Legislator from New York, that, of course, "Charity is all right, and these great contributions from wealthy people are all right, but there are a lot of people that still button up their pockets, and so we are going to tax them and make them charitable." Yes, (laughing) I see it meets approval somewhere, but you can overdo that business. The idea that the Government can do everything and take money out of the treasury adlibitum to help everybody, and that we are going to have a millenium to-morrow morning by regulating everything and everybody, and doing everything by the Government, is not sound. (Applause) I agree that the doctrine of "Laissez-faire" as advocated by Mahlon Spencer, has needed modification, and Heaven knows it has received it. The Government is doubtless fitted to do a great many more things than were permitted under their theory, but there are a great many things the Government cannot do and ought not to do. Where private business is carried on, for the benefit of the whole community, in the sense that it is carried on within the law and furnished a great wage-fund, enlarges industries, there is no reason why the Government should go into that business and become a competitor. (Applause) Now, why? Because, when the Government becomes a competitor it does not keep its books straight, or at least, it does not keep its books as a private business firm under its own regulation,—I mean under the Government regulations—is bound to keep books. It never introduces the overhead charges. I am telling you something I know about, for I ran the Panama Railway when I was Secretary of War, and the steamers that ran down there. It is easy enough to make profit, if you can only keep out all the expenses; (Laughter) and that is the tendency of Government operation, especially when the man who is running the business is seeking political approval. The minute that the Government enters into that kind of business, that minute it drives every private enterprise out; therefore, it is not good in that regard. Then it is not good because Government operation generally means extravagance. There is no such motive to restrain expenses as there is in a private business, and it leads to greater and greater burdens upon the public, and takes away the opportunity for furnishing that which can be taxed to raise legitimate government revenue. The thing we have to teach ourselves,—and the truth is we have got to teach ourselves before we can teach anybody else,—is that you cannot take a dollar, not a dollar, out of the public treasury that has not been earned or saved by some private person. (Applause). We lose sight of that. We think, why here is a great reservoir; we can just pour out of that without hurting anybody, because, here it is; but if you pour, it will grow empty, and you have got to fill it again, and then that money came in the exercise of the prudential virtues of some individual, or in the sweat of his brow; and, therefore, that imposes upon us the responsibility of seeing to it that these taxes shall not be increased, and, certainly shall not be wasted in putting into business that private enterprise can better do on some theory that you can raise wages and pay larger salaries. Well, of course, you can raise wages and pay larger salaries under a governmental business, but you are jut paying the losses,—and you are bound to have losses,—right out of the treasury of the Government, and that is right out of the pockets of the people. Now, that is just as easily demonstrable as any theorem of Euclid, and therefore we ought not to go into the Government business, except where the position of the Government and the character of the business makes it wise to do so, because of the existing machinery. Take, for instance, the Postal Savings Bank. We had a post office all over the country. Now, it is easy to put that into operation. So, to, the Parcels Post,—but I am not in favor of paying,—it is easy enough to make a business like that profitable, if you do not pay properly the people that do it for you. (Laughter and applause). The gentlemen down at Washington, in the railroads, are engaged in calling each other liars. That does not help. (Laughter) What they ought to do is to refer that question to some judicial tribunal,—I say a quasi-judicial tribunal, or the Interstate Commerce Commission, or somebody that can look at it from an impartial standpoint, and estimate what the value of the service is and then pay the people, whether they be corporations or not, who do that service, what it is reasonably worth. Do not let us conduct the government on the theory that it is a robber. Let us conduct it on the principle that it pays as it goes for services rendered.

The danger of calling an old and retired politician into a place like this, that he has not occupied before for years, is that you will never get rid of him. I have just got to take myself by the back of the neck and lead myself out. I thank you sincerely.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR McCLAIN. Mr. President, on behalf of the Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, let me express our appreciation of the compliment that you have done us in coming here today, and as well of the practical words of wisdom which you have given us.

Retired politician though you be, modest though be your style of expression, yet, let me assure you, sir, that with the American people, certainly with the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, your opinions, as expressed this afternoon, have all the flavor of experience and of authority.

Please accept the assurance that April Fifteenth, will go down in the annals of the Pennsylvania Legislature as a red-letter day in the session of 1915. (Applause).

I now declare this Joint Convention of the Senate and House of Representatives adjourned. The Senate will proceed to the Senate Chamber.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the remarks of Ex-President Taft be placed in the Journal of the House and appear in the Legislative Journal.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was unanimously agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and, at 4:55 o'clock P. M., the House adjourned to meet on Monday evening, April 19th, 1915, at 8 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1915. No. 44.

SENATE.

MONDAY, April 19, 1915.

The Senate met at 8 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, Our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for the preservation of our lives, and the remarkable powers with which we are endowed, we pray that we may so use these powers from day to day that we may have the approval of our own consciences and the commendation of our fellow men. May we endeavor to bear each others burdens so that we shall fulfill the laws of Him who came to guide us all in the highest paths of life. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. GERBERICH, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

The Chair presented petition of members of the Bible Classes of the Calvary Baptist Church, of Irwin, Westmoreland County, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of the First Presbyterian Church, of Edinboro, Erie County, Pa., praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. HERBST presented petition of citizens of Berks County praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING MEMORIAL TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE FOUNDERS THEREOF.

The Chair presented petition of Washington Camp No. 68, P. O. S. of A., favoring erection of memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HERBST presented petition of citizens of Berks County favoring erection of memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. WASBERS presented two petitions of citizens of York County favoring erection of memorial for Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HERBST presented petition of citizens of Berks County favoring erection of memorial for Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. HOKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 961, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford, Adams County, Pennsylvnaia, certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 962, entitled:

An Act empowering in all criminal trials in the courts of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer to dispose of costs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 963, entitled:

An Act to regulate and license itinerant purchasers, venders and traders in glass, rags, paper, scrap iron, scrap metals, old rubbers, old clothing and all other waste materials

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 964, entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment of damages for the appropriation of private property for public park or parkway purposes and to exempt property so appropriated from taxation in certain circumstances.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. MOORE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 965, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers, the establishment, maintenance and protection of Game Preserves, feeding, propagation, purchase and distribution of game, leasing of land for Game Preserves, and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 966, entitled:

An Act amending section one of an act entitled "An Act amending section seven of an act entitled 'An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children,' approved the 4th day of May, A. D. 1855, providing that married men or women in case of drunkenness or profligacy of husbands or wives, may consent to the adoption of their children," approved the 19th day of May, A. D. 1887.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 967, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the plotting by cities of the first class of parks and parkways in built-up sections thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. HILTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 968, entitled:

An Act regulating hours of labor and sleeping apartments in drug stores.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 969, entitled:

An Act providing a method to locate and erect new bridges to take the place of existing bridges crossing railroads or railways; to change location of such bridges and roads connecting therewith; to vacate old and existing bridges and roads connecting with the same; authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in such construction; and authorizing the payment of the same by State, county, borough, township and railroad company as may be determined.

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 628 FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. McNICHOL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 628, entitled "An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections, approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three, as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, also to amend the twenty-second, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act, to regulate the nominaion and elecion of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections, approved the tenth day of June, eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters, election officers, police officers, constables, deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violation thereof," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three," be recalled from the House of Representatives for further consideration by the Senate.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 4.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, Pa., April 14th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 4, entitled "An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 86.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 86, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 162.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 16, 1915.

To the Honrorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 162, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 338.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 338, entitled "An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 402.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, Pa., April 14th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 402, entitled "An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 437.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 437, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled 'An Act relating to last wills and testaments' by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 84.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 84.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 84.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr .SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill in section 1, in line 60, by striking out the word "ten" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "five."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 141.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 16, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and the House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 141.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 141.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill in section four, by striking out lines 23, 24 and 25 inclusive.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator from Greene, Mr. Stewart, will state his question of personal privileges.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, on page 14 and 15 of the calendar dated April 7, I want to make an explanation concerning my vote. I am recorded in the Journal as voting aye on bills Nos. 694 and 695, File Folios 1869 and 1839. I desire to be read into the Journal as being emphatically and unequivocally opposed to all the intents and purposes of these two bills.

The PRESIDENT. The statement of the Senator from Greene, Mr. Stewart, will be entered upon the Journal.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 161, returned from the House of Representatives with amendments, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincirporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RETURNED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessments complained of

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the constitution, were twice read as follows:

In section 1, in line 5, by inserting after the word "Mayor" the words "and city councilman."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

NAYS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

YEAS—0.

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 454, on final passage, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 690, as follows:

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing for the erection and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county-seat of Allegheny county in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from that county who served in the army and navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion authorizing and directing the commissioners of said Allegheny county to erect and maintain said memorial hall upon petition of fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries the court of quarter sessions and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county at a general election designating a committee to determine what relics records etc. shall be placed in said memorial hall and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States" by extending its provisions so that societies resulting from the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition may have rooms in said memorial hall to meet in and making the members of said societies eligible to membership on the supervisory board

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section six of an act approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing for the erection and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county-seat of Allegheny county in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from that county who served in the army and navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion authorizing and directing the commissioners of said Allegheny county to erect and maintain said memorial hall upon petition of fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries the court of quarter sessions and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county at a general election designating a committee to determine what relics records etc. shall be placed in said memorial hall and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States" which read

"Section 6 Said memorial hall shall be in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from Allegheny county who served in the army and navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion It shall contain one large assembly hall or auditorium for public meetings of the soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county but which may be used for other public meetings It shall also contain rooms for meetings of posts of the Grand Army of the Republic encampments of the Union Veterans Legion commanderies of the Loyal Legion and kindred patriotic organizations It shall also contain rooms and places for the proper display and preservation of relics and trophies of the war for the suppression of the rebellion flags histories rosters and records of the Grand Army posts encampments of the Union Veteran Legion commanderies of the Loyal Legion regimental and company histories photographs paintings and portraits busts and statues of soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county and mural tablets upon which shall be inscribed the names of soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county who served in the war for the suppression of the rebellion A committee of ten with power to fill vacancies shall be selected by the survivors of the war for the suppression of the rebellion residing in Allegheny county said committee shall determine and designate what relics trophies flags statues busts histories rosters records et cetera shall be placed in said rooms The president judges of the courts of common pleas numbers two and three and the county commissioners of the said county shall be ex-officio members of said committee" is hereby amended to read

Section 6 Said memorial hall shall be in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from Allegheny county who served in the army and navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion It shall contain one large assembly hall or auditorium for public meetings of the soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county but which may be used for other public meetings It shall also contain rooms for meetings of posts of the Grand Army of the Republic encampments of the Union Veteran Legion societies resulting from the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition commanderies of the Loyal Legion and kindred patriotic organizations It shall also contain rooms and places for the proper display and preservation of relics and trophies of the war for the suppression of the rebellion flags histories rosters and records of the Grany Army posts encampments of the Union Veteran Legion commanderies of the Loyal Legion regimental and company histories photographs paintings and portraits busts and statues of soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county and mural tablets upon which shall be inscribed the names of soldiers sailors and marines of Allegheny county who served in the war for the suppression of the rebellion A committee of ten with power to fill vacancies shall be selected by the survivors of the war for the suppression of the rebellion and by the survivors of the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition residing in Allegheny county said committee shall determine and designate what relics trophies flags statues busts histories rosters records et cetera shall be placed in said rooms The president judges of the courts of common pleas numbers two and three and the county commissioners of the said county shall be ex-officio members of said committee

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 190 (House Bill No. 104), on third reading, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act relating to the Legislative Reference Bureau and authorizing and regulating therein a system of municipal reference information

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 2 in line 5 by striking out "calary" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "salary."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 417 (House Bill No. 55), on third reading, entitled:

"An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof,' approved the 20th day of April A. D. 1874, abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed," approved the 13th day of April, A. D. 1897, by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 455, entitled:

An Act to provide for better setting of fruit and for the protection of bees by prohibiting the spraying of trees shrubs bushes or plants of fruit-bearing kinds when in bloom

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 517 (House No. 196), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Lynch,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Thompson,
Wasbers.
Vare,

NAYS—4.

Smith, R. E.,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 547, as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending sections three five and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one as amended by the act of first of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and as amended by the act twentieth of April one thousand nine hundred and three extending jurisdiction over certain causes set out in such act to a judge or judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" which reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" which reads as follows

"Section 3 The director of public safety may commit thereto any and all persons who are willing to be so committed and the mayor or recorder of the city of Philadelphia the inspectors of the county prison and all committing magistrates in the city and county of Philadelphia may and they are hereby authorized to commit to said house of correction employment and reformation for any period of time not less than three nor more than twelve months all or any person or persons who under existing laws are liable to be committed to places of confinement who shall apply to them for such purposes all persons adults or minors that may hereafter be convicted according to the existing laws of this Commonwealth before the mayor or recorder or any alderman of the city of Philadelphia as a vagrant or drunkard or disorderly street walker shall be sentenced to suffer confinement in the said house of correction employment or reformation for the terms hereinafter mentioned and to be fed clothed and treated in the manner hereinafter mentioned and any minors not under sixteen years of age except by permission of the Director of Public Safety absenting themselves from school or who shall disobey their parents' command or be found idle in the street may be arrested upon the complaint of the parent of the said minor or upon the complaint of any citizen and after the examination of the case if the mayor recorder or magistrate shall deem the charges sustained he shall commit said minor to the house of correction employment and reformation for such length of time as he may regard proper Provided That the time of incarceration for a boy shall not exceed his maturity twenty-one years of age nor a girl beyond the age of eighteen years except in cases where a commitment for the time heretofore named of not less than three months nor more than twelve months would exceed the ages specified and Director of Public Safety have power in his discretion to place the said children committed to his care during the time of commitment of said children at such employments and cause them to be instructed in such branches of useful knowledge as may be suited to their years and capacities and to place them at such work as they may be able to do and to bind them out to such tradesmen or employers as may offer to receive them until the expiration of their commitment under such regulations and conditions as the Director of Public Safety may agree upon" be and the same is herewith amended and suplemented to read as follows

Section 3 The Director of Public Safety may commit thereto any and all persons who are willing to be so committed and any judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia may and they are hereby authorized to commit to said house of correction employment or reformation for any period of the time not less than three or more than twelve months all or any person or persons who under existing laws are liable to be committed to places of confinement who shall apply to them for such purpose all persons adults or minors that may hereafter be convicted according to the existing laws of this Commonwealth before the mayor or recorder or any alderman of the city of Philadelphia as a vagrant drunkard and all persons adults or minors that may hereafter be convicted as disorderly street-walkers according to existing laws of this Commonwealth before any judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia may be sentenced to suffer confinement in the said house of correction employment or reformation for the terms hereinafter mentioned and to be fed clothed and treated in the manner hereinafter mentioned and any minors not under sixteen years of age except by permission of the Director of Public Safety absenting themselves from school or who shall disobey their parents command or be found idle in the streets may be arrested upon the complaint of the parents of said minor or upon the complaint of any citizen and after the examination oof the case if the mayor recorder or magistrate or judge of the municipal court shall deem the charges sustained he may commit said minor to the house of correction employment and reformation for such length of time as he may regard proper Provided That the time of incarceration for a boy shall not exceed his maturity twenty-one years of age nor a girl beyond the age of eighteen years except in cases where a commitment for the time heretofore named of not less than three months nor more than twelve months would exceed the ages specified and the Director of Public Safety shall have power in his discretion to place the said children committed to his care during the time of commitment of the said children at such employments and cause them to be instructed in such branches of useful knowledge as may be suited to their years and capacities and to place them at such work as they may be able to do and to bind them out to such tradesmen and employers as may offer to receive them until the expiration of their commitment under such regulations and conditions as the Director of Public Safety may agree upon

Section 2 That section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" which reads as follows

Section 5 Upon complaint made on oath to any police magistrate or justice of the peace against any child within the city of Philadelphia not under the age of sixteen by his parents or guardian or other person standing to him or her in place of a parent as being disorderly such magistrate or justice shall issue his warrant for the apprehension of the offender and cause him or her to be brought before himself or any other police magistrate or justice for examination be and the same is herewith amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 5 Upon complaint made on oath to any judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia against any child within the city of Philadelphia not under the age of sixteen by his or her parent or guardian or other person standing to him or her in place of a parent as being disorderly such magistrate justice or judge of the municipal court shall issue his warrant for the apprehension of the offender and cause him or her to be brought before himself or any other police magistrate justice or judge of the municipal court for examination

Section 3 That section six of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for the adults and minors" which reads as follows

Section 6 If such magistrate or justice be justified by competent testimony that such person is a disorderly child within the description aforesaid he shall make up and sign a record of conviction thereof and shall by warrant under his hand commit such person to the house of correction employment and reformation and the powers and duties of the said Director of Public Safety in relation to the said children shall be the same in all things as are prescribed as to other minors received by them and it shall be the duty of such magistrate or justice as aforesaid in addition to the record of conviction to annex the names and residence of the different witnesses examined before him and the substance of the testimony given by them respectively on which the said conviction was founded Provided That any person committed shall have the same right of appeal as is now secured by law to persons convicted of criminal offenses but on such appeal more informality in the issuing of any warrant shall not be held to be sufficient cause for granting a discharge" be and the same is herewith amended to read as follows

Section 6 If such magistrate justice or judge of the Municipal Court be satisfied by competent testimony that such person is a disorderly child within the description aforesaid he may make up and sign a record of conviction thereof and may by warrant under his hand commit such person to the house of correction employment reformation and the powers and duties of the said director of public safety in relation to the said children shall be the same in all things as are prescribed as to other minors received by them and it shall be the duty of such magistrate or justice as aforesaid in addition to the record of conviction to annex the names and residences of the different witnesses examined before him and the substance of the testimony given by them respectively on which the said conviction was founded Provided That any person committed shall have the same right of appeal as is now secured by law to persons convicted of criminal offences but upon such appeal more informality in the issuing of any warrant shall not be held to be sufficient cause for granting a discharge"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 578 (House No. 416), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provision to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title in line 7 by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "fifty;" also section 1, in line 34, by inserting after the word "hundred" where it first occurs the word "fifty."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chairs hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 580 (House Bill No. 459), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 581 (House No. 550), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office of the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess"

An said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—18.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Tompkins,
Vare,

NAYS—8.

Hilton,
Hindman,
McKee, W. S.
Moore,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Warner,
Wasbers,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 613, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measured within the provisions of said act

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1 in line 6 by inserting after the word "thirteen" the following "entitled "An Act defining commodities, regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violations hereof;" also in line 18 by striking out the double quotation mark; also in line 32 by striking out the double quotation mark.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 638 (House No. 757), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitutions, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers

NAYS—1.

Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 709, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three, six and seven of an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare, by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments, with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment; by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work; by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted; by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof; by defining the procedure in prosecutions; and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof."

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President. I ask unanimous consent to amend the title by adding after the word "thereof" the following: By making certain exemptions relative to operators, train despatchers or other employes, who by use of the telegraph or telephone despatch reports, transmit receive or deliver orders pertaining to or affecting train movements and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious, charitable or educational institutions; also section 1, by adding the following: (e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions.

Is there objections? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 711, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. DIAX. Mr. President, this bill has already been in two committees, the Committee on Judiciary Special and the Committee on Appropriations, and I ask that the Senate do not agree to this motion, and that a yea and nay vote be taken.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, my object in asking to have this bill recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special is this: The present censorship act of 1911 calls for a salary of $2500.00. This bill as it is now on the calendar calls for a salary list of $32,460.00. The bill as I propose to amend it calls for a salary list of $16,140.00. If I were to ask the privilege of having these amendments inserted this evening there would be some objection to it, and the purpose of having this bill recommitted to the Committee from which it came is to have an apportunity of meeting with Mr. Breitinger, the Chief Censor, and adjusting the difficulties that we have in coming to a reasonable salary list on this question.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I understood the reason that the Senator from Beaver had in offering these amendments was on account of the film fees. I am informed by the Attorney General, at whose request I introduced this bill, that there are forty thousand dollars saved in the amount of fees and that was the reason and the only reason that I objected to the amendments being offered by the Senator from Beaver. I did not know that it was along the lines of the salaried positions. I would ask that a yea and nay vote be taken upon the amendments.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion ?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. DIAX and Mr. SCHANTZ and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—23.

Buckman,
Clark,
Croft,
Endsley,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,

NAYS—16.

Burke,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Magee, C. J.
McKee, W. S.
Moore,
Patton,
Schantz,
Vare,
Warner,

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 715, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of appraisers appointed by the registers of wills of the several counties to appraise the value of estates subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax and of experts employed to assist such appraisers" by increasing the compensation of appraisers

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Burke,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 725, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the 3d day of June, 1911, entitled 'A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class,' approved the 28th day of April, A. D. 1899, as to townships of the first class; provided for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners; invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by, or in excess of appropriations; providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers, and the method of making contracts," approved the 23d day of May, 1913, P. L. 306.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 726, entitled:

An Act providing for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as folows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 727, entitled:

An Act to repeal section four of an act, entitled "A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of the first class; providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts, hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations; providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts," approved the 3d day of June, 1911, P. L. 626.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 731, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 749, entitled:

An Act to permit a married woman whose husband has lived separate and apart from her for one year or more and who during that time has not been supported by her husband to become a feme sole trader

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 752, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania in the matter of the elimination of grade crossings and providing that it may compel all changes in all streets highway and bridges of every kind and in all other public conveniences and in all facilities of all public service companies made necessary by proper elimination thereof

be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 753, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to plans and specifications for the elimination of grade crossings when county commissioners have made or shall make complaint against the same to the Public Service Commission; and providing that the same may be contracted for and paid for out of the county funds if approved by the Court of Quarter Sessions; and providing that the same shall be sufficiently comprehensive to show all matters and things necessary for proper action on said complaint by the Public Service Commission and to show the location of the proposed improvement and the effect thereof on all public conveniences and public service companies interested; and providing that the Public Service Commission shall include the cost of such plans and specifications in the cost of the improvement, if they decide upon the elimination of such grade crossings; and repealing all inconsistent laws.

be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 762 (House No. 1011), entitled:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureau departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
McNichol,
Miller,
Salus,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 763 (House Bill No. 1049), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 766 (House No. 1050), entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
McNichol,
Phipps,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,

NAYS—1.

Magee, C. J.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 768 (House No. 70), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals, providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdeameanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts," approved the 25th day of July, 1913, so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 777 (House No. 780), on third reading, entitled:

> A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regultaing the salary of the borough controller

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 817, entitled:

> An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, this bill is similar to the bill passed here last week for cities and counties of the first class. This bill is not taking any moneys out of the State Treasury. It is a bill that applies to Allegheny County solely. It is merely an enabling act whereby the employees themselves have the right if they so desire to create out of their own money a pension fund for their own benefit in their old days and the money comes solely from the employees themselves. I want to make these remarks so that the members of this body may not be under a false impression as to where that money comes from. That does not come out of the State Treasury.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisvisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 820, on third reading, entitled:

> An Act regulating through the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the business of assisting employers to obtain employes and persons to secure employment including the business of collecting information to the same end and prescribing penalties

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 821, on third reading, entitled:

> An Act establishing under the Department of Labor and Industry a system of regulation of employers seeking employes and of persons seeking employment and prescribing incidental thereto certain duties of employers and of county municipal township and school authorities and of agencies procuring employes for others and prescribing penalties

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 830 (House Bill No. 1034), on third reading, entitled:

> An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 832 (House No. 867), entitled:

> An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 838, entitled:

> An Act to repeal the first third and fourth sections of an act entitled "An Act to regulate places of public amusement in cities of the first class" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich.
Graff,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Kline,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul.
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,

NAYS—3.

Burke,
Hoke,
Jenkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 847, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 852, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—3.

Burke,
Graff,
McKee W. S.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. William C. Sproul) in the Chair.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 870 (House Bill No. 1008), on third reading, entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair will entertain the order of Bills in Place and Reports from Committees at this time.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SCHANTZ, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 678 (House Bill No. 913), entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Canals and Inland Navigation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 937, entitled:

An Act providing for the regulation of dams or other structures works or obstructions in, along, across or projecting into any stream or body of water wholly or partly within this Commonwealth forming part of the route of the canal authorized to be constructed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Act of the General Assembly approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, vesting certain powers and duties in the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for this purpose; fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof; and providing equitable remedies for non-compliance with or violation of orders of the aforesaid Canal Board or of provisions of this act

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 912, entitled:

An Act providing for the construction, maintenance and operation of main or trunk sanitary sewers and of sewerage disposal plants by the several counties of this Commonwealth; making such main or trunk sewer and sewerage disposal plants county sewers and county disposal plants; for the formation of sewer districts in the several counties of this Commonwealth; the preparation of separate copies of the assessed value for county purposes of the taxable properties included in such sewer districts; authorizing the taking of property for the construction of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and providing for the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking; providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in the construction, maintaining and operating of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and authorizing the levy of a tax upon said sewer districts to provide a fund for said purposes.

Also from the Committee on Law and Order, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the 22d day of April, 1794, entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation," as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessaries of life on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday.

Mr. SENSENICH, from the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings, reported as commited, Senate Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding, restoring and replacing buildings, structures, equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty, and regulating the placing of insurance thereon, and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 953 (House Bill No. 1180), entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 688, entitled:

An Act to give exclusive jurisdiction to the Municipal Court of Philadelphia over all Houses of Detention established within the limits of the City of Philadelphia; providing that the Board of Managers of the said Houses of Detention shall be appointed and removed by the President Judge of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as commited, Senate Bill No. 950 (House Bill No. 1047), entitled:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same, providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 942, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys deposited in the State Treasury by the State Highway Department under the provisions of act of July 7th, 1913, as fees for the registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making appropriation of whole amount received and balance remaining in State Treasury.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 920, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 49, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed Senate Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Topographic and Geologic Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Act of May 13th, A. D. 1909.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 792, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of brig Niagara, Commodore Perry's Flag-ship at the Battle of Lake Erie, and now the property of the State of Pennsylvania, creating a commission to be called The Niagara Commission and making an appropriation for such care, protection and maintenance.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 298, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carlisle Hospital of Carlisle, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended Senate Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie County Anti-Tuberculosis Society, located at Erie, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 905, House Bill No. 123), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation of four hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk township, Warren county, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 895 (House Bill No. 165), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale, Coaldale, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 898 (House Bill No. 485), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, to cover a deficiency.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 643, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tabor Home for Children at Doylestown, Bucks county.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 825 (House Bill No. 628), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of an act of the 25th day of July, A. D. 1913, P. L. 1036, entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violations of its several provisions."

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 946 (House Bill No. 630), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection, revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 908 (House Bill No. 1143), entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 907 (House Bill No. 1137), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 901 (House Bill No. 1061), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake, executors of Theresa E. Smith, deceased.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 827 (House Bill No. 795), entitled:

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as commmitted, Senate Bill No. 881 (House Bill No. 1110), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry, Pennsylvania, certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 806, entitled:

An Act creating a Department of Municipal Affairs and defining its powers and duties.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 616, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the joint acquisition and maintainence by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges over the Delaware River.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 204, entitled:

An Act to authorize the acquisition by purchase or condemnation of lands for a park, and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the River Delaware; and for the appointment of a commission to acquire said lands and erect such monument; and making an appropriation for the purposes of this act.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 841, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry; requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers; and providing penalties for violations thereof.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls, Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 970, entitled:

An Act amending the act entitled "An Act defining commodities; regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof," approved the 24th day of July, 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 971, entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate and report the increase in the cost of anthracite coal alleged to be due to the tax imposed thereon, empowering said commission to issue subpoenas and providing for the attendance of witnesses and the penalty for failure to obey such subpoenas and making an appropriation for the cost and expense of said commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 953 (House Bill No. 1180), entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults, crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults, crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground.

be read the first time.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 953 (House Bill No. 1180), entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults, crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults, crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 152, as follows:

An Act providing for the establishemnt erection equipment and management of a Pennsylvania home for boys and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years and making an appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint a commission which shall consist of five citizens of Pennsylvania and which shall be known as the building commission for a State institution to be called the Pennsylvania Home for Boys The purpose and character of said home shall be the erection and maintenance of an institution for the care education and culture of boys between the ages of six and eighteen years of age and in which shall be taught and developed those raits of citizenship that will conspire to the ends of intelligent and patriotic manhood

Section 2 The commission so appointed shall organize within thirty days ofter its appointment by the election from its membership of a chairman secretary and treasurer The members of the commission shall receive no compensation but each member shall be allowed his expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of the duties herein prescribed

Section 3 The commission shall acquire in the name of the Commonwealth by purchase or condemnation as a site for the said home a tract of land in Manchester and East Manchester townships York county on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad from Harrisburg to Washington and located about four miles northward from York comprising approximately one hundred and seventy acres known as "Green acres" Provided That the price of said land if acquired by purchase from the owner shall not exceed the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) If the said land shall be acquired by purchase from the owner the title shall be approved by the Attorney General The commission may receive a deed to the Commonwealth in fee for any land donated for the purpose aforesaid

Section 4 If the commission and the owner cannot agree upon the price for the land the commission is authorized to take the land with all fixtures thereon by proceedings in eminent domain

In acquiring said lands if the commission cannot agree with the owner thereof or if the owner cannot be found or is not sui juris the commission may file its petition in the court of common pleas of the county wherein the lands are situated praying for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the fair value of such land Thereupon the court shall appoint from among the members of the board of viewers of the county three viewers who by personal inspection and otherwise of the lands proposed to be acquired shall ascertain and fix the fair value thereof The court shall fix a time not less than ten days nor more than twenty days thereafter for the viewers to meet either upon said lands or otherwise Notice of the time and place of meeting of such viewers shall be given where practicable by personal service upon the owner or by such other service as the court may direct When the viewers shall have completed their labors they shall file their report in writing in the said court If no exceptions shall be filed thereto within thrity days from the filing of the report or if no appeal therefrom be filed within said time demanding a trial by jury the said report shall be confirmed absolutely After final judgment on any appeal from the award of viewers an appeal may be had to either the Supreme Court or Superior Court as the case may require If upon any appeal the award of the viewers is not increased or modified in favor of the appellant the entire cost of the proceedings subsequent to such award shall be paid by the appellant

In any proceedings under this section the court may appoint such guardians or committees or trustees as the case may require and may in all cases prescribe the form and manner of service of any notice required in any proceedings under this act

Section 5 The commission may employ an architect and cause plans to be prepared with specifications for the home Such plans and specifications shall embrace buildings for the teaching manual training horticulture husbandry and the liberal arts as well as for such other subjects as the development and progress of the coming years may demand

Section 6 The plans and specifications for the home shall be such that the entire cost of the home shall not exceed for the site and buildings the sum of six hundred thousand dollars ($600,000.00) The plans shall not only be approved by the commission but also by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction The buildings to be erected shall be without expensive architectural or large and costly administration adornments

Section 7 When the plans and specifications have been adopted by the commission and approved by the Board of Public Charities and by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction no change therein shall be made unless on the express written recommendation of the commission approved by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction Upon the execution of any contract the commission shall furnish to the Auditor General certified copies thereof

Section 8 In the construction of the buildings or in the improvement of the site no contract involving an expenditure of more than five hundred dollars shall be made unless the same shall be duly advertised and the competitive bids thereon received All contracts shall be made and let by the commission

A superintendent of construction for the said buildings shall be appointed by the commission The commission may employ such other persons as it may deem necessary to secure the speedy and economical construction of the home and the improvement of the site The compensation of all persons employed or appointed shall be fixed by the commission

Section 9 To provide for the purchase of the said site and for the preparation of necessary plans for any structure or structures to be erected thereon and for the necessary expenses of the commission the sum of eighty-five thousand dollars ($85,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the use of the commission

The buildings shall be constructed along lines approved by modern authorities on the architectural necessities for school and academic requirements

Section 10 The institution shall receive such delinquent boys of the Commonwealth between the ages of six and sixteen years as may be committed by the several courts of quarter sessions throughout the State The term "delinquent" shall not be held as synonymous with the term "incorrigible" but shall be held to include such boys as do not have proper parental care or control or who have parents that are incapable or incompetent to care for and educate them The purpose of this act shall be held to include such commitments as are specifically defined by the juvenile act of the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three for delinquent boys and its real intent is to give the boys of the Commonwealth who are between the ages of six and eighteen years and who do not have proper or advantageous home surroundings the benefits of an education in such branches and on such subjects as may from time to time be prescribed by the State Department of Public Instruction for the common schools as well as in the varied branches of manual training and along such other lines as may fit them for the active duties of life The home shall ever be kept and maintained as a non-sectarian institution

Section 11 The courts of quarter sessions may upon proper petition commit boys to the said home after proper hearing and in their findings shall determine the places of legal settlement of such boys and shall in their judgment decree by whom the expense of the commitment and of their support and maintenance shall be borne whether by the county the poor district where the legal settlement may be or by the relatives of the boys and the decree so made shall have all the force and effect of judgments entered in pursuance of other process and in the case of individuals shall be enforceable by attachment

Section 12 Boys committed to the home shall be subject to the rules and regulations prescribed by the trustees of the institution and shall remain in the institution until they reach the age of eighteen years unless it shall be found before they reach such age that their presence may be detrimental and injurious to the morals of the home If however in the judgment of the superintendent of the home it appears to be to the interest and welfare of the boy to remain in the home his term may be extended by the trustees for an added two years or until he may reach the age of twenty years

During the years of their commitment to the said home each boy shall be subject to such military training as may be prescribed by the trustees of the home

Section 13 After the buildings of the home shall have been completed and accepted by the commission and by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction the Governor shall appoint a board of trustees composed of nine citizens of the Commonwealth The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall at all time be ex-officio a member of the board with voice and vote on all matters coming before the board. The members of the board shall be appointed for the following terms and shall serve until their successors are appointed three persons to serve for three years three persons to serve for two years and three persons to serve for one year and thereafter the Governor shall annually appoint three persons to fill the vacancies occasioned by the expiration of the terms of appointment and he shall fill by appointment for the unexpired term any other vacancy in the board

The members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services as such but each shall receive the expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his duties

Section 14 Upon the appointment of the board of trustees the building commission shall turn over to the board of trustees the home with all personal property connected therewith including all books papers and documents pertaining thereto Thereafter the board and their duly appointed successors shall have sole charge and management of the institution The board shall prepare rules and regulations for the government of the home

Section 15 All contracts for the equipment of the home shall be entered into only after competitive bidding and upon the contract or executing a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount with surety or sureties to be approved by the board of trustees conditioned for the faithful performance of the terms of the contract

Section 16 All payments made on account of the purchase of land or on account of any contract for the erection of the buildings comprising said home shall be by warrants drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn until the building commission or a majority thereof shall have certified to the Auditor General in writing that the terms of the contract have been faithfully complied with and that the work for which payment is to be made by the warrant has been approved and accepted by the commission or a majority thereof No work done in pursuance of any contract shall be approved and accepted until a majority of the members of the board shall have personally inspected the work Payments shall be made for expenses maintenance and other purposes only by warrants similiary drawn and certified to

Section 17 The board of trustees shall elect annually from its membership a president a secretary and a treasurer and a superintendent who shall be under its direction and control The superintendent shall have authority to make temporary appointments and to suspend any employe subject to the ratification of the board at its next meeting All teachers and other employes shall be selected by the board of trustees and their compensation shall be fixed by the board

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 366, as follows:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three so as to fix the compensation of the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or houses in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three which reads as follows

"Section 3 The board shall appoint a committee of five to act as the committee on lunacy The two professional members appointed under this act shall be members of that committee and three members shall constitute a quorum The committee shall choose a chairman and secretary to serve for the current year and annually thereafter in November The secretary shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars ($3,000) with necessary incidental expenses to be accompanied with proper vouchers payable quarterly by the State Treasurer and he may be removed at the pleasure of the board of public charities" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 3 The board shall appoint a committee of five to act as the committee on lunacy The two professional members appointed under this act shall be members of that committee and three members shall constitute a quorum The committee shall annually choose in the month of November a chairman and a secretary The secretary shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000) with necessary incidental expenses payable monthly by the State Treasurer The secretaary may be removed at the pleasure of the board of public charities

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 491, as follows:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to marriage licenses providing for officers therein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section three of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to marriage licenses providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred five entitled "An Act to further amend an act entitled 'An Act relating to marriage licenses providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry' approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five empowering notaries public to inquire of parties intending to marry touching the legality of their contemplated marriage and administer oaths to them" which reads as follows

"The clerk of the court shall inquire of the parties applying either separately or together for marriage license as aforesaid on oath or affirmation relative to the legality of the contemplated marriage the age of the parties the consent of parents or guardians of such as are under the full age of twenty-one years and any prior marriage or marriages and its or their dissolution and if there be no legal objection thereto he shall grant such marriage license or the parties intending marriage may either separately or together appear before any magistrate alderman notary public or justice of the peace of the township ward or county wherein either of the contracting parties resides and in the county where the license is desired who may and is hereby authorized to inquire of them touching the legality of their contemplated marriage the age of the parties the consent of parents or guardians when required and such prior marriage and dissolution thereof and such inquiries and the answers thereto having been subscribed and sworn to by the parties before such officer may be forwarded to the clerk of the court who if satisfied after an examination thereof that the same is genuine and that no legal objection to the contemplated marriage exists shall grant a license therefor and if any of the persons intending to marry by virtue of such licenses shall be under twenty-one years of age the consent of their parents or guardians shall be personally given before such clerk or certified under the hand of such parents or guardian attested by two adult witnesses and the signature of such parent or guardian shall be properly acknowledged before a notary public or other officer competent under the laws to receive acknowledgements which said certificate and oath shall be filed of record in said office and entry of the same shall be made by the said clerk on the marriage license docket as a part of the records of the issuing of said license and for which he shall receive as his fee the sum of fifty cents in addition to the marriage license fee and the said magistrate alderman notary public or justice of the peace for services rendered by him under the provisions of this act shall be entitled to fifty cents" is further amended to read as follows

The clerk of the court shall inquire of the parties applying either separately or together for marriage license as aforesaid on oath or affirmation relative to the legality of the contemplated marriage the age of the parties the consent of parents or guardians of such as are under the full age of twenty-one years and any prior marriage or marriages and its or their dissolution and if there be no legal objection thereto he shall grant such marriage license or the parties intending marriage may either separately or together appear before any magistrate alderman notary jublic or justice of the peace of the township ward or county wherein either of the contracting parties resides and in the county where the license is desired who may and is hereby authorized to inquire of them touching the legality of their contemplated marriage under the age of the parties the consent of parents or guardians when required and such prior marriage and dissolution thereof and such inquiries and the answers thereto having been subscribed and sworn to by the parties before such officer may be forwarded to the clerk of the court who if satisfied after an examination thereof that the same is genuine and that no legal objection to the contemplated marriage exists shall grant a license therefor If any of the persons intending to marry by virtue of such license shall be under twenty-one years of age the consent of their parents or guardians shall be personally given before such clerk or certified under the hand of such parent or guardian attested by two adult witnesses and the signature of such parents or guardians shall be properly acknowledged before a notary public or other officer competent under the laws to receive acknowledgments The certificate and oath shall be filed of record in said office and entry of the same shall be made by the said clerk on the marriage license docket as a part of the records of the issuing of said license and for which he shall receive as his fee the sum of fifty cents in addition to the marriage license fee When any such minor has no guardian and the judge of the orphans' court is absent or not accessible for any reason the clerk of orphans' court or a duly appointed assistant clerk of said court may appoint for such minor or guardian pro hac vice A magistrate alderman notary public or justice of the peace for services rendered by him under the provisions of this act shall be entitled to fifty cents

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 582 (House Bill No. 747), entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 583 (House Bill No. 785), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 634, as follows:

An Act giving to banks bankers and trust companies in case of insolvency of any depositor therein or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositor or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency assignment for the benefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank banker or trust company upon any promissory note bill or exchange letter of credit or other indebtedness in any form whether or not the same has then matured

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act every bank banker and trust company shall have a lien upon the balance appearaing upon his their or its books to the credit of any person firm or corporation having a deposit with such bank banker or trust company whenever such depositor shall be declared insolvent under any law of this Commonwealth or of the United States or shall whether insolvent in fact or not make an assignment for the benefit of his their or its creditors or a receiver or receivers shall be appointed by the decree of any court to take charge of the property of such depositor to the extent that such depositor may be then liable to the bank banker or trust company upon any promissory note bill of exchange letter of credit or other indebtedness in any form whether or not the same has then matured

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 666, as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending section eleven of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by conferring jurisdiction on the court in certain additional criminal actions involving and including forgery kidnapping perjury rape and robbery and by conferrng exclusive jurisdiction upon the said court in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all persons adults or minors accused of disorderly street-walking and in all proceedings or trials of charges brought against all minors between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one years absenting themselves from school or who shall disobey their parents' command or be found idle in the streets and against all disorderly children and defining disorderly children and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eleven of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 11 The said court hereby created shall have jurisdiction in all criminal actions and suits for penalties except that it shall not have jurisdiction in the trial of indictments for arson v forgery kidnapping murder voluntary manslaughter perjury rape robbery treason or misprision of treason of for violating or conspiracy to violate the election or registration laws of this Commonwealth or for criminal libel or for embezzlement by any public officer or any offense involving breach of official duties by any public officer

The jurisdiction of the said municipal court shall be exclusive—

(a) In all proceedings brought against any husband or father wherein it is charged that he has without reasonable cause separated himself from his wife or children or from both or has neglected to maintain his wife or children and in all proceedings where any child of full age has neglected or shall neglect to maintain his or her parents not able to work or of sufficient ability to maintain themselves and in all proceedings for the custody of children

(b) In all proceedings concerning dependent delinquent or neglected children as defined by existing laws relating thereto which are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court

The judges of the said municipal court shall be ex-officio justices of the peace When defendants are bound over for trial in any case indictments may be presented against them before the grand jury in accordance with existing laws whic hindictments may be tried within existing courts or in the municipal court as the case may be Provided however That if it shall be decided by the courts that provisions herein for exclusive jurisdiction in the municipal court or for abolishing preliminary hearings in certain cases are unconstitutional the intent of the Legislature is hereby expressed that said provisions only shall be void and that all other provisions of this act shall be valid and enforceable be and the same is hereby amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 11 The said court hereby created shall have jurisdiction in all criminal actions and suits for penalties except that it shall not have jurisdiction in the trial of indictments for arson burglary murder voluntary manslaughter treason or misprision of treason or for violation or conspiracy to violate the election or registration laws of this Commonwealth or for embezzlement by any public officer or any offense invilving breach of official duties by any public officer Provided however That nothing herein contained and no exception to the jurisdiction of the said court herein set forth shall be construed to deprive the said court of exclusive jurisdiction in those cases hereinafter in this section set forth

The jurisdiction of the said municipal court shall be exclusive

(a) In all proceedings brought against any husband or father wherein it is charged that he has without reasonable cause separated himself from his wife or children or from both or has neglected to maintain his wife or children and in all proceedings where any child of full age has neglected or shall neglect to maintain his or her parents not able to work or of sufficient ability to maintain themselves and in all proceedings for the custody of children

(b) In all proceedings concerning dependent delinquent or neglected children as defined by existing laws relating thereto which are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court

(c) In all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all persons whether adults or minors accused of disorderly street walking

(d) In all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all minors between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one years who shall disobey their parents' command or be found idle in the streets and against all disorderly children

(e) All children not under the age of sixteen years deserting their homes without good and sufficient cause or keeping company with dissolute or vicious persons against the lawful commands of their fathers mothers or guardians or other person standing in the place of a parent shall be deemed disorderly children

The judges of the said municipal court shall be ex-officio justices of the peace When defendants are bound over for trial in any case indictments may be presented against them before the grand jury in accordance with existing laws which indictments may be tried either in existing courts or in the municipal court as the case may be Provided however That if it shall be decided by the courts that provisions herein for exclusive jurisdiction in the municipal court or for abolishing preliminary hearings in certain cases are unconstitutional the intent of the Legislature is hereby expressed that said provisions only shall be void and that all other provisions of this act shall be valid and enforceable

Section 2 Be it further enacted That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 683 (House Bill No. 1012), as follows:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the amount of bond to be given by county officers in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census shall be as follows

Of the clerk of the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace ten thousand dollars

Of the county commissioners ten thousand dollars each

Of the county controller fifty thousand dollars

Of the coroner fifteen thousand dollars

Of the register of wills thirty thousand dollars

Of the prothonotary forty thousand dollars

Of the recorder twenty thousand dollars

Of the sheriff sixty thousand dollars

Of the county treasurer two hundred thousand dollars

Section 2 The sureties to be furnished by such county officers on said bonds shall be one or more surety companies authorized to do business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and approved by the Insurance Commissioner and the premiums for such bonds shall be paid out of the county treasury Each of said bonds shall be conditioned for the faithful discharge by such county officer of all trusts confided in him and of all duties required of him by law for the faithful accounting and payment according to law of all money received by him and shall be taken in the name of the proper county and shall be for the use of the county and of the Commonwealth and for the use of such other party or parties for whom he shall collect or receive money as the interest of each shall appear in case of a breach of the conditions thereof Provided That nothing herein contained shall affect the bonds required to be given by the county treasurer of such county to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, under section thirty-four of an act of Assembly approved April fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four and such bonds shall continue to be given and paid for in the manner provided for by such law The custody of each of said bonds shall belong to the county controller of the proper county except the bond of the county controller the custody of which shall belong to the county commissioners of the proper county A copy of any of said bonds certified by the county controller or the clerk to the county commissioners as the case may be shall be competent evidence thereof in any judicial proceeding

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent with the provisons of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 702 (House Bill No. 488), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profit derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the associatoin in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideratio nof Senate Bill No. 729, as follows:

An Act providing for the return of seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs townships or incorporated towns for non-payment of taxes and providing for the sale of such lands

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That return of taxes assessed by the authorities of any county poor district borough township or incorporated town against seated lands in such district or political subdivision may be made by the proper tax collector to the commissioners of the several counties on or before the first day of February of the year succeeding that in which the taxes were assessed whenever personal property cannot be found thereon sufficient to pay such taxes and the owner or owners of such lands neglect or refuse to pay the same after notice given as provided by law

Section 2 Whenever any such taxes so returned shall not be paid within two years after the date of the assessment thereof the said seated lands charged therewith may be advertised and sold by the proper county treasurer at the same time and in the same manner and with the same effect as unseated lands are now sold for unpaid taxes

Section 3 The provisions of sections one and two of this act shall be in addition to the method provided by the act of June four one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" relative to tax liens and the preservation and prosecution thereof

Section 4 The act of May twenty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-fixe) entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" be and the same is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 730, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses describing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses describing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven which as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses describing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof'" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars per annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city Provided however That the payment of a minimum salary shall not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and property sworn to Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent two or more counties or any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the chief of the bureau of standards Provided further In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the said city may be located Any inspector appointed in pursuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement The county and city inspectors of weights and measures as appointed by the respective counties and cities shall hold their office during good behavior and shall not be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for inefficiency incapacity conduct unbecoming employes or other just cause and until the said officials shall have been furnished with written statements of the reason for such removal discharge or reduction and shall have been given reasonable time to make written answer thereto Nor shall such removal discharge or reduction be made until the charge or charges shall have been examined into and found true in fact by the appointing power of such county or city at a hearing upon reasonable notice to the person charged at which time he may be represented by counsel and offer testimony or witnesses in his own behalf It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars per annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city Provided however That the payment of a minimum salary shall not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and properly sworn to Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent two or more counties or any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the chief of the bureau of standards Provided further In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the said city may be located Any inspector appointed in pursuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 738, as follows:

An Act validating certain proceedings appraising and setting aside of property under article two of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estate of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all appraisements and setting aside of property real or personal made by two appraisers before the twenty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen under article two of section one of an act approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estate of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" are if otherwise lawful hereby validated and made as good in law as if they had been made by three appraisers

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 751, as follows:

An Act to repeal the eighth section of an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-four one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" together with the amendment thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the eighth section of an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-four one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" together with the amendment thereof approved and twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved June twenty-four one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five' which was approved May five one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" which reads as follows

"Section 8 Whenever hereafter four or more judges of the Superior Court are to be elected for the same term of service and whenever after the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and nine two or more judges of said court are to be elected for the same term of service each elector may vote for as many persons less one as there are judges to be chosen at said election" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 787, as follows:

An Act providing that hereafter proceedings in equity may be commenced without first filing a bill in equity by the issuance of a writ of summons which shall be issued by the prothonotary in the form prescribed by law for writs of summons in personal actions at law and describing the cause as a proceeding in equity and unless and until otherwise provided by the Supreme Court equity rules such summons shall be returnable and shall be served as writs of summons in personal actions at law are returnable and are served

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter proceedings in equity may be commenced without first filing a bill in equity by the issuance of a writ of summons which shall be issued by the prothonotary in the form prescribed by law for writs of summons in personal actions at law and describing the cause as a proceeding in equity and unless and until otherwise provided by the Supreme Court equity rules such summons shall be returnable and shall be served as writs of summons in personal actions at law are returnable and are served

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 840, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the sale distribution and use for the promotion of biological science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery of unclaimed animals in the public pounds and providing penalties for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of this act

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 845, as follows:

An Act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the expense incurred by a public officer or by any of his assistants or clerks for suretyship upon the bond given by such public officer or any of his assistants or clerks shall be allowed such public officer as a part of the expense of his office and paid him out of the funds from which such expenses are paid Provided That such expense shall not exceed one-half of one per centum per annum on the amount of such bond and shall be payable by him to a company authorized under the laws of this State to become surety on such bond and Provided further That nothing in this section shall affect the operation of the act of General Assembly approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act requiring the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings to procure and pay for the various bonds required by statute to be given by State officials and employes to the Commonwealth for the faithful performance of the duties"

Section 2 Any surety or the personal representative of any surety upon the official bond of any State county municipal or other public officer who is by the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania or by law ordinance rule or regulation required to give such bond may be discharged from further liability as such surety upon application by petition to the court judge officer board or other person or persons or body having authority to approve such bond who shall thereupon immediately by order reciting such application require such public officer to furnish a new bond in the same manner as if none had ever been given by him within thirty days after personal service of such order Such personal service may be made either within or without the State by the said court judge officer board or other person or persons or body or by any person authorized by them or at their request by the surety or any agent or representative of the surety When such new bond is given and approved according to law in compliance with said order the surety on the prior bond shall remain liable for acts or defaults occurring prior thereto but shall be discharged from all further liability for the acts or defaults of said officer which may be done or committed subsequent to the approval of such new bond The office of any State county municipal or other public officer shall become vacant at the expiration of ninety days from personal service as aforesaid if the officer shall not have complied with such order by filing new bond and the said vacancy shall be filled as provided by law in case of death resignation or removal This provision shall be mandatory

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 846, as follows:

An Act to trust funds and property surety bonds given to secure the same and payment of premiums thereon and the discharge of sureties thererunder

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any receiver assignee guardian trustee committee executor administrator curator or other fiduiciary or party of whom a bond undertaking or other obligation is required may agree and arrange with his surety or sureties for the deposit for safe keeping of any or all moneys assets and other property for which he is or may be responsible with a bank savings bank safe deposit or trust company authorized by law to do business as such and in such manner as to prevent the withdrawal or alienation of such moneys assets or other property or any part thereof without the written consent of such surety or sureties or an order of the court or a judge thereof made on such notice to such surety or sureties as the court or judge may direct

Section 2 Any receiver assignee guardian committee trustee executor administrator or other fiduciary required by law or the order of any court of judge to give a bond or obligation as such may include as a part of the lawful expense of executing his trust such reasonable sum paid a company authorized so to do for becoming his surety on such bond or obligation as may be allowed by the court in which he is required to account or a judge thereof not exceeding however one per centum per annum on the amount of such bond or obligation and in all actions or proceedings the party entitled to recover costs may include therein and recover such reasonable sum as may have been paid such company by such party for executing or guaranteeing any bond undertaking or obligation therein

Section 3 The surety or sureties or representative of any surety or sureties upon the bond heretofore or hereafter executed of any trustee committee guardian assignee receiver executor administrator or other fiduciary shall be entitled as a matter of right to be and shall be discharged from liability as hereinafter provided and to that end may on notice to the principal named in such bond apply to the court that accepted such bond or to the court of which the judge which accepted such bond is a member or to any judge thereof praying to be relieved from liability as such surety or sureties for the act or ommission of such principal occurring after the date of the order relieving such surety or sureties hereinafter provided for and that such principal be required to account and give new sureties Such notice of such application may be served on such principal personally within or without the State not less than five days prior to the date on which such application is to be made unless it satisfactorily appears to the court or a judge thereof that personal notice cannot be given with due diligence within the State in which case notice may be given in such manner as the court or a judge thereof directs Pending the hearing of such application the court or judge may restrain such principal from acting except to preserve the trust estate until further order Upon the hearing of such application if the principal does not file a new bond in the usual form to the satisfaction of the court or judge the court or judge must make an order requiring the principal to file a new bond within such reasonable time not exceeding five days as the court or judge in such order fixes If such new bond shall be filed upon such hearing or within the time fixed by said order the court or judge must thereupon make a decree or order requiring the principal to account for all his acts and proceeding to and including the date of such order and to file such account within the time fixed not exceeding twenty days and releasing the surety or sureties making such application from liability upon the bond for any act or defaults of the principal subsequent to the date of such decree or order If the principal fails so to file such new bond within the time specified a decree or order must be made revoking the appointment of such principal or removing him and requiring him to so account and file such account within twenty days If the principal fails to file his account as in this section provided such surety or sureties or representatives thereof may make and file such account with like force and effect as though made and filed by such principal and upon the settlement thereof credit shall be given for all commission costs disbursements and allowances to which the principal would be entitled were he accounting and allowance shall be made to such surety or sureties or representatives for the expense incurred in so filing such account and procuring the settlement thereof And after the filing of an account as required or permitted in this section the court or judge must upon a petition of the principal or surety or sureties or the representatives of such surety or sureties issue an order requiring all persons interested in the estate or trust fund to attend a settlement of such account at a time and place therein specified and upon the trust fund or estate being found or made good and paid over or properly secured the surety or sureties shall be discharged from any and all further liability and the court or judge shall settle determine and enforce the rights and liabilities of all parties to the proceeding in like manner and to the same extent as in actions for accounting in the orphans court or court of common pleas sitting in equity And upon demand made in writing by the principal such surety or sureties or representatives thereof shall return any compensation that has been paid for the unexpired portion of such suretyship

Section 4 Whenever a trustee executor administrator guardian conservator committee receiver assignee or other fiduciary desires to have the surety on his bond released from further liability upon said bond he may petition the court in which said bond is filed for that purpose and upon ten days' written notice being given to the surety the trustee executor administrator guardian conservator committee receiver assignee or other fiduciary shall at a time to be fixed by the court settle and adjust his accounts and file in such court a new bond in such penalty and security as may be approved by the court which being done the surety shall be discharged from all liability on such bond

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 35, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 214, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale for agricultural purpose of crushed limestone lime gypsum and related products defining said products and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 248 (House Bill No. 103), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act to promote and encourage manufacturing within the Commonwealth by exempting machinery therein from State and local taxation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifteen entitled "An Act concerning divorces"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 602 (House Bill No. 547), entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 648 (House Bill No. 517), entitled:

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 649 (House Bill No. 680), entitled:

An Act relative to estate of decedents

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 650 (House Bill No. 725), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 671 (House Bill No. 870), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 693, entitled:

An Act requiring products of crude petroleum and compounds containing the same to be so branded or marked as to indicate the kind and grade of such petroleum from which the same are derived or manufactured and providing penalties for a violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 705 (House Bill No. 1009), entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 712, entitled:

An Act relating to the employment of teachers in certain branches of vocational education

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 713, entitled:

An Act relating to Public Evening Schools in school districts of the second third and fourth classes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 722 (House Bill No. 743), entitled:

An Act authorizing the orphans' court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 761 (House Bill No. 336), entitled:

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information fixing their compensation therefor and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 765 (House Bill No. 941), entitled:

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one and regulating the making of certain reports and a statement to the Auditor General for the purposes of taxation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 765 (House Bill No. 941), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 772 (House Bill No. 955), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 773 (House Bill No. 1023), entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 780 (House Bill No. 792), entitled:

An Act for the encouragement of agriculture and the holding of agriculture exhibitions providing State aid for certain agricultural associations and regulating the payment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 780 (House Bill No. 792), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 781 (House Bill No. 1048), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 782 (House Bill No. 1100), entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 801, entitled:

An Act regulating the manufacture and sale and use of insecticides and fungicides and imposing certain duties on the Secretary of Agriculture the Commissioner of Forestry and the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College and making an appropriation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 801, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 802, entitled:

An Act relating to payment of cost of tuition text books and school supplies in cases in which inmates of orphan asylums childrens' homes institutions and other similar institutions attend the public school

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 805, entitled:

An Act limiting the time within which to begin actions in trespass for malicious prosecution and false imprisonment to one year and conspiracy to three years after the injury complained of

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 819, entitled:

An Act authorizing Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer his wife citizens of Cambria county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera- of Senate Bill No. 828 (House Bill No. 910), entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States Census

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 829 (House Bill No. 942), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine

And said bill having ben read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 829 (House Bill No. 942), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 834 (House Bill No. 1105), entitled:

An Act authorizing Jennie Clay Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 835 (House Bill No. 1108), entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 842, entitled:

An Act authorizing Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 857, entitled:

An Act to provide for just compensation to the Commonwealth and to persons and corporations for loss or damage to property by fire proximately caused by the operation of locomotive engines on railroads in this State by making railroad corporations responsible for all such loss and damage irrespective of the existence or non-existence of negligence on their part, in cases where such fires arise within one hundred feet of the railroads or rights of way owned or operated by such corporatons, outside of the territorial limits of cities and boroughs.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 857, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Railroads for the purpose of a hearing. hearing.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President. I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, and gentlemen of the Senate, I hope you will object to this. This bill has been reported out and I wish you would let it come on second reading and third reading and discuss it there. Two years ago the bill that I had in was heard by the railroad companies, and was reported out, and it was a much more vicious bill than this is. It shifted the burden of proof, and after I introduced the bill this year, the Attorney-General objected to it and he prepared this bill that we have at the present time. I agreed to drop mine and presented this bill, and it only holds the railroad companies responsible in case the fire originated upon their right of way, but the burden of proof is upon the party who has property destroyed, while the other bill called for the burden of proof upon the railroads.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr President, the motion I make is made at the suggestion of people who are interested in the passage of this bill who desire to be heard before the Committee. I do not know whether there has been a hearing on this bill or not. I would say to the Senator if he will permit it to be recommitted on second reading, I have no objection to its going over to second reading.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. HILTON. Mr President, I would like to ask the gentleman if he recommits this bill on second reading whether he will agree to recommit it to the Committee on Judiciary General from which it came.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I see no objections.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, the bill was reported from the Judiciary General Committee, and if it is recommitted on second reading, it should be recommitted to that Committee.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I have no objections to the bill going to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, we will let it go to second reading.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I withdraw the motion.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 874 (House Bill No. 1192), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred and one by designating the counties of Cameron and Elk as the twenty-fifth district and attaching the county of Clinton to the fifty-fifth district

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 923, entitled:

An Act giving the Orphans' Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over the distribution by executors trustees or others holding property in trust for charitable uses objects and purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust and providing that in case any object of charity or charitable institution in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is discriminated against in the said distribution that said object of charity or charitable institutions may present its petition to the Orphans' Court having jurisdiction of the funds to be distributed alleging the facts under oath, that they believe they are discriminated against or about to be discriminated against in the distribution by said executors, or trustees or others holding property in trust for charitable uses, objects or purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust; the said court upon the presentation of said petition shall have power to hear evidence or appoint a master to take the testimony and report to the court and if the court is of the opinion that said petitioner has been discriminated against or is about to be discriminated against in said distribution the court shall have the power to make distribution of the said funds in lieu of the distribution as made or suggested to be made by the executors trustees or others holding such fund, and to direct who shall pay the costs, and providing that any party aggrieved by order or decree of the court shall have the right to appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court, and repealing all inconsistent laws.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 928, entitled:

An Act relating to the mayors of third class cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 941, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to make the proviso to section thirteen of said act operative where two or more candidates for the office of judge of any court of record consisting of several judges are to be elected at one election

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

NOMINATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

COMMISSIONER OF VALLEY FORGE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, George J. Elliott, of the City of Philadelphia, to be a Commissioner of Valley Forge, to serve until April 20, 1919, vice W. U. Hensil, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER from the Committee on Judiciary Special re-reported as committee, Senate Bill No. 155, entitled:

An Act defining and regulating boxing and wrestling contents.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 930, entitled:

An Act relating to the calling in certain cases of judges registered in the "Judicial Assignment Register," of the Supreme Court to districts other than their own; and providing for their compensation.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 972, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled, "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth, to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches, joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river, creek or rivulet, and "providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

RECESS.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 586 (Senate Bill No. 973), entitled:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 832 (Senate Bill No. 974), entitled:

An Act to provide for the person upon whom service of all legal processes shall be made in the case of foreign insurance companies transacting business in this Commonwealth requiring the designation of the Insurance Commissioner for such service prescrbiing the method of service and repealing existing laws

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

House Bill No. 1198 (Senate Bill No. 975), entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five' by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population and increasing the salaries of the county commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum"

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County seats.

House Bill No. 1266 (Senate Bill No. 976), entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Department of Health to establish and maintain a place of detention and treatment for lepers on the state forest reserve or elsewhere and making an appropriation therefor

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 1311 (Senate Bill No. 977), entitled:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million, a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes; prescribing their powers and duties; and abolishing the office of ward, borough and township assessors, in so far as respects the assessment of State, and county taxes," as heretofore amended and supplemented, imposing certain duties on the Board and on burgesses of boroughs, township commissioners and supervisors, and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury.

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County seats.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 572.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 978, entitled:

An Act fixing the number, compensation, mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment, term of office and manner of filling vacancies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 513, RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 513, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives, and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

In section 1 in line 10 by striking out the word "either;" also in line 10 by striking out the words "or by his individual name;" also in 16 by striking out the words "and this power and authority conferred by this act to enter such satisfaction shall not in any way be impaired or affected by the fact that the person who executed and delivered such power of attorney or the person named or designated therein as attorney or both of them may have in the meantime died."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 326 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also presented for concurrence Bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amended. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives, and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

In the title, in line 1, by striking out after the word "five" the word "and"; also in line 1, by inserting after the word "six" the words "and seven"; also in line 15, by striking out after the word "ninety" the words "changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assesors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof;" also in section 1 in line 4, by striking out after the word "of" the words "the said" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "an"; also in line 5, by inserting after the word "eleven" the words "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water-rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" also in line 42 by striking out the word "probably" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "probable;" also in line 45 by striking out the word "council" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "mayor to be transmitted to the council;" also in line 46 by striking out the words "required by council" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "fixed by the mayor and council;" also in line 57 by striking out the words "the amendment thereto" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "an act;" also in line 59 by inserting after the word "thirteen" the words "An Act to amend sections three and seven of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water-rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to certain matters herein provided for' approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven" also in line 77 by inserting after the word "meter" the word "service;" also in line 83 by inserting after the word "year" the words "and ascertain the amount of water used in each year;" also in line 88 by inserting after the word "two" the figure "(2)"; also in line 188 by striking out the word "what" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "which;" also in line 220 by striking out the word "part" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "party;" also in line 222 by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "to;" also in line 246 by striking out the word "what" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "which;" also in line 322 by inserting after the word "eleven" the words "as amended by the amendment thereto approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen;" also in line 385 by striking out after the word "property" the words "subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "for the amount of such taxes or water-rents together with all penalties herein provided and advertising costs."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows:

YAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hackett,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. [illegible],
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

The majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR, SENATE BILL NO. 369.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 369.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 369.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I voted "Aye."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I voted "Aye."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I voted "Aye."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I voted "Aye."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title in line 3, before "trays" by inserting the word "and" and striking out the words "and measures"; also section 1, in line 5, after the word "baskets" where it first occurs by inserting the word "or" and striking out the words "or measures"; also in the same line, after the second word "baskets" by inserting the word "or" and striking out after the word "trays" the words "or measures."

Also in line 6, by striking out the word "measures;" also in Section 6, y striking out the entire section and inserting in lieu thereof the following: Section 6. That whenever vegetables grapes or fruits are sold or offered for sale in quart boxes or quart retainers of any kind the cubical contents of such boxes or containers shall be sixty-seven and one-fifth cubic inches; also in section 8, in line 1, by striking out the words "or measure" and inserting in line 1, after the word "basket" the word "or;" also in section 9, in line 2, by inserting after the word "baskets" the word "or;" also in line 3, by striking out the words "or measures;" also in line 10, by inserting after the word "basket" the words "or;" also in line 10, by striking out the words "or measures;" also in line 12, by inserting after the word "basket" striking out the words "or measure;" also in line 15, by inserting after the word "basket" the word "or;" and after the word "tray" in line 15, by striking out the words "or measures."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 978, entitled:

An Act fixing the number, compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight, section four of article thirteen and article eighteen of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the 2nd day of June, A. D. 1891.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator from Crawford, Mr. Smith, will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, on April 7, by an error, I am recorded as voting for Senate Bill No. 694 and Senate Bill No. 695, whereas I was absent from my seat at the time and did not vote.

The PRESIDENT. The statement of the Senator will be entered upon the journal.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 969, entitled:

An Act providing a method to locate and erect new bridges to take the place of the existing bridges crossing railroads or railways; to change location of such bridges and roads connecting therewith; to vacate old and existing bridges and roads connecting with the same; authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking; providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred by such construction; and authorizing the payment of the same by State county borough township and railroad company as may be determined.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane at Allentown, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 656, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania, located at Harrisburg.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 367, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, situated in the Township of Coal, near Shamokin, Northumberland County, Pennsylvania; for its maintenance and support for the two fiscal years beginning June 1st, 1915, for the erection and completion of Burnt Ward finishing Nurses' Home and furnishing and equipping same; Pathological Laboratory, Drug room and Superintendent's Home, furniture, furnishings repairs and improvements of the above; and providing the manner of payment of said appropriation.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 664, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania, at South Mounatin, Wernersville, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 836 (House Bill No. 1131), entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney-General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 10:55 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday morning, April 20, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, April 19th, 1915.

The House met at 8:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for the power of thought in the human mind, a thought made visible in literature, in science, in art, in music, in paintings, in laws, in government and in massive buildings, this building, with its beautiful architecture, with its paintings and marble columns, gold bedecked chandeliers, ceilings and frescoes. O God, deeply impress upon our minds the thought that this great building is a thought made visible and at one time was in the mind of a young man, the noted architect. We pray Thee that Thou wouldst deeply impress us with the thought of the value of the human mind, its vastness, its depth, its heighth, its eternity, from which come thoughts to be made visible in problems to be solved in which millions of people are interested and in deeds filled with blessings which shall benefit humanity and generations yet unborn. Help us, then, to-night to realize the value of thought that we have in our minds and when we make our thoughts visible, what kind of buildings shall be built through them. We ask throught Christ. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, April 15th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, April 15th, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Myers, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 225 (House Bill No. 1549).

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten and twelve of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to one thousand dollars ($1,000) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims divorce and all habeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve (12) wherever it appears to the word "clerk."

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 136 (House Bill No. 1550).

An Act providing for a State association of county controllers and deputy county controllers and for the meetings thereof and providing for the payment by the counties of the expenses thereof."

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 14 (House Bill No. 1551).

An Act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital Kittanning Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 33 (House Bill No. 1552).

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the City of Erie Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 37 (House Bill No. 1553).

An Act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 41 (House Bill No. 1554).

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 42 (House Bill No. 1555).

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association Incorporated of Allegheny County Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 67 (House Bill No. 1556).

An Act making an appropriation to the Mary M. Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 70 (House Bill No. 1557).

An Act making an appropriatoin to the Saint Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Lehigh County Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 76 (House Bill No. 1558).

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 83 (House Bill No. 1559).

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland county at Greensburg Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 95 (House Bill No. 1560).

An Act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 100 (House Bill No. 1561).

An Act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital Franklin Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 102 (House Bill No. 1562).

An Act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 109 (House Bill No. 1563).

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 120 (House Bill No. 1564).

An Act relating to the State Police force.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 165 (House Bill No. 1565).

An Act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 223 (House Bill No. 1566).

An Act making an appropriation to the Evangelical Home for the Aged in the City of Philadelphia.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 226 (House Bill No. 1567).

An Act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 241 (House Bill No. 1568).

An Act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 257 (House Bill No. 1569).

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver County Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 258 (House Bill No. 1570).

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 299 (House Bill No. 1571).

An Act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh County Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 348 (House Bill No. 1572).

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon County.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 349 (House Bill No. 1573).

An Act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 374 (House Bill No. 1574).

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of the North Side City of Pittsburgh.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 403 (House Bill No. 1575).

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home of New Brighton Beaver County Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 434 (House Bill No. 1576).

An Act making an appropriation to the Monroe County Hospital located at Stroudsburg Monroe County Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 472 (House Bill No. 1577).

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home at South Bethlehem Salisbury Township Lehigh County Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 527 (House Bill No. 1578).

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed under and by the authority of an act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" and authorizing the passage of an ordinance amending an original ordinance where the route of any sewer has been changed during the course of its construction.

Which was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 529 (House Bill No. 1579).

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred thirty-nine Queen Street Germantown, Philadelphia Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 552 (House Bill No. 1580).

An Act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the City of Philadelphia.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 652 (House Bill No. 1581).

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several department boards and commissioners of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same."

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Buildings.

Senate Bill No. 655 (House Bill No. 1582).

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 741 (House Bill No. 1583).

An Act refunding to the executor of the estate of Charles C. Cox deceased certain moneys by him paid into the State Treasury upon a bequest to the Malinda Cox Free Library of Doylestown Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 786 (House Bill No. 1584).

An Act amending section number one thousand four hundred and two of Article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven.

Which was referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 797 (House Bill No. 1585).

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 798 (House Bill No. 1586).

An Act to legalize the erection construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeviille acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 799 (House Bill No. 1587).

A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the Second Regiment Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held at San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing that such officers and enlisted men of said regiment as participate in said exposition shall be paid the same per diem pay of officers and men and such allowances in connection with the annual encampment as are paid from State funds which they would receive at the annual encampment.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 340 (House Bill No. 1588).

An Act to enable foreign religious and charitable corporations which have been incorporated and are carried on not for purposes of profit but for a purely and strictly religious or charitable purpose to hold real estate in this Commonwealth.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. VICKERMAN presented the petition of the State of Pennsylvania Sabbath School Association, signed by 180,000 boys and girls, from nine to twenty years of age, praying for the passage of the Williams Local Option Bill.

Mr. TRACH presented the petition of voters of Northampton County favoring local option.

Mr. RININGER presented the petition of sundry citizens of the First District of Blair County, favoring local option.

Mr. PHILLIPS presented the petition of sundry citizens of Clearfield County, favoring local option.

Mr. McCURDY presented the petition of sundry citizens of Blair County, favoring local option.

Mr. METZENBACHER presented the petition of sundry citizens of Crawford County, favoring local option.

Mr. WYLIE presented the petition of the Members of the Golden Rule Class, First United Presbyterian Church of Wilkinsburg, Pa. favoring local option.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of the Charleston Valley Grange, favoring local option.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the several petitions of sundry organizations and citizens of Tioga County, favoring local option.

Mr. BROWNLEE presented the several petitions of various churches of Washington County, favoring local option.

Mr. GINGERY presented the petition of sundry citizens of Clearfield County, praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. HOLLERN presented the petitions of sundry citizens of Cambria County favoring local option.

Mr. RAMSEY presented the petition of sundry citizens of Delaware County, favoring local option.

Mr. LANIUS presented the petition of sundry citizens of York County, favoring local option.

Mr. WOBENSMITH presented the petition of sundry citizens of the Fourteenth Legislative District, favoring local option.

Mr. MARVIN presented the petitions of sundry citizens of Tioga County, favoring local option.

Mr. WHITTEN presented communication from several churches of Homestead, favoring local option.

Mr. LEIGHNER presented petition of seven hundred railroad men, from Butler County, favoring local option.

Mr. HESS presented petition of sundry citizens of Lancaster County, favoring local option.

The SPEAKER presented petition of sundry religious organizations of Armstrong County, favoring local option.

Mr. LOVE presented the petition of sundry citizens of Westmoreland County, favoring local option.

Mr. RICH presented petition of sundry citizens of Clinton County, favoring local option.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of sundry citizens of Columbia County, favoring local option.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of sundry citizens of Valencia, Allegheny County, favoring local option.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO MOLLY PITCHER.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Washington Camp, No. 319, P. O. S. of A., Bloomsburg, favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Mr. WOBENSMITH presented petition of Washington Camp No. 50, P. O. S. of A., favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Mr. SCHAEFFER presented the petition of Washington Camp, No. 124, P. O. S. of A., Mahanoy City, favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. SCHAEFFER presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 124, P. O. S. of A., Mahanoy City, favoring the erection of a monument to the Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Mr. WOBENSMITH presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 150, P. O. S. of A., favoring the erection of a monument to the Public Schols and Founders thereof.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 319, P. O. S. of A., Bloomsburg, Pa., favoring the erection of a monument to the Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL NO. 816.

The SPEAKER presented communication from the Philadelphia Society of Friends, protesting against the passage of Senate Bill No. 816.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL NO. 188 AND HOUSE BILLS 499 AND 714.

The SPEAKER presented the communication from the Philadelphia Bourse protesting against the passage of Senate Bill No. 188 and House Bills Nos. 499 and 714.

Which were referred to the Committee on Corporations.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. McCURDY asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Dell, for the balance of the week.

Mr. WILLARD asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. WILLARD. House Bill No. 1589.

An Act providing funds and making appropriations for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the celebration of the semi-centenial anniversary of the Act of Emancipation, to be held at Chicago, Illinois, in the year 1915.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PHILLIPS asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 1590.

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers, the establishment, maintenance and protection of Game Preserves, feeding, propagation, purchase and distribution of game, leasing of land for Game Preserves, and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The private secretary of the Governor being introduced presented a communication from the Governor, which was read as follows

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 247.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed finally, be reconsidered.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading, be reconsidered

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

It was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows

Amend section 2, line 96 (page 5), by adding the following words to the end of the section: "And that the claims of creditors in this Commonwealth are not fully protected."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The private secretary of the Governor being introduced presented communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 619.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will withdraw this communication for the present.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The private secretary of the Governor being introduced presented communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 74.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 74, entitled "An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 110.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 110, entitled: "An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairmen of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid.' "

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 139.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 139, entitled "An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 120.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 120, entitled "An Act to amend sections six and eight of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward.' "

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 240.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day day approved and signed House Bill No. 240, entitled "An Act creating a reward of bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 573.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 14, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 573, entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 457.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 457, entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove the killdeer plover and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions' approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 770.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 770, entitled "An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 963.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 963, entitled "An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 850.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 850, entitled "An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term."

This bill proposes to make burgesses in boroughs eligible to succeed themselves. There may be and doubtless are many burgesses whose services are valuable and whose constituents would gladly re-elect them to office.

The act of May 23 1893, P. L. 113, renders such officers ineligible to succeed themselves. On the whole this has worked well. The people in the boroughs are accustomed to its provisions. The fear that immediate succession may in some cases work to the harm of our people and the general trend of thought in favor of one term for executives alike impel me to question the wisdom of this bill.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto be laid on the table.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Also:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 516.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 516, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses."

This bill proposes to use the funds derived from the Hunter's License Act of 1913 to increase salaries and officials in the department of Game of the Commonwealth. This is not a function to which the fees paid by hunters was dedicated in the above cited act. Moreover, it is a grave question whether this is an opportune time to increase salaries and in this manner lessen the sum to be set aside for bounties and for restocking our game preserves.

No convincing reason has been given me for such increases in the cost of administration. The wardens are, moreover, part of a general system of wardens and the increase of salaries and agents in one department is likely to be a precedent for similar action in other departments.

For these reasons, and in the hope that another bill may be speedily prepared appropriating the license fees as defined in the Act of 1913, this bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto be laid on the table.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr Speak.er, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Also:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 92.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 15th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 92, entitled "An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties."

This bill is unconstitutional and impossible. The method of collecting debts is defined by law and to make a criminal court a collecting bureau is manifestly wrong.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto be laid on the table.

Mr SULLIVAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Also:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 737.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 16th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 737, entitled "An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such companies from State taxation."

This bill contemplates the exemption of the capital stock and bonds of certain bridges from State taxation.

The Constitution (Art. IX. Section I) requires all taxes to be uniform upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax. This exemption of said power is of uncertain propriety within the meaning of the Constitution.

If there are to be exemptions of securities held by municipalities these exemptions should be general and not special.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto be laid on the table.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Also:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 432.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 16th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 432, entitled "An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent."

This bill defines a method of procedure in the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent. The oath of office should be administered by the Register of Wills. The Register should see the individual he appoints. See Act of March 15, 1832, Section 32. Section 3 of this act makes a classification that is of doubtful constitutionality.

For these reasons this bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto be laid on the table.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz: House Bill No. 572.

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 9, line 3, after the word "heads" strike out "and deputy heads."

Amend section 9, line 13, insert after the word "act" the following "as the Division of Distribution of Documents may have in its charge for distribution."

Amend section 9, line 17, by inserting after the word "act" the following "as the Division of Distribution of Documents may have in its charge for distribution."

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker. I am the sponsor of the bill now under consideration. As to the amendments made by the Senate, I have examined them and found them to be satisfactory.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder.
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 513, as follows:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where any owner or holder of a mortgage having legal power to satisfy the same has heretofore executed and delivered or may hereafter execute and deliver a power of attorney authorizing the recorder of deeds of the county in which such mortgage is recorded in office at the time of such execution and delivery by his official title to enter satisfaction of such mortgage upon the record and such satisfaction has not been entered such power of attorney when duly recorded shall be a sufficient authority to any subsequent recorder of deeds of the same county to enter satisfaction of such mortgage upon the record thereof

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—195.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Neider,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 326, as follows:

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water-rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the annual levy of taxes and water-rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be based upon detailed statements of the receipts and expenditures for each year ending the thirty-first day of December and also upon estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing fiscal year commencing February first of all the departments of said cities

All taxes and water-rents or rates shall be levied and assessed annually at the time provided by the act to which this is a supplement and it shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing year upon which the taxes for the succeeding year are to be based to the councils of said cities on or before the first day of January in each year" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That taxes and water rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be levied and assessed annually and all appropriations shall be made annually by general ordinance prior to the first day of December of each year which shall fix and determine the same for the ensuing fiscal year commencing January first

It shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the probable revenues to be collected by and of the probable amounts required by the respective departments for the ensuing fiscal year to the mayor to be transmitted to the council at such time prior to December first of each year as may be fixed by the mayor and council Said reports together with the report of the city controller of the total amounts received by the city from taxes and other revenues in prior years and also an estimate by the city controller of the probable revenues of the ensuing fiscal year shall be submitted to council for the purpose of enabling the council to determine the amount of taxes and other revenues reasonably to be anticipated for the ensuing fiscal year and to determine the rate of taxes or millage to be fixed to meet the current expenses of the city for the ensuing fiscal year

That section three of said act approved May twelve one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend sections three and seven of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water-rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to certain matters herein provided for' approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven" which reads as follows

"Section 3 All taxes and water rents or rates levied for city and water purposes shall be payable in advance during the months of March April and May of each year except water rents for water supplied to consumers through a meter Where water is supplied to consumers through a meter the council of the city may by ordinance prescribe the time or times at which such meters shall be read and the terms and conditions as to meter service and the time or times at which payments for water supplied through a meter service shall be made and they may also provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service of both domestic or commercial users of water In the absence of such provision by ordinance the Board of Water Assessors shall read such meters not less than four times per year and shall read all such meters during the months of December and January of each year and ascertain the amount of water used in each year for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents for the water consumed at the rates annually during the months of March April and May of each succeeding year

A discount of two (2) per centum shall be allowed on all taxes and water rents or rates paid during the month of March during the months of April and May all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made at the office of the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and three per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All taxes levied in accordance with the provisions of section one hereof shall be payable in advance during the months of January February and March of each fiscal year Water rents or rates which are payable on a flat rate basis shall also be payable in advance during the same months The taxpayers shall also have the option to elect to pay the aforesaid taxes and water rents or rates quarterly as follows namely the first quarterly payment during the month of January the second quarterly payment during the month of April the third quarterly payment during the month of July and the fourth quarterly payment during the month of October and each of the said quarterly payments shall become delinquent on the first of each succeeding month and shall thereafter bear the same penalties and interest charges as hereinafter provided for delinquent taxes Water which is supplied to consumers on a metered basis shall be payable at such time or times as may be prescribed by ordinance The city shall have power to prescribe by ordinance the time or times at which meters shall be read the terms and conditions on which water will be supplied on a metered service and the time or times on which payment for such water shall be made it shall also have the power to prescribe the discounts if any which shall be allowed for prompt payment and the penalties if any which may be imposed for delayed payments and also to provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service for all classes of users of water including both domestic and commercial In the absence of any provision by ordinance in reference to the same the Board of Water Assessors shall read all meters not less than four times per year and shall read all meters during the months of October and November of each year and ascertain the amount of water used in each year as shown by said meters for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents or rates for the water consumed at the rates fixed from time to time by ordinance and the same shall be payable annually during the months of January February and March of each succeeding year

A discount of two per centum shall be allowed on all taxes or water rents or rates due under the provisions of this act and paid during the month of January. During the months of February and March all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made to the city treasurer at his office and at such other place as may be designated by the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and two per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the right as heretofore to charge all consumers of water for water furnished by said city and also to make such exemptions or reductions of rates as may be fixed by ordinance to any public charity school religious institution and kindred institution and for said purposes to have and possess all of the rights in respect to the collection of said rents or rates as are now in force or may hereafter be enacted

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable

That section five of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at which water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters generally or in specified classes of users and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing water rents or rates in accordance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of April of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have the power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the cases notice of which appeal shall be given to the board of water assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing party or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right to appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water-rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of February in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the city treasurer all water tax assessments so furnished by the Board of Water Assessors" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at which water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by ordinance either in specified classes of users or in certain sections of the city or generally throughout the city and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing the water rents or rates in accordance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of February of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have the power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the case notice of which appeal shall be given to the Board of Water Assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing party or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right of appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of December in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the city treasurer all water assessments so furnished by the Board of Water Assessors

That section six of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of June of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until otherwise changed by the councils of such cities" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of April of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until other wise changed by the councils of such cities

That section seven of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the amendment thereto approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became payable to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same twice in three newspapers in said cities one of which may be a daily newspaper printed in the German language or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquents taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid And also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as required shall first be obtained from the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if contingous are shown on a recorded plan" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became delinquent to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same once in two newspapers in said cities one of which may be a newspaper printed in the German language or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein same to be let to the lowest responsible bidder based on the lowest rate per thousand circulation Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property for the amount of such taxes or water rents together with all penalties herein provided and advertising costs and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

He shall file a single lien against any property to cover all of the taxes including water-rents or rates for any one year

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid and also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as requested shall first be obtained from the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if contiguous are shown on a recorded plan

This act shall take effect the first day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—197.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 95, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section ten of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled 'An Act relating to executors and administrators'" reads as follows

"Section 10 The appraisers of the estate of a decedent shall be respectively entitled to receive from the excutors or administrators a sum not exceeding two dollars and fifty cents for their services in appraising the estate as aforesaid and of not completed in one day two dollars and fifty cents for every day diligently employed by them therein" is further amended to read as follows

Section 10 The appraisers of the estate of a decedent shall be respectively entitled to receive from the executors or administrators a sum not exceeding five dollars for their services in appraising the estate as aforesaid and if not completed in one day five dollars for every day diligently employed by them therein

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. BAUERLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 95, File Folio 5665, passed on third reading, be reconsidered.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. BAUERLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 6, by striking out the word "executirs" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "executors."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence resolution as follows:

In the Senate, April 19th, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

be recalled from the House of Representatives for further consideration by the Senate.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading an consideration of House Bill No. 278, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 479, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association of Pittston Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 512, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 512, File Folio 5839, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. VICKERMAN, Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 526, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Western Pennsylvania, located at Pittsburgh.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets, in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners, of the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 138, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 137, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital, Roaring Spring, Blair County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy, Roxborough, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the City and County of Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 39, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital, of Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the maintenance to the Hahnemann Hospital, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 140, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital, Altoona, Blair County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 415, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 640, entitled :

An Act making an appropriation to the Almira Home, of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No 231, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital, of Lewistown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 409, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanitarium, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 408, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital, located at Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 145, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of Scranton Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 127, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless Women and Children of the City of Scranton.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd, Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 13, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 445, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 15, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 377, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 343, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 705, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 699, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane, McKean County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 584, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 712, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 569, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women of the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 898, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Southern Homeopathic Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 808, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital of Sharon, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 625, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lying-In-Charity Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 510, entitled:

Act Act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 286, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville Childrens' Aid Society and Home for the Aged located at the corner of Grove street and Williamson Road, Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 796, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 307, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg, General Hospital Association at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria, at Spangler, in Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the Borough of Braddock, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Home for the Friendless, situated in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 823, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd, Penn and Chew streets, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 523, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bloomsburg Hospital (formerly Joseph Ratti Hospital), located at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 809, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown, Fayette county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 585, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital of Waynesburg, Greene county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 154, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes of the Care of Epileptics, at Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 188, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Phoenixville Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 183, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 187, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Grove City Hospital at Grove City, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 581, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 355, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home, Department of Pennsylvania, at Hawkins Station Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 361, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital, Clearfield, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 399, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital, New Castle, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration House Bill No. 641, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission, near the City of Bradford, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 521, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 32, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 400, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ellwood City Hospital, Ellwood City, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 357, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged, one thousand eight hundred and nine Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 359, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 19, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital, in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 453, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hayes Mechanics' Home, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 35, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 612, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 396, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Charity Hospital of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 391, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital, of Lock Haven, Clinton county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 388, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Spencer Hospital, located at Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 226, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies, of West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 387, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases, of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 440, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Hospital and Dispensary.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 190, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 327, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the United Charities, of Hazleton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 321, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKees Rocks, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 315, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the City of Bradford.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 633, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 258, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Friends' Home for Children, situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen Street, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 451, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Home for Babies.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 398, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 398, File Folio 6165, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 469, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill 31, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Altoona, Blair county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 299, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital at Washington, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 734, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd, Lincoln Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 362, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 448, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Orphan Asylum of the Holy Family, located at Emsworth, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 450, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 115, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seaman's Friend Society, of Philadelphia, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 118, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 128, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital, of Ridgway, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 574, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Mount Lebanon township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 288, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 122, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the City of Scranton.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 589, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Messiah Rescue and Benevolent Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 292, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Germantown Dispensary and Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women, at Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 443, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital in the City of Easton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 454, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Francis Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 461, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital, of Susquehanna, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 354, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 236, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home, at Brookville, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 269, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, for use in the hospital department, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 279, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Indiana Hospital of Indiana County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 261, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 81, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 67, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. Mary's Keller Memorial Hospital, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 632, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 810, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1045, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Union Day Nursery, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 80, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Mission and Rescue Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny, Lowrie Street, Troy Hill, North Side, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 82, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian Home, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 155, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital, at Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 159, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and considerationtion of House Bill No. 467, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples and Old Men, at Bala, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 124, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital, of Warren, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 107, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. John's General Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 442, entiled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children, at Easton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 395, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 328, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 312, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital, Pottstown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 311, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City, Washington County, Pennsylvania.

An said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons, formerly the Christian Home, of York, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 531, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School, at Paradise Township, York county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 707, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 690, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses, in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 618, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 263, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Coleman Industrial Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 73, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Coatesville Hospital, Coatesville, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 669, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania, located at Oakdale, Allegheny county.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 750, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 264, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 65, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburgh.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 811, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburgh.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 189, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 170, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 229, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Julia White Priscilla Home for Aged Colored People, of LaMott, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives, located at Eagleville, Montgomery County.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 171, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 86, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital Association and Training School for Nurses, of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 53, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 51, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharin's Orphan Asylum in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 158, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 524, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital, Berwick, Columbia county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 568, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 309, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington, Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 616, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hamor Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered to be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 266, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, for maintenance in handicraft employment.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered to be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 822, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 503, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association of the Borough of Taylor, Lackawanna county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 360, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital, Ridley Park, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 754, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nesbitt West Side Hospital, Dorranceton, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 659, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the McKeesport Hospital, McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 911, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital Corporation, Bellefonte, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 562, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic College for Graduates of Medicine.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society, of Lackawanna county.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 749, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 310, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital, Latrobe, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 298, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Charleroi-Monessen Hospital, Charleroi, Washington county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 54, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home Day Nursery for Children, in the County of Philadelphia, incorporated.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 303, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital, Oil City, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 52, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children, of Pittsburgh.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women, located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 62, entitled :

An Act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary, of York, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 794, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys, Protectory Station, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 812, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 899, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital, of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 901, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 917, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital, located at Columbia, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1064, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton, Pennsylvania, Somerset county.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 826, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 435, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Pottstown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 425, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital, Pottsville, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 417, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital located at Frankford Avenue and Palmer Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women, at Easton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 474, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of the City of Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 472, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 858, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the DuBois Hospital of DuBois, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 643, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1005, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Chester county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Infants' Home and Hospital at Erie, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 356, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants, located at four thousand six hundred eighteen Westminster Avenue, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 374, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association, of Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 389, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Renovo Hospital, at Renovo, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 439, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital, at New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 428, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanatorium, located at Austin, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 477, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 922, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Chester County, located at West Chester, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 244, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Fairfax Babies' Home, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 475, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 235, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin County.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 358, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 195, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital, at Butler, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order.
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 828, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 588, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital, Sayre.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 583, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association, at Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 487, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Grand View Hospital, located near Sellersville, Bucks county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 333, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home, of the City of Pittsburgh, North Side.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 368, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Colored Children of Allegheny, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 682, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Settlement Association, Petosky Street, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 571, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Protestant Home for Aged at Fair Oaks, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 570, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Sunshine Children's Home, located at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 148, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Citizens' General Hospital, of New Kensington, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 142, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital in the City of Chester.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 147, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital, at Titusville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1452 (Senate No. 668), entitled:

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes prescribing their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1523 (Senate No. 329), entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 903, entitled:

An Act providing a system of recording farm names imposing duties on the recorder of deeds regulating the use of the name and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1139, entitled·

An Act to permit farmers to hawk peddle and sell their own products without a license fee in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1154, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid Highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 839, entitled:

An Act creating a department of agriculture defining its powers and duties charging the department with the enforcement of laws heretofore enforced by the department of agriculture or any bureau or division thereof and the State livestock sanitary board and abolishing the State livestock sanitary board and certain offices in the department of agriculture

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1033, entitled:

An Act to encourage the establishment of public marine schools

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1402 (Senate No. 550), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city asenlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1458, entitled:

An Act exempting all loans made by school districts from all taxes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1136, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for the Commissioners of any County in this Commonwealth to contract to repair, build, or rebuild any county bridge, without due advertisement for sealed proposals and the employment of a competent engineer; making it mandatory that location plans be submitted in duplicate to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, and requiring the Attorney General to defend all suits where any county within this Commonwealth is made defendant in a suit for the recovery of damages, where infringements on patents, royalties, designs and patented processes or features are alleged, where a county has complied with the provisions of this act, excepting contracts not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1403 (Senate No. 551), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1455, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 758, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities boroughs towns and first class townships to form and to join associations for certain purposes and to appropriate moneys therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1404, entitled:

An Act validating municipal liens filed by boroughs for paving and curbing the public highways thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1469, entitled:

An Act to amend section two thousand two hundred and twenty-nine of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1273, entitled:

An Act to amend section three hundred and three of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1473, entitled:

An Act to amend sections two thousand seven hundred and one and two thousand seven hundred and two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet laws 309) by providing that all receipts and proceeds derived in any way from, or on account of, the State forests now or hereafter acquired by this Commonwealth shall belong to and form a part of "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1113, entitled:

An Act to amend section five hundred and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1447 (Senate No. 612), entitled:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1256, entitled:

An Act fixing the pay of assessors in cities of the third class and in boroughs and townships of the second class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1152, entitled:

An Act to further amend section one thousand four hundred twelve of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1200, entitled:

An Act relating to open air schools

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1198, as follows:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth' approved fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five" by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population and increasing the salaries of the county commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum and increasing the salaries in counties having a poulation over fifty thousand and less than seventy-five thousand twelve hundred dollars but where the Commissioners are directors of the poor then eighteen hundred dollars

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of said act of June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth approved fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the annual salary of each member of the Board of County Commissioners in the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be as follows

"In counties containing ten thousand population or less three hundred dollars in counties over ten thousand population and less than thirty thousand population five hundred dollars in counties over thirty thousand population and less than thirty-five thousand population seven hundred dollars in counties over thirty-five thousand population and less than fifty thousand population one thousand dollars in counties over fifty thousand population and less than seventy-five thousand population twelve hundred dollars in counties over seventy-five thousand population and less than one hundred thousand population one thousand five hundred dollars in counties over one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred and fifty thousand population one thousand eight hundred dollars In counties over one hundred and fifty thousand population the salaries shall be as now provided by law The said salaries shall be paid out of the treasuries of the respective counties The salaries herein fixed shall be in full and in lieu of all other compensation for the services of county commissioners except traveling expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties or in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon county commissioners Provided That the population of counties be taken from the last United States Census" be and the same is hereby amended so that the same shall read as follows namely

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the annual salary of each member of the Board of County Commissioners in the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be as follows

In counties containing ten thousand population or less three hundred dollars in counties over ten thousand population and less than thirty thousand population five hundred dollars in counties over thirty thousand population and less than thirty-five thousand population seven hundred dollars in counties over thirty-five thousand population and less than fifty thousand population one thousand dollars in counties over fifty thousand population and less than seventy-five thousand population twelve hundred dollars but where the commissioners are directors of the poor then eighteen hundred dollars in counties over seventy-five thousand population and less than one hundred thousand population one thousand five hundred dollars in counties over one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred and twenty-five thousand population one thousand eight hundred dollars in counties over one hundred and twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred and fifty thousand population three thousand dollars In counties over one hundred and fifty thousand population the salaries shall be as now provided by law The said salaries shall be paid out of the treasuries of the respective counties The salaries herein fixed shall be in full and in lieu of all other compensation for the services of county commissioners excepting traveling expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties or in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon county commissioners Provided That the population of counties be taken from the last United States Census

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—15.

Arnold,
Benninger,
Diefenderfer,
Geiser,
Maurer,
Mellott,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Reel,
Sarig,
Spencer,
Staving,
Trach,
Twibill,
Weaver,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. HEFFERNAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call up House Bill No. 586, File Folio 2765 on page 46 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 586, entitled:

An Act to amend an act "to provide for the better collection of collateral inhirtance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—192.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—7.

Barnett,
Blackburn,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Erdman,
Herman,
Williams,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 824, File Folio 4375, on page twenty-six of to-night's calendar, Bills on final passage postponed for the present.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 824, entitled:

An Act to provide that all horsedrawn vehicles owned or operated by persons residing in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicle in legible letters the name and address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill applies only to cities of the first and second class. It requires that business wagons that operate in cities of the first and second class have thereon the name and address of the persons doing business with those teams. It does not effect the country districts in the least. It does not apply to wagons and teams coming in from the country districts with vegetables or anything of that character. It does not apply to any wagons other than business; no pleasure wagons or any thing of that character. It is a bill that is much needed in Philadelphia and I desire very much to have it passed at this time.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—99.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Baldwin,
Becker,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Kitts,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Milliron,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Pickering,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Roney,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—69.

Alcorn,
Arthur,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Christman,
Davis,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fretz,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Goodyear,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClure,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Peters,
Powell,
Reel,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Trach,
Wagner,
Watson,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILL ON SECOND READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of nine o'clock having arrived, the House will proceed to the special order set for that hour.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act to further regulate the granting of licenses for the sale of vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by permitting the electors of any county in this Commonwealth to determine by an election whether the granting of licenses for such sale therein shall be prohibited

The first section was read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever a number of the qualified electors of any county equalling twenty-five per centum of the number of votes cast therein at the last preceding general election shall present a petition to the court of quarter sessions of the peace of that county verified by the affidavits of three of the petitioners praying for the holding of an election to determine whether license for the sale or furnishing of vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof in said county shall be granted it shall be the duty of said court of quarter sessions of the peace to order an election to be held in the said county in not less than thirty days nor more than forty days from the date of such order which election shall be held by the regular election officers at the usual place or places for holding elections in said county and the election shall be conducted in all respects and all election officers shall be governed by the directions and subject to the penalties and be compensated as now provided by law for the holding of general elections Notice of such election shall be given by the officers designated and in the manner provided by existing laws relating to county elections insofar as the same may be applicable and every such notice shall state (first) the question to be voted upon as hereinafter set forth (second) the day and place of holding said elections (third) that the polls shall be open between the hours of seven o'clock ante meridian and seven o'clock post meridian

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows

Amend section 1, on line 27, by adding thereto after the word "meridian" the following: Such election shall be by township, borough and city units in any such county, the electors thereof respectively voting for and against the granting of license as herein provided.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, it has been currently reported and it is obvious from the calendar to-night, on special orders, that there would be "nothing doing" as is commonly said, on this bill on second reading. I ask your kind and thoughtful attention to the amendment which I propose to this bill and I hope that you will not think that I am beyond my prerogratives,, nor presuming too much in suggesting an amendment to this bill. It is generally known as the Local Option Bill, and I ask you in cosidering the amendment which I propose, to consider this amendment on the pure and simple basis of a local option bill, which in contradistinction has a very different consideration from a county option bill.

The Anti-Saloon League of this State, those who have been at the head of the local option movement in this State, have invariably presented and urged in previous years a bill for a local option bill along the lines of the amendment as I suggest tonight. The county option bill has not been considered by this organization on a thoroughbred local option consideration of such legislation. The law at the present time, which would not be changed in any way, in this consideration, as you know, is this: If a man desires to apply for a license in a certain town, borough, or city, he is required under the law to have a specified number of petitioners from that ward, or town, or borough in which he will apply for the license, and any remonstrants are limited to have a standing in court under the law and in court procedure to a residence along similar lines in that town, borough, or ward.

Now, that which we propose in this amendment will keep the proposition of the petitioners or the remonstrants upon the basis of the present law, and upon the basis of the present court procedure. That is, when a man votes for or against the granting of a license, if our amendment is inserted in this bill, he will be either a petitioner in the sense that he votes for, or a remonstrant in the sense that he votes against the granting of a license in the town, borough, or city, in which he lives.

The county unit will make every man in that entire county, contrary to the present law and court procedure, either a petitioner if he votes for, or a remonstrant, if he votes against the granting of any license in a town, borough, or city, in which he may not reside, or he may be forty miles away. I remember reading distinctly some months ago, a very strong editorial in one of the leading morning papers of Philadelphia, I believe the Public Ledger—upon the question of local option, and the main point which they drove home with great force was this: if you don't square the sentiment with the unit, you are getting a condition which will turn back the progress along such lines. Allow me to illustrate. In our city we have what is known as the Curfew Law. The bell rings at eight o'clock in the winter, and at nine o'clock in the summer, but there is no attention paid to it whatever in connection with the enforcement of that provision,—of that order. The sentiment is not there to back up such legislation.

Take the Sunday fishing legislation, and laws which would prohibit you from buying a glass of soda water, or a cigar, or a Sunday newspaper on Sunday, which has not the sentiment back of their enforcement, and which are dead letters. Take if you please, the rule of this House and the rule of the Senate on the other side, concerning smoking. Over there the sentiment goes with the unit: over here the sentiment does not go with the unit. Over there there is no smoking; over here you all are smoking. Yet the rule prevails in this House, just the same as it does over there.

The squaring of the sentiment with the unit is the question I desire to call to your attention in this connection, and I believe if you square the sentiment with the unit, and begin with the smallest unit, you will get more progress than by starting away up the ladder and by getting a condition which will make a unit of doing without license where there will not be sentiment, it will turn the clock back and will bring about the very thing you do not want to bring about.

The maximum dry territory, gentlemen, I submit to you, in this State, will not come under county option, but under local option, as our amendment proposes to-night, for every large county in this State, which has a large city in it, if the bill as presented from the committee is passed, will become an entirely licensed county from one end to the other, through the vote in the large city. If you adopt our amendment the city may vote for license and the dry territory in the county throughout, outside of that large city, will be maintained as dry, with no license. I submit to you on that basis, if you take the different towns and counties, Harrisburg in Dauphin county, Lancaster, in Lancaster County; Scranton, in Lackawanna County; Pittsburgh, in Allegheny County; Wilkes-Barre, in Luzerne County, and so on throughout the State. If you will vote for our amendment you will find that those counties, in many instances, outside of the large cities, will be, in the main, dry; whereas, if you don't, those dry territories will not be in evidence.

Now, gentlemen, I ask your kind and thoughtful attention to this amendment, to this proposition, as we have advanced it. I ask you to give consideration to the question along the lines I have tried to indicate and I ask you, if the bill as it has been proposed, as reported from the Law and Order Committee, is not satisfactory to you, that you vote for this amendment; that you have it printed and that you consider it carefully and wisely and conscientiously, and as you think best, vote for or against the bill.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I think it would be most unfortunate, aye, almost unfair, to the sentiment of the people of this State to act favorably on this amendment proposed to-night. Now, it is my purpose to vote against the Governor's County Local Option Bill, but in view of the fact that all the arguments adduced for the Governor's bill and against the Governor's bill have been directed to this particular bill, which is coming before the House finally on Wednesday next. It would be unfair to the sentiment created, either for or against that bill; it would be unfair to the liquor men's side; it would be unfair to the local option side, to have this bill go before the people in any other shape that the shape it is in now. Therefore, I think both sides to this question should vote this amendment down, in order that the bill toward which the people of this State have been looking for months, shall receive in this House on Wednesday next, a fair test.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, while I do not question the right of this House to adopt the amendment under consideration, I ask the members to vote it down and pass this bill on second reading, that it may be finally considered on third reading on Wednesday, as it was introduced, in accordance with the understanding existing between the friends and the opponents of the measure.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the section?

It was agreed to.

The second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 The ballots at any election held under the provisions of this act shall be printed distributed and furnished and in such quantities and of the form provided by existing laws relating to general elections Upon such ballots shall be printed the question "Shall the granting of license for the sale of intoxicating liquors be prohibited" followed by the words "Yes" and "No" with a square of sufficient size at the right of each said words in which to give the elector an opportunity clearly to designate his choice by a cross mark (X) placed in one of the said squares

Section 3 Each qualified elector receiving a ballot provided for by this act in accordance with existing laws may mark in the appropriate square a cross (X) opposite the answer he desires to give and all votes cast at said election held under the provisions of this act shall be counted and declared and a complete return of the same made in accordance with existing laws relating to elections

Section 4 Whenever it shall appear by the returns aforesaid that a majority of the votes cast at such election are in favor of prohibiting the granting of such licenses in the county in which said election shall have been held it shall thereupon become unlawful for said court of quarter sessions of the peace or other authority to which may hereafter be transferred the power relating to said subject now vested in said court of quarter sessions to issue or grant any license authorizing the sale or furnishing of any vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof in said county at any time thereafter until at an election held as hereinafter provided a majority of the electors voting thereat shall vote against prohibiting the granting of such licenses therein

Section 5 At any time after three years from the date of an election held under the foregoing provisions of this act another such election may be ordered and held as hereinbefore provided

Section 6 This act shall not be construed to repeal any special or local laws relating to the sale or granting of licenses to sell intoxicating liquors nor shall it be construed to prevent the granting or refusal of a license under existing laws the same as if this act had not been passed in counties where the majority of the votes cast at an election held as hereinbefore provided are against prohibiting the granting of license to sell intoxicating liquors and in counties where no such election has been held

An Act to further regulate the granting of licenses for the sale of vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by permitting the electors of any county in this Commonwealth to determine by any election whether the granting of licenses for such sale therein shall be prohibited

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1311, as follows:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes" imposing certain duties on the board and on burgesses of boroughs township commissioners and supervisors and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That appeals from assessments made by the board for the assessment and revision of taxes under the act to which this act is a supplement and under the various amendments and supplements thereto shall be heard by the board at such place in the city or borough or township where the respective property is located and at such time as the board may fix Notice of the time and place of hearing appeals shall be given as required in said act In hearing appeals in a borough or township the burgess or the chairman of the township commissioners or a township supervisor selected by the township supervisors as the case may be shall sit with said board as a member thereof ex-officio in hearing appeals from assessment of property located in the respective borough or township For such services the burgess or commissioner or supervisor shall receive from the county treasurer compensation at the rate of five dollars per diem for each day necessarily employed in the duteis herein imposed Payment shall be made on warrant of the county controller on certificate from the President of the board that the services have been actually performed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—173.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—7.

Campbell, J. O
Davis,
Diefenderfer,
Eppley,
Hoffman,
Mellott,
Murphy,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1233, as follows:

An Act authorizing townships of the first class to levy a tax not to exceed one mill for the maintenance of fire service or department

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of township commissioners in every township of the first class in this Commonwealth may in their discretion by ordinance duly passed according to law levy a tax not exceeding one mill upon all the taxable property in such township for the maintenance of fire service or departments

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will ask the House to drop this bill from the calendar, if there is no objection. The Chair hears none and the bill is dropped from the calendar.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 832, entitled:

An Act to provide for the person upon whom service of all legal processes shall be made in the case of foreign insurance companies transacting business in this Commonwealth requiring the designation of the Insurance Commissioner for such service prescribing the method of service and repealing existing laws

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware, who is sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like the sponser of this bill to explain it to the House

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, this is in line with what the Insurance Commissioner of Pennsylvania thinks is proper legislation, namely: To have some authority at the center of the State where this insurance business is handled, upon whom service can be entered for all foreign insurance companies rather than to have some unknown party named as an agent in different parts of the State. There cannot possibly be any danger in the passage of the bill. My judgment is that the Commissioner is exactly right and in recommending it is thinking of the interests of the public, because there can be no question whatever as to whether the service has been made. I don't see why there should be a single vote against the bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Gibson,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,

Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Geiser,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Finnerty,
Hollern,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1266, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Department of Health to establish and maintain a place of detention and treatment for lepers on the state forest reserve or elsewhere and making an appropriation therefor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, this bill authorizes the State Department of Health to establish a leprosy colony in the State of Pennsylvania. It has the endorsement of Dr. Dixon and also, I dare say, that of the Attorney General, and it is a very meritorious measure.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—193.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 9:30 having arrived we will take up the special order on House Bill No. 842, on third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 842, entitled:

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require railroad corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to repeal an act entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MYERS. Mr. Speaker, if this measure passes it will repeal a rigid and unchangeable act of Assembly. In 1911, legislation as that in the act of 1911, was necessary at that time. There was no body, to which, subjects contained in the act of 1911, could be referred. In 1913 there was created a Public Service Commission, and, gentlemen of the House, such subjects as this, contained in the act of 1911, should be referred to the Public Service Commission. It is a commission composed of high salaried high-minded men, and why should they not handle all subjects as this contains in the act of 1913? It is a good measure, gentlemen of the house, and should be passed.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker I regard this as being a crisis in this House. It is one of the most important things, to my mind, which has come before the Pennsylvania State Assembly in this session. The railroad corporations of Pennsylvania are asking this House to repeal a bill which after public hearing was passed by the House of Representatives and by the State Senate and affirmed by your governor, after thorough and full consideration and I say to the members of this House that the presumption is that this is a good bill, and that the Full Crew Bill should remain on the books, until the railroad companies by a fair preponderance of the evidence establishes to the members here that it is not a good bill. The question involved is: Are these requirements of law necessary or unnecessary. The railroad corporations come before you and say that it is not necessary and the railroad men say that it is necessary. Now the only way for us to decide as to who is telling the truth in this matter, as to whether or not this measure or this law is necessary or unnecessary, is to first examine the credibility of the witnesses which have appeared before you. We must examine the credibility and the right which the railroad corporations have to offer testimony upon this bill.

When the railroad corporations of this country—of the East—went to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for a five per cent. increase in freight rates, they said that one of the reasons, one of the reasons, why they asked for this increase was because of the extra expense of the full crew law; and no sooner had they gotten that increase from the Inter-State Commerce Commission, then they go further, after that subterfuge and after a dissenting opinion was filed by members of that Inter-State Commerce Commission saying that the increase was unjust, they come before this House and ask us to repeal this bill. I say that the railroad corporations, and I say that the men in the offices who do not know the first thing about railroading petition us to repeal this bill. Now, gentlemen, the five per cent. freight increase which they have received at the hands of the Interstate Commerce Commission gives to the eastern railroads fifty million dollars annually; two million dollars they claim as being the cost of the Full Crew. They turn the whole proposition not on "safety first" not on the question of the lives of the men of Pennsylvania, they do not talk about the tears of the widows, they do not talk about the orphaned children of Pennsylvania, but the only thing they suggest to you in presenting this, is that there will be more money if you repeal this full crew bill, to put into stock paying dividends, and into the vaults. And I regard it as an insult, sir, from the railroad corporations to ask men in this Assembly, and to the workingmen of Pennsylvania to repeal this bill.

Further, the death rates on our railroads have increased amazingly. The last year there were ten thousand deaths, and they say that the full crew bill has not done anything for it. But they do not tell you, gentlemen of this House, that the tonnage which they haul on the railroads now has increased four, five and six times, and under the report of the Interstate Commerce Commission, they say that the railroading problem has become more hazzardous, more dangerous every day in the year. This proposition must be given careful consideration. On an average they use fifty trains, and for that they use an extra brakeman whom they pay two dollars and fifty cents per one hundred miles. Fifty cars to a train, they have twenty tons of merchandise on each one of those cars. For twenty trains, that makes four hundred tons of merchandise and the cost of paying that man the sum of two dollars and fifty cents for the haul on that goods is one-three-thousandths of a cent per pound. And on that claim, the claim of dividends, which amounts to a fraction so low that it is hardly appreciable, they ask you men of this Assembly to throw out of work thousands of employes, thousands of men in the State of Pennsylvania. They say why not leave it to the Public Service Commission? Why not let them say whether or not, and how they shall man their trains. I quote again from the Interstate Commerce Commission reports, and I say to you that for the fiscal year in their last report the railroads of this country violated their orders two hundred and fifty-seven times or ten hundred and twenty violations of the safety appliances act which they referred to the district attorneys in the United States of America. If these men will not keep the law when it comes to the United States, how do you expect them to fulfill the orders of the Pennsylvania Public Service Commission? The petitions, as I said before, from fellows, from men who do not do the work, who do not go out in the sleet and in the storm; who do not ride on the trains, they say to you it is not necessary. I say to you further, that if when the train starts out from Harrisburg to go to Philadelphia, if it could be a positive and an assured fact that nothing would happen to the air, then I say, you need no brakemen, you need no conductor; all you need is your fireman and your engineer; but God only knows what will happen to that train on its way from Harrisburg to Philadelphia, which will kill every man aboard the train. Any man, and I have talked to men who have had experience for thirty years on air, will say that it is absolutely unreliable. And there is no telling when something will occur which will send them all to their deaths. The steel cars is what they tell you —before the United Business Mens' Association of Philadelphia, Mr. Schaeffer, the counsel for the Pennsylvania Railroad in talking about this full crew bill, they asked him, if we repeal this full crew bill, will you take off your one quarter cent per mile rate increase on passenger fares and he said, "no, we could not go into a proposition or agreement of that kind." They have tried to make you believe that this is to be taken off for the benefit of the public. Why the public of Pennsylvania is paying for it, paying for it at the rate of one quarter of a cent per mile—every mile you travel, there is no argument against that.

I could quote you gentlemen, if I had the time, thirty-two notable instances where life and limb were saved by the extra man in this full crew. There are instances which probably cannot be regulated or which cannot be fully told relative to what these men have done for the safety of everybody and every thing. The only purpose for which legislation is passed is for one of three reasons. It is either in the interest of economic betterment, or in the interest of property-rights, or in the interest of human rights, perhaps there might be some small variations somewhere else. The act of the United States Congress provides that they must still have hand brakes. This is a question as to whether or not you are going to be for property rights as against human rights. That is what it resolves itself into and that is what you have got to go on record for, remember that. Remember that on this proposition they go into an economic proposition altogether; they do not take it into a human proposition. Then let me say from an economic standpoint that the centralization of wealth means the centralization of power; and the centralization of power means autocracy, and autocracy strikes at the foundation of republican institutions. It was well said by Thomas Jefferson, "that the laws must keep step with the human mind." And further, I want to issue this clarion note of warning to the railroads of this country that they will go ahead and ask for these benefits, which are asked by the men, taken from the books and they will find drastic legislation, and there is bound to be a retaliation, and you will find that after all this is done, that you are driving the men on to such a place where, for the benefit of their health, their safety, their lives, their widows and their orphans, they are going to take control of things by majority right.

Before I close, Mr. Speaker, I want to say in connection with steel cars, I am in favor of the forty million loaves of bread which this extra crew buys; I am in favor of the sugar and the butter and all those things which go to feed the mouths of the children of the men who toil in Pennsylvania, and I want to quote one of the Greatest Americans—"Labor is the great oak; Labor is the great column; Labor with its deft and cunning hands has created the countless things of beauty and art, labor is the Atlas upon whose shoulders rests the great superstructure of civilization." In behalf of the men who work, and the women who weep, I ask you not to pass the gentleman-from-Delaware's bill; and I ask you to keep the Full Crew Law on the books.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House: I take it that the American people are a fair, just and liberal minded people and that they are eager that justice should prevail in every instance, as between man and man, or corporations and individuals.

A corporation, as I view it, is nothing more or less than a body of individuals combining together, their money and their ability with a view of carrying on certain lines of business not within the power of a single individual. Thus, by so doing, it has been made possible that the great improvements, the great achievements, the great industries, and the great developments of our State have made it what it is, the foremost State in the Union. In the discussion of questions of this character that come before us wherein the public is interested, as to whether or not the object sought or the remedy needed is just and equitable places an obligation on you and me, as members of this law-making body to see to it that those desiring public welfare can attain it only by a just dealing with the problems as they arrive, and just dealing can be attained only by ascertainment and strict adherence to the truth, for justice is truth in action.

This has been a campaign of education. The public clearly understands the issue that has been drawn between those who favor and those who do not favor the repeal of the law commonly known as the "Full Crew Law" —and if the public opinion of the citizens of this Commonwealth is of any value, then this law should be repealed and stricken from our statute books. There must be a reason for the wide interest manifested by the general public in asking the repeal of this measure. I may ask what is the reason?—And in answer thereto, I would say that the people desire that justice should be done to the railroads, that the railroads should have a fair and reasonable compensation for every service which they perform and that capital invested should receive a fair return.

In this present action, and in the small part I am attempting to take, I do not want it to be understood that I am in any way antagonistic to the interests of labor, God forbid—but I am here to say to you in all sincerity, that I believe a mistake has been made, and my part in this is to ask that this mistake be rectified and the law now on our statute books be repealed, for I believe, sir, that labor itself and labor organizations cannot successfully defend any proposition that stands in direct opposition and defiance of economic law. Something higher and better should shape their course. Labor should be loyal to the great industry of which they are a part; labor should be loyal to their chosen occupation, for a house divided against itself cannot stand—co-operation is the law of industrial well being, and the railroad employes should not risk the accusation that they are working against the best interests of the great institutions which they are presumably working for, and of which they are a part. I realize, sir, as I believe every member of this House realizes that the great railroad interests of our State recognize that their interests are closely linked with the peoples in the territory which they serve. The systematic measures to foster the great farming interests, the manufacturing and mining activities of our State, are being brought about by the activities of these great corporations in order that they may serve the people. In order to do this, it is absolutely necessary that there should be no antagonism and embarassment as between the employer and employe.

When organized labor attempts to force upon a railroad, corporation or an individual, a law that is unjust and unreasonable, then not only is the corporation so injured, but the individual himself. The public in general in conjunction with such corporation should ask for relief.

This law that we are asking to be repealed, has been in force since its enactment in 1911, and it is a fact that I believe cannot be successfully contradicted that it has utterly failed in its purpose, and the avowed objects for which this law was enacted have not been realized.

Why are the results of this law hurtful and why should this law be taken from our statute books? I will try to give, as I view it, a few of the reasons.

First. I believe that no individual or set of individuals have a right to say to you or to me, how my business or your business should be run, or the number of men I shall or should not employ to run that business. You have the same right to say to the farmer as you have to the railroad that in place of employing two men to harvest his crops, he must employ four, or to a mill man who employs eight to run his mill, that there must be sixteen. There is just as much equity and justice in one as the other.

Second. This law as it now stands on the statute books has and is working a violence to the economic laws and has forced waste into railroad operations.

There is much danger of state and nation going to extremes in matter of making restrictive laws.

There should be open, free, fair and honorable competition and any or all attempts to choke out the same should be punished.

The law of economics as I view it, is a law of preservation and not devastation.

Third. This law has compelled railroads to employ additional men without any real service going with it. The laborer is worthy of his hire but he who does not give value in return for such hire is an unjust and dishonest employe for the first condition of citizenship and self respect is the power to give in return value for value received.

Fourth. This law has put organized labor in a false and untenable position of demanding and compelling employment by an edict of law. No individual has ever prospered or should ever prosper wherein he depends upon an edict of law to give him his bread and butter by making it compulsory that such should be for it is against the laws of nature, and reason and of common sense as well.

Fifth. In general this law should be repealed for the reason that it has placed an extra burden upon the railroads in the way of unnecessary operating expenses, this not only to the railroads, but to the thousands and tens of thousands of stockholders, most of whom have their savings so invested, and are largely dependent for their support received upon the income from dividends derived from their investments in such railroads. And again let me say that these laws have worked to the public hurt and have added a burden to the public which the people are not fairly and honorably called upon to stand.

The cry in general by those who are in opposition to the repeal of this law, is: "safety first." I believe that this is a false cry for the reason that before the "full crew law" existed, railroads had more than the so-called "Full Crews" on hundreds of freight and passenger trains, and they still do and will do when necessity requires it, for it is not good business to otherwise allow the running of a business where human rights and property are to be safe-guarded and where safety and efficiency of operation require it. No railroad is going to abuse any of these rights and do violence to economic laws simply to avoid the paying sufficient men to properly man trains that may be put on the road to carry on the general business of the railroad company, for the railroads have long since learned that any negligence on their part is expensive in the end, for I am informed and, I believe reliably informed that a wreck of any magnitude whatever, places a loss on the railroad company of $10,000.00 to $100,000.00 and the loss of life or limb is an expensive proposition, which all railroads are eager to avoid. We believe if injury results to the public because of the lack of sufficient men the company should pay the damage but for a law to decide how many men shall be carried on each and every train is entirely too paternal, therefore in the light of reason and justice and common sense, are the railroads going to neglect the duty involved upon them by not manning and running their trains in a proper manner?

Gentlemen,—I think the answer is, no.

The trainman's organizations assert that the "full crew laws" work to reduce accidents. Now let us go into this statement and see whether it is true. I am not going to take the railroad for this—I am going to take the Interstate Commerce Commission Report in the various sections of the country where they have fully examined into the conditions of the same;

The report follows:—

For the three year period to June 30th, 1911, the Pennsylvania Full Crew Law became effective July 19th,—the number of employees killed in the United States was 10,186. For the three years since the "Full Crew Laws" became effective, the list of killed totalled 10,372—an increase 186.

Bringing the case right home, take the casualty list on the Pennsylvania Railroad for six months before the "Full Crew Law" was in effect and for the first half of last year, it shows as follows:—

First Half 1911.

	Killed	Injured	
Trainmen, ...	15	1046	
Passengers, ...	1	99	1145

First Half 1914.

	Killed	Injured	
Trainmen, ...	16	1699	
Passengers, ...	2*	141	1940
Difference, ...			795
*Fell from trains.			....

Does this include to you that the full crew law is what they are claiming for it. There is but one answer and that is no.

Let us see what the Public Utilities Commission of Connecticut of November last have to say, after a careful and thorough investigation of this matter.

The facts brought out in the present investigation disclosed no instances of the jeopardizing of the safety of either the public or employes which increased train crews would prevent. It is the belief of this commission, that of all the railroad accidents attended by fatalities which have been reported to and investigated by it, not one has been attributed to an insufficiency in numbers of the train crew involved.

Also what was the result of the report from New Jersey.

"The board believes it to be extremely significant that at the two hearings advocates of this measure or measures substantially similar were unable to cite, when challenged, any serious accident resulting from insufficient train crews."

"There is also some appreciable weight to be given to the view that a uniform enlargement of train crews, where such enlargement is demonstrably unnecessary, will make against the maintainance of proper discipline in the service."

"The extra cost, if not compensated by solid advantage accruing to patrons of the road, is a public and social waste."

In Missouri a Full Crew Act was passed in 1913 but never became operative because on submission by referundum to popular vote, the people of that State last year repealed the law by two to one vote.

Efforts to enact Full Crew Laws in North Carolina, in Kansas, in West Virginia, in Texas and in Alabama made this year have all failed. Farmers and business men in these States made emphatic protests against such legislation and their judgment and will as so expressed was given greater importance by legislators and very properly so, than the demand of the Trainman's Organization unsupported by convincing arguments or facts for the bills as proposed.

DEFEATS FOR FULL CREW LAWS.

Two unsuccessful attempts were made to enact a Full Crew Law in New York. The first was in 1907. It was vetoed by Hon. Chas. E. Hughes, then Governor, now Justice of the United States Supreme Court. To require the expenditure of a very large amount of money? He said in his veto message, "without necessity for the outlay is simply arbitrary exaction an taking of property without due process of law. The bill does not refer its requirements to any proper standard of necessity or provide any criterion by which its proper application, under varying conditions is to be determined. It contains an absolute requirement, which upon facts conceded before me, cannot be justified."

Five years later another governor of New York, John A. Dix, vetoed a full crew law saying: "It lays down a rule of universal application without regard to the demands of justice in particular cases." The Public Service Commission was vested with and now has power to determine and compel safe, adequate and proper service on the part of the railroads, and such power necessarily includes the power to change the personnel and reduce or increase the number of the train crews.

Gentlemen of the House, in closing let me say that it has been in my mind amply demonstrated in Pennsylvania, that the people as a body, now fully informed in the matter, are convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that the Full Crew Law now on the statute books is not only of no advantage but in fact works to the injury of the railroad, to the hurt of the great body of railroad employes, to the detriment of business, and to the general burden of the public.

The logic of the situation calls for what the railroads have proposed in way of a solution and that is, a repeal of the law, coupled with a direct power placed in the hands of the Public Service Commission to see the trains properly manned. This Legislature, this House and this people should give effect to that proposition, and vote for the repeal of this law.

Mr. MAUER. Mr. Speaker, I had the honor of being a member of this body four years ago when this law was passed. I also at that time, like at the present time, happened to be a member of the Railway Committee, and had the pleasure of voting this bill out of committee, and voting for its passage in the House.

I do not think that any member here, in all his experience as a legislator, ever witnessed such an effort in behalf of any one to bring pressure to bear against or in favor of any legislation that was ever before this House. It is needless for me to tell, you, or remind you, of the amount of letters we received, praying for the repeal of the Full Crew Law, in the last six weeks. This evening, just for amusement's sake, I commenced to count up what the possible expense of this agitation would have been on the part of the railways. I received something like thirty thousand letters, and I do not doubt that some of you received, more than that, but, if all of us received as many letters as I, the postal expense itself would run over one hundred thousand dollars. Taking the stationery and labor exerted in getting out the stationery we received, will run it over six hundred thousand dollars more. Counting that expense, and the expense the railroad companies went to to gather the petitions and have them signed—I am in possession of the facts to know that they sent special trains over their various branches, with crews of men carrying the petitions, into the rural districts, in the stores, cross-roads, and hotels, and leaving them there with the request that they have them sign up and later come on and collect them, and the people who signed these petitions—who were they?

Our friend here speaks of public sentiment. Does any one mean to infer that the petitions referred to our committee, and the letters we received were a true expression of public sentiment? I positively refuse to accept it as they. How were these signers to these letters and these petitions secured? Committees of men came to my home. Committees came in from Philadelphia to this city, to visit me. Others came from the west and told me how they were coerced into signing their names to these letters and petitions. They even went among the farmers and made some of them believe that if this law was not repealed, it would mean that a farmer driving four horses would have to have two drivers on the team. One committee came here last week and I said, "Can you show me how you were coerced into signing these petitions?" Yes. This gentleman said: "I did not want to sign and they asked me this question: It will not hurt you; we want all the boys on it." He was a telegraph operator. But he said: "It is against my convictions to sign it." "Well," said the gentleman, "I would hate to go back and show my superior this list, all signed up, but your name not on it. It would not look good; you had better sign it."

If that is not coercion, tell me what it is—and he signed. They brought men into the office and handed them three letters to sign—all nicely typewritten—you know how they are—they had about twenty forms, some printed and some typewritten, and very few written by hand. They asked him to sign the three letters, one letter to go to the Senator of his district and he other two to the Representatives, and they signed. The man asked me what could he do; he said I have a family and children, and I am afraid of my job. You call that public sentiment. I don't.

That is how your signers—many of them—not all of them, but many of them—were secured. Friends, this campaign, with its literature, its newspaper advertising, its bought space in the daily press, its campaign of letters, as near as I can estimate, cost about two million dollars, not to count into that expense your lobby that you have had here for the last six or eight weeks, and not to mention the other things that have been going on, such as I have been informed of tonight—free automobile trips offered to the members of this House, to Gettysburg. I do not think any man who went on that trip, if there be any such here, and I was informed there are, would dare vote for the repeal of this law. It would look mighty suspicious. understand that tonight a thing happened that I never heard of happening before in this House: railroad lobbyists lobbying right among the men while we were in session, right inside the bars here.

You talk about public sentiment and giving the railroads a square deal. At the two public hearings we heard both sides. The gentlemen from the railroads were here, with the ablest attorneys and the bone of contention with them was the expense. One of their speakers, over in the Senate Chamber, pointed out to us that this expense of two millions of dollars, divided between two States,—New Jersey and Pennsylvania,—was responsible in a great measure,—in a very great measure, he said,—for the present business depression that the whole nation is suffering from.

They tried to convince the committee that due to this two million dollars, the purchasing power of the railroads fell off something like sixty millions of dollars.

I consider that he insulted the intelligence of every member of the committee when he said that. Yet that was one of the argument that some of you will remember. As to the railroads and their poverty, let we turn your attention to something. I might mention incidentally, in talking about publicity, that when Mr. Mellen, of the New Haven and Hartford Railroad was before the Interstate Commerce Commission, he admitted there, under oath, that his railroad alone spent about four hundred thousand dollars per year for publicity. If a railroad company,—one company,—will spend that in a small State, what do you suppose all these companies, in a great State like Pennsylvania spent during this last six months. During the last three years, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company,—and this is according to the James H. Olyphant, Company Bankers and Brokers, of New York and Chicago,—that is my authority, and that is what all you speculators take as an authority,—during the past three years, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company earned a surplus above all expenses of one hundred and fifteen millions of dollars,—nearly one hundred and fifteen and a half million.

I just cite one other company,—that's on four thousand miles of track. They earned a great deal more, of course, but that's on four thousand miles. The Reading Railroad, during the past three years,—I mean three years past, not counting last year, earned forty-two million seven hundred and twelve thousand dollars, on one thousand miles of trackage. When the President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was before the Interstate Commerce Commission, he pleaded poverty also. They asked him what he thought a fair profit should be for the railroads. He thought it should be ten per cent. and later admitted, when evidence was produced to convince him, that the profits for some years, had been considerably over fourteen per cent. The greatest leak in the railroads is the subsidiary institutions that are supported by the railroads. I will cite to you but a single one and that is the Reading Iron Company, owned by the Reading Railroad. Let me illustrate before giving you these figures. The railroad company and the subsidiary supply companies are usually run by the same men, and the same directors; one company running the supply company and the railroad. The officials of the railroad are also the officials of the supply company. As officials of the supply company, they give themselves contracts or turn the contracts over to the companies which furnish the supplies in which they are also officials and stockholders. Not all the stockholders of the railroads but some are stockholders in the supply companies. Therefore, they pay exorbitant prices for their supplies to these companies which is, what we call in every day language, a bit of private graft. We will take the Reading Coal and Iron Company. A rich company who owns double in all its capital stock and pays six per cent. This will show the poverty of the poor souls, six per cent. annual dividends then pay regular interest on the capital stock of the companies. In 1908 an extra dividend of one million five hundred thousand dollars was paid or 150 per cent.; and on June 30th, 1911, an extra dividend of one million was paid, or one hundred per cent. Several years ago it was made necessary to enlarge and rebuild and you can see in the various plants of the Reading Iron Company how this work involved large expenditures which were paid out of the earnings. The balance sheet of January 13th, 1913 of the Reading Coal and Iron Company shows assets amounting to sixteen million and a quarter. This gives you some idea of the immensity of the profits of the subsidiary companies. Now, gentlemen, the theory of the Full Crew Bill is safety. The opposition most likely will say before we are through with this debate that it does not make for safety. They will tell about an express train leaving New York on its way to Chicago and how the men have nothing to do in them but to ride the cushions. Then, they will tell you that they have from fourteen to eighteen men on that train. That is what they told us in their pamphlets, that is what they printed in the newspapers. They tried to make the public believe that the men in the diners were part of the crew. They will try to have the public believe that the porters are part of the crew. Those of us who ever ride on through trains—and some of us I presume have ridden on them—we know that when we go into a diner that the people that wait on us there are cooks and waiters; not trainmen. The people that make up our berths, why they are not trainmen; they are chamber-maids. The trainmen are the men who run the train; are the men who go to the rear and signal when necessary; are the men who go to the front and signal. Why, to have you fellows tell it to us you would think only one flagman were necessary. Why, I have seen the time when three flagmen were hardly enough to prevent a second wreck after the first wreck, and every railroader here knows that that is true. When you are going to send out a train with a thousand or two thousand; a load upon that train, and one flagman and a conductor and something happens and they leave that train load of humanity at the mercy of but one flagman. If a wreck happens and you have repealed this law upon your hands will be the blood of the victims, and will be due to the wreck that has occured. These men are the ones when the train comes into the station will have to help the ladies and the children and the aged to get off safely. When you go into Philadelphia on the elevated or subway, or in New York or Chicago where they have these trains you will find a trainman between every two cars. Why? To do what? To help the passengers to get on and off safely and yet you would have these trains, the finest, the largest and the heaviest we have in the country run without these extra men on the train. All of you have seen, time and again, when a train stops along the road when the signal is against it, if the passengers can possibly get out they will get out and you know it has occurred that passengers have been injured by getting out. You have traveled on these trains in winter time. Have you ever noticed during cold weather the entire crew moving from car to car, attending to ventilators, attending to the heat and with all that it is mighty difficult to keep those steel cars properly heated. What do you suppose the public will do if you take away the crew that does that work now? Friends, gentlemen of the House and Mr. Speaker, if this law is repealed I want you to show me what we gain by the repeal of it? Show us, if there is anyone of the speakers who can show the citizens of Pennsylvania what is to be gained by repealing this law. I want to hear it. The circulars they have sent out have pointed out two million dollars would buy steel cars, locomotives ,etc. They say it will buy these equipments but they don't say that they will buy them. That is different. But it also points out that if they pay 5 per cent. dividends on forty million dollars worth of stock that if this Full Crew Law is repealed and mark what I tell you, they will issue to themselves pro-rata to the extent of forty million dollars worth of stock and absorb that 5 per cent. interest that they feel they can pay. That is what it means, the fattening of the money kings and at what expense? It means the fattening of the wallets of the men of Wall Street at the expense of the risk of everyone in public who travel, and at the expense of thousands of families in this State. The other day I received among one of the fifteen letters from my home asking me to vote for the repeal of this Full Crew Law. I received these letters from Berks County. Out of thirty thousand letters, only fifteen of those that were sent down asked me to vote for the repeal. They were bankers, members of the Chamber of Commerce; a fine bunch of railroaders. The Chamber of Commerce said "We have taken a vote of our membership and we have decided almost unanimously that the Full Crew Law had failed in its purpose and should be repealed and that it is useless expense on the railroads." Now, the Chamber of Commerce in our city at least, is composed of merchants and business men; men who sell hats and shoes and groceries. They don't sell steel rails and locomotives and they have asked me to vote for a bill that will throw their customers out of work. It will throw out of work their customers to whom they sell goods. You just think it cannot be. Is it possible that the business men are so stupid to beg me to take dollars and cents out of their stores. Down in my own country, they would say (in German, translated "Upon my soul, it is enough to make you weep.") I will let the Honorable Mr. Stein from Allegheny County interpret that. Friends, and members of the House, two million dollars of that will simply go, if this bill is repealed as dividends on watered stock and the greater the profits of the railways the greater the burdens on the shoulders of the people. It cannot be otherwise. Do you know that when the profits increase they don't reduce the freight rates? Oh no, and they don't pay more wages to their men but they increase the dividends in order that the public may not know the extent of their gains and then they build such tombs like the one hundred and fourteen million dollar Depot in New York and they issue to themselves stock, no matter what is paid. That is what you do and you know it and the greater the earnings the greater the indebtedness. Then they point to the stock and they say "That is the interest we pay on the stock," and again they come and ask for the right to reach into our pockets. If they make improvements like building new roads or a new station they build that by borrowing the money and by issuing bonds and issuing stock to themselves. Mr. Ryan one of the highest authorities we have on railroads, when he appeared before the Public Service Commission, stated that 95 Per Cent. of the railroad stock represents nothing more than water. You don't build railroads with water. You are not doing it; you bet you are not. Railroads are built with bonds and you must pay the interest on them. Your stock is the rake-off and we, the public, pay that rake-off. That is what you have been doing. You built the Northern Pacific and the Southern Pacific and we bought it at twenty-five and forty thousand dollars a mile. Now you are bonding us for our own property and you will ask us for something, ask this House to pass this bill. This bill was passed four years ago by the Legislature. It was passed by the House and passed by the Senate and signed by the Governor who acted favorably upon it and the courts have rendered two different opinions upon it.

The railroads opposed it from the time it was installed, until tonight they are again asking us to undo what was done four years ago. And I repeat, what for? Why, to increase and swell their profits. Deny it. You cannot; you know it. Shame on you. How can you face this body of intelligent men, asking for more favors after getting a five per cent. increase on freights and twelve and one-half per cent. increase on passenger traffic with the pretense that the full crew law made it necessary for you to get more? You have got the increase, and now if this bill is repealed, will you give us back the old freight rates; will you give us back the old passenger rates? There isn't one of you believe that they will, and I am sure I don't believe it. No, no. If you get this, what is it you want next? Tell us to-night, so we know.

Just a word to you Republicans—the one hundred and sixty-one Republicans in this House. Last election, last campaign, it looked as if it was anybody's fight, and your United States Senator fearing that things would not break right, wrote in the name of the Republican party to the trainmen, as follows:

October 24th. 1914.

"Mr. Samuel R. Tarner, Chairman Pennsylvania State Legislative Board of Railway Conductors.

Dear Sir:—I have been informed that an impression has gone forth that the Republican organization in Pennsylvania is not steadfast in its support of the Full Crew Legislation enacted at the 1911 session of the Legislature.

I only heard this report upon my arrival in Pittsburgh this morning. I wish to assure you most emphatically that this report is without any foundation whatever. I have always favored this legislation and have had numerous conferences with the representatives of the Order of Railway Conductors, not only when the legislation referred to was up, but afterwards when it was being tested in the Courts. They know my attitude has been consistently and continuously in favor of enacting and sustaining this law. I have talked about the matter with the leading Republicans;" and now get that. "of the State, and all of them have agreed with me."

Where is Baldwin? It says "and all of them have agreed with me, and I can assure you that so far as the Republican party in Pennsylvania is concerned, we will oppose any attempt to repeal this measure. The thought is absurd that I could consistently or logically reverse the position which I have assumed in this connection. Yours truly, Boies Penrose."

I hope that the members will prove their loyalty to their promises.

In conclusion, gentlemen, and Mr. Speaker, I have but this to say there are to-night in this wonderful State of ours hundreds of thousands of people sitting up tonight waiting on the message that will be sent over the State telling the verdict on the full crew bill. There is not a woman whose husband is a railroader who is not on nervous edge to-night, not one. There is not a child who is tucked away in bed to-night by its mother that did not ask the question, "Will they repeal the full crew law tonight?" To-morrow morning, if this law is repealed, the thousands of mothers and wives not only will know but what it will be her husband and the bread-winner that is going to be sacrificed on account of the repeal of this law, and made another of that great army that we have to-day of unemployed. Do not send us these men, do not throw these men on the labor market. We now have more than what we know what to do with. We have now five or six families living in three rooms; we now have men and children underfed. Good God, don't do this. Unless you can show me the reason why, and no one has yet, no one has yet shown me, your message to-night will either be a message of good cheer or a message of despair, one or the other, and I know you well enough, all of you, to know that not one man in this House would do anything that would make any one sad or unhappy. And if you vote to sustain this law, you will do this; you will continue to safeguard, in so far as is in our power, the travelling public, and you will not cause a single tear to be shed on account of the breadwinners being thrown on the unemployed labor market; you will not hurt the stockholders one iota; they must expect to feel the pangs of panics of some sort, as you and I do. If you are a business man, your profits have been cut down during panics and you stood your loss like a man. You did not come in here and ask to have legislation enacted or repealed so that you would not suffer. Surely the railroads have in the last years suffered from the effects of a panic; but let them do like the rest of us suffer their losses like men, and not come whining and crying and asking us to make up that loss at the expense of the women and children and the breadwinners of our great State. I thank you.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen, as I understand the full crew law, the railroads in this State, in the operation of their trains, have to carry more men for that purpose than they had been accustomed to do theretofore. And as I understood it four years ago, though at that time, I was not in any way in public life, it was urged upon the public and the Legislature and Governor of Pennsylvania, as a safety measure. Now, sir, it seems to me, that when the arguments of my eloquent friend from Schuylkill, and my equally eloquent friend from Berks are analyzed you find that the appeal is based principally upon the ground that it will throw some men out of work. Now let us consider what the act of 1911 was. It was the first attempt that I know of on the part of a Legislature of Pennsylvania to regulate a matter of detail in the management of railroads. It was indefensible as anything but a safety measure. But let us consider on what the safety of railway travel depends. Has anybody undertaken to prescribe by law the weight of rails. I, and the youngest among us, have seen the weight of rails grow from forty to fifty pounds to over one hundred pounds per yard. Has anybody undertaken to state any legislature or any State department undertaken to say when a bridge was unsafe? And yet, within the sight of this Capitol, an iron bridge, that has been in service for less than thirty years, is being replaced by a concrete arch bridge and nobody connected with the State government has had anything to say about that except the Water Supply Commission. Nobody will see whether that bridge is properly re-inforced and nobody will see whether the concrete is properly mixed,—we leave those things to the railroad. Now, sir, consider the development of safety appliances on the railroad. The telegraph was invented in 1840 and first applied; and the railroad was first built in this country in 1830, only over about twenty-seven miles, and for the purpose of the safe operation of trains and for the successful operation of your railroads the telegraph was used. And then we had the block signal system, and that depended upon the fidelity and alertness of the tower operator. And now, railroads are equipping their tracks with electric automatic signals, which eliminate the human element entirely at a cost of three thousand dollars per mile of double track and more. I tell you, sir, that the reason that these matters can be safely let to the railroads is that wrecks do not pay. Locomotives cost from eighteen to twenty-two thousand dollars, and some types as much as thirty thousand dollars; passenger cars cost from thirteen to fifteen thousand dollars, and freight cars from eight hundred to twelve hundred dollars. Now then there is a wreck a large amount of property belonging to the railroad is necessarily destroyed. If a few cars crumble up, there is an expense that would pay one-half dozen trainmen for a year, and more than that the goods that are carried by our railroads are costly, all sorts of merchandise are carried and a wreck will destroy that and even the coal scattered by a lot of cars means a loss of money to the railroad. And the law of Pennsylvania is very strict as to the liability of railroads. They cannot contract against their own negligence, nor can they limit their liability nor that which is caused by their gross negligence; in other words, they are insurers to carry the goods safely. Now you can leave it to the men that manage these railroads because, as my friend from Berks said, they are not philanthropists. They are business men and they must manage their railroads economically and well and you can safely leave it to them to see to it that they do not have these enormous losses. And, gentlemen of the House, it is only a few years ago that a New York Central wreck, with a loss of one life, cost that railroad in a verdict two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and under the Federal Liability Act any employe engaged in interstate commerce can recover damages with very little difficulty if there is any negligence whatever on the part of the railroad company. Therefore, I say to you that economy alone would cause these men who manage these railroads to put the extra man on if there is any need for it; and, sir, I am not in favor of any arbitrary law. Where is the virtue in the thirty-car train as against the twenty-nine-car train? Why must there be an extra man? I submit, sir, that under certain conditions it would be absolutely necessary to add an extra man for a less number of cars than thirty and under other conditions fifty to sixty cars could be carried more safely than thirty cars with a full crew. But, after all, this is an economic question and I say to you that there is no business in this world that is so rich that you can ever impose upon it by law an extra man. Why, this cry of men losing their jobs is as old as the development of modern industry. Away back about 1738 John Kay invented the power loom and improved the shuttle and it caused a riot in England in those days; and every one of you here who was a boy thirty or forty years ago can remember how the old men in the country stood around and lamented in those days when they reaped the grain with the sickle and contended that the invention of the grain cradle was an economic loss and put some men out of jobs; and then a little later McCormick gave us the reaper and that was likewise commented upon by the laboring men; and I myself well remember how they stood around the country stores and cross-roads and said that the self-binder was the invention of the devil and would drive the laboring man out of his home. You see how fallacious all of this has been. Farm labor is higher paid now than at any other time and can scarcely be had at all.

Now I submit, gentlemen, that under these circumstances it would be a economic crime to put something on to these railroads or anybody else, to put something on railroads they did not need.

Now, there has been something said about this campaign, about the great number of letters and petitions. I admit, sir, yea, I aver that the letters were a common nuisance to the members of this House and I do not believe that there is a disenting voice here; and I tell you that as a lawyer in the country I know how easy it is to get people to sign petitions. But suppose we throw all those out of it. Suppose we throw away all the foreign letters and rely upon the letters and conversations you had with your constituents, good solid business men, having hard common sense and consider what they say about it, and I say, to you, sir, that that kind of men believe that the railroads of this Commonwealth are competent to manage their train business. The railroads brought their lawyers here and instructed our railroad committee with respect to this matter and then the Brotherhood of Trainmen brought their lawyers here and likewise instructed us and that committee brought this bill out on the floor of the House and it is here before you to-night. How do the people of other parts of this country feel on this question? You all remember what Missouri did, where they had a referendum on this subject and, sir, I believe if it were a matter of referendum in Pennsylvania the verdict would be the same as it was in Missouri.

Now, with respect to the so-called pledge of the Republican party: No one here, I take it, was nominated by the senior Senator from Pennsylvania but we were nominated by the people of our respective districts at the primaries and, while I have great respect for his judgment and wisdom, I do not think that his promise to the trainmen is binding upon a single individual in this House. It was not a part of any party platform and we are responsible to our constituents for what we do here, and if we do not repeal this act we will be guilty of not doing the best by the people of Pennsylvania.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, as sponsor of this bill at the session of 1911 I feel it encumbent upon me to say a few words against the repeal and in favor of the organized railway trainmen.

The full crew was considered necessary by railroad managements when trains (particularly freights), were half the length they are to-day and traffic over the rails was very much lighter than it is to-day. Railroad managements have cut down expenses of operation tremendously by the increased power of their locomotives and the coupling of them together, in order to save the cost of additional train crews. They do not tell us anything about that in their advertisements, nor do they tell us what happens in the event of an accident when firemen, dripping, with perspiration are forced to go out and act as flagman in order to protect their own lives. The safety of the travelling public and the safety of the men who spend their working hours on the rails, depends largely on the well manning of trains, and the cause of humanity demands that the present law be retained unaltered on the statute books.

Members of the Legislature will make a grave mistake if they pay any heed to the deluge of letters that are being mailed to them requesting that they vote for the repeal of the full crew bill, for the benefit of the railroads. Ninety-nine out of every hundred of these letters are practically the same in form and substance showing clearly that they have been sent out under orders from some where. It is needless to discuss their real authorship. No man need be at a loss to guess rightly and know what to do under the circumstances.

At the time of the passage of this act in the House at the session of 1911 the vote was 131 for the bill and 7 against. There are now sitting in this House as members twenty-two who voted for the bill. There are none here who voted against it.

In the Senate, after the bill passed the House, it was a long time coming from the Judiciary Special Committee. On a resolution offered and presented to the Senate that that Committee be discharged from further consideration of the said bill, which was then numbered 353, known as the Full Crew Bill, the vote of said resolution asking that it be discharged and the bill placed upon the calendar, was 43 in favor and only 3 against. In the Senate, when it reached third reading and a vote taken thereon, the vote was 37 for the bill and none against, practically a unanimous vote of all those present at the time. And out of the thirty-seven there are still members who have been returned two years ago and in this session fourteen members who had voted for the bill. You will find very few there who at that time had the slightest intention of talking against it. Even while no one voted against it there were some not in favor of it but they all remained silent when their names were called.

I want to call the attention of the majority members of this House to this matter which has been mentioned particularly by the gentlemen on the other side of the House, that we are responsible to the laboring world of Pennsylvania for their care and well-being. We have promised them many times in our State platform and in our local county speeches and our platforms that we are favorable towards organized labor. Pass this bill and the Republican Party will be haunted and rue it for many years to come.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I believe that what the people of Pennsylvania want in connection with this matter is fair play, I do not care whether it be a great corporation or whether it be a humble workman. When we impose a law that results in the compulsion of capital paying wages from which there is no value derived, it becomes an economic waste and an economic monstrosity and is therefor unjust.

Mr. Speaker, in 1913 when we passed the Public Utilities Bill I came to the conclusion that the purpose of that bill was to perform the service that is now being performed by a rigid law in respect to railroad employes. There is no question in my mind that this bill is entirely too rigid and if we substitute for this law the Public Utilities Commission we will get flexibility which we need in the regulation of train crews. To my mind there can be no doubt that different trains need different size crews. That being so, it seems unjust that the railroad company should be compelled to submit to a rigid law that spells loss and inefficiency to them. I believe that we should divert this lost energy and this lost capital to productive channels, and that the sooner we do that the scooner we will be doing a service to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Anything that makes for the prosperity of the railroads without injuring the service, makes for the prosperity of the country and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, I wish to speak a word on this subject defining my position before voting. I have received a large number of letters from my constituents and the people in my county, asking me to vote for the repeal of this act, for the repeal of the Act of 1911. And I have received a few letters from trainmen; presenting their interests. I have had conversations with both sides, —men representing either side,—and I am satisfied there are two sides to this question. In Huntingdon County there is a railroad about ten miles in length, belonging to a friend of mine, who tells me that every time he wants a box car sent out to his works, it requires five men to accompany the box car over those ten miles of road. They tell me it takes a great many more men on steep inclines in some sections than it does in others; that it takes more men for local trains that do a great deal of shifting than it does for through trains that run for one hundred miles or more without stopping.

Now, from the fact that we have had so many letters, and so many requests to repeal the law of 1911, I believe that there are a great many people who think it is unnecessary to employ the full crew on many occasions, and I do believe that there is not a man that is employed by a railroad company but desires to believe that he is an asset to the company. I think if he did not think so he would resign, and I believe that when there is such a strong sentiment on the part of so many people, or opinion rather, that they are employed unnecessarily, and the fact that the railroad company itself thinks that they are unnecessarily employed, I would think some times that these employes would feel somewhat uncomfortable, and I think, Mr. Speaker, that these employes have a right to know that they are an asset. I believe that they would desire to know that they are an asset to the company; that the people should know it. They would like to have the seal of approval on their positions, and when the railroad will not recognize them as being an asset to the company, I believe it would be to their interests to have the Public Service Commission pass on the fact that they are an asset to the company.

Now, there are only two questions to my mind, worthy of consideration in this matter, and that is the one of economics and the other of safety. Now, while they may not be an economic value to the railroad company, they may be a valuable asset to the safety of the public, and if their matter can be brought before the Commission, and after careful investigation of whether they are needed or not, whether their services are an asset to the public service or public safety, and have the seal of approval by that commission, it will establish the fact in the mind of all good-thinking people, that they are a necessity and there will not be the criticism we have to-day about them being an unnecessary burden upon the railroad company. And I shall vote for this bill because it will put the seal of approval upon their labor. I do not believe it will throw very many of them out of employment. I believe this Public Utilities Commission will discover they are needed by the railroad company and they will have the advantage of the seal of approval of this Commission, and for that reason I shall vote for this bill.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, it was my thought to go into this subject at some length, but after the time that has been taken up in the discussion of this measure, I think it would be unwise and it would be imposing upon the patience of this House for me to go over the situation. I hold in my hands a pamphlet that was put out by the Trainmen for the purpose of showing the necessity of the Full Crew Bill. I also hold in my hand the report made by the trainmaster of the division of the Lehigh Valley Railroad that runs through my section of the country. I also hold in my hand the report made on this subject by Superintendent Shea of the Wyoming Division of the Lehigh Valley Railroad. Now, gentlemen, I am not going into those reports.

I also have here the statistics of the number of trains that were run over the road during the month of February, and these reports cover the month of February, 1915, together with the number of men whom this Full Crew Law employs on that division.

Now, I want to say that in coming to my conclusion,—in forming my judgment upon this matter, that I have tried to do it in all fairness. Railroading is not my business, consequently I had to depend upon the evidence in the case,—and gentlemen, when I want evidence that I can depend upon, I go to those with whom I have associated and to those with whom I am acquainted. I went to the gentlemen who represent the railroad on the Wyoming Division, that passes through Wyoming County, and I went to the trainmen that run over that road with whom I am acquainted, and I want to say to this House that but three questions entered into my mind when I reached the decision to vote for this measure, namely: Shall the State exercise control over the railroad to the extent of saying how many men they must employ to operate their trains? Gentlemen, I answered yes to that question. The State is a partnership arrangement with these railroads. These railroads are running through our State with and by the consent of the State and it is no more than right and just that the Sate should have something to say concerning how those roads are run.

Now, gentlemen, I believe that the provisions that are made in this bill for the manning of these trains is better than the Full Crew Bill for this reason. I do not know but what this Commission will place more men upon these trains than are on today. I know that in many instances the railroads themselves have more men upon the trains than the law requires. They do that to protect their own interests and I have every reason to believe that the commission appointed by our Governor ta adjust labor conditions. after the interest he has shown in labor, in forcing this bill, this Compensation bill through this House; the Child Labor Bill through this House, he will see to it when he appoints that Commission, that upon that Commission will be railroad men, men of experience, men who will know what is best for the laboring man; men who will be fair in their judgment, and fair in their decisions.

The second thing that entered into my consideration was, are these men necessary to the safety of the traveling public. Gentlemen, I have in my hand the statistics of the number of accidents that have occurred in each year since this law has taken effect. I also have the number of accidents that occurred before this Full Crew Bill went into effect and I have taken into consideration the increase in traffic and the increase in the number of people who travel on our roads, and I can see very little if any difference between the number of accidents to-day under this bill, and the number of accidents that occurred when they did not have this bill. Furthermore, since the time this bill went into effect a great many safety appliances have been taken up by the railroads and placed upon their trains and in their service, and I contend, gentlemen, that just as much care in regard to the safety of the traveling public has been looked after by these automatic appliances as has been looked after by the Full Crew Law.

Third, what do my people, the people who are my constituents say about this matter? That is the third and last question I took under consideration. Gentlemen, I talked with all the trainmen; I talked with all the managers of the railroads, and with the men who run the business over that division and not a single man has asked me to vote against this bill from among my constituents. Vote against this bill conforming with my constituents. I have been asked to vote in support of this measure and, gentlemen it is my judgment that this measure ought to pass; that these men and the business of these railroad ought to be put under this commission of which we speak I will not bother you with any further talk on this subject, because it is useless. I don't expect that anything I will say will change the vote, but I want to make my position plain before this House and with the people whom I have the honor to represent in this House.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I think the House fully understands the question, and therefore, I will file my remarks.

ADDRESS BY MR. BALDWIN.

RIGHT THINKING.

It is always attractive to the masses and will rivet their attention when, in an emotional harangue, one pictures in extravagant elocution the miseries of the unfortunate and by specious deceitful insinuation imply that the fault lies at the door of the successful, energetic rival, or great captains of progressive civilization.

Within the last ten years Railroad Captains were murderers because they would not faster displace the human element in the management of trains, by the installation of mechanical devices. Now, you curse them because they have done so and which necessarily reduced the crew, and now we find upon the Statutes inelastic regulations that have caused unnecessary expense and no relief whatever in the reduction of danger to either the traveling public or employes. The facts prove that the railroads have by great expenditure reduced enormously the accident ratio which I will show if you give me time.

STATUTES CONTROLLING PUBLIC SERVICE UTILITIES.

Fifty years ago legislation aiding this character of our business life was encouraged from every standpoint. These great utilities were sorely needed in the development of a new country. The public subscribed and gave freely for railway construction without thought of dividend; urged and encouraged telegraph companies; were delighted when the great telephone had been demonstrated to be practical. Trolley companies leading out into and developing rural life was heralded as a new Moses. Yet, no sooner had these great enterprises gotten into practical operation than demands were made upon the legislature curtailing certain features of their business, and advocating heavy taxes from time to time inflexible statutes have been placed upon our statute books, regulating the conduct of these corporations. In a spirit of antagonism, and, now too frequently, by misrepresentation, truths are perverted and now we find thousands of statutes, mostly borne of the impractical mind and reduced to the concrete by men of no experience in these particular activities.

As our State and Nation developed, the populistic or socialistic sentiment increased, thus we might say, for a period of at least twenty years it has been considered the proper thing to cry out and condemn these great arteries of commerce.

It soon developed that the inflexible nature of a statute was indeed a poor remedy for even whatever ills might exist. Master minds and the public in general realized this and looked for a better method of regulating these great essentials of modern civilization. It was out of these conditions that the idea of a commission was borne. It was the inflexibility of statutes that lead up to this thought and it is now conceded by all men of experience that it is a very much wiser course to place in the hands of a selected tribunal, discreetly, power to regulate in every detail from the inception and organization of the corporation, down to and including, so far as steam railroads are concerned, the crewing of their trains, thus the statute proposed by myself is clearly and definitely in line with this thought.

Ex-Attorney General Bell dwelt specifically and with great force on his own hyperbolic diatrade, loaded with a populistic thought so prevalent in the west twenty years ago, but now so completely exploded that even an ex-Attorney General, one might think, would no longer attempt to exploit this discarded and impractical theorem.

With distended chest and the poise of a Cicero this past master as a hyperbole artist wiped the sweat of honest toil from his brow as in his own vociferous elocutionary style, he iterated and reiterated and dwelt upon and intensified his own declaration that this great Pennsylvania Octopus, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, never gave up a dollar, ofttimes wrung from the public by questionable methods, until forced to do so by the court of last resort.

Again I must say to you think right—think with me. I will tell you the truth. Bell may call it by whatever name as suits him best.

Before telling you this story I must give you a little history, relating to the legislature of 1913, in which he, as Attorney General, played so important a part. As you all know, the Public Service Commission was created by Statute drafted by this same Bell, was endorsed almost without the crossing of a "t" or the dotting of an "i" by both Houses and signed by the Governor and is now the law in Pennsylvania, empowering the Public Service Commission to practically control and direct every public service corporation within this State.

I well remember how this man plead and argued, not only before the commission, but as he moved around through and among the membership, pleading for its passage. He sat in this House by the side of the member who had the bill in charge at the time of passage, in the halls of this Chamber and when Representative John R. K. Scott by motion attempted to have him removed from the halls of the House, the membership opposed his removal. I well remember the magnificent and strenous argument made before the Committee to secure the endorsement of a majority of the Committee so the bill might come before the House with an affirmative recommendation. The contest in the Committee was desperate and hard fought. It was only by a majority of one on a final vote to report the bill that they agreed to stand by the proposition as laid down in the context of the bill, by what was considered the thought of two of the best minds on the subject at that time, namely: Attorney General Bell and Wm. Draper Lewis. I can well remember how the Attorney General, under the stress and excitement of the moment, after he had won, break down and, to his everlasting honor, was forced to wipe tears from his eyes.

As I sat in the hall of this House a few days ago and heard this same man belabor, minimize and ridicule his own work and when he in the midst of his own efforts, stop to wipe the perspiration from his forehead, I could not help but say to myself "no wonder that you should perspire, the only wonder is that a man who, for a fee, could stand out in the presence of a legislative body and attempt to tear down his own structure" and, I might add, that the Pennsylvania Statute creating the Public Service Commission stands to-day in the minds of statesmen as one of the best drafted propositions on the Statute Books of any State in the Union; it contains the best thought and the last word that experience and intelligence dictated at that time. The Bill that I ask you to vote for is absolutely in complete harmony with the thought in the argument of not only Attorney General Bell, but of the best minds in the legislative halls in 1913. It is well known that Governor Tener said at time of signing the crew bill that had the utility bill passed he would not have signed the crew bill.

In his discourse of March 30th indirectly he likened the author of this proposition (sweeping aside all technicality) as one who cared not for the lives of the traveling public or the employes; thinking them unworthy of consideration when the almighty dollar was involved. What men must feel that the public has some confidence or at least would like to have some confidence in their declaration, can feel called upon to reverse themselves in such extravagant language is beyond my comprehension. It is not my purpose to extoll the virtues or the philanthropy of corporations it is not my purpose to extoll the virtue in the purposes of the labor organizations; neither is it my purpose to be-little or misrepresent either of them. It is my purpose and to the extent of my ability I will try to tell the unvarnished truth and analize this this subject sanely and plainly without either resorting to Mr. Bell's pet phrase "hyperbole" or extravagant elocution.

Not a dollar, he said, will the public utility corporations give unless it be wrung from them by the strong arm of the law.

My friends, the Pennsylvania Railroad, East of Pittsburgh and Erie, were the founders, in February, 1886, of an organization known as the Voluntary Relief Association, that has aided the unfortunate to the extent of nearly $35,000,000.00—$6,000,000.00 of this contribution was given voluntarily by the Railroad Company.

The Department employs a Chief Medical Examiner, 30 Medical Examiners and 39 Assistant Medical Examiners, who lend assistance in case of accident or sickness to the members of this Association. They make periodical examinations covering all employes of railroad restaurants and dining cars and others who have anything at all to do with the handling of food in order to guard against the transmission of communicable diseases and also look after the sanitary conditions generally.

This Company also provides for what is known as a superannuation allowance to members of this relief fund, all of which is paid by the Company. In 1900 they established what is known as the Pension Department. The operation of this department was approved by the Board of Directors and all employes who have attained the age of 70 years are compulsorily retired upon a pension for the remainder of their life. This also applies to employes between the ages of 65 and 70 years, in case of disability, who shall have had 30 years or more serviec. These pensions are paid monthly and the expense is borne entairely by the corporation. Since the Department was established it has paid out $8,157,750.00 up to January 1, 1915. They give free hospital service to the injured, they furnish artificial limbs and other mechanical applicances made necessary by accident in the Company's service. I am probably entirely correct when I say there is not an individual employer of labor or a corporation other than a public utility corporatin within the State that has given more for assistance to the unfortunate and aged as has been done by this great public utility corporation.

Add to this great philanthropic work what is known as the Railroad Y. M. C. A., which organization has been given every encouragement and much financial assistance. The total expense of operation of this Association for 1914 was $210,264.00, the Pennsylvania Railroad contributed towards this the sum of $103,000.00. They occupy buildings and space in terminals owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company valued at $657,000.00.

The equipment of these associations consists of library, bowling alleys, gymnasiums, reading rooms, educational class rooms, rest rooms, assembly hall and outdoor athletic fields.

The educational courses consist of practical and technical education, applying to the great air-brake system, the equipment and electrical operation of trains, teaching stenography, telegraphy, mechanical drawing, shop arithmetic, bookkeeping, penmanship, english and accounting.

The greatest work of this Association is gospel meetings, lobby talks, bible classes and shop meetings. Every effort is made through meetings of this association, which are attended by officers as well as employes, to encourage and stimulate esprit de corps on this system, bringing together for the largest and best emphasis of the altruistic and co-operative spirit.

IMPROVEMENTS NOT REQUIRED BY LAW IN THE LAST FEW YEARS ON LINES EAST OF PITTSBURGH AND ERIE.

Stone ballast.

120 pound steel rail to replace 90 and 100 pound rail

Increasing the number of cross-ties per 33 foot rail from 16 to 18 and 20.

Replacing iron bridges with concrete.

Removal of 430 grade crossings during the ten years ended with 1913, at a cost of over twenty-seven million dollars.

Installation of interlocking switches at a cost of over six million dollars.

Eliminating all short cross-over switches with longer ones to make train movements more safe.

Installation of automatic signals from New York to Pittsburgh at a cost of six million dollars, relieving the operators of the responsibility of block operation, thereby eliminating the human factor in train operation to a considerable extent.

Building of all steel passenger cars.

Adoption of electric lights in passenger equipment, relieving trainmen of the work of attending to the old style lights.

Increased inspection of rolling stock and equipment at a cost of two million dollars annually.

Erection of the largest grain elevator in the east, at Girard Point, Philadelphia, to facilitate the movement of grain, which can be moved from Duluth to Liverpool at a cost of eleven cents per bushel.

Building of all steel freight cars to handle the grain shipments.

Building of all steel milk cars for the accommodation of the milk business.

Perhaps no more forceful illustrations could be advanced showing what the railroads have required of their employes and the compensation given them than a comparison with like services in other countries and what could be more convincing then the cold figures, showing the wages of this class of labor on the Pennsylvania Railroad as compared with wages paid by railroads of European countries?

The average annual compensation of Pennsylvania Railroad employes is $882.44; or $16.98 per week. Consider these figures in the light of the following statistics, including British, German, French, Austrian, Hungarian, Russian, Swiss, Italian and Belgian Railways, many of these being government owned:

Average weekly earnings of Insular Kingdom Railway employes is	$ 6 65
Average yearly earnings of German Empire Railway employes is	361 00
Average yearly earnings of Austrian Railway employes is	190 00
Average yearly earnings of Hungarian Railway employes is	293 00
Average yearly earnings of French Railway employes is	208 60
Average yearly earnings of Russian Railway employes is	187 00
Average yearly earnings of Swiss Railway employes is	321 50
Average yearly earnings of Italian Railway employes is	392 00
Average yearly earnings of Belgian Railway employes is	300 00

It is the marvel of the age that the freight rate in America, considering the great difference in the cost of operation, should remain at the low figure that they now are, notwithstanding the fact that the European countries pay their railroad employes such a low wage. It is a fact that in every country in Europe where railroads are government owned they ae a losing proposition. The railroad situation in Japan is even more impressive. Imagine clerks working for $11.66 per month. General employes, female, receive only $4.49 and male, $7.65 per month.

It occurs to me when we take into consideration what the rest of the world is doing and how, from a wage standpoint, the railroads in Pennsylvania has given a wage that would look princely in any European country, that it would seem impossible that there should be any of the feeling that now exists against these public activities.

In the face of these facts the public mind is diverted from the truth by people who either intentionally or through ignorance endeavor to spread dissension and the spirit of disorganization and insubordination to the great injury of the public, the employees and the managers of the business.

Dealing with the subject solely from a safety standpoint. there is not even a ray of light from any angle that indicates that this law has served any useful purpose in reducing the number of accidents in the operation of the railroad systems in Pennsylvania. Attorney General Bell and others have persisted in quoting the Railroad Commissioner's report, covering the year 1913.

EX-ATTORNEY GENERAL BELL (ADDRESS).

Pages 101 and 102. See underlined in red ink.

The facts are defects in roadway in roadway in ten years from 1904 to 1914. Page 56. Total killed 519.

Defects in equipment for same period was 487 killed.

Grand total killed in United State 1006 in ten years.

Caused by failure of power brake killed 35.

Ratio of only three and one-half each year, or 35 in ten years.

See pages 56, 57 Commission Report, 1913.

Total Railroad accidents June 30, 1912, to June 30, 1914, see page 53—read causes.

See pages 67 to 72 United States Commission Report.

In no place does the Interstate Commerce Commission even mention a lack of employes as a cause of accident, or that accidents in a single instance are due to an insufficient operating force. In eight pages of their 27th annual report they devote themselves entirely to the subject of accidents for the year 1913. In that report they emphasize the fact that they have previously iterated the same criticism, namely: human error and larger user of mechanical devices as the only sane remedy.

The unfortunate condition at the present time is the persistence in unions to control the business instead of allowing the managers more lattitude in the administration of their business. It too often happens that the instance of employes fixing rules by their unions run counter to the company's wise control of the management.

(Proof) That infelexible Statutes work great wrong in so many instances is shown on page 63 Interstate Commerce Commission Report of 193, Sec. 1 and 3, as marked, also page 82. Page 67, U. S. District Court held Service Law mandatory. Diligence on part of the Railroad Company to prevent excess service was no answer. Marked Exhibit 1-Center page.

Page 67, Exhibit 2—Dereliction of duty causes 74 per cent. of accidents.

Page 82, Exhibit 1—Referring to Commission recommendtions.

Out of the initiative by government but little has ever occurred in our life worthy of mention.

Invention and development of ideas down all the ages has been the work of the individual oftimes as the master mind directing some great corporation which in America almost always represents the savings of the multitude consisting often of widows and orphans and always the savings of our common people. In one great Railway system the P. R. R. of this State alone probably 100,000 of our citizenship are part owners.

Pennsylvania tried its hand in 1826 at government management of public utility. A Commission was appointed to begin operation and Pennsylvania embarked in the enterprise of government ownership and operation of public utilities, under a State Commission. Governor Wolfe in his message in 1833 in flattering terms perdicted a glorious future of development and positive prediction of great profit to the State by the operation of these utilities. Alas, how soon our fondest idols perish and disappear to be heard of no more amongst men.

By 1842 our State debt had reached what was then thought the appalling figure of over $42,000,000. In the year 1856 the total profit in the operation of these utilities was only $62,100 over cost of operation. As early as 1834 there was in operation over 700 miles of canal and railroad development. The Commission or government experiment had been in operation over thirty years by 1856. Instead of showing a profit over operating expenses and legal interest on bonds there was an actual shortage on interest account.

Actual figures for the year 1856 were receipts $2,006,000.00 expenses $1,943,900.00, leaving but $62,100 to pay interest on a debt of over $42,000,000.00, thus the people were called upon to pay a tribute which at that time reached the appalling figure of over $2,000,000.00. This amount at that time meant more than $20,000,000.00 now.

On June 25th, 1857 the State turned over to private or corporate ownership for the sum of seven and one-half million dollars.

This corporation was what is now known as the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Time will not allow me to tell you the story of the activities and achievements of its wonderful history. Briefly, I can say very very few if any, in the annals of history have matched it. From that paltry seven and one-half million it is now reconned by billions.

Just pause, look, listen, the representatives of our empire quibbling over the question of whether this great company should not be required to hire one more man under certain circumstances. We have often heard of people trying to make believe a mole hill was a mountain. Really this is trying to make believe a drop of water is an ocean.

It was in 1858 that the State closed its final sale of all this class of holdings for the sum of three and one-half millions to the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company at that time. Gov. Packer said, "I have an abiding confidence in the wisdom of the transfer and a divorcing of the State from the demoralizing and unprofitable management of railroads and canals and that the public welfare will be vastly benefited by the change."

On the question, recurring

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—135.

Adams,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman.
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—68.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Becker,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Bungard,
Coldsmith,
Cromer,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gompers,
Gormley,
Harper,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McCurdy,
McKay,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Steedle,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Wagner,
Walton,
Weaver,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wynne,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FROM THE SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled, as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 196.

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a Commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation

House Bill No. 757,

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms

House Bill No. 1011,

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

House Bill No. 1050,

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 70,

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

House Bill No. 867,

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania

With the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 225, File Folio 4883, entitled,

An Act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected and regulating such benefits Providing for the organization of such societies and for their licensing supervision regulation and examination by the Insurance Commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies Designating tables of mortality to be used and establishing a standard of solvency Requiring all societies to make annual reports and all foreign societies to appoint the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process Providing penalties for any violation of the act Exempting certain societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws

was defeated on Final Passage on Monday, April 12th, be reconsidered.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion.

The SPEAKER declared the nays appeared to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for, 49 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and 140 gentlemen voting in the negative, and the motion was not agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I move this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11:35 P. M.) the House adjourned to meet at 10:00 o'clock tomorrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, APRIL 20, 1915. No. 45.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, April 20, 1915.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Rev. J. D. Campbell, Pastor of the Greenfield Avenue Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, Pa., offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, Preserver and Redeemer of mankind, we worship Thee as the everpresent God, who, though unseen, art not far from any one of us. We thank Thee for Thy kindness; we adore Thee for Thy love, and now as we are about to begin the deliberations of this day, fill us with such a profound sense of our indebtedness to Thee and our obligations to our fellowmen that every thought, word and deed may bring glory to Thee and a blessing to our country. Pardon all our sins and accept of us in the name of Thy Son. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. HERBST, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

AGAINST SENATE BILL NO. 737.

Mr. FARLEY presented 8 petitions of citizens of Philadelphia protesting against the passage of Senate Bill No. 737.

Which were referred to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

The Chair presented two petitions of citizens of Philadelphia protesting against the passage of Senate Bill No. 737.

Which were referred to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

FAVORING MEMORIAL TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. MARTIN presented petition of citizens of Cumberland County, favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of citizens of York County, favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

MEMORIAL TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. MARTIN presented petition of citizens of Cumberland County favoring the erection of a memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WASBERS presented two petitions of citizens of York County, favoring the erection of a memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 690 (House Bill No. 1013), entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners, county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eighteen hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census.

Also from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 958 (House Bill No. 1129), entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuation for taxation purposes within such townships.

Also from the Committee on City Passenger Railways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 661, entitled:

A supplement to an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the 14th day of May, A. D. 1889; authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct, equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities of cities, boroughs and townships are located within the limits of the public streets, roads or bridges or other highways of such cities, boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consents of the local authorities of all the cities, boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines.

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 837 (House Bill No. 1134), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 26th day of April, 1883, entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney."

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 663, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the 12th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth, in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million, and to provide the time of paying the same," by extending its provisions to all counties having a population under one million.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 651 (House Bill No. 789), entitled:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to review and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 622 (House Bill No. 623), entitled:

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases to employ special investigators and detectives and to employ persons to assist in apprehending and extraditing fugitives from justice and to determine the compensation of said witnesses investigators detectives and persons and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county.

Mr. HINDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 645 (House Bill No. 684), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas, and orphans' courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, and courts of quarter sessions of the peace, of this Commonwealth, as well as before commissioners, masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners, auditors, and other officers; prescribing their powers and duties, and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported; prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses, when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed, and when by the parties to such proceedings; and repealing an act, entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth; authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners, masters, referees, commissioners, and auditors; authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May eighth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State," approved June tenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven; but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven."

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 911 (House Bill No. 1271), entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter all actions for damages for death by negligence or unlawful violence shall be brought by the executor or administrator of the decedent for the exclusive benefit of the widow or husband children grandchildren mother father brother sister or other next of kin dependent on such decedent and such damages shall be distributable free from all claims of creditors in the proportion such beneficiaries would take the personal estate of such decedent under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 519 (House Bill No. 637), entitled:

An Act validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other States made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject," approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1911, P. L. 710, without such corporations first having established known places of business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts bonds and obligations upon the payment of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 873 (House Bill No. 1155), entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the 8th day of April, 1833, entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates."

Mr. SALUS, from the Committee on Law and Order, rereported as committed, Senate Bill No. 721 (House Bill No. 153), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incident thereto.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 848, entitled:

An Act to amend the second and third sections of Article five of an act entitled "An Act dening public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their corporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission, its officers counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the 19th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the 31st day of May, 1907, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act approved the 4th day of June, 1883, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the 17th article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals," and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the 24th day of May, A. D. 1907; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four, of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, 1874, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved the 26th day of July, 1913.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 849, entitled:

An Act to amend sub-section (d) of section one of Article three of an act entitled "An Act dening public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their corporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission, its officers counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the 19th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the 31st day of May, 1907, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act approved the 4th day of June, 1883, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the 17th article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals," and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the 24th day of May, A. D. 1907; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four, of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, 1874, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved the 26th day of July, 1913.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 929, entitled:

An Act defining what shall be treated as part of the record on appeals in certain cases.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 861, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Mr. KURTZ, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 454, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

Mr. P. W. SNYDER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 714, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale, furnishing giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium morphine heroin codeine or any salts derivatives or compounds thereof and providing penalties.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 979, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 980, entitled:

An Act directing the Water Supply Commission to improve the channel of the Shenango River in and through the Borough of Sharon, County of Mercer, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 981, entitled:

An Act promoting the safety of employes and travellers upon railroads by prohibiting common carriers by railroads from the operation of freight trains of more than one-half mile in length and the operation of passenger trains of more than ten cars in length, prescribing the effect of such illegal operation of trains in suits for injuries arising therefrom and making such illegal operation a misdemeanor and providing penalty therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Railroads.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 982, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children, Pittsburgh.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SEMMENS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 983, entitled:

An Act to provide that assessments of damages for the opening or widening of any street or highway in any city or borough, or other municipality, in this Commonwealth, shall include all damages for the opening or widening of the street or highway at the existing confirmed grade of such street or highway.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 984, entitled:

An Act authorizing William C. Dietrich a resident of Indiana Township, County of Allegheny, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Allegheny County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 985, entitled:

An Act to amend section one, two and three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing and regulating of slaughter houses, shops, wagons, and places where meats, poultry, fish, game and shell fish are prepared for use as food, or stored or exposed for sale, in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth; and providing penalties for any violation of any regulation governing the same," approved the 26th day of April, 1907, so as to extend the provisions of the said act to include the licensing and regulating of all places of whatsoever character in cities of the first class where articles or substances intended to be eaten or drunk shall be prepared for use or stored or exposed for sale.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. GERBERICH offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), that when the Senate adjourns this week it be to meet again on Monday evening, April twenty-sixth, at eight o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it be to meet again on Monday evening, April twenty-sixth, at eight o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 84, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections one thousand four hundred twenty-one and one thousand four hundred and twenty-two of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hunderd eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which respectively read as follows

"Section 1421 No person in this Commonwealth either for himself or for any firm association or corporation shall during the term of compulsory attendance as fixed by the board of school directors in any school district and during the hours the public schools are in session accept service from engage or employ any child or children between eight and fourteen years of age nor shall he accept service from engage or employ any child or children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years unless such child shall first furnish and deliver to such employer an employment certificate issued according to law"

"Section 1422 Any person or persons accepting service from or engaging or employing any child between eight and fourteen years of age during the term of compulsory attendance and while the schools are in session or accepting service from engaging or employing any child during the same period of time between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years without being first furnished by such child with an employment certificate or failing to furnish to the district superintendent of schools supervising principal attendance officer or secretary of the board of school directors the information required by this act concerning the children employed by him or them or shall fail to post for inspection at the place of employment of such children the list of children engaged by him or them as required by the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished for a first offense by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) or more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or ten days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court and for a subsequent offence shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) or more than ($50.00) or ninety days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court" are amended to read respectively as follows

Section 1421 No person in this Commonwealth either for himself or for any firm association or corporation shall during the term of compulsory attendance as fixed by the board of school directors in any school district and during the hours the public schools are in session accept service from engage or employ any child or children between eight and fourteen years of age nor shall he accept service from engage or employ any child or children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years unless such child shall first furnish and deliver to such employer an employment certificate issued according to law

If the child leaves such employment or is absent from such employment five days the employer shall immediately in writing notify accordingly the school official who issued the certificate

Section 1422 Any person or persons accepting service from or engaging or employing any child between eight and fourteen years of age during the term of compulsory attendance and while the public schools are in session or accepting service from engaging or employing any child during the same period of time between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years without being first furnished by such child with an employment certificate or failing to furnish to the district superintendent of schools supervising principal attendance officer or secretary of the board of school directors the information required by this act concerning the children employed by him or them or shall fail to post for inspection at the place of employment of such children the list of children engaged by him or them as required by the provisions of this act who shall fail to notify the proper school official as required by the last preceding section of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished for a first offence by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) or more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or ten days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court and for a subsequent offence shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) or more than fifty dollars ($50.00) or ninety days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And said amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the constitution.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 141, as follows:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Whereas The eyesight of the citizens of this Commonwealth is endangered by incompetent persons practicing optometry and due regard for the safety and protection of the citizens demands that only authorized and qualified optometrists shall be permitted to practice optometry

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the practice of optometry is hereby defined to be the employment of any means other than the use of drugs for the measurement of the powers of vision and the adaptation of lenses for the correction and aid of the vision of human beings

Section 2 That on and after January first one thousand nine hundred sixteen it shall not be lawful for any person in this Commonwealth to engage in the practice of optometry or to hold himself out as a practitioner of optometry or to attempt to determine by an examination of the eyes the kind of glasses needed by any person or to hold himself out as a licensed optometrist when not so licensed or to hold himself out as able to examine the eyes of any person for the purpose of fitting the same with glasses excepting those hereinafter exempted unless he has first fulfilled the requirements of this act and has received a certificate of licensure from the bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure created by this act nor shall it be lawful for any person in this Commonwealth to represent that he is the lawful holder of a certificate of licensure such as is provided for in this act when in fact he is not such lawful holder or to impersonate any licensed practitioner of optometry or to fail to deliver the certificate provided for in section six of this act

Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be subject upon first offence to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than six months in the county prison or both or either at the discretion of the court and upon conviction on second or later offence shall be subject to a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than one year at the discretion of the court

Section 3 For the purpose of carrying out and enforcing the provisions of this act there shall be established in this Commonwealth a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction which shall be known as the bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure of the Department vania The said bureau shall consist of seven members one of whom the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be ex-officio a member thereof the six remaining members shall be appointed by the Governor of the Commonwealth on or before September first nineteen hundred and fifteen Each member shall receive a certificate of his appointment signed by the Governor and attested by the Secretary of the Commonwealth Only optometrists citizens of this Commonwealth who possess the requisite qualifications to practice optometry under this act and who shall have been so practicing in this State during the five years next previous to their appointment shall be eligible to appointment The appointment of members of said bureau shall be made from the list of members of the optical society of the State of Pennsylvania submitted to the Governor by the executive committee of said society and future appointments from a similar list submitted annually by said committee Two members of the bureau first appointed under this act shall serve for one year two for two years and two for three years after which the successor of each member shall be appointed for a term of three years but no member of said bureau shall be a member of the faculty of any undergraduate school or college teaching optometry The first appointees shall by virtue of such appointment receive certificates of licensure without examination The Governor shall by appointment fill all vacancies caused by death resignation or otherwise and may remove any member of said bureau for continued neglect of his duties in connection therewith or for any unprofessional or dishonorable conduct but only upon due proof of such neglect or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct and after an opportunity has been given such member for a hearing Appointments to fill vacancies occurring through death resignation or otherwise shall be for the unexpired term of the deceased or retiring member

Section 4 Said bureau shall effect its organization immediately after the appointment of its members by the Governor by holding a meeting at which it shall elect from its membership a president and a secretary who shall also be treasurer It shall have authority to make rules and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of this Commonwealth for the transaction of its business and for the registration of all optometrists of this Commonwealth and for conducting examinations of applicants Said rules shall be printed in pamphlet form for public distribution and may be published in such newspapers in Philadelphia Pittsburgh and Harrisburg as may be designated by the bureau Five members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business except for the consideration of the revocation or suspension of a certificate of licensure or the refusal to grant a certificate of licensure or the determination of the fitness of any college to render eligible its graduates for licensure when the unanimous consent of all seven members shall be necessary Said bureau shall meet at least twice a year at Harrisburg Any member may administer oaths and take testimony when appointed so to do by the bureau The appointed members shall receive compensation at the rate of ten dollars per day and necessary expenses for each day actually devoted to the work of the bureau

Section 5 Every person desiring to commence the practice of optometry or if now in practice to continue the practice thereof after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen except as herein otherwise provided shall take the examination provided in this act and satisfy the other requirements hereof as herein provided Any person who has been engaged in the practice of optometry in this Commonwealth for two full years prior to the passage of this act or for one year in this and for the year preceding it in another state and is of good character shall be entitled to take a limited examination covering the following matters only

(a) The limitations of the sphere of optometry

(b) The necessary scientific instruments used

(c) The form and power of lenses used

(d) A correct method of measuring presbyopia hypermetropia myopia and astigmatism

(e) The writing of formulas or prescriptions for the adaptation of lenses in aid of vision

Any person over the age of twenty-one years of good moral character who has had a preliminary education equivalent to two years of the course of a high school whose standard is approved by the Department of Public Instruction which preliminary education shall be ascertained by examination or by acceptable certificate as to credits for work done in such approved institution and has graduated from a school of optometry approved by said bureau which maintains a course in optometry of not less than two years and has afterwards studied optometry for at least one year in a licensed optometrist's office shall be entitled to take a standard examination Said standard examination shall consist of tests in practical theoretical and physiological optics in theoretical and practical optometry and in the anatomy and physiology of the eye and in pathology as applied to optometry Provided however that any person not less than twenty-one years of age who is actually engaged in the practice of optometry at the time of the passage of this act shall be entitled to take the standard examination merely upon proof to the bureau that he is of good moral character and is not addicted to the intemperate use of alcohol or narcotic drugs

Section 6 Every person desiring to be licensed as in this act provided shall file with the secretary of said bureau upon appropriate blank to be furnished by said secretary an application verified by oath setting forth the facts which entitle the applicant to examination and licensure under the provisions of this act The said bureau shall hold at least two examinations each year In case of failure at any standard examination the applicant after the expiration of six months and within two years shall have the privilege of a second examination by the bureau without the payment of an additional fee In case of failure at any limited examination the applicant shall have the privilege of continuing the practice of optometry and of taking a second and third examination without the payment of an additional fee But in the event of his failing to pass the examination on or before January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen he shall thereafter cease to practice optometry in this Commonwealth Every applicant who shall pass the standard examination or the limited examination as the case may be and who shall otherwise comply with the provisions of this act shall receive from the said bureau under its seal a certificate of licensure entitling him to practice optometry in this Commonwealth which certificate shall be duly registered in the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction of this Commonwealth in a record book to be properly kept for that purpose which shall be open to public inspection and a duly certified copy of said record shall be received as evidence in all courts of this Commonwealth in the trial of any case Each person to whom a certificate shall be issued by said bureau shall keep said certificate displayed in a conspicuous place in the office or place of business wherein said person shall practice optometry together with the photograph of said person attached to the lower right hand corner of said certificate and shall whenever required exhibit the said certificate to any member or agent of said bureau Whenever any such person shall practice optometry outside or away from his office or place of business he shall deliver to each person fitted with glasses by him a certificate signed by him wherein he shall set forth the amount charged his post office address and the number of his certificate Each person to whom a certificate has been issued by said bureau shall before practicing under the same register said certificate in the office of the prothonotary in each county wherein he proposes to practice optometry and shall pay therefor such fee as may be lawfully chargeable for such registry The prothonotary in each county shall keep a book for registering such certificates in the manner now provided by law for the registry of certificates of licensure of practitioners of medicine and surgery

Section 7 Said Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure shall charge the following fees for all examinations that may be conducted by it The sum of twenty-five dollars for a standard examination ten dollars for a limited examination one dollar per annum for a revision of the record of each certificate issued by it so long as the person to whom it was issued continues to practice optometry It shall adopt a seal and certificate of suitable design and shall have an office at Harrisburg in this Commonwealth where examinations may be held and where all its permanent records shall be kept which records shall be open to public inspection It shall have power to make requisition upon the proper State officials for offices rooms and supplies including stationery and furniture All printing and binding necessary for the work of the said bureau shall be done by the State Printer upon an order issued by said bureau through its president and secretary to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

Section 8 All fees received by said bureau for examinations or from any other source shall be utilized in regulating the practice of optometry and paying the expenses of the bureau as provided for in this act any surplus to be turned over to the State Treasurer at least once in each twelve months An annual audit of the accounts of the bureau shall be made by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth The treasurer of said bureau shall give a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars for the faithful performance of his duties said bond to be approved by the bureau of Optometrical education examination and licensure and by the Attorney General of the Commonwealth who shall be custodian of the bond

Section 9 The bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure shall refuse to grant a certificate of licensure to any applicant and may cancel revoke or suspend the operation of any certificate by it granted for any or all of the following reasons to wit The conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude habitual intemperance in the use of ardent spirits or stimulants narcotics or any other substance which impairs the intellect and judgment to such an extent as to incapacitate for the performance of the duties of an optometrist the certificate of licensure of any person convicted of a violation of section two of this act shall be ipso facto revoked

Any person who is the holder of a certificate of licensure or who is an applicant for examination for a certificate of licensure against whom is preferred any charges shall be furnished by the bureau with a copy of the complaint and shall have a hearing before the bureau at which hearing he may be represented by counsel At such hearing witnesses may be examined for and against the accused respecting the said charges which examination shall be conducted in the manner usually followed in the taking of testimony before commissions in this Commonwealth The suspension of a certificate of licensure by reason of the use of stimulants or narcotics may be removed when the holders thereof shall have been adjudged by the said bureau to be cured and capable of practicing optometry

Section 10 An applicant for a certificate of licensure who has been examined by the State Board of Optometrical Examiners of another State which through reciprocity similarly accredits the holder of a certificate issued by the bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure of this Commonwealth to the full privilege of practice within such State shall on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to the said bureau and on filing in the office of the bureau a true and attested copy of the said license certified by the president or secretary of the State board issuing the same and showing also that the standard of requirements adopted and enforced by said board is equal to that provided for by this act shall without further examination receive a certificate of licensure provided that such applicant has not previously failed at an examination held by the bureau optometrical education examination and licensure of this Commonwealth.

Section 11 Nothing in this act shall be construed as conferring on the holder of any certificate of licensure issued by said bureau the title of doctor oculist opthalmologist or any other word or abreviation indicating that he is engaged in the practice of medicine or surgery or in the treatment or the diagnosis of diseases of or injuries to the human eye or the right to use drugs or medicines in any form for the treatment or examination of the human eye

Section 12 The provisions of this act shall not apply to physicians or surgeons practicing under authority of licenses issued under the laws of this Commonwealth for the practice of medicine or surgery or persons who sell spectacles and eyeglasses who neither practice nor profess to practice optometry

Section 13 This act shall take effect and be in full force from the date of the appointment of the said bureau by the Governor as herein provided

Section 14 Wherever in this act the singular number is used it shall be interpreted as meaning both singular and plural if compatible with the sense of the language used and vice verso and wherever in this act the masculine gender is used it shall be construed as comprehending also the feminine gender

Section 15 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed it being intended that this act shall furnish a complete and exclusive system of and in itself for obtaining the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for the regulation of the practice of optometry therein

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And said amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the constitution.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 369, as follows:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets and trays therefor and imposing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That vegetables grapes and fruits may be sold in standard containers baskets or trays if such containers baskets or trays are made as herein designated and are of the dimensions or capacity described in this act

Section 2 The "standard pony basket" shall be of the following dimensions inside measurement the bottom shall be three and five eighths inches in width and nine and five-eighths inches in length the heighth shall be three and seven-eighths inches the top shall be four and one-half inches in width and ten and five-eighths inches in length

Section 3 "The standard basket" shall be of the following dimensions inside measurement the bottom shall be four and three-fourths inches in width twelve and one-fourth inches in length the heighth shall be four and five-eighth inches the top shall be six inches in width and fourteen and one-quarter inches in length

Section 4 The "standard jumbo basket" shall be of the following dimensions inside measurement the bottom shall be seven and one-eighth inches in width fifteen inches in length the heighth shall be six and one-eighth inches the top shall be eight and three-fourts inches in width and seventeen and one-half inches in length

Section 5 The "standard tray" shall be eighteen inches long over all Its head shall be seven inches high fifteen and one-half inches long on top and thirteen and one-half inches long on the bottom and shall be sawed or cut not over five-eighths inches thick Its side shall be not less than six inches high Its cover sides and bottom shall be sawed or cut not more than one-quarter inch thick

Section 6 That whenever vegetables grapes or fruits are sold or offered for sale in quart boxes or quart containers of any kind the cubical contents of such boxes or containers shall be sixty-seven and one-fifth cubic inches

Section 7 A reasonable variation in the capacity and dimensions specified shall be allowed

Section 8 That any container basket or tray made in conformity to the provisions of sections two three four five and six of this act and of the capacity therein specified need not be tagged marked or otherwise branded to indicate the quantity of the contents or to specify the same in terms of weight measure or numerical count All other containers baskets or trays not made in conformity with the provisions of this act of a different capacity from that herein specified shall be plainly or conspicuously tagged branded or otherwise marked on the outside of such container basket or tray to indicate the quantity of the contents in terms of weight measure or numerical count

Section 9 That any person firm corporation or association who shall pack or cause to be packed containers baskets or trays for vegetables grapes or fruits and who shall knowingly sell or offer for sale such vegetables fruits or grapes in containers baskets trays or measures in violation of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace in the proper county shall be sentenced for the first offense to pay a fine of one dollar and costs for each such container basket or tray and for the second offense a sum not less than five dollars nor more than ten dollars and costs for each such container basket or tray used by the same in violation of this act and for any subsequent offense not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars and costs for each container basket or tray so made or used by the same

Section 10 It shall be the duty of the proper city and county inspectors of weights and measures to enforce the provisions of this act

Section 11 All other acts or parts of acts general local or special inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And said amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Graff,
Gygor,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins
Kline,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Salus,
Schantz,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RETURNED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

By inserting in the title in line 6 after the word "purposes" the words "fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held;" also in line 8, by striking out after the word "of" the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "such": also by striking out after the word "amount" the words "of such property which may thus be acquired and held."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger.
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch.
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson.
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner.
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 216, as follows:

An Act relating to the Legislative Reference Bureau and authorizing and regulating therein a system of municipal reference information

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Legislative Reference Bureau is hereby directed to establish in the bureau a system of municipal reference information for the benefit of the municipalities of Pennsylvania The bureau shall gather classify and make available information along legal lines from any source that may be helpful in improving methods of administration and government in such municipalities It shall study the laws and ordinances governing municipalities in Pennsylvania and elsewhere publish from time to time the results of such studies Upon request from any municipality in Pennsylvania it shall draft ordinances of a general nature It shall prepare standard forms for ordinances on matters common to the various classes of municipalities.

Section 2 The director of the bureau is authorized to appoint in the bureau a Municipal Reference Librarian who shall be learned in the law and who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars and one filing clerk at an annual salary of one thousand dollars.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 578 (House Bill No. 416), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing sections three of the act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage and approval of this act in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorney of the proper county shall have the power to appoint certain police officers to be designated 'county detectives' not exceeding four in number as he shall consider necessary at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800.00) in addition to such expenses as are hereinafter provided for which salary and expenses shall be paid monthly from the funds of the proper county" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 In counties containing not less than two hundred fifty thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorney of the proper county shall have the power to appoint certain police officers to be designated "county detectives" not exceeding four in number as he shall consider necessary at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800.00) in addition to such expenses as are hereinafter provided for which salary and expenses shall be paid monthly from the funds of the proper county

Section 2 The third section of said act is repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 613, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of the act of the General Assembly approved twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

"Section 4 It shall be unlawful in selling any commodity to use any measure unless the same shall have thereon marked in distinct letters and figures the capacity thereof If such measure be of the capacity of one-half bushel or less or of one-half gallon or less it shall be marked in terms of a quart dry or liquid measure respectively If the measure be of the capacity of over one-half bushel or one-half gallon respectively it shall be marked in terms of a bushel or gallon respectively" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 It shall be unlawful in selling any commodity to use any measure unless the same shall have thereon marked in distinct letters and figures the capacity thereof If such measure be of the capacity of one-half bushel or less or of one-half gallon or less it shall be marked in terms of a quart dry or liquid measure respectively If the measure be of the capacity of over one-half bushel or one-half gallon it shall be marked in terms of a bushel or gallon respectively Provided That bottles or jars used for the sale of milk or cream shall be regarded and considered as measures within the meaning of this act and shall be in all respects subject to all rules and regulations heretofore or hereafter made by the Chief of the Pennsylvania Bureau of Standards as to reasonable variations and tolerances

Section 2 All acts or parts of an act general local or special inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 709, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three six and seven of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to operators train despatchers or other employes who by use of the telegraph or telephone dispatch reports transmit receive or deliver orders pertaining to or affecting train movements and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 152, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment erection equipment and management of a Pennsylvania Home for Boys and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix.
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz.
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 160, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section four of article thirteen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of article eight section four of article thirteen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one be and the same are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 That section one of article eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 1 It shall not be lawful neither shall it be permitted for any person or persons to act as mine foreman or assistant mine foreman of any coal mine or colliery unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate of qualification or service under this act be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 It shall not be lawful neither shall it be permitted for any person or persons to act as mine foreman or assistant mine foreman of any coal mine or colliery unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate or qualification or service under this act

In the event that the General Assembly enacts and the Governor approves a valid Workmen's Compensation law it shall not be lawful neither shall it be permitted for any person to act as mine foreman or assistant mine foreman of any coal mine or colliery unless he is registered as a holder of a certificate of qualification or service under this act or unless in the judgment of the employer he is a person possessed of qualifications which make him equally competent to act in such position

Section 3 That section six of article eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 6 No mines shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman In case any mine is worked a longer period than thirty (30) days without such certified mine foreman the owner operator or superintendent thereof shall be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over the said thirty (30) days during which the said mine is operated" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 No mine shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman In case any mine is worked a longer period than thirty (30) days without a mine foreman the owner operator or superintendent thereof shall be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over the said thirty (30) days during which the said mine is operated

Section 4 That rule one of article twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Rule 1 The owner operator or superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to ensure the safety of the workmen in all cases whether provided for in this act or not and he shall place the underground workings thereof and all that is related to the same under the charge and daily supervision of a competent person who shall be called 'mine foreman'" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 1 The owner operator or superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to insure the safety of the workmen in all cases whether provided for in this act or not and shall have the right to supervise erect and control the work of the mine foreman and all other mine employes

Section 5 That section four of article thirteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 Due notice of an intended inquest to be held by the coroner shall be given by the coroner to the inspector and at any such inquest the inspector shall have the right to examine witnesses" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Due notice of an inquest to be held by the coroner shall be given by the coroner to the inspector and at any such inquest any adult relative or attorney employed by such relative of the deceased shall have the right to examine witnesses

Section 6 That article eighteen of said act which reads as follows

"Article 18 In this act unless the context otherwise requires the term 'coal mine or colliery' includes every operation and work both under ground and above ground used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal

The term 'workings' includes all the excavated parts of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually at work

The term 'mine' includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings also all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and materials connected with the same below the surface

The term 'shaft' means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal

The term 'slope' means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

The term "breaker" means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal

The term 'owners' and 'operators' means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof The term 'owner' does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease grant or license for the working or operating thereof or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof But any 'contractor' for the working of a mine or colliery or any part or district thereof shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner

The term 'superintendent' means the person who shall have on behalf of the owner general supervision of one or more mines or collieries" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Article 18 In this act unless the context otherwise requires the term "coal mine or colliery" includes every operation and work both underground and above ground used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal

The term "workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually at work

The term "mine" includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings also all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and materials connected with the same below the surface

The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal

The term "slope" means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

The term "breaker" means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal

The term "owners" and "operators" means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof The term "owner" does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof or is merely the properitor of the mine subject to any lease grant or license for the working or operating thereof or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof But any "contractor" for the working of a mine or colliery or any part or district thereof shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner

The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the owner general supervision of one or more mines or collieries

The term "miner" means the person who cuts or blasts coal or rock at the face of a gangway airway breasts pillars or other working place also any person engaged at general work in a mine and qualified to do the work of a miner

Section 7 This act shall become operative on the first day of Januaiy one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears objection.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of general amendment.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints the Senator from Delaware, Mr. Sproul, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. SPROUL in the Chair.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I move to amend the bill as follows:

After the word, "Eight," on line 4 of section one, strike out the rest of the bill and insert in lieu thereof the following: "Section Six, of Article Eight, Rule One of Article Twelve, Rule Thirty-six of Article Twelve, Section Four of Article Thirteen, Section Eight of Article Seventeen, and Article Eighteen of an act entitled, 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the Anthracite Coal Mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith,'" approved second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, as said act now stands, as heretofore amended by acts of Assembly approved the twentieth day of April, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, Pamphlet Laws 65, the eight day of June, one thousand nine hundred and one, Pamphlet Laws 535, the thirteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and three, Pamphlet Laws 359, the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and five, Pamphlet Laws 363, the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine, Pamphlet Laws, 420, and the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, Pamphlet Laws 120, be and the same are hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 2. That section one of article eight of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 1. It shall not be lawful, neither shall it be permitted, for any person or persons to act as mine foreman or as assistant mine foreman of any coal mines or colliery, unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate of qualification or service under this act," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. It shall not be lawful, neither shall it be permitted for any person to act as Mine Foreman or Assistant Mine Foreman of any coal mine or colliery, unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate of qualification or service under this act, or unless, in the judgment of the employer, he is a person possessed of qualifications which make him equally competent to act in such position."

Section 3. That section six of article eight of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 6. No mine shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman. In case any mine is worked for a longer period than thirty (30) days without such certified mine foreman, the owner, operator or superintendent thereof, shall be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over the said thirty (30) days during which the said mine is operated," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 6. No mine shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman. In case any mine is worked a longer period than thirty days without a mine foreman, the owner, operator, or superintendent thereof shall be subjected to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over the said thirty days during which the said mine is operated.

Section 4. That rule one of article twelve of said act which reads as follows:

"Rule 1. The owner, operator or superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to ensure the safety of the workmen in all cases, whether provided for in this act or not, and he shall place the underground workings thereof, and all that is related to the same, under the charge and daily supervision of a comeptent person who shall be called, 'Mine Foreman,'" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Rule 1. The owner, operator and superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to ensure the safety of the workmen in all cases whether provided for in this act or not and shall have supervision, direction and control of the Mine Foreman and all other mine employes."

Section 5. That rule thirty-six of article twelve of said act which reads as follows:

"Rule 36. A person who is not a practical miner shall not charge or fire a blast in the absence of an experienced miner, unless he has given satisfactory evidence of his ability to do so with safety, and has obtained permission from the mine foreman or person in charge," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Rule 36. A person who is not a practical miner shall not charge or fire a blast in any anthracite coal mine in this Commonwealth in the absence of an experienced miner.

Section 6. That section four of article thirteen of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 4. Due notice of an intended inquest to be held by the coroner, shall be given by the coroner to the inspector, and at any such inquest the inspector shall have the right to examine witnesses," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 4. Due notice of an intended inquest to be held by the coroner shall be given by the coroner to the inspector and at any such inquest the mine inspector and any representative of a party in interest shall have the right to examine witnesses and read the law governing the case to the coroner's jury.

Section 7. That section eight of article seventeen of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 8. That for any injury to person or property occasioned by any violation of this act or any failure to comply with its provisions by any owner, operator, superintendent, mine foreman or fire boss of any coal mine or colliery, a right of action shall accrue to the party injured against said owner or operator for any direct damages he may have sustained thereby; and in case of loss of life by reason of such neglect or failure aforesaid, a right of action shall accrue to the widow and lineal heirs of the person whose life shall be lost, for like recovery of damages for the injury they shall have sustained," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 8. The mine foreman, assistant mine foreman, fire boss and any person placed in charge of the works or any part thereof shall be the agent of the owners and operators and such owners and operators shall employ them and discharge them at will.

Section 8. That article eighteen of said act which reads as follows:

"Article 18. In this act, unless the context otherwise requires, the term 'coal mine or colliery' includes every operation and work, both under ground and above ground, used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal.

The term "workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine, those abandoned as well as the places actually at work.

The term "mine" includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts, tunnels and other ways and openings; also all such shafts, slopes, tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven, together with all roads, appliances, machinery and material connected with the same below the surface.

The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal.

The term "slope" means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft.

The term "breaker" means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal.

The term "owners" and "operators" means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof. The term "owner" does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty, rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof, or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease, grant or license for the working or opening thereof, or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof. But any "contractor" for the working of a mine or colliery or any part or district thereof, shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner.

The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have, on behalf of the owner, general supervision of one or more mines or collieries," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Article 18. In this act, unless the contract otherwise requires, the term, "coal mine or colliery", includes every operation and work, both under ground and above ground, used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal.

The term, "workings", includes all the excavated parts of a mine, those abandoned as well as the places actually at work.

The term, "mine", includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts, tunnels and other ways and openings; also all such shafts, slopes, tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven, together with all roads, appliances, machinery and material connected with the same below the surface.

The term "shaft", means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal.

The term "slope", means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft.

The term "breaker", means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal.

The term "owner", and "operator", means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof. The term "owner" does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty, rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease, grant or license for the working or operating thereof, or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof. But any "contractor" for the working of a mine or colliery or port or district thereof shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner.

The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have, on behalf of the owner, general supervision of one or more mines or collieries.

The term "miner" means the person who cuts or blasts coal or rock at the face of a gangway, airway, breast, pillar or other working-place.

And amend the title of said act as follows: After the word "eight" on line 1, strike out the rest of the title and insert in lieu thereof the following:

Section six of article eight, rule one of article twelve, rule thirty-six of article twelve, section four of article thirteen, section eight of Article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled, "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

As said act now stands, as heretofore amended by acts of Assembly approved on the Twentieth day of April, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, Pamphlet Laws 65, the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and one, Pamphlet Laws 535, the thirteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and three, Pamphlet Laws 359, the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and five, Pamphlet Laws 363, the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine, Pamphlet Laws 420 and the Fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, Pamphlet Laws 120.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Chairman, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Committee of the Whole agree to the amendment?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I desire to say in support of these amendments which I have offered to this bill that they do nothing except bring the miner within the operation of the language of the proposed Compensation Law, and if that Compensation Law should happen to fail, it puts them in on the exact basis that any other employee working in the State of Pennsylvania is brought under the law. The act of which this is an amendment was passed in 1891 and since that time, by reason of the decisions of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, the mine operators of Pennsylvania have relief from liability to their employees along the basis that because the mine foreman must be certified by the Secretary of Internal Affairs that the operator does not have the right of the free selection of that foreman, and I submit, Mr. President, that it is absurd to say that any mine operator in Pennsylvania selects any man as foreman of his mine unless it is his own selection. But by reason of the fact that there was read into the law in 1891 this provision that certificates must be issued by the Secretary of Internal Affairs, those operators have seen fit to stand by and be satisfied to take their exemption from liability to the miner. There has not been an accident in any of the mines except that the operator has been able to excuse himself from liability on the ground that he has not the free selection of his foreman, and, Mr. President, if this bill should not be enacted into a law any proposed compensation that we endeavor to put into effect at this session of the Legislature would be ineffective and inoperative as against those miners. The amendments which I have offered have been taken up carefully in the light of the decisions of the Supreme Court, particularly in Durkin, V. Kingston Coal Company, reported in 171 Pennsylvania at 193, and there is not a single thing contained in those amendments except to give the miner the protection that he deserves. This bill as it is reported out from the Committee would put this Senate, or any other Legislative body, into the most ridiculous position that any men could hope to ever have themselves placed in because it provides in the event that the General Assembly passes an act and the Governor approves a Workmen's Compensation Law, it shall not be lawful, neither shall it be permitted for any person to act as mine foreman, or assistant mine foreman unless he registers his letter or certificate of qualifications which certifies under this act that in the judgment of the employer he is a person possessed of qualifications which make him equally competent to act in such a position. What is the purpose of the proposed amendment inserted in committee? Why, Mr. President, it is this, and on this line there is considerable doubt in the mind of every lawyer in Pennsylvania, as to whether there can be sustained as constitutional a compensation bill, and the mine operator has two hopes, first that the compensation law will not be sustained, and secondly, if not sustained, he can go on for two years longer unless these amendments are read into the Mine Code, and to deprive men who lose their lives or are seriously injured in the mine from recovering for the negligence of the employer. These men are not asking anything except what is just and fair and they are asking what every employee in Pennsylvania is rightfully entitled to have, rightfully entitled to recover for the negligence of his employer, if he is not guilty of contributory negligence himself, and every word that is written into the amendments which I have submitted, Mr. Chairman, does nothing else except put these men in the same position that other men employed in Pennsylvania are entitled to have and have enjoyed for years; except that portion of the amendment which has been agreed upon in Committee, first, that before a Coroner's inquest a representative of the family has a right to be heard and examine witnesses; and another is a definition of the word "miner," and that, Mr. Chairman, has been brought about in a case brought in the local court in an opinion written by Judge McCarrell. He has been unable to interpret the term "miner" because of the failure of the definition contained therein, and the words that are mentioned in these amendments as a miner are what every person in Pennsylvania recognizes as a miner and it is absurd for a person to say when you send people into the mines that they should have these few words that were added on in the Committee is the definition of a miner in order that men may have the protection they are justly entitled to have.

Mr. Chairman, I do hope that this Senate will go on record of giving the miners of Pennsylvania what they rightfully and justly deserve, and that is to be placed upon the same plane that every other workman in Pennsylvania is entitled to have except the miners who are now working in the various mines of Pennsylvania. I do hope, Mr. Chairman, and my fellow Senators, that these amendments will prevail.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, after all those words, so very eloquently spoken, this bill that is now before the Senate for third reading gives to the miners everything the Senator from Dauphin has asked for. As he pointed to one clause in the bill which says that the miners do not come under the Workmen's Compensation Bill, the Durkin case, as I understand it, in 107 Pennsylvania, that case was decided against the miners or his heirs by virtue of the fact that the operator did not have the right of free selection. We have given in this bill here the right of free selection by the operator, not only by the language of Mr. Dewer who drew up this bill for the miners, but Mr. Dewer saw John G. Johnson, the greatest authority in the State possibly on mining law, and they are the words of John G. Johnson that are in here, which bring these men under the Workmen's Compensation Law. Now there is one other condition that met with very much opposition on the part of some of the interests here concerned and that was this: If we do give them the right of free selection of mine foremen or those equally competent the right to supervise and control and order their mine foremen and their miners as to what they shall do in the mines. I ask your attention for a moment to the language which shows that the operators are entirely responsible for every single act or action of the mine forman and the miners. At the bottom of page 3, rule 1 as amended, the owner, operator or superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to insure the safety of the workmen in all cases, whether provided for in this act or not, and shall have the right to supervise, direct and control the work of the mine foremen and all other mine employees. Now, those are the two questions at issue in this great matter, and just by way of refreshing the memory of the Senators for a moment, see what an all-absorbing and great big problem this is. Two years ago two codes were submitted by the father of this bill, and these things were so far reaching that this Senate or the House did not agree upon either code. Now if we want to do what the Senator from Dauphin claims they ought to do, if they want to remedy this whole thing, I do ask, in all fairness, that the Commission which was appointed two years, or four years ago, should not be appointed to codify this great, wonderful project. There is no doubt in my mind that the workmen will possibly,—I am sure they will, come under the terms of the Workmen's Compensation Bill in this act, and by the words of John G. Johnson, and I trust that these amendments which were offered for the purpose of hampering this bill, will not prevail.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I simply desire to say in reply to the Senator from Beaver that the amendments which I offered, which he says are covered by Rule 1 at the bottom of page three are covered in this manner, to which there can be no answer. There can be no question of the interpretation to be put upon them because it is in as plain language as I know it can be written. "A mine foreman, fire boss, or any person placed in charge of the work or any part thereof shall be the agent of the owners or operators and such owners and operators shall employ them and discharge them at will."

In addition to that, Mr. Chairman, I would further say in reply to the Senator from Beaver that one of the sections of the Supreme Court, interpreted in the Durkin case was secion 8, upon which this bill as coming from the Committee is now written, and why should you not take section 8 which has been interpreted by the Supreme Court and the law found by it and substitute in place of it language about which there can be no question, and language which substantially follows the act of 1907, which is known as the Employers' Liability Law.

I desire to read, for the information of the Senate, just what Mr. Johnson says on this question: "So long as there is any limitation upon the power of the operator to select his mine foreman, any law would, under our Supreme Court decisions, be unconstitutional, which would maintain that such foreman is the operator's agent to such extent as to make the latter responsible for the foremans' neglect. The only certain provision will be one which will remove the operator's duty to choose mine foremen as provided by existing legislation."

And where can there be any question when you say in exact language that the foreman whose right of selection rests with the operator and the operator alone shall be the agent of the operator and he shall have the power to employ and discharge him at will. Is there any fairness in the proposition from the other side? Why do they stand in the way of direct language which says that the mine foreman who shall be selected by the operator and the operator alone shall be the agent of that operator and when a man goes down into the mine he goes there resting assured that if there is any negligence upon the part of the employer if he should lose his life in the mines, his family has the right to recover, and if he should be maimed for the balance of his life he has the right to go into court and recover the damages to which he is justly entitled.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Beidleman.

The CHAIRMAN. Will the Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Beidleman, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I will.

The CHAIRMAN. The Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson, will proceed.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, will the Senator point out to me please in this bill now before the Committee for consideration where under the law the operator does not have the right of free selection in hiring and discharging foremen.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I say in reply to that question that Rule 1 instead of making it mandatory that the employe shall supervise you say, he "shall have the right to supervise." In the amendment proposed you give him the absolute right to employ and discharge and make him the positive agent of the operator.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I wish to further interrogate the Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Beidleman.

The CHAIRMAN. Will the Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Beidleman, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I will.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, what does the Senator understand by "shall have the right to supervise,"—shall supervise? What do you understand by that phrase, what do you understand by the phrase "shall supervise, direct and control?"

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, "shall supervise" I take to mean that the operator has absolute control of his mine and where you put in the doubtful language "shall have the right to supervise" then you raise a doubtful question as to whether or not the mine foreman is the agent of the employer within the meaning of the Supreme Court decision.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, as I understand "shall supervise, direct and control" imposes upon any man, or set of men, I care not who they are, a physical impossibility to perform. A man who shall direct, control or supervise, —that is all here,—shall do so in person, not by an agent, and I say, sir, if you give the man who supervises and directs and controls the rights to do so then he can supervise, direct and control, or he can be represented by an agent and that is exactly what this does here, and the language of the amendment is absolutely a physical impossibility and that has been passed upon by the best authorities in this State.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I desire to interrogate the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson.

The CHAIRMAN. Will the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I will.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, if the language makes him the positive agent and there can be no question, why his object in putting in doubtful language that it may be necessary to have the Supreme Court interpret it, and possibly against the miners It is only a quibble about words, and why have any quibble when the one is positive and the other uncertain.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I will answer that by saying that this bill has been personally considered by myself for the last five or six weeks. This matter here has been gone into very thoroughly. The amendments as proposed by the Senator from Dauphin would make it a physical impossibility for the operator or superintendent to be there in person and to direct and control. He cannot do it. What is wrong with this: "who shall have the right to supervise, direct and control, the work of the mine foreman and all other mine employes?" Can the superintendent be down at the bottom of the mine constantly watching over these men? Why put in language that you know cannot be enforced, and I think beyond any question of doubt whatever, there is not a shadow of doubt in my mind to-day that the miners are absolutely protected by this bill as it stands. If it were not for that fact the bill would not have been reported out.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I desire to further interrogate the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson.

The CHAIRMAN. Will the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I will.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN Mr. Chairman, as an evidence of good faith of this bill as it comes out of committee, I desire to ask the Senator from Beaver, if the amendment that is read in Section 1 at the foot of page 2 was not intended to create a doubt as to the constitutionality of the proposed Workmen's Compensation Act, and, in case that availed, whether or not the very evident purpose of the amendment was not to give the mine operator two years more of immunity from liability from negligence of mine foremen?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I would say in answer to the Senator from Dauphin that the one thought that has permeated this Committee, the one thought that as permeated this Senate on this bill has been that the miners should come under the terms of the Workmen's Compensation Bill. There is no question, as I have said before, that they are under this bill, and there was no intention of going one whit further than doing that. Now, I am thoroughly of the opinion that no man knows whether this Workmen's Compensation Bill is going to be constitutional or not. I do not know, and I am sure the Senator from Dauphin does not know whether it is going to be constitutional or not, and the mine foremen are in exactly the same position as they have been since 1891, and in exactly the same position as they were after they submitted their minority code two years ago, and I again say, if you want the conditions governing the whole army of men of the greatest industries in this State, I say, sir, that the time to do it is not over night. The place to do it is by appointing a Commission and investigating conditions thoroughly. I am then willing to report a bill that the Member of the Senate can vote upon intelligently.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I desire to further interrogate the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson.

The CHAIRMAN. Will the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I will.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I would ask the Senator from Beaver if he thinks any lawyer in Pennsylvania, unless he took himself into a corner and fooled himself, would say for a single moment that section 1 is constitutional?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I will answer the question by asking another.

The CHAIRMAN. Will the Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Beidleman, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, I will.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, do the members of the Senate have a right to make a law that will be operative for one or two or ten years?

Mr BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, no.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I will ask the Senator, where is your authority?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, no, I say Mr. Chairman, that this question has been interpreted time and time again where they have endeavored to read, particularly, into the Pure Food Laws, that the person who sells under the Pure Food Laws shall be subject to the rules and regulations that may be promulgated by the Department, which has the discharge of the provisions of the bill within its custody, and this puts the law in the position that a certain contingency must happen, of which this Senate has no information, before this bill could be read into effect, and what more do they say in the enactment and approval of that Workmen's Compensation Bill—the enactment and approval of a valid Workmen's Compensation Bill, meaning what? That you must go to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and report its doors and ask whether or not any legislation that may be enacted by this session or any other session of the legislature is constitutional, and until that is done you do not know whether the compesation law is valid or not.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I am surprised at the Senator from Dauphin. After this law passes the House, and is signed by the Governor, it is valid until the Supreme Court says otherwise.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, suppose the Supreme Court says it is invalid?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, then matters are in the same position.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. Chairman, and the miners are without protection?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Chairman, I repeat, that it is not fair to hamper a great big industry like this over night in which the amendments have been prepared, and I submit if we want to do this particular thing, then, sir, the thing to do is to appoint a commission and bring in a report that this Senate can vote upon intelligently. In going over this bill last night there were present eight members of the committee who considered every phase of it carefully, and without a single dissenting vote, they submit this as amended, and by the exact language in this bill. I trust the Senate will not only sustain this bill, but sustain the action of the Committee.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Chairman, I have been listening to the legal controversy between the two gentlemen, and the concluding statement of the Senator from Beaver that this whole project should be submitted to a commission, I think is ridiculous and non-sensical, to say the experience of operators in the State of Pennsylvania so far as it relates to the anthracite coal region for a period of twenty-five or thirty years have gone along without being able to intelligently and scientifically say how their mines should be operated, is to say to us, who represent the people, that those men are not competent to be considered operators of that great industry. I have been in this Senate and observed commissions appointed and I think the result of the findings of many commissions which have been inflicted upon the miner and upon the State, a supervision such as drew forth from the Supreme Court that the men operating in that hazardous work were not entitled to compensation from the men who were making profits and the large earnings indicate to us that future commissions of the same kind would only result in tying up the conditions of the miners in a much more unsatisfactory condition. I think that every member of this Senate is interested in seeing and procuring and securing for every employe in this State whether he be a miner, a mechanic, or a laborer, and a just right to come under the provisions of the compensation law. It is as simple as A. B. C. that if the Attorney General, backed up by competent legal authority has prepared and submitted to these bodies a law which he in person almost guarantees as a constitutional act that we should quibble upon the right of six hundred thousand men in this Commonwealth to be provided for by proper compensation. There is a hazardous employment in the operation of the anthracite regions to-wit that those men are absolutely in danger of their lives almost every moment of their working hours, and so it is in other employments throughout this great Commonwealth, and to say to us who are the employers of large numbers of men that you shall compensate your employes and these barons who are making enormous profits through the absolute supply of this commodity to the public shall absolutely be precluded by some phraseology or legal technicality in this bill, I cannot believe that any member of this Senate when it is pointed out to him by such competent authority as is represented in the views of John G. Johnson and other noted attorneys in this State would for one moment deny the insertion of these amendments in this bill for the proper protection of the inhabitants of this State and for the protection of men who are about to bring to this Commonwealth through their employment and through the products of their employment a revenue that is going to be absolutely utilized to such an extent, and about the only resources we have that are going to give the farmer and the general public enough money to complete their road proposition in the State of Pennsylvania. I cannot believe that the quibbling of this kind is going to be permitted by the Senators of this body.

And the question recurring,

Will the Committee of the Whole agree to the amendment?

A division was called for,

Whereupon, 31 Senators having voted in the affirmative and 10 Senators having voted in the negative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendment was agreed to.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee of the Whole do now rise.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr Chairman, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT, (Lieutenant-Governor, Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, as Chairman of the Committee of the whole, I report Senate Bill No 169, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section four of article thirteen and article eighteen of an act entitled

"An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

with amendments.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the report of the Committee of the Whole?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President. I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536), on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be agected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536), entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—14.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
McNichol,
Moore,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Vare,

NAYS—25.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Graff,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McKee W. S.,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 190 (House Bill No. 104), as follows:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That employes of cities of the first class shall be paid semi-monthly on the first day and the fifteenth day of the month Provided this act shall not go into effect until January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 295, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls Beaver County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventeen thousand dollars ($17,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Providence Hospital located at Beaver Falls Beaver County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three so as to fix the compensation of the secretary of the Committee on Lunacy

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31.

Beidleman, Buckman, Burke, Catlin, Clark, Croft, Crow, Daix, DeWitt, Endsley, Farley, Gerberich, Graff, Gyger, Herbst, Hilton, Hindman, Homsher, Kline, Lynch, Magee, C. J., Martin, McKee, W. S., Patton, Salus, Smith, W. W., Sproul, Thompson, Tompkins, Vare, Wasbers,

NAYS—3.

Smith, R. E., Snyder, P. W., Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 417 (House No. 55), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman, Buckman, Catlin, Clark, Croft, Crow, Daix, DeWitt, Endsley, Farley, Graff, Herbst, Hilton, Hindman, Homsher, Jenkins, Kline, Lynch, Martin, McConnell, McNichol, Mills, Smith, W. W., Sones, Sproul, Wasbers,

NAYS—13.

Burke, Magee, C. J., McKee, W. S., Miller, Phipps, Salus, Schantz, Semmens, Sensenich, Smith, R. E., Snyder, P. W., Stewart, Warner.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 491, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to marriage licenses providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman, Buckman, Burke, Catlin, Clark, Croft, Crow, Daix, Gerberich, Graff, Gyger, Hackett, Herbst, Hilton, Hindman, Homsher, Lynch, Magee, C. J., Martin, McKee W. S., McNichol, Mills, Patton, Phipps, Smith, W. W., Snyder, P. W., Sones, Sproul, Stewart, Thompson, Tompkins, Vare, DeWitt, Endsley, Farley, Jenkins, Kline, Kurtz, Schantz, Semmens, Smith, R. E., Warner, Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. William E. Crow) in the Chair.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 580 (House Bill No. 459), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 582 (House No. 747), entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31.

Buckman, Burke, Catlin, Clark, Croft, Crow, Daix, DeWitt, Farley, Gerberich, Graff, Gyger, Hackett, Herbst, Hilton, Hindman, Homsher, Jenkins, Kline, Kurtz, Lynch, Martin, McConnell, McKee, W. S., McNichol, Miller, Phipps, Smith. W. W., Sproul, Thompson, Vare,

NAYS—8.

Magee, C. J., Mills, Schantz, Sensenich, Smith, R. E., Snyder, P. W., Stewart, Tompkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 583 (House No. 785), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman, Buckman, Burke, Catlin, Clark, Crow, Daix, DeWitt, Gerberich, Hackett, Herbst, Hilton, Homsher, Kline, Kurtz, Lynch, Martin, McConnell, McNichol, Salus, Smith, W. W., Snyder, C. A., Sones, Sproul, Thompson, Vare,

NAYS—14.

Jenkins,
Magee, C. J.,
Miller,
Mills,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 634, entitled:

An Act giving to banks bankers and trust companies in case of insolvency of any depositor therein or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositor or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency assignment for the benefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank banker or trust company upon any promissory note bill of exchange letter of credit or other indebtedness in any form whether or not the same has then matured

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark.
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Graff,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—2.

Smith, R. E.,
Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 666, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section eleven of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by conferring jurisdiction on the court in certain additional criminal actions involving and including forgery kidnapping perjury rape and robbery and by conferring exclusive jurisdiction upon the said court in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all persons adults or minors accused of disorderly street-walking and in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all minors between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one years absenting themselves from school or who shall disobey their parents' command or be found idle in the streets and against all disorderly children and defining disorderly children and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 683 (House Bill No. 1012), entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

NAYS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

YEAS—1.

Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Rerpesentatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 702 (House No. 488), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall acrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
DeWitt.
Endsley,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 729, entitled:

An Act providing for the return of seated land in counties poor districts boroughs townships or incorporated towns for non-payment of taxes and providing for the sale of such lands

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses describing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,

NAYS—1.

Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 738, entitled:

An Act validating certain proceedings and setting aside of property under article two of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare.
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 751, entitled:

An Act to repeal the eighth section of an act, approved the fifth day of May, 1899, entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act, entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments,' approved June 24, 1895," together with the amendment thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark.
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Vare,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 763 (House Bill No. 1049), as follows:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents of Public Instruction"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction" which reads as follows

"Section 2 That from and after the passage of this act the salary of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction shall be two thousand dollars per annum" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The salary of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction shall be three thousand dollars per annum

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Hackett,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
McNichol,
Patton,
Salus,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,

NAYS—16.

Gyger,
Hilton,
Jenkins,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
Mills,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Warner,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 777 (House No. 780), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—17.

Beidleman,
Croft,
Crow,
Hackett,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Patton,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Vare,

NAYS—10.

Clark,
Gyger,
Hindman,
McKee W. S.,
Mills,
Snyder, P. W..
Sones,
Stewart,
Tompkins,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 787, entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter proceedings in equity may be commenced without first filing a bill in equity by the issuance of a writ of summons which shall be issued by the prothonotary in the form prescribed by law for writs of summons in personal actions at law and describing the cause as a proceeding in equity and unless otherwise provided by the Supreme Court equity rules such summons shall be returnable and shall be served as writs of summons in personal actions at law are returnable and are served

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Burke,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 820, entitled:

An Act regulating through the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the business of assisting employers to obtain employes and persons to secure employment including the business of collecting information to the same end and prescribing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

YEAS—34.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner.
Wasbers,

NAYS—4.

Jenkins,
Mills,
Patton,
Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 821, entitled:

An Act establishing under the Department of Labor and Industry a system of regulation of employers seeking employes and of persons seeking employment and prescribing incidental thereto certain duties of employers and of county municipal township and school authorities and of agencies procuring employes for others and prescribing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
Miller,
Salus,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Tompkins,
Vare,

NAYS—5.

Jenkins,
Mills,
Smith, R. E.,
Stewart,
Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 845, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Hackett,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Vare,

NAYS—2.

Stewart,
Tompkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 846, entitled:

An Act relating to trust funds and property surety bonds and property surety bonds given to secure the same and payment of premiums thereon and the discharge of sureties thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Vare,

NAYS—3.

Smith, R. E.,
Stewart,
Tompkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 902 (House Bill No. 1168), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 21st day of May, A. D. 1913, P. L. 283, entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the 28th day of April, 1899, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class.'"

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committees at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 707 (House Bill No. 961), entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 880 (House Bill No. 1004), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

Also from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 871 (House Bill No. 1053), entitled:

An Act to validate transactions of buildings and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such buildings and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GRAFF, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 674 (House Bill No. 546), entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 965, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers; the establishment maintenance and protection of Game Preserves feeding propagation purchase and distributioin of game, leasing of land, for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 822, entitled:

An Act providing for the compilation and publication of a synopsis of the election laws and making an appropriation therefor.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 961, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers, of New Oxford, Adams County, Pennsylvania, certain moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 750, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment of a commission to consider the revision and amendment of the laws of the State, penal and otherwise, in reference to juvenile offenders, juvenile courts and all offences or crimes committed by minors, and the punishment thereof, and to make a report on the same, and making an appropriation to the expenses of said commission.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 986, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 987, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SEMMENS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 988, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home at Bellevue in the County of Allegheny.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. LYNCH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 989, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton, Pennsylvania, the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 987, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 35, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof

Amend section eight article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which reads as follows

"Section 8 The debt of any county city borough township school district or other municipality or incorporated district except as herein provided shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law but any city the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate at any one time upon such valuation except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes or for the construction of wharves and docks or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks as public improvements owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenues in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted Provided That a sinking-fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained" so that it shall read as follows

Section 8 The debt of any county city borough township school district or other municipality or incorporated district except as herein provided shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law but any city the debt of which on the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four exceeded seven per centum of such assessed valuation and has not since been reduced to less than such per centum may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate at any one time upon such valuation The city of Philadelphia upon the condition hereinafter set forth may increase its indebtedness to the extent of three per centum in excess of seven per centum upon such assessed valuation for the specific purpose of providing for all or any of the following purposes—to wit For the construction and improvement of subways tunnels railways elevated railways and other transit facilities for the construction and improvement of wharves and docks and for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves and docks owned or to be owned by said city Such increase however shall only be made with the assent of the electors thereof at a public election to be held in such manner as shall be provided by law In ascertaining the borrowing capacity of said city of Philadelphia at any time there shall be excluded from the calculation a credit where the work resulting from any previous expenditure for any one or more of the specific purposes hereinabove enumerated shall be yielding to said city an annual current net revenue the amount of which credit shall be ascertained by capitalizing the annual net revenue during the year immediately preceding the time of such ascertainment Such capitalization shall be accomplished by ascertaining the principal amount which would yield such annual current net revenue at the average rate of interest and sinking-fund charges payable upon the indebtedness incurred by said city for such purposes up to the time of such ascertainment. The method of determining such amount so to be excluded or allowed as a credit may be prescribed by the General Assembly

In incurring indebtedness for any one or more of said purposes of construction improvement or reclamation the city of Philadelphia may issue its obligations maturing not later than fifty years from the date thereof with provision for a sinking-fund sufficient to retire said obligation at maturity the payments to such sinking-fund to be in equal or graded annual instalments Such obligations may be in an amount sufficient to provide for and may include the amount of the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing and which may accrue thereon throughout the period of construction and until the expiration of one year after the completion of the work for which said indebtedness shall have been incurred and said city shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania until the expiration of said period of one year after the completion of such work

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 155, as follows:

An Act defining and regulating boxing and wrestling contests

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "contest" includes any contest bout match or exhibition of boxing or sparring or wrestling

Section 2 The State Athletic Commission is hereby established It shall consist of three members appointed by the Governor for a term of four years They shall hold office from the first day of January next succeeding their appointment Those first appointed under this act shall hold office until the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen A vacancy from any cause shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired term The Governor may for cause remove any member

Section 3 The commission shall elect one of its members as chairman It shall adopt a seal and shall adopt rules for the administration of its duties Such rules may be changed or abrogated at any time Two members of the commission shall be a quorum for all purposes

Section 4 The commission shall elect a secretary who shall hold office during the pleasure of the commission He shall receive an annual selary of two thousand dollars and shall perform such duties as may be imposed by the commission

Section 5 The members of the commission shall not receive any compensation Each member and the secretary shall be allowed expenses actually and necessarily incurred by him respectively in the performance of his duties

Section 6 The commission shall annually make to the Governor a written report of its proceedings during the year ending November first The commission shall also report such other matters as the Governor may direct It may report such recommendations as to it seem proper

Section 7 The commission shall have sole jurisdiction over all contests It is unlawful to conduct or participate in a contest unless the contest is conducted by a corporation licensed under the provisions of this act and is conducted according to the rules of the commission and the provisions of this act

Section 8 The commission may in its discretion issue and may at its pleasure revoke a license to conduct contests Licenses shall issue only upon written application verified as to the statements therein by the chief officer and the secretary of the applicant No application shall be considered by the commission unless the applicant is the owner of the premises where the contests are to be conducted or holds a lease of at least a year for the premises If the applicant is an amateur athletic organization it must have been incorporated and organized in accordance with the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States The application shall be accompanied by a certificate from the auditor general as hereinafter prescribed Application shall be on blank forms prepared and furnished by the commission and in addition to the foregoing requirements shall contain such additional information as may be desired by the commission

Section 9 Every applicant for a license shall file with the auditor general a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of ten thousand dollars conditioned for the faithful observance of the rules of the commission and of the provisions of this act and for the payment of the tax imposed by this act The surety thereon shall be two individuals or one surety company authorized to act as surety in Pennsylvania The surety shall be subject to the approval of the auditor general The form of bond shall be prepared by the attorney general Failure to observe the rules of the commission or the provisions of this act shall work a forfeiture of the bond and the attorney general shall on request of the commission proceed to recover and pay into the state treasury the amount thereof Upon approval of the bond a certificate of the filing and acceptance thereof shall be furnished to the applicant by the auditor general

Section 10 The commission may at any time examine the books of any such licensed corporation and may require it to furnish to the commission a written report on any matters coming within the jurisdiction of the commission The commission may hold hearings which shall be public and may by subpoena compel the attendance of persons and the production of books papers and other documents It may cause its subpoena to be served anywhere in Pennsylvania If a person subpoenaed refuses to appear and testify or if he appear but refuses to testify the commission may apply to the court of common pleas of the county where the delinquent resides The court shall issue its subpoena requiring the attendance and testimony of the delinquent as the commission shall desire Failure to obey the subpoena of the court shall be contempt of court punishable as contempt in open court is punishable When the examination of any books or the hearing is to determine whether this act is being violated the expense incidental thereto shall be paid by the licensed corporation

Section 11 Within twenty-four hours after a contest is conducted the license shall report to the commission the whole number of tickets sold for the contest and the amount of the gross receipts from the sale of tickets and from other sources incidental to and connected with the contests The report shall also include such other matters as the commission may demand The report shall be on blanks furnished by the commission and shall be verified by the chief officer and the secretary of the licensee

Section 12 At the same time the report required in the foregoing section is made the licensee shall forward to the state treasurer as a tax five per centum of the gross receipts mentioned in such section Failure to pay the tax within five days after the contest is terminated shall work a forfeiture of the bond

Section 13 No free or complimentary tickets nor tickets at a discount shall be issued for any contest except under the rules of the commission

Section 14 No person under the age of eighteen years shall participate in or be a spectator of a contest nor shall any such person be permitted to participate in or be a spectator of a contest

Section 15 It is unlawful to conduct or permit to be conducted or to participate in any fraudulent sham or collusive contest The license of a corporation permitting such a contest shall be revoked and the corporation shall not thereafter receive a license

Section 16 If a person knowingly contests in a fraudulent sham or collusive contest he shall for the first offense be barred from participating for a period of six months in any contest For the second offense he shall be barred from admission to or participating at any time thereafter in a contest This penalty shall be in addition to the penalty hereinafter imposed

Section 17 No boxing contest shall be for more than ten rounds The contestants shall wear gloves weighing at least eight ounces

Section 18 The building wherein contests are conducted shall be properly ventilated and shall be amply protected against fire and other danger according to the laws of the Commonwealth and the ordinances of the city borough town or township wherein the building is located The commission may require a certificate of inspection in compliance with this section to be filed with the application for license

Section 19 The violation of any of the provisions of this act is a misdemeanor On conviction in case of a corporation so offending the bond of the corporation shall be forfeited On conviction in the case of a person the offender shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding six months This shall be in addition to any other penalty mentioned in this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 214, as follows:

An Act to regulate the sale for agricultural purpose of crushed limestone lime gypsum and related products defining said products and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every bag barrel or other package or quantity of any pulverized limestone ground oyster shells artificial carbonate of lime ground lime spraying lime slaked lime hydrated lime hydrated spraying lime marl gypsum or land plaster sold offered or exposed for sale within this Commonwealth for use as a soil amendment or as an ingredient or reagent in the preparation of any fungicide or insecticide shall have attached to it or be accompanied in the manner provided in section three hereof by a plainly printed statement giving the name and address of the manufacturer or importer and his place of business the brand or trade name of said material the net weight of the contents of the package when sold in package and a statement declaring with respect to pulverized limestone ground oyster shells and artificial carbonate of lime (a) the degree of fineness of the material in terms of the minimum sievemesh expressed in fractions of an inch through which the coarsest particles of said material can pass and (b) the minimum percentages contained of available oxides of calcium and magnesium respectively combined as carbonates with respect to lime ground lime spraying lime slaked lime hydrated lime hydrated spraying lime and marl the minimum percentages contained of the available oxides of calcium and magnesium respectively and with respect to gypsum or land plaster the minimum percentages contained of available calcium oxid and sulphur tri-oxid or sulphuric acid (So3) respectively which statement shall be held to be the guaranty of the manufacturer or importer that the goods to which said statement refers are of the kind and quality or composition and fineness so set forth The provisions of this act shall not however apply to air-slaked lime kiln slacks gas house lime or tanners' lime when sold as such

Section 2 For the purpose of this act the materials named in the foregoing section are defined as follows

(1) Limestone is the rock commonly known by that name and consisting chiefly of calcium carbonate or of said carbonate with a smaller molecular proportion of magnesium carbonate

(2) Puverized limestone is limestone reduced by mechanical means to a fine powder

(3) Artificial carbonate of lime is carbonate of lime artificially produced by any method other than the exposure of lime ground lime slaked lime hydrated lime or spraying lime to the action of the atmosphere

(4) Lime is the product obtained by the complete burning of limestone in a kiln and capable of being reduced by slaking to a fine powder

(5) Ground lime is lime reduced to a fine powder by grinding

(6) Spraying lime is lime of high purity containing not less than ninety-three per centum of calcium oxid and not more than five per centum of magnesium oxid not more than five per cenum of carbon dioxide nor more than five per centum of acid insoluble matters iron and aluminum oxids collectively

(7) Slaked lime is the dry finely divided product obtained by the addition of water to lime

(8) Hydrated lime is slaked lime prepared by the aid of stirring or of stirring grinding and screening machinery and is free from hard lumps

(9) Hydrated spraying lime is dry finely divided hydrated lime of purity not less after taking the water of hydration into account than that herein required in the case of spraying lime and of such fineness that all shall pass a standard sieve of one hundred meshes to the inch

(10) Air slaked lime is the more or less finely divided product obtained when lime slaked lime hydrated lime or spraying lime is exposed for a considerable time to the action of the air

(11) Marl is clay highly charged with carbonate of lime Shell marl is marl in which the carbonate of lime is present chiefly in the form of molluscan shells

(12) Gypsum or land plaster is the finely divided mineral commonly known by that name and consisting chiefly of calcium sulphate

(13) Kiln slaks is refuse lime mixed with ashes and "core" or imperfectly burned limestone

(14) Gas-house lime is spent lime that has been used as a purifier in the manufacture of illuminating gas

(15) Tanner's lime is spent lime that has been used in the curing of hides

Section 3 The statement required by section one this act shall in the case of goods sold in package be plainly printed upon the package or upon a tag or label fastened thereto of such quality and in such manner that it shall not be detached in handling and in the case of goods sold in bulk the said statement shall be delivered to the purchaser either with the invoice therefor or with the goods

Section 4 Every manufacturer or importer of one or more of the materials named in section one of this act for either or both of the purposes therein stated shall on or before the first day of January of each year or before offering them for sale in this Commonwealth for either of said purposes file annually with the Secretary of Agriculture a statement of the names and number of brands of such materials having distinct trade names that he shall offer for sale for either or both of said purposes during the next ensuing calendar year or remainder thereof together with a copy of the statement declaring the composition of these several brands of said materials as required by section one of this act

Section 5 In addition to the statement required by section four of this act every manufacture or importer of any of the materials named in section one of this act shall on or before the first day of January of each year or before offering them for sale within this Commonwealth file annually with the Secretary of Agriculture an affidavit showing as nearly as practicable the weight of each brand of said materials sold by him or if the producer or vendor be a firm or corporation by its managers officers and agents within the Commonwealth for either or both of the purposes named in section one of this act during the last preceding year and for each brand so sold he shall pay to the Secretary of Agriculture a license fee according to the weight sold as follows For an amount exceeding one hundred tons but not exceeding one thousand tons five dollars for an amount exceeding one thousand tons but not exceeding five thousand tons ten dollars and for an amount exceeding five thousand tons twenty dollars and when said fees shall have been paid and the statements required by section four of this act have been filed with the Secretary of Agriculture the party or parties who have made such payment and otherwise complied with the provisions of this act shall be entitled to sell within the Commonwealth the goods specified in said statement and covered by said fees during the year or fraction of a year immediately following said statement If the manufacturer or importer shall not have made during the preceding year any sales within the Commonwealth for the aforesaid purposes of any brand to be offered for sale during the year for which the fee is to be paid he shall pay for each such brand a fee of five dollars All moneys so received shall be immediately paid by the Secretary of Agriculture into the State treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 6 Any person or persons selling offering or exposing for sale for either of the purposes stated in section one of this act any of the materials named therein or brand of the same unless accompanied by the statement required by section one of this act or when so accompanied if the said statements shall be false in any particular or without having complied with all the foregoing provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars for the first offense and not less than one hundred dollars for each subsequent offense It shall be the duty of the Secretary of Agriculture to enforce the provisions of this act and all penalties costs and fines recovered shall be paid to him or his duly authorized agent and by him shall be immediately paid into the State treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 7 The Secretary of Agriculture is hereby empowered to collect samples of the materials named in section one of this act either in person or by his duly qualified agent or representative to have them analyzed and to publish the results for the information of the public and for this purpose the said Secretary of Agriculture such assistants agents experts chemists detectives and counsel as he shall duly authorize shall have full access ingress and egress to and from all places of business quarries kilns factories barns buildings carriages cars and vessels used in the manufacture storage transportation or sale of any of the said materials They shall also have power to open any package or vessel containing or supposed to contain any of the said materials and to take therefrom samples for analysis upon tendering the value of said samples Any manufacturer or producer of any of the materials named in section one of this act located in the Commonwealth shall be entitled to have a single sample of any distinct brand for the sale of which he has paid the fee required by section five of this act analyzed by the Department of Agriculture under such regulations as the Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe with respect to the points of composition specified in said section one upon sending sample properly sealed and carriage prepaid together with a fee of one dollar for each such analysis but not more than two brands shall be analyzed under the privilege conferred by this proviso for one manufacturer or producer in a single year None of the provisions of this act shall apply to sales of limestone or limestone products or marl when such sales are made at the quarry or pit in bulk and delivered to the wagons of the users who are presumed to be acquainted with the qualities of the local products

Section 8 To carry out the provisions of this act for the period ending June first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Department of Agriculture

Section 9 This act shall go into effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 248 (House Bill No. 103), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 255, as follows:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation" as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessaries of life on the the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of the act passed the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation" as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessaries of life on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday be and the same is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 344, as follows:

An Act to promote and encourage manufacturing within the Commonwealth by exempting machinery employed therein from State and local taxation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all machinery actually and exclusively used in manufacturing or for manufacturing purposes within the Commonwealth by corporations co-partnerships joint stock associations individuals or persons shall hereafter be exempt from all State county city borough township or other taxation and from all assessment for taxation for State or local purposes

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 493, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifteen entitled "An Act concerning divorces"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifteen entitled "An Act concerning divorces" and which as amended by an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act supplementing and amending section two of an act entitled 'An Act concerning divorces' approved March thirteen one thousand eight hundred and fifteen regulating the submission of issues of fact to a jury the appointment of masters in proceedings for divorce defining the powers of the court and the practice in relation thereto Repealing an act approved March tenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" reads as follows

"Section 2 And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid That if any person hath been or shall be injured as aforesaid the husband in his own proper person or the wife by her next friend may exhibit his or her petition or libel to the judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county where the injured party resides in term time or to one of the judges of the same court in the vacation at least thirty days before the next term setting forth therein particularly and specially the cause of his or her complaint and shall together with such petition or libel also exhibit an affidavit on oath or affirmative taken before one of the same judges or a justice of the peace of the proper county that the facts contained in the said petition or libel are true to the best of his or her knowledge and belief and that the said complaint is not made out of levity or by collusion between the said husband and wife and for the mere purpose of being freed and separated from each other but in sincerity and truth for the causes mentioned in the said petition or libel and thereupon a subpoena shall issue from the said court signed by one of the judges thereof directed to the party so complained against commanding him or her to appear at the next or any subsequent court of common pleas to answer the said petition or libel and upon due proof at the return of the said subpoena that the same shall have been served personally upon the said party wherever found or that a copy had been given to him or her fifteen days before the return of the same the said court shall and may make such preparatory rules and orders in the cause that the same may be brought to a hearing and determined at the term to which said process may be returnable or afterwards at which hearing the court may determine the same ex parte if necessary but either of the parties who shall desire any matter of fact that is affirmed by the one and denied by the other to be tried by a jury may take a rule upon the opposite party to be allowed by a judge of the court of common pleas to show cause why the issues of fact set forth in the said rule shall not be tried by a jury which said rule shall be served upon the opposite party or his or her counsel Upon the return of said rule and after hearing the court may discharge it or make it absolute or frame issues itself and only the issues as ordered by the court shall be tried accordingly but such rule shall not be made absolute when in the opinion of the court a trial by jury cannot be had without prejudice to public morals When neither of the parties takes a rule as aforesaid or when after hearing the rule is discharged the court may proceed to hear the cause or may upon motion of either party appoint a master to take the testimony and return the same to the court together with a report of the proceedings had before him and his opinion of the case and may upon the application of either party and upon such terms as it may order authorize and direct the master to take testimony or witnesses in any other country state or territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States or in any foreign country And the said court shall have power to adopt rules regulating the proceedings before the master and fixing his fees" is further amended to read as follows

Section 2 And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid That if any person hath been or shall be injured as aforesaid the husband or the wife may exhibit his or her petition or libel to the judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county where the injured party resides in term time or to one of the judges of the same court in the vacation at least thirty days before the next term setting forth therein particularly and specially the cause of his or her complaint and shall together with such petition or libel also exhibit an affidavit on oath or affirmation taken before one of the same judges or any person in the county legally authorized to take acknowledgments that the facts contained in the said petition or libel are true to the best of his or her knowledge and belief and that the said complaint is not made out of levity or by collusion between the said husband and wife and for the mere purpose of being freed and separated from each other but in sincerity and truth for the causes mentioned in the said petition or libel and thereupon a subpoena shall issue from the said court signed by one of the judges thereof directed to the party so complained against commanding him or her to appear at the next or any subsequent court of common pleas to answer the said petition or libel and upon due proof at the return of the said subpoena that the same shall have been served personally upon the said party whenever found or that a copy had been given to him or her fifteen days before the return of the same the said court shall and may make such preparatory rules and orders in the cause that the same may be brought to a hearing and determined at the term to which said process may be returnable or afterwards at which hearing the court may determine the same ex parte if necessary but either of the parties who shall desire any matter of fact that is affirmed by the one and denied by the other to be tried by a jury may take a rule upon the opposite party to be allowed by a judge of the court of common pleas to show cause why the issues of fact set forth in the said rule shall not be tried by a jury which said rule shall be served upon the opposite party or his or her counsel Upon the return of said rule after hearing the court may discharge it or make it absolute or frame issues itself and only the issues as ordered by the court shall be tried accordingly but such rule shall not be made absolute when in the opinion of the court a trial by a jury cannot be had without prejudice to public morals When neither of the parties takes a rule as aforesaid or when after hearing the rule is discharged the court may proceed to hear the cause or may upon motion of either party appoint a master to take the testimony and return the same to the court together with a report of the proceedings had before him and his opinion of the case and may upon the application of either party and upon such terms as it may order authorize and direct the master to take testimony of witnesses in any other country state or territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States or in any foreign country And the said court shall have power to adopt rules regulating the porceedings before the master and fixing his fees

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 602 (House Bill No. 547), entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 610, as follows:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act each county of this Commonwealth shall be required to bear and pay the expenses of holding the primary elections in said county

Section 2 That so much of section twelve of the act of July twelve one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expense of the same authorizing the State Committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" which provides for the payment out of the State Treasury of the expenses of holding primary elections and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 643, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tabor Home for Children at Doylestown Bucks county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Tabor Home for Children at Doylestown Bucks county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of four thousand dollers ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of payment on farm land and buildings already purchased the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 648 (House Bill No. 517), entitled:

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 649 (House Bill No. 680), entitled:

An Act relative to estates of decedents

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 650 (House Bill No. 725), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 671 (House Bill No. 870), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fourteen hundred and twenty-five of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 1425 The board of school directors in every school district in this Commonwealth shall between April first and September first of each year cause to be made by the attendance officers teachers or other persons employed for this purpose a careful correct and accurate enumeration in a substantial book or books provided by the Superintendent of Public Instruction at the expense of the State for that purpose of all the children between the ages of six and sixteen years within their district giving the full name date of birth age sex nationality place of residence in such school district name and address of parent or persons in parental relation the name and location of the school where the child is enrolled or belongs and the name and address of the employer of any child under sixteen years of age who is engaged in any regular employment or service Such enumeration shall be made by careful inquiry at the residence of each family in the district and the person making the same upon completion thereof shall make a proper oath or affirmation as to its correctness Such enumeration shall also include the names and addresses of all persons firms or corporations employing or accepting service from children under sixteen (16) years of age" is amended to read as follows

Section 1425 The board of school directors in every school district in this Commonwealth shall between April first and September first of each year cause to be made by the attendance officers teachers or other persons employed for this purpose a careful correct and accurate enumeration in a substantial book or books provided by the Superintendent of Public Instruction at the expense of the State for that purpose of all the children between the ages of six and sixteen years within their district giving the full name date of birth age sex nationality place of residence in such school district name and address of parent or persons in parental relation the name and location of the school where the child is enrolled or belongs and the name and address of the employer of any child under sixteen years of age who is engaged in any regular employment or service Such enumeration shall be made by careful inquiry at the residence of each family in the district and the person making the same upon completion thereof shall make a proper oath or affirmation as to its correctness Such enumeration shall also include the names and addresses of all persons firms or corporations employing or accepting service from children under sixteen (16) years of age

If any person shall hinder or prevent or attempt to hinder or prevent any attendance officer or teacher or other person from performing any duty provided for in this section shall on conviction thereof before any alderman or justice of the peace of the county be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five days

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 693, as follows:

An Act requiring products of crude petroleum and compounds containing the same to be so branded or marked as to indicate the kind and grade of such petroleum from which the same are derived or manufactured and providing penalties for a violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons partnership association joint-stock company or corporation officer or officers agent or agents thereof to sell offer for sale or have possession of with intent to sell any product or products of crude petroleum or compound in which such product or products may enter whether a lubricant illuminant or other marketable product not including however such as may be intended for medicinal uses or purposes unless the same shall have conspicuously and plainly branded or otherwise marked on the tank vessel or receptacle containing the same the kind and grade or kinds and grades of such petroleum entering into and used in the manufacture thereof and the relative proportions of each In designating the kinds and grades of crude petroleum referred to it shall be sufficient to refer thereto by the names indicating quality or origin or both commonly used by the trade and in the markets therefor

Section 2 Any false or fraudulent branding or other marking of any such tank vessel or receptacle or other violation of the provisions of the first section of this act shall be a misdemeanor and any person convicted thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not exceeding five hundred dollars or undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both as the proper court may determine but no person who shall in good faith purchase any such product or compound falsely branded or marked in violation of the provisions of this act shall be subject to the penalties hereof unless or until after notice or knowledge thereof such person shall incur such penalties

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 705 (House Bill No. 1009), entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 712, as follows:

An Act relating to the employment of teachers in certain branches of Vocational Education

Whereas By common consent the public school laws should promote and facilitate Agricultural Education Industrial Education and Household Arts Education and

Whereas Teachers in these branches holding valid certificates as now required by law are of a limited number and being for the most part inexperienced graduates of technical schools and practical results of such teaching are doubtful therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful for the boards of school directors in all school districts of the second third and fourth classes in this Commonwealth to employ teachers either with or without certificates or diplomas for instruction in the branches of Agricultural Education Industrial Education and Household Arts Education

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts insofar as the same are inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 713, as follows:

An Act relating to Public Evening Schools in school districts of the second third and fourth classes

Whereas Evening schools are generally recognized as important in that they confer the benefits of the public school system to many persons who otherwise would receive but little education and

Whereas The extension of evening schools is retarded for the reason that there are not sufficient teachers having valid certificates who care to be so employed In many instances teachers engaged in regular day sessions are also employed as teachers of evening schools and

Whereas There are many persons employed during the day in diverse occupations who have ability to teach but lack certificates as required by law Many such persons having had successful experience as teachers are the better qualified because of their practical experience in other callings therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful for the boards of school directors in all school districts of the second third and fourth classes in this Commonwealth to employ teachers either with or without certificates or diplomas as regular teachers in evening schools

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts insofar as the same are inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 722 (House Bill No. 743), entitled:

An Act authorizing the orphans' court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 761 (House Bill No. 336), entitled:

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information fixing their compensation therefor and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 772 (House Bill No. 955), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 773 (House Bill No. 1023), entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 773 (House Bill No. 1023), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 781 (House Bill No. 1048), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 782 (House Bill No. 1100), as follows:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due the said Charles H. Sorge from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by way of damages or injuries received by said Charles H. Sorge in a collision with an automobile of the State Highway Department This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 802, as follows:

An Act relating to the payment of cost of tuition text books and school supplies in cases in which inmates of orphan asylums children's home institutions and other similar institutions attend the public school

Section 1440 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all children living in orphan asylums children's home institutions and other similar institutions for the care and training of orphans or other children may attend the public schools in the district in which the asylum or other institution is located and the cost of the tuition text books and school supplies incurred by their attendance shall be paid out of the fund appropriated by the State in aid of the public schools upon proper certification to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction from the officers of the school district claiming compensation

Section 1440½ All acts or parts of acts insofar as the same are inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 805, as follows:

An Act limiting the time which to begin actions in trespass for malicious prosecution and false imprisonment to one year and conspiracy to three years after the injury complained of

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all personal actions in trespass for malicious prosecution conspiracy and false imprisonment shall be commenced and sued within the time limitation herein expressed namely within one year from the time when the malicious prosecution or false imprisonment occurred and not after and within three years from the time when the conspiracy occurred and not after Provided That nothing herein contained shall apply to actions already instituted and pending in the several courts of this Commonwealth and Provided further That all actions which may be barred by reason of this act shall have six months after the approval of this act within which to commence said actions

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 819, as follows:

An Act authorizing Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer his wife citizens of Cambria county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer his wife citizens of Cambria county Pennsylvania are hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for such sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due them or either of them from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through any negligence of the Commonwealth on the road between Ebensburg and Carrolltown Cambria county This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 828 (House Bill No. 910), entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States Census

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 834 (House Bill No. 1105), as follows:

An Act authorizing Jennie Cly Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Jennie Cly Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth in any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due the estate of the said Lawrence L. Swogger deceased from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as damags for certain injuries sustained by the said Lawrence L. Swogger during his lifetime through a defect in a State highway of Pennsylvania This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 835 (House Bill No. 1108), entitled:

An act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 840, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the sale distribution and use for the promotion of biological science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery of unclaimed animals in the public pounds and providing penalties for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of this act

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, for the purpose of a public hearing.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 842, as follows:

An Act authorizing Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia Pennsylvania is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due the said Francis J. Boas arising out of a contract entered into between the said Francis J. Boas and the State Commissioner of Health for the erection and construction of a sewage disposal plant and water works for the State Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Hamburg Berks county Pennsylvania This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 857, as follows:

An Act to provide for just compensation to the Commonwealth and to persons and corporations for loss or damage to property by fire proximately caused by the operation of locomotive engines on railroads in this State by making railroad corporations responsible for all such loss and damage irrespective of the existence or non-existence of negligence on their part in cases where such fires arise within one hundred feet of the railroad or rights of way owned or operated by such corporations outside of the territorial limits of cities and boroughs

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every railroad corporation owning or operating a railroad in this State shall irrespective of the existence or non-existence of negligence on its part be liable for all damages to the property of the Commonwealth or of any person or corporation of the Commonwealth or of any person or corporation resulting from fire communicated directly or indirectly by locomotive engines in use upon the railroad owned or operated by such railroad corporation in this State except in cities and boroughs Provided That the fire so communicated arise within one hundred feet of the railroad or right of way owned or operated by such railroad corporation and provided also that such damages are proximately caused by such railroad corporation

Section 2 Every such railroad corporation shall have an insurable interest in the property for the damages to which it may become liable under the provisions of section one of this act and may procure insurance thereon in its own behalf for its protection against such damages

Section 3 The provisions of section one of this act shall not impair or abridge the liability of railroad corporations for negligence under existing law but are cumulative and independent of such negligence

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 857, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 874 (House Bill No. 1192), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners, defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses, regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry, prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons, and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council."

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 635 (House Bill No. 418), entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the 7th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof."

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 700, entitled:

An Act to amend the act, entitled "An Act authorizing commissioners of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate farmlands and woodlands adjoining any public park within said cities for park purposes wherever in their opinion such lands shall be necessary for the improvement of said parks, and providing that the total acreage of land so taken shall not exceed one thousand acres," approved April 24th, 1903.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 989, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton, Pennsylvania, the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making an appropriation therefor.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which were laid upon the table.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 923, as follows:

An Act giving the orphans' court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over the distribution by executors trustees or others holding property in trust for charitable uses objects and purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust and providing that in case any object of charity or charitable institution in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is discriminated against in the said distribution that said object of charity or charitable institution may present its petition to the orphans' court having jurisdiction of the funds to be distributed alleging the facts under oath that they believe they are discriminated against or about to be discriminated against in the distribution by said executors or trustees or others holding property in trust for charitable uses objects or purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust the said court upon the presentation of said petition shall have power to hear evidence or appoint a master to take the testimony and report to the court and if the court is of the opinion that said petitioner has been discriminated against or is about to be discriminated against in said distribution the court shall have the power to make distribution of the said fund in lieu of the distribution as made or suggested to be made by the executors trustees or others holding such fund and to direct who shall pay the costs and providing that any party aggrieved by order or decree of the court shall have the right to appeal to the Superior or the Supreme Court and repealing all inconsistent laws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where an executor or executors a trustee or trustees or others hold property in trust for charitable uses objects and purposes or the like and have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust the orphans' court of the county having jurisdiction of the estate or fund shall have full power to control and supervise the said distribution and if any object or charity or charitable institution believes it is about to be discriminated against or is discriminated against in the distribution of the said fund the said object of charity or charitable institution may present its petition to said court properly signed and sworn to alleging that it has reason to believe and does believe that it is about to be discriminated against in the distribution of the said fund and giving their reasons therefor and praying that distribution of said fund be made by the court in such manner as not to discriminate against the petitioner the court shall thereupon grant a rule upon the said executor or executors trustee or trustees or others holding property in trust for charitable uses objects or purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiaries of the trust commanding him or them to appear in court on a day certain and show cause why the prayer of the petition should not be granted The answer to such rule must be duly sworn to by the respondents

Section 2 In all cases where petitions have been presented and answers filed as provided in the first section of this act the court shall fix a day for a hearing to take the testimony offered by the petitioner as well as that offered by the respondent in support of their petition or answer which testimony shall be taken by a stenographer written out in long hand filed and made a part of the record and the court shall order the said respondent or respondents to file within ten days their proposed schedule of distribution for approval or modification and the court upon hearing the testimony shall determine whether or not the petitioner is about to be discriminated against or is discriminated against in the said distribution and shall make such order as in its judgment it may deem just and proper approving or modifying the distribution and allowing the petitioner its fair proportion of the fund to be distributed and in doing so shall consider the said charitable object or institution and the comparison with other objects or institutions to which distribution is about to be made and make such order as the court may deem fair and equitable and such order so made shall be binding upon the respondents and distribution shall be made accordingly

Section 3 Any party aggrieved by the decree of the court made under this act including the respondent or respondents shall have the right of appeal to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court

Section 4 In all applications under this act the court shall have power to direct the payment of the costs from the fund for distribution by the petitioner or by the respondent as the court may deem just and equitable under all the facts

Section 5 The said court shall have the power and is hereby authorized in all applications under this act if it deems it advisable to appoint a master to take the testimony report the facts together with his recommendation to the court

Section 6 All laws or parts of laws inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 923, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 928, as follows:

An Act relating to the mayors of third class cities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayor in a city of the third class shall be eligible to succeed himself

Section 2 Any act or part of an act inconsistent with this act is repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 941, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to make the proviso to section thirteen of said act operative where two or more candidates for the office of judge of any court of record consisting of several judges are to be elected at one election

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which section reads as follows

"Section 13 The candidates for nomination at any primary for any office within the provisions of this act to be filled at the succeeding election equal in number to twice the number to be elected at the succeeding election who shall have received at such primary the highest number of votes cast for nomination to the office for which they are candidates (or if the number of all the candidates voted for as aforesaid be not more than twice the number to be elected then all the candidates) shall be the nominees for such office and their names and none other except as hereinafter provided shall be printed as candidates for such respective offices upon the official ballots which are provided according to law for use at such succeeding election Provided That whenever at any primary any candidate for nomination to any of the aforesaid offices to which but one person is to be elected at the succeeding election shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary and greater than one-half of the number of ballots cast in the political district or division within which the nomination is to be made such candidate shall be the sole nominee for such office and his name and none other shall be printed as candidate for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election

In case of a tie the candidates receiving the tie vote shall appear and cast lots before the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth as the case may be on the third Friday after the primary and the one to whom the lot shall fall shall be entitled to the nomination Provided In any case where the fact of a tie vote is not authoritatively determined until after the third Wednesday after the day of the primary the day for appearing and casting lots shall be the second day after the day on which the fact of such tie is authoritatively determined If any candidate or candidates receiving a tie vote fail to appear before twelve o'clock noon on said day the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth as the case may be shall cast lots for him or them For the purpose of casting lots any candidate may appear in person or by proxy appointed in writing" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 13 The candidates for nomination at any primary for any office within the provisions of this act to be filled at the succeeding election equal in number to twice the number to be elected at the succeeding election who shall have received at such primary the highest number of votes cast for nomination to the office for which they are candidates (or if the number of all the candidates voted for as aforesaid be not more than twice the number to be elected then all the candidates) shall be the nominees for such office and their names and none other except as hereinafter provided shall be printed as candidates for such respective offices upon the official ballots which are provided according to law for use at such succeeding election Provided That whenever at any primary any candidate for nomination to any of the aforesaid offices to which but one person is to be elected at the succeeding election shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary and greater than one-half of the number of ballots cast in the political district or division within which the nomination is to be made such candidate shall be the sole nominee for such office and his name and none other shall be printed as candidate for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election

And Provided further That whenever at any primary nominations are to be made of candidates to fill two or more vacancies in any appellate or other court of record composed of two or more judges if any one or more of such candidates shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary and greater than one-half of the number of ballots cast for any one candidate for any office in the political district or division within which the nomination is to be made then and in such event each of such candidates shall be the sole nominee for one of the respective vacancies in such office If it appear that less than the whole number of candidates for such office to be elected at the ensuing election have received the required number of votes hereinbefore specified then and in such event he or they who have received that number of votes at the primary shall be the sole nominee or nominees for that number of vacancies in such office and his name or their names and none other shall be printed as candidates for that number of vacancies in and for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election The number of candidates for any remaining vacancy or vacancies in such office for which the primary has declared no sole nominee or nominees as herein just provided and the manner of their election shall remain as provided by existing law In the event of one or more candidates being sole nominees as above provided there shall be two groups of names of candidates on the ballots the names of such sole nominees being in one group and the names of other candidates in the other

In case of a tie the candiates receiving the tie vote shall appear and cast lots before the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth as the case may be on the third Friday after the primary and the one to whom the lot shall fall shall be entitled to the nomination Provided In any case where the fact of a tie vote is not authoritatively determined until after the third Wednesday after the day of the primary the day for appearing and casting lots shall be the second day after the day on which the fact of such tie vote is authoritatively determined If any candidate or candidates receiving a tie vote fail to appear before twelve o'clock noon on said day the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth as the case may be shall cast lots for him or them For the purpose of casting lots any candidate may appear in person or by proxy appointed in writing

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 953 (House Bill No. 1180), entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie County Anti-Tuberculosis Society located at Erie Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 49, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the blind

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its navigable tributaries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 204, entitled:

An Act to authorize the acquisition by purchase or condemnation of lands for a park and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the River

Delaware and for the appointment of a commission to ecquire said lands and erect such monument and making an appropriation for the purposes of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 298, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carlisle Hospital of Carlisle Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Topographic and Geologic Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the act of May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 367, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for its maintenance and support for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the erection and completion of burnt ward finishing Nurses' Home and furnishing and equipping same pathological laboratory drug room and superintendent's home furniture furnishings repairs and improvements of the above and providing the manner of payment of said appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane at Allentown Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 616, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the joint acquisition and maintenance by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges over the Delaware River

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 656, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 664, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Wernersville Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 678 (House Bill No. 913), entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 688, entitled:

An Act to give exclusive jurisdiction to the municipal court of Philadelphia over all houses of detention established within the limits of the city of Philadelphia providing that the board of managers of the said houses of detention shall be appointed and removed by the president judge of the municipal court of Philadelphia and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 792, entitled:

An Act providing for the care protection and maintenance of the brig Niagara Commodore Perry's flag-ship at the battle of Lake Erie and now the property of the State of Pennsylvania creating a commission to be called the Niagara Commission and making an appropriation for such care protection and maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 806, entitled:

An Act creating a Department of Municipal Affairs and defining its powers and duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 825 (House Bill No. 628), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 827 (House Bill No. 795), entitled:

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 836 (House Bill No. 1131), entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 841, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 881 (House Bill No. 1110), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manford J. Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania certain money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 895 (House Bill No. 165), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 898 (House Bill No. 485), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill County Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 901 (House Bill No. 1061), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 905 (House Bill No. 123), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation of four hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 907 (House Bill No. 1137), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmer's Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 908 (House Bill No. 1143), entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Exective Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 908 (House Bill No. 1143), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 912, entitled:

An Act providing for the construction, maintenance and operation of main or trunk sanitary sewers and of sewerage disposal plants by the several counties of this Commonwealth; making such main or trunk sewer and sewerage disposal plants county sewers and county disposal plants; for the formation of sewer districts in the several counties of this Commonwealth; the preparation of separate copies of the assessed value for county purposes of the taxable properties included in such sewer districts; authorizing the taking of property for the construction of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and providing for the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking; providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in the construction, maintaining and operating of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and authorizing the levy of a tax upon said sewer districts to provide a fund for said purposes.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 920, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 930, entitled:

An Act relating to the calling in certain cases of judges registered in the "Judicial Assignment Register" of the Supreme Court to districts other than their own and providing for their compensation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 937, entitled:

An Act providing for the regulation of dams or other structures works or obstructions in, along, across or projecting into any stream or body of water wholly or partly within this Commonwealth forming part of the route of the canal authorized to be constructed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Act of the General Assembly approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, vesting certain powers and duties in the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for this purpose; fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof; and providing equitable remedies for non-compliance with or violation of orders of the aforesaid Canal Board or of provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 942, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys deposited in the State Treasury by the State Highway Department under the provisions of act of July seventh one thousand nine hundred and thirteen as fees for the registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making appropriation of the whole amount received and balance remaining in State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 946 (House Bill No. 630), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 950 (House Bill No. 1047), entitled:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 969, entitled:

An Act providing a method to locate and erect new bridges to take the place of existing bridges crossing railroads or railways to change location of such bridges and roads connecting therewith to vacate old and existing bridges and roads connecting with the same authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in such construction and authorizing the payment of the same by State county borough township and railroad company as may be determined

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 978, entitled:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 908 (House Bill No. 1143), entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate F. H. Pierce to be a justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Le Raysville, County of Bradford, until the first Monday of January, 1916.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Samuel Kreiger to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the township of Portage, County of Cambria, until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice Joseph Richardson, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

CHESTER COUNTY.

Isaac E. Roberts, Downington, April 23, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Hugh F. Quinn, Philadelphia, April 25, 1915.
Ferd. E. V. Sappington, Philadelphia, April 30, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

T. Peckes, Pittsburgh.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Alexander Ronay, Fayette City.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

D. R. Hoch, Chambersburg.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Miss C. C. Dembowski, Philadelphia.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Wm. E. King, Arnold.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. McNICHOL,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. McNICHOL,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Washers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 503 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 503, entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing for a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 141 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate, communications from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

with the information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 628.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 19, 1915.

Resolved (of the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 628, entitled "An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act, entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act, entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expences incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' and punishing certain offences in regards to such elections, approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three, as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, also to amend the twenty-second, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act, to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections, approved the tenth day of June, eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters, election officers, police officers, constables, deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and three," be recalled from the House of Representatives for further consideration by the Senate.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 628 RECALLED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr CLARK. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 628, be recommitted to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 247, RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-residents wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eigthy-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

In the title, line 2, by striking out the word "estates" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "estate;" also in section 1, line 15, by striking out the word "his" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "the;" also in line 22, by striking out the word "any;" also in line 61, by striking out the word "he" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "be."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILL SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills has passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

RECESS.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 563 (Senate Bill No. 990), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives or representatives of fraternal societies or charitable organization within seventy-two hours after death

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 610 (Senate Bill No. 991), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

House Bill No. 624 (Senate Bill No. 992), entitled:

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over counties cities boroughs towns and townships in certain matters relating to their duties powers contract and public service and vesting the same in the Courts of Common Pleas

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1487 (Senate Bill No. 993), entitled:

A supplement to an act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation, and, to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the constructions, alterations, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroad, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains, by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporations and regulation of certain corporations, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act; approved the 26th day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 406 (Senate Bill No. 994), entitled:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of Assembly which are obsolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 890 (Senate Bill No. 995), entitled:

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on lands purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located

Which was committed to the Committee on Forestry.

House Bill No. 954 (Senate Bill No. 996), entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 842 (Senate Bill No. 997), entitled:

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require railroad corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to repeal an act entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Which was committed to the Committee on Railroads.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' and punishing certain offences in regards to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eight and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof"

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 369 RECALLED FROM GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

with the information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to the said bill, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 84 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

with the information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to said bill, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 20, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it be to meet again on Monday evening, April twenty-sixth, at eight o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it be to meet again on Monday evening, April twenty-sixth, at eight o'clock.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 464.

He also presented to the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 20, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 464, entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 1:55 o'clock P. M. until Wednesday morning, April 21, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, April 20th, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Rev. L. R. Jones, of West Newton, Pennsylvania, offered the following prayer:

Our Father in Heaven, we thank Thee for this, another day. Thou art always giving us new days, new opportunities to retrieve that which we may have lost in the days that are gone, and we are here as Thy children, under Thy direction, to perform the duties and the tasks that come to us this day. We realize our own weakness; we are dependent upon Thee for every good and perfect gift; we move, live and have our being in Thee, and in all that we do and say we want Thy smile of approbation to rest upon us. Let Thy blessing rest upon the members of this House, give them clearness of vision, and ability of thought to rightly discriminate between the conflicting opinions concerning great matters that come before them; and let Thy blessing be upon the Speaker; sustain and bless him. We pray Thee to remember all the members in the House, bless their families, and preserve their health during their absence. Let Thy blessing be with the employes of the House; strenghten and keep them, and give them health of body and strength of mind to perform the duties assigned them while they are here. And we pray Thy blessing to be with the Governor and his councellors. Help them and strenghten them that they may rightly perform their duties. Remember this great Nation of ours. We thank Thee that in the midst of wars across the sea, the dove of peace still spreads her wings above us. May it so continue. Guide us then in the duties of this day in the name of Jesus Christ our Master. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Baker, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 690 (House Bill No. 1591).

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing for the erection and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county-seat of Allegheny county in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from that county who served in the Army and Navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion authorizing and directing the commissioners of said Allegheny county to erect and maintain said memorial hall upon the petition of fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries the court of quarter sessions and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county at a general election designating a committee to determine what relics records etc. shall be placed in said memorial hall and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States" by extending its provisions so that societies resulting from the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition may have rooms in said memorial hall to meet in and making the members of said societies eligible to membership on the supervisory board.

Which was referred to the Committee on Military.

Senate Bill No. 308 (House Bill No. 1592).

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor.

Which was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 547 (House Bill No. 1593).

An Act supplementing and amending sections three five and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the City of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one as amended by the act of first of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and as amended by the act twentieth of April one thousand nine hundred and three extending jurisdiction over certain causes set out in such act to a judge or judge of the municipal court of Philadelphia.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 715 (House Bill No. 1594).

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of appraisers appointed by the registers of wills of the several counties to appraise the value of estate subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax and of experts employed to assist such appraisers" by increasing the compensation of appraisers.

Which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Senate Bill No. 726 (House Bill No. 1595).

An Act for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 731 (House Bill No. 1596).

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 749 (House Bill No. 1597).

An Act to permit a married woman whose husband has lived separate and apart from her for one year or more and who during that time has not been supported by her husband to become a feme sole trader.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 817 (House Bill No. 1598).

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 838 (House Bill No. 1599).

An Act to repeal the first third and fourth sections of an act entitled "An Act to regulate places of public amusement in cities of the first class" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 847 (House Bill No. 1600).

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 852 (Senate Bill No. 1601).

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW

Mr. GOMPERS presented several petitions of the citizens of Cambria county, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. GOMPERS presented the petition of the Kiskiminetas Tribe, No. 66, Improved O. R. M., of Johnstown, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. GOMPERS presented the petition of the Pioneer Young Men's Bible Class of the First Presbyterian Church of Johnstown, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. GOMPERS presented the petition of the Cambria County Sabbath School Association of Johnstown, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. GOMPERS presented the petition of the First Presbyterian Church of Johnstown, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. GOMPERS presented the petition of the Brotherhood Bible Class of the Grove Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church of Johnstown, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. GOMPERS presented the petition of the Brotherhood of Trinity Lutheran Church of Johnstown, Pa., favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. GOMPERS presented the petition of the Bethany Presbyterian Church of Johnstown, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of the citizens of Huntingdon county, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. GRAHAM, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1361, entitled:

An Act relating to the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, at Spring City, and the admission of inmates thereto.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL asked and received unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 1602.

An Act to authorize the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas of the various counties of Pennsylvania to appoint a Receiver or Receivers for insolvent corporations upon the application of one or more creditors or stockholders of said insolvent corporation, defining such stockholders.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. ALCORN asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up at this time, for the purpose of amendment, House Bill No. 260, File Folio 5285.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 260, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. ALCORN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. ALCORN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 14, by inserting a single quote before the double quote

Amend section 1, line 16, by inserting a single quote before the double quote

Amend section 1, line 18, by inserting a double quote before the word "Section"

Amend section 1, line 25, by inserting after the word "That" the word "the"

Amend section 1, line 34, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 247, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estates of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of the act recited which as heretofore amended reads as follows

"Section 1 That in all cases where any guardian and his ward cestui que trust and his trustee may both be non-residents of this State and such wards or cestui que trust may be entitled to property of any description in this State such guardian and trustee on producing satisfactory proof to the orphans' court of the proper county by certificates according to the acts of Congress in such cases that he has given bond and security in the State in which he and his ward or cestui que trust reside in double the amount of the value of the property as guardian or trustee and it is found that a removal of the property will not conflict with the terms or limitations attending the right by which the ward or cestui que trust owns the same then any such guardian or trustee may demand or sue for and remove any such property to the place of residence of himself and ward or cestui que trust"

"Section 2 That when such non-resident guardian or trustee shall produce an exemplification from under the seal of the office if there be a seal of the proper court in the State of his residence containing all the entries on record in relation to his appointment and giving bond and authenticated as required by the act of Congress as aforesaid the orphans' court of the proper county in this State may cause suitable orders to be made discharging any resident guardian executor administrator or trustee and authorizing the delivering and passing over of such property and also requiring receipts to be passed and recorded if deemed advisable Provided The benefits of this act shall not extend to the citizens of any State in which a similar act does not exist or may not hereafter be passed And provided also That in all cases thirty days' notice shall be given to the resident guardian executor administrator or trustee of the intended application for the order of removal and the court may reject the application and refuse such order whenever it is satisfied that it is for the interest of the ward or cestui que trust that such removal shall not take place" is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 That in all cases where any guardian and his ward cestui que trust and his trustee may both be non-residents of this State and such ward or cestui que trust be entitled to property of any description in this State such guardian or trustee on producing satisfactory proof to the orphans' court of the proper county by certificates that he has given bond and security with special reference to the property to be removed in the State or country in which he and his ward or cestui que trust reside in double the amount of the value of the property as guardian or trustee and it is found that a removal of the property will not conflict with the terms of limitations attending the right by which the ward or cestui que trust owns the same then any such guardian or trustee may demand or sue for and remove any such property to the place of residence of himself and ward or cestui que trust Provided that if such guardian or trustee and his ward or cestui que trust reside in another state territory or possession of the United States of America such certificates shall be authenticated as required by the Acts of Congress and if they reside in a foreign country shall be made by the court having jurisdiction of such guardian or trustee and authenticated by and under the official seal of a diplomatic or consular officer appointed by the United States of America and residing in such country.

Section 2 That when such non-resident guardian or trustee shall produce an exemplification from under the seal of the office if there be a seal of the proper court in the State, or country of his residence containing all the entries on record in relation to his appointment and giving bond and authenticated as required by the Act of Congress or by a diplomatic or consular officer appointed by the United States of America as aforesaid the orphans' court of the proper county in this State may cause suitable orders to be made discharging any resident guardian executor administrator or trustee and authorizing the delivering and passing over of such property and also requiring receipts to be passed and recorded if deemed advisable Provided That if it shall appear by such certificate that under the laws of such foreign country such guardian or trustee is not required to enter security but that the interests of his ward or cestui que trust are safeguarded by a deposit of the property in the court having proper jurisdiction then it shall be lawful for the orphans' court of the proper county in this State to cause suitable orders to be made authorizing the delivery and passing over of such property to such court without entering security And Provided also The benefits of this act shall not extend to the citizens of any state or country in which a similar act or rule of law does not exist or may not hereafter be passed or established And provided further That in all cases thirty days' notice shall be given to the resident guardian executor administrator or trustee if such there be of the intended application for the order of removal and the court may reject the application and refuse such order whenever it is satisfied that it is for the interest of the ward or cestui que trust that such removal shall not take place and that the claims of creditors in this Commonwealth are not fully protected

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—192.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 954, as follows:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of promoting the public health safety order and general welfare cities of the first class may regulate the location size and use of buildings therein and may make different regulations for different districts thereof the park commission of any city of the first class may make such regulations as to the location size and use of buildings and portion of which shall come within two hundred feet of any park parkway playground or other public place under its care or management and upon their approval by the councils of such city said regulations shall have the same effect as if originally made by said councils

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, it might not be amiss to say a few words concerning this bill before a vote is taken. This bill has been amended so that it only affects cities of the first class. It gives councils and the Park Commission in the cities of the first class the right to regulate buildings that abut upon or are within two hundred feet of any public buildings, recreation park or any boulevard. It is in line with the city planning idea and I hope that the House will vote for it.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—194.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 890, entitled:

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on land purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ALBEE. Mr. Speaker, this bill calls for a tax of one cent per acre on the State land taken over by the State for forest preserves. In taking over these lands the State does not pay any taxes for county purposes and it deprives the counties of the assessment against these lands when they are owned by private individuals. All that we ask is to be partially reimbursed in the twenty-six counties where these lands are located, so we may receive a partial return of the taxes we lose when the State takes over the land.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman.
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 406, as follows:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of assembly which are obsolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following acts and parts of acts of Assembly are absolutely repealed namely

1 An Act entitled "An Act against buying land of the natives" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page eighteen Statutes at Large Chapter XX)

2 Sections one and three of an act entitled "An Act for taking lands in execution for the payment of debts where the sheriff cannot come at other effects to satisfy the same" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (1 Smith's Laws 7)

3 An Act entitled "An Act for the better regulation of servants in this province and territories" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (1 Smith's Laws 10)

4 An Act entitled "An Act for erecting and establishing a post office" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page fifty-seven Statutes at Large Chapter L)

5 An Act entitled "An Act for the regulating of streets and water courses in the cities and towns of this government" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page sixty-five Statutes at Large Chapter LIII)

6 An Act entitled "An Act about erecting and regulating the prices of ferries" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page seventy-six Statutes at Large Chapter LX)

7 An Act entitled "An Act for the sitting of orphans courts" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page eighty-one Statutes at Large Chapter LXIII)

8 Section two of an act entitled "An Act for regulating and maintaining of fences" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (1 Smith's Laws 13)

9 An Act entitled "The law about killing of wolves" approved the twentyseventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page eighty-five Statutes at Large Chapter LXIX)

10 An Act entitled "An Act for the regulating of money weights and for stamping the same" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page eighty-six Statutes at Large Chapter LXXI)

11 Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for regulating weights and measures" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (1 Smith's Laws 18)

12 An Act entitled "An Act about country produce to be current pay in the territories of the province of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred twenty-six Statutes at Large Chapter XC)

13 An Act entitled "The law about court proceedings and summons" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred twenty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter XCII)

14 An Act entitled "The law about summoning of juries" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred thirty-two Statutes at Large Chapter XCVIII)

15 An Act entitled "The law about officers' fees" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred thirty-seven Statutes at Large Chapter CIII)

16 An Act entitled "The law about Indian traders" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred forty Statutes at Large Chapter CIV)

17 An Act entitled "An Act against selling rum and other strong liquors to the Indians" approved the twenty-eighth day of October one thousand seven hundred one (Vol. II page one hundred sixty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CXIV)

18 An Act entitled "An Act against murder and manslaughter" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred seventy-two Statutes at Large Chapter CXVI)

19 An Act entitled "An Act against burglary" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred seventy-three Statutes at Large Chapter CXVII)

20 An Act entitled "An Act against rape or ravishment" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred seventy-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CXX)

21 An Act entitled "An Act against sodomy and buggery" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred eighty-three Statutes at Large Chapter CXXIV)

22 An Act entitled "An Act against burning of houses" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred eighty-four Statutes at Large Chapter CXXV)

23 An Act entitled "An Act for determining of debts under forty shillings" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred eighty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CXXX)

24 An Act entitled "An Act directing the order of payment of debts of persons deceased" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred ninety-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CXXXIV)

25 An Act entitled "An Act about departers out of this province" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page two hundred twenty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CXL)

26 An Act entitled "An Act for the better improving a good correspondence with the Indians" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page two hundred twenty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CXLI)

27 An Act entitled "An Act about attachments" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (1 Smith's Laws 45)

28 Section three of an act entitled "An Act for defalcation" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (1 Smith's Laws 49)

29 Sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act for taking lands in execution for payment of debts" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (1 Smith's Laws 57)

30 An Act entitled "An Act for raising a supply of two pence halfpenny per pound and ten shillings per head also for granting an impost and laying an excise on sundry liquors and negroes imported into this province for the support of government and defraying the necessary public charges in the administration thereof" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page two hundred eighty Statutes at Large Chapter CLXIV)

31 An Act entitled "An Act that no public house or inn within this province be kept without license" approved the twenty-eighth day of February one thousand seven hundred eleven (1 Smith's Laws 73)

32 An Act entitled "An Act for the better improving a good correspondence with the Indians" approved the twenty-eighth day of February one thousand seven hundred eleven (Vol. II page three hundred sixty-five Statutes at Large Chapter CLXXVII)

33 An Act entitled "An Act for establishing orphans' courts" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred thirteen (1 Smith's Laws 81)

34 An Act entitled "An affirmation act for such who for conscience sake cannot take an oath" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand seven hundred fifteen (Vol. III page thirty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CCIV)

35 An Act entitled "An Act for the better regulating of elections of sheriffs coroners and assessors" approved the twenty-fourth day of August one thousand seven hundred seventeen (Vol. III page one hundred thirty-eight Statutes at large Chapter CCXXII)

36 An Act entitled "An Act for the better encouraging the trade of this province" approved the twenty-second day of February one thousand seven hundred eighteen (Vol. III page one hundred forty-five Statutes at Large Chapter CCXXIV)

37 Section three of an act entitled "An Act for the advancement of justice and more certain administration thereof" approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand seven hundred eighteen (1 Smith's Laws 105)

38 Sections two three four five and six of an act entitled "A supplementary act to a law of this province entitled 'An Act that no public house or inn within this province be kept without license'" approved the twenty-sixth day of August one thousand seven hundred twenty-one (1 Smith's Laws 126)

39 Sections five eleven twelve thirteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three and twenty-four of an act entitled "An Act for establishing courts of judicature in this province" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand seven hundred twenty-two (1 Smith's Laws 131)

40 An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit the selling of rum and other strong liquors to the Indians and to prevent abuses that may happen thereby" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand seven hundred twenty-two (Vol. III page three hundred ten Statutes at Large Chapter CCLVI)

41 An Act entitled "An Act for regulating the gauging of cask in this province" approved the twenty-second day of May one housand seven hundred twenty-two (1 Smith's Laws 154)

42 An Act entitled "An Act to rectify proceedings upon attachments" approved the second day of March one thousand seven hundred twenty-three (Vol. III page three hundred thirty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CCLXIII)

43 An Act entitled "An additional act to the act entitled 'An Act for laying an excise or duty on all wine rum and other spirits retailed in this province'" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand seven hundred twenty-three (Vol. III page three hundred sixty-two Statutes at Large Chapter CCLXVIII)

44 An Act entitled "An Act more effectually to prevent unfair practices in the packing of beef and pork for exportation" approved the eighteenth day of August one thousand seven hundred twenty-seven (1 Smith's Laws 170)

45 An Act entitled "An Act for erecting of pounds in each township of this province" approved the tenth day of May one thousand seven hundred twenty-nine (1 Smith's Laws 173)

46 Sections sixteen seventeen and twenty of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the province of Pennsylvania" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand seven hundred thirty (1 Smith's Laws 181)

47 An Act entitled "An Act imposing a duty on persons convicted of heinous crimes and to prevent poor and impotent persons being imported into the province of Pennsylvania" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand seven hundred thirty (Vol. IV page one hundred sixty-four Statutes at Large Chapter CCCXIV)

48 An Act entitled "A supplementary act to the act for raising county rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of August one thousand seven hundred thirty-two (Vol. IV page two hundred thirty-four Statutes at Large Chapter CCCXXX)

49 An Act entitled "A supplement to the law for laying out of highways and public roads" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand seven hundred thirty-six (Vol. IV page two hundred ninety-six Statutes at Large Chapter CCCXLII)

50 An Act entitled "An Act for naturalizing such foreign protestants as are settled or shall settle within this province who not being of the people called Quakers do conscientiously refuse the taking of any oath" approved the third day of February one thousand seven hundred forty-three (Vol. IV page three hundred ninety-one Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLIX)

51 An Act entitled "An Act for the speedy trial of capital offenses committed by any Indian or Indians in the remote parts of the province" approved the nineteenth day of October one thousand seven hundred forty-four (Vol. V page five Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLXIII)

52 An Act entitled “An Act for the more effectual suppressing profane cursing and swearing” approved the seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred forty-six (Vol. V page forty-two Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLXIX)

53 An Act entitled “An Act to encourage the killing of squirrels within this province” approved the fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred forty-nine (Vol. V page sixty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLXXVI)

54 Sections one two and three of an act entitled “An Act for the more effectual preventing accidents which may happen by fire and for suppressing idleness drunkenness and other debaucheries” approved the ninth day of February one thousand seven hundred fifty-one (Vol. V page one hundred eight Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLXXXVIII)

55 Section one of an act entitled “An Act for preventing bribery and corruption in the election of sheriffs and coroners within this province” approved the eleventh day of March one thousand seven hundred fifty-two (Vol. V page one hundred fifty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CCCXCVII)

56 An Act entitled “An Act to prevent the exportation of bad or unmerchantable staves heading boards and timber” approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand seven hundred fifty-nine (1 Smith's Laws 222)

57 Section one two three four five and eight of an act entitled “An Act to prevent the hunting of deer and other wild beasts beyond the limits of the lands purchased of the Indians by the proprietaries of this province and against killing deer out of season” approved the ninth day of April one thousand seven hundred sixty (1 Smith's Laws 227)

58 Section two and three of an act entitled “A supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act for taking lands in execution for payment of debts and for confirming partitions in several instances heretofore made’ ” approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand seven hundred sixty-four (1 Smith's Laws 262)

59 An Act entitled “A supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the province of Pennsylvania’ ” approved the second day of February one thousand seven hundred sixty-five (Vol. VI page three hundred ninety-two Statutes at Large Chapter DXVIII)

60 An Act entitled “An Act to explain and amend a supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the province of Pennsylvania’ ” approved the twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred sixty-five (Vol. VI page four hundred fifty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter DXXXI)

61 Sections two and three of an act entitled “An Act to prevent the mischiefs arising from the increase of vagabonds and other idle and disorderly persons within this province” approved the twenty-first day of February one thousand seven hundred sixty-seven (1 Smith's Laws 268)

62 An Act entitled “An Act to amend the act entitled ‘An Act for establishing Courts of Judicature within this province’ ” approved the twentieth day of May one thousand seven hundred sixty-seven (1 Smith's Laws 274)

63 An Act entitled “An Act to amend the act entitled ‘An Act to prevent the exportation of bad and unmerchantable staves heading boards and timber’ ” approved the twentieth day of May one thousand seven hundred sixty-seven (1 Smith's Laws 277)

64 Section two of an act entitled “An Act for the better confirmation of the estates of persons holding or claiming under feme-coverts and for establishing a mode by which husband and wife may hereafter convey their estates” approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred seventy (1 Smith's Laws 307)

65 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act for bailing prisoners and about imprisonment’ ” approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred seventy (1 Smith's Laws 309)

66 An Act entitled “An Act for the relief of (the) languishing prisoners in the gaols of the several counties within this province with respect to the imprisonment of their persons” approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred seventy (Vol VII page three hundred forty-seven Statutes at Large Chapter DCXI)

67 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine thirty thirty-one and thirty-two of an act entitled “An Act for the relief of the poor” approved the ninth day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-one (1 Smith's Laws 332)

68 Section four of an act entitled “An Act for the sale of goods distrained for rent and to secure such goods to the persons distraining the same for the better security of rents and for other purposes therein mentioned” approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-two (1 Smith's Laws 370)

69 An Act entitled “An Act for the more easy recovery of legacies” approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-two (1 Smith's Laws 383)

70 Section two of an act entitled “An Act for the relief of such persons as conscientiously scruple the taking of an oath in the common form” approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-two (1 Smith's Laws 387)

71 Section four of an act entitled “An Act for prevention of frauds and perjuries” approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-two (1 Smith's Laws 389)

72 An Act entitled “An Act to prevent frauds in the packing and preserving of shad and herring for exportation” approved the twenty-fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred seventy-four (1 Smith's Laws 418)

73 Section five of an act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act for acknowledging and recording of deeds’ ” approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-five (1 Smith's Laws 422)

74 An Act entitled “An ordinance to prevent the counterfeiting the paper money issued by the Honorable the Continental Congress or by this or any other of the United American States” approved the first day of August one thousand seven hundred seventy-six (Vol. IX page eight Statutes at Large Chapter DCCXXVIII)

75 An Act entitled “An ordinance to compel debtors in certain cases to give security to their creditors” approved the thirteenth day of September one thousand seven hundred seventy-six (Vol. IX page twenty-one Statutes at Large Chapter DCCXXXIV)

76 Section six of an act entitled “An Act for establishing in the city of Philadelphia and in each county of this state an office for the probate and registering of wills and granting letters of administration and an office for the recording of deeds” approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-seven (1 Smith's Laws 443)

77 An Act entitled “An Act for establishing a new seal for the Supreme Court and for altering the place of holding the said Court and the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery in the counties of Chester and Bucks for a limited Time” approved the second day of January one thousand seven hundred seventy-eight (1 Smith's Laws 447)

78 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act for raising of county rates and levies” approved the first day of October one thousand seven hundred seventy-nine (Vol. IX page four hundred two Statutes at Large Chapter DCCCLI)

79 An Act entitled “An Act for continuing an act entitled an act for the more easy recovery of legacies” approved the ninth day of October one thousand seven hundred seventy-nine (1 Smith's Laws 473)

80 An Act entitled “An Act more effectually to prevent countergeiting the continental loan office certificates the continental loan office bills of exchange and the paper money of the United States of America or any of them” approved the twenty-sixth day of November one housand seven hundred seventy-nine (Vol. X page twelve Statutes at Large Chapter DCCCLXIX)

81 Sections eight and nine of an act entitled “An Act to render the revenue arising from the excise on wine and spirits and on licenses to be granted to public houses effective and equal to the public necessities” approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand seven hundred eighty (1 Smith's Laws 503)

82 An Act entitled “An Act for an impost on goods wares and merchandise imported into this state” approved the twenty-third day of December one thousand seven hundred eighty (Vol. X page two hundred fifty-two Statutes at Large Chapter CMXXV)

83 Sections one four five and nine of an act entitled “An act for raising and collecting of money on the specified articles therein mentioned for the support of government and for other purposes therein mentioned” approved he twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three (Vol. XI page sixty-five Statutes at Large Chapter MXVIII)

84 An Act entitled “A supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act for an impost on goods wares and merchandise imported into this State’ ” approved the twenty-fifth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three (Vol. XI page one hundred and eighty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter MLI)

85 Section four of an act entitled “An Act to revive and continue in force the acts of Assembly regulating sales by public auction and for other purposes therein mentioned” approved the ninth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three (2 Smith's Laws page 86)

86 An Act entitled “An Act to secure the persons employed in the building and fitting ships and vessels for sea by making the body tackle apparel and furniture of such ships and vessels liable to pay the several tradesmen employed in building and fitting them for their work and materials” approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four (2 Smith's Laws page 95)

87 An Act entitled “An Act to enable the courts of quarter sessions of the several counties of this Commonwealth to vacate roads and highways in proper cases” approved the eighth day of February one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (Vol. XI page four hundred and fifteen Statutes at Large Chapter MCXXVI)

88 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen seventeen eighteen nineteen and twenty of an act entitled “An Act for the better regulation of juries” approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (Vol. XI page four hundred and eighty-six Statutes at Large Chapter MCXXXVIII)

89 An Act entitled “A further supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act for raising county rates and levies’ ” approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (Vol. XI page five hundred and three Statutes at Large Chapter MCXL)

90 An Act entitled “An Act to ascertain fix and establish permanent salaries for the judges of the supreme court” approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (Vol. XI page five hundred and fourteen Statutes at Large Chapter MCXLII)

91 Sections sixteen and seventeen of an act entitled “An Act to provide further regulations whereby to secure fair and equal proceedings in the Land-Office and in the surveying of lands” approved the eighth day of April one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (2 Smith's Laws page 317)

92 An Act entitled “An Act for the more speedy and effectual administration of justice” approved the twenty-fifth

day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six (2 Smith's Laws page 391)

93 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the more speedy and effectual administration of justice'" approved the twenty-eighth day of February one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven (2 Smith's Laws 397 Chapter MCCLII)

94 Sections one two three four five six seven nine ten thirteent fourteen fifteen and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to declare and regulate escheats" approved the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven (2 Smith's Laws page 425)

95 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter and amend an act entitled "An Act to remedy the defects of the several acts of Assembly heretofore made for regulating the elections of justices of peace throughout this State and to establish a permanent mode for holding such elections and to authorize the justices of the peace of the City of Philadelphia to hold the courts of record of the said city and to make further provisions for the due election and return of justices of peace elect'" approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight (Vol. XIII page 9 Statutes at Large Chapter MCCCXXIX)

96 An Act entitled "An Act directing the time places and manner of holding elections for representatives of this state in the congress of the United States and for appointing electors on the part of this state for choosing a president and vice-president of the United States" approved the fourth day of October one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight (Vol. XIII page 140 Statutes at Large Chapter MCCCLXXIII)

97 An Act entitled "An act to alter the times of holding the courts of general quarter sessions of the peace and gaol delivery in the several counties within this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine (Vol. XIII page 305 Statutes at Large Chapter MCDXXVII)

98 An act entitled "A supplement to the several laws of this Commonwealth respecting attachments" approved the twenty-eighth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine (2 Smith's Laws page 502 Chapter MCCCCXXXIV)

99 An Act entitled "An Act for the inspection of Shingles" approved the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine (2 Smith's Laws pags 504)

100 An Act entitled "An Act relating to sheriffs and coroners" approved the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine (Vol. XIII page 368 Statutes at Large Chapter MCDLII)

101 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act to provide for the salaries of the officers of the land office' enacted the eighth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine" approved the nineteenth day of February one thousand seven hundred and ninety (Vol. XIII page 441 Statutes at Large Chapter MCDLXXX)

102 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the securities to be given by sheriffs and coroners" approved the fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety (Vol. XIII page 455 Statutes at Large Chapter MCDLXXXVIII)

103 Section three of an act entitled "An Act for instituting a board of property and for other purposes therein mentioned" Approved the eighth day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 2)

104 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to enjoin certain duties on the Secretary of the Commonwealth and for other purposes" approved the twelfth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 8)

105 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of representatives of the people of this state in the congress of the United States" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (Vol. XIV page 20 Statutes at Large Chapter MDXXXIII)

106 An Act entitled "An Act to provide a more effectual method of settling the public accounts of the commissioners and treasurers of the respective counties" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 15)

107 Sections one two three and four of an act entitled "An Act to confer on certain associations of the citizens of this Commonwealth the powers and immunities of corporations or bodies politic in law" approved the sixth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 20)

108 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the support of the government of this Commonwealth" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 26)

109 Sections one two three four five six seven eight eleven twelve thirteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen and twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to establish the judicial courts of this Commonwealth in conformity to the alterations and amendments in the Constitution" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 28)

110 An Act entitled "An act to regulate the trials of contested elections" approved the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 45)

111 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the inspection of flour in certain western counties of the State" approved the thirtieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 52)

112 Sections one two three four five six seven and eight of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act to establish the judicial courts of this Commonwealth in conformity to the alterations and amendments in the Constitution'" approved the thirtieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 58)

113 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to enable executors and administrators by leave of court to convey lands and tenements contracted for with their decedents and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two (3 Smith's Laws page 66)

114 Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for printing publishing and distributing the laws of this Commonwealth and to direct a proper index to be made of the records of the executive department" approved the fourth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two (3 Smith's Laws page 79)

115 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act to secure the persons employed in the building and fitting ships and vessels for sea by making the body tackle apparel and furniture of such ships and vessels liable to pay the several tradesmen employed in building and fitting them for their work and materials'" approved the ninth day of February one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three (3 Smith's Laws 89)

116 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide a more effectual method of settling the public accounts of the commissioners and treasurers of the respective counties" approved the sixth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three (Vol. XIV page 346 Statutes at Large Chapter MDCLVIII)

117 An act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the support of the government of this Commonwealth'" approved the eighth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three (3 Smith's Laws page 111)

118 An act entitled "An act to authorize the admission of certain persons as witnesses in cases respecting the settlement of paupers" approved the third day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (3 Smith's Laws 126 Chapter MDCCXV)

119 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to enjoin certain duties on the Secretary of the Commonwealth and for other purposes'" approved the eighth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (Statutes at Large 37 Vol. XV Chapter MDCCXXXVI)

120 An Act entitled "A supplement to the Act entitled 'An Act to enable executors and administrators by leave of court to convey land and tenements contracted for with their decedents and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (3 Smith's Laws 129 Chapter MDCCXXX)

121 An Act entitled "An Act directing the descent of intestates' real estate and distribution of their personal estates and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (3 Smith's Laws 143)

122 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the support of the government of this Commonwealth'" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (3 Smith's Laws 183)

123 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better collection of the revenue arising from tavern licenses" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (Statutes at Large 149 Chapter MDCCLXIII Vol. XV)

124 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the mode of assessing and collecting county rates and levies" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-five (Statutes at Large 322 Chapter MDCCCLII Vol. XV)

125 An Act entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts of Assembly for establishing the judicial courts of this Commonwealth in conformity to the alterations and amendments in the Constitution" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred niney-five (3 Smith's Laws 245)

126 Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the payment of clerks in the offices of the Surveyor-General Receiver-General and Secretary of the Land Office and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-five (3 Smith's Laws 259)

127 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to collect revenue from the rolls office for the further support of government" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-five (Statutes at Large 375 Chapter MDCCCLXV Vol. XV)

128 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the appointment of an inspector of staves and heading" approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand seven hundred ninety-six (3 Smith's Laws 268)

129 Sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the act entitled 'An Act directing the descent of intestates real estates and distribution of their personal estates and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-seven (3 Smith's Laws 296)

130 An Act entitled "An Act for continuing the present salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the presidents of the courts of common pleas" approved the fourth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-eight (3 Smith's Laws 329)

131 Section five of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to extend the powers of the justices of the peace of this State'" approved the first day of March one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 354)

132 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to enable the justices of the Supreme Court to hold circuit courts within

this Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 358)

133 Sections one and three of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate hawkers and peddlers'" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 359)

134 Sections one and three of an act entitled "An Act to supply certain defects in the acts incorporating the City of Philadelphia and sundry towns and boroughs within this Commonwealth and to explain and amend an act entitled 'An Act to alter and amend the several acts of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth incorporating the city of Philadelphia and for other purposes'" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 390)

135 Sections one two three eleven twelve thirteen fourteen seventeen twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 392)

136 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act vesting certain powers in the judges of the Supreme Court" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred (3 Smith's Laws 437 Chapter MMCXXXII)

137 An act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to prevent the exportation of bread and flour not merchantable and for repealing at a certain time all the laws heretofore made for that purpose'" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred (3 Smith's Laws 437 Chapter MMCXXXIII)

138 An act entitled "An Act to tax the office of the prothonotary or clerk of the Supreme Court" approved the fifth day of December one thousand eight hundred and one (P. L. 3 1802)

139 An Act entitled "An Act to alter and amend the health laws of this State so far as respects vessels goods and passengers coming from any port or place in the state of Delaware" approved the twenty-seventh day of January one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 25)

140 An Act entitled "An Act declaring the holding of offices or appointments under this State incompatible with the holding or exercising offices or appointments under the United States" approved the twelfth day of February one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 37)

141 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing executors and administrators in certain cases to convey lands sold by their decedents by order of orphans' court" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 133)

142 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of representatives of the people of this State in Congress of the United States" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 145)

143 An Act entitled "An Act to enlarge the March and December terms in the Supreme Court" approved the fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 166)

144 An Act entitled "An Act to enable purchasers at sheriff's or coroner's sales to obtain possession" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 266)

145 An Act entitled "An Act establishing the compensation of the Deputy Secretary of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 354)

146 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the several Courts of Quarter Sessions within their respective counties to lay off alter and divide townships and for other purposes" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 439)

147 An Act entitled "An Act relating to County Treasurers" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 476)

148 Sections one two three five six seven nine and ten of an act entitled "An Act directing Sheriffs and Coroners to give sufficient sureties for the faithful execution of their official duties and for other purposes" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 497)

149 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act to prevent the exportation of bad or unmerchantable staves heading boards and timber'" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 573)

150 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for reducing and limiting the number of Associate Judges of the courts of common pleas" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 586)

151 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to enable the Justices of the Supreme Court to hold circuit courts within this Commonwealth'" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 623)

152 Sections one two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act to empower the overseers and guardians of the poor of the several townships within this Commonwealth to recover certain fines penalties and forfeitures and for other purposes" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 662)

153 An Act entitled "An Act for the inspection of butter intended for exportation" approved the seventh day of January one thousand eight hundred and four (P. L. 5)

154 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to empower the overseers and guardians of the poor of the several townships of the Commonwealth to recover certain fines penalties and forfeitures and for other purposes passed the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and three'" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred and four (P. L. 123)

155 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act directing the descent of intestates real estates and distribution of their personal estates and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and four (P. L. 459)

156 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the Inspection of Ground Black-Oak Bark intended for Exportation" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and four (P. L. 499)

157 Sections one three four five seven nine ten eleven twelve fourteen and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act directing the Mode of selecting and returning Jurors" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and five (P. L. 183)

158 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act directing the Descents of Intestates Real Estates and Distribution of their Personal Estates and for other Purposes therein mentioned'" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and five (P. L. 205)

159 Section two of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and five (P. L. 265)

160 Section five of an act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the expenses of government and payment of certain debts and for other purposes" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and five (P. L. 280)

161 Sections one two four five six seven eight nine twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen twenty twenty-one twenty-three twenty-four and twenty-six of an act entitled "An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred and six (P. L. 334)

162 An Act entitled "An Act making additional allowance to the prothonotary of the supreme court of the eastern district and the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the city and county of Philadelphia" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and six (P. L. 547)

163 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the proceedings of county commissioners and treasurers in certain cases" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and six (P. L. 548)

164 Sections one two four seven ten and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate arbitrations and proceedings in courts of justice" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and six (P. L. 558)

165 Section four of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth' and to alter the time of holding the courts of common pleas and quarter sessions and orphans court in the county of Washington" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 8)

166 Sections two three four and five of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act directing the mode of selecting and returing jurors'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 124)

167 Section ten of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the several acts of this Commonwealth concerning partitions and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 155)

168 An Act entitled "An Act for the inspection of hogs-lard intended for exportation" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 163)

169 An Act entitled "An Act erecting a middle district of the Supreme Court and for other purposes" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 248)

170 An Act entitled "An Act directing the distribution of the Journals printed in the English language and for other purposes" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 267)

171 Section four of an act entitled "An Act making appropriations and for other purposes" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 282)

172 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen seventeen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to alter and amend the several laws of this Commonwealth relative to domestic attachments" approved the fourth day of December one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 1 1808)

173 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of senators from the state into districts and determine the portion to be allotted to each also to fix the number of representatives for the city and the several counties of the Commonwealth in pursuance of the revisions of the Constitution" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and eight (P. L. 86)

174 Section three of an act entitled "An Act to amend certain parts of an act entitled 'An Act supplementary to the several acts of this Commonwealth concerning partitions and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and eight (P. L. 144)

175 Sections one and three of an act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to regulate arbitrations and proceedings in courts of justice'" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and eight (P. L. 168)

176 An act entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the settlement of public accounts and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the tenth day of January one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 2)

177 Sections one two three four five and eight of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth'" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 36)

178 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide a more effectual method of settling the public accounts of the commissioners and treasurers of the respective counties'" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 42)

179 Section ten of an act entitled "An act abolishing the offices of receiver-general and master of the rolls and transferring the duties therein performed to other offices and for other purposes" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 122)

180 Sections one two three four five seven eight ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate arbitrations and proceedings in courts of justice'" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 125)

181 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads'" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 143)

182 An Act entitled "An Act concerning contempts of court" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 146)

183 Section two of an act entitled "An Act to repeal so much of an act passed April fourth one thousand eight hundred and seven as directs the township assessors to select and return jurors and also allowing peremptory challenges in certain cases" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 163)

184 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to alter and amend the several laws of this Commonwealth relative to domestic attachments'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 182)

185 An Act entitled "An Act concerning Foreign Insurance Companies" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 81)

186 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent devises and legacies from lapsing in certain cases" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 96)

187 An Act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act to prevent frauds in the packing and preserving of shad and herring for exportation" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 128)

188 Sections two three four five six seven eight nine eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act regulating arbitrations" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 145)

189 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act for regulating and maintaining fences'" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 161)

190 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth' passed February twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred six" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 195)

191 Sections one nine sixteen and twenty-nine of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate with its supplements the act entitled 'An Act for the recovery of debts and demands not exceeding one hundred dollars before a justice of the peace and for the election of constable and for other purposes'" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 208)

192 An Act entitled "An act authorizing the judges of the Supreme Court to establish return days" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 231)

193 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prevent the exporation of bread and flour not merchantable and for repealing at a certain time all the laws heretofore made for that purpose'" approved the thirteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and eleven (P. L. 46)

194 An Act entitled "An Act to remedy defects in the titles to real estate purchased by certain emigrants within this Commonwealth during the time they were aliens" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 86)

195 Section two of an act entitled "An Act imposing certain duties upon the commissioners and treasurer of Luzerne county and empowering county commissioners to administer oaths or affirmations" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 111)

196 Sections seventeen eighteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four thirty-nine forty forty-one forty-two forty-four and forty-five of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 145)

197 Sections two three four and five of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for laying out and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and laying out private roads'" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 189)

198 An Act entitled "An Act relative to dower and for other purposes" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 198)

199 Section one of an act entitled "An additional supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth'" approved the sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred twelve (P. L. 82)

200 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A supplement to an act declaring the holding of any office or appointment under this State incompatible with the holding or exercising offices or appointments under the United States" approved the sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred twelve (P. L. 85)

201 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of representatives of the people of this State in the Congress of the United States" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twelve (P. L. 127)

202 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act taxing certain offices'" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twelve (P. L. 140)

203 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act regulating arbitrations" approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirteen (P. L. 87)

204 An Act entitled "An act fixing the salaries of the officers therein mentioned" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred thirteen (P. L. 169)

205 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the sale of the estate of lunatics or persons non compos mentis in certain cases" approved the seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 45)

206 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the support of the government of this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 48)

207 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies'" approved the twenty-first day of February one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 50)

208 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the inspection of spiritous liquors" approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 100)

209 An Act entitled "A supplement to 'An Act to enable the purchasers at sheriffs or coroners sales to obtain possession'" approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 110)

210, An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to the acts for the inspection of butter and hogs lard intended for exportation" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 173)

211 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors" approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 216)

212 An Act entitled "An Act making provision for the travelling expenses of the presidents and associate judges of the courts of common pleas" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 249)

213 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve fourteen fifteen seventeen eighteen twenty twenty-one and twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act establishing a fee bill" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 352)

214 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads'" approved the sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 27)

215 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize undertakers of public bridges to procure materials for building such bridges" approved the sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 28)

216 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads'" approved the first day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 56)

217 An Act entitled "An Act altering the mode of issuing tavern licenses" approved the eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 91)

218 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 93)

219 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act for the relief of insolvent debtors" approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 156)

220 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act providing for the inspection of spirituous liquors' passed the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fourteen and for the prevention of fraud in the purchase or sale of flour or whiskey" approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 171)

221 An Act entitled "An Act for the settlement of the estates intestates where some of the heirs reside out of the State" approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 173)

222 An Act entitled "An additional supplement to an act entitled 'An Act directing the mode of selecting and returning jurors'" approved the thirteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred sixteen (P. L. 52)

223 An Act entitled “An Act to provide for the continuance of courts of quarter sessions” approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred sixteen (P. L. 82)

224 Section one of an act entitled “An Act for holding special courts of common pleas” approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixteen (P. L. 137)

225 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act to provide for the inspection of ground black oak bark intended for exportation’” approved the fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventeen (P. L. 40)

226 Sections four and five of an act entitled “An Act to provide for the more equal distribution of the laws of this Commonwealth” approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventeen (P. L. 96)

227 Section three of an act entitled “An Act relative to suits brought by or against corporations” approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred seventeen (P. L. 128)

228 Section two of an act entitled “An Act to prevent the practice of wagering or betting on elections” approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventeen (P. L. 204)

229 An Act entitled “An Act establishing a standard weight for grain and foreign salt” approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L. 182)

230 Section one of an act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An act for holding special courts of common pleas’” approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L. 239)

231 An Act entitled “A further supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act to regulate the trials of contested elections’ passed the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one” approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L. 258)

232 Section two of an act entitled “A further supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads’” approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L. 276)

233 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act providing for the sale of the estate of lunatics or persons non compos mentis in certain cases’” approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L 301)

234 Section three of an act entitled “An Act to provide for the more speedy publication and distribution of the laws of this Commonwealth” approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 14)

235 An Act entitled “An Act relative to escheated estates” approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 25)

236 An Act entitled “An Act relative to habitual drunkards” approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 74)

237 An Act entitled “An Act to extend to coppersmiths brass-founders coopers and venders of sail cloth certain advantages secured to sundry tradesmen employed in building and fitting ships and vessels for sea” approved fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 90)

238 Sections one and two of an act entitled “An Act to encourage more effectually the destruction of wolves and panthers” approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 114)

239 An Act entitled “An Act relative to paupers” approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 200)

240 Sections two three and six of an act entitled “An Act enjoining duties upon the Attorney-General and for other purposes approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 266)

241 Sections one four and six of an act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors’” approved the twenty-ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 9)

242 An Act entitled “An Act for the relief of redemptioners” approved the ninth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 17 Chapter XVIII)

243 Sections one and two of an act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotages and for other purposes therein mentioned’” approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 40)

244 An Act entitled “An Act allowing mileage to jurors and for other purposes” approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 85 Chapter LX)

245 An Act entitled “A further supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads’” approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 87 Chapter LXII)

246 An Act entitled “An Act to prevent kidnapping” approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 104)

247 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors’ passed the twenty-ninth January one thousand eight hundred and twenty” approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 155)

248 An Act entitled “A further supplement to an act entitled “An Act regulating arbitrations’” approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 172)

249 Resolution approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 202 Chapter IV)

250 An Act entitled “An Act reducing the salaries of the Governor and Secretary of the Commonwealth” approved the eighteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 1 1821)

251 An Act entitled “An Act to provide for the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants and slaves within this Commonwealth” approved the sixth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 4)

252 Sections two three four five and six of an act entitled “An Act reducing the salaries of sundry public officers and the daily pay of members of the Legislature” approved the eighteenth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P L. 7)

253 Section three five six nine ten and eleven of an act entitled “An Act to alter and amend the fee bill” approved the twenty-second day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 50)

254 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act to provide for the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants and slaves within this Commonwealth’” approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 98)

255 Sections three and four of an act entitled “An Act to regulate inspections” approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 133)

256 An Act entitled “An Act relative to guardians of minor children” approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 153)

257 Section one of an act entitled “An Act concerning bills of exchange” approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 156)

258 An Act entitled “An Act laying a duty on the retailers of foreign merchandize” approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 244)

259 An Act entitled “An Act to prevent the increase of pauperism in this Commonwealth” approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 254)

260 A resolution entitled “Resolution relative to inspectors of beef pork et cetera in the City and County of Philadelphia” approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 313 Chapter III)

261 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act relative to habitual drunkards” approved the nineteenth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 4)

262 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act concerning contempts of court’” approved the eighteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 30)

263 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies’” approved the eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 58)

264 An Act entitled “An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the constitution” approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 74)

265 Sections one and two of an act entitled “A further supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies’” approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 106)

266 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act for regulating the measurement of corn and salt imported into the Port of Philadelphia” approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 126 Chapter XCVIII)

267 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act to regulate the inspectors of flour in certain western counties of the state’” approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 225 Chapter CLXII)

268 An Act entitled “A further supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act relative to habitual drunkards’” approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 226)

269 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act to regulate the inspection of flour in certain western counties of the state’ passed the thirtieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one” approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 32)

270 An Act entitled “An Act fixing the compensation of the inspector of staves and heading” approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 51)

271 An Act entitled “A supplement to the act entitled ‘An Act to compel assignees to settle their accounts and for other purposes’” approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 146)

272 An Act entitled “A further supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act to declare and regulate echeats’” approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 161 Chapter C)

273 An Act entitled “A further supplement to an act entitled ‘An Act for taking lands in execution for the payment of debts’ and for confirming partitions in several instances heretofore made” approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 230)

274 An Act entitled "An Act relative to turnpike road and bridge companies" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 282)

275 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act directing the descent of intestates real estate and distribution of their personal estates and for other puroposes therein mentioned' " approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 286)

276 Section three of an act entitled "An act relative to the entry of writs of testatum fieri facias service of writs of scire facias and relative to payment of costs on appeals from before justices of the peace and for other purposes" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 288)

277 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to amend and consodidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public moneys and for other purposes' " approved the twelfth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 5 Chapter VII)

278 An Act entitled "An Act to enable executors administrators guardians and other trustees to invest their trust moneys" approved the eighteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 25)

279 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act regulating arbitrations' " approved the twenty-third day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 27)

280 Sections one to six of an act entitled "An Act for the preservation of wooden bridges within this Commonwealth" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 50)

281 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the trial of contested elections' " approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 53)

282 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the public printing" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 57)

283 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to declare and regulate escheats' " approval the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 109)

284 Section three of an act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate with its supplements the act entitled "An Act for the recovery of debts and demands not exceeding one hundred dollars before a justice of the peace and for the election of constables and for other purposes' " approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 171)

285 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the public printing' " approved the twenty-ninth day of December one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 2 1825)

286 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads' " approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-five (P. L. 161)

287 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the relief of insolvent debters' passed the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fourteen" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-five (P. L. 168)

288 Section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for holding special courts of common pleas' " approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-five (P. L. 218)

289 An Act entitled "An Act more effectually to secure the collection of the revenue from tavern licenses and for other purposes" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five (P. L. 247)

290 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal the act of eighteen hundred and twenty-four relative to the education of the poor" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 52)

291 An Act entitled "An Act establishing an internal improvement fund" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 166)

292 An Act entitled "A supplement to the intestate law of this Commonwealth" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 255)

293 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth' " approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 263)

294 Sections two and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to protect the public in the full benefit and enjoyment of the works constructed for the purposes of inland navigation" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 301)

295 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act relative to turnpike road and bridge companies in which the State holds stock' passed twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four and for other purposes" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 324)

296 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation of the militia of this Commonwealth' " approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 329)

297 An Act entitled "An Act relative to constables' fees" approved the second day of January one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 5 No. 6)

298 Sections one three and four of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the printing and distribution of an additional number of the Pamphlet Laws" approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 29)

299 An Act entitled "An Act for the appointment of an inspector of pot and pearl ashes for the Port of Philadelphia and for regulating the inspection of the same" approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 45)

300 An Act entitled "A supplement to the several acts for the inspectioin of staves and heading" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 236 No. 103)

301 An Act entitled "An Act concerning agencies of insurance companies not authorized by the laws of this State established within this Commonwealth" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 239)

302 An Act entitled "An Act to declare the uses of certain bonds" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 253 No. 118)

303 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation of the militia of this Commonwealth' " approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 385 No. 164)

304 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the relief of the poor' passed the ninth day of March one thousand seven hundred and seventy-one" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 437)

305 An Act entitled "An Act concerning writs of scire facias" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 444)

306 Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act relative to the distribution of money arising from sheriffs and coroners sales and relative to the duties of the Auditor-General and county commissioners" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 471 No. 192)

307 Sections three four and five of an act entitled "An Act relating to escheated estates" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 483)

308 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better inspection of butter and lard" approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 117)

309 An Act entitled "An Act for the relief of the poor" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 285)

310 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to compel assignees to settle their accounts and for other purposes' " approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 435)

311 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth' passed the eighth day of April eighteen hundred and twenty-six" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 484)

312 Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act requiring county treasurers to give bonds with security to the Commonwealth for the faithful discharge of certain duties and to repeal certain laws relating to treasurers bonds" approved the fifteen day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 491)

313 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act passed the second day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and twenty-two entitled 'An Act for the regulation of the militia of this Commonwealth and the several supplements thereto' " approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 492)

314 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the appointment and payment of the criers of the courts in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 103 No. 82)

315 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 114)

316 Section one of an act entitled "An Act concerning executors" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 122)

317 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the patenting of lands" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 146)

318 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the constitution" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 212)

319 An Act entitled "An Act relative to insurance companies and agencies of insurance companies not chartered by this State" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 264)

320 An Act entitled "A further supplment to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation of the militia of this Commonwealth' " approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 280)

321 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the preservation of wooden bridges within this Commonwealth' passed the nineteenth of March eighteen hundred and twenty-four and for other purposes" approved

the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 292)

322 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate with its supplements the act entitled 'An Act for the recovery of debts and demands not exceeding one hundred dollars before a justice of the peace and for the election of constables and for other purposes' " approved the fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 36)

323 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act relating to collateral inheritances' " approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 160)

324 Section two of an act entitled "An Act relative to landlord and tenant" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 187 No. 116)

325 Section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to the service of process by sheriffs and to the appointment of tipstaves in the city and county of Philadelphia" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 246)

326 Sections two five eight and ten of an act entitled "An Act for the levy and collection of taxes upon proceedings in courts and in the offices of register and recorder and for other purposes" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L 272)

327 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to declare and regulate escheats' " approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 322)

328 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act directing the descent of intestates' real estates and distribution of their personal estates and for other purposes therein mentioned passed the nineteenth day of April seventeen hundred and ninety-four" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 347)

329 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate inns and taverns" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 352)

330 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled'An Act to regulate the inspection of flour in certain western counties of the State' " approved the thirtieth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 47, No. 37)

331 An Act entitled "An Act concerning the acknowledgement of sheriffs' and coroners' deeds in certain cases" approved the seventeenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 65)

332 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to compel assignees to settle their accounts and for other purposes' " approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 192)

333 Sections two and three of an act entitled "An Act more effectually to prevent and punish extortion and for other purposes" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 211)

334 Section two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes' and a supplement to an act entitled 'An Act establishing an internal improvement fund' " approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 477)

335 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the inspection of tobacco for the Port of Philadelphia" approved the tenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 58)

336 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate inns and taverns' passed April seventh eighteen hundred and thirty" approved the fifteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 73, No. 51)

337 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to increase the county rates and levies for the use of the Commonwealth' passed the twenty-fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one' " approved the fifteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 79)

338 Section thirty-nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to registers and registers' courts" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred thirty-two (P. L. 135)

339 Section two of an act entitled "An Act concerning the administration of justice" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousad eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 388)

340 An Act entitled "An Act entitled 'A further supplement to 'An Act for taking 'lands in execution" approved the third day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 404, No. 165)

341 An Act entitled "An Act providing the mode of settling the accounts of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved the third day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 417)

342 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act to authorize the printing and distribution of an additional number of the pamphlet laws" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 615, No. 245)

343 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth' passed the eighth day of April eighteen hundred and twenty-six" approved the seventh day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 1 No. 2)

344 An Act entitled "An Act changing the organization and extending the jurisdiction of the court of common pleas of the first judicial district" approved the eighth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 23)

345 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the twenty-second March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventeen entitled 'An Act relative to suits brought by or against corporations' " approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 78, No. 44)

346 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to confer on certain associations of the citizens of this Commonwealth the powers and immunities of corporations or bodies politic in law' passed the sixth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 238)

347 Section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 249)

348 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of an additional court within the county of Allegheny and for other purposes" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 305)

349 Section fourteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 315)

350 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to abolish imprisonment for debt and for other purposes" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 480)

351 Sections four and twenty-four of an act entitled "An act relating to executors and administrators" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 73)

352 Sections one two three four five eleven thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty-four twenty-five and twenty-six of an act entitled "An Act relating to inns tavers and retailers of vinous and spirituous liquors" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 117)

353 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the inspection of tobacco for the Port of Philadelphia' " approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four (P. L. 179)

354 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and directing county treasurers to pay gratuities and pensions to soldiers and widows of revolutionary soldiers residing within this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four (P. L. 290)

355 Sections three five six sixteen seventeen twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight fifty-two fifty-three fifty-four fifty-seven eighty-one eighty-two eighty-five eighty-six ninety-two one hundred one hundred two one hundred three one hundred thirteen one hundred thirty-three and one hundred fifty of an act entitled "An Act relative to the organization of the courts of justice" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 333)

356 Section six of an act entitled "An Act for the amendment of the law relating to factors" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 375)

357 An Act entitled "An Act relative to suits brought by and against canal and railroad companies" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 395)

358 Section six of an act entitled "An Act to fix the standards and denominations of measures and weights in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 525)

359 Sections ten fifteen seventeen eighteen twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine forty forty-six sixty sixty-one sixty-three and ninety-three of an act entitled "An Act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 537)

360 An Act entitled "An Act relative to banks" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-five (P. L. 99)

361 An Act entitled "An Act relating to inspections" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-five (P. L. 384)

362 An Act entitled "An Act to increase the salaries of the president judge of the fifth judicial district and of the judge of the district court of the County of Allegheny" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 329 No. 101)

363 An Act entitled "An supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to inspections' approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred thirtysix (P. L. 332)

364 Sections one and three of an act entitled "An Act requiring the banks of this Commonwealth to make quarterly statements to the Auditor-General and for other purposes" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 421)

365 Section twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act relating to the support and employment of the poor" ap-

proved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 539)

366 Sections two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 568)

367 Section twelve of an act entitled "An Act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 589)

368 Sections thirty seventy-three seventy-five and ninety-six of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions" approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 755)

369 Section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the jurisdictions and powers of courts" approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 784)

370 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the constitution" approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 794)

371 Section thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Preston Retreat and relative to the sale of lands of Saint John's church in Norristown Montgomery county and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 810)

372 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the times places and manner of choosing Senators to represent this State in the Senate of the United States'" approved the thirteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 1 1837)

373 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the printing and distribution of the Pamphlet Laws in the German language" approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 8)

374 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to authorize the printing and distribution of the Pamphlet Laws in the German language passed January twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven and for other purposes'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 354)

375 Section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to appeals from county auditors and for other purposes" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-eight (P. L. 457)

376 Section thirty-eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating election districts" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-eight (P. L. 593)

377 Section five of an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of aldermen and justices of the peace" approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 376)

378 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to compensate Samuel Dale for services rendered as an associate judge of Lancaster county and for other purposes" approved the twenty-second day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 390)

379 Sections five twenty-three twenty-four twenty-six twenty-seven forty-three forty-four forty-five forty-six forty-seven forty-eight forty-nine fifty sixty-one sixty-three sixty-nine seventy-one seventy-two seventy-three seventy-five seventy-six seventy-seven seventy-eight one hundred nineteen one hundred twenty one hundred twenty-nine one hundred thirty one hundred thirty-one one hundred thirty-two one hundred thirty-three one hundred thirty-four one hundred thirty-five one hundred thirty-six one hundred thirty-seven one hundred thirty-eight one hundred thirty-nine one hundred forty one hundred forty-one one hundred forty-two one hundred forty-three one hundred forty-four one hundred forty-five one hundred forty-six one hundred forty-seven one hundred forty-eight one hundred forty-nine one hundred fifty one hundred fifty-one one hundred fifty-two one hundred fifty-three one hundred fifty-four one hundred fifty-five one hundred fifty-six one hundred fifty-seven one hundred fifty-eight one hundred fifty-nine one hundred sixty one hundred sixty-one one hundred sixty-two one hundred sixty-three one hundred sixty-four one hundred sixty-five one hundred sixty-six one hundred sixty-seven one hundred sixty-eight one hundred sixty-nine one hundred seventy one hundred seventy-one one hundred seventy-two and one hundred seventy-three of an act entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of July one thousand eight hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 519)

380 Section seven of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of prothonotaries clerks recorders and registers" approved the second day of July one thousand eight hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 559)

381 Sections thirty-three thirty-four thirty-five and thirty-six of an act entitled "An Act relative to the election of borough and township officers and for other purposes" approved the seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 72)

382 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act to authorize the printing and distribution of the pamphlet laws in the German language" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 209)

383 Section four of an act entitled "A further supplement to 'An Act entitled an act relating to orphans' courts passed the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two and the supplement thereto passed the fourteenth day of April one thousand and eight hundred and thirty-five and for other purposes" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 319)

384 Section twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 410)

385 Section twenty-two of an act entitled "An Act to erect the town of South Easton in the county of Northampton into a borough and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 548)

386 A resolution entitled "Resolution relative to James Lyon and for other purposes" approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 749)

387 Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act to create a new division to be called the seventeenth division of the Pennsylvania militia" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 663)

388 Sections four five six and twelve of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth' passed the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine and for other purposes" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 683)

389 Sections three four and five of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act providing for the election of aldermen and justices of the peace' passed twenty-first June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine and for other purposes" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 689)

390 Sections six eight ten eleven and fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to establish an asylum for the insane of this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 57)

391 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to the various acts relating to tavern licenses" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 121)

392 Sections thirteen and fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to incorporate a company to erect a bridge over the Lackawaxen at or near Paupack Eddy in the county of Wayne" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 149)

393 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to enable religious societies to purchase and hold real estate and for other purposes" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 269)

394 Section five of a resolution entitled "Resolutions relating to the Warren Bridge Company and for other purposes" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 445)

395 Section five of an act entitled "An Act relating to the election of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 400)

396 A resolution entitled "Resolutions relative to the Public Printing and Binding" approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 435)

397 Section sixty-six of an act entitled "An Act regulating election districts and for other purposes" approved the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 43)

398 Sections one two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the resumption of specie payments by the banks of this Commonwealth and for other purposes" approved the twelfth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 68)

399 Section twelve of an act entitled "Supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to incorporate the township of Moyamensing in Philadelphia county' passed March twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and twelve and for other purposes" approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 95)

400 Section twenty-four of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Mutual Beneficial Insurance Association of Bucks county against losses sustained by fire and for other purposes" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 162)

401 Section twenty of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the Governor to incorporate the Tioga Navigation Company' passed the twenty-sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six and for other purposes" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 262)

402 Section one of a resolution entitled "Resolutions to prevent collectors and other public agents from speculating with the public funds in notes of the fourth May one thousand eight hundred and forty-one" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 488)

403 Resolutions one three and four of a resolution entitled "Resolutions to prevent a further subscription by the banks to the loan authorized by the act of fourth May eighteen hundred and forty-one and to provide for the redemption in gold and silver coin of the relief notes" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 493)

404 Section thirty-two of an act entitled "An Act to abolish imprisonment for debt and to punish fraudulent debtors" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 339)

405 Section forty-one of an act entitled "An Act concerning the trust estate of Hugh Roberts deceased and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 374)

406 Sections four five six seven and eight of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Liberty Fire Company of Holmesburg in the county of Philadelphia" approved the

twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 430)

407 Section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the government payment of the interest upon the State debt receiving of proposals for the sale of the public works and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 441)

408 Sections thirteen and fourteen of an act entitled "An Act annexing the County of Schuylkill to the Eastern District of the Supreme Court and for other purposes" approved the second day of August one thohusand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 458)

409 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the public printing and binding and for other purposes" approved the twenty-third day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 2)

410 An Act entitled "An Act to create permanently the office of State Printer" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 110)

411 An Act entitled "An Act to divide the State into congressional districts for the election of representatives in the Congress of the United States" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 115)

412 Section six of an act entitled "An Act to confer upon the orphans' court of Lancaster county certain powers in relation to the real estate of John Lindemuth deceased and for other purposes" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 131)

413 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act relating to roads highways and bridges'" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 221)

414 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 247)

415 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to reduce the expenses of Government" which became a law the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 324)

416 An Act entitled "An Act giving out for a term of years all the public printing and binding of the Commonwealth to the lowest bidder with ample security for performance" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 148 No. 98)

417 An Act entitled "An Act to reduce the expenses of the militia system of this Commonwealth and provide a more rigid mode for the collection of militia fines" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 398)

418 Sections eight nine eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to extend the charter of the commercial bank of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 419)

419 Section two of an act entitled "An Act relative to the surveyor general's office" which became a law the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 529)

420 Section one of an act entitled "An Act further to regulate proceedings in courts of justice and for other purposes" approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 564)

421 Clause two of a resolution entitled "Resolution relative to the translators of the journals of both houses" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 610 No 33)

422 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to 'An Act to provide for the election of aldermen and justices of the peace' approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine and a further supplement passed April eleventh one thousand eight hundred and forty and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 72 No. 52)

423 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize payment for the translation of legislative documents" approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 74 No. 54)

424 An Act entitled "An Act to create a third battalion out of the second regiment second brigade eighth division of the Pennsylvania militia in the county of Luzerne" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 276)

425 Sections five and six of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Commonwealth to distribute copies of the standard of weights and measures and for the appointment of sealers" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 443)

426 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A supplement to the Act of Assembly passed the twenty-ninth March one thousand eight hundred thirty-two relating to the proceedings in the orphans' court of this Commonwealth and for other purposes" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 458)

427 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the standard weight of Indian corn" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 475 No. 314)

428 Section one of an act entitled "An Act concerning certain sheriffs and coroners sales and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 538)

429 Section two of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to preserve and perfect the validity of judgments entered upon the continuance or appearance dockets of the courts' and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 542)

430 An Act entitled "An Act to alter an act entitled 'An Act to reduce the expenses of the militia system of this Commonwealth and provide a more rigid mode for the collection of militia fines' passed the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-four so far as it respects the second brigade ninth division of the Pennsylvania militia" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 228)

431 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act relating to collateral inheritances' passed seventh April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 358 No. 300)

432 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the voters of Mifflin county to decide the question of tavern license therein and to prohibit the sale of intoxicating drinks within specified limits in certain counties" approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 431)

433 Section nine of an act entitled "An Act in regard to certain entries in ledgers in the city of Pittsburgh and relating to the publication of sheriffs' sales and for other purposes" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 476)

434 Section four of an act entitled "An Act relative to the appointment of trustees by orphans' court and for other purposes" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 483)

435 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the standard measure of charcoal" approved the twenty-second day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-seven (P. L. 51)

436 An Act entitled "A supplement to 'An Act to create the office of State printer' passed the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-three'" approved the twenty-fifth day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-seven (P. L. 55)

437 Section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act to create permanently the office of State printer passed the twenty-fourth day of April eighteen hundred and forty-three" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 49)

438 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act to create permanently the office of State printer passed March twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and forty-three" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 188 No. 151)

439 An Act entitled "An Act designating the period for the commencement of the official term of the State Treasurer" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 285 No. 231)

440 Section three of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of John H. Morrison collector of tolls on the Susquehanna division of the Pennsylvania canal fixing the age at which children shall be admitted into the schools of the first school district relative to the taxation of bank dividends and to undrawn donation tracts" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 511)

441 Section two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the elections in this Commonwealth'" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 512)

442 Section two of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the executors of doctor Samuel Du Fresne of the city of Lancaster deceased to sell certain real estate and relating to discharge of insolvent applicants and so forth" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 525)

443 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act regulating turnpike and plank road companies' approved January twenty-sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred forty-nine" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 461)

444 Section three of an act entitled "An Act relative to supervisors in Franklin county to elections of constables to school district in Jefferson county to voting in Mifflin county to the extension of certain road laws in Susquehanna county to the West Chester turnpike road in Delaware county to prevent the destruction of fish in Somerset county to township line in Mercer county to East Brunswick school district in Schuylkill county to Casely Ferry in Warren county and to hawkers and peddlers in Lancaster county" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 508)

445 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen thirty thirty-one thirty-two and thirty-three of an act entitled "An Act to create a sinking fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 570)

446 Sections six and seven of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the commissioners of the incorporated districts of the Northern Liberties and Kensington to open a street to be called Delaware avenue relative to the duties of assessors vendors of mineral waters the Fire Association of Philadelphia vacancies in the school boards in the county of Philadelphia to lost mortgages auditors of Philadelphia county rebuilding of the court house in Philadelphia to enable to commissioners of Philadelphia county to borrow money to settle certain accounts between Spring Garden and the Commonwealth and respecting the appointment of auditors" which became a law the twenty-fourth day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 678)

447 An Act entitled "An Act to revise the militia system and provide for the training of such only as shall be uni-

formed" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665)

448 Sections two three four and five of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of the heirs of James Caldwell deceased and relative to the hours of labor in manufacturing establishments" approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 671)

449 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act to create permanently the office of State Printer passed March twenty-fourth one thousand and eight hundred and forty-three" approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 6)

450 An Act entitled "An Act allowing compensation to the Auditor General and State Treasurer for their services as commissioners of the internal improvement fund and sinking fund" which became a law the fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 38)

451 An Act enttiled "An Act relating to collateral inheritances taexs" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 170)

452 Section twenty-two of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prevent waste in certain cases within this Commonwealth' passed the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two of land and building associations giving the court of Susquehanna county jurisdiction in a certain case relative to the service of process in certain cases to party walls in West Philadelphia to the proof of a certain will to the sale and purchase of certain burial grounds in Philadelphia to the laying of gas pipes in the district of Moyamensing to the release of certain sureties in Erie county to the State Lunatic hospital relative to the service of process against sheriffs to the rights of married women to ground rents and relating to foreign insurance companies" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 549)

453 Section forty-three of an act entitled "An Act relating to the bail of executrixes to partition in the orphans' court and common pleas to colored convicts in Philadelphia to the limitations of actions against corporations to actions enforcing the payment of ground rent to trustees of married women to appeals from awards of arbitrators by corporations to hawkers and peddlers in the counties of Butler and Union to the payment of costs in actions by informers in certain cases to taxing lands situate in different townships and in relation to fees of county treasurers of Lycoming Clinton and Schuylkill to provide for recording the accounts of executors administrators guardians and auditors' reports and to amend and alter existing laws relative to the administration of justice in this Commonwealth" became a law the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 569)

454 Section eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating the hunting of deer in the county of Warren and relative to hawkers and peddlers in the counties of Carbon Butler and Union authorizing the Philadelphia Germanown and Norristown Railroad Company to become stockholders in the Chester Valley Railroad Company relative to the sale of spirituous and vinous liquors in Washington county and to the licensing of inn-keepers in this Commonwealth to the estate of John Claar deceased legitimating John Diffenbach of Lancaster county and authorizing the sale of the real estate of Darius Grimes of Fayette county deceased" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 634)

455 Section nine of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to incorporate the borough of Girard in the county of Erie' and to authorize the borough of Erie to borrow money and to encourage agriculture and the mechanic arts in Erie county and relative to the election of assistant wardens of the port of Philadelphia to county treasurers and delinquent inn-keepers" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 471)

456 Section five of an act enttiled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to create a sinking fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth' and to authorize a loan" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 772)

457 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 777)

458 Sections five six eight nine ten and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to authorize Amanda M. Richmond of McKean county the trustees of the Church of God in Fredericksburg Lebanon county and Thomas Heyl junior guardian to sell certain real estate empowering William H. Holstein guardian to draw and appropriate certain moneys in relation to insurance companies and the agencies of insurance companies not chartered by this State and to liens in Lycoming and Clinton counties" became a law the twenty-fourth day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 921 1850)

459 Section three of an act entitled "A Supplement to the act providing for the publication and distribution of the pamphlet laws of the Commonwealth" approved the eleventh day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 124)

460 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Somerset and Johnstown Plank Road Company relating to the half pilotage law and in relation to elections in Tioga county" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 229)

461 Section twelve of an act entitled "An Act extending the time for the completion of the Hollidaysburg and Bedford turnpike road relative to the collection of certain taxes in Huntingdon county authorizing Greensburg and Mount Pleasant to subscribe stock in a plank road company to the sale of malt liquors in the city and county of Philadelphia to certain school districts in Erie and Warren counties and confirming a certain power of attorney to George Morris Knevelt" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 566)

462 Section eight of an act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act authorizing the Governor to incorporate the Bear Mountain Railroad Company' and for other purposes passed July thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and forty-two and relative to roads streets and alleys in the borough of Pottsville in Schuylkill county to hawkers and peddlers in Armstrong and Carbon counties to the Bethany and Dingman's choice turnpike road to the district of West Philadelphia to the bottling of cider and malt liquors licensing billiard rooms and bowling saloons to the district of Moyamensing and to authorize Charles B. Mench to sell certain real estate" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 569)

463 Section twelve of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the New Brighton and Harmony Plank Road Company relative to the Hillsboro and Pittsburgh State road and to the borough of Strattonville to granting licenses to theatres circuses and menageries to a State road in Monroe and Pike counties and to the Girard Avnue Schuylkill Bridge Company" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 594)

464 Sections one eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 612)

465 Section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of government the repair of the public canals and railroads and other general and special appropriations" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 676)

466 Sections five six seven eight and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of judges of the several courts of this Commonwealth and to regulate certain judicial districts" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 648)

467 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to inspection' approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 311)

468 Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act to vest in Margaret Van Horn of Juniata county the right of this Commonwealth to the estate of Mary Ann Hellings of Bucks county and relative to ten-pin alleys in Mifflin county confirming a road view in Union county changing the name of Mary Ann Vanzandt of Mifflin county for the relief of William Lathrow relative to holding elections in Fermanaugh and Turbit townships in Juniata county to authorize the administrator of Jacob Soles Junior to make a deed to extend the general manufacturing law to the manufacture of vitrified iron legitimating Amanda Beighley Fletcher of Butler county relative to corporations under the general manufacturing act renting real estate and to streets in Blairsville and relative to the Erie Gas Company" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 360)

469 An Act entitled "An Act to divide the State into congressional districts for the election of representatives in the Congress of the United States" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 492)

470 Section one of an act entitled "An Act relative to courts in this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 574)

471 Sections three and four of an act entitled "An Act relating to judgments relative to writs of estrepment and the fees of sheriffs and constables and partitions" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 584)

472 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to create permanently the office of State printer'' approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-three (P. L. 198)

473 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to the sixth section of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the Commissioners of the incorporated districts of the Northern Liberties and Kensington to open a street to be called Delaware avenue relative to the duties of assessors venders of mineral waters' passed the twenty-fourth day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-nine and the supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relative to the venders of mineral waters and an act relative to the Washington Coal company to sheriffs' sales of real estate to the substitution of executors and trustees when plantiffs to partition on common pleas and for other purposes' passed the ninth day of April eighteen hundred forty-nine relative to the Pennsylvania Building and Loan Association and to the Venango Railroad company" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three (P. L. 643)

474 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to revise to militia system and provide for the training of such only as shall be uniformed' passed April seventeen one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three (P. L. 654)

475 Sections one two three five and six of an act entitled "An Act relative to the State Library and Librarian" approved the twenty-fifth day of January one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 7)

476 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the appointment of notaries public" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 90)

477 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the payment of constables for attending the general and township elections" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 250)

478 Section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to dogs in Allegheny Chester Northampton Schuylkill and Lancaster counties" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 286)

479 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the salaries of associate judges in this Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 404)

480 Section one of an act entitled "An Act in relation to establishing and changing the places for holding general elections throughout the Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 419)

481 An Act entitled "An Act to prescribe the manner of collecting certain taxes" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 569)

482 An Act entitled "An Act extending the right of trial by jury to certain cases" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 365)

483 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the several acts relating to the tax upon collateral inheritances" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 425)

484 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act to create permanently the office of State Printer" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 443)

485 Section seventy-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of government the repairs of the public canals and railroads and other general and special appropriations" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 495)

486 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to issue letters patent in certain cases" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 462)

487 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act to provide for the appointment of a reporter of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 528)

488 Section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to judgments and executions in foreign attachments" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 532)

489 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine eleven twelve thirteen fifteen and twenty-two or an act entiteld "An Act to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 200)

490 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of insurance companies" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 211, No. 236)

491 An Act entitled "An Act in relation to Public Printing" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 262)

492 Sections three and four of an act entitled "An Act relating to the rights of property of husband and wife" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 315)

493 Section two of an act entitled "An Act to repeal certain Acts of Assembly upon non-payment of the enrollment tax" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 512 No. 546)

494 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a State Treasurer" approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 64)

495 An Act entitled "An Act realting to fees of aldermen justices of the peace and constables" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 229)

496 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act to provide for the incorporation of insurance companies approved the second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 380)

497 Section seventy-nine of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of government the repairs of public canals and railroads and other general and special appropriations" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 559)

498 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the salaries of the associate judges of this Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 612 No. 652)

499 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 619)

500 Section one of an act entitled "An Act in relation to bills of exchange" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 629 No. 665)

501 Sections one three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act for the better preservation of game and insectiverous birds" approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (P. L. 371)

502 An Act entitled "A Supplement to the act of sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six entitled 'An Act relating to executions' " approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (P. L. 458)

503 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to establish a sinking fund for the payment of the public debt" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (P. L. 468)

504 An Act entitled "An Act relating to certain charitable corporations" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 78)

505 An Act entitled "An Act requiring railroad companies to make uniform reports to the Auditor General" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 358)

506 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for taking testimony in cases of contested elections of members of the General Assembly" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 495)

507 An Act entitled "An Act to equalize taxation upon corporations" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 529)

508 Section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlements of registers of wills recorders of deeds prothonotaries and clerks of courts with the State Treasurer" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 561 No. 546)

509 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the standard weight of oats" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 610)

510 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act for the better preservation of game approved April twenty-first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 640)

511 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the granting of licenses to hotel inn or tavern keepers" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 653 No. 652)

512 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of clover seed" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 230 No. 224)

513 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the inspection of pickled fish and to prevent fraud in the vending of the same" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 287)

514 An Act entitled "An Act to establish a system of free banking in Pennsylvania and to secure the public against loss from insolvent banks" approved thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 459)

515 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the publication of notice of proposed acts of incorporation of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 610 No. 527)

516 An Act entitled "An Act to divide the State into congressional districts for the election of representatives in the Congress of the United States" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-one (P. L. 471)

517 Entire act except section thirty-six entitled "Supplement to an act to establish a system of free banking in Pennsylvania and to secure the public against loss from insolvent banks approved March thirty-one eighteen hundred sixty" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-one (P. L. 503 No. 473)

518 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the brigade inspector of the Second Brigade Seventh Division Pennsylvania Militia to appoint a deputy" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-one (P. L. 759)

519 An Act entitled "A Supplement to the act for the better organization of the militia of the Commonwealth approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-one (P. L. 769 No. 695)

520 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act in relation to public printing approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six" approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 49)

521 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act relating to the commencement of actions" approved the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 79 No. 83)

522 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to reorganize the Congressional districts of Pennsylvania in accordance with the act of Congress approved March fourth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 405)

523 An Act entitled "An Act fixing the commencement of the term of office of sheriffs in the several counties of this Commonwealth" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 431)

524 An Act entitled "An Act granting to the Supreme Court jurisdiction of a court of chancery in all cases of mortgages et cetera" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 477 No. 468)

525 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the adjudication and payment of certain military claims" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 535)

526 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the distribution of State documents among the different States of the Union" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 191, No. 199)

527 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to furnish tourniquets for the use of the soldiers of this State" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 349, No. 353)

528 An Act entitled "An Act requiring canal companies to make yearly reports to the Auditor-General" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 464)

529 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the payment of stamp duties" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 477)

530 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the inspection of domestic distilled spirits" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 480)

531 An Act entitled "An Act relating to proceedings in cases of partition in equity" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 519)

532 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the military board of claims" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 520)

533. Section three of an act entitled "An act to authorize certain military officers to take affidavits testimony and acknowledgments of the execution of deeds and other instruments of writing of persons in the military service of this State or the United States" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 572)

534 A resolution entitled "Joint resolution relative to the pay of the Board of Revenue Commissioners" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 609, No. 10)

535 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a State Treasurer" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 10)

536 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 258)

537 An Act entitled "An Act to declare Washington's birthday a public holiday" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 889)

538 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act to declare and regulate escheats" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 951, No. 837)

539 Sections one two three four five six seven eight ten eleven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act enabling the banks of this Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States" approved the twenty-second day of August one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 977)

540 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution approved May fifth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four" approved the twenty-fourth day of August one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 1014, No. 884)

541 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act for the organization discipline and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania approved March fourth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-five (P. L. 8, No. 9)

542 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the standard weight of potatoes" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-five (P. L. 40, No. 24)

543 An Act entitled "An Act to increase the salary of the Assistant State Librarian" approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 13, No. 13)

544 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 92)

545 An Act entitled "Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating companies' approved February nineteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 106, No. 91)

546 An Act entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Governor of the Commonwealth" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 816, No. 805)

547 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the election laws of this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 1107)

548 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the salary of the Secretary of the Commonwealth" approved the twenty-ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (P. L. 20)

549 An Act entitled "An Act requiring the Superintendent of Public Printing to advertise for proposals for supplying the State with printing and bill paper" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (P. L. 64)

550 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment of phonographic reporters for the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (P. L. 83)

551 Sections two and ten of an act entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (P. L. 83)

552 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act for the better preservation of game and insectivorous birds approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 51)

553 Section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to railroad companies and common carriers defining their liabilities and authorizing them to provide means of indemnity against loss of life and personal injury" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 58)

554 An Act entitled "An Act fixing the number and pay of the officers of the Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 70, No. 36)

555 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to permit disabled soldiers to peddle by procuring a license therefor without charge' approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven extending the same to sailors and marines" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 79, No. 42)

556 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act requiring the Superintendent of Public Printing to advertise for proposals for supplying the State with printing and bill paper approved April tenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 79, No. 43)

557 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the organization of cooperative associations for the purpose of carrying on any mechanical mining manufacturing or trading business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 100, No. 62)

558 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act to enlarge the jurisdiction of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth approved March twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven so far as the same relates to the chartering of insurance companies" approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 7)

559 An Act entitled "An Act directing public notice to be given when county land lien dockets are forwarded to the respective counties and staying proceedings by the Attorney-General for one year from the date of forwarding the same" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 21)

560 An Act entitled "An Act to declare Good Friday a public holiday" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 26)

561 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the extinction of irredeemable rents" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 47)

562 Entire act except sections six ten twelve fourteen eighteen nineteen twenty thirty-eight and forty-one entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 49)

563 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to declare and regulate escheats' passed the twenty-ninth day of September Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 71, No. 48)

564 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the taking of game" approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 84)

565 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act relating to orphans' courts approved March twenty-ninth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy (P. L. 45, No. 25)

566 Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the several acts relative to the State Treasurer and to the Commissioners of the sinking fund" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy (P. L. 67)

567 Section three of an act entitled' 'An Act relating to management of the State Treasury and the sinking fund" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy (P. L. 73, No. 47)

568 An Act entitled "An Act relative to limitations" approved the sixteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. (1870) 1372)

569 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act of ninth of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-six regulating the public printing and binding" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 232)

570 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the chartering of mutual fire insurance companies" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 240)

571 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act for the organization discipline and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania approved May fourth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four" approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 241, No. 226)

572 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" which became a law the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 252)

573 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to fix the number of senators and representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the Constitution' which became a law on the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 259)

574 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to revise amend and consolidate the laws taxing corporations brokers and bankers' approved May first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 267, No. 247)

575 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize married women owning capital stock of any railroad company to sell and transfer the same" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 283, No. 263)

576 An Act entitled "An Act relating to clandestine marriages" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 289)

577 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act establishing a health office and to secure the city and port of Philadelphia from the introduction of pestilential and contagious diseases and for other purposes' approved twenty-ninth January one thousand eight hundred and eighteen" approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 332)

578 An Act entitled "An Act to change the name of the board of school controllers of the first school district of Pennsylvania" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy (P. L. 437)

579 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act for the preservation of the records of the inspectors of coal mines in the mining districts of Schuylkill and Luzerne embracing the anthracite coal regions of Pennsylvania approved the fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 1314)

580 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal the fifteenth section of an act entitled 'An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth" approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine" approved the twenty eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 1365, No. 1268)

581 An Act entitled "An Act entitled 'A further supplement to an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth' approved July second Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine" approved the twenty-first day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-two (P. L. 17)

582 An Act entitled "An Act enabling married women to purchase sewing machines" approved the twenty-ninth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-two (P. L. 21, No. 7)

583 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the investment of trust funds" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-two (P. L. 31, No. 19)

584 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act incorporating the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-two (P. L. 833, No. 799)

585 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing mining and manufacturing companies or other organized companies or individuals to give and banks or other organized companies or individuals to take and hold mortgages on real estate to secure payment of notes bills and renewals thereof" approved the seventeenth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 35, No. 8)

586 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize mining and manufacturing companies to issue bonds and mortgages and to use the same as collaterals for bank accounts" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 36, No. 11)

587 An Act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-eighth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 37, No. 12)

588 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act to permit the voters of this Commonwealth to vote every three years on the question of granting licenses to sell intoxicating liquors approved twenty-seventh March one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two" approved the sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy–three (P. L. 39)

589 An Act entitled "An Act defining what days shall constitute legal holidays" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 58)

590 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act relating to orphans' courts approved March twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 59, No. 36)

591 An Act entitled' 'An Act to provide for the better security of life and property from the dangers of coal and petroleum oils" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 60, No. 38)

592 Sections three and six of an act entitled "An Act regulating the election of State Treasurer" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 77, No. 56)

593 An Act enttiled" An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish" approved the first day of May one thousand seventy-three (P. L. 89)

594 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act relative to arbitrations in certain counties" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 396, No. 415)

595 An Act entitled "An Act to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the constitution relative to contracts for supplies for the Legislature and the various departments of the State government" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 45, No. 5)

596 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the payment of the expenses of advertising the new constitution" approved the twenty-

seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 48, No. 8)

597 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize married women owning loans of this Commonwealth or of the City of Philadelphia or capital stock of any corporation of this Commonwealth to sell and transfer the same" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 49, No. 9)

598 An Act entitled "An Act designating the judicial districts of the Commonwealth and providing for the appointment and election of judges therein for issuing to additional judges learned in the law commissions as president judges and manner of fixing the terms of courts therein" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 54)

599 Section two of an act entitled "A supplement to an act for the better protection of the wages of mechanics miners laborers and others approved the ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 120, No. 53)

600 Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the several acts relating to the State Treasurer and to the commissioners of the sinking fund" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 126)

601 Sections two four and five of an act entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of members of the General Assembly and the number duties and compensation of the officers and employees thereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 129)

602 Section six of an act entitled "An Act regulating the election of Secretary of Internal Affairs defining his duties and fixing his salary" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 135, No. 69)

603 Sections one two four five six seven eight nine and ten of an act entitled "An Act relating to parties engaged in the storage and transportation by pipe lines of crude and refined petroleum oil and the issuing of fraudulent receipts certificates or vouchers and providing for monthly reports" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 172)

604 An Act entitled "An Act to construe the twenty-first section of an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' approved May first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 180, No. 112)

605 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and property from the dangers of coal and petroleum oils" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 189)

606 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of senators and representatives in the General Assembly of the State and to apportion the State into senatorial and representative districts as provided in the Constitution" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy–four (P. L. 197)

607 An Act entitled "An Act making Decoration Day a legal holiday" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 222, No. 145)

608 Sections fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty–two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine thirty thirty-one thirty-four thirty-five thirty-six thirty–seven thirty–nine forty and forty-six (paragraph one and clauses one two three seven and nine) sections forty-seven forty–eight forty-nine and fifty (paragraph one and clauses one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen and fourteen) and sections fifty-one fifty-four fifty-five and fifty-six of an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 230)

609 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act of ninth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six regulating the public printing and binding and the supplement thereto approved March twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one amending the same so as to increase the number of bills to be printed for the use of the two houses and providing for the printing of the reports of the commissioners of insurance and statistics and of the inspectors of mines" approved the fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 274)

610 An Act entitled "An Act to enable mining manufacturing and trading companies to wind up their affairs after the expiration of their charters" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 278, No. 164)

611 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for a right of way across or under the rivers or other streams of this Commonwealth for the better and more convenient mining of anthracite coal" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 286)

612 An Act entitled "An Act relating to return of writs and other process in courts which are abolished or changed by the provisions of the constitution" approved the twenty-second day of January one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 3, No. 1)

613 Section two of an act entitled "An Act fixing and regulating the terms of all members of councils and all other city ward borough and township officers excepting school directors elected by the people and fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of the municipal governments of the Commonwealth and the inauguration of the mayors of all the cities of the same" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 6, No. 7)

614 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four" approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 15)

615 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to authorize married women owning loans of this Commonwealth or of the City of Philadelphia or capital stock of any corporation of this Commonwealth to sell and transfer the same' approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four extending the provisions of said act so as to include the loans as well as the capital stock of corporations of this Commonwealth" approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 24, No. 22)

616 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' " approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 26)

617 Sections two three four five six nine ten eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to repeal an act to permit the voters of this Commonwealth to vote every three years on the question of granting licenses to sell intoxicating liquors and to restrain and regulate the sale of the same" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 40)

618 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act to authorize the Governor to appoint additional notaries public" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 7, No. 6)

619 An Act entitled "An Act to revise and amend an act entitled 'An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indetedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the division of the cities of the State into five classes and for other purposes" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 20)

620 An Act entitled "An Act to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the constitution in relation to the public printing and binding and the supply of paper therefor" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 68)

621 Section four of an act entitled "An Act providing for the appraisement collection and payment of damages to private property by the grading of streets or alleys in cities other than those of the first second and fifth classes and authorizing the occupation of private property for the purposes of slopes or embankments in the improvement of streets or alleys therein" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 86)

622 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the constitution relative to contracts for supplies for the Legislature and various departments of the State government' " approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 99, No. 68)

623 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the act of April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three entitled 'An Act to re-organize the congressional districts of Pennsylvania' be so amended as to attach the new township of Collier in the County of Allegheny to the twenty-second congressional district" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 101, No. 72)

624 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act approved May fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four entitled 'An Act for the organization discipline and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania' " approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 102, No. 73)

625 An Act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 104)

626 An Act entitled "An Act enlarging the powers of courts of equity throughout the State in cases of partition" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 134)

627 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing councils of cities of the Commonwealth of the third class to fill vacancies in the offices of city controller and city treasurer" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 180, No. 150)

628 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize chattel mortgages in this Commonwealth upon lumber iron and coal oil in bulk and upon iron tanks tank cars iron ore mined and prepared for use manufactured slate and canal boats" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 181)

629 Section twelve of an act entitled "An Act in relation to cities of the second class providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 16)

630 An Act entitled "An Act to empower the sheriff and prothonotaries of the several counties of the Commonwealth to sue for their fees" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 25)

631 An Act entitled "An Act to amend sections twelve and nineeten of an act entitled 'An Act to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution in relation to the public printing and binding and the supply of paper therefor' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 27)

632 An Act entitled' 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-six" approved the twenty–fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 45, No. 44)

633 An Act entitled "An Act creating and defining the duties and powers of a recorder for cities whose population does not exceed thirty thousand and is not less than eight thousand five hundred which accept the provisions of this act" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 47, No. 47)

634 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the governor to appoint a sealer of weights and measures in the several counties of this commonwealth" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 52, No. 50)

635 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act supplementary to an act relative to burial grounds and cemeteries situated in incorporated boroughs approved the nineteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-four changing the title of said act and

authorizing the court to make orders and decrees required by the act and to enforce the same by process' approved the thirteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-six further empowering courts to direct removal of remains in boroughs and cities from burial grounds where interments have ceased and such remains interfere with religious buildings or trusts" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 54).

636 An Act entitled "An Act providing the means for securing the health and safety of persons employed in the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 56)

637 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize and provide for the payment of additional appropriations to school districts in certain cases" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 13, No. 15)

638 An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit peddling selling or hawking of produce and merchandise in cities of the second and third classes of this Commonwealth without a license" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 15)

639 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal a portion of the sixth section of an act for the preservation of the records of the inspection of mines in the mining districts of Schuylkill and Luzerne embracing the coal regions of Pennsylvania" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 16, No. 18)

640 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the holding of courts in certain cities of this Commonwealth" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 29)

641 Sections one two three five six and seven of an act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the court of common pleas of the several counties of this Commonwealth to change alter and direct the mode of preparing and keeping indices in the several offices of record in said counties and for preparing making an substituting new indices for old indices or parts thereof" approved the third day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 43)

642 An Act entitled "An Act fixing and regulating the terms of certain officers in cities of the fourth class" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 87, No. 110)

643 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent deception in the sale of butter and cheese" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 87 No. 112)

644 An Act entitled "An Act confirmatory of the conveyances of real estate" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 96, No. 132)

645 An Act entitled "An Act empowering the State Superintendent to issue permanent certificates to teachers in cities of the fifth class approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 110)

646 An Act entitled "An Act to more clearly define the duties of sealers of weights and measures" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 130)

647 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the adulteration of milk and prevent the traffic in impure and unwholesome milk" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 144)

648 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the assignment and satisfaction of record and validating former satisfactions of record by married women of mortgages or judgments belonging to them" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 152, No. 195)

649 An Act entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the sheriffs coroners prothonotaries clerks of the several courts registers of wills and recorders of deeds of this Commonwealth except in counties containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand or less than ten thousand inhabitants" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 187)

650 An Act entitled "An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 198, No. 231)

651 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of members of the select council of cities of the fifth class where said cities have not been divided into wards" approved the twelfth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 3)

652 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the division of counties of this Commonwealth and the erection of new counties therefrom' " approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 6)

653 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and for the government and regulation of street railway companies now incorporated or which may hereafter be incorporated in cities of the second and third class in this Commonwealth" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 9)

654 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and proving for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and providing for the registry of real estate in cities of the third class" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 22, No. 19)

655 An Act entitled "A supplemnet to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the division of counties of this Commonwealth and the erection of new counties therefrom' approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 26)

656 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act creating and defining the duties and powers of a recorder for the cities whose population does not exceed thirty thousand and is not less than eight thousand five hundred which accept the provisions of this act' approved March twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven amending said act" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 44, No. 41)

657 An Act entitled "An Act amending an act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four reducing the number of common councilmen in cities of the third class containing twenty wards or more to one for each ward" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 56)

658 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing select and common councils of cities of the second class to name the hour of holding their sessions" approved the thirteenth day of may one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 59, No. 60)

659 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the fees of justices of the peace and constables of the several counties of this Commonwealth" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 64, No. 69)

660 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to revise and amend an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the division of the cities of the State into five classes and for other purposes' approved April eleventh Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six providing for levying poor tax and the city treasurer ex-officio to be poor treasurer and the city comptroller ex-officio to be poor controller in cities of fifth class" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 65, No. 70)

661 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the assessment and collection of taxes in cities of the fifth class" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 67)

662 An Act entitled "An Act relative to assessments for sewers in boroughs" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 73, No.83)

663 An Act entitled "An Act for the assessment and collection in cities of the third class of the cost of grading paving curbing or otherwise improving streets heretofore improved and running in whole or part through rural districts" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 97)

664 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act of the General Assembly approved the seventeenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine entitled 'An Act relative to fraudulent debtors' " approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 129)

665 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the board of school directors in cities of the fourth class to regulate the terms of its members in certain cases" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 137, No. 141)

666 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the division of counties of this Commonwealth' approved the seventeenth day of April eighteen hundred and seventy-eight" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 139, No. 146)

667 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the holding of courts in certain cities of this Commonwealth" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 174)

668 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the printing of copies of the general laws" approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 178, No. 194)

669 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers" approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 180)

670 Sections three four five six seven eight nine ten and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to consolidate the offices of receiver of taxes and collector of outstanding or delinquent taxes to invest the said receiver with all the powers and privileges and to impose upon him all the duties and liabilities of said collector and for the more efficient collection of taxes in cities of the first class" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 3, No. 2)

671 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act creating and defining the duties and powers of a recorder for cities whose population does not exceed thirty thousand and is not less than eight thousand five hundred which accept the provisions of this act' approved the twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven and the supplement thereto amending said act approved May first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the same" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 6, No. 3)

672 An Act entitled "An Act to provide proper means of conveyance of persons injured in or about the mines to their homes" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 17, No. 21)

673 An Act entitled "An Act to make taxes assessed upon real estate a first lien and to provide for the collection of such taxes and a remedy for false returns" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 45)

674 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide the means for securing the health and safety of persons employed in the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania' approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-seven" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 47, No. 54)

675 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 56, No. 64)

676 An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit the defacing of walls fences and trees by painting posting or otherwise and providing a penalty therefor" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 85, No. 92)

677 An Act entitled "An Act to secure to operatives and laborers engaged in and about coal mines manufactories of iron and steel and all other manufactories the payment of their wages at regular intervals and in lawful money of the United States" approved the twenty-ninth day of June one thousand eight hndred eighty-one (P. L. 147)

678 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the assessment of damages and benefits caused by the altering or changing of the channels

of water courses in cities of the fifth class" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 104, No. 112)

679 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the hunting and killing of web-footed wild fowl" approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 34, No. 24)

680 An Act entitled "An Act in relation to the public health and sanitary condition of cities of the second class" approved the twenty fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 44)

681 An Act entitled "An Act to amend part of an act entitled 'An Act to provide proper means of conveyance of persons injured in or about the mines to their homes' " approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 45)

682 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines' approved the third of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy providing for the furnishing of props and timbers to the miners in the mines" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 55, No. 48)

683 An Act entitled "An Act to permit the killing at any season of the year of the small bird known as the English sparrow" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 68, No. 59)

684 An Act entitled "An Act relating to city controllers in cities of the third class and regulating their term of office" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 68, No. 60)

685 Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of the judges of the courts of common pleas" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 74, No. 67)

686 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 99)

687 An Act entitled "An Act directing the investment of moneys remaining to the credit of the several sinking funds of cities of the second class in loans of said cities or of the United States or of the State of Pennsylvania and repealing all acts inconsistent therewith" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 100, No. 95)

688 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing the means for securing the health and safety of persons employed in the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania' approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 101)

689 An Act entitled "An Act fixing salaries of county officers in counties containing over one hundred thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and requiring the payment of the fees of such officers into the respective county treasuries" approved the twenty-second day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 139, No. 127)

690 An Act entitled "An Act to amend part of an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' et cetera with the supplements thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 163, No. 150)

691 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act regulating the hunting and killing of web-footed wild fowls' approved May seventeenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three' approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 8, No. 9)

692 An Act entitled "An Act to further regulate the admission of attorneys and counsellors at law to practice in the several courts of this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 16, No. 18)

693 An Act entitled "An Act confirmatory of the conveyances of real estates" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 24)

694 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal the first section of an act entitled 'An Act for regulating and maintaining of fences' passed Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty five (P. L. 142)

695 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of the act of June fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication of apportionment and distribution of the pamphlet laws executive and legislative documents reports of the heads of departments and the annual and biennial messages of the Governor' providing for additional copies of the Auditor-General's report on the finances of the Commonwealth for distriution by him" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 144, No. 113)

696 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the practice in courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth where the defendant is a chartered corporation" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 149, No. 116)

697 An Act entitled "An Act to perfect the records of deeds mortgages and other instruments in certain cases" approved the twenty -fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 160, No. 127)

698 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved May twenty-first Anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-seven relating to an appeal from the decision of township auditors" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 162)

699 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the acquisition of turnpikes roads or highways heretofore or hereafter constructed near or through any borough or township in this Commonwealth upon which tolls are charged the traveling public" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 170, No. 138)

700 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the supplements thereto extending the term of the mayor who shall hereafter be elected in said cities" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 189)

701 An Act entitled "An Act relating to bituminous coal mines and providing for the lives health safety and welfare of persons employed therein" approved the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 205)

702 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 218)

703 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the adulteration of and the traffic in impure and unwholesome milk in cities of the second and third classes" approved the seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 260)

704 An Act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution" approved the seventh day of August one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. (1885) 323)

705 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said department' approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four increasing the salary of the Deputy Attorney-General and providing for the number of clerks and employes in the Attorney-General's office also fixing the salary of the keeper of the Harrisburg Arsenal and the salary of the six men employed at the State Arsenal" approved the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 4)

706 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing an increase in the number of clerks employed in the office of the State Treasurer and fixing the salary thereof" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 7, No. 6)

707 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the president judges of the several judicial districts of this Commonwealth to procure the assistance of president or additional law judges of another district in the transaction of business in the several courts of such district" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 14)

708 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 23)

709 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 54, No. 25)

710 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Representatives in the General Assembly of the State and to apportion the State into representative districts as provided in the constitution" approved the twelfth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 98, No. 49)

711 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal an act entitled 'An Act for the destruction of wolves wildcats foxes minks hawks weasels and owls in this Commonwealth' approved June twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five so far as relates to foxes minks hawks weasels and owls" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 116)

712 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing cities of the third fourth and fifth classes to levy and collect taxes and validating taxes levied and assessments made therein" approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 117)

713 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act to further regulate the admission of attorneys and counsellors-at-law to practice in the several courts of this Commonwealth' approved the seventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 131)

714 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of a night watchman for the State library" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 139, No. 83)

715 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' " approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 169)

716 An Act entitled "An Act dividing cities of this State into seven classes providing for the creation and division of wards therein and the annexation of adjacent territory thereto prescribing general regulations relative to the passage of ordinances and giving out of contracts the management of the finances the terms and duties of officers and the punishment of certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the fourth fifth sixth and seventh classes" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 204)

717 An Act entitled "An Act relating to school districts in cities of the fourth fifth sixth and seventh classes in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 274, No. 161)

718 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth' approved the sixteenth day fo April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 43)

719 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the salary of the Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 46 No. 45)

720 An Act entitled "An Act making the first Monday in September in each year a legal holiday be known to as "Labor holiday" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 49, No. 51)

721 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' " approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 53, No. 57)

722 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the provisions of the first section of an act approved May thirteenth one thousand eight hun
and wildcats' ' approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand
dred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act for the destruction of wolves
eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 54)

723 An Act entitled "A supplement to section one of an act entitled 'An Act to make taxes assessed upon real estate a first lien

and to provide for the collection of such taxes and a remedy for false returns' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 83, No. 80)

724 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said departments' approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four increasing the salary of messenger in charge of flagroom" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 110, No. 117)

725 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said department" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four increasing the salary of the Deputy Attorney-General and providing for the number of clerks and employes in the Attorney-General's office also fixing the salary of the keeper of the Harrisburg Arsenal and the salary of the six men employed at the State Arsenal' approved the fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to provide for an additional clerk in the place of a messenger in the Attorney-General's office and fixing the salary of such clerk" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 118)

726 An Act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes with respect to their population and designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification thereof in accordance therewith" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 133, No. 149)

727 An Act entitled "An Act to amend 'An Act to fix the number of representatives in the General Assembly of the State and to apportion the State into representative districts as provided in the Constitution" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 138, No. 155)

728 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the examination of miners in the anthracite region of this Commonwealth and to prevent the employment of incompetent persons as miners in anthracite coal mines" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 142)

729 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the eighth sixteenth forty-second and fiftieth sections of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the per diem pay and expense for cavalry" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 146, No. 164)

730 An Act entitled "An Act relating to estates held for religious and chartiable uses" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 173, No. 193)

731 An Act entitled "An Act prohibiting the killing or taking of song and wild birds except in certain cases and providing a penalty therefor" approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 218)

732 An Act entitled "An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 222)

733 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the employment and provide for the safety of women and children in mercantile industries and manufacturing establishments and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same and other acts providing for the safety or regulating the employment of said persons" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 243)

734 Article one sections one two and three article two sections one and two article three sections one two three four and five article four sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen and eighteen article five sections one two and three article six sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten and eleven article seven sections one two three four five six seven eight article eight sections one two and three article nine section one article ten sections one two three four and five article thirteen sections one two three four and five article fourteen sections one two three four five six seven and eight article sixteen sections one two three and four article seventeen sections one two three four and five article eighteen sections one two three and four of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 277)

735 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'An Act prohibiting the killing and taking of song and wild birds except in certain cases and providing a penalty therefor' amending the first sixth and eighth sections thereof" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 20)

736 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for a uniform contract or policy of fire insurance to be made and issued by all insurance companies taking fire risks on property within this State" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 22)

737 An Act entitled "An Act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays and for the payment acceptance and protesting of bills notes drafts checks and other negotiable paper on such days" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 46)

738 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the ascertainment levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving of any street lane or alley or parts thereof completed or now in process of completion and also the costs damages and expenses of the construction of any sewer completed or now in process of completion and authorizing the completion of any such improvement" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 71)

739 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to employ a skilled stenographer and typewriter in the Insurance Department" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 90, No. 63)

740 An Act entitled "An Act enabling the Superintendent fo Public Instruction to pay to school districts in certain cases their proper share or portion of the State appropriation to common schools" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 114, No. 99)

741 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the spread of the disease in peach trees known as the yellows" approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 124)

742 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of a bushel of potatoes" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 160, No. 153)

743 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the forty-ninth and fifty-sixth sections of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven increasing the amount to be paid for armory rent and extending the privileges of the roll of retired officers" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 173, No. 174)

744 An Act entitled "An Act empowering councils in cities of the first class to revise and establish the line for wharves and piers and low-water mark or bulkhead lines on the Delaware river in front of cities of the first class" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 209)

745 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the pollution of the waters of streams supplying cities of this Commonwealth" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 216, No. 188)

746 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize corporations to increase their capital stock for corporate purposes" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 223, No. 191)

747 An Act entitled "An Act making it the duty of county commissioners to furnish office and storage rooms for the use of the county superintendents of schools" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 228)

748 An Act entitled "An Act amending clause thirteen of section three of article five of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine" approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 255)

749 An Act entitled "An Act amending the fifth and eighth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous liquors malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven authorizing bondsmen from any part of the county to execute a bond and fixing the amount thereof" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 368, No. 293)

750 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the regulation and inspection of buildings within the City of Philadelphia and for the better preservation of life and property' approved the seventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five as to the amount of the bond which the inspector shall be required to furnish for the faithful performance of his duties and providing for the cancellation thereof" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 22)

751 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the State Superintendent of Public Instruction to grant permanent State teachers' certificates to graduates of recognized literary and scientific colleges" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 39, No. 36)

752 An Act entitled "An Act to empower the court of quarter sessions of any county of this Commonwealth to fix the place of holding the general election" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 106, No. 58)

753 Sections one two and four of an act entitled "An Act relative to a Forestry Commission and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 115)

754 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by justices of the peace aldermen magistrates and constables in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 117)

755 An Act entitled "An Act to abolish commissioners of public buildings and to place all public buildings heretofore under the control of such commissioners under the control of the department of public works in cities of the first class" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 124)

756 An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit the employment of any minor under the age of fourteen years in or about elevators" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 131, No. 83)

757 An Act except sections twelve and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act 'To regulate the employment and provide for the safety of women and children in manufacturing establishments mercantile industries laundry or renovating establishments and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same and other acts providing for the safety or regulating the employment of said persons'" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 276)

758 An Act entitled "A supplement to 'An Act empowering councils in cities of the first class to revise and establish the line for wharves and piers and low water mark or bulkhead lines on the Delaware river in front of cities of the first class' approved June eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one and to further authorize the acquisition by said cities of wharves piers bulkheads and riparian rights and to prescribe and carry out the plans for the construction of said wharves piers and bulkheads" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 281, No. 247)

759 An Act entitled "An Act creating the office of county controller in counties of this Commonwealth containing one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and over prescribing his duties" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 393)

760 An Act entitled "An Act making it unlawful for any persons to engage in the practice or assume the title of doctor of dental surgery or advertise himself as a doctor of dental surgery without first procuring a diploma from a reputable institution recognized by the National Board of Dental Examiners and defining who shall be understood as practicing dentistry and authorizing State Board of Dental Examiners to charge and collect certain fees" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 441.)

761 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and the several supplements thereto' providing for the more efficient organization and government of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 443)

762 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the government of cities of the second class' approved June fourteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven amending sections twenty-four and twenty-five thereof regulating the manner of voting on an increase of the bonded indebtedness and further regulating the manner of awarding contracts for official advertising" approved the thirteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 13)

763 Sections twelve thirteen fourteen and fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the Commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same" approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 22, No. 12)

764 Sections three four and five of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the employment and provide for the safety of persons employed in tenement houses and shops where clothing cigarettes cigars and certain other articles are made or partially made and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same and to provide for the safety and regulating the employment of said persons" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 34)

765 An Act entitled "An Act to amend clause sixteen of section one of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth' further regulating the printing and distribution of Smull's Legislative Hand Book and expediting the publication thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 42)

766 An Act entitled "An Act to provide that one burial permit shall be a sufficient authority for interment in a cemetery that is partly within the limits of two or more municipalities" approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 44, No. 29)

767 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of a bushel of onions" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 55, No. 36)

768 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section five of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers' approved June twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine so as to provide for the payment of expenses of taking samples of commercial fertilizers and expenses incident to carrying into effect the provisions of the law relative to the manufacture and sale of the same" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 85)

769 An Act entitled "An Act in relation to the official newspaper advertising of cities of the second class" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 90)

770 An Act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 190)

771 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the pay of election officers at all elections hereafter to be held within this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 237, No. 137)

772 An Act entitled "An Act fixing the term of office of notaries public and regulating the appointment thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 241, No. 147)

773 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of a bushel of clover seed" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 243, No. 149)

774 An Act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating the business of plumbing and house drainage in cities of the second class" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 272)

775 An Act entitled "An Act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 300)

776 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers' approved June twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine so as to change the time for filing the papers required by the act to enable the Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture to issue the certificates required by the act instead of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and to extend the time of certificates expiring July thirty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 335)

777 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the publication of school laws and decisions" approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 410)

778 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the fifty-second and the sixty-third sections of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven changing and fixing the per diem pay of the musicians and the annual appropriation to military bands and also changing the rank of band leader" approved the fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 625)

779 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of a bushel of oats" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 10 No. 8)

780 An Act entitled "An Act for the protection of public school houses and other buildings used and occupied for public school purposes outbuildings thereof and public school property" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 76 No. 54)

781 An Act entitled "An Act to protect the health of the domestic animals of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 99)

782 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act making it a misdemeanor to levy blackmail or extort money or other valuable thing by threats charges or accusations and fixing the penalty therefor" approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 111 No. 93)

783 An Act entitled "An Act to protect employes of corporations in their right to form join or belong to labor organiatzions by prescribing penalties for any interference therewith" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 116 No. 98)

784 An Act entitled "An Act for the better protection of game and game mammals game birds song and insectivorous birds limiting the number of game birds and game mammals to be killed by any one person in one day or in one season prohibiting the sale of the same and the shipment thereof out of the State and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the fourth day June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 123)

785 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing empowering and directing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to pay to the constables of their respective counties for the services rendered by such constables in making returns to court of elections attending special borough township or ward elections and traveling expenses incidental thereto since the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six in all cases where the same remain unpaid" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 165)

786 An Act entitled "An Act to establish a Dental Council and a State Board of Dental Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Dental Council and said State Board of Dental Examiners to provide for the examination and licensing of practitioners of dentistry and to further regulate the practice of dentistry" approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 206)

787 Sections one to eight inclusive of an act entitled "An Act establishing a Bureau of Mines in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania defining its purposes and authority providing for the appointment of a chief of said bureau and assistants and fixing their salaries and expenses" approved the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 279)

788 An Act entitled "An Act requiring the weighing of bituminous coal before screening and providing a penalty for the violation thereof" approved the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 286)

789 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the hours of labor of mechanics workingmen and laborers in the employ of the State or municipal corporations therein or otherwise engaged on public works" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 418)

790 Sections two three four five six nine and twelve of an act entitled "An Act relating to the bureaus of police and fire in cities of the second class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes in said bureaus" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 28)

791 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the construction and maintenance of side paths along the highways in the townships of the Commonwealth for the use of bicycles and pedestrians providing for the appointment of side path commissioners prescribing their duties and the duties of the assessors in the assessment of bicycles providing for levying collecting and disbursement of a tax on bicycles" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 36)

792 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide a more just and equitable method of distributing the school appropriation to the common schools and specifying the duties of officers in connection therewith' approved the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven" approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 64 No. 57)

793 An Act entitled "An Act creating the office of additional law clerk in the Attorney General's Department and fixing the salary thereof" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 112)

794 An Act entitled "An Act amending section six of an act entitled 'An Act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property' so as to authorize the guardian provided for in said act to support the wife and children of said feeble-minded person" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 112 No. 90)

795 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 133)

796 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 178)

797 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to purchase maintain use and condemn bridges erected and in use over rivers and streams separating or dividing any part or district of such counties and providing the manner in which compensation shall be made" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 231)

798 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine and other similar products to prevent fraud and deception by the manufacture and the sale threeof as an imitation of butter the licensing of manufacturers of and dealers in the same and providing punishment for violations of the act and the means for its enforcement" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 241)

799 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the title to an act approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven" approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 253 No. 149)

800 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the enrollment organization discipline and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of

Pennsylvania" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 266)

801 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the study and practice of physical culture in the public schools" approved the eighth day of March one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 49 No. 15)

802 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the owners and lessees of real estate within this Commonwealth to kill hare or rabbits upon their own premises at all seasons of the year" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 73 No. 42)

803 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal so much of section one of an act entitled 'An Act to promote the more certain and equal assessment of taxes in Philadelphia' approved March fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five as relates to the appointment of members of the board of revision of taxes in said county to repeal an act entitled 'A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to promote the more certain and equal assessment of taxes in Philadelphia" approved the fourteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five' approved March twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five to repeal section one of an act entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to promote the more certain and equal assessment of taxes in Philadelphia" approved March fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five' approved February second one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven and to repeal all other legislation pertaining to the board of revision of taxes inconsistent with the election of members thereof by the people" approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 94)

804 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of the members of the board of revision of taxes in any county co-extensive in boundary with a city of the first class and to provide for the filling of vacancies therein" approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 95)

805 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-six twenty-nine thirty-six thirty-seven thirty-eight and thirty-nine of an act entitled "An Act to revise and amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine enlarging modifying and defining the powers of cities of the third class" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 224)

806 Sections thirteen twenty-eight thirty-five thirty-eight and forty-six of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor and materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway tollroad conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 431)

807 An Act entitled "An Act amending section one of an act entitled 'An Act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property' approved June twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and section six of said act as amended by an act entitled 'An Act amending section six of an act entitled "An Act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property" so as to authorize the guardian provided for in said act to support the wife and children of said feeble-minded person' approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine so as to confer concurrent jurisdiction upon the orphans' court enable additional persons to petition enlarge the powers of the guardian and authorize the sale of the real estate of the ward" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 574 No. 282)

808 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing empowering and directing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to pay to the constables of their respective counties for the services rendered by such constables in making returns to the court and for attending general special borough township or ward elections and traveling expenses incident thereto since the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven in all cases where the same remain unpaid" approved the second day of July one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 609)

809 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine by providing for the organization of a regiment of cavalry the establishment of regimental bands and of a hospital corps" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 86)

810 An Act entitled "An Act amending clause twenty-two of section three of article five and sections one and two of article thirteen of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and amending clauses ten and forty of said section three article five and section eleven of article six and section four of article sixteen of said act as the same were enacted by amendment by an act revising and amending said act approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 115)

811 An Act entitled "An Act amending 'A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said department" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four increasing the salary of the Deputy Attorney General and providing for the number of clerks and employes in the Attorney General's office also fixing the salary of the keeper of the Harrisburg Arsenal and the salary of the six men employed at the State Arsenal' approved the fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" approved the eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 157)

812 Sections one two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court the judges of the Superior Court the judges of the courts of common pleas and the judges of the orphans' courts" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 175)

813 An Act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act regulating the pay of election officers at all elections hereafter held within this Commonwealth' approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and fixing the pay of election officers" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 220)

814 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth' approved the second day of June Anno Dominin one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 236 No. 181)

815 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway tollroad conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipeline aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substances or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved June the fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred and three (P. L. 255)

816 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act approved twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'An Act for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' providing for the adjustment of the indebtedness of such cities and boroughs or townships annexed thereto" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 312)

817 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the salaries of the chaplains of the Senate and House of Representatives" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 320 No. 245)

818 Section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend article nine section one of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and the safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved June second one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one also to amend section seventeen of an act entitled 'An Act relating to bituminous coal mines and providing for the lives health safety and welfare of persons employed therein' approved June thirtieth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 359)

819 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the payment of the expense of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons for onnpayment of fines or penalties imposed for the violation of city or borough ordinances or ordinances of townships of the first class by the city borough or township of the first class to which such fines are payable" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 61 No. 42)

820 An Act entitled "An Act providing for necessary medical attention to needy persons who may be in danger of suffering from hydrophobia" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 92 No. 68)

821 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the fourth section of an act entitled 'An Act to protect the health of the domestic animals of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania' approved the twenty-sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by prescribing penalties and methods of procedure for the enforcement of the provisions of said act" approved the fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 106)

822 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one article one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine providing for the submission of the question of incorporation of such city of the third class by councils upon the petition of a certain number of the qualified electors of the towns or boroughs embraced within the limits of the proposed city" approved the tenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 127)

823 An Act entitled "An Act providing that where two cities are contiguous and in the same county the smaller may be annexed to the larger prescribing the method of proceeding and the effect of annexation providing for the division of such enlarged cities into wards for the apportionment of common council and for the indebtedness of such cities" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 221 No 161)

824 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds and song insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 248)

825 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions' approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six providing for the entering of security on appeal on summary conviction" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 284)

826 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the salary of the messenger in charge of the flag-room" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 289)

827 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a city clerk in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth prescribing his duties term and compensation and empowering him to administer oaths and certify ordinances resolutions and other proceedings of councils" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 11)

828 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the act approved July fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled 'An Act to provide a more just and equitable method of distributing the school appropriation to common schools and specifying the duties of officers in connection therewith' by providing for the enumeration of school chil-

dren and the enrollment of taxables in cities of the first and second classes by officers appointed by the Board of Education and for the distribution of school funds to said cities on the basis of such list of taxables" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 41)

829 An Act entitled "An Act being a supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the time of holding city teachers' institutes' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five extending its application to boroughs" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 43 No. 40)

830 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section eleven of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth' increasing the number of reports of the commissioners of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 49 No. 47)

831 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the hunting and killing and possession of wild water-fowl in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for the violation of its provisions" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 63 No. 57)

832 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of article one of an act entitled 'An Act to amend section one article one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine providing for the submission of the question of incorporation of such city of the third class by councils upon the petition of a certain number of the qualified electors of the towns or boroughs embraced within the limits of the proposed city' approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five providing for the submission of such question of the incorporation of such city of the third class by the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county wherein such proposed city is to be located upon the petition of a certain number of the qualified electors of the towns and boroughs embraced within the limits of the proposed city to the qualified electors and the manner of voting thereon" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 66 No. 59)

833 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection of deer in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 70)

834 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the taking or killing of rabbits or hares in this Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 72)

835 An Act entitled "An Act to amend sections six and twenty-three of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectiverous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions' approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five changing the open season for ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant prohibiting the killing of game birds in the nighttime limiting the kind of guns to be used in killing game regulating prosecutions for the violation of the provisions of this act and the disposition of the fines and penalties imposed therefor" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 74)

836 Sections one two three four five seven nine ten eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to encourage the breeding of horses to regulate the public service of stallions to require the registration of stallions and to provide for the enforcement thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 114)

837 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of 'An Act providing for necessary medical attention to needy persons who may be in danger of suffering from hydrophobia' approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five so as to include all persons who may apply for aid and providing that the cost of such medical attention shall be paid by the several poor districts within this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 170 No. 132)

838 Sections two three and four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of song and insectiverous birds and other wild birds and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 186)

839 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the courts of common pleas of the respective counties of this Commonwealth to declare a vacancy in the office of aldermen and justices of the peace when said officers shall not reside and maintain an office in their respective wards districts boroughs or townships and providing for the appointment of their successors" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 257 No. 196)

840 An Act entitled "An Act to further amend section one article one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and which was amended by an act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five prescribing the manner and computing and making return of same" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 268)

841 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved twenty-eighth day of April eighteen hundred and ninety-nine providing for increasing the efficiency of the National Guard by the retirement of officers upon age or service and defining the duties and rights of such retired officers' " approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 357 No. 258)

842 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section thirteen of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth increasing the number of fire and marine reports of the Insurance Commissioner' " approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 420)

843 An Act entitled "An Act providing that the jurisdiction of the courts shall not be ousted by a provision in a contract that an award or an appraisement of an engineer architect or other person shall be final or conclusive or that a certificate of an engineer architect or other person shall be a condition precedent to maintaining an action upon such contract and that any controversy arising on a contract containing such a provision shall be determined in due course of law with the same effect as if such provisions were not in such contract contracts with municipal or other corporations invested with the privilege of taking private property for public use excepted" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 381 No. 274)

844 Sections two three four five six and seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the method contents style reporting and printing of the Legislative Journal authorizing the appointment of official reporters and typewriters providing for the making of an appendix and index the printing of wrappers for said Journal abolishing the printing of the Legislative Record and Senate and House of Representatives Journals in separate form and repealing all acts or parts of acts relating to the printing of the Legislative Record and wrappers for the same" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 163)

845 An Act entitled "An Act amending section eight of article seven of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by providing for the disposition of all fees received by any magistrate or alderman while presiding in the mayor's police court and authorizing councils to provide compensation for such services" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 192)

846 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five so as to increase the maximum rate one-fourth of a mill and establish a minimum rate" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 294)

847 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section two of the act entitled 'An Act abolishing the office of township tax collector in townships of the first class and providing that in such townships all taxes shall be collected by the township treasurer including State and county taxes' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing that nothing in the said act shall take away from or interfere with the powers and duties conferred or imposed upon the treasurer of any county in relation to the collection of State and county taxes by existing laws" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine' (P. L. 301)

848 An Act entitled "An Act providing a method whereby moneys due sub-contractors for labor and materials furnished for and in the construction of municipal work or public improvements may be secured and recovered" approved the sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 441)

849 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section nineteen of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth' approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five to increase the number of copies of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health from three thousand four hundred copies to three thousand nine hundred copies the extra five hundred copies to be for the Department of Health and to allow the publication and distribution by the Department of Health of a bulletin" approved the sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 444)

850 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act creating in counties having a population of from three hundred thousand to one million a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand" approved the fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 10)

851 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine and ten of an act entitled "An Act amending section three of article one section five of article three sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of article four section two of article six section one of article seven sections one and three of article eight and sections one and seven of article nine of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine" approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1102)

852 An Act entitled "An Act providing for another judge in each of the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 20)

853 An Act entitled "An Act to consolidate the five courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 469)

Section 2 The repeal by this act of any act of assembly or part thereof shall not revive any act or part thereof heretofore repealed or superseded The provisions of this act shall not affect any act done liability incurred or right accrued or vested or affect any suit or prosecution pending or to be instituted to enforce any right or penalty or punish any offense under the authority of such repealed laws The provisions of this act shall be severable and if any of the provisions shall be held to be unconstitutional the decision shall not affect the validity of any of the remaining provisions of this act

Said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, this is a bill which in its terms repeals eight hundred and fifty-three obselete, superseded, repealed by implication and unconstitutional bills, which are now on the Statute books of our State. If this bill has been prepared with care, there is no doubt but what it will accomplish a good purpose, for the reason that any one interested in any one of these eight hundred and fifty-three bills, by reference to the law of 1915 will know whether it has been repealed or not. This bill was prepared by the Legislative Reference Bureau. That the work was done with care is evidenced by the exposition which I hold in my hand containing notes of each bill, showing how it was repealed, or how it became unconstitutional by a decision of the courts. This bill was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General and by it referred to a sub-committee of five, which checked the data contained in these notes with the original data and found it to be correct. There were some four bills in the list, about which there was thought to be some doubt and therefore they were excluded by amendment.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—197.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell.
Rudisill.
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The Special Order on third reading at 10:30 is House Bill No. 624.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 624, entitled:

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Jurisdiction over counties cities boroughs towns and townships school and poor districts in certain matters relating to their duties powers contract and public service and vesting the same in the courts of common pleas

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise at this time to ask for the support of these two measures, House Bill No. 624 and 1487, which were made a special order at this time. These bills are for the purpose of amending the Public Service Commission Act of this State. We believe they are very important. Two years ago this House passed the Public Service Act, and it was then passed by a practically unanimous vote. I understand that the Republican Party and the Democratic Party and the Progressive Party all endorsed this measure, and they all voted for it. I am not here to make any complaint about that matter whatever. I am here to offer no criticism of anybody for voting for that Act. But since it has been enforced it has proven a great hardship. It has proven to be unwise in many of its features. Therefore, we have come back to ask you to amend it and ask for relief on some of the things which we deserve at this time.

In my own borough, Bellevue, adjoining the City of Pittsburgh, in Allegheny county, before this Act went into effect we paid twenty cents a thousand gallons for our water. To-day we are paying forty cents a thousand. In 1913, the Ohio Valley Water Company advanced the rates and from their office announced the fact that they would increase their rates from twenty to forty cents a thousand gallons. Therefore, we are now paying double the price for water which we paid formerly. We went into our county courts and asked for redress. They told us to come back here to Harrisburg and appear before the Commission, which we did, and we have been here ever since but we have secured no relief, whatever, and to-day we are paying the same rate for our water as we did in 1913. Only a few months ago it happened that the mains of this company were burst across the river and they were compelled to get their water from the City of Pittsburgh and paid twelve and a half cents a thousand gallons for that water and sold it to us for forty cents a thousand gallons. Since then the engineer said that they are able to pump this water for less than twelve cents a gallon while we are paying forty and forty-two cents a gallon for our water. We are not allowed to even make a contract for a water plug or for an electric arc light without first coming to and asking consent from the Commission. We believe this to be unjust, unfair and un-American. We desire to have you give us home rule for our own communities and ask you to amend this act and give us a law that will apply to our boroughs and give us protection. All over the State, you will find examples of this condition. We have gone over this matter very carefully in the Municipal Home Rule League. The matter has been taken up which covers thirty towns in this Commonwealth. We took up this matter. We have held conferences for months and months in consideration of this subject and for five weeks this has remained with the Judiciary Committee. We tried to satisfy the men who made it reasonable to be satisfied and we come to you and ask you for justice and for home rule. I have in my hand here a letter sent by the Chairman of the Public Service Commission of this state in which he says, "House Bills 23, 596, and 624 have been considered together and since they are objectionable we ask for relief from the Public Service Commission and for some supervision of the contracts before the public service companies and if anyone of thees bills were repealed it seems to us that the Public Service Commission would be relieved from a serious duty and a troublesome duty." The Commission does not object to this legislation. I therefore ask your support for these two bills.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to these bills and I think whatever may be your disposition of this matter in voting upon it I will at least have performed my duty by getting up on the floor of this House and telling you what I believe this bill will do. This bill will practically put the Public Service Commission out of business. If we want to do that then let us have a repealer to repeal the utilities bill entirely. This bill takes away from the Public Service Commission the regulation of contracts between municipalities and public service companies. Now, I am not interested in what the members of the Public Service Commission want. The State of Pennsylvania is paying each member of that Commission a pretty good salary and it seems to me they ought to be willing to work and earn it so that when we refer to any individual member and get the idea that the member is willing that this should be taken away from him, we may answer and say "Yes, we are willing to have two-thirds of your work taken away from you" but he will not be willing to have two-thirds of his salary taken away from him. We are not very prone to run into new legislation. This State has always prided itself on being a conservative State. As a general rule we permit our sister States to pass laws and try them out and afterwards, after examining them and testing them we try them and adopt them and then they are better than in the first place. We are just as prone not to repeal a law until we have given it a fair trial. The Public Service Law was passed two years ago and went into effect in January 1914. It has therefore had about fifteen months of trial, and I submit that a law that has had but fifteen months trial cannot be passed fairly. We cannot judge its results properly and cannot tell whether it is a good law or a bad law. To my mind the Utilities Law is a good law. I believed that it was a good law when I voted for it two years ago and I believe that it is a good law to-day. I am not here to quarrel with or to defend the Public Service Commission. I am not interested in the members of that Commission one way or the other. I am not trying to support their method of enforcing the law, but I submit that the law should not be changed without a fair trial. There was a demand for this law two years ago. All the parties asked for it. There has not been any such popular demand for its repeal. I do not see one party who has put in their plank any request to repeal it. And now to come down to what this bill does: I will tell you what it does do. It takes away the protection that the public has with respect to preferentiation in rates. Under this bill the Public Service Commission so long as it clothed its action in contracts with municipalities and discriminates in rates as they say it does in this water question in regard to competition with what has been known as exclusive companies—I refer to companies that have had franchises prior to 1874. These companies, my reason of contracts have acquired an absolute franchise, and so far as these companies are concerned this bill does exactly what it is supposed to remedy. With this bill the individuals of municipalities and the municipalities themselves are absolutely at the mercy of those companies which have perpetual and absolute franchise. There is no power to regulate them. As it stands now the Public Service Commission does not give any company a monopoly; what it does do is to regulate if you don't behave yourself, no matter whether you are an exclusive company or whatever you may be. There is the chief objection to this bill. Furthermore gentlemen, I submit that under this bill they purport to put the law as it was prior to the action of the bill, in the Court of Common Pleas. Under the provisions of the Public Service Act any public service company advancing its rates in a most formal manner the Commission shall investigate and the burden is on the public service company to prove or to show that the rate advanced is reasonable. The one object of the Public Service Act, in forming the Commission, the idea was to get away from the fixed and infallible rules of the law. They are not bound by any rules of evidence. There is a defense in this 624 bill a defense of rates. What is the result? A man comes in court and complains of the rates. He has made objection and he is met by the rules of evidence. He can only prove it under the rules of evidence. There is the same formality; it is considered technical, a cut and dried legal trial. It is a fundamental rule of all that he who attacks must prove and the burden is not on the company but on the one who attacks. Furthermore, another thing this bill will do. Under the rule of the Commission, the rights of the Utilities companies, the Commission is not bound to take into consideration an adequate return from the investment on the capitalization. If you find the company over-capitalized and there is an application by that company to defend its rights the Commission must take into consideration the value of their plant as a going concern, including the franchise and under the record that capitalization, if this bill goes through, we return to that law an application to the courts upon the ground that the rates are unreasonable and the courts must consider and have determined that the question of reasonableness of rates depends entirely upon the capitalization of the company.

There was a reason for this popular movement in 1912. Why did all the people demand it? Why did the three political parties pledge themselves to it? Why did we have public hearing after public hearing advancing one question and another for months and finally this law was passed, an agreement by all the people interested? Now, gentlemen, I submit, that there is no failure of competition under this law, the field is open to competition. That is the most you are asked to do. This law, itself, is to prescribe a manner suggested by his Excellency the Ex-President of the United States, the other day, to take a service and see what it is reasonably worth to the community, and then see that it is paid. This submission of that question to a semi-judicial body—a body that is absolutely uninfluenced or unbiased by local conditions and, under the law and in theory, an ideal body to pass upon such a thing. But, then, take the phase for which our friends contend here, namely, that this is a complete abolition of competition. Now, gentlemen, I submit that is not a fair statement; any one who reads this bill will see that it does not abolish competition but it does regulate monopoly. Now, prior to this, companies that were franchised were saved from competition; they could charge what they pleased and when they pleased without any fear of regulation. Now, under this law, they are regulated, and every modern economic thought is in favor of regulated monopoly. If we have regulated monopoly, we do away with the worst evils of public service companies, namely, the ruinous competition between two competing companies, a destruction of one company or a merger of two, and the raising of rates for the public to pay the piper. Now, gentlemen, I venture to say there is not one of you in this room that does not, of his own knowledge, know of just such a condition of affairs. Any one of you can go back to your own home communities and call to mind a competition of electric companies or water companies that have resulted in the destruction of one or a merger and the advance of rates to the public. As has been said by one of our great authorities on this question that, "from the very nature of things, from the kind of work that we do and from the amount of capital needed, every one of these utilities companies is in the nature of a monopoly." A large corporation, involving thousands of thousands of dollars as it does, must be a monopoly, and for the same reason there is not room for two of them in the same field and you cannot raise the money for two. Mr. Henry Wilson, who was formerly a member of the Public Service Commission of Washington where I might say a similar act has been in force for many years, says "These industries are essentially natural monopolies and competition as a regulative force is worse than useless."

Now, gentlemen, after many years the people of this State have determined that a competition or regulation of these companies was absolutely of value. They found that they could not do anything; they found that they were at the mercy of these companies and the result was there was a great popular demand for a Public Utilities Commission. Now that law has been in effect for one year or one year and three months; one year it has been working and we are asked now to repeal this laf, or practically repeal it, because you do not leave anything for the Commission to do except to regulate railroads and telephone companies. we are asked now to repeal this law, of practically repeal and go back to a condition of affairs which, after fifty and sixty years of trial, had been found a failure. I ask you, gentlemen, to consider what you are doing before you take a vote on this question.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I regret very much ot this time, that I have to take exceptions to the gentleman from Philadelphia. The gentleman from Philadelphia has pictured and portrayed to this House what a sad state of affairs it would be to take away from this Commission all of its powers excepting the regulation of railroads and electric franchises. The gentleman from Philadelphia, is the House representative of that Commission, and on account of the friendly relations existing between him and one of that Commission—

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I submit that the gentleman's remarks are out of order. I am not under discussion. The merits of this bill are under discussion.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Allegheny will confine himself to the bill under consideration.

Mr. STEEDLE. I will, Mr. Speaker, but my remarks were only intended to show to this House that the gentleman came here in 1913 and on the floor of this House voted for the amendment to that bill which would have made for the State of Pennsylvania a bill of respectability and not one of offensive odor, one that the State now has to put up with in a ridiculous manner and in a manner of apology to the people of this State. If the bill was right, we would not be here to-day asking for these amendments. It is because the bill is unjust, because it has taken away from the people of the smaller communities the right to own their franchises on the question of water rights and the question of electric lights. This bill, gentlemen, does not affect the City of Philadelphia. It does not affect the City of Pittsburgh, but it does affect the little community, the boroughs and townships and the third class cities of this great State. Now, fifteen months is not a long time; possibly that is true, but that same old story has been fought on the floor of this House on many propositions. Take our chool code; in 1911 it was passed under an agreement that if it is not right, we will come back in 1913 and amend it. The Governor of this State in his message to the House in 1913 said, "We will not amend it, it has not had long enough time. In 1915 likewise. Now, the gentleman from Philadelphia believes that fifteen months time is not long enough, yet it was long enough for the corporations to increase our water rate one hundred per cent. We paid in my community forty cents per one thousand gallons. What redress have we? None. Then we appeal to that Commission, and tell them that it is exorbitant, that we cannot afford to pay that price. They laughed at us. They said you have got to pay it or we will shut off your water. And they did shut off the water from many families in my community. The corporation that stood so high above the level of the people shut off that water, and those families could not even maintain their own livelihood and health and attend to their physical condition. I trust there isnt a man here will not give this question serious consideration, but not along the lines as laid down by the gentleman from Philadelphia, and vote against this bill. Let me recite another instance in my borough. For ten years we had a contract with the water company which is now about to expire. It calls for twenty dollars per plug. Now, they come along and tell us we have got to pay forty dollars, and yet if we had one hundred to two hundred thousand dollars lying in the banks, drawing interest, this mighty Commission would tell us, you cannot build your own water works, because we will not permit it. Does it do away with the competing with an organized capital of one million dollars? He tells us that it is protecting the people. I say that it is absolutely untrue. It is not protecting the people, but it is protecting the large corporate interests. Why should we not have the right to construct our own water works if we see fit. The needs of a Utility Commission are beyond question in the minds of every fair-minded man. We are not going to ask to repeal this bill in its entirety, but God knows it would not be a mistake if this House would repeal the Commission of 1913.

Ex-Governor Pennypacker, a member of this Commission, to-day, wrote this letter himself,—a member of that Commission, who has stated that this burden should be released from the Public Utility Commision. He states, speaking of the several bills upon this subject, since they are all intended to take away from the Commission the supervision of contracts made between public service companies and municipalities. Should any one of these become a law, the consequence would be that the Commission would be relieved from the burden of a serious and troublesome duty. The facts with respect to the exercise of this function by the Commission are set forth in its annual report, to which you are referred. The Commission does not object to this legislation, but feel that the matter ought to be determined by the Legislature from the view of the interests of the people of the Commonwealth. In the opinion of the Commission the Bill No. 624 pursue a better course than that suggested in House Bill No. 23.

Now, if a member of that Commission says that and recommends the release of this burdensome duty why should not any man from any section of the State that is not affected by it, barring cities, vote to repeal—why should we not repeal—a few sections of this and restore back to our little communities "Home Rule."

Let me say that gas companies mail your bill and you mail a check in good faith, and if that check and that bill do not get in their office during office hours, you lose your discount, and they never could do that unless they are protected by this Commission; they only preserve that prerogative, and tell you what you must do, and then if you are honest and send your check in before the expiration of the time, and even before it is due, you lose your discount, because it did not reach the office during business hours. No gas company, no water company or no electric light company, before the protective rights of this commission, would have dared to send such a letter to the people of this State. The gentleman would have us believe that if this bill is voted upon and likewise the following bill, we would be repealing the public Utility Commission.

That is not the intention. It is only asking that this House be fair to us, to we of the smaller communities, and restore to us that which we enjoyed prior to the act of 1913, the Public Utilities Commission Act; and that is all that we are asking and we trust, gentlemen of the House, that you will give this matter sincere consideration and find your way clear to not only vote on this bill but to vote on the bill that follows, because they each dove-tail into each other; and therefore I ask the members of this House to vote for this bill and the one to follow.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Steedle.

The SPEAKER. Will be gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Steedle, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, during the course of his remarks the gentleman from Allegheny made the statement that I had voted to support amendments to this bill. Will the gentleman from Allegheny tell us what amendments I voted for?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I do not recall the amendments. If I remember right, when this bill was under discussion two years ago—and I believe we sat here for two days discussing that Utilities bill—the gentleman from Philadelphia, like myself and the gentleman who occupied that seat during 1913 and lead the way for some of those amendments, the gentleman from Philadelphia, the Hon. John R. K. Scott, now a member of Congress, likewise to fight for several amendments to this bill, and if I recall correctly I think the gentleman from Philadelphia voted with the forty-six who stood by those amendments. If the gentleman did not, then I apologize to him; and if he did, I dare say he owes the State of Pennsylvania no apology.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I regret very much that the gentleman from Allegheny has sought to inject into this discussion personalities. I did vote to sustain one amendment which was offered which I thought at the time and still think would have been an improvement to this bill, and that is the bill which sought to strengthen the power of the Commission with respect to the issuance of stock and securities by Public Service Companies. I believed and still believe that this Commission should have the power to say in the beginning of any stock issue, "it is fraudulent," or "it is not fraudulent;" that the value is there for which the stock is issued or it is not there. The Commission has not sufficient power in this respect. With respect to all other amendments, I personally voted against them; and since the gentleman from Allegheny has called attention to it evidently the consensus of opinion of all or practically all the members of this legislature two years ago, representing communities of all sorts in the State, was opposed to this very suggestion that he is now making.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the bills which you have now under consideration, in my opinion are of vast importance as they affect every city, borough and township within the State, and involved in these bills is the question of home rule for municipalities. The bill, which is known as the Vickerman Bill, is very short and simple in its terms. It provides two things: That the Public Service Commission shall not exercise any jurisdiction over a contract made between a municipal corporation, of the one part, and a Public Service Company, of the other part; also, that the Public Service Commission shall not exercise any jurisdiction over any service rendered by itself, such as the furnishing of water or light. But it does provide that in those matters the jurisdiction of the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county shall attach. Now, that is the whole of this bill under consideration. It does not affect the Public Service Commission's jurisdiction over any private company or companies but it remains the same as before.

It has been argued by our friend from Philadelphia that the Public Service Commission should have jurisdiction over municipal corporations in order to prevent ruinous competition; but let me answer that proposition by saying, as I have already done, that this bill does not affect a Public Service Company in any way whatever. Any Public Service Company that is hereafter incorporated will have to receive the approval of the Public Service Commission before it can procure its charter and before it can enter into any municipality; consequently, this competition or this ruinous competition—and it is doubtful in my mind whether it is a true principle to start with, is not involved in the terms of this bill, and before a municipal corporation, a city or a borough, can enter into business in competition with a public service company it must first procure the consent and approval of the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county. Now let me ask you this question: Why should the Public Service Commission exercise jurisdiction over a city, borough or township? The State creates these municipal corporations for the purpose of local self-government. It endows them with sovereign power and therefore it would mean that the State would be supervising the State, in effect. But more than that, in the Constitution of this State, it is written, in Article 2, Section 20, that the General Assembly shall not delegate any special power to make, supervise or interfere with any municipal improvement or perform any municipal functions whatever. So, in asking that you leave the municipal corporations where they are today, we are simply asking that you obey the spirit of the Constitutional provisions which I have referred to. This Public Service act, in my opinion, has a strong tendency towards the creation of monopolies and unfair dealings by the Public Service Companies. In the good book it is written about men that you shall know them by their fruits. Let us judge this Public Service Commission, so far as it affects municipal corporations, in the same way. I know a borough that made a contract with a railroad company to lay a water line under its tracks, in which the actual physical work cost twenty-five dollars and yet it cost that borough one hundred dollars for attorneys' fees, engineers' fees and advertising to procure the necessary approval from the Public Service Commission. Again, the borough of Bellevue in my district, where my colleague, Mr. Vickerman, lives, was paying under a contract, a water company the rate of twenty cents per one thousand gallons of water for a period of about twenty years. The day preceding the day on which this Public Service Law went into effect the company raised from twenty cents to forty cents for one thousand gallons. They raised it on that day because they knew the Court of Common Pleas could not get jurisdiction in time and the Public Service Commission would get jurisdiction of the case. I know a case in Armstrong county where the decision of the Court of Common Pleas was affirmed by the Supreme Court, fixing the rate of water for the Borough of Leechburg and as soon as this act went into force they raised the rates and that borough has spent thousands of dollars in fighting it up to the present time. I know and I have the data here showing that there is a large class of municipal corporations which wanted to make contracts with new companies at a lower rate for water which in every case, so far as I have found, were refused by the Public Service Commission; and I have not got any doubt but that there are a large class of municipal corporations where the rates have been increased or the service has been changed, but by reason of the cost and expense of coming here to Harrisburg they have not invoked the remedy, if there is any, from the Public Service Commission.

I submit, gentlemen, under the terms of this Public Service Commission act it is a denial of justice to the municipal corporations and the people of this State to require every township or borough, whether removed three hundred miles from Harrisburg or not, to submit every contract, whether it is removal of a telegraph pole or whatever it may be, to the approval of the Public Service Commission. If a borough at the present time has any litigation with a Public Service Company it means that they have to bring their attorneys, their engineers, their experts, down here to Harrisburg, in most cases several times. Now what does that mean? It means delay in the making of municipal improvements. It means that these municipal corporations must either violate the law or else do without the right.

I was not in the session of 1913 but I have no doubt this was the fact: That the members who sat here at that time were doubtful of the propriety of including the municipal corporation; but they put it in knowing that it could be amended if necessary. Since the passage of this act three hundred municipal corporations, having a population of over 1,700,000, have passed resolutions asking for municipal home rule.

Do you find a public service corporation here that is asking for a change? I would say no. They are under the disadvantage of the supervision and regulation of this Commission, but whatever disadvantages they are under, they have secured the advantages which have been lost by the municipal corporation. In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, let me say to you that if you believe in the sovereign rule of the people, if you believe in the emancipation of municipal corporations, if you believe in home rule for your cities, and boroughs, and townships, if you believe in justice, administration by the courts of common pleas of our respective counties, then vote for these bills.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I only have a word to say in regard to this measure. I wish to heartily endorse the sentiment as advocated by my friend from Allegheny. The little district wherein I live is not paying forty cents a thousand gallon for water, but is paying one dollar and twenty-five cents. Have I not, as a member of that body, a right to come here and say to you that the measure as it stands on the statute books today is an obnoxious measure. Some time ago there was sent forth in our borough, a petition to the water company to reduce the water rate and I believe, sir, that that petition was signed by at least ninety per cent. of the voters of our town, praying for this relief, and when it was sent to the water company, they hurled it back upon us, it came back to us like the hissing of a shell from one of the German guns. They gave us no relief; they said there was nothing to say, and when they were threatened to be taken into court the reply came back to us "We have the Public Service Commission with us." Gentlemen, I feel, as I believe the majority of this House feels, that this measure as it stands upon the statute books today, is an obnoxious measure, and that the amendment or the repeal, as advocated by the Vickerman bill, should pass. I want to say that I am in hearty accord, and I believe that every member coming from a small town, or small municipality, should vote in favor of this measure.

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I was a member of the committee to which this bill was originally referred, and also a member of the sub-committee, to which it was referred by the Judiciary General Committee. In both of these committees a hearing was held. We found that there were over three hundred municipailties in this State in favor of this measure and not one opposed to it. The only opposition we found was from the legal end of the Public Service Commission. Now, the Public Service Commission itself is in favor of this bill and I hold in my hand a copy of a letter wrtten by this Commission and on file in the Attorney General's office. It has reference directly to these measures you are now discussing.

"House Bill No. 23, House Bill No. 596 and House Bill No. 624 may all be considered together, since they are all intended to take away from the Commission the supervision of contracts made between public service companies and municipalities. Should any one of these become a law, the consequence would be that the Commission would be relieved from the burden of a serious and troublesome duty. The facts with respect to the exercise of this function by the Commission are set forth in its annual report, to which you are referred. The Commission does not object to this legislation but feel that the matter ought to be determined by the Legislature from the view of the interests of the people of the Commonwealth. In the opinion of the Commission the Bills Nos. 596 and 624 pursue a better course than that suggested in House Bill No. 23."

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, when a measure comes before this House that affects the very town in which you live, it brings home to you your duty to your constituency. This ought to resolve itself into an old-fashioned Methodist class meeting, where every man could tell his experience with this Public Service Commission, as applied to his own borough and town. We have in the borough of Kittaning, the county seat of our county, a water works owned by some corporation. Last August that corporation closed down its filtering plant, without notifying the citizens or officials of that borough and allowed it to be closed for some weeks. During that time we had a siege of typhoid fever, resulting in a number of deaths. The superintendent of the water works was appealed to and if I am correctly informed he told the officials of our borough that what the people did not know did not hurt them, and yet this same corporation had the O. K. and approval of this Public Service Commission, about which there has been so much said. We immediately, in the borough of Kittaning, advertised and voted for a bond issue, which was voted in favor of by ninety per cent. of the voters in that borough. Since that time the borough of Kittaning has spent thousands and thousands of dollars trying to get a hearing with the Public Service Commission. We have had our experts here time and time again, but yet we have received no relief. We have had no decision. They have told us that we are not allowed, on account of some technical point, to build a municipal water works.

In the same county in which I live, in the boroughs of Apollo and Leechburg, they joined issues and voted on this question of raising water rates. They were charged nine hundred dollars a year for water and fire protection. A short time ago they raised it to three thousand dollars. These people have had their experts here and up until this time have spent seven hundred and eighty dollars coming here to Harrisburg, to get relief. How much time did the Public Service Commission give them? Two hours and a half during that time. If it cost seven hundred and eighty dollars to get the ear of the Public Service Commission for two hours and a half, how long and how much money would it require to get a decision from that Public Service Commission? I am not able to figure that out.

I want to say to you gentlemen that this is a humane proposition. If I could paint to you this morning a picture of the homes in which those children were sick from impure water in our borough last August, if I could take you in there and show you the deathbeds of those children, and show you those weeping mothers, you would not wonder why we are here to-day asking for relief so that we may have some protection to our own families and children. Furthermore, I wish to say that every man who votes against this bill, or for this bill, will place himself on record on one question,—whether he is for Home Rule, or whether he is opposed to Home Rule; whether he is in favor of the borough or municipality in which he lives ruling, or whether he is in favor of the corporations of this State.

Now, you know much has been said here that we have only tried this fifteen months. There has not been anything that brought as much distress and hardship upon the boroughs of this State in fifteen months, in the history of the State, than this Public Service Commission. There were a lot of things, a lot of commissions, passed by the reform legislature of 1913, that should never have been signed by the Governor,—a lot of things that should have been repealed the next day, and now that things have come back to normal conditions, with two great sane political parties, the Republican party and the Democratic party, it is our duty as sane people to repeal those obnoxious laws that were wished upon us by that great Bull Moose Reform organization, here in 1913.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, I am glad to raise my voice to-day in behalf of this splendid measure. It does seem to me that it is unreasonable that we should expect the people of the municipalities to come on here to Harrisburg to find out whether they will be permitted to do things in their own municipality, and then many times they are denied the privileges, as in the case in my own county. Gentlemen, if we take away a great deal of the authority which is now given into the hands of this Public Service Commission, we take away a great deal of the dissatisfaction which is so extremely manifest in this Commonwealth today. Gentlemen, I say we ought to give back to the people the rights which rightfully belong to them.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—155.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—27.

Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beyer,
Campbell, J. O.,
[illegible]bell, T.,
Conner,
Cummins,
Curry,
Drinkhouse,
Fackler,
Forster,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
[illegible],
McDermott,
McNichol,
Nieder,
Rhoads,
Roney,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weir,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

The SPEAKER. The Special Order at 10.35 is House Bill No. 1487, on third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1487, as follows:

A supplement to an act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extend regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossing of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate roceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the proviso of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That wherever and whenever in any municipality within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a public service company within the meaning of this act has constructed and is operating such company within the limits of said municipality or any part thereof that such municipality shall not be permitted to construct and operate an independent plant or works for the furnishing or supply of a utility of the same character as that already being furnished by the said public service company within the limits of said municipality or the portion thereof which may be served by the said public service company until and unless the said municipality shall offer to purchase and acquire the property and plant of the said public service company within the limits of the said municipality or any part thereof upon the terms hereinafter provided and if the said municipality shall at any time offer to purchase and acquire the property and plant of the said public service company within the limits of the municipality at the price as hereinafter provided and the said company shall refuse to sell the same at the price hereinafter provided then the said municipality shall have the right thereafter to construct maintain and operate a plant or works for the purpose of supplying or furnishing the said utility Nothing contained in this act shall in the case herein provided require any municipality to secure from the Public Service Commission a certificate of public service convenience as provided under any provision of this act

The price to be paid for the plant or works of the said public service company shall be fixed and determined as follows namely whenever the said municipality shall desire to acquire the plant and property of the said company as hereinafter provided it shall make application to the Public Service Commission to determine the reproduction value of the plant or works to be acquired based upon the fair average price of labor and materials taking into account only the physical properties of the company actually used by the company in furnishing the said service or at the request of the company the Commission shall ascertain and fix the actual cost of the physical properties of the company actually used in furnishing the said service The Commission shall also ascertain and determine and make an adequate deduction for the actual depreciation of the plant or works and shall add to the net price as so determined ten per centum to cover the value of the plant as a going concern and said award shall be the price as hereinbefore provided

Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Commission in any given case where the plant of any public service company extends beyond the limits of such municipality from requiring the said municipality or other municipalities acting jointly when in its judgment it would be impractical to separate the portion of the plant within such municipality from the portion of the plant outside of such municipality to acquire and purchase the entire plant of the public service company or so much thereof as could be practically and reasonably separated and removed from the remaining plant of the company Provided further That nothing herein contained shall in any way interfere with or effect the right of municipalities to maintain jointly or operate existing plants or extend the same or to construct maintain and operate plants and works in territory not actually supplied by any public service company Provided further That nothing herein contained shall prevent a municipality from purchasing the property and plant of a public service company at terms mutually agreed upon between such a municipality and public service company and in such event it shall not be necessary to petition or receive the approval of the Public Service Commission before making such purchase

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I will only ask you to vote as you did on the other bill. The bill which has preceded this one. I ask you to vote likewise. I trust every member of this House will vote the same.

Mr. McCLINTOCK in the Chair.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Steedle, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr Speaker, I desire to ask the sponsor of the bill which provides for the application to Public Service Commission. Under that bill what provision is made for the acquiring of water rights?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, none.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask, in other words, whether a municipality that purchases the plant of a company that has a pipe line or a pumping station or anything at all whether they acquire the water rights?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, my interpretation of that act is that in the event of any municipality wanting to purchase this water right they would have to pay for everything that would be specified as a part of that corporate interest, subject to viewers' opinion as to the relative value of that property, plus a profit of ten per cent.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, the tangible water rights you believe then to be part of the physical property. The right to take water from the streams. Your bill says "They shall take over the visible property." Is water included in that?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, take over everything that it has. That is the intent of the act, to buy everything and not to steal anything from anybody.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, my objection to the bill is that I don't understand what they mean. Probably if I did, I would vote for it as it is, but as I understand it I must vote against it. I don't believe any body here wants to buy only the physical plant without also having the right to operate it and if they don't have the tangible water rights, for instance, there is something lacking. In other words, they will have here a pipe line and a public station, but nothing at all to supply the borough. I would like to ask the gentleman from Allegheny in respect to that part which says that the company shall ascertain the value of the properties actually in use and paying ten per cent. for the going value. How does that provide or how will that take care of the bonded indebtedness of any public service company?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, if that company is so heavily loaded with bonded indebtedness I think the people of the community will take care of it. This is only the actual cost of ten per cent. It takes in all the bridges, right of ways and all concerns of the company.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, you mean by that the cost of the plant under the present conditions or under the original conditions?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, under the present conditions.

Mr. FORSTER Mr. Speaker, the company which lays its pipe under a paved road would be based on the cost of laying pipes under a paved street.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, no. Just according to conditions. This matter of subterfuge and argument with the intention of trying to impress upon this House that any municipality is going to take undue advantage of anything is uncalled for.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, if I was clear and knew just what this bill meant I would not interrogate the gentleman. It seems to me that it is not a case of original conditions, but under present conditions. On the other hand where we have the doors open we have here something said about inalienable rights under the constitution, which has been quoted and the question has been raised as to the bonded indebtedness. We are not aiding a service corporation by taking a plant away from them and if one thing is guaranteed under our constitution it is the right to protect private property. I think this bill inasmuch as it does not take care of anything of that sort strikes at the very fundamental provisions of the bill of rights.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, in regard to the bill now before you for consideration, it is a companion bill to the bill which just passed. The former bill provided that whenever a municipal corporation shall enter competition with a public service company that it must first procure the permission of the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county. Now this bill adds in addition to this after that permission has been had, that municipal corporations must first agree with the public service company as to the purchase of its plant; failing in this, the Public Service Commission of the State shall fix a price on the actual value of its physical properties, and that includes every property of a physical nature together with ten per cent. added thereto as a running concern; if the Public Service Company accepts this price, then the matter is closed; if it does not, the municipal corporation may construct its water plant, or its electric light plant itself.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Fretz,
Fruit.
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nissley,
[illegible]
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—11.

Aron,
Conner,
Forster,
Hollingsworth,
Leighner,
Nieder,
Rhoads,
Roney,
Twibill,
Walter,
Weir,
Wobensmith,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1038, File Folio 4335, entitled:

> An Act to provide for the modifiction of the plans of the new Western Penitentiary in Centre county so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

was defeated on final passage, April 13th, be reconsidered.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House. I wish to call your attention to the title of this bill and have you distinctly understand what this bill seeks to accomplish. You will notice that in the title of this bill it sets forth that the bill is to provide for the modification of the plans of the new Western Penitentiary in Centre county so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as those of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one, to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania. All of this will not be affected for at least six years, possibly not for eight years, and possibly not for ten years, but the purpose of this bill is to accomplish that consolidation ultimately. Now, in order to do that every one of us, as good business men, knows that this is the time when the management of that institution, when the ground plan is just being laid, ought to know what the future demands of that institution, so that they can so arrange their plans that they can economically build an institution large enough to ultimately take care of the inmates of both of these institutions.

Those of us who were members of the session of 1911 have not forgotten, I am very sure, the occasion on which the warden of the Western Penitentiary, John Francis, came before this House and asked that he be given the privilege of a confidential talk with its members. Do you remember, those of you who were members of that session in this House, that he asked that the page boys be excluded, and that all ladies be excluded from attendance at that meeting, and that he be given the opportunity of a confidential talk with this House of Representatives? Do you remember that he said in reference to conditions as they then existed right under his own eyes, conditions over which he, as warden, had no control in the institution over which he presided? Do you remember what he said to us, that solitary confinement meant? Do you remember that he proved and showed that solitary confinement in his own institution meant mental, spiritual, physical and moral degeneracy? Do you remember that he proved to us that men would come to him in that institution and never left better than when they entered? Do you remember how he said to us after he had done his best and after the men had gathered together the remnants of their manhood and they had formed a resolution to go out in the world and lead better lives, they turned away with light and elastic steps and when they rapped at the door of industry, it was closed to them? Do you remember that when he said they rapped at the door of industry for a job, the pallor that sedentary confinement had fixed upon their cheeks would debar them from securing employment which would give them their livelihood. Can you picture them as they go out in the world, not a dollar in their pockets, practically all hope gone, just a little remnant of their manhood left, and they rally, and they attempt to come back.

I fancy I see them going out with all the cheerfulness they could muster, as they rapped at the first place and the results of separate and solitary confinement stamped upon their faces, and the man of whom they inquire for employment, says to them, No, No, and they pass on to the next, and they get the same answer and the forces of evil, seeing them defeated, laugh, as they finally deter and fail in their resolutions to live better lives, and there is just one more success on the part of the forces of evil to overthrown a human life.

Do you remember how he prayed that this House, how he begged of this House that they should give to him some of those broad acres up there in the center of Pennsylvania, out on the mountain, broad acres of which the State has a plenty. Let me take my guests up there into those mountains; let me put them out there on the farm; let them enjoy God's very sunshine and inhale the incense of spring flowers; let me put upon their cheeks the flush of health; let me make of these men better and stronger men; let me learn these men to do something well,—for we all know that the reason why many of these men are confined in this institution is because they were never learned to do anything well, is the aim of the management of that institution to not only farm those three thousand acres—they have more than five thousand, three thousand of which is agricultural land—it is not only their aim to farm that land and make this institution self-sustaining, thereby saving to the State a vast sum of money; but it is the aim of the management of that institution to do more than farm, to make of that farm a veritable experiment station, a veritable scientific school, so that these men who go there will learn to do something well and when they leave they can come to themselves and they will know that they can do something well by the result of their own effort.

Now it has been whispered about—and I am sure that it did not come from that splendid man who today presides over the institution in the eastern end of the State—that if this bill becomes a law by consolidating with the Western Penitentiary and make up by consolidation the most splendid penal institution within the confines of any State—it has been whispered that there is a fear because of the fact that certain employment would be disturbed. Gentlemen of this House, I want to say to you that I know Bob McKenty of the Eastern Penitentiary. I know him to be one of the most splendid men. I know him to be a man who seeks earnestly to improve the men under his charge and given into his keeping, and I know that no much small, selfish, narrow motive as that will ever deter so splendid a man as Robert McKenty, of Philadelphia, who has the welfare of the men in his charge so close to his great heart; no such incentive as that will ever deter him from supporting this bill so as to enable the combined managements of these two institutions to some day create up on the slopes of the Nittany mountain, across the babbling brook of Spring Creek, an institution to which we cannot go without being inspired and having our lives stirred. I ask you gentlemen, in the name of humanity, in the name of these men whose welfare I champion, I ask you in their name to place this bill back on the calendar and I have given you my word, if you do, that I will move for its further postponement before it is given final consideration.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask Mr. Hess to fix a definite time when this bill may be called up in order that we may be prepared to give it further consideration.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, the suggestion of the gentleman from Philadelphia will be satisfactory. Next Monday night at nine thirty o'clock will probably suit.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1038 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

I move that this bill be made a special order for Monday evening, April 26th, at nine thirty o'clock and withdraw my previous motion.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. WALTERS offered the following motion which was twice read and considered:

Moved by Mr. Walters, seconded by Mr. Stone, that the vote by which House Bill No. 1077 (Senate Bill No. 404), File Folio 799, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary denistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties

was defeated on Wednesday, April 14th, 1915, be reconsidered.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. WALTERS. Mr. Speaker, I inadvertently voted against this bill. I was unfamiliar with the merits of it and a number of the members seemed to think there was something wrong with it and voted "no" and I followed suit. I have since examined the bill with some care and I believe that it ought to be considered on its merits. It provides for no new offices or no new boards and is simply a consolidation of existing laws and requires some education on the part of the veterinary surgeon.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WALTERS. I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1227 (Senate No. 549), as follows:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all the judicial districts of this Commonwealth containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million inhabitants the court criers of the several courts shall be paid a salary of thirteen hundred and fifty dollars per annum and the tipstaves a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum The court interpreters shall be paid a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum the said salaries to be paid out of the county treasury monthly

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. W. W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend title by inserting after the words "court criers" the words "court interpreters"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 610, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" which reads as follows

"Section 6 Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel the bushel of such commodity shall consist of the respective number of pounds herein set forth namely

Alfalfa seed sixty pounds
Apples fifty pounds
Apples dried twenty-five pounds
Barley forty-seven pounds
Beans dried sixty pounds
Beans castor (shelled) forty-six pounds
Beets sixty pounds
Blue-grass seed fourteen pounds
Bran twenty pounds
Broom-corn seed fifty pounds
Buckwheat forty-eight pounds
Cabbage fifty pounds
Carrots fifty pounds
Cement one hundred pounds
Charcoal twenty pounds
Cherries with stems fifty-six pounds
Cherries stemmed sixty-four pounds
Chestnuts hulled fifty pounds
Clover seed sixty pounds
Coal anthracite seventy-five pounds
Coal bituminous seventy-six pounds
Coal stone eighty pounds
Coke forty pounds
Corn shelled fifty-six pounds
Corn ear (husked) seventy pounds
Corn meal fifty pounds
Cranberries forty pounds
Cucumbers fifty pounds
Currants forty pounds
Flaxseed fifty-six pounds
Gooseberries forty pounds
Grapes forty-eight pounds
Hair (plastering) eight pounds
Hemp seed forty-four pounds
Herd's-grass forty-five pounds
Hickory-nuts fifty pounds
Hominy sixty pounds
Horse-radish fifty pounds
Hungarian grass seed fifty pounds
Kaffir corn fifty-six pounds
Lentils sixty pounds
Lime seventy pounds
Linseed fifty-six pounds
Malt thirty-eight pounds
Millet fifty pounds
Oats thirty-two pounds
Onions fifty pounds
Onion sets twenty-eight pounds
Orchard grass seed fourteen pounds
Parsnips fifty pounds
Peaches forty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (peeled) thirty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (unpeeled) thirty-three pounds
Peanuts twenty-two pounds
Pears fifty pounds
Peas green (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Peas dried sixty pounds
Plums sixty-four pounds
Popcorn (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Potatoes sixty pounds
Potatoes (sweet) fifty-four pounds
Quinces forty-eight pounds
Rape seed fifty pounds
Raspberries forty-eight pounds
Redtop grass seed fourteen pounds
Rice rough forty-five pounds
Rutabagas sixty pounds
Rye fifty-six pounds
Rye meal fifty pounds
Salt (coarse) eighty-five pounds
Salt (ground) sixty-two pounds
Sand one hundred pounds
Shorts twenty pounds
Sorghum seed fifty pounds
Spelt forty pounds
Strawberries forty-eight pounds
Timothy-grass seed forty-five pounds
Tomatoes sixty pounds
Turnips sixty pounds
Walnuts (common) fifty pounds
Wheat sixty pounds" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel the bushel of such commodity shall consist of the respective number of pounds herein set forth namely

Alfalfa seed sixty pounds
Apples forty-five pounds
Apples dried twenty-five pounds
Barley forty-seven pounds
Beans dried sixty pounds
Beans castor (shelled) forty-six pounds
Beets fifty-six pounds
Blue-grass seed fourteen pounds
Bran twenty pounds
Broom-corn seed fifty pounds
Buckwheat forty-eight pounds
Cabbage fifty pounds
Carrots fifty pounds
Cement one hundred pounds
Charcoal twenty pounds
Cherries with stems fifty-six pounds
Cherries stemmed sixty-four pounds
Chestnuts hulled fifty pounds
Clover seed sixty pounds
Coal anthracite seventy-five opunds
Coal bituminous seventy-six pounds
Coal stone eighty pounds
Coke forty pounds
Corn shelled fifty-six pounds
Corn ear (husked) seventy pounds
Corn meal fifty pounds
Cranberries forty pounds
Cucumbers fifty pounds
Currants forty pounds
Flaxseed fifty-six pounds
Gooseberries forty pounds
Grapes forty-eight pounds
Hair (plastering) eight pounds
Hemp seed forty-four pounds
Herd's-grass forty-five pounds
Hickory nuts fifty pounds
Hominy sixty pounds
Horse-radish fifty pounds
Hungarian grass seed fifty pounds
Kaffir corn fifty-six pounds
Lentils sixty pounds
Lime eighty pounds
Linseed fifty-six pounds
Malt thirty-eight pounds
Millet fifty pounds
Oats thirty-two pounds
Onions fifty pounds
Onion sets twenty-eight pounds
Orchard grass seed fourteen pounds
Parsnips fifty pounds
Peaches forty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (peeled) thirty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (unpeeled) thirty-three pounds
Peanuts twenty-two pounds
Pears fifty pounds
Peas green (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Peas dried sixty pounds
Plums sixty-four pounds
Potatoes sixty pounds
Potatoes sweet fifty-four pounds
Quinces forty-eight pounds
Rape seed fifty pounds
Raspberries forty-eight ponuds
Redtop grass seed fourteen pounds
Rice rough forty-five pounds
Rutabagas sixty pounds
Rye fifty-six pounds
Rye meal fifty pounds
Salt (coarse) eighty-five pounds
Salt (ground) sixty-two pounds
Sand one hundred pounds
Shorts twenty pounds
Sorghum seed fifty pounds
Spelt forty pounds
Strawberries forty-eight pounds
Timothy-grass seed forty-five pounds
Tomatoes sixty pounds
Turnips sixty pounds
Walnuts (common) fifty pounds
Wheat sixty pounds

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I would like the sponsor to explain this bill.

Mr. BODY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, This bill makes but a few changes in the Commodity Act passed here in 1913. It changes apples from fifty to forty-five pounds per bushel; beets from sixty to fifty six, lime from seventy to eighty and popcorn is cut out altogether for that is sold mostly by the dozen. That is all the changes made by the bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan.
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Harper,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time from page 24 of today's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed, House Bill No. 563, File Folio 5491.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said Anatomical Board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives or representatives of fraternal society or charitable organization within seventy-two hours after death

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, in the Act of 1883 this bill will repeal certain sections. In one clause it makes the period twenty-four hours, and this will make it forty-eight hours. The bill has been gone over thoroughly by a sub-committee of the committee on Public Health and Sanitation, and is agreeable to the Anatomical Board and also to the people interested in the bill.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—167.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth.
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—8.

Cromer,
Habgood,
Howarth,
Kuhn,
Mangan,
Ostrander,
Reel,
Spencer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, from page 23 of today's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed, I desire to call up House Bill No. 1224, Senate Bill No. 503, File Folio, 2163.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1224 (Senate Bill No. 503), entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemonsynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing for a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I wish the gentlemen of the House would please refrain from their usual morning frolics for about two minutes, and give me a chance to explain this bill, which is of direct benefit to every member of this House. I cannot understand why the bill was defeated when it came up for consideration last week and I cannot understand why any member would oppose the measure, because, as I say, it is a direct benefit to every individual measure . The bill prosides simply this: As you know the law now stands that when the State of Pennsylvania appropriates money to any charitable institution for the purpose of extension or improvement, the amount of money so granted by the Commonwealth becomes a first lien upon all the real estate of the corporation. Of course it is a perpetual non-interest bearing lien, but it is nevertheless a valid first lien, and the effect of such lien is to prevent such charitable institution from borrowing money from any other source, such as a bank, trust company, or private individual in case the corporation needs and desires money for other improvement or extension.

Now, gentlemen, you can see the result. The State has a first lien and the hands and feet of that institution are tied and crippled, and they cannot borrow money elsewhere because the State comes in with its lien ahead of all others. Now, gentlemen, the proposition in this bill is simply this: in all such cases where a corporation or an eleemosynary institution desires to enlarge or extend, and desires to mortgage its premises, it shall first notify the State Board of Charities, the Auditor General and all other departments of the State, and if they get the consent of the Board of Charities and the Auditor General and all other parties in interest, that in such event only, they are authorized and permitted to execute a valid first lien upon the property and the Commonwealth will postpone its lien in favor of the other.

Now, as I said before, I do not see why anybody should object to this, yet on its first consideration we only got twenty-five votes. If I have not fully explained this matter, or if there be doubts in the minds of any of you gentlemen who are not lawyers, because I am satisfied that a lawyer would see through it most easily, I should be only too glad to answer any questions, but for your own best interests and those of the State charitable associations, I ask you to vote this bill through the House, as it has already passed the Senate.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—148.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman.
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern.
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler.
Jack.
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts.
Klinger,
Kunkle.
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey.
Lipschutz,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds.
Rhoads.
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn.
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop.
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Wettach.
Whitaker,
Whitten.
Wildman.
Willard.
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—12.

Blackburn,
Campbell, J. O.,
Glenn,
Habgood,
Leighner,
Ostrander,
Rich.
Shaffer,
Sones,
Spencer,
Twibill,
West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania. Defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment and the votes on Final Passage and Third Reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended, in which amendment the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 4 by striking out lines 23 24 and 25.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy.
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox.
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby.
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett.
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Rhoads,
Rich.
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh.
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Campbell, T.,
Cummins,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. HABGOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to report from the Committee on Corporations, House Bill No. 1600 (Senate Bill No. 847), as committed, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton County, Pennsylvania.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. HABGOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to have House Bill No. 1600 (Senate Bill No. 847), read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1600 (Senate No. 847), entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 1477, File Folio 5219, on page 8 of today's calendar Bills on Third Reading, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1477, entitled:

An Act to amend sub-section (c) of section three of Article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 4, by striking out the word "prescribng" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "prescribing"

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the word "incorporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "incorporation"

Amend title, line 13, by striking out the word "railroads" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "railroad"

Amend title, line 17, by striking out the word "damage" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "damages"

Amend title, line 20, by inserting after the word "companies" the word "interested"

Amend title, line 40, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend title. line 43, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend title, line 49, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend title. line 50, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend title, line 50, by inserting after the word "constitution" the words "relative to railroads and canals and an act entitled"

Amend title, line 56, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend title. line 59, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend title, line 61, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "incorporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "incorporation"

Amend section 1, line 30, by striking out the word "determination" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "determinations"

Amend section 1, line 42, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend section 1, line 45, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend section 1, line 51, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend section 1, line 53, by striking out the double quotes and inserting in lieu thereof single quotes

Amend section 1, line 58, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend section 1, line 62, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend section 1, line 63, by striking out the double quote and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill lie over for printing.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendments and the votes on Final Passage and Third Reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended, in which amendment the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 60 by striking out the word "ten" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "five."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—167.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,

Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Brownlee,
Hollern,
Rudisill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendment concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has non-concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House insist upon its amendments, and that the Senate be notified accordingly.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 369.

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones. W. W.,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W..
Smith, Jeff. W..
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz.
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,

Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Erdman,
Spencer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to House Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 513.

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House, and the bill amended in which amendments the Senate has concurred.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to House Bill numbered and entitled as folows, viz:

House Bill No. 326.

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House, and the bill amended in which amendments the Senate has concurred.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

In the Senate, April 20th, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it be to meet again on Monday evening, April 26th, at 8 o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it be to meet on Monday evening, April 26th, at 8 o'clock.

On the question.

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. SONES asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 1516, File Folio 5295, on page 15, of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1516, entitled:

An Act to amend the twenty-third sub-divisions of corporations of the second class in section two of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" providing for the incorporation and regulation of stage and omnibus lines specifying their purposes and defining their motive power

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 6, by inserting a single quote before the word 'An

Line 8, by striking out double quote and inserting in lieu thereof single quote

Line 8, by inserting after the word "corporations" the following: "Providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations"

Section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "nine" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ninth"

Line 10, by striking out the double quote

Line 10, by inserting after the word "corporations" the following: "Providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations"

Lines 18 and 19, by striking out the words "or by any other form of motor engine or mechanical power"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent of the House to call up House Bill No. 1500, File Folio 5709, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employers prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection?

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, I object.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objection.

The Chair desires to say to the members of the House that in calling up these bill out of order it places them above all other bills on the calendar In addition to that it mixes the calendar up in such a way that it is almost impossible for a calendar to be prepared for to-morrow morning. The Chair trusts that the members of the House will take the calendar as it comes

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 464 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. HESS asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the House of Representatives, April 20, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 464, File Folio 4213, entitled "An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBER ON COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE ADVISABILITY OF PURCHASE OF PROPERTY IN PHILADELPHIA.

The SPEAKER desires to state that House Bill No. 169, signed by the Governor, providing that the Speaker appoint one member of the House on a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia, opposite Independence Hall as a public park, that he appoints the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. W. H. Wilson.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. GEISER asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from Committee at this time.

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 638, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred seventy-six.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to state that there will be a third reading calendar to-night.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will declare a recess until 7:30 o'clock to-night.

The Chair hears none, and a recess is declared until 7:30 o'clock to-night.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 7:30 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. BROWNLEE presented the petition of citizens of Washington County favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. SCOTT presented the petition of citizens of Centre County favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER presented the petitions of the Fourth Street Church of God, Harrisburg, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. STONE presented the petition of the citizens of Stevensville favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. STONE presented the petition of the Presbytery of Lackawanna, representing seven counties, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MATHER presented the petition of citizens of Bradford County favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

BILL SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 141.

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

The Chair asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following bill.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. AMBLER. House Bill No. 1603.

An Act providing that moneys heretofore appropriated to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania, located at Norristown, for the purpose of running a twelve inch iron main from the hospital buildings to the sewage disposal plant and for recovering settling tanks, heretofore appropriated, may be expended for the purpose of changing the internal form of said settling tanks.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives, April 20th, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 464, File Folio 4213, entitled: An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 247.

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendments the Senate has concurred.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1049.

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction"

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 14, by striking out the word "two" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three," and by striking out the words "five hundred" at the end of line 14.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. MILLIRON. I have examined the amendments and find them satisfactory.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
[illegible]
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in,

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 1012.

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section two, line two, by striking out the words "those of" and inserting the words "one or more;" in line three, strike out the words "which are" and insert the words "authorized to do business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and;" in lines four and five, strike out the words "Courts of the proper counties" and insert the words "insurance commissioners;" in lines 22 and 23, strike out the words "each of said bonds shall be recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds and," also in line 23 insert after the word "of" the words "each of said bonds" and strike out the word "them" before the word "shall." In line 28, strike out the word "recorder" and insert the following: "controller or the clerk to the county commissioners as the case may be."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, the amendments made by the Senate are satisfactory to me.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 416.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title, line 7, after the word "hundred" by inserting the word "fifty;" amend section 1, line 24, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "fifty."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, as the sponsor of the bill I have looked over the amendments of the Senate and they are perfectly agreeable to me.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affiramtive, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 747.

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties"

House Bill No. 785.

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

House Bill No. 55.

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class

House Bill No. 488.

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

with the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 104.

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section one, line four, by striking out the words "who receive an annual salary;" also in line six, after the word "month" insert the following: "Provided that this act shall not go into effect until January first, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, the amendments are satisfactory to me.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner.
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Commission having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 993, Senate Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred sixty-two)

on page 32 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General, for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time, from page 22 of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed for the Present, House Bill No. 1237:

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1237, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CORBIN. Mr. Speaker, I wish the sponsor of this bill would explain the purposes of it.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, Judicial District No. 20 is composed of Mifflin, Huntingdon and Bedford counties. The three counties make over one hundred and eight thousand people. Our judge is overworked to the extent that our court is congested for more than two years. As a matter of fact the cases of 1912, for trial, were 133, and 31 of them were tried; 1913, 120 and 35 of them were tried; 1914, 92 and 23 of them were tried, and in the February term of 1912, 18 cases were up for trial and 10 of them were tried. That congests our court until the litigation in our district is more than two years behind time. As a matter of fact we have had important cases that lingered as long as six years before we could get to them. Notably among these was what was known as the Alexandria water case. We have one in the borough of Huntingdon today that has lingered for four years simply because the court is so congested that we cannot get to it. The three districts lie in such a position that it is just ninety miles from one county seat to the other. Because of that prolonged litigation not only annoys our citizens, but causes the county great and unreasonable expense. As a result of that the bar of Huntingdon county unanimously, almost,—as a matter of fact with two exceptions, the bar of Huntingdon county has signed a petition, petitioning that the judicial disrict, No. 20, be divided; that Mifflin County and Bedford

County be allowed to constitute the 20th District and that Huntingdon county be stricken off to make the 57th District. This petition, as I said before has been signed by all the members of the bar, regardless of politics, the moral issue, or any other issue.

It has been circulated on the floor of this House that the object of asking for this separation is because we have a grouch against our President Judge. I want to denounce that most emphatically; it is as untrue as it is ridiculous. We admire our judge; he is my personal friend. I have not the breath in my lungs to condemn him for anything, but the man is unable to discharge the duties of a district as large as that scattered over as much territory as Huntingdon County is and give us efficient service. This report forces me to say one thing that I am loath to say: In sixty-six cases that were appealed from the lower courts from Huntingdon and carried to the higher courts, thirty-three of them, or just fifty per cent. of them, were reversed and the explanation was that we are so overworked that we don't have time to go into the cases sufficiently and carefully so as not to make errors. This is the condition, gentlemen of the House, that compels us to come and ask for this separation. We have the required population. We have over forty thousand people. The census has been taken and properly sworn to and that demonstrates that fact. Not only that there are eight districts in the State of Pennsylvania having a separate judge or having their own judge that are decidedly smaller than Huntingdon county. Among these are the 41st district composed of Juniata and Perry with a combined population of 39,149 people. The 43rd district, Monroe and Pike having 30,931. The 7th district, Union and Snyder, having 33,049, according to the census of 1910. Greene county with a population of 28,881 has its own judge. Clarion county with 36,638 has its own judge. Wayne county with 29,236 has its own judge. Susquehanna county with less than 38,000 has its own judge. Potter county with less than 40,000 has its own judge. Northampton county with a smaller population decidedly in one county than our judicial district has two judges. Erie county with 10,000 people less than this county in the 20th district has its own judge. If 98,000 people, living in one county necessitate two judges to take care of the business why should not the 20th district, covering three counties, large counties, require two judges. Besides that, gentlemen of the House, Huntingdon has decidedly more business than the business of the other two districts, the two counties of our district put together. Practically all the railroad business from Altoona to Dauphin is done at Huntingdon and then also the business of the East Broadtop railroad and the Huntingdon Broadtop railroad is practically done at Huntingdon. That makes the conjestion of our court so immense that our people, as a unit almost, are in favor of this measure. When I introduced this bill, gentlemen of the House, the newspapers of my county with two exceptions—and one of them fights every measure that is introduced by either of the two great parties—the newspapers come out with strong editorials commending the move because as they said "It is a much needed proposition; a proposition that will give us better service; a proposition that will save the county very decidedly in expenses in the matter of litigation because of the crowded condition." Now, gentlemen of the House, since our attorneys living in Huntingdon as a unit, from Mount Union to the other towns, see the necessity for this; since the farming element of our county see the necessity for this and have written letter after letter asking for it; since the newspapers of the county see the necessity for it and have been urging it, I appeal to you to come with us and give us this much needed separation. Huntingdon county, Huntingdon borough, the Governor's old home wants it. The Governor's old home is anxious to have it and we appeal to you to help us to get it.

Mr. CORBIN. Mr. Speaker, I cannot refrain from raising objection to this bill at this time. The 20th district composed of Bedford, Huntingdon and Mifflin, with Huntingdon lying in the center of our district, he wants to cut this out; cut the heart out of our district. This bill was introduced without consulting either one of us, Mr. Blackburn or myself. He states to you that our judge is overworked. Our judge told me last Monday morning before I came down here that he has done the work for ten years and is willing to do it ten years more. The secret of the thing is this. We have got a judge who has served almost ten years and next fall we elect a new judge. The Attorneys of Huntingdon County are afraid they cannot put a man to defeat our man. If you want to aid to this extent vote "Aye"; if not vote "no".

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Mifflin.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Mifflin, Mr. Corbin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. CORBIN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, can the gentleman from Mifflin County, tell me how many cases are tried in Mifflin County in a year?

Mr. CORBIN. Mr. Speaker, I am not able to tell that.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, that is a matter he should know. The representative of Huntingdon County knows the condition. He has it from the Judge's own transcript It has repeatedly been referred to and answered in the county that the reason for this prolonged litigation and for these many reverses comes from the fact that he has been overworked and been unable to inquire into the technique of the law. Besides that, Mr. Speaker, it is not a matter of election ;it is nothing of that kind. If it were we would go into the field and defeat them. That is what we would do if it were, but I appeal to you if we cannot with forty thousand people out-vote them certainly by the unit on election day that we have to-day in the county, for decidedly the largest population of the district is a unit on this measure to-day, with one or two exceptions, and I want to say one other thing since I am forced to say it, I want to say something more of this: It is a matter of personal relationship on the part of the gentleman from Mifflin County; nor on his own particular part, but there has been lobby work done from one higher up on this floor simply because of personal relationship. I admire the spirit that tries to take care of these men but I feel when it comes to a matter of so great importance to he people of the Commonwealth as to the judiciary, matters of this character should never enter into it. From the time of King John back at a time when he was forced to sign the Magna Charta the defense of the people has been the court and to-day the defense of the people is the court. We heard to-day in the prolonged speeches we had in favor of restricting the Utilities Commission that the court should be the deciding power; that the court should govern the conditions of the people. If the court should govern the conditions of the people give us ample service so that we may be governed right.

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beck,
Becker,
Body,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Cromer,
Dell,
Eppley,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Herman,
Hoffman,
Lanius,
Luxemburger,
McCurdy,
Mellott,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Powell,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Stone,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,

NAYS—116.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Gingery,
Glass,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McNichol,
Metzenbacher,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weaver,

Bungard,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker I desire to call up Senate Bill No. 121, House Bill No. 977, File Folio, 719.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 977 (Senate Bill No. 121), entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—105.

Adams,
Alexander,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Beyer,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
Milliron,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Perry,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sinclair,
Sinith, J. W..
Smith, Jeff. W..
Sones,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—49.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Diefenderfer,
Eppley,
Gallagher,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Greenwood,
Herman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Kuhn,
unkle,
Lanius.
Leighner,
Marvin,
McClure,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Oaks,
Phillips,
Richards,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Shoop,
Spencer,
Stone,
Trach,
Watson,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Wood.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

PETITION.

PRAYING FOR PASSAGE OF COUNTY LOCAL OPTION BILL.

Mr. GRAHAM asked and obtained unanimous consent to present a petition signed by 587 lawyers of Philadelphia county asking for the passage of the Local Option Bill.

The SPEAKER. The petition will be referred to the Committee on Law and Order

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1518, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback.
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger.
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads.
Rich,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1297, entitled:

An Act authorizing the use of state armories for certain purposes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,

Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1274, entitled:

An Act permitting and regulating the use of the several armory buildings of the National Guards of Pennsylvania for horticultural and poultry exhibitions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz.
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1032, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish-American War

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" which as amended by an act approved the sixth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend section first of an Act of Assembly approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county-seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety–five' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That upon the petition of at least fifty citizens to the court of quarter sessions of any county in this Commonwealth for the erection or completion of a monument in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war it shall be the duty of said court to lay said petition before the grand jury and if approved by two successive grand juries and said court the county commissioners of said county shall be authorized to erect or complete any monument now partly erected but not completed and maintain at the county-seat a suitable monument in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war of the rebellion from said county Provided however That in counties having a population as computed by the last preceding United States Census of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million four hundred thousand inhabitants said petition may pray for the erection of a memorial hall and if approved as above provided the county commissioners of said county shall be authorized to acquire by purchase or by the exercise of right of eminent domain the necessary site and shall be authorized to erect and maintain thereon at the county–seat a suitable memorial hall or building in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war of the rebellion from such counties" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That upon the petition of at least fifty citizens to the court of quarter sessions of any county in this Commonwealth for the erection or completion of a monument in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war it shall be the duty of said court to lay said petition before the grand jury and if approved by two successive grand juries and said court the county commissioners of said county shall be authorized to erect or complete any monument now partly erected but not completed and maintain at the county-seat a suitable monument in memory of the soliders and sailors of the late war of the rebellion and the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War from said county provided however That in counties having a population as computed by the last preceding United States Census of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million four hundred thousand inhabitants said petition may pray for the erection of a memorial hall and if approved as above provided the county commissioners of said county shall be authorized to acquire by purchase or by the exercise of right of eminent domain the necessary site and shall be authorized to erect and maintain thereon at the county-seat a suitable memorial hall or building in memory of the soliders and sailors of the late war of the rebellion and the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War from such counties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from the Postponed Calendar of Bills on Third Reading, page 22, House Bill No. 923, File Folio 4969, for the purpose of making a motion to recommit it to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Agreeably to order,
The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 923, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of the cost of the transcription of stenographic notes in certain proceedings by the county and the reimbursement of the county for such payment

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WEST. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 117, entitled:

An Act requiring the payment of not more than fifty dollars for the burial of the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who heretofore served or shall hereafter serve in the army the navy or the marine corps of the United States in any war or insurrection of any person who was in active service in the militia of Pennsylvania during the civil war under and in pursuance of any proclamation of the Governor not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from said service having a legal residence in this Commonwealth at the time of his death who shall hereafter die either within or without the State by the county in which said soldier sailor or marine or militiaman had legal residence at the time of his death providing for the appointment of committees to execute the provisions of this act and fixing the powers and duties of said committees

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GOODNOUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1293, as follows:

An Act fixing the salaries of employes of the board of revision of taxes in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand the employes of the board of revision of taxes shall from and after July first one thousand nine hundred fifteen receive the following annual salaries chief clerk two thousand five hundred dollars ($2500) assistant chief clerk two thousand dollars ($2000) registation clerk two thousand dollars ($2000) allowance clerk one thousand eight hundred ($1800) division and locality clerk one thousand seven hundred ($1700) certificate clerk one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800) special clerk one thousand five hundred dollars ($1500) all other clerks one thousand five hundred dollars ($1500) each stenographer one thousand two hundred dollars ($1200) doorkeeper nine hundred and sixty dollars ($960) janitors seven hundred and twenty dollars ($720) each

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts general local or special inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Staving,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,

Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1253, entitled:

An Act empowering the Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through the State Forests

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No 1226 (Senate Bill No. 538), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I have had no opportunity to examine this bill with care, but it does seem to me it is a dangerous bill. It provides that wherever there is a population of 40,000 Italians, Yiddish or German, in any one of those cases you have got to advertise any sale or any court advertising in all of those languages,—Yiddish, Italian and German and English. It does seem to me it would inflict upon our people an enormous lot of costs and unnecessarily so. It does seem to me that the way to correct that would be to teach these people the English language rather than advertise in all these papers. In other words if we want to make a sale of some real estate, it may be there are no Italians interested in any way whatever, yet this bill would require the advertising of that sale in the Italian and Yiddish language. That surely would be a great hardship. It does seem to me that this is not a good bill.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides that advertising of a legal nature shall be put in the Yiddish and Italian newspapers in counties having a population of over forty thousand of such Yiddish and Italian-speaking people The district that I come from, and its surrounding territory is very largely populated by a great many foreigners, who speak these languages. We are attempting to educate them and we believe if these constitutional amendments and other legal advertisements are printed in these foreign languages, it will go far toward making these people better American citizens and I ask the House and my friends in particular, to vote for this bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—173.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones. E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Stern,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—12.

Campbell, J. O.,
Cromer,
Erdman,
Herman,
Jack,
Lauler,
Mangan,
Reel,
Robertson,
Spencer,
Stone,
Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded tō the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 412, as follows:

An Act establishing and regulating the Department of State Police and fixing its powers and duties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repesentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Generaly Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of State Police is hereby established The head of the department shall be the Superindendent of State Police who shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate He shall serve for a term of four years from the date of his appointment He shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars ($4,000) per annum to be paid quarterly He shall give bond to the Commonwealth for the faithful performance of his duties in the sum of twenty thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the Governor

Section 2 The Superintendent shall appoint a deputy superintendent at a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum one chief clerk who shall also be a storekeeper at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars per annum and one stenographer at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum

Section 3 The superintendent shall appoint the State police force which shall consist of four troops each consisting of a captain at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum a lieutenant at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum a first sergeant at a salary of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum four ser geants each at a salary of eleven hundred dollars ($1,100) per annum eight corporals each at a salary of nine hundred and fifty dollars ($950) per annum one blacksmith with rank of corporal at a salary of nine hundred and fifty dollars ($950) per annum and seventy privates each at a sal ary of nine hundred dollars per annum

Section 4 The members of the State police force shall be enlisted for a period of two years Each member of the State police force shall receive an increase in pay of five dollars ($5.00) per month during a second continuous enlistment and an additional increase in pay of five dollars ($5.00) per month during a third continuous enlistment

Section 5 No applicant shall be appointed to the State police force until he has satisfactorily passed a physical and mental examination based upon the standard provided by the rules and regulations of the police force of the cities of the first class Each applicant must be a citizen of the United States and of sound constitution able to ride of good moral character and between the ages of twenty-one and forty years

Section 6 The superintendent shall provide for the members of the police force suitable uniforms arms equipments and where it is deemed necessary horses He shall make such rules and regulations subject to the approval of the Governor as are deemed necessary for the control and regulation of the police force The superintendent shall establish local headquarters in various places For that purpose he is hereby authorized to do so by lease or otherwise so as best to distribute the force throughout the various sections of the Commonwealth where they will be most efficient in carrying out the purposes of this act to preserve the peace and to prevent crime

Section 7 The members of the State police force are hereby authorized and empowered to make arrests without warrant for all violations of the law which they may witness and to serve and execute warrants issued by the proper local authorities They are also authorized and empowered to act as forest fire game and fish wardens They shall have in general the powers and prerogatives conferred by law upon members of the police force of cities of the first class or upon constables of the Commonwealth

The State police force shall wherever possible co-operate with the local authorities in detecting crime and apprehending criminals and preserving the law and order throughout the State

Section 8 The board of commissioners of public grounds and buildings shall provide the department with suitable offices in the State Capitol or elsewhere and shall on requisition of the superintendent furnish the department with all furniture fixtures books supplies et cetera that may be needed in conducting the affairs of the department

Section 9 The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the department shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the superintendent

Section 10 The act approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred five entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith" and the act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof together with officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith' approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police also the salaries of the officers and men of the State police" are specifically repealed

Section 11 The provisions of this act so far as they are the same as existing laws are intended as a continuation of such laws All officers members of the State police force and employes of the department holding office or employed prior to the passage of this act shall continue to do so until their commission period of enlistment or term of employment shall respectively expire The provisions regarding increase in pay to members of the State police force for continuous enlistment shall apply to all who enlisted in the force prior to the passage of this act and who at the expiration of their term of service again enlist for a second or third continuous enlistment under the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, this is the Constabulary bill in pretty much the same form that it was before us two years ago when it was defeated. The bill provides for an increase of salary for the captain and an increase in the force. At the present time Captain Groome's salary is three thousand dollars a year. The bill now, as amended, provides that his salary be increased to four thousand. That surely is not a very large salary if we got service for it, but it may be news to some of you to know that the captain of the State Constabulary, the head of the department, is not like the head of other departments you see here in the Capitol.

Any other head of a department puts in a certain number of hours every day here on the job; but not so with the head of the department of State police. It is seldom he is ever here, very seldom that he ever comes to the Capitol. It is seldom that he is ever anywhere on the kind of work that he is being paid for. The captain of the State Police, —the head of the State Police is, as some of you may know, a business man of Philadelphia. Mr. Groome is in the wholesale liquor business, and he is not giving his entire time, as some of you may think, to this office as head of the State Police. I therefore think that since Superintendent Lumb does the work, and Mr. Groome is merely a figurehead, I really think he is getting plenty to have his name at the head of the State Police and believe it would be wrong to increase his salary, as this bill provides, at a thousand dollars a year more.

The next feature of the bill is that we increase the department by adding one hundred and sixteen more men to it. This, my friends, is a mistake. I can hardly understand what use we have for one hundred and sixteen more State policemen. The present force, as now constituted, costs the State three hundred and thirty thousand dollars a year. If this bill passes it means an added burden of close on to two hundred thousand dollars a year more. It means that the State Police will cost the State over a half million dollars a year. And now, gentlemen, in the face of the fact that the State revenues are falling off, and the Appropriation Committee, and the Committee on Ways and Means are trying to find how to make the funds at hand reach to meet more worthy cases,—the appropriations for deserving institutions must be cut down,—and then to bring a bill in here asking that a special appropriation of nearly two hundred thousand dollars be granted for something that we do not need, I think, indeed, it would be a great mistake if we should vote for this extra burden.

I want to remind you of the fact that about five weeks ago we passed here in the House a bill that allows the District Attorney to appoint four special detectives in their counties. That bill passed this House and that means this: that where the county feels it has not got the proper police protection, the bill that was passed here will allow the District Attorney to appoint four special detectives beyond what he is allowed to appoint now to give you police protection in the county where you live. That bill passed, therefore, why do we need an increase in the Constabularly now. I can see no earthly use for it.

Two years ago the bill was not passed because the members of the House at that time could see no excuse for increasing the Constabulary. It has been costumary, gentlemen, for the chief of the department of police to make a statement or report to the Governor every two years. We have got these reports for the past ten years. This report was always laid on our desks. This year, however, there was no such report, at least none that I could find. Yesterday I sent up to the Department of

State Police and asked for the latest report, as submitted to the Governor, and this is the report they gave me—this is a report for 1912. This is the latest. Now, why does this Department fail to make a report this year. Why, it is obvious, gentlemen, the report would be of such a nature that the members of the House would refuse to act favorably upon the bill which is before you tonight. The report would evidently show they have been doing less in the last two years than what they had in the two years previous. Therefore, gentlemen, I ask you, to not give us this increase in the Constabulary.

I have many other reasons but I shall not take up your time because I believe most of you have read my book that I have sent you and I believe you understand my views in accordance as I express them in that book. However, I might mention that Captain Groome's report of the book in answer to my question which some of you may have read, perhaps, all of you was based upon this one point: That the District Attorney need these police. I wish again to remind you that you have just five weeks ago given the district attorneys the right to have their own detectives in their own counties. Therefore there will be no further excuse for the district attorneys drawing on the State Constabulary for extra detective work in those counties. Besides that question some of the people living in the rural districts would like to have those police; I mean those living in small towns. In our own county we have a town by the name of Hamburg which is quite a large place. They don't have a local policeman there but they want the State Police there. Why? Because they get the State Police for nothing and have the pay the local police and, therefore, they say that the State Police is a splendid thing. Just last week one of the State Police on duty at Hamburg was taken before our local county court and found guilty for false arrest and fined fifty dollars. He locked up a boy in the station house for twenty-four hours for no crime. In spite of the fact that this boy's relatives appeared, this boy's father a farmer there and a wealthy farmer was there and offered bail in any amount. His relatives could have offered a hundred thousand dollars bail to have this boy released. The boy was timid and he was scared and was locked up in the station house over night. The women folks at home were excited and the whole town of Hamburg was aroused by the action of the State Officer having put him in without a warrant. There was no redress in the case and he refused to liberate the boy and he was kept there until the next day late when they got him out. The court, Judge Wagner, heard the case and found the officer guilty for arresting without warrant and accused him of making a false arrest. This is one of the many cases that have passed. I could keep this up all night, Gentlemen, and show you that the Department has been partial in its conduct. I disapproved of that and I offered my grievance to Governor Tener and gave my reason and Governor Tener listened to the charges and said, "It cannot be; the State Police are not partial in their conduct toward our citizens." He said that I was wrong and that he was right. However, he ordered Secretary Lumb to go over to his office and there, in my presence, he said "Make the charges to Secretary Lumb just as you made them to me." I repeated the charges and then the Governor said, "Mr. Lumb, I want you to investigate these charges." Mr. Lumb and I went to Hazleton together and in the parlor of the Hotel there Mr. Lumb by order of the Governor conducted a hearing and investigated the charges as they were preferred by myself. There was present Mr. Thomas Kennedy, President of the District Mine Workers, and fifteen witnesses were heard. These witnesses were from among the best citizens of Hazleton and several other towns, and there were, besides the fifteen, thirty more witnesses waiting below to be heard. What were the charges that I preferred? The charges were that they were partial in their conduct in the strike situation at Hazleton. The further charges were that they were drunk and disorderly. And the charges were that they arrested men in Hazleton and railroaded them into Pottsville and Wilkes-Barre to have a trial when there were courts in Hazleton where they could have been tried. But the purpose was to railroad these men to jail, for they had committed no crime. That was the charge that the Constabulary acted in as detectives for the strike-breakers, and that they were employed by the Lehigh Traction Company. Every one of these charges were proven by the investigation, conducted by Secretary Lumb of the State Police. Each witness as he came into the room to testify did not know what the previous witness had said. We did not allow the witnesses to hear what was said and they did not see each other until after they had testified. Every witness was put under oath by a Notary Public. We proved these charges and to prove that they were considered seriously one of the men, Mr. Haney who was the chief offender for drunkenness, has since been relieved from the Department. At this investigation, conducted by the Department of the State Police by order of the Governor, Captain Groome referred to it and he would have you believe that the investigation was not a thorough investigation. But Secretary Lumb himself conducted the investigation and at this investigation one stenographer was taken from the Capitol—taken along down there and we also had a stenographer of our own and we had a verbatim report of the hearing and I have it in my possession, word for word, which any of you can see. I mention that to assure you that I have a reason for opposing this Department. It is not a personal grievance; it is one that means more than my personal feelings. In conclusion, let me say this; The greatest danger is the trend toward militarism. I tell you, gentlemen, it is not a good government that must hold its people down with a bayonet. We got along in this great Republic for a cenutry without a standing army.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, on a matter as important as this I think the speaker should have the undivided attention of the House.

The SPEAKER. The House will be in order.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, when the Constabularly was first created it was under a salary of forty dollars a month for each trooper, very cheap and consevative, but from that day on it commenced to grow and salaries increased here at each session and there were efforts to make it bigger and bigger and it has grown until to-day the troopers get nine hundred dollars a year and if this bill goes through it means five dollars a month more and it means that we may be allowing to grow upon us a military condition. Europe has paid its price for that. What a sad spectacle there is in Europe to-day. To-day they are paying the price and they are at each other's throats and already there has been an expense of eight billion dollars with six millions dead. Think of it. Are we going to foster such a spirit in this building. An official, not more than six weeks ago, said to me, "Maurer, I tell you what I believe; I believe it would be better than anything else if we now had a benevolent monarch." That is the talk we hear. I told him, "Who is going to be your benevolent monarch?" He said, "Well, we will have to find one." I said, "If you did find one and he died, what then? Then you might get a despot." But that is just what that thought means. The military and the man who controls the military rules the people. I, therefore, hope, Gentlemen, that you will vote this bill down to-night. There is no excuse for it. Why do we need more State Troopers? Now, Gentlemen, just tell me why do you need them? Is there any public demand for them? Positively, no. Is there one of you that feels that you are justified in increasing this Constabulary force? You say they are good in the rural districts. If this bill passes you know what the farmers could get. If this bill pass you will add 116 men to the force with which you mean to control the rural districts, and if you want to cover or control the rural districts you would have to cover 135 square miles. When you talk of giving the farmers police protection, why cannot you see how foolish that is? Where are the police? Are they among the farmers? No, they are in the industrial centers There is where they are and everyone of you know it. They are trying to make the farmers believe that they are going to profit by it. If the farmers were the ones to be profited by the State Police you would never had gotten them. They don't love the farmers enough for that. If they were intended for the farmers' benefit the constabulary force would never have been created. I have here the original act and I tell you why they were created. Here is the kernel. When they created this Department they promised the people that they were going to repeal the coal and iron police laws and the private detective law and here is what it says, and this is the act signed by Governor Pennypacker in 1905, "They are intended, as far as possible, to take the place of the police now appointed at the request of the various corporations" That is what they are here for. The bill itself tells you and there is no use talking about it. Don't give them 116 more men at our expense. That is all I have to say and I will rest my case with you in the hope that you will vote this bill down.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, really my friend from Berks blew hot and then blew cold so quickly that I scarcely knew where he was. First, he complained that there were too many and then that there were not enough. It reminds me though in his complaint of there being too many, of an argument that took place in Congress some twenty-five or thirty years ago when the same cry went up and down over this country bearing on the National Military forces. It was a political squabble just similar to what is going on here. My friend belongs to a political party whose platform is against organized society, against proper police protection. He belongs to a political faith and thinks that the people ought to practically do as they please and be without the police force and believes that it is a menace to the welfare of the community. That is all right, he enlarges on it of course and he has a right to. If I believed in that political faith, I would talk just like that. They just have a faith and the more they think of the faith, the more they think of something that will reinforce that faith. Now, my friend knows just as well as I do, that a wise government has to have a police force. As I said, his remarks remind me of an argument that took place down in Congress when they were complaining, or rather one political party was, they did not happen to be in power, about the military power of this government, and in answer another very eminent statesman, on the other side, to illustrate the insignificance, of the argument, said, "if we were to proportion to the State of Delaware her share, we would have one corporal and two ragged privates to march three abreast over the State of Delaware, dominating and tramping upon the interests of the people. Now, I have just figured out that there will just be one state police to each twenty-five thousand of the citizenship of the State of Pennsylvania. Now don't vote against this bill because you fear military dominance, and that this great and powerful military arm is going to take from the people their rights. I think that perhaps there are a number of new members in the House who have never looked into this question of our State police or have a knowledge of its history. This history began about ten years ago. It was in the minds of men who had given these subjects some consideration, that the expenses of frequently calling out the State Militia when disturbances occurred in the State of Pennsylvania was a very onerous burden on our people. Sometimes and naturally, the militia were untrained men. You do not have to go back very far in the history of the State of Pennsylvania. I well recollect the famous strike in Pittsburgh, when the militia was called out and when hundreds of lives were lost, likely unnecessarily destroyed because of the untrained condition of the military forces that were sent out there to quell this great disturbance. It was then thought that it would be wise for the State of Pennsylvania, after careful observation no doubt, of the way these matters were handled in older and foreign countries, to have what was konwn in Europe as a "constabulary," composed of men of large experience; men with steady nerves; men that were immured to danger; men that were trained to act on the moment so as to prevent the conflagration that might get beyond the local authorities, and require the great military arm of the State. It has not been long since we saw what occurred in the State of Illinois. The chapter has not yet been closed as to what occurred in the State of Nevada. The result of that, was there was a gentleman in the State of Pennsylvania, asked by the Governor if he would accept the position after the Legislature had passed the act creating this police department. He at first refused to accept the position, realizing that it was one that called for a skill and a training that no man in the United States had, based on experience, but the Governor insisted. He insisted, he being as well trained military man as was available in the State of Pennsylvania, so he finally accepted the position, and went to Europe. He studied the constabularly of Europe, Switzerland, Germany, France, and the English Empire, the Insular Empire, and he concluded that in Ireland was the best system of all that he saw. The result of that was that he came back, and he accepted the position of organizing and putting into active operation, the arm that is now known as the State Constabulary. Now, I do not believe that it is necessary for me to say to you gentlemen anything about this man's personal business. He became the head of the State Constabulary. My friend, no doubt, from misinformation leads you to believe that the gentleman at the head of this department, Major Groome, is now engaged in the wholesale liquor business in the city of Philadelphia, and that he is giving his time to the wholesale liquor business. I have no doubt that he had in his mind the sting that might be contained in that charge, which might, perhaps be used effectively on this legislative body. I want to say to you that it is true that Major Groome was a member of an old wine importing family, the Groomes in the City of Philadelphia. Major Groome has not now, nor has not had, for years in any way, charge of the active operation of that wine importing house, but is simply a partner in the business that was handed down from his family before. He is giving to his department, I will venture to say that I am speaking within the bounds of the absolute truth, more personal supervision of the department over which he presides, at least as much as the head of any department in the State of Pennsylvania. Imagine that in the ten years at the head of that department, dealing with the things that every man knows constitute it the most difficult position that a man can be called upon to perform, namely to ferret out crime; to stop in its inception disturbances. Why is it difficult? Because every criminal is shrewd and evasive, hard to lay your hands upon; because in the inception of a disturbance, the people are excited; men lose their minds; men do things that in their normal conditions they would not do. It is for that reason, that it requires a trained and skilled man to make due allowances for the condition of the minds of the masses that he is dealing with. In those ten years this department has made over 25,000 arrests for violations of the laws of the State of Pennsylvania; over 300 murderers have been arrested by this department; over 1,000 violations of the Game and Fish laws; 120 arrests for highway robbery; 284 arrests for robberies; 187 for rape; 477 for burglary; 569 for violations of liquor laws; 324 for conducting bawdy houses; 130 for receiving stolen goods; has secured and returned to the owners 59 horses, 36 vehicles and 17 automobiles; has prevented serious trouble for a decade of ten years, and that is a decade, through all of the various disturbances in the State and relieved the State of Pennsylvania from calling out the State militia. If we were to take the history as it presents itself to us in the past; the losses of the State of Pennsylvania, of the citizenship of the State of Pennsylvania, more especially the citizenship of the great City of Pittsburgh in the famous riot of the '70s, when the City of Pittsburgh was compelled to come down here or at least did come down here and ask for many millions of dollars from the State Treasury for the purpose of recompensing themselves for the losses that were incurred by that great riot. It is the only law that has been placed upon the statute books, I think I can say in the last fifty years, that has attracted the attention of the legislators of every State in this Union. It is the only law that has been placed on the statute books in the last fifty years that has been considered as much and has been as much copied after and that has been copied after by so many States in the Union. It is not surprising to me, nor do I believe is it surprising to you that those who are not in sympathy with our system of orderly government should complain because of one of the most efficient police propositions that has ever been introduced into the State of Pennsylvania. Notwithstanding the fact that in the various boroughs and various cities with the police as provided for by the local authorities, notwithstanding the fact that throughout all the rural districts we have a constabulary elected by the people, it is a fact that over 6,000 requests last year had to be refused by Major Groome, on account of demands made upon him by borough authorities, township authorities and city authorities throughout the State of Pennsylvania.

The Grange organizations of our State and the commercial organizations are asking and demanding the assistance of this arm of our State and why? The answer is given by looking at the history of ten years. When this proposition was first presented to the people of Pennsylvania they, without the knowledge, because being without the experience, feared that it was a waste of the State's money, but today from every quarter of our State the people are asking for the protection that this arm has given them because they have heard what it has done in neighboring communities and it has spread in the ten years until it has reached throughout the length and breadth of the four corners of our State. And let me say to you members of this House that the people of the State of Pennsylvania consider this one of the most economic laws that has ever been placed on the statute books and that the people of Pennsylvania are asking for this increase. This increase does not eminate from Major Groome. This increase eminates from the voice of the people of Pennsylvania. It is because he has been unable to fill one-half of the requests made to him by the people of Pennsylvania.

I do not believe that it is necessary for me to say a word more about this proposition. I do not believe that any man can rise here and show that this has not been a wise move upon the part of the State and that it is not a wise move to add to that force the additional one hundred and sixteen men that this bill asks for, and I believe that the House will support the bill as it is now presented.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman referred to the number of arrests made by the constabulary in the last ten years. I would like him to tell me of that number arrested how many were convicted.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, the only reason I gave you the number of arrests and did not take the trouble to go into the details of the number of convictions was to convince the House that this Superintendent and his force of men have not been asleep in a beer saloon down in the City of Philadelphia as the gentleman has tried to make the House believe.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I have been asked by one of the members of the House to relate a little incident that happened since I came to Harrisburg, in regard to the State Police. I want to say that on January—I lost the paper by the way—I think it was on January 20th or 22nd I received a letter from one of my constituents stating that his daughter had been taken away from home and he wanted me to go to the State Police and ask if they could locate her. I immediately took the letter down to the headquarters here in Harrisburg and asked them if they could locate this girl. They immediately got her description and got her picture printed and started on the hunt. This man also said that he had used all his means in trying to find his daughter and that he feared that she had become the victim of white slavery. As I said, I took up this matter with the Department and they secured a description and a picture and they told me each morning just what progress they were making. This man lived in Madeira, a town in Clearfield county and they traced the girl from there to Cambria county and found that she went to the postoffice and refused to lift the mail; and they traced her further on, and on the thirty-first day of January this State Constabulary brought that girl back to her parents to Madeira; and, of course, that gentleman could not get through thanking the Constabualry or me for what had been done for him.

That is one case to show the gentlemen that it is not only the efficiency of the State Police we are after to-night, but the one question I believe before us is the increase of the Constabualry and the increase of the salary. Now, Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I had a little occasion last week—we passed a bill through here asking an increase in the number of game wardens of the State and an increase of salary. This bill was taken to the Governor and I had occasion to call on the Governor in regard to this bill and he said that owing to present conditions in the State of Pennsylvania he thought it was wise to refuse any increase of salary along this line or any other line during this term. I think so far as the efficiency of the Constabulary is concerned that nobody can say anythig, but if the Governor is so inclined not to increase salaries I doubt whether it is wise for us to put this increase in number and salary up to the Governor when he has said in the veto of this bill last week that he was opposed to the increase of salaries. I thank you.

Mr. SULLIVAN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the very fact that I appear here to-night inadorned with my red vestment is sufficient proof that I did not intend to make a speech, but I could not sit here and see the attempt made to increase this damnable State Constabulary without raising my humble voice in protest against such action. The police authority, as I understand it, is invested in the judicial districts of the county and I do not think, although I am not learned in the law, I do not think that this legislation would be doing a justice to the people of the industrial sections of the Commonwealth, of which I have the honor of representing one of the districts, by passing this bill or increasing this State Constabulary. It was not my intention to rise, only to utter my humble protest against the increase of this constabulary and I would ask the members and my colleagues from Allegheny to vote down this measure.

Mr. WALTERS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it has been asserted with a great deal of vehemence that this force of State Police are of no use to the farmers. I am in a position to contradict that statement by the experience of our county which is largely agricultural and not industrial. A detachment of the State Police cleaned up a lawless district of that county very effectively. It reduced crime enormously. It protected property and restored order. Now, that is the record of the State Police in Franklin county. My constituents are in favor of this bill because they realize that a few more are needed. It is idle to talk about the oppression of the people because a body of a few hundred men cannot oppress the people. These State Police are under the authority of the executive officers of the Commonwealth. The Governor of the Commonwealth controls the State Police just as much as he is Commander-in-Chief, ex-officio, of the militia, and it seems to me that this body of men which has acquitted itself so well, so often under trying circumstances, ought to be supported by the members of this House.

The increases of salary are modest. Any man that can create and maintain and discipline a body of men such as Major Groome has made of these State Police is mighty cheap to the State of Pennsylvania at four thousand dollars a year.

Now, Mr. Speaker, any one who happened to visit the encampment at Gettysburg saw the usefulness of this excellent body of men. They were the admiration of all the veterans of the North and South in the courteous and kindly and efficient way in which they maintained order and handled that enormous crowd. They controlled at one time—there were between twenty-five hundred and three thousand automobiles at night and they passed them to their positions and they saw that they got out without a single accident. They conducted themselves admirable and they bring credit to the State and to all wherever they happen to appear. They are not a menace to any law-abiding citizens of the Commonwealth and I trust, Mr. Speaker, that this House will go on record as favoring this increase.

Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I think that most everything has been already said by the gentleman for and against this bill but I wish to be true by telling you that I stand for this bill and the reason for it. I have been in position for the last six years to ask for the State Police from this State for certain quarters. They have come and they have given to this State, to our country section where we called them, the most valiant service and never had any trouble. About eight years ago in my own city, where a riot, more or less, had occurred, we were asked by the sheriff of the county which I represent, for assistance. The State Police sent there the number required for the place and in less than two weeks the riot which was then looked upon to be very serious for the time, had ceased. I can tell you that the constituency which I represent in this part of my district are unanimously for the State Police. One hundred and sixteen men additional are asked for. Consider this when you take it from their statistics that they are unable to meet the request, because of the lack of men, from all who ask for them; and I do not wish to go further than this, more than to say this, gentlemen: When the State Board of Agriculture of Pennsylvania and the State Horticultural Society and the Agricultural Societies of the whole State, as far as I know, are for this bill, if you give them one hundred and sixteen men almost every county in this State can be given a permanent force in their district of from at least three to five men. It is a meritorious bill. We stand for law and order. The gentleman from Clearfield has given you a statement to-night and I tell you I think that they have done service in this State which is a credit to their body and we should support this bill.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I did not intend to discuss the merits of this bill because in 1911 I voiced my ideas and thoughts about the merits of this whole institution known as the State Constabulary. At that time I said that I thought this whole institution violated the very fundamental principles of our Constitution. As I understand, Mr Speaker, the Constitution of 1874, the Supreme police authority of this Commonwealth was vested in the various counties. As I understand the principle of the constitution of 1874 involved and it was established by a decision of a Judge from the county from which the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, comes, if a police officer of Philadelphia without a warrant from Delaware county court or Justice went into Delaware county and arrested a man, he could be convicted for assault and battery. And why, because the Constitution says that the various judicial districts of this Commonwealth within themselves are supreme, but it seems that the State Constabulary is higher than the Constitution.

I have no particular grievance against the State Constabulary I am perfectly willing that the Governor of this Commonwealth shall have at his beck and call a great body of police that can preserve peace and order for his personal needs, but I do protest and I do decry that in this democratic form of government, there shall be any kind of kings troopers, that shall go from place to place without anybody being asked the reason why. I think the State Constabulary is a relic of medieval days. They speak of the State Constabulary preserving law and order in argicultural communities. I have never known the farmer yet who did not go to bed with his doors barred, and his shotgun over the fire place, and he feared no man on earth, and the State Constabulary does not help him.

The gentleman from Delaware laughed, but he has surely been always in peace and order, because from the time that Noah's Ark came on land, he has been coming to this Legislature and no burglar or thief or evil doer has ever stopped him.

To me the idea of the State Constabulary is repulsive. I do not condone any physical violence against the peaceful citizen I think every man has the right, under the Bill of Rights, and our Constitution, to be absolutely secure in his person and in the possession of his property, and when my friend says that the State Police are copied after the various police of the Nations of Europe, he knows not whereof he speaks. The State Constabulary is copied after the Royal Constabulary of Ireland, a subjugated and a subjected nation, and Major Groome no more went to Switzerland than I have gone to Mars.

Now, gentlemen, the whole question is simple. There is no need for protracted discussion. The question is whether, in times of peace,—the Constitution of 1874 notwithstanding,—there shall be in this peaceful Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a body of police, subject to whom? Subject to the Governor, subject to the Governor's rule and the Governor's domination, and subject to their own conceit Why should they, without rhyme or reason, ride from my county to your county and displace all law and order. The State Police, I have heard it said, went into Westmoreland county and locked up and arrested and put in jail the deputy sheriffs appointed by the lawfully elected sheriff of Westmoreland county. Why? Because they have within their breasts the idea that they are subject to no law except their officers their Irish helmets and their Irish uniforms, and I want to tell you that they shall not prevail in Pennsylvania.

I would have no fear to-night to be transported to the very wilds of Centre county and if I should walk along the roads of Centre county, under the stars that shine to-night, I should feel that over me should be the protection of the great seal of Pennsylvania and of our great judicial system, and I would not want Captain Groome, or Captain Lumb, nor any of his lieutenants or constabulary to walk behid my back, because I believe that Pennsylvania is a democratic State, a State of peace, a State of law and order, and I want nobody of mounted men, with their Irish helmets and their great big colts to stand behind my back, because you, the Legislators of Pennsylvania, acting under the Constitution, give to me and to all men, the protection of law, a law as it should exist, not in monarchical Europe, but in democratic Pennsylvania.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I am perfectly willing to be interrogated now.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman to tell the House how many policemen there are in Philadelphia.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, there are about twenty-one hundred, I think, and I should know very well, because my father is one.

Mr. BALDWIN. Is it not a fact that the State Constabulary had to go in and assist, under conditions that arose there?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, that goes to show the force of mental telepathy I almost wished, I hoped, oh, it just rushed out of my brain, that my friend would ask that question. Mr. Speaker, I think it was in January, of 1910, there was a street car strike in Philadelphia. I think it had run about five or six weeks, and was absolutely under control, when the State Police were called in. I remember riding to a funeral and I saw some eight or ten State Police, fine, prim, handsome gentlemen, sitting on their horses as I rode to the cemetery, and I wondered what they were doing there, and I one time asked the Assistant Superintendent of Police why they called them in, "because," I said to him,—for I live there and I know,—why they called them in when the strike was over. I asked him—and you can ask the gentleman from the Nineteenth ward, he knows as well as I do,—I asked him didn't they think it was a disgrace to call into the great City of Brotherly Love the unconstitutional body of medieval cuirassiers. I asked him didn't they think it was a disgrace, when the strike was over, to bring them in and have them standing like so many beautiful equestrian statues, standing on the various corners of Kensington, and he said: "Well, yes, the strike was over, but we thought it a good thing to call them in for the effect they would have." And, Mr. Speaker, I think they did have a good effect. I think there were more students in the Museum of Art after they came, because they all looked so handsome sitting on their fine horses.

But, Mr. Speaker, I know that in my city, where I live, that whilst there was disorder for several weeks, the people soon got their minds, they soon came back to the idea that in Pennsylvania disorder cannot prevail. They came to the idea that law and order must always obtain. The State Police,—and I defy contradiction,—the State Police in Philadelphia did not make one arrest. Why were they brought into disgrace my city's police force and to do no material good?

Mr. Speaker, I say that the whole idea of the State Police is wrong. In communities where there is any disorder, there should,—and I hope my new Constitution shall provide the means in communities where there are any disorders, the county commissioners shall be imposed with an obligation of preserving law and order; but the State Police have no place in my Commonwealth, where we have above our seal Peace, Love and Liberty, and I hope that this House shall not take down in its throat the idea that in Pennsylvania the gunman runs rampant or that the burglar plys his trade without restraint, or that the lawless man is able to do as he pleases.

Now, Mr Speaker, the Constitution of 1874 and the laws that the Legislatures from that time down have passed, have given to me and mine an absolute feeling of security that in this Commonwealth law and order shall prevail and that the Constabulary, modeled after the Irish Constabulary has no place here. I ask, Mr. Speaker, with these remarks, that I know to be,—every statement I have made,—the truth, I hope the House will vote down this bill.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I am surprised at the lack of knowledge on the part of the gentleman from Philadelphia, of the conditions existing in the rural districts of the northern tier of Pennsylvania The farmers do not lock their doors at night, nor do they have the loaded shotgun over the mantel, and they need no further protection from the State Constabulary.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I agree most heartily with the remarks of the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr, Roney, in regard to the State Constabulary. I represent a district that I am proud to say needs no assistance from the State Constabulary to maintain law and order. I am sorry, sir, that my knowledge of the district represented by the gentleman from Tioga, who has just spoken, leads me to believe that they may need them I have heard reports from there which leads me to believe that lawlessness prevails. Be that as it may, I say to you that this State Constabulray is unamerican. I believe in home rule. I believe that every county should take care of its own conditions, both in regard to the maintenance of law and order and other affairs, and I, for one, believe that the State Constabulary of Pennsylvania is unnecessary.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, the question before the House is not the abolition of the State Constabulary. It is simply a bill providing for its increase. As I intend to vote "no" on this bill, I desire to make it plain that such a vote does not mean necessarily that the State Constabulary should be abolished, as the only question is at present in this bill, shall it be increased? There has not been one word set forth as to the need for any more constabulary police or one instance cited that there was even an occasion requiring any more to be called for that purpose. Therefore, the question resolves itself into the fact that there seems to be plenty and the only question is whether there should be any more, but that is not involved.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I simply would like to correct the gentleman about saying that we have enough. It has been stated that in the last year there were six thousand requests for State Police that we were unable to comply with.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, if there were six thousand requests that they were unable to comply with, this number and this bill providing an additional number is so totally inadequate that it would be inadequate to pass this bill. I don't believe that the question resolves iself down to the point for any more and don't believe that the question requires a yea vote.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, as you know I have stated repeatedly on the floor of the House that I am opposed to the creation of new positions and the increase of salaries and I have made up my mind by the remarks of the gentleman from Philadelphia and I will state that his remarks have won me over and I will say that this is not the first time that I have been won over by the gentleman from Philadelphia, and I think that the great City of Philadelphia should be proud of a man like Charley Roney.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I don't wish to take up much time in discussing this question as I think we are all tired of the discussion, but there is just one point that came to my mind as I listened to the various speakers. The one great argument that has been advanced in favor of the State Police is that they are efficient, but, Gentlemen, do you know that every tyrant is considered efficient. You take any tyrant, any judge or any other tyrant in whatever position and he is always considered efficient. (Laughter after). Now, the question is, as I see it, whether we are ready in this year of 1915 to surrender our system of civil government as it has been established here by the forefathers and substitute for it militiarism in this great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. We all know that our forefathers came across the ocean for two reasons, mainly: One was religious freedom, the other was to get away from the military tyrants and militarism of the continents of Europe. Go from Maine all the way to South Carolina, and you will find the same thing. Now, after having lived here, after having won the Revolution and having won their independence and having met in Philadelphia where they established your civil government, let us get away from militarism and the military idea of the European government. They wanted to get away from the oppression which they had been accustomed to on the other side of the water and they came here and they established a civil government and the question is whether we shall continue to live and defend these civil institutions that they have established here or whether we shall fall back into the old rut of several hundred years ago and say here in Pennsylvania that there shall be a military government. I say that this State Constabulary is our military government all the year around. It is a work that is going across on the other side of the ocean. It is un-american in principle; it is un-american in every instant and I say to you let us stand for the civil government which our forefathers have here established and let us vote down this attempt here to establish in Pennsylvania the militarism which our forefathers tried to escape when they came across the water.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, inasmuch as the discussion on this bill has resolved itself into a kind of old fashioned Methodist Revival, I want to say, Sir, that I want to lay my sins upon the altar and I hope every member of this House will follow me in my forward march in defeating this bill.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I try to avoid making misstatements before the House but in spite of all I will make a misstatement unintentionally. I stated a little while ago that the number of requests that we were not able to comply with numbered six thousand. In that I was mistaken. They were able to comply with only one-fourth of the number of requests that were made upon them. Now, Mr. Speaker, I am surprised to find men here losing their heads on this subject and getting so far away from the question. We are all disposed to magnify and distort the carrying thought with as much force as possible with that which we have in our mind. Everybody knows that there is no great military power going to be thrust down upon the citizenship of Pennsylvania. I think every member of this House knows very well that it has been indeed very rare when this force, as a body, have been called out in the last ten years. I don't know of a single instance where the whole body of two hundred men have been called out to suppress any disorder. The truth of the matter is, as you well know, that a great many sections of our State cannot afford and don't have what great cities have. They have no expert detective force to run down criminals. While the great cities can afford to have a great police force; they can also afford and do have a great detective force to follow beyond the borders of their own city criminals that have come in and done some wrong, violated some criminal law and fled the neighborhood. We know that our rural communities don't have that to a very large extent. The consequence is that when an offense is committed in a borough or tonwhsip that we don't have this efficient detective force that we have in a large city. It is that clsas of work almost alone that calls for this Department and that my friends have gotten excited over and have imagined that they have seen an army marching across the great State of Pennsylvania. I tell you a few months ago one corporal and two ragged privates in the political imagination of some man down at Washington was going to invade the State of Delaware. One soldier if they choose to call them soldiers for one community, is what it means if you pass this proposition as it is presented, will be provided for each twenty-five thousand of the citizenship of the great State of Pennsylvania. My friend from Philadelphia has become so excited over the subject that he believes that there is an army coming down over the State of Pennsylvania. They have pictured Europe in all her history of blood to convince you of that Don't get alarmed. Just get down on to hard ground and it simply means that here is a Department that but few say should be taken off or out of one of the functions of our State government. Why, my friend from Philadelphia became so alarmed that he thought the constitution was going to be destroyed and really I imagined the flames coming up and the old constitution going with it You know what this police force consists of. It consists of some citizens whom we call a constable and but few men can be impressed with the necessity of the office and they are persuaded to accept the election if they get it. In any part of our State and all through our State you know occasionally of offenses going on all the time as evidenced by the Department that knows what it is talking about and speaking from experience that it is only able to comply wtih one-fourth of the requests made by the citizenship in Pennsylvania. It is not a military proposition at all. I don't suppose that Major Groome cares one whit whether you add to his force 116 men or not. I as a citizen of Delaware county and I as a representative in part of my county am trying to persuade you and convince you as it cannot be denied by any man that the public does demand some additional detective force for the eight millions of people in the State of Pennsylvania. Gentlemen on the floor of this House that come from the great City of Pittsburgh or the great City of Philadelphia, why deny the rural part of this State the right to this detective force? When you analyze it it is so arranged in the law that created it that it can be used for other purposes when conditions arise and they do arise that it can go over in bodies of ten, fifty, one hundred, two hundred or three hundred if it may be that this bill shall pass, to aid in the restoring of order in rural communities. I dont believe that I can read the minds of men; I don't know whether I can read the minds of men, but I hope I can but I cannot see why you should lose yourself on this proposition. It is a force that two years out of three is never required at all to quell a riot or even an occasion that rises to the dignity of a local disturbance. I can tell you that I am sure that Major Groome dont care so far as he is concerned. He has given you the evidence and it is up to you to say what to do and it is not military despotism and every man in this House knows it is not; every sane man in this House knows, at least in a general way, that just what I tell you is a fact, and I do not think, yes I hope, you will not jar my confidence by not supporting this bill, because there is no evidence that it is not needed, but there is positive evidence that it is needed. And it is needed more as a detective force to ferret out dangerous criminals that flee the jurisdiction of community where a police force does not exist and you know it and I know it. Now it is up to you. I have no personal interest in the bill in the world; just vote according to your own judgment, but for gracious sake I want to get you back on the whole of it so that you will know what has really been said. We are not going to have military despotism. I do not believe there is one of you believe that the State of Pennsylvania desires to copy after monarchial Europe in perpetrating on the State of Pennsylvania militarism. The tendency of the world is to get away from it. The struggle and the slaughter that is now going on in Europe will, I hope, solve the problem of militarism. And now that the truth is laid before you, that there is a demand that has only been complied with to the extent of one out of four, for a detective shrewd and experienced. The great State of Pennsylvania ought to concede to this cry that comes up from among the people. Now if you do not agree with me vote against the bill, but I know that I am right in it, and I am satisfied that you are mistaken that it is a question of militarism in the State of Pennsylvania. It is needed; we all know it. Vote for it because the people ask for it, and not because Major Groome asks for it or because I ask for it.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—61.

Albee,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Body,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Cox,
Curry,
Drinkhouse,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gans,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauer.
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
McArdle.
McNichol,
Mellott,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Stern,
Vogdes,
Walter,
Wilson, W. H.,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—125.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Gormley,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Sones,
r,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 89.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

House Bill No. 767.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1098.

A supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act"

House Bill No. 248.

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

House Bill No. 249.

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana county

House Bill No. 253.

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses

House Bill No. 841.

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart

House Bill No. 1050.

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 1011.

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

House Bill No. 291.

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

House Bill No. 572.

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

House Bill No. 757.

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest and waiting rooms

House Bill No. 687.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporaed for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives or of fire bricks and refractories or of cheese butter or other dairy or creamery products

House Bill No. 196.

An Act poviding for the appointment and expenses of a Commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation

House Bill No. 70.

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

House Bill No. 867.

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 912.

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

Whereupon.

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 331 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. DUNN asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer the following concurrent resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved (if the Senate concur) that House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating the payment of such pensions

be re-called from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HERMAN, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1370, entitled:

An Act amending section 21 of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner: forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county, borough, city, incorporated town or township, establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles, providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom, providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act, prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed," approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, providing for waiver of summary trial and limiting time for bringing complaints and service of process.

Mr. KUHN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended. House Bill No. 1252, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to change the plans and specifications for buildings, grounds, plants, machinery and repairs of certain charitable and penal institutions, and requiring such buildings, grounds, plants, machinery and repairs to be constructed or made in accordance with such plans and specifications.

Mr. CROMER, from the Committee on Game, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1590, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers, the establishment, maintenance and protection of game preserves, feeding, propagation, purchase and distribution of game, leasing of land for game preserves, and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work.

Mr. GLENN, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1138, entitled:

An Act providing for the escheat of deposits of money, of property of another received for storage or safekeeping, the dividends profits debts and interest on debts of corporations companies banks trust companies insurance companies limited partnerships and partnership associations organized under the laws of this Commonwealth, except building and loans associations, and property held for the benefit of another by the same, and the profits accretions and interest on such property as well as interest thereon accrued, or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof.

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1241, entitled:

An Act amending section four of an act approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nominations of candidates of such political for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation."

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1088, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to revoke the certificate of authority of and refuse admission to companies or associations from any State which refuses to permit like companies or associations organized and operating under the laws of this State and to do a like business in said State and designating who may and who may not make examination of said companies or associations and providing who shall pay the expenses of examinations of such companies or associations.

Mr. LAUER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1043, entitled:

An Act to provide for the establishment and government of six correctional institutions to be known as the Pennsylvania State Farm of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Districts, respectively, providing for the care and confinement of prisoners therein, and the transfer of prisoners thereto, and making an appropriation.

Mr. ALBEE, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as amended, House Bill No. 797, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the employment of convicts and prisioners on the public highways.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1054, entitled:

An Act providing for the purchase of a tract of land to be used for the benefit of the Eastern Penitentiary regulating the operation of the tract and the duties of the secretary of Agriculture and the Commission of Forestry and making an appropriation.

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1030, entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of and titles to seated and unseated lands sold by county treasurers and county commissioners for the non-payment of taxes.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1084, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection of life and property by the examination and licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers steam engines and appliances connected therewith in cities of the second and third class of this Commonwealth, and providing penalties for violation," approved the fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and five with amendments thereto.

Mr. WOBENSMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1421, entitled:

An Act providing for the removal to and return from hospitals for the insane of persons committed to county jails or prisons and awaiting trial, charged with criminal offenses not amounting to felony, which persons are found to be insane and further providing for the payment of the expense of such removal and return, and for the cost of the maintenance and care of such persons in such hospitals.

Mr. STONE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1301, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act requiring bills and answers in equity to be sworn to; and abolishing the rule that the averments of a responsive answer must be overcome by the testimony of two witnesses or of one witness sustained by corroborating circumstances equivalent to the testimony of another witness in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree except in certain cases."

Mr. BAKER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1055, entitled:

An Act continuing the work of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation.

Mr. WEST, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1122, (Senate Bill No. 536), entitled:

An Act creating a division of Municipal Reference Statistics and information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein.

Mr. RINN, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1120 (Senate Bill No. 473), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Law one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the term of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen.

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, House Bill No. 493 (Senate Bill No. 93), entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions.

Mr. PHILLIPS, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 994 (Senate Bill No. 380), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties.

Mr. STONE, from the Committee on Public Buildings, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1581 (Senate Bill No. 652), entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same."

Mr. DAWSON, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1170 (Senate Bill No. 435), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public street and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

Mr. BAKER from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed House Bill No. 1528 (Senate Bill No. 754), entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson township Cambria county Pennsylvania.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER from the Committee on Public Buildings, reported with a negative recommendation House Bill No. 721, entitled:

An Act regulating the placing of insurance on hospital, penal institutions, sanitariums, schools, normal schools, colleges and universities supported wholly or partly by appropriation from the State.

Mr. KUHN from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported wtih a negative recommendation House Bill No. 1351, entitled:

An Act exempting free from the claims of all creditors the proceeds of certain life insurance and annuity contracts, bona fide taken out by any person not exceeding one hundred dollars per month.

Mr. SONES from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported with a negative recommendation House Bill No. 1296, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of submitting points to the court in jury trials in both civil and criminal cases.

Mr. RAMSEY from the Committee on Municipal Corporations reported with a negative recommendation House Bill No. 973 (Senate Bill No. 343), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Mr. LAULER from the Committee on Municipal Corporations reported with a negative recommendation House Bill No. 948 (Senate Bill No. 320), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

BILLS RE-REFERRED.

Mr. BROSIUS returned from the Committee on Game to which it had been inadvertently committed House Bill No. 1534 (Senate Bill No. 687), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishment for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid."

Which was referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

Mr. BROSIUS also returned from the Committee on Game to which it had been inadvertently committed House Bill No. 1521 (Senate Bill No. 283), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid."

Which was referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. ARON asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 1621.

An Act relating to auctioneers, their agents and employes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. STONE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 10:40 P. M.) the House adjourned to meet at 10:00 o'clock to-morrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1915. No. 46.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, April 21, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr Charles H. Kline) in the Chair

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this beautiful morning and for the rest of the night that has passed. We thank Thee for the visions and inspirations that are attendant upon our lives each day, and we pray Thee that we may so interpret them and so crystallize them in our own lives that we may bring about the largest results to ourselves personally and then to our fellowmen. We ask that Thy blessing may be with all of these Senators and with the President and with their families, and grant to guide us from day to day so that we may live to Thy glory, and ultimately we ask to be saved in the name of our Saviour. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. GERBERICH, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of Center United Presbyterian Church of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pa, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING REPEAL OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION LAW.

Mr. THOMPSON presented the petition of the Town Council of the Borough of Fallston, Beaver County, Pa., praying for the repeal of the Public Service Commission Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CATLIN from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 975 (House Bill No. 1198), entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five' by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population and increasing the salaries of the county commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum and increasing the salaries in counties having a population over fifty thousand and less than seventy-five thousand twelve hundred dollars but where the commissioners are directors of the poor then eighteen hundred dollars

Also from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 870 (House Bill No. 1008), entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification, and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class.

Also from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 826 (House Bill No. 760), entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof.

Also from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 977 (House Bill No. 1311), entitled:

An Act supplementing an act approved the 13th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors insofar as respects the assessment of State and county taxes" imposing certain duties on the board and on burgesses of boroughs township commissioners and supervisors and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury.

Mr. McNICHOL from the Committee on Elections re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 531, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences" in so far as it relates to judges of courts of record

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 998, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to cover the deficiency arising in carrying out the provisions of the Joint Resolution, approved the 24th day of March, 1911, creating the Mine Cave Commission and defining their duties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 999, entitled:

An Act supplementing an act entitled, "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State institution for the detention, care and treatment of inebriates, or persons habitually addicted to the use of alcoholic drink or intoxicating drugs, to be called the State Institution for Inebriates, and making an appropriation therefor," approved the 25th day of July, 1913, and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 430.

Mr. PATTON offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, April 21, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) that Senate Bill No. 430, entitled "An Act relative to the holding of Magistrate's Courts in cities of the first class," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 452.

Mr. CATLIN offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, April 21, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) that Senate Bill No. 452, entitled: A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RETURNED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 503, entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor-General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In section 3, in line 6, by inserting after the word "proper" the words "nor shall he approve the giving of any mortgage the amount whereof is in excess of fifty per centum of the fair market value of the property to be covered thereby"

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

Act Act to amend section one of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as said act now stands as heretofore amended by acts of Assembly approved on the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine Pamphlet Laws sixty-five the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred one Pamphlet Laws five hundred thirty-five the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred three Pamphlet Laws three hundred fifty-nine the third day of May one thousand nine hundred five Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-three the third day of May one thousand nine hundred nine Pamphlet Laws four hundred twenty and the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws one hundred twenty

having been just received from the printer is now being distributed on the desks of the Senators and will be passed for the present.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate resumed consideration of Senate Bill No. 454, as follows:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide for the violation of this act" approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by the act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any person who has been in the practice of osteopathy in this State for two continuous and consecutive years immediately prior to the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and who is the holder of a diploma granted unto him or her from a legally incorporated school or college of osteopathy shall be allowed to continue in such practice provided he or she shall have been registered prior to the date of the approval of this amendment by the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she practices as originally provided for in the section hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania" be and the same is hereby amended and made to read as follows

Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any registered osteopath who has been engaged in the practice of osteopathy in this State for eight continuous and consecutive years immediately prior to the approval of this act who shall exhibit his or her certificate of registration to the Secretary of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners within ninety days after the approval of this act together with a written application for license to practice osteopathy setting forth facts showing that the applicant is within the requirements of this proviso which shall be duly supported by affidavit and having successfully passed the same examinations before said board as were passed by those now licensed who were in practice in this State March nineteen one thousand nine hundred and nine including all members of the said board and who applied for license within ninety days of the passage of the act to which this is a supplement upon the payment by the applicant of the fee of fifty dollars the said Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall so examine and issue to such applicant within four months after the approval of this act a license to practice osteopathy in this State which license shall be subscribed by every member of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners and shall have a like effect for all purposes as a license issued after examination by the Board of Examiners and such licensee shall register in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice as required by section thirteen of the act hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Salus,
Semmens,
Snyder, C. A.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—14.

Beidleman,
DeWitt,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Miller,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), on final passage, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 709, on final passage, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three six and seven of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to operators train despatchers or other employes who by use of the telegraph or telephone dispatch reports transmit receive or deliver orders pertaining to or affecting train movements and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 35, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time.

On the question.

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1 in line 30 by striking out the word "revenues" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "revenue."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 155, entitled:

An Act defining and regulating boxing and wrestling contests

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—17.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Patton,
Salus,
Smith, W. W.,
Sones,
Thompson,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—20.

Clark,
Endsley.
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
Miller,
Mills,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 214, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale for agricultural purpose of crushed limestone gypsum and related products defining said products and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz.
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Mills,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 248 (House Bill No. 103) on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 255, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation" as relates to the sale or delivery of necessaries of life on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 344, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to promote and encourage manufacturing within the Commonwealth by exempting machinery therein from State and local taxation

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifteen entitled "An Act concerning divorces"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title in line 3 by inserting after the word "divorces" the words "as amended;" also section 1 in line 69 by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 602 (House Bill No. 547), entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 89, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors of any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

House Bill No. 767, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1098, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said board of osteopathic examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act

House Bill No. 1050, entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a pubilc school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 841, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart

House Bill No. 253, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the mine inspectors' examing boards and providing for their expenses

House Bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana county

House Bill No. 248, entitled:

An Act authorizing courts to make wards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

House Bill No. 912, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

House Bill No. 867, entitled:

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanatorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 70, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals, providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdeameanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts," approved the 25th day of July, 1913, so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities.

House Bill No. 196, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation

House Bill No. 687, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

House Bill No. 757, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms

House Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

House Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

House Bill No. 1011, entitled:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

Senate Bill No. 503, entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing for a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets and trays therefor and imposing penalties

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 2 in line 12 by striking out the word "expense" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "expenses."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 622 (House No. 623), entitled:

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases to employ special investigators and detectives and to employ persons to assist in apprehending and extraditing fugitives from justice and to determine the compensation of said witnesses investigators detectives and persons and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—22.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Thompson,
Warner,

NAYS—15.

Burke,
Daix,
Farley,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Moore,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Stewart,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 628, as follows:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' and punishing certain offences in regards to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballot and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violation thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections' approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three which reads as follows

"Section 14 When Presidential electors are to be voted for the names of candidates for Presidential electors shall be arranged in party groups as presented in the several certificates of party nomination and nomination papers and the groups shall be printed upon the ballot in order of the vote obtained in the State at the last Presidential election by the parties nominating beginning with the party which obtained the highest vote Provided That in the case of political parties not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election the order of arrangement shall be alphabetically

At the head of each group of candidates shall be printed the appropriate party name or political appellation together with the surnames of the candidates of such party for President and Vice-President underneath which shall be printed the names of the appropriate candidates for Presidential electors

At the right of the space containing the surnames of the candidates for President and Vice-President and their party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X) and at the right of the name of each candidate for Presidential elector there shall be a similar but smaller square

The names of candidates for all other shall in all cases be arranged under the title of the office for which they are candidates and be printed in the order of the votes obtained for the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating at the last Presidential election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote Provided That in the cases of parties not represented on the ballot at the last Presidential election the name of the nominees of such parties shall be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation At the right of the name of each nominee or candidate shall be printed the name or appellation of the political party presenting or nominating him and at the right of such party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark

Whenever any candidate shall receive more than one nomination for the same office his name shall be printed once and the names of each political party so nominating him shall be printed to the right of the name of such candidate arranged in the same order as candidates names are grouped that is to say in the order of the votes obtained by such party at the last preceding Presidential election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote If such candidate shall be nominated by any political party not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election the name of such parties shall follow the other names and be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or appellation At the right of every party name or political appellation shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion cross-mark

There shall be left at the end of the groups of candidates for Presidential electors and of the list of candidates for each different office (or under the title of the office itself for which an election is to be held in case there be no candidates legally nominated therefor) as many blank spaces as there are persons to be voted for for such office in which space the voter may insert the name of any person whose name is not printed on the ballot as a candidate for such office and such insertion shall count as a vote without the cross-mark as hereinafter mentioned

Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment or other question is submitted to the vote of the people such question shall be printed upon the ballot in brief form and followed by the words "yes" and "no" and if such question be submitted at an election of public officers it shall be printed after the list of candidates

The ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to designate his choice of candidates by a cross-mark (X) in a square of sufficient size at the right of the name of each candidate and inside the line enclosing the column and in like manner answers to questions submitted by similar marks in squares at the right of the word "yes" and "no" And on the ballot may be printed instructions how to mark and such words as will aid the voter to do this as "mark one" "mark two" and the like

Provided That a voter may designate his choice of an entire group of candidates for Presidential electors by one cross-mark (X) in a large square which shall be placed at the right of the name of the candidates for President and Vice-President at the head of such group and such mark shall be equivalent to a mark against every name in the group

Provided further That each voter may have the opportunity of designating his choice for all the candidates as nominated by one political party there shall be printed on the extreme left of the ballot and separate from the rest of the ballot by a space of at least one-half inch a list of the names of all the political parties or groups of nominees represented on such ballot and presenting candidates to be voted for at such election Such names shall be arranged in the order of the votes obtained at the last Presidential election by the candidate at the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating beginning with the party that received the highest vote cast Following the names of such political parties shall be the names of the parties or principles not presented on the ballot at the last Presidential election arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation A square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of cross-mark (X) shall be placed at the right of each party name or appellation Every mark within such square shall be equivalent to a mark against every name designated by that political appellation or party name including candidates nominated by more than one party or group of citizens

At the head of every ballot shall be printed the following instructions

To vote a straight party ticket mark a cross-mark in the square opposite the name of the party of your choice in the first column A cross-mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate" shall be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 14 When Presidential electors are to be voted for the names of candidates for Presidential electors shall be arranged in party groups as presented in the several certificates of party nomination and nomination papers and the groups shall be printed upon the ballot in the order of the vote obtained in the State at the last General election by the parties nominating beginning with the party which obtained the highest vote Provided That in the case of political parties not represented on the ballot in the last general election in the order of arrangement shall be alphabetically

At the head of each group of candidates shall be printed the appropriate party name or political appellation together with the surnames of the candidates of such party for President and Vice-President underneath which shall be printed the names of the appropriate candidates for Presidential electors

At the right of the space containing the surnames of the candidates for President and Vice-President and their party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X) and at the right of the name of each candidate for Presidential elector there shall be a similar but smallar square

The names of candidates for all other offices shall in all cases be arranged under the title of the office for which they are candidates and be printed in the order of the votes obtained for the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating at the last General election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote Provided That in the right of the name of each nominee or candidate shall be printed the name or appellation of the political party presenting or nominating him and at the right of such party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark

Whenever any candidate shall receive more than one nomination for the same office his name shall be printed once and the names of each political party so nominating him shall be printed to the right of the name of such candidate arranged in the same order as candidates names are grouped that is to say in the order of the votes obtained by such party at the last preceding general election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote If such candidate shall be nominated by any party not represented on the ballot in the last preceding general election the name of such parties shall follow the other names and be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or appellation At the right of every party name or political appellation shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark

There shall be left at the end of the groups of candidates for Presidential electors and of the list of candidates for each different office (or under the title of the office itself for which an election is to be held in case there be no candidates legally nominated therefor) as many blank spaces as there are persons to be voted for for such office in which space the voter may insert the name of any person whose name is not printed on the ballot as a candidate for such office and such insertion shall count as a vote without the cross-mark as hereinafter mentioned

Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment or other question is submitted to the vote of the people such question shall be printed upon the ballot in brief form and followed by the words "yes" and "no" and if such question be submitted at an election of public officers it shall be printed after the list of candidates

The ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to designate his choice of candidates by a cross-mark (X) in a square of sufficient size at the right of the name of each candidate and inside the line enclosing the column and in like manner answers to questions submitted by similar marks in squares at the right of the words "yes" and "no" And on the ballot may be printed instructions how to mark and such words as will aid the voter to do this as "mark one" "mark two" and the like

Provided that a voter may designate his choice of an entire group of candidates for Presidential electors by one cross-mark (X) in a large square which shall be placed at the right of the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President at the head of such group and such mark shall be equivalent to a mark against every name in the group

Provided further That each voter may have the opportunity of designating his choice for all the candidates as nominated by one political party there shall be printed on the extreme left of the ballot and separated from the rest of the ballot by a space of at least one-half inch a list of the names of all the political parties or groups of nominees represented on such ballot and presenting candidates to be voted for at such election Such names shall be arranged in the order of the votes obtained at the last preceding general election by the candidate at the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating beginning with the party that received the highest vote cast Following the names of such political parties shall be the names of the parties or principles not presented on the ballot at the last preceding general election arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation A square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X) shall be placed at the right of each party name or appellation Every mark within such square shall be equivalent to a mark against every name designated by that political appellation or party name including candidates nominated by more than one party or group of citizens

At the head of every ballot shall be printed the following instructions

To vote a straight party ticket mark a cross (X) in the square opposite the name of the party of your choice in the first column A cross-mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, if the gentleman had referred this bill to Health and Sanitation I might possibly have considered the matter, but when it goes to Agriculture I cannot see why and for what purpose, because this is a bill pertaining to the fixing of the status of the different political parties as to their place on the ballot, and transferring that position by reason of the vote at the last general election instead of the last Presidential election, and it is merely a matter of a few words changed in the original bill, and I think this bill has been considered for the past two months both on the calendar and in committee, and that most of the Senators are familiar enough with it now to vote upon it intelligently.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading

It was agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—12.

DeWitt,
Farley,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 643, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tabor Home for Children at Doylestown Bucks county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 648 (House No. 517), entitled:

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—11.

Hilton,
Hindman,
Magee, C. J.,
Mills,
Moore,
Salus,
Smith, R. E.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 649 (House No. 680), entitled:

An Act relative to estates of decedents

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,

Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
McConnell.
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Kline.
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 650 (House No. 725), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Warner,
Kline.
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

Jenkins,
Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 671 (House Bill No. 870), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I ask if there is any Senator present that can explain the provisions of this bill.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, this bill provides for a penalty in the event of refusal of parents and guardians to answer questions in the enrollment of school children. It is a very good bill. The School Code now provides for the enrollment of school children but provides no penalty if parents or guardians refuse to answer the questions. This bill provides for a penalty of five dollars fine, and in default of payment of the same an imprisonment of five days for failure to answer these questions.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I think we ought to go very slow in passing bills like this, adding more penalties to people. There is enough trouble now. If you go into the magistrates' courts of Philadelphia you see poor women being sent down simply because they cannot raise four dollars to pay a fine. I think it is getting worse and more of it. I think we ought to be very careful about passing this kind of a bill.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, we all know that in the enumeration of census if there would be no penalty the census enumerators could not get answers to the questions required in obtaining the cenus every ten years, and this is a similar provisio in the enrollment of school children to get their age, whether they are employed, etc. There is much trouble to get the required answers and the penalty is very light, five dollars fine or five days imprisonment, and it is simply an act to make effective the enrollment of school children.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, there are a great many poor people in this world to whom five dollars is a whole lot. The gentleman says that it is a light penalty, but I tell you that it is a pretty serious penalty to a great many people. Many people when the census enumerator, or a man running around nosing into people's business come to these people and try to get answers from them, they do not know—a lot of them are foreigners and do not understand. They do not want to give information. They are afraid, and the result is that they are hauled up before a magistrate and fined five dollars and costs, and they go to jail, many of them, simply because they do not have the money. These are very serious bills, and I do not think they should pass. The gentleman from Lehigh may find it very easy to pay five dollars fine if he does not answer the questions, but I guarantee there is many a poor devil in his county who cannot pay it, and would have to go to jail. I personally am going to vote against the bill.

Mr. GYGER. Mr. President, if the questions are properly answered there is no danger of any fine, and it is the duty of every parent and guardian to answer the questions that are asked them in regard to sending their children to school. I think this is a good bill and should pass. The fine is simply nominal, if there is no fine whatever it is hard to get them to answer the questions.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I want to add that this bill has the sanction of the school authorities of the State in helping the officers to do their work. It is a good bill and I think it ought to pass.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I would like to know in what sections of the State conditions have arisen that have brought about the introduction of this bill, if it is possible for any of the Senators to answer. In the city we represent, Philadelphia, we have a probation officer. We get in touch with every home that has a child attending the public school. There has been no complaint from the Board of Education appointed by the Court, and everything so far as our school district is concerned is running along without a complaint or remonstrance. As to the census enumeration, true there is a penalty attached to it, but in the selection of the enumerators for the census, the multitude of appointments, is practically taken from the neighborhood or territory in which these different people reside who are familiar with the people in that locality. This business of penalizing and placing restructions by imprisonment has reached, I think, its extreme limit, and the burden upon the parent who is desirous to see his children receive all the education possible. Personally, I do not think it should be for some indescretion not intentional hauled into the magistrate's court and subjected to the humiliation and disgrace, and fined for offenses of this character. It is too trivial a matter in my estimation and the question of attendance of children in school, the problem we are all solving to-day in every section of the State is how to provide the money to erect sufficient schools to house all the children that have no provisions made for them, and I trust the Senate will not at this time pass this bill.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—23.

DeWitt,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
Mills,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—17.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Homsher,
Lynch,
Martin,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Salus,
Sproul,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

EXPLANATION OF VOTE.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I just want to explain why I vote "aye." I am in full sympathy with what the Senator from Philadelphia has said—that we want as few restrictions upon the people as we can possibly have. It bears down upon them, up in our country districts where we appoint a truant officer, and I want to say to the Senators that in a few instances—just a few—that truant officer is prevented from doing his duty, and possibly this law will relieve him of trouble that he meets in trying to enforce the common school law.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 693, entitled:

An Act requiring products of crude petroleum and compounds containing the same to be so branded or marked as to indicate the kind and grade of such petroleum from which the same are derived or manufactured and providing penalties for a violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 705 (House No. 1009), entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. F.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 707 (House No. 961), entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 712, entitled:

An Act relating to the employment of teachers in certain branches of vocational education

be recommitted to the Committee on Education.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 713, entitled:

An Act relating to Public Evening schools in school districts of the second third and fourth classes

be recommitted to the Committee on Education.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 160, on final passage, on page 1 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as said act now stands as heretofore amended by acts of Assembly approved on the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine Pamphlet Laws sixty-five the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred one Pamphlet laws five hundred thirty-five the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred three Pamphlet Laws three hundred fifty-nine the third day of May one thousand nine hundred five Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-three the third day of May one thousand nine hundred nine Pamphlet Laws four hundred twenty and the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws one hundred twenty

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 160, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as said act now stands as heretofore amended by Acts of Assembly approved on the twentieth day of April eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-five) the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and fifty-nine) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and sixty-three) the third of May one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and twenty) and the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the antharcite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as said act now stands as hereto fore amended by acts of Assembly approved the twentieth day of April eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-five) the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and fifty-nine) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and sixty-three) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and twenty) and the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty) be and the same are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 That section one of article eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 1 It shall not be lawful neither shall it be permitted for any person or persons to act as mine foreman or assistant mine foreman of any coal mine or colliery unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate of qualification or service under this act be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 It shall not be lawful neither shall it be permitted for any person or persons to act as mine foreman or assistant mine foreman of any coal mine or colliery unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate of qualification or service under this act or unless in the judgment of the employer he is a person possessed of qualifications which make him equally competent to act in such position

Section 3 That section six of article eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 6 No mines shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman In case any mine is worked a longer period than thirty (30) days without such certified mine foreman the owner operator or superintendent thereof shall be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over the said thirty (30) days during which the said mine is operated" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 No mine shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman In case any mine is worked a longer period than thirty (30) days without a mine foreman the owner operator or superintendent thereof shall be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over the said thirty (30) days during which the said mine is operated

Section 4 That rule one of article twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Rule 1 The owner operator or superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to ensure the safety of the workmen in all cases whether provided for in this act or not and he shall place the underground workings thereof and all that is related to the same under the charge and daily supervision of a competent person who shall be called 'mine foreman'" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 1 The owner operator or superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to insure the safety of the workmen in all cases whether provided for in this act or not and shall have supervision direction and control of the mine foreman and all other mine employes

Section 5 That rule thirty-six of article twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Rule 36 A person who is not a practical miner shall not charge or fire a blast in the absence of an experienced miner unless he has given satisfactory evidence of his ability to do so with safety and has obtained permission from the mine foreman or person in charge" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 36 A person who is not a practical miner shall not charge or fire a blast in any antharcite coal mine in this Commonwealth in the absence of an experienced miner

Section 6 That section four of article thirteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 Due notice of an intended inquest to be held by the coroner shall be given by the coroner to the inspector and at any such inquest the inspector shall have the right to examine witnesses" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Due notice of an intended inquest to be held by the coroner shall be given by the coroner to the inspector and at any such inquest the mine inspector and any representative of a party in interest shall have the right to examine witnesses and read the law governing the case to the coroner's jury

Section 7 That section eight of article seventeen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 That for any injury to person or property occasioned by any violation of this act or any failure to comply with its provisions by any owner operator superintendent mine foreman or fire boss of any coal mine or colliery a right of action shall accrue to the party injured against said owner or operator for any direct damages he may have sustained thereby and in case of loss of life by reason of such neglect or failure aforesaid a right of action shall accrue to the widow and lineal heirs of the person whose life shall be lost for like recovery of damages for the injury they shall have sustained" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 The mine foreman assistant mine foreman fire-boss and any person placed in charge of the works or any part thereof shall be the agent of the owners and operators and such owners and operators shall employ them and discharge them at will

Section 8 That article eighteen of said act wihch reads as follows

"Article 18 In this act unless the context otherwise requires the term 'coal mine or colliery' includes every operation and work both under ground and above ground used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal

The term "workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually at work

The term "mine" includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings also all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and material connected with the same below the surface

The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal

The term "slope" means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

The term "breaker" means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal

The term "owners" and "operators" means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof The term "owner" does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease grant or license for the working or opening thereof or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof But any "contractor" for the working of a mine or colliery or any part or district thereof shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner

The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the owner general supervision of one or more mines or colliers" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Article 18 In this act unless the context otherwise requires the term 'coal mine or colliery" includes every operation and work both under ground and above ground used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal

The term "workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually at work

The term "mine" includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings also all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and material connected with the same below the surface

The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal

The term "slope" means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

The term "breaker" means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal

The term "owner" and "operator" means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof The term "owner" does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease grant or license for the working or operating thereof or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof But any "contractor" for the working of a mine or colliery or part or district thereof shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner

The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the owner general supervision of one or more mines or colliers

The term "miner" means the person who cuts or blasts coal or rock at the face of a gangway airway breast pillar or other working-place

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Lynch,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,

Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W W
Snyder, P. W.,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 714, as follows:

An Act to regulate the sale furnishing giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium morphine heroin codeine or any salts derivatives or compounds thereof and providing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person co-partnership association or corporation to sell furnish give away or administer any patent or proprietary medicine or other substance or preparation which contains opium or morphine or heroin or codeine or any of their salts or derivatives or compounds and which is advertised or recommended or intended as a remedy for administration to infants under three years of age

Provided That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the prescribing or administering of narcotics by physicians in the practice of their profession

Section 2 Any person co-partnership association or corporation violating any of the provisions of section one of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or such person or the members of such co-partnership or association or the officers or directors of such corporation shall undergo an imprisonment of not more than two years or both

Section 3 This act shall take effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, this bill is intended to protect the babies of the State from those soothing syrups and baby drops which contain opium or its derivatives, such as codeine, morphine, etc. It supplements the Federal Law, known as the Harrison act, the greatest piece of legislation for the suppression of the use of habit forming drugs ever placed on the statute books of this or any other country. Now the Harrison act permits a small amount of opium, codeine, morphine, etc. to the fluid ounce because they are highly beneficial in certain medicines and while the quantity of the narcotic to make habitues of adults, it is sufficient to stupify and injure babies and infants. The effect of these narcotics is to dilate the capillaries of the brain and continued use thickens the walls of these blood vessels thus stunting intellectual development. They also have a decided tendency to dwarf moral characteristics and have often been held responsible for poor physical development. The advertisements of these opium-laden soothing syrups are false and misleading. They claim to cure colic and other infant diseases while the truth is they only stupify the little babe, causing enforced sleep until the attack passes or proper remedies are applied.

This bill is endorsed by all reputable druggists, the State Pharmaceutical Association and the Philadelphia Association of Retail Druggists also endored it on April 9th. It is also endorsed by many well meaning but misguided parents who have realized only too late that their infant children were being injured. This bill is opposed by manufacturers of those harmful preparations who for financial gain are utterly indifferent to the baneful results of their helpless victims.

I cannot more clearly illustrate the strength of the simplest of these baby drugs than by calling the attention of this Senate to a comparison between the mildest of them and paregoric. Everybody knows what paregoric is. Now let me tell you how the mildest of these baby drops compares with paregoric in opium or morphine. Gentlemen of the Senate, these are intended for babies three days old, little, helpless infants, three days old. The directions tell the parents to give these drops to little babies like that. Now to bring it to your minds I want to read to you from careful calculations a comparison between the mildest of these and paregoric. In paregoric a baby one week old get one-six-hundredths of a grain of morphia. In the weakest of these syrups they get one-four hundredths of a grain or fifty per cent. more than paregoric contains. A baby six months old taking paregoric according to directions the baby gets one three hundredths of a grain, and in the mildest of these baby syrups a little baby gets one-sixty-fourth of a grain, four and one-half times as much, five hundred per cent. more. I want to say right here that these baby drops are given from the beginning, not only babies of three days and one week and one month, but I have known cases where they are given to babies over one year old. In taking paregoric according to directions, a baby get one-two hundred and fortieth of a grain, and in the mildest of these syrups a baby gets one-thirtieth of a grain, eight times as much, eight hundred per cent. stronger. I have in this package one preparation which contains one-third more morphia than the one I have referred to. I also have in this package a baby syrup that contains three grains of opium to the ounce. It is outlawed by the Harrison act, but they revised their formula and bring it down to three grains. Thus you will see some manufacturers are indifferent to the results of their medicines so that the baby syrup which they have made for these little infants was so strong that it even come under the effects of the Harrison act. Some have said that perhaps this would prevent the sale in stores of baby medicines for colic, diarrhoea, and so on. I reply that it will not, all of these —and these are only a few,—can be sold in every store. They do not contain opium or any derivative of opium. Four of these which I hold in my hand did at one time contain opium or derivatives of opium. They do not contain it now because two or three years ago there was propaganda waged in this country, and the manufacturers of four of the preparations took opium and morphia out of their preparations and they are now harmless as far as those narcotics are concerned. These are only a few of the remedies sold in stores and I mention this so you will not fear that the same remedies are still on sale, and I will say when they took morphia out they put in all those ingredients which were helpful for the diseases and ailments. It is said and was said that these baby syrups still are the same old formulae as they always were. It is not true. I know that one of these remedies has a death registered against it. I know another has four deaths registered against it, and another has one death registered against it. So strong were they before the people were aroused, before they changed their formulae, but they still contain too much of these narcotics. Anything that is given to an infant three days old should not contain any morphia, or opium of any kind. It is said that the passing of this bill will put some people out of business. I reply that it will not, because all of these were at one time made with narcotics. Now they are taken out and the sale goes on. These people all manufacture other things and if they will make their baby drops pure, the law is they can still sell them on the same level, one will not have an advantage over the other.

Another thing, Mr. President, this bill does not go into effect until January first, next, giving the manufacturers of these preparations ample time to change their labels and their formulae and no one will be at any loss on that account. I trust the Senate will pass this bill. I submit to you, gentlemen, that it is of great importance. No one can tell but what the use of these drugs, long continued, make young boys and young men long for some stimulant or narcotic, and I trust that you will vote aye on the passage of this bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I think we should consider seriously before we vote to place this bill upon the statute books. The Senator from Blair has referred to the Harrison bill passed in the United States Congress. The Harrison bill was passed for the benefit of what they term the "dope fiend" and in practice is a hardship upon every person who from necessity desires to have a prescription for different ailments containing any of those ingredients. It compels them to get on every occasion a prescription from a doctor, which incurs an additional expense of two or three dollars whatever the doctor's fee might be. Now as to these particular formulas referred to by the Senator, why should we stamp it specifically because we have not heard from our State Board of Physicians. It is merely a matter of what they call the drugs. Why should we particularize in any particular patent medicine, because in the rearing of children every man in this chamber knows that every person in the Commonwealth who is blessed with offspring are the most competent people to know what is the best thing for their child, because after all a large percentage, ninety-nine per cent of the parents, call in a proper and competent physician who properly prescribes for them, and if that prescription should contain some of the elements included in the objectionable features of this bill you would be able by reason of the provisions of this act to get it at the drug store. I think there is too much encumbrance placed upon the general public by such legislation as this, and it all tends to increase the necessary cost of living amongst the poorer class of people and that it one of the things that we should absolutely undertake to remedy for the next two or three years at least. I trust that this bill, if the Senator will consent, will go over until we have a more full realization of just what is contained in the provisions of it. I am frank to confess that outside of the statement made by the Senator that the provisions of this bill are not familiar to my mind.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I am not a physician, but is does occur to me, Mr. President, owing to the fact that the Harrison act has just been passed and went into effect on March first, and no doubt this phase of the act has been thoroughly discussed, and I think it would be wise at this time to let the law alone.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I will say that the babies and the ignorant mothers of the state do not have a fair chance. So insidious is the effect of these narcotized drugs that they steal on the victim like a thief in the night. They begin to give and they must continue to give. The little infant becomes an habitue. It cries for the baby drops and will not be satisfied and cannot sleep until it gets it. They start with three drops and some of them take as much as two teaspoonfuls. It does not increase the high cost of living because I know that these are very expensive when the babies become habitues. I want to read to you to show you how these baby drops get into the family. They send out agents, I know in one instance of a fatherly old man and in another of a motherly old lady who came through our section of the State and took the baby in their arms and said, "Does it cry?" and then said, "I have something here that I will give you for it. Try it." When they once try it, that settles it. Here is one of their advertisements: "This remedy has been sold strictly on its own merits as nine-tenths of the advertising done in its interest has been by the distribution of free sample bottles. It has been the aim of the proprietor of this remedy to give every mother of an infant an opportunity to try it free of charge." But if the mother knew what she was giving to her baby she would have thrown the free sample in the street. I have in my desk numerous letters from physicians and mothers. I will be glad to show any member of this Senate this correspondence, come and look at it. Take my word for it, and vote aye on this bill.

And the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—25.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Clark,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Miller,
Moore,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,

NAYS—15.

Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Salus,
Sones,
Wasbers,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 721 (House Bill No 153), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 722 (House No. 743), entitled:

An Act authorizing the orphans' court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Seuators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 761 (House Bill No. 336), on third reading, entitled:

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information fixing their compensation therefor and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 772 (House No. 955), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Phipps,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 781 (House No. 1048), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices" approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 782 (House Bill No. 1100), entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 802, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to payment of cost of tuition text books and school supplies in cases in which inmates of orphan asylums children's homes institutions and other similar institutions attend the public school

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 816, on final passage postponed for the present, on page 3 of today's calendar, entitled:

An Act regulating horse racing and the betting incidental thereto and providing for and regulating a State Racing Commission to carry out the purpose of this act

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 816, entitled:

An Act regulating horse racing and the betting incidental thereto and providing for and regulating a State Racing Commission to carry out the purpose of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—20.

Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Hackett,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Patton,
Salus,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—25.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Clark,
Endsley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Martin,
McConnell,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Warner,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 802, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to payment of cost of tuition text books and school supplies in cases in which inmates of orphan asylums children's homes institutions and other similar institutions attend the public school

on page seven of todays calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Education for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 805, on third reading, entitled:

An Act limiting the time within which to begin actions in trespass for malicious prosecution and false imprisonment to one year and conspiracy to three years after the injury complained of

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 819, entitled:

An Act authorizing Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer his wife citizens of Cambria county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 828 (House No. 910), entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 445.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536), on page 8 of yesterday's calendar, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I voted no.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 834 (House Bill No. 1105), entitled:

An Act authorizing Jennie Clay Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 835 (House No. 1108), entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 842, entitled:

An Act authorizing Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith. W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Repreesntatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 874 (House Bill No. 1192), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred and one by designating the counties of Cameron and Elk as the twenty-fifth district and attaching the county of Clinton to the fifty-fifth district

be recommitted to the Committee on Judicial Apportionment for further consideration.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 928, entitled:

An Act relating to the mayors of third class cities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—5.

McKee, W. S.
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 941, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to make the proviso to section thirteen of said act operative where two or more candidates for the office of judge of any court of record consisting of several judges are to be elected at one election

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, line 117, by striking out the word "apear" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "appear."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agred to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 953 (House No. 1180), entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Hackett,
Hoke,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—18.

Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.
Mills,
Moore,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Warner,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL from the Committee on Elections reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 858, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three, eight and sixteen of an act, entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record; providing for non-partisan nominations and elections of said offices; abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names of appellations at elections with respect to said officers; imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, county commissioners and election officers and clerks, and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof, and the punishment of certain offenses," approved the 24th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SENSENICH from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 931, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four, section one of article five and section nine of article twenty-four of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1911, permitting operators, managers and superintendents free selection of mine foremen, assistant mine foremen and fire bosses and placing mine employes under the supervision and control of the operator.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MARTIN from the Committee on Agriculture reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 480, entitled:

An Act to prevent fraud and deceit in the sale of fruits, vegetables, seeds, plants, scions and trees.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1000, entitled:

An Act authorizing electric light, heat and power corporations to purchase the securities of other corporations incorporated for the purchase of the supply, storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes, to guarantee the payment of the bonds of such corporations, to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporation, to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations and to operate the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1001, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "A Supplement to an act, entitled 'A Supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1874, further amending the twelfth section thereof so as to permit corporations organized thereunder, either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business, or for the supply of water, or for the manufacture or supplying of light, to purchase bonds or stock of other corporations of the same character, or to guarantee the payment of interest and principal of such bonds, or either principal or interest or to lease and operate corporate property,' approved the 26th day of June, A. D. 1895, correcting errors therein and validating all acts done in pursuance thereof," approved the 24th day of March, A. D. 1905, extending the same to corporations incorporated for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1002, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to provide at the expense of the county a telephone, typewriter and stenorgapher for the use of the county superintndent of schools.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SENSENICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1003, entitled:

An Act to further regulate and restrain the granting of license for the sale of vinous, spirituous, malt and brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by forbidding any Court of Quarter Sessions to issue license in any township, borough ward or city when a certain per centum of the voters therein petition against the issuance of said license.

Which was reported to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1004, entitled:

An Act relating to poultry; providing methods of improving the quality and establisment and regulating a Bureau of Poultry in the Department of Agriculture; defining its powers and duties and providing penalties for violation of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. FARLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1005, entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for the Branch Capitol Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), on final passage, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examinations condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections two five six seven and eight of an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council" which respectively read as follows

"Section 2 The Dental Council shall have power to grant licenses to practice dentistry in this Commonwealth to any person who may be duly qualified under the provisions of this act

Any person may present to the Dental Council a written application for a license to practice dentistry together with a fee of twenty-five dollars and with proof that he or she is not less than twenty-one years of age is of good moral character and has obtained a competent education together with a diploma conferring upon him or her the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery or other established dental degree from a reputable educational institution maintaining a three years' course in dentistry thereupon the Dental Council may authorize the examination of such person by the State Board of Dental Examiners

Upon receiving from the Board of Dental Examiners a report of the examination for license of any applicant who shall have been returned as having successfully passed said examination the Dental Council shall issue to the applicant a license to practice dentistry in the State of Pennsylvania Every license to practice dentistry issued pursuant to this act shall be subscribed by the officers of the Dental Council and by each dental examiner who reported the applicant as having successfully passed an examination such as is provided by this act and said license shall be sealed with the seal of the Dental Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be recorded in a book to be kept in the office of the Dental Council and the number of the book and page therein containing said record shall be noted upon said license

Upon the recommendation of the Board of Dental Examiners the Dental Council may also issue a license upon the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to any person who is of good moral character and who shall furnish proof that he or she has a license to practice dentistry granted by the Dental Council or other lawfully constituted authority of any other state or country where the preliminary and professional education required by law is equal to that provided by the laws of this Commonwealth

The Dental Council may also license any applicant who has been in the actual lawful practice of dentistry for not less than ten years upon the report of the Board of Dental Examiners that after due investigation or examination it finds his or her education and professional attainments and experience to be together fully equal to the requirements for license in this Commonwealth

Every license issued otherwise than as a result of a written examination shall state the grounds upon which it is granted

All fees provided by this act shall be payable to the Dental Council and the same shall be disbursed by the Dental Council in payment of the expenses of the Board of Dental Examiners Provided That any surplus unexpended at the end of any fiscal year shall be apportioned among the Dental Examiners in the proportion of the number of applicants for license respectively examined by each during said fiscal year

"Section 5 It shall be the duty of every person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth to display or cause to be displayed his or her name posted in a conspicuous place at or near the entrance to the office or place where he or she is practicing dentistry Any person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth within six months from the passage of this act shall cause his or her license to be registered in the office of the Prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county in which such person shall practice dentistry unless the same has already been registered in said county Any person who shall neglect to cause his or her license to be registered as herein provided shall be construed to be practicing dentistry without a license Provided This act shall not affect the right to any person to practice dentistry who is entitled to do so under the provisions of an act of assembly in force or who shall have conducted the actual practice of dentistry in this Commonwealth for five years continuously preceding the passage of this act

"Section 6 It shall be unlawful for any person to employ any person as an operator in dental surgery or practitioner in dentistry for hire or reward or to cause or permit any person to act as an operator in dental surgery or as a practitioner in dentistry for hire or reward who is not duly qualified and registered as a practitioner in dentistry as provided by law All persons shall be construed to be practicing dentistry who shall be the owner part owner partner shareholder operator manager assistant or in any other manner engaged in conducting any office or other place for the purpose of performing dental operations or treating extracting or filling human teeth or inserting artificial appliances or sets of artificial teeth for hire or reward Provided That this act shall not prohibit any licensed dentist having any person as assistant or attendant to perform any service other than extracting filling treating or operating upon human teeth or the taking of impressions for and the insertion of artificial appliances in the mouth

"Section 7 Nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit physicians or surgeons in the regular practice of their profession from extracting teeth for the relief of pain or making applications for such purpose or shall prevent bona fide students of dentistry in the regular course of their instruction from operating upon patients at clinics or under the immediate supervision and in the presence of their preceptor who is in lawful practice Provided That no fee salary or other reward for such operation shall be paid to or received by any student of dentistry either directly or indirectly under any circumstances And nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit the practice of dentistry within this Commonwealth by any practitioner who shall have been duly registered in accordance with the laws of this Commonwealth existing prior to the passage of this act

"Section 8 Any person who shall practice dentistry without being duly licensed or lawfully registered or who shall practice dentistry or induce any person to practice dentistry in violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500.00) or by imprisonment not exceeding six (6) months or by both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court

All fines recovered under this act from convictions resulting from information instituted at the instance of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society shall be paid to the said Society" are amended to read as follows

Section 2 The Dental Council shall have power to grant licenses to practice dentistry in this Commonwealth to any person who may be duly qualified under the provisions of this act

Any person may present to the Dental Council a written application for a license to practice dentistry together with a fee of twenty-five dollars and with proof that he or she is not less than twenty-one years of age is of good moral character and has obtained a competent education together with a diploma conferring upon him or her the degree of doctor of dental surgery or other established dental degree from a reputable educational institution maintaining a three years course in dentistry thereupon the Dental Council may authorize the examination of such person by the state board of dental examiners

Upon receiving from the board of dental examiners a report of the examination for license of any applicant who shall have been returned as having successfully passed said examination the Dental Council shall issue to the applicant a license to practice dentistry in the State of Pennsylvania Every license to practice dentistry issued pursuant to this act shall be subscribed by the officers of the Dental Council and by each dental examiner who reported the applicant as having successfully passed an examination such as is provided by this act and said license shall be sealed with the seal of the Dental Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be recorded in a book to be kept in the office of the Dental Council and the number of the book and page therein containing said record shall be noted upon said license

Upon the recommendation of the board of dental examiners the Dental Council may also issue a license upon the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to any person who is of good moral character and who shall furnish proof that he or she has a license to practice dentistry granted by the Dental Council or other lawfully constituted authority of any other state or country where the preliminary and professional education required by law is equal to that provided by the laws of this Commonwealth

The Dental Council may also license any applicant who has been in the actual lawful practice of dentistry for not less than ten years upon the report of the board of dental examiners that after due investigation or examination it finds his or her education and professional attainments and experience to be together fully equal to the requirements for license in this Commonwealth

The board of dental examiners shall keep a book of registration at the office of the board in which shall be registered the names and addresses of each person duly qualified under existing laws or who may hereafter become qualified to conduct the practice of dentistry in Pennsylvania

And it shall be the duty of all persons now qualified and engaged in the practice of dentistry or who shall hereafter be licensed by the Dental Council to engage in such practice in this Commonwealth to be registered with the said board of dental examiners as practitioners on or before the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen and thereafter to register with said board of dental examiners in like manner annually on or before the first day of January of each succeeding year The form and method of such registration shall be provided for by such board of dental examiners in such manner as will enable the said Dental Examining Board to carry into effect the purposes of this act

And the said board of dental examiners shall be entitled to demand for each annual registration and for the certificate hereinafter provided a fee not to exceed one dollar which sum shall accompany the application for such registration

Upon receiving a proper application for such registration accompanied by the fee above provided the said board of dental examiners shall issue its certificate of registration to the applicant for registration upon which shall be noted the number of the book and the page therein containing the record of such registration said certificate together with its renewals shall be good and sufficient evidence of registration under the provisions of this act

Any person who shall practice dentistry without having been registered in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions in the county where the offense shall have been committed shall pay a fine of not less than ten dollars and not more than one hundred dollars

Every license issued otherwise than as a result of a written examination shall state the grounds upon which it is granted

All fees collected by the Dental Council shall be disbursed by the Dental Council in payment of the expenses of the Board of Dental Examiners Provided That any surplus unexpended at the end of any fiscal year shall be apportioned among the Dental Examiners in the proportion of the number of applicants for license respectively examined by each during said fiscal year.

All fees for registration by this act shall be payable to the Board of Dental Examiners and the same shall be disbursed by the said board in payment of the expenses of registration Provided That any surplus unexpended at the end of any fiscal year shall be used for the enforcement of the provisions of this act

Section 5 It shall be the duty of every person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth to display or cause to be displayed his or her name in a conspicuous place at or near the entrance to the office or place where he or she is practicing dentistry and to keep his or her license and certificate of registration displayed in a conspicuous place where he or she practices in such manner as to be easily seen and read Any person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth within six months from the passage of this act shall cause his or her license to be registered in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county in which such person shall practice dentistry unless the same has already been registered in said county Any person who shall neglect to cause his or her license to be registered as herein provided shall be construed to be practicing dentistry without a license Provided This act shall not affect the right of any person to practice dentistry who is entitled to do so under the provisions of an act of Assembly in force or who shall have conducted the actual lawful practice of dentistry in this Commonwealth for five years continuously preceding the passage of this act

Section 6 It shall be unlawful for any person to employ any person as an operator in dental surgery or practitioner in dentistry or to cause or permit any person to act as an operator in dental surgery or as a practitioner in dentistry who is not duly qualified and registered as a practitioner in dentistry as provided by law A person shall be deemed to be engaged in the practice of dentistry within the meaning of this act who shall treat diseases or lesions of the human teeth or jaws or perform operations of any kind thereon or insert any artificial teeth fixtures or appliances for the restoration regulation or improvement of the dental organs or who is manager properietor or conductor of a place for performing dental operations or who for a fee salary or other reward paid or to be paid to himself or another person performs any of the before named dental operations or who uses the word dentist dental surgeon or other letters or titles in connection with his name which in any way represents him as being engaged in the practice of dentistry This act is not intended to prevent a bona fide student in regular attendance upon any dental college in this state from practicing dentistry under the direct supervision of one of his teachers in the regular infirmary of such college or a legal practitioner of another State making a clinical demonstration before any incorporated dental society for the purpose of instruction and without remuneration This act shall not prohibit physicians or surgeons in the regular practice of their profession from extracting teeth for the relief of pain or making applications for such purpose

Section 7 It shall be unlawful for any person to circulate or advertise fraudulent or misleading statements as to the skill of the operator the quality of the materials drugs or medicine used or methods practiced.

Section 8 Any person who shall practice dentistry without being duly licensed or who shall practice dentistry or induce any person to practice dentistry in violation of any of the provisions of this act not hereinbefore provided for shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding six months or both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court

All fines recovered under this act from convictions resulting from information instituted at the instance of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society shall be paid to the said society

After July first one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one the State Board of Dental Examiners shall require that candidates for license for the practice of dentistry in the State of Pennsylvania shall have been graduated from a dental school maintaining a course of study consisting of four annual sessions each in separate academic years and further When this provision shall become operative the State Board of Dental Examiners may examine prospective candidates for license to practice dentistry in the fundamental branches of the curriculum at the end of the second year of the four years' course

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—2.

Martin,
Thompson,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed he same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committees at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. THOMPSON from the Committee on Mines and Mining reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 890 (House Bill No. 575), entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the employment of persons in compressed air work.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 936, entitled:

An Act authoriizng township school districts which entirely surround a city or borough, to acquire, in such city or borough lands, and to erect thereon buildings for high school purposes, and exempting property so acquired from taxation by such city borough or school district thereof and authorizing such township school directors to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground for such high school purposes, and providing for the determination of damages done and suffered by the owners of the land by reason of the taking thereof for such high school purposes

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 972, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches, joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river, creek or rivulet, and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 836 (House Bill No. 1131) on second reading, on page 13 of today's calendar, entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 953.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 953 (House Bill No. 1180), entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction and erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building contains such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 6, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie County Anti-Tuberculosis Society located at Erie Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Erie County Anti-Tuberculosis Society located at Erie for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 49, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 126, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty-three thousand dollars ($63,000) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the payment of the salaries of secretary statistician port captain assistant port captain civil engineer vessel clerk stenographer harbor masters for Chester and Bristol and messenger and pay of captain engineer fireman deckhands and steward of the "M S Quay" and for the payment of the rent and care of the offices stationery telephone service subscription to Maritime Exchange books charts and official expenses of the commission and incidentals and for the cost of repairs maintenance supplies fuel insurance oil and equipment of steam tender "M S. Quay"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 204, as follows:

An Act to authorize the acquisition by purchase or condemnation of lands for a park and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the River Delaware and for the appointment of a commission to acquire said lands and erect such monument and making an appropriation for the purpose of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of perpetuating and preserving the cite on which the Continental Army under the command of General George Washington was assembled and from which they crossed the River Delaware on the night preceding the Battle of Trenton December twenty-five one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six the title to and ownership in the ground covering said site and the adjoining grounds not exceeding one hundred acres—the location and boundaries thereof to be fixed by the commissioners hereinafter provided for—shall be vested in the State of Pennsylvania to be laid out preserved and maintained forever as a public place or park by the name of Washington Crossing Park so that the same and monuments thereof may be maintained as nearly as possible in their original condition as a military camp and may be preserved for the enjoyment of the people of the State

Section 2 There is hereby constituted a commission to carry out the purposes of this act to be comprised of the Governor who shall be ex-officio president and ten citizens of the State to be appointed by the Governor for the term of five years and who shall constitute the commissioners of said park As often as a vacancy occurs either by expiration of term or otherwise the Governor may fill said vacancy either for another term of five years or for the unexpired term as the case may be Said commission shall organize within thirty days after the passage of this act and annually thereafter and may appoint a secretary and other officers but they shall not receive compensation for their services as commissioners

Section 3 The owners of the ground appropriated by the first section of this act for public purposes shall be paid for the same by the State of Pennsylvania according to the value which shall be ascertained by a jury of three disinterested free-holders to be appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the county in which said grounds lie upon the petition of the said commissioners and if the said commissioners shall delay petitioning as aforesaid for the period of sixty days after notice is given of their taking possession of said ground then said jury shall be appointed upon the petition of any person whose property shall be so taken Provided however That in any case the said commissioners may negotiate and agree with the owners of any part of said grounds as to the price thereof and said price shall be reported to the court of quarter sessions and if approved and confirmed by said court shall be binding on the State shall be paid for upon suitable conveyances being made therefor And provided further That whenever it shall be necessary to have recourse to a jury to assess the damages for any property to be taken as aforesaid the said jury shall proceed and their award shall be reviewed and enforced in the same manner as now provided by law in the taking of land for the opening of roads in said county and the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purchase or condemnation money of said lands and for the necessary expenses incident thereto

Section 4 The commissioners of the said park after they shall have secured possession of the said grounds shall adopt plans for the improvement preservation and maintenance thereof and shall have power to carry the same into execution and all moneys expended shall be under their supervision but no contracts shall be made for said improvement unless an appropriation therefor shall have been first made by the Legislature

Section 5 After the said premises shall have as aforesaid passed into the possession of the Commonwealth they may at any time or times hereafter be used as a camping ground for the National Guard of Pennsylvania Whenever the Governor acting as Commander-in-Chief shall direct said commissioners to open the grounds and park for the accommodation of the said guard or any portion thereof it shall be the duty of the commissioenrs to make all necessary arrangements for such camps to provide for sufficient water-supply and drainage and during such camps to relinquish to the commanding officer for the time being all police control over and through the said park and grounds

Section 6 Payment of money authorized herein shall be made on warrant of the Auditor General upon order of the chairman of the commission under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 640.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 640, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred nad thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Dewitt C. Smith to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Wellsboro, County of Tioga, until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice Otis H. Davis, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John Bright to be a Commissioner of Deeds for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with residence at Wildwood, N. J., for the term of five years from the date of confirmation.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

O. R. Cooke, Carnegie.
J. Donald Darragh, Pittsburgh.

BEAVER COUNTY.

James A. C. Ruffner, Jr., Woodlawn.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Miss Mabel Cook Gilbert, Hazleton.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. McNICHOL.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. McNICHOL.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 79.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 79, entitled "An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics, political movements or elections or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics, political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts and providing penalties for violation thereof."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RETURNING SENATE BILL NO. 79 TO THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. McNICHOL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 79, entitled "An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts and providing penalties for violation thereof," be returned to the Governor in the form in which it was originally presented to him.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 430.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 21, 1915.

Resolverd (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 430, entitled "An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class" be recalled from the Governor for purpose of amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 452.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 21, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 452, entitled "A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class, regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' " be recalled from the Governor for purpose of amendment.

HOUSE INSISTS UPON ITS AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 245.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives insists upon its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insist upon its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to the foregoing bill, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee), to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Patton, W. W. Smith and Farley be such committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 331.

He also laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 20, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 331, entitled "An Act requiring each county having a population of one million and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 121.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 121, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 538.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred one

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 104.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 104, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 416.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 416, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1012.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1049.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1049, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents"

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 298, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carlisle Hospital of Carlisle Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum seven thousand dollars ($7,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Carlisle Hospital located in the borough of Carlisle Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 363, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Topographic and Geologic Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the act of May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary annually for the term of two years is hereby specifically appropriated for the use of the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the act of May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing the Topographic and Geologic Survey Commission of Pennsylvania to establish and maintain a topographical and geological survey of the State fixing salaries providing for the printing and binding of the results of said survey and furnishing of supplies and stationery and making an appropriation therefor"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 367, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for its maintenance and support for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the erection and completion of burnt ward finishing Nurses' Home and furnishing and equipping same pathological laboratory drug-room and superiintendent's home furniture furnishings repairs and improvements of the above and providing the manner of payment of said appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighty-five thousand dollars ($85,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situated in the Township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes

For maintenance for two years begining June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen seventy thousand dollars ($70,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Said appropriation to be paid monthly on the warrant of the Auditor General on settlement made by him and the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn until the trustees of said institution shall have made under oath to the Auditor General a report containing specifically itemiezd statement of all expenditures for said maintenance during the previous month and the same is approved by him and the State Treasurer nor until the State Treasurer shall have sufficient funds in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay monthly installments due said institution

For improvements to grounds and sewer changing ward bath tubs and dispensary furnishing and equipping same five hundred dollars ($500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For burnt ward furnishing and equipping seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For finishing nurses' home and furnishing and equipping same three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For pathological laboratory and drug-room furnishing and equipping same one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary For superintendent's home building and equipping the same three thousand dollars ($3,00.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

This amount to be drawn from the State Treasury as may be required by said hospital on warrant drawn by the Auditor General and countersigned by the State Treasurer

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 378, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homoepathic State Hospital for the Insane at Allentown Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventy-two thousand one hundred sixty-one ($72,161.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane at Allentown Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following named purposes namely

For the purpose of improvements and repairs to farm buildings and completion of three unfinished barns the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For electric connection of farm buildings from main plant for power and lighting the sum of two thousand and ninety ($2,090) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For moving repairing and equipping with heat water and sewage two houses the sum of three thousand five hundred ($3,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase and placing of material for walks roads electric lighting of grounds trees et cetera the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the construction of a sewage line to connect with present system to provide for sewage disposal from nurses' home and employes' buildings and for additional growth of buildings in the future the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of engine and boiler room safe devices namely injectors for boilers everlating blow-off valves non-return boiler valves automatic safety engine stops automatic feeds for boiler supply automatic safety water-glass valves and hot water feed pump with governor for the sum of one thousand one hundred ($1,100) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the completion of reception building "V" now in process of erection furnishing steam water sewage electric and tunnel connections hydra-therapeutic and continuous bath equipment et cetera and furnishing and equipment of building the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the completion of nurses' home for men now in process of erection furnishing steam water sewage electric and tunnel connections and furnishing and equipment of building the sum of nine thousand six hundred and forty-nine ($9.649) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection and construction of a garage and repair shop for the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of two properties adjacent to hospital grounds for the housing of employes and known as "Shreck and Bregenzer" properties for the sum of six thousand ($6,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of paying premium on fire insurance policy or policies for the term of five years and due during the years one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and sixteen for the sum of thirteen thousand seven hundred and sixty-two ($13,762) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of one A C generating equipment including complete generator panel wire labor et cetera to provide lighting and power for reception building nurses' home building for tubercular patients isolation cottage employes' cottages farm houses and barns and for the additional growth of buildings in the future for the sum of three thousand sixty ($3,060) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 616, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the joint acquisition and maintenance by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges over the Delaware River

Whereas In an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the joint acquisition and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey of certain toll-bridges over the Delaware River and making an appropriation therefor" the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) was appropriated to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings of Pennsylvania to provide for the joint acquisition and maintenance by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll-bridges over the Delaware River and

Whereas Owing to lack of co-operation on the part of the State of New Jersey the said sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) was not expended but reverted to the Commonwealth therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred thouasnd dollars ($100,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically re-appropriated to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enable the said board to carry out the provisions of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the joint acquisition and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey of certain toll-bridges over the Delaware River and making an appropriation therefor"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 656, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand five hundred ($15,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the installation of one elevator the sum of twenty-five hundred ($2,500.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For furniture for sun-parlor the sum of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection and furnishing one (1) building for women for manufacturing purposes the sum of five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For gateway and fencing at entrance to grounds the sum of fifteen hundred ($1,500.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For renewal of six (6) inch water pipe three hundred (300) feet the sum of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection and equipment of pig-pens the sum of fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For grading and laying sidewalk on streets of city in front of hospital property two thousand (2,000) feet the sum of three thousand ($3,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 664, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Wernersville Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred twelve thousand eight hundred ($112,800) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Wernersville Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For extraordinary repairs eight thousand ($8,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the equipment of cold storage rooms two thousand ($2,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For installation of hot water system seven thousand ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of insurance premiums five thousand eight hundred ($5,800) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection and equipment of one additional ward building seventy-five thousand ($75,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection and equipment of a building for tuberculosis patients five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the construction and equipment of a dairy barn ten thousand ($10,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 678 (House Bill No. 913), entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideratioin of Senate Bill No. 688, as follows:

An Act to give exclusive jurisdiction to the municipal court of Philadelphia over all houses of detention established within the limits of the city of Philadelphia providing that the board of managers of the said houses of detention shall be appointed and removed by the president judge of the municipal court of Philadelphia and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter the municipal court of Philadelphia shall have exclusive jurisdiction over all houses of detention that are now or may hereafter be established within the limits of the city of Philadelphia and that the board of managers of the said house or houses of detention shall hereafter be appointed by the president judge of the municipal court of Philadelphia to the exclusion of any authority to appoint said board that may be now vested in the judges of the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace having jurisdiction in the said city

Section 2 The said board of managers shall have the same power and authority and shall serve for the same terms and be subject to the same supervision as now provided by law subject however to removal from office by the president judge of the municipal court of Philadelphia

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 792, as follows:

An Act providing for the care protection and maintenance of the brig Niagara Commodore Perry's Flag Ship at the Battle of Lake Erie and now the property of the State of Pennsylvania creating a commission to be The Niagara Commission and making an appropriation for such care protection and maintenance

Whereas The Brig Niagara to which Commodore Perry transferred his flag at the Battle of Lake Erie after the Brig Lawrence became dismantled was raised in one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State of Pennsylvania from the bottom of the bay at Erie where it had laid for nearly one hundred years and after being restored to its former condition and fitted out and equipped as it was at the time of the battle took a conspicuous part in the celebration held at the principal cities on the Great Lakes during the Centennial celebration of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and

Whereas After said celebration it was returned to the city of Erie where it now is in the care and custody of the Pennsylvania Perry's Victory Centennial Commission but without a proper berth or mooring place where it can be conveniently visited by the many people who desire to go on board and inspect this victorious and once formidable war ship of the American Navy and

Whereas The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania now owns among other real estate at Erie Pennsylvania the West Canal Basin which lies west of and adjoining State street at the harbor of Erie which basin with some dredging and additional dock facilities can be made a good mooring place for said brig Niagara making it when secured there very convenient of access for visitors and all persons desiring to see it or to go on board therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor of Pennsylvania is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint three persons who shall be and the same are hereby constituted a commission to be called the Niagara Commission whose duty it shall be to take charge of Commodore Perry's Flag-ship the Niagara now at Erie Pennsylvania have the custody and control of the same and make provision for its care protection and maintenance as herein or hereafter authorized

Section 2 That the sum of five thousand dollars be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated from any money in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated for the purpose of dredging a berth or mooring place for the said brig Niagara on the East side of the West Canal Basin in the Harbor at the city of Erie next to State street and extending southwardly along said East side of West Canal Basin from the water channel connecting the East Canal Basin with the said West Canal Basin and doing such other dredging in said canal basin as the welfare and convenience of said Brig Niagara may require in the opinion of said Niagara Commission and the further purpose of providing for the care protection and maintenance of said brig Niagara by employing a watchman therefor erecting a covering for its dacks and doing such other things as the proper preservation of said Flag-ship may require in the opinion of said Niagara Commission

Section 3 After appointment said Niagara Commission shall organize by the election of a president secretary and treasurer and all of the money hereby appropriated to be paid to said Niagara Commission on the warrant of the Auditor General upon requisitions of the president and treasurer of said commission and itemized for all expenditure thereof shall be filed with the Auditor General within a reasonable time thereafter

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 806, as follows:

An Act creating a department of municipal affairs and defining its powers and duties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a department of municipal affairs is hereby created the head of which shall be a director who shall be learned in the law The director shall be appointed by the Governor for a term of four years Vacancies in the office of director shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired term

Section 2 The director shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars and shall be allowed all expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of the duties of his office Before entering upon the duties of his office the director shall take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution

Section 3 The director may appoint a chief clerk at an annual salary not exceeding twenty-five hundred dollars one clerk at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars one person who shall be a stenographer and typewriter at an annual salary of one thousand dollars and a messenger at an annual salary of seven hundred dollars

Section 4 The department shall gather classify and make available statistical and other information from any source that may be helpful in improving methods of administration and government of the municipalities of Pennsylvania The department shall study the laws and ordinances governing municipalities in Pennsylvania and elsewhere and publish from time to time the result of such studies

Upon request from any city in Pennsylvania the department shall draft ordinances of a general nature It shall prepare standard forms for ordinances on matters common to the various classes of municipalities It shall recommend to the General Assembly such legislation as will be conducive to the better government of the municipalities of the Commonwealth and the welfare of its inhabitants and gather all available material bearing on municipal affairs and make the same available to the cities and educational institutions of the State

Section 5 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide for the department in the State Capitol building or elsewhere such office rooms and quarters as may be necessary in conducting the affairs of the department

Section 6 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall upon requisition of the director furnish to the department such books stationery furniture supplies et cetera as may be needed to conduct properly the affairs of the department

Section 7 The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the department or its proper preservation of the material therein shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the director

Section 8 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 825 (House Bill No. 628), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 827 (House Bill No. 795), entitled:

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 841, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers and providing penalties for the violation thereof

The first, second and third sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the word "inspector" is used in this act it shall mean either a boiler inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry or an inspector of a casualty company authorized to insure boilers in this Commonwealth and that wherever the word "pressure" is used it shall mean gauge pressure in pounds per square inch

Section 2 The Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall appoint and may at pleasure remove one Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection who shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars and in addition shall receive the expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his official duties which expenses shall be paid in the same manner as similar expenses of the other inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry are paid He shall under the direction of the mechanical engineer of the Department of Labor and Industry have charge of the inspection of steam boilers in this Commonwealth and perform such other duties as the Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall direct The Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall also appoint five boiler inspectors in the Division of Boiler Inspection each of whom shall provide himself with the necessary gauges pumps and other instruments for properly conducting the business of boiler inspecting The annual salary of each of these boiler inspectors shall be eighteen hundred dollars and in addition they shall receive the expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their official duties which expenses shall be paid in the same manner as similar expenses of the other inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 3 The owner or user of a boiler or boilers inspected by a boiler inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry shall pay to such inspector a fee of five dollars for each inspection of each boiler so inspected which fee shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry who shall pay the same into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 4 All steam boilers and their appurtenances except boilers under the jurisdiction of the United States Government boilers of automobile vehicles or trucks boilers of steam fire engines brought into the State for temporary use in times of emergency for the purpose of checking conflagration and boilers used solely for heating and operating under a gauge pressure not exceeding fifteen pounds per square inch and having a grate surface not exceeding four square feet shall be inspected by an inspector once each year Provided That nothing in this section shall refer to boilers in cities of the first second and third classes and in those counties for which special laws have been enacted for the inspection of steam boilers

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 4 in line 13 by inserting after the word "boilers" the words "and boilers in use in or in connection with coal mines."

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 5 Boilers used solely for heating purposes which are exempted from annual inspection as provided in section four of this act shall be inspected by an inspector as soon as practicable after the approval of this act and such boilers shall not thereafter be subject to inspection Such boilers installed after September one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen shall be inspected when installed and shall not be subject to further inspection The inspection provided for in this section shall include a hydrostatic test of the boiler at a gauge pressure of twenty-five pounds per square inch

Section 6 Boilers used solely for heating purposes which are exempt from annual inspection as provided for in section four of this act shall be equipped with safety valve which shall be locked and sealed by the inspector so that the pressure in the boiler cannot exceed fifteen pounds per square inch and with water gauge or water glass for determining the water level in the boiler with an accurate steam gauge and the necessary check and stop valves in the feed water and condensation pipes for the proper operation of the boiler

Section 7 The Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry shall adopt and may alter amend and repeal a code of boiler regulations which shall apply to all boilers in this Commonwealth and no person firm or corporation shall operate any boiler in this Commonwealth except as provided in this code of boiler regulations the Board shall further make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to adapt the requirements of this act in such a manner that their intent and purpose will be accomplished in a reasonable manner

Section 8 The Commissioner of Labor and Industry may from time to time divide the State into districts and may assign to such districts such boiler inspectors as may in his judgment appear expedient and may from time to time assign and transfer such inspectors from one district to another district and may transfer employes of the Department from other work to this Division and may transfer employes of this Division to other work as the conditions may in his opinion render such changes essential to the most economical and effective performance of the duties assigned to the Department

Section 9 Each boiler inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry shall carefully examine into the cause of all disasters and explosions occurring to boilers in the district to which he is assigned and shall fully and promptly report his findings to the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection.

Section 10 It shall be the duty of the inspector in making an inspection to enter each boiler that has a man-hole eleven inches by fifteen inches in size or larger He shall note carefully the material of which the boiler is constructed and if such material is corroded or pitted he shall have it drilled at the weakest point to determine its thickness and shall permit of the operation of the boiler only at such pressure as will conform to the rules contained in the code of boiler regulations as established by the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 11 If upon the inspection of any boiler the inspector finds that the boiler is in a safe working condition and that it complies in all respects to the provisions of the code of boiler regulations he shall issue to the owner or user thereof a certificate of inspection which certificate shall state the maximum pressure at which the boiler may be operated The certificate of inspection shall contain over the signature of the inspector the name of the owner or user the location the size and number of the boiler the date of inspection and a statement that such certificate shall apply for only one year from the date of inspection unless sooner withdrawn If such inspection is made by an inspector of a casualty company the certificate shall contain the name of the company All certificates of inspection shall contain such quotations from the statutes as may be deemed necessary by the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection The certificate of inspection shall be so placed as to be easily read in the boiler plant where the boiler is located except that the certificate of inspection of a portable boiler shall be kept on the premises and shall be exposed to view at all times

Section 12 If upon the inspection of any boiler the inspector finds that the boiler is not in a safe working condition or that it does not comply in all respects to the provisions of the code of boiler regulations he shall immediately notify the owner or user and the person in charge of the boiler and shall withdraw or withhold the certificate of inspection upon such boiler until the boiler and its fittings are made to conform with the code of boiler regulations and the owner or used of such boiler shall not operate the boiler or permit it to be operated until such certificate has been granted or restored

Section 13 Each boiler which has been inspected shall be numbered either by stamping the number on the boiler or by attaching a numbered metal tag by a seal or otherwise to the boiler or its fittings No person except an inspector shall deface or remove any such number or tag

Section 14 The owner or user of any stationary boiler herein required to be inspected who moves the same shall report to the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection the new location of said boiler and shall not operate the boiler until it shall be inspected in the new location The owner or user of any boiler herein required to be inspected shall immediately notify the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection in case any defect affecting the safety of the boiler is discovered

Section 15 Within three months after the approval of this act every person firm or corporation in this Commonwealth owning or operating any steam boiler or boilers which are herein required to be inspected shall notify the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection of the number type size and location of such boiler or boilers and if the boiler or boilers are insured and inspected by a causalty company the name of such company and thereafter whoever installs or intends to use any boiler other than those of which the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection has been notified shall notify the said Division in the manner provided for in this section before such boiler shall be operated

Section 16 Nothing in this act and no inspection or report of any inspector shall relieve the owner or user of a steam boiler of the duty of using due care himself in the inspection operation and repair of said boiler or of any liability for damages for his failure to inspect or repair or operate said boiler safely

Section 17 Whoever being the owner or operator of any steam boiler herein required to be inspected operates the same in violation of any provision of the law or of any provision of the code of boiler regulations adopted by the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry or without having the same inspected and a certificate issued therefor as provided in this act or who hinders or prevents a duly qualified inspector from entering any premises in or on which a steam boiler is situated for the purpose of inspection or who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars and not more than five hundred dollars or an imprisonment in the county jail for a term not less than ten days nor more than sixty days for each and every such violation

Section 18 All acts or parts of acts inconsitent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

Section 19 Each section of this act and every part thereof is hereby declared to be an independent section or part of a section If any section sentence clause or phrase of this act shall for any reason be held unconstitutional the validity of the remaining phrases clauses sentences and sections of this act shall not be affected thereby

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 881 (House Bill No. 1110), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 895 (House Bill No. 165), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 898 (House Bill No. 485), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill County Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 901 (House Bill No. 1061), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 905 (House Bill No. 123), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation of four hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 907 (House Bill No. 1137), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 908 (House Bill No. 1143), entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 912, as follows:

An Act providing for the construction maintenance and operation of main or trunk sanitary sewers and of sewerage disposal plants by the several counties of this Commonwealth making such main or trunk sewers and sewerage disposal plants county sewers and county disposal plants for the formation of sewer districts in the several counties of this Commonwealth the preparation of separate copies of the assessed value for county purposes of the taxable properties included in such sewer districts authorizing the taking of property for the construction of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and providing for the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in the constructing maintaining and operating of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and authorizing the levy of a tax upon said sewer districts to provide a fund for said purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the several counties of this Commonwealth shall have the power and they are hereby authorized whenever the commissioners or a majority of them shall by resolution duly adopted deem it expedient so to do and upon approval thereof by a grand jury and by the court of quarter sessions as hereinafter provided to construct and maintain main or trunk sanitary sewers and sewerage disposal plants under the provisions of this act and any such main or trunk sewers or disposal plants constructed under the provisions of this act shall forever thereafter be county sewers and disposal plants and the duty of maintaining operating and keeping the same in repair shall devolve upon the county and the expense thereof shall be paid by the county as hereinafter provided

Section 2 That the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth shall have authority within their respective counties to divide their several counties into sewerage districts or to decree that the said county shall form one or more sewerage districts having respect to the topography of the county and the course of natural drainage upon application of the county commissioners or upon petition of fifty freeholders resident in the locality for which a sewer district is prayed for and upon the presentation of such petition the court shall appoint three viewers one of whom shall be the county engineer to inquire into the propriety of granting the prayer of the petition whose duty shall be to investigate the same and make a plan or draft showing the boundaries of sewer districts formed and report at a date to be fixed by said court at which time or any subsequent time to which said return day may be extended by the court said report shall be filed and confirmed nisi by the court and notice of said filing and that exceptions may be filed to said report within thirty days after said confirmation nisi shall be published in one or more newspapers of the county as the court may designate once a week for four weeks and if exceptions be filed upon hearing thereof said court may modify or change said report or readjust the boundary lines thereof or refer the same back to the same or other viewers and if no sufficient cause be shown to the contrary said report shall be approved absolutely and said district or districts so formed shall comprise separate sewerage districts of said county

Section 3 Whenever the commissioners of any county of this Commonwealth shall resolve to construct any such main or trunk sewers or sewerage disposal plants in accordance with the provisions of this act they shall cause to be prepared surveys and plans of such main or trunk sewers or disposal plants showing the location termini size depth and type of construction of such sewer or sewers and the location size and type of construction of such disposal plants together with the properties and the names of the owners thereof through which said sewer or sewers extend or upon which the same abuts and the properties and names of the owners of the land upon which such disposal plants are to be located or upon which the same abuts together with an estimate of the cost and expense of the same and shall thereupon present such surveys plans and estimates or a copy thereof together with their petition to the court of quarter sessions of the county and upon filing thereof the court shall direct notice to be given of the same substantially describing the line of the proposed sewer or sewers and the location of the proposed disposal plants by publication at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in at least two newspapers of general circulation published in the county wherein said proposed sewers or disposal plants are to be made or constructed and of the time when said application will be laid before the grand jury and after publication as aforesaid the said court shall cause the said application to be laid before the grand jury when in session and if a majority of said grand jury after a full investigation of the matter by the grand jury shall approve of the same they shall certify their approval to the court whereupon the court shall fix such time for filing exceptions to said proceedings as the court shall deem proper and upon hearing thereof the said court may for a cause shown disallow said application but if no sufficient cause be shown to the contrary said application shall be approved and said court shall thereupon order that said sewers or sewerage disposal plants shall be made and constructed in accordance with the plans and surveys accompanying the said application and thereupon the location of such sewers and sewerage disposal plants shall remain absolute

Section 4 After such plans and specifications have been prepared by said county commissioners and before presentation thereof to the court or grand jury as provided for in section three of this act they shall be submitted to the State Department of Health and approval by said State Department of Health of the same shall be first had in accordance with the Act of Assembly of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of public health"

Section 5 For the purpose of making all necessary preliminary surveys in order to prepare such plans surveys and estimates the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth and the persons by them employed for such purposes shall and are hereby given the right to enter upon private or public property and designate by proper marks upon the gound the line or location of any sewer or disposal plant proposed to be made and constructed under and for the purpose authorized in this act

Section 6 When said application surveys and plans shall have been finally approved by such court and said sewer or disposal plant ordered to be constructed as aforesaid the said county commissioners or a majority of them shall endeavor to agree with the persons or parties interested in the properties affected thereby as to the damages if any sustianed or which seem likely to be sustained by reason of the taking injuring or destroying such property and upon agreement being made the said commissioners shall report the same to such court showing the amount of damages agreed to be paid and the names of the persons or parties to whom the same are payable and upon the approval thereof by such court the said damages shall be payable by said commissioners out of the moneys specifically raised for such purposes in the manner hereinafter provided

Section 7 In case the said commissioners or a majority of them and the parties interested in the land upon which such sewers or disposal plants shall or are to be made and constructed as aforesaid fail to agree upon the compensation to be made for the property so taken injured or destroyed by reason of such sewer or disposal plant then upon petition of such commissioners or a majority of them or any person or parties interested in said proposed sewer or disposal plant and whose property or land is affected thereby to a court of common pleas of said county the said court of common pleas shall appoint three disinterested viewers and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when said viewers shall meet upon the line of the proposed sewers or disposal plants and view the same and the properties affected thereby The said viewers shall give at least ten days' notice by publication in the newspapers aforesaid of the time and place of their first meeting and shall also give notice thereof by handbills posted in conspicuous places along the line or in the vicinity of the said sewers or disposal plants

Section 8 The said viewers having been sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire under the provisions of this act and having viewed the properties connected with and affected by the said proposed sewers or disposal plants shall hear all parties interested and their witnessses and having due regard to the advantages and disadvantages shall estimate and determine the damages if any for the property taken used or appropriated and to whom the same are payable they shall give at least ten days' notice thereof in the manner herein provided to all parties interested of the time and place when said viewers will meet and exhibit their report and hear any exceptions thereto after making whatever changes are deemed necessary and proper said viewers shall make report to the said court showing the damages if any allowed and file therewith a plan showing the properties acquired taken used and appropriated for the purposes aforesaid and the names of the persons or parties to whom such damages are payable The said viewers shall have the right to adjourn from day to day as may be found necessary and to administer oaths to all parties and witnesses appearing before them and desiring to be heard upon all matters connected with the construction maintenance and operation of such sewers or disposal plants

Section 9 All damages found awarded or sustained for or on account of the construction and operation of such sewers or disposal plants under the provisions of this act and all cost and expense thereafter incurred in repairing and maintaining the same shall be paid from the funds raised by taxation as hereinafter provided and authorized

Section 10 The viewers provided for in the foregoing sections may be appointed before or at any time after the entry taking appropriation or injury of any private property used and acquired in the construction of such sewers or disposal plants The cost of the said viewers and of court charges incurred including all advertising and notices shall be paid by the said county

Section 11 Upon the report of said viewers or a majority of them being filed in said court any party in interest may within thirty days thereafter file exceptions to the same and the court shall have the power to confirm said report or to modify change or otherwise correct and amend the same or refer the same back to the same or new viewers with like power as to their report or within thirty days after the filing of any report in court the county commissioners on behalf of the county or any party whose property is taken injured or destroyed may appeal therefrom and demand a trial by jury and any party so interested may within thirty days after final decree and confirmation of said report by said court have an appeal to the Supreme or Superior Court That said court of common pleas shall have power to order and direct what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings and make such orders as it may deem requisite in the premises For the purposes of this act it shall be lawful for the majority of said board of viewers to hear determien pass upon and report all matters in this act relating to said viewers but all said viewers shall act unless prevented by sickness or other unavoidable cause

Section 12 After said surveys and plans and the aforesaid application to the court of quarter session shall have been approved by the court and the said sewers or disposal plants as decreed by said court ordered to be made and constructed in accordance therewith the commissioners or a majority of them of the respective counties wherein the said sewers or disposal plants are made or to be made and constructed shall invite proposals for the making and constructing of the same by publication in at least two newspapers of general circulation published in said county or if no newspapers be published in said county then in a newspaper or newspapers published in the county adjoining once a week for four consecutive weeks fixing a time therein when such proposals will be opened and the contracts therefor awarded in addition to the notices so ordered to be given by publication there shall be posted in the office of the said commissioners of the respective counties like notice as those now given inviting proposals for the construction and repair of public roads and bridges the contract as aforesaid shall be awarded by the said county commissioners or a majority of them to the lowest responsible bidder No contract shall be awarded for any of said sewers or disposal plants until proper bonds shall be given for the faithful performance thereof by the person or persons to whom the same shall be awarded with proper security to be approved by said commissioners or a majority of them Any incorporated company doing business within any of said counties authorized by law to be surety for persons or corporations may be taken and accepted as surety upon the bonds herein required to be given

Section 13 Said commissioners shall have prepared plans and estimates as often as required for the repair and maintenance of all county sewers or disposal plants which may hereafter be constructed under the provisions of this act and become county sewers or disposal plants in their respective counties they shall invite proposals for the repairing and maintenance of such sewer or disposal plants or parts thereof in accordance with such plans and estimates and award the contract therefor in like manner as contracts for new sewers and disposal plants

Section 14 For the purpose of performing all necessary duties relating to the construction and repairs of county sewers and disposal plants herein authorized the said county commissioners or a majority of them of the several counties of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized to employ or appoint proper persons to prepare such surveys plans and estimates and do all necessary and proper work connected therewith and shall fix the compensation of all persons so employed

Section 15 The said commissioners or a majority of them of the several counties of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized to levy assess and collect an annual tax of not more than two mills upon the dollar upon all real and personal property within said county now or hereafter taxable for county purposes where the Court has decreed that the entire county shall form one sewer district for the purpose of acquiring and securing a fund from which to pay all costs damages and expenses required in the locating construction maintaining repairing and operating of such county sewers or disposal plants made or constructed under the provisions of this act and for taking using and enjoying of such land as may be necessary in constructing same and the money so raised shall not be used or expended for any other purpose than that named in this section Where one or more sewer districts has been formed by the Court under the provisions of this act in any county and the county does not comprise one entire sewer district and county sewers or disposal plants are constructed under the provisions of this act to accomodate a particular sewer district of said county the said commissioners or a majority of them of such counties are hereby authorized to have prepared separate copies of the assessed value for county purposes of the properties located within the sewer district wherein or for whose use such sewer or disposal plant has been constructed and to levy assess and collect an annual tax of not more than two mills upon the dollar upon all real and personal property within said sewer district now or hereafter taxable for county purposes for the purpose of acquiring and securing a fund from which to pay all costs damages and expenses required in the locating constructing maintaining and operating of such county sewer or disposal plant in or for the benefit of said sewer district and the money so raised shall not be used or expended for any other purpose than that named in this section and shall not be expended or used for any other sewer district All warrants for the payment of any portion of the money raised for the purposes aforesaid shall be issued by the said commissioners or a majority of them in the manner now provided by law in the several counties upon estimates which shall be made from time to time by the person charged with such duty and the amount and time within which the same shall be paid shall be fixed and determined in the contract made for the public work herein authorized

Section 16 Should any board of county commissioners in the exercise of the powers herein conferred deem it necessary or advisable to enter upon a highway or advisable to enter upon a highway or highways in any city borough or township for the purpose of constructing or maintaining any such main or trunk sewer or sewers or disposal plants the consent thereto of such city borough or township shall first be had and obtained

Section 17 All main or trunk sewers constructed under this act shall be of sufficient size and extent so that it shall not be burdensome upon any city borough or township which is wholly or partly within the sewer district in which said main or trunk sewer is constructed to connect its lateral sewers with said main or trunk sewer constructed under the provisions of this act and a copy of the notice provided for under Section 3 of this act shall be served upon the mayor burgess commissioners or supervisors of such city borough or township forming any part of such sewer district ten days before said application shall be laid before the grand jury and any such city borough or township shall have a right to be heard by said grand jury and to file exceptions to said proceedings and the approval of said application by the grand jury and by the court shall be a conclusive finding that the said main sewers proposed to be constructed under said proceeding are of sufficient size and extent so that the connection thereto by any such city borough or township will not be burdensome upon said city borough or township

Section 18 After the construction of such main or trunk sewer any city borough or township shall have the right free of charge to connect with said main or trunk sewer by laterals all sanitary sewerage of the sewer district in which said main or trunk sewer is located or for the use of which the same has been constructed but all such connections shall be made under the supervision of the county engineer and in the manner prescribed by the county commissioners

Section 19 Any owner of property abutting on said main or trunk sewer shall have the right free of charge to connect by lateral sewers all sanitary sewerage of his said property within said sewer district but such connections shall be made under the supervision of the county engineer and in the manner prescribed by the county commissioners

Section 20 Wherever any main or trunk sewer or portion thereof or sewerage disposal plant constructed under the provisions of this act is used for the carrying or disposal of sewerage from two or more sewer districts the cost of damages and expenses of locating constructing maintaining repairing and operating the same shall be borne by all sewer districts so using said main sewer or portion thereof or disposal plant in proportion to their annual assessed taxable valuation for county purposes but no sewer district shall be taxed for any main or trunk sewer or portion thereof or disposal plant until said district has been accommodated with a main or trunk sewer constructed under the provisions of this act so that connections therewith can be made in said sewer districts without expenses burdensome upon cities boroughs or townships forming said sewer district

Section 21 Whenever in the location or construction of any such county sewers it shall be deemed desirable to connect with and use any main or trunk sewer or portion thereof of any city borough or township it shall be lawful for the commissioners of the county subject to the approval of the court of quarter sessions to agree with such city borough or township for the use and repair and maintenance of such sewer or sewers or portions thereof and what compensation shall be paid therefor or in what proportions the cost of maintenance and repairs shall be borne

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 914, as follows:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of creating a fund for the rebuilding restoration and replacement of any structures buildings equipment or other property owned by the

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty the following funds income and revenue of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are hereby specifically dedicated appropriated and set apart to constitute a fund separate and apart from all other funds of the Commonwealth and to be known as the Insurance Fund to wit

(a) All moneys now in the custody of the State Treasurer heretofore "Appropriated and set apart for the purpose of paying the present indebtedness and the interest thereon and such further indebtedness as may hereafter be contracted on the part of the Commonwealth" and commonly known as the Sinking Fund in excess of the total amount of the funded obligations or indebtedness of the Commonwealth chargeable thereto the amount of such excess in the Sinking Fund to be determined by the State Treasurer audited by the Auditor General and approved by the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners as of the date of the approval of this act

(b) All revenues of the Commonwealth received by the State Treasurer after the date of the approval of this act which under existing laws are appropriated and set apart to the Sinking Fund

(c) One-half of all taxes received upon premiums of foreign fire insurance companies after the date of the approval of this act

(d) All payments hereafter made by insurace companies on account of loss or damage to property of the Commonwealth caused by fire or other casualty or on account of the cancellation of existing policies of insurance

(e) All income received from intereest upon deposits in bank or upon securities in which the said fund may be invested

Section 2 The said fund and all interest increment and additions thereto shall be and remain in the custody of the State Treasurer and shall be invested and reinvested by him under the supervision and direction of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners in lawfully issued interest-bearing securities of the United States of America the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any other of the United States or any county city borough or school district of this Commonwealth or any obligations of municipalities of other states but preferably in such securities issued by municipalities within this Commonwealth Provided however that current receipts and income applicable to said fund shall be deposited at interest in legal depositories of the public funds until the same shall accumulate in sufficient amount to justify the investment thereof in interest-bearing securities as hereinbefore provided

Section 3 The said fund hereby created shall be available for expenditure in the manner hereinafter provided for the rebuilding restoration or replacement of buildings structures equipment or othed property owned by the Commonwealth and damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and for no other purpose whatsoever And for such purpose the State Treasurer is authorized and directed by and with the consent and approval of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners to make sale from time to time of such part of such securities as may be necessary for the purpose of this act

Section 4 Whenever the total amount of said fund shall exceed the sum of one million dollars no further investment in securities shall be made on account thereof but all additional income and receipts applicable thereto shall be deposited in legal depositories of public funds and the excess over and above the said sum of one million dollars shall be transferred annually on the thirty-first day of December to the general fund of the State Treasury

Section 5 Whenever loss or damage by fire or other casualty shall occur to any structure building equipment or other property owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the department board of trustees overseers commisioners or other branch of the State government having control or custody thereof shall make report of such loss or damage to the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings setting forth specifically the use and character of the structure building equipment or other property damaged or destroyed the original cost thereof the estimated amount of the loss of damage and cost of restoration rebuilding replacement and such other data and information as may be required by the said Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings who shall make such examination and investigation as may be necessary and report the result thereof to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings whereupon the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings may in its discretion authorize the rebuilding restoration or replacement of the property damaged or destroyed and for that purpose is hereby authorized to have plans and specifications prepared and contracts executed and to supervise the erection construction or replacement thereof under the supervision of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings or other duly authorized agent of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings such rebuilding restoration or replacement to be in substantial accord with the original character use and purpose of the property damaged or destroyed

Section 6 All expenditures on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings and if found correct he shall certify to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings that the materials have been furnished and the work and labor have been performed in accordance with the plans specifications and contracts approved by the said board and after having been so certified by him shall be approved by the Executive Controller and when so approved shall be audited settled and paid by the Auditor General and the State Treasurer in the manner provided by law Provided that whenever the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall have taken such action as will involve expenditures from said fund they shall forthwith certify the probable amount of expenditure to the State Treasurer and Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners who shall forthwith take such action as is necessary to provide funds sufficient to meet the obligations so entered into

Section 7 That from and after the adoption and approval of this act it shall be unlawful for any Department Bureau Commission or other branch of the State Government or any Board of Trustees overseers managers or other person or persons or custodians of State property to purchase secure or obtain any policy of insurance on any property owned by the Commonwealth the term of which policy of insurance shall extend beyond the thirty-first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twenty or to purchase obtain or secure any such policy of insurance for any amount in excess of the amount of insurance outstanding at the date of the approval of this act after deducting from such amount twenty per centum thereof for each calendar year which shall have elapsed from and after the thirty-first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to the date of purchasing securing or obtaining such policy of insurance

Section 8 The State Treasurer and his bondsman shall be responsible for the safe keeping of and accounting for said funds in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe keeping of and accounting for the other funds of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 920, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars ($125,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of expenses hitherto incurred and to be incurred in the work of eradicating foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 930, as follows:

An Act relating to the calling in certain cases of judges registered in the "Judicial Assignment Register" of the Supreme Court to districts other than their own and providing for their compensation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the president judge of any judicial district having only one judge learned in the law shall upon the request of any party interested in any motion for a new trial or in arrest of judgment or upon any question on reserved points called upon a judge registered in the "Judicial Assignment Register" of the Supreme Court to assist in the hearing of such motion or question

Section 2 Such call shall be made by transmitting a written request to the prothonotary of the Supreme Court who shall forthwith send such request to the judge so called upon If no particular judge is designated in the call then the prothonotary shall transmit the request to one of the judges who is registered upon the docket as having time to spare during the period named in the call

Section 3 Any judge assisting in the hearing of any such motion or question pursuant to any such call shall receive a compensation of twenty dollars per day and actual mileage No judge shall sit in any district while an outside judge is sitting in his own district

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 937, as follows:

An Act providing for the regulation of dams or other structures works or obstructions in along across or projecting into any stream or body of water wholly or partly within this Commonwyealth forming part of the route of the canal authorized to be constructed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by act of the General Assembly approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen vesting certain powers and duties in the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for this purpose fixing penalties for the violatioin of the provisions hereof and providing equitable remedies for non-compliance with or violation of orders of the aforesaid Canal Board or of provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any person or persons partnership association corporation county city borough town or township to construct any dam wall wing-wall wharf embankment abutment bridge dike pipe line wire or cable or similar or analogous structure in along across or projecting into any stream or body of water wholly or partly within this Commonwealth forming part of the route of the canal authorized to be constructed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by act of the General Assembly approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and fifty-two) or to make or construct or permit to be made or constructed any change in any such structure or works or addition thereto or to make or permit to be made any change in or addition to any such structure or works now in existence or in any manner change or diminish the course current or cross section of such stream or body of water in this Commonwealth without the consent of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania in writing previously obtained upon written application to said Board therefor

The word "construct" as used herein shall be taken to mean construct erect build place or deposit

Section 2 Each application for the consent or permit required by the first section of this act shall be accompanied by complete maps plans profiles and specifications of the structures or works proposed to be constructed or of the changes additions proposed to be made and such other data and information as the Board may require

Section 3 The Board shall have power to grant or withhold such consent or permit or may incorporate in and make a part of said consent or permit such conditions regulations and resrictions as may be deemed by it advisable It shall be unlawful to construct or begin the construction of any such structures or works or to make or begin any change or addition aforesaid except in accordance with the terms conditions regulations and restrictions of such consent or permit and such rules and regulations with regard to said constructions changes or additions as may be prescribed by the Board

Section 4 Any person or persons partnership association or corporation county city borough town or township that shall do or cause to be done or that shall fail neglect or refuse to do or cause to be done any act or thing contrary to the provisions of this act or that shall violate or fail to comply with any order of the Board of which due notice shall be given or that shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or in the discretion of the court such person or persons or the members of such partnership or association or the officers and directors of such corporation or the officers of such county city borough town or township as the case may be may be sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding one year either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 5 Upon application of the Board the court of common pleas of the proper county sitting in equity may by injunction or other appropriate remedy enforce the compliance with or restrain the violation of any order or notice of the Board made pursuant to the provisions of this act or restrain the violation or attempted violation of any of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 942, as follows:

An Act relating to moneys deposited in the State Treasury by the State Highway Department under the provisions of act of July seventh nineteen hundred and thirteen as fees for the registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation of whole amount received and balance remaining in State Treasury

Whereas Under the provisions of an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder" and

Whereas There has been deposited in the State Treasury under the provisions of this act the sum of two million three hundred and twenty-five thousand two hundred and ninety-eight dollars and fifty cents and placed in a separate fund available for the use of the State Highway Department upon requisition of the State Highway Commissioner and

Whereas A controversy has arisen as to the legality of the above method of appropriating and withdrawing funds from the State Treasury therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two million three hundred and twenty-five thousand two hundred and ninety-eight dollars and fifty cents already deposited in the Treasury of this Commonwealth derived from the fees for registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators thereof a balance of which amounting to eight hundred and fifteen thousand six hundred and fifty-three dollars still remains in the State Treasury is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Highway Department for the purpose of maintenance repair and construction of State highways described and prescribed in the act establishing the State Highway Department approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and acts supplementary and amendatory thereto

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 946 (House Bill No. 630), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 950 (House Bill No. 1047), entitled:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 969, as follows:

An Act providing a method to locate and erect new bridges to take the place of existing bridges crossing railroads or railways to change location of such bridges and roads connecting therewith to vacate old and existing bridges and roads connecting with the same authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in such construction and authorizing the payment of the same by State county borough township and railroad company as may be determined

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any public road or highway township county State borough or city street crosses any railroad or railroads over which any bridge has been heretofore or may hereafter be erected and it becomes necessary to erect a new bridge to take the place of the existing bridge over such railroad or railroads and when no exisiting law provides for the erection of said bridge whether the same be situate wholly within or partly within and partly without township borough or county limits the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the proper county within which said bridge or the greater part of said bridge may be situate on the petition of any inhabitants or officials of said township or boroughs or cities or State officials shall order a view in the manner provided for in the case of roads notice however to be given to the State Highway Commissioner by mail when the public road is a State highway If such viewers find such bridge necessary they shall have power by virtue of their appointment to change the location of said bridge so that the same may be located and erected in the most suitable place or at the least expense or in the best manner and in case of the change of location of such bridge shall also report what change in the course or bed of the road to be connected therewith will be necessary and shall also report the vacation of the old or existing bridge and the vacation of such portion of the road connecting therewith as they may deem proper said viewers shall file with their report a plan or draft showing the kind of bridge necessary and the various dimensions thereof and also change in road if any they shall when released cannot be obtained estimate and determine the damages if any for the property taken used or appropriated and to whom same are payable they shall also make an estimate of the probable cost of such bridge and state in their report what part or portion of the work or percentage of the whole contract price or cost of the work including damages shall be paid by the several parties who may be interested to wit township county borough city State roalroad company street railway company or other company If a new bridge is recommended and the road is changed and damages are assessed said viewers shall give at least ten days' notice thereof to each of the parties affected or interested by personal service or registered letter of the time and place when said viewers will meet and exhibit their report and hear any exceptions thereto After making whatever changes are deemed necessary and proper said viewers shall make report to the said court of quarter sessions when the same shall be confirmed nisi and subsequent proceedings exceptions if any and final confirmation shall be as in road cases

Section 2 When the report of viewers is confirmed absolutely by the court steps shall be taken immediately to prepare plans and specifications for the construction of said bridge in accordance with the report of viewers The proper county officials of the county in which said bridge may be situate as aforesaid shall take the initiative and thereafter shall advertise for bids Advertising for bids shall be in at least two public newspapers of general circulation within the county where such bridge is situate for a period of at least thirty days before the bids are opened during which time the plans and specifications shall be in the office of the county commissioners of the proper county as aforesaid for inspection by any persons desiring to enter a bid to construct said bridge The contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder whereupon a contract shall be entered into and signed by the several parties responsible for the payment of the said bridge which contract shall be binding upon the parties thereto their lessees successors heirs and assigns In the event said contract is not signed by all of the parties among whom the cost has been apportioned said contract shall be signed by the contractor or contractors and approved by the county commissioners of said county whereupon all parties shall be liable for their proportionate share as shown by the report of viewers approved by the court Twenty per cent. of the contract price shall be withheld from the contractor until said bridge has been inspected by a board of view appointed by the court of the proper county who shall make report thereon in the same manner as required by existing law in the case of county bridges The several parties responsible for the payment of said bridge shall pay their proportionate share into the proper county treasury and upon said payment the said treasurer shall be liable therefor and shall pay the same over to the contractors as provided in the contract upon voucher of proper county authorities after said bridge shall have been inspected according to law If the money is not paid into the county treasury as aforesaid the said contractor shall be authorized to collect by due process of law from the company or companies or the said municipal corporations from the county or from the Commonwealth the amount which may be justly due him under the terms of the report of viewers and his said contract and any amount so determined to be paid to the said contractor by the Commonwealth shall be paid by the State Treasurer on a warrant drawn by the Auditor General upon the presentation of a statement setting forth the amount to be paid as aforesaid duly ceritfied by the court of quarter sessions of the proper county said payment to be paid out of any fund specifically or generally appropriated for the improvement of the roads or highways of the Commonwealth and the court of said county is authorized and empowered to issue a mandamus to county or State officials or any of them as the case may require for the payment of the amount due said contractor

Section 3 Said bridge shall be maintained by the authorities responsible for the maintenance of said highway And provided further that nothing in this act shall release railroads or other companies from the requirements of existing laws

Section 4 Any requirement in the Public Service Commission act in conflict with the proceedings mentioned in this act are hereby abrogated

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of teh whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 978, as follows:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after June one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the officers and employes of each branch of the Legislature shall be as follows namely

First In the Senate there shall be in addition to the president and president pro tempore as provided for by the Constitution one secretary one chief clerk one assistant clerk one librarian one assistant librarian one journal clerk one reading clerk one executive clerk one message clerk four transcribing clerks one sergeant-at-arms one chief assistant sergeant-at-arms who shall be chief doorkeeper and eight assistant sergeants-at-arms one postmaster one messenger one superintendent of folding room four pasters and folders one clerk to the president one stenographer to the president one clerk to the president pro tempore one stenographer to the president pro tempore one stenographer to the chief clerk one stenographer to the secretary one stenographer to the Senate Librarian one chaplain one day watchman one night watchman two clerks to committees eight stenographers one custodian of committee rooms one elevator operator one assistant elevator operator one custodian of wash room one custodian of telephone one superintendent of store rooms one custodian of the basement one custodian of newspapermen's room three janitors one page to the president one page to the president pro tempore one chief page and fourteen pages The clerk the stenographer and the page to the president shall be appointed by the president the clerk the stenographer and the page to the president pro tempore shall be appointed by the president pro tempore the stenographer to the secretary shall be appointed by the secretary the stenographer to the chief clerk the superintendent of store rooms and the janitors shall be appointed by the chief clerk the assistant librarian and the stenographer to the librarian shall be appointed by the librarian but all the other officers and employes shall be elected by the Senate

Second In the House of Representatives there shall be in addition to the Speaker as provided for by the Constitution one chief clerk one assistant clerk one resident clerk one assistant resident clerk one journal clerk one assistant journal clerk one reading clerk one assistant reading clerk two desk clerks one message clerk eight transcribing clerks one sergeant-at-arms one chief assistant sergeant-at-arms who shall be the chief doorkeeper sixteen assistant sergeants-at-arms one postmaster one assistant postmaster one messenger three assistant messengers one superintendent of folding room eight pasters and folders one speaker's clerk one stenographer to the speaker one stenographer to the chief clerk one stenographer to the resident clerk one chaplain one day watchman one night watchman six clerks to committees ten stenographers two custodians of committee rooms one elevator operator one assisitant elevator operator one custodian of wash room one superintendent of store rooms one custodian of telephone four janitors one speaker's page one chief page and twenty pages The clerk the stenoographer and the page to the speaker shall be appointed by the speaker the stenographer to the chief clerk the superintendent of store rooms and the janitors shall be appointed by the chief clerk the assistant resident clerk and the stenographer to the resident clerk shall be appointed by the resident clerk but all the other officers and employes shall be elected by the House of Representatives

Section 2 All officers and employes of the General Assembly except as hereinafter provided shall be elected or appointed in the odd-numbered years at the opening of each regular biennial session and shall serve until ten days after the opening of the next General Assembly or until their successors are selected and have qualified provided that all of the present officers and employes of the General Assembly with the exception of those hereinafter noted and whose positions are authorized by this act shall be continued in such positions until their successors are elected or appointed at the next regular session of the Legislature The term of office of the secretary of the Senate the chief clerk of the Senate the Senate librarian the chief clerk and the resident clerk of the House of Representatives shall be during good behavior and none of said officers shall be removed except for cause and only upon a two-thirds vote of the house of which he may be an officer and provided that the term of office as herein set forth shall apply to the persons at present occupying said positions

Section 3 From and after June one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the compensation of the officers and employes of the General Assembly hereinbefore provided for shall be as follows to wit The president pro tempore of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives in addition to their salaries as members of the Legislature shall each receive five dollars per diem the chief clerks shall each receive five thousand dollars for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session per annum The secretary of the Senate shall receive the sum of five thousand dollars per annum the assistant clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives shall each receive two thousand dollars for each regular biennial session ten dollars per diem for each special or extraordinary session and five dollars per diem during the interim between legislative sessions the librarian of the Senate and the resident clerk of the House of Representatives shall each receive three thousand six hundred dollars per annum the assistant librarian of the Senate and the assistant resident clerk of the House of Representatives shall each receive eighteen hundred dollars for each regular biennial session ten dollars per diem for each special or extraordinary session and five dollars per diem during the interim between legislative sessions the journal and reading clerks shall each receive two thousand dollars for each regular biennial session and ten dollars per diem for each special or extraordinary session the desk clerks assistant reading clerks assistant journal clerk and executive clerk shall each receive sixteen hundred dollars for each regular biennial session and ten dollars per diem for each special or extraordinary session provided however that the salaries of any of the said officers for a special or extraordinary session shall not exceed the salary for a regular biennial session for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session the message clerks shall each receive ten dollars per diem for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session the transcribing clerks shall each receive eight dollars per diem for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session the clerks to committees stenographers chaplains sergeants-at-arms and clerks to president pro tempore postmasters chief assistant sergeants-at-arms stenographer to president pro tempore stenographer to speaker stenographers to chief clerks stenographer to the secretary of the Senate stenographer to Senate librarian stenographer to resident clerk and superintendents of store rooms shall each receive seven dollars per diem for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session the assistant sergeant-at-arms assistant postmaster messengers assistant messengers superintendents of folding rooms pasters and folders watchmen elevator operators and assistants and all custodians shall each receive six dollars per diem for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session the janitors shall each receive three dollars per diem for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session the page to the president the page to the president pro tempore the speaker's page and the chief pages shall each receive three dollars per diem and the pages two dollars per diem for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session the clerk to the president and the clerk to the speaker shall each receive fifteen hundred dollars per annum and the stenographer to the president shall receive one thousand dollars per annum Provided however That the stenographer to the secretary of the Senate the stepographer to the Senate librarian the stenographer to the resident clerk of the House of Representatives and the suprintendents of store rooms shall each receive one hundred and fifty dollars per month during the interim between legislative sessions and that the watchmen and the chief and assistant elevator operators of both houses shall each receive the sum of four dollars per diem and the custodian of the Senate wash room and the custodian of the basement of the Senate shall each receive the sum of four dollars per diem during the interim between legislative sessions

Section 4 All the officers and employes provided for in this act shall return as such to the next regular biennial session of the Legislature following that for which they were elected or appointed and those who shall not be reelected or re-appointed or elected or appointed to some other office in the Legislature shall be allowed their regular per diem compensation except the assistant clerks assistant librarian assistant resident clerk journal clerks assistant journal clerks reading clerks assistant reading clerk executive clerk desk clerk and message clerks who shall each receive ten dollars per diem and the clerk and the stenographer to the president who shall each receive seven dollars per diem for ten days or until their successors are duly elected or appointed and have qualified

Section 5 That each of the officers and employes authorized by this act shall be entitled to mileage for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session of the Legislature and as returning officers at the rate of ten cents per mile to and from their homes to be computed by the ordinary mail route between their homes and the State capital

Section 6 The officers and employes of each house shall be severally sworn before entering upon their duties and shall be under the direction and control of the presiding officers and chief clerks of their respective houses who may assign them to such duties as are usually performed in the offices to which they have been respectively elected or appointed No extra compensation shall be allowed to any officer or employe because of such assignment of duty

Section 7 All vacancies that may occur by death resignation or otherwise of any of the officers or employes of the Legislature during the session of the Legislature shall be filled by election or appointment as provided for in this act If any vacancy shall occur during the recess of the Legislature in the office of President pro tempore of the Senate or Speaker of the House of Representatives the duties of said offices shall be performed by the chairman of the Committee on Judiciary General of the respective houses all other vacancies that may occur during the recess in any of the elective offices of the Legislature shall be filled in the Senate by appointment by the President pro tempore of the Senate and in the House of Representatives by appointment by the Speaker of the House of Representatives Vacancies occuring at any time in appointive offices shall be filled by the respective officers authorized to appoint said officers or employes

Section 8 The per diem pay of each of said officers and employes shall commence from the day said officer or employe was sworn and actually entered upon the duties of his employment

Section 9 Any new offices created by this act shall be filled in the manner authorized if the Legislature be in session and as vacancies are authorized to be filled during the recess periods in case the Legislature shall have adjourned The term of office of all offices abolished by this act shall terminate June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen or with the close of the session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen if the General Assembly be in session after that date

Section 10 This act is not intended to repeal any portion of the Legislative Journal act approved June ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven nor that portion of the act approved March first one thousand nine hundred and eleven which fixes the duties of the Secretary of the Senate

Section 11 All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith except as herein referred to be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 978, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 519 (House Bill No. 637), entitled:

An Act validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or ecquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred ten without such corporations first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts or obligations upon the payment of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 635 (House Bill No. 418), entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violations thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 645 (House Bill No. 684), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas, and orphans' courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, and courts of quarter sessions of the peace, of this Commonwealth, as well as before commissioners, masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners, auditors, and other officers; prescribing their powers and duties, and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported; prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses, when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed, and when by the parties to such proceedings; and repealing an act, entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth; authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners, masters, referees, commissioners, and auditors; authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May eighth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State," approved June tenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven; but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 651 (House Bill No. 789), entitled:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 661, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities of cities boroughs and townships are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consent of the local authorities of all the cities boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 663, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same" by extending its provisions to all counties having a population under one million.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 674 (House Bill No. 546), entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 700, entitled:

An Act to amend the act entitled "An Act authorizing commissioners of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate farmlands and woodlands adjoining any public park within said cities for park purposes wherever in their opinion such lands shall be necessary for the improvement of said parks and providing that the total acreage of land so taken shall not exceed one thousand acres" approved April twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred three

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 750, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment of a commission to consider the revision and amendment of the laws of the State penal and otherwise in reference to juvenile offenders juvenile courts and all offences or crimes committed by minors and the punishment thereof and to make a report on the same and making an appropriation to the expenses of said commission

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 822, entitled:

An Act providing for the compilation and publication of a synopsis of the election laws and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 837 (House Bill No. 1134), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 848, entitled:

An Act to amend sub-section (d) of section one of article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative of railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 849, entitled:

An Act to amend the second and third sections of article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 861, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 871 (House Bill No. 1053), entitled:

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 873 (House Bill No. 1155), entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 880 (House Bill No. 1004), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 902 (House Bill No. 1168), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' "

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 911 (House Bill No. 1271), entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter all actions for damages for death by negligence or unlawful violence shall be brought by the executor or administrator of the decedent for the exclusive benefit of the widow or husband children grandchildren mother father brother sister or other next friend or kin dependent on such decedent and such damages shall be distributable free from all claims of creditors in the proportion such beneficiaries would take the personal estate of such decedent under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 911 (House Bill No. 1271), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 929, entitled:

An Act defining what shall be treated as part of the record on appeals in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 958 (House Bill No. 1129), entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 960 (House Bill No. 1013), entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eighteen hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 961, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford Adams county Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 965, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 987, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 989, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton Pennsylvania the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making and appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RECESS.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 1032 (Senate Bill No. 1006), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act "An act authorizing the county Commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs.

House Bill No. 1274 (Senate Bill No. 1007), entitled:

An Act permitting and regulating the use of the several armory buildings of the National Guards of Pennsylvania for horticultural and poultry exhibitions

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs.

House Bill No. 1297 (Senate Bill No. 1008), entitled:

An Act authorizing the use of state armories for certain purposes

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs.

House Bill No. 1518 (Senate Bill No. 1009), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1293 (Senate Bill No. 1010), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of employes of the board of revision of taxes in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 1253 (Senate Bill No. 1011), entitled:

An Act empowering the Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through the State Forests

Which was committed to the Committee on Forestry.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 982, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children, Pittsburgh

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 988, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Salvatioin Army Rescue and Maternity Home at Bellevue in the County of Allegheny.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 384, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the People's Cooperative Hospital located at Sayre, Bradford County, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 544, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for erecting certain bridges.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 913, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor to appoint a commission of seven persons to purchase the site of Fort Augusta erected in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifty-six, and now located in the Borough of Sunbury, Northumberland county, and making an appropriation therefor, and for the maintenance of said Fort.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 894 (House Bill No. 1147), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges not learned in the law of the Courts of this Commonwealth.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 922, entitled:

An Act authorizing the employment of architects and draughtsmen in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, prescribing their powers, fixing their duties and compensation, requiring the preparation of uniform contracts, and providing the method of payment of sums due upon contracts entered into by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings and carried out under the supervision of the said architects.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1000, entitled:

An Act authorizing electric light, heat and power corporations to purchase the securities of other corporations incorporated for the purpose of the supply, storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes, to guarantee the payment of the bonds of such corporations, to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporation, to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations and to operate the same.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1001, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1874, further amending the 12th section thereof so as to permit corporations organized thereunder, either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water, or for the manufacturing or supplying of light, to purchase bonds or stock of other corporations of the same character, or to guarantee of interest, or to lease and operate corporate property" approved the 26th day of June, A. D. 1895, correcting errors therein and validating all acts done in pursuance thereof" approved the 24th day of March, A. D. 1905, extending the same to corporations incorporated for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1000, entitled:

An Act authorizing electric light, heat and power corporations to purchase the securities of other corporations incorporated for the purpose of supply, storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes, to guarantee the payment of the bonds of such corporations, to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations, to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations and to operate the same.

And Senate Bill No. 1001, entitled:

A supplement to an act, entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'A supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1874, further amending the 12th section thereof so as to permit corporations organized thereunder, either for the purose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water, or for the manufacture or supplying of light, to purchase bonds or stock of other corporations of the same character, or to guarantee of interest, or to lease and operate corporate property" approved the 26th day of June, A. D. 1895, correcting errors therein and validating all acts done in pursuance thereof" approved the 24th day of March, A. D. 1905, extending the same to corporations incorporated for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public.

be read the first time.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1000, entitled:

An Act authorizing electric light, heat and power corporations to purchase the securities of other corporations incorporated for the purpose of supply, storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes, to guarantee the payment of the bonds of such corporations, to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations, to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations and to operate the same.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1001, entitled:

A supplement to an act, entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'A suppelment to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1874, further amending the 12th section thereof so as to permit corporations organized thereunder, either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water, or for the manufacture or supplying of light, to purchase bonds or stock of other corporations of the same character, or to guarantee of interest, or to lease and operate corporate property" approved the 26th day of June, A. D. 1895, correcting errors therein and validating all acts done in pursuance thereof" approved the 24th day of March, A. D. 1905, extending the same to corporations incorporated for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), entitled:

An Act to amend section two, clause one of section three and section four of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal, regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts, providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 545.

April 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 545.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 545.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal speciailties

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 5 o'clock P. M.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE THE ADVISABILITY OF THE PURCHASE BY THE COMMONWEALTH OF CERTAIN PROPERTY IN PHILADELPHIA OPPOSITE INDEPENDENCE HALL.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair on behalf of the President Pro Tempore desires to announce the appointment of the Senator from Delaware, Mr. William C. Sproul, as a member of the Commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act to amend the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, eleventh, twelfth and fifteenth sections of an act entitled "An Act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office; giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste," approved the 3rd day of June, 1911, by extending the powers and duties of the State Fire Marshal, his deputies and assistants and providing penalties for violations of said act as amended and to repeal the fourteenth section of said act and substitute a new section fourteen therefor providing that said act and this amendment thereto shall not apply to cities having a population of five hundred thousand or over.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McCONNELL (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1013, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Lebanon Sanatorium, located at Lebanon, Lebanon County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, either in law or equity, in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county, any sum or sums of money legally and justly due it for treatment given Private Albert Greener, late a member of Company K, Fourth Infantry, National Guard of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 347.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER offered the following resolution which was twice read considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, April 21, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) that Senate Bill No. 347, entitled: "An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 488, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

House Bill No. 747, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

House Bill No. 785, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

House Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

House Bill No. 1049, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents"

House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

House Bill No. 104, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

House Bill No. 416, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

House Bill No. 55, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class

House Bill No. 513, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

House Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer and board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the board of water assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Peter I. Johanson, Fayette City.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Wm. M. Knatz, Philadelphia.
John V. McCann, Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

John F. Wrenshall, Washington.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. McCONNELL,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. McCONNELL,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 978, entitled:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BURKE, from the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 774 (House Bill No. 886), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees the administrations of the trust amount of appropriation proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April 29th, 1913, by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make a report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MARTIN, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 991 (House Bill No. 610), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 24th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act defining commodities, regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof."

Mr. GYGER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GYGER, from the Committee on Agriculture, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 479, entitled:

An Act to regulate the grading packing marking shipping and sale of apples and providing penalties.

RECESS.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. GYGER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 347.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 21, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 347, entitled "An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN, from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 986, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until next Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:30 o'clock P. M. until Monday evening, April 26, 1915, at 8 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, April 21st, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that Thou art our Father, and that we are Thy sons, having been born in Thy kingdom. We thank Thee that it is written "Behold what manner of love the Father hast bestowed upon us that we should be called the children of God. Beloved now are we, the sons of God, and it doth not yet appear what we shall be, but we know that when He shall appear we shall be like Him, for we shall see Him as he is. We thank Thee that we are not only sons, but heirs; heirs of God, joint heirs with Christ; heirs of an inheritance of the past, of the great thought of the past, of the teachings and of the rich harvest reaped in the field of christian activities. We are heirs of an inheritance that remains incorruptible and undefiled and that fadeth not away and that includes thrones and principalities and powers in that city which hath foundations whose builder and maker is God.

Help us to walk as worthy sons of Thine, we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Lauer, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

SENATE MESSAGES.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 216 (House Bill No. 1604).

An Act relating to the Legislative Reference Bureau and authorizing and regulating therein a system of municipal reference information.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 152 (House Bill No. 1605).

An Act providing for the establishment erection equipment and management of a Pennsylvania home for boys and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years and making an appropriation.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 613 (House Bill No. 1606).

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domnii nineteen hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 295 (House Bill No. 1607).

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 366 (House Bill No. 1608).

An Act to amend the third section of an act enttiled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three so as to fix the compensation of the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 491 (House Bill No. 1609).

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to marriage licenses providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry" as amended.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 634 (House Bill No. 1610).

An Act giving to the banks bankers and trust companies in case of insolvency of any depositor therein or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositors or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency assignment for the bebefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank banker or trust company upon any promissory note bill of exchange letter of credit or other indebtedness in any form whether or not the same has then matured.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

Senate Bill No. 729 (House Bill No. 1611).

An Act providing for the return of seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs townships or incorporated towns for non-payemnt of taxes and providing for the sale of such lands.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 730 (House Bill No. 1612).

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses describing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisoins hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No 821 (House Bill No. 1613).

An Act establishing under the Department of Labor and Industry a system of regulation of employers seeking employes and of persons seeking employment and prescribing as incidental thereto certain duties of employers and of the county municipal township and school authorities and of agencies procuring employes for others and prescribing penalties.

Which was referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Senate Bill No. 666 (House Bill No. 1614).

An Act supplementing and amending section eleven of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by conferring jurisdiction on the court in certain additional criminal actions involving and including forgery kidnapping perjury and robbery and by conferring exclusive jurisdiction upon the said court in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all persons adults or minors accused of disorderly street-walking and in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all minors between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one years absenting themselves from school or who shall disobey their parents' command or be found idle in the streets and against all disorderly children and defining disorderly children and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 845 (House Bill No. 1615).

An Act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 846 (House Bill No. 1616).

An Act relating to trust funds and property surety bonds given to secure the same and payment of premiums thereon and the discharge of sureties thereunder.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 738 (House Bill No. 1617).

An Act validating certain appraisements and setting aside of property made before the twenty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen under the provisions of the fifth section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectment and the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates" and the amendments thereto validating certain proceedings appraising and setting aside of property under article two of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estate of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestates" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 751 (House Bill No. 1618).

An Act to repeal the eighth section of an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeals regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-four one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" together with the amendment thereto.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 787 (House Bill No. 1619).

An Act providing that hereafter proceedings in equity may be commenced without first filing a bill in equity by the issuance of a writ of summons which shall be issued by the prothonotary in the form prescribed by law for writs of summons in personal actions at law and describing the cause as a proceeding in equity and unless and until otherwise provided by the Supreme Court equity rules such summons shall be returnable and shall be served as writs of summons in personal actions at law are returnable and are served

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No 820 (House Bill No. 1620).

An Act regulating through the Commissioner of Labor and Indusrty the business of assisting employers to obtain employes and persons to secure employment including the business of collecting information to the same end and prescribing penalties.

Which was referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. RUDISILL presented a petition from the inhabitants of Adams County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BLACKBURN presented a petition from the citizens of Bedford County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. RUDISILL presented a petition from the citizens of New Oxford, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. RUDISILL presented a petition from the citizens of Gettysburg, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. RUDISILL presented a petition from the citizens of Bendersville, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING THE ERECTION OF A MONUMENT TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. WOBENSMITH presented a petition from the Lydia Darrah Council No. 110, Daughters of Liberty asking for the erection of monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING THE ERECTION OF A MEMORIAL TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Mr. WOBENSMITH presented a petition from the Lydia Darrah Council No. 110, Daughters of Liberty asking for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. SAMPSEL presented several petitions of citizens of Snyder County, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BERGY presented eleven petitions from the citizens of Juniata County, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. LANIUS presented the petition of citizens of York County, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WOOD presented eight petitions of sundry citizens of Indiana County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. WOOD also presented the petition of citizens of Glen Campbell Borough, Indiana County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Also the petition of citizens of Indiana, Penna., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Also the petitions of citizens of Blairsville, Ernest, Cramer, Arcadia, Saltsburg and Banks, all in Indiana County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. PHILLIPS presented a petition from the citizens of Clearfield County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. WEIR presented a petition from the citizens of Philadelphia, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. WHITAKER presented a petition from the citizens of Chester County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

The SPEAKER presented several petitions from the citizens of Philadelphia County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. BARNETT presented a petition from the Grace Reformed Church, of York, Pa., favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

The SPEAKER presented a petition from the Presbyterians of Philadelphia and vicinity favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

The SPEAKER presented a petition from the Presbyterians of Philadelphia and vicinity favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH presented several petitions from the citizens of Blair County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. BROWNLEE presented a petition from the Washington Camp No. 809, Patriotic Sons of America, favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Mr. ERDMAN presented a petition from the Washington Camp No. 11, P. O. S. of A., of Allentown, favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING MEMORIAL TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Mr. BROWNLEE presented a petition from Washington Camp No. 809, P. O. S. of A., favoring the erection of a monument to the Public Schools of Pennsylvania.

Mr ERDMAN presented a petition from the Washington Camp No. 11, P. O. S. of A., of Allentown, favoring the erection of a monument to the Public Schools of Pennsylvania.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations

PROTESTING AGAINST THE PASSAGE OF A LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker,

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Stern.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to present to the House at this time a petition signed by 337,200 people who are Pennsylvania voters praying against the passage of the Local Option Bill which is up for discussion this morning. I present this as a slight indication to show that there is sentiment on both sides of this question.

The SPEAKER. The same will be referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. WHITAKER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1041, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven, entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State Prisons, penitentiaries, State Reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein, and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods," as originally enacted and as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine.

Mr. WHITAKER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1042, entitled:

An Act providing a system of employment for the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary, Western Penitentiary, and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon and for such other correctional institutions as shall be hereafter established by the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor.

Mr. ARNOLD, from the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1195, entitled:

An Act to amend, revise, and consolidate the law providing for the burial of certain honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines at the expense of the counties in which they shall die or have a legal residence at the time of their death; to provide a system for effecting the burial of such soldiers, sailors and marines to provide headstones and markers for the graves of such soldiers, sailors and marines; and to authorize the county commissioners of the several counties to purchase plots of ground for the burial of such soldiers, sailors and marines.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1258, entitled:

An Act relating to the maintenance of insane, feeble-minded and other persons confined in the various institutions of the Commonwealth, fixing liability for their support, providing for the collection of the moneys due the Commonwealth therefor, and for proceedings relating thereto.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1335, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities, to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof."

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1390, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties of the illegal increase thereof."

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1383, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties of the illegal increase thereof."

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1193, entitled:

An Act defining conditional sales of personal property attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real and regulating the recording and effect thereof and providing penalties

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

DEFINITION

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is herey enacted by the authority of the same That the term "conditional sale" when used in this act means any contract whereby goods or chattels attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real are sold or delivered upon condition that the said goods or chattels shall belong to the person to whom they are sold or delivered when the amount paid is a certain sum or the value of the property or any part thereof or on the occurrence of a future event or contingency The term "conditional vendor" when so used means the person who so sells or delivers such goods or chattels to another The term "conditional vendee" when so used means the person to whom such goods or chattels are so sold or delivered

The second section was read as follows:

CONTRACT FOR CONDITIONAL SALE.

Section 2 When personal property attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real is sold or delivered to any person on condition or under agreement that it will or may belong to the person purchasing or receiving it when the amount paid is a certain sum or the value of the property or any part thereof or upon the occurrance of a future event or contingency the title to it to remain in the conditional vendor until such sum or value has been paid or until the occurrence of such future event or contingency such condition in regaard to the title so remaining until payment or until the occurrence of such future event or contingency shall be void as to all subsequent purchasers of such real property or chattels real for a valuable consideration mortgages and judgment creditors without notice unless the contract with its conditions is evidenced by writing signed by the parties thereto or their respective agents and recorded as hereinafter provided

This act is not to apply to any contract concerning railroad equipment and rolling stock

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 4, by striking out the words "or under agreement"
Amend section 2, line 5, by striking out the words "will or may" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The third section was read as follows:

NOT TO BECOME FIXTURES

Section 3 Every such contract for the conditional sale of any goods or chattels or to be attached to any real property or chattel real shall be void as against subsequent bona fide purchasers or encumbrances of such real property or chattel real without notice and as to them the sale shall be deemed absolute unless such contract shall have been recorded and indexed as herein provided before such goods or chattels are so attached or before the date of such purchase or encumbrance of such real estate or chattel real

Except as above provided said goods or chattels shall not by reason of their being attached to any real property or chattel real become an accession thereto but shall be treated as severable and subject to removal as against the conditional vendee his heirs executors administrators successors and assigns and also as against all other persons having any interest in or liens against such real property or chattel real upon the tender of a sufficient bond to all such persons holding prior interests in or liens against the same conditioned for repairing all damage caused by such severance and removal

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 4, by striking out the word "chattel" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "chattels"
Amend section 3, line 12, by striking out the word "chattel" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "chattels"
Amend section 3, line 17, by striking out the word "chattel" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "chattels"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The fourth section was read and agreed to as follows:

CONTENTS OF CONTRACT

Section 4 Every such contract shall set forth clearly
A The date of the contract
B The names of the conditional vendor and the conditional vendee
C A description of the chattels by name or otherwise sufficient to identify them
D A statement of the conditions upon which the conditional sale is based
E The amount of the purchase price that is the certain sum or value to be paid before title is to pass and when payable or due
F A description sufficient for identification and location of such real property or chattels real

The contract shall be signed by the conditional vendor and the conditional vendee or their respective agents and shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the conditional vendor his agent or attorney to the effect that it is an existing bona fide contract and showing the amount of the purchase price remaining unpaid and when payable or due as well as all other of the said conditions which remain unperformed

The fifth section was read as follows:

RECORDING PLACE—TIME

Section 5 Such contracts or all of the terms required by section four hereof shall be recorded and shall be notice from the date of such recording in the miscellaneous docket and indexed in the judgment index the name of the conditional vendee in the column of defendants and the name of the conditional vendor in the column of plaintiffs in the prothonotary's office of the county wherein such real property or chattel real is situate

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 5, line 8, by striking out the word "chattel" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "chattels"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The sixth and seventh sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

EFFECT OF RECORDING

Section 6 Every such contract hereafter recorded pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be valid against the creditors of the conditional vendee and against his subsequent purchasers mortgagees or judgment creditors from the time of the recording thereof until the same be cancelled of record in the manner now provided by law for cancelling judgments

PENALTY FOR NOT DISCHARGING

Section 7 If a conditional vendor assignee or the executor or administrator of either after the title to such goods or chattels shall have passed to the conditional vendee either before or after breach of the conditions does not within ten days after being thereto requested and after tender of reasonable charges discharge such lien as provided herein he shall forfeit to the person entitled to redeem the sum of ten dollars and damages occasioned thereby to be recovered as debts of like amount are by law recoverable

The eighth section was read as follows:

VENDOR'S RIGHTS.

Section 8 Upon the breach of the said conditions or any of them by the conditional vendee the conditional vendor may after five days' written notice to the conditional vendee his agent or attorney of his intention so to do (unless the provisions of said contract are before complied with) repossess himself of the property so conditionally sold or delivered but the same is not to be taken out of the county in which it then is within fifty days after such taking

Said notice shall name the amount due and owing on said contract and shall be served personally upon the conditional vendee or his successor in interest if he is within the county where the sale is to be held and if not within such county or he cannot be found therein such notice must be mailed to him at his last known place of residence

Should the conditional vendee demand it by written notice properly served on the conditional vendor his agent or attorney within ten days after such taking it shall be the duty of the conditional vendor his agent or attorney after thirty days and not more than forty days after such taking to cause such property to be exposed at public sale at a convenient place in the county where located after giving notice by publication once a week for three successive weeks in one newspaper published in the county and by at least ten printed or written hand bills posted in public and conspicuous places in the vicinity where the sale is to take place

At such sale the conditional vendor may become the purchaser if he is the highest and best bidder

The proceeds of the sale shall be distributed first to the costs and expenses incident to the sale secondly to the debt secured and lastly the surplus if any shall be paid over to the conditional vendee his executors administrators or assigns any time before sale had the conditional vendee or his successors in interest shall have the right to redeem said property by complying with the terms of such contract and paying the legal costs then accrued as herein provided

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 8, line 33, by striking out the word "any" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Any"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act defining conditional sales and regulating the recording and effect thereof and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be consideerd in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1156, as follows:

An Act granting to parties litigant in cases involving the reasonableness of the rates or regulations or the adequacy of the services or facilities furnished or offered by public service corporations in this State the right to examine the accounts books papers records vouchers letters contracts memoranda and documents and to enter upon and examine the properties of said public service corporation or corporations

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any patron of a public service corporation whether a private person a corporation or a municipal corporation who is the defendant or complainant in any case whether before the Public Service Commission or the courts of this State wherein the question at issue is the reasonableness of the rates or regulations or the adequacy of the services or facilities furnished or offered by any public service corporation or corporations in this State shall have the right with the approval of the commission or the court as the case may be to inspect and examine at any and all times such accounts books papers records vouchers letters contracts memoranda and documents of said public service corporation or corporations as will show or tend to show the reasonableness of the rates or regulations or the adequacy of the services or facilities furnished or offered by said public service corporation or corporations Said patron shall also have the right for these purposes to enter upon and examine the properties of such corporation or corporations as are used and useful for such purposes and to require the production within the State of all such accounts books papers records vouchers letters contracts memoranda and documents kept in any office or place without this State or verified copies in lieu thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1069, entitled:

An Act requiring railroads to remove grade crossings and providing penalties

The first, second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each railroad operating in Pennsylvania shall remove annually one grade crossing within each thirty miles of its railway

Section 2 Any railroad company that fails to comply with the provisions of section one of this act shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars a day for each day's failure so to comply

Section 3 This act shall be enforced by the Public Service Commission

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 This act shall go into effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, line 2, by striking out the word "sixteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sixty."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act requiring railroads to remove grade crossings and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 555, as follows:

An Act requiring each telephone company to install registers and call records on certain telephones and providing penalties for failure so to do and providing for the enforcement of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where the contract between a telephone company and a subscriber for the use of a telephone provides for a limited number of calls within a given period of time the telephone company shall install when requested in writing by the subscriber on each of such telephones a register or call recorder whereby the subscriber and the said company may keep an accurate account of the number of times such telephone is used

Section 2 Any telephone company which shall refuse or neglect to install within thirty days such register or recorder on a telephone as required in section one of this act shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars if it shall so refuse or neglect Such penalty shall be recovered as debts of like amount are now by law recoverable in an action for the use of the Commonwealth brought by the person aggrieved

Section 3 This act shall take effect January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 26, entitled:

An Act to protect public life and safety by regulating and prohibiting the manufacture sale use offering giving away disposing lending leasing carrying and possession of certain weapons arms and firearms fixing duties of the district attorney and county commissioners and providing penalties

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "police officer" as used in this act means any person employed by the United States or by this Commonwealth or by any municipality county or township in Pennsylvania to preserve peace or to make arrests or to enforce the law

Masculine words include the feminine

DANGEROUS WEAPONS

Section 2 It is unlawful to manufacture or sell or offer for sale or give away or exchange or trade or lend or lease or dispose of in any manner to any other person any of the following instruments or weapons usually known as blackjacks bludgeon slugshot billy handybilly sandbag sandclub metal knuckles or knuckler stiletto dirk knife or any Maxim silencer or other silencer

DEADLY EDGED WEAPONS

Section 3 It is unlawful for any person other than a police officer to have in his possession any instrument or weapon designated in section two of this act or any dagger dirk stiletto dangerous knife or any other similar dangerous or deadly weapon

RAZORS

Section 4 It is unlawful for any person with intent to use the same unlawfully to have in his possession any razor

MINORS UNDER SIXTEEN

Section 5 It is unlawful to sell or lend or lease or give or otherwise dispose of any firearm or any instrument for the propulsion of pellets or bullets or shot by means of air or springs or otherwise to any person under the age of sixteen years

SALE OF FIREARMS

Section 6 It is unlawful to sell or lend or lease or give or barter any pistol or revolver or other weapon of like character firearm that may be readily concealed on the person to any person other than to a person presenting a license duly issued under this act or to any person licensed or unlicensed who is in an intoxicated condition

CONCEALED FIREARMS

Section 7 It is unlawful for any person not licensed under this act to have in his possession outside his home or habitation any pistol or revolver or other deadly or dangerous weapon that may be readily concealed on the person This section does not apply to a police officer

SEIZURE OF WEAPONS

Section 8 The carrying of any instrument arm or weapon in violation of this act constitutes a nuisance Such instruments arms or weapons carried in violation of this act are nuisances and may be seized at any time by any police officer When seized they shall be surrendered to the district attorney of the county In first class cities and second class cities they shall be surrendered to head of the police department

DESTRUCTION OF WEAPONS

Section 9 All instruments arms and weapons seized by virtue of this act shall be kept for one yar by the officer or department to which they were surrendered At the expiration of the year they shall unless needed as evidence be destroyed or rendered ineffective for the purpose for which they were made

AMMUNITION

Section 10 It is unlawful to sell or lend or lease or give any cartridges loaded or blank for any pistol or revolver to any person under the age of sixteen years or to any person over sixteen years of age not licensed under this act or to any person who is intoxicated

LICENSES TO CARRY ARMS

Section 11 A license to purchase carry or possess or carry concealed a pistol or revolver shall be issued only by the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the county wherein the applicant resides upon written application verified by the affidavit of the applicant Licenses shall be general or special They shall be issued only upon written application verified by the affidavt of the applicant The district attorney may require proof of any allegation or statement made in the application

A revoked license shall on demand be surrendered to the district attorney or to any person whom he may deputize in writing

The licenses of each county shall be numebered serially

GENERAL LICENSES

Section 12 General licenses shall be issued on application to

1 A warden keeper or superintendent or turn-key or any penitentiary prison jail workhouse stationhouse or lock-up The application in the case of penitentiaries prisons jails and workhouses shall be made by the head of the institution In the case of stationhouses and lock-ups in cities the application shall be made by the head of the police department in boroughs and townships by the authorities respectively

2 A householder

3 A bona fide merchant or storekeeper

4 A messenger of a banking institution or of an express company or of a railroad company

General licenses shall be issued on application and only when the clerk of the court of quarter sessions is satisfied that the applicant is of good moral character and that no good reason exists why the application should be refused They shall be valid for an indefinite period but may be revoked by the district attorney at any time for cause

SPECIAL LICENSES

Section 13 Special licenses for a temporary period stated in the license may on application be issued to any person of good moral character The application shall show the reason for the application No special license shall be issued to any alien nor to any person not usually resident in Pennsylvania A special license may be revoked at any time by the district attorney for cause

EXCEPTIONS AS TO POSSESSION OF FIREARMS.

Section 14 Sections seven and eight of this act do not apply to (a) the regular and ordinary transportation of firearms as merchandise (b) bona fide dealers in firearms and ammunition (c) duly authorized military or civil organizations when parading nor to the members thereof when going to or returning from the place of meeting of the respective organizations (d) soldiers sailors or marines in the employ of the United States (e) members of the National Guard of Pennsylvania when in uniform

The fifteenth section was read as follows:

FIREARM REGISTER.

Section 15 Every person selling a firearm which may readily be concealed upon the person shall keep a register in which shall be entered at the time of the sale

1 The date of the sale

2 The name of the purchaser

3 The age of the purchaser

4 The occupation of the purchaser

5 The residence address of the purchaser

6 The caliber make model manufacturers number and all other marks of identification of the firearm

7 The date and serial number of the license of the purchaser the county where issued and the name of the officer who issued it

This register shall at all reasonable hours be open to inspection by any police officer

This section does not apply to wholesale dealers

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HAGGERTY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 15, line 17, by striking out the word "section"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO REGISTER.

Section 16 It is unlawful to sell a firearm that may readily be concealed on the person without making the entries in the register as required by this act or to fail to keep such register or to fail to require the production of a license before making the sale or to prevent or hinder directly or indirectly or aid in preventing or hindering the inspection of the register as required in this act

MISLEADING STATEMENTS.

Section 17 It is unlawful to make any false or misleading or evasive statement in applying for a general or special license under this act or in answering any question or furnishing any information necessary to carry out the provisions of section fifteen of this act

PENALTIES

Section 18 A A person is guilty of a felony who violates any of the provisions of sections two or three of this act Upon conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars and to undergo imprisonment in the proper State penitentiary not exceeding five years without the benefit of any present or future parole law

B A person is guilty of a misdemeanor who violates any of the provisions of this act other than sections two and three Upon conviction thereof he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and to undergo imprisonment in the county prison not exceeding one year

PRINTING AND BINDING

Section 19 The county commissioners shall at the expense of the county provide for the clerk of the court of quarter sessions all printing and binding rendered necessary by this act

The title was read as follows:

An Act to protect public life and safety by regulating and prohibiting the manufacture sale use offering giving away disposing lending leasing carrying and possession of certain weapons arms and firearms fixing duties of the district attorney and county commissioners and providing penalties

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. HAGGERTY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 4 by striking out the words "district attorney" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "clerk of the court of quarter sessions"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1406, as follows:

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter upon a preliminary hearing before a magistrate for the purpose of determining whether a person charged with any crime or misdemeanor against the laws except murder manslaughter arson rape mayhem sodomy buggery robbery or burglary ought to be commited for trial the person accused and all persons on behalf of the person accused shall be heard if the person accused shall so demand

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1238, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said departments" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four fixing the salaries in the Department of Public Instruction

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the salaries of the financial clerk the recording clerk and the statistical clerk in the Department of Public Instruction shall each be eighteen hundred dollars per annum and that the salary of the messenger shall be twelve hundred dollars per annum

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts special or general inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said departments" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four fixing the salaries of the clerks in the Department of Public Instruction

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 2, by striking out the first word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "this"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

The SPEAKER. The next on the calendar is House Bill No. 1427, File Folio 5405.

Mr. KITTS. Mr Speaker, I had an agreement with the sponsor of this bill not to call it up this morning I think the sponsor is not in the House. There are some amendments to be made to the bill to make the inland fishing act consistent with Lake Fishing and we have agreed to leave it on the calendar until the next second reading.

The SPEAKER. This bill is not called up.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1498, entitled:

An Act regulating poor districts compromising the territory constituting the whole or part of a second class city

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any portion of a city of the second class comprising not more than one ward thereof and constituting part of a poor district other than the poor district of which the remaining portion of said second class city is a part is hereby made a part of said poor district of which the major portion of the city is a part and the poor board of said poor district comprising the major portion of the city shall exercise full power and supervision over said added part

The title was read as follows:

An Act regulating poor districts compromising the territory constituting the whole or part of a second class city

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. LUXEMBERGER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Cerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Title, Line 1, by striking out the word "compromising" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "comprising"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1095, as follows:

An Act fixing the compensation of election assessors in boroughs and townships at primary elections

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each register assessor in boroughs and townships attending at the place of holding a primary election shall receive the sum of two dollars and fifty cents per day to be paid as now provided by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1263, as follows:

An Act requiring all State officials and employes who receive and disburse public moneys to give bond for the faithful performance of their official duties

Whereas Certain State officials and employes who in the performance of their official duties receive and disburse public moneys are not required by law to furnish bonds to the Commonwealth therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act every such State official and employe and every State official and employe who may hereafter be appointed who shall receive and disburse public moneys shall be required to give a good and sufficient corporate bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania conditioned that he will well and truly account for and pay out according to law all moneys received by him in the performance of his official duties and the amount when not otherwise provided by law and character of each bond and the sufficiency of the surety shall in all cases be approved by the Attorney General

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1354, entitled:

An Act relating to taxing as part of the costs in a clause an attorney's fees for the successful party upon appeals to the Supreme and Superior Courts

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases either in law or in equity wherein an appeal is taken from any judgment decree or order to the Supreme Court or the Superior Court the party in whose favor the final decision is rendered shall be entitled to a charge and collect from the losing party as part of the costs in the cause an attorney's fee of one hundred dollars on all appeals to the Supreme Court and fifty dollars on all appeals to the Superior Court said amounts to be taxed and collected in the same manner as costs are now taxed and collected by law

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Strike out line 10, words "one hundred dollars" and insert in lieu thereof the words "fifty dollars"

Strike out line 11, words "fifty dollars" and insert in lieu thereof the words "twenty-five dollars"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

An Act relating to taxing as part of the costs in a cause an attorney's fee for the successful party upon appeals to the Supreme and Superior Courts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreeed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1243 (Senate Bill No. 409), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1517, entitled:

An Act imposing a tax for State purposes on the capital stock of manufacturing and laundering corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the maintenance and construction of State highways

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every foreign and domestic corporation organized for manufacturing or laundering purposes or engaged in manufacturing or laundering shall be subject to and pay a tax of one (1) mill upon each dollar of the actual value of its capital stock as is invested in and actually engaged in carrying on manufacturing or laundering within this Commonwealth

Section 2 Every such corporation shall make report to the Auditor General upon forms to be prepared by the Auditor General as other corporations are now required by law to make capital stock reports and the said tax hereby imposed shall be assessed and levied in the same manner as the capital stock tax is now assessed and levied upon other corporations

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 The moneys derived from time to time from the tax collected under the provisions of this act is hereby permanently dedicated to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of State highways and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State Treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer and his bondsmen shall be responsible for the safe keeping and accounting for said fund in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe keeping and accounting for other revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer shall on the first business day of each and every month certify to the State Highway Commission the money in said fund available for the use of the State Highway Department and the State Treasurer and Auditor General shall credit one-half of the amount so certified as available to an account for the construction and improvement of State highways and the other one-half to an account for the maintenance and repair of State highways When so certified by the State Treasurer the funds shall be available for requisition and expenditure and shall be requisitioned and expended settled and vouched as provided by the general laws for the funds appropriated from the general revenues of the Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 2, by striking out the word "is" and in serting in lieu thereof the word "are"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth and fifth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

This act shall go into effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and shall not effect the exemption to manufacturing corporations on capital stock tax for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

An Act imposing a tax for State purposes on the capital stock of manufacturing and laundering corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the maintenance and construction of State highways

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1432 (Senate Bill No. 125), as follows:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the professors of anatomy the professors of surgery the demonstrators of anatomy and the demonstrators of surgery of the medical and dental schools and colleges of this Commonwealth which are now or may hereafter become incorporated together with one representative from each of the unincorporated schools of anatomy or practical surgery within this Commonwealth in which there are from time to time at the time of the appointment of such representatives shall be not less than five scholars shall be and hereby are constituted a board for the distribution and delivery of dead human bodies hereinafter described to and among such persons as under the provisions of this act are entitled thereto The professor of anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia shall call a meeting of said board for organization at a time and place to be fixed by him within thirty days after the passage of this act The said board shall have full power to establish rules and regulations for its government and to appoint and remove proper officers and shall keep full and complete minutes of its transactions and records shall also be kept under its direction of all bodies received and distributed by said board and of the persons to whom the same may be distributed which minutes and records shall be open at all times to the inspection of each member of said board and of any district attorney of any county within the Commonwealth" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 The professors of anatomy the professors of surgery the demonstrators of anatomy and the demonstrators of surgery of the medical and dental schools and colleges of this Commonwealth which are now or may hereafter become incorporated together with one representative from each of the unincorporated schools of anatomy or practical surgery within this Commonwealth in which there are or from time to time at the time of the appointment of such representatives shall be not less than five scholars shall be and hereby are constituted a board for the distribution and delivery of dead human bodies hereinafter described to and among such persons as under the provisions of this act are entitled thereto The professor of anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia shall call a meeting of said board for organization at a time and place to be fixed by him within thirty days after the passage of this act The said board shall have full power to establish rules and regulations for its government and to appoint and remove proper officers and shall keep full and complete minutes of its transactions and records shall also be kept under its direction of all bodies received and distributed by said board and of the persons to whom the same may be distributed which minutes and records shall be open at all times to the inspection of each member of said board and of any district attorney of any county within this Commonwealth The name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 Section two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospital or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within this State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any person claiming to be and satisfying the authorities in charge of said body that he or she is of kindred or is related by marriage to the deceased shall claim the said body for burial but it shall be surrendered for interment nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if such deceased person was a traveler who died suddenly in which case the said body shall be buried" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almhouse prison morgue hospital or other municipality or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his of their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within the State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any relative by blood or marriage shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be less than forty-eight hours after death but the body shall be surrendered to said claimant for interment and no such notice shall be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any friend or any representative of a fraternal society of which diseased was a member or a representative of any charitable organization shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be limited to less than forty-eight hours said burial to be at the expense of such friend fraternal society or charitable organization nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if said person was a traveler who died suddenly or was an honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine of the United States or of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania in which case said body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of existing laws" In case of the death of any person whose body is required to be buried at the public expense and the duly authorized officer or agent of the board deems such body unfit for anatomical purposes he shall notify in writing the poor directors overseers or in counties in which there are no poor directors or overseers then the county commissioners of the county where such person died who shall direct some person to take charge of the body of such deceased indigent person and cause it to be buried and draw warrants upon the treasurer of their county for the payment of such expenses not exceeding however the sum of twenty dollars on each body buried in accordance with the provisions of this act Such warrants shall be made payable to the persons so authorized and directed who shall have buried the bodies for which the warrants are to be drawn No warrants for the payment of the expenses of the burial of any person whose body is required to be buried at the public expense shall be drawn or paid except upon the certificate of the duly authorized officer or agent of the board to the effect that such body is unfit for anatomical purposes or that the body is that of a soldier sailor or marine required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with Wherever through the failure of any person to deliver the body of a deceased indigent as required by this act such body shall become unfit for anatomical purposes and is so certified by the duly authorized officer or agent of said board of distribution such body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of this act and the person so failing to deliver such body shall pay to the county treasurer the expense so incurred and upon the refusal or failure of such person on demand to pay such expense the poor directors or overseers or in counties in which there are no poor directors or overseers then the county commissioners shall bring suit to recover the same to be recovered as debts of like amount are by law collectible

Section 3 The said act is hereby amended by adding the following to be known as section nine

Section 9 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven and "An Act to amend an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act providing for the burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes' " approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and all other acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1303, as follows:

An Act authorizing cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to establish and operate municipal abattoirs and markets defining the same requiring the inspection of animal products used for food in said cities and providing penalties for the violation of the terms thereof or regulations adopted pursuant thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the first class in this Commonwealth are hereby authorized and empowered to establish and operate a municipal abattoir or abattoirs for the slaughter of animals the flesh of which is to be used for food purposes which shall include in addition to slaughter houses such stock yards and cold storage plants as may be necessary for the proper conduct of the business of the said abattoir or abattoirs together with a market or markets for the disposal at retail or wholesale of the products of the said abattoir or abattoirs and a reduction plant for the rendering of all offal condemned carcases or other refuse from the abattoirs and markets

Section 2 The operation of said municipal abattoir or abattoirs when established shall be vested in the Department of Public Health and Charities of said cities All its officers and employes shall be appointed by and be under the supervision and control of the directors of the said department In addition to the officers and employes required for the operation of said municipal abattoir or abattoirs qualified inspectors shall be employed whose duty it shall be to inspect the carcases of all animals slaughtered therein and also in the discretion of the director to inspect all animals before slaughter

Section 3 If said carcasses or animals upon inspection shall be passed by the inspectors they shall place or cause to be placed a stamp upon each animal and upon each primal part of every carcass so inspected and approved by them showing that the same has been inspected and passed for food purposes by the board of health of said city All fees and charges made for services in connection with slaughtering of animals and the aforesaid inspection thereof and for the use of any part or parts of said municipal abattoirs shall be reasonable in amount and shall be fixed by the director of the department of public health and charities

Section 4 The said inspectors shall also inspect the carcasses of all animals whose flesh is to be used for food purposes which are slaughtered in any privately owned or operated slaughter house or abattoir in said cities and they shall place or cause to be placed a stamp upon each primal part of every carcass approved by them showing that it has been inspected and passed for food purposes by the board of health The owner or operator of such private slaughter house or abattoir shall pay a fee for the services of said inspectors The amount of this fee shall be fixed by the director of the department of public health and charities

Section 5 No meat shall be sold kept or exposed for sale in said cities which does not bear a stamp affixed as heretofore provided nor shall any meat food products be sold kept or exposed for sale unless they shall first have been inspected and shall have a stamp affixed thereto or upon the package or container thereof showing that the same has been inspected and passed for food purposes by the board of health of said cities The inspection of said meat food products shall be made in accordance with rules and regulations established as hereinafter provided

Section 6 The meats of animals slaughtered outside of cities of the first class but brought into such cities for sale shall first be brought to a municipal abattoir or some other place or places designated by the director at his discretion and there inspected by said inspectors If such meats are by them deemed sound and wholesome and safe for human food consumption they shall be stamped as inspected and passed for food purposes by the board of health

Section 7 The board of health in cities of the first class shall have power to enact such rules and regulations as may be necessary to put into effect the provisions of this act and to secure co-operation with the officers and agents of the State Livestock Sanitary Board the State Board of Agriculture and the United States Department of Agriculture for the efficient carrying out of the provisions of this act

Section 8 None of the provisions of this act shall be held to apply to animals slaughtered under the supervision of the inspectors or agents of the State Livestock Sanitary Board or the United States Department of Agriculture or to meats or meat food products bearing the approval stamp of such agents or inspectors

Section 9 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act or refusing to comply with any of the requirements or regulations of the board of health made in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than two hundred ($200) dollars or by imprisonment for not more than sixty (60) days or by both such fine and imprisonment

Section 10 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1268, as follows:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof" which reads as follows

"Section 2 That it shall be unlawful for any person firm or corporate body by himself herself itself or themselves or by his her its or their agents servants or employes to sell offer for sale expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell cream which contains or is mixed with any added condensed or evaporated milk or cream or cream to which has been added any substance for the purpose of increasing its consistency or thickness or cream which contains less than eighteen (18) per centum of butter-fat Provided That cream when it contains or is mixed with any added condensed or evaporated milk or cream may be sold if the vessel or container in which such cream is sold is plainly labeled stating the fact that such cream contains or is mixed with added condensed or evaporated milk or cream and the amount thereof" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 That it shall be unlawful for any person firm or corporate body by himself herself itself or themselves or by his her or its or their agents servants or employes to sell offer for sale expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell cream which contains or is mixed with any added condensed or evaporated milk or cream or cream to which has been added any substance for the purpose of increasing its consistency or thickness or cream which contains less than eighteen (18) per centum of butter-fat Provided That cream when it contains or is mixed with any added condensed or evaporated milk or cream may be sold if the vessel or container in which such cream is sold is plainly labeled stating the fact that such cream contains or is mixed with added condensed or evaporated milk or cream and the amount thereof

In any hotel or restaurant or eating-house it shall be lawful to use cream to which is added milk. or evaporated milk or condensed milk if such cream is used only for the purpose of serving with coffee chocolate or other beverage or with cereals or fruit Such mixture shall contain no preservative of any description or any other ingredient and shall not be taken from the premises by the customer

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1330, entitled:

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of a tax for State purposes on the loans of private and public corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the construction and maintenance of State highways

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every public corporation and every other corporation joint stock association limited partnership and company whatsoever incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth shall be subject to and pay annually a tax of four (4) mills for State purposes on the nominal value of all mortgages bonds scrip certificates of indebtedness car trust securities and every other security or loan of every kind whatever issued by it bearing interest except ordinary commercial paper or notes for annual indebtedness issued and discounted or negotiated by any bank banking institution savings institution or trust company

Section 2 The treasurer of every such corporation shall report under oath annually on the thirty-first day of December to the Auditor General on forms prepared by the Auditor-General the amount and character of the indebtedness of such corporation If the Auditor-General be dissatisfied with such report he may demand further reports or information or the production of any books documents or papers and for this purpose shall have all the powers now provided by law for the settlement of other accounts by the Auditor General

Section 3 Upon the filing of the report by any corporation under the provisions of this act or upon obtaining the additional information by the Auditor-General for that purpose the Auditor-General and State Treasurer shall assess a tax of four (4) mills upon each dollar of the nominal value of the amount of the loans of said corporation and settle an account against the said corporation for the amount of said tax in the manner now provided by law for the settlement of other public account.

Section 4 After the settlement of said account and a notice given in writing by the Auditor-General to the corporation of such settlement the corporation shall pay into the State Treasury the amount of said tax within sixty days after the date of such settlement Upon the failure of any corporation to pay the tax as required by this act within sixty (60) days after said settlement interest at the rate of twelve (12) per centum shall be added as now required by law in the case of other settlements of public accounts In the event that any corporation shall fail or refuse to file the reports required by this act the Auditor-General shall have the right to make an estimated settlement and to impose the penalties as required by law

Section 5 No person firm corporation partnership association or limited partnership owning or holding any of the obligations which are required to be reported to the Auditor-General and taxed under the provisions of this act shall be required to return to the local authorities any such loans or obligations or to pay any tax to the local authorities thereon Provided That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to relieve the owners and holders of every other kind of personal property to return the same and pay the tax thereon as now requird by law And provided further That every corporation making the report and paying the tax imposed by this act shall be relieved from making any report or paying any tax upon its loans or other obligations held by corporations or individuals in whose hands the same would have been taxable except for the provisions of this act

Section 6 The money derived from time to time from the tax collected under the provisions of this act is hereby permanently dedicated to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of the State highways of the Commonwealth and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth the State Treasurer and his bondsmen shall be responsible for the safe-keeping of and accounting for said fund in the same manner and under the same penalty as for the safe-keeping and accounting for the other revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer shall on the first business day of each and every month certify to the State Highway Commissioner the money in said fund available for the use of the State Hiihway Department and the State Treasurer and Auditor-General shall credit one-half of the amount so certified as available to an account for the construction and improvement of State highways and one-half to an account for the maintenance and repair of State highways When so certified by the State Treasurer the funds shall be available for requisition and expenditure and shall be requisitioned expended settled and vouched as provided by general laws for funds appropriated from the general revenues of the Commonwealth

Section 7 This act shall not apply to fire companies fire relief associations secret and benefit societies labor unions and labor union relief associations and all other beneficial organizations paying sick or death benefits or either or both from the funds received from voluntary contributions or assessments on members of such associations societies or unions

Section 8 Wherever the word "corporations" appears in this act it shall include joint stock associations limited partnerships and every other company whatsoever

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby be and the same are hereby repealed saving reserving and excepting unto the Commonwealth the right to collect any taxes interest penalty or penalties due owing or accruing under the said laws or parts of laws and saving also the right to settle and collect the tax for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen under existing laws

The title was read as follows:

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of a tax for State purposes on the loans of private and public corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the construction and maintenance of State highways

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by inserting after the word "corporations" the words "stock association, limited partnership and company."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 949 (Senate Bill No. 432), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1424, as follows:

An Act authorizing Christian Gerz administrator of the estate of Alexander Gerz late of the City of Lancaster County of Lancaster deceased to sue the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Christian Gerz administratir of the estate of Alexander Gerz late of the City of Lancaster County of Lancaster deceased is hereby authorized to bring suit as administrator in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum of money that may be legally or justly due the estate of the said Alexander Gerz arising from the payment of collateral inheritance tax by said estate upon an appraisement of the real estate of said estate in excess of a proper valuation and in excess of the amount actually brought by such real estate upon sale

Section 2 Such suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence as in cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1331, as follows:

An Act regulating the keeping of bees and providing a penalty

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to keep bees within fifty feet of a public highway or within fifty feet of a division line if the adjoining land owner objects thereto in writing

Section 2 If any person keeps bees in violation of the provisions of section one of this act such keeping of bees shall constitute a public nuisance which may be abated either by the authorities of the township borough or city or at the instance of the adjoining land owner aggrieved thereby

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceedd to th second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1002, as follows:

An Act relating to domestic animals and their destruction to prevent spread of disease and the compensation therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever to prevent the spread of disease other than aphthous fever commonly known as foot and mouth disease it shall be deemed necessary by any member officer or agent of the State Livestock Sanitary Board to cause any domestic animal to be killed the State Veterinarian may cause to be paid to the owner of such animal two-thirds of the fair market value thereof taking into consideration the condition of the animal as to disease and the nature and extent of the disease and its present and probable effect on the animal and having regard to the probable sums to be derived from the sale of the carcass hide and offal The amount paid by the State shall in no case exceed—for a horse jack or mule the sum of sixty dollars for a non-registered bovine animal the sum of forty dollars for a registered bovine animal the sum of seventy dollars for a sheep or pig the sum of ten dollars The amount paid by the State together with the estimated value of the carcass hide and offal shall not exceed ninety per centum of the fair market value of the animal When any animal is so killed the owner subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by the State Livestock Sanitary Board may dispose of the whole or any part of the carcass and of the hides and offal in such manner as may not tend to spread disease or affect the health of the public Whenever to pre-

prevent the spread of aphthous fever commonly known as foot and mouth disease it shall be deemed necessary by any member officer or agent of said Board to cause any domestic animal to be killed the State Veterinarian shall cause to be paid to the owner of the animal the fair market value thereof without taking into consideration the condition of the animal as to the disease

Section 2 Whenever to prevent the spread of disease other than aphthous fever commonly known as foot and mouth disease it shall be deemed necessary by the State Livestock Sanitary Board or any member officer or agent of the Board to cause any domestic animal to be killed and the proper member officer or agent of the board cannot agree with the owner as to the value of such animal three appraisers shall be appointed—one by the State Veterinarian or other member officer or agent of the board one by the owner and the third by the two so selected If the owner shall refuse to appoint an appraiser the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace of the proper township borough or ward shall appoint such appraiser for the owner Each appraiser shall be sworn to perform faithfully his duties as appraiser The appraisers shall estimate the fair market value of each such animal taking into consideration the condition of the animal as to disease and the nature and extent of such disease and its present and probable effect on the animal and having regard to the probable sums to be derived from the sale of the carcass hide and offal When such appraisement shall be made such animal shall be killed and two-thirds of the appraised value paid to the owner subject to the limitations imposed in section one When an animal is killed to prevent the spread of aphthous fever commonly known as foot and mouth disease the full appraised value without taking into consideration the condition of the animal as to such disease shall be paid to the owner Each appraiser shall be entitled to one dollar for such appraisement irrespective of the number of animals appraised One-half of the expense of the appraisement shall be paid by the owner the other half by the State Livestock Sanitary Board

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1385, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done by corporations before the recordnig of their charter

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representaitves of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where heretofore any act has been done or transfer or conveyance of any property been made to or by any corporation created or intended to be created by virtue of the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four or its supplements in good faith after the issuing of letters patent and before the actual record of the certificate such acts transfers and conveyances shall after said certificate has been duly recorded as provided in said act be deemed and taken to be valid and effectual for all purposes Provided This act shall not affect any proceeding now pending

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by striking out the word "been."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to validate acts done by corporations before the recording of their charter

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 462, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" as amended

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" which as amended by an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" as amended reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the board of county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of annual exhibitions of farm products are authorized and shall pay annually by warrant drawn upon the county treasurer the sum of one thousand dollars to each of not more than two incorporated county agricultural associations paying premiums upon exhibits—exclusive of premiums upon trials of speed—holding in their county an annual agricultural exhibition in the interests of stock-raising grain poultry handiwork fruit dairy products et cetera for a period of not less than three consecutive days upon the filing with the county commissioners of a sworn statement as provided for in section two of this act Provided Said claimants or associations shall each pay in premiums a sum equal to the said one thousand dollars or only receive under this act the sum they each and severally pay in premiums Provided further That all premiums paid under this act shall be only upon products of the county wherein such exhibition is held And provided further That any county fair association receiving State aid as aforesaid shall issue a permit to any citizen of this Commonwealth applying for the same to maintain upon the grounds of said association during the progress of any fair a stand for the sale of merchandise or the conducting of an amusement enterprise under and subject to the rules and regulations adopted by said association upon payment of the charges by it established which charges shall be uniform upon the same class of business or amusement" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of annual exhibitions of foreign products are authorized and shall pay annually by warrant drawn upon the county treasurer the sum of two thousand dollars to be divided share and share alike among not more than three incorporated county agricultural associations paying premiums upon exhibits—exclusive of premiums upon trials of speed—holding in their county an annual agricultural exhibition in the interests of stockraising grain poultry handiwork fruit dairy products et cetera for a period of not less than three consecutive days upon the filing with the county commissioners of a sworn statement as provided for in section two of this act Provided Said claimants or associations shall each pay in premiums a sum equal to their respective share of the said two thousand dollars or only receive under this act the sum they each and severally pay in premiums Provided further That all premiums paid under this act shall be only upon products of the county wherein such exhibition is held And provided further That any county fair association receiving State aid as aforesaid shall issue a permit to any citizen of this Commonwealth applying for the same to maintain upon the grounds of said association during the progress of any fair a stand for the sale of merchandise or the conducting of an amusement enterprise under and subject to the rules and regulations adopted by said association upon payment of the charges by it established which charges shall be uniform upon the same class of business or amusement

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 25, by striking out the second word "the."
Line 25, by striking out the double quote.
Line 26, by inserting after the letters "ed" a double quote.
Line 36, by striking out the word "upon" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "on."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 566, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating self-propelled traction engines or tractors equipped with metal tired wheels and vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors providing for their registration and the licensing of certain operators by the Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any traction engine or tractor by any person when intoxicated forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of traction engines or tractors by any county city borough or incorporated town or township establishing the rights of traction engines or tractors upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions of damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees and fines imposed thereunder

The first, second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That except as hereinafter provided no traction engine or tractor shall be operated or driven upon any public street or highway in any city borough incorporated town township or county in the Commonwealth until the said traction engine or tractor shall have been registered with the State Highway Department of this Commonwealth

DEFINITIONS

Section 2 The terms "traction engine" or "tractor" as used in this act shall apply to all self-propelled engines equipped with metal tired wheels operated or propelled by any form of engine motor or mechanical power excepting self-propelled engines which move or are operated upon or are guided by a track

The term "trailer" as used in this act shall apply to any wagon or truck drawn by a traction engine or tractor for hauling material or freight of any kind excepting water and fuel tanks road-graders stone-crushers saw-mills and agricultural equipment not self-propelled

CLASSIFICATION

Section 3 Traction engines or tractors for the purposes of this act shall be divided into two classes

First class traction engines or tractors used exclusively for agricultural purposes road-grading and transporting the machinery and appliances which when at rest they operate with their own power and excluding engines used for hauling of freight of any kind

Second class traction engines or tractors used for freighting which shall include all hauling upon the public highway excepting such as is specified in the preceding paragraph

The fourth section was read as follows:

REGISTRATION

Section 4 Application for registration of traction engines or tractors shall be made to the State Highway Department The application shall contain the full name and residence of the owner or owners with a brief description of the traction engine or tractor the name of the manufacturer's number the character of the motive power and the gross maximum weight The accepted weight for registration of traction engines or tractors shall be the weight given and specified by the manufacturers The said application shall be made upon a blank provided for the purpose by the State Highway Department It shall be signed by the owner or owners in case of joint ownership and be certified by oath or affirmation Upon receipt of the application and the proper fee the State Highway Department shall register the said traction engine or tractor in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall issue to the owner or owners a registration certificate which shall entitle the holder or holders to operate any traction engine or tractor showing the name and address of the owner or owners the name type horse-power and the manufacturer's number of the traction engine or tractor and the registration number thereof also one number tag having thereon the registration number the abbreviated name of the State and the year

The application for trailers shall be made upon a separate blank provided for the purpose by the State Highway Department Application for one or more trailers can be made on the same application blank The application for one or more trailers shall designate the size capacity and weight of each trailer Such application for registration of trailers shall be signed by the owner or owners in case of joint ownership and be certified by oath or affirmation Upon receipt of the application for the registration of trailers and the proper fee the State Highway Department shall register said trailer or trailers [illegible] for that purpose and shall issue to the owner or owners a registration certificate which shall entitle the holder or holders to lawfully operate such trailer or trailers also one number tag for each trailer having thereon the registration number and the abbreviated name of the State and the year

Applicants for registration and license who reside outside of this State shall in addition to the above requirements designate in their application the State Highway Commissioner as their authorized agent upon whom process may be served

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 4, line 36, by striking out the word "lawfully"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Secton 5 Traction engines tractors and trailers owned or used by manufacturers or dealers shall be exempt from the necessity of individual registration Provided Said manufacturer or dealer registers with the State Highway Department in the "Dealers' Class" Applications for such registration shall be made upon a blank provided for the purpose by the State Highway Department which shall set forth the full name and business address of the applicant and shall be verified by oath or affirmation Upon receipt of the application accompanied by the proper fee for each certificate and number tag desired the State Highway Department shall issue to the applicant as many certificates of registration and number tags as may be desired such tags having thereon the number of registration the year and the words "Pennsylvania Dealer" or an abbreviation thereof the first number of such number shall be an X It shall be unlawful under any circumstances to operate a traction engine tractor or trailer under a dealer's registration unless the tag is displayed on the traction engine tractor or trailer provided that no more than five (5) certificates and five (5) tags shall be applied for on any single application and where a greater number of certificates are desired the necessary additional applications shall be made

TRANSFER OF REGISTRATION

Section 6 Upon the transfer of ownership or destruction of any traction engine tractor or trailer its registration shall expire The original owner may however by proper affidavit accompanying his application register another traction engine or trailer upon payment of a fee of one dollar ($1) provided such traction engine or tractor shall be eligible to registration in the same class or such trailer be of equal or less weight and capacity as that originally registered or upon payment of a fee of one dollar ($1) and the difference between the fee paid originally and that due if the traction engine tractor or trailer be properly registerable in a higher class and such owner shall be assigned the number previously issued to him unless destroyed

REGISTRATION FEES

Section 7 The fee for the registration of a tractoin engine or tractor of the first class shall be five dollars ($5) and for a traction engine or tractor of the second class shall be ten dollars ($10)

The fee for registration of trailers shall be three dollars ($3) for each trailer of less than ten thousand (10,000) pounds gross maximum weight of trailer and load combined and five dollars ($5) for each trailer of ten thousand (10,000) pounds and more

No trailer shall be licensed whose gross weight of vehicle and load combined shall exceed twenty-four thousand (24,000) pounds

The fees for registration when issued on or after July first shall be one-half those required above All registrations shall expire December thirty-first of the year for which issued

The fee shall be ten dollars ($10) for a certificate and number tag issued for registration in the dealers' class and for each additional certificate and number tag issued on the same application to the same dealer the fee shall be two dollars ($2)

No license to operate shall be required nor shall any fee be charged for the registration of traction engines tractors or trailers owned and used by the United States the State of Pennsylvania or any city county incorporated town borough or township but all such traction engines or tractors and trailers shall be registered and shall display a number tag as provided for in case of privately owned traction engines tractors or trailers

Section 8 No traction engine tractor or trailer shall be operated upon the public highways unless a number tag is displayed conspicuously in front on the traction engine or tractor and in the rear on the trailor in such a manner that they may be easily read They shall be kept reasonably clean and shall not be defaced in any manner No tag shall be required on machinery and appliances which when at rest are operated by the power of the engine or tractor drawing them nor upon water or fuel wagons

Section 9 Between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise each traction engine or tractor operated on the road shall display a light in front and in the rear and if such traction engine or tractor shall have attached thereto a trailer or trailers of any kind there shal be one light displayed in front of the traction engine or tractor and one light displayed in the rear of the last trailer

The tenth section was read as follows:

REGULATIONS

Section 10 Clause (a) Traction engines of tractors of the first class which are in use at the time of the passage and approval of this act shall be alolwed to continue in operation as they are including cleats on the drivers and guide bands on the front wheels provided however that no bolt heads nuts or rivet heads shall be allowed to project and the use of ice picks or spuds of any kind extending beyond the cleats shall be prohibited on macadamized or paved highways

Clause (b) Traction engines or tractors of the first clsas put into service after the passage and approval of this act shall not exceed twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds in weight including fuel and water and shall not be of a greater width than one hundred ten (110) inches over all The guiding wheels shall be equipped with guide bands not less than two (2) inches in width nor more than one and one-half (1 1-2) inches high The drivers shall be equipped with regular cleats as furnished by the manufacturer No bolt heads nuts or rivets shall project and the use of ice picks or spuds extending beyond the cleats is prohibited on macadamized or paved highways

Clause (c) Traction engines or tractors of the second class including those now in service and those put into service after the passage and approval of this act shall not exceed a weight of thirty-two thousand (32,000) pounds including fuel and water and shall not have a width of more than one hundred ten (110) inches over all The guiding wheels shall be equipped with a guide band of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches wide and not over one and one-half (1 1-2) inches high

Clause (d) The drivers of all traction engines or tractors of the second class may be smooth faced or with flat cleats not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches wide and not over one and one-half (1 1-2) inches high When placed diagonally across the entire face of the driver or when placed in two (2) sections similar to the letter "V" the cleats shall not be spaced over nine (9) inches apart from the center to center measured at right angles to the cleats When the cleats are placed on the drivers in two (2) sections known as the Staggard type of cleat they shall not be spaced over fifteen (15) inches apart from center to center measured at right angles to the cleats No bolt heads nuts or rivet heads shal be allowed to project either on the guide wheels or on the drivers and ice picks or spuds projecting beyond the cleats shall be prohibited except on roads which are not macadamized or paved

Clause (e) The regulations prescribed by this act or made by the State Highway Commissioner in pursuance to its provisions shall not permit the owner or operator of any traction engine or tractor to haul unusual or unreasonable weights or to use the public highways in an unusual or unreasonable manner and shall not exempt the owners or opeartors of such engines or tractors from indictment for nuisance or prevent the granting of injunctions against unusual or unreasonable use of the public highways of the Commonwealth Nor shall these regulations relieve the owner or operator of any traction engine or tractor from liability from damage to the public highways by reason of the careless negligent reckless or wanton operation of such traction engine or tractor

Clause (f) All trailers as specified in definition under section two shall be equipped with smooth wheels only The width of tire on the wheels of trailers shall be sufficient so that including the load on the trailer the weight shall not exceed seven hundred fifty (750) pounds upon any inch in width of the tire of each wheel The gross maximum weight of trailer and load shall in no case exceed twenty-four thousand (24,000) pounds

Clause (g) Any person intending to use a traction engine of the second class for hauling shall apply to the State Highway Commissioner for permission so to do upon a blank in such form as the Highway Department shall prescribe Such application shall set forth the location of the roads over which it is proposed to haul the counties townships and municipalities in which such roads are located the weight of the hauling engine or tractor to be used and its license number the number of trailers to be used the maximum capacity of such trailers and the weight of each when empty the kind of materials to be hauled the date at which the said hauling will be completed

The Highway Commissioner upon receipt of such application shall immediately inform himself as to the condition of the highways mentioned in the said application by referring the same to the local authorities or otherwise and if satisfied that the proposed use of such roads is not unusual or unreasonable shall approve such application and grant such permit He may in his discretion impose such reasonable restrictions as may be necessary to prevent extraordinary damage to the roads by reason of hauling when the roads are soft because of weather conditions

Clause (h) The Highway Commissioner may in his discretion permit townships counties and municipalities contractors employed by the Commonwealth in building roads or by any sub-division of the Commonwealth to use traction engines of the first class for the purpose of hauling road-making materials No such permission shall be granted where hauling will be done upon other than State Highways without the consent of the local authorities charged with the maintenance of such other highways

Clause (i) The State Highway Commissioner upon application in writing approved by the local authorities charged with the maintenance of the highways described in the application may at his discretion grant special permission for the moving of extra-heavy engines trailers loads objects or structures over the public highways under such regulations as he may prescribe "

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 10, line 13, by striking out the word "six" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eight"

Amend Section 10, line 14, by striking out the figures "(26,000)" and by striking out the brackets

Amend Section 10, line 42, by striking out the word "me" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "be"

Amend Section 10, line 67, by inserting after the word "in" the word "the"

Amend Section 10, line 89, by inserting after the word "the" the word "State"

Amend Section 10, line 99, by inserting after the word "The" the word "State"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eleventh section was read as follows:

DRIVERS LICENSE.

Section 11 Every person desiring to operate a traction engine or tractor as a paid operator or who is an employe of the owner or custodian thereof shall first obtain operators license Application for license shall be made upon a blank furnished by the Highway Department and shall contain the full name of the applicant with his place of residence and shall state that the said applicant is qualified to operate a traction engine It shall be signed by the applicant and verified by oath or affirmation

Upon receipt of application fee of one dollar ($1) the State Highway Department shall issue to the applicant an operator's license and badge The license shall contain the licensee's name and residence and the date and number of the license It shall be carried by the licensee at all times when operating a traction engine or tractor Upon the badge shall be the words "Pennsylvania Licensed Operator" the year and the number of the license which it accompanies All such badges shall be worn conspicuously on the front of the outer garment of the licensee at all times when said licensee is operating a traction engine or tractor All such licenses shall expire after December thirty-first of the year issued Every person other than a paid operator owner custodian of employe desiring to operate a traction engine or tractor shall make application to the State Highway Department upon a blank furnished by the department for a licensed card which shall be furnished free of charge to the applicant and which shall expire upon the thirty-first day of December of the year in which it was issued

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 11, line 4, by inserting after the word "obtain" the word "an"

Amend Section 11, line 5, by inserting after the word "the" the word "State"

Amend Section 11, line 10, by inserting after the first word "of" the word "an"

Amend Section 11, line 21, by striking out the word "after"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 12 The moneys derived from registrations and from license fees under the provisions of this act shall be paid by the State Highway Department into the State Treasury for the purpose of building and maintaining the roads of the Commonwealth and to be used as appropriated by the legislature from time to time

REVOCATION OF REGISTRATION OF LICENSE

Section 13 The Highway Commissioner may at his discretion revoke or suspend upon hearing after due notice in writing mailed to his address as stated in his application of the proposed revocation and the grounds therefor for any period up to one year the registration of any traction engine or tractor or license of any driver upon reasonable grounds for improper conduct in operating a traction engine or tractor No person to whom theregistration of a traction engine or tractor has been refused or revoked shall drive or operate a traction engine or tractor upon the public highways of this State No person shall knowingly permit any traction engine or tractor which he may own to be driven by any other person whose license has been revoked or by any person to whom registration for a traction engine or tractor has been refused or whose registration of a traction engine or tractor has been revoked

Section 14 When signaled to do so by the driver of any horse or other animal or draft or burden the operator of a traction engine or tractor shall stop and if circumstances require it shall stop his engine until the danger has been avoided When overtaken by any other vehicle legally traveling at a greater speed the operator or driver of any traction engine or tractor when signaled to do so shall turn reasonably to the right or left of the center of the highway allowing the other vehicle free passage to the right or left

LOCAL REGISTRATION AND TAX

Section 15 No city county borough incorporated town or township shall adopt enforce or maintain any ordinance rule or regulation contrary to or inconsistent with the terms of this act or require of any person any license tax upon or registration fee for any traction engine tractor or trailer or any permit or license to operate Operators of traction engines or tractors shall have the same rights upon the public streets and highways as the drivers of any other vehicles and no public road open to horse-drawn vehicles shall be closed to traction engines or tractors

INTOXICATION

Section 16 Any person operating a traction engine when intoxicated shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or imprisonment for not more than three months or both at the discretion of the court

UNAUTHORIZED USE OF TRACTION ENGINES OR TRACTORS

Section 17 Any person operating a traction engine or tractor under any other number than that of its registration or any person operating any traction engine or tractor without the consent of the owner thereof or any person operating a traction engine or tractor the registration of which has been revoked or, suspended shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00) or imprisonment not exceeding three months or both at the discretion of the court

PENALTIES

Section 18 Any person except as provided in sections sixteen and seventeen violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace as like fines and penalties are now by law collected or in case of non-payment of such fine to undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding ten (10) days provided that any person so accused may waive such summary trial or hearing and secure the right of trial by jury before the court of quarter sessions of the peace for the county in which the offense is alleged to have been committed by entering security with the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace for his appearance at court Proceedings under this act may also be commenced by the issuance of a warrant in the name of the Commonwealth which warrant may be served by a constable policeman or other officer having authority to serve warrants in any part of the Commonwealth a copy of the affidavit or information being served with such warrant Any officer serving such warrant shall take the defendant before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of the county in which the defendant is found who shall take bail for his appearance before the magistrate or justice of the peace who issued the warrant or for a trial by jury in accordance with the provisions of this act

DISPOSITION OF FINES

Section 19 All fines and penalties collected under the provisions of this act for violations of the same shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the offense is committed

The twentieth section was read as follows:

SERVICE OF PROCESS IN CIVIL ACTIONS

Section 20 All civil actions for damages arising from the use and operation of any traction engine tractors or trailers as aforesaid may be brought in the county in which the alleged damages were sustained and service of process may be made either by the sheriff of the county where the suit is brought serving the same personally if the defendant is without said county or by such sheriff deputizing the sheriff of the county wherein the defendant in the suit or his registered agent resides or where services may be had upon him under the existing laws of this Commonwealth in like manner as processes may be served in the proper county

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 20, line 3, by striking out the word "tractors" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "tractor"

Amend Section 20, line 3, by striking out the word "trailers" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trailer"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-first section was read as follows:

REPEALING CLAUSE

Section 21 The act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws page six hundred seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder" so far as the same relates to traction engines tractors and trailers is hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 21, line 21, by inserting after the word "proceedings" the following: "for violation of this act, prescribing the penalties therefor"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act relating to and regulating self-propelled traction engines or tractors equipped with metal tired wheels and vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors providing for their registration and the licensing of certain operators by the Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any traction engine or tractor by any person when intoxicated forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of traction engines or tractors by any county city borough or incorporated town or township establishing the rights of traction engines or tractors upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions of damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the dispositon of fees and fines imposed thereunder

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 5, by inserting after the word "the" the word "State"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1164, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" by providing for the payment of the premium charged for the bond of a trust or bonding company by the authorities of boroughs or townships

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" which reads as follows

"Section 3 The collector of taxes shall before he enters upon the duties of his office take and subscribe an oath of office and file the same in the office of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and shall enter into a bond to the Commonwealth in not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates with at least two sufficient sureties or one trust or bonding company said bond to be approved by said court or a judge thereof in vacation and filed in the office of the clerk of said court the condition of which bond shall be that the said collector shall well and truly pay over or account for according to law the whole amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicate which shall be delivered to him" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The collector of taxes shall before he enters upon the duties of his office take and subscribe an oath of office and file the same in the office of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and shall enter into a bond to the Commonwealth in not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates with at least two sufficient sureties or one trust or bonding company said bond to be approved by said court or a judge thereof in vacation and filed in the office of the clerk of said court the condition of which bond shall be that the said collector shall well and truly pay over or account for according to law the whole amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicate which shall be delivered to him

Provided however That if the bond entered into be secured by a trust or bonding company the premium charged for the said bond shall be paid by the authorities of the respective boroughs or townships for the benefit of which said taxes are collected

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1166, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" by establishing and prescribing the minimum and maximum amount of bond

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Law four hundred and seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" which reads as follows

"Section 3 The collector of taxes shall before he enters upon the duties of his office take and subscribe an oath of office and file the same in the office of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and shall enter into a bond to the Commonwealth in not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates with at least two sufficient sureties or one trust or bonding company said bond to be approved by said court or a judge thereof in vacation and filed in the office of the clerk of said court the condition of which bond shall be that the said collector shall well and truly pay over or account for according to law the whole amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicate which shall be delivered to him" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The collector of taxes shall before he enters upon the duties of his office take and subscribe an oath of office and file the same in the office of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and shall enter into a bond to the Commonwealth in not less than one-third (1-3) nor more than two-thirds (2-3) of the taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates with at least two sufficient sureties or one trust or bonding company said bond to be approved by said court or a judge thereof in vacation and filed in the office of the clerk of said court the condition of which bond shall be that the said collector shall well and truly pay over or account for according to law the whole amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicate which shall be delivered to him

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1453 (Senate Bill No. 694), entitled:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor-Genreal and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefore and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the Canal Board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the Canal Board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expense incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1454 (Senate Bill No. 695), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a Commission Board or other agency thereof canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes of the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1535 (Senate Bill No. 732), entitled:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game fish which are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen may be clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eleven or an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game-fish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 11 That it shall be unawful to fish in any part of the waters described in this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction with any gill-net having a mesh of less than three inches stretched mesh fishing measure and more than thirty meshes deep and all gill-nets used in fishing for trout shall have meshes at least five than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure or with any pound-net with the net at the back side of the crib having a mesh of less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and the net of the balance of the crib having a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure Any person or persons fishing at any time of the year with gill-nets or pound-nets having meshes of less size than herein described shall on conviction be subject to a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars or in default or payment each person convicted shall be confined in the county jail for a period of three months and all boats nets and other appliances used together with any fish caught shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries Provided further That the provisions in regard to size of meshes in pound-nets shall not become affective until the year one thousand nine hundred fourteen" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 11 That it shall be lawful to fish for food fish in any part of any lake described in the first section of this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction subject to the other provisions of modifications in this act contained with gill-nets having a mesh not less than three (3) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and not more than thirty meshes deep provided that gill-nets used in fishing for trout shall have meshes at least five and one-half (5 1-2) inches in size stretched mesh fishing measure and with pound-nets the cribs of which shall have a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and with trap-nets over seventeen miles from the entrance to any bay described in the first section of this act measured in a direct line and over one-half mile from the entrance to the lake of any stream having a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and with set lines with hooks attached called night-lines Any person or persons fishing at any time of the year with gill-nets pound-nets or trap nets having meshes of less size than herein described shall on conviction be subject to a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars or in default of payment each person convicted shall be confined in the county jail for a period of three months and all boats nets and other appliances used together with any fish caught shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries Provided further That the provisions in regard to size of meshes in trap nets shall not become effective until August first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 35, by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 That section twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any person persons company or corporation to operate for the purpose of catching fish any boat boats net nets or any device whatsoever except a rod and line having not more than three hooks or handline having not more than three hooks or a spear used for catching carp and suckers only with a trolling-line with spoon-hooks attached in any part of any lakes described in this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction without having first paid into the hands of the Department of Fisheries the following amounts as license fees to wit For each row or sail-boat used in fishing with gill-nets five dollars for each boat of any other kind under ten tons gross burden so used ten dollars for each boat of any kind of from ten to twenty tons gross burden so used fifteen dollars for each boat of any kind over twenty tons gross burden so used twenty dollars for each pound-net ten dollars for any other form of net or device not less than one dollar nor more than five dollars as the Department of Fisheries may determine and in addition to the license fees above set forth the operators of each boat so licensed shall permit a man designated by the Commissioner of Fisheries to accompany such boat at any time when it is engaged in fishing under and by virtue of such license for the purpose of securing for the Department of Fisheries from the fish caught so much of their spawn as the Department may desire to secure and any person operating or employing others to operate or any member of a partnership or officer of a corporation that employs or consents to the employment of any person to operate any boat net nets device or devices without having procured from the Department of Fisheries a license as provided in this section authorizing him them or it to do shall on conviction be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars or in default of payment be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of one day for each dollar of fine unpaid and all fish and nets shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any person persons company or corporation to operate for the purpose of catching fish any boat boats net nets or any device whatsoever except a rod and line having not more than three hooks a hand-line having not more than three hooks a spear used for catching carp and suckers only and a trolling-line with spoon-hooks attached in any part of any lake described in this act over which this Commonwealth his jurisdiction without having first paid into the hands of the Department of Fisheries the following amounts as license fees to wit For each row or sail-boat used in fishing with gill-nets five dollars for each boat of any kind under ten tons gross burden so used ten dollars for each boat of any kind of from ten to twenty tons gross burden so used fifteen dollars for each boat of any kind over twenty tons gross burden so used twenty dollars for each pound-net ten dollars for any other form of authorized and not excepted net or device not less than fifty cents nor more than five dollars as the Department of Fisheries may determine and in addition to the license fees above set forth the operators of each boat so licensed shall permit a man designated by the Commissioner of Fisheries to accompany such boat at any time when it is engaged in fishing under and by virtue of such license for the purpose of securing for the Department of Fisheries from the fish so caught so much of their spawn as the Department may desire to secure and any person operating or employing others to operate or any member of a partnership or officer of a corporation that employs or consents to the employment of any person to operate any boat net nets device or devices without having procured from the Department of Fisheries a license as provided in this section authorizing him them or it so to do shall on conviction be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars or in default of payment be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of one day for each dollar of the fine unpaid and all fish and nets shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 25, by inserting after the word "fish" the word "so"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game fish which are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen may be clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 7, by inserting after the first word "which" the word "fish"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1075 (Senate Bill No. 288), entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1036, as follows:

An Act providing for a uniform rate of taxation upon all property subject to taxation within the territorial limits of cities of the second class of this Commonwealth for the payment of current expenses and the payment of the indebtedness of said cities or any territorial part thereof and for all other municipal purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a uniform rate of taxation or millage for all municipal purposes shall be levied upon all property subject to taxation within the territorial limits of cities of the second class of this Commonwealth .

Said rate of taxation shall be uniform with respect to the millage for the payment of current expenses of said cities and the indebtedness of said cities and also for the payment of the separate indebtedness of the various territorial units if any of said cities made up of the various cities boroughs townships or parts thereof heretofore or hereafter annexed to or consolidated with and forming a part of the territorial limits of the said cities

Section 2 The provisions of section one of this act shall not in any way affect the rate of taxation or the taxes heretofore levied for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen in cities of the second class

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1408, entitled:

An Act providing for the installation and maintenance of safety devices of fenders upon motor vehicles regulating the use thereof and prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of the same

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no motor vehicle whether propelled by steam gas gasoline or electricity shall be operated or driven upon any public street or public highway in any city borough county or township in this Commonwealth until the same shall have been equipped with a safety device or fender controlled entirely by the operator within the car and constructed so that said fender or safety device shall extend the entire width of the outer tread of said car said fender or safety device extending when dropped from a point not lower than the top of the front wheels to within four inches of the ground and being so constructed as to provide a pliable canvas or fibre apron or pocket in which persons or animals coming in contact with said motor vehicle may be caught supported and carried until such vehicle can be brought to a full stop

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 6, by inserting after the word "county" the word "town"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than five dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate or justice of the peace as like offences and penalties are now by law collectible or in case of the non-payment of the fine within forty-eight hours to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding ten days Any person or persons who having been previously convicted before a magistrate or justice of the peace of this Commonwealth of a violation of the provisions of this act upon commission of the second or subsequent offence shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars or more than five hundred dollars or in case of non-payment of such fine to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty days Upon conviction of a third violation of the provisions of the act certified to the State Highway Commissioner the license issued by him to such person so convicted shall immediately be revoked by the State Highway Commissioner and shall not be reissued for the space of four months after such revocation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 5, by inserting after the word "magistrate" the word "alderman"

Amend section 2, line 10, by inserting after the word "magistrate" the word "alderman"

Amend section 2, line 19, by striking out the second word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "this"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 All fines and penalties collected under the provisions of this act shall be paid to the city borough or township treasurer wherein the offence is committed and the same shall be expended by said city borough or township for the benefit of the public roads

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 4, by inserting after the word "borough" the word "town"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth and fifth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 4 This act shall not apply to any race course or private road or to any passenger railway or steam railroad confined to tracks nor to steam or other street rollers

Section 5 This act shall take effect the first day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

The title was read as follows:

An Act providing for the installation and maintenance of safety devices of fenders upon motor vehicles regulating the use thereof and prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of the same

On the question.

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 2, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1356, entitled:

An Act to provide revenue by the imposition of a tax upon the transfer of stock of domestic and foreign corporations co-partnership associations and joint stock associations providing the manner of collecting such tax and prescribing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act

The first, second, third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby imposed and shall accrue and be collected a tax as herein provided on all sales or agreements to sell or memoranda of sales of stock and upon any and all deliveries or transfers of shares or certificates of stock in any domestic or foreign corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company made on or after the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen whether made upon or shown by the books of the corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company or by any assignment in blank or by any delivery or by any paper or agreement or memorandum or other evidence of sale or transfer whether intermediate or final and whether investing the holder with the beneficial interest in or legal title to said stock or merely with the possession or use thereof for any purpose or to secure the future payment of money or the future transfer of any stock on each hundred dollars of face value or fraction thereof two cents except in cases where the shares or certificates of stock are issued without designated monetary value in which cases the tax shall be at the rate of two cents for each and every share of such stock It shall be the duty of the person or persons making or effectuating the sale or transfer to procure affix and cancel the stamps and pay the tax provided by this act It is not intended by this act to impose a tax upon an agreement evidencing the deposit of stock certificates as collateral security for money loaned thereon which stock certificates are not actually sold nor upon such stock certificates so deposited nor upon mere loans of stock or the return thereof The payment of such tax shall be denoted by an adhesive stamp or stamps affixed as follows In the case of a sale or transfer where the evidence of the transaction is shown only by the books of the corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company the stamp shall be placed upon such books and it shall be the duty of the person making or effectuating such sale or transfer to procure and furnish to the corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company the requisite stamps and of such corporation copartnership association of joint-stock company to affix and cancel the same Where the transaction is effected by the delivery or transfer of a certificate the stamp shall be placed upon the surrendered certificate and canceled and in cases of an agreement to sell or where the sale is effected by delivery of the certificate assigned in blank there shall be made and delivered by the seller to the buyer a bill or memorandum of such sale to which the stamp provided for by this act shall be affixed and canceled Every such bill or memorandum of sale or agreement to sell shall show the date of the transaction which it evidences the names of the seller the stock to which it relates and the number of shares thereof All such bills or memoranda of sale shall bear a number upon the face thereof and no more than one such bill or memorandum of sale made by the seller on any given day shall bear the same number The aforesaid identification number of the bill or memorandum of sale shall in all cases be entered and recorded in a book of account to be kept for the purpose and no further tax is hereby imposed upon the delivery of the certificate of stock or upon the actual issue of a new certificate when the original certificate of stock is accompanied by the duly stamped memorandum of sale as herein provided

Section 2 Adhesive stamps for the purpose of paying the State tax provided for by this act shall be prepared in such form and of such denominations and in such quanties as the Auditor General may from time to time prescribe and shall be sold by him to the person or persons desiring to purchase the same he shall make provisions for the sale of such stamps in such places and at such times as in his judgment he may deem necessary The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is hereby authorized and directed to make enter into and execute for and on behalf of the Commonwealth such contract or contracts for dies plates and printing as may be necessary for the manufacture of stamps provided for by this act and to provide such stationery as may be necessary and to deliver such stamps and stationery to the Auditor General who shall be the custodian thereof until sold

Section 3 Any person or persons who shall make any sale or transfer without paying the tax by this act imposed or who shall in pursuance of any sale or agreement deliver any stock or evidence of the sale of agreement to sell any stock or bill or memorandum thereof without having the stamps provided for in this section affixed thereto shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars or be imprisoned not more than six months or by both such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court

Section 4 In every case where an adhesive stamp shall be used to denote the payment of the State tax provided by this act the person using or affixing the same shall write or stamp thereupon the initials of his name and the date upon which the same shall be attached or used and shall cut or perforate the stamp in a substantial manner so that such stamp cannot be again used and if any person fraudulently makes use of an adhesive stamp to denote the State tax imposed by this section without so effectually cancelling and obliterating such stamp such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not less than two hundred nor more than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned for not more than six months or both at the discretion of the court

The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 Every person firm corporation copartnership association or joint stock company engaged in whole or in part in the making or negotiating of sales agreements to sell deliveries or transfers of shares or certificates of stock or conducting or transacting a stock brokerage business and every corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company which shall keep or cause to be kept within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a place for the sale transfer or delivery of its stock shall within ten days after this act shall take effect or if at the time this act shall take effect not engaged in such business or maintaining such a place for the sale or transfer of its stock within ten days after engaged in such business or after establishing such place for the sale or transfer of its stock as the case may be file in the office of the Auditor General a certificate setting forth the name under which such business is or is to be conducted or transacted and the true or real full name or names of the person or persons conducting or transacting the same with the postoffice address or addresses of said person or persons unless the party so certifying be a corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company in which event it shall set forth its said place of business and when and were incorporated or organized Said certificate shall be executed and duly acknowledged by the person or persons so conducting or intending to conduct said business or by the president or secretary of the corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company as the case may be

In the event of a change in the persons composing such firm corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company or of the address of any such person firm corporation copartnership association joint-stock company or termination of such business or relationship a like certificate setting forth the facts with respect to such change or termination shall within ten days thereafter be filed in the office of the Auditor General

Any person firm corporation copartnership association or jonit-stock company which shall fail to comply with the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or more than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned for not more than six months or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 5, line 24, by striking out the word "were" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "where"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 6 Every person firm corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company engaged in whole or in part in the making or negotiating of sales agreements to sell deliveries or transfers of shares or certificates of stock or conducting or transacting a brokerage business shall keep or cause to be kept at some accessible place within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a just and true book of account in such form as may be prescribed by the Auditor General wherein shall be plainly and legibly recorded in separate columns the date of making every sale agreement to sell delivery or transfer of shares or certificates of stock the name of the stock and the number of shares thereof the face value of the stock the name of the seller or transferrer the name of the purchaser or transferee and the number and face value of the adhesive stamps affixed and the identifying number of the bill or memorandum of sale used as provided for by section one of this act

Every corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company shall keep or cause to be kept at some accessible place within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a stock certificate book and a just and true book of account transfer ledger or register in such form as may be prescribed by the Auditor General wherein shall be plainly and legibly recorded in separate columns the date of making every transfer of stock the name of the stock and the number of shares thereof the serial number of each surrendered certificate the name of the party surrendering such certificate the serial number of the certificate issued in exchange therefor the number of shares covered by said certificate the name of the party to whom said certificate was issued and evidence of the payment of the tax provided for by section one of this act which evidence however shall be provided in one of the following manners and not otherwise to wit

(a) By attaching to the stock certificate surrendered for transfer the stamps required by such transfer or

(b) If the bill or memorandum bearing such stamps is not attached to the bill or memorandum of sale effecting or evidencing the transfer of such certificate by attaching to said certificate the said bill or memorandum of sale with stamps attached or

(c) If the stamps covering the transfer are attached to a bill or memorandum effecting a transfer of one or more certificates or to one or more certificates included in said transfer a notation must be made upon such certificates bill or memorandum as the case may be clearly specifying and identifying the certificate or certificates of stock to the sale or transfer of which the said stamps apply or

(d) If the bill of memorandum bearing such stamps is not attached to the surrendered certificate or certificates to which it applies a notation must be made upon such bill or memorandum stating the serial number or numbers of the certificates to which said bill or memorandum applies as provided by section one of this act It shall also retain and keep all surrendered or canceled shares or certificates of its stock and all memoranda relating to the sale or transfer of any thereof All such books of account transfer ledgers registers and stock certificate books shall be retained and kept as aforesaid for a period of at least two years subsequent to the date of the last entry made therein as herein required and all such surrendered or cancelled shares or certificates of stock and memoranda relating to the sale of transfer of stock shall be retained and kept for a period of at least two years from the date of the delivery thereof For the purpose of ascertaining whether the tax imposed by this act has been paid all such books of account transfer ledgers registers stock certificate books surrendered or cancelled shares or certificates of stock and memoranda relating to the sale or transfer thereof shall at all times between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon except Saturdays Sundays and legal holidays be open to examination by the Auditor General or his duly authorized representative

Every person firm corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company who shall fail to keep such book of account or bills or memoranda of sale or transfer or transfer ledger register or stock certificate book or surrendered or canceled shares or certificates of stock as herein required or who alters cancels obliterates or destroys any part of said records or makes any false entry therein or who shall refuse to permit the Auditor General or any of his authorized representatives freely to examine any of said books records or papers at any time herein provided or who shall in any other respect violate any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall for each and every such offense pay a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars or be imprisoned not less than three months nor more than two years or both in the discretion of the court

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act the Auditor General is hereby invseted with all the powers relative to the settlement of public accounts which under existing laws appertain to his office

Section 7 No transfer of stock made on or after January first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen on which a tax is imposed under the provisions of this act and which tax is not paid at the time of such transfer shall be made the basis of any action or legal proceeding nor shall proof thereof be offered or received in evidence in any court in this Commonwealth

Section 8 The taxes imposed under the provisions of this act and the revenues derived therefrom shall be collected by th Auditor General and paid into the State Treasury in the manner now provided by law for the payment of fees licenses fines penalties commissions costs taxes and all moneys received or collected on behalf of the Commonwealth from any source whatever

Section 9 The provisions of this act shall go into effect from and after the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

An Act to provide revenue by the imposition of a tax upon the transfer of stock of domestic and foreign corporations copartnership associations and joint-stock associations providing the manner of collecting such tax and prescribing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1412, as follows:

An Act legalizing the killing of foxes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful to shoot or trap or snare or poison foxes within any county of the Commonwealth

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts general local or special inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1486, as follows:

An Act making the turning in of short weight or short measure by any person whose duty it is to turn the same in to employers where the contract of hireing between employer and employe provides for payment by weight or measure a misdemeanor and providing a penalty therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylivania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act any person whose employment consists of keeping account for his employer of the amount of work performed by any person employed where the work is to be paid for by weight or by measure who shall wilfully or negligently turn in to his employer short weight or short measure in violation of the terms of the contract of hireing shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than fifty dollars to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or undergo imprisonment for the term and period of not more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 790, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the supervision construction maintenance and repair of township roads relating to road tax and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of an act approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the supervision construction maintenance and repair of township roads relating to road tax and providing penalties for the violation thereof" which reads as follows

"Section 5 The supervisors of each township shall meet at the place where the auditors of the respective townships meet to perform their official duties on the first Monday in December one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and yearly thereafter and after being duly sworn or affirmed according to law to discharge their duties with fidelity a copy of the oath to be filed with the township auditors shall organize as a board by electing one of their number as chairman and shall appoint a treasurer and a secretary who may or may not be the same person and who may or may not be a member of the board and the secretary shall perform all the duties formerly performed by the township clerk which office has been abolished and the secretary shall receive as compensation for his services such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors Provided That the combined amount paid to said secretary and treasurer shall not exceed two per centum of the money paid out by said treasurer except where such percentage would be less than ten dollars The board shall proceed to levy a road tax which shall not exceed ten mills on each dollar of valuation this valuation to be the last adjusted valuation for county purposes and which shall be furnished to said township supervisors by the commissioners of the proper county Provided That if any further adjustment of valuation of any property is made by the county commissioners after said tax is so levied and before said tax is payable such valuation so adjusted shall be certified to the township supervisors and the tax shall be collected on the basis of such valuation as so adjusted Provided That a greater rate than ten mills and not to exceed ten additional mills may be levied by order of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of that county upon petition of the board of supervisors with their unanimous recommendation and upon due cause shown Provided however That the said road tax shall hereafter be collected in cash and no such taxes shall be payable in labor or worked out Each township coming under the provisions of this act shall receive annually from the State fifty per centum of the total amount of road tax collected by such township as shown by the sworn statement of the board of township supervisors contained in the annual report furnished to the State Highway Commissioner on or before the first day of January in each year as hereinafter provided for Provided That no township shall receive in any one year more than twenty dollars for each mile of township road in said township Such distribution shall be made on a basis of an average amount to each mile of township road Upon receipt of the sworn statement from the board of township supervisors it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner to certify to the Auditor General the amount due the respective township and he shall draw a warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of the amount due said township under the provisions of this section to the treasurer of the board of township supervisors which shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for that purpose Provided however no such payment shall be made until such treasurer has filed in the office of the superintendent in charge of such county or district and with the State Highway Commissioner a certified copy of the bond given by him as hereinafter provided for in this act nor until the agreement for the expenditure of such State money together with the township's money has been made and approved as hereinafter provided for Provided That whenever the township highway funds together with funds appropriated by the General Assembly for State aid to township roads have been exhausted the board of supervisors is hereby authorized to issue a certificate of indebtedness and borrow on the credit of the township money in anticipation of taxes to be collected to the end that work may be performed in proper season and in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed

The State Highway Commissioner shall furnish from time to time bulletins of inspection to each board of township supervisors for the building repairing and maintenance and improvement of township roads and bridges and shall furnish any additional information when called upon to do so The State Highway Commissioner shall also furnish from time to time free of charge standards plans and specifications for permanent improvements in the building of bridges and culverts establishing of grades proper drainage and such other matters as he may deem essential The State Highway Department shall furnish blanks to the supervisors in which said supervisors or a majority of them shall make a sworn statement that the money has been expended in building repairing maintaining dragging and improving the township roads according to the instructions standards and specifications or the rules and regulations prescribed by the State Highway Department so far as the available funds and local conditions make it possible Provided further That upon the neglect or refusal of the supervisors of any township to carry out the instructions rules and regulations of the State Highway Commissioner then the State Highway Commissioner may withhold from said township so neglecting or refusing the amount to which it would otherwise be entitled for the year in which said neglect or refusal occurred" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The supervisors of each township shall meet at the place where the auditors of the respective townships meet to perform their official duties on the first Monday in December one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and yearly thereafter and after being duly sworn or affirmed according to law to discharge their duties with fidelity a copy of the oath to be filed with the township auditors shall organize as a board by electing one of their number as chairman and shall appoint a treasurer and a secretary who may or may not be the same person and who may or may not be a member of the board or the board may select a trust company or a banking institution to act as treasurer in place of an individual and the secretary shall perform all the duties formerly performed by the township clerk which office has been abolished and the said secretary shall receive as compensation for his services such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors Provided That the combined amount paid to said secretary and treasurer shall not exceed two per centum of the money paid out by the said treasurer except where such percentage would be less than ten dollars The board shall proceed to levy a road tax not later than the third Monday of March of each year which tax shall not exceed ten mills on each dollar of the assessed valuation This valuation shall be the last adjusted valuation used for the county roads and levies and shall be furnished to the said township supervisors by the commissioners of the proper county Provided That if any further adjustment of valuation of any property is made by the county commissioners after said tax is so levied and before said tax is payable such valuation so adjusted shall be certified to the township supervisors and to the township collector of taxes by the commissioners of the proper county and the tax shall be collected on the basis of such valuation as so adjusted Provided That a greater rate than ten mills and not to exceed ten additional mills may be levied by order or the court of quarter sessions of the peace of that county upon petition of the board of supervisors with their unanimous recommendation and upon due cause shown Provided however That the said road tax shall hereafter be collected in cash and no such taxes shall be payable in labor or worked out Each township coming under the provisions of this act shall receive annually from the State fifty per centum of the total amount of road tax collected by such township as shown by the sworn statement of the board of township supervisors contained in the annual report furnished to the State Highway Commissioner on or before the first day of January in each year as hereinafter provided for Provided That no township shall receive in any one year more than twenty dollars for each mile of township road in said township Such distribution shall be made on a basis of an average amount to each mile of township road Upon receipt of the sworn statement from the board of township supervisors it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner to certify to the Auditor General the amount due the respective township and he shall draw a warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of the amount due said township under the provisions of this section to the treasurer of the board of township supervisors which shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for that purpose Provided however no such payment shall be made until such treasurer has filed in the office of the superintendent in charge of such county or district and with the State Highway Commissioner a certified copy of the bond given by him as hereinafter provided for in this act nor until the agreement for the expenditure of such State money together with the township's money has been made and approved as hereinafter provided for Provided That whenever the township highway funds together with funds appropriated by the General Assembly for State aid to township roads have been exhausted the board of supervisors is hereby authorized to issue a certificate of indebtedness and borrow on the credit of the township money in anticipation of taxes to be collected to the end that work may be performed in proper season and in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed

The State Highway Commissioner shall furnish from time to time bulletins of instruction to each board of township supervisors for the building repairing and maintenance and improvement of township roads and bridges and shall furnish any additional information when called upon to do so The State Highway Commissioner shall also furnish from time to time free of charge standards plans and specifications for permanent improvements in the building of bridges and culverts establishing of grades proper drainage and such other matters as he may deem essential The State Highway Department shall furnish blanks to the supervisors in which said supervisors or a majority of them shall make a sworn statement that the money has been expended in building repairing maintaining dragging and improving the township roads according to the instructions standards and specifications or the rules and regulations prescribed by the State Highway Department so far as the available funds and local conditions make it possible Provided further That upon the neglect or refusal of the supervisors of any township to carry out the instructions rules and regulations of the State Highway Commissioner then the State Highway Commissioner may withhold from said township so neglecting or refusing the amount to which it would otherwise be entitled for the year in which said neglect or refusal occurred

Also that section nine of said act which reads as follows

Section 9 "The treasurer appointed by the board of township supervisors shall be required to give bond with at least two sufficient sureties to be approved by the auditors of the township conditioned that the said treasurer shall well and truly account for and pay over all moneys collected or paid by the State according to the provisions of this act and received by him for road purposes according to law and such bond shall be filed with the township auditors and a certified copy of the same shall be filed with the superintendent and with the State Highway Commissioner He shall pay out such moneys received by him only upon a written order signed by two members of the board of supervisors which order shall be by the use of blanks prepared and furnished by the State Highway Commissioner which is for the purpose of providing an uniform system of accounting and auditing throughout the State" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 9 The treasurer appointed by the board of township supervisors if an individual shall be required to give bond with at least two sufficient sureties to be approved by the auditors of the township conditioned that the said treasurer shall well and truly account for and pay over all moneys collected or paid by the State according to the provisions of this act and received by him for road purposes according to law and such bond shall be filed with the township auditors and a certified copy of the same shall be filed with the superintendent and with the State Highway Commissioner He shall pay out such moneys received by him only upon a written order signed by two members of the board of supervisors which order shall be by the use of blanks prepared and furnished by the State Highway Commissioner which is for the purpose of providing an uniform system of accounting and auditing throughout the State

Also that section fifteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 15 The township supervisors shall meet for the transaction of business once each month at a time to be fixed by the board Two members shall constitute a quorum The board shall be allowed for necessary expenses including office rent and stationery light and fuel to be paid out of the township road funds Upon request the township auditors shall allow those supervisors who do not act in the capacity of superintendent or roadmasters to collect from the township road funds as compensation for serving as township supervisors an amount which will average not less than one dollar nor more than four dollars for each monthly meeting attended the amount to be determined by the township officers" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 15 The township supervisors shall meet for the transaction of business once each month at a time to be fixed by the board Two members shall constitute a quorum The board shall be allowed for necessary expenses including office rent and stationery light and fuel to be paid out of the township road funds Upon request the township auditors shall allow those supervisors who do not act in the capacity of superintendent or roadmasters to collect from the township road funds as compensation for serving as township supervisors an amount which will average not less than one dollar nor more than four dollars for each monthly meeting attended the amount to be determined by the township auditors In addition thereto the township auditors shall allow to the township supervisors compensation for making a semi-annual inspection of the roads and bridges

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 19, by inserting after the word "the" the word "said"

Amend Section 1, line 76, by striking out the first word "do" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "to"

Amend Section 1, line 187, by striking out the word "Also" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Section 2"

Amend Section 1, line 201, by striking out the word "an" and inserting in lieu thereof the letter "a"

Amend Section 1, line 217, by striking out the word "an" and inserting in lieu thereof the letter "a"

Amend Section 1, line 219, by striking out the word "Also" and inserting in lieu thereof the word and figure "Section 3"

Amend Section 1, line 231, by striking out the word "officers" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "auditors"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the supervision construction maintenance and repair of township roads relating to road tax and providing penalties for the violatioin thereof"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Title, line 1, by striking out the words "section five of"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1419, as follows:

An Act to fix the number and salaries of clerks and employes in the State Treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after June first nineteen hundred and fifteen the number and salaries of clerks and employes in the State Treasury to be appointed by the State Treasurer in addition to the cashier whose salary shall remain as now provided by law shall be as follows

One assistant cashier at a salary of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600.00) per annum

One bond clerk at a salary of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) per annum

One corporation clerk at a salary of four thousand dollars ($4.000.00) per annum

One assistant corporation clerk at a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500.00) per annum

One appropriation clerk at a salary of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) per annum

Two assistant appropriation clerks at a salary of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1800) per annum each

One deposit clerk at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) per annum

One assistant deposit clerk at a salary of one thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600.00) per annum

One warrant clerk at a salary of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800.00) per annum

One assistant warrant clerk at a salary of one thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600.00) per annum

One expert bookkeeper at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) per annum

One corporation bookkeeper at a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars ($2,200.00) per annum

One assistant corporation bookkeeper at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) per annum

One clerk at a salary of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800,00) per annum

Five clerks at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500.00) per annum each

One stenographer at a salary of one thousand four hundred dollars ($1,400.00) per annum

One stenographer at a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200.00) per annum

Three watchmen at a salary of one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) per annum each

One messenger at a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200.00) per annum

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 297, as follows:

An Act to regulate the hours of employment of signalmen towermen gatemen agents train despatchers telegraphers or telephone operators in signal towers or public railroad stations of any railroad operated by steam electricity or other motive power in this State and providing for compensation for extra service performed by such employes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person employed as signalman towerman gateman leverman agent train despatcher telegraph or telephone operator in any signal tower or public railroad station of any railroad whether operated by steam electricity or other motive power in this State to receive or transmit a telegraphic or telephonic message or train order for the movement of trains and who works eight hours or more in any twenty-four hours each and every day continuously and all levermen employed in connection with the reception or transmission of a telegraphic or telephonic message or train order for the movement of trains and who works the number of hours aforesaid must have and shall be allowed at least two days of twenty-four hours each in each and every calendar month for rest with the regular compensation except in cases of extraordinary emergency caused by accident fire flood or danger to life or property and for such extra service in case or cases of such emergency such employe or employes who shall work on extra days by reason of such emergency shall be paid in addition to his regular compensation for and during the calendar month in which such extra service shall be rendered an amount equal to his average daily compensation for each day during which he performs such extra service Any person or persons company corporations or associations who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction pay a penalty of not less than one hundred dollars for each violation thereof and such penalty shall be recovered by an action of debt in the name of the State of Pennsylvania for the use of the State which shall sue for it against such person company corporation or association violating this section said suit to be instituted in any court of this State having appropriate jurisdiction and such penalty when recovered as aforesaid shall be paid without any deduction whatever one-half thereof to the informer and the balance thereof to be paid into the public school fund of the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2. This act shall take effect immediately

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1452 (Senate Bill No. 668), entitled:

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes prescribing their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1523 (Senate Bill No. 329), entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 903, entitled:

An Act providing a system of recording farm names imposing duties on the recorder of deeds regulating the use of the name and imposing penalties

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any owner of a farm may have the name of his farm together with a description by metes and bounds of the lands to which the name applies recorded in a register kept for that purpose in the office of the recorder of deeds The register shall be known as the "Register of Farm Names" The recorder shall furnish to the owner a certificate setting forth the name of the farm and the description of the lands When any name has been recorded as the name of a farm such name shall not be recorded as the name of any other farm in the same county No such name shall be recorded unless the intention to record such name shall be advertised at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county The first insertion shall not be less than three months from the date of application There shall be an interval of at least one month between the advertisements If no exceptions are filed with the recorder during the three months prior to the application the name shall be recorded In case of any dispute as to recording or as to right to use a name an appeal shall lie to the court of common pleas of the county whose decision thereon shall be final

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 25, by inserting after the second word "to" the word "the."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 Any person having the name of his farm recorded as provided in this act shall first pay to the recorder of deeds a fee of one dollar

Section 3 When the owner of a farm the name of which has been recorded as provided in this act transfers by deed or otherwise the whole of such farm such transfer shall include the registered name of the farm unless the contrary be expressly stipulated If the owner transfers only a portion of the farm the registered name shall not be transferred to the purchaser unless so stated in the deed of conveyance

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4—When the owner of a registered farm desires to cancel the registered name thereof he shall state on the margin of the record of such name in the recorder's office substantially the following "This name is cancelled and I hereby release all rights thereunder" which shall be signed by the owner and dated and attested by the recorder For such latter service the recorder shall charge a fee of twenty-five cents The owner may cancel the registered name of a farm by recording in the recorder's office where the original record is a paper duly signed and acknowledge as a satisfaction of a mortgage of real property referring to such original record of name and directing the recorder to cancel the same For recording such paper the recorder shall be entitled to a free of fifty cents

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, line 14, by striking out the word "free" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fee."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth and sixth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 It shall be unlawful for any person without express written permission from the owner or tenant of a farm with a recorded name to sell in the county where the name is recorded fruit or vegetables or produce in a container marked with the name of such farm

It shall be unlawful in a county other than where the farm name is recorded to sell fruit or vegetables or produce in a container marked with the recorded name of the farm if the owner or tenant of any farm in the county where the sale is made having a similar recorded name by express written notice forbids such sale in which case if the container is marked also with the name of the county where the name is recorded such sale be lawful

Section 6 Any person who after written notice not to use a recorded name or who after revocation of an express written permission shall violate any of the provisions of section five shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten dollars

An Act providing a system of recording farm names imposing duties on the recorder of deeds regulating the use of the name and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1189, as follows:

An Act to permit farmers to hawk peddle and sell their own products without a license fee in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hreeby enacted by the authority of the same That after passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any borough of this Commonwealth to collect or levy any money or taxes as a license fee from any farmer who hawks sell or peddles his own products in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth

Section 2 It shall be unlawful for any borough of this Commonwealth to pass any ordinance prohibting any farmer or other producer from hakwing peddling or selling any of his own products in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth on any secular day between the hours of six o'clock ante meridian and seven o'clock post meridian

Section 3 All acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second reading?

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Blair County, Mr. McCurdy, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McCURDY. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman whether there is not a law now on the statute books allowing a farmer to peddle and sell his own raised products in any municipality that he chooses without paying a license? I always thought that to be the law.

Mr. McCURDY. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, the first section of this act is now a law on the statute books, which prohibits boroughs from assessing a tax upon farmers selling their own produce in borough; and the second section prohibits the borough from enacting an ordinance prohibiting the farmer from coming into the boroughs; and that is the object of this act. The two sections incorporate the present act on the statute books today.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1154, as follows:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section six of an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repaid of State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete improvement maintenance and repair of State Highways Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of townships or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act" which as amended by the act approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend section six of an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of county township borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid Highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by the provisions of this act'" which reads as follows

"Route One Hundred and Seventy-one From Stroudsburg to Honesdale—Commencing in Stroudsburg and running over route one hundred and sixty-eight to Swiftwater thence to Pocono Summit thence over route one hundred and sixty-nine to Paradise Valley thence by way of Cresco and Mountain Home to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Pike counties thence by way of Laanna to a point on the dividing line between Pike and Wayne counties thence by way of South Sterling Newfoundland Hamlin Ariel Clemo and Hoadley into Honesdale Wayne County

"Route One Hundred and Seventy-four From Honesdale to Montrose—Commencing in Honesdale and running over route six to Carbondale thence running to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Susuehanna counties thence by way of Clifford Glenwood Harford and New Milford thence over route ten into Montrose Susuehanna county"

"Route Forty-six From Bedford to Huntingdon—Commencing in Bedford and running over route thirty-nine to Everett thence by way of Yellow creek Hopewell and Saxton to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Beaver Marklesburg and McConnellstown into Huntingdon Huntingdon county"

"Route Fifty From Somerset to Uniontown—Commencing in Somerset and running by way of New Centerville Rockwood Casselman and Confluence to a point on the National Road near Addison thence by way of Somerfield to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Fayette counties thence by way of Farmington into Uniontown Fayette county"

"Route Fifty-two From Somerset to Ebensburg—Commencing in Somerset and running by way of Friedens Stoyestown Stanton Mills Boswell Jerome Hollsopple and Davidsville to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Cambria counties thence by way of Johnstown Vinco and Dearmin into Ebensburg Cambria county"

"Route Three Hundred and Seventeen—A certain public road beginning at Jennerstown and running by way Glessner Conner Thomas Mills and Sulphur Spring to Island Park thence over route number fifty-two to Johnstown" is further amended to read as follows

Route one Hundred and Seventy-one From Stroudsburg to Honesdale—Commencing in Stroudsburg and running over route one hundred and sixty-eight to Swiftwater thence to Pocono Summit, thence over route one hundred and sixty-nine to Paradise Valley thence by way of Cresco and Mountain Home to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Pike counties thence by way of Laana to a point on the dividing line between Pike and Wayne counties thence by way of South Sterling Newfoundland Hamlin Ariel Pink Hoadley and Cherry Ridge into Honesdale Wayne county

Route One Hundred and Seventy-four From Honesdale to Montrose—Commencing in Honesdale and running over route six to Carbondale thence running to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Susquehanna counties thence by way of Clifford South Gibson Harford and New Milford thence over route ten into Montrose Susquehanna county

Route Forty-six From Bedford to Huntingdon—Commencing in Bedford and running over route thirty-nine to Everett thence by way of Tateville Cypher Yellow Creek Hopewell and Saxton to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Beaver Marklesburg and McConnellstown into Huntingdon Huntingdon county

Route Fifty From Somerset to Uniontown—Commencing in Somerset and running by way of New Centerville Rockwood by Spur thence to New Lexington Casselman by Spur Kingwood Ursina Humbert by Spur Confluence Listonburg by Spur to Newbury on the National Road thence by way of Somerfield to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Fayette counties thence by way of Farmington into Uniontown Fayette county

Route Fifty-two From Somerset to Ebensburg—Commencing in Somerset and running by way of Friedens to Stoyestown thence by way of route one hundred and nineteen to Ferreltown thence via Boswell Jerome Hollsopple Hooversville by Spur Davidsville to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Cambria counties thence by way of Johnstown Vinco and Dearmin into Ebensburg Cambria county

Route Three Hundred and Seventeen A certain public road beginning at Berlin Somerset county thence via Roxbury Shanksville Cairn Brook and Windber thence over route two hundred and twenty-two to Johnstown

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1402 (Senate Bill No. 550), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contigous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, speaking for the gentleman from Lehigh, Mr. Rinn, when this bill, House Bill No. 1069, File Folio 5217, entitled:

An Act requiring railroads to remove grade crossings and providing penalties.

was under consideration it was amended without his knowledge or consent.

I now move that the vote by which this bill passed second reading be reconsidered.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I now move that the amendments that were inserted in this bill a short time ago, when on second reading, be stricken therefrom.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1458, as follows:

An Act exempting all loans made by school districts from all taxes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act all bonds issued by any school district in this Commonwealth shall be free and exempt from all taxes of every kind

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1136, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for the Commissioners of any County in this Commonwealth to contract to repair, build, or rebuild any county bridge, without due advertisement for sealed proposals and the employment of a competent engineer; making it mandatory that location plans be submitted in duplicate to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, and requiring the Attorney General to defend all suits where any county within this Commonwealth is made defendant in a suit for the recovery of damages, where infringements on patents, royalties, designs and patented processes or features are alleged, where a county has complied with the provisions of this act, excepting contracts not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars.

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any county commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to make any contract to repair build or rebuild any county brides without first making due advertisement for at least three weeks or in case of emergency one week for sealed bids or proposals to repair erect build or rebuild any county bridge or bridges in at least three newspapers published in the county where said proposals or bids are asked for said advertisement to contain the description of the repairs or plans of the kind of bridge required and fixing the time when the proposals or bids shall be closed and when said bids or proposals shall be opened Provided such plans and specifications have been made by an engineer employed by the county commissioners competent to make hydraulic studies acceptable to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania and competent to analyze stresses and to check and approve details and to inspect and supervise in the office mill shop and field all the work in connection with the complete construction of any type of county bridge who shall make such hydraulic study of the bridge site and submit report of the same to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania together with clearance diagrams showing discharge capacity of the proposed structure in accordance with the provisions of the act of the General Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and upon approval of such clearance diagrams he shall prepare a complete set of general drawings of the bridge and give complete information as to limitation of working stresses and to the loadings including live dead wind and impact for which the structure shall be designed and prepare forms for bidding blanks copies of advertisement contract and specifications which shall be placed on file in the commissioners for inspection by prospective bidders for a period of three weeks prior to opening of bids

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. CHARLES SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 22, by inserting after the word "submit" the letter "a"

Amend section 1, line 34, by inserting after the word "the" the words "office of the"

Amend section 1, line 15, by inserting after the word, "Provided," the word "where," and after the word "Specification," the following words "involve the building or rebuilding of structures over seventy (70) feet in length, they shall be"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 The proposals or bids must be accompanied with such security as the county commissioners may require which must be filed with the chief clerk or someone in charge of the commissioners' office at least one hour before the time fixed for the opening of the said bids or proposals the time of filing of the said bid or bids must be marked on the outside of the said bids and the person's name with whom filed

Section 3 The said bid or proposal shall be opened in public and in the presence of not less than two of the county commissioners and the chief clerk and a record made of each and every bid

Section 4 The commissioners shall immediately or as soon thereafter as possible after the time fixed for the opening of said bids award the contract for the repairs building or rebuilding of said bridge or bridges to the lowest responsible bidder upon the condition that the said bidder must within ten days after the notice of the award of said contract sign and execute a contract for the faithful performance of the proposal and furnish a bond in the sum not exceeding the amount of the contract and that the legality of the contract and the sufficiency and legality of the bond shall first be approved by the court of quarter sessions Provided That if the lowest bidder neglects to comply with the conditions of his bid within the time required the county commissioners shall award the same to the next lowest bidder And provided further That in case all bids are too high or unreasonable in the opinion of the county commissioners the county commissioners may reject any and all bids and advertise for new bids

The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 It shall be unlawful for the commissioners of any county of the Commonwealth to receive proposals for the building of county bridges except in compliance with the plans and specifications advertised and on file Where such plans and specifications involve the use of patented designs features or processes the cost of such patented designs features or processes or the royalty thereon shall be plainly stated on such plans

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. CHARLES SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 5, by inserting after the word "plans," "if not, the County shall pay such costs or royalties or eliminate the infringement before signing of contract."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth, seventh and eighth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 6 It shall be the duty of the Attorney General where any county in the Commonwealth is made the defendant in a suit for recovery of damages royalties et cetera and when such suits allege infringement of patented designs processes or features and when such county has fully complied with the provisions of this act to defend such suit or suits where the validity of the patent is in doubt

Section 7 This act shall not apply to any contract for the repair building or rebuilding of any bridge or bridges that will cost less than two hundred and fifty dollars

Section 8 Any and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

An Act making it unlawful for the commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to contract to repair build or rebuild any county bridges without due advertisement for sealed proposals and the employment of a competent engineer Making it mandatory that location plans be submitted in duplicate to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania and requiring the Attorney General to defend all suits where any county within this Commonwealth is made the defendant in a suit for the recovery of damages where infringements on patents royalties designs and patented processes or features are alleged where a county has complied with the provisions of this act excepting contracts not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1403 (Senate Bill No. 551), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1455, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore the councils of any incorporated borough of this State has required by ordinance and caused to be paved curbed or macadamized with brick stone or other suitable material any public street or thoroughfare or part thereof or is now causing such paving curbing or macadamizing pursuant to such ordinance but owing to some defect in the petition or other proceeding necessary under existing law to give jurisdiction to such council or for any other reason the cost of such improvement or a portion thereof cannot be legally assessed upon the property bounding or abutting upon the street or part thereof improved as was contemplated by the act or acts of the General Assembly under which the improvement was attempted to be made now by this act such improvements are made valid and binding and the council of such incorporated borough may cause the property bounding or abutting upon the street or part thereof upon which the improvement has been made or is now being made to be assessed with such a portion of the cost of such improvement as is contemplated by the law under which the improvement was made or is now being made such assessment shall be a lien upon the property assessed The lien shall date from the completion of the improvement for which the assessment is made and shall remain a lien until fully paid and satisfied Provided That a writ of scire facias is issued to revive the same during every period of five years after a lien is filed as hereinafter provided

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STONE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the word "councils" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "council"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third, fourth and fifth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 The council of any incorporated borough of this State entitled to a lien under this act shall file a lien therefor in the office of the prothonotary of the county within which the property lies within six months after the completion of the work where the improvement is now in progress or within six months after the approval of this act where the improvement is now completed and the same shall be entered upon record as other municipal claims Such lien shall state the name of the party claimant which shall be the corporate name of the borough making the improvement the name of the owner or reputed owner of the property assessed a reasonable description of the property assessed the amount or sum claimed to be due which shall include interest on the assessment from the completion of the improvement for what improvement the claim is made the date of its completion the date of the assessment for which the lien is filed Such lien when so filed shall be prima facie evidence of all matters therein set forth and of the right of the borough to recover the amount therein claimed to be due together with interest from the date of filing the lien cost and an attorney's commission of five per centum for collection

Section 3 The lien when so filed shall be proceeded upon for collection by writ of scire facias The said writ shall be made returnable to the monthly or other return day in the respective courts and shall be served upon the owner or reputed owner personally or by leaving a copy thereof duly attested with an adult member of his family or of the family in which he resides at least ten days before the return thereof If the owner of the property cannot be found or has no residence within the county in which the property lies the sheriff shall thereupon return the said writ nihil and thereupon an alias scire facias may issue which shall be served by notice posted upon the premises stating the substance of the writ at least ten days prior to the return day and also by advertisement in at least two newspapers published in the county in which the premises are located once a week for three successive weeks Such posting and publication shall be equivalent to a service

Section 4 If the writ shall have been served and no appearance filed on or before the return day thereof the plaintiff therein shall be entitled to judgment after the return day thereof for the debt interest cost and attorney's commission If an appearance be entered the plaintiff shall also be entitled to judgment unless a sufficient affidavit of defense be filed within fifteen days after the return day If such affidavit be filed the cause shall be proceeded with in accordance with the rules of law and the practice of the courts

Section 5 When final judgment shall have been entered upon such lien the plaintiff therein may have a writ of levari facias and upon the same the sheriff shall cause the said property to be advertised for sale in at least two newspapers of the proper county once a week for three weeks before the day of sale and shall also give notice by at least ten handbills posted in conspicuous places one of which shall be posted on the property of the time and place of sale and thereupon shall proceed to sell the same The place of sale shall be at the sheriff's office The proceeds of sale shall be distributed according to law

The sixth section was read as follows:

Section 6 The term "owner or reputed owner" as used in this act shall mean any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of the property The remaindermen or other persons interested in expectancy not having been heard and aggrieved by such final judgment upon petition presented in the proper court may have the judgment opened at any time before the sale of the property and they allowed to defend when in the judgment of the court such opening is necessary to secure justice to all parties Sale of the property shall preclude all persons from setting up anything contrary to the record

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STONE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 6, line 7, by striking out the word "they" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "shall be"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventh and eighth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 7 Nothing in this act shall be taken to restrict the right of either plaintiff or defendant in proceedings under it to appeal as in other cases

Section 8 Any person owning property against which a lien is filed under this act may at any time present a petition to the proper court praying that the claimant in such lien be compelled to proceed for the collection thereof and thereupon the court shall make such order as the justice of the case may require

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 758, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities boroughs towns and first class townships to form and to join associations for certain purposes and to appropriate moneys therefor

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That boroughs towns and first class townships may form or join associations whose principal object shall be to maintain in Harrisburg or elsewhere agents or representatives who shall represent the association or any of its members in any hearing or proceeding or matter before any department or bureau or division or commission or other branch of the State government or before the Supreme or Superior Court or before the General Assembly or before any committee thereof or before any committee of either branch thereof and may appropriate moneys for membership in such association or associations and for special services rendered by the association or its agents

The title was read as follows:

An Act authorizing cities boroughs towns and first class townships to form and to join associations for certain purposes and to appropriate moneys therefor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 1, by striking out the word "cities"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1469, entitled:

An Act to amend section two thousand two hundred and twenty-nine of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two thousand two hundred and twenty-nine of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 2229 Except as superintendent of schools associate superintendent assistant district superintendent director of a special branch or as principal of or teacher in a high school or normal school or in case of promotion of transfer from any position to another or higher position no person shall be appointed to any educational position in the public school system in school districts of the first class whose name does not appear among the three highest names upon the proper eligible list Provided That in any district of the first class or in one that is made a district of the first class by this act no person holding a position at the time of the passage of this act shall be displaced by the above provision" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2229 Except as superintendent of schools associate superintendent assistant district superintendent director of a special branch or as principal of a high school normal school or manual training school no person shall be appointed promoted or transferred to any educational position in the public school system in school districts of the first class whose name does not appear among the three highest names upon the proper eligible list Provided That in any district of the first class or in one that is made a district of the first class by this act no person holding a position at the time of the passage of this act shall be displaced by the above provision

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 16, by striking out the second word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend section two thousand two hundred and twenty-nine of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1273, as follows:

An Act to amend section three hundred and three of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three hundred and three of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 303 A permanent organization shall then be effected for the ensuing year as follows

"In all school districts of the first class the school directors shall elect a president and a vice-president from their members and a secretary who is not a member They shall elect the treasurer of the city constituting such school district of the first class as the school treasurer for such school district for the ensuing fiscal year In each school district of the second third or fourth class the school directors shall elect from their members a president and a vice-president and shall annually on the first Monday of July elect a secretary and a treasurer each of whom shall serve for one year In school districts of the second class the secretary and treasurer shall not be members of the board In districts of the third and fourth class they may be members of the board The same person shall not be secretary and treasurer of any board of school directors" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 303 A permanent organization shall then be effected for the ensuing year as follows

In all school districts of the first class the school directors shall elect a president and a vice-president from their members and a secretary who is not a member They shall elect the treasurer of the city constituting such school district of the first class as the school treasurer for such school district for the ensuing fiscal year In each school district of the second third or fourth elasses the school directors shall elect from their members a president and a vice-president and shall annually on the first Monday of July elect a treasurer who shall serve for one year In school districts of the second and third classes the term of office of the secretary shall be four years commencing with the first Monday of July next following the passage of this act In each school district of the second and third classes the Board of School Directors shall on the first Monday in July one thousand nine hundred fifteen elect a secretary and shall elect a successor thereto on the first Monday in July every fourth year thereafter In school districts of the fourth class the school directors shall elect a secretary annually on the first Monday of July In school districts of the second class the secretary and treasurer shall not be members of the board In districts of the third and foruth classes they may be members of the board The same person shall not be secretary and treasurer of any board of school directors

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1473, as follows:

An Act to amend section two thousand seven hundred and one and two thousand seven hundred and two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Law three hundred and nine) by providing that all receipts and proceeds derived in any way from or on account of the State forests now or hereafter acquired by this Commonwealth shall belong to and form a part of "The State school fund of Pennsylvania"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two thousand seven hundred and one of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establsh and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which now reads as follows

"Section 2701 Eighty per centum of the net receipts and proceeds derived in any way from or on account of the forest reservations now or hereafter acquired by this Commonwealth together wtih all water-powers and water-rights belonging to this Commonwealth in the streams rivers lakes or other waters of this Commonwealth and all real estate owned by this Commonwealth which is not used for State or other public purposes all escheated estates in this Commonwealth and all other property or money which shall in any way accrue to such fund whether by Act of Assembly dsvise gift or otherwise shall belong to and constitute a fund to be known and designated as 'the State school fund of Pennsylvania' which is to be maintained as herein provided Provided however That the forest reservations shall continue to be wholly under the control of the State Forest Reservation Commission as now provided by law" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2701 The receipts and proceeds derived in any way from or on account of the forest reservations now or hereafter acquired by this Commonwealth together with all water-powers and water-rights belonging to this Commonwealth in the streams rivers lakes or other waters of this Commonwealth and all real estate owned by this Commonwealth which is not used for State or other public purposes all escheated estates in this Commonwealth and all other property or money which shall in any way accrue to such fund whether by Act of Assembly devise gift or otherwise shall belong to and constitute a fund to be known and designated as "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania" which is to be maintained as herein provided Provided however That the forest reservations shall continue to be wholly under the control of the State Forest Reservation Commission as now provided by law

Section 2 And be it further enacted that section two thousand seven hundred and two of said act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws three hundred nine) which now reads as follows

"Section 2702 All real and personal property belonging to the State school fund shall be wholly under the control and management of the State Board of Education All net receipts derived in any way from or on account of the State Forest Reservation or from or on account of any real or personal property belonging to the State school fund and all other moneys accruing to said fund shall always be promptly paid to the State Treasurer and kept by him in a separate account subject to the disposal of the State Board of Education as herein provided and the State Treasurer shall deposit said funds in the properly authorized depositories for State funds and shall add to such funds the interest received from the depositories for the use of the same All income derived from any investments of the State school fund shall be paid to the State Treasurer and kept deposited as herein provided in a separte account subject to the order of the State Board of Education The State Treasurer and his bondsmen shall be responsible for the safe-keeping of and accounting for said funds in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe-keeping of and accounting for the other funds of this Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2702 All real and personal property belonging to the State school fund shall be wholly under the control and management of the State Board of Education All receipts derived in any way from or on account of the State forest reservations or from or on account of any real or personal property belonging to the State school fund and all other moneys accruing to said fund shall always be promptly paid to the State Treasurer and kept by him in a separate account subject to the disposal of the State Board of Education as herein provided and the State Treasurer shall deposit said funds in the properly authorized depositories for State funds and shall add to such funds the interest received from the depositories for the use of the same All income derived from any investment of the State school fund shall be paid to the State Treasurer and kept deposited as herein provided in a separate account subject to the order of the State Board of Education The State Treasurer and his bondsmen shall be responsible for the safe-keeping of and accounting for said funds in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe-keeping of and accounting for the other funds of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 113, as follows:

An Act to amend section five hundred and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five hundred and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 506 The board of school directors in any school district in this Commonwealth in any year in order to purchase or acquire proper sites or grounds for school buildings or any lands additional to any present school sites or grounds or to erect enlarge equip or furnish any school building or to repair or rebuild any new or old building or in order to pay or refund any existing indebtedness of any school district or to pay any indebtedness incurred by any municipality for or on account of any school district or for school purposes as is herein required to be assumed by any school district hereby established or to refund as herein authorized to any municipality the amount of any such indebtedness may create and incur an indebtedness against any such school district and issue bonds to secure the same for any and all such purposes or may create and incur an increase of any existing indebtedness against any such school district for any or all such purposes to any amount that the total indebtedness of such school district including the indebtedness of any sub-school or ward school district therein if any shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property for school purposes therein be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 506 The board of school directors in any school district in this Commonwealth in any year in order to purchase or acquire proper sites or grounds for school buildings or any lands additional to any present school sites or grounds or to erect enlarge equip or furnish any school building or to repair or rebuild any new or old building or in order to pay or refund any existing indebtedness of any school district or to pay any indebtedness incurred by any municipality for or on account of any school district or for school purposes as is herein required to be assumed by any school district hereby established or to refund as herein authorized to any municipality the amount of any such indebtedness may create and incur an indebtedness against any such school district and issue bonds to secure the same for any and all such purposes or may create and incur an increase of any existing indebtedness against any such school district for any or all such purposes to any amount that the total indebtedness of such school district including the indebtedness of any sub-school or ward school district therein if any shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property for school purposes therein

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1447 (Senate Bill No. 612), entitled:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1256, as follows:

An Act fixing the pay of assessors in cities of the third class and in boroughs and townships of the second class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the pay of assessors for county taxation purposes in each city of the third class and in each borough and township of the second class shall be five dollars per day for each day Eight hours shall constitute a day

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1152, entitled:

An Act to further amend section one thousand four hundred twelve of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand four hundred and twelve of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which as amended by an act approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act amending section one thousand four hundred twelve in article fourteen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith' by requiring the free education in the public schools of children who are inmates of institutions for the care or training of orphans or other children" reads as follows

"Section 1412 The board of school directors of any school district in this Commonwealth in which there is located any orphan asylum home for the friendless children's home or other institution for the care or training of orphans or other chilldren shal permit any children who are inmates of such homes but not legal residents in such district to attend the public schools in said district either with or without charge for tuition text-books or school supplies as the directors of the district in which such institution is located may determine Provided That when the education of such inmates of such institutions is charged for the cost thereof shall not exceed the cost of tuition text-books and school supplies of other children of similar grade in such district And provided further That such cost shall be paid to the district in which such institution is located by the district of which the respective pupils are legal residents" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1412 The board of school dircetors of any school district in this Commonwealth in which there is located any orphan asylum home for the friendless children's home or other institution for the care or training or orphans or other children shall permit any children who are inmates of such homes but not legal residents in such district to attend the public schools in said district either with or without charge for tuition text-books or school supplies as the directors of the district in which such institution is located may determine Provided That when the education of such inmates of such institutions is charged for the cost thereof shall not exceed the cost of tuition text-books and school supplies of other children of similar grade in such district And provided further That such cost shall be paid to the district in which such institution is located by the district of which the respective pupils are legal residents

No inmate of such home shall be permitted to attend the public school in said district until the authorities of the home shall furnish to the board of school directors of such district the legal residence address of the child

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 51, by striking out the first word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to further amend section one thousand four hundred twelve of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1200, as follows:

An Act relating to open air schools

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the boards of school directors in every school district may establish and maintain schools commonly known as "open air schools" and may furnish free of cost to any or all of the pupils the food clothing and transportation necessary for attendance therein

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1600 (Senate Bill No. 847), entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1303, File Folio 5503, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first class of the Commonwealth to establish and operate municipal abattoirs and markets defining the same requiring the inspection of animal products used for food in said cities and providing penalties for the violation of the terms thereof or regulations adopted pursuant thereto

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1302, as follows:

An Act amending section four of an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred thirty) entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or renewal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of "An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth" approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" and amending the twentieth section thereof as amended by the act approved June sixth one thousand nine hundred seven and as further amended by the act approved June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred eleven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred five which reads as follows "That within ninety days after the taking effect of this act or as soon thereafter as possible the State Board of Health and Vital Statistics shall appoint a local registrar of vital statistics for each registration district in the State excepting such boroughs and cities as are otherwise provided for The term of office of local registrars appointed by said board shall be for four years beginning with the first day of January of the year in which this act take effect and their successors shall be appointed at least ten days before the expiration of their terms of office

Any local registrar appointed by said board who fails or neglects to efficiently discharge the duties of his office as laid down in this act or who fails to make prompt and complete returns of births and deaths as required hereby shall be forthwith removed from his office by the State Board of Health and his successor appointed in addition to any other penalties that may be imposed under other sections of this act for failure or neglect to perform his duty

Each local registrar appointed by said board shall immediately upon his acceptance of appointment as such appoint a deputy whose duty it shall be to act in his stead in case of absence illness or disability and who shall accept such an appointment in writing and who shall be subject to all rules and regulations governing the actions of local registrars Provided That in cities or boroughs where health officers or secretaries of local boards of health or other officials at the date of this act are officiating as registrars of births and deaths under local ordinances such officers shall be continued as registrars in and for such cities or boroughs but shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the State Registrar and to all of the provisions of this act And when it may appear necessary for the convenience of the people in any township the local registrar is hereby authorized with the approval of the State Registrar to appoint one or more suitable and proper persons to act as sub-registrars who shall be authorized to receive certificates and to issue burial or removal permits in and for such portions of the townships as may be designated and each sub-registrar shall note over his signature the date on which each certificate was filed and forward all certificates to the registrar of the township within ten days and in all cases before the third day of the following month Provided That all sub-registrars shall be subject to the supervision and control of the State Registrar and may be by him removed for neglect or failure to perform their duties in accordance with the provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of the State Registrar and they shall be liable to the same penalties for neglect of duties as the local registrar" is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 That within ninety days after the taking effect of this act or as soon thereafter as possible the State Board of Health and Vital Statistics shall appoint a local registrar of vital statistics for each registration district in the State excepting such boroughs and cities as are otherwise provided for The term of office of local registrars appointed by said board shall be for four years beginning with the first day of January of the year in which this act shall take effect and their successors shall be appointed at least ten days before the expiration of their term of office

Any local registrar appointed by said board who fails or neglects to efficiently discharge the duties of his office as laid down in this act or who fails to make prompt and complete returns of births and deaths as required hereby shall be forthwith removed from his office by the State Board of Health and his successor appointed in addition to any other penalties that may be imposed under other sections of this act for failure or neglect to perform his duty

Each local registrar appointed by said board shall immediately upon his acceptance of appointment as such appoint a deputy whose duty it shall be to act in his stead in case of absence illness or disability and who shall accept such an appointment in writing and who shall be subject to all rules and regulations governing the actions of local registrars Provided That in cities of the first class the local registrar shall be the incumbent of such office in the Department of Public Health and charities as shall be designated by the director of said department for the performance of the duty of registering vital statistics and providing further That in all other cities or in boroughs where health officers or secretaries of local boards of health or other officials at the date of this act are officiating as registrars of births and deaths under local ordinances such officers shall be continued as registrars in and for such cities or boroughs but each local registrar whether appointed by said board or otherwise shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the State Registrar and to all of the provisions of this act And when it may appear necessary for the convenience of the people in any township the local registrar is hereby authorized with the approval of the State Registrar to appoint one or more suitable and proper persons to act as sub-registrars who shall be authorized to receive certificates and to issue burial or removal permits in and for such portions of the township as may be designated and each sub-registrar shall note over his signature the date on which each certificate was filed and forward all certificates to the registrar of the township within ten days and in all cases before the third day of the following month Provided That all sub-registrars shall be subject to the supervision and control of the State Registrar and may be by him removed for neglect or failure to perform their duties in accordance with the provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of the State Registrar and they shall be liable to the same penalties for neglect of duties as the local registrar

Section 2 That section twenty of said act as amended by the act approved June sixth one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws four hundred twenty-two) entitled "An Act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of the statistics through vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties and abolishing all other system of registration of births and deaths" And as further amended by the act approved June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws nine hundred) entitled "An Act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a Bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an "Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a Bureau and providing certain penalties" which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties and abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates" which reads as follows

"Section 20 That each local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out and registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act Provided That in cities of the first and second class in which the city clerk health officer or other official acting as local registrar receives a fixed salary in lieu of fees he shall be entitled to fifteen cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act And in case no births or deaths were registered during any month the local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each report to that effect promptly made in accordance with this act All amounts payable to registrars in cities of the first and second class under provisions of this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon certification by the State Registrar and the State Registrar shall certify monthly to the State Treasurer and Auditor General the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein All amounts payable to registrars except in cities of the first and second class under provisions of this section shall be paid by the treasurer of the county in which the registration districts are located upon certification by the State Registrar And the State Registrar shall annually certify to the treasurers of the several counties the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section XX That each local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each birth and death certificate properly and completely made out and registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act Provided That in cities of the first class the sum of fifteen (15) cents shall be paid to the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities for each birth and death certificate properly and completely made out and registered with the local registrar and correctly copied and duly returned by such local registrar to the State Registrar as required by this act And in case no births or deaths were registered during any month the local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each report to that effect promptly made in accordance with this act and the sum or sums so paid to the director or so much thereof as may be necessary shall be employed by him in defraying the necessary expenses of the office of local registrar A full and complete report of such expenditures shall be made to the State Registrar and any portion of the sums so paid to said director unexpended shall be paid into the city treasury and Provided That in cities of the second class in which the city clerk health officer or other official acting as local registrar receives a fixed salary in lieu of fees he shall be entitled to fifteen cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act And in case no births or deaths were registered during any month the local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each report to that effect promptly made in accordance with this act All accounts payable to directors of departments and to registrars in cities of the first and second class under provisions of this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon certification by the State Registrar And the State Registrar shall certify monthly to the State Treasurer and Auditor General the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due for the returns made by each each at the rates fixed herein All amounts payable to registrars except in cities of the first and second class under provisions of this section shall be paid by the treasurer of the county in which the registration districts are located upon certification by the State Registrar And the State Registrar shall annually certify to the treasurers of the several counties the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1305, as follows:

An Act to provide for the regulation of rag shops second hand paper shops and junk shops in cities of the first class and providing a penalty for the violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after January one one thousand nine hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful for any person firm or corporation to own operate or conduct any rag shop second hand paper shop or junk shop in cities of the first class without having first received a permit from the board of health for said cities to own operate or conduct the said shop and the board of health of said cities is hereby authorized and empowered to issue permits for said purpose and to make rules and regulations for the location conduct and operation of said shops

Section 2 Violaters of any of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations of the board of health made in pursuance thereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by summary conviction before a magistrate by a fine of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or imprisonment in default of fine of not less than five (5) days or more than fifteen (15) days subject to appeal as in cases of summary conviction

Section 3 The acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. ARTHUR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1453 (Senate No 694), entitled:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the canal board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the canal board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterways in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving appropriations in money or bonds by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying expense incident to changing the locations of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of a public hearing.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1454 (Senate Bill No. 695), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a Commission Board or other agency thereof canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of a public hearing.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1508, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof" which reads as follows

"Section 3 That any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) dollars nor more than fifty (50) dollars or imprisonment for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days or either or both at the discretion of the court" is amended to read as follows

Section 3 That any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) dollars nor more than fifty (50) dollars or imprisonment for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days or either or both at the discretion of the court

If any sample of milk taken from a producer or taken from a dealer and traced directly to an individual producer shall fall below the standard fixed by law in total solids and butter-fats the officer charged with the enforcement of this act shall with the consent of the owner cause a test to be made of the herd from which the milk was taken and if the milk of the herd shall test below the minimum composition required by law no action shall lie against such producer

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 36, strike out word "and" and insert in lieu thereof the word "or"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the enforcement thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

SENATE MESSAGES.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was twice, read, considered and concurred in.

In the Senate, April 21st, 1915.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was twice read, considered and concurred in.

In the Senate, April 21st, 1915.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 84.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Senate Bill No. 503.

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

Senate Bill No. 369.

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets and trays therefor and imposing penalties

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER in the presence of the House signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The special order for eleven o'clock is House Bill No. 283.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act to further regulate the granting of licenses for the sale of vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by permitting the electors of any county in this Commonwealth to determine by any election whether the granting of licenses of such sale therein shall be prohibited

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall be bill pass finally?

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to offer a motion.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the motion for information.

The motion was then read by the Clerk as follows:

In view of the general desire of members to speak on this measure, moved that no person shall speak over twelve minutes and that all arguments on both sides be concluded in two and one-half hours.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the yeas had it.

Whereupon, a division was asked for, 111 gentleman voting in the affirmative.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentlemen from Tioga, Mr. Williams.

The Chair desires to state that he trusts that all conversation ceases and that we have perfect order during the speeches for and against the bill.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, the people who are in favor of the enactment of a Local Option Law in Pennsylvania are neither fantics nor cranks on the subject of temperance. On the contrary they are among our most loyal and patriotic citizens, some of them in favor of and others opposed to licensing the sale of intoxicating liquors, but all in favor of determining the question with their ballots rather than with their names to petitions and remonstrances. I am not here to say whether a man should or should not drink intoxicating liquors, that being a question for every man to determine for himself, but I am here to say that I believe that the majority sentiment of the people on this question as well as on all other questions affecting their welfare, should prevail.

For many years previous to the year 1887, Pennsylvania was under a liquor license system which had outlived its effectiveness and public sentiment then gave us what is known as the Brooks High License law. Another period in the time of history has been reached when there is a feeling among the people that the Brooks law, in certain ways, is unsatisfactory, and a change in its operation is accordingly demanded, and in response to this sentiment the bill now under consideration has been introduced. I ask the indulgence of the members for a brief reference to the Brooks law and this suggested amendment. You will be told by those who oppose the bill under consideration that the Brooks law is the best liquor license law enjoyed by any of our sister States. Admitting that it has some good features we are saving them for use in counties which may under this proposed law vote against prohibiting the sale of liquor, giving the Courts in such instances the same discretionary power they enjoy under the existing law.

That the unrestricted sale of liquor would have a demoralizing influence on the community where sold is admitted by its terms by those who drafted the Brooks law, and in order to safeguard these communities as against this legalized traffic which results in lowering rather than in elevating the character of those addicted to the use of liquor, certain restrictions were placed in this law such as prohibiting sales on Sunday, and to men of known intemperate habits, and to men visibly intoxicated, to minors and on election day. Is there a member of this House who would dare to introduce a bill to remove these restrictions? Certainly not. Then we are all agreed that the liquor traffic which we legalize is a recognized evil, and the only difference between the friends and opponents of this measure is how best this traffic when the sentiment demands it can be prohibited in their respective communities.

The Brooks law has many times legally forced upon a community the sale of liquor when the majority sentiment of the people in the unit has been against the license. Under this law twelve reputable qualified electors living in a license unit certifying that the facts set forth in the applicants petition among them being that of necessity, are true, has in many instances justified our license judges, from their interpretation of the law, in granting a license when a majority of the electors in the unit district have remonstrated against the same, which is nothing less than legalized minority rule, and in this particular I believe the Brooks law to be radically wrong, that it has outlived its usefulness, is a misfit and out of place for the government of the intelliglent people of Pennsylvania.

No law on our statute books subject to as many different judicial interpretations and opinions as the Brooks law. It must be embarrassing to the license judges to attempt as many of them have done to make this law fit local sentiment on the liquor license question. My criticism is not of the judges but of the law. A law of so much interpreting elasticity to me seems out of date and it is one of the strong reasons for this contemplated change. Many times judges are compelled in the performance of their duties to sentence men for crimes committed when under the influence of liquor purchased by and under the authority given by them to a licensee, and in all fairness they should be releived to the greatest possible degree of this responsibility. To be compelled to act in this dual capacity of both trial and license judge is wrong and many times results not only in lowering the dignity of but a loss of proper respect for the Court.

The bill under consideration embodies recall and referendum features .Under certain conditions as set forth in the bill the people can recall from the judges part of the authority given them under the Brooks law. It is intended to give the voters of each county the right by a majority vote to say that no liquor license shall be granted for a period of three years. It is simple and direct in its operation. What fairer proposition could be made for determining this question? The supreme thought in this measure is the same as in the bill introduced by the gentleman from Blair, and so strongly advocated by him of transferring from the city council in third class cities to the people the right to say with their votes who is to serve them as city treasurer. If the principle involved in that measure the right of self government and home rule caused the members of this House to pass it, how can those who voted for it consistently vote against this bill.

The enactment of this measure does not insure a single county unit voting dry, but it does mean that the legal voters of a county shall with their ballots have the privilege of indicating their position on the question of prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors at a special election called for that express purpose and that a majority vote shall determine it. I appeal to the members of this House and ask them if they desire to have a business the character of the liquor traffic carried on in their respective counties without the majority sentiment of their constituents behind it ,and how can such sentiment be ascertained in any fairer way than is suggested by this bill? Whether a member is in favor of or opposed to licensing the sale of liquor how can he refuse to give his constituents the right to pass on this question with their ballots rather than with their names to petitions and remonstrances.

I can't believe there is a member of this intelligent body who desires by his vote aganst this measure to say to his constituents that while they have the intelligence to discriminate in the marking of their ballots which resulted in making him a member of this legislature they have not the intelligence to vote yes or no on the question this bill is intended to put up to them. No he should take pride in supporting this measure and in doing so say I am willing that my constituents shall be permitted to determine the question intended to be submitted to them instead of continuing with this power vested in a single person.

I have heard members of this body object to the principles of Local Option on the ground that under a law of this kind one unit be it a county or a smaller one will be dry and the next one wet. Such objections should have no weight in determining a members position on this measure for such are the conditions existing in Pennsylvana to-day. Through the interpration of the Brooks law by the Courts counties are wet and counties are dry and the enactment of this bill into a law may not change the wet and dry territory from what it is to-day, but if it does it will be by the mandate of a majority vote in the county affected and not by what many of the legal profession believe to be unwarranted assumption or arbitrary power by the judges under the Brooks law.

The liquor licensees of our states seem to labor under the impression that they get the privilege given them from year to year from some higher authority than the people, when as a matter of fact this privilege they enjoy comes from the people through legislative action with executive approval vesting in the Courts the authority to pass on their applications and the people clearly have the right in the same way to recall this authority in the whole from the Courts, or in part which this bill is intended to do.

If right for the citizens of New York, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois and other states to enjoy this privilege of determining the question of prohibiting the sale of liquor with their ballots why should not the citizenship of Pennsylvania be given this same privilege? Remember that the enactment of the law by which United States Senators are elected by a popular vote has divorced the office of state legislators from national issues and consequently has removed this office from the list of partisan political offices and is now in Pennsylvania as much of a non-partisan office as is that of judge, and it will be so viewed by the voters of our state in 1916 if this legislature fails to give the people the rights they are demanding in the bill under consideration.

Believing as I do in a rule by the majority in the affairs of our government, I would were I a resident of the county of Philadelphia, or Allegheny or Erie, or Elk, or Schuylkill or any other county likely to vote against prohibiting the sale of liquor under a Local Option Law, favor this measure as strongly as I do living in the county of Tioga. Ours is not intended to be a government by classes or interests and the sooner we realize this and give the people their rights the better it will be for us ,and failing to do to so means the beginning of the downfall of our Republic. With the clergy and the church, the legal and medical profession, the manufacturer and other employers of labor, the merchant and farmer in favor of this bill there can be no mistaking the sentiment of the people of our fair state on the question of a Local Option Law in Pennsylvania. The business interests so much in evidence in oppositon to this measure should withdraw from the state if afraid to submit their claims to continue in business to the electors they are prepared to serve.

The SPEAKER. In accordance with the motion adopted by the House the gentleman's time is up.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move that the gentleman's time be extended until he has finished.

Mr. GANS. Mr Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Tioga, Mr. Williams.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, wise party leaders and wise legislators never hesitate to give the people laws they from time to time demand. A State that surrenders to any business interest in opposition to public sentiment is not only headed in the wrong direction but is laying the foundation for serious trouble to itself. Woodrow Wilson when Governor of New Jersey said Local Option was a moral and not a political question. Conditions in New Jersey at the time these words were spoken undoubtedly justified them. To-day in Pennsylvania Local Option we might also say is a moral question, but it will become a political question if the legislature shall continue to refuse to give the people this legislation they are demanding. Bear in mind that the sentiment favorable to Local Option in Pennsylvania is stronger than any political party, and when for selfish reasons a combination shall be formed between business interests and political parties to deny the people the rights they are, for instance demanding in this bill, to govern themselves, and they come to understand that such is the case, there will be a nonpartisan uprising in Pennsylvania, not in the name of the anti-saloon league, but in the name of the people, with a platform on which men of all parties can stand and work together, and on their banner will be inscribed the words made famous by the immortal Lincoln "A government of the people, by the people and for the people" words as true in their significance to-day as when spoken, and this movement will sweep over the Keystone State moving the people as no movement has done since the issues leading up to the Civil War moved them, and it will then carry into these halls of legislation a majority vote in favor of giving the people of this Commonwealth the rights they are demanding in this bill.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, since the House has so willingly consented to extend the time of Mr. Williams in the discussion of this bill, I ask the gentleman who framed the motion to give his consent to withdraw the same at this time. I think it is too an important question for this Legislature to limit each member to a measly twelve minutes and a half of speech.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote, by which this resolution was agreed to, be reconsidered

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. There is now no time limit on the speakers

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, we have heard so much about this monotonous question since the election of 1914, that to say anything further in my mind would sound like the wailing of a graveyard wind. It has been the main topic of conversation so long, to many members of this assembly, that the other day when I was walking up through the halls of the House I overheard some of the friends of this bill talking among themselves. There seemed to be in their minds the evidence of some horrible apparition, and as I heard one of them say, "If I sat here, I saw him," I was reminded of Shakespeare's proverbial, "Ghost Banquo." Nevertheless, sir, I take pleasure in assisting in the delivery of the funeral oration of Martin G. Anthony. The corpse of this bill is now in our hands for burial, the funeral of which has long since been delayed. I am not rising in my place to speak on this question because I have any personal interest, but because I think the bill is wrong in principle, and wrong in policy.

I came to Harrisburg to represent the people of the second legislative district of Erie county, not to represent the Governor of this Commonwealth.

If no one in this Commonwealth drank any more liquors than I do, local option would regulate itself. Yet, this agitation has not been brought on by the people of this great Commonwealth, it has been brought on by the Governor himself. For the first time in the State of Pennsylvania, the friends of local option have been frank enough to admit that it is not alone local option for which they are striving, but for state-wide prohibition. I presume we came the nearest to driving them into an admission in the session of 1913, but they surely capped the climax at the local option hearing on April 6th, when they struck right out from the shoulder and openly declared that local option was the first step to state-wide prohibition, and that this was their ultimate goal. Therefore in this discussion I contend it to be strictly parliamentary to speak from the standpoint of both local option and prohibition. There seems to be some false alarm about this question. The people, through the pulpit and the press, have become greatly agitated. One would think from the actions that have gone on during the last six months, that the State of Pennsylvania has sunk to the lowest depths of debauchery, that she is in a quagmire of crime never before known in the annals of the State. It takes only a glance to convince me that this is false policy. A State of the size of Pennsylvania, with her varied industries, her large area, her numerous population, her beautiful educational institutions, her hospitals, her libraries, and above all a policy of political ethics that has placed her on the safe side of the ledger for many years back, will convince the average mind that this great hue and dry for local option, which is only a primary stage of prohibition, is not a necessity, but a political hysteria. I am reminded of the story my father used to tell about an old maid who lived to be about fifty years old, and one morning as she was down on her knees, in front of the oven, taking out some biscuits, her brother came into the kitchen and found her weeping bitterly. He went up to her and laying his hand gently upon her shoulder said "What grieves thee, Geraldine?" She exclaimed, "Oh, Chester, wouldn't it be dreadful if I ever got married and the Lord was good enough to give me a child and it got in the oven and got burned."

I hold that the principles of local option are a violation of the true principle of American liberty. Local option in this State is not a necessity; there is no need for it. The question was settled on the fifth day of last November, as conclusively as water quenches fire, as conclusively as did the Civil War settle the question of the secession of the Southern States, as conclusively as did Daniel Webster settle the question of nullification in his reply to Hayne. As conclusively as Mr. Willard settled the championship at Havana recently. Every mother's son of you declared your convictions to the people in the fall of 1914, every voter in this State knew that this was a closely drawn issue, so much so that the election of the United States Senator was fought on that very basis, and had the people of this Commonwealth desired local option they could have sent to this Assembly men of that proclivity, but instead, there was elected in this Assembly one hundred and forty-four members in this State who were openly pledged against local option, so I quite contend that in so far as the people of this Commonwealth are concerned, this is a closed question. Not so with the Chief Executive and the exponents of local option. They will not admit that they are in a small minority and still continue to promise, flatter, threaten and coerce. It is ridiculous, to my mind, that we must single out one food product and say to our brothers "You shall not use this." If you do not want liquor, for God's sake leave it alone, but I deny your right to tell me what or when I shall drink. I consider it no man's business when I desire to do this. Are you my keeper? Is my soul in your charge? You "drys" say, we "wets" cannot have the vile stuff. Do we "wets" ever say to your "drys," "here, come along, you've got to drink it, whether you want it or not." No, it is reciprocity with us, or at least ought to be. Why, would it not be fair to have local option on coca cola, ice cream, doughnuts, pink tea parties and bridge whist. I dare say that men do more harm to themselves and to their physical constitutions with tobacco than with liquor. In my case that is true fifty times over. Why can't we have local option on the question of your religion and the question of your politics? Why can't we have local option on the divorce evil and upon our love affairs, so that should a man finally single out a woman whom he thinks he loves, he might have a law passed compelling her to marry him?

Local option is absolutely a repudiation of personal liberty and the tenets of the constitution and is unnecessary for the very reason that we have had on the statute books of this Commonwealth since 1887, the best local option law that was ever written into the archives of any State. Its history and trial has been one of success. For over a quarter of a century it has been upon the statute books of this Commonwealth almost in the original form in which it was passed. It has been found tried and true. It has regulated the liquor traffic of the State of Pennsylvania in a commendable manner. Prior to its passage when a wave of prohibition had swept over this Commonwealth, the people of this State by their representatives inserted an amendment at one session of the Legislature, and repealed at the very next session. In 1889 a prohibitory amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania was voted down by 280,000 majority. I believe in regulation and moderation, not in elimination and total destruction. The Brooks High License law does the former and the Williams County Local Option bill, if it ever became a law, will bring about the latter. The high license and the stringent regulations imposed by the Brooks act makes it almost impossible in this State, to carry on a violation of the law without detection prosecution and loss of license. There is a wrong unit in the Williams Bill. Do you mean to say for one minute that the back woods districts in one county can assist in deciding whether you shall have an up to date hotel down at the County Seat? That Middletown shall rule Harrisburg? Do you mean to tell me, for instance, that Washington township, in the County of Erie, shall tell the voters of my City whether we may maintain a bar at the Hotel Lawrence or the Reed House? It is fallacy and error and should never be passed.

The great political parties of this Commonwealth have never demanded an issue of this kind. The great men of the State and the nation who have led each of these parties to success from the earliest days of the constitution down to the present time, have been men of liberal views and who from time to time scorned the idea that local option and prohibition rightfully belonging in a political platform. But, on the other hand, the people have been given to understand that this was a moral question to be threshed out in the schools and the churches. Can you imagine Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Webster, Clay, Lincoln, Grant, McKinley and such leaders of both parties, forcing into the political annals of their time an obnoxious liquor plank? Had you mentioned such a thing to any one of them, they perhaps would have reminded you that your place to seek redress is in the Prohibition Party. Their never has been an issue in the two great parties of this State or nation which demanded the insertion of a plank such as the Chief Executive of this State attempts in his platform. As a nation we have progressed in all lines of industry and education and especially is it true in this Commonwealth, although there seems little left for the people to think about except to cast about for trouble. After the Civil War was over the minds of the American nation were taken up with the reconstruction policies of Johnson and the other leaders following the Civil War. Armies were disbanded, States were re-united, the rivers were opened, the harbors were improved, mines were opened up, forest lands in the west thrown open to agriculture, cities increased, and industries grew. The whole nation was one of thrift and during this period the whole land teemed with prosperity, but now, after we have almost reached the summit of our progression, we have fallen into an age of mental idleness. An idle brain is the devils workshop and some of our Women's Clubs and some of our ministers who do not have enough preaching to do to keep them busy, can sit down 365 days in the year and hatch up some scheme to cast misery and dissension upon honest citizens in this Commonwealth, and yet they will compare the European situation with the conditions in this Country, and to my mind, to compare for one minute the unsettled conditions in Russia and England with that of America—and to draw a conclusion in favor of local option by citing an edict of the Czar, when everything is in a frenzy, a turmoil and disorder, in my estimation, is schoolboy logic, redflannel petticoat argument and an insult to Pennsylvania's high standard of morals and intelligence, and I reiterate sir, that local option is only the pet hobby of Governor Brumbaugh. It is not in the platform of the Republican party of this State, and it is not in the original or legal platform of the Democratic party of this State. I am not a Republican and you will be obliged to work out your salvation in your own way, but I do understand, that when the Republican State platform was adopted at Pittsburgh--a platform which carried Boise Penrose to the United States Senate, by an overwhelming majority and brought to this assembly a large majority of liberal people, that the leaders of your party scorned the very idea of a dry plank in the platform that Governor Brumbaugh was silent on the matter, neither admitting or denying, and that later, after the platform was adopted and the question settled, he inserted a "dry" plank in his own platform. He gave the leaders the absolute assurance that he would play fair with them and would not press the question. Now it has been hinted, and some of the speakers of your party have gone so far as to point their fingers over at the Democratic side of the House and remind us that we had a party platform pledge to keep. I want to tell you, and I want to serve notice on every one in this Commonwealth, that I do not consider for one minute, that I am bound by a platform that was adopted in the way our Democratic platform was adopted in this State. When the State Central Committee met in Harrisburg for the purpose of organization and the drafting of a platform, the leaders of the reformed and reorganized Democracy in Pennsylvania carefully felt the pulse of the delegates and finding that the attempt to force in a "dry" issue would be promptly defeated, in order to secure control of the Convention and to insert their hobbies in the platform, those very men who later graced the heads of the ticket in this Commonwealth, secured the appointment of a Committee who withdrew from the Convention and drafted the Democratic Platform with the assumption, however, as should be the assumption in all parliamentary procedures of that kind, that that very same Committee should report back to the body which created it. Did they do this? No. After closeting themselves in a room with the leaders of the party and drawing a platform to their own liking, they put it in their pockets and left the Convention, the same never having been approved or even voted upon by the State Central Committee. Do you mean to tell me, or do you mean to tell the liberty loving broad minded Democrats of this Commonwealth that we must be bound by a scurrilous, illegitimate, half strung platform of that kind, brought into the world to serve the selfish purpose of the men who had recently ascended to the throne of power in the Democratic party of this Commonwealth? The people of this Commonwealth and of this nation have finally been given to understand that the liquor question has no place in national politics, but for the past two years and a half every federal appointment coming into the State of Pennsylvania has been made upon narrow lines. The Secretary of State had inaugurated his grape juice campaign and everything done by those from Pa, who had associated themselves with the national administration was done with the ultimate view of placing this issue in the national campaign until Underwood and his followers so greatly repudiated the action of Hobson in the National Congress.

I hold that there are more evils connected with the passage and enforcement of local option than there ever can be under the Brooks High Licence law in this State. Of course there are different arguments and volumes and volumes of different figures, but above all, there has been a growing disrespect for the judiciary, a tendency by the followers of this movement, to take away from a man that which rightfully belongs to him and without compensation, a tendency to create a policy that is ruinous, abusive and destructive, that reciting their argument for local option, the exponents thereof always mention the extreme cases; they never try to correct or help. They will criticise the saloon as the hell hole of crime, they will wink at the drug store violating the law in a red handed manner. They shame the people and admonish them to keep away from the dance hall, but they have never been known to lend a helping hand in the correction of the evils which they so loudly exploit from the forum and pulpit. They have become cynics in their own realm. They never see a good quality in a man and never fail to see a bad one. Some of their rabid speakers are almost like unto a human owl, vigilant in darkness and blind to light, mousing for vermin and never seeing nobler game. They seek to demoralize business, and if this bill should become a law, the hotels, the general business interests in the whole community, every three years, will be thrown into a State of turmoil and doubt that in my estimation will work more injury to the great interests of this Commonwealth than the liquor question could hope to do one hundred times over. I dare say it has been you experience that in some of your towns where there are no licensed places, that there are more drunkards and more debauchery and the like than in towns of similar population where licenses have been set up and maintained under the Brooks Act. I recall one particular town in my county which has no saloons and never has had one, and there have been two or three citizens to be declared habitual drunkards, when the nearest licensed saloon was several miles away. I recall one other town in which there has been a licensed place as long as I can remember and I do not remember an instance where there has ever been a proceeding directly or indirectly connected with drunkenness or disorder.

It strikes me that I would rather trust a question of such great moment to the wise, careful and judicial minds of the judiciary of this Commonwealth than to a frenzied rabble at the poles. As I sat in the meeting on local option recently, the thought struck me that it takes other things than liquor to make men intemperate or to bring about intoxication. As I listened to the local option arguments and saw the behavior of the crowd I thought that some of them were drunk with frenzy, intoxicated with disorder and polluted with a spirit of unfairness. Do you desire to trust the destinies of a great business to such a condition, or do you want it decided in the judiciary where it rightfully belongs?

The religious hysteria of Billy Sunday has largely been responsible for this agitated and inflated condition of affairs. It seems peculiar to me that the sensible people of this Commonwealth would allow a man, who is only out for the mighty dollar, to drive them into a frenzied condition on this question or any other question, while he is not teaching the sound truth or plain gospel of Him who taught at Gallilee, but making an utter attempt to excite the people by the use of slang and vulgar vernacular. Speakers have come into this House and named the saloon as being responsible for every bit of crime, for every bit of debauchery, for every bit of wrong, for every bit of pauperism, for every bit of insanity in this Commonwealth. They cannot produce figures to prove this, but they will tell you that ninety-five per cent. of all of this and all of that is brought on by the saloon evil. Their figures are erroneous. How is it possible to say that children are brought into the world blind because of the liquor question? How is it possible to say that children are brought into the world in a crippled condition because of the liquor question? How can you prove to me that the inmates of the insane asylum reach that institution through the direct cause of liquor? I have sat many and many a time in court and when the judge was about to sentence a prisoner who had been convicted of some crime, the judge would ask him if he had anything to say to the court, and nine times out of ten some fellow who had been an old rounder, who had been convicted before, and whom they all knew, for argument and in order to get the sympathy of the Court would say "Booze did it." But I have personally traced up the cause and effect of his having been in Court and found that a very small percentage of crime, especially in our County, was directly traceable to intoxication. Did you ever stop to think how many people have been brought into the world as degenerates, blind, weak and crippled, how many people have found their way into some institution for the feeble minded or for the insane, simply because there is planted deep in the human race a disease that we hear so little about for the reason that its inception is always a matter of secret, and I deny that the liquor question is any more responsible for all these evil physical breakdowns than is that great blood disease commonly called syphilis. Nor do I believe that the liquor traffic is any more responsible than the drug habit in its various forms, yet we never hear anybody say anything about syphilis or the use of drugs, but it's booze, booze, booze.

It has been said that when a man takes out a license under the Brooks Law for either brewing, distilling or selling, that all he can expect is a period of one year. This is absolutely an unfair statement. It is erroneous and misleading. The very custom and practice of itself and the interpretation put upon the same by the judiciary, and especially by the appellate courts of the State, absolutely guarantees, a continuation of the business so long as a man conducts the same in an orderly and lawful manner. Do you suppose for a moment that a man would invest from ten thousand to twenty thousand dollars in a corner saloon with the expectation that his lease of business was to last for just one year, or do you suppose that a man would tie up his entire fortune in a brewery or a distillery under the same condition? It is false logic and the same old fashioned argument which the local option people have fed to you for years. The State of Pennsyvlania and the Federal Government have collected millions of dollars from the liquor traffic in Pennsylvania alone. They hardly allow the product to cool in its vat before the collections made. Did you ever stop to consider how much revenue had been received, directly and indirectly, from some small out of the way place of business, such as the corner saloon to which I have just referred, counting not only the license under the Brooks Act, but all the direct and indirect taxes imposed thereon? Out of this money we have built schools, hospitals, libraries and paid off the public debt, and these are some of the things which the saloon has given to the State of Pennsylvania.

The Church has unfairly criticized the saloon business as an evil. I do not admit for one moment that it is an evil, but granting for the sake of an argument, that we allow the exponents of local option to have their way and characterize it as a flagrant evil, and then I ask, whose evil is it? Is it the evil of the saloon keeper, the brewer, the distiller, wholesaler and the retailer, or is it the evil of the very people who set it up, established it, and by various legislation from the Duke of York down to the present time, protected and encouraged it? If it is an evil then it is the evil of him you see in you picture making his famous treaty with the Indians. (Indicating William Penn). If it is an evil, then it is the evil of every Pennsylvania character portrayed on that master piece of painting before you. (Indication Pennsylvania's great men). I go a step further and say that if it is an evil it is an evil belonging to his Excellency, Martin G. Brumbaugh and to you Mr. Speaker, and to Chairman Williams, of the Law and Order Committee, and to every mother's son of you who are within the hearing of my voice at the present time. Now, then, will you turn around by a piece of tyranical and sumptuary legislation and rip out a legitimate business which all the laws of the Commonwealth have always fostered and give to the people who own such a business not a single penny of compensation?

We must meet this proposition fairly. It is not their proposition, it is our proposition. The manufacturesr, distillers and retail liquor people are in a business inherited from our forefathers. We cannot get away from the truth of this. I know it and you know it. From earliest times it was recognized by law in this Commonwealth. As I have said, under the Duke of York laws, promulgated in 1676, and the laws of the proprietary government of William Penn, (pointing again to Penn) and without a single day's interruption to the present time. The liquor business in Pennsylvania is to-day as legal as any other business. Notwithstanding this, the saloonkeeper has been abused, derided, and driven out of social fellowship. He has been in partnership with the rest of the citizens of the State. He is a carefully selected partner of the State and is carrying on a business scheme to make money for all the people of the State as well as for himself. But by this act you seek to turn him out penniless, to rob him of every penny of his life time earnings, to take away from innocent women and children their daily bread, by throwing thousands of men out of employment, to rob widows and orphans of that which the father of the family had for years striven to accumulate. It strikes me that this bill is almost tyrannical enough to cause men to rise up as in the days of our forefathers and assert their rights with something stronger than representation.

Talk about your American policies and your Yankee fairness,—Did you ever investigate into the history of some of the foreign nations who have sought to eliminate a portion of their liquor traffic? Do you know that in spite of the howl that has gone up from Local Option forces that the Czar of Russia with his imperial sponge has swapped up all the vodka in Russia; that for many years back, the entire liquor interests of the Empire of Russia have been under Government control, not a single citizen having lost a penny by the imperial edict of the Czar? Do you know that this policy is being carried out at the very present time by the great leaders in England? Do you know that in the Chamber of Deputies in France at the very present time, there is a Bill under consideration to stop the manufacture and sale of absinthe, and that the French nation intends to compensate not only the manufacturer, the wholesaler and the retailer, but the very farmer who produces the agricultural products out of which absinthe is made?

Do you know that only a few years ago in the Confederacy of Switzerland the law-making body passed a law doing away with the manufacture and sale of absinthe; that they appointed a Commission appropriating a certain sum of money, bought up all distilleries, all the store-houses, all the wholesalers, all the retailers, paid for the good-will of the business destroyed thereby, and went out into the rural districts and paid off the farmers for the loss of their crops and gave them a certain sum of money in each instance sufficient to start them on the road to prosperity in raising some other kind of a crop? This is barbaric Europe's way of doing business. Do you wish to trade European thoughtfulness and quality for American hypocricy?

How well our forefathers worked out the triple idea of a Government when they inaugurated in the constitution of the United States, and which the several states have patterned after, the executive ,the legislative and the judicial departments. This is a representative government and I hold that not every question of importance belongs to the people for decision, but can better be decided by an unbiased, level headed judiciary in comparison to a howling, swelling rabble that would frequent the polls if this bill were enacted into law. From the days of the Decemviers and Justinian code down to the present time, such able commentators, essayists and writers as Bracton, Fleta, Sir Edward Coke, Sir William Blackstone, Kent and our own Chief Justice, John Marshall, have so nicely instilled into the human mind that one paramount thought and teaching to respect the judiciary. Yet we are fast growing to separate ourselves from that theory, and every judge in this Commonwealth has been criticised and derided whenever he has failed to sustain a remonstrance even though the evidence be overwhelmingly against it. From the earliest days of my boyhood I was taught to scaredly respect and obey the judiciary and I have yet to find many people allied on the side of the liquor traffic who have openly arraigned and criticized a judge of this State for his official act in refusing to grant a license. The criticism and disrespect comes from the other side. I had a man say to me not long ago "Why Judges Walling and Benson turned down nearly every remonstrance we carried into Court." I asked him to compare for me the number and character both of the applicants and the remonstrants. This he could not do. I then asked him to quote me the election figures for that particular district when the issue was closely drawn as to "wet" and "dry." That he could not do. I asked him to quote some of the Brooks Act which put the law into the hands of the Court. That he could not do. Yet such men as he will blindly criticize the lawful action of the judiciary. You know there is always one disappointed lawyer in a law suit, and it is quite a mark of human character to take a defeat gracefully. I have been about the polls of Erie County a great deal, and I would rather trust the destinies of the liquor traffic to such able jurists as we have in the Sixth Judicial District than I would to the excited clamor of the Y. M. C. A., the Anti-saloon League and some other organizations which have much to do about nothing. If the other counties of the Commonwealth are like unto my own county, we surely have in this Commonwealth a judiciary to be proud of, but in spite of the broad, fair minded principles maintained by our Court, let one of the judges, as was the case recetnly in our County, come up for election to a higher office and see how many of the very church people whom he had favored would double cross him.

Of course, the devil can quote scripture for his own purpose but I would like to set down some day when I have time with my bible and I challenge any advocate of local option to bring his bible, and if I cannot show him more passages from the good book which absolutely repudiate prohibition than he can that advocates it, I will be convinced and vote for local option.

In Ecclesiastics the 31st chapter and 27th verse it says: "Wine is as good as life to a man if it be drunk moderately. What is life then to a man that is without wine? For it was made to make men glad."

I do not care to stand here and quote scripture, as I know some of it can be quoted against me, but I do say that there are from three to four hundred passages in the bible that are as strong as the one I have just quoted, showing God's approval and that the very Saviour Himself turned that from water which we so at this time abhor. A wise man once said if we were to be cut off from all literature, but could have with us the works of Shakespeare and the Holy Bible, we would have in them a most complete library. Is it not peculiar that Shakespeare was born under liberal conditions in England. Cast your eye through his plays and writings and sift out some of his sayings and approvals towards the use of alocholic liquors. You will find them as profound as those in the bible. For instance, he says:

"A health, gentlemen. Let it go round."—Henry VIII.

"To make the coming hour overflow with joy and pleasure drown the brim."—All's well that ends well.

"Come, I will drink with you."—Henry IV.

"Good friends, go in and taste some wine with me and we like friends will straightway go together."—Julius Caesar.

"Filled till the cup be hid."—Anthony and Cleopatra.

While the exponents of this question seem to be loaded with facts and figures which in their inception, from either side of the question, seem incontrovertible, let me give you a few facts and figures on this question as I see it, and I challenge from the friends of local option a contradiction either in toto or seriatim.

Analysis of the report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue discloses among other things that during the fiscal year ending with last June the income from the tax on whiskey exceeded that of the previous year by $7,744,914; the increase from vinous liquors, including brandies of all kinds, was $387,679, and that from beer was $3,139,911.

These increases appear in spite of the fact that collections of special taxes from retail liquor deals fell off $532,217, from wholesale dealers $85,203, from retail beer licenses $42,656, and from wholesale beer licenses $79,526.

The facts attest that prohibition does not check the sale or consumption of either whiskey, wine, brandy or beer.

Never were prohibitory laws more widely extended, more carefully enforced than at present, and the statistics of the internal revenue show the consequences.

Under license the saloon is a responsible institution, open to inspection and subject to control. Under prohibition the traffic in liquor is driven into secret places and is handled by irresponsible, lawless men, who sell to boys and adults without distinction. These places are open at all hours, and handle the vilest instead of the best brands of liquor. The police burden is increased. Court costs multiply as a result of the futile effort to suppress these secret joints. Beer drinkers become whiskey drinkers and the net result is an increase in the evils of intemperance. The net loss to real estate owners, merchants, cities, county and State would be enormous. Why exchange profits for losses or trade benefits for burdens?

Before you vote to make your own town dry, get some prohibitionist to give you the name of just one dry town that ever made a great city. Society has no more right to tell you what you shall drink than it has to dictate what you shall think.

Sunday says: "If all the millionaires in hell would join together and pool their wealth, they couldn't buy this pitcher of ice water."

From this we learn that hell is a dry territory. Bill has raised a pertinent question which I demand that he answer:

Is hell dry because prohibitionists are in the majority?

Is the place dry because it is hell or hell because it is dry?

Let no man attend to your business until you have hired him for that purpose.

Is it not strange that wet England produced a Shakespeare, wet Germany a Schiller, a Bismarck, wet America Jefferson, a Washington and a Lincoln, while prohibition Turkey never produced a single great man in all the centuries since Mohammed? Its religion and civilization both rest upon prohibition. The beer drinking Bulgars were more than a match for the dry Turks. There is to-day not a single example of superior manhood in the Turkish Empire. The prohibition Turks trail at the tail end of civilization. They are inferior in everything except bigotry, brutality and ignorance. Prohibition has utterly failed to elevate the standard of manhood and morality in the only country in the world where it is a success.

Statistics of the Internal Revenue Bureau showing that 2,471 illicit stills were seized and destroyed last year in the six southern states, Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia, in each of which there is a State-wide prohibition or its near equivalent, afford a side light on the apparent spread of prohibition sentiment and suggest that even the Federal revenue figures may not be a reliable indicator of the consumption of alcoholics.

The record of captured stills is growing larger yearly, and even the eternal vigilance of the revenue officer, who has been spurred to greater effort in the past few years, does not prevent an increase in illegal distillation, confirming the characteristic experience of States and lesser communities where an attempt has been made to create a Sahara by law only to produce a crop of speak-easies, pocket bar-rooms, and illegitimate and unregulated peddling of poison. In the six States for which figures are quoted the number of captured stills for twelve months has doubled in the last eight years, and the destruction of a still seldom, if ever, puts an end to the business but merely forces it to seek another cover.

During the argument before the Law and Order Committee held on the floor of this House on the sixth of April last, the exponents of local option were frank enough to admit that it is state-wide prohibition which they are seeking and that local option is only a first step to their ultimate result. Therefore I hold that I am keeping within parliamentary procedure when I give arguments upon the question local option and prohibition, and in my mind these two questions are so closely related that they are one and inseparable. You have been told by the speakers for local option and you have read in the dry newspapers of the State and have been fed facts and figures as to the good that local option can accomplish. I desire to call your attention to some figures that I have gleaned from United States statistics and from time to time I will quote the bulletin so that you can verify what I am about to say. The friends of prohibition have been very careless with terms and have secured much erroneous advertising thereby. It strikes me that there are just two States the facts and figures from which will throw much light upon this question. They are Maine and Kansas, and in their order I shall take them up. Maine never has been and never will be a prohibition state until public opinion precedes legal enactment. Maine is a temperance state. In the smaller towns it is always because behind the enforcement there is a good, healthy sentiment, and such degree of enforcement would prevail in such communities with law or without law, so at the outset do not let us confound the legal declaration of the policy of the state constitutionally and satute of needful prohibition. I have stated that Maine is a temperance state. She is, and her longest strides in this direction were in the old days when Washingtonian movements, the Sons of Temperance, the Good Templars, the prohibition parties and the Women's Temperance Union were directing their efforts towards the drinker and his habits. The present plan is legislating against the man who the drinker has set up in business. In the old days real temperance effort bore real fruit, for it was directed against the drinker of high and low degree. It recognized that the average man could no more be made an abstainer by law than he could be made religious by law.

There reposes to-day in the archives of the State of Maine a leather-bound volume bearing the names of one entire Legislature whose members through these moral agencies had personally pledged themselves to total abstinence. Maine never accepted and subscribed to prohibition without reservations and safety valves. When state-wide prohibition, under statute law for thirty-three years following 1851, the year of its adoption, proved a failure, its friends, under the leadership of General Neal Dow, made an heroic effort to place it in the Constitution of the State.

This was accomplished in 1884, but not until it was so emasculated that it became what it always has been in its operation, an approved method of illegal local option. To secure the passage of the law it was necessary to appease the rural vote by exempting cider, and the invalid vote by exempting his whiskey, gin, rum, brandy, porter, ale, wine and cocktails, which invalids at times are supposed to require.

When cider, which Maine prohibitionists have always clung to, and the State liquor agencies, which up to the time of their abolishment in 1911 by a Democratic administration, had a record of sales aggregating $5,000,000, were exempted from the operation of the prohibitory law, the Legislature passed it by a vote of 25 to 3 in the Senate; and the people, with these safety valves provided, voted it into the Constitution of the State by a majority of 45,000.

After sixty-three years of state-wide prohibition, thirty years of which the law has been in the Constitution, it is still safe to say that Maine is pretty evenly divided as to the wisdom or unwisdom of retaining the method.

During all the years in which the law has reposed in the Constitution, every statute law which the minds of astute attorneys could devise has been enacted to support and to re-enforce the Constitution. Fines, search and seizure, imprisonment, spotter evidence, common nuisance, liquor constables with power excessing those of officers charged with the prosecution of other crimes, the indictment of owners of buildings where liquor was sold, and the declaration that the holders of United States liquor licenses were liquor dealers; all these devices, and more, have been invoked to support the law.

During all these years dissatisfaction with state-wide prohibition has been growing. It has been arraigned at the bar of public opinion; it has many times been questioned by friends of temperance; it has been the theme of caustic inaugural addresses of Governors, and its failure has been lamented and condoned in turn by its supporters and adherents.

If you deny it I will produce the original statutes of the State of Maine to prove it.

All the Governors of the State of Maine, from the time of Governor Chamberlain, in 1870, down to the present chief executive, have all clearly set forth the depressing results of nullification. The Governors of Maine are not alone in pointing out the danger of continued nullification. Every man in public life and familiar with Maine's problem has repeatedly sounded the warning. Such men as Senator Charles F. Johnson, Honorable John A. Peters, and many others, the mention of whom would only tend to tire you. Estimations have been placed on record, have been declared from the forum and remain undisputed at the present time, that about ten per cent. of the church members are even opposed to prohibition. Many of the daily and weekly papers are opposed to prohibition. There is in the possession of Mr. John A. Peters, above referred to, one hundred separate photographs of Maine bar-rooms showing the vast condition of the liquor business throughout the State. There are bar-rooms in Portland, there are bar-rooms in Rockland and in Bangor and, I am told, that some of these are fitted up with furnishings that have cost thousands of dollars. Over 140 wholesale liquor dealers of Boston (and I refer you to Boneforte's Directory, pages 71 to 73) who have established a mail order business in Maine and who prefer prohibition in that State.

Only a few years ago the Honorable William T. Hains, then County Attorney and now Governor of the State, in the two years of his term as such attorney, in the disposition of approximately 740 liquor cases, non- prossed, filed or fined the entire number. The record shows no jail sentences except to the dealer who failed to pay his fine or license.

It is a common saying in Maine that during all these years "it was difficult for a liquor dealer to break into a Maine jail if he had the cash to pay his liquor license."

The County Attorney was merely traveling the middle road.

In the last campaign when prohibition was sought to be routed out of the State of Maine, in the September election, in one of the most strenuous campaigns the State has ever witnessed, a campaign in which the friends of law mustered to their aid the most influential platform orators the nation could produce, a campaign in which the churches were organized, their pulpits turned into political forums, in which the children were organized and equipped with campaign songs, in which publicity funds estimated at approximately $200,000 were available, with every one of the 520 towns supplied with oral and written arguments and with little work on the part of the opposition, the prohibitory law which went into the Constitution in 1884 by a majority of 45,000 was retained by a paltry 758 votes.

What of present conditions in Maine? Has Maine any degree of temperance or any degree of prohibition above her sister States to warrant the retaining in her Constitution of a law admittedly on trial for its life? And has she any good argument in the working of such law to materially assist other States which are now wrestling with the liquor question? At the close of the session of the legilature in 1913, upon the recommendation of the Governor, an investigation was begun. Sheriffs were hauled into court, evidence under oath showing the wide open condition of the counties was given, with the result that three sheriffs were removed, one resigned rather than face the evidence, and one escaped through a small-pox scare and quarantine. So far as political depravity was concerned, honors were even between the parties of the State were concerned, for two of the sheriffs were Republicans and two Democrats. In place of the deposed sheriffs four avowed prohibition sheriffs were appointed by the Governor.

The records of arrests for drunkenness is fully three times what it was even ten years ago. Relying upon the report of the prison inspectors, just published, the total number of arrests on Portland the stormcenter in 1901, was 2,000, and in 1912, it was 6,045. Take their estimate that 75 per cent. of these arrests was for drunkenness, we find that while the population has increased 8,400, or 16 per cent. in ten year's drunkenness has increased 300 per cent. in the same time, in the City of Bangor alone. Also under the enforcement thereof, the arrests for drunkenness for October, November and December, of the past year, were 778.

It is also significant that they find an increase of forty-six per cent. in drunkenness in Franklin county, another county devoted to agriculture and without a city in it; also an increase of 27 per cent. in drunkenness in the old County of Knox.

The one alarming feature of the report of the police matrons of the City of Portland for the past year is the increase in the arrests of children under 21 years years of age, of 445, or 85 more than the preceding year. It is an etsablished fact within the entire boundary lines of the city, that private persons cannot be reached successfully under the Webb-Kenyon Law as the shipments of liquor are so slightly shifted from one to the other, that the enforcement of the law, if this is what you call it, is almost impossible. Not only are the people divided, but the political parties are also divided. The Prohibition party, which, at one time in its history, was a factor in the situation and sincere in the defence of the law, has disappeared from the political map of the State of Maine.

A summing up of the positions and views of the opposing forces on both sides of this question in Maine would be substantially as follows: The friends of State-Wide Prohibition, including a large number of churches would press the booze seller, whose profits are always enhanced under illegal local option, and therefore deny to the people the right to invoke in law and expediency, looking to the legitimacy of the traffic, which all history shows cannot be wiped out. The other side arraigned not only its moral, but it physical strength as well. They pointed to the substitution of jamaica rum, ginger, extracts, cider, home made supplies, hard liquors of the highest grades and drugs that have been substituted for the lighter beverages like beer and ale, and they instanced the sworn testimony of sheriffs whose seizures from the kitchen bar and the pocket pedlar, have been largely of this class of drinks, so that the conclusion, coming from the best minds of the representative citizenship of our sister State, Maine, has voiced the statement that Prohibition and illegal local option applied from without is a farce. Temperance and judicial regulation from within, a benediction.

I desire to give you plain and undisputed facts taken from the United States statistics mentioned a few moments ago, and I shall endeavor throughout this discussion, in so far as the same pertains to the State of Kansas, quote from time to time the number of the Bulletin from which the said statistics were segregated. Consideration of these cold facts compiled by the United States Census Bureau enables one to determine clearly whether or not the results claimed for prohibition in Kansas in reality exists.

The rate of suicide for the registration area in Kansas, as shown by the census report on vital statistics for 1911, was 22 per hundred thousand. The suicide rate for registration cities in each of the States is given in the census report. Twenty-four registrations states have a lower rate of suicide than has the registration area of Kansas, and one has the same rate.

The lowest annual divorce rate was in 1900, that of Delaware, where it was 43 divorces per hundred thousand married population. The highest was in the state of Washington, the rate being 513 divorces per hundred thousand married population. Kansas is in the list with a rate of 286, while her sister prohibition state, Maine, has a rate of 282. There were just 34 states that had a lower divorce rate than the rate in Kansas, amongst which may be mentioned Kentucky, with a rate of 237; Pennsylvania, with a rate of 94; New York, with a rate of 60. The average rate of divorce for the United States was 200, the rate rising towards the West. The average for the North Atlantic Division, including Maine, was 100, and the average for the extreme Western Division was 356. The rate for the North Central, including Kansas was 255. Maine and Kansas not only had averages above the National average, but also above the average for their respective geographical divisions.

Two of the various causes for divorces granted to wives are drunkenness and cruelty. Nevertheless 16 states had a rate of divorce to wives because of husband's drunkenness lower than the rate in Kansas. In 15 of these states liquor was lawfully sold at the time the records were compiled. Twenty-five states had lower rates for divorce to wives for cruelty than had Kansas.

If prohibition prevents crime, then one might at least expect to find a comparatively large number of people outside of the penitentiary in Kansas, but the United States records show that the life-prisoner rate in Kansas 4.49 per 100,000 population in 1910, and 22 states had a lower percentage. This same report shows the total number of prisoners per hundred thousand population in 1910, and that in 1910 eleven states had a smaller percentage of prisoners than had Kansas, one of these being Illinois, including Chicago, and another being Wisconsin, including Milwaukee, while yet another was Ohio, including Cincinnati and Cleveland.

The moral condition of the boys and girls in Kansas, as compared with the younger generation in other states, is shown in Census Bulletin No. 121, the comparisons being for the year 1910. The Maine rate is 46.34 per 100,000 population; the New York rate 39.35; the Kansas rate 25.68, and the Nebraska rate, 11.17. Nineteen states have a lower rate of juvenile delinquency than has Kansas.

It is customary to lay great stress on economic conditions in Kansas, and special attention is directed to the alleged scarcity of paupers in that State, the statement being current that in 38 counties the poor houses are empty. Bulletin No. 120, issued by the Census Bureau shows the number of paupers in almshouses in 1910. The lowest rate of pauperism was in Oklahoma, the rate being 2.90 per hundred thousand, and the highest rate was in New Hampshire, being 230.6 per hundred thousand. The rate for New York was 132; for Maine, 127.70; for Illinois, 96.28; for Nebraska, 46.30, and for Kansas, 43.49. Fourteen states have a lower pauper rate than has Kansas.

Bulletin No. 119, issued by the United States Census Bureau, furnishes statistics with respect to mental diseases, as indicated by the number of insane in hospitals. The lowest rate per hundred thousand was in Oklahoma, 67.27; and the highest rate was in Massachusetts, 345.26. Twenty-four states of the Union had a lower rate of insane than had Kansas.

As regards the number of insane with alcoholic psychosis admitted to hospitals in 1910, we find that Kansas cannot come up with the record of 19 other states. Of these 19 license prevails in 14. Kansas had a rate of 4.41 per 100,000 population. Her neighbor, Nebraska, had a rate of but 1.7. Maine, though she has long tried prohibitory legislation had a rank just below Kansas, her rate being 4.44. Among the license states that surpass Kansas, were Pennsylvania, 4; Indiana, 2.7; Virginia, 3.30; Florida, 3.5; Alabama, 4; Texas, 1.4, and Arkansas, 0.31. Bulletin No. 120 shows paupers in almshouses on January 1, 1910: Kansas, 735; Nebraska, 551.

The facts about church membership are contained in the United States Census Bulletin No. 103, and the percentage of church membership in the total population is given for the year 1906, 26 years after Kansas had become a prohibition State. According to this tabulation, which is the latest obtainable, the lowest percentage of church membership was in Oklahoma, including Indian Territory, the rate being 18.2. The rate in New York was 43.7; in Pennsylvania, 43; in Illinois, 38.3; in Nebraska, 32.4; in Maine, 29.8, and in Kansas, 28.4. Forty-three states had a larger percentage of church membership than had Kansas. Since this tabulation was made up two of the four states that had a lower rate of church membership than had Kansas, namely Oklahoma and West Virginia, have joined the ranks of prohibition states. Of the six states therefore, having the lowest rate of church membership in the United States, four are prohibition states.

Savings accounts are commonly accepted as the measure of thrift and real prosperity of a community, and it is when we come to consider these accounts that the government figures relating to Kansas hold for us the greatest surprise. The report of the comptroller shows that on June 30, 1913, there were throughout the entire United States, 10,766,936 people having savings accounts amounting to $4,727,403,950. In Kansas there were only 20,240 persons with savings accounts, and the total of their savings aggregated only $4,689,387. In the whole country there was one person in every nine with a savings account, in Kansas there was one in every 87. In the entire Country the average savings account per depositor was $439.07; in Kansas the average per depositor was but $231.69. The per capita for the whole country was, $71.51; for Kansas only $4.15. Kansas license neighbor, Nebraska, had a per capita of $15.13; Iowa, also licensed, had one of $70.41. Kansas ranked behind 32 license states in the number of savings depositors in mutual and stock savings banks. She had 1,148 savings depositors per 100,000 population; while license Nebraska had 1,669; Kentucky, 1,819; Iowa, 25,586, and Massachusetts had 63,411 per 100,000 population. Only in Arkansas, Texas, North Dakota, Missisippi, New Mexico and Oklahoma is the per capita savings account lower than it is in Kansas, and of these North Dakota, Oklahoma and Mississippi are prohibition states.

With respect to education Kansas has an enviable reputation. Her per centage for illiteracy is only 2.2. This per centage is equaled by one state—Idaho, and surpassed by only 4 others, that is Washington, Oregon, Nebraska and Iowa. It is of interest to note that each of the four states surpassing the educational record of Kansas is a licensed state.

While in Kansas, in which the sale of liquor is prohibited for all purposes, excepting sacramental, there were registered for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, 733 persons as qualified under the federal laws to retail liquors; in the licensed state of Alabama, only 1,185 persons qualified under federal laws; in the licensed State of Arkansas, only 875 qualified under the federal laws, and in the license state of Florida, only 957 qualified under the federal laws. Irrespective, however, of the various estimates, both as to amount and price paid for liquor in Kansas, a consideration of the various facts disclosed by the United States Government statistics would seem necesarily to lead the unprejudiced mind to ask the following questions:

If Prohibition is the cause of a wonderful low death rate, and Prohibition does not prohibit in Kansas, why has Topeka, the capital of Kansas, a death rate higher than that of 17 capital cities in states in which liquor is lawfully sold, and its death rate is exceeded by the rate in only eleven capital cities in registration area, four of which eleven are in prohibition states?

If prohibition prevents death by violence, whether by accident or design, and Prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why do the registration cities in the State of Kansas show a death rate from this cause higher than the death rate from the same cause in the registration cities of 28 states in which liquor is lawfully sold?

If prohibtion prevents homicide, and Prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the homicide rate in Kansas higher than the homicide rate in 14 out of the 23 registration states attention being called to the fact that of these fourteen states, having a rate of homicide lower than Kansas, in 12 of them liquor is lawfully sold?

If prohibition prevents suicide, and Prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the suicide rate in Kansas higher than in 21 states in which liquor is lawfully sold?

If Prohibition makes homes happy, and Prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the annual average divorce rate in Kansas higher than the divorce rate in 29 States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and why the higher rate to wives on account of drunkenness and cruelty, and why the rapid rate of increase in the number of divorces?

In Prohibition is a benefit to the church, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the percentage of church membership in Kansas lower than the percentage in 37 States in which liquor is lawfully sold?

If prohibition saves the boy and the girl, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the rate of juvenile delinquency higher in the State of Kansas than in sixteen States in which liquor is lawfulyl sold?

If prohibition improves the mental status of the community and prevents insanity, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the rate of insanity in Kansas higher than the rate of insanity in 16 States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and why the tremendous increase in the rate of insanity in Kansas in recent years, although so many counties report no insane, and why should it cost Kansas nearly one million dollars annually to care for her insane, juvenile, delinquents, imbeciles and epileptics?

If prohibition eliminates crime, and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the rate of prisoners confined for grave and lesser homicide, higher in Kansas than in 24 States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and for general offences higher in Kansas than in nine States in which liquor is lawfully sold?

If prohibition prevents pauperism and produces prosperity and is the cause of thrift and prohibition does prohibit in Kansas, why is the pauper rate in Kansas higher than the pauper rate in 10 States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and why is it that Kansas has a smaller proportion of the citizens with savings accounts than in 37 States in which liquor is lawfully sold, and why is it that the savings accounts of the relatively few Kansans who have them average only about one-half the average savings accounts of the rest of the country?

And, finally, even in the matter of education, in which Kansas makes a splendid record with respect to literacy, why is it that she is equaled by one State and surpassed by four others, in each of which liquor is lawfully sold?

But you say to me, this is not a question of rock-ribbed prohibition which is being at this time considered by this legislative body. I disagree with you. Your ultimate aim is the very thing which you deny. You state that it is a question for a majority of the people to decide. I deny that this doctrine exists in this State or ever has existed in any of the United States since the adoption of the Constitution. I hold that such questions as were so ably debated by our forefathers in rejecting the Articles of Federation, and adopting the Constitution of the United States, were not such questions as are clouded with a moral issue, and in the first instance belong in the churches, and in the second instance in the judiciary. We are hewing far from the line when we contemplate any such construction of the Constitution of the United States, the State of Pennsylvania, or any of the principles of liberty which have been so inherently upheld by our forefathers. The spirit of local optionists is one repugnant to the spirit of the age and doubly so to every student of history and to every admirer of Republican institutions. You clamor for a home rule. You cry out in your sleep for a majority vote. You scathe the judiciary on its decisions, but let me remind you that it was a majority in New England which drove out a Roger Williams, tortured the Quakers and executed old women as witches. It was the majority of the rabble which induced Pontius Pilate to crucify the Savior. It was the majority of the citizenship of the Southern States which brought on secession and broke the bands of Union prior to the Civil War. Those majorities were in the wrong, which as any other majority is that infringes the presonal liberty of man by the enactment of ridiculous laws such as this proposed local option measure is.

I wish to quote you here some figures which I have secured and which I believe to be correct, coming from Lawrence county in this State, and if there is any doubt in your minds as to their authenticity, I shall call upon my friend, the gentleman from Lawrence, Mr. Walton, to verify them.

The drink habit has been steadily on the increase as was testified to at the hearings of the last license court, that more liquor was consumed in Lawrence county since it become "dry" than when they had well regulated licensed houses in the county, which carries out the idea that well regulated licensed places are best for communities.

Out of 257 arrests for illegal liquor selling in 1914, 132 cases were found guilty and sentenced at a cost to the County of $6,804.00.

A number of the above indictments, although true bills had been found by the Grand Jury, were simply fined by the Court instead of jail sentences.

The cost for jury service in 1914, under no-license has been the highest in Lawrence since its inception.

The amount paid out by the County for the keeping of prisoners in the County jail has been the highest in 1914, as also has been the amount paid by the County to the workhouse.

Out of 1,216 arrests in the City of New Castle (Lawrence County) in 1914, 487 were for drunkenness. (Drunkenness does not include the charge of drunk and disorderly).

The consumption of liquors for two years of license as compared with the last two years of no license is as follows:

License, 1909,	$710.000.00	No License, 1913	$719.000.00
License, 1910	504,000.00	No License, 1914	894,000.00
Total	$1,214,000.00	Total	$1,613,000.00

That County stands out plainly that well regulated license houses are far more desirable than under the present conditions of no regulation. Families that never had beer or whiskey in their houses now have it in quantities.

"Abolish saloons and you abolish crime," is a favorite slogan of the anti-saloon orders. I hold that crime is due to greed, jealousy, lust and revenge and these passions exist in "drys" as well as in "wets." When they master manhood crime is a result. A man may be strong on the saloon question and weak on the woman question. He may be strong against liquor, but weak against lust. He may hate whiskey, but worship gold. He may abhor beer but thirst for revenge. Nearly every newspaper you pick up contains an account of some minister who has eloped with some other man's wife. Do you say booze was responsible for his crime?

The charge that saloons cause 80 per cent. of poverty is utterly absurd. If this were true the "wets" would be poor and the "drys" would be rich. If this charge were not false, Turkey, where not a drop of liquor is made or sold, would be almost free from poverty. It is the poorest, most God-forsaken Nation on earth.

Poverty is due to bad luck and poor judgment. According to Bradstreet and Dun, 95 per cent. of the people who enter mercantile pursuits go broke. Poverty is due to incapacity; the inability to make money or keep it after it is made.

Poverty is due to our industrial trust system, under which the few exploit the many. A few men get so much there is but little left for the rest of us.

A government report on the condition of cotton mill workers in Prohibition states of the South states that "Nowhere were there any expenditures noted for intoxicating liquors." When a man is too poor to buy liquor, liquor cannot be the cause of his poverty.

The Federal Bureau of Labor Statistics issued a table showing that working men in the United States expend on an average less than 4 cents a day for liquor.

Does four cents a day mark the difference between riches and poverty?

If local option is a good thing for business, why do not big business towns, like Chicago, New York and Philadelphia have it? As a rule, no town ever votes local option until dry rot sets in. Name one big, well renowned city that is under local option.

The utter absurdity of local option will occur to every reasonable person who stops to consider that society trusts you with liberties to steal; God trusts you with liberty to go to hell; the State trusts you with liberty to commit murder, but local optionists refuse to trust you with liberty to make, sell or buy a scuttle of suds.

When the bible is quoted to explode a fallacy, champions of the fallacy never fail to denounce the speaker as a "Blasphemer." Every interpretation of the scripture that disagrees with our pet teory is rejected as "false interpretation." You hear folks say frequently that, "you can prove anything by the bible." This is not true. You cannot prove by the scriptures that prohibition is right. God forbids nothing, the use of which is proper, but the abuse of which may result in evil. In every such case, the remedy for the evil is regulation, moderation, temperance.

I believe—

That temperance is right and that prohibition is wrong.

That you can vote a county dry, but you cannot vote the people dry.

That a man who needs a law to make him temperate, needs brains more than anything else.

That it is wrong to abuse the right to drink, but worse to rob all men of that right because a few abuse it.

That a blind tiger is worse than the worst saloon.

That regulation is better for temperance than prohibition.

That you cannot promote temperance by closing the legitimate licensed saloons and converting beer drinkers into whiskey drinkers.

That liquor shipped into prohibition territory, practically makes a man get drunk when he only wants a drink.

That only through freedom of choice can a man develop the faculty of self-control.

When a man has not the liberty to enter a restaurant any where and order himself what he wants to eat and drink, he has no liberty worth bragging about.

But I deny—

That a dry town ever made a great city.

That righteousness and temperance can come by law.

That Christ did wrong when he drank wine and made it for others to drink.

That ninety per cent. of crime is due to the saloon, for if that were true Southern Prohibition States and Turkey would have only ten per cent. as much crime as we have in the "wet" States in the north.

That 80 per cent. of poverty is due to liquor, because if it were true, all the "drys" would be rich.

That God has authorized the Anti-saloon League to regulate the habits and tastes of mankind.

That Prohibition prohibits except in Turkey, the penitentiary and hell.

That it is right to abolish a thing that many enjoy because a few people abuse the right to use it

That it is right to make anything a crime which is not contrary to the moral law.

In view of the fact that Prohibition and Local Option have not diminished the consumption of liquor, but has bred sneaks, liars, perjurers, hypocrites and petty criminals, can it be wise to support such a proposition? Prohibition agitation is bad for the reason that is advocates constantly remind their boys of possible weakness. You cannot strengthen a weak person by suggesting their need of a legal muzzle or intimating that you have no confidence in their ability to choose for themselves between good and evil. Suspicion never saved a girl. It never preserved the virtue of a wife, but it has sent many good women to the red hells of shame. Once your loved ones mistrust your honor, question virtue, or belittle your manhood, the road to ruin becomes more attractive. Prohibition arguments tend to weaken the weak. They cannot strengthen the strong.

The following figures are made from data obtained in Oil City and Franklin and do not take into consideration speakeasies, which are numerous in the Cities and constructing Railroad Camps and Kennerdel, Brandon, Pioneer and Miller Farm in Venango County, nor does it take in Emlenton or any of the Lower End of the County who buy from Kittanning and Pittsburgh. Nor do the figures indicate the liquor brought to Oil City from Knight's Distillery at Knox, Clarion county. There is no way of compiling data covering smuggling or private house consumption, but the following figures will give you an idea of what it means to have a "dry" county like Lawrence, Venango and some others. Local option will, if passed, and I sincerely trust it will not be, set up the same conditions at irregular intervals over the State.

Total Beer:—96.874 cases, and 11,087 barrels, 9,504,000 lbs., or 408 tons. Valued at $3.00 per gallon, $220,284.00.

Total Beer:—96,874 cases, and 11,087 barrels, 9,504,000 lbs., or 4,752 tons. Valued at $186,448.00.

Grand total:—10,320,000 lbs., or 5,160 tons, valued at $406,732.00.

Population of Oil City, census 1910, 15,657 or 27.5 per cent. Population of Franklin, census 1910, 9,767 or 17 per cent. Population of Outlying Dist., census 1910, 30,945 or 55.5 per cent. Population of Venango county, census 1910, 56,369.

Total number of arrests made in Oil City from April 1st, 1914 to March 12, 1915, 345 days, was 594. For drunkenness, 424, or 71 per cent. For disorderly conduct and other disdemeanors 170 or 29 per cent.

Total number of arrests in Franklin from April 1st, 1913 to April 1st, 1914 and 1915, as follows:

April 1st, 1913, to April 1st, 1914, wet period, 186. April 1st, 1914, to April 1st, 1915, dry period, 222. Increase, 36 or 16 per cent.

Total number of prosecutions in County Court for illegal sales of liquor, from April 1st, 1913 to April 1st, 1914, during "wet" period, were four.

Total number for the above offense from April 1st, 1914 to April 1st, 1915, "dry" period, were 24. This does not include eleven cases tried before justices of the peace that were settled before reaching the County Court. I would add that the 35 prosecutions for illegal sales of liquor during the "dry" period were more than the prosecutions for the same offense for the preceding 20 years.

He who abuses his right to eat is a glutton. He who abuses his right to drink is a drunkard. Eating and drinking are right. Gluttony and drunkenness are wrong. In the case of gluttony, temperance is the only remedy. Total abstinence would be fatal.

For drunkenness there are only two remedies—only two. They are temperance—moderation—and total abstinence. To be effective these remedies must be sefl-imposed and self-enforced. Like all other virtues, they must be developed from within. They cannot be imparted by law, cultivated by force, nor developed with a policeman's club. Temperance and total abstinence are reasonable, legitimate, effective.

Local Option is a quack nostrum. It canont prevent use or stop abuse. Therefore it cannot save men from intemperance. It is a farce, a failure; therefore it is not a temperance measure. Despite this fact, Local Option advocates try to monopolize the term temperance. Temperance implies use in moderation. Prohibition forbids use. If Prohibition is right, temperance is wrong. When two principles are eternal opposites, both cannot be right. Every argument for true temperance is an argument against prohibition. Abraham Lincoln denounced Prohiibtion as a specie of intemperance. I oppose prohibition because I believe in temperance. I occupy the highest ground between the earth and the stars.

If salons are prolific cause of crime, how does it happen that dry Memphis in 1912 had 12 murders with her 100,000 population, while wet Chicago, had only four. How does it come that saloonless Atlanta had 39 murders and "wet" Milwaukee four. If it is a good thing for local merchants to have people order wet gods from foreign dealers, why would it not be a better thing to purchase all merchandise from mail order houses. If you think that Turkey, the only prohibition nation on earth, leads the procession of nations in the march of human progress, then you should vote for prohibition and local option. The Christian Bible is against prohibition. The Choran is for it. Take your choice. Does your minister teach Christianity or Mohammedanism?

I ask you, is the making and selling of liquor a respectable business, and I answer my own question, by saying, Abraham Lincoln once owned a retail license, George Washington was a brewer and Thomas Jefferson was a distiller. These men were the most respected that ever graced the tides of time.

The Reverend William A. Sunday recently said of the saloon, "The saloon would close every public school; it respects the thief, fills the prisons and pentitentiary, despises heaven, hates love and scorns virtue. It tempts the passions, its music is the song of the siren. Its sermon are collections of lewd, vile stories, it cocks the highwayman's pistol, it puts the rope in the hands of the mob. It is the anarchist of the world and its dirty red flag is dyed with the blood of women and children, and it sent the bullet through the body of Lincoln; it nerved the arm that sent the bullet through Garfield and William McKinley."

Did you ever see a saloon like that? I never did, and nobody ever will. But suppose you could say this of the worst type of saloon that ever existed in any country, would it be fair to say it of all saloons, making the application, as Sunday does, without discrimination? Following his style, I can say some pretty mean things about man. For instance, I can say that man is a foppish, foolish, fiendish, forked animal—a bad, bold, bumptious, bilious, boastful, blatant, bibulous, bullheaded, bum and beast—a grim, garrulous, greedy, grinning, grafting galoot—a hateful, harmful, hypocritical humbug—a putrid, purient, pestilence-peddling, pinheaded pismire; a silly sneaking, sniffling, simpering, salacious, sottish slob—a low-down, lanterned-jawed, lunk-headed, lecherous libertine and liar—a vile, vicious, vengeful, villanous, vampire and viper. That is man. Outside of that he is all right. But shall I characterize all mankind because one freak of nature happens to bear these inhuman attributes?

I am sensitive, sir, of the fact that I have taken up a great deal of the time of this House. I have gone over this question as best I could. If I have made any statements which are incorrect; if I have violated any parliamentary procedure, or if I have been personal in my remarks, I assure you, sir, it is a mistake of the mind and not of the heart, and I wish to thank the membership of this assembly for being so long entertained in the debate of this question, and, in closing, I wish to appeal to each and every one of you to stand by the pledge you made to your constituency when they honored you on the fifth day of November last with your election to this honorable body. We need men in this assembly who have the courage of their convictions. We have at the present time too many obnoxious and sumptuary laws riding at anchor upon the statute books of this Commonwealth. This bill Mr. Speaker, if enacted into law, in my opinion, would be one of the greatest mistakes this legislative body has ever made, and I appeal to you, gentlemen, to do your duty. Dare to be right; dare to be brave; dare to rise up and smite this enigma which seeks to cast dissension among us; dare to keep the tenants of your two great political parties that have weathered the storms of ages without ever having coupled up with a ridiculous issue such as is now before us; dare to repudiate by vote that which is the enemy of prosperity and the very death warrant of business, and in spite of coercion, in spite of all promises, in spite of all intimidation, in spite of the open threats of our chief executive to stump against you in 1916, in spite of all promises that any one has made you to elect you the sheriff, the senator or the judge of your county, dare to rise up and keep the pledges which you know in your own heart you made to your good constituency at home. And in conclusion I must say that if we keep inviolate that which is suggested in the last verse of William Cullen Bryant's Thanatopsis, local option never would have mocked at us in this assembly hall, and, as he said:

"So live that when thy summons comes
To join that innumerable caravan
Which moves to that mysterious realm
Where each shall take his chamber
In the silent Halls of Death
Thou go not like the quarry slave at night
Scourged to his dungeon
But sustained and soothed by an unfaltering trust
Approach thy grave like one who raps the drapery
Of his couch about him
And lies down to pleasant dreams."

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I am going to vote in favor of this bill because I believe that the liquor traffic to-day is the greatest force for evil in our modern civilization. I believe that the consumption of liquor is responsible for more unhappiness, more crime, and more mental, moral and physical deficiency than any other cause. I favor any reasonable legislation that will tend to decrease this evil. I regard this bill as a reasonable measure. I do not look upon it as "cure all" legislation. I do not believe that it is the best or the most effective bill that could be passed, but I do believe that it is a step in the right direction. It is an attempt to give to the people in Pennsylvania, in the several counties, the right to say whether the liquor traffic shall be carried on in their particular counties. I believe that they should have that right. For that reason I give it my hearty support.

I think that on a question of this kind, that has been so fully discussed, argument is entirely unnecessary and that the best and most effective speech that any of us can make is to vote aye or nay on the bill. I shall vote aye.

This is a question, Mr. Speaker, that appeals to me purely as a question of right and wrong. It is a question on which I feel that I must answer first of all to the dictates of my own conscience. It is a question on which I have strong and conscientious convictions. I do not mean by that to claim for myself or for my side all the sincerity and all the right. I know that there are many men who oppose this bill who are absolutely sincere and conscientious in their convictions.

It has been suggested that by our votes on this bill we jeopordize our political futures. Let say for myself that I look forward into the future strong with the consciousness of having done what I consider to be the right thing and I am not afraid. To my own mind there is a bigger stake at issue in this vote, than my political future and that stake is my self respect. If I cannot retain both—if I have to lose my self respect in order to retain my political future then I say that I do not want a political future.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, we are in the midst of a contest of opinions, through which, as a people, we are now passing, and it is well to keep in mind that while there are some who may feel their power, that there are others who believe that they are right, and equally as faithful in the discharge of a public duty by manfully opposing, what, in their opinion, appears to be wrong. Shall I hold back my opinions at a time like this, through any fear of giving offense to those with whom I do not agree,—I would consider myself nothing more than a weakling, and unfit to represent the sentiment of those whose servant I am in this House.—I challenge no man's right to his opinion. I call into question no man's patriotism, even though the end he seeks to accomplish may be unworthy of his splendid efforts—but—there are men who are lead by the nose like sheep to the shambles, who indulge in the delusions of hope, and bury their intellects in the dark chambers of the grave, while refusing to listen to the voice of reason or to be led by the light of experience.

Mr. Speaker. The captain of a vessel upon entering a dangerous channel lost his experienced pilot—calling another, he said "Do you know this is a dangerous channel?" "I do," said the pilot. "Do you know it is full of breakers?" "I do," said the pilot, "and will point them out." The vessel sailed on in its course, and soon struck a breaker—the captain was thrown from his vessel,—and, as he came up out of the water, clinging to the side of his ship—the pilot— hanging out of the pilot house exclaimed: "Captain, this is one of them."

Prudence indeed will dictate, that, before we proceed much further in the discussion of the bill, which is now before us, that we pause, just where we are, and ascertain, if possible, how far the executive pilot of this great Commonwealth seeks to aid others in driving us, out of the safe harbor of human liberty,—into dangerous channels of experience,—where the restless currents of emotion and hysteria will sooner or later carry us on to revolution and destruction.

We, have blundering pilots in our halls of legislation,—and,—in the Executive Pilot house of many of our States to-day,—as certain to lead us to destruction as that captain's pilot who ran his vessel into a breaker,—and—unless we follow a course which will be open and just—we will drift away from the cherished landmarks of human liberty,—and fill our sails with the windy spirit of unrest, while we take the chance which the pilot did, and be carried away—God only knows where—without chart or compass—into unknown seas,—unable to return to the blessings we now enjoy.

It behooves us therefore, as loyal sons of Pennsylvania, to approach the consideration of the questions involved in this bill, with a spirit of absolute fairness, and with a temper in accord with that freedom, which, as men, we must give and take in the spirit of debate.

"Everlasting vigilance" says Thomas Jefferson, "is the price of liberty." In the spirit of that vigilance, which Jefferson commended thousands of loyal men and women of Pennsylvania stand to-day prepared to guard and defend their sacred heritage.

To my mind, sir, the movement behind this present bill, and the spirit which inspires it, popular as it may appear to be, in some localities—is pregnant with intolerance, and presents a series of invasions, upon the sacred rights of humanity, which are indeed,—unworthy of the inspirations, which we, as Pennsylvanians, proud of our Colonial history, should manfully resent.

To my mind sir, the proposition is nothing less than freedom or slavery. Underlying this campaign for so-called Local Option, or County Prohibition, are objections more serious, than those who are driven by the frenzy and excitement of the day are willing to admit. Every patriot who loves civil and religious liberty, sees with alarm, the tendency of our Courts and Legislatures, driven as they often are by the noise and tumult which follows the cries of the Demagogue—to disregard the safeguards of a truly American representative Government, by adopting principles and legislation, which will eventually destroy every element of equality and justice, for which our fathers fought and contended in their day, in fighting the oppression of others.

I, for one, am here to assert a principle, and not, to discuss any momentary or special agitation for this Bill. I am determined to tell the truth and invite others to courageously do likewise. We are called upon to deal with a supreme moral and social principle,—which as statesmen,—we must consider in a spirit of calm deliberation. That principle, gentlemen, is this, that the enforcement of a moral practice by legal force or coercion, by the will of any majority or the power of any law, is nothing less than tyranny. It has in it all the evils of religious persecution. It is from such a spirit of intolerance that men and women left their homes three hundred years ago, and notwithstanding the dangers of an unknown sea came to the virgin soil of America, in order that they might live and be free from the intolerance and persecution of their rulers at home. It was this spirit of intolerance on the part of unreasonable rulers who, in the name of God and Religion, interfered with the rights of conscience that gave birth to the spirit of Liberty and laid the foundations of a more worthy regard for home and humanity in this Country.

Movements such as this, are the result of agitation on the part of a class of people who are unwilling to live in contentment, and never appear to be happy unless they can do something to disturb the freedom and happiness of others. Such people are responsible for laws which are frequently being enacted to govern and regulate everything concerning man and his home, but which contribute nothing to the moral uplift or the protection of our citizenship in the pursuit of its happiness. Movements like ths are an attempt on the part of some to effect by force a moral and social reform, which can only be accomplished by clean hearts and the spiritual agency of good homes.

Such policies involve the surrender of moral effort, and substitute in its place—the mandate of the law. Such a policy brutalizes government and entirely discredits the Church.

I am not here to apologize for any of the evils incident to dissipation—I am ready to join with any man in an honest effort to redeem manhood from any of the sins that flesh is heir to. It is the duty of every home in this Commonwealth to advocate and preach true temperance. What this Country needs to-day is more heart and conscience in its political life, and more honor and old-fashioned self-respect and virtue at home. We must look to our teachers and those who preach the Gospel to encourage men to remain sober and industrious, —and not—to this Legislature or the Governor of this Commonwealth.

The law has nothing to do wtih personal offenses unless the offender endangers the rights of his neighbor. On this ancient rock the principles of human freedom have rested,—and here they will remain—unles the spirit of intolerance aided by the Demagogue in his haste to make laws for all human imperfections, shall triumph in the end, and make slaves of us all.

It is a well-expressed axiom "That the government governs best, which governs least."

"We have been over-lawed",—said his excellency the Governor of this Commonwealth, in his carefully prepared address, delivered in this City on the occasion of his inauguration some weeks ago.—Listen my friends to this message which he brings us on this day. "We have gone too far upon the theory that legislation is the cure of our social, economic and political ills. —We have actually made legal criminals, when, as a matter of duty, we should have addressed ourselves to the vastly more worthy task of educating our people into an increasing love for Liberty, respect for law and devotion to our American civilization" Yes, Mr. Speaker, with this sentiment we all agree, and if his excellency, the Governor of this Commonwealth had said nothing more than this, in his message to this Legislature and the people of this Compmnwealth, we could have followed his admonition, passed a few worthy and much needed laws to bring about reforms desired, and then adjourn. But what he says is true, and sooner or later we will all discover that we have been and are continuing to be over-lawed, not out of any desire to promote happiness or to bring forth a more equal condition of affairs in our daily pursuits, but to encourage a spirit of conceit on the part of some to act as grandmothers in the control and regulation of our private affairs. Shall we continue to make criminals out of every one whose methods of living or conceptions of morality do not agree with our own? If not,—then why persist in forcing upon thousands of people in this Commonwealth, a law which will place them at the mercy of some neighbors who may for the time be in a majority and allow them to say whether other men, equally as honest and obedient to every moral law, must be denied an opportunity to enjoy some article of food or drink which the other fellow stands prepared to deny them.

If it is true and I am not prepared to deny it, that we should have addressed ourselves to the more worthy task of educating our people into an increasing love for liberty and respect for law, then why encourage others not disposed to think likewise, to force upon the good people of this Commonwealth, a law which cannot have, and will not enjoy a healthy sentiment in this State to uphold it. In the face of these worthy admonitions, addressed to you by His Excellency, he now seeks, by methods, which to say the least, are objectionable to use the power of his office to urge upon you by every method of intimidation, to enact a prohibition law, with which thousands of loyal citizens of this Commonwealth are not and never will be in sympathy. I have no desire to enter into any controversy with His Excellency on this question nor will I venture out of the proper path of discussion to call into question the propriety of his course, which, for the last few weeks he has steadfastly pursued to stir up in this State a sentiment hostile to every loyal representative in this House who has had the courage to stand up and differ with him in the views he entertains on this question, but gentlemen, we are here in response to the wishes of a constituency in this State which agrees with our views on this subject, and when the time comes that they do not approve of our opposition to such a measure as this,—then they will say so but we do not believe that any of them would consider us as their representatives worthy of their confidence, if we allowed our own declarations made to them on this question, to be influenced by anything that even the Governor might suggest to us at this late day.

We do claim to have some respect for the rights of others, but we cannot see why even a majority of people, in any county, or in this State, should be allowed to prohibit what the law is not yet ready to condemn as a crime. I am prepared at all times to thoughtfully consider any suggestions concerning the propriety of legislation, which may eminate from the Governor, for I believe it to be in accordance with my constitutional oath of office but inasmuch as the Governor has already admonished us, and called our attention to the fact that we have actually been making legal criminals, and that we are making crimes out of things which are not crimes, I am quite ready to meet him on this issue, and take some comfort and consolation from no less a character in American life and History than Abraham Lincoln. He at all times, had the courage of his convictions, and what he said in his fearless defence of human rights, may be listened to even today, and given to those who stand prepared to join in the present spirit of intolerance. I shall quote from a speech delivered by him in the City of Springfield, Illinois, while addressing a Temperance Convention. "Prohibition will work great injury to the cause of temperance. It is a species of intemperance within itself, for it goes beyond the bounds of reason, in that it attempts to control a man's appetite by legislation,—and in making crimes out of things that are not crimes." Gentlemen of the House,—do you agree with sentiment? If you do, then do not vote to encourage even a majority of people to prohibit what is not a crime.

If state-wide prohibition is wrong,—then localized prohibition, or local option is wrong, and if both or either of them are wrong, in principle,—is it right for us to enact such legislation?

If prohibition is wrong in principle, and contrary to human rights, can any majority of the people in the State or County, make it right?

"Forget not," says John Quincy Adams, I pray you,—the rights of personal freedom,—self government is the foundation of all our political and social institutions."

Seek not to enforce upon your brother, by legislative enactment, the virtue that he can possess only by the dictates of his own conscience and the energy of his will.

Mr. Speaker, the true elements of reform are not found in the hearts of those who profess them for the sake of political expediency, nor in the laws of any State or Nation, but in the sober and honest determination of an intelligent people to destroy evil, and promote their welfare by loyal obedience to righteous laws. As long as human society has existed, men have honestly differed in their opinions on many subjects affecting the morality and happiness of the human family. The social fabric we live in today is the result of no one man's effort, nor the aim of a few, but it is the result of compromise between many human minds, and many human views, and this condition of affairs was rendered possible—only—by that decent respect to the opinions of others, and the recognition of justice, in admitting—the equal rights of all.

In these modern days, of splendid achievements—in governmental—as well as industrial development—we frequently hear from the lips of many who play for popular favor "that the rule of the majority must be supreme," and we do not hesitate to say that this is largely so, but Gentlemen of the House—the rule of the majority must be just. Justice is the foundation of all good government—to secure this end governments are instituted among men, and derive their just powers from the consent of the governed.

Constitutions are established in order that those who are not in a majority may be protected from those who are. If this were not so, what security would there be for human life and happiness?

I hold, therefore, that a majority of people, even as electors, have no more right in any state or county, to deprive me of some element in my own happiness than you, as the representatives of those same people, have virtue of your constitutional authority in the State Legislature.

The regulation of any man's morals is not a governmental function. Those who believe in Prohibition know this, and know it well,—but—since they dare not openly defy man in the exercise of his freedom to eat and drink, they resort to a more cowardly effort by shutting off the source of his supply.

Man's prerogative is to be brave and to conquer evil passion—to crush out unholy desires until he can stand before his Maker in triumph because of his victory.

That man is braver by far than the fellow who votes to close up a saloon to deny his neighbor a privilege as ancient as the world, and in accordance with some of the blessings which God himself has given us and never interfered with.

I need not call into question any honest motive, which many of my fellow citizens may have in their zeal to stamp out some of the things which others abuse—but I do say—and I say it fearlessly—that all the pictures of horror which follows alcoholism and debauchery—nor the accumulative figures of so-called State and National losses which are claimed to be the result of liquor legislation, will not blind me, and it ought not to influence you to the gigantic folly of attempting by means of Prohibition to suppress the use of drink in any form. Such efforts in this direction are degrading to those who make them and an insult to the manhood of the men and women in any State where the effort is made. It is a sad commentary, indeed, to herald all over the land, even the suggestion that we no longer have moral responsibility and sufficient manhood and womanhood to remain sober without having others enact laws in the hope of compelling us so to do. So long as the people in any State—made up as they are of all classes of people, races and occupations, see fit to use alcoholic beverages, and think it right to do so,—what God given or constitutional privilege have you to interfere with them in so doing. I do not minimize the movement which has grown up in support of this legislation, but I am far from believing that the day has come when the liberty-loving, broad-minded, just and generous sentiment of the whole people will stand in defence of any effort such as this.

Mr. Speaker. I am quite ready to admit, sir, that there are restrictions which each and every one of us is willing at all times to submit to, in any well organized State or Community, but, sir, these restrictions are inherent in the very purposes and designs of government. They are indeed necesary in order that all of us may enjoy the fullest measures of freedom, without coming in conflict with the life—the health—the happiness—and safety of our neighbor. Such restrictions are indeed welcome, and we do not pretend to rise up in arms against them, for they are made, sir, in pursuance to what is called the police power of the State—to regulate the Public health, provide for our common comforts and promote our mutual happiness, and as the community in which we live grows larger and the developement of industrial and commercial activities becomes more gigantic in its proportions, and annhilates the effort of the individual to stand in defence of his own life and health and happiness, the government has and will continue to assume some supervision in order to protect him, but Mr. Speaker—the prohibition of strong drinks does not fall within these clases,—the man who drinks and drinks to excess may succeed in doing injury to himself, and it may be sir that he will ruin and make desolate the home in which he lives, but sir, unless he resorts to further offenses, for which the State already stands prepared to punish him,—he in no manner transgresses upon me, and society is in no way affected. He offers me no more injury than the man who gambles with cards in some fashionable club, or occasionally fills his belly with unwholesome foods. Gods law to man is to be temperate in all things.

In order to authorize any infringement upon human liberty, the restrictions made by law, in pursuance to the police power of a state, must be reasonable and admittedly necessary to accomplish some legitimate end. We enforce quarantine regulations to prevent others from coming in contact with contagion, and we do this to protect the public health, and by means of the regulations of our splendid department of Public Health, we encourage vaccination, but even this we are not yet at liberty to arbitrarily demand, but Mr. Speaker, will any man in this house, sir, answer me with reason, which might be convincing, and show to the people of this Commonwealth, how any misguided or unfortunate creature, who occasionally drinks and makes a fool of himself, can endanger thousands more by his disgusting exhibition of himself. Shall I, sir, in that spirit of charity which others entreat, vote for a Prohibition law and deny clean men and women the opportunity to gather in their homes in a social circle, and decently enjoy themselves as thousands more before us have done, without bringing disgrace or ruin upon anyone? Shall I, sir, vote for a law which is not made for the many, but for the few? Shall I, sir, find it more becoming to our sense of American manhood, to go to the man who toils, and labors in the sweat of his brow to earn his daily bread, and tell him that because someone occasionally fails to properly use strong drink, that he too, must bend his knee like a slave and allow others to use their whip and beat him into submission, because a majority of people in any district of this Commonwealth would rather drink grape-juice than beer?—It does seem to me sir that if the drunkard has any influence at all which effects the morals of any community, that such influence is more likely to influence other to a more sacred regard of themselves.

Mr. Speaker. What we need more than all else, in the consideration of this proposition, to minimize the evils of the liquor traffic if just a bit more honesty with ourselves and justice to others. I am amazed at the apparent demogoguery of many of those who stand behind this Local Option movement. They arrogantly reserve for themselves all the virtues of angels and sneeringly deny that any other set of men with opinions and convictions contrary to their own have any claims to respect at all. This is an age of hypocricy.

Men with the manhood to hold convictions are brushed aside, and he who succeeds for the time at least in fooling some part of the people, is often carried into office on the wave of some misguided sentiment to which quite often, he has failed to give any real or moral consideration. Such men play with platitudes and popular phrases. They make no appeal to reason, but to the same spirit that the fakir does in his shell-game at the Country fair. They unfurl the sacred emblem of our nationality. They wax eloquent in their misguided defence of popular government, and when the multitude fails to respond and fall in line they talk about majority rule. This, sir, is the music which strikes the popular chords and fires the imagination of the enthusiast who follows the band. When such methods are resorted to by less fortunate mortals than those who profess to be statesmen, we are led to look on with compassion, but, when the strong arm of executive power is used to encourage such music, it is time to suggest more appropriate melodies, and march back to our homes in sober reflection. In order, sir, that we may again read the pages of history, and gather the philosophy of ages, it may be sir, to aid us, to a more conservative and rational consideration of what our government really is and stands for.

Mr. Speaker. I am opposed to the bill which is now before us, and I am more opposed to the methods which have been resorted to in order to pull it through this House. I respectfully submit that the people have already spoken and in no uncertain tones in their several legislative districts of this Commonwealth, when they elected those who are here as members of this House. If this play to the galleries and for popular applause in behalf of so-called majority rule is to be at all consistent, then sir, no further effort should ever have been made to influence the judgment of any man in this Chamber contrary to the wishes of his constituency as expressed on the day of his election. I am a Republican, but I fail to find anything in the platform of this party which even suggests, the course I am to pursue as an humble member of this party on the question now before you.

The political foresight of those who framed the last State platform of our party was such that they did not dare encourage opposition because of any affirmance of such an unholy and un-american principle. I know of no other platform sir, except the one which His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, as a candidate wrote for himself, and I feel certain that it was not written at the suggestion of any of the accredited delegates in the conference which drafted our party platform. As a candidate for this high office, he made his personal declarations, and I remember sir, the very first statement which he ever made on the subject of local option.

When first asked to declare himself as to the course he would pursue, if elected, he said: "If any local option bill is passed by the legislature,, I will sign it." That sir, was his first declaration and such a declaration was in accordance with the proper spirit of his functions as a Governor. To-day, we face a sentiment real or unreal, sober or otherwise, in many counties of our State, which is not the result of sober study and reflection, but the outgrowth of an agitation which he himself has sponsored, and we, as members of this House, are now asked to lay aside our independence as members of a co-ordinate branch of the government and pass this bill, not because of any demand in our districts, but because the Governor wants it. This is not in accordance with the true principles of Constitutional government, and is in open defiance to every well regulated restraint which the law itself has established. You men hear to-day representing the sentiments of your several districts. The Governor was elected by the entire State. by some who believed that he would and by thousands more who believed that he wouldn't. but you men had to face the issue and face it manfully in your districts. Whatever that sentiment, I ask you to stand by.

Mr. Speaker. I respectfully submit that in all that has been said about prohibition. and local option, within the last few weeks, and in all the agitation in this very room and outside of it, little or no attention has been seriously given to this bill. I am willing sir, to go on record in saying that not only are thousand of good people in this Commonwealth entirely misinformed as to its provisions, but some of the men now supporting it, outside of this House, who have come as allies to support His Excellency in this fight for local option, are not preprepared to intelligently discuss it.

Senator Oliver, on the night of the demonstration in this city, in support of local option sai,d "It is not my purpose to enter into any argument on the merits of this measure. I will only say that I am a firm believer in the right of the majority to rule, and the right of the minority to submit—and this doctrine is especially strong when applied to questions relating to the peace or well-being of local communities. If therefore a majority of the people in any county of this Commonwealth want to prohibit the traffic in liquor within their borders, it is preposterous, in the legislature to deny them the right to give expression to their wishes and to see that they are carried out."

The Governor said, "I am a firm believer in the right of the people to rule."

Mr. Speaker. I wonder if it would surprise anyone if we too, were to say that we firmly believed in the right of the people to rule. To my mind sir, no one but a tyrant would ever care to establish any other rule.

But, gentlemen of the House, you will remember what William Penn, the founder of this Commonwealth said, in giving expression to his convictions, at a time, when government such as we now enjoy, was about to receive the first seeds of its conception. He gave his views on government and made them part of the organic law of this Commonwealth, when, for the first time, he promulgated the outline and framework of his Province. "All government," says he, "is free to the people in which the laws govern, and in which the people are a party to those laws."

On this ancient policy of Pennsylvania, that grand old Keystone Colony, the Statesmen of American, Colonial and Revolutionary history constructed their States and national constitution, and on it, as a people, we have rested every since. That law still governs, but the people are not the law, they are a party to that law, representative government still lives, and will continue to endure, just as long as those whom it designs to govern are jealous of their human rights and liberties. Do the people rule? Yes! Mr. Speaker, they do rule in their soverign power, when they make constitutions but not as a people afterward, until again, in their sovereign right they see fit to alter and abolish their framework of government and establish a new constitution to provide safeguards for their future security and happiness.

Do you people rule? Yes. Mr. Speaker, they do, when they elect new members every second year to represent them in this Hall of Legislation, to make laws which are in accordance with their sovereign will. Do the people rule? Yes. Mr. Speaker, they do, when every four years they elect new senators in the higher branch of legislation, and again, sir, I say they rule, when in the exercise of a free and sovereign they elect a governor who, as their executive may suggest legislation needful for the welfare of the State, and to act as a check upon vicious legislation, but never to enter into any campaign of agitation to destroy the roots of popular representation in the State Legislature.

It is sometimes amusing, but always instructive, to observe how some people who think themselves wiser than all the rest of humanity fall into snares which the plain and simple sense of those more broadened by experience and study always discover and avoid. They are blinded by sentiment and led by the eloquence of some emotional blasphemer to look upon their neighbors with suspicion and distrust. Such is the character of the sentiment behind the present bill, which seeks to destroy the stability and integrity of constitutional Liberty, regulated as it now is by law and order.

The contest of ages has been to rescue the spirit of liberty from the intolerance of power. I would rather have my liberties regulated and protected by the law of the land than by the uncertain and everchanging voice of a majority of people in any State or District. I have as much respect and confidence in the justice of our people, as any other man who for the time may profess to be their champion, but—the principle upon which this Bill rests is wrong,—and I do not believe that the people of this Commonwealth conservative as they have always been, are prepared, even now, to knowingly become a party to such wrong.

If a majority of the people in any County have a constitutional right to restrict and forbid the sale of liquors, and thereby deny thousands more, the use thereof, where will this manner of referendum end? If it is within the power and scope of legitimate Government to strike down millions of invested capital, and throw out of work thousands more, who are directly or indirectly employed in the various trades and occupations connected with the liquor traffic, why not go further, and in the name of that same charity and sentiment which you claim as the controlling and guiding spirit of your movement, license and regulate every other innocent pleasure, for fear that some might find it more in accordance with desire to abuse the freedom that they now have.

There are thousands of people to-day, who do not approve of all they see in the moving picture theatres, of this Commonwealth, and, many of them are convinced that some of the pictures which are thrown upon the screen, are not in keeping with their own ideals of decency and morality. and you will agree with me when I call your attention to the fact, that this legislative body has already in its judgment seen fit to enact a law, which to some extent, regulates the possibility of any serious mischief, but will any man say, that because it is possible to abuse this privilege, that any majority of people in any County of this Commonwealth, should be authorized, and empowered to pass upon this question and prohibit entirely the right of the State to license such a business.

There are thousands of people in this Commonwealth who see no wrong in allowing a game of baseball on Sunday, even though the law will not enable them to enjoy this privilege. If a majority of such people desire to vote on this question, and do vote to abolish such a law, or to regulate this subject for themselves, in their respective Counties, are you Mr. Purist prepared to endorse their effort and graciously submit to a violation of the Sunday laws in Pennsylvania, simply because a majority of people, somewhere, in the State see fit to regulate their own affairs

There are thousands of good people in this Commonwealth who do not believe even in the moderate use of tobacco and cigars, and thousands more are ready to admit that it is an evil habit and produces injury to the human system. I know of nothing which has done more to stunt the growth and physical devolopment of our young men today in this Commonwealth than the smoking of poisonous cigarettes. You have to some extent undertaken to regulate this evil. and it is only proper that you should continue so to do, but are you prepared to allow the people in any County of this Commonwealth to regulate or abolish in their own way the evil they complain of, or are you willing to concede that the smoking of cigars and tobacco in any form, is not to be made the occasion for a political campaign.

There are thousands of people who do not approve of automobiles, and many of them are ready to restrict them in the use of our streets and highways in this Commonwealth, and why? Because we all know that sometime those who use them run with some degree of negligence and cripple or kill some human being, but are we ready to correct these evils by forbidding everyone the right to enjoy this luxury because of occasional misuse and carelessness on the part of a few.

There are thousands of good people who are opposed to vaccination, and do not agree with others who insist upon more stringent regulations by the health authorities of our State. but if you really do believe in the right of local self government in the several counties of this State, are you ready to confer upon the people thereof a power to settle for themselves this vital question. and be in submission to the voice of a majority who do not believe in quarantine or vaccination. If the people must settle everything for themselves why object to them exercising an independent control, apart from your State authorities to regulate this question for themselves?

Those of you who favor Local Option or localized Prohibition. may be equally sincere in your desire to control some evil, but you have selected a most dangerous remedy for this evil What the liquor business needs is regulation and not confiscation. It is not the men who want drink, or who manage a saloon, who object to Prohibition —it is the spirit of independence in every manly man or noble woman which resents sumptuary laws to regulate domestic life, unless such laws are needed to protect the health and happines of all. The great majority of our people are temperate and are equally anxious to keep others sober, but they have an inherent contempt for any set of men who find in Phrohibition the only remedy to stamp out evil.

They would "rather bear the ills we have than fly to others that we know not of." They believe in the moral uplift of our fellow being by the development of good character, stimulated by the influence of good training at home and a more sacred regard for spiritual things in church. They realize that Liberty comes first and morality afterwards, for morality without liberty, is slavery. They do not commend a governor for his zeal and determination to further a policy in which good men may differ by suggesting prayers in church for those who believe otherwise. It is repulsive to every principle of our American political life to encourage those who are called to preach the Gospel, to discuss politics or legislation, while wearing the robes and vestments of their sacred office, and I am not afraid to say that thousands of good, clean, conscientious men and women, would be more active in developing a spirit for religious worship in this Commonwealth, if those charged with the obligations to uphold the law and the Gospel, made their appeals to the manhood of those who stand in need of their spiritual assistance. What we need to-day is more religion and less politics. I have abiding faith in the loyalty and patriotism of our people, and I feel assured that they will continue to resent as they always have in the past, any alliance between the State and any church.

The question before you is bigger by far and sinks deeper into the soil of human rights, than the mere casual discussion of the control or regulation of the liquor traffic, but, Mr. Speaker, if I were ready to admit the right of one set of people to control others in the enjoyment of innocent pleasures, which they still enjoy, and if I were prepared even now, to join with you in some movement to abridge any of these rights, I would look with suspicion on the Bill which is now before us, because it will not and cannot regulate with any degree of satisfaction the evils which it is designated to remedy. To my mind, sir, it will aggravate such evils and encourage the very men who stand in need of some protection, to resort to methods more objectionable than they now use to satisfy their passions for strong drink. If this Bill is enacted into law, and made use of by the people in any County of this Commonwealth to wipe out the sources of supply which now exist, others will of necessity take their place, and instead of a well regulated saloon, responsible to the Courts, under the existing law, secret channels of supply will be opened, in violation of the law, and encouraged by at least some considerable part of the Community. It will encourage men to do in secret what they now do in open. It will encourage disrespect for law, and make sneaks out of such who are determined to secure it. It will convert a class of men who now indulge in such milder beverages like beer, to secretly carry in their pockets a flask of whiskey, or secretly enjoy in the privacy of their home, more than they might elsewhere.

I have no respect, sir, for a law which allows the people of one part of a county to control the rights and liberties of those living miles away from them in some distant part of the same county. I have no respect, sir, for a law which enables some rich employer of labor to drink all he pleases in some fashionable club, outside of his county, and then come home and vote to keep saloons out of his own county, simply because he has no occasion to use them. I have no respect, sir, for a law which enables the farmer to dictate to the merchant in the city. I have no respect sir, for a law which deprives honest men who labor, in the sweat of their brow, to earn their daily bread, an opportunity in a manufacturing center of a State to enjoy a glass of beer simply because the employer living out in the suburbs, joins with those more distant in the rest of the county, in making possible county prohibition. I have no respect, sir, for a law, which disorganizes business. which says it is lawful to sell liquor to-day, and unlawful to do so to-morrow. I cannot favor a law which will drive the saloonkeeper into more active participation in politics than he is now. Does anyone suppose that the interest which he now takes in this question will be minimized by such a law? If there be such, let them be at once undeceived. Every sort of liquor legislation of necessity, does create some specific evil in our politics.

When you challenge any man in his right to his business by Legislation, or by an election, under a Local Option Law, it is only reasonable to anticipate that he will do all in his power to protect himself by controlling those who seek to be in authority.

I have no respect, sir, for a law which is not based on principles of equality. This Bill, sir,—is drawn for no other purpose than to stamp out forever, any hope to renew a license when once it has been surrendered in obedience to the voice of a majority. It is true, sir,—that a County which may vote to become dry, may again three years later vote to be wet, but there is nothing in this Bill sir, which even suggests to the Court any course to pursue in the granting of licenses, or which makes it necessary to do so at all. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House what is wanted to-day is a more patient and intelligent desire to deal fairly with each other in the recognition of our personal rights. We must regulate the liquor proposition on the broadest basis of sound and sober judgment and not with abuse. We must be led by reason and not by hysteria. Men have a right to differ on this proposition, and it is by no means a subject to be trifled with. The right of any minority to be represented and respected is inherent in all the laws of our State. With this thought in view, we recognize minority representation in our Courts and in various departments of government and party machinery.

The spirit of County Local Option, recognizes the right of those who want to use liquors as a legitimate right, if they are in the majority in the County. It recognizes the right in a Community to do without liquor if they so desire. It is based on the proposition that the will of the majority must prevail, but it gives no protection to the minority, be that minority wet or dry.

Our Governor, himself, has recognized this injustice, and appears to have been in doubt as to how far any Local Option Law ought to go in restricting the rights of the minority. I shall read from his platform:

"I am in favor of Local Option Law, with the county as a unit, though possibly where a county contains a city of more than 25,000 inhabitants the city might be treated as a separate unit."

All this clearly shows that the Bill now before us is a highly selfish piece of legislation, and is by no means local in its nature, because it permits a given locality, like a city, to be controlled by people in no way concerned with the local affairs of the people in the city, which, if left to itself would vote against any Prohibition law. A law like this ceases to be local, because it embraces too much territory, in which there are bound to be interests more or less of a conflicting character.

Why talk about local option? and refer to it as Home Rule, when the control of the question lies not in the hands of the people at home, in your own city, but in the hands of those who make up sections of the county far remote from your own. Such an option is by no means local if the affirmative vote comes entirely from one section, and the negative vote from another. I have no desire to take up the time of this House in any useless designation of the many instances in which a law such as this proves itself to be anything but local, but I respectfully submit for your consideration, and I challenge successful contradiction, when I say that you have to-day, on the statute books of your State a law which does recognize a proper unit, because the unit recognized is the neighborhood or community directly to be affected by the granting of a license. We have an ideal system under the Brooks High License Law, which has been conscientiously administered by the Judges of our State for almost thirty years. They have recognized the communities' sentiment, and have invariably recognized any reasonable protest against the granting of a license.

Our courts have consistently held that they might properly be influenced by the number and character of remonstrances against the granting of a license. The fact that we have now, 9 dry counties in this Commonwealth, conclusively shows that when the community, where there is an overwhelming sentiment against licenses grows so large as to fill a county, that fact is reflected in the refusal of all licenses. Under this bill it will be possible for the dry vote of a farming community to impose unnecessary restrictions on a manufacturing town many miles away where the overwhelming majority do want licenses to be granted. Those who want licenses granted should have a right to be heard, and in a spirit of fairness, have their wishes respected, and there is no better means of ascertaining whether such a sentiment exists than by the judicial investigation of our Courts.

I will admit, sir, that the administration of judicial functions may not always be to the satisfaction of all concerned, but I do know that the protest against our Courts seldom if ever comes from those who might have reason to complain, but from the very forces which are now agitating the passage of this Bill. I have seen with disgust how men in no way to be affected, have come into Court, and protested against the granting of a license, simply because they were opposed to saloons under any and all conditions, even though they themselves were no part of the community where the license was asked for.

When a Judge under such conditions, has refused to be guided by their protests, they have invariably, with an intolerant spirit, pursued him as an enemy to the good order of society, and have injected into his campaign for election, the spirit of their own disappointment. It is this spirit of intolerance, on the part of those who are not willing to submit to the righteous administration of our law, which induced our Governor, in his inaugural address to give expression to this sentiment: "The granting of licenses has in many counties worked harm to the judiciary. Men are chosen, judges, not on the basis of their fitness to be the great bulwarks of justice, but upon the question whether or not they will grant licenses."

Gentlemen of the House, this may be an unfortunate condition, but to my mind, it is far more preferable than the system embodied in the Bill now before you. The sooner the professional agitators and destructionists realize that they must repect the law, and give obedience to constituted authority, the sooner we will have something like law and order in our respective communities. When a judge abuses his discretion, the power is in the hands of the people to remove him, but it is time that someone offered some suggestion that those charged with the responsibility of administering the law, shall receive a more patient and sober consideration from those who are not obligated to render any judicial service.

Shall we, as a fair minded, law abiding liberty loving people give our stamp of approval to those who ensist upon such a course and claim to rule or ruin, or shall we encourage our people in a more patient consideration of the law as we find it, and do justice to all. In the City of Philadelphia alone, we have reduced licenses from 6,000 in 1888 to 1,932, in the year just past, notwithstanding that the population has increased over 700,000. To-day under the splendid administration of this law, and the supervision of the law and order society, every saloon is closed on Sunday, and our saloonkeepers as a whole, are united in upholding the law as it exists.

Mr. Speaker, nothing has done more injury to the real spirit of temperance than the intemperate efforts on the part of some people to prohibit the sale of liquors. A prohibition law in any community, whether the unit of popualtion be large or small, is after all, but a resolution on the part of some, and these only to obey it. We can see by the experience of others in states where such laws have been enacted, that it has been a failure. It has added nothing to the welfare of our people, nor has it improved the moral fibre of the people at large.

The two principal prohibition States in this Country, Maine and Kansas, have a lower average deposit in their savings banks than any other States not regulted by Prohibition.

North Dakota, one of your prohibition states, for a number of years, failed to report to the Government controller of the currency, any banks at all. New York, Connecticut, and Montana, have average deposits almost three and four times greater than those of Kansas and Maine. Here are the figures, as taken from the last federal census:

Maine, $386.48
Kansas, $176.92
New York, $509.28
Montana, $823.37
Connecticut, $473.13
North Dakota nothing at all.

So much for thrift and energy, in prohibition states as compared to those who give us liberty.

My local option friends, may be further interested to know that I find by the same census report that in the year 1903, in Prohibition Kansas there was one arrest for crime to every 76 of its population, while in Milwaukee, with its

2,145 saloons, there was only one arrest for every 142 of its population.

In the state of Maine, dry and moral, as she is supposed to be there was one divorce for every six marriages. In the wet States, such as New York there was one divorce for every 41 marriages entered into. In New Jersey there was one divorce for every forty-five marriages entered into, and in our own state, one to every twenty-two.

Allow me to call attention to the fact that Prohibition States do not of necessity encourage men to go to church.

Kansas has the lowest per centage of church members, in ratio to her population of any 12 States in her immediate part of the Country, having only a per centage of 28 4-10%. The average for the other States being 37 3-10%. The highest is Wisconsin with her per centage of 44 3-10%, and yet we all know that Wisconsin is the State which brews the beer that made Milwaukee famous.

Here in the east, dry old Maine had only 29 8-10%, and is the lowest of 9 states in the North Atlantic division, the average for these other states being 44 1-10%.

I could prolong these tables and weary this house, but what can I say to make more certain the folly of those who would ruin this Commonwealth by such pernicious legislation, but, in the Evening Bulletin a little over two weeks ago, I found the following editorial, given as a sidelight on Prohibition. I ask the indulgence of the House for a few moments while I read it:

"Statistics of the internal revenue bureau showing that 2400 and seventy-one illicit stills were seized and destroyed last year in the six southern states Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Tenessee and Virginia, in each of which there is a Statewide Prohibition, or its near equivalent, afford a side-light on the apparent spread of prohibition sentiment, and suggest that even the Federal revenue figures may not be a reliable indicator of the consumption of alcoholics.

The record of captured stills is growing larger yearly, and even the eternal vigilance of the revenue officer, who has been spurred to greater effort in the past few years, does not prevent an increase in illegal distillation, confirming the characteristic experience of States and lesser communities where an attempt has been made to create a Sahara, by law, only to produce a crop of speak-easies, pocket-barrooms and illegitimate and unregulated peddling of poisons. In the six states for which figures are quoted, the number of captured stills for twelve months has doubled in the last eight years, and the destruction of a still seldom, if ever, puts an end to the business but merely forces it to eek another cover. Official reports, showing a falling off in the Government receipts, from liquor taxation amounting to nearly $5,000,000, are less significant, as measuring the moral achievement of prohibition, in view of this demonstrated increase in the illegal manufacture of whiskey, and the white map of prohibition ought to be sprinkled liberally with dots if it is to indicate the actual spread of teetotalism."

Mr. Speaker. We gather from this report that whereever people have any desire to make use of strong drink, they will find some means of getting it, and all this will be to encourage the use of stronger drink than most people now use. I have tried to be fair I have used strong words in describing character and motives because I believe that the occasion requires it. I can imagine no greater insult to a sober and intelligent people than that which is offered by those who find it necessary in the name of morality to muzzle a free people by some prohibition law. I have not endeavored to argue this proposition upon the basis of any revenue loss to this Commonwealth, which means added taxation to those who as taxpayers must bear the burden of Government because if Prohibition is needed, and is right, I am willing to contribute my share towards the loss resulting by the revenues lost, but let me ask, gentlemen, in all sincerity. Shall we throw aside two million dollars in revenue without asking those who stand ready to make the sacrifice for some good reason to support us in so doing. Shall we make it possible to throw out of employment thousands of good men, with homes and families, and at a time like this, when work is not seeking their willing hands of labor. Is it not better to deal with those who abuse their freedom than to bring misery and starvation on thousands more who never gave us any cause to complain. Let us be just. We can afford to be fair. Nothing was ever gained by destruction. It is of more importance to us as a people to enact laws which will be respected than to give ear to the voice of a sentiment which, for a time may have the encouragement of those in authority, but which, in the end, bring misery and oppression.

"Nothing is more foolish, nothing more utterly at variance with sound policy" says that courageous and broad minded ex-president of our Country, William Howard Taft," "than to enact a law which by reason of conditions surrounding the community is incapable of enforcement. Such instances are sometimes presented by sumptuary laws, by which the sale of intoxicating liquors are prohibited under penalties in localities, where the public sentiment of the immediate community does not, and will not sustain the enforcement of the law. In such cases, the legislation usually is the result of agitation by people, in the country districts, who are determined to make their fellow citizens in the city better. The enactment of the law comes through the country representatives who form a majority of the legislature, but the enforcement of the law is among the people, who are generally opposed to its enactment, and under such circumstances, the law is a dead letter. The constant violation of any law leads to the demoralization of all laws."

Gentlemen of the House, nothing indeed is more important to-day in the discussion and consideration of the Bill, now before us than to stand firm in the performance of our duty. If the State can pass between the citizen and his church,—his bible,—his conscience and God, upon questions of his own personal habits, and decide what he must do, on purely moral grounds, then it has authority to invade every other channel of our private life.

It has no right to invade the sanctity of our homes. It has no right to lift the curtain and gaze upon the cherished scenes of our domestic life, in its endeavor to make us bend our knees to an unholy effort to assume a guardianship, distasteful to every instinct of manly character. These efforts to deny men the free exercise of their liberty are based upon the assumption on the part of some that we are no longer able to enjoy the blessings which ages past have given us to enjoy. He who governs the universe and made man as the Lord of all Creation, made freedom a necessary part of his moral and physical development. He gave us the capacity to choose between good and evil and he made this freedom the crowning glory of all our understanding.

With this freedom, and the light of heaven to guide us, in order to see right from wrong, we will continue to be men, and with manly firmness struggle to maintain and always defend the heritage our fathers gave us. Remember this, that God rules, and the spirit of liberty still lives.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I am aware of the fact that it is very hard to speak to an audience the size of this, and in the physical condition this audience must be in. but Mr. Speaker, I feel that this question is big enough and broad enough for us to endure a little physical hardship in order to settle this question, and I want to say to my friend from Erie, this question nor any other question will ever be settled until it is settled right. I want to say to you gentlemen that I have no apologies to make for what I am about to say. I realize that I am hardly equal to this occasion, that there are many accomplishments to which I lay no claims but I possess one virtue of which I am proud, I am a home loving American, and as such I believe in the American form of Government in its fullest sense. I am a firm believer in my fellow American's ability to govern themselves, and I am perfectly willing to show my faith in their intelligence and justice, by giving them a full and free opportunity to decide their own destiny.

I do not believe in the concentration of all power in the hands of any one man or set of men, and for this single reason if for no other, I am for this measure.

I believe that the principle underlying Local Option is right, that it is Democratic, Republican, and above all else American.

I feel sure that we will never reach our highest ideal in government, until we accept and put into practice, that same underlying principle.

This bill is heralded throughout the length and breadth of this State as a temperance measure. I have read and reread and studied every section it contains, and I fail to find anywhere, a single word, or a single line that prohibits any man from indulging in alcoholic beverages, neither do I find any where a single word or a single line that prohibits any man from manufacturing alcoholic liquors. But I do see within it, great possibilities for the future, in that its enactment into law will restore to the people of Pennsylvania, a privilege of self government, wrongfully taken from them, when the Legislature placed the granting of privileges in the hands of our judges, and forced our courts which were instituted solely to administer equal justice to all men, forced our courts, I say, to become the very instrument, that grants for a specified sum, special privileges to a few men among all the citizens that reside under the jurisdiction of that court. Is it strange, my friends, that the people have lost their long time respect for the dignity of our courts and the justice of their decisions? Have we not brought about this condition by the very laws we have enacted and are enforcing to-day?

Suppose it to be true that when the Brook's High License Law was passed, it was the very best regulator, the very best measure for controlling the sale of liquors that could have been devised. Is there any other business of like magnitude, in this State, the laws for the control of which, have not been changed in the last thirty (30) years, and they were changed my friends for two reasons, the business itself required it, and the people demanded the change. It is undisputed that these were good and sufficient reasons for changing these laws. Today the self same reasons obtain why the law governing the sale of Alcoholic liquors should be changed. No one can successfully dispute this statement, the liquor people themselves admitted that the law is unsatisfactory, when they, during the sessions of 1911-13, used every power at their command to change the present law by the passage of a measure known as the Kline Liquor Bill.

Gentlemen, let us pass this Local Option Bill, and when it has, like the law we have to-day become inefficient, and unsatisfactory, we can trust the people of that day to so reconstruct it, as to best serve their interests.

If this bill becomes a law, it will be used to prohibit the license sale of liquor where it should not be sold, in counties where the people do not want it.

Again if this bill becomes a law, it will not interfere with the issueing of licenses in counties where the people want liquor sold.

Are the temperance people for this measure? If they are broad-minded, my friends, they will be a unit for its enactment and its enforcement.

Are the liquor people in favor of this bill? If they are honest, if they want the public to believe their words, they will support it to the last man, and if they refuse to support this measure, we will convict them of insincerity out of their own mouths.

Every gentlemen upon the floor of this House knows or ought to know that the men engaged in this business are organized. In fact they have one of the most complete organizations that money and brains can produce. In these progressive times, no great enterprise is complete without a direct medium whereby the object and aims of the organization, can be kept continually before the people.

This organization is no exception, gentlemen, it has a complete editorial staff and publishes an official newspaper, known as the "Liquor Dealer's Journal" This sheet is official; nothing is printed therein except it has first passed the censor. Now let me read to you what the liquor people through their official paper, have published as being their attitude toward the granting of licenses, and the voice the people should have in the issuing of licenses in every community. Listen,. "Where the people voluntarily agree that they do not want saloons, there should be none." What do you want plainer than that, gentlemen? Every supporter of this bill agrees with them in that statement. Furthermore, at a convention of the National Model License League, held in the City of Louisville, Ky., that nation-wide body passed some plain resolutions one of which I want to read to you. It is designated by them as the ninth resolution and it may be found in the published minutes of that meeting. Resolved, That the National Model License League reiterates its conviction that the sale of alcoholic beverages can be regulated by providing that licenses shall renew themselves every year until canceled by a vote of the people, or by a conviction of a violation of a law." What could you ask plainer than that, gentlemen? That is the best definition of Local Option I ever read, and it is the announced result of the conclusions of a national body of liquor men, called together to consider the best means to promote their business. Now we maintain that if these gentlemen are sincere, if they believe what they ask and evidently expect us to believe, their own printed convictions, then, there should be an end to this discussion and this measure should receive the united support of this House, because there is now, no difference of opinion between us as to the wisdom of allowing the people to determine this matter for themselves. But from what we have seen and heard here today, and from my recollections of a similar scene upon the floor of this House upon a former occasion, we are compelled to question the sincerity of the organization that made these declarations of principles.

At the last general election, a majority of the citizens of this state declared—voluntarily—by their ballots, that they favored Local Option, and by the election of his excellency the Governor, Martin G. Brumbaugh, positively demanded the passage of this bill at the hands of this Legislature.

Are we going to set up our judgment in opposition to the expressed will of the people of this great Commonwealth? It is very evident that our Governor recognizes the wishes of the people, for he commenced his ddress to this House with a prayer and ended it with a supplication that we support him in giving the people County Local Option, and as a pledge to his sincerity, he stands today as sponsor for this measure that we have before us for our consideration. Are the people to demand of their Governor, certain legislation and have the Legislature tie his hands, so that he cannot give to the people the very thing for which they elected him? I have heard gentlemen upon the floor of this House boast of their great love for the people of this grand old Commonwealth. I, like them, love this people, but unlike these gentlemen, I am willing to trust those I love, and I shall show them my sincerity by voting for this bill.

The opponents of this measure have offered many objections, but no real arguments against the passage of this bill. One of the most common objections is that its enforcement will destroy personal liberty. What, I ask, do they mean by personal liberty? Surely they do not mean a man's right to sell liquor. That is not a personal right; that is a privilege granted under restrictions for a definite period of time. Every man here knows that. Then they must mean their right to drink liquor. This bill as I said before, does not dispute the right of any man to drink, neither does it prohibit any man from drinking liquors. It deals entirely with the right of the courts to grant licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors, and conveys to the court that right, only, after a majority of the voters under the jurisdiction of that court have given their voluntary consent. No man's personal liberty is disturbed by this measure for all the personal liberty he has, as regards this matter, is his right to drink liquor, and he will still have that right, when this bill has become a law. Gentlemen, there is a vast difference between personal liberty and civil liberty.

Personal liberty is the very corner stone upon which has rested every despotic government that ever blacked the pages of history, or arrested and destroyed the progress of the human race.

Personal liberty is the law that has guided the hand of rapine and murder from the days of Cain down through all the years until it has reached its greatest triumph in the present destruction of the nations across the waters.

Civil liberty is the foundation of all Representative Government. It is the brake with which we curb the personal ambitions of men. Civil liberty is Americas definition of freedon. It is our answer to every man, who seeks to oppress humanity to further his selfish ends. My friends remember this, the personal rights and personal liberties of men, end, where the personal rights and personal liberties of their neighbors begin.

Mr. Speaker they tell us that this question is a moral issue, that it is not within the province of any legislative body to consider this question. That it is utterly impossible to legislate to make people moral or temperate. They tell us there is but one power that can make this State or this Nation a moral or temperate people, and that, that power eminates from Him who passed through the Garden of Gethsemane and was crucified on Calvary. Let me say to those who believe that last statement, and I am one of them, that this same man, this man of sorrows, left his work and the building of his kingdom here to your hands and mine, and that there is no evil nor any combination of evils, that has been and is at present so destructive to the upbuilding of that Kingdom, and hence to the best interests of the people of this State and Nation, as drunkeness with all its attendant evils. Will any man here dare say, then, that it is not his duty, and the business of this House to consider this or any other measure, that will in any way reduce, or do away with, even in a small degree, an acknowledged evil?

Gentlemen, our fathers enacted laws, and we have them to this day, to punish by imprisonment any and all persons, who steal or otherwise trample upon or interfere with the rights of others. We have a law that provides, that, if I wilfully take the life of any person, I shall pay for that crime with my life. We thought this law of enough importance two years ago to provide by statute, the manner and means by which offenders should pay the penalty. I have never heard any one dispute the right of our fathers to enact these laws. I always supposed that these measures were enacted—first to protect the rights and safeguard the lives of the people—second, to protect man from himself, by keeping before him constantly, not alone the penalty for crime, but the wonderful possibilities of self control, gradually raising the standard of right living in the man himself. If this is anything my friends, it is legislated morality. The measure that we have under consideration to-day—this Local Option Bill—contains no departure from these principles. It is only the upbuilding and carrying out of the princples of our fathers. Will any man say, then, that we have no right to legislate to promote morals? We believe that the enactment of this bill into law, will enable a majority of the citizens of every county in this State, to protect their interests and the interests of their children against a power that in altogether too many instances, they are unable under present conditions to overcome. Gentlemen, have said, that if this bill becomes a law conditions will be worse than they are at present—that more liquor will be sold and consumed without restriction, than is sold and consumed under our present high license law. Is this true? And if it is true, then why my friends; do we find all the organized liquor interest here doing all in their power to kill this bill? They do not themselves defend their business from a moral standpoint. It has been in the past and is here to-day only as a matter of so much money invested, so many dollars and cents. Does any man suppose that these moneyed interests would fight this measure if its enactment into law, would mean a larger field for their products. Would put more dollars into their pockets—if you please. My friends shall we place money interests above the welfare of our homes—above our hopes and aspirations for our sons and daughters? Is it possible that we as intelligent men, are going to say by our votes to-day that we love our wives, our children and our homes less than we do somebody's dollars—that we would rather have their money than give to our children and our children's children, the opportunity to rule themselves, and seek happiness and quiet amid surroundings of their own choosing. No my friends, it is not a question of whether there will be more or less liquor sold. It is a question of whether the people shall say where it shall be lawfully sold. Let me call your attention to the present law. What right may I inquire has any republican form of Government to enact and enforce a law that by its very provisions renders unnecessarily burdensome the expression of the will and the wishes of the people. Such a law is the Brook's High License Law. No longer ago than last summer, the Supreme Court of this State decided that any judge, having the right to grant licenses, is justified in refusing any and all licenses, when a petition signed by a majority of all the voters in any given district is properly presented to him. Then under our present law we have a form of Local Option, but the manner of putting it into effect is so cumbersome and the labor necessary to get the expression of the will of the people is well nigh impossible. Gentlemen, the present law as interpreted is unjust in that it requires only the names of twelve citizens to petition the court to grant a license in any community, while at the same time under this decision, it takes a majority of all the citizens in that same community to keep the saloon from within its borders. Is this right? Is it just? My friends let us do away with all this unnecessary labor, all this unfairness by giving to the citizens of every county, the opportunity to decide this question at the polls. But now they tell us, my friends, that the settling of this question by ballot, would cause disturbance and confusion at the election. I grant that there will be discussion. Every great public question has caused discussion and difference of opinion, and God help this country when great questions no longer cause discussion and difference of opinion. I would call your attention to the fact that the present method of granting licenses is one of constant discussion and continual controversy. Petitions must be procured by the applicant and petitions of remonstrance go up and down throughout every community. Then there are the hearings before the courts, when weeks of the court time is taken up, and thousands of dollars of the people's money is swallowed up in the deciding of these cases,—not every three years as provided in this bill, but every year. Is any one surprised that this question should cause discussion? As long as anything is manufactured and sold in this country that makes men brutes, slaves to their own appetites, destroyers of their own homes, and fathers of weak and degenerate sons and daughters, just as long as mothers are compelled to see their children starve and their prospects for the future blighted through drink, this question will be a just subject for discussion.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen, is it not a fact that every civilized state and nation has a right to control the actions of individuals. When in so doing they safeguard the lives of their citizens. How can gentlemen truthfully say then, that we have no right to consider this question? That it interferes with their business—that the passage of this measure would destroy their business. Let me give you an illustration. When our state Commissioner of Health sent his inspectors into every village and farm during the past year, telling us that we must move our barns and tear out our sewers because their overflow eventually reached our streams and polluted the waters. Were we consulted? Did they ask us if we could afford to make these changes? No, the State said it was within its right, when it sacrificed us to the public health. The proprietor of a saloon or a Hotel pays his money to the state and the courts grant him a license to sell liquor for one year. He lives up to his contract—industrial disturbances arise, riots break out, the state's officers enter his place of business and close his bar for an indefinite time. Did they consult the proprietor? He had paid his license—he had lived up to his contract. No, they closed his bar because it was a menace to the public good. My friends, the people's decision voluntarily made will surely be no more arbitrary, no more injurious to the rights of individuals, than our present laws that are recognized as right and just by all nations and peoples and without which we could not long exist. In a democratic form of government, the will of a majority of its citizens prevails. This is Local Option, pure and simple. This is what we are asking you to restore to the people of this State. Not the right, the present law gives us, the right, but restore to us the means whereby we can voluntary give expression to that right. By this manner of expression the saloon will remain in those counties where a majority express a wish to retain it, and will go out to those where a majority have no use for it. They tell us Mr. Speaker that we have laws enough, that what we want is not more laws but a strict enforcement of what are already upon the Statute Books. They charge that we do not enforce the laws that govern the sale of liquor. Let me say to you that our very inability to enforce these laws, is one of the strongest arguments why we should change our method of dealing with the saloon.

Under our present system, the saloon is a legally licensed business and charges of violation of law must be made and substantiated by competent witnessses before the court, before we can obtain a revocation of the license. Now I submit, my friends, that in order to procure the evidence necessary to convict, we are obliged to hang around these saloons as spies, a business so contemptible that decent people shrink from the task and only attempt it as a last resort to obtain justice, or we must depend for our evidence upon individuals, who because of their unfortunate appetites are the willing slaves and tools of the proprietor. When we take these unfortunate men and women before the courts as witnesses, their evidence is impeached because of their looseness and instability of character, and our charges fall not from lack of proof, but from conditions over which we have no control. Now may friends you know why we do not enforce the law. Give us Local Option and these conditions will be remedied, because this act will effect those counties where the saloon is voted out and in those counties every man that sells liquor becomes a wilful violator of the law, and the fact of his having sold any liquor will be proof of his guilt, and convict him before the court. Now Mr. Speaker, I come to their last argument, the Gibraltar, from behind whose Legislative made walls, the organized liquor interests of Pennsylvania have been able this far to throttle the will of the people, to destroy our sons and daughters, to crowd our alms-houses, our asylums our penitentiaries, our sanitariums, and our institutions for feeble minded, until there is no longer room within their walls for the victims of this traffic. I speak, sir, of the revenue that this business pours into the treasury of this State in exchange for the privilege of making paupers and criminals of our children, and it does that and does more than that. It adds 50 per cent. to the burdens of organized society. It destroys by 25 per cent. man's capacity for labor, and labor, my friends, produces the wealth of this country. It not only destroys man in his strength but it is guilty of a crime so heinous, so devilish, that it is beyond the conception of the human mind. It reaches out its hands and cripples and destroys the unborn babe, it unfits men and women to reproduce their specia and any state or nation, I care not how proud or strong it may be, that fails to conserve the health and strength of its manhood and womanhood will lose its greatness, and from an economic standpoint is inviting sure disaster.

I will not burden you with a great array of figures, that no one can comprehend. I leave that to the opponents of this bill. I shall merely state that not more than 6 per cent. of the revenue of this State comes from the sale and manufacture of liquors, and that there is not a man within the sound of my voice, but that if he will but think for one moment of the condition in his own County, will realize that for every dollar that he gets in revenue from the sale of liquor the tax payers of his County pays five dollars of their hard-earned money for that one dollar of revenue, and yet there are men who will argue that the State is making money through its partnership with this business.

But they tell us that revenue is not all the financial advantage derived. That the millions of dollars invested in this industry gives employment to labor. Listen, my friends, for these are facts, for every one million dollars invested in the manufacture of liquor, 94 men are employed and for every one million dollars invested in all other industries, 560 men are employed. Six times as many men are given labor in other lines of business upon the same capital invested, and yet the laboring man wonders why he has no employment. Take the wealth employed in the liquor industries and invested in other lines of business and you will do away with your army of unemployed, and solve the greatest problem that faces America today. And I might add further, that, then, perhaps it might not seem necessary, for gentlemen, to pass resolution upon the floor of this House in condemnation of the only man, who has during the months that passed, and is today, standing between our loved ones and hell—as described by Sherman The Czar of all Russia recognized that this was a question of economics in his country, and despite his great and pressing need of revenue at this critical time, went so far as to prohibit the sale and manufacture of liquor within his borders, and today with forty per cent of his men from the farms and factories at the front with his armies, he still produces from eight to twenty per cent. more products than he was able to produce with all those men at home with free access to liquor. What has proven true in Russia, is true here since the general effects of liquor is the same upon all men. Yes, this is a question of finance, and it is only good sound business sense and a matter of right and justice to turn the control of this business over into the hands of the people who have in the past, and must in the future furnish the money to finance this State and her great institutions. Yes, this revenue seems to cover more sins than charity, and it has caused more misery than war or pestilence. Yes, money is a word of magic. It closes heaven's gate to many and opens the portals to none. My friends, money is a mighty poor exchange for righteousness, for righteousness exalteth a nation.

Gentlemen, gentlemen, in the interests of right and justice, in the name of Him whose words of prophecy look down upon this House day and night from yonder wall.

(On a tablet set in the wall of the ceiling of the House are these words:

"And thou shalt know the truth
And the truth shall make you free.")

Let us take the people into our confidence, and let them vote their share of stock in the management of their own business.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, in rising to speak against the measure that is before us, I do so, reminded of two things: one is that the patience of this House has been very grateful for more than two hours, and another thing is that I am sure if I should talk for the same length of time that has already been consumed I might not be able to change one vote upon this question, but there are two or three points, perhaps, that I might remind you of that you were reminded of at the opening of this argument, and I do so feeling that I am understood by each member of this House. One of these questions is the party platform which has been talked about so much since thhe introduction of this bill. I am speaking to you, gentlemen, as a Republican; I am speaking to you gentlemen as a member of the State Executive Committee of the Republican party of Pennsylvania, which assembled in Pittsburgh and which committee did not at that time place in its platform a local option pledge. And why, gentlemen, did it not? Simply for this reason, that at that time, the primaries had been held and there were more than two-thirds of the members nominated on the Republican party that had gone before their constituency on the direct issue of local option or no local option, and the republican party did not see fit to place a plank in its platform that more than two-thirds of its members were to go before the people elected, or nominated rather, on a direct opposition to this local option. Therefore, my friends, that issue was carried into the November election, and it is needless for me to remind you, as I am reminded myself that the people have ruled upon this question We are not taking anything from the people at this particular time. The people have sent you and I here and although there was a personal platform of His Excellency, the Governor of this Commonwealth, which said to all that he himself believed that the best way to handle this question was through local option. Yet you and I are here, elected by a constituency to which we must return and give an account of ourselves, whether we are true to them or false; and in that same thought we have been told that this question should be viewed not from a district point of view, but for the welfare of the State of Pennsylvania. I say to you, gentlemen, what does this bill call for. Is the bill a district measure? Does it say that the entire people of Pennsylvania shall vote upon this question? I think not. It says particularly that if it becomes a law, upon the petition of 25 per cent. of the voters in every county or in any county unit of the State, the question shall be submitted to whom? To the people of that particular county. Then I say to you, gentlemen It becomes a particularly district measure, and you and I can view it as a district question. Then, again, my friends, and I am not going to tire you very long, I want to refer to the particular method that has been used in the operation of this measure through the House. It is an old story to us, and probably I ought not to refresh your memory, because it is as fresh as mine, but I believe, gentlemen, that if a vote had been taken upon this question two weeks, aye, a week after this session convened, there would have been an overwhelming majority against this measure. And I say to you, that the methods that have been used and the thought that has been thrown out, that the patronage that comes from those in authority in this State might be used to coerce, nay not to coerce, I will not say that, but to have you change your views on this question, will be determined very largely by the vote which will be taken here today. We must all answer personally for that.

Now, another question has been very largely discussed throughout the Commonwealth in reference to this measure, and that is when it has been spoken of the powerful and strong liquor lobby that has been in this House, threats have been made, notices have been given to the people of the Commonwealth that there is a lobby that is going about the House and that ought to be taken from the floor. I want to ask you, gentlemen, is it any worse, is it any worse for the men who are engaged in this business, the men whom the State of Pennsylvania grants a license to do business, the men who have their interest, their entire interest, in the business, is it any worse for them to maintain an interest and a lawful lobby in this House than it is for the Governor of the Commonwealth to send his servants throughout the State lobbying in favor of the bill?

Gentlemen, this measure as I view it, will not correct the evils which our friends on the other side complain of. To my mind, there are but two ways to handle this "curse" as they put the question in this State. One, to my mind, is elimination. And if the liquor traffic is responsible for all the crime, for all the misery, for all the insane, for all the paupers, for all the criminals in this State, then I say to you, the only way to handle it is elimination. Now if we cannot eliminate it, then let us regulate it, and this measure, as I see it, does not take this matter out of the hands of the overworked judiciary or the men who want to get rid of this, because if the county votes wet, what happens? Why, it goes right back to that Brooks High License Law, that we have heard so much about. But what is it, after all, when you look at it carefully. I can only say this, that I feel this is what this local option bill will do. If in my county, they should vote that there shall be no license granted for three years, does it eliminate the business? No, it does not, gentlemen. It gives the rich man an opportunity to fill his wine cellar with booze, because he can buy it, but the poor fellow will have to walk or ride to Philadelphia for a glass of beer.

Now, gentlemen, there has been reference made to a certain bill that has gone through this House, which I opposed, and on which the argument was that the people should take care of it, and that was the election of the city treasurer in third class cities. I opposed that as I oppose this local option bill today, on the same principle. In 1913, more than a majority of the people of my district wanted me to seek and to do all I could to pass the Clark bill. I did it and today I am here voicing, as I believe, the sentiment of the district which I represent, the first Delaware county district, because my opponent, who was upon the Local Option ticket received seven hundred and sixty-nine votes and I am consistent, as I believe you will be when the roll is called upon this question. I trust, gentlemen, that we will remember that we are responsible to those who have elected us, and whether we be right or wrong in the minds of some people, let us at least have the courage to go back home and take our medicine.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I am not a follower of the Billy Sunday "hit-the-trail" crowd. I am not here in the interest of the ministers alone. This is not a campaign of the ministers of Pennsylvania nor is this a political hysteria stirred up by Billy Sunday. This is the result of the calm deliberation on the part of the people of Pennsylvania, not for a day but for several years. This issue of local option is not a new issue as some of the speakers have intimated. You will remember that two years ago the Local Option bill appeared in this House and was succeeded by a prohibition amendment. That prohibition amendment, Mr. Speaker, if I recall distinctly and correctly, received ninety votes and there was no great demonstration in or about the Capitol at that particular time.

You speak of the majority rule. You speak of the people's right to say whether there shall be or shall not be license in the several counties of this great State. Mr. Speaker, what does the granting of licenses consist of today? Is it a right or is it a privilege? If I begin as a merchant, do I go to the Court and ask for a license for permission to open a store? No. A butcher, a grocer, a merchant or a professional man, if he has qualified along particular lines, opens his place of business and takes his chances. But, Mr. Speaker, I insist that when a man desires to open a saloon or a bottling house or start a brewery into operation he has absolutely got to get the concensus of opinion in that particular district. I have never heard any man tell me that he has gone into a ward, a township, or a city or borough where he knew the sentiment of the people was against the saloon and was dependent upon twelve men to hold him in. Why? Because impliably and acceptably and with an understanding based on the fundamental principles of this government, he has realized that the majority is ruling; and he has not dared to upset that majority. But if it only required twelve men to secure the license, if that was sufficient, then why the right of remonstrance and how shall these remonstrances be received by the courts? If I have a petition signed by twelve men asking that a license be granted to me and a similar remonstrance signed by nine is handed to the Court on the same day, how does the Court decide? Why, every member of this House will say, why, certainly, he granted the license because there were twelve men as against nine; and most certainly that would be what we would expect. Mr. Speaker, when the remonstrance has twelve and the petitioner has twelve then what follows? Then the matter is settled by the discretion of the Court, and again we yield; but, Mr. Speaker, we object and vigorously object when petitions signed by four and five times as many as the petitioner's application for a license are turned down; when the people have absolutely stated that they believe that it is not necessary and they don't want it and the court clamly and coolly, I say, refuses to recognize that petition, then sir, I think it is time to change that law. I have an instance in my mind which occurred in the State of Pennsylvania in this year where one hundred and forty-four electors signed a remonstrance against a hotel; where twenty-four signed for it; and what happened? You say they did not get the license; but I tell you, sir, they did. What do you suppose the people of that vicinity think of the Court? Now, you talk about the integrity of the court. The Court must have its integrity held up, but what confidence can the people of this State have in the Court if it has got to be considered, if the people say that we are being broken into? If this confidence is broken down, if they see these things happen, why those men who fear the thing, those timid and ignorant, will soon believe that the whole Court of the State is wrong and cannot be trusted. Most certainly the Judges themselves do not wish that they have the power to decide these licenses. They have asked time and time again, and the lawyers have petitioned this Legislature and its representatives, to take this out of the courts so that the integriy of he Court will be held up; and it is right.

But what do the liquor men say on this issue? Mr. Herman has read to you from the Liquormen's Journal: Where the people of a district do not voluntarily want a hotel, a licensed hotel, there should be none. Again, that the license should be renewed until it is canceled by a vote of the people. Is this an endorsement of local option or is it an endorsement of prohibition? This is their own words, from their own official journal, if you please, sir. That is what they say. But how are the people of a district going to deside if not given the opportunity to vote?

Mr. Speaker, this is not a question as to whether I am wet or whether I am dry. This is a question whether I, as a representatives of the people, I, who have said so often that I believed in the cardinal principles of the American Government that the majority should rule—what right have I then, sir, to come here and tell my people back home that you shall not vote upon this question; I will vote for you? Mr. Speaker, I ask you who did the voting last year? It was the people. Oh, yes, we believe in the majority rule last November. We believed in the majority rule last May. Why, certainly the people are fit to do anything. They have been referred to as a mob, a rabble; but it was the same mob and the same rabble that sent every one last man of us here today, and then we gave them credit for good judgment. Mr. Speaker, this is a question of morals. They speak of personal liberty and yet in this House, at this session, by an almost unanimous vote we passed a law restricting the sale of heroin, and derivative salts. A citizen of the United States is prohibited, under the Harrison Act, from using morphine. Why? On this same ground that they argue that a man has the right to take a glass of liquor he has the right to take a morphine pill if he wishes. It is his own life and it is his own health that he is jeopardizing; and yet, we stepped in in this House, I say, and passed that act restricting the sale of heroin with a great vote. We never stopped to think of the personal rights of the man. No; we were too honest for that. But today we have got to look with a microscope at this bill. Now, Mr. Speaker, as to personal liberty, let me say that I earn my salary in this House and then go forth to the gaming table and gamble it away. Is that local option? Why should I not be permitted to squander my earnings if I so see fit? It is a matter of my own. But the law says, no, it is ours, and they prohibit it. That is personal liberty also. Personal liberty—they say you should not heed your neighbor when he comes home after drinking and goes into the house and abuses his wife; that is not making a disturbance.

Gentlemen, in York County, Pennsylvania, in the last eight years, if I remember distinctly there have been eight murders. A proud record; and, gentlemen, I aver on the floor of this House that each and every murder was directly traced to the excessive use of liquor. From the Eastern Penitentiary there came what was a petition without parallel addressed to the members of this House, asking for the passage of the local option bill. A man who drinks, science tells us and medical men admit, does not have the same vigorous mentality of his more temperate brother, and, consequently, the apetite of that man along certain lines will eventually overpower. He becomes an enemy to society. There is no doubt about that.

I am taking up these points because some of the preceding speakers have touched on these lines. They are not the question at issue. The question at issue is, shall the people rule; shall the majority of the people have the right to say whether this nuisance, whether this hotel, whether this drinking house shall be permitted in their locality or not. I have shown to you the right of petition and remonstrance. I have shown you that the people do have something to say or this would not be called the granting of a license, a privilege in the eyes of the Court. I have shown you how the Court has begun to be looked upon as being not the proper place and proper hand into which to place this because it jeopardizes the good reputation of that Court, and the people of this State have from time to time, made radical changes; but that was all right. It was all right that they vote to make the constitutional amendment which gives the people of this State the right to choose its own United States Senators.

That was right; the people wanted it. It was all right when they passed a State-wide primary law, and then, Mr. Speaker, in our great compassion for the poor working children we passed a child labor law, and also a woman's labor law, but this law, which would directly benefit society and help these working children, this law they shall not have because we gave them the right to earn their own bread. Mr. Speaker, I cannot understand as a member of labor,—I lost my eyes in the cause of labor—I have stood shoulder to shoulder with them and I know their aches and pains, their hardships and privations, and I know what they are thinking about, how they feel, but I cannot understand how organized labor, or any laboring man can be against the passage of a Local Option Bill. It means increased wages and more efficiency.

I cannot see why he cannot go along with the manufacturer. The manufacturer realizes that the man who drinks on a Saturday night and returns to the job on Monday morning, may not be intoxicated, I say, but he is nervous and there may be an accident and then comes the enforcement of the workmen's compensation act. The man who drinks should realize that his skill is being taken from him slowly and surely; he should realize he is undermining his brain and his nerves and his skill is leaving him. He should realize that the greater the skill the greater is his ability to command wages. And, Mr. Speaker, you talk about the nickels he spends. Total them up, Mr. Speaker, and I will tell you you will find in a year a total of less than what some of the labor unions this State have struck for,—a five or ten per cent. increase in wages, but they squander that every year without a strike, but they say they have that right; and they have that right so long as it is continued. But they do not have the right to say that we have not the right to submit it to the people. We are asking only to submit this question to the people,—all these common people we love so on election day. We are not trusting this question to the Y. M. C. A., or to the Women's Clubs, or to the Anti-Saloon League. We are entrusting it to the citizens of Pennsylvania and our own particular constituency. They are the rabble, they are the mob; those are the people who are possessed with this political hysteria, which some of the preceding speakers have referred to. That is the political hysteria, the hysteria that calls for a man to go and vote for me on election day,—the kind I like at that particular time; but I see a distinct difference, they say, when it comes down to letting that man use his own intelligence and his own volition on this great moral issue.

Mr. Speaker, this is truly a representative body. A representative body is only a representative body insofar as it carries out the wishes of the people. You cannot represent anybody but yourself or special interests if you are going to be deaf to the cries of the people. I believe in the people ruling. I believe it so well and so firmly that I would rather be defeated for supporting this measure, than to be re-elected for having voted against it. Is this, then, a question of party politics? Mr. Speaker, I am a born Democrat. I am not one from opportunity; I believe in the old Jeffersonian principles of democracy. I have stumped the southwestern portion of my State on many occasions and I have never attempted to say or to mislead these people into thinking that I ever believed anything except that the majority shall rule and that the rule should be in the hands of the people. Mr. Kitts, of Erie, a colleague of mine, for whom I have great respect, has said that this was not a regularly drawn up plank in the Democratic platform. I beg to differ with the good gentleman. He said when they felt the pulse of the delegates they found there were not enough there to support local option. Is there a man in this House,—is there a man in the State of Pennsylvania, who believes that if that condition had prevailed, they would not have seized the opportunity to see that not even an executive committee was appointed to draft that platform, that they might insert this plank? Mr. Speaker, that platform went before the people. It was understood, it was accepted, it was the platform of the Democratic party, recognized by the people and endorsed and received their stamp of approval, because it was never referred to. This transaction in this convention was never referred to throughout the entire campaign and never came to light until this morning. Mr. Speaker, it would have been within the power of that delegation of those several committeemen to have come back to Harrisburg, upon the call of a certain number, as they did several years ago and there to have demanded the withdrawal of that plank because it was not properly drawn up. But that petition was never circulated and there was no call, because the rank and the file of the Democratic party believed and accepted that plank in that platform, and it was the one,—the one vital issue in the campaign which defeated the Honorable Vance C. McCormick for Governor of this Commonwealth.

There was nothing else referred to, and the only thing I heard among the rank and file was wet and dry. Child labor, workmen's compensation, and everything else went, and as a gentleman this morning said "His Excellency received a few votes because they believed he was this way, and a great many thousand, because other people believed he was the other." That goes to show that in the minds of certain people there was no question as to the issue. The issue was clearly local option, and Mr. McCormick was defeated.

Now, as to my own position in his campaign, I headed a petition in North Codorus Township for him. We redeemed that petition in the primary of May, 1914, by 95 per cent. of the vote in that township. We redeemed that petition and similar petitions through every other township and borough in my district by giving him 85 per cent. of the vote n the Fourth district of York county, which I have the honor to represent. They knew, yes, God bless them, they knew, those sturdy old men back home knew, that Mr. McCormick stood for local option, but they voted for him, and in the fall of 1914, when I went through that district and asked them once more to rally to the standard of democracy, once more to stand by the men that they themselves had nominated; once more to prove the old democracy, to come forward as they had always come forward from that rock-ribbed section of democracy in York county they came forward with practically the same vote they gave Woodrow Wilson in 1912 and returned me here.

Was my position then masked? Certainly not, certainly not. I told them night after night that I believed in the principles of democracy, in the cardinal principles of my party and in the majority rule, and I asked them to vote for that ticket. They endorsed it and every other township and borough, ward and district, that carried for the Democratic Governor candidate last fall also endorsed the Local Option plank. I scold no man in this House for his vote, and I apologize to no man for mine. I am a free born American citizen and I am here to do what I believe is the proper thing on this occasion. Submit it to the people and have them either repudiate it or accept it. I beg for no votes. I asked for no votes. But I say, sir, and I predict, sir, that this campaign which has been started, will carry on until this particular question is a political question of such magnitude that it will not stop at local option; it will not stop at State prohibition, but you will get National prohibition.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker and my honored colleagues, I can truthfully say that I did not intend, after listening to the various eloquent and capable and thorough arguments presented on both sides of this question, of taking any more of the time of this House, and yet I feel, and I honestly feel that I should not be true to the people of my district, who sent me here, I should not be true to the citizens of my community, who trust me, I should not be true to the principles in which I and my people back home, thoroughly and implicitly believe, if I permitted these slanders, if I permitted these insults, cast upon an honorable people, to go unchallenged and undenied. If we are to believe most of the proponents of this bill then we are confronted with a moral, with a social issue, that the saloon is the curse of society, and that the liquor man has no place under God's sun. This, my friends, and I address you ladies and gentlemen, as well as my colleagues, I address myself to the intelligence and fairness of every man and woman in this State; this, I say to you my friends, is an absolute lie. There are just as honorable men in the calling as those who would parade their purity and politics for selfish gain by trying to ruin the people in the business.

We are told that all society is arrayed against him that furnisheth his neighbor with drink, and we even have the passage misquoted and garbled in order to furnish argument for our friends on the other side, but, ladies and gentlemen, and Mr. Speaker and my colleagues, this is a momentous day in the State of Pennsylvania, and we cannot afford to have our judgment beclouded by passion, by anger, by hate, or by spite. Let us be fair. And I say to you again, in a spirit of fairness that as against the man who opposes the men in the liquor business, I present to you the testimony of the lives of the truest citizens of Pennsylvania,—aye, and of all time and eternity. My friends will sneer,—my friends of the cloth,—and say he knows not whereof he speaketh, and I say to you, ladies and gentlemen, and Mr. Speaker, that William Penn, the founder of this Commonwealth, in all his life, stood for liberty of conscience, liberty of thought, and left his home in England that he might establish this glorious Commonwealth, and with its establishment, as one of the human blessings, he erected his brewery at Pennstown, which he operated his entire life.

George Washington had his distillery at Mount Vernon which he bequeathed in his will.

Patrick Henry had a Public House to which he gave his personal attention at Hanover Court House, Virginia.

Abraham Lincoln had his country tavern at New Salem, Illinois, and as a member of the Illinois Legislature had this to say:—

"Prohibition will work a great injury to the cause of Temperance. It is a species of intemperance within itself for it goes beyond the bounds of reason in that it attempts to control a man's appetite by legislation and in making crimes out of things that are not crimes. A prohibition law strikes a blow at the very principles upon which our government is founded. I have always been found laboring to protect the weaker classes from the stronger and I never can give my consent to such a law as you propose to enact. Until my tongue shall be silenced by death I shall continue to fight for the rights of man."

Thomas Jefferson said:

"No man has a natural right to commit aggression on the equal rights of another and this is all from which the law ought to restrain him. Every man is under the natural duty of contributing to the necessities of Society and this is all the law ought to enforce on him. When the laws have declared and enforced all this they have fulfilled their function and the idea is quite unfounded that on entering Society we give up any natural rights."

John Quincy Adams in speaking of this very matter says:—

"Self government is the foundation of all our political and social institutions and it is by self government alone that the law of temperance can be enforced. Seek not to enforce upon your brother by legislative enactments that virtue which he can possess only by the dictates of his own conscience and the energy of his own free will."

Cardinal Gibbons holds the following belief:—

"I have never been able to convince myself that what we call total abstinence is essential to morality. The moderate and occasional use of alcoholic liquors is not to be condemned. In countries where the people drink, no serious harm results from the practice. Even in Rome in the Vatican itself, wine is used as a beverage. Then again I have long since come to understand that aside from the point of principle it is totally impossible to enforce a total abstinence law in large communities or states. Look at Maine, for instance, and you will see how true this is. The attempt to enforce such a law consequently leads to illegality and hypocrisy."

Doctor Lyman Abbott says:—

"Prohibition was not the method of Jesus. He lived in an age of total abstinence societies and did not join them. He condemned drunkeness but never in a single instance did He raise His voice against drinking. On the contrary He commenced His Public ministry by making as a miracle wine in large quantities to add to the festivities of a wedding. He apparently used wine customarily before the world, and He left as a legacy an example for his followers the Sacred use of wine in the most solemn service of His Church."

Robert G. Ingersoll says:—

"The trouble is that when a few zealous men intending to reform the world endeavor to enforce unpopular laws they are compelled to resort to detectives and a system of espionage. Those who drink are watched and old-fashioned sociability becomes impossible. The State becomes a parasite for patent medicines, the medicine being poor whiskey with a scientific name. There is another side to the question and that is that nothing in the world is more important than Personal Liberty." Some people are in favor of blotting out the sun to prevent the growth of weeds. This is the mistake of all prohibitory fanaticism."

Bishop Potter of New York says:

"Our prohibitory laws are as stupid as they are ineffective. Most of our measures for dealing with the liquor problem are tainted with falsehoods and are dishonored and discredited by the wide-spread and consistent failure."

President Eliot of Harvard and former President Taft both hold:—

"There has been concurrent evil in prohibitory legislation. The efforts to enforce it during forty years have had unlooked for effects upon the public—respect for Courts, judicial proceedings and for law in general as well as upon legislators and public servants. The public has seen the law defiled. Whole generations of habitual law-breakers schooled in evasion and shamelessness, courts ineffective through fluctuations of policy, delay, perjury and miscarriage of justice, officers of the law double-faced and mercenary, legislators timid and insincere, candidates for office hypocritical and truckling and office-holders unfaithful to their pledges."

Professor Buckle in his History of Civilization says:—

"The laws enacted to restrain personal liberty especially relating to intoxicating drinks uniformly increased intemperance."

Professor Leckey, the greatest student of Social problems, says:—

"To attempt to guard adult men by law against temptation, to place them under moral tutelage is a dangerous precedent. The tendency to coerceve laws on matters relating to intoxicating liquors is certainly not a tendency toward moral liberty."

The Committee of Fifty of New York City representing the most intelligent and broad-minded men of the country after a very careful study have this to say, concerning the economic and moral aspect of the liquor problem:—

"The tavern instinct of our Saxon forefathers is the chief impulse aside from the drink itself which draws their hosts to the saloon. This instinct must be reckoned with. It is a serious mistake to suppose that saloonkeepers as a class are bent upon the destruction of their fellow men and calloused to any appeal for help from their victims. They are men of singular practical helpfulness to the people about them. The saloon is the "Poor Man's Club" in that it offers him a measure of fellowship and recreation for which he would look elsewhere in vain."

Hundreds of others can be quoted and it will be observed tha tnone of these authorities commercialized the sacred teachings of religion or disgraced the pulpit with the tricks of a circus performer.

But let us now consider the merits of the Bill under discussion. It is claimed that County Option is a form of local self government, the inherent right of the people and that the liquor problem can best be solved in this manner. But these arguments are entirely unfair and untrue. If real local self government is wanted why not let each community or municipality decide for itself. The problems, the needs and the habits of a city or populous center are entirely different from those of a rural or agricultural district. The toiler of the city with his long hours and hard work has a struggle for existence very different from the "Man with Hoe." Why then should the farm force his views and his method of living upon the working man of the City? Almost every county has one or more populous centers which would be voted dry by the farmer, no matter how much the city might desire or need a license. The city with its large bonded indebtedness, with its army of employees, its paving, lighting, sewering and other municipal problems might need and want the license revenue, yet the country districts with nothing in common with its neighbor is given the power to deny these rights to the city.

Furthermore, if the proponents of the Act mean to be fair why is Section Six inserted by which territory now dry under special or local legislation is continued dry notwithstanding the county as a whole votes wet. They would compel the city to be ruled by the county and yet hundreds of townships and boroughs now held dry by old Acts of Assembly are not come under the operation of the Act. Can anything be more unjust or unfair?

Another striking evidence of hypocrisy and unfairness is found in Section Four. A close reading of this section shows that when a county votes dry it thereupon becomes unlawful for the Court to grant any licenses. But, on the other hand, if the county votes wet there is no duty on the part of the Court to grant any licenses. The discretionary powers of the Court to refuse every license notwithstanding such election indicating the will of the people in favor of licenses is in no way curtailed and abridged. Our opponents would lead us into a costly and wholly undesirable and unnecessary election reserving to themselves every special privilege they now have and if the election is not to their liking they do not lose a single right. And yet they call this justice. As I understand the theory of the law justice should be even handed not under handed.

There is another consequence so manifestly unfair and outrageous that a mere mention of it will convince any fair-minded person of the hate and venom with which our opponents are inspired. In almost every small county of Western Pennsylvania there are several breweries and distilleries worth millions of dollars and employing thousands of men But a very small part of the products is sold in the county, and the largest part is shipped to every part of the world. In the event that such a county by its election should prohibit the granting of licenses millions of property will be confiscated and stolen by the forms of law; thousands of men thrown out of work and their families impoverished, and yet the consumption of liquor will not be reduced at all and the business of these distilleries and breweries would simply be forced into the adjoining county where their business would be permitted.

It can truly be said here as the Teacher of Nazareth said to the Pharisee: "Not that which goeth into the mouth defileth a man, but that which cometh out of the mouth, this defileth a man."

I appeal to you gentlemen of the Republican Party to stand by the platform. For he, who does not, is not worthy the name of Republican, whether he be the humblest voter of the land or the highest Executive in this Commonwealth. The Republican platform makes no promise of local option and in the Pittsburgh Convention of August, 1914, when the matter was attempted to be forced into the platform it was rejected by a vote of 96 to 6. No candidate elected on that platform can have any personal pledge different from that of the party and he who receives the votes of the Republican party and does not live up to every party measure or attempts to enforce pledges different from the party pledges is an ingrate, to say the least. In my own district and no doubt in most of the Legislative Districts the matter of local option was fully and fairly decided at the last election. All that we need now do is to carry out the will of the people who sent us here. Let us be real, brave freemen; let us not fear the lash of the executive boss, or the anathema of the religious crank. If every matter in which I have any interest is vested or obstructed, I shall go back to my district with a clean conscience and the pleasure of having suffered in the performance of their will. There is no power on earth that can make me desert my people back home who expect me to vote against this measure.

And now let us ask why all this clamor and agitation? The wave of fanaticism and intolerance is nothing new in our land. Between 1850 and 1855 all the New England States adopted prohibitory measures and after the test of a few years all went back to the high license system excepting only Maine, admitted to be the greatest "speakeasy" in the world. The problem now before us for consideration is as old as civilization itself and is one of the most difficult in society. It is thoroughly intertwined with all other great problems and can not be separated or treated by itself as the imaginary cause of all evil. It is a moral, economic, psychological and personal problem requiring most careful study and attention and hence can not be cured by legislation alone.

While legislation in itself can not remedy the problem, wise laws can undoubtedly assist very materially. The method here proposed is local or county prohibition which is unenforceable as against the present system of high license and strict regulation. The logic of prohibition is—because one man is lame, all others shall wear crutches. The principle of human justice is rather a thousand guilty shall escape than one innocent shall suffer. The principle of this act is that ninety-eight men in each hundred shall be denied the inalienable right to pursue their own happiness in their own way because the other two abuse their privilege. Is it right that the vast majority shall be penalized for the faults of the negligible minority? And after all, all law depends for its enforcement upon the moral support of the people. That nation is best governed which is least governed. A prohibitory law has no more binding effect than a New Year's resolution. If the citizen is of the right moral fiber, his own intelligence, his devotion to his family, to his State, to his own interest will keep him in the path of moderation in all things. History teaches that mankind can not be made honest, righteous, sober and moral by the mere stroke of the Legislative pen. The stern truth is forgotten that law can successfully concern itself only with the action of man towards his fellow man but can never determine or control the actions of individual man in such matters as concern himself alone The fact is that we can not subordinate by law the faculties of the strong to the needs of the weak without destroying the very essence of that which has made most men strong, reliant and competent, that is their personal liberty.

Mr. Speaker and my honored colleagues: In this hour of real danger to our Commonwealth, let us manfully resolve to stand by our people and our oath of office. Let us stand by the principles of virtue, liberty and independence upon which our Commonwealth is founded. Oceans of blood, rivers of tears and millions of lives were sacrificed ere religious liberty was wrested from the tyrants of the Dark Ages. Our ancestors drenched with their crimson blood the snow white fields of Valley Forge and Chads Ford, and thus sealed the testament that guaranteed civil liberty throughout the land and to the inhabitants thereof. Let us now follow their hallowed example by standing firmly together for the sacred principles of personal liberty.

My friend from York and my friend from Philadelphia and all the other honorable members, I will say if heroin is worse than liquor I have to thank God that we are blessed with at least an intelligent, able zealous and God-fearing Governor by his own admission, but why have we not the approval of that bill? I have no desire to force myself upon your consideration in this question because I am satisfied that every man in this House knew from the very moment he entered this Hall just how he was going to vote. I trust that nothing which I may say may cause any of my friends to vote the other way. I want to say to my friend from York, a Jeffersonian Democrat, to please read a little more of Thomas Jefferson's teachings and casually read some of his writings in which he discusses this very matter. My friend Lanius should safeguard that doctrine or admit that York County is not in Pennsylvania. In conclusion one word and I say this as God is my witness, in a spirit befitting to my constituents as I owe it to my ancestors and your ancestors and the men and the ancestors of all humanity who struggled throughout the Dark Ages, we should overlook the misguided church interests allied with the political powers of to-day who struggled for centuries so. that the gift of religious liberty be made possible. And we who are loyal to Pennsylvania in that our ancestors painted with their crimson blood the snow white fields of Valley Forge and Chadds Ford that civil liberty might rule in the State of Pennsylvania, my friends, I ask you who are worthy descendants of worthy sires to stand together to-day, to stand manfully against every form of dictation and unfairness, and stand that the principle of personal liberty may be sure of its blessings.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, it is not my purpose to regale the members of this House, much as I revere the memory of the honored departed, with a discussion of William Penn or George Washington. The thought that is uppermost in my mind in the discussion of this question, now before this assemblage, is the condition which exists in the blossoming present and not in the archaic or decayed past. Were we to follow in the footsteps of such revered gentlemen, were we to confront this question and treat it as if it were one which was discussed centuries ago, this universe would remain at a standstill. I listened during the course of this discussion with a great deal of attention and interest to the arguments which have been advanced by those who spoke in opposition to this measure. I have yet, to my mind, to hear what I consider as the real question before this body for its determination. We have heard a great deal of oratory, some of it quite lengthy, relative to taking away, in the event of the passage of this measure, of the personal liberty which is guaranteed to the citizens of this Commonwealth by its Constitution. That, to my mind, is a fallacious argument. Ever since the Brooks High License Law has adorned the statutes of this State and the decisions of the county courts and the appellate courts in placing their interpretation upon it, that question has been settled for all time within the confines of this Commonwealth. The right to sell liquor under the Brooks High License Law is not now nor never has been a vested right. My friends would argue to you, Mr. Speaker, that to pass this local option bill would be depriving those who have engaged in this business of their property without due courts of law. That is not the correct conception of the Brooks High License Law, as decided by judicial tribunals within this Commonwealth. The courts to this Commonwealth have always stated, have always construed the right to sell liquor under the Brooks High License Law as a personal privilege and a personal privilege only. And a personal privilege for a limited period of time, to-wit, one year at the outside. Now, then, it has been stated here that that law is the best local option law in existence to-day I take exception that statement, because under the Brooks High License Law, it depends upon the discretionary power of two judges, not on the voters of the district altogether or any considerable number of them, or the applicant for the privilege or the remonstrants against the privilege but upon the two gentlemen who done the ermine and sit upon the judicial bench and hand down decisions either for or against applications for the sale of liquor in this Commonwealth. As a result, what do we have under the Brooks High License Law? We have the opinions of two men irrespective of the opinions of the community. Those two men are the last say upon that question. Now, then, if they do grant that license, that application this year, because it has been established to them by the testimony which is produced that the place is necessary for the community for which it is asked, all other qualifications being met by the applicant, then the law practically says that it is the duty of those judges to grant that license, and they grant that license for a period of one year. Would my friend who opposed this measure argue for a moment that if conditions in that particular community changed within that year, or the next year or succeeding years which proved to the granting power conclusively that that place was no longer a necessity in that community, that those judges under the Brooks High License Law would not have the right to refuse a renewal of that license? Certainly not. Do they argue that in such conditions as those that the applicant who has had his place established there for a number of years is being deprived of a vested right? Certainly not. He is being deprived of a personal privilege and a personal privilege only, which is granted by the citizenry of this Commonwealth by virtue of the passage of the Brooks High License Law of 1887.

Now, Mr. Speaker, much has been said here concerning the determination of this question, and the determination of this question in a conclusive and decisive manner at the election of November last. Let us assume for the purpose of argument that it is correct. That this question was determined conclusively in the fall election of last year, and let me take you back but a few short months and let us see what the condition was that confronted the voters of this State in last November. It has been argued here that the Republican platform which was adopted at a meeting of the State Committee held in the city of Pittsburgh had no plank in it declaring in fvaor of local option. That I grant you to be correct. The Republican platform was silent upon the question. I was one of the attendants at that convention and I well remember the discussions which took place upon that party platform. I also well remember that the gentleman who now graces the office of Governor of this Commonwealth before that same convention, before that same assemblage of delegates to a party convention stated unequivocally and clearly that he stood for local option in this Commonwealth. The Republican party accepted him as their standard bearer, and went before the people of this great Commonwealth with that fact thrown broadcast throughout the confines of this Commonwealth. The Democratic party, I have no quarrel with the various factions which go to make up that party, also handed to the people of this Commonwealth in which they declared for local option. The Washington party did likewise. And those interested in that campaign, Martin G. Brumbaugh at the head of the Republican ticket and Vance McCormick at the head of the Democratic and Washington party tickets stumped this state from border to border, and night after night announced to the people who came to hear them, and also through the columns of the public press that each one of them stood for local option. The senior senator of this Commonwealth was also a candidate for that high office on the Republican ticket. He had no individual platform but he stood upon the platform advanced by the Republican State Committee which was silent on local option, but vociferous in its statement of protection to American industries.

What was the result, Mr. Speaker, of that election? Senator Penrose polled in the State of Pennsylvania, without a local option endorsement, a total vote of 492,326. The present Governor of this Commonwealth, with a personal platform of local option, polled on the Republican ticket 534,898 votes, or a majority of more than forty-two thousand. Vance McCormick, on the combined tickets upon which he was a candidate, polled a total vote of 452,782. I agree with my friend from Erie, that the people of this Commonwealth, in November last, did decide this question and they decided it in no uncertain terms, because for the two candidates for Governor of this Commonwealth there was cast a total of 987,680 votes on a local option platform. Figures do not lie and they, to my mind, are more convincing than any arguments which I have heard here to-day against this proposition. Mr. Speaker, I again agree with my friend from Erie, in one thing that he said; that what we need in this Commonwealth is men who have the courage of their convictions. Yes, we need men who have the courage of their convictions. We need men with the red blood in their veins; we need men who are not afraid to submit a question of the magnitude of this one to the suffrage of their constituents. I represent in this legislative hall—and I am proud to say it—a community of home-loving, God-fearing, law-abiding people. The community which I represent has a population of close on to one hundred and fifty thousand souls. I say to you, Mr. Speaker, that I for one, have the courage of my convictions, irrespective of the result, irrespective of the opinion in which I am held by any political party, to submit this question to the one hundred and fifty thousand people who live in my district to settle it for themselves.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I do not acquiesce in the statements of the various preceding speakers that the men who get up here today and discuss this question are simply elocutionists or professional declaimers. I do not feel that every man in this deliberative assembly has sold himself body and soul to one side or the other. I think that the discussion here today is a serious one, directed to the judgments of this Assembly, so that you men who are free, unbought and unpledged shall, from the various arguments, make up your minds how you are going to vote as free men of this Commonwealth. Mr. Speaker, much has been said upon this question and much should be said upon this question, and much should be said in regard to the figures that my friend from South Philadelphia talked about. Parliamentary procedure and the rules of this House direct that I shall refer to him as the gentleman from Philadelphia; but I should like to be indulged and excused from the rigor of the rules to say that I am sorry—and I think that this is the first time since I have been here I have had to say it—that I differ from "Big Bill," but there are very good reasons why we should differ. I view this proposition as one almost as serious as a page from the Bible. I feel, Mr. Speaker, that some day, either now or some day soon, this whole question shall be settled and settled right. I agree with all the worthy gentlemen who come here in favor of local option that the imbibing of liquor in a great many instances raises moral issues. I think that the man who drinks to excess becomes a different man. I know the excessive drinking of liquor robs a man of his good judgment and makes of him a lower kind of man than the Creator intended; and I also believe that the question should be settled on broad, on clean, on honest grounds; and I do not condone any man, I care not who he be, who takes this form of this moral issue and ties it on to his political aspirations.

If alcohol is scientifically a poison to the system it should be driven entirely out of social use. It has no place in this generation which strives to make the next generation better; but how shall we do it? Do you tell me with honesty in your eyes that you can make Delaware County dry and have Philadelphia wet and reform a single drunkard there. You cannot do it. It is not honest to say so. The only way to have the whole question solved and solved right is not by any makeshift of county units local option because what is to stop a man from Delaware County coming over into Philadelphia and getting all he wants, but to drive it out entirely; and when you drive it out entirely there is no elder in the church and no priest in the cloth who can vindicate driving it out unless full compensation is given to those who have invested their money in what? Not what the law approved, but what the law has coaxed. The law has coaxed men to go into the liquor business and if the law is going to drive men out it should pay them dollar for dollar for the money that they have invested.

I deny that the people in Pennsylvania last November decided that local option should be a matter of political principle in this State. I deny that any single candidate received a majority of votes on a distinctly local option platform. The Republican platform made no declaration on local option, and Boies Penrose on the Republican ticket polled more votes than the purely local option platform parties, the Washington and Democratic, and therefore the people did not declare for local option. Why should my friend from South Philadelphia add up the votes for McCormick and the vote for Brumbaugh and say the people made the declaration for local option. Why such fallacy from him, whose brain is as clear as crystal water? If the people of Pennsylvania considered that local option was a political principle of such importance why did they not vote for a declared local option platform and elect McCormick on the Democratic and Washington party tickets? And don't forget that while the Governor, in his private platform, declared for local option he got within fifty-two thousand of his votes by Republicans who also voted for Penrose; so standing on his local option platform without more he would have been defeated miserably. Moreover you talk about local option representation. You talk about the county unit. I have the greatest respect for the Governor for two reasons: I think he is a man of rare mental accomplishment and I think he is also a man of good, clean life, and they are two fine things to be coupled together and said about any man; and I say it without expecting any favor from the Governor, particularly after I vote; but in the Governor's own Germantown district they had two local option candidates. One was Mr. Ulrich and the other was Samuel B. Scott, the most accomplished parliamentarian that sat in this Assembly for twenty years. He ran on a local option ticket and my friends, the gentlemen from Philadelphia, Mr. Weir and Mr. Cummins, received more majority than Mr. Scott and Mr. Ulrich had votes. What a pity it would be that the Governor of the Commonwealth, advocating the county unit local option, would have to live there in his own home with saloons all around him. Gentlemen, I believe, as I said before, this is a serious proposition. I believe in a great race to come.

I believe that Washington, and Jefferson and Lincoln have lived that we might, from their lives, have gained some good, but I agree also with my friend from Philadelphia, that we cannot stand still. We have to go forward. We live better in these days than they lived in those days. We want to have a generation after us that shall look at things better than we do and I want to see them get it, and if thowing out liquor is going to make a better race, throw it out, but let compensation be honestly made. But I cannot stand here with conniving politicians, with this half-baked notion of local option, that would not cure a drunkard, and see them advocate today a better race with that kind of a proposition, when they know full well there are better means at hand.

I am for a better race, but I am for a better race through cleanness of living, and through honesty of intention, and you do not get it through this local option bill that cannot accomplish anything at all They say it is a step in the right direction; I say it is not. I say that good morals should creep into this State. I am glad for one reason to see the local option movement. It brings the good people of the various churches that differ, and who should not differ, together; it brings them closer together, and the more we meet these good men, the better we become ourselves.

Yes, let us have good morals—let us have good morals in every bill that we pass. Let us tax the man who ought to be taxed. Let us get the corporations that help elect officers and then expect to get their return in the conniving legislation they put through

You talk about standing still. We have stood still since 1874. We have no Constitution since then. Why don't we have one? Why don't we raise money that within five years you can pay every liquor man in Pennsylvania his just due, and then the people of the various churches, and the men of the cloth, and the men who sit here, can join together, hand in hand, in real morality in clean morality, in honest morality in uplifting effort and raise up that generaation that shall carry on the sweet traditions of the past and make of our State what it always should be, the greatest State of all the galaxy of States.

Mr. Speaker, I hold no brief for the Brooks High License act. In some respects I think it might very well be amended. In some respects I think it might very well be changed, but there is no use saying here today that this idea of local option, giving a man a dry county here and a real, real wet one there, is going to change the situation from what it is now.

My friend spoke of liquor being no vested right. It is true, the Supreme Court has said so, but in Philadelphia in the past ten years I don't believe they have revoked a dozen licenses, so if you get a license this year, unless you are an awfully, awfully bad keeper, you will get your license next year. It is a right that the law recognizes this because when you put your money in it you are entitled to a fair return, and therefore, Mr. Speaker, the present situation is far more honest, it is far more true, it is far more adaptable to our conditions than any such little puny, political makeshift as this county unit local option bill.

I ask the members of this House who have not been peldged, and some of you have not,—you free men,—I ask you to vote against this bill.

The SPEAKER. This completes the list of speakers handed to me by the friends and opponents of the bill.

Mr. ERDMAN: Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I wish to say a word in explanation of my vote on this question. I am compelled to vote against the bill. The issue was well understood in my district. One of my opponents was the candidate of the local option forces. He made his campaign upon that issue. He received about 1200 votes. I received more than three times that number. To every one who asked me as to my position on this question before the election, and a great many did so, I told each one that I could not see that local option was a solution of the recognized evils of the liquor traffic and that I was against the same. Were I now to vote in favor of this measure I would be denounced by hundreds of my constituents in fact, I would be looked upon as a traitor. I will not enter into any further discussion of the bill. It is an important matter, but both sides have been thoroughly argued. The people of my district are opposed to the measure and I must voice their wishes, as pronounced at the polls.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, if I were to vote on this bill today according to my personal feelings, the probabilities are that I would register my vote in favor of its passage. I intend voting against it and wish to have my reasons for so doing stated with such clearness as to prevent any misunderstanding. Last year in Armstrong county, we had a fierce campaign for the office which I now occupy. When different men announced their candidacy for the Legislature, various persons were mentioned among them myself. My friends who were inclined toward Local Option at once made it known from one end of the county to the other whom the candidates were that favored it. I was not one of them. Throughout the county, it was heralded, that I was against local option. Fairness would require that those favoring the reformed measure such as this, should at least attempt to find out how the various candidates stand in relation to the measure before naming those whom they intend favoring. This was never accorded to me. I was not asked by the local optionists how I stood with reference to this measure but notwithstanding this, I was utterly ignored. I was attacked and bitterly attacked as being opposed to Local Option with the result that my county was lined up on the question, those favoring Local Option being unalterably and to a man, opposed to me. Hence the votes I received to a large extent came from the other side. To a large degree, those who voted for me expect me to vote against this bill and I feel under these circumstances I would not be playing fair with my constituency were I to vote in its favor.

Mr. W. W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I favor Local Option as a principle of local self government, but, the sale of Liquor has for one hundred years or more been a legalized business in this Commonwealth. Thousands, yes, millions of dollars have been invested in good faith in Plants for the Manufacture of spirituous and malt liquors and as well in property for the wholesale and retail of the same.

In view of this fact, I am conscientiously of the opinion that any Bill making a Referendum of the sale of Liquor in Pennsylvania, whether in a Statewide or County-wide way, should carry with it, a provision to reimburse owners for loss suffered by them in value of property should the people vote adversely to the sale of Liquor. The Bill before us makes no such provision, therefore, I shall vote against it.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House, up to the present I have taken up but little of your time in the discussion of the various subjects that have presented themselves. I shall not attempt to influence any member of this body, either for, or against, the measure now under consideration by the remarks which I am about to make. Being criticised by the Press and Pulpit of my district as to my attitude upon this question I feel that it is a duty which I owe to myself, to state my position clearly and give my reasons for the same, I therefore beg your indulgence, and ask you to bear with me for a short time, for this purpose.

I am charged by the advocates of this measure that in opposing the same, I am acting contrary to the wishes of my constituents. I take exception to this charge. During the session of the Legislature of 1913, of which I had the honor of being a member, a Local Option measure was considered and defeated. I opposed the measure at that time and stated my reason for so doing. All of which was placed on record. During the campaign of 1914, being again a candidate to succeed myself, this fact was heralded broadcast throughout my district by my opponents on both the Progressive and Democratic Tickets, all of whom made Local Option the principal issue of their campaign—"Lybarger Card." Notwithstanding these attacks I was returned by a plurality of nearly 1800.

According to Webster, the term constituent is applied to one who elects or appoints someone to office. Considering the fact, that under these conditions, it is not plausible that I received the votes of those who are earnestly advocating Local Option. I feel that in opposing the measure I am acting in accord with the desires of my constituents.

It is contended and I grant this to be justly so, that the people of a given locality, shall have the right to say, as to whether or not liquor shall be legally sold in their immediate vicinity, under the provisions of the measure now before us. This is not the case, I believe it to be unfair and unjust, that the voters of the rural districts many of them fifteen and twenty miles distant, who have no saloon in their vicinity, and are therefore not personally interested shall be permitted to cast their votes to abolish the saloon in the city.

The city is plainly deprived of its right of option on the liquor question, and is compelled to submit to a county dictum enforced by the votes of a remote rural population. This was forcibly demonstrated during an election in the State of Ohio, the City of Newark, the county seat of Licking County, gave a wet majority of 1,557, but was forced to be "dry" by the rural vote. The same is true of Coshockton the adjoining county of the same State, the City of Coshockton voted "wet" by 877, but the county forced the city to become "dry" by 508 majority. This to my mind utterly subverts Home Rule, and I therefore can not consistently support a county unit bill.

I am further opposed to the bill because it is prohibition for the poor. Under its provisions there is nothing to prevent the existence of clubs, under federal license. In every prohibition town there are clubs and societies where drink is openly sold to those admitted to membership, while those who can not afford membership are deliberately shut out.

Prohibition acts only against those financially weaker, as with money and influence you can in any prohibition town get as intoxicated as you please, openly, flagrantly, and publicly. If you have no money—no drink.

There are thousand of laborers, their only amusement, recreation, diversion or whatever you may please to call it, consists in the drinking of an occasional glass of beer, men who drink it temperately, and in moderation. Permit me to paint a word picture—The whistle of a great iron manufacturing plant blew announcing the noon hour. Into a nearby saloon, sweat streak, soot begrimed men came in a steady stream. The awful heat of an August day and the stifle of the molding room of a great foundry had inflicted on these tired sons of toil. Some had worked for hours in the swelter of the cupelo of seething metal, others had swung sledges and handled tons of molten iron, and the black dust of the colders earth had painted their faces and clogged their throats. Up to the rude pine bar they came, like thirsty sheep to a running stream, as the glasses of beer were handed up not a word is heard, only the thirsty gurgle of the cooling liquid allaying parched throats, one by one they leave the bar drop in weariness to the rude benches and empty beer kegs standing about on the sawdust covered floor, each with lunch box, dinner pail or basket in hand.

Crude and dirty, grimey it was, kept by an honest, conscientious man, it was above criticism in moral tone. No woman frequented it, no loafers or toughs hung about it, the patrons were hardworking men of integrity and industry, albeit of sweat and grime and plain speech flavored with pipe and stogie smoke.

This to the mind of the prohibitionist is a low, dirty saloon that local option must wipe out.

On the other hand imagine in the fashionable quarter of the city, a stately building, splendidly furnished, the windows covered with costly draperies—Persian rugs upon the floor—the buffet in the grill room stocked with the most expensive liquors, high wines and cordials—a poker table in an adjoining room—it is night, the rooms are resplendent with rays of light, the cushioned chairs are occupied with men of high standing—the banker, the broker, the merchant and the lawyer, well dressed waiters serve them with liquors from the buffet, a poker game is now in progress, the hours have passed the midnight bell has tolled, but the lights continue to shine, and the waiters continue to serve the drinks. This my friends is a respectable club, which under local option still continues to exist, and for this reason it seems to my mind to be class legislation.

I further oppose the measure, because it does not prevent the consumption of liquor in the locality affected. It forces the business, now legalized, from the hands of responsible persons into the hands of irresponsible persons, the baser and lower portion of the population, with the result that the vilest kind of liquor, and liquor substitutes are manufactured and sold illegally, resulting in hypocrasy, increased crime, social disorder and corruption. That it confiscates the property of those now legally engaged in the business, deprives men of their livelihood, only to enrich the coffers of men engaged in the same business of another locality, without the desired result being obtained.

I oppose it, because it is inconsistent with the Christian doctrine which teaches us to consider our neighbor as well as ourselves, under local option we eliminate from our own midst an evil only to transplant it upon the premises of our neighbor. I am therefore conscientiously and consistently opposed to the measure. If the liquor business is to be abolished, I stand for national legislation that will reach all classes, the rich as well as the poor.

It seems strange to me, that to the mind of the present day prohibitionist, the men who are legitimately engaged in the manufacture and sale of distilled and brewed beverages no matter how honestly they may exercise these functions are below the average moral standing, that their business is a menace to society. I shall not argue this point, but I want to say right here, that during the past many good honest upright men saw fit at times to engage in the same.

Lincoln, with his love of his fellow-men, was a temperance advocate, but he believed in being charitable in an effort to decrease intemperance, he believed in converting the individual by appealing to his character and in a manner to win his confidence By the same token he was opposed to driving an individual, to denouncing him, to cursing and abusing him, always contending "that a drop of honey catches more flies than a gallon of gall."

"By virtue of half a dozen signatures, Berry and Lincoln became proprietors of the only mercantile establishment in the village."

"In the spring of the next year, finding their merchandise gaining them little or nothing, they concluded to keep a tavern in addition to their other business, and the records of the company according to Sangamon county, show that Berry took out a license for that purpose on the 6th of March, 1833." (From Nicolay & Hay, Vol. 1, Chapter 4, "Abraham Lincoln.")

The tavern never opened as Lincoln and Berry soon sold out; however, the fact that Abraham Lincoln went so far as to stock a tavern, and obtain a license, shows that in principle he was not against the business of selling liquors. A copy of the original license represents evidence which cannot be disputed

Springfield, Wednesday, March 6th, 1833.

Ordered that William F. Berry in the name of Berry and Lincoln have license to keep a tavern in New Salem to continue 12 months from this date and that they pay one dollar in addition to six dollars heretofore paid as per Treasury receipt and that thy be allowed the following rates (viz)

French Brandy per ½ pint 25.
Peach Brandy per pint 18¾.
Apple Brandy per pint 12.
Holland Gin per pint 18¾.
Domestic per pint 12½.
Wine per pint 25.
Rum per pint 18¾.
Whiskey per pint 12½.
Breakfast, dinner, supper, 25.
Lodging per night, 12½.
Horse per night, 25.
Single Feed, 12½.
Breakfast, dinner and supper for stage passengers, 37½.
Who gave bond as required by law.

In concluding an address delivered by Lincoln before the Washington Temperance Society of Springfield Feb. 22nd, 1848, he said:

"This is the one hundred and tenth anniversary of the birthday of Washington; we are met to celebrate this day. Washington is the mightiest name of the earth—long since mightiest in the cause of civil liberty, still mightiest in moral reformation. On that name no eulogy is expected. It cannot be To add brightness to the sun or glory to the name of Washington is alike impossible. Let none attempt. In solemn awe pronounce the name, and in its naked deathless splendor leave it shining on."

George Washington, concerning whom Lincoln spoke with so much eloquence and reverence, was the owner of a distillery. In his will made at Mt. Vernon, July 9, 1799, we read as follows:

"I, George Washington, of Mount Vernon, a citizen of the United States and lately President of the same, do make, ordain and declare this instrument, which is written with my own hand and every page thereof subscribed with my name, to be my last will and testament, revoking all others: ..

Item—To my dearly beloved wife, Martha Washington, I give and bequeath the use, profit and benefit of the whole estate, real and personal, for the term of her natural life.

As I also do my household and kitchen furniture of every sort and kind with the LIQUORS and groceries which may be on hand.

I give and bequeath to the said Lawrence Lewis and Eleanor Park Lewis, his wife, and their heirs, the residue of my Mount Vernon estate, all the land north of the road leading from the ford of Dogue Run to the Gum Spring as described in the device of the other part of the tract to Bushrod Washington until it comes to the stone and three red or Spanish oaks on the knowl—thence with a rectangular line to the back line (between Mr. Mason and me), thence with that line westerly along the new double ditch to Dogue Run, by the tumbling dam of my mill, thence with the said run to the ford aforementioned, to which I add all the land I possess west of said Dogue Run and Dogue Creek bounded easterly and southerly thereby, together with the mill, DISTILLERY and all other houses and improvements on the premises, making together about two thousand acres, be it more or less."

(Signed) G. WASHINGTON.

Mount Vernon, 9 July 1799.

State of Virginia, County of Fairfax, to wit:

I. F. W. Richardson, Clerk of the Circuit Court of said County, the same being a Court of Probate and of record, and having a seal, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the last Will and Testament of George Washington, deceased, as the same appears of record in the will books of said County in Liber H, No. 1, folio 1, and that the original of said will is now on file in my said office in said County.

SEAL IN TESTIMONY of all which I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court at Fairfax, Virginia, this 7th day of February, A. D. 1912.

(Signed) F. W. RICHARDSON, Clerk."

George Washington, who really gave us the liberty which is enjoyed to-day, was most certainly not a prohibitionist. It was Washington that made possible a Lincoln, and the above gives absolute proof that Abraham Lincoln was not a prohibitionist, and, moreover, went so far as to stock a tavern, and to obtain a license for the sale of liquors. With these facts before us, it seems that the business was not discredited at that time.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, on the western prairies, the custom has prevailed for many years, for the owner of large herds of cattle to gather them together at a certain period and place his brand upon all unbranded stock. This process of gathering together and branding the cattle is called the "round up." The mark of the owner was, with a hot iron, stamped on each animal.

and after the "round up," there was no doubt as to who was the owner of the cattle upon the plains.

To-day, we are going to have a "round up" and the purpose of this hour is to place a brand upon the brow of every member of this legislative body and after this hour, each of you will be enabled to know whose owner you are. It is self-evident that there is confronting us to-day, two great movements led by prominent representatives who embody in themselves and their work, the spirit they represent. The one spirit is the selfish spirit that centers in the greed for gain; the other, the genuine altruistic spirit that looks to the highest interests of another. The one is earthly, sensual and devilish, the other is the spirit introduced into this old world by the author of the sermon on the mount.

There has never been a time, so far as the history of the State shows, that the two spirits were more aggressive and better organized for business than at the present time. There has never been a time when the citizens of this great State were aroused to a higher determination to wipe out from within her borders the most obnoxious, the most pernicious and the most devilish business that can be found within her boundaries.

The cry comes from every hill top, from every valley, and from every section of the State, from the unfortunate, the down trodden and the weak and from those who need the care of the shepherd, to help them, and our object in coming together at this time and on this occasion is for the purpose of extending a helping hand to those who are not able to help or defend themselves.

I want to say to you, sir, that the great altruistic spirit has culminated in one of the most marvelous movements that the world has ever known, one to prevent one class of citizens from pursuing a business which demoralizes, pauperizes and in every way destroys another class of fellow beings.

I repeat to you again, sir, that it is no wonder that in this great and splendid age wherein our civilization is seeking to obtain the highest pinnacle that such a movement as is before us to-day should be projected, and it is not surprising that the inhabitants of this great State should rise up in arms and come as a mighty army to the defense of the helpless and come as they are coming to lend their aid and assistance in this great and momentous question.

I believe, sir—that the manifestation of the spirit of selfishness as shown by the Liquor interests is manifested in the institutions projected and operated for the absolute ruin of one set of citizens in order that another set may be benefited.

The question too, is not simply whether or not we shall have breweries, distilleries and filthy saloons in our midst, but the great question to me today and one of greater moment is the question of turning the reins of our government over to this, the most dangerous institution of our country, for I hold sir—that the liquor interest is the one great interest and power, that holds together and manipulates all the great and dangerous powers that not only corrupts our nation and State. This for the reason that we find this power working in our Legislative halls, trying in every form and manner to bring about legislation that is agreeable to their selfish interests that is not in any way antagonistic to the interest of which they are a part.

Should the brewer, the distiller, the saloon keeper and the wholesale liquor dealers continue to be our Political Bosses and use all the means within their power and bring together the class of citizens that they demand to be with them and help them to carry out their plans, and bring about measures that are of interest to them. I want to say to you that the four great corner stones upon which our great government is founded on are first, the Church, the Sabbath, Patriotism and the Ballot Box. Each of these is a distinct corner all of which must stand together or our country will go to wreck.

It is not necessary for me to define to you, the meaning of these four great cornerstones. But I want to say to you that these four cornerstones foster the good morals, the high morals of the nation and of the State and that I believe that the greatest enemy that they have and the enemy that is doing more to tear down these great cornerstones, are the Liquor interests and for that reason I want to call upon every man, every patriot and every citizen who loves his State, to join in the fight against these interests, and its constituency, and vote today to give us local option and home rule.

In the discussion of this question as it has come from the members opposed to this measure, we hear the cry of the confiscation of property and the cry of the encroachment upon personal liberty which I believe is a false one, and not in any manner worthy of consideration.

I might relate to you an instance that has been called to my attention. In a section of our country, there was one of the finest Jersey herds that was ever raised in the state, in fact sir, it was the pride of the whole country, and when this beautiful, fawn-colored herd came wilding o'er the lea, they made a picture that surpassed Gray's elegy. The whole state was proud of the herd, but in an examination a short time ago, every cow in that beautiful herd was found to have tuberculosis and an order was issued by the state to destroy them. Why, if you call that confiscation and appropriation of property, and unnecessary and destruction and confiscation to the owner of the property, we say, keep silent. Our women, our children and our homes are better than your death dealing producing property.

Your herd of cattle, beautiful and lovely as it is, cannot be weighed in the scales and in the balances against our women, our children and our homes. Your disease spreading, death breeding property? The saloon, the brewery and the distillery should not be allowed to exist any longer, and the object of the measure that we have presented to you today and of which you are soon to consider, and upon whose brow is going to be stamped the brand that will go with you to the grave and to the future generation which will follow you. I say to you that we are going to vote for or against the death dealing liquor traffic, for we are going to either protect our women and children and our homes, or we are going to say by our voice and our vote that we are going to leave them open prey for this vicious, death dealing business.

In one of the small towns of this state some few years ago, on one side of the city there was a great epidemic of typhoid fever which took some member of the family in almost every home until you could see the black crepe on almost every home in that vicinity. What did the people say? Did they say, Oh! I feel so sorry for those poor unfortunates that are dying off like that. They said, gentlemen, we have got to take this thing up and put the blood hounds of scientific investigation on the track of the disease. They traced the disease to the dairyman's milk and said to the dairyman, "If you ship another gallon of milk into our city, we will put you in jail." Oh, the cry came from the dairyman, you are confiscating my property, you are ruining my business. You are taking the bread and butter from the mouths of my children, you have no right to injure my business. I have vested rights here." These are my own cows and my barn. I have paid for them with my hard earned money. You have no right to interfere with me.

We again say to such, be silent. You are scattering diseases and death and you cannot continue longer. Therefore you must stop, for our homes, our children and our women are above such a business, are we going to settle this death-dealing business to-day by our votes? Time after time I have heard repeated that the open saloon helps the town financially because there is money in it. That may be true, but I believe we as loyal citizens of Pennsylvania place the honor of our boys and our girls above the dollar mark, but the cry from the saloon men is let the boys and girls take care of themselves, but give us the money that comes from this business. To-day we are endeavoring to wipe out by this County Local Option Bill, all of this by voting for this measure and I earnestly appeal to you to help to do so. But the saloon keeper, as I have tried to show you, is willing to take your dollar and mar you from head to foot.

Let me ask you sir, you gentlemen, who are standing in opposition to this bill, whether you have ever in your life seen the old blear-eyed, bloated, rum-soaked fellow taken by the saloon and exhibited at the fair as a product and as a result of his traffic? I will say to you sir, that you have never seen an instance of this kind, but you have seen the honest farmer gather together, the pride of his herd, his horses, his sheep and his cattle and wheat and grain, but you never saw the old drunkard brought to the fair, placed in a glass case and to illustrate what the saloons are doing for the country and how their great traffic is benefiting our people. The farmer does not take his plow. He takes his grain and the results that have come from the usefulness of the plow. The cattelmen do not take cattle feed to show at the fair, he takes his cattle. He doesn't take his tools, he takes his products.

The liquor dealer comes to the fair and brings his tools and says: here are the tools that I work with, but he never shows the products that have come as a result of their use.

It has been said that the State has no right to interfere in what the liquor people call their inherent rights, let us see, as the father has an inalienable right to protect his boy from immoral associations, so the State has an inalienable and inherent right to protect all the people from immoral influences. Every man has a right to be decent and to protect himself and his children from the indecency of others. The father may, by eliminating evil influences from the home, protect the morals of his boy. So may the State by eliminating evil institutions from society, protect the morals of the youth of the State and the people in general.

Laws regulating, restraining or prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverages do not impair any man's constitutional rights of Personal Liberty.

The Liquor men have claimed that all men had the personal right to drink if they wanted to, and that every citizen had a personal right to manufacture for his own use.

On the contention that a man has the personal right to drink if he wants to, and therefore the dealer has the right to sell to the man who has the right to drink, the Court expressed itself and held that not even liberty itself is not an unrestrained license to act according to one's own will. It is only freedom from constraint under conditions essential to the equal enjoyment of the same right by others. The law has a right to regulate even the personal liberty of the citizen.

While liberty is sacred, personal liberty is no more sacred than private property. Private property may not be so used as to injure another. The personal right to one's liberty is no greater than the personal right to one's property. Personal liberty when used for gambling purposes, for example, is no more sacred than personal property, when used for gambling purposes. No man has any personal right to be immoral or conduct an immoral business when his immoral conduct or business injures others. When a man begins to do things which injure others, his personal liberty ends. Personal liberty of the individual cannot prevail against public welfare.

The saloon keeper cannot wash his hands of the blood of his patrons by saying that they are free to do as they please, and if they drink to excess no one is to blame but themselves and therefore the sale should be without restriction. This might be true if a man's use of intoxicants affected only himself. But besides injuring him in his health, in his morals and in his general standing, it leads to a neglect of business, habits of idleness, and to a waste of property. It also affects those who are immediately connected with and dependent upon him. No man liveth by himself. No man has any personal right to disgrace and debase those who are dependent upon him. A parent has an inherent right to bring up his own children. But he may so neglect his own children that the law will take them from him and give them to another or place them in some home. This is done for the reason that the State has the right to protect itself and the youth of the land against the neglect and immorality of worthless parents.

No man has the right to live with so much filth around him as to injure the health of his neighbor. The health officers can make a man clean up his own home, and surely if a man has liberty anywhere, it is in his home. Morals are certainly as essential in a State as health. Moral filth may be cleaned up as well as any other kind of garbage.

The sentiment against the saloon is further justified by the finished product which the saloon turns out. The saloonkeeper often dishonestly claims that his business is as honorable as any other business. Lets compare it with two common lines of business. Take a brick yard for example. The raw material used is ordinary mud. The finished product is brick which may be used for building houses, paving streets and various other purposes. The finished product is more valuable than the raw material, therefore, the business of brick making is justified by its fruits. Take a flour mill for a second example, the raw material is wheat. The finished product is flour. Flour is more valuable and serviceable than wheat, therefore, the flouring mill is justified by its fruit. With these compare the saloon business. The raw material is the bright boy and the pure girl from the home. The finished product is the drunkard in the gutter, and the scarlet woman on the streets. How the finished products compare with the raw material! By their fruits ye shall know them.

The cry has been made that the saloons should be reimbursed for the loss of property. Let us see about this.

There is no valid reason why compensation should be made. God never gave the devil any compensation for curtailing him in the exercise of any of his assumed privileges, because the devil never had any right to claim the privileges in the first place. The Law of God nowhere recognizes the principle that a man committing or about to commit an injury to the public health, public peace, or public morals, must be compensated to be prevented from committing the injury and if no such principle is acknowledged in the moral law, why should it be recognized in the civil law? Do you pay the thief for what you deprive him of when you drive him from your house and thus thwart his criminal purpose? Have you not a right to prevent an injury without compensation to the one intending to do the injury? Must men be compensated for the surrender of any evil practice?

No state is under any contract with its citizens, either expressed or implied to refrain from passing laws for the purpose of securing public health or of preserving public morals no matter how large a class the passage of such laws may embaras or bankrupt. And no state will refrain from the passage of such protective laws unless it is in the hands of unprincipled men. Rights and privileges arising from contracts with the state are subject to regulation for the protection of the public health, the public morals and the public safety.

If the right to sell liquor were one of the inherent rights of personal liberty such for instance as the right of the farmer to sell his corn, wheat or potatoes, the Legislature could neither burden or abridge it by imposing a special tax or requiring a special license The Legislature can burden those engaged in the liquor traffic because the right to conduct such a business is not an inherent attribute of personal liberty inasmuch as such a pursuit is harmful to the community and requires special legislation and restraint. If it were harmless and not inimical to the good of society, it could not be subjected to special burdens, restrictions or regulations, but to such burdens, restrictions and regulations, it may be subjected for the reason that if it is not regulated and restricted, society may suffer.

The local option law puts the whole saloon question in the hands of the qualified electors. We have both moral and legal right to conquer. The enemy is in our midst. The call to defend our land against armed rebellion was never greater than the present call to defend it against the organized corruption of the saloon in politics. It is just as dishonorable and unpatriotic to neglect our duty to the public in time of peace as in time of war The weapons are in our hands. So also is the future. The future depends upon the use we make of our weapons today. President Harrison once said: "God has never endowed any statesman or philosopher, or any body of them, with wisdom enough to frame a system of government which everybody can go off and leave." It was by the sacrifice of time, of talent, of treasure and of blood that our forefathers caused this nation to assume among the powers of the earth that separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and nature's God entitled her. If we wish to see our country speed on from glory to glory, we must be as willing as they were to sacrifice our time, talent, our treasure and our blood, if need be, in order to protect, to purify and to defend her sacred honor.

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Assembly. About seven years ago, in conversation with the Judge of the Twenty-fifth Judicial District, I asked him what consideration a petition would have before the courts. He asked me to explain. I then made the following statement:

Presuming an application for license had been made, meeting all the requirements of the law, would a petition representing a majority of the citizens of a township remonstrating against the license be considered by the court.

His reply was "No."

If three-fourths petitioned against it?

He again replied "No."

If all beside the twelve men on the application for license remonstrate by petition would you consider it? Again "No" was the answer.

I asked him to give a reason for so decisive an answer. His reply was: "That would be local option and we do not have local option in this State. We are governed by the Brooks High License Law."

I said, Judge, do you mean to say that in our village where we have never had a license, where there could not be found one who would sign a petition, that from the other end of the township, seven miles away, where they have a licensed hotel, that the twelve men signing that license could sign again for an applicant to open a licensed hotel in our town and he would get it? His reply was in the affirmative.

Now, Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House, if this is our condition under the Brooks Law where is our boasted liberties? Where is our government of the people for the people, by the people? A man comes into our town clothed with authority by the law and the petition of twelve men and sanctioned by the judge, set up a privileged place of business; enticing by every possible attraction our citizens to "look upon the wine" and then by "putting the cup to our neighbor's lips" in violation of the commands of God; create appetites and thereby destroy our sons and neighbors, physically, financially, mentally and morally. Making drunkards of some, thereby destroying their souls; for "No drunkard shall enter the Kingdom of Heaven." And for what reason? To enrich the coffers of some hotel keeper! Our fathers overthrew the tea into Boston Harbor because they were taxed without representation.

They offer their lives upon the alters of their Country to gain a place in the formation of their Government.

Are we to submit to Law that not only takes toll of our money without our consent, but devestates our homes, takes toll of our boys, engaging their time, destroys their mental and physical manhood and blemishing their souls and are we expected to sit complacently by and see this go on? Again, I say, where is our boasted liberties? We read with honor the sacrificing of infants to the God Moloch, while we by legal process submit to the destruction of our sons, soul and body, to the God Bachus and are apitomized as religious cranks because wo do not recognize the unrightuous privilege granted to saloons as a sacred liberty.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen the House, as a Republican I voted for Martin G. Brumbaugh because I belieived he would do just what he said he would do and I believe hundreds of thousands of others did the same thing, and as he has done the very thing he said he would do, given us a Child Labor measure, a Workmen's Compensation measure and a Local Option measure, in the interest of our children, our laboring class and our homes, we proclaim him an honest Governor, a noble work of God. Now pray, tell us what kind of a Governor did you expect to elect who knew of his avowed and published platform and are now decrying him because he is doing the very things he said he would do. Did you expect you were electing a liar and a deceiver to the office of Governor? If so, we think it would be more befitting for you to skulk into hiding than to blatantly pronounce your disappointment. Gentlemen, we are with the Governor to the finish in the carrying out of his platform, for we believe in it, advocated it in the election and shall never cease until our lips are silenced by death or the liberty secured by our forefathers at so great cost is restored to the people.

Mr. GOODWIN. Mr. Speaker, local option means self-government. As applied to this bill it means the right of the voters in a county to determine whether or not intoxicating liquors shall be sold in that county. Many people seem to consider that local option is synonomous with Prohibtion. The contest over this bill is no more a fight between wet and dry programs than the framing of rules of International Law is warfare. This bill is simply a method of procedure. If this bill does become a law it cannot of itself increase or decrease the number of saloons in any county within this Commonwealth. It cannot of itself increase or decrease the amount of intoxicating liquors consumed. This bill is not automatic in its operation, it is simply a method of procedure to determine whether intoxicating liquors shall be sold. Local Option does not mean that a certain county shall be wet or dry any more than the present Brooks High License Law means that a certain county shall or shall not sell intoxicating liquors. Under Local Option, if a majority of the voters in a certain county want intoxicating liquors sold, they can have them. If a majority desire that no license shall be granted, then none shall be, for at least a period of three years. This bill does not affect counties where a majority of the voters declare that they are in favor of licenses. The operation of this bill would not inflict saloons upon any county where a majority of the voters were against them, nor would it withhold the granting of licenses in any county where a majority of the voters were in favor of them. This bill does not propose to disturb the operatio of the present license law, only in these counties where the majority of the citizens by popular vote shall say that the granting of licenses shall stop. In these counties where a majority of the voters favor the granting of licenses, the law remains as at present.

This bill proposes to give to the people the authority to determine this question. It will take the authority out of the hands of the judges of the Courts of Quarter Sessions, and place it in the hands of the people. This bill will again place in the control of the people the authority to determine this question. They delegated this power to the judges of the Courts of Quarter Sessions when the present license law was placed on the Statute Books. But to-day the prevailing sentiment is that the people should again have that power placed in their own hands. The majority of the judges throughout the Commonwealth would gladly have this authority lifted from their shoulders and placed in the hands of the people. The very nature of the question makes it one that can be dealt with more logically by the people than by the courts.

In this bill the county is the unit. This is the logical unit for Local Option. The county is the general unit of division throughout the State. It is the general unit for the purpose of taxation. The taxpayers in the county bear the burden of the county courts, the county jail and the poor district. It is but just that they should be allowed to determine a question that is so closely connected with their welfare and property. Some have advocated the ward, borough and township unit. But under such a unit, every ward, borough and township in the county, except one, might be dry, and that one might furnish more criminals and paupers, than all the rest of the county. Every taxpayer throughout the county would be assessed to take care of these criminals and paupers.

One of the evil effects of the present license law is the baneful influence it has upon the election of our judges The judiciary is the bulwark of our institutions. In the annals of American history its record is one of the brightest pages. But under the operation of the present license law, the election of our judges in many counties has degenerated into a contest between wet and dry forces. In these contests the selection of the judge is not based on his legal qualifications, nor his knowledge of the law, nor his ability to administer justice, but simply upon the question whether or not he will grant licenses to sell intoxicating liquors. This evil influence should be taken away from our judiciary and their election should be placed upon the high plane it was designed to occupy. In more than a dozen judicial contests this fall the liquor question is certain to be the paramount issue if this bill does not pass. This is a deplorable situation. These judicial elections should no longer be the football or the alignment liquor question.

The logic and justice of local option is so clear that it is remarkable that the issue should have been beclouded as it has been. We as Representatives have no just reason to deny to the people a right that is as fundamental to our system of government as that by which we were chosen to represent the people in this General Assembly. If the people are to be denied this right by what reason or logic are they to have the right to vote on any public question.

Pass this bill and we shall put into effect Section 2 of Atricle 1 of our State Constitution which declares that "All power is inherent in the people and all free governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their peace, safety and happiness. For the advancement of these ends they have at all times an inalienable and indefeasible right to alter, reform or abolish their government as they may think proper."

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, there is no great question that has come before the Legislature during my two terms as a legislator to which I have applied more careful thought than to the one now under discussion. I have received numerous letters and petitions on the subject, which I regret press of legislative business prevented answering. I think my constituents know me well enough to know that I would not wantonly or frivously disregard their wishes in respect to any legislative question. In opposing this measure I feel that I am but keeping my word as expressed upon the subject before election. I openly expressed myself upon local option and my attitude as regards a bill of the character now before the legislature. I so expressed myself of my own volition and not in consideration of either campaign contributions or financial support from the liquor interests. From them I neither requested or received financial aid or support, but on the contrary active opposition. At the time I declared myself in opposition to a measure the character of the Williams bill I did so because I believed

1—Because it would take away from the city of York the right to decide for itself the question license or no license.

2—Because the most ardents advocates of local option admit that the proposition is not a solution of the liquor problem.

Under the provisions of the Williams bill the county of York is given the power to compel the city of York to be dry contrary to the wish of the majority as expressed at the polls. It is a well known fact that the larger cities rarely find prohibition advantageous. It is altogether probable that the city of York or any other city so situated would hesitate before it committed itself to the proposition of prohibition under this proposed law which would result in the confiscation of hundreds of thousands of dollars of property, throw many men out of work, abolish all regulation in the use of alcoholic liquors and forfeit thousands annually in liquor tax for the opportunity of accepta remedy that is not a cure and one which the prohibition party in its last convention openly condemned. Yet under the county unit local option plan (this is the plan proposed by the Williams bill) the city of York can be catapulted into prohibition against its local option as expressed at the polls. Permit me to use a few figures. The city of York has a population of 50,000. The county outside the city has a population of 90,000. Assume that the city would cast 8000 votes at a local option election and the county 15,000 votes; assume that the vote in the city would be 5,000 for wet and 3,000 for dry, that the county vote would be 6,000 for wet and 9,000 for dry. The result of the election would be that the county of York would go dry by 1,000 majority, carrying the city of York with it, although the city itself voted wet by 2,000 majority. Under such a condition would local option prove beneficial to the city of York?

The most ardent advocates of local option admit that it will not solve the liquor question. They say however that it is a step in the right direction. As a remedy in itself it has serious defects. The committee of fifty, a committee composed of the most eminent men in the country, who have conducted a series of far reaching investigations of the liquor question, do not advocate local option as a remedy for the drink evil.

The latest edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica (11th edition), Vol. 16, page 767, under the head of Liquor Laws in the United States, speaks of local option as follows:

It prevails mainly in rural districts and small towns; in the larger towns it is best tolerated where they are in close proximity to "safety valves" or licensed areas in which liquor can be obtained; the large cities do not adopt it. On the other hand, it has some serious disadvantages. The perpetually renewed struggle between the advocates and opponents of prohibition is a constant cause of social and political strife; and the alternate shutting up and opening of public houses in many places makes continuity of administration impossible, prevents the executive from getting the traffic properly in hand, upsets the habits of the people, demoralizes the trade and stands in the way of steady improvement.

If the step in the right direction leads to prohibition we should go slow before adopting this policy. Prohibition has obtained in nearly all the New England states, and has been abandoned in all but Maine, where it has been a farce for fifty years. The "Commercial," a newspaper of Bangor, Me., in speaking of the number of arrests in Bangor between June 1st and January 1st, last year, speaks as follows: "Now as the conditions, from June 1st the number of arrests for intoxication, according to the official records at the police station, was 1153 and 363 shelters. This is pretty conclusive proof that Bangor is not dry as Governor Haines has stated." During the entire last year let us see what happened in York. I quote from the York Dispatch.

"Attention is called by the report to the unusual freedom of the city from crime during the past year." Total arrests: females, 50; males, 838.

Mr. Speaker, my humble opinion is the trouble with all our liquor legislation has been the lack of pains-taking, thought and careful study of the question. For years we move along in the even tenner of our ways giving no thought to this great question, then suddenly we become awakened to the fact that our progress along the line of temperance is not what it should be and we rush from extreme laxity to extreme rigor in our hasty effort to procure a remedy. We select our remedy first and think about its merits or demerits afterward. No great question has ever been solved in this spirit, all the great questions before the American people, there is none before the public to-day so intricate and so much in need of a sane and wise solution as the liquor problem. It can be solved, but it calls for wisdom, for calmness and for fairness in the final analysis of its solution.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, today all eyes are turned toward Harrisburg. It goes without saying that for a year past, in Pennsylvania, Local Option has been in the limelight, and a burning question. One man even said, "To H— with Local Option." It may well be believed he was one of the most foolish men in the world. He was sending it where, a little later he may stand a good chance of meeting it again.

Abraham Lincoln, in the dark day of the Civil War, the life of the nation hanging in the balance, walked the streets of Washington with some Government friends. Seeing a humble bug on its back, its feet clawing the air, he turned back and put the bug upon its feet. His friends looked on in amazement and spoke with a sneer about what he had done. That greatest American replied: "Gentlemen, if I had not put that bug upon his feet, and given him an equal chance in the world with all the other bugs of his kind, I would not have felt quite right."

And now harken, gentlemen. Today in Pennsylvania there are thousands of men thrown upon their backs by John Barleycorn, and who are pawing the air and feeling upward for the ground. Shall we feel quite right, if we fail to do what we can to put them on their feet and give them an equal chance with all the other men in their class? How much is a man better than a tumble bug?

Years previoiusly, while that same greatest American was campaigning in Illinois with other candidates, as they neared the town where they were to spend the night, he saw by the roadside some little birds that had been thrown from their nests. He asked the driver to stop, alighted and turned back, telling the coachman to drive on, that he would walk the rest of the way. Arriving at the hotel the other candidates wanted to know what he turned back for. He told them and added, "If I had not put those little birds back in their nest in the care and protection of the mother bird, I could not have slept tonight."

Harken, gentlemen, there are today in Pennsylvania, more than 50,000 children who have been cast out of their home, or whose home is a hovel, because of strong drink. And shall we be able to sleep tonight if we fail to do all in our power to restore them to home and mother? How much are the little children better than the sparrows?

For one hundred years Lord Nelson has been the naval hero of Great Britain. On that Sunday morning before his famous victory at Trafalgar over the much stronger fleets of France and Spain, he reminded his officers and men, that at that hour their wives and mothers and sisters and daughters in England were on their knees praying for them. And again as they bore down upon their enemy, he signaled from his flagship, "England expects every man to do his duty."

At this very hour in Pennsylvania, April 21, 1915, a multitude of hearts are lifted to Almighty God that this great enemy of mankind may be destroyed. And Pennsylvania expects every man to do his duty.

Every man has his part in life, his work to do. He is responsible for this work. That work will be inspected It will pass before the bar of conscience. It will have to run the gauntlet of public opinion. It will be inspected by the Supreme Architect of the universe. An important work in our lives is immediately before us.

In childhood at our mother's knee, we learned to lisp, "Now I lay me." Some men never get too old to use that prayer. Among those was John Quincy Adams, ex-president of the United States, the "old man eloquent," who fell in the harness at four score years while addressing the U. S. House of Representatives. That is an evening prayer It might well have a companion prayer, a morning prayer, which might run thus:

"Now I get me up to work,
I pray Thee, Lord, my work's all right."
If I should die before the night,
I pray Thee, Lord, my work's all right."

Mr. MURDOCH. Mr. Speaker, I am against this bill for the following reasons: First, it does not take the granting of licenses out of the hands of the judges as those in favor of the bill claim. Second, I am here to represent the majority of my people or my constituents. The local option people of my district cannot expect me to vote in favor of this bill because they tried their best to defeat me, both at the primaries and at the election. I received a letter a few days ago begging and praying and demanding that I support the local option bill. In this letter they state—"think of your own mother," and many other such expressions. But allow me to say, Mr. Speaker, that the people who forwarded this letter did not think of my dear mother the Sunday previous to election day, when a certain man who is in this House now, ridiculed me, and by so doing my mother also, in every possible way. He made a statement in public, that I could not read or write and did not have a common school education, and many other things too ridiculous to mention. These remarks were made in the Methodist Church, Wilkinsburg, and only last night the Governor admitted that I had been mistreated, and this man agreed in the presence of the Governor on a former occasion that he was wrong When I proved that he made certain statements about me, he said, "I meant Mr. Benn, your colleague." I wish to say to the members of this House, that had this certain man called on the school authorities, he would have learned, I never failed in any studies, and never missed a promotion. I went to work after I passed for High School, because my father became sick and I had a mother and two brothers and a sister to support and care for, and I thank God that He furnished me health to make good, and lean upon Him. Some of the members of this House claim I never will be returned again, if I vote against the local option bill.

I again want to say to you I shall vote against this bill because I think many of its promoters are not fair and just.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House. I desire at this time to offer my reasons for voting on this question as I shall. Local option was a clear cut issue in Fayette County last fall and in my particular district there were three candidates for the one office. Two of us were on an anti-local option platform and the third man advocated local option. The two antis received nearly five times as many votes as the local option candidate. This clearly indicates the feeling in my district and I shall vote accordingly. I thank you.

Mr. HAPGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to this bill because it is not a Local Option Bill but a County Option Bill.

At a meeting held in the City of Bradford, on the night of October 17th, 1914, having been put on the ticket by the Republican County Committee the same afternoon to fill a vacancy thereon, I said during my speech: "I am convinced moreover that every community in the State of Pennsylvania should have the right to say whether any liquor licenses should be granted in their community, and if elected I will support a Local Option Law to that end." The issue was joined and those newspapers opposing me as well as my opponents on the other tickets emphasized the fact that they were for County Option and I was not. The voters gave my colleague and I the majority and I had the honor of being the highest man on all legislative tickets. The majority ruled in McKean County last fall and the county unit was certainly defeated; and now those who opposed us want to vote again in spite of the majority against them then, and want us to vote the same as our opponents would have voted had they been elected; moreover we carried McKean County and the Governor did not.

The gentleman from York, Mr. Lanius, has made a strong speech in my opinion against this bill rather than for it.

We were told this morning in the executive interview published in the papers that the political party who opposes this is doomed, but what are the facts. On August 29th, 1914, the Republican State Committee met in Pittsburgh, and the handsome and distinguished gentleman from Chester County who has been the Field Marshal here in the preliminaries for to-day endeavored to have that committee put a plank in the platform endorsing local option; there were only six votes in favor of it and the candidate for Governor who at that time was present did not insist, urge, or request to have it inserted. In the absence of any plank in the party platform, I have the same right, and so have every member of this House to stand upon their personal statement on this question steadfastly and without alteration, just as much so as has the Governor. We all know the splendid and oldtime majorities given the Republican Party last fall at the polls.

Now Mr. Speaker and gentlemen what standing would any one of us have or any of our constituents to come here for Legislation or for patronage if we did not bring with us in support for such legislation or patronage, the endorsement of the representatives of our own county; yes and even our own Senatorial and Congressional districts. Without this we would not get very far nor even have a standing if we were to come thus bereft before the Governor on the question of patronage for our county, therefore it is not surprising that Governor Brumbaugh should fail in this question when even the representatives from his own legislative district are not in favor of this bill and those from his own city and county are in the majority overwhelmingly against it; surely it is not asking too much when we ask should he not at least get after his own representatives before he tries to use methods to defeat representatives from other districts. The Grangers of my county and the other counties and the Anti-Saloon League have never been to any Legislature with a County Option Bill. They were not for it in the campaign last fall and they were not for Brumbaugh but were for McCormick. This bill will fall and when a bill does pass it will be a Home Rule bill, in reality, with the unit a town, borough or city and also upon a basis that will not violate the seventh commandment "Thou shalt not steal."

County Option is not Local Option and County Option would only turn back the clock of progress along these lines. It is now the law and the court proceedure that petitioners for, or remonstrants against the granting of a license, must come from the town, borough or city in which the license is to be granted. This bill would make every voter in the county in many cases thirty and forty miles away, to have the functions or either a petition or a remonstrant against such a license. The people of Ludlow and Corryville and Ceres and so-forth in McKean county have a perfect right to say whether there will be a license granted in their towns but they are not interested one iota in the question as to whether the Hotel Holly and the Hotel St. James, etc., get a license in the city of Bradford, and they should not be considered either as petitioners for or remonstrants against such licenses.

The Governor on the night of April 6th, at the big mass meeting in this city said: "Let there be no mistake, no man dare say that he voted for me and did not know that I stood for County Option." That is a correct statement and the man to honor is the man who stands after election true to his pre-election promise and that should be the standard for your vote today gentlemen of the House and will be of mine for I can just as truly say that no man dare say that he voted for me and did not know that I did not stand for County Option and the Governor cannot and should not deny to you and to me the same consistent conclusion which he reserves for himself.

We as members of the General Assembly constitute the legiislative branch of this government co-ordinate with the executive and judicial branches. Let us not forget this and let us not allow any other branch of the Government to forget it. Let us vote on this and let us vote on all other questions regardless of how we may have failed to do so in the past during this session, entirely upon the question as to how the people of our County wish us to vote to represent them and for the best interests of the Commonwealth; and not allow any other inspiration or program to be paramount, whether it be promulgated by any association or individual even though that individual be an official of the Commonwealth, and regardless of how embarrassing the situation might become through any unusual and improper methods of seeming intimidation that may be used.

I asked to have the committee amend this bill to a town, borough and city unit and also proposed same when on second reading, but the sponsor refused to consider any amendments and therefor, I refuse to support it.

Mr. LEIGHNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to say a few words defining my position and answering some remarks made here to-day, which I think both unkind and unfair. I am in favor of Local Option or any other fair measure, having for its purpose the lessening of the drink habit or that tends to sobriety. I claim for County Local Option that it is just and fair, because the county supports the courts, jails and prisoners. Its taxes are paid into a common fund for these purposes. Among others, and as a taxpayer, I as well as others, have a right to say what shall contribute to the expenses of the county of which we are citizens, and the same rights which apply to people of my county applies to the citizens of other counties. The question before us to-day is not whether license shall be granted in the several counties of the State, but it is, have the people in the counties a right to say with their vote whether or not liquor license shall be established within their borders. That is the question and no other.

We have heard much to-day of the rights of individuals and of patriotism, but these same gentlemen object to giving the people of a county the right to say how they shall govern themselves. Are they fearful lest the people are incompetent to rule the county in which they live. If so, then why so much talk of our forefathers' spirit of self-government. The people shall rule has been and is to-day the boast of all patriotic people.

We are responsible for our votes not only to the people living to-day but to those of future generations—the world is either better or worse because we have lived in it.

Instead of finding fault or criticising our noble Governor we should thank God for giving us such an executive. We must all admit that it was his pure and upright life, clear brains and noble character, which was the great recommendation for his selection to the high and honorable position which he now occupies. He declared his position on the question of Local Option publicly and plainly during the campaign when a candidate and why should he now be criticised for trying to put into operation that which he then believed and still believes to be right.

What moral or helpful organization was ever conceived by or put in operation by any man while in the liquor business. I will not sacrifice right principle for office. I will stand by the Governor on this question because he believes it is right. I believe it is right, and I believe my constituents think it is right.

Mr. BRUMGARD. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House: We are met in this session of this Legislature where great moral questions are the issue. Among them, is the question as to whether the people of this Commonwealth shall have the right to say at the polls whether or not the saloon shall longer exist. What we say here will soon be forgotten but what we do shall be remembered by those living and blessed by unborn generations. Gentlemen, we are engaged in a great battle, and what we do here will be recorded and after the Western sun of life has lingered around our doors, we shall have to give an account before the judgment Bar of God. Mr. Speaker, before I shall go further into my speech, I shall not prevail upon myself to refrain from answering the two Gentlemen who preceded me, namely, the Hon. Gentlemen, Mr. Kitts of Erie and Mr. Stein of Allegheny. First as to Mr. Kitts, he boasts that he does not belong to the Catholic Denomination and he ridicules the ministry, the Y. M. C. A., and the sainted mothers of our land. Now since he is not a Catholic and we can take it from his ridiculous remarks upon the ministry, where does he belong. Our Jewish friends could not claim him therefore this honorable body and those present may form their own opinion. He has given us a fair essay on compensating the liquor dealers and the dastardly attack on Billy Sunday. I challenge the Gentleman to prove his assertions. In regard to compensation, let us go to the city of the dead, call back the ruined and wrecked manhood who have been sent out into eternity reeling drunkards to fill a Christless Grave. And have them reformed and prepared for such an untried journey, also have the liquor dealers pension the widowed mothers and the orphans, all of which is a direct cause of the liquor interests, then we might consider compensation. Now in regards to Mr. Stein, the Gentleman gives us as his authority, Bishop Potter and Cardinal Gibbons as opposed to temperance. Allow me to give you as my authority, the good God who has taught us to be pure and holy, also Saint Paul who imperatively says, "be not drunk with wine." Again the Gentleman quotes from the deckalogue thundered from Mt. Sinai "Thou shalt not steal." I heartily agree with the gentleman. We should not steal the virtue and morality of the Human Race with such a nefarious business and I will go on further and in the some breath the words came thundering forth from Sinai, "thou shalt not kill;" and the saloon is the most deadening institution that was ever instituted. He also boasts that he does not drink himself for this. I most heartily commend the honorable gentleman, but why should he impose an evil upon some one else that he himself refrains from? Mr. Speaker, we have just passed the workman's compensation act, and I am told by a President of a large Corporation that they will not take into their employment, anyone who uses intoxicating liquors as a beverage and now we are considering as to whether or not we shall legalize the saloon which will bar a workingman from our mills and factories.

The County which I represent has a population of 231,000, of which the majority is pleading to do away with this monster evil. In my home town of Monessen, we have a pay roll of $6,034,000. annually. In a statement made by Wallace H. Rowe, President of the Pittsburgh Steel Company, who emphatically says that 20 per cent. of the above wages goes direct for drink which is worse than wasted not saying anything of the crime and what it costs the taxpayer. Now in view of these and numerous other incidents that I could give you I appeal to you, gentlemen, to stand to your true manhood and do away with this evil. In conclusion, let me say be not like the quarry slave, scourged to his dungeon but may we be like the one who wraps the drapery of a God given conscience around him and lies down to pleasant dreams.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, in lieu of the fact that we have sat here and listened attentively for the past four hours, to the deliberations of this great and important question, and as I feel that all of the oratory we have and what might be said here for four hours more, would not change an iota the question of the votes, I therefore move the previous question.

The motion was seconded by the following members:

Messrs. Adams, McCaig, Woodward, Sullivan, Neville, Hoffman, Geiser, Lawlor, Hubler, McArdle, Ehrhart, Ostrander, Cummings, Lipschutz, McNichol, Dawson, Fruit, Baker, Bayer, Curry and others.

On the question,

Shall the main question be put?

It was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I move that any gentleman who desired to speak on this question and who has been prevented, by this motion, from having that privilege, be permitted to hand his remarks to the Chair and have them printed in the Legislative Journal.

The SPEAKER. Under the rules of the House every member has the right to file his reasons with his vote.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I understand that these reasons cannot be filed except at the time the member's name is called.

The SPEAKER. Under the rule they can be filed after the roll is called.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, that is the point I wish to bring out.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to say that they must be filed within this legislative day to be printed in the Journal.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire further to ask for information whether the Legislative day will expire when this House takes a recess, or when it adjourns.

The SPEAKER. When we adjourn tonight.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken.

The SPEAKER. The roll will be verified.

This was done as follows:

YEAS—78.

Adams,
Arnold,
Barnett,
Beck,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Davis,
Dell,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fruit,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Harper,
Herman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Love,
Marvin,
Mather,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Myers,
Oaks,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stone,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—128.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner.
Cummins,
Curry.
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser.
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley.
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton.
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Horton.
Howarth,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser.
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle.
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder.
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey.
Reynolds,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Ulrich.
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

REASON FOR VOTE.

Representing as I do, a district in which the sentiment is overwhelmingly opposed to Local Option, I vote in accordance with the wishes of my constituents.

I. G. GORDON FORSTER.

REASON FOR VOTE.

Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I desire to state my reason for voting against House Bill No. 283, known as the Local Option Bill, first, because I deem it an unfair proposition without compensation; second, because elected from my district over Local Option candidate by a greater majority than these candidates had votes.

WM. T. WEIR, JR.

REASON FOR VOTE.

I give as my reasons to-day for voting for House Bill No. 283, known as the "Local Option Bill," that since the November election I have received personal letters and petitions, along with personal requests, asking me to support this measure, amounting to between 3,000 and 4,000 of my constituents of the Third Legislative District, believing that I should represent their wishes, I, therefore, vote "Aye" on this bill.

JOSIAH M. LANDIS,

Member of the Third Legislative District of Montgomery County.

REASON FOR VOTE.

I am convinced that many more than a majority of my constituents are opposed to this legislation. For this reason I vote "no.'

A. B. HESS.

REASON FOR VOTE.

I desire to be placed on record in support of my voting in the negative on House Bill No. 283, as follows:

Soliciting at a very recent date an expression from my 28th Ward constituents as to their wishes in respect to my course of action as to my support of this "Local Option" measure, the returns gave me no conscientious alternative but to vote as above.

CLARENCE A. ROWELL.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will declare a recess until 7:30 o'clock tonight.

Whereupon, at 3:15 o'clock P. M. the House took a recess until 7:30 o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 7.30 P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. ALCORN presented the petitions of citizens of Clearfield County favoring the passage of the County Local Option bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of citizens of Mapleton Depot favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Referred to the Committee on Appripriations.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of Camp No. 171, Patriotic Order of Americans, Washington Camp No. 662, Patriotic Order Sons of America favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THEIR FOUNDERS.

Mr. DELL presented the petitions of Washington Camp No. 662, Patriotic Order Sons of America, Washington Camp No. 374, Patriotic Order Sons of America favoring the erection of a monument to public schools and founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF THE OAKS BILL TO PROVIDE FOR THE INSPECTION OF DETENTION HOMES, ETC.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Huntingdon county favoring the passage of the Oaks bill to provide for the inspection of detention homes, etc.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. EHRHARDT ask and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 1630.

An Act authorizing the commission appointed to investigate the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf to accept the said school, including all buildings, grounds and equipment, taking an assignment of the surface rights of said grounds only; providing for the payment of all claims, debts and liens against said institution not exceeding the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and making an appropriation for that purpose.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported House Bill No. 175, as amended, entitled:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions.

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1598 (Senate Bill No. 817), entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Mr. HAMILTON, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1434, (Senate Bill No. 199), entitled:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labeled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second hand mattresses to be sterilized and labelled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses.

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended House Bill No. 1514, entitled:

An Act amending "An Act supplementary to 'An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep,' approved the twenty-fifth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three; requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be provided by the county commissioners; imposing certain duties upon constables, tax collectors and county commissioners; and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement; and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act," so that assessors of the several cities, wards, boroughs, townships or other assessment districts of this Commonwealth, shall collect an annual license fee for said dogs at the time of the annual assessment and issue a receipt and a tag therefor; providing for the publication of the assessor's list of licensed dogs, requiring that all unlicensed dogs be killed and fixing penalties for the violation of this act.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct the titles were read as follows:

House Bill No. 55.

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class

House Bill No. 488.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

House Bill No. 747.

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties"

House Bill No. 785.

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

House Bill No. 1012.

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

House Bill No. 1049.

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction"

House Bill No. 513.

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

House Bill No. 326.

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety

House Bill No. 247.

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

House Bill No. 104.

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

House Bill No. 416.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provision to counties having a population of two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER in the presence of the House signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 79, entitled "An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts and providing penalties for violtaion thereof," be returned to the Governor in the form in which it was originally presented to him.

On the question,
Will the House concur to the resolution of the Senate?
It was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments non-concurred in by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

And has appointed Messrs. Patton, W. W. Smith and Farley, a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives, (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House adhere to its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 245 and appoint a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate already appointed to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. ROWELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON SENATE BILL NO. 245.

The SPEAKER. On the part of the House the Chair appoints Messrs. Lipschutz, Beyer and McVicar as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate already appointed in relation to the differences existing between the two Houses on said bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled, as follows:

House Bill No. 1108,

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

House Bill No. 547.

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

House Bill No. 517.

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

House Bill No. 680.

An Act relative to estates of decedents

House Bill No. 725.

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws"

House Bill No. 1009.

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

House Bill No. 743.

An Act authorizing the orphans' court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

House Bill No. 955.

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children"

House Bill No. 910.

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

With the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from today's Calendar bills on second reading, House Bill No. 1033.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1033, entitled:

An Act to encourage the establishment of public marine schools

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall appoint as soon as practicable after the passage of this act three citizens of this Commonwealth who shall constitute a board of commissioners of the Pennsylvania Nautical Training School and who shall hold office for terms of one two and three years respectively from the first day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one and until their successors are appointed and qualified and before the first day in July in each year thereafter one commissioner shall be appointed in like manner to hold office for the term of three years vacancies may be filled for the residue of a term by appointment and a commissioner may be removed at any time for cause to be stated in the order of removal All appointments and removals shall be made by the Governor

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 11, by striking out the word "eight" an inserting in lieu thereof the word "nine" and by striking out the word "ninety-one" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fifteen"
Amend Section 1, line 12, by inserting after the second word "and" the word "thereafter"
Amend Section 1, line 15, by inserting after the word "years" the words "from the first day of July"
Amend Section 1, line 15, by striking out the words "residue of a " and inserting in lieu thereof the word "unexpired"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 Said commissioners shall serve without compensation but they shall be reimbursed from the treasury of the Commonwealth for all expenses actually incurred by them in the performance of their official duties

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 2, lines 2 and 3, by striking out the words "reimbursed from the treasury of the Commonwealth for" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "allowed"

Amend Section 2, line 3, by inserting after the word "actually" the words "and necessarily"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 Said commissioners shall provide and maintain a Nautical Training School for the instruction and training of pupils in the science and practice of navigation shall furnish accommodations for the school on board a proper vessel shall from time to time purchase and provide such books stationery apparatus and supplies as are needed in the work of the school shall appoint and remove instructors and other necesasry employes and determine their compensation shall fix the terms and conditions upon which pupils shall be received and instructed in the school and discharged or dismissed therefrom and shall establish all rules and regulations necessary for the management of the school For the purpose of giving the pupils of the school a practical knowledge of navigation and the duties of mariners said commissioner's shall from time to time provide for the making of cruises

Section 4 Said commissioners are authorized to receive from the United States Government and to use for the accommodation of the school such vessel or vessels as the Secretary of the Navy may detail for that purpose

The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 In order to properly maintain the said Nautical Training School the commissioners may expend a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars which shall be paid from the treasury of the Commonwealth on properly approved vouchers which shall be approved by the Governor and Senate and House of Representatives and presented to the Auditor of the Commonwealth for allowance in the same manner as other claims against the Commonwealth Provided however that no expenditure shall be made or allowed until a vessel suitable for the proposed Nautical Training School shall have been furnished by the United States Government and turned over to the Commonwealth and the same approved of and accepted by the Governor Senate and House of Representatives

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 5, by striking out all of lines one to seven and all of line eight up to and including the word "no" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "To carry out the purposes of this act the sum of one hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the use of the commissioners. Payment of said money shall be on requisition of the commissioners and on warrant of the Auditor General. No"

Amend Section 5, lines 12 and 13, by striking out the words "Governor Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "commissioners on behalf of the Commonwealth"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth section was read as follows:

Section 6 Said commissioners shall annually in the month of January make a report to the Legislature presenting a detailed statement of all moneys appropriated and expended for the purpose of the Nautical Training School during the year preceding also stating the results of the work during such year and making such recommendations as seem to them proper

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 6, lines 1 and 2, by striking out the words "annually in the month of January make a" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "biennially in writing"

Amend Section 6, line 2, by striking out the word "Legislature" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "General Assembly"

Amend Section 6, line 4, by striking out the word "year" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "two calendar years last"

Amend Section 6, line 5, by striking out the word "year" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "years"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventh section was read as follows:

Section 7 This act shall take effect upon its passage

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend by striking out all of Section 7.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to encourage the establishment of public marine schools

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by striking out all the words after "An Act" and inserting in lieu thereof the following "To provide a board of commissioners of the Pennsylvania Nautical Training School, defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 1427, bills on second reading of today's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1427, entitled:

An Act to prohibit fishing with any device whatsoever in waters of this Commonwealth including tidal streams and boundary waters and from the shores of this Commonwealth on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday and to provide penalties for the violation of its provisions and empower any fish warden deputy worden sheriff deputy sheriff constable or any special officer in this Commonwealth to make arrests for violation of this act

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful to fish with any device whatsoever in waters of this Commonwealth including tidal streams and boundary waters from the shores of this Commonwealth on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 5, after the word "in" insert the words "the inland."
Amend Section 1, line 7, after the word "Commonwealth" insert the words "excepting the waters of Lake Erie."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The second, third, fourth and fifth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 Any person violating the provisions of this act shall be liable to a fine or penalty of twenty dollars for each and every offense in accordance with sections three and four of this act

Section 3 That from and after the passage of this act any justice of the peace alderman magistrate upon information or complaint made to him by affidavit of one or more persons charging any person or persons with having violated the provisions of this act is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable peace officer or warden and cause such person or persons to be arrested and brought before such justice alderman or magistrate who shall hear and determine the guilt or innocence of the person or persons so charged and if convicted upon such charge shall be sentenced by said justice alderman or magistrate severally to pay the fine or fines penalty or penalties provided in this act for such violations together with the costs of suit the whole of said fine shall be paid over forthwith to the treasurer of the county in which the prosecution was brought and said county treasurer shall pay over the same forthwith to the Commissioner of Fisheries for the benefit of the Commonwealth Provided That in case the defendant or defendants shall neglect to pay at once the fine or fines so imposed said defendant or defendants shall forthwith be sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the county jail of the county where such conviction takes place for the period of one day for each dollar of fine so imposed and unpaid unless the defendant or defendants upon conviction shall give notice of intention to appeal when such defendant or defendants shall be permitted to enter into good and sufficient recognizance to appear before such justice alderman or magistrate on or before the expiration of five days if such appeal is not taken by them or on the final determination of such appeal if it be not sustained for execution of sentence Provided also That all actions for any violation of the provisions of this act must be taken within one year from the time the offense was committed and when necessary to properly conduct any case before any alderman justice of the peace magistrate or any court the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to employ legal counsel

Section 4 That from and after the passage of this act any Fish Commissioner fish warden deputy warden sheriff deputy sheriff constable or any special officer or any peace officer in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and commanded to forthwith apprehend and arrest any person or persons who may be guilty of violating the provisions of this act and take such person or persons before any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate and thereupon make charge of such violation of this act and the justice of the peace alderman or magistrate shall forthwith hear and determine the charge as provided in section three of this act and in case any Fish Commissioner fish warden or any officer named above fails to prove his case and the defendant or defendants are discharged or in case the defendant or defendants are convicted and are sent to jail in lieu of the payment of fine or fines penalty or penalties the county in which the case is heard shall pay the costs such arrests may also be made on Sunday in which case the person or persons so arrested for safe keeping may be committed to the jail or lockup for that day but shall be taken before the proper magistrate and proceeded against on a week day following the arrest

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act to prohibit fishing with any device whatsoever in waters of this Commonwealth including tidal streams and boundary waters and from the shores of this Commonwealth on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday and to provide penalties for the violation of its provisions and empower any fish warden deputy warden sheriff deputy sheriff contsable or any special officer or any peace officer in this Commonwealth to make arrests for violation of this act

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the Title, line 1, after the word "in" insert the word "certain"
Amend the Title, line 3, after the word "Commonwealth" insert the words "excepting the waters of Lake Erie."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 278, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 479, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association of Pittston Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventeen thousand dollars ($17,000.00)or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pittston Hospital Association located at Pittston Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

For the purpose of assisting in finishing and furnishing an operating room for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty-five hundred ($2,500.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 526, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Western Pennsylvania located at Pittsburgh

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Western Pennsylvania at Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purpose to wit

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureal of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 9, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets in the City of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets in the City of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 332, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the City of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the Home of Industry of Discharged Prisoners of the City of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

The sum hereby appropriated shall not be paid if at any time during the said two years satisfactory evidence shall be produced to the Auditor General that articles manufactured are being sold at less than the open market price

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 138, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital for the following purposes namely

For the support and maintenance of the said hospital for the two years beginning June first nineteen hundred fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000) for general repairs and improvements including changing old private rooms to wards and quarters for resident physicians repairing and enlarging steam heating plant repairing and enlarging electric plant remodeling and enlarging nurses' home installing revolving door in main entrance et cetera ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 137, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Roaring Spring Blair county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand ($14,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Nason Hospital Blair county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fourteen thousand ($14,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 141, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy Roxborough Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy located at Roxborough Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 47, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the city and county of Lancaster at Lancaster Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Friendless Children for the city and county of Lancaster for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance education and support of homeless destitute and vagrant children in said home

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 39, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital of Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventeen thousand ($17,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Meadville City Hospital located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning on the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of seventeen thousand ($17,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 42, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for maintenance to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-four thousand dollars ($34,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure for the two fiscal years beginning the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 36, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mid-Valley Hospital for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 140, as follows:

An Act Making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital Altoona Blair County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Altoona Hospital of Altoona Blair County for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 415, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 640, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Almira Home of New Castle Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 231, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of nineteen thousand dollars ($19,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of nineteen thousand dollars ($19,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 201, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-two thousand five hundred dollars ($42,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases of Philadelphia for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 409, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatorium of Scranton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the West Mountain Sanatorium and Hospital situated near the City of Scranton Pennsylvania conducted by a corporation entitled "The Scranton Society for the Prevention and Cure of Consumption" for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 408, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital located at Scranton Lackawanna county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital located at Scranton Lackawanna county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 145, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of Scranton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Florence Crittenton Mission located at Scranton Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 127, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless Women and Children of the City of Scranton

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the home for the Friendless of the City of Scranton for the two fiscal years beginning June the first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 549, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Scranton Lackawanna county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand five hundred ($10,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the House of Good Shepherd located at Scranton Lackawanna county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of eight thousand dolllars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the education of the inmates the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 13, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty-five thousand dollars ($55,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Frankford Hospital located at Frankford Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of completing the building the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 445, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars ($155,000) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance interest on mortgage equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of one hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars ($155,000) is hereby specifically appropriated for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 15, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of support and maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 377, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Home of Erie Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Florence Crittendon Home of Erie Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 343, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania to be used for the Davis Temporary Home for Colored Children and Day Nursery located at Pittsburgh for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 705, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of nineteen thousand two hundred dollars ($19,200) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Homestead Hospital Association for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of nineteen thousand two hundred ($19,200) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 699, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirteen thousand dollars ($13,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirteen thousand dollars ($13,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 584, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-six thousand dollars ($36,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Adrian Hospital Association located at Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 712, as follows:

An Act maing an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-seven thousand dollars ($37,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Lancaster General Hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical loboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty-seven thousand dollars ($37,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 569, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred ten thousand dollars ($110,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the said South Side Hospital located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of one hundred ten thousand dollars ($110,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 207, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women of the City of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania to be used for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 898, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventeen thousand dollars ($17,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Woman's Southern Homeopathic Hospital situate in Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the maintenance of said institution for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 808, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital of Sharon Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital located at Sharon Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and salaries of employes of said institution for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 625, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lying-in-Charity Hospital Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-two thousand dollars ($22,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Lying-In-Charity Hospital located at Eleventh and Cherry streets Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 510, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republican Association of Western Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania situate in Pine township near Grove City Mercer county Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 286, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville Children's Aid Society and Home for the Aged located at the corner of Grove street and Williamson road Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Meadville Children's Aid Society and Home for the Aged located at the corner of Grove street and Williamson road Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 796, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue Allegheny County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue incorporated Allegheny County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of the construction and equipment of laundry the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 307, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association at Canonsburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated at Canonsburg General Hospital Association located at Canonsburg Washington county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 344, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

The sum of one hundred and ninety thousand dollars ($190,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the maintenance of its general hospital for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

The sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the maintenance of its hospital for the treatment of tuberculosis

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 365, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria at Spangler in Cambria county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria located at Spangler in Cambria county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

The sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laborator and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Burea uof Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 373, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the Borough of Braddock Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-seven thousand dollars ($37,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Braddock General Hospital located at Braddock Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

The sum of thirty-four thousand five hundred dollars ($34,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

The sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of purchasing an ambulance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 164, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Home for the Friendless situated in the City of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Home for the Friendless situated in Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 823, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd Penn and Chew streets Germantown Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the House of the Good Shepherd Penn and Chew streets Germantown Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 538, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 523, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bloomsburg Hospital (formerly Joseph Ratti Hospital) located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Bloomsburg Hospital (formerly Joseph Ratti Hospital) located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

The sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 809, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown Fayette County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-three thousand dollars ($43,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown Fayette County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

The sum of forty-three thousand dollars ($43,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 585, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital of Waynesburg Greene County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Waynesburg Hospital located at Waynesburg Greene county Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 402, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirteen thousand dollars ($13,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Passavant Hospital located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 154, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics at Rochester Beaver County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics located at Rochester Beaver County Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 188, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Phoenixville Hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Trustees of the Phoenixville Hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 183, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania for the following purposes namely

The sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000) toward the maintenance of its hospitals for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 187, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 581, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars ($27,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Home for Incuranbles for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance and general expenses

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 355, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania at Hawkins Station Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania located at Hawkins Station Allegheny county Pennsylvania for the following purpose

The sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 361, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital Clearfield Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirteen thousand dollars

($13,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Clearfield Hospital Clearfield Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fiften for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 338, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty-five thousand dollars ($55,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fifty-five thousand dollars ($55,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 342, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and thirty thousand dollars ($130,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaethesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of one hundred and thirty thousand dollars ($130,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 14, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen and June first one thousand nine hundred sixteen the said sum to be applied to maintenance and general expenses

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 399, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital New Castle Lawrence County Pennsylvania.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the New Castle Hospital New Castle Lawrence county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and depaartment to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 641, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission near the city of Bradford Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Beacon Light Mission located near the city of Bradford Pennsylvania for the following purpose namely

The sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June the first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 521, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necesasry be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years commencing June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteeen (1915) for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 32, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the following purposes namely

The sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 400, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ellwood City Hospital Ellwood City Lawrence County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Ellwood City Hospital of Ellwood City Lawrence County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaethesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 357, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine Mount Vernon Street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine Mount Vernon street Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 359, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-two thousand dollars ($42,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Eye and Ear Hospital located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 19, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Joseph's Hospital located in the City of Reading Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 453, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hayes Mechanics' Home of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hayes Mechanics' Home located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 35, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 612, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Nazarene Home for the Aged located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 396, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Charity Hospital Montgomery county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Charity Hospital of Montgomery county Pennsylvania located at Norristown for the purpose of maintenance of said hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

The said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer but no warrant to be drawn on settlement made until the directors or managers of said institution shall have made under oath to the Auditor General a report containing a specifically itemized statement of the income and expenses of said institution together with a specifically itemized statement of the costs of said hospital building during the previoius quarter with a cash balance on hand and the same is approved by him and the State Treasurer nor until the Treasurer shall have sufficient money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay the quartely installments due said institution and unexpended balances of sums appropriated for specific purposes shall not be used for other purposes whether specific or general and shall revert to the State Treasurer at the close of the two fiscal years

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 391, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital of Lock Haven Clinton county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-one thousand dollars ($31,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Lock Haven Hospital of Lock Haven Clinton county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty-one thousand dollars ($31,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 388, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Spencer Hospital located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand five hundred dollars ($10,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Spencer Hospital located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 226, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of West Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Union Home for Old Ladies located at West Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 387, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-four thousand dollars ($34,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases at Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance of the city hospital and the country branch thereof for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty-four thousand dollars ($34,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 440, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 190, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania for the two years beginning June first nineteen hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 327, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance thereof for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 28, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the United Charities of Hazleton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand ($2,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the United Charities located at Hazleton Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be consideerd in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 321, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital McKees Rocks Allegheny County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars ($27,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Ohio Valley General Hospital located at McKees Rocks Allegheny County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty-four thousand ($24,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For an automobile ambulance the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

In payment of indebtedness incurred in purchasing installing and equipping an X-ray machine the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 315, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the City of Bradford

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of nineteen thousand dollars ($19,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Bradford Hospital located at Bradford Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of nineteen thousand dollars ($19,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 633, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg Pennsylvania for maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 258, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Friends' Home for Children situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen street Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Friends' Home for Children located at four thousand and eleven Aspen street in the City of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 451, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Home for Babies

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pittsburgh Home for Babies for the following purpose

For the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 469, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Aged Colored Women's Home located at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania for the following purposes namely

The sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

The sum of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of discharging the indebtedness of the institution incurred prior to June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen together with the interest on such indebtedness if any

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 31, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 237, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Altoona Blair County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mercy Hospital of Altoona Blair county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 299, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital at Washington Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of nine thousand five hundred ($9,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Washington Hospital located at Washington Washington County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of nine thousand five hundred ($9,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 734, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd Lincoln Avenue Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home of the Good Shepherd Lincoln Avenue Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 362, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance and prosecution of its work

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 448, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Orphan Asylum of the Holy Family located at Emsworth Allegheny County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Orphan Asylum of the Holy Family located at Emsworth Allegheny County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 450, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixteen thousand ($16,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home of Pittsburgh for maintenance for the two (2) fiscal years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 115, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seaman's Friend Society of Philadelphia Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Seaman's Friend Society situate in Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 118, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty-eight thousand dollars be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 128, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of nineteen thousand dollars ($19,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Elk County General Hospital located at Ridgway Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of making necessary repairs to hospital buildings and nurses home the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 574, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Mount Lebanon township Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars ($22,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the De Paul Institute Mount Lebanon township Allegheny county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintaining and educating the deaf mute children now in the aforesaid De Paul Institute

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 288, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania for the following purposes namely

For the support and maintenance of said hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Eudcation and Licensure sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 122, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the City of Scranton

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the West Side Hospital Association at Scranton Pennsylvania for the following purpose namely

The sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 589, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Messiah Rescue and Benevolent Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Messiah Rescue and Benevolent Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For maintenance three thousand dollars ($3,000.00)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 292, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Germantown Dispensary and Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Germantown Dispensary and Hospital in the City of Philadelphia for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 167, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Kensington Hospital for Women located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the following purposes namely

The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 443, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital in the City of Easton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Easton Hospital in the City of Easton for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purpose to wit

The sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 454, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Francis Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars ($175,000) be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Francis Hospital of Pittsburgh for maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and licensure for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 461, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Simon H Barnes Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand eight hundred dollars ($3,800.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital located at Susquehanna Pennsylania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 129, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to The American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen (1915) for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 354, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint John's Orphan Asylum located at Forty-ninth and Wyalusing avenues Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 236, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand five hundred dollars ($14,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fourteen thousand five hundred dollars ($14,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 276, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville Jefferson county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirteen thousand dollars ($13,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville Jefferson county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 269, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania for use in the hospital department Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-five thousand dollars ($45,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania for use in the hospital department Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen as follows

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of forty-five thousand dollars ($45,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 279, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Indiana Hospital of Indiana County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Indiana Hospital located at Indiana Indiana County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 261, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the city of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

The sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 81, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirteen thousand five hundred dollars ($13,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mercy Hospital at the city of Johnstown for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 67, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Keller Memorial Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand five hundred dollars ($8,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Mary's Keller Memorial Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For equipping and furnishing an adequate laundry the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For furnishing and equipping an adequate kitchen the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 632, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Nursery Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 810, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Tuberculosis League located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1045, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Union Day Nursery Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Woman's Union Day Nursery located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 80, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 386, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Mission and Rescue Home of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Providence Mission and Rescue Home established and located at number twenty-four Sycamore street Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 375, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny Lowrie street Troy Hill North Side Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixteen thousand ($16,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny Lowrie street Troy Hill North Side Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 82, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian Home of Johnstown Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Christian Home of Johnstown Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maitenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 162, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincents Hospital Association of the City of Erie Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-five thousand dollars ($45,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of forty-five thousand dollars ($45,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 155, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester Beaver County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Rochester General Hospital located at Rochester Beaver County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 159, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 467, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for the Friendless located in the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 7, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples and Old Men at Bala Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Aged Couples and Old Men at Bala Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 124, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Warren Emergency Hospital located at Warren Pennsylvania for the following purposes namely

The sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 107, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint John's General Hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-five thousand ($35,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint John's General Hospital located at Pittsburgh North Side Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 84, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purpose

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 442, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eastern Home for Friendless Children at Easton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Easton Home for Friendless Children at Easton Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 395, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 328, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty-seven thousand dollars ($57,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fifty-seven thousand dollars ($57,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 312, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital Pottstown Montgomery County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pottstown Hospital located at Pottstown Montgomery County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 311, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City Washington County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the asme That the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association located at Monongahela City Washington County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 63, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 61, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Home of the City of York Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 531, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise township York county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sum or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise township York county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purpose to wit For the purpose of maintenance the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 707, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum Allegheny County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum Allegheny County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 690, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the City of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 618, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-three thousand dollars ($23,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty-three thousand dollars ($23,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 263, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Coleman Industrial Home of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Coleman Industrial Home located at two thousand eight hundred and sixteen Wylie avenue Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance and

For necessary improvements to the home the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary said improvements to be approved by the State Board of Public Charities

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 73, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Coatesville Hospital Coatesville Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the Coatesville Hospital of Coatesville Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenanc of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 669, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania located at Oakdale Allegheny County

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania located at Oakdale Allegheny County for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 750, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind with headquarters in Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 264, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand two hundred dollars ($2,200) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys five hundred and fifty-two Vallejo street Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 65, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburgh

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpsoe of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideratio nof House Bill No. 811, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to The Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburgh

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to The Improvement Children's Home located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 189, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirteen thousand four hundred dollars ($13,400) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Chester County Hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 170, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh in the City of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-eight thousand ($48,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh in the City of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 229, as follows:

An Act Making an appropriation to the Julia White Priscilla Home for Aged Colored People of La Mott Mantgomery County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Julia White Priscilla Home for Aged Colored People of La Mott Montgomery County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 293, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eagleville Montgomery county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eagleville Montgomery county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 171, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and seventy thousand ($170,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for the following purposes namely

For the support and maintenance of said hospital during the two fiscal years beginning the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department an anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of one hundred and seventy thousand ($170,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 86, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Gynecean Hospital in the city of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clynical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 113 ,as follows:

An Act making an approriation to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital Association and Training School for Nurses of Huntingdon Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital Association and Training School for Nurses of Huntingdon Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 53, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the House of the Good Shepherd located at Reading Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 51, as follows:

An Act Making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharins Orphan Asylum in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand five hundred five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharins Orphan Asplum located in the City of Reading Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 18, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Friendless Children in the City of Reading Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of support and maintenance and payment of interest on debt

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 158, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Reading Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 524, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital Berwick Columbia County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand five hundred dollars ($10,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Berwick Hospital Berwick Columbia county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

The sum of six thousand five hundred dollars ($6,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance

The sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of laundry and X Ray machine for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 568, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 309, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand five hundred ($10,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the City Hospital Association located at Washington Washington county Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 616, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the City of Erie Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-five thousand dollars ($45,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hamot Hospital Association of the City of Erie Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of forty-five thousand dollars ($45,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 266, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-six thousand dollars ($36,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men inhabitants of the State of Pennsylvania for the instruction maintenance and employment of the inmates in handicraft and to aid in the necessary expense thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 822, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children located at Twenty-ninth and Allegheny avenue Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

uiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 503, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association of the Borough of Taylor Lackawanna county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-three thousand dollars ($23,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Taylor Hospital Association located in the borough of Taylor Lackawanna county Pennsylvania for the following purposes viz

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

For the purpose of equipping a laundry and making other improvements the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 360, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Ridley Park Delaware County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Taylor Hospital located at Ridley Park Delaware County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 754, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nesbitt West Side Hospital Dorranceton Luzerne County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Nesbitt West Side Hospital located at Dorranceton Luzerne County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 659, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the McKeesport Hospital McKeesport Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighty-two thousand five hundred dollars ($82,500) be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the McKeesport Hospital McKeesport Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance and interest on debt the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the cost of installing furnishings heating system and completion of nurses' home to June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 911, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital Corporation Bellefonte Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand five hundred dollars ($12,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Bellefonte Hospital Coroporation Bellefonte Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 562, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic College for Graduates of Medicine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventy thousand dollars ($70,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicine located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 126, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna County

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated to the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna county for the two fiscal years beginnnig June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and June first one thousand nine hundred and sixteten for the purpose of maintaining and carrying on the humane work of the said Associated Charities and Humane Society

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 749, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand five hundred ($4,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for the Friendless of Harrisburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 310, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital Latrobe Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Latrobe Hospital Latrobe Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaetshesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 298, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Charleroi-Monessen Hospital Charleroi Washington county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Charleroi-Monessen Hospital located at Charleroi Washington county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 287, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-eight thousand five hundred dollars ($38,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Harrisburg Hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of supplying fire doors and safety devices the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 54, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia incorporated

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia a corporation for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 303, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital Oil City Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixteen thousand six hundred dollars ($16,600) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Oil City Hospital of Oil City Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of sixteen thousand six hundred dollars ($16,600) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 52, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory, and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia, said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 340, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of Pittsburgh

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children at Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 50, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital of Johnstown Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Johnstown City Hospital of Johnstown Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 369, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 62, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

The sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 794, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys Protectory Station Montgomery county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys located at Protectory Station Montgomery county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 812, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary namely Provided however That the said House of Good Shepherd of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen as follows namely Provided however That the said House of Good Shepherd shall receive and provide for all persons committed thereto by the courts of the first judicial district to wit the County of Philadelphia

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 899, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is herby specifically appropriated to the Howard Hospital located in the City of Philadelphia State of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 901, as follows:

An Act making an appropiration to the Maternity Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Maternity Hospital in the City of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 917, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia Lancaster county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authortiy of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia Lancaster county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

The sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1064, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton Pennsylvania Somerset County

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand five hundred dollars ($14,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the support maintenance and operation of the said hospital for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirteen thousand dollars ($13,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 826, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital located at Seventieth and Woodland avenue Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 435, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Pottstown Montgomery county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Homeopathic Hospital of Pottstown Montgomery county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 425, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital Pottsville Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pottsville hospital located at Pottsville Schuylkill county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 417, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital located at Frankford avenue and Palmer street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-two thousand dollars ($42,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Mary's Hospital located at Frankford avenue and Palmer street Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 217, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women located at Easton Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1014, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mount -Sinai Hospital located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 474, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of the City of Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Florence Crittenton Mission of the City of Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 472, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School of Williamsport Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Girls' Training School located at Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time. and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 858, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 643, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty thousand ($30,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1005, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm Chester county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm at Oakbourne Chester county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely to wit

Maintenance training and treatment of thirty indigent epileptic patients citizens of Pennsylvania for two years at two hundred dollars ($200) per capita per annum twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 161, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Infants' Home and Hospital at Erie Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Erie Infants' Home and Hospital located at Erie Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 356, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants located at four thousand six hundred eighteen Westminster avenue Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Home for Infants located at four thousand six hundred eighteen Westminster avenue Philadelphia for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 374, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 389, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Renovo Hospital at Renovo Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pensylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Renovo Hospital at Renovo Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much therof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 439, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Beaver Valley General Hospital located at New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 428, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanatorium located at Austin Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanatorium located at Austin Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 477, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital Wilkinsburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-siv thousand dollars ($36,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Columbia Hospital Wilkinsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approvided by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty-six thousand dollars ($36,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 922, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Chester County located at West Chester Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5 000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Homeopathic Hospital of Chester county located at West Chester Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 244, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Fairfax Babies Home of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Fairfax Babies Home of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 475, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 468, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Williamsport Hospital of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beignning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 235, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance and the prosecution of its work

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 358, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 216, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre-resentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 215, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital Mount Pleasant Westmorland county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital located at Mount Pleasant Westmorland county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 195, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Butler county General Hospital located at Butler Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 828, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Vincent's Home located at Twentieth and Race streets Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 588, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital Sayre

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repsentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Robert Packer Hospital of Sayre Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 583, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association at Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association located at Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 487, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Grand View Hospital located near Sellersville Bucks county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Grand View Hospital located near Sellersville Bucks county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 333, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home of the City of Pittsburgh North Side

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Bethesda Home of the City of Pittsburgh North Side (formerly City of Allegheny) for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 368, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Colored Children of Allegheny Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for Colored Children of Allegheny Pennsylvania located on the North Side Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 682, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Settlement Association Petosky Street North Side Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand two hundred dollars ($4,200) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Woods Run Settlement Association located on Petosky street North Side Pittsburgh Pensylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 571, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Protestant Home for Aged at Fair Oaks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the German Protestant Home for Aged at Fair Oaks Allegheny county Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 570, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Sunshine Children's Home located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pittsburgh Sunshine Children's Home located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance and for necessary improvements to the home the further sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary said improvements to be approved by the State Board of Public Charities

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 148, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Citizens General Hospital of New Kensington Westmoreland county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Citizens General Hospital located at New Kensington Westmoreland county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 142, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital in the City of Chester

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Chester Hospital at Chester Delaware county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of forty-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of putting in an elevator the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of plumbing the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 147, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital at Titusville Crawford county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand five hundred dollars ($8,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

The SPEAKER. The Chair asked and obtained unanimous consent to take up the First Reading Calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1361, entitled:

An Act relating to the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City and the admission of inmates thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1370, entitled:

An Act amending section 21 of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county, borough, city, incorporated town or township, establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles, providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom, providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act, prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed," approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, providing for waiver of summary trial and limiting time for bringing complaints and service of process.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1252, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to change the plans and specifications for building grounds plants machinery and repairs of certain charitable and change the plans and specifications for buildings grounds plants machinery and repairs to be constructed or made in accordance with such plans and specifications

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1590, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1138, entitled:

An Act providing for the escheat of deposits of money, of property of another received for storage or safekeeping, the dividends profits debts and interest on debts of corporations companies banks trust companies insurance companies limited partnerships and partnership associations organized under the laws of this Commonwealth, except building and loans associations, and property held for the benefit of another by the same, and the profits accretions and interest on such property as well as interest thereon accrued, or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1241, entitled:

An Act amending section four of an act approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nominations of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1088, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to revoke the certificate of authority of and to refuse admission to companies or associations from any state which refuses to permit like companies or associations organized and operating under the laws of this state and to do a like business in said State and designating who may and who may not make examination of said companies or associations and providing who shall pay the expenses of examinations of such companies or associations

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1043, entitled:

An Act to provide for the establishment and government of six correctional institutions to be known as the Pennsylvania State Farm of the First Second Third Fourth Fifth and Sixth Districts respectively providing for the care and confinement of prisoners therein and the transfer of prisoners thereto and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 797, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the employment of convicts and prisoners on the public highways

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1054, entitled:

An Act providing for the purchase of a tract of land to be used for the benefit of the Eastern Penitentiary regulating the operation of the tract and the duties of the Secretary of Agriculture and the Commission of Forestry and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1030, entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of and titles to seated and unseated lands sold by county treasurers and county commissioners for the non-payment of taxes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1084, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection of life and property by the examination and licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers steam engines and appliances connected therewith in cities of the second and third class of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five with amendments thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1421, entitled:

An Act providing for the removal to and return from hospitals for the insane of persons committed to county jails or prisons and awaiting trial charged with criminal offenses not amounting to felony which persons are found to be insane and further providing for the payment of the expenses of such removal and return and for the cost of the maintenance and care of such persons in such hospitals

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1301, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act requiring bills and answers in equity to be sworn to and abolishing the rule that the averments of a responsive answer must be overcome by the testimony of two witnesses or of one witness sustained by corroborating circumstances equivalent to the testimony of another witness in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree except in certain cases"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1055, entitled:

An Act continuing the work of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1122 (Senate No. 536), entitled:

An Act creating a division of municipal reference statistics and information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1120 (Senate No. 473), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the term of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 493 (Senate No. 93), entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 994 (Senate No. 380), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of the cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1581 (Senate No. 652), entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1170 (Senate No. 435), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1528 (Senate No. 754), entitled:

A joint resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson township Cambria county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate:

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act relating to Policies of Life Insurance or Annuties

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 643 (House Bill No. 1622).

An Act making an appropriation to the Tabor Home for Children at Doylestown Bucks county

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 819 (House Bill No. 1623).

An Act authorizing Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer his wife citizens of Cambria county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 160 (House Bill No. 1624).

An Act to amend section one of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as said act now stands as heretofore amended by Acts of Assembly approved on the twentieth day of April eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-five) the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and fifty-nine) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and sixty-three) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and twenty) and the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty).

Which was referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Senate Bill No. 842 (House Bill No. 1625).

An Act authorizing Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 928 (House Bill No. 1626).

An Act relating to the mayors of third class cities.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 454 (House Bill No. 1627).

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths.

Which was referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Senate Bill No. 214 (House Bill No. 1628).

An Act to regulate the sale for agricultural purpose of crushed limestone lime gypsum and related products defining said products and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act.

Which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Senate Bill No. 628 (House Bill No. 1629).

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' and punishing offences in regards to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eight and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes and announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

Which was referred to the Committee on Elections.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 1105.

An Act authorizing Jennie Cly Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section one, line thirteen, after the word "Pennsylvania" strike out the following: "Such suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court"

and insert

"This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized"

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I have examined the amendments and they are satisfactory.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—116.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Mangan,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Richards,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Taylor,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walton,
Weaver,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Mr. WALSH asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 1415, File Folio 5583, Bill on Second Reading, on page 10 of to-day's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1415, entitled:

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting quarantining and control of certain communicable diseases and for the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violations of the act

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every physician practicing in any portion of this Commonwealth who shall treat or examine any person suffering from or afflicted with actinomycosis anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotter fever) chicken pox Asiatic cholera diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membraneous croup putrid sore throat) epidemic dysentery (bacillary or amebic dysentery) erysipelas German measles glanders (farcy) rabies (hydrophobia) leprosy malarial fever measles mumps pneumonia (true) puerperal fever relapsing fever scarlet fever (scarlantina scarlet rash) small pox (variola varioloid) tetanus trachoma trichiniasis tuberculosis in any form typhoid fever para typhoid fever typhus fever whooping cough yellow fever anterior poliomelitis impetigo contagiosa pellagra scabies or uncinariasis shall if said case shall be located in a township of the first class a borough or a city forthwith make a report in writing to the health authorities of said township city or borough and if said case shall be located in a township of the second class or a city borough or township of the first class not having a board of health or body acting as such to the health officer appointed by the State Department of Health for such district upon blanks supplied for that purpose in which report he shall over his or her own signature state the name of the disease and the name age sex color nativity and occupation if any of the person suffering therefrom together with the street and house number of the premises in which said person may be located or otherwise sufficiently designate the same the date of the onset of the disease the name and occupation of the householder in whose family the disease may have occurred the number of children in said household attending school and the name or names of the school or schools so attended together with such information relating to said case as may be required by said health authorities and the State Department of Health

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 9, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous"

Section 1, line 13, strike out the word "scarlantina" and insert the word "scarlatina"

Section 1, page 2, line 16, strike out the word "poliomelitis" and insert the word "poliomyelitis"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 Upon receipt by the health authorities of any township of the first class borough or city or by the health officers of the State Department of Health of a report the existence of a case of anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) chicken pox Asiatic cholera diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membraneous croup putrid sore throat) erysipelas German measles glanders (farcy) leprosy malarial fever measles mumps relapsing fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) small pox (variola varioloid) typhoid fever para typhoid fever typhus fever whooping cough or yellow fever the said health authorities or the health officer of the State Department of Health as the case may be shall quarantine or cause to be quarantined the premises in which such disease exists and any person or persons who has or have been exposed thereto in the manner prescribed by the rules and regulations both of said health authorities and the State Department of Health and shall post or cause to be posted in a conspicuous place or places upon the premises in which said disease may be located a placard or placards upon which shall be printed in conspicuous letters the name of the disease from which the person or persons in said house or premises is suffering with the warning that the said premises are quarantined that no person or persons other than the attending physician and trained nurse shall enter or leave the said premises except by permission of the health authorities and setting forth the penalties prescribed by this act for violations of quarantine Provided That variola or varioloid shall be placarded as "small pox" and that diphtheritic croup membraneous croup and putrid sore throat shall be placarded as "diphtheria" that scarlatina and scarlet rash shall be placarded as "scarlet fever" and that para typhoid fever shall be placarded as "typhoid fever" Provided further That in addition to the placarding aforesaid said health authorities may for the purpose of enforcing quarantine regulations place guard or guards over said house or premises

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the folowing amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows.

Section 2, page 3, line 7, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous"

Section 2, page 3, line 24, insert after the word "is" the words "or are"

Section 2, page 4, line 31, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The third section was read and agieed to as follows:

Section 3 That the said placard or placards shall remain in place until the expiration of the quarantine period fixed by the health authorities and the recovery death or removal of the person or persons affected and shall only be removed by the health officer at which time he shall disinfect the premises except for typhoid fever and para typhoid fever in accordance with the rules and regulations of the health authorities and the State Department of Health regarding the destruction and disinfection of infected bedding clothing and other articles which have been exposed to infection and the disinfection of rooms premises and inmates

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 The quarantine period for anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) Asiatic cholera typhus fever yellow fever relapsing fever leprosy and whooping cough shall be until the recovery death or removal of the patient so suffering and shall be determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the health authorities The quarantine period for small pox (variola varioloid) and scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) shall be a minimum period of thirty days or until such time thereafter as the last person in the premises so suffering shall have fully recovered or until death or removal The quarantine period for diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membraneous croup putrid sore thorat) shall be a minmum period of twenty-one days or until complete recovery or the death or removal of the patient Provided That if antitoxin has been used for curative purposes for the patient and for the immunizing of all of the inmates of the premises and two negative bacteriological cultures have been secured from the diseased area of each patient on the premises for two successive days the minimum period of quarantine may be fourteen days the quarantine period for measles German measles chicken pox and mumps shall be for a minumum period of sixteen days or until the recovery of the last person on the premises so suffering or until complete recovery or the death or removal of the patient

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 4, page 5, line 13, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous"

Section 4, page 5, line 14, strike out the word "thorat" and insert the word "throat"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 No child or other person suffering from anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) Asiatic cholera small pox (variola varioloid) typhus fever yellow fever relapsing fever leprosy diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membraneous croup putrid sore throat) measles German measles chicken pox mumps or whooping cough shall be permitted to attend any place of amusement or any church or any other public gathering or to be exposed on any public street or in any store shop factory or other place of business or be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other school and the teachers of public schools and the principals superintendents teachers or other persons in charge of private parochial Sunday or other similar schools are hereby required to exclude any of such persons from said schools such exclusion to continue until the case has recovered the quarantine lifted and the premises thoroughly disinfected

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 5, page 5, line 5, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The sixth section was read as follows:

Section 6 No child or other person suffering from scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) shall be permitted to attend any place of amusement or any church or other public gathering or to be exposed on any public street or any store shop factory or other place of business or be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other school and the teachers of public schools and the principals superintendents teachers or other persons in charge of private parochial Sunday or other schools are hereby required to exclude any and all such persons and children from said school such exclusion to continue for a period of ten days following the removal of quarantine and a thorough disinfection of the premises subject to a certificate of complete recovery furnished to the health authorities by the attending physician

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 6, page 6, line 5, after the words "street or" insert the word "in"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The seventh section was read as follows:

Section 7 No child or other person residing in the same premises with any person suffering from anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) Asiatic cholera small pox (variola varioloid) typhus fever yellow fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) relapsing fever leprosy diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membraneous croup putrid sore throat) measles German measles chicken pox or mumps shall be permitted to attend any place of amusement or any church or other public gathering or to be exposed except by permission of the health authorities on any public street or in any store shop factory or other place of business or be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other schools and the teachers of public schools and the principals superintendents teachers or other persons in charge of private parochial Sunday or other similar schools are hereby required to exclude any and all such persons from said schools such exclusion to continue until quarantine is lifted and the premises thoroughly disinfected

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 7, page 7, line 7, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The eighth section was read as follows:

Section 8 Any child or person residing on the same premises with any person suffering from anthrax cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) typhus fever German measles mumps or chicken pox may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on any premises and may after such removal be admitted into any of the said school and any child or person residing in the same premises with anyone suffering from diphtheria (diphtheric croup membraneous croup putrid sore throat) may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing and after antitoxin has been administered for immunizing purposes to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after such removal be admitted into any of the said schools and any child or person residing on the same premises with any persons suffering from scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) who by virtue of a former attack is immune from scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) this act being attested by the attending physician or shown by the official health records may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after such removal be admitted to any of the said schools and any child or person residing in the same premises with any person suffering from relapsing fever may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after ten days from such removal be admitted into any of the said schools and any child or person residing on the same premises with any person suffering from measles may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove therefrom and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after fourteen days from such removal be admitted into any of the said schools

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 8, page 7, line 7, strike out the word "any" and insert instead the word "other"

Section 8, page 7, line 9, strike out the word "school" and insert the word "schools"

Section 8, page 7, line 11, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous"

Section 8, page 8, line 37, insert after the word "premises" the words "occupied only by adults"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The ninth section was read as follows:

Section 9 That children not affected with any communicable disease who are inmates of any regularly established charitable institution which maintains a separate isolation building or a ward or top story with separate stairway separate and apart from the remainder of the institution and to which children do not have access may be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other school if cases of scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membraneous croup putrid sore throat) measles German measles chicken pox mumps or whooping cough are properly quarantined and isolated in such isolation building ward or top story and the institution properly disinfected and children not affected with such disease given a disinfecting bath and provided with disinfected clothing

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 9, page 9, line 8, strike out the word "diptheria" and insert the word "diphtheria." Also strike out the word "diptheritic" and insert the word "diphtheritic."

Section 9, page 9, line 9, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The tenth, eleventh and twelfth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 10 That every teacher principal superintendent or other person or persons in charge of any public private parochial Sunday or other school having in any such school any child or person showing any unusual rash or skin eruption or complaining of soreness in the throat or having symptoms of whooping cough shall immediately exclude such child or other person from the schools pending the action of the health authorities and shall report such fact to the health officer of the city borough or township giving the name and residence of such child or other person

Section 11 No child or other person excluded from any school by the provisions of this act shall be re-admitted thereto unless he or she or some person on his or her behalf shall furnish to the principal superintendent or teacher or other person in charge of said school a certificate setting forth that the conditions for such readmission prescribed by this act have been complied with which certificate shall be signed by a person to be designated for that purpose in cities boroughs and townships of the first class by the health authorities thereof exclusively and in townships of the second class and cities boroughs and townships of the first class not having boards of health or bodies acting as such by the State Department of Health and the registry of all public private parochial Sunday and other schools shall exhibit the names and residences of all children and persons excluded therefrom or readmitted thereto agreeably to the provisions of this or any other Act of Assembly and said register shall be open at all times to the inspection of the city borough or township authorities and the State Department of Health and their respective officer and agents

Section 12 Blanks whereon to make the reports and certificates required by this act shall be supplied in cities boroughs and townships of the first class by the health authorities thereof respectively and in townships of the second class and in cities boroughs and townships of the first class not having boards of health or bodies acting as such by the State Department of Health

The thirteenth section was read as follows:

Section 13 It shall be the duty of the health authorities of cities boroughs and townships of the first class respectively to furnish daily by mail or otherwise to principals superintendents teachers and other persons in charge of public private parochial Sunday and other schools a printed or written bulletin containing the name location and disease of all persons suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in sections five and six of this act upon receipt by them or reports of such cases from physicians as required by section one of this act and such bulletin shall be daily furnished to such persons in charge of such schools in townships of the second class and in cities boroughs and townships of the first class not having boards of health or bodies acting as such by the health officer for the State Department of Health

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 13, page 10, line 9, strike out the word "or" and insert the word "of."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourteenth section was read as follows:

Section 14 Upon the removal to a hospital or other place or upon the discharge by the recovery or death of any person or persons who has or have suffered from any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act all premises which have been occupied by the said person or persons while suffering from any of the said diseases shall be fumigated and disinfected or destroyed at such time and in such manner as may be authorized and required by the health authorities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 14, page 11, line 4, insert at beginning of line before the word "any" the words "Tuberculosis or"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifteenth section was read as follows:

Section 15 No person suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act nor anyone who has charge of the persons so suffering shall enter any hired vehicle or other public conveyance or permit anyone in his or her charge who is suffering therefrom to enter such vehicle without previously notifying the owner or driver thereof that he or she or the person in his or her charge is so suffering and the owner or driver of such vehicle shall immediately provide for the disinfection of such conveyance under the direction of the health authorities after it has with the knowledge of such owner or driver conveyed any such sufferer

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 15, page 11, line 6, insert after the word "previously" the words "securing the consent of the Health Authorities and"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixteenth section was read as follows:

Section 16 No person suffering from anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) chicken pox Asiatic cholera diphtheria (Diphtheritic croup membraneous croup putrid sore throat) German measles mumps relapsing fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) small pox (variola varioloid) typhus fever typhoid fever yellow fever or whooping cough shall wilfully expose himself or herself in any street or public place or public conveyance nor shall any person in charge of anyone so suffering thus expose the sufferer

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 16, page 12, line 4, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventeenth section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 17 No person shall without previous disinfection give lend sell transmit or expose any bedding clothing rags or other articles which have been exposed to infection from any of the diseases mentioned in section one of this act Provided That such restriction shall not apply to the transmission of articles with proper precaution for the purpose of having the same disnifected

The eighteenth section was read as follows:

Section 18 No person shall let any room house or part of a house in which there has been a person suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act without having such room house or part of a house and all articles therein previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the health authorities The keeping of a hotel boarding-house or apartment-house shall be deemed as letting a part of a house to any person who shall be admitted as a guest into such hotel boarding-house or apartment-house

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 18, page 12, line 2, insert after the word "from" the words "Tuberculosis or"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The nineteenth section was read as follows:

Section 19 The health authorities of the several townships boroughs and cities of this Commonwealth may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to establish ad- ditional rules and regulations regarding the isolation and quarantine of persons who may be suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act and for the destruction disinfection and fumigation of bedding clothing or other infected articles and for the disinfection and fumigation of houses and premises and for the carry- ing out of the provisions of this act as they may in good faith declare the public safety and health demand which rules and regulations they may from time to time alter or amend but in no instances shall such rules abridge in any way the provisions of this act or the regulations of the State Department of Health

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 19, page 13, line 6, strike out the word "two" and instead insert the word "one"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The twentieth section was read as follows:

Section 20 In the preparation for burial of the body of any person who has died of Asiatic cholera glanders (farcy) bubonic plague small pox (variola varioloid) yellow fever typhus fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) relaps- ing fever cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospi- nal fever spotted fever) diphtheria (diphtehitic croup mem- braneous croup putrid sore throat) tetanus or leprosy it shall be the duty of the undertaker or person acting as such to thoroughly disinfect and place such body in the coffin or casket in which it is to be buried within six hours after being first called upon to take charge of the same Provided said call is made between the hours of five ante meridian and eleven post meridian otherwise such body shall be placed in such coffin or casket within twelve hours the coffin or casket then to be closed tightly and not again opened unless permission be granted by the health authorities for special and satisfactory cause shown

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 20, page 13, line 3, strike out the word "plage" and insert the word "plague"

Section 20, page 13, line 6, strike out the word "membraneous" and insert the word "membranous"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 21 The body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall not remain unburied for a longer period of time than thirty-six hours after death unless special permission be granted by the health authorities extending the time during which said body shall remain unburied for special and satisfactory cause shown The undertaker or person acting as such shall be responsible for any violation of the provisions of this section

Section 22 All services held in connection with the funeral of the body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall be private and the attendance thereat shall include only the immediate adult relatives of the deceased who may not at the time be under absolute quarantine restrictions and the necessary number of adult pallbearers and any advertisement of such funeral shall state the cause of death

Section 23 The body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall in no instance be taken into any church chapel public hall or public building for the holding of funeral services The undertaker or person acting as such and the sexton janitor or other person having control of such church chapel public hall or public building shall be responsible for any violation of the provisions of this section

Section 24 No undertaker or person acting as such at the funeral or burial of the body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall furnish or provide for such funeral or burial more than the necessary number of conveyances for such adult relatives as are mentioned in section twenty-two of this act and pall-bearers and all such conveyances shall be fumigated and disinfected at such time and in such manner as may be directed and required by the health authorities

Section 25 The body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall not be conveyed from any dwelling or other building or place to any cemetery or other point or place except in a hearse or other vehicle used for the purpose of conveying corpses only or in such vehicles as shall be satisfactory to the health authorities and under such regulations as they may in any case adopt The undertaker or person acting as such having charge of the funeral or transportation of such body shall be responsible for any violation of the provisions of this section

The twenty-sixth section was read as follows:

Section 26 The health authorities of the several cities boroughs and townships of the first class shall at the end of each week and for the fraction of each week occurring at the end of each month report to the State Department of Health upon blanks supplied for that purpose a list of all cases of communicable diseases mentioned in section one of this act which have been reported to them during said period which report shall contain the name of each person suffering therefrom respectively and his or her age sex color and nativity together with the name of the disease and the date of the onset thereof and in the event of no reports of any of said diseases having been received by the aforesaid health authorities respectively during any said period that fact shall be reported to the State Department of Health All superintendents and other persons in charge of asylums hospitals or other institutions located in townships of the second class shall at the end of each week and portion of a week occurring at the end of each month report to the State Department of Health on blanks to be supplied for that purpose a list of the inmates of such institutions respectively who may have suffered from any of the diseases enumerated in section one of this act together with the above mentioned data relative to each inmate with the date of his or her admission to the institution and the name of the city borough or township from which he or she was admitted

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 26, page 15, line 14, strike out after the word "health" to and including the word "admitted" on page 16, line 26

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 27 Any person who shall remove deface cover up or destroy or cause to be removed defaced covered up or destroyed any placard relating to any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act shall for every such offense upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein such offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten ($10) dollars or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to the use of said county and costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than ten days or more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court any person other than the attending physician or trained nurse who shall enter or leave any quarantined premises without having secured permission from the health authorities or who shall violate any of the quarantine restrictions imposed by this act or by the rules and regulations of the health authorities of any city borough or township of the first class or the rules and regulations of the State Department of Health or who shall interfere with a health officer or any other duly qualified agent of the State Department of Health or of any local board or department of health in the discharge of his official duties in the placarding quarantining disinfecting or releasing from quarantine of any premises or in the investigation of any alleged case of a quarantinable disease shall for every such offense upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein said offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty ($50) dollars or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to the use of the said county and costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than ten or more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court

Any physician undertaker teacher of a public school principal of a school superintendent of a Sunday school sexton janitor parent or guardian or any other person or persons who shall fail neglect or refuse to comply with or who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall for every such offense upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein said offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty ($20) dollars or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to the use of said county and costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than ten or more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 28 Section one (except the enacting clause thereof) and sections two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the more effectual protection of the public health in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth" approved June eighteenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and the act of May fourteenth Anno Domini nineteen hundred and nine entitled "An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing regulations for the control of certain communicable diseases and the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violation of said regulations" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting quarantining and control of certain communicable diseases and for the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violations of the act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 95, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section ten of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled 'An Act relating to executors and administrators'" reads as follows

"Section 10 The appraisers of the estate of a decedent shall be respectively entitled to receive from the excutors or administrators a sum not exceeding two dollars and fifty cents for their services in appraising the estate as aforesaid and of not completed in one day two dollars and fifty cents for every day diligently employed by them therein" is further amended to read as follows

Section 10 The appraisers of the estate of a decedent shall be respectively entitled to receive from the executors or administrators a sum not exceeding five dollars for their services in appraising the estate as aforesaid and if not completed in one day five dollars for every day diligently employed by them therein

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS--122.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glenn,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Statler,
Stein,
Stern,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1477, as follows:

An Act to amend sub-section (c) of section three of Article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals and an act entitled "An Act to provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sub-section (c) of section three of Article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car-service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"(c) For any public service company to sell assign transfer lease consolidate or merge its property powers franchises or privileges or any of them to or with any other corporation or person" be and the same hereby is amened so as to read as follows

(c) For any public service company to sell assign transfer lease consolidate or merge its property powers franchises privileges or any of them to or with any other corporation or person provided that this sub-section shall not apply to any lease license or other contract for the use of poles or other like facilities by two or more public service companies in common but it shall be the duty of every public service company to construct and maintain its facilities upon such poles in conformity with such reasonable regulations or orders as may be made by the commission

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—135.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron.
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gans.
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 260, as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof'" approved July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof'" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which as amended reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars per annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city Provided however That payment of a minimum salary shall not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and properly sworn to Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent two or more counties or any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the chief of the bureau of standards Provided further In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the said city may be located Any inspector appointed in pursuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement The county and city inspectors of weights and measures as appointed by the respective counties and cities shall hold their office during good behavior and shall not be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for inefficiency incapacity conduct unbecoming employes or other just cause and until the said officials shall have been furnished with written statements of the reason for such removal discharge or reduction and shall have been given reasonable time to make written answer thereto Nor shall such removal discharge or reduction be made until the charge or charges shall have been examined into and found true in fact by the appointing power of such county or city at a hearing upon reasonable notice to the person charged at which time he may be represented by counsel and offer testimony or witnesses in his own behalf It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts" is amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars per annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city Provided however That the payment of a minimum salary shall not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and properly sworn to Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent two or more counties or any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the chief of the bureau of standards Provided further In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the said city may be located Any inspector appointed in pusuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement The county and city inspectors of weights and measures hereafter appointed by the respective counties and cities of the Commonwealth shall hold their office for a term of four years and inspectors who have been appointed prior to the approval of this act shall serve for the remainder of a term of four years During their respective terms inspectors of weights and measures shall not be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for inefficiency incapacity conduct unbecoming employes or other just cause and until the said officials shall have been furnished with written statements of the reason for such removal discharge or reduction and shall have been given reasonable time to make written answer thereto Nor shall such removal discharge or reduction be made until the charge or charges shall have been examined into and found true in fact by the appointing power of such county or city at a hearing upon reasonable notice to the person charged at which time he may be represented by counsel and offer testimony or witnesses in his own behalf It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—119.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Fruit,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Hess,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger.
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Milliron,
Myers,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer.
Staving,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts.
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—15.

Arnold,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bungard,
Gallagher,
Harper,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Smith, J. W.,
Statler,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Whitten,
Wood,
Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1516, as follows:

An Act to amend the twenty-third subdivision of corporations of the second class in section two of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations" providing for the incorporation and regulation of stage and omnibus lines specifying their purposes and defining their motive power

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the twenty-third subdivision of corporations of the second class in section two of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-nine one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations" which reads as follows

"XXIII The formation and operation of stage and omnibus lines" be and the same is hereby amended so as to be and read as follows

XXIII The installing maintaining and operation of stage and omnibus lines for public use in the conveyance of passengers and commodities on highways and elsewhere and the using of horse drawn vehicles or motor-vehicles propelled by electricity from overhead wires Provided however That nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize corporations formed hereunder to lay or maintain rails or tracks upon the highway Also provided That no company incorporated hereunder shall install and operate its lines upon and along any street in any city upon which a street railway is laid or authorized to be laid and no company incorporated hereunder shall install and operate its lines on any highway in any borough or township upon which a street railway line is constructed or authorized to be constructed for more than a distance of one and one half miles and then only when so doing is necessary to complete a continuous route to connect points at least one and one half miles distant along the route on each side the points of intersection with the said highway

Section 2 When any such line using power from overhead wires shall be installed on any street or highway within the supervision of any city county borough or township the same shall be installed therein under and subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as shall be made by the local authorities thereof in pursuance of the authority vested in them by law and when any such line using power as aforesaid shall be installed on any highway within the supervision of the State Highway Department the same shall be installed therein only under and subject to such reasonable conditions restrictions and regulations as may be prescribed by the State Highway Department

Section 3 The said vehicles and the use thereof when other than horse drawn vehicles shall conform in all respects with legislative requirements relating to motor-vehicles

Section 4 The formation and conduct of the affairs of companies incorporated hereunder shall be subject to and in conformity with legislative requirements relating to public service companies

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I would like the sponsor of this bill to explain it.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill provides for electric omnibuses. I will try to explain the features of it. These electric omnibuses get their power through overhead wires. They resemble a trolley car. They are heated and lighted by electricity generated by a power house with overhead wires.

Now the purpose of this bill is to avoid confusion in getting charters to incorporate these companies. Under the Corporation Act of 1874, Clause 23 of the second class corporations provides for the formation and operation of stage omnibus lines. Now, if a charter is gotton under this clause the Courts may say that such omnibuses did not exist at the time of the passage of this act and in that way knock out the charter. Then Clause 20 of this same act of the second class corporations has a general clause which provides for the incorporation of companies for any other purpose not otherwise provided for. Now if they apply for a charter under that clause the courts may say that they should have applied under clause 23; so you see there is confusion, and to avoid confusion and get these charters and not have them disturbed after they get them is the purpose of this act, so that these companies may be properly incorporated and thus avoid this confusion. This is an excellent bill. It does not interfere with trolleys or railroads, but it provides for facilities out in the rural districts. It is a benefit to the county districts. I have in mind now a district where I taught school some years ago, where they almost prayed for a trolley line and the trolley companies say they cannot afford to go into that district and they have tried to get a railroad but in vain. This will provide facilities for the farmer and in the outlying districts where trolley lines will not go.

BILL POSTPONED.

I understand that there are some that would like to look into the merits of the bill and, therefore, Mr. Speaker, I move you, sir, that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion .

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1227 (Senate Bill No. 549), as follows:

An Act to fix salary of court criers court interpreters and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all the judicial districts of this Commonwealth containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million inhabitants the court criers of the several courts shall be paid a salary of thirteen hundred and fifty dollars per annum and the tipstaves a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum The court interpreters shall be paid a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum the said salaries to be paid out of the county treasury monthly

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—141.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,

Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer.
Scott,
Shaaber,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1355, as follows:

An Act to provide for the taxing and collection of fees as costs to the successful party in civil suits at law or in equity in courts of record

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all civil suits at law or in equity in any court of record wherever either party is successful in any motion or rule except where the same is rendered necessary by the act or omission of the party applying therefor the court may on disposing of said motion or rule grant the successful party such fee as in said court's discretion compensates said successful party therein not to exceed the sum of thirty dollars to be paid within ten days by the party against whom said decision is rendered or further proceedings on his part in the cause to stay with the right to said successful party to collect the said fee by execution after the expiration of said period

Section 2 That upon the entry of any final judgment order or decree for the payment of money in any suit at law or in equity in any court of record unless the same is founded upon a contract which provides for the payment of an attorney's fee for the collection of the same the party in whose favor said final judgment order or decree is entered shall be entitled to charge and collect as a part of the legal costs in said proceeding in addition to the costs now allowed by law the following sum or sums Five per centum of all such judgments orders or decrees wherein said order judgment or decree is under two thousand dollars where they exceed two thousand dollars five per centum of the first two thousand dollars thereof three per centum on the excess therof up to five thousand dollars two per centum on excess thereof above five thousand dollars up to ten thousand dollars and one per centum on the excess thereof above ten thousand dollars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—137.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,

Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Eby,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1092, as follows:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Company Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section seventeen of article six of "The Public Service Company Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 17 Within thirty days after the filing of any finding or determination by the commission or after the date of service of any order—unless an application for a rehearing may be pending and then within thirty days after the refusal of such application—or the entry of an order modifying amending rescinding or affirming the original finding determination or order any party to the proceedings affected thereby may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Provided That there shall be no appeal from any order for reparation made by the commission but the suit may be brought as hereinbefore provided The said court is hereby clothed with exclusive jurisdiction throughout the Commonwealth for the purpose of hearing and determining any and all said appeals Provided That in case of an appeal from the award of damages or compensation by the commission under any of the provisions of this act the appeal shall in case any party is entitled to demand a jury trial under section eight of article sixteen of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be to the courts of the proper county thereof but in all other cases shall be to the said court of common pleas of Dauphin county If an appeal be made to any court other than the Court of common pleas of Dauphin county the case shall be proceeded with therein in accordance with the practice and procedure made and provided in such cases In case of any appeal from the award by the commission of damages or compensation for property taken injured or destroyed where the commission shall have power to apportion the amount thereof among or direct the payment thereof by any public service companies or municipal corporations concerned any such public service company or municipal corporation may intervene and be heard in the trial of such appeal under such rules and regulations as the court in which the said appeal may be pending shall prescribe All appeals to the court of common pleas of Dauphin county shall be by petition to said court setting forth specifically and concisely the error or errors assigned to the finding determination or order of the commission which petition shall be accompanied by a copy of the original complaint if any filed with the commission as well as a copy of the ruling determination or order of the commission appealed from and shall also be accompanied by an affidavit of the party or parties appellant or if its his her or their agent or attorney that the appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the appellant or appellants verily believe that injustice has been done Each error relied on must be specified particularly and set forth in a separate numbered paragraph of the petition" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 17 Within thirty days after the filing of any finding or determination by the commission or after the date of service of any order—unless an application for a rehearing may be pending and then within thirty days after the refusal of such application or the entry of an order modifying amending rescinding or affirming the original finding determination or order any party to the proceedings affected thereby may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the proper county Provided That there shall be no appeal from any order for reparation made by the commission but the suit may be brought as hereinbefore provided In case of an appeal from the award of damages or compensation by the commission under any of the provisions of this act the appeal shall in case any party is entitled to demand a jury trial under section eight of article sixteen of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be to the courts of the proper county thereof In case of any appeal from the award by the commission of damages or compensation for property taken injured or destroyed where the commission shall have power to apportion the amount thereof among or direct the payment thereof by any public service companies or municipal corporations concerned any such public service company or municipal corporation may intervene and be heard in the trial of such appeal under such rules and regulations as the court in which the said appeal may be pending shall prescribe All appeals to the court of common pleas shall be by petition to said court setting forth specifically and concisely the error or errors assigned to the finding determination or order of the commission which petition shall be accompanied by a copy of the original complaint if any filed with the commission as well as a copy of the ruling determination or order of the commission appealed from and shall also be accompanied by affidavit of the party or parties appellant or if its his her or their agent or attorney that the appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the appellant or appellants verily believe that injustice has been done Each error relied on must be specified particularly and set forth in a separate numbered paragraph of the petition

Section 2 Section twenty-nine of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 29 Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to deprive any party upon any such appeal and judicial review of the proceedings and orders of the commission of the right to trial by jury of any issue of fact raised thereby or therein where such right is secured either by the Constitution of the Commonwealth or of the United States but in every such case such right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate Provided however That when any appeal is taken such right shall be deemed to be waived upon all issues unless expressly reserved in such reasonable manner as shall be prescribed by the court of common pleas of Dauphin County" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 29 Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to deprive any party upon any such appeal and judicial review of the proceedings and orders of the commission of the right to trial by jury of any issue of fact raised thereby or therein where such right is secured either by the Constitution of the Commonwealth or of the United States but in every such case such right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate Provided however That when any appeal is taken such right shall be deemed to be waived upon all issues unless expressly reserved in such reasonable manner as shall be prescribed by the court of common pleas

Section 3 Section thirty-two of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 32 Every public service company its officers agents and employes affected by any final order of the commission or of any final order of the court of common pleas of Dauphin county or of the Supreme Court shall obey observe and comply with such order and with the terms and conditions thereof so long as the same shall be and remain in force" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 32 Every public service company its officers agents and employes affected by any final order of the commission or any final order of the court of common pleas or of the Supreme Court shall obey observe and comply with such order and with the terms and conditions thereof so long as the same shall be and remain in force

Section 4 Section thirty-three of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 33 Whenever the commission shall be of opinion that any public service company is violating or is about to violate any provision of this act or has done or is about to do any act matter or thing herein prohibited or declared to be unlawful or has failed omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or has failed omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to obey any lawful requirement or final order made by the commission or any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county or by the Supreme Court—then and in every such case the commission may by its counsel or assistant counsel institute in the name of the commission in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county injunction mandamus or other appropriate legal proceedings to restrain such violations of the provisions of this act or of the orders of the commission and to enforce obedience thereto and the said court of common pleas is hereby clothed with exclusive jurisdiction throughout the Commonwealth to hear and determine all such actions" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 33 Whenever the commission shall be of opinion that any public service company is violating or is about to violate any provision of this act or has done or is about to do any act matter or thing herein prohibited or declared to be unlawful or has failed omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or has failed omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to obey any lawful requirement or final order made by the commission or any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas or by the Supreme Court—then and in every such case the commission may by its counsel or assistant counsel institute in the name of the commission in the court of common pleas injunction mandamus or other appropriate legal proceedings to restrain such violations of the provisions of this act or of the orders of the commission and to enforce obedience thereto

Section 5 Section thirty-five of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 35 If any public service company shall violate any of the provisions of this act or shall do any matter or thing herein prohibited or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final direction requirement determination or order made by the commission or to comply with any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county or the Supreme Court—such public service company for such violation omission failure neglect or refusal shall forfeit and pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the sum of fifty dollars to be recovered by an action of assumpsit instituted in the name of the Commonwealth of

Pennsylvania in the said court of common pleas of Dauphin county which court is hereby clothed with exclusive jurisdiction throughout the Commonwealth to hear and determine all such actions

"In construing and enforcing the provisions of this section the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of any officer agent or other person acting for or employed by any such public service company acting within the scope of his employment shall in every case be deemed to be the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of such public service company" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 35 If any public service company shall violate any of the provisions of this act or shall do any matter or thing herein prohibited or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final direction requirement determination or order made by the commission or to comply with any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas or the Supreme Court such public service company for such violation omission failure neglect or refusal shall forfeit and pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the sum of fifty dollars to be recovered by an action of assumpsit instituted in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

In construing and enforcing the provisions of this section the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of any officer agent or other person acting for or employed by any such public service company acting within the scope of his employment shall in every case be deemed to be the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of such public service company

Section 6 Section thirty-six of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 36 Each and every day's continuance in the violation of any final direction requirement determination or order of the commission or of any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county or by the Supreme Court shall be a separate and distinct offense Provided however That if any interlocutory order of supersedas or a preliminary injunction be granted no penalties shall be incurred or collected for or on account of any act matter or thing done in violation of such final direction requirement determination or order or decree so superseded or enjoined for the period of time such order or supersedeas or injunction is in force" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 36 Each and every day's continuance in the violation of any final direction requirement determination or order of the commission or of any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas or by the Supreme Court shall be a separate and distinct offense Provided however That if any interlocutory order of supersedeas or preliminary injunction be granted no penalties shall be incurred or collected for or on account of any act matter or thing done in violation of such final direction requirement determination or order or decree so superseded or enjoined for the period of time such order or supersedeas or injunction is in force

Section 7 Section thirty-nine of article six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 39 Any person whether an officer agent or employe of any public service company or not or any corporation who shall knowingly fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final order direction or requirement of the commission or with any final order or decree of the said court of common pleas of Dauphin county or of the Supreme Court or who shall knowingly procure aid or abet any such violation omission failure neglect or refusal—shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of competent jurisdiction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than one month nor more than twelve months either or both at the discretion of the court and upon conviction of any subsequent offense shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than three months nor more than eighteen months either or both at the discretion of the court" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 39 Any person whether an officer agent or employe of any public service company or not or any corporation who shall knowingly fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final order direction or requirement of the commission or with any final order or decree of the court of common pleas or of the Supreme Court or who shall knowingly procure aid or abet any such violation omission failure neglect or refusal shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of competent jurisdiction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than one month nor more than twelve months either or both at the discretion of the court and upon conviction of any subsequent offense shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than three months nor more than eighteen months either or both at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—138.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, C.,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1500, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the courts of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonments for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsisted with or supplied by this act approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eighteen of Article four of an act entitled an act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers council and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act Approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Which reads as follows "The commission or a quorum thereof shall hold stated meetings at least twice a month during the year at its principal office and may hold meetings at any time and at any place within this Commonwealth" Be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

The commission or a quorum thereof shall hold stated meetings at least twice a month during the year at its principal office and may hold stated meetings at any time and at any place within this Commonwealth Provided however that hereafter in any case now being or hereafter brought before the commission in which the commission or a member thereof find it impossible or impracticable to take the testimony at the place of dispute The commission shall have the power on its own motion and shall upon the request of the plaintiff or respondent appoint an examiner or commissioner to take the testimony in such case at a time and place agreed upon by plaintiff and respondent or designated by the commission

The plaintiff and respondent shall pay the examiner or commissioner appointed by the commission the cost of taking the testimony for their respective side of the case and the same shall be taxed as costs in the case to abide the final order of judgment of the commission

Section 2 That section twelve of article five of said act which reads as follows

Except in cases in which grade crossings are in process of abolition at the time of the passage of this act under agreement of contract with a municipality as set forth in the proviso of section five of article three of this act the commission shall have exclusive power to determine order and prescribe in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by it the just and reasonable manner including the particular point of crossing in which the tracks or other facilities of any public service company may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other public service company at grade or above or below grade or at the same or different levels or in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation or street railway corporation or across any public highway at grade or above or below grade or in which any public highway may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation at grade or above or below grade and to determine order and prescribe the terms and conditions of installation and operation maintenance and protection of all such crossings which may now or hereafter be constructed including the stationing of watchmen thereat or the installation and regulation of lights block or other system of signaling safety appliances devices or such other means or instrumentalities as may to the commission appear reasonable and necessary to the end intent and purpose that accidents may be prevented and the safety of the public promoted No such crossing shall be constructed without the approval of the commission evidenced by its "Certificate of Public Convenience" as provided in section five of article three of this act but in no case shall the approval or consent of any court board or commission or officer or of any municipality be necessary therefor It shall be proper however for the commission by general rule or order whenever the same can be properly regulated by suitable general rule to prescribe the terms and conditions under which such crossing may be constructed operated maintained or protected without the particular approval of the commission

The commission shall also have exclusive power upon its own motion or upon complaint and after hearing as hereinafter provided (of which all the parties in interest including the owners of adjacent property shall have due notice) to order any crossing aforesaid now existing or hereafter constructed at grade or at the same or different levels to be relocated or altered or to be abolished according to plans and specifications to be approved and upon just and reasonable terms and conditions to be prescribed by the commission

The compensation for damages which the owners of adjacent property taken injured or destroyed may sustain in the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing specified in this section (for which compensation the said owners are hereby invested with warrant of authority upon appeal from the determination of the commission to sue the Commonwealth) shall after due notice and hearing be ascertained and determined by the commission and such compensation as well as the expense of the said construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing shall be borne and paid as hereinafter provided by the public service company or companies or municipal corporations concerned or by the Commonwealth either severally or in such proper proportions as the commission may after due notice and hearing in due course determine unless the said proportions are mutually agreed upon and paid by those interested as aforesaid

In prescribing the terms and conditions upon which any such crossing may be constructed or relocated or altered or abolished and the proportionate contributions to the expense thereof including the damages or compensation to the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid the commission may among other things take into consideration the relative importance to the public of the services rendered by the public service companies concerned as well as the priority of location Provided That where any portion of the cost and expense thereof shall have been or shall be borne in the future by the Commonwealth or any municipal corporation such portion shall not be taken into account by the commission in fixing any valuation for any purpose under any of the provisions of this act And provided further That where the order of the commission shall as part of the regulation of the construction re-location alteration or abolition of any crossing aforesaid require as incidental thereto a relocation changes in or the removal of any adjacent structures equipment or other facilities of any telegraph telephone gas electric light waterpower water pipe-line or other public service company said company shall at its own expense relocate change or remove such structures equipment or other facilities in conformity with the order of the commission and in default of compliance with such order the commission shall cause the work and materials to be done and furnished in accordance with the said order and may recover the cost and expense thereof from the said public service company

Before the commission shall make any final order relative to the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any crossing involving any public highway or street an effort shall be made by the commission to reach an agreement with the proper officials of the municipal corporations concerned determining the plans and specifications governing such crossings and in default of such agreement the commission shall exercise the exclusive power vested in it under this section and shall finally determine and adopt the complete plans and specifications and locate all lines and grades in said public highways and streets and may permit the public service company or companies or the municipal corporation to do the whole or any portion of the work in accordance therewith otherwise the commission shall do the work by contract or contracts to be awarded after due advertisements to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with the said plans and specifications

The said contractor shall be authorized in the name of the commission to collect by due process of law from the public service company or companies or the said municipal corporations or from the Commonwealth either severally or proportionately as may be determined by the commission the amount which may be justly due him under the terms of his said contract with the commission and any amount so determined to be paid the said contractor by the Commonwealth as well as the amount of damages or compensation determined and awarded to be paid the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid shall in each instance be paid by the State Treasurer on a warrant drawn by the Auditor General upon the presentation to that officer of a statement setting forth the amount determined to be paid as aforesaid duly certified by the commission said payments to be paid out of any funds specifically appropriated for such purpose or generally appropriated for the improvement of the roads or highways of the Commonwealth and in case of a verdict and judgment thereon for the damages or compensation recorded by any adjacent property owners upon appeal the same shall be paid out of any funds appropriated as aforesaid and any court of common pleas hearing and determining said appeal is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a writ of mandamus to said commission the Auditor General and the State Treasurer or any of them as the case may require for the payment of such judgment

The commission shall have the right to recover for and on behalf of the Commonwealth by due process of law as debts of like amount are now recoverable by law from the public service company or companies or municipal corporations in such amounts or proportions against each as may be determined by the commission as aforesaid the amount of the damages or compensation awarded to the owners of adjacent property by the commission or by the court of the proper county on appeal and the amount so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury for the improvement of the roads of the Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Except in cases in which grade crossings are in process of abolition at the time of the passage of this act under agreement or contract with a municipality as set forth in the proviso of section five of article three of this act the commission shall have power subject to the right of appeal to the courts of common pleas of the proper county to determine order and prescribe in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by it the just and reasonable manner including the particular point of crossing in which the tracks or other facilities of any public service company may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other public service company at grade or above or below grade or at the same or different levels or in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation or street railway corporation or across any public highway at grade or above or below grade or in which any public highway may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation at grade or above or below grade and to determine order and prescribe the terms and conditions of installation and operation maintenance and protection of all such crossings which now or hereafter be constructed including the stationing of watchmen thereat or the installation and regulation of lights block or other system of signaling safety appliances devices or such other means or instrumentalities as may to the commission appear reasonable and necessary to the end intent and purpose that accidents may be prevented and the safety of the public promoted No such crossing shall be constructed without the approval of the commission evidenced by its "Certificate of Public Convenience" as provided in section five or article three of this act It shall be proper however for the commission by general rule or order when ever the same can be properly regulated by suitable general rule to prescribe the terms and conditions under which such crossing may be constructed operated maintained or protected without the particular approval of the commission

The commission shall also have power subject to the approval of the court of common pleas of the proper county upon its own motion or upon complaint and after hearing as hereinafter provided (of which all the parties in interest including the owners of adjacent property shall have due notice) to order any crossing aforesaid now existing or hereafter constructed at grade or at the same or different levels to be relocated or altered or to be abolished according to plans and specifications to be approved upon just and reasonable terms and conditions to be prescribed by the commission

The compensation for damages which the owners of adjacent property taken injured or destroyed may sustain in the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing specified in this section (for which compensation the said owners are hereby invested with warrant of authority upon appeal from the determination of the commission to sue the Commonwealth) shall after due notice and hearing be ascertained and determined by the commission and such compensation as well as the expense of the said construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing shall be borne and paid as hereinafter provided by the public service company or companies or municipal corporations concerned or by the Commonwealth either severally or in such proper corporations as the commission may after due notice and hearing in due course determine which award or decisions of the commission shall be final unless an appeal therefrom be taken to the court of common pleas of the county wherein said crossing is located within ten days from the filing of said award or decision

In prescribing the terms and conditions upon which any such crossing may be constructed or relocated or altered or abolished and the proportionate contributions to the expense thereof including the damages or compensation to the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid among other things taken into consideration the relative importance to the public of the services rendered by the public service companies concerned as well as the priority of location shall be considered Provided That where any portion of the cost and expense thereof shall have been or shall be borne in the future by the Commonwealth or any municipal corporation such proportion shall not be taken into account by the commission in fixing any valuation for any purpose under any of the provisions of this act And provided further That where the order of the commission shall as part of the regulation of the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any crossing aforesaid require as incidental thereto a relocation changes in or the removal of any of the adjacent structures equipment or other facilities of any telegraph telephone gas electric light water-power water pipe-line or other public service company said company shall at its own expense relocate change or remove such structures equipment or other facilities in conformity with the order of the commission and in default of compliance with such order the commission shall cause the work and materials to be done and furnished in accordance with said order and may recover the cost and expense thereof from the said public service company

Before the commission shall make any final order relative to the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any crossing involving any public highway or street an effort shall be made by the commission to reach an agreement with the proper officials of the municipal corporations concerned determining the plans and specifications governing such crossings and in default of such agreement the commission shall exercise the power invested in it under this section and shall determine and adopt the complete plans and specifications and locate all lines and grades in said public highways and streets subject to the approval of the court of common pleas of the county wherein said crossings are located and may permit the public service company or companies or the municipal corporations to do the whole or any portion of the work in accordance therewith otherwise the commission shall do the work by contract or contracts to be awarded after due advertisements to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with the said plans and specifications

The said contractor shall be authorized in the name of the commission to collect by due process of law from the public service company or companies or the said municipal corporations or from the Commonwealth either severally or proportionally as may be determined by the court the amount which may be justly due him under the terms of his said contract with the commission and any amount so determined to be paid the said contractor by the Commonwealth as well as the amount of damages or compensation determined and awarded to be paid the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid shall in each instance be paid by the State Treasurer on a warrant drawn by the Auditor General upon the presentation to that officer of a statement setting forth the amount determined to be paid as aforesaid duly certified by the commission said payment to be paid out of any funds specially appropriated for such purpose or generally appropriated for the improvement of the roads or highways of the Commonwealth and in case of a verdict and judgment thereon for damages or compansation recovered by any such adjacent property owners upon appeal the same shall be paid out of any funds appropriated as aforesaid and any court of common pleas hearing or determining said appeal is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a writ of mandamus to said commission the Auditor General and the State Treasurer or any of them as the case may require for the payment of such judgment

The commission shall have the right to recover for and on behalf of the Commonwealth by due process of law as debts of the like amount are now by law recoverable from the public service company or companies or municipal corporations in such amounts or proportions against each as may be determined of by the commission or by the court of the proper county on appeal and the amount so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury for the improvements of the roads of the Commonwealth Provided That all appeals or exceptions taken or filed from the determination and decision of the commission shall follow the procedure governing appeals from or execptions to the viewers' reports in street improvement cases unless otherwise herein provided

Section 3 That section twenty-six of Article five which reads as follows

"The Commission may make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the law as may be necessary or proper in the exercise of its powers or for the performance of its duties and whenever the commission shall determine it to be necessary in the interests of the public to withhold from the public any facts or information obtained during the progress of any investigation such facts and information may be so withheld" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 26 The commission may make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the law as may be necessary or proper in the exercise of its powers or for the performance of its duties

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 12, Article 5, line 177 by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"

Amend section 12, Article 5, lines 184 and 185 by striking out after the word the "approval of" and inserting in lieu thereof "right of appeal to"

Amend section 12 Article 5, line 206 by striking out the word "corporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "proportions"

Amend section 12 Article 5, line 247 after the first the strike out "approval of" and insert in lieu thereof "right of appeal to"

Amend section 12 Article 5, line 260 strike out the word "court" and insert in lieu thereof the word "commission"

Amend section 12 Article 5, line 289 by striking out the first "of" in the line.

Amend section 12 Article 5, line 290 insert after the word appeal, "including the damages or compensations awarded to the owners of adjacent properties"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1093, as follows:

An Act providing for the appointment of interpreters to act as such for assessors and assistant assessors in certain counties defining their powers and duties fixing their compensation and providing for their expenses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That county commissioners may appoint interpreters to act as such for assessors or assistant assessors

Section 2 Such interpreters may be assigned by the county commissioners to assist any assessor or assistant assessor and shall accompany him to his district at and for such time as the commissioners may designate Such interpreters shall on behalf of such assessor or assistant assessor and under his direction and control administer oaths and interrogate any taxable concerning name occupation residence and property of said taxable

Section 3 The number of said interpreters so appointed shall be within the discretion of the county commissioners provided not more than one interpreter be employed to a district and in no event shall any interpreter be employed for a greater length of time than ten days in any one district

Section 4 The compensation for interpreter appointed under the provisions of this act shall be two dollars and fifty cents per day and traveling expenses payable upon warrant of county commissioners out of the county treasury

Section 5 This act shall apply only to counties having a population of less than two hundred thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—131.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Taylor,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1244 (Senate Bill No. 423), entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
aving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Reel,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1091, entitled:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Company Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—148.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Reel,
Shoop,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1334, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—145.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley
Erdman,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1507, entitled:

An Act for the protection of sheep and the incidental destruction of certain dogs

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, in response to the dogs of war (referring to barking and baaing by the members of the House) I wish simply to state that this bill is not a joke. It is in line with the principles of protection for which the Republican Party stands and which this State and this Nation is so much in need of. This bill is not a protection so much for the sheep in themselves but for a great industry which can be built up and will be built up in this State when there is proper protection given. This bill does not in any way make an effort to intimidate or to in any way interfere with the proper propagation and ownership of dogs, but it simply requires that if you have a dog which you value and which you wish to keep that you go to the trouble to keep that dog out of a field in which there may be sheep so that the owner of the sheep may have a fifty-fifty chance of cultivating the industry of sheep and of raising in this State an industry which will amount in our community alone to one hundred thousand dollars and may reach two hundred and fifty thousand dollars during a year. We ask for this protection of the sheep inustry, or any other industry in this State, and this is a protection that is needed and which all the States need.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, we are not apposed to any bill that protects sheep but some of us having valuable hunting dogs and according to this bill, if you will read it carefully, you cannot use a chain on your dog heavy enough; you cannot put enough men around your dog to protect him if you were leading him through a field in which there happened to be sheep. We don't object to a reasonable bill; we are in favor of a reasonable bill, but we do believe that when you pay a tax on a dog for the protection of that dog and he is our public property that we should at least be permitted to put him into an iron grate and put him on our shoulder and carry him through a field in which there are sheep. According to this bill you cannot do that, if a man wanted to shoot him, even if he was on your shoulder.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, as there are a number of members of the House absent to-night, and not having any desire, whatever, to have this bill considered on snap judgment, if the gentleman from Huntingdon thinks that he needs further consideration for the benefit of the members who are absent, before voting on this bill, I would like to have him say so.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I simply wanted to file my reasons for voting.

On the question, recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—100.

Adams,
Arthur,
Baker,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell J. O..
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Gibson,
Goodnough,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Metzenbacher,
Myers,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Statler,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Young,

NAYS—36.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Barnett,
Beck,
Bergy,
Cummins,
Dell,
Eppley,
Gingery,
Goodyear,
Heyburn,
Hollern,
Horton,
Jack,
Leighner,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
McCurdy,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Rininger,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stone,
Thomas,
Trach,
Wylie,
Ambler, Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1440 (Senate Bill No. 463), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—142.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Metzenbacher,
Myers,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Watson,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1439 (Senate Bill No. 462), entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—126.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Conner,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Landis,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Myers,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Pickering,
Powell.
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W..
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1067, entitled:

An Act providing for the formation and regulation of stock corporations having shares without nominal of par value and authorizing such corporations to issue shares without par value upon reorganization merger or consolidation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—140.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Baker.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 865, entitled:

An Act relating to the assessment of real estate for taxation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ALBEE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the sponsor of this bill explain it.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, this bill is to correct a condition which has practically resulted in making the Act of 1844 a dead letter. The Act of 1844 provided that in the assessment of real estate for the purpose of taxation, tools and machinery were to be included. In many of the counties of the State it has never been enforced in applying to tools and machinery. Some years ago special legislation was passed exempting Allegheny County from the operation of the Act of 1844, and then subsequently exempting Lackawanna County. This makes it general so that tools and machinery not actually in use in manufacturing establishments shall not be included in the assessment of real estate for the purpose of taxation.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, if I read this bill correctly it exempts machinery from taxation, from assessment and taxation in the boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth. This is not true at the present time, and I believe that this would be a serious interference with the taxing power of the boroughs and townships. In the manufacturing district in which I live I know that our people are in favor of the taxation of machinery and tools in manufacturing establishments. Further I know a number of boroughs that if you would eliminate from their assessed valuation the machinery they would have already exceeded their constitutional limitation. Now I have no objection personally to the bill, if the boroughs and townships are eliminated, but this makes a serious change so far as they are concerned, and I believe it would be a hurt and injury to those districts. Take for instance, in Allegheny County in some of the large boroughs and townships, I presume one-third or possibly one-half of the assessed valuation is upon machinery, in these big manufacturing places. It will seriously hurt them if we take that amount from the total valuation, and it will mean that the owners of residences and other places will have to be additionally taxed in the future.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, in view of the objections raised by the gentlemen from Allegheny, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present, in order to see whether we cannot get it in shape satisfactory to all.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1478, as follows:

An Act to amend section four of article four of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for the regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a public service commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, re-location, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, re-location, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the supreme court; prescribing penalties, fines ,and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the public service commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroad, by compelling common carriers by railroads to properly man their trains;" by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the proviso of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of article four of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by pescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive powers to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Gommission of the expenses and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Daupihn County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 Any investigation inquiry or hearing which the commission has power to undertake or hold may be undertaken or held by or before any one of the commissioners upon condition however that such commissioner shall have been authorized by the commission to undertake or hold such investigation inquiry or hearing All investigations inquiries or hearings before or by any such commissioner shall be and be deemed to be the investigations inquiries and hearings of the commission Any determination ruling or order of a commissioner upon any such investigation inquiry or hearing undertaken or held by him shall not become and be effective until approved and confirmed by at least a quorum of the commission and ordered to be filed in its office Upon such confirmation and order such determination ruling or order shall be the determination ruling or order of the commission" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Any investigation inquiry or hearing which the commission has power to undertake or hold may be undertaken or held by or before any one or more of the commissioners upon condition however that such commissioner or commissioners shall have been authorized by the commission to undertake or hold such investigation inquiry or hearing All investigations inquiries or hearings before or by any such commissioner or commissioners shall be and be deemed to be the investigations inquiries and hearings of the commission any determination ruling or order of a commissioner or commissioners upon any such investigation inquiry or hearing undertaken or held by him or them shall not become and be effective until approved and confirmed by at least a quorum of the commission and ordered to be filed in its office Upon such confirmation and order such determination ruling or order shall be the determination ruling or order of the commission

In any investigation inquiry or hearing now pending or which may hereafter be instituted the commission is hereby authorized to employ a special agent or examiner who shall have power to administer oaths and examine witnesses and receive evidence in any locality which the commission having discharge of its functions and duties may designate The testimony and evidence so taken or received shall have the same force and effect as if taken or received by the commission or any one or more of the commissioners as above provided

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the word "incorporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "incorporation"

Amend title, line 28, by striking out the word "determination" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "determinations"

Amend title, line 41, by striking out the double quote before the word "An and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote 'An

Amend title, line 43, by inserting a single quote after the word trains'

Amend title, line 50, by striking out the double quote before the word "An and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote 'An

Amend title, line 52, by striking out the double quote after the word Canals" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote Canals'

Amend title, line 52, by striking out the double quote after the word "To and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote 'To

Amend title, line 58, by striking out the double quote after the word cars" and inserting in lieu therof a single quote cars'

Amend title, line 60, by striking out the second word "proviso" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "provises"

Amend title, line 61, by striking out the double quote before the word "An and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote 'An

Amend title, line 63, by striking out the double quote after the word corporations" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote corporations'

Amend section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "incorporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "incorporation"

Amend section 1, line 13, by striking out the word "powers" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "power"

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the word "expenses" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "expense"

Amend section 1, line 40,, by striking out the double quote before the word "An and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote 'An

Amend section 1, line 42, by striking out the double quote after the word trains" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote trains'

Amend section 1, line 48, by striking out the double quote before the word "An and inserting in lie uthereof a single quote 'An

Amend section 1, line 50, by striking out the double quote after the word canals" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote canals'

Amend section 1, line 50, by striking out the double quote before the word "To and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote 'To

Amend section 1, line 55, by striking out the double quote after the word cars" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote cars'

Amend section 1, line 58, by striking out the double quote before the word "An and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote 'An

Amend section 1, line 59, by striking out the double quote after the word corporations" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote corporations'

Amend section 4, line 105, by adding after the word "having", the following: "regard to the public convenience and the proper"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1481, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas, and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to vest in the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the power to suspend for a period of ninety days any proposed increased rates of public service companies

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the word "incorporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "incorporation"

Amend title, line 15, by striking out the first word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

Amend title, line 58, by striking out the word "the."

Amend section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "incorporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "incorporation"

Amend section 1, line 13 by striking out the word "powers" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "power"

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the word "expenses" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "expense."

Amend section 1, line 83, by inserting a double quote before the word "The

Amend section 1, line 86, by striking out the letter (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the letter (g)

Amend section 1, line 89, by inserting a double quote before the word "The

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1482, entitled:

An Act to amend section two, of article six, of an act entitled: "An Act defining public service companies, and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations, and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a public service commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, re-location or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies; And of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, re-location or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies, interested the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determination by the courts of common pleas, and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the supreme court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the public service commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals"; and an act entitled 'An Act to provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the proviso of clause seven, of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act." Approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, regulating witness fee, mileage, cost of service of subpoenas, and costs and the payment thereof in proceedings before the public service commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 47, by striking out the double quote after the word canals" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote canals'

Amend title, line 47, by striking out the double quote before the word "To and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote 'To

Amend title, line 54, by striking out the word "proviso" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "provisos."

Amend section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "incorporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "incorporation."

Amend section 1, line 13, by striking out the word "powers" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "power."

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the word "expenses" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "expense."

Amend section 1, line 42, by striking out the double quote after the word trains" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote trains.'

Amend section 1, line 74, by inserting a double quote before the word "Each

Amend section 1, line 80, by inserting a double quote before the word "All

Amend section 1, line 84, by inserting a double quote before the word "The

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered. That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1483, entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven of article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "incorporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "incorporation."

Amend section 1, line 13, by striking out the word "powers" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "power."

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the word "expenses" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "expense."

Amend section 1, line 65, by striking out the word "pub"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1375, entitled:

An Act providing that wherever in any civil cause in any court of this Commonwealth the verdict of a jury is set aside and a new trial ordered the reason or reasons for the order of court shall be stated of record and if such reason or reasons be only that the damages awarded by the verdict are excessive or inadequate the new trial shall be restricted to question of the damages and the verdict shall stand good in all other respects

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—136.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Rich,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Weaver,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1347, entitled:

An Act to establish a Bureau of Forest Protection within the Department of Forestry designating the officers who shall constitute the Bureau their duties and salaries prescribing penalties for the violation thereof and repealing all laws general or local or any parts thereof that may be inconsistent or supplied by this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—131.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Landis,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Myers,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1346, entitled:

An Act defining the term "legal name" and making it unlawful to use a name different than the legal name with intent to defraud

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 3, line 2, by striking out the word "gulity" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "guilty."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1436 (Senate No. 318), entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—134.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McConnell,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1247 (Senate Bill No. 468), as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" which reads as follows

Section 9 The president judge shall appoint a chief probation officer whose salary shall not exceed three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) a year and such additional probation officers as a majority of the judges may determine at salaries not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500.00) a year whose powers and duties shall be similar to those heretofore appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the peace for said county

There shall be no preliminary hearings in any cases affecting dependent delinquent or neglected children under the age of sixteen years as defined by existing laws relating to such proceedings (which laws are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court) but such children shall be brought immediately before the judge of the juvenile court and he shall hear and determine said cases separately from each other at such place and at such hours of the day or night as will in the judgment of the president judge and of the judge of the juvenile court be most conducive to the welfare of such children" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 9 The president judge shall appoint a chief probation officer whose salary shall not exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) a year and such additional probation officers as a majority of the judges may determine at salaries not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500.00) a year whose powers and duties shall be similar to those heretofore appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the peace for said county.

There shall be no preliminary hearings in any cases affecting dependent delinquent or neglected children under the age of sixteen years as defined by existing laws relating to such proceedings (which laws are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court) but such children shall be brought immediately before the judge of the juvenile court and he shall hear and determine said cases separately from each other at such place and at such hours of the day or night as will in the judgment of the president judge and of the judge of the juvenile court be most conducive to the welfare of such children

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amenmdents as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by inserting after the word "prescribing" the following: "its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of"

Amend section 1, line 10, by inserting a double quote before the word "Section

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1507, File Folio 5179, entitled:

An Act for the protection of sheep and the incidental destruction of certain dogs

was defeated on final passage be reconsidered.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, after word "enters" insert words "at large"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 1299, File Folio 5377, at the bottom of page 43 of to-day's calendar, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1299, entitled:

An Act regulating the business of loaning money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities fixing the rates of interest and charges therefor requiring the licensing of lenders and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 2, line 27, by striking out the words "or said loans"

Amend section 7, line 1, by striking out the word "effect" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "affect"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 1100.

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

In section one, line 12, strike out the following: "Such suit or suits shall be subject to the same rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suits brought in such court are subject," and insert the following: "This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—131.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Richards,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 756.

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Section 1 in line 158, after the word "Examiners" strike out the following: "After the first day of July one thousand nine hundred sixteen the required course shall be four years instead of three years and the Board of Dental Examiners may examine applicants for license in the fundamental branches at the end of the second scholastic year" insert, after the word "society" in line 307, the following: "After July first one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one the State Board of Dental Examiners shall require that candidates for license for the practice of dentistry in the State of Pennsylvania shall have been graduated from a dental school maintaining a course of study consisting of four annual sessions each in separate academic years and further When this provision shall become operative the State Board of Dental Examiners may examine prospective candidates for license to practice dentistry in the fundamental branches of the curriculum at the end of the second year of the four years' course"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments of the Senate?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I do not understand the amendments as read and I think there has been some mistake, as that is not my understanding of the amendments, and for that reason I would move that the House nonconcur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 625, File Folio 6063, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lying-In-Charity Hospital Philadelphia Pennsylvania

on page 19 of to-day's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

TIME OF BILLS EXTENDED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, on page 47 of to-day's calendar, bills on Third Reading Postponed, there are three bills, as follows:

House Bill No. 200.

An Act amending the first and seventeenth sections of an act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities and also by removing the exemption of life and fire insurance corporations having no capital stock from the provisions of the act

House Bill No. 199.

An Act to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such of railroad companies street railway companies canal companies bridge companies gas companies pipeline companies ferry companies electric light heat and power companies water companies telegraph companies telephone companies express companies and all other public service corporations or so called quasi public corporations of the same or other kinds

House Bill No. 897.

An Act to real an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard-tables pool-tables and bagatelle boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for the punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act"

the sponsor of which is the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney. Mr. Roney is now conducting a hearing on the Anthracite Coal Tax Bills and I understand this is the last day on which these bills can be called up. I therefore ask unanimous consent to extend the time one week.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to extend the time on these bills one week?

Is there any objection?

The Chair hears none and the time is extended one week.

HOUSE BILL NO. 566 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 566, File Folio 5557, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating self propelled traction engines or tractors equipped with metal tired wheels, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors; providing for their registration and the licensing of certain operators, by the Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any traction engine or tractor by any person when intoxicated; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon, or requiring the registration of traction engines or tractors, by any county, city, borough or incorporated town or township; establishing the rights of traction engines or tractors upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions of damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees and fines imposed thereunder.

on page 7, of to-day's calendar, be made a special order on third reading and final passage for Tuesday morning, April 27th, at 11.30 o'clock.

Mr. LEIGHNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which the House refused to concur in the Senate amendment made to House Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

be reconsidered.

Mr. BAUERLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will again be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section one, line 158, by striking out after the word "examiners", the following: "After the first day of July one thousand nine hundred sixteen the required course shall be four years instead of three years and the Board of Dental Examiners may examine applicants for license in the fundamental branches at the end of the second scholastic year"

Also, after the word "society" in line 307, by adding the following: "After July first one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one the State Board of Dental Examniers shall require that candidates for license for the practice of dentistry in the State of Pennsylvania shall have been graduated from a dental school maintaining a course of study consisting of four annual sessions each in separate academic years and further When this provision shall become operative the State Board of Dental Examiners may examine prospective candidates for license to practice dentistry in the fundamental branches of the curriculum at the end of the second year of the four years' course"

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, the amendments which have been inserted in this bill are satisfactory to me as sponsor, and I ask that the House concur in them.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—130.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dunn,
Eby,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jones, W. W.,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,

Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

HOUSE BILL NO. 200 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 200, File Folio 3567, entitled:

An Act amending the first and seventeenth sections of an act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes or personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities and also by removing the exemption of life and fire insurance corporations having no capital stock from the provisions of the act

be made a special order on third reading for Monday, April 26th, 1915 at 9.30 P. M.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 9.35 P. M.) the House adjourned to meet at 10.00 o'clock to-morrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1915. No. 47.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, April 22, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee this morning for the possession of life; a life that has vast endowments; as the little grain of wheat holds within it the vast harvest of a nation and as the acorn holds within it the mighty forests, so these lives of ours hold within them vast possibilities; tremendous possibilities, and these possibilities go out in achievements in scholarship, in statesmanship, in morals and in religion. It is a life that has been redeemed and is being redeemed by the church in heaven and the church upon earth. O God, may we value these lives of ours and use them for Thy glory and for the upbuilding of Thy Kingdom and for the salvation of men. We ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Lee Smith, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FOR ESTABLISHMENT AND CONSTRUCTION OF STATE HIGHWAYS.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of citizens of Huntingdon county praying for the establishment and construction of a State Highway in Huntingdon county.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. HARPER presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 875, Patriotic Order Sons of America favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Mr. HARPER presented the petition of citizens of Lawrence county favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. HARPER presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 875, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a monument to Public schools and Founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 554, File Folio 5037, entitled:

An Act to provide a standard form of policy contract to be issued by fire insurance companies transacting business in Pennsylvania designating the provisions thereof exempting certain policies and prescribing penalties for any violations

was defeated on final passage on April 15th, be reconsidered.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, this bill is the standard policy bill that was defeated a week ago with only 107 members in the House. This is to have a Standard fire policy in the State of Pennsylvania as I explained to you a week ago. We are working now on the New York standard. The Insurance Commissioners of the United States and the Insurance Commissioners of the State of Pennsylvania and the committee which investigated the insurance proposition last year, the result of which work is to attempt to have the standard throughout the United States the same. Now, if you gentlemen will vote to put this bill on the calendar I will ask you to take a copy of it home with you and compare it with the insurance policy that each and every one of you probably have. You will find that this proposed standard is in the interests of the public as compared to the present standard that is in use throughout the State. In the present standard policy that each and every one of you probably hold, you will find a provision there that if your neighbor erects a building near your building that increases the fire hazzard, unless you notify the company, your policy is null and void. We find that the present standard policy in that respect is not fair to the public. Now that is the kind of policy you have at home? If we pass this standard policy you will not be responsible for any increased hazzard because of the actions of your neighbor. In addition to that, your present policy provides that arbitrators can be appointed in case of a loss. The company appointing one arbitrator, the insured appointing another arbitrator and the two arbitrators agree upon a third referee. The present conditions result in many instances, where companies desire to take advantage of time, they instruct their arbitrator not to agree upon the third referee. The result is that frequently the insured after he has met with a loss is held up for months before he can get the arbitration committee completed. Now the policy I am asking you to vote for, provides that if in thirty days the arbitrators do not agree upon a referee you can go into the court and ask the court to name a referee. I am satisfied there is not a member in this House if he understands the question would vote against this standard policy. However, I do not want you in voting to put this bill on the calendar to feel that you are pledged to support it. I only want you to put it on the calendar, and I will promise to postpone it immediately and then you can take a copy of the bill home with you and compare it with your policy and see if I represented it correctly—I try to represent it correctly. This is really legislation in the interest of the public.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 554, File Folio 5037, be postponed for the present.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

TIME EXTENDED ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1029.

Mr. WHITAKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to have the time extended one week on House Bill No. 1029 File Folio 3497, entitled:

An Act conferring authority on street passenger railway companies and motor power or other companies lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways to own lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems

on the final passage postponed calendar.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

The Chair asked and obtained unanimous consent to take up the First Reading Calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1041, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" as originally enacted and as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1042, entitled:

An Act providing a system of employment for the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary Western Penitentiary and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon and for such other correctional institutions as shall be hereafter established by the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1195, entitled:

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law providing for the burial of certain honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines at the expense of the counties in which they shall die or have a legal residence at the time of their death to provide a system for effecting the burial of such soldiers sailors and marines to provide headstones and markers for the graves of such soldiers sailors and marines and to authorize the county commissioners of the several counties to purchase plots of ground for the burial of such soldiers sailors and marines

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1258, entitled:

An Act relating to the maintenance of insane feeble-minded and other persons confined in the various institutions of the Commonwealth fixing liability for their support providing for the collection of the moneys due the Commonwealth therefor and for proceedings relating thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1335, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1390, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties of the illegal increase thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1383, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties of the illegal increase thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1514, entitled:

An Act amending "An Act supplementary to 'An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep' approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be provided by the county commissioners imposing certain duties upon constables tax collectors and county commissioners and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act" so that assessors of the several cities wards boroughs townships or other assessment districts of this Commonwealth shall collect an annual license fee for said dogs at the time of the annual assessment and issue a receipt and a tag therefor providing for the publication of the assessor's list of licensed dogs requiring that all unlicensed dogs be killed and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1598 (Senate Bill No. 817), entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1434 (Senate No. 199), entitled:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making and remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labeled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commission of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second-hand mattresses to be sterilized and labeled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1252, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to change the plans and specifications for the buildings grounds plants machinery and repairs of certain charitable and penal institutions and requiring such buildings grounds plants machinery and repairs to be constructed or made in accordance with such changed plans and specifications

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That after approving the plans and specifications for the construction reconstruction remodeling improvement or repair of any buildings grounds plants or machinery the plans and specifications for which are required by law to be approved by the Board of Public Charities the said Board may at any time before the completio of such buildings grounds plants machinery or repair change alter or modify such plans and specifications i such manner as to the said Board may seem desirable and the said buildings grounds plants machinery or repairs shall be constructed or made in accordance with the plans and specifications so changed altered or modified Provided however That no such changes alterations or modifications shall be made in any plans or specifications after a contract or contracts may have been entered into for the said work except upon the request of the board of trustees or other authority in control of the said institution affected and of the said contractor

Section 2 No such change alteration or modification shall involve the incurring of any additional expense nor unduly delay the construction of such buildings grounds plants or machinery or the making of such repairs

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1590, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propogation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred and three thousand two hundred dollars ($303,200) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth to be paid out of the receipts from the Resident Hunters' License Act

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the said Board who is also the Chief Game Protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at three thousand dollars per annum six thousand dollars

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Chief Game Protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at two thousand dollars per annum four thousand dollars

For the payment of the salary of one clerk who shall be a bookkeeper stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at one thousand five hundred dollars per annum three thousand dollars

For the payment of the salary of one clerk who shall be a bookkeeper stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at one thousand four hundred dollars per annum two thousand eight hundred dollars

For the payment of the salary of one game protector to be known as a traveling game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at one thousand two hundred dollars per annum two thousand four hundred dollars

For the payment of the salaries of fifty game protectors during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at the rate of seventy-five dollars per month ninety thousand dollars

For the payment of the traveling and all necessary expenses of the Board of Game Commissioners and the game protectors for the payment of services rendered or expenses incurred by either deputy game protectors or special deputy game protectors under a specific and written order of the Chief Game Protector for the payment of incidental office expenses attorney's fees and such other expenditures as may be deemed necessary by the Board of Game Commissioners for the proper carrying out of the provisions of an act creating the Board of Game Commissioners during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of one hundred thousand dollars

For the purpose of establishing additional game preserves and the maintenance and protection of game preserves already established the purchase of game the protection of game the feeding of game and the propagation and the distribution of game throughout the State under the direction of the Board of Game Commissioners including the leasing of lands for game preserves during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of ninety-five thousand dollars

Moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid monthly to the Secretary of the Board of Game Comissioners upon the presentation of duly certified vouchers of the expenditures of money previously drawn and satisfactory proof to the Auditor General that the expenditure was necessary for the enforcement of the laws of the Commonwealth relative to the protection of game of song and insectivorous birds or for the intelligent and necessary carrying into effect the purpose for which said Board of Game Commissioners was created

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 797, as follows:

An Act authorizing and regulating the employment of convicts and prisoners on the public highways

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That as used in this act the term "jail" means penitentiary jail prison or workhouse

"Warden" means any person in charge of a jail

"Highway" means any highway road street or alley

"Convict" means any inmate of a jail

"Municipality" means any municipal corporation or quasi municipal corporation

ROAD WORK FOR CONVICTS

Section 2 The warden of any jail is hereby authorized and directed to detail for work on the public highways such convicts as he may deem advisable excepting prisoners under sentence of death upon the written request of the State Highway Commissioner for all State roads the county commissioners for all county roads the mayor or burgess as the case may be for all municipal streets The detail shall be voluntary on the part of the convict and shall in no way be compulsory

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Section 3 Convicts detailed to highway work shall while so engaged be under the general direction of the warden or overseers appointed by him and shall be subject to such rules and regulations with respect to their hours of labor conduct and control as the warden shall establish

VIOLATION OF RULES AND REGULATIONS

Section 4 The convicts shall not be required to wear stripes For any infraction or violation of the rules and regulations the maximum punishment of any convict shall be his summary return to confinement in the jail and loss of all deductions from the time of his sentence which he may have been entitled to up to the time of such infraction or violation

REMUNERATION

Section 5 Each convict shall be allowed the sum of twenty-five cents for each day's labor This sum shall accumulate as a fund to be paid the convict on the termination of his sentence or on his releasce by pardon or parole and which shall be in addition to the sum of money ordinarily given discharged convicts The sum shall be paid by State county or municipality having the work done

DISPOSAL OF FUND

Section 6 On petition of any convict the warden may pay out from any sum so accumulated a portion or all thereof in support of a dependent wife children or parent of such convict in need of distress

SUPERVISION OF WORK

Section 7 The warden on the written requests for convicts by the State Highway Commissioner in the construction of State roads or the county commissioners of each county in the construction of county roads or the municipal authorities in construction of municipal streets shall determine upon what highway convicts so detailed shall be employed whether in the improvement of existing highways or in the construction of new highways The State Highway Commissioner shall have general supervision and direction of all State road work and the county commissioners of all county roads and the municipal authorities of all municipal streets to the improvement or construction of which convicts have been detailed

PROVIDING FOR THE GRANTING OF ADDITIONAL GOOD TIME

Section 8 Hereafter convicts of any jail undergoing sentence in accordance with law who shall or may be engaged in work on any highway and who shall conduct himself in accordance with the rules of the prison and perform his work in a creditable manner shall be granted such good time in addition to that allowed by law as the Board of Penitentiary Commissioners or person in charge may order not to exceed (10) days in any one calendar month

SKILLED LABOR NOT INTERFERED WITH

Section 9 Convicts employed under this act shall not be used for the purpose of building any bridge or other structure of like character or to do any work in connection therewith which requires the employment of skilled labor

DISBURSEMENT AND EXPENDITURES

Section 10 All disbursements for expenditures for convict labor shall be on warrants certified to by the officer or person in charge of the highway work and upon approval by the State Highway Commissioner county commissioners or proper municipal authorities be paid to the warden for the use of such convicts on warrants drawn by the State Treasurer county treasurer or treasurer of the municipality from such funds as may be designated for labor for such convicts to be used in the repair and construction of such highways

Section 11 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1030, as follows:

An Act validating certain sales of and titles to seated and unseated lands sold by county treasurers and county commissioners for the non-payment of taxes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all sales of seated and unseated lands heretofore made by any county treasurer or county commissioners for the non-payment of any taxes assessed between the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and one and the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and thirteen where such lands were duly returned to the county treasurer for non-payment of taxes duly advertised and sold by the county treasurer or county commissioners and where no liens for such taxes were filed are validated The titles to all such lands in the hands of the purchasers of the same which have not been redeemed by the persons in whose name the same were assessed within the time prescribed by law are validated This act shall not affect any such sales or titles heretofore adjudicated or now in the process of adjudication

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1421, as follows:

An Act providing for the removal to and return from hospitals for the insane of persons committed to county jails or prisons and awaiting trial charged with criminal offenses not amounting to felony which persons are found to be insane and further providing for the payment of the expense of such removal and return and for the cost of the maintenance and care of such persons in such hospitals

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any person committed to a county jail or other prison by a justice of the peace or other magistrate charged with an offense not amounting to felony and awaiting trial shall be insane such person may be removed to a hospital for the insane and there detained and the expense of his maintenance and care and of his removal to or from such hospital shall be paid in the manner provided in the case of insane persons charged with and convicted or acquitted of crime by an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four Pamphlet Laws page one hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to provide for the custody of insane persons charged with and convicted or acquitted of crime" On the restoration to sanity of such person he shall be remanded for trial in the manner provided by the third section of said act to the place of imprisonment from which he was removed

Section 2 An act approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five Pamphlet Laws page three hundred and eighty-eight entitled "An Act to provide for the more immediate relief care and support of indigent insane persons committed on criminal charges less than felony" and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1122 (Senate Bill No. 536), as follows:

An Act creating a Division of Municipal Reference Statistics and Information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Commissioner of Labor and Industry is hereby authorized to establish in said Department in the Bureau of Statistics and Information a Division of Municipal Statistics and Information The said Division shall gather classify index and make available statistical and other information from any and every source that may be helpful in improving the methods of administration in the several municipalities of the Commonwealth

Section 2 The Commissioner of Labor and Industry is hereby authorized to employ a municipal statistician who in his judgment shall be qualified to perform the duties herein described at an annual salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) and a stenographer and typewriter to assist said statistician in the performance of his duties at an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200.00)

Section 3 It is hereby made the duty of every city or borough official to furnish such information as may be requested by the chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information or his duly authorized deputy

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1120 (Senate Bill No. 473), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the term of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 493 (Senate Bill No. 93), as follows:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That except with the written consent of the insured it is unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health policies or accident policies to cancel any health policy or accident policy before the end of the period for which a premium has been paid Such written consent shall not be given until after the expiration of thirty days from the date of the policy No policy shall contain a stipulation or waiver contrary to the provisions of this act Provided however That any policy may be cancelled when it shall be proven that the insured concealed any facts relating to his former physical condition or misrepresents any fact relating to any medical attendance received prior to the securing of the same

Section 2 If any such company or association issues or cancels a policy in violation of this act it shall forfeit its right to issue health or accident policies in Pennsylvania and the Insurance Commissioner shall prohibit it from doing such business accordingly Such forfeiture shall not invalidate nor impair in any way any policies of such company in force at the time of the forfeiture

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 994 (Senate Bill No. 380), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1581 (Senate Bill No. 652), entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same."

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1170 (Senate Bill No. 435), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1528 (Senate Bill No. 754), entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson township Cambria county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

The SPEAKER. The next order of business is Bills on Final Passage but as none of these bills are on the files of the House they will be passed over for the present.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 1214, File Folio 4999, on page forty-eight of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed for the present.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1214, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—128.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Becker,
Benn,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Curry,
Dell,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Gibson,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Perry,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
[illegible]
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 499, entitled:

An Act to repeal section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the further regulation of such corporations" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of this bill I move that further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 456, entitled:

An Act to exempt bequests or devises in trust for the perpetual care and preservation of burial lots or graves therein from the payment of collateral inheritance tax

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—118.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Cromer,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Fruit,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Trach,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1340, entitled:

An Act defining public utilities owned by cities boroughs towns or townships and providing for the submission of the question of the sale or lease thereof to the electors of such cities boroughs towns or townships

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WALTER. I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. EVANS. Mr Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1400 (Senate No. 373), entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—138.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Gans,
Garner,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Nissley,
Perry,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Bungard,
Kuhn,
Lauler,
Palmer,
Sones,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Mr. WALTER in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1246 (Senate Bill No. 459), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—139.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Trach,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1290, entitled:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to have the sponsor of this bill explain it

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, this is merely a curative act to take care of an error in regard to the publication of notices in the placing of advertisements of bonds in a certain borough in my county, where we wished to bond the borough for water. The work started and they found errors in the technical proceedings, and it has to be done by a general law. This is a very usual proceeding, to cure such defects. I assure the gentleman it is perfectly harmless and that it has passed the Judiciary General Committee.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas anu nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—137.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mellott,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1320, entitled:

An Act regulating and defining the relations between the operators of coal mines and the mine foremen and assist- thereof employed by such operators

the question,

the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1194, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act fixing the compensation of the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas anu nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Mellott,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1358, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering road supervisors, in townships of the second class, to enter into contracts with water companies for the placing of fire-plugs or hydrants in said townships, to purchase fire engines, apparatus, hose, horses and erect or acquire hosehouse and land in connection with same, and provide for care and management thereof, and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon the assessed valuation of said townships.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—149.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer.
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Rothenberger,
Walter,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matter to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and the Supreme Court" by more specifically defining the duties of auditors in regard to the report of settlement and audit

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1519 (Senate Bill No. 572), entitled:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as any individual could do

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—147.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hibshman,
Hoffman.
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Davis,
Eppley,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1317, entitled:

An act fixing fees for notaries public

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WOOD. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this bill is to bring about uniformity in the fees that are charged by notaries public throughout the State. At the present time these fees are regulated by special cases in the different counties so it is hard to tell, uniformly, what these fees are. The only purpose of this bill is to work out a system of fees which will apply to all counties. There has been no attempt to raise the fees or to increase them, but because of the different conditions in Philadelphia and Allegheny counties, these fees may be somewhat higher for some of the districts, under this bill, than they are at the present time. In voting on this bill I will ask the members to do just as they think the bill justifies. The bill was handed to me by a friend who is an attorney in Philadelphia and he wanted this measure passed because he thought it would do away with a great deal of inconvenience. I will ask the members to vote on what they think are the merits of the bill.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Indiana, Mr. Wood, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WOOD. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, is it not a fact that the fees provided for in this bill, in some instances, are three or four times greater than at present—take in the matter of an affidavit of certificate

Mr. WOOD. Mr. Speaker, I will have to go into some detail if the member insists on it. Making the payment for a promissory note the charge at the present time is seventy-five cents in Philadelphia, in Allegheny county fifty cents. In this bill it is made seventy-five cents. We merely take the Philadelphia fee and make it uniform. If the gentleman thinks it is too high he can vote against the bill. In the matter of a promissory note it is one dollar and fifty cents in Philadelphia, in Allegheny county fifty cents, and the figure in this bill is one dollar. The fee for registering protest of promissory note is thirty-seven and a half cents in Philadelphia, fifty cents in Allegheny and it is made fifty cents in this bill. I don't think it is necessary for me to go through this entire list. I have referred to just a few to show you how they have been arrived at. There has been a compromise between the rates charged in Philadelphia county, Allegheny county and in the country districts. The conditions in large cities are different from those in the smaller communities. It is hard to make a uniform fee that will work well throughout the State. I don't think it is worth our time to try to amend this bill. If there are any members who have objections to it, I would like to have them either vote for or against it as it stands.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, the effect of this bill, if it is passed, with the large increase of the fees would be a combination of the notaries which would make it almost impossible for some people with limited means to pay for each oath administered. If a man takes out a commission as a notary public he will be in favor of this increase and they will all stand together and they will have their fees fixed and will stand by this fee the same as attorneys do. Take the matter of pension vouchers coming back from the government: they have to be executed before a notary public and it will work a hardship on a large number of people. Under the provisions of this bill "they may," it does not say they shall, but they will do it if they may.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I am sorry indeed that at this time it becomes necessary for me to protest against the passage of this bill. Here there is an increase of the fees charged and when a man receives his commission as a notary public he will charge whatever he is permitted to charge and for this reason I believe the bill should be defeated. It is a fact that cannot be denied that there is scarcely a bill that comes into this House but that it is for the purpose of raising salaries or fixing fees or making fees and salaries higher and I am here to enter my protest against this kind of legislation.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. EBY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. GEISER asked and obtained unanimous consent at this time to call up House Bill No. 1600, Senate Bill No. 847.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1600 (Senate Bill No. 847), entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, this is the same bill the identical bill which we passed here about three weeks ago, and when the bill reached the Senate, it was found that the people back of the bill had not advertised as required by the Act of Assembly, so an entirely new bill was introduced, but it is the same identical measure. It passed the Senate unanimously Monday evening and was brought over here and I now desire it to go through the House again.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—147.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather
McArdle,
McCaig,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1106, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to say a few words in explanation of this bill. This bill does not repeal the moving picture censorship law, it simply provides that the price of the examination of a film shall be reduced from two and one-half dollars to fifty cents per reel. The reason for the reduction being that the Moving Picture Censorship Bureau now has a great deal of money on its hands that is not necesary and it is a hardship on the moving picture men. I want to say, Mr. Speaker, that there is a bill in the Senate which provides for the regulation of the entire Moving Picture Censorship Bureau in the State of Pennsylvania. I believe that the bill that is in the Senate will pass there and come to this House, and I ask the gentlemen of this House to vote for this bill now, so that the moving picture men have something left that will give them justice.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Stern.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, has it the endorsement of our State Censor

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I do not know.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, is he in favor of or opposed to it

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I do not know whether he is in favor of it. I never consulted him about this legislation. I only know that before this bill was presented on the floor of the House, I spoke to the Attorney General who prepared the other bill that is in the Senate and I told him that I thought it would be wise to keep this bill on the calendar and have it passed by the House, so that in case the other bill would fail of passage, the moving picture men would have something to fall back on.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia?

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker I understood the gentleman to say that the State Board of Censors had a large fund of money at this time

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, that was my understanding, yes sir.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Then, Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman be kind enough to explain to this House, why they are asking for a large increased appropriation to maintain their department. The item in the General Appropriation Bill calls for $64,000,00 for the payment of salaries for employes for two years, and for additional clerks ten thousand dollars and for contingent and travelling expenses, ten thousand dollars, or in all $84,000.00.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman from Tioga I desire to say that I have been informed that the appropriation is for the new act about to be passed and does not take into consideration the present situation. That is the information I have.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Stern permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman be kind enough to tell us what the increase is this year over two years ago in the appropriation?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I have no idea of the figures. In view of the fact that I have been interrogated so much and know so little about this bill, I move that it be postponed for the present.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I shall have to object to that motion unless the gentleman will fix a time for a special order so that we will know when the bill is coming up.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I will agree to notify the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I am perfectly satisfied to raise no objection if the gentleman will fix a time for the consideration of this bill, but under any other consideration I will make an objection.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I am perfectly willing to accommodate my friend from Delaware and I will let him suggest the time.

The SPEAKER. This motion to postpone is not debatable, if it is merely to postpone for the present.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I make the motion that it be postponed indefinitely.

The SPEAKER. The Chair informs the gentleman from Delaware Mr. Baldwin that there is a motion before the House.

The question is,

Will the House agree to the motion of Mr. Stern?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, yes, but I move for an indefinite postponement.

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman from Delaware move to amend the motion made by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Stern, to postpone the same indefinitely.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I understand the gentleman from Philadelphia is perfectly satisfied to let me fix a time, and I would suggest 9 o'clock on the following Monday evening as a special order.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would inform the gentleman that there is a special order for that hour.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker then I suggest ten o'clock.

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman from Philadelphia accept the amendment offered by the gentleman from Delaware to his motion?

Mr. STERN. What hour did he fix, Mr. Speaker?

The SPEAKER. Nine o'clock next Monday evening.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir, that is acceptable to me.

The SPEAKER. The motion now is that House Bill No. 1106, File Folio 5347 be made a special order for Monday evening at 9 o'clock.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I would suggest that you make that 10 o'clock.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1106 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

The SPEAKER. It is now suggested that the time be 10 o'clock.

The motion is that House Bill No. 1106 be fixed for a special order at 10 o'clock Monday evening next.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. C. A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker I ask unanimous consent of the House to call up House Bill No. 1136, File Folio 6651, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for the commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to contract to repair build or rebuild any county bridge without due advertisement for sealed proposals and the employment of a competent engineer. Making it mandatory that location plans be submitted in duplicate to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania and requiring the Attorney General to defend all suits where any county within this Commonwealth is made defendant in a suit for the recovery of damages where infringements on patents royalties designs and patented processes or features are alleged where a county has complied with the provisions of this act excepting contracts not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars

on page 28 of to-day's calendar for amendment.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent?

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker I rise to offer objection at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objections.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1341, entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sleuchter and Mary E. Sleuchter citizens of Green Township Franklin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—134.

Adams,
Albee,
Arnold,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cromer,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Neville,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Reel,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. AMBLER in the Chair.

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 1025, File Folio 5363, on page nineteen of to-day's calendar. It is only the second bill in order now and I wish to offer amendments. It will not put it any further ahead on the calendar by doing this and I therefore ask unanimous consent to call it up at this time.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. I would like to know why we cannot wait a minute until we reach that bill in its order.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I object.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objection

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 227.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 227 entitled "An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to any amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments or annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four."

(Signed), MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 119.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 119 entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 410.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 410 entitled "A joint resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 543.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 543 entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary.' "

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 779.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 779 entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the martial relation' approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by making the libellant a competent witness generally."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 883.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 883 entitled "An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 885.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 885 entitled "An Act extending the powers and duties of Foresters Forest Rangers Game Protectors Deputy Game Protectors Special Deputy Game Protectors Fish Wardens and Deputy Fish Wardens of this Commonwealth."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 800.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 800 entitled "An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to tax traction-engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed.'"

This Bill proposes to exempt from taxation traction-engines. The Act of 1911 (P. L. 542) makes these subjects of taxation. These engines use our highways and are as much a subject of taxation as a horse or any other personal property.

For these reasons the Bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law? The objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto be laid upon the table.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I move you that the vote by which House Bill No. 868, File Folio 5073, entitled:

An Act to regulate the operation of motor vehicles for public use in the transportation of persons and the issuance of licenses therefor to prescribe the qualifications of the owners and drivers or operators thereof to define certain rights and duties and fixing penalties for the violation of this act and to provide revenue from the operation of such vehicles for the maintenance of streets and highways

was defeated on final passage, be reconsidered, for the purpose amending the bill.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION RELATING TO PREVENTION AND SUPPRESSION OF FOREST FIRES.

Mr. PHILLIPS asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer the following resolution which was twice read and agreed to:

Whereas, the parched condition of the woodlands throughout the State and the unusually high winds are responsible in combination for the destructive forest fires now ravaging almost every region in the Commonwealth; and

Whereas, the provisions made by the State government are, at the present juncture, inadequate to accomplish the purpose of forest fire prevention or extinguishment; therefore, be it

Resolved that the Governor of the Commonwealth be requested to call into consultation the officials of the Department of Forestry, the Fire Marshal, the State Police, the Department of the Adjutant General, and such others as to him may seem desirable, and devise a method of prevention and attack for the suppression of forest fires as may be necessary in the present emergency, and to use such means and make such expenditures of money to accomplish the same as may seem desirable

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to present a bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The title will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk read the title as follows:

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objection.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 29, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 114, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 940, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Highway Department to fulfill certain contracts with Lawrence county and Hickory township in said county, and thereunder to finish the construction of Eastbrook road in said township.

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown.

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 565, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Downington Industrial and Agricultural School.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 335, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Associations Home for Children, of Pottsville, Schuylkill county.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League, for the Grandview Sanatorium and the Bonair Sanatorium.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 775, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the care, treatment, removal and maintenance of the indigent insane, for the two years ending the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1196, entiteld:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for the payment of expenses incurred in completing certain surveys and estimates of cost of the canal or waterway authorized to be constructed by the Board, in preparing and printing reports, in doing certain things preparatory to beginning the work of construction, and in securing contributions in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway for the payment of incidental office expenses and for the payment of salaries, fees and expenses.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1328, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating and maintenance and government of a County Home, in each county, for indigent orphans and delinquent, incorrigible, indigent, dependent and neglected children under sixteen years old, and providing for their commitment thereto.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, House Bill No. 1265, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation refunding to Paul C. Wolff, executor of the estate of Thomas H. Lane, certain monies erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. COLDSMITH, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed House Bill No. 1229 (Senate Bill No. 567), entitled:

An Act making an appropraition for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1228 (Senate Bill No. 563), entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of Mckean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1190, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Robinson Furniture Company, a corporation of Dubois, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School, at Morganaz, Pennsylvania

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 627, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania.

Mr. FLYNN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 862, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the liquidation of certain mortgage indebtedness assumed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the purchase of certain State Normal Schools

Mr. EBY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 861, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Lock Haven State Normal School

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1024, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education, for the purchase by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, of State Normal schools in this Commonwealth and for liquidating the indebtedness of the same existing at the time of the purchase thereof.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 146, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Dayton Normal Institute, of Dayton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 101, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 778, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh for the general maintenance of the University, for the purchase of apparatus and equipment, for an addition to the School of Mines building, for an addition to the School of Medicine Building, and for the erection of a building for the School of Education of the University.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1111, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University for the use of Garretson Hospital, Philadelphia.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1127, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University for the use of the Samaritan Hospital, Philadelphia.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 69, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cheyney Training School for Teachers, (formerly the Institute for Colored Youth), at Cheyney, Delaware County.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 557, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Philadelphia Museums.

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 541, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art, of Philadelphia.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended. House Bill No. 209, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania, at Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 692, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons, of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania, at Fountain Springs, near Ashland, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 449, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children, before they are of school age, at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road, Philadelphia.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 759, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to be used in deepening straightening widening and otherwise improving Turtle Creek, so as to prevent damage and danger from floods and overflows and granting to the said State Highway Department the authority to make such improvements.

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1418, entitled:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane, to be erected west of the Allegheny Mountains, and to be known as the Western State Hospital for the Insane; providing for the management of the same and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said Hospital.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 629, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for providing erecting completing regulating and maintaining armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 938, entitled:

An Act amending section three of an act approved the ninth day of June, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psycopathic wards in certain hospitals, providing for the regulation thereof, the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards, and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto," as amended by the 3rd section of an act approved the 1st day of May, A. D. One thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act to amend the 3rd section of an act approved the 9th day of June, One thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled an act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psycopathic wards in certain hospitals; providing for regulation thereof, the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards, and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto; providing for the payment of expenses of maintenance and treating persons received therein, other than those committed by court.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 650, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital at Coaldale, Coaldale, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriation reported as amended, House Bill No. 1044, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons, at Mercer, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 567, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane, at Warren, Pennsylvania.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 908, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-minded, at Elwyn, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 799, entitled;

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, for maintenance and education of State pupils, and also a special appropriation for two deaf, dumb and blind pupils.

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 177, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 507, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and payment of deficiency existing and providing that all moneys received from the United States Government by the Governor of Pennsylvania on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 603, entitlea:

An Act making an appropriation for the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Blossburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SINCLAIR, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 805, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cottage State Hospital, at Connellsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 594, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to further carry into effect the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to be incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county; providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant of claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1417, entitled:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane, to be erected East of the Allegheny Mountains and to be known as the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane; providing for the management of the same, and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and the preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 376, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to carry out further the provisions of the act approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State canal basins at the port of Erie by dredging the said basins; for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins, and erecting certain walls in the same, for the protection of the said State canal basins, with harbor of Erie; authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements; and providing for regulating the manner in which said basins shall be used by the pupils, and kept in repairs."

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1171 (Senate Bill No. 456), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 478, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the insane for the Southeastern district of Pennsylvania, located at Norristown.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 709, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital at Nanticoke, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, at Philadelphia.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools, in the eastern district of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 670, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situated in the eastern district of the Commonwealth, to defray the expenses of erecting and furnishing an additional cottage, a school house, for the enlargement and improvement of the sewage disposal plant and for the purchase and improvement of additional land in connection with the Girl's Department and to defray the expenses of na extension of the sewage water and electric light for the new Hospital and for a new fire escape for the assembly room in connection with the boy's department.

Mr. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Appoprriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 438, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the insane, at Danville, Pennsylvania.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 44, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1603, entitled:

An Act providing that moneys heretofore appropriated to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern district of Pennsylvania located at Norristown, for the purpose of running a twelve inch iron main from the hospital buildings, to the sewage disposal plant and for recovering settling tanks heretofore appropriated may be expended for the purpose of changing the internal form of said settling plants.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 520, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and the naval militia of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June 1st, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills unpaid and remaining unpaid, at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and for the payment of an annual allowance to commissioned officers of the national guard of Pennsylvania and naval militia of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing at the disposal of the Governor of this Commonwealth the sum of five hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary and making same available to replace or repair armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should such armory buildings be destroyed in whole or in part by fire flood or storm and to replace or repair military stores or supplies stored in such armory buildings and destroyed in whole or in part in like manner and to pay for services and expenses of the national guard incident to actual service under orders of the Governor in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State," approved May twenty-fifth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School, and the Soldiers' Orphans Schools, approved May twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1062, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Far View, Wayne county, and authorizing the Board of Trustees to perform certain work in connection therewith.

Mr HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, at Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended House Bill No. 784, entitled:

An Act to require the reporting by physicians to the State Department of Health of certain occupational Diseases, and providing penalties for violations thereof.

Mr. HACKETT, from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as committed, House Bill No. 134, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred nine, entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters wtihin this Commonwealth; declaring which are game fish, which are food fish, and which are bait fish, and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same, to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair, improper, wasteful, and destructive fishing, and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means; to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens, and to declare their official powers and duties; to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth, and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries, in the waters within the same; to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries; to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit; to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish; and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act, and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid," by adding a section thereto to be known as section eight.

Mr. McCLURE, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as amended, House Bill No. 783, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the clay, ore and graphite mines and stone, slate, marble and granite quarries of Pennsylvania.

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1479, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-three of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, as amended by the fifth section of an act, entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations," approved April seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, requiring the filing of all the reports required by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth and the payment of all taxes due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by certain corporations up to and including the date of the proposed sale, assignment, dispositions and conveyance of the franchise and property of such corporation before the returns authorizing such sale, assignment, disposition and conveyance shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 398, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 518, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Agricultural Experiment station of the Pennsylvania State College to maintain sub-stations for the purpose of making experiments in the improvement, culture curing and preparation of tobacco and providing for the publication of the report thereof.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn

The motion was agreed to, and (at 11.35 o'clock A. M.) the House adjourned to meet on Monday evening, April 26th, 1915, at 8.00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 **121st of the General Assembly**

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, APRIL 26, 1915. No. 48.

SENATE.

MONDAY, April 26, 1915.

The Senate met at 8 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Kind Heavenly Father, we are gathered here from various parts of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, bringing the light by which we are guided, so that this coming in contact with the light from other parts may be crystallized into the very best laws for this State. We pray that all the deliberations of the Senate may be guided by Thy supreme wisdom that comes from on high, so that all they may do may be of such a character as to be pleasing to them when they see the fruits of their labors. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. HOMSHER, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

PRAYING FOR FREE BRIDGE BETWEEN SNYDER AND NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTIES.

Mr. McCONNELL presented four petitions of citizens of Northumberland County praying that the bridge between Snyder and Northumberland Counties be made a free bridge.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented four petitions of citizens of Snyder County praying that the bridge between Snyder and Northumberland Counties be made a free bridge.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO MOLLY PITCHER.

The Chair presented petition of citizens of Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The Chair also presented petition of Washington Camp No. 209, P. O. S. of A., of Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, Pa., favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The Chair also presented petition of Chapter No. 34 of Daughters of Liberty of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON presented a petition of Washington Camp, No. 875, P. O. S. of A., of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pa., favoring erection of memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HINDMAN presented two petitions of citizens of Clarion County favoring erection of memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. THOMPSON presented a petition of Washington Camp, No. 875, P. O. S. of A., of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pa., praying for the erection of memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

He also presented two petitions of citizens of Lawrence County, praying for erection of memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HINDMAN presented three petitions of citizens of Clarion County praying for the erection of a memorial to the public schools and founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The Chair presented petition of Washington Camp No. 209, P. O. S. of A., of Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, Pa., praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The Chair also presented petition of the citizens of Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee of Appropriations.

The Chair also presented petition of Chapter No. 34 of the Daughters of Liberty of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., praying for the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

The Chair presented petition of citizens of Conewago, York County, favoring the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. PHIPPS asked and obtained leave of absence for Senator from Crawford, Mr. Raymond E. Smith, on account of illness.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. MAGEE from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 957 (House Bill No. 906), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof.

Mr. BURKE from the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 568, entitled:

An Act for the relief of indigent war veterans and their families; and imposing certain powers and duties upon poor authorities, organizations composed of war veterans and the officers thereof.

Mr. McKEE from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1006 (House Bill No. 1032), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1895, as amended to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An Act authorizing the sale by cities of the first class of their bonds to the Sinking Fund Commissioners of such cities without advertisement in certain cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1015, entitled:

An Act to provide that the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by cities of the first class shall constitute a Consolidated Loan Fund which may be appropriated and used for any purpose for which loans shall have been authorized or issued by such cities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1016, entitled:

An Act for the relief of Canfield Dorwin Freeman, refunding the sum of $155.01, collateral inheritance tax paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the presumption that he was dead.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KURTZ (at the request of Mr. Crow), read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property, real and personal by any literary, scientific, educational, religious, charitable, benevolent or beneficial society, church, congregation, association or body whether incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or puposes; fixing the amount of such property which may thus be held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 35, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof

Amend section eight article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which reads as follows "Section 8 The debt of any county city borough township school district or other municipality or incorporated district except as herein provided shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law but any city the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate at any one time upon such valuation except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes or for the construction of wharves and docks or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks as public improvements owned or to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia and which shall yield to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted Provided That a sinking-fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained" so that it shall read as follows

Section 8 The debt of any county city borough township school district or other municipality or incorporated district except as herein provided shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law but any city the debt of which on the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four exceeded seven per centum of such assessed valuation and has not since been reduced to less than such per centum may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum in the aggregate at any one time upon such valuation The city of Philadelphia upon the condition hereinafter set forth may increase its indebtedness to the extent of three per centum in excess of seven per centum upon such assessed valuation for the specific purpose of providing for all or any of the following purposes—to wit For the construction and improvement of subways tunnels railways elevated railways and other transit facilities for the construction and improvement of wharves and docks and for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves and docks owned or to be owned by said city Such increase however shall only be made with the assent of the electors thereof at a public election to be held in such manner as shall be provided by law In ascertaining the borrowing capacity of said city of Philadelphia at any time there shall be excluded from the calculation a credit where the work resulting from any previous expenditure for any one or more of the specific purposes hereinabove enumerated shall be yielding to said city an annual current net revenue the amount of which credit shall be ascertained by capitalizing the annual net revenue during the year immediately preceding the time of such ascertainment Such capitalization shall be accomplished by ascertaining the principal amount which would yield such annual current net revenue at the average rate of interest and sinking-fund charges payable upon the indebtedness incurred by said city for such purposes up to the time of such ascertainment. The method of determining such amount so to be excluded or allowed as a credit may be prescribed by the General Assembly

In incurring indebtedness for any one or more of said purposes of construction improvement or reclamation the city of Philadelphia may issue its obligations maturing not later than fifty years from the date thereof with provision for a sinking-fund sufficient to retire said obligation at maturity the payments to such sinking-fund to be in equal or graded annual instalments Such obligations may be in an amount sufficient to provide for and may include the amount of the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing and which may accrue thereon throughout the period of construction and until the expiration of one year after the completion of the work for which said indebtedness shall have been incurred and said city shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania until the expiration of said period of one year after the completion of such work

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 493, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifteen entitled "An Act concerning divorces" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifteen entitled "An Act concerning divorces" and which as amended by an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act supplementing and amending section two of an act entitled 'An Act concerning divorces' approved March thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifteen regulating the submission of issues of fact to a jury the appointment of masters in proceedings for divorce defining the powers of the court and the practice in relation thereto Repealing an act approved March tenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" reads as follows

"Section 2 And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid That if any person hath been or shall be injured as aforesaid the husband in his own proper person or the wife by her next friend may exhibit his or her petition or libel to the judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county where the injured party resides in term time or to one of the judges of the same court in the vacation at least thirty days before the next term setting forth therein particularly and specially the cause of his or her complaint and shall together with such petition or libel also exhibit an affidavit on oath or affirmative taken before one of the same judges or a justice of the peace of the proper county that the facts contained in the said petition or libel are true to the best of his or her knowledge and belief and that the said complaint is not made out of levity or by collusion between the said husband and wife and for the mere purpose of being freed and separated from each other but in sincerity and truth for the causes mentioned in the said petition or libel and thereupon a subpoena shall issue from the said court signed by one of the judges thereof directed to the party so complained against commanding him or her to appear at the next or any subsequent court of common pleas to answer the said petition or libel and upon due proof at the return of the said subpoena that the same shall have been served personally upon the said party wherever found or that a copy had been given to him or her fifteen days before the return of the same the said court shall and may make such preparatory rules and orders in the cause that the same may be brought to a hearing and determined at the term to which said process may be returnable or afterwards at which hearing the court may determine the same ex parte if necessary but either of the parties who shall desire any matter of fact that is affirmed by the one and denied by the other to be tried by a jury may take a rule upon the opposite party to be allowed by a judge of the court of common pleas to show cause why the issues of fact set forth in the said rule shall not be tried by a jury which said rule shall be served upon the opposite party or his or her counsel Upon the return of said rule and after hearing the court may discharge it or make it absolute or frame issues itself and only the issues as ordered by the court shall be tried accordingly but such rule shall not be made absolute when in the opinion of the court a trial by jury cannot be had without prejudice to public morals When neither of the parties takes a rule as aforesaid or when after hearing the rule is discharged the court may proceed to hear the cause or may upon motion of either party appoint a master to take the testimony and return the same to the court together with a report of the proceedings had before him and his opinion of the case and may upon the application of either party and upon such terms as it may order authorize and direct the master to take testimony of witnesses in any other country state or territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States or in any foreign country And the said court shall have power to adopt rules regulating the proceedings before the master and fixing his fees" is further amended to read as follows

Section 2 And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid That if any person hath been or shall be injured as aforesaid the husband or the wife may exhibit his or her petition or libel to the judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county where the injured party resides in term time or to one of the judges of the same court in the vacation at least thirty days before the next term setting forth therein particularly and specially the cause of his or her complaint and shall together with such petition or libel also exhibit an affidavit on oath or affirmation taken before one of the same judges or any person in the county legally authorized to take acknowledgments that the facts contained in the said petition or libel are true to the best of his or her knowledge and belief and that the said complaint is not made out of levity or by collusion between the said husband and wife and for the mere purpose of being freed and separated from each other but in sincerity and truth for the causes mentioned in the said petition or libel and thereupon a subpoena shall issue from the said court signed by one of the judges thereof directed to the party so complained against commanding him or her to appear at the next or any subsequent court of common pleas to answer the said petition or libel and upon due proof at the return of the said subpoena that the same shall have been served personally upon the said party whenever found or that a copy had been given to him or her fifteen days before the return of the same the said court shall and may make such preparatory rules and orders in the cause that the same may be brought to a hearing and determined at the term to which said process may be returnable or afterwards at which hearing the court may determine the same ex parte if necessary but either of the parties who shall desire any matter of fact that is affirmed by the one and denied by the other to be tried by a jury may take a rule upon the opposite party to be allowed by a judge of the court of common pleas to show cause why the issues of fact set forth in the said rule shall not be tried by a jury which said rule shall be served upon the opposite party or his or her counsel Upon the return of said rule after hearing the court may discharge it or make it absolute or frame issues itself and only the issues as ordered by the court shall be tried accordingly but such rule shall not be made absolute when in the opinion of the court a trial by a jury cannot be had without prejudice to public morals When neither of the parties takes a rule as aforesaid or when after hearing the rule is discharged the court may proceed to hear the cause or may upon motion of either party appoint a master to take the testimony and return the same to the court together with a report of the proceedings had before him and his opinion of the case and may upon the application of either party and upon such terms as it may order authorize and direct the master to take testimony of witnesses in any other country state or territory subject to the jurisdiction of the United States or in any foreign country And the said court shall have power to adopt rules regulating the proceedings before the master and fixing his fees

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered. That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 610, as follows:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act each county of this Commonwealth shall be required to bear and pay the expenses of holding the primary elections in said county

Section 2 That so much of section twelve of the act of July twelve one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State Committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" which provides for the payment out of the State Treasury of the expenses of holding primary elections and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—16.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Jenkins,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Snyder, P. W.,
Vare,

NAYS—26.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Clark,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McKee, W. S.,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Semmens,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 709, on final passage, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three six and seven of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to operators train despatchers or other employes who by use of the telegraph or telephone despatch reports transmit receive or deliver orders pertaining to or affecting train movements and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 941, on final passage, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to make the proviso to section thirteen of said act operative where two or more candidates for the office of judge of any court of record consisting of several judges are to be elected at one election

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie County Anti-Tuberculosis Society located at Erie Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 49, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the blind

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner.
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its navigable tributaries

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title in line 1, by inserting the words "An Act" before the word "Making."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended.

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 204, entitled:

An Act to authorize the acquisition by purchase or condemnation of lands for a park and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the River Delaware and for the appointment of a commission to acquire such lands and erect such monument and making an appropriation for the purposes of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder. C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,

Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins.
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 248 (House No. 103), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I would like to have an opportunity to say a few words on behalf of this bill. This bill has been framed by Mr. Dunn, who is a member of the Legislature from my district. It concerns the Eighth Pennsylvania District only. It refers to an opportunity for the School Board in that vicinity to reduce the school tax of the farmers in the suburban districts so that they cannot be charged as much as those who have the benefit of more school facilities and are nearer to the high schools. I thought it possible that some of the members of the Senate might not understand the details and I deemed it wise to say a word at this time.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as folows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark.
Croft,
Daix.
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 255, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation" as relates to the sale or delivery of necessaries of life on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 298, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carlisle Hospital of Carlisle Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 344, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to promote and encourage manufacturing within the Commonwealth by exempting machinery therein from State and local taxation

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 953 (House Bill No. 1180), bill on final passage postponed for the present, on page four of today's calendar, entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 953 (House No. 1180), entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, so that the Senate may have some idea about this bill which we have before us for our consideration, I have here a statement made by a man who has made a thorough investigation of these mausoleums erected in cities of the same class in public places, not in cemeteries, who has made a thorough study of the subject. He says:

"The building of Community Mausoleums in thickly populated districts, or in cemeteries located in such districts, or on Public Streets and Boulevards, is against public policy and a menace to the health of the citizens living in the district.

In the 14th Ward, City of Pittsburgh, with a population of 16,000 and assessed property valuation of $54,921,000, are located three cemeteries that are exempt from taxation and their charters do not allow them to sell space to other corporations for profit.

The promoters of a recent projected Mausoleum for a capacity of 2,000 crypts, after finding they were unable to secure space in a cemetery in the City of Pittsburgh, purchased a site on one of our prominent boulevards, the Beechwood Boulevard, and within 200 feet of one of our main thoroughfares, Forbes Street. This site is located in the very midst of the finest residential section in the City of Pittsburgh. The mere advertisement of the site or location of the proposed Mausoleum, has already depreciated the property in the vicinity and has stopped the erection of twenty new residences, one of which was to cost over $100,000, and located directly opposite this site. The others ranging down to $15,000 each. It has stopped the sale entirely of all classes of property in the vicinity and depreciated not only the homes of the wealthy, but of the wage earner who has invested his life earnings in a little home.

These public Mausoleum propositions are nearly all promotion schemes and I would cite that the cost of this proposed Mausoleum was to be $400,000 and they expect to sell space for the sum of $1,200,000, leaving the promoters a profit of $800,000, less promotion expenses.

These people do not care whether the building is sanitary or not and it usually becomes a public nuisance and a burden upon the taxpayers, as they have all their money before the building is started and when completed they move to some other profitable neighborhood.

From a sanitary standpoint, these Community Mausoleum, as erected by promoters, became a menace—as the methods employed for the destroying of the odors depend upon strict attention to the renewal of chemicals or other apparatus which in time wears out. But even If neglected for a day or two will permit an odor that can be detected within a radius of a mile of the Mausoleums. There is nothing to prevent the interment in Community Mausoleums of bodies of persons who have died of contagious diseases.

The City of Cleveland and the County in which it is located do not permit the erection of Community Mausoleums within 7 miles of the city limits.

I am enclosing you a number of duplicate pamphlets from which you can obtain some facts which have been fully investigated by the Information Bureau of Ohio. I am indeed sorry to trouble you this matter, but I believe that this bill should be passed as it is, without amendment."

I desire to read for the benefit of the members of the Senate from the report of the Community Mausoleum Investigating Committee of Kenton, Ohio:

"The proposition as it is now being promoted throughout the country, in all cases which have come to our notice is nothing short of a "Get Rich Quick" scheme. We have investigated buildings that have been built under practically all the different patents that have been granted on this character of structures (of which there are many) and we have yet to find that any one knowing the first principles of mortuary architecture would not pronounce a joke. To be more specific, we will say that no building of this character, unoccupied by heat and life, containing a greater number of crypts than can be covered by a solid slab of granite or a granite keystone roof and surrounded by walls of granite of proper thickness, with each piece of heroic size, having the crypts made of granite, marble, slate or glass, can withstand the climatic conditions of this country for any reasonable length of time unless it is being continually repaired.

In contrast to this, the Community Mausoleum is practically all built of concrete (the poorest material in the world in our opinion for this class of structure on account of its absorptiveness), the promoters through their talk and advertisements lead the public to believe that their buildings are constructed of granite, marble and bronze (or Stone, Marble and Bronze, while in fact, the whole buildings including walls, roof, crypts, floors, etc., are first moulded of concrete and then a thin veneer placed around it with either small pieces of rough Granite, some of which are so small that they could be tossed with the hand, laid up in rubble work with many outlandish joints, or, with Stone or Brick. The interior is veneered with marble which adds beauty but not permanency and in many buildings we have inspected we have found that the builders even used wall plaster, the thought of which in connection with such a structure is ridiculous, to say the least."

The promoters of this scheme use very pleasing arguments, show elaborate plans, which are Creek to most people who inspect them, and they usually have a picture of their proposed building drawn in perspective, which they place on display in the town where they are attempting to build. This picture represents from a point of proportion what the building will be, if built, about as nearly as would a picture of the White House."

"The methods adopted by Community Mausoleum Companies for the sanitation of their buildings is to have air inlet and outlet pipes with automatic valves connected with each crypt, supposedly have the air pass through a tank containing formaldehyde, but in many buildings inspected, we found that no arrangement had been made for the placing or renewing of this chemical, and even if there had been, many noted chemists claim that a chemical of so rapid deterioration as formaldehyde, would not sufficiently purify the air coming from decomposing bodies to not render it detrimental to public health. In addition to this, the air inlet and outlets are usually constructed of common black pipe, which being contained in a building that cannot be otherwise than damp because of the condensation that takes place with every change of the temperature, will soon rust out. The automatic valves, after standing unmolested for a time, become corroded, and stick the same as any hand operated valve."

Mr. President, this committee who made this investigation also cited many cities throughout the United States who prevented the erection of these crypts on the ground of public policy, that no matter how much protection you may use in keeping down the odor, especially where people died of contagious diseases, it will be a particular menace. On the ground that this being erected in one of the best residential sections of our city, right in the public thoroughfare, where it has deteriorated the value of property in that district, and also that the air will become permeated for squares and squares around, I want to bring this to the attention of the members of the Senate so that they may know the reason for the introduction of this bill. In this behalf, I ask the members of the Senate to vote for this bill.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Patton,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.
Sones,
Thompson,
Vare,

NAYS—11.

Burke
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
Mills,
Moore,
Phipps,
Schantz.
Smith, W. W.,
Stewart,
Tompkins.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 714.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 714, on page 6 of last Wednesday's calendar, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale furnishing giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium morphine heroin cocaine codeine or any salts derivatives or compounds thereof and providing penalties

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I voted "No."

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT How did the Senator vote?

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I voted "No."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Kline,
Martin,
McConnell,
Miller,
Moore,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,

NAYS—11.

Farley,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.
Mills,
Patton,
Sones,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles S. Kline) in the Chair.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 363 on third reading, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Topographic and Geologic Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the act of May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 671.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 671 (House Bill No. 870), on page 6 of the calendar of April 21, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenues to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I voted "No."

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I voted "No."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Beidleman,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
Miller,
Mills,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—3.

Homsher,
Martin,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McCONNEL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 367 on third reading, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Felds situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for its maintenance and support for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the erection and completion of burnt ward finishing Nurses' Home and furnishing and equipping same pathological laboratory drug room and superintendent's home furniture furnishings repairs and improvements of the above and providing the manner of payment of said appropriation

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane at Allentown Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 479, entitled:

An Act to regulate the grading packing marking shipping and sale of apples and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Schantz,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,

Gyger,
Hackett,
Martin,
McConnell,
Semmens,
Stewart,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—3.

Hoke,
Phipps,
Sensenich,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 531, on third reading, entitled:

> An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 616, entitled:

> An Act making an appropriation for the joint acquisition and maintenance by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges over the Delaware River

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 656, entitled:

> An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 664, entitled:

> An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Wernersville Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
mnkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 678 (House No. 913), entitled:

> An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

An said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I want to state for the information of the Senate that this bill on which we are now to vote makes a radical change in the School Code of 1911 by providing that those teachers throughout the Commonwealth who held local certificates prior to the passage of the Act of 1911 shall be entitled to permanent State certificates without examination under the State Board of Education. The Act of 1911 was passed to make education uniform throughout the State and this bill is a step backward to the old methods which prevailed prior to the passage of that act, and should not be passed.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I desire to state emphatically that this bill does not give any teacher a permanent certificate without an examination. When the School Code was adopted in 1911 there were a large number of teachers in this State who held what were then known as permanent certificates. These permanent certificates were obtained by passing an examination which was held by examiners appointed by the State Ssuperintendent of Public Instruction in all the Counties of the Commonwealth. The only change that the School Code worked in that regard was that instead of having an examining board in every county the State was divided into twenty-six districts and the examining boards are now twenty-six instead of sixty-seven. This bill provides that every teacher who held a permanent certificate which was obtained by having passed the examination under the prior board can get the present certificate if he passes all the requisite subjects which are required under the School Code, for the present permanent State certificate, and any teacher who has had a certain number of subjects which he acquired and for which he held a permanent certificate will be given credit for these subjects only, and the subjects which are not on the certificate must be obtained by passing the State Board examination. There is absolutely no reason why the certificate that had been issued by the Department of Public Instruction under the system as it existed from 1901 to 1911 should not be recognized and there is no reason why a teacher who passed the requisite number of subjects as required by the present school code should not get the certificate as this bill calls for.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Senator from Lehigh, Mr. Schantz.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Lehigh, Mr. Schantz, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, Yes, sir.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Senator from Lehigh whether the Examining Boards prior to 1911 were appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction?

Mr SCHANTZ. Mr. President, Yes, sir, at the recommendation of the County Superintendent, the same as they are now.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, my understanding is that these examining boards were elected and appointed by the local Superintendent and not under the State Superintendent at all and that there were as many different forms of examinations as there were counties in the State, and there was no uniformity among them at all.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, since 1901, the examining Boards were appointed by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. The examinations were held by the examining boards and all the papers submitted to the Department of Public Instruction and by them examined before a permanent certificate was issued, the same as now. The only difference was, as I have said, that instead of sixty-seven examining boards, there are now only twenty-six.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley.
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch;
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills.
Moore.
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus.
Schantz,
Semmens.
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W..
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—3.

Hoke,
Magee, C. J.
McKee, W. S.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 688, entitled:

An Act to give exclusive jurisdiction to the municipal court of Philadelphia over all houses of detention established within the limits of the City of Philadelphia providing that the board of managers of the said houses of detention shall be appointed and removed by the president judge of the municipal court of Philadelphia and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 711, as follows:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other-like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "film" used in this act means what is usually known as a motion-picture film

The word "view" used in this act means what is usually known as a stereopticon view or slide

The word "person" includes an association co-partnership or a corporation

USE OF FILMS REELS OR VIEWS PROHIBITED

Section 2 It shall be unlawful to sell lease lend exhibit or use any motion-picture film reel or view in Pennsylvania unless the said film reel or view has been submitted by the exchange owner or lessee of the film reel or view and duly approved by the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors hereinafter in this act called the Board

BOARD OF CENSORS

Section 3 The Board shall consist of three residents and citizens of Pennsylvania two males and one female well qualified by education and experience to act as Censors under this act One male member of the Board shall be Chairman the female member shall be Vice-Chairman and one male member shall be Secretary They shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of three years Those first appointed under this act shall be appointed for three years two years and one year respectively the respective terms to be designated by the Governor

Section 4 A vacancy in the membership of the Board shall be filled for the unexpired term by the Governor A vacancy shall not impair the right and duty of the remaining members to perform all the functions of the Board

SEAL

Section 5 The Board shall procure and use an official seal which shall contain the words "Pennsylvania State Board of Censors" together with such design engraved thereon as the Board may prescribe

APPROVALS BY BOARD

Section 6 The Board shall examine or supervise the examinations of all films reels or views to be exhibited or used in Pennsylvania and shall approve or withhold approval from such films reels or views The Board shall approve such films reels or views which are moral and proper and shall disapprove such as are sacrilegous obscene indecent or immoral or such as tend in the judgment of the Board to debase or corrupt the morals incite to riot or prejudice the public mind This section shall not apply to a proper announcement or advertising slides

STAMPING FILMS REELS AND VIEWS

Section 7 Upon each film reel or view which has been approved by the Board there shall be furnished and stamped by the Board the following certificate or statement

"Approved by
Pennsylvania State Board
of Censors"

and shall also furnish a certificate in writing to the same effect which certificate shall be exhibited to any member of the Board or employe thereof upon demand of the holder thereof

In the case of motion-pictures such statement shall be shown on the screen to the extent of approximate four feet of film

In the case of slides or views each set shall have at least two slides or views shown with a similar statement

RECORD OF EXAMINATIONS

Section 8 The Board shall keep a record of all examinations made by it of films reels or views noting on the record all films reels or views which have been approved and those which have not been approved with the reason for such disapproval

REPORT

Section 9 The Board shall report in writing annually to the Governor on or before the first day of November of each year The report shall show

1 A record of its meetings and a summary of its proceedings during the year immediately preceding the date of the report

2 The results of all examinations of films reels or views

3 A detailed statement of all prosecutions for violation of this act

4 A detailed and itemized statement of all expenditures made by or on behalf of the Board

5 Such other information as the Board may deem necessary or useful in explanatioin of the operations of the Board

6 Such other information as shall be requested by the Governor

OATH AND BOND

Section 10 The Chairman Vice-Chairman and Secretary shall before assuming the duties of their respective offices take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the Constitution of Pennsylvania and shall enter into bonds to the Commonwealth in the sum of three thousand dollars two thousand dollars and two thousand dollars respectively conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties

SALARIES

Section 11 The Chairman shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars the Vice-Chairman an annual salary of two thousand dollars and the Secretary an annual salary of two thousand dollars The salaries shall be payable monthly

EXPENSES

Section 12 Each member and employe of the Board shall be allowed all expenses of whatsoever nature actually and necessarily incurred by him or her in carrying out the purposes of this act

EMPLOYES

Section 13 The Chairman shall appoint with the approval of the Governor the following employes One chief clerk at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of one thousand dollars each two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one chief inspector at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars three inspectors at salaries of fourteen hundred dollars each three inspectors at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator who shall be an electrician at a salary of fourteen hundred dollars two operators at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator at a salary of one thousand dollars two messengers at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one assistant operator or patcher at a salary of six hundred dollars one assistant patcher at a salary of four hundred and eighty dollars The salaries provided for above shall be annual and payable monthly

In addition to the employes enumerated above the Chairman my with the approval of the Governor appoint such additional employes as the work of the Board may necessarily require The salaries of such additional employes shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of five thousand dollars annually

OFFICES

Section 14 The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide adequate offices for the Board in Harrisburg and in such other cities of the Commonwealth as the Board may require in carrying out the intent and provisions of this act

SUPPLIES

Section 15 Upon requisition of the Board the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall furnish to the Board all furniture books stationery supplies machines and paraphernalia necessary in the work of the Board

PRINTING AND BINDING

Section 16 The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the Board or the proper preservation of the records of the Board including the printing of two thousand copies of the Annual Report and the binding thereof shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the Board

FEES

Section 17 For the examination of each film reel or set of views of one thousand two hundred lineal feet or less the Board shall receive in advance a fee of one dollar and one dollar for each duplicate or print thereof if such examination of the duplicate or print thereof is applied for at the same time and by the same person

FEES AND FINES

Section 18 All fees received by the Board and all fines imposed for violation of this act shall be by the Board paid into the State Treasury

Section 19 The money necessary to carry out the purpose of this act shall be appropriated by the General Assembly to the Board bienially as an item in the General Appropriation Bill

REGULATIONS OF EXHIBITIONS

Section 20 Any member or employe of the Board may enter any place where films reels or views are exhibited sold or leased and such member or employe is hereby empowered and authorized to prevent the display or exhibition of any film reel or view which has not been duly approved by the Board

REGULATION OF BANNERS POSTERS AND ADVERTISING MATTER

Section 21 All banners posters and other like advertising matter shall be submitted to the Board for its approval and the Board shall withhold approval from such as are misleading or improper

RULES

Section 22 This act shall be enforced by the Board In carrying out and enforcing the purposes of this act it may adopt such reasonable rules as it may deem necessary Such rules shall not be inconsistent with the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 23 All disbursements of such a nature as to make it impracticable for the Board to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expense shall be paid out of money specifically appropriated for that purpose in the manner provided by an act entitled "An Act prescribing the method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to the departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State Government" approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

DUTIES OF PERSONS WHO SELL LEASE EXHIBIT OR USE FILMS REELS OR VIEWS

Section 24 Every person intending to sell lease exhibit or use any film reel or view in Pennsylvania shall furnish the Board when the application for approval is made a description of the film reel or view to be exhibited sold or leased and the purposes thereof and shall submit the film reel or view to the Board for examination and shall also furnish a statement or affidavit that the duplicate film reel or view is an exact copy of the original film reel or view as submitted for examination to the Board and that all eliminations changes or rejections made or required by the Board in the original film reel or view has been or will be made in the duplicate

INTERFERENCE WITH EMPLOYES OF BOARD

Section 25 It shall be unlawful for any person to hinder or interfere in any manner with any member or employe of the Board while performing any duties in carrying out the intent or provisions of this act

RE-EXAMINATION AND APPEAL

Section 26 If any elimination or disapproval of a film reel or view ir ordered by the Board the person submitting such film reel or view will receive immediate notice of such elimination or disapproval and if appealed from such film reel or view will be promptly re-examined in the presence of such person by two or more members of the Board and the same finally approved or disapproved promptly after such re-examination with the right of appeal from the decision of the Board to the court of common pleas of the proper county

PENALTIES

Section 27 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act and is convicted thereof summarily before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for the first offense For any subsequent offense the fine shall be not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars In default of payment of a fine and costs the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the prison of the county where such offense was committed for not less than ten days and not more than thirty days All fines shall be paid by the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace to the Board and by it paid into the State Treasury Any film reel or view exhibited sold or leased which has not been approved by the Board shall be confiscated to and taken possession of by the said Board

Section 28 If any person shall fail to display or exhibit on the screen the approval seal as issued by the Board of a film reel or view which has been approved and is convicted summarily before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five dollars and not more than ten dollars in default of payment of a fine and costs the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the prison of the county where such offense was committed for not less than two days and not more than five days

LIMITATION OF SCOPE OF ACT

Section 29 This act does not apply to any exhibition of or use of films reels or views for purely educational charitable fraternal or religious purpose by any religious association fraternal society library museum public school or private school institution of learning or by any corporation of the first class

Section 30 The several sections and provisions of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and it is the legislative intent that if any of said sections or provisions are declared to be unconstitutional such section or provision shall not effect any other portion of this act

REPEAL

Seection 31 The act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving-pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,
On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend Section 6 in line 11 by striking out the words "a proper;" also in section 7 in line 13, by striking out the word "approximate" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "approximately;" also in section 10 in lines 6 and 7 by striking out the brackets; also in section 11 in lines 4 and 5 by striking out the brackets; also in section 14 oy adding at the end thereof the following words: "adequate projecting or inspecting rooms shall be provided in Philadelphia and maintained by the Board;" also in sectinon 20 in line 8 by striking out the words "sold or leased;" also in section 21 by striking out the Section and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "No banner, poster or other like advertising matter shall contain anything that is immoral or improper. A copy of such banner and poster shall be submitted to the Board;" also in section 27 in line 13 by striking out the words "Any film, reel or view" and by striking out lines 14, 15 and 16; also in section 28 in line 4, by striking out the word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "any."

The PRESIDENT. Is there any objection ? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 721 (House No. 153), entitled

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I would like to call the attention of the Senate to Section 7 in this bill, which says: "It is unlawful to feed offal, blood or slaughter house refuse to swine within two hundred yards of an establishment." An establishment means where the slaughtering is done. Nobody desires to feed carrion, but I want you to understand that there are slaughter houses placed upon land where men cannot feed this offal two hundred feet away. So that man, who butchers, must either buy more land, go out of business, or violate the law. Section 9 says: "It is unlawful in an establishment to permit any meat or meat food product to be touched or handled by any percon other than the owner, lessee or manager of an establishment or other than the agent or employee of such owner lessee or manager, or to permit any meat or meat food product to be exposed to insects, animals or fowls." Now, my fellow Senators, if I have a beef that I cannot raise myself, I must employ a neighbor in order to come in and help me. He cannot come in free of charge, as he usually does and help raise this beef, because he must touch it. Now you all know that that is absolutely wrong. It is as arbitrary as it can be. It is a innovation and we do not propose to stand that. None of you gentlemen will consent to such arbitrary measures as that to be enforced by any department. A little further down says: "It is unlawful to sell, offer for sale, or to expose for sale, any meat or meat food product from swine to which have been fed any offal, blood, slaughter house refuse or carrion." Nobody would feed them carrion, and any of you who have ever been on the farm know that the offal of all the slaughter houses is fed to hogs, and they get fat. And you also know that we buy beef scrap to feed to hogs which is the refuse of the slaughter houses and mix them with other food that we feed to hogs, and yet we are prevented by this law from feeeding this offal to our hogs and other animal, and further along that line we buy beef scrap which is a by-product of the packing house to feed our chickens, and I am sure if any of you Senators come to our houses and eat our pork or our eggs, the only complaint that you would make possibly would be that you would not get quite enough. It is good all the same.. Another thing I do not want to take much of your time. The agents of the Sanitary Board shall make this inspection, and as many of them as may be needed, and also the agents of the packing houses by authority of the same Board shall also be allowed to inspect the establishments. The Sanitary Board is going into partnership with the packing houses, and recognizing their Inspectors. Why do not these department inspectors inspect all these butcher shops themselves, whether they are under the control of the packing houses or individuals, and also the Inspecors of the United States Sanitary Department can have the privilege of inspecting these butcher shops. Gentlemen of the Senate I want to say to you that it seems to me that the time will soon come if these conditions are to prevail when you and I will have to have our hands sterilized before we can clasp the hand of another. If these conditions prevail we will have to be inspected before we can draw our breath or draw our salaries. I hope, gentlemen, that this bill will be killed, and all others like it. I want to say to you that weare inspected and we are departmented until we are scarcely a free people anymore.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, this bill has been prepared by the State Veterinary Department, and by the State Livestock Sanitary Board after a careful study of the disease of hoof and mouth which extended among the cattle of the Commonwealth. There are many butcher shops in this Commonwealth where the hogs are permitted to come into the butcher shop and eat the offal. In that shop the result has been that the State Livestock Sanitary Board has almost found it impossible to take care of the spread of these various diseases among cattle. The gentleman from Greene is not aware of the fact that if his neighbor comes in, as he suggested, he does not have to pay him, in order to create him his agent, because when he asks him to come there he creates the neighbor his agent within the meaning of this act so that it does not prevent the neighbor or any other person coming in and helping the man who is doing the butchering, but as I have already said, this is the result of a careful study of the State Livestock Sanitary Board and the State Veterinary Department. They have put into this bill the result of their experience which has cost the State hundreds of thousands of dollars in recent years in order to curb this disease, and the purpose of asking that this bill should be passed and enacted into a law is to put these various matters under the control of the State Livestock Sanitary Board and be properly controlled there.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, section 9 says: "It is unlawful in an establishment to permit any meat or meat food product to be touched or handled by any person other than the owner, lessee or manager of an establishment."

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, will the gentleman read the rest of the section?

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I have read enough to show that what has been stated is true, "or manager of any establishment, or other than the agent or employe of such owner, lessee or manager, or to permit any meat or meat food product to be exposed to insects, animals or fowls." Now it cannot be touched by anybody but an employe, and that is what I said, and section 9 says so.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, section 9 expressly provides: "by any person other than the owner, lessee or manager of an establishment, or other than the agent, or employe of such owner, lessee or manager." That language certainly means, if it means anything, that a man can constitute any person he desires to have assist him in his butchering to be his agent. He does not have to pay the agent or employe in order to make him such agent, or employe. The minute you ask him to come in and assist you you create him an agent or employe and he is permitted to help and assist you, and there is not a member of the Senate but who feels that meat which is taken in the market and sold to the public should be free from insects, animals or fowls.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—16.

Farley,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McKee, W. S.
Moore,
Sensenich,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 792, entitled:

An Act providing for the care protection and maintenance of the brig Niagara Commodore Perry's flag-ship at the battle of Lake Erie and now the property of the State of Pennsylvania creating a commission to be called the Niagara Commission and making an appropriation for such care protection and maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1018, entitled:

An Act designating the trailing arbutus (Epigaea repens) as the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1019, entitled:

An Act relative to the sale in bulk of the whole, or a large part, of a stock of merchandise and fixtures, or merchandise, or fixtures, not in the ordinary course of business; providing certain requirements therefore; imposing certain duties upon the seller; and making their violation a misdemeanor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 805, on third reading, entitled:

An Act limiting the time within which to begin actions in trespass for malicious prosecution and false imprisonment to one year and conspiracy to three years after the injury complained of

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 806, entitled:

An Act creating a Department of Municipal Affairs and defining its powers and duties

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DIAX. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 825 (House Bill No. 628), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 827 (House Bill No. 795), entitled:

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,

NAYS—3.

Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 841, on third reading, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers and providing penalties for the violation thereof

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 870 (House Bill No. 1008), entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 881 (House No. 1110), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania certain money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 895 (House No. 165), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 898 (House No. 485), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 901 (House No. 1061), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 905 (House No. 123), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation of four hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 907 (House No. 1137), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmer's Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 908 (House No. 1143), as follows:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint in the Executive Department in addition to the Private Secretary one executive clerk at a salary of three thousand dollars per annum one commission clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum one clerk who shall be a stenographer and typewriter at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum one clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum one messenger at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum one filing clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum and one night watchman at a salary of ten hundred and eighty dollars per annum

Section 2 The office of assistant executive clerk and the office of page in the Executive Department are hereby abolished.

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 9, by striking out the words "one clerk" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "two clerks."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 912, entitled:

An Act providing for the construction maintenance and operation of main or trunk sanitary sewers and of sewage disposal plants in the several counties of this Commonwealth making such main or trunk sewers and sewage disposal plants county sewers and county disposal plants for the formation of sewer districts in the several counties of this Commonwealth the preparation of separate copies of the assessed value for county purposes of the taxable properties included in such sewer districts authorizing the taking of property for the construction of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and providing for the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in the construction maintaining and operating of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and authorizing the levy of a tax upon said sewer districts to provide a fund for said purposes

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend Section 4, in line 10, by inserting after the word "of" the word "the."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President. I ask unanimous consent to amend Section 4, in line 2, by striking out "mililon" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "million;" also Section 5, in line 11, by striking out the word "of" where it occurs the second time, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or;" also by adding at the end of Section 5, the following: "Provided that the provisions of this act shall not apply to armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and under the supervision of the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania;" also section 6, in line 5, by striking out "Commisisoners" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "commissioners."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 920, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 930, entitled:

An Act relating to the calling in certain cases of judges registered in the "Judicial Assignment Register" of the Supreme Court to districts other than their own and providing for their compensation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 937, entitled:

An Act providing for the regulation of dams or other structures works or obstructions in along across or projecting into any stream or body of water wholly or partly within this Commonwealth forming part of the route of the canal authorized to be constructed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by act of the General Assembly approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen vesting certain powers and duties in the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for this purpose fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and providing equitable remedies for non-compliance with or violation of orders of the aforesaid canal board or of provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Daix,
Endsley,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Thompson,
Vare,

Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—3.

Clark,
Martin,
Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 942, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys deposited in the State Treasury by the State Highway Department under the provisions of act of July seventh one thousand nine hundred and thirteen as fees for the registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making appropriation of the whole amount received and balance remaining in State Treasury

go over in its order

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 946 (House Bill No. 630), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee. C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 950 (House Bill No. 1047), entitled:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 969, entitled:

An Act providing a method to locate and erect new bridges to take the place of existing bridges crossing railroads or railways to change location of such bridges and roads connecting therewith to vacate old and existing bridges and roads connecting with the same authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in such construction and authorizing the payment of the same by State county borough township and railroad company as may be determined

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee. C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 978, on third reading, entitled:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER SENATE BILL NO. 155.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 155, on page 3 of last Wednesday's Calendar, entitled:

An Act defining and regulating boxing and wrestling contests

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I voted "No."

Mr SEMMENS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I voted "No."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

A division was called for,

Whereupon,

Ten Senators having voted in the affirmative and nineteen Senators in the negative, the question was determined in the negative.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 156, as follows:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no person firm or corporation shall knowingly sell or expose for sale within this Commonwealth any paint putty turpentine or any substitute therefor marked in any manner so as to tend to deceive the purchaser as to its nature or composition or which is not labeled as hereinafter provided

Section 2 The term "paint" as used in this act shall include oxide of zinc red lead and white lead dry or in any kind of oil or any compound intended for the same use colors ground in oil paste or semi-paste paint and liquid or mixed paint ready for use For the purpose of this act white lead shall mean both the corroded and sublimed product and when the term "white lead" is used on a label to describe either product such terms shall be qualified by the addition of the word "corroded" or "sublimed" as the case may be

Section 3 The label required by this act shall clearly and distinctly state the name and residence of manufacturer of the paint or of the distributor thereof or of the party for whom the same is manufactured Such label shall be printed in plain legible type and so far as possible common English words shall be used instead of technical terms

Section 4 The label on all liquid or mixed paint shall show the net measure of the contents of the contained and on all paste and semi-paste paint sold by weight the net weight of the contents of the package or if sold by measure the net measure of such contents

Section 5 The provisions of this act shall not apply to any articles hereinbefore described which are in this State in the hands of the jobbers and dealers at the time this act takes effect

Section 6 The having in possession by any person firm or corporation dealing therein of any of the articles hereinbefore described and improperly marked or not correctly labeled as provided in this act shall be considered prima facie evidence that the same are kept by such person firm or corporation in violation of the provisions of this act

Section 7 For the purpose of this act an article shall be deemed to be improperly labeled or misbranded (1) If it be an imitation of or offered for sale under the name of another article (2) If the contents of the package as originally put up shall have been removed in whole or in part and other contents shall have been placed in such package (3) If the package containing it or its label shall bear any statement design or device regarding the ingredients or the substances contained therein which statement design or device shall be false or misleading in any particular

Section 8 The Secretary of Agriculture of the Commonwealth is hereby charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this act

Section 9 The Secretary of Agriculture and his assistants experts chemists and agents shall have access to all places of business stores and buildings used for the sale of paint putty turpentine or any substitute therefor and shall have power and authority to open any package can jar tub or other receptacle containing articles subject to the provisions of this act which may there be sold or kept for sale

Section 10 Any violator of any of the provisions of this act or any person knowingly assisting or taking part in the violation of any of said provisions shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished for each offense by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars

Section 11 This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 581. (HOUSE BILL NO. 550).

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 581 (House Bill No. 550), on page 4 of last Monday's calendar, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office of the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess"

was defeated on fianl passage

The PRESIDENT How did the Senator vote?

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I voted "No."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?"

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I voted "No."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I think the Senators misunderstand this bill or they would not vote against a reconsideration. It is a bill that does not grant what it appears to grant here, and that is, that burgesses succeed themselves. That would seem to be the objection to the bill, I understand from Senator Endsley that there is some slight correction that is made in the bill which does not change the existing law but very little, it simply extends the councils' power. The purpose of having this vote reconsidered is simply to get this amendment in that he wants to have inserted.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I rise to a point of order.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator will state his point of order.

Mr. JENKINS. A motion to reconsider must be made, as I understand, within five days, of the vote.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would inform the Senator that those five days mean five legislative days.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

And the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 519 (House Bill No. 637), entitled:

An Act validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred ten without such corporations first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts or obligations upon the payment of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 635 (House Bill No. 418), as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of pulmbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person who at the time of the approval of the act to which this is a supplement was entitled to registration and license as a master or employing plumber under the provisions of section one of said act but who failed to register within the time allowed in said act may within thirty days after the approval of this act make application for registration as a master or employing plumber and be registered and receive a license in the same manner and with the same effect as if such application has been made prior to the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve No such person shall be registered and receive a license until he shall have paid all fees which he would have paid had he been registered and licensed on an application made before said first day of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve and annually thereafter as provided in said act

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 645 (House Bill No. 684), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas, and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, and courts of quarter sessions of the peace, of this Commonwealth, as well as before commissioners, masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners, auditors, and other officers; prescribing their powers and duties, and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported; prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses, when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed, and when by the parties to such proceedings; and repealing an act, entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth; authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners, masters, referees, commissioners, and auditors; authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May eighth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State," approved June tenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven; but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven."

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 651 (House Bill No. 789), entitled:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 661, as follows:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities of cities boroughs and townships are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consents of the local authorities of all of the cities boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act if any railway company heretofore or hereafter incorporated under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and the several supplements and amendments thereto shall by grant by the exercise of the right of eminent domain or by any other means have acquired for the line of railway which it is authorized by its charter to build or any extension or branch thereof a right of way or such easement as may be necessary for the accomplishment of its corporate objects over and through private property or over upon across and along any turnpike or of any railway company incorporated under the said act shall in like manner have acquired for its line of railway or any extension or branch thereof such right of way or easement within the limits of any public street road or bridge or other highway and in addition to the easement or right of way last mentioned has obtained the consent of the local authorities of the city borough or township to which the said public street road or bridge or other highway belongs to the use of the same for the railway of the company last mentioned then and in any such case any such railway company shall not be required before proceeding to construct equip and operate its railway over and through the said private property or over upon across and along the said turnpike or within the limits of the said public street road or bridge or other highway to obtain the consent of the local authorities of all of the cities boroughs or townships through which its said line of railway passes but the said company may forthwith enter upon the said private property or the said turnpike or the said public street road or bridge or other highway and construct equip and operate thereon or therein any part or parts of its said railway as fully and with the same rights powers and effect as if the part or parts so constructed and put into operation were the entire line which the said company had been authorized by its charter to build Provided that the construction equipment or operation of any part or parts of its line of railway as aforesaid shall not be deemed to be an abandonment of any other part or parts of the line of railway which it is authorized by its charter to build or any extensions or branches thereof And Provided Further that nothing herein contained shall limit or affect the jurisdiction or powers of the Public Service Commission or the State Highway Department in the premises

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 663, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same" by extending its provisions to all counties having a population under one million

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same' approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven by changing the minimum population of counties to which the said act shall apply from two hundred thousand to one hundred and fifty thousand" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having a population of over one hundred fifty thousand and under one million shall be as follows

"Issuing every writ of summons or capias docketing same and entering return of service but not more than three names one dollar and fifty cents

"Issuing writ of summons in ejectment docketing same and entering return of service and indexing in ejectment index not more than three parties or more than one description three dollars

"Entering and docketing amicable ejectment including entering judgment thereon and indexing in ejectment docket not more than three names or more than one description four dollars

"Issuing writ of scire facias sur mortgage or mechanics' lien not more than three names or more than one description three dollars

"Issuing and docketing writ of foreign attachment and entering return of service not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

"Issuing and docketing mandamus quo warranto and entering return of service not more than three names three dollars

"Alias summons or capias one dollar and fifty cents

"Alias summons in ejectment two dollars

"Issuing and docketing attachment execution or mandamus execution or alias attachment execution or alias mandamus execution not more than three names two dollars

"Entering amicable action filing papers and docket entries not more than three names three dollars

"Issuing every writ of ceriorari docketing same services at court and entering judgment thereon not more than three names three dollars

"Issuing writ of replevin docketing entering return of service filing bond and declaration three dollars

"Filing and docketing counter-bond in replevin and certificate to sheriff one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Each additional description fifty cents

"Stationery fifty cents

"Filing and docketing appearance statement declaration affidavit of defense demurrer pleas or any other paper in an action pending twenty-five cents

"Placing case upon issue list to be paid by the county each twenty-five cents

"Issuing and docketing license to peddle to be paid by the county one dollar and fifty cents

"Suggesting death of a party diminution record or amending record fifty cents

"Framing an issue in any action one dollar

"Entering motions twenty-five cents

"Entering order of court in any action pending twenty-five cents

"Filing praecipe for jury trial list twenty-five cents

"Placing case upon the argument list twenty-five cents

"All services during the trial of a cause including swearing of jury and witnesses two dollars

"Issuing venire each case upon the jury trial list to be paid by the county seventy-five cents

"Filing and entering agreement to refer to referee including entering judgment not more than three names one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Entering rule of reference appointment of arbitrators and service incident thereto two dollars

"Filing and entering report of arbitrators including judgment docket entry not more than three names one dollar

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Filing and docketing appeal from award of arbitrators one dollar

"Entering discontinuance of suit one dollar

"Every suit ended before issue joined or before jury trial two dollars

"Entering judgment on bond and warrant of attorney upon confession by defendant for want of an appearance plea or want of an affidavit of defense or sufficient affidavit of defense on verdict demurrer including judgment index entry not more than three names one dollar

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Entering satisfaction of judgment thirty cents

"Entry of assignment or release of lien or judgment each property fifty cents

"Attestation twenty-five cents

"Reporting list of judgments assignments and satisfactions entered to be paid by the county each twenty-five cents

"Filing and entering appointments made by the court to be paid by the county two dollars and fifty cents

"Certificates of appointment to be paid by the county each fifty cents

"Entry of motion and order of court for admission of attorney-at-law and certificate thereof two dollars and fifty cents

"Adoption including decree certificate thereof and all docket entries two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing and entering appeal from report of auditors two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing and entering county controller's report to be paid by the county two dollars and fifty cents

"Bail-piece one dollar and fifty cents

"Filing corporate charter petition for change of corporate name or alteration or amendment of charter for merger co-partnership or dissolution of partnership two dollars and fifty cents

"Certificate under seal fifty cents

"Entering docketing and making return or certiorari to Supreme or Superior court filing bond and filing and docketing remittitur therefrom five dollars

"Commission to take testimony entering return and notifying each party of return of commission one dollar and fifty cents

"Citation and seal and motion therefor one dollar and fifty cents

"Writ of habeas corpus and all proceedings to be paid by the county two dollars

"Filing and docketing orders of the court to be paid by the county each two dollars and fifty cents

"Petition for divorce order thereon and subpoena in divorce including docketing same four dollars

"Receiving disbursing and accounting for deposit in divorce one dollar

"Alias subpoena in divorce one dollar

"Application for maintenance or alimony one dollar

"Filing and docketing rule for final decree one dollar

"Filing and docketing motions and rules and other pleadings in divorce each fifty cents

"Entering decree in minute book docket and indexing in index docket one dollar

"Certificate of divorce under seal two dollars

"Filing and docketing municipal or tax liens each two dollars

"Filing election returns and all proceedings thereon to be paid by the county each district three dollars

"Entering indexing and docketing judgments against tax collectors to be paid by the county each one dollar and fifty cents

"Entering and docketing exemplification of record not more than three names one dollar and fifty cents

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Exemplified record per hundred words twenty-five cents minimum fee two dollars

"Entering and filing mechanics' lien one description and not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

"Entering and filing stipulation against liens two dollars

"Entering and filing building agreement one description not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

"Each additional name twenty five cents

"Each additional description fifty cents

"Transcribing same in full per one hundred words twenty-five cents

"Drawing special jury striking same and copies for parties seventy-five cents

"Certificate for pay for jurors each juror to be paid by the county fifty cents

"Rule for interrogatories and entering return of service each garnishee one dollar

"Reporting election of justices of the peace to the Secretary of the Commonwealth to be paid by the county each fifty cents

"Notifying county officers auditors directors of the poor and election officers of their election to be paid by the county each fifty cents

"Filing and docketing petition for the appointment of a commission de lunatico and for inquisition in rehabitual drunkard for the appointment of a committee in insolvency for the sale of unclaimed goods or other petitions in connection with any proceedings including order of court thereon each two dollars and fifty cents

"Issuing commission in lunacy and entering return one dollar

"Writ to sheriff in lunacy one dollar

"Entering confirmation of inquisition and appointment of committee in lunacy one dollar

"All services on sale of lunatic's habitual drunkard's estate including filing of committee two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing each subsequent account one dollar

"Filing and docketing other documents in said proceedings each twenty-five cents

"Preparing files and records for cases on trial or argument list to be paid by the county each case fifty cents

"Issuing attachment for contempt and motion therefor to be paid by the county each one dollar

"Certificate of notary public twenty-five cents

"Administering oath other than on the trial of a case twenty-five cents

"Filing and docketing petition to sell or mortgage real estate for the satisfaction of lost or ancient mortgage including order of court thereon one description and not more than three names five dollars

"Each additional description fifty cents

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Filing power of attorney twenty-five cents

"Reporting to Secretary of Commonwealth copies of election returns for each person or party returned to be paid by the county fifty cents

"Issuing every writ alias or pluries writ of fieri facies one dollar

"Issuing every writ alias or pluries writ of venditioni exponas levari facias habere facias capias ad satisfaciendum one description one dollar

"Each additional description fifty cents

"Issuing writ of scire facias or alias scire facias on lien claim judgment to revive judgment sur bail in error sur recognizance sur certificate of the orphans' court to executors and administrators of deceased party to garnishee in foreign attachment or on bill of discovery two dollars

"Entering revival of judgment by agreement two dollars

"Entering testatum fi. fa. ca. sa. or vend. ex. one dollar

"Issuing testatum fi. fa. ca. sa. or vend. ex. one dollar

"Filing and docketing petition for a sheriff's interpleader including orders of court thereon two dollars and fifty cents

"Entering transcript or judgment or appeal from justice of the peace or magistrate including docket entries one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Entering satisfaction upon judgment and locality indexes each entry twenty-five cents

"Entering appointments of guardian ad litem fifty cents

"Docketing and filing bill to perpetuate testimony order of court thereon and recording same two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing and docketing petition for the appointment of viewers filing report and confirmation five dollars

"Proclamation one dollar and fifty cents

"Registration of student-at-law physician veterinarian or dentist one dollar

"Taxing bill of costs twenty-five cents

"Filing exceptions and rule to re-tax bill of costs and filing report thereon fifty cents

"Re-taxing bill of costs each hour one dollar

"Taking testimony thereon per one hundred words twenty-five cents

"Taking a recognizance twenty-five cents

"Entering a rule to take depositions fifty cents

"Issuing a subpoena under seal thirty cents

"Registration of stallion one dollar

"Statement twenty-five cents

"Making search for liens in judgment docket index for five years last past one dollar

"Making search in any other docket for five years last past twenty-five cents

"Each reference found ten cents

"Each reference cited twenty cents

"Acknowledgment of sheriff's or treasurer's deed including all docket entries incident therto two dollars and fifty-cents

"Filing and docketing suggestions sur municipal lien one dollar

"Services of each minute or court clerk during sessions of court to be paid by the county each day four dollars

"Receiving and distributing money paid into court for each dollar under five hundred dollars two cents

"For each dollar exceeding five hundred dollars one cent

"Recording any document required by law to be recorded per one hundred words twenty-five cents

"Drawing filing and docketing bond and justification thereon including seal and oath one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Filing and docketing account or report of assignee auditors trustee committee sequestrator master or examiner two dollars and fifty cents

"Transcribing report per one hundred words twenty-five cents

"Filing docketing and all proceedings in assignment for the benefit of creditors up to and including bond and justification of assignee and surety five dollars

"Filing and docketing appeal from award or road jury or railroad jury one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Issuing and docketing order of sale in partition one dollar and fifty cents

"Filing and docketing exemplification of judgment from any other county one dollar and fifty cents

"Indexing suit against a decedent's estate twenty-five cents

"Filing and indexing sheriff's certificate of attachment upon real estate one dollar

"Certificate to exemplification of record under act of Congress one dollar

"Entering transcript from the orphans' court of amount due by executors administrators or guardians each entry two dollars

"Entry of precept from the orphans' court two dollars and fifty cents

"Each entry upon locality index twenty-five cents

"Filing and docketing any petition not herein provided for two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing and docketing bill in equity and rule to appear and answer not over four names two dollars and fifty cents each additional name twenty-five cents

"Filing docketing bill in equity for injunction issuing injunction and order of court thereon not over three plaintiff's three dollars and fifty cents

"Each additional defendant fifty cents

"Entering appearance filing answer demurrer replication twenty-five cents

"Entering any order of court minimum fifty cents

"Entering judgment one dollar

"Entering serving and returning decree nisi three dollars

"Filing any paper not above specified twenty-five cents

"The fee for services not herein specially provided for shall be the same as for similar services And Provided That the fees hereinbefore enumerated shall be exclusive of any State tax now levied or that may hereafter be levied" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having a population of less than one million shall be as follows

Issuing every writ of summons or capias docketing same and entering return of service but not more than three names one dollar and fifty cents

Issuing writ of summons in ejectment docketing same and entering return of service and indexing in ejectment index not more than three parties or more than one description three dollars

Entering and docketing amicable ejectment including entering judgment thereon and indexing in ejectment docket not more than three names or more than one description four dollars

Issuing writ of scire facias sur mortgage or mechanics' lien not more than three names or more than one description three dollars

Issuing and docketing writ of foreign attachment and entering return of service not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

Issuing and docketing mandamus quo warranto and entering return of service not more than three names three dollars

Alias summons or capias one dollar and fifty cents

Alias summons in ejectment two dollars

Issuing and docketing attachment execution or mandamus execution or alias attachment execution or alias mandamus execution not more than three names two dollars

Entering amicable action filing papers and docket entries not more than three names three dollars

Issuing every writ of certiorari docketing same services at court and entering judgment thereon not more than three names three dollars

Issuing writ of replevin docketing entering return of service filing bond and declaration three dollars

Filing and docketing counter-bond in replevin and certificate to sheriff one dollar and twenty-five cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Each additional description fifty cents

Stationery fifty cents

Filing and docketing appearance statement declaration affidavit of defense demurrer pleas or any other paper in an action pending twenty-five cents

Placing case upon issue list to be paid by the county each twenty-five cents

Issuing and docketing license to peddle to be paid by the county one dollar and fifty cents

Suggesting death of a party diminuation record or amending record fifty cents

Framing an issue in any action one dollar

Entering motions twenty-five cents

Entering order of court in any action pending twenty-five cents

Filing praecipe for jury trial list twenty-five cents

Placing case upon the argument list twenty-five cents

All services during the trial of a cause including swearing of jury and witnesses two dollars

Issuing venire each case upon the jury trial list to be paid by the county seventy-five cents

Filing and entering agreement to refer to referee including entering judgment not more than three names one dollar and twenty-five cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Entering rule of reference appointment of arbitrators and service incident thereto two dollars

Filing and entering report of arbitrators including judgment docket entry not more than three names one dollar

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Filing and docketing appeal from award of arbitrators one dollar

Entering discontinuance of suit one dollar

Every suit ended before issue joined or before jury trial two dollars

Entering judgment on bond and warrant of attorney upon confession by defendant for want of an appearance plea or want of an affidavit of defense or sufficient affidavit of defense on verdict demurrer including judgment index entry not more than three names one dollar

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Entering satisfaction of judgment thirty cents

Entry of assignment or release of lien or judgment each property fifty cents

Attestation twenty-five cents

Reporting list of judgments assignments and satisfactions entered to be paid by the county each twenty-five cents

Filing and entering appointments made by the court to be paid by the county two dollars and fifty cents

Certificates of appointment to be paid by the county each fifty cents

Entry of motion and order of court for admission of attorney-at-law and certificate thereof two dollars and fifty cents

Adoption including decree certificate thereof and all docket entries two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and entering appeal from report of auditors two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and entering county controller's report to be paid by the county two dollars and fifty cents

Bail-piece one dollar and fifty cents

Filing corporate charter petition for change of corporate name or alteration or amendment of charter for merger co-partnership or dissolution of partnership two dollars and fifty cents

Certificate under seal fifty cents

Entering docketing and making return or certiorari to Supreme or Superior Court filing bond and filing and docketing remititur therefrom five dollars

Commission to take testimony entering return and notifying each party of return of commission one dollar and fifty cents

Citation and seal and motion therefor one dollar and fifty cents

Writ of habeas corpus and all proceedings to be paid by the county two dollars

Filing and docketing orders of the court to be paid by the county each two dollars and fifty cents

Petition for divorce order thereon and subpoena in divorce including docketing same four dollars

Receiving disbursing and accounting for deposit in divorce one dollar

Alias subpoena in divorce one dollar

Application for maintenance or alimony one dollar

Filing and docketing rule for final decree one dollar

Filing and docketing motions and rules and other pleadings in divorce each fifty cents

Entering decree in minute book docket and indexing in index docket one dollar

Certificate of divorce under seal two dollars

Filing and docketing municipal or tax liens each two dollars

Filing election returns and all proceedings thereon to be paid by the county each district three dollars

Entering indexing and docketing judgments against tax collectors to be paid by the county each one dollar and fifty cents

Entering and docketing exemplification of record not more than three names one dollar and fifty cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Exemplified record per hundred words twenty-five cents minimum fee two dollars

Entering and filing mechanics' lien, one description and not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

Entering and filing stipulation against liens two dollars

Entering and filing building agreement one description not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Each additional description fifty cents

Transcribing same in full per one hundred words twenty-five cents

Drawing special jury striking same and copies for parties seventy-five cents

Certificate for pay for jurors each juror to be paid by the county fifty cents

Rule for interrogatories and entering return of service each garnishee one dollar

Reporting election of justices of the peace to the Secretary of the Commonwealth to be paid by the county each fifty cents

Notifying county officers auditors directors of the poor and election officers of their election to be paid by the county each fifty cents

Filing and docketing petition for the appointment of a commission de lunatico and for inquisition in rehabitual drunkard for the appointment of a committee in insolvency for the sale of unclaimed goods or other petitions in connection with any proceedings including order of court thereon each two dollars and fifty cents

Issuing commission in lunacy and entering return one dollar

Writ to sheriff in lunacy one dollar

Entering confirmation of inquisition and appointment of committee in lunacy one dollar

All services on sale of lunatic's habitual drunkard's estate including filing account of committee two dollars and fifty cents

Filing each subsequent account one dollar

Filing and docketing other documents in said proceedings each twenty-five cents

Preparing files and records for cases on trial or argument list to be paid by the county in each case each fifty cents

Issuing attachment for contempt and motion therefor to be paid by the county each one dollar

Certificate of notary public twenty-five cents

Administering oath other than on trial of a case twenty-five cents

Filing and docketing petition to sell or mortgage real estate for the satisfaction of lost or ancient mortgages including order of court thereon one description and not more than three names five dollars

Each additional description fifty cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Filing power of attorney twenty-five cents

Reporting to Secretary of Commonwealth copies of election returns for each person or party returned to be paid by the county fifty cents

Issuing every writ alias or pluries writ of fieri facias one dollar

Issuing every writ alias or pluries writ of venditioni exponas levari facias habere facias capias ad satisfaciendum one description one dollar

Each additional description fifty cents

Issuing writ of scire facias or alias scire facias on lien claim judgment to revive judgment sur bail in error sur recognizance sur certificate of the orphans' court to executors and administrators of deceased party to garnishee in foreign attachment or on bill of discovery two dollars

Entering revival of judgment by agreement two dollars

Entering testatum fi. fa. ca. sa. or vend. ex. one dollar

Issuing testatum fi. fa. ca. sa. or vend. ex. one dollar

Filing and docketing petition for a sheriff's interpleader including orders of court thereon two dollars and fifty cents

Entering transcript or judgment or appeal from justice of the peace or magistrate including docket entries one dollar and twenty-five cents

Entering satisfaction upon judgment and locality indexes each entry twenty-five cents

Entering appointments of guardian ad litem fifty cents

Docketing and filing bill to perpetuate testimony order of court thereon and recording same two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and docketing petition for the appointment of viewers filing report and confirmation five dollars

Proclamation one dollar and fifty cents

Registration of student-at-law physician veterinarian or dentist one dollar

Taxing bill of costs twenty-five cents

Filing exceptions and rule to re-tax bill of costs and filing report thereon fifty cents

Re-taxing bill of costs each hour one dollar

Taking testimony thereon per one hundred words twenty-five cents

Taking a recognizance twenty-five cents

Entering a rule to take depositions fifty cents

Issuing a subpoena under seal thirty cents

Registration of stallion one dollar

Statement twenty-five cents

Making search for liens in judgment docket index for five years last past one dollar

Making search in any other docket for five years last past each twenty-five cents

Each reference found ten cents

Each reference cited twenty cents

Acknowledgment of sheriff's or treasurer's deed including all docket entries incident thereto two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and docketing suggestions sur municipal lien one dollar

Services of each minute or court clerk during sessions of court to be paid by the county each day four dollars

Receiving and distributing money paid into court for each dollar under five hundred dollars two cents

For each dollar exceeding five hundred dollars one cent

Recording any document required by law to be recorded per one hundred words twenty-five cents

Drawing filing and docketing bond and justification thereon including seal and oath one dollar and twenty-five cents

Filing and docketing account or report of assignee auditors trustee committee sequestrator master or examiner two dollars and fifty cents

Transcribing report per one hundred words twenty-five cents

Filing docketing and all proceedings in assignment for the benefit of creditors up to and including bond and justification of assignee and surety five dollars

Filing and docketing appeal from award of road jury or railroad jury one dollar and twenty-five cents

Issuing and docketing order of sale in partition one dollar and fifty cents

Filing and docketing exemplification of judgment from another county one dollar and fifty cents

Indexing suit against a decedent's estate twenty-five cents

Filing and indexing sheriff's certificate of attachment upon real estate one dollar

Certificate to exemplification of record under act of Congress one dollar

Entering transcript from the orphans' court of amount due by executors administrators or guardians each entry two dollars

Entry of precept from the orphans' court two dollars and fifty cents

Each entry upon locality index twenty-five cents

Filing and docketing any petition not herein provided for two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and docketing bill in equity and rule to appear and answer not over four names two dollars and fifty cents each additional name twenty-five cents

Filing docketing bill in equity for injunction issuing injunction and order of court thereon not over three plaintiffs three dollars and fifty cents

Each additional defendant fifty cents

Entering appearance filing answer demurrer replication twenty-five cents

Entering any order of court minimum fifty cents

Entering judgment one dollar

Entering serving and returning decree nisi three dollars

Filing any paper not above specified twenty-five cents

The fee for services not herein specifically provided for shall be the same as for similar services And provided That the fees hereinbefore enumerated shall be exclusive of any State tax now levied or that may hereafter be levied

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 30 by striking out the word "dollars" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "dollar;" also in line 53 by striking out the word "docket" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "docketing;" also in line 55 by striking out "ceriorari" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "certiorari;" also in line 439 by striking out "prme' and inserting in lieu thereof "preme;" also in line 440 by striking out the word "premititur" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "remittitur;" also in line 491 by striking out the word "rehabitual" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "rehabitual."

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same" by extending its provisions to all counties having a population under one million

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

Te rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 674 (House Bill No. 546), entitled,

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 700, as follows:

An Act to amend the act entitled "An Act authorizing commissioners of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and apporpriate farmlands and woodlands adjoining any public park within said cities for park purposes wherever in their opinion such lands shall be necessary for the improvement of said parks and providing that the total acreage of land so taken shall not exceed one thousand acres" approved April twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and three

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the title and section one of the act entitled "An Act authoriizng commissioners of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate farmlands and woodlands adjoining any public park within said cities for park purposes wherever in their opinion such lands shall be necessary for the improvement of said parks and providing that the total acreage of land so taken shall not exceed one thousand acres" approved April twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and three which reads as follows "An Act authorizing commissioners of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate farmlands and woodlands adjoining any public park within said cities for park purposes wherever in their opinion such lands shall be necessary for the improvement of said parks and providing that the total acreage of land so taken shall not exceed one thousand acres

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful for and the right is hereby conferred upon commissioners of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate for public park purposes farmlands and woodlands adjoining and bounding land now used for park purposes within the corporate limits of said cities of the first class in which the park or parks are located where in the opinion of said commissioners the said lands shall be necessary for the improvement of the said parks Provided however That the total acreage of all lands so taken in pursuance of this act shall not exceed one thousand acres" are hereby amended so as to read as follows

An Act authoriizng commissioners in charge of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate for public park purposes private property adjoining any public park within said cities whenever in their opinion such property shall be necessary for the improvement of said park

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That commissioners in charge of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate for public park purposes private property adjoining any public park within said cities whenever in their opinion such property shall be necessary for the improvement of said park

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 750, as follows:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment of a commission to consider the revision and amendment of the laws of the State penal and otherwise in reference to juvenile offenders juvenile courts and all offenses or crimes committed by minors and the punishment thereof and to make a report on the same and making an appropriation to the expenses of said commission

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint a commission of seven citizens two of whom shall be members of the State Senate two of whom shall be members of the House of Representatives one of whom shall be a member of the State Board of Public Charities and one of whom shall be learned in the law who shall serve without compensation but who shall be allowed all expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties It shall be the duty of the commission to make a complete investigation of the laws of the Commonwealth both penal and otherwise relating to all juvenile offenders including the procedure and method of carrying out the laws by the juvenile courts and including the question of care education and support of delinquent and dependent children and the administration of all laws relating thereto and shall revise and codify the same

Section 2 The commission shall name its own chairman and secretary and it shall have power to employ such legal counsel and other officers and employes as it may deem necessary to properly perform its duties The salaries of any persons employed by the commission shall be fixed by it

Section 3 Said commission shall make a full report in writing of its findings together with such recommendations as it may deem proper to the next meeting of the General Assembly which will convene in January one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 4 The sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated for the expenses of the said commission and for the purpose of carrying out the purposes of this act Payment of moneys hereby appropriated shall be made on the order of the chairman of the commission countersigned by the secretary and on the warrant of the Auditor General

The said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 822, as follows:

An Act providing for the compilation and publication of a synopsis of the election laws and making an appropriation therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the chief clerk of the State Department is hereby authorized and directed to prepare a pamphlet containing a synopsis of all acts in force at the close of the present session of the General Assembly relating to elections giving all dates for registration in all cities dates when petitions for nomination may be signed and filed when taxes are to be assessed and paid and all such other data as may be useful to the voters of the State The sum of five hundred dollars is hereby specifically appropriated to pay for the compiling typewriting and all the other work incident thereto to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General upon the filing in his office by the Superintendent of Printing and Binding a certificate that the work has been completed and the pamphlet published The additoin of the pamphlet shall consist of such number as the Secretary of the Commonwealth may deem proper The further sum of five hundred dollars is also hereby specifically appropriated to cover the expenses for a similar pamphlet of the elections of one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

The said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 837 (House Bill No. 1134), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 848, as follows:

An Act to amend the second and third sections of article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commsision its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 2 Whenever the commission shall determine after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint as hereinafter provided that the service facilities rules regulations practices or classifications of any public service company in respect to or in connetion with or employed by or in the performance of its public duties within this Commonwealth are unsafe inadequate insufficient unjust or unreasonable the commission shall determine and specify by an order in writing to be made and filed as hereinafter provided and to be served as hereinafter provided upon every public service company to be affected thereby the just reasonable safe adequate and sufficient service facilities rules regulations or practices thereafter to be put in force observed rendered used or furnished in the perfomance of its public duties by said public sevice company or companies and thereupon it shall be the duty of every public service company affected by said order to observe and obey said order and all and every the mandates and requirements thereof" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 2 Whenever the commission shall determine after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint as hereinafter provided that the service facilities rules regulations practices and classifications of any public service company in respect to or in connection with or employed by or in the performance of its public duties within this Commonwealth are unsafe inadequate insufficient unjust or unreasonable or are unjustly unduly or unreasonably discriminatory or preferential in favor of or against any particular person corporation locality or any particular kind or description of traffic or service the commission shall determine and specify by an order in writing to be made and filed as hereinafter provided and to be served as hereinafter provided upon every public service company affected thereby the just reasonable safe adequate and sufficient service facilities rules regulations or practices thereafter to be put in force observed rendered used or furnished in the performance of its public duties by said public service company or companies and thereupon it shall be the duty of every public service company affected by said order to observe and obey said order and all and every the mandates and requirements thereof

Section 2 That section three of article five of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 Whenever the commission shall determine after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint that the rates fares tolls or charges established demanded exacted charged or collected by any public service company or companies for any service rendered or furnished are unjust or unreasonable or inadequate or are unjustly discriminatory or unduly or unreasonably preferential or that the facilities or service furnished or rendered by any public sevice company or companies are unjustly discriminatory or unduly or unreasonably preferential in favor of or against any particular person corporation locality or any particular kind or description of traffic or service then the commission shall determine and prescribe by a specific order the maximum just due equal and reasonable rates fares tolls and charges to be thereafter established demanded exacted charged or collected for the service to be performed and the just due equal reasonable and proper regulation and practices as affecting such rates to be observed by the public service company and the commission may classify such rates The said order shall be served as hereinafter provided upon all public service companies by which such rates fares tolls and charges and such regulations and practices affecting the same are thereafter to be charged and observed The power to fix maximum rates or charges shall include the power to fix joint rates or charges where joint service is rendered by two or more public service companies or where other public service companies may be interested in the rate or charge" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 Whenever the commission shall determine after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint that the rates fares tolls or charges established demanded exacted charged or collected by any public service company or companies for any service rendered or furnished are unjust or unreasonable or are unjustly discriminately or unduly and unreasonably preferential then the commission shall determine and prescribe by a specific order the maximum just due equal and reasonable rates fares tolls and charges to be thereafter established demanded exacted charged or collected for the service to be performed and the just due equal reasonable and proper regulations and practices as affecting such rates fares tolls or charges to be observed by the public service company and the commission may classify such rates fares tolls or charges

The said order shall be served as hereinafter provided upon all public service companies by which such rates fares tolls and charges and such regulations and practices affecting the same are thereafter to be charged and observed The power to fix maximum rates fares tolls or charges shall include the power to fix maximum joint rates fares tolls or charges where joint service is rendered by two or more public service companies or where other public service companies may be interested in the rate fare toll or charge

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 849, as follows:

An Act to amend sub-section (d) of section one of article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive powers to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sub-section (d) of section one of article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration re-location or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injuctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of this act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"(d) To apply to the commission by complaint in the manner hereinafter provided in this act whenever such company claims to be aggrieved by any ruling regulation classification or order which it is or has been required by the commission to observe or carry into effect and thereupon such public service company shall be entitled to a full and fair hearing and a speedy determination of its complaint on the merits by the commission and to all just and reasonable relief consistent with the rights and duties of such public service company" be and the same hereby is amended to read as follows

(d) To apply to the commission by complaint in the manner hereinafter provided in this act whenever such company claims to be aggrieved by reason of being affected by any ruling regulation classification or order made by the commission which some other public service company or companies is or are required to observe or carry into effect or claims to be aggrieved by any ruling regulation or order made by the commission in accord with the provisions of this act though without a previous hearing and thereupon such public service company shall be entitled to a full and fair hearing and a speedy determination of its complaint on the merits by the commission and to all just and reasonable relief consistent with the rights and duties of such public service company

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 861, as follows:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to article IX of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the XVIII article thereof

Section XVI The State or any municipality thereof acquiring or appropriating property or rights over or in property for public use may in furtherance of its plans for the acquisition and public use of such property or rights and subjects to such restrictions as the Legislature may from time to time impose appropriate an excess of property over that actually to be occupied or used for public use and may thereafter sell or lease such excess and impose on the property so sold or leased any restrictions appropriate to preserve or enhance the benefit to the public of the property actually occupied or used

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 871 (House Bill No. 1053), entitled:

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be consideerd in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 873 (House Bill No. 1155), entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be consideerd in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 880 (House Bill No. 1004), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 902 (House Bill No. 1168), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' "

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 929, as follows:

An Act defining what shall be treated as part of the record on appeals in certain cases

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where hearings may be had before any judge of any of the courts of record in this Commonwealth upon the application of either party the evidence and rulings of the court thereon to which exceptions shall be allowed as in other cases shall be taken in shorthand by the official stenographer and together with the opinion and order of the court filed in such case shall form part of the record brought to the Appellate Court by writ of error certiorari or appeal and the rulings of the court upon the admission or rejection of testimony and the opinion and order of the court may be assigned for error and shall be considered by the Appellate Court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 958 (House Bill No. 1129), entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 960 (House Bill No. 1013), entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and pail physician in counties having over eighteen hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 961, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford, Adams county Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven dollars ($7.00) is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford Adams county Pennsylvania being the amount paid by him for two automobile licenses taken out in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven but which licenses were not used the said R. D. Myers taking out shortly thereafter another license and paying into the State Treasury the amount thereof

Section 2 Said moneys shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General upon the production to the Auditor General satisfactory proof that said licenses were not used as aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 965, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of Game Preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred and three thousand two hundred dollars ($303,200) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth to be paid out of the receipts from the Resident Hunters' License Act

For the payment of the salary of the secretary of the said board who is also the chief game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at three thousand dollars per annum six thousand dollars

For the payment of the salary of the assistant chief game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at two thousand dollars per annum four thousand dollars

For the payment of the salary of one clerk who shall be a bookkeeper stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at one thousand five hundred dollars per annum three thousand dollars

For the payment of the salary of one clerk who shall be a bookkeeper stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at one thousand four hundred dollars per annum two thousand eight hundred dollars

For the payment of the salary of one game protector to be known as a traveling game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at one thousand two hundred dollars per annum two thousand four hundred dollars

For the payment of the salaries of fifty game protectors during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at the rate of seventy-five dollars per month ninety thousand dollars

For the payment of the traveling and all necessary expenses of the Board of Game Commissioners and the game protectors for the payment of services rendered or expenses incurred by either deputy game protectors or special deputy game protectors under a specific and written order of the chief game protector for the payment of incidental office expensess attorneys' fees and such other expenditures as may be deemed necessary by the Board of Game Commissioners for the proper carrying out of the provisions of an act creating the Board of Game Commissioners during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of one hundred thousand dollars

For the purpose of establishing additional game preserves and the maintenance and protection of game preserves already established the purchase of game the protection of game the feeding of game and the propagation and the distribution of game throughout the State under the direction of the Board of Game Commissioners including the leasing of lands for game preserves during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of ninety-five thousand dollars

Moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid monthly to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners upon the presentation of duly certified vouchers of the expenditures of money previously drawn and satisfactory proof to the Auditor General that the expenditure was necessary for the enforcement of the laws of the Commonwealth relative to the protection of game of song and insectivorous birds or for the intelligent and necessary carrying into effect the purpose for which said Board of Game Commissioners was created

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 987, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Northern Home for Friendless Children located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 989, as follows:

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton Pennsylvania the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making an appropriation therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Treasurer is hereby authorized to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton Pennsylvania the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) paid by him into the State Treasury for a commission of notary public which commission became null and void for the reason that said Clarence Balentine was prevented by illness from filing a bond with the recorder of deeds of said county within thirty days as required by law

Section 2 The sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) is hereby specifically appropriated to carry into effect the provisions of section one of this act

And said bill having been read at lengtn the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1000, entitled:

An Act authorizing electric light heat and power corporations to purchase the securities of other corporations incorporated for the purpose of the supply storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes to guarantee the payment of the bonds of such corporations to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporation to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations and to operate the same

The first and second sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall and may be lawful for any corporation incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth for the purpose of supplying light heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public to subscribe for take purchase hold and dispose of the bonds or stock of any corporation incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth for the purpose of the supply storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes to guarantee the payment of bonds of such a corporation and the interest thereon or either principal or interest to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the corporate property real personal or mixed of such a corporation upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the corporation or corporations owning the same and to run use and operate such property in accordance with such contract or lease

Section 2 All contracts of the character authorized by this act and heretofore made or entered into are hereby validated Provided That nothing herein contained shall apply to or affect pending litigation

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act authorizing electric light heat and power corporations to purchase the securities of other corporations incorproated for the purpose of the supply storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes to guarantee the payment of the bonds of such corporations to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporation to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations and to operate the same

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 7, by striking out "tion" and inserting in lieu thereof "tions."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No 1001, as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four further amending the twelfth section thereof so as to permit corporations organized thereunder either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water or for the manufacture of supplying of light to purchase bonds or stock of other corporations of the same character or to guarantee the payment of interest and principal of such bonds or eihter principal or interest or to lease and operate corporate property' approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five correcting errors therein and validating all acts done in pursuance thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred five extending the same to corporations incorporated for the purpose of supplying light heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four further amending the twelfth section thereof so as to permit corporations organized thereunder either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water or for the manufacture or supplying of light to purchase bonds or stock of other corporations of the same character or to guarantee the payment of interest and principal of such bonds or either principal or interest or to lease and operate corporate property' approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hunded and ninety-five correcting errors therein and validating all acts done in pursuance thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred five which now reads as follows

"Section 1 The stock of every corporation created under the provisions of this statute shall be deemed personal property and no shares shall be transferable until all previous calls thereon shall have been fully paid in or shall have been declared forfeited for the non-payment of calls thereon No note or obligation given by a stockholder whether secured by pledge or otherwise shall be considered as a payment of any part of the capital stock It shall and may be lawful for any corporation organized under the provisions of this act either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water or for the manufacture or supplying of light to subscribe for take purchase hold and dispose of the bonds or stock in any company of the same character incorporated under the provisions of this act or its supplements or guarantee the payment of said bonds and the interest thereon or either principal or interest or to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the corporate poperty real personal or mixed of such company upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the company or companies owning the same and to run use and operate such property in accordance with such contract or lease" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 The stock of every corporation created under the provisions of this statute shall be deemed personal property and no shares shall be transferable until all previous calls thereon shall have been fully paid in or shall have been declared forfeited for the non-payment of calls thereon No note or obligation given by a stockholder whether secured by pledge or otherwise shall be considered as a payment of any part of the capital stock It shall and may be lawful for any corporation organized under the provisions of this act either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water or for the manufacture or supplying of light or of supplying light heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public to subscribe for take purchase hold and dispose of the bonds or stock in any company of the same character incorporated under the provisions of this act or its supplements or guarantee the payment of said bonds and the interest thereon or either principal or interest or to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the corporate property real personal or mixed of such company upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the company or companies owning the same to run use and operate such property in accordance with such contract or lease

Section 2 That section two of the said act which reads as follows "Section 2 All contracts heretofore made and entered into since the passage of the above recited act for the use or lease of their corporate property real personal or mixed by companies incorporated under the incorporation act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water or for the manufacture or supplying of light and generally all things lawfully done in pursuance of said recited act are hereby validated with like effect as if the said recited act were in the words of this supplement Provided That nothing herein contained shall apply to or affect pending litigation" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 2 All contracts heretofore made and entered into since the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five for the use or lease of their corporate property real personal or mixed by companies incorporated under the corporation act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water or for the manufacture or supplying of light or of supplying light heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public and generally all things lawfully done in pursuance of said recited act are hereby validated with like effect as if the said recited act were in the words of this supplement Provided That nothing herein contained shall apply to or affect pending litigation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 384, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the People's Co-operative Hospital located at Sayre Bradford county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 480, entitled:

An Act to prevent fraud and deceit in the sale of fruits vegetables seeds plants sections and trees

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 544, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for erecting certain bridges

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 774 (House Bill No. 886), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane or who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 826 (House Bill No. 760), entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 858, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three eight and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections of said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names of appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 890 (House Bill No. 575), entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the employment of persons in compressed air work

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 894 (House Bill No. 1147), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges not learned in the law of the courts of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 913, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor to appoint a commission of seven persons to purchase the site of Fort Agusta erected in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifty-six and now located in the borough of Sunbury Northumberland county and making an appropriation therefor and for the maintenance of said fort

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 922, entitled:

An Act authorizing the employment of architects and draughtsmen in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prescribing their powers fixing their duties and compensation requiring the preparation of uniform contracts and providing the method of payment of sums due upon contracts entered into by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings and carried out under the supervision of the said architects

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 931, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four section one of article five and section nine of article twenty-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven permitting operators managers and superintendents free selection of mine foremen assistant mine foremen and fire bosses and placing mine employes under the supervision and control of the operator

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 936, entitled:

An Act authorizing township school districts which entirely surround a city or borough to acquire in such city or borough lands and to erect thereon buildings for high school purposes and exempting property so acquired from taxation by such city borough or school district thereof and authorizing such township school directors to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground for such high school purposes and providing for the determination of damages done and suffered by the owners of the land by reason of the taking thereof for such high school purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 972, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 975 (House Bill No. 1198), entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth' approved fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five" by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population and increasing the salaries of the county commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum and increasing the salaries in counties having a population over fifty thousand and less than seventy-five thousand twelve hundred dollars but where the commissioners are directors of the poor then eighteen hundred dollars

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 977 (House Bill No. 1311), entitled:

An Act supplementing an act approved the thirteen day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors insofar as respects the assessment of State and county taxes" imposing certain duties on the board and on burgesses of boroughs townships commissioners and supervisors and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 977 (Houe Bill No. 1311), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 982, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children Pittsburgh

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 986, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 988, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home at Bellevue in the County of Allegheny

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 991 (House Bill No. 610), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 525 (House Bill No. 404), entitled:

An Act providing a system of government for boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An Act authorizing the sale by cities of the first class of their bonds to the Sinking Fund Commissioners of such cities without advertisement in certain cases.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1015, entitled:

An Act to provide that the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by cities of the first class shall constitute a Consolidated Loan Fund which may be appropriated and used for any purpose for which loans shall have been authorized or issued by such cities.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 43, on third reading postponed for the present, on page ten of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And the question recurring,
Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1020, entitled:

An Act establishing in Cambria county a certain public road as a State highway; and providing for its construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 360 (House Bill No. 304), entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 360 (House Bill No. 304), entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

be read the first time.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 360 (House Bill No. 304), entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CLARK from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 771 (House Bill No. 742), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 606 (House Bill No. 704), entitled:

An Act to enlarge the limit of purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 951 (House Bill No. 1099), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies of the city of Harrisburg.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 770 (House Bill No. 713), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of "The Star" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No. 582), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 971, entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate and report the increase in the cost of anthracite coal alleged to be due to the tax imposed thereon, empowering said commission to issue subpoenas and providing for the attendance of witnesses and the penalty for failure to obey such subpoenas and making an appropriation for the cost and expense of said commission.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 381, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture to prevent, control and eradicate diseases of bees.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 809, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1021, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tad-poles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1022, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 6th day of April, A. D. 1903, entitled "An Act to regulate the catching or taking within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and terrapin and providing a penalty therefor."

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MOORE from the Commitee on Game and Fisheries reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 811, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the 1st day of May, A. D. 1909, by restricting the right to kill dogs.

Also from the Committee on Game and Fisheries reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1021, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tad-poles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions.

Also from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1022, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 6th day of April, A. D., 1903, entitled "An Act to regulate the catching or taking within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and terrapin and providing a penalty therefor."

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 777.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 777 (House Bill No. 780), on page 7 of last Tuesday's calendar, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotatry the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty or false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller.

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I voted "no."

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I voted "no."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An Act authorizing the sale by cities of the first class of their bonds to the Sinking Fund Commissioners of such cities without advertisement in certain cases

and Senate Bill No. 1015, entitled:

An Act to provide that the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by cities of the first class shall constitute a Consolidated Loan Fund which may be appropriated and used for any purpose for which loans shall have been authorized or issued by such cities

be read the first time.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An Act authorizing the sale by cities of the first class of their bonds to the Sinking Fund Commissioners of such cities without advertisement in certain cases

And said bill having been real at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1015, entitled:

An Act to provide that the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by cities of the first class shall constitute a Consolidated Loan Fund which may be appropriated and used for any purpose for which loans shall have been authorized or issued by such cities

And said bill having been real at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may be thus acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

be read the first time.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benovolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may be thus acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 978, entitled:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies.

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 978, entitled:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT Is there objection? The Chair hears none

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1018, entitled:

An Act designating the trailing arbutus (Epignea repens) as the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1018, entitled:

An Act designating the trailing arbutus (Epignea repens) as the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania.

be read the first time.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 1018, entitled:

An Act designating the trailing arbustus (Epignea repens) as the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor, Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills has passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicy read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 121, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

Senate Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred one

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor, Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 404.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incident thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 468 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

RESOLUTION REQUESTING THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY TO HOLD THE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE SAID PARTY FOR THE YEAR 1916 IN THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.

He also laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, Harrisburg, April 26, 1915.

Requesting the National Committee of the Republican Party to select the City of Philadelphia as the place for holding the National Convention of said Party in the Year 1916.

Section 1. Be it Resolved, "By the House of Representatives if the Senate concur, That the National Committee of the Republican Party be requested to hold the National Convention of the said Party for the year 1916 in the City of Philadelphia.

Section 2. That the Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives be and are hereby appointed a Committee to forward a copy of this resolution to the proper officers of the National Committee of the Republican Party.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider the resolution just read at this time.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 423.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 318.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 462.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 462, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 463.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 463, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 373.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 459.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 572.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as any individual could do

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 847.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 847, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company Northampton county Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 549 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

HOUSE APPOINTS COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House insists on its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

and has appointed Messrs. Lipschultz, Beyer and McVicar as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 756.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO 1100.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1100, entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1105.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1105, entitled:

An Act authorzing Jennie Clay Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 95 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

In section 1, in line 6, by striking out "executirs" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "executors"; also in line 7, by inserting after the word "by" the words "an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled 'An Act relating to executors and administrators' "

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
W. S. Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 967, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the plotting by cities of the first class of parks and parkways in built-up sections thereof

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 84.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day signed Senate Bill No. 84 entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith.' "

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE THE ADVISABILITY OF CREATING A STATE PARK OPPOSITE INDEPENDENCE HALL PHILADELPHIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, George Woodward of the city of Philadelphia to be a member of the commission to investigate the advisability of creating a State park opposite Independence Hall Philadelphia, to serve until such commission shall be lawfully determined or annulled.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

George Edward Kirchner, Sr., Pittsburgh, May 2, 1915.
James W. Hamilton, Pittsburgh, May 14, 1915.
L. F. Daumo, East McKeesport, May 17, 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

R. Donald Lorenz, Roaring Springs, May 2, 1915.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Thomas A. Morrissey, Sayre, May 24, 1915.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Raymond N. Willey, Summit Township, May 11, 1915.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

A. W. Evans, Ebensburg, May 7, 1915.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Thomas L. Hoskins, West Chester, May 2, 1915.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Earle G. Boose, DuBois, May 2, 1915.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Charles G. Worrilow, Chester, May 7, 1915.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

H. H. Rodahaver, Henry Clay Township, May 2, 1915.
Ewing A. Hibbs, Uniontown, May 22, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

O. D. Pratt, Old Forge, May 2, 1915.
Mrs. Caroline E. Stewart, May 8, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Elmer E. Billingfelt, Adamstown, May 3, 1915.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Ezra H. Smith, Allentown, May 3, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Frank Bachman, Wilkes-Barre, May 9, 1915.
R. E. Bowkley, Pittston, May 14, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

William J. Milliken, Bradford, May 14, 1915.

MERCER COUNTY.

S. A. Robinson, Sharpsville, May 3, 1915.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

R. J. Glick, Shamokin, May 2, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Jerome L. Radley, Philadelphia, May 2, 1915.
Louis Alexander, Philadelphia, May 6, 1915.
Joseph F. Cotter, Philadelphia, May 14, 1915.
George A. Weber, Philadelphia, May 15, 1915.
Thomas J. Lappin, Philadelphia, May 17, 1915.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

James A. Magill, Washington, May 14, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

W. A. Kunkle, Greensburg, May 14, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

William M. Ward, Pittsburgh.

BERKS COUNTY.

Harvey M. Bertolet, Oley Township.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Miss Elizabeth N. Leonard, Uniontown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

J. H. Cumberland, Philadelphia.
William H. Morrow, Philadelphia.
Robert M. Wallace, Philadelphia.
George G. Ziegler, Jr., Philadelphia.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Todd G. Truxal, Greensburg.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, George Gruver to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Shickshinny, County of Luzerne, until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice Jerry Swisher, who failed to qualify.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE.

That rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations, Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk cleared his table and laid before the Senate Communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 430.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 430.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 430.

Mr. VARE. Mr President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

passed finally?

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring.

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title by striking out the words "cities of the first class" and inserting in lieu thereof, the word "Philadelphia;" also section 1 in line 5 by striking out the words "cities of the first class" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Philadelphia;" also in line 7 by striking out the word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or;" also by adding to the end of the bill, the following: "provided, however, that at any night session of said magistrat s court, the proceedings shall be limited to the discharge or holding over of the defendant in bail or otherwise for further hearing."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 213.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 213 entitled "An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws five hundred sixty-eight entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto.'"

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 276.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 276 entitled "An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 285.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 285 entitled "An Act authorizing J. P. Swearington of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 301.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 301 entitled "An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 372.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 372 entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 386.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 386 entitled "An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 401.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 401 entitled "An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the City of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 431.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 431 entitled "An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 438.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 438, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled 'An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians' by extending certain rights to mothers."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 61.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 61, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and addition to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 88.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 88, entitled "An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of eevidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 166.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 166, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 167.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 167, entitled, "An Act to amend section three of an act entitled, 'An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors' approved the twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred sixty authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 197.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 197, entitled, "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 250.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 250, entitled "An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 293.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 293, entitled, "An Act to amend section four of an act entitled, 'An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of precess thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject' Approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO 305.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 305, entitled, "An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO 371.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 371, entitled "An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.' "

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO 564.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 564, entitled, "An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 161.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval Senate Bill Nò. 161, entitled, "An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable beneolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes 'fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held' and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase."

This bill increases the holding of real and personal property by certain organizations both incorporated and unincorporated from an annual income of thirty thousand dollars to three hundred thousand dollars. The propriety of such a large increase in the possible tax exempted properties of the Commonwealth is questionable. It is not clear to what extent unincorporated bodies having the most attenuated interests in common could secure such a commanding exemption from the Commonwealth, nor does it seem to me wise that any trustee residing in any county of this Commonwealth removed from the center of activities by such a body could apply to the court for a charter of incorporation. The bill is not drawn in such a form as to make clear and definite the purposes for which it is intended.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which was read as follows:

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 422.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval Senate Bill No. 422 entitled "An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand."

This Bill proposes an increase in the salary of the first assistant clerk of the Orphan's Court in counties of a certain defined population. This county classification is of doubtful constitutionality and, while it is claimed the increase is paid from fees, it is paid finally by the taxpayers. The only question, aside from the validity of the bill, is the compensation properly attached to the service rendered. It does not seem to me prudent at this time to increase salaries where no real hardship follows.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which was read as follows:

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 429.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval Senate Bill No. 429, entitled, "An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith."

This bill proposes to regulate the catching of bullfrogs and tadpoles. The title does not include terrapin and yet section eight repeals the law relating to the catching of terrapin. Moreover there is the further question as to whether a bill relating in title to bullfrogs and tadpoles should include an additional subject not in the title. The bill is of such constitutional uncertainty that it seems wise not to approve it.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I was responsible for this bill. It seems that the Attorney-General's Department and the Executive Chamber find some fault with the title or the body of the bill. I cannot understand why they did not before vetoing the bill give the sponsor of the bill some notice and give him a chance to recall it for the purpose of amendment. However, in view of the fact that it has been vetoed, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which was read as follows:

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 528.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval Senate Bill No. 523, entitled, "An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases."

This bill relates to the assessment of seated lands where township lines divide the tract.

The laws upon this subject are now developed by the several acts of Assembly seems to be uniform and based upon a public policy which the Department in interest declares to be as pertinent generally today as when first enunciated. This bill would cause much confusion and secure but little benefit. Morover, the title is defective, in that it does not give sufficient notice of the real purpose of the bill. The purpose of the bill would indicate an exception to the law as it is, said exception to be in fafor of first class townships as against second class townships.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GROFT. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which was read as follows:

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 172.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval Senate Bill No. 172 entitled "An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors."

This bill changes the management of the Scranton Poor House from an appointive to an elective Board. The Bill is so manifestly in violation of the Constitution in redefective title and in other counts that only litigation over a matter so vital to the people of Scranton would ensue. (See Article III. Section 3, 6, and 8.)

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. CROFT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor, Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 1477 (Senate Bill No. 1023), entitled:

An Act to amend sub-section (c) of section three of Article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty–fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty–four of the act entitled "An Act to provide the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled, "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their comcompensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act, approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1355 (Senate Bill No. 1025), entitled:

An Act to provide for the taxing and collection of fees as costs to the successful party in civil suits at law or in equity in courts of record

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1093 (Senate Bill No. 1026), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of interpreters who shall act as assistant assessors in certain counties defining their powers and duties fixing their compensation and providing for their expenses

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1092 (Senate Bill No. 1027), entitled:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1194 (Senate Bill No. 1028), entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act fixing the compensation of the same

Which was committed to the Commitee on Public Grounds and Buildings.

House Bill No. 1290 (Senate Bill No. 1029), entitled:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1341 (Senate Bill No. 1030), entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sleuchter and Mary E. Sleuchter citizens of Green township Franklin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1358 (Senate Bill No. 1031), entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering road supervisors in townships of the second class to enter into contracts with water companies for the placing of fireplugs or hydrants in said townships to purchase fire engines apparatus hose horses and erect or acquire hosehouse and land in connection with same and provide for care and management thereof and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon the assessed valuation of said townships.

Which was commtited to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 456 (Senate Bill No. 1032), entitled:

An Act to exempt bequests or devises in trust for the perpetual care and preservation of burial lots or graves therein from the payment of collateral inheritance tax

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1067 (Senate Bill No. 1033), entitled:

An Act providing for the formation and regulation of stock corporations having shares without nominal or par value and authorizing such corporations to issue shares without par value upon reorganization merger or consolidation

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1091 (Senate Bill No. 1034), entitled:

An Act to amend "The Public Service Company Law" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1214 (Senate Bill No. 1035), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 1334 (Senate Bill No. 1036), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1347 (Senate Bill No. 1037), entitled:

An Act to establish a Bureau of Forest Protection within the Department of Forestry designating the officers who shall constitute the Bureau their duties and salaries prescribing penalties for the violation thereof and repealing all laws general or local or any parts thereof that may be inconsistent or supplied by this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Forestry.

House Bill No. 1375 (Senate Bill No. 1038), entitled:

An Act providing that whenever in any civil cause in any court of this Commonwealth the verdict of a jury is set aside and a new trial ordered the reason or reasons for the order of court shall be stated of record and if such reason or reasons be only that the damages awarded by the verdict are excessive or inadequate the new trial shall be restricted to question of the damages and the verdict shall stand good in all other respects

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1299 (Senate Bill No. 1039), entitled:

An Act regulating the business of loaning money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities fixing the rates of interest and charges therefor requiring the licensing of lenders and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1346 (Senate Bill No. 1040), entitled:

An Act defining the term "legal name" and making it unlawful to use a name different than the legal name with intent to defraud

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1507 (Senate Bill No. 1041), entitled:

An Act for the protection of sheep and the incidental destruction of certain dogs

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

House Bill No. 1038 (Senate Bill No. 1042), entitled:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the new Western Penitentiary of Centre County so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none

Mr. C. A. SNYDER from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 794 (House Bill No. 730), entitled:

An Act to provide for the health, safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be established as therein provided and to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:25 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday morning, April 27, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, April 26, 1915.

The House met at 8 o'clock P. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that Thou art infinite in Thy goodness and everlasting in Thy kindness, a goodness and a kindness that have followed us all the days of our lives. We thank Thee for the universal providence that is over all the things that Thou hast made. We thank Thee for the particular providence that reaches to every object in creation, even to the spider that weaves its web and also to the planet that revolves in space. We thank Thee for the special providence that is over us as families; that is over us as individuals, that is over us as representatives of a great State. Oh, God, may we be grateful for all of the contributions that Thou art making for our happiness in this life, and may we ever be thankful, we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of April 22nd, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Hollingsworth, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

Mr. MYERS presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 862, Patriotic Order Sons of America favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MYERS presented the petition of Allenport Council No. 337, Order United American Mechanics, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCLINTOCK presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 304, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. MYERS presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 862, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a monument to public schools and founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCLINTOCK presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 304, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a monument to public schools and founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The SPEAKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following bill at this time.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 1630.

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred four, entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a house for the employment and support of the poor in the County of York," by regulating the term and election of directors of the poor.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 635, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the National Convention of the United Spanish War Veterans, to be held in the City of Scranton, Pennsylvania, August 30 and 31, and September 1 and 2, 1915, and providing for the appointment of a commission to disburse the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1309, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the maintenance of Tuberculosis Sanatoria and Dispensaries, necessary additions, furnishings and repairs, for educational work and other necessary work in curing and preventing tuberculosis.

Mr. RININGER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, at Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

Mr. MURPHY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1526 (Senate Bill No. 657), entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk in the Department of Mines.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 772, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SINCLAIR, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 804, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital, of Brownsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1474, entitled:

An Act appropriating to "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania" the moneys now accumulated in the State Treasury to the credit of the Special Fund composed of proceeds derived from the State forestry reservations of the Commonwealth.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 768, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of further carrying out the provisions of a joint resolution, approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to be held in San Francisco, California, in nineteen hundred and fifteen, to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean, and providing for the appointment of a commission, and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same."

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Game, reported as amended, House Bill No. 560, entitled:

An Act relating to the animal commonly known as the muskrat, and providing penalties.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 512, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer county Pennsylvania

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. WEIMER asked and obtained leave of absence for his colleague, Mr. Urich, on account of illness.

Mr. KUHN asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. McKay on account of death in the family.

Mr. HOWARTH asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Mangan on account of illness of his wife.

Mr. GOODWIN asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Metzenbacher on account of sickness.

RESOLUTION REQUESTING THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE TO SELECT PHILADELPHIA AS THE PLACE FOR HOLDING THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Mr. WILLARD offered the following resolution which was twice read:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Requesting the National Committee of the Republican party to select the City of Philadelphia as the place for holding the National Convention of said party in the year 1916.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the House of Representatives (if the Senate concur), That the National Committee of the Republican Party be requested to hold the National Convention of the said party for year 1916 in the City of Philadelphia.

Section 2. That the Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives be and are hereby appointed a Committee to forward a copy of this resolution to the proper officers of the National Committee of the Republican Party.

Mr. WILLARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have this resolution acted upon at once.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection.

The question is on the adoption of the resolution.

The resolution was adopted.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to Senate for concurrence.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT BILL.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1069, File Folio 5217, entitled:

An Act requiring railroads to remove grade crossings and providing penalties

on page 20 of today's calendar be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GINGERY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. RINN. Mr. Speaker, I hope this motion in reference to this bill will not prevail. This bill is up for third reading. On several occasions this bill was in committee and at this time I think it is a matter entirely out of order and I hope that the gentlemen of this House will vote this resolution down.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The motion was not agreed to.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 699, File Folio 6049, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania

on page 37 of today's calendar and House Bill No. 641, File Folio 6115, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission near the City of Bradford Pennsylvania

on page 40 of today's calendar and House Bill No. 315, File Folio 6157, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the City of Bradford

on page 41 of today's calendar be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER announced that the nays had it,

Whereupon a division was called for.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order. These bills don't carry with them the titles and under the rules the titles must be read with the file folio.

The SPEAKER. Under what rule does the gentleman raise his point of order.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I cannot give you the rule.

The SPEAKER. The point of order is not well taken.

The SPEAKER. Ninety gentlemen having voted in the affirmative and 25 in the negative.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 331.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 331 passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No 331 passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the words "Counties having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein", and insert the words "All cities of the first class".

Amend section 1, line 6, by inserting after the word "employes," the words "of said cities and all county or other public employes, if any, paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof, and out of the city treasury thereof."

Amend section 2, line 1, by striking out the words "County above designated", and insert "city of the first class"

Amend section 2, line 3, by striking out the words "the treasurer and comptroller of each county and the mayor of each city therein and two employes of the county and two employes of each city therein to be chosen by the employes of said county and city respectively each year", and insert the words "the mayor, the city treasurer, the city comptroller, one member of select council and one member of common council of said city to be selected annually by the respective bodies".

Amend section 2, line 6, by striking out the words "whose duty it shall be", and insert the words "it shall be the duty of said Board".

Amend section 2, line 7, by striking out the words "county and city or cities", and insert the words "city and all other public employes paid out of the treasury thereof as aforesaid, if any".

Amend section 2, line 9, by striking out the word "funds" and inserting the words "fund herein".

Amend section 3, line 2, by striking out the words "counties and cities herein designated", and insert the words "said cities, or paid out of the city treasury thereof as herein above provided, if any".

Amend section 3, line 3, by striking out the words "employed by any county or city or cities aforesaid", and insert the words "so employed".

Amend section 4, line 6, by striking out the words "and county", and inserting the words "or other employment as aforesaid".

Amend section 4, line 14, by striking out the words "fifty", and inserting the words "fifty-five".

Amend section 4, line 21, by striking out the words "not in a condition of health to perform", and insert the words "in a permanent condition of health within would totally disable him or her from performing".

Amend section 4, by adding at the end thereof the words "The pension paid to any one employe shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month".

Amend section 5, line 1, by striking out the words "employes of counties and cities herein mentioned", and insert the words "the city, county or other public employes, if any, herein mentioned".

Amend section 5, line 4, by inserting after the words "salaries or wages", the words "in no event, however, paying at a rate greater than four dollars a month".

Amend section 5, line 9, by striking out the words "the counties herein mentioned or the city or cities therein", and insert the words "such cities of the first class or other county or public employe paid out of the treasury of such cities"

Amend section 5, line 6, by striking out the words "the employes of any such county or city herein designated," and insert the words "such public employment."

Amend section 5, line 21, by striking out the words "service of said county and city," and insert the words "such public service."

Amend section 6, line 1, by striking out the words "under the counties and cities herein mentioned," and insert the words "said cities of the first class or any county or other public employe, if any, paid out of the treasury of such cities as aforesaid."

Amend section 7, line 1, by inserting after the words "department and office," the words "employing persons entitled under the provisions of this act to receive a pension."

Amend section 7, line 2, by inserting after the words "all persons," the word "so."

Amend section 7, line 6, by inserting after the word "such," the words "other relative."

Amend section 9, line 1, by striking out the words "authorities of the counties and city or cities herein designated," and insert the words "public authorities of every city of the first class."

Amend section 9, line 4, by striking out the words "counties and city or."

Amend section 9 by striking out the last sentence, reading "Where there is more than one city in the counties designated each city shall appropriate a sum equal to its share or portion of the whole amount required."

Amend section 10, line 3, by striking out the words "counties of the State included in its provisions," and insert the words "cities included in its provisions or paid out of the treasury thereof as aforesaid."

Amend section 11, line 4, by striking out the words "a city or county or both," and insert the words "such cities or to the county or other public service paid out of the city treasury as aforesaid."

Amend the title by striking out the words "each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating," and insert the words "cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and all county or other public employes, if any, paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the treasury of said cities, and regulating the administration and."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 464.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 464 passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 464 passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ——————. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 6, by inserting after the word "possession" the words "any balloon made or intended to contain fire for the purpose of ascension"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented a communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which reads as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 619.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. HEFFERNAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 619 passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr HEFFERNAN. Mr. Speaker I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 619 passed on third reading be re-considered.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion

The motion was agreed to

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title by striking out lines 1 and 2 and the word "titled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act" on line 3.

Amend title, lines 5 and 6 by striking out the words "the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "certain purposes"

Amend title, line 8 by striking out the word "manufacturing" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "such" and by striking out the quotation marks.

Amend title by striking out line 9 and the remainder " the"

Amend title by striking out line 9 and the remainded of the title.

Amend Section 1 by striking out lines 4 to 79 inclusive.

Amend Section 1, line 81 by striking out the words "manufacture of any"

Amend Section 1 by striking out lines 82 to 100 inclusive.

Amend Section 1, line 101 by striking out the words "general manufacturing business or for the"

Amend Section 1, line 104 by inserting after the word "therewith" the following: "or for the manufacture and sale of explosives or for the manufacture of fire brick and refractories and the mining and quarring of the raw material therefor or for the manufacture, storage, distribution or sale of cheese or butter or other dairy or creamery products or for the manufacture, buying, selling, dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties"

Amend Section 1, line 80 by striking out the words and figure "Section 1. It" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "it"

Amend Section 2, lines 1 and 3 by striking out the brackets.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from his Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 10.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 10 entitled "An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from his Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 611.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 611 entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsisten therewith.'"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from his Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 246.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 246, entitled "An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions."

This bill requires cities of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund. The bill entered the legislature as a bill applying to cities of the first class and emerged as applying to cities of the second class. Section 1 of Article III of the Constitution expressly prohibits this. It is a grave question whether the Commonwealth should mandate any municipal unit as to the method of expending its own money. The councils of a city, representing the taxpayers are best qualified to pass upon such matters.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the veto together with the bill be laid on the table.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 515.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 515, entitled "An Act requiring all public printing and the processeses used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth."

This bill requires that all public printing and all processes incident thereto be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth.

There is no sufficient reason for such territorial limits. Many other public services might with equal propriety be so limited. Moreover it is in contravention of Section 12 of Article III of the Constitution, and in violation of the Act of July 26, 1897 (P. L. 418) as defined by the court in Commonwealth vs. Casey, 231 Pa. 170.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I move that the veto together with the bill be laid upon the table.

Mr. WILLARD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. which read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 900.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 900, entitled "An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over."

This bill regulates the salaries of clerks in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in certain counties.

This bill increases salaries and gives all clerks the same salary. The Act of May 21, 1879 (P. L. 72, Sec. 2), gives councils in cities of first class full power to fix salaries paid out of city treasury. Since there is no county treasury in counties falling under the scope of this bill councils clearly have the right to act; and they, better than the Commonwealth, can determine what disposition should be made of the monies of taxpayers.

For these reasons this bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. LAFFERTY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the veto together with the bill be laid on the table.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 70.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 70 entitled "An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled 'An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdeameanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts' approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities."

This Bill is an amendment to the rules regulating the collecting, storing, and transportating of manure in cities of the first class. This Bill exempts from the present law of regulation manure on a wharf or pier for shipment beyond the limits of such city. If manure is a menace to health, as it is by law, and its disposal regulated by the Bureau of Health it is not clear to me how manure on a pier or wharf should be placed by law beyond health regulations . A menace to health is quite as much a menace on a wharf as it is in the manure pit. The Bureau of Health should have city wide jurisdiction.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. CURRY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the veto together with the bill be laid on the table.

Mr. GRANSBACH. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 253.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 253 entitled "An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled 'An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one', increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses."

This Bill provides that the mine examiners in the anthracite field shall have their per diem compensation doubled. There is no evidence that the work has not been satisfactory under the existing act with its compensation provisions. To double the compensation without a sufficient reason seems to me unwise.

For these reasons the Bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto, together with the bill, be laid upon the table.

Mr. McARDLE Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 687.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 687, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives or of fire bricks and refractories or of cheese butter or other dairy or creamery products."

This bill extends the Act of June 9, 1881, to permit addititonal kinds of foreign corporations to hold real estate in Pennsylvania. It diminishes the revenue derived from "holding" corporations and places these upon the same footing as our own corporations. In effect it taxes a corporation for its existence under our laws and exempts it when it is chartered beyond our State. I do not deem this fair to our own industries.

For these reasons this bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto, together with the bill, be laid upon the table.

Mr. BOVEE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 196.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 196, entitled "An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a Commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 757.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 757, entitled "An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 841.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 841, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1049.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1049, entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled 'An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction.'"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

The SPEAKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following bill at this time:

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 1631.

An Act to repeal an act approved the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred seventy-two, entitled "An Act relating to the collection of taxes in the County of Indiana."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE AUDITOR GENERAL.

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication from Hon. A. W. Powell, Auditor General, which was read as follows and ordered spread upon the Journal of the House:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Department of the Auditor General, Harrisburg, April 19th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Members of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In behalf of House Bill No. 1523, providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in this department, I respectfully submit the following:

Changes in accounting methods, made for efficiency's sake, have necessitated reorganization of the bookkeeping force since approval of the Act of 1913 fixing number and designating work of clerks. Antiquated methods have been dropped, and the accounting has been made equal to that of any well-managed private corporation handling upwards of $35,000,000 a year. Careful comparative analyses of expenditures have been provided an analytical record of tax settlements has been established; a general ledger has been opened; and in other ways the Department has bettered its service.

In order to do this, the Department has had to employ additional clerks and pay them from its own contingent fund; and, if bettered methods of work in general are to be continued and developed as planned, there must be a slight enlargement of the present force as authorized by the Act of 1913. This enlargement—small in view of its benefits—should be provided by statute. Payment of regularly employed clerks from contingent funds is bad practice; and, because of altered duties, the Act of 1913 no longer correctly describes the work of some of the bookkeeping employes.

This department is administered with exceptional economy. In 1913 it assessed the taxes, made collections, and audited disbursements at a cost of only 39-100ths of a cent on each dollar of the revenues. It costs the adjoining State of New York over six mills; and in Michigan, which has taxing and auditing machinery copied from ours, the cost was seven mills.

In 1870, which was a time of rigid economy in State government, and when the work of this Department was crudely done, the cost was 35-100ths of a cent. Then, there were no traveling auditotrs to visit institutions receiving State money; no record of tax settlements was kept and no analyses of settlements was made; there was no general ledger in which totals representing the State's fiscal affairs were shown there was no card system for the recording of corporation reports; there was no minute analyses of expenditures, no adequate collecting of data for comparisons. Auditing was mostly by rule of thumb. On the basis of service, the Department is now actually conducted at a lower cost, per dollar of revenues, than in 1870.

The Department regards this bill as an economy measure; for its bettered methods, providing comparative analyses, will detect oversights, waste and extravagances and will save the State many times the amount of the slight additional cost the bill covers. Every large private corporation knows that its best investments are sums spent for accounting purposes; and the Commonwealth is a large corporation which never, until now, has had such efficient accounting.

For these reasons the enactment of House Bill No. 1523 is respectfully asked.

(Signed) A. W. POWELL,
Auditor General.

Mr. NISSLEY asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. NISSLEY. House Bill No. 1632.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions," approved the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred six, as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. RICH asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. RICH. House Bill No. 1633.

An Act to repeal the first section of an act approved the second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy entitled 'An Act extending the provisions of the act of the eleventh of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six relative to the fees of County Treasurers in Luzerne and Clearfield, to the County of Clinton' in so far as it relates to the fees of the County Treasurer of Clinton County on mercantile licenses.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 784, entitled:

An Act to require the reporting by physicians to the State Department of Health of certain occupational diseases and providing penalties for violations thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 134, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" by adding a section thereto to be known as section eight

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 783, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the clay ore and graphite mines and stone slate marble and granite quarries of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1479, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four as amended by the fifth section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations" approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six requiring the filing of all the reports required by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth and the payment of all taxes due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by certain corporations up to and including the date of the proposed sale assignment dispositions and conveyance of the franchise and property of such corporation before the returns authorizing such sale assignment disposition and conveyance shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 29, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 114, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 940, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Highway Department to fulfill certain contracts with Lawrence county and Hickory township in said county, and thereunder to finish the construction of Eastbrook road in said township.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 565, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Downington Industrial and Agricultural School.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 335, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Associations Home for Children, of Pottsville, Schuylkill county.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League, for the Grandview Sanatorium and the Bonair Sanatorium.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 250, the bill just read for the first time, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 775, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the care, treatment, removal and maintenance of the indigent insane, for the two years ending the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1196, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for the payment of expenses incurred in completing certain surveys and estimates of cost of the canal or waterway authorized to be constructed by the Board, in preparing and printing reports, in doing certain things preparatory to beginning the work of construction, and in securing contributions in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway for the payment of incidental office expenses and for the payment of salaries, fees and expenses.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1328, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating and maintenance and government of a County Home, in each county, for indigent orphans and delinquent, incorrigible, indigent, dependent and neglected children under sixteen years old, and providing for their commitment thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1265, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation refunding to Paul C. Wolff, executor of the estate of Thomas H. Lane, certain monies erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1229 (Senate No. 567), entitled:

An Act making an appropraition for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1228 (Senate No. 563), entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1190, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Robinson Furniture Company, a corporation of Dubois, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School, at Morganza, Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 627, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 862, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the liquidation of certain mortgage indebtedness assumed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the purchase of certain State Normal Schools

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 861, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Lock Haven State Normal School

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1024, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education, for the purchase by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, of State Normal schools in this Commonwealth and for liquidating the indebtedness of the same existing at the time of the purchase thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 146, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Dayton Normal Institute, of Dayton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order.
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 101, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 778, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh for the general maintenance of the University, for the purchase of apparatus and equipment, for an addition to the School of Mines building, for an addition to the School of Medicine Building, and for the erection of a building for the School of Education of the University.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1111, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University for the use of Garretson Hospital, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1127, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University for the use of the Samaritan Hospital, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 69, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cheyney Training School for Teachers, (formerly the Institute for Colored Youth), at Cheyney, Delaware County.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 557, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Philadelphia Museums.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 541, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art, of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 209, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania, at Scranton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 692, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons, of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania, at Fountain Springs, near Ashland, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 449, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children, before they are of school age, at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 759, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to be used in deepening straightening widening and otherwise improving Turtle Creek, so as to prevent damage and danger from floods and overflows and granting to the said State Highway Department the authority to make such improvements.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1418, entitled:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane, to be erected west of the Allegheny Mountains, and to be known as the Western State Hospital for the Insane; providing for the management of the same and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 629, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for providing erecting completing regulating and maintaining armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 938, entitled:

An Act amending section three of an act approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psycopathic wards in certain hospitals, providing for the regulation thereof, the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards, and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto," as amended by the 3rd section of an act approved the 1st day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act to amend the 3rd section of an act approved the 9th day of June, One thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled an act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psycopathic wards in certain hospitals; providing for regulation thereof, the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards, and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto; providing for the payment of expenses of maintenance and treating persons received therein, other than those committed by court.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 650, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital at Coaldale, Coaldale, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1044, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons, at Mercer, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 567, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane, at Warren, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 908, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-minded Children at Elwyn, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 799, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, for maintenance and education of State pupils, and also a special appropriation for two deaf, dumb and blind pupils.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 177, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 507, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and payment of deficiency existing and providing that all moneys received from the United States Government by the Governor of Pennsylvania on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 603, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Blossburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 805, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cottage State Hospital, at Connellsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 594, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to further carry into effect the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county; providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1417, entitled:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane, to be erected East of the Allegheny Mountains and to be known as the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane; providing for the management of the same, and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and the preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 376, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to carry out further the provisions of the act approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State canal basins at the port of Erie by dredging the said basins; for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins, and erecting certain walls in the same, for the protection of the said State canal basins, with harbor of Erie; authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements; and providing for regulating the manner in which said basins shall be used by the pupils, and kept in repairs."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1171 (Senate No. 456), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 478, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the insane for the Southeastern district of Pennsylvania, located at Norristown.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 709, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital at Nanticoke, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, at Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools, in the eastern district of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 670, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situated in the eastern district of the Commonwealth, to defray the expenses of erecting and furnishing an additional cottage, a school house, for the enlargement and improvement of the sewage disposal plant and for the purchase and improvement of additional land in connection with the Girl's Department and to defray the expenses of an extension of the sewage water and electric light for the new Hospital and for a new fire escape for the assembly room in connection with the boy's department.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 438, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the insane, at Danville, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 44, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1603, entitled:

An Act providing that moneys heretofore appropriated to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern district of Pennsylvania located at Norristown, for the purpose of running a twelve inch iron main from the hospital buildings, to the sewage disposal plant and for recovering settling tanks heretofore appropriated may be expended for the purpose of changing the internal form of said settling plants.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 181, the bill just read for the first time, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 520, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and the naval militia of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June 1st, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills unpaid and remaining unpaid, at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and for the payment of an annual allowance to commissioned officers of the national guard of Pennsylvania and naval militia of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing at the disposal of the Governor of this Commonwealth the sum of five hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary and making same available to replace or repair armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should such armory buildings be destroyed in whole or in part by fire flood or storm and to replace or repair military stores or supplies stored in such armory buildings and destroyed in whole or in part in like manner and to pay for services and expenses of the national guard incident to actual service under orders of the Governor in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State," approved May twenty-fifth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School, and the Soldiers' Orphans Schools, approved May twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1062, entitled.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview, Wayne county, and authorizing the Board of Trustees to perform certain work in connection therewith.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, at Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1500, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the courts of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsisted with or supplied by this act approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eighteen of Article four of an act entitled an act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers council and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin

County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act Approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Which reads as follows "The commission or a quorum thereof shall hold stated meetings at least twice a month during the year at its principal office and may hold meetings at any time and at any place within this Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

The commission or a quorum thereof shall hold stated meetings at least twice a month during the year at its principal office and may hold stated meetings at any time and at any place within this Commonwealth Provided however that hereafter in any case now being or hereafter brought before the commission in which the commission or a member thereof find it impossible or impracticable to take the testimony at the place of dispute The commission shall have the power on its own motion and shall upon the request of the plaintiff or respondent appoint an examiner or commissioner to take the testimony in such case at a time and place agreed upon by plaintiff and respondent or designated by the commission

The plaintiff and respondent shall pay the examiner or commissioner appointed by the commission the cost of taking the testimony for their respective side of the case and the same shall be taxed as costs in the case to abide the final order of judgment of the commission

Section 2 That section twelve of article five of said act which reads as follows

Except in cases in which grade crossings are in process of abolition at the time of the passage of this act under agreement or contract with a municipality as set forth in the proviso of section five of article three of this act the commission shall have exclusive power to determine order and prescribe in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by it the just and reasonable manner including the particular point of crossing in which the tracks or other facilities of any public service company may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other public service company at grade or above or below grade or at the same or different levels or in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation or street railway corporation or across any public highway at grade or above or below grade or in which any public highway may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation at grade or above or below grade and to determine order and prescribe the terms and conditions of installation and operation maintenance and protection of all such crossings which may now or hereafter be constructed including the stationing of watchmen thereat or the installation and regulation of lights block or other system of signaling safety appliances devices or such other means or instrumentalities as may to the commission appear reasonable and necessary to the end intent and purpose that accidents may be prevented and the safety of the public promoted No such crossing shall be constructed without the approval of the commission evidenced by its "Certificate of Public Convenience" as provided in section five of article three of this act but in no case shall the approval or consent of any court board or commission or officer or of any municipality be necessary therefor It shall be proper however for the commission by general rule or order whenever the same can be properly regulated by suitable general rule to prescribe the terms and conditions under which such crossing may be constructed operated maintained or protected without the particular approval of the commission

The commission shall also have exclusive power upon its own motion or upon complaint and after hearing as hereinafter provided (of which all the parties in interest including the owners of adjacent property shall have due notice) to order any crossing aforesaid now existing or hereafter constructed at grade or at the same or different levels to be relocated or altered or to be abolished according to plans and specifications to be approved and upon just and reasonable terms and conditions to be prescribed by the commission

The compensation for damages which the owners of adjacent property taken injured or destroyed may sustain in the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing specified in this section (for which compensation the said owners are hereby invested with warrant of authority upon appeal from the determination of the commission to sue the Commonwealth) shall after due notice and hearing be ascertained and determined by the commission and such compensation as well as the expense of the said construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing shall be borne and paid as hereinafter provided by the public service company or companies or municipal corporations concerned or by the Commonwealth either severally or in such proper proportions as the commission may after due notice and hearing in due course determine unless the said proportions are mutually agreed upon and paid by those interested as aforesaid

In prescribing the terms and conditions upon which any such crossing may be constructed or relocated or altered or abolished and the proportionate contributions to the expense thereof including the damages or compensation to the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid the commission may among other things take into consideration the relative importance to the public of the services rendered by the public service companies concerned as well as the priority of location Provided That where any portion of the cost and expense thereof shall have been or shall be borne in the future by the Commonwealth or any municipal corporation such portion shall not be taken into account by the commission in fixing any valuation for any purpose under any of the provisions of this act And provided further That where the order of the commission shall as part of the regulation of the construction re-location alteration or abolition of any crossing aforesaid require as incidental thereto a relocation changes in or the removal of any adjacent structures equipment or other facilities of any telegraph telephone gas electric light waterpower water pipe-line or other public service company said company shall at its own expense relocate change or remove such structures equipment or other facilities in conformity with the order of the commission and in default of compliance with such order the commission shall cause the work and materials to be done and furnished in accordance with the said order and may recover the cost and expense thereof from the said public service company

Before the commission shall make any final order relative to the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any crossing involving any public highway or street an effort shall be made by the commission to reach an agreement with the proper officials of the municipal corporations concerned determining the plans and specifications governing such crossings and in default of such agreement the commission shall exercise the exclusive power vested in it under this section and shall finally determine and adopt the complete plans and specifications and locate all lines and grades in said public highways and streets and may permit the public service company or companies or the municipal corporation to do the whole or any portion of the work in accordance therewith otherwise the commission shall do the work by contract or contracts to be awarded after due advertisements to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with the said plans and specifications

The said contractor shall be authorized in the name of the commission to collect by due process of law from the public service company or companies or the said municipal corporations or from the Commonwealth either severally or proportionately as may be determined by the commission the amount which may be justly due him under the terms of his said contract with the commission and any amount so determined to be paid the said contractor by the Commonwealth as well as the amount of damages or compensation determined and awarded to be paid the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid shall in each instance be paid by the State Treasurer on a warrant drawn by the Auditor General upon the presentation to that officer of a statement setting forth the amount determined to be paid as aforesaid duly certified by the commission said payments to be paid out of any funds specifically appropriated for such purpose or generally appropriated for the improvement of the roads or highways of the Commonwealth and in case of a verdict and judgment thereon for the damages or compensation recorded by any adjacent property owners upon appeal the same shall be paid out of any funds appropriated as aforesaid and any court of common pleas hearing and determining said appeal is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a writ of mandamus to said commission the Auditor General and the State Treasurer or any of them as the case may require for the payment of such judgment

The commission shall have the right to recover for and on behalf of the Commonwealth by due process of law as debts of like amount are now recoverable by law from the public service company or companies or municipal corporations in such amounts or proportions against each as may be determined by the commission as aforesaid the amount of the damages or compensation awarded to the owners of adjacent property by the commission or by the court of the proper county on appeal and the amount so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury for the improvement of the roads of the Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Except in cases in which grade crossings are in process of abolition at the time of the passage of this act under agreement or contract with a municipality as set forth in the proviso of section five of article three of this act the commission shall have power subject to the right of appeal to the courts of common pleas of the proper county to determine order and prescribe in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by it the just and reasonable manner including the particular point of crossing in which the tracks or other facilities of any public service company may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other public service company at grade or above or below grade or at the same or different levels or in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation or street railway corporation or across any public highway at grade or above or below grade or in which any public highway may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation at grade or above or below grade and to determine order and prescribe the terms and conditions of installation and operation maintenance and protection of all such crossings which now or hereafter be constructed including the stationing of watchmen thereat or the installation and regulation of lights block or other system of signaling safety appliances devices or such other means or instrumentalities as may to the commission appear reasonable and necessary to the end intent and purpose that accidents may be prevented and the safety of the public promoted No such crossing shall be constructed without the approval of the commission evidenced by its "Certificate of Public Convenience" as provided in section five or article three of this act It shall be proper however for the commission by general rule or order when ever the same can be properly regulated by suitable general rule to prescribe the terms and conditions under which such crossing may be constructed operated maintained or protected without the particular approval of the commission

The commission shall also have power subject to the right of appeal to the court of common pleas of the proper county upon its own motion or upon complaint and after hearing as hereinafter provided (of which all the parties in interest including the owners of adjacent property shall have due notice) to order any crossing aforesaid now existing or hereafter constructed at grade or at the same or different levels to be relocated or altered or to be abolished according to plans and specifications to be approved upon just and reasonable terms and conditions to be prescribed by the commission

The compensation for damages which the owners of adjacent property taken injured or destroyed may sustain in the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing specified in this section (for which compensation the said owners are hereby invested with warrant of authority upon appeal from the determination of the commission to sue the Commonwealth) shall after due notice and hearing be ascertained and determined by the commission and such compensation as well as the expense of the said construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing shall be borne and paid as hereinafter provided by the public service company or companies or municipal corporations concerned or by the Commonwealth either severally or in such proper proportions as the commission may after due notice and hearing in due course determine which award or decisions of the commission shall be final unless an appeal therefrom be taken to the court of common pleas of the county wherein said crossing is located within ten days from the filing of said award or decision

In prescribing the terms and conditions upon which any such crossing may be constructed or relocated or altered or abolished and the proportionate contributions to the expense thereof including the damages or compensation to the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid among other things taken into consideration the relative importance to the public of the services rendered by the public service companies concerned as well as the priority of location shall be considered Provided That where any portion of the cost and expense thereof shall have been or shall be borne in the future by the Commonwealth or any municipal corporation such proportion shall not be taken into account by the commission in fixing any valuation for any purpose under any of the provisions of this act And provided further That where the order of the commission shall as part of the regulation of the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any crossing aforesaid require as incidental thereto a relocation changes in or the removal of any of the adjacent structures equipment or other facilities of any telegraph telephone gas electric light water-power water pipe-line or other public service company said company shall at its own expense relocate change or remove such structures equipment or other facilities in conformity with the order of the commission and in default of compliance with such order the commission shall cause the work and materials to be done and furnished in accordance with said order and may recover the cost and expense thereof from the said public service company

Before the commission shall make any final order relative to the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any crossing involving any public highway or street an effort shall be made by the commission to reach an agreement with the proper officials of the municipal corporations concerned determining the plans and specifications governing such crossings and in default of such agreement the commission shall exercise the power invested in it under this section and shall determine and adopt the complete plans and specifications and locate all lines and grades in said public highways and streets subject to the right of appeal to the court of common pleas of the county wherein said crossings are located and may permit the public service company or companies or the municipal corporations to do the whole or any portion of the work in accordance therewith otherwise the commission shall do the work by contract or contracts to be awarded after due advertisements to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with the said plans and specifications

The said contractor shall be authorized in the name of the commission to collect by due process of law from the public service company or companies or the said municipal corporations or from the Commonwealth either severally or proportionally as may be determined by the commission the amount which may be justly due him under the terms of his said contract with the commission and any amount so determined to be paid the said contractor by the Commonwealth as well as the amount of damages or compensation determined and awarded to be paid the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid shall in each instance be paid by the State Treasurer on a warrant drawn by the Auditor General upon the presentation to that officer of a statement setting forth the amount determined to be paid as aforesaid duly certified by the commission said payment to be paid out of any funds specially appropriated for such purpose or generally appropriated for the improvement of the roads or highways of the Commonwealth and in case of a verdict and judgment thereon for damages or compansation recovered by any such adjacent property owners upon appeal the same shall be paid out of any funds appropriated as aforesaid and any court of common pleas hearing or determining said appeal is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a writ of mandamus to said commission the Auditor General and the State Treasurer or any of them as the case may require for the payment of such judgment

The commission shall have the right to recover for and on behalf of the Commonwealth by due process of law as debts of the like amount are now by law recoverable from the public service company or companies or municipal corporations in such amounts or proportions against each as may be determined by the commission or by the court of the proper county on appeal including the damages or compensations awarded to the owners of adjacent properties and the amount so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury for the improvements of the roads of the Commonwealth Provided That all appeals or exceptions taken or filed from the determination and decision of the commission shall follow the procedure governing appeals from or exceptions to the viewers' reports in street improvement cases unless otherwise herein provided

Section 3 That section twenty-six of Article five which reads as follows

"The Commission may make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the law as may be necessary or proper in the exercise of its powers or for the performance of its duties and whenever the commission shall determine it to be necessary in the interests of the public to withhold from the public any facts or information obtained during the progress of any investigation such facts and information may be so withheld" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 26 The commission may make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the law as may be necessary or proper in the exercise of its powers or for the performance of its duties

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—83.

Alcorn,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Corbin,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Eby,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Fruit,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Leighner.
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Nissley,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Stone,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Walton,
Weimer,
Whitten,
Wildmar
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—27.

Adams,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Dodds,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Garner,
Goodyear,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Landis,
Lindsey,
Marvin,
McClintock,
Neville,
Palmer,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walter,
Watson,
Weir,
West,
Wobensmith,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1478, as follows:

An Act to amend section four of article four of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for the regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining, and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a public service commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, re-location, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, re-location, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the supreme court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the public service commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroad, by compelling common carriers by railroads to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act, entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the proviso of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved July twenty-sixth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of article four of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by pescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 Any investigation inquiry or hearing which the commission has power to undertake or hold may be undertaken or held by or before any one of the commissioners upon condition however that such commissioner shall have been authorized by the commission to undertake or hold such investigation inquiry or hearing All investigations inquiries or hearings before or by any such commissioner shall be and be deemed to be the investigations inquiries and hearings of the commission Any determination ruling or order of a commissioner upon any such investigation inquiry or hearing undertaken or held by him shall not become and be effective until approved and confirmed by at least a quorum of the commission and ordered to be filed in its office Upon such confirmation and order such determination ruling or order shall be the determination ruling or order of the commission" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Any investigation inquiry or hearing which the commission has power to undertake or hold may be undertaken or held by or before any one or more of the commissioners upon condition however that such commissioner or commissioners shall have been authorized by the commission to undertake or hold such investigation inquiry or hearing All investigations inquiries or hearings before or by any such commissioner or commissioners shall be and be deemed to be the investigations inquiries and hearings of the commission any determination ruling or order of a commissioner or commissioners upon any such investigation inquiry or hearing undertaken or held by him or them shall not become and be effective until approved and confirmed by at least a quorum of the commission and ordered to be filed in its office Upon such confirmation and order such determination ruling or order shall be the determination ruling or order of the commission

In any investigation inquiry or hearing now pending or which may hereafter be instituted the commission is hereby authorized to employ a special agent or examiner who shall have power to administer oaths and examine witnesses and receive evidence in any locality which the commission having regard to the public convenience and the proper discharge of its functions and duties may designate The testimony and evidence so taken or received shall have the same force and effect as if taken or received by the commission or any one or more of the commissioners as above provided

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, In the absence of the sponsor of this bill, I move that its further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1481, as follows:

An Act to amend section four of article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled ‘An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains’ by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled ‘An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals’ and an act entitled ‘To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associtions may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars’ approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled ‘An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations’ approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act” approved July twenty-six one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to vest in the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the power to suspend for a period of ninety days any proposed increased rates of public service companies

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of Article five of an act entitled “An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive powers to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commision its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled ‘An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains’ by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled ‘An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals’ and an act entitled ‘To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars’ approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hunderd and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled ‘An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations’ approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act” approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

“Section 4 Whenever the commission receives notice of any change proposed in any tariff or schedule filed or posted under the provisions of this act it shall have power either upon complaint or upon its own motion and if it so orders without answer or other formal pleading by the interested public service company after notice to hold a public hearing and make investigations as to the propriety of such proposed change and of the new rate practice or classification After such hearing and investigation whether completed before or after such change goes into effect the commission may make such order in reference to the new rate practice and classification as wuold be proper in a proceeding initiated after the same had become effective At any such hearing involving any proposed increase in any rate the burden of proof to show that such increased rate is just and reasonable shall be upon the public service company

“The commission shall have power in its discretion and for good cause shown to permit changes in the tariffs or schedules filed and published upon less than the thirty days’ notice specified in article two section one (g) of this act or upon other conditions which shall be just and reasonable

“The commission shall also have power in its discretion where any notice of increase in any rates fares tolls or charges of a public service company has been filed to require by general rule or special order that such company shall furnish to its shippers consumers or other patrons a certificate or other evidence of payments made by them in excess of the prior established rate” be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Wheneer the commission receives notice of any change proposed in any tariff or schedule filed or posted under the provisions of this act it shall have power either upon complaint or upon its own motion and if it so orders without answer or other formal pleading by the interested public service company after notice to hold a public hearing and make investigations as to the propriety of such proposed change and of the new rate fare toll charge classification regulation or practice and pending such hearing and investigation and the determination of the commission thereon the Commission upon filing with such notice of change proposed in any tariff or schedule and delivering to the public service company or public service companies affected thereby a statement in writing of its reasons for such suspension may suspend the operation of such tariff or schedule and defer the use of such rate fare toll charge classification regulation or practice but not for a longer period than ninety days beyond the time when such rate fare charge classification regulation or practice would otherwise go into effect and after full hearing whether completed before or after the rate fare toll charge classification regulation or practice goes into effect the commission may make such crder in reference to such rate fare toll charge classification regulation or practice as would be proper in a proceeding initiated after the same had become effective At any such hearing involving any proposed increase in the rate fare toll or charge the burden of proof to show that the proposed increased rate fare toll or charge is just and reasonable shall be upon the public service company

The commission shall have power in its discretion and for good cause shown to permit changes in the tariffs or schedules filed and published upon less than the thirty days’ notice specified in article two section one (f) of this act or upon other conditions which shall be just and reasonable

The commission shall also have power in its discretion where any notice of increase in any rates fares tolls or charges of a public service company has been filed to require by general rule or special order that such company shall furnish to its shippers consumers or other patrons a certificate or other evidence of payments made by them in excess of the prior established rate

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of this bill, I move that its further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No 1482, as follows:

An Act to amend section two of article six of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonments for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen regulating witness fees mileage cost of service of subpoenas and costs and the payment thereof in proceedings before The Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of article six of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 2 The commission may require copies of books papers or abstracts thereof to be sent to it in any part of the Commonwealth in all cases in which it would have the right to examine the originals or compel their production before it All subpoenas issued by the commission shall be under its seal and shall be signed by a commissioner or by the secretary and may be served by any adult in any part of this Commonwealth

"Each witness required to attend before the commission or a commissioner shall receive for each day's attendance the sum of one dollar and fifty cents and shall receive in addition the sum of three cents for each mile circular traveled by such witness by the usual route between his home and the place where his presence is required

"All disbursements made in the payment of such fees shall be included in and paid in the same manner as is provided for the payment of other expenses of the commission

"The fees for serving a subpoena shall be the same as those paid the sheriff for similar services The fees expenses and costs of or in connection with any hearing may be imposed by the commission upon any party to the record or may be divided between any or all parties to the record in such proportions as the commission may determine" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as folows

Section 2 The commission may require copies of books papers or abstracts thereof to be sent to it in any part of the Commonwealth in all cases in which it would have the right to examine the originals or compel their production before it All subpoenas issued by the commission shall be under its seal and shall be signed by a commissioner or by the secretary and may be served by any adult in any part of this Commonwealth

Each witness required to attend before the commission or a commissioner shall receive for each day's attendance the sum of one dollar and fifty cents and shall receive in addition the sum of three cents for each mile circular traveled by such witness by the usual route between his home and the place where his presence is required

The fees for serving a subpoena shall be the same as those paid the sheriff for similar services Such witness fees mileage and fees for serving a subpoena shall be paid by the party to the proceeding subpoenaing such witness The witness fees mileage and costs of serving subpoenas issued at the instance of the commission and not at the instance of any party to the poceeding shall be paid by the commission

All disbursements which may be made by the commission in the payment of witness fees mileage and costs of serving subpoenas shall be included in and paid in the same manner as is provided for the payment of other expenses of the commission

The said witness fees mileage and fees for serving subpeonas and expenses and costs of or in connection with any hearing may be imposed by the commission upon any party to the record or may be divided between any or all parties to the record in such proportions as the commission may determine

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of this bill, I move that its further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1483, as follows:

An Act to amend section eleven of article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commissoin and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commissoin and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars'approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eleven of article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" which reads as follows

"Section 11 No contract or agreement between any public service company and any municipal corporation shall be valid unless approved by the commission Provided That upon notice to the local authorities concerned any public service company may apply to the commission before the consent of the local authorities has been obtained for a declaration by the commission of the terms and conditions upon which it will grant its approval of such contract or agreement if at all" be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Section 11 It shall not be necessary to obtain the approval of the commission of any contract or agreement between a municipal corporation and a public service company but every contract or agreement made by a public service company with a municipal corporation or with any person or corporation shall be deemed to be made under and subject to the provisions of this act and the powers of regulation vested in the commission Provided however That no public service company shall obtain any privilege or franchise from any municipal corporation without the approval of the commission which approval evidenced by its Certificate of Public Convenience shall be given if and when after hearing the Commission shall find or determine that such approval is necessary or proper for the service accommodation convenience and safety of the public and the Commission shall have power in so approving to impose such conditions to be set forth in its Certificate of Public Convenience as it shall find or determine to be necessary or proper for the service accommodation convenience or safety of the public

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of this bill, I move that its further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1346, as follows:

An Act defining the term "legal name" and making it unlawful to use a name different than the legal name with intent to defraud

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Geneal Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "legal name" as used in this act means the surname the christen or given name or a name received through legal proceedings marriage adoption or the ceremony of a religious congregation or society or a name assumed and used by a person without an intent to defraud

Section 2 No person shall use a name different than the legal name of such person with an intent to defraud

Section 3 Any person violating the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced for each offense to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding six months or both

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, Will the sponsor of this bill kindly explain the purpose of it?

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this bill is simply to aid and facilitate tax collectors in the collection of taxes, namely: where a person of foreign descent has several names, it is confusing to the tax collector and almost impossible for him to collect the duplicate. This would apply more particularly in this instance than in any other, but it would be of value in other instances, namely: where a person gives several names with the intention to defraud a creditor. That is the main purpose of the bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz.
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1247 (Senate Bill No. 468), as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper offices of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the poper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" which reads as follows

"Section 9 The president judge shall appoint a chief probation officer whose salary shall not exceed three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) a year and such additional probation officers as a majority of the judges may determine at salaries not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500.00) a year whose powers and duties shall be similar to those heretofore appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the peace for said county

There shall be no preliminary hearings in any cases affecting dependent delinquent or neglected children under the age of sixteen years as defined by existing laws relating to such proceedings (which laws are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court) but such children shall be brought immediately before the judge of the juvenile court and he shall hear and determine said cases separately from each other at such place and at such hours of the day or night as will in the judgment of the president judge and of the judge of the juvenile court be most conducive to the welfare of such children" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 9 The president judge shall appoint a chief probation officer whose salary shall not exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) a year and such additional probation officers as a majortiy of the judges may determine at salaries not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500.00) a year whose powers and duties shall be similar to those heretofore appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the peace for said county

There shall be no preliminary hearings in any cases affecting dependent delinquent or neglected children under the age of sixteen years as defined by existing laws relating to such proceedings (which laws are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court) but such children shall be brought immediately before the judge of the juvenile court and he shall hear and determine said cases separately from each other at such place and at such hours of the day or night as will in the judgment of the president judge and of the judge of the juvenile court be most conducive to the welfare of such children

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur.
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton.
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack.
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop.
Showalter.
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne.
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Baker,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1299, as follows:

An Act regulating the business of loaning money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities fixing the rates of interest and charges therefor requiring the licensing of lenders and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act

Whereas There is at present conducted in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania an extensive business in the making of small loans of three hundred dollars and less to persons in need of funds to meet immediate necessities and

Whereas The conduct of such business has become a cause of general complaint and much protest by reason of the fact that those engaged therein have extorted from the borrowers in interest and charges amounts running in many instances to one hundred per centum and even two or three hundred per centum or more and borrowers are often compelled to repay many times over the amount borrowed with legal interest thereon frequently through ignorance and intimidation and there is no regulation or provision of law for the protection of such borrowers or for the punishment of such money lenders and

Whereas It is recognized that such business however unfortunate does and will exist and there is therefore a real need for the establishment of such provision as will enable its continuance under proper regulation and supervision of law and

Whereas It appears that in the conduct of such business greater risk is incurred than is ordinarily incident to lending money by banks pawnbrokers and other money lenders where marketable security is given and greater labor and expense is required in examining into the character and circumstances of the borrower and in the collection of the money loaned therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after passage of this act it shall be lawful for any person persons partnership association or corporation within this Commonwealth who shall comply with the requirements of this act to loan money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities and charge and collect for the loan thereof interest and fees as hereinafter provided under the following conditions

(a) Any person or persons firm corporation or association applying for the same under oath and in the form prescribed by the Banking Commissioner and paying the sum of fifty ($50) dollars may in the discretion of the Banking Commissioner except as hereinafter provided obtain a license for carrying on the said business The said license shall be issued by the Banking Commissioner and shall expire the first day of June next following the date of its issuance but no abatement of said charge shall be made if licenses are issued for less than one year Every such license shall be renewed annually on the first day of June in each year No license shall be granted to any corporation unless and until such corporation shall in writing and in due form to be first approved by and filed by the Banking Commissioner appoint an agent resident in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania upon whom all judicial and other process or legal notice directed to such corporation may be served and in the case of the death removal from the Commonwealth or any legal disability or disqualification of any such agent service of such process or notice may be made upon the Banking Commissioner The said commissioner shall have the power to reject any application for license if he is satisfied that the character and general fitness of the applicant or applicants is not such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant the conclusion that the business will be honestly transacted in accordance with the intent and purpose of this act The said commissioner may revoke any license if the licensee shall violate any of the provisions of this act Whenever such license is revoked said commissioner shall not issue another to said licensee until the expiration of at least one year from the date of revocation of such license and not at all if such licensee shall have been convicted of a violation of this act under the provisions of section six (6) thereof In addition to said license fee said licensee shall pay for the examination by said Banking Commissioner as hereinafter provided Every such applicant shall execute and file a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the penal sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars with the Banking Commissioner to be approved by him for the faithful observance of all laws relating to such business Said bond shall be executed by a surety company authorized by the laws of Pennsylvania to transact business within the Commonwealth and such bond shall be renewed and refiled annually not later than the first day of June in each year

(b) The license shall state fully the name or names of the persons or corporation and of every member of the firm or association authorized to do business thereunder and the location of the office or place of business in which the business is to be conducted and in the case of a corporation shall also state the date and place of its incorporation the names of its directors for the period for which the license is issued and the name and address of the agent as provided in section one (1) of this act Such license shall be kept posted in a conspicuous place in the office where the business is transacted No person persons firm corporation or association so licensed shall transact or solicit business under any other name or at any other office or place of business than that named in the license Not more than one office or place of business shall be maintained under the same license and no loans or advancements shall be made at any other place than that designated in the license But in case of a removal the Banking Commissioner may on application indorse thereon a transfer to the new place of business with the date of transfer and from the time of such endorsement the new place so designated shall be deemed the place designated in the license

(c) The Banking Commissioner shall either personally or by such person or persons as he may appoint for the purpose at least once a year and oftener if he deems it advisable investigate the business and affairs of every such licensee and for that purpose shall have free access to the vaults books and papers thereof and other sources of information with regard to the business of such licensee and shall ascertain the condition of the business and whether it has been transacted in accordance with law Said commissioner and every examiner appointed by him shall have authority to examine under oath or affirmation any person whose testimony relative to the business of any such license may be required on any such examination The cost of every such examination shall be paid by the licensee so examined and said commissioner may maintain an action for the recovery of such costs in any court of competent jurisdiction

Section 2 Any person persons co-partnership association or corporation who shall obtain a license in accordance with the provisions of section one of this act shall be entitled to loan money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less either with or without security to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities at his their or its place of business for which said license is issued and to charge the borrowers thereof for its use or loan interest as follows upon loans not exceeding one hundred ($100) dollars in amount not more than (3) per centum per month upon loans exceeding one hundred ($100) dollars in amount and not exceeding three hundred ($300) dollars not more than two (2) per centum per month and in addition in any case in which the loan is made for a period of not less than six (6) months on sums not exceeding fifty ($50) dollars in amount an examination fee of not more than one ($1) dollar on sums exceeding fifty ($50) dollars an examination fee of not more than two ($2) dollars may be charged for examining the security offered or the credit and responsibility of the borrower No charge of any kind in addition to interest shall be made on a loan of less than fifteen ($15) dollars No charge in addition to the said interest and examination fee shall be exacted charged or collected

It shall not be lawful for said lender to divide or split up applications for loans under any pretext whatsoever so as to require or exact any other or greater charges than prescribed herein or to make any charges for renewals or extensions or for any transfers or changes of any loan or loans within six months of the date of the original loan Said licensee shall be entitled to charge for each renewal extension or transfer of any loan made after the expiration of six months from date of said loan a new examination fee as hereinbefore specified providing said renewal extension or transfer shall be for a period of not less than six months from date of making said renewal extension or transfer Interest shall not be payable in advance and shall be chargeable only upon unpaid balances The examination fee herein provided may be payable at the time of the making of the loan A licensee shall not be entitled to any examination fee or any charge whatsoever unless a loan is actually made If interest or charges in excess of those hereinbefore prescribed shall be received by any licensee the said licensee shall thereupon lose all his right to collect or receive the interest and charges allowed under this act and shall be entitled to recover from the borrower only the amount actually loaned together with interest at the rate of six per centum per annum upon unpaid balances less any and all amounts already paid by the borrower on account of said loan either as principal or interest Any person borrowing money from any licensee under this act who shall be charged and pay any charges or interest in excess of those prescribed and allowed by the provisions of this act shall be entitled to recover back from the lender by action at law begun at any time within two years from the date of the last payment any and all sums of money so charged and paid in excess of the amount of the original loan together with interest at the rate of six per centum per annum upon unpaid balances up to the date of final payment of said loan and in addition fifty ($50) dollars as a penalty to be paid to the borrower

Section 3 A licensee making any loan under the terms of this act shall at the time of making such loans give to the borrower a receipt or card upon which shall be stated the date and amount actually loaned the amount of examination fee the amount and date of each payment thereon and the rate of interest charged On the back thereof or immediately attached thereto shall be printed in legible type in English a copy of section two (2) of this act

Section 4 Wherever payment is made on account of a loan to which the provisions of this act shall apply the person receiving such payment shall when payment is made give to the person paying a receipt setting forth the amount then paid the total amount previously paid and the amount remaining due identifying the instrument accompanying the loan to which the payment is to be applied

Section 5 A licensee under the provisions of this act shall not ask for accept or receive from any borrower or intending borrower any power of attorney or written instrument authorizing or purporting to authorize any person or persons either individually or acting as officer or agent for any person persons co-partnership association or corporation either within or outside of this Commonwealth to sign make or execute any note instrument or written promise to pay any sum or sums of money whatsoever Any note instrument or written promise to pay any sum of money made or executed by virtue or authority of any such power of attorney or written authorization shall be null and void and proof that the same was made in said manner shall be sufficient to prevent recovery being had upon the same in any court of this Commonwealth

Section 6 Every person persons co-partnership association or corporation or any partner director officer agent or member thereof who shall violate any provision of this act or shall direct or consent to such violation or who shall lend money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less and charge or receive for the loan or use thereof intrest in excess of six per centum per annum without first having complied with the provisions of section one of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred ($500) dollars for the first offense and for each subsequent offense a like fine and to suffer imprisonment not to exceed six months or both in the discretion of the court

Section 7 This act shall not affect any existing laws special or general authorizing a charge for the loan of money in excess of interest at the legal rate and provided that this act shall not apply to any person persons partnership association or corporation operating under the laws relating to banks trust companies building associations or pawn brokers

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts insofar as they are inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the sponsor of this bill explain it so that we may understand it.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, for the information of the House, I will say that this is a bill that has been drafted at the solicitation of the Captain of Detectives of Philadelphia to eliminate, if possible, the loan sharks in that city. It is drafted to overcome, if possible, the Supreme Court decision in relation to charges. It has the endorsement of not only the Detective Bureau of Philadelphia but all the remedial loan companies that are interested in the loaning of money. It is an absolute protection to the poor man and it is to correct defects in the act of last session.

On the qestion, recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman.
Hollern,
Hollingsworth.
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks.
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
[illegible]
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Baker,
Campbell, J. O.,
Peters,
Wilson, H. I.,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1507, as follows:

An Act for the protection of sheep and the incidental destruction of certain dogs

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any dog that enters at large any field where there are sheep shall constitute a private nuisance and the owner of such sheep or his agent or servant may kill such dog while it is in the field without liability or responsibility of any nature for such killing

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I wish to say that this bill is not intended to in any way attack or antagonize any dog, but as far as possible to give protection to an important industry in the raising of sheep. I have a letter here from a gentleman who is very much interested in it, in which he says there will be at least twenty-five thousand sheep raised in our county alone if proper protection can be secured from dogs that are running at random who are responsible to no one and have no owners. This does not in any way interfere with sportsmen's dogs. I have a telegram here from the President of the Sportsmen's Association of our county in which he says "I shall be very much interested to hear that your sheep protection bill passes to-night." I hope that every gentlemen will vote for it as a matter of protection for an important industry in Pennsylvania.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I objected to this bill in its original form. However, the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood, has now amended the bill so that I think it is fair. It only permits the slaying of the dog now when he is found running at large in a filed in which there happen to be sheep. So I feel that we can vote safely on this bill and protect our dogs and the sheep as well.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds.
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rinn,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.
Woodward,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—8.

Arnold,
Evans,
Gallagher,
Goodyear,
Heyburn,
Kaiser,
Nissley,
Thomas,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 1077, Senate Bill No. 404, on page 18 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1077 (Senate Bill No. 404), entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Meidcal Examiners and defining its powers and duties

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, this bill was misunderstood when it came before the House previously. It does not create any appropriation. It is simply intended for the further and proper standardizing the qualifications of veternarians. It has the hearty endorsement of the State Veternarian Board, and I believe that the House understanding it as it does when we reconsidered it and is now on final passage will support it. I ask you to vote aye on this bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler.
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler.
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser.
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney.
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Kuhn,
Maurer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. NEVILLE. Mr Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 393, File Folio 4639, entitled:

An act relating to the powers duties and fees of coroners and their officers or assistants

be placed upon the calendar.

Mr. LANDIS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The SPEAKER. This bill was on the Postponed Calendar and dropped within the five-day limit.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1106 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, on account of the absence of representative Baldwin of Delaware, at whose request House Bill No. 1106 was made a special order of business for 10 o'clock P. M. on to-day's calendar I move that it be made a special order of business for Monday evening, May 3d at 10 o'clock.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 9.30 having arrived the House will take up the Special Order on House Bill No. 1038.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1038, entitled:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the new Western Penitentiary in Centre county so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides for a modification of the plans of the new Western Penitentiary so as to finally and ultimately accommodate the inmates of both institutions. There are at present in the Western Penitentiary a few less than 1,000 inmates. There are at the present or there were on May 31st, 1914 in the Eastern Penitentiary 1,401 inmates. If the two institutions had been consolidated at that time the total number of inmates would have been 2,214. I am sure that to those of us who have been privileged to visit the present site of the new Western Penitentiary not a single word of argument is necessary to emphasize the value of this legislation. This site is located almost in the exact geographical center of the State, some six miles north east of Bellefonte, Pa. The State has already acquired ownership of more than 5,000 acres of land. More than three thousand acres of this land is splendid agricultural land. The site now owned by the State comprises what was before the State acquired it some thirty-two farms, many of which were in a high state of cultivation, many of which required all of the necessary buildings to carry on farming in a progressive manner. If there were no other argument made than this, that up to the present time with only 130 prisoners, temporarily quartered therein buildings that have been erected without any cost, they were simply some of the farm buildings erected there, more than $24,000.00 was produced in revenue from the crops grown. It is estimated by the management that when these 3,000 acres are properly farmed that the revenue from that land alone will produce a sufficient source of revenue to render the combined institution more than self sustaining. At present both of these institutions are costing this Commonwealth something in excess of three hundred thousand dollars—the combined cost is about seven hundred thousand dollars per year. If there were no other argument advanced than from the standpoint of economy alone, it seems to me, that this legislation should appeal to every good business man in this House. Now, gentlemen, if this end is to be ultimately reached, there is not a man here who will dispute that as a good business proposition, this is the time to let the management of the Western Penitentiary know what they are expected to provide for. If they shall be expected to provide for an institution that will ultimately take care of all the inmates of all the institutions of the Commonwealth, now is the time for them to know it, so that their plans can be so made. They are still laying the foundations—can be so changed and so altered that without the necessity of tearing down they can continue to build it along such lines that will ultimately take care of the inmates of both institutions.

There is no spot in this Commonwealth upon which an institution of the size that will be necessary to accommodate the inmates of both institutions can be built so cheaply. There is underlying this land an inexhaustable supply of lime-stone. Already at the State's expense there is operated there a splendid quarry and a splendid crushing plant with the assistance of the men that are being used, about one hundred and thirty of them so far. They are delivering crushed stone into the very forms used in mixing the concrete without the use of human hands except in the quarry, at a cost of less than one-third of what it would cost to bring it from the nearest quarry. And there is an inexhaustable supply of brown sandstone rock found there which they are running through the crushing plant and producing a splendid sand of very great tensile strength at a cost of less than one third of what it would cost to bring it from the nearest shipping point.

There is no spot in the State where an institution of this kind can be reared under a more splendid environment. Right on the slope of Nittany mountain, right in the geographical center of this State.

From the other standpoint it is scarcely necessary to enter into an argument for the members of this House. I referred on Tuesday of last week to the reasons that were cited by the Warden of the Wetsern Penitentiary at the time when the House of Representatives and the Senate of the Session of 1911 passed the Wetsern Penitentiary Bill. Those of us who were here then and heard the argument that was produced at that time need no further argument to prove to us that this is a move in the right direction. I do not believe that there is a man in this House who doubts it. I say to you gentleman of the House that the day has long since past by when it is necessary to keep the unfortunate men that you call convicts under ball and chain. That is not progress. That is not the way we do things in this twentieth century. That is a thing of the past. I shall never forget a few months ago when I was up upon this very spot and I saw these men out on the slopes of Nittany mountain trimming down these trees with the blush of health upon their faces, learning to do their daily task and learning to do some things well. Give these men a chance. Right there by the border of this property flows Spring Creek, a stream of water which, at its lowest stage, will produce four hundred horsepower of power. You cannot only use these men to produce and develop the agricultural wealth of these three thousand acres of land, but you can erect there, and you will have the power to operate, numerous manufacturies; and you will have an inexhaustable supply of limestone and an inexhaustable supply of sand which can be used to manufacture material for your State roads ;and you will not only be building State roads but you will be building character and you will be building men and you will be sending these poor unfortunate out in the world with confidence in themselves ,with a feeling that they will be able to do something and be once more men.

Now in the name of progress, in the name of these men I ask you to vote "aye" on this bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it is not often that I am found on the opposite side to my friend Hess. It was with considerable attention that I listened to the glowing terms in which he described this new home for prisoners. He pictured to you the beautiful surroundings, the glowing cheeks that would be brought to the men incarcerated and employed there and that this would establish a center that could be used for country-week purposes.

Now, I want to say to you that there is not a man, a member of this Assembly, who has more humanity and more sympathy for the unfortunate than I have. My friend has told you that the institution now in the western part of the State, located as ti is, has contributed twenty-two thousand dollars by the industry of the prisoners, toward the maintenance of that institution. If that be so, gentlemen of the House, why is it that the Western Penitentiary, with only about one thousand prisoners in opposition to sixteen hundred and twenty-two that are now in the Eastern Penitentiary, is asking for an appropriation to maintain that institution of one hundred thousand dollars more than the Eastern Penitentiary.

My friend has called your attention to the fact that he is actuated by humanitarian desires in this bill but he don't tell you that to-day in the Eastern Penitentiary that there are sixteen hundred and twenty-two inmates in that institution under the skillful management of the greatest humanitarian who ever presided over a penal institution. There are men to-day becoming skilled mechanics, skilled in brick-laying, in electrical appliances, in plumbing and in many other pursuits that make them valuable citizens when they get out again; and I could point to hundreds of men, who unfortunately find themselves in the Eastern Penitentiary who, under the humanitarian treatment received there, are to-day, after serving their term, useful members of the community. There is absolutely no necessity to go to Center county to have humane treatment given to the inmates of the combined Eastern and Wesern Penitentiaries. We have now in the Eastern Penitentiary—my friend did not go far enough—he did not refer to the unfortunate members of the families of the men who are incarcerated there. He would have you impose the obligation upon the mother, the sister, the daughter, the wife or the son of these men to go all the way to Center county to see one of their unfortunate members incarcerated there. He did not tell you that there would be, by the combination of these two penitentiaries, an additional expense to the State of Pennsylvania. All prisoners within fifty miles incarcerated in an institution, when they are discharged are paid five dollars bounty by the State. Send all the sixteen hundred and twenty-two men that are now in the Eastern Penitentiary to the Western Penitentiary under the consolidation and they would have to pay each and every man on their discharge ten dollars. You would put the additional expense on the eastern counties; and from the figures that I have given you, you will see that a majority of those in the Eastern Penitentiary come from Philadelphia and surrounding counties. You would put the expense on our counties of sending the men to Center county and you would put an additional expense on the entire State when they would be liberated. He tells you that the operations of this splendid institution referred to—and I have no reflection to cast upon the management of the Western Penitentiary—he would tell you that it would be six, eight or probably ten years before it would be in operation. Now, gentlemen of the House, we know that the appropriations are referred to as not sufficient to meet the demands of the State. We are told that the charities must suffer. We are told that much money is needed for improvements to the roads; and if it can wait ten years it surely can go longer until there is more of a demand generally throughout the State for this combination with the expense attached, and let us have this surplus thrown into the Treasury Department to be used for charitable purposes and the improvement of our roads; and I would therefore ask you members of this House to vote this bill down.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, there are two reasons why we ask you to support this bill to-night. In the first place I want to say that my friend from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, has said that if these penitentiaries were combined in Center county it would add an additional expense of bringing the prisoners from Philadelphia to Center county. Now, we have to pay that additional expense to take our prisoners from Clearfield and other interior counties to Philadelphia and so to reverse that thing for four or five years would not hurt. The two reasons why we ask you to support this bill are, first, from the health standpoint and, second, from the economical standpoint. We, as members of this legislature, are trying to economize; we are trying to make the money we have got as far as we can without adding additional taxation on the people. Here is one of the places you can economize. Here is one of the places where every man taken to the penitentiary can help to support himself. We have in Center county thousands of acres of land belonging to the State that can be utilized. These people taken from these penitentiaries can raise their own potatoes and cabbage and other produce. At the same time I think there are from two to three hundred people from the Eastern

Penitentiary helping to build this penitentiary. I have been told by the warden from Philadelphia that when these people come out of the penitentiary, from the Eastern Penitentiary, they are not allowed to work more than an hour or two at a time. They have been in there so long that they are weak, their muscles have not been developed and are soft and it is impossible for them to work for a long time. I think I have been told there are twenty each year taken from the penitentiary to the asylum. This is because of the too close confinement. If you would remove these men from Philadelphia and from the Western Penitentiary and let these men develop themselves, do you not think it would be better? We are now past the time where we are trying to keep men in steel cages. If we must punish these people let us take them out in the mountains of Center county where there is lots of land and do our part towards making them self-supporting. I think if you study this carefully you will see that this is a proper bill to support.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I take it that further argument on the merits of this bill is perhaps unnecessary. I believe that everything that can be said in favor of consolidation has been so ably said by my friend from Lancaster that for me to repeat would be purely wasting your time. But I want to appeal to you gentlemen, especially from the country counties, I want to appeal particularly to every man who represents a county outside of Philadelphia, and I appeal to you gentlemen in the name of those who are suffering under the torture of prison life and I ask you men as honorable and conscientious citizens to vote for this bill because of your desire to help the unfortunate prisoners who are crying for relief.

Now I have no quarrel with my friends from Philadelphia who will not support this bill. I suppose we all have a little political experience and we all know that if a measure, however good it may be, will interfere with some of our constituents it may be, and undoubtedly is that personal interests usually rises stronger than consideration of the merits of the bill; but this argument applies only to our friends from Philadelphia. I want to say to you gentlemen of the County or City of Philadelphia, that I am authorized directed to say by the warden of the Western Penitentiary who sits in this very Hall here to-night, I am directed to say by Mr. John Frances, who is known to most of you gentlemen, that he is not a candidate for the position of warden in the new penitentiary.

And I say to you gentlemen from Philadelphia now that I have been directed to say to you gentlemen that if this consolidation is put through that we are all for Mr. McKenty to be warden in the new institution, if he desires that position. And I want to say further that the majority of our delegation,—the majority of the twenty-four men in Allegheny county,—will join me, if I may presume to speak for them, in making this recommendation, but in heaven's name, men, don't stop this consolidation; don't commit this crime against the thousands of poor, suffering prisoners because some friend at home may lose a position. All the men now employed will be taken to the new home, and all the positions now filled at Philadelphia will be filled in the new institution.

I appeal especially to you gentlemen from the country counties. I appeal to you, my Democratic friends, to vote for this measure on its merits. It is a serious matter and I ask you o vote for it and consider it, not in a spirit of joke or levity, because it is too serious a measure for us to make sport of, or to consider in a light strain. It is a matter that concerns the unfortunate, the down-and-outer, and the wrecks of society. We, who are sent here to legislate in the interests of the unfortunate, we who are supposed to look out for the moral and intellectual welfare of these unfortunate members of society, can we commit this crime against them by holding them in the slums of the city, when God says, and we all say, their place should be out on the farm,—a place where they can make something out of themselves, in spite of their past records.

Now, my friends of the country districts, perhaps further argument is unnecessary and further discussion a waste of time. I ask you to support the bill on its merits. Vote for this consolidation, because it is the only thing we can do to show the poor prisoner we mean to do something for him. It is the very least we can do to give the poor fellow who is convicted of crime, and who is being punished with the tortures of hell, which it certainly is in the penitentiaries of the State as now conducted. It shows to them that we are willing to give them a helping hand. Do for them gentlemen, what your conscience dictates what you ought to do and that is to vote for the bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, just a word. My friend, Mr. Phillips is mistaken when he says that there is an average of ten men sent from the Eastern Penitentiary yearly to the insane asylum, when he states that the men who are brought from the Eastern Penitentiary owing to their physical condition, were not able to work more than one hour a day when it is a matter of history and fact that the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary have within a short time back built an entire addition to that institution without any aid coming from the outside.

This is not a political issue. My friend from Allegheny allows his imagination to carry him beyond the issue. He appeals first to the members from the country, trying to make it an issue as between Philadelphia and the country districts; then he turns to his Democratic friends and appeals to them, not as members of bers of a political party, and I want to say, Mr. Speaker, to you and to the gentlemen of this House, that Bob McKenty is not interested in the defeat of this bill for the purpose of holding his position. Bob McKenty's reputation in Philadelphia, and among those who know him, is of such a character that he would gladly be received by others in a better position than he occupies to-day as warden of the Eastern Penitentiary, and on behalf of Mr. McKenty I want to say that the men of Philadelphia not standing to this bill in order to keep McKenty in his job, and I decline, on his behalf, the services of Mr. Stein and the promised backing of the men of Allegheny to get Mr. McKenty the position of Warden in the combined institution, because he would not have it.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, the counties outside of Centre county and Philadelphia have an interest in this matter, and they have an interest in the prisoners who occupy these institutions. The gentlemen who have spoken in favor of the abandonment of the Eastern Penitentiary, and the enlargement or construction of a big penitentiary in the central part of the State, in Centre county, have spoken very eloquently in regard to the desirablility of taking care of the prisoners and of working for their betterment. All the counties want to do that. A penal institution should be more than a penal institution. It should be reformatory and helpful.

The Eastern Penitentiary has been referred to as if it were not accompislhing anything along this line. I want to say from observation and from testimony that the Eastern Penitentiary is and has been doing a splendid work along this line. Prisoners have been wonderfully helped during their occupancy of the Eastern Penitentiary. They have been helped as to manhood, as to character, as to intelligence, as to executive ability, and as to artistic ability. They enter the Eastern Penitentiary without any trade. oftentimes as without any ability, mechanical ability. They are there given a trade and they are so trained that in a few years they turn out work that is a surprise, astonishing in its perfection, and neatness and completness, work that would be a credit to any of our factories in any part of the State of Pennsylvania.

The Eastern Penitentiary and the proposed central penitentiary in Centre county have been referred to also in another way, that the stigma of being a jailbird will be softer than coming from the lovely hills of Centre county, than when coming from the Eastern Penitentiary. I want to say to you that "A rose by another name would smell as sweet," and the stigma of being a jailbird would be just as hard to overcome, coming from Centre county, as coming from any other part of the State. In addition to that it would be no small expense, at this time, to construct such a penitentiary in Centre county. At large expense this penitentiary has been erected. created and constructed at Philadelphia. It is a splendid institution. well kept. well managed, provided at very great expense. To provide another equal to it, in any other part of the State will entail a large expense and at this time money is an item in Pennsylvania. We have demands for money way beyond the supply, and I think it would be well to go slow upon this movement at this time, and let this splendid institution remain where it is, so long as it so well fulfills its work, as it has been doing in the recent past and for many years past.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman from York, far be it from me to in any way detract from the splendid reputation that our friend from Philadelphia, Mr. McKenty, has earned and especially well deserves. We all are a unit, we all agree, that he is in the very forefront of progressive wardens, and it is with this fact in mind that we will gladly accord to him the position of being warden in the new and larger institution if he wishes that place, but just a word with reference to expense.

I would have the members of this House remember that this bill carries with it no appropriation whatever. It simply authorizes the management of the Western Penitentiary to at this time so adjust their plans as to accomplish this ultimately, and I would say further, with reference to the expense of building this institution, that if the Commonwealth, at some time in the future, sees fit to turn that property down in Philadelphia into cash, being in the very midst of the built up section of that city, they can realize for that plant enough money to build this entire institution up in Centre county. I trust that you will support this bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—123.

Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Beck,
Becker,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Davis,
Dell,
Dodds,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Flynn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—62.

Adams,
Albee,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gans,
Geiser,
Glass,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McNichol,
Murphy,
Neville,
Palmer,
Perry,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Stern,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Weir,
Willard,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wynne,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for Concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The next special order for 9.35 o'clock is House Bill No. 200.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act amending the first and seventeenth sections of an act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive wtih counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities and also by removing the exemption of life and fire insurance corporations having no capital stock from the provisions of the act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, this is a very important bill and a bill to which opposition cannot be based on any sound political or econimic basis. The exemption from the payment of a four mill tax on securities held by mutual life insurance companies was not passed, as has been circularized by those insurance companies, by this House, after careful consideration. Prior to 1907 there was considerable ambiguity in the law about the taxation of purely mutual companies. In that year an act of assembly passed by which it was the intention of the Legislature to make all insurance companies pay a tax whether they be mutual or private, privately owned or those held by stock holders and held as capital stock. That act was carried to the Supreme Court and was nullified by the action of that Supreme Tribunal. In 1911, the Legislature passed another act which passed the scrutiny of the Supreme Court of this State and all insurance companies were obliged to pay a four mill tax. In 1913 this Legislature made the personal property tax a county rather than a State tax. In the change of making that a county rather than a State tax great influence was brought to bear; aye, I might say the dominating issue, the controlling influence, came from Philadelphia on the part of those interested in rapid transit of that city. It was my pleasure as Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee to hold up that legislation for four weeks to see that the bill which passed this House would accomplish the purpose for which it had been written. So much concerned were we in the bill providing for the proper regulation and control of the money derived by the increased borrowing capacity that when the bill was written and re-written and re-written over again we failed to see that in that bill in addition to the exemption of fire insurance companies without capital stock there was written in the little word "life," so that the life insurance companies without capital stock were exempt from the payment of the four mill tax. What does it mean? It meant that in Philadelphia alone, quoting from the City Solicitor whose talent and whose knowledge and intelligence is unimpeachable, it cost the City of Philadelphia $584,500.

Mr. Speaker, when I stood on this floor the other day and spoke of moral legislation, I had in mind the taxation of every person whether it be an actual person or an artificial person like a corporation, so that all should bear their share of the political burdens of the State. (I would be very much obliged, Mr. Speaker, if you would inform the gentlemen in the back of the Hall that I am talking to the members of the Legislature and that the gentlemen behind the rail take their talk outside.)

The SPEAKER. The Chair requests that all conversation in the back of the Hall cease and the Sergeant-at-Arms will see that this request is carried out.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, the personal property tax at this time is a county tax. Prior to 1913 is was a state tax collected by the State and seventy-five per centum returned to the source from which it was collected. The county that suffers most, aye, the county that suffers more than all the other counties put together is Philadelphia. It costs my city $584,000 a year because that word "life" is written in and there is not a man on the floor of this House that knew that that word "life" was in there when that bill came back in the shape of a conference report. I cannot understand the opposition to this bill except that it comes from the mercenary corporations that would have you believe that when you tax the mutual companies you tax the policy holders. If you want to argue the thing out with fine logical fineness of course it does fall on the policy holder. You should come down to my city and see the building that is being erected there, one of the finest buildings in the city, by the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company. Why talk about robbing the counties of revenue on the basis that the insurance company would have to take it out of the policy holder when they have taken from the policy holder over a million, aye, nearly two million dollars, and built one of the finest buildings in the State. If in your wisdom you think this is a bad bill that should not go on the statute books, then vote against it. If you feel your responsibility that governmental taxes shall be paid and not evaded; if you feel that moral legislation shall begin from this time on and that those who owe the Commonwealth their share of taxation shall pay it, you will vote for this bill and no one, I care not who, will be justified in opposition to this bill on any ground particularly on the puny ground that it costs more to the mutual company policy holders; it will not cost the policy holders more money. The mutual companies ta-day are competing with all the old line companies and they are taking the profits of the policy holders to erect buildings. My city has been cheated out of $584,000, and every other county where there is a mutual company has also felt this loss but loss in any of the counties of the State is inconsequential and trivial compared to the loss that we suffered down in my home. I say, Mr. Speaker, that no better bill, no fairer bill, no bill more truly taxing from a source of taxation possibilities can be presented than this bill; no bill has appeared on the floor of this House during the three sessions I am here that is more worthy of consideration and I ask that this bill be passed without any material opposition.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I object to a part of this bill It provides for the taxation of mutual companies of that character. The mutual Fire Insurance company is not operated for profit. It is a combination of individuals for their mutual help and protection. It is not operated for profit, not organized for profit it is organized for mutual help and mutual assistance. It has no capital stock; it has policy holders and those policy holders on occasion are assessed to pay the losses of those who are numbered among the insured policy holders of that company, who have suffered loss. That feature of the bill I do most earnestly object to. To put upon the people who are doing no business for profit to make money, they are making no money, to pay this tax out of and to impose a tax upon them or interfere would be a burden, might indeed put some of these companies out of business, or prevent the organization of other companies for mutual help in a community. We want to encourage any business of that kind and not legislate them out of business.

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker I should like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. RONEY. Yes, sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MEARKLE Mr. Speaker, I would like to know what is to be done with this form of tax or revenue that is to be collected

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker. It becomes of course a part of the general fund of the municipality or county in which it is collected.

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, the Philadelphia fund?

Mr. RONEY. Of course the county in which it is collected puts it into its general fund.

Mr. MEARKLE. Now, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, as I understand the proposition, we have in our city, in Allegheny county no mutual life insurance company. On the other hand, there are a great many of my constituents, and I think a great many citizens of Allegheny county, and Pittsburgh particularly, that are carrying life insurance in mutual life insurance companies. I know that I am. Now, there are not orgnized for profit, but purely on a mutual basis, and as I understand it, a tax of four mills is to be put upon them, which will eventually be collected from me to go into a fund for repair work in the City of Philadelphia, or city improvements. Now, if that is true, I am against the bill. I am not sure that I am correct. As I understand it, a four-mill tax will be collected from all of the policy holders of a mutual life insurance company. If that insurance company is in Philadelphia, and they write life insurnce throughout the State of Pennsylvania, that four-mill tax will be collected wherever it may be throughout the State to go into a fund in the City of Philadelphia, the purpose of which is to build subways and other public improvements. If this is true, I am against the bill.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, the gentlemen from Pittsburgh is absolutely and completely in error in regard to the terms and provisions of this bill. I am not asking Pittsburgh to help build our subways, and in the Legislature of 1913, one of the very reasons why the personal property tax was made a county, rather than a State tax, was to give us back home additional borrowing capacity Now, then, the personal property tax that is collected out in Allegheny county is yours, absolutely and completely, and we cannot touch it, and the gentleman is in error in regard to the four-mill tax. The four-mill tax is only assessed against the corporate holdings of the company or the corporate loans and the particular company in Philadelphia that I speak of has loans of that character aggregating $146,000,000.00 and the four-mill tax is only put on that. You are not destroying the opportunity that the policy holder has or at least the contemplative policy holder has of getting cheap rates in the insurance deal. Our companies are competing with the oldline companies of New York and they will not feel this four-mill tax to such an extent as to raise appreciably your premium. I say it is simply in this case an evasion of political responsibility on the part of life insurance companies. I might say that this Legislature in 1913 passed a bill making life insurance companies having no capital stock, that is, purely mutual companies, pay the four mill tax. The intent of the Legislature was that they should, but when the bill got over into the Senate, when we had all the difficulties about the Rapid Transit, and when we sat down to the Conference Report I am candid to say I never saw the word "life" in it. I do not know how it got in. When the bill was first introduced it was not the intention of this legislaure to exempt them, and when the exemption was made nobody knew it until months and months afterward when the City Controller in making up a budget found that there had been put in the act of 1913 an exemption of purely mutual companies. It was a mistake. This Legislature passed the bill making them pay the four mill tax on their corporate loans, and they ought to pay it. It is not going to increase, I venture to say, one whit the premium cost in policy holding in a purely mutual company.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I severely dislike to take exception to this bill for the very reason that it has been introduced by my friend from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney. My association with him in this legislature has led me to believe that when he is back of a bill it is with an honest motive, and it is with that ultimate motive that I believe the gentleman is pressing the passage of this bill at this time, but having received so many letters from people in this State, some of which, are from my friends in the City of Erie on this piece of legislation my suspicions were finally aroused that it ought to be called to the attention of the House. I think it is unnecessary for me this evening to enter into any extended argument on this proposition, but I do wish to call the attention of the membership to one fact, and I presume that fact is well within the grasp of the intellect of every one of you, that mutual life insurance companies have no capital stock and the four mill tax in the end is paid out of the pocket of the policy holder. I am not speaking from the standpoint of having any interest in the bill but speaking from the standpoint of some of the other people in the state who do not desire the bill. Now let me give you an illustration. It is kind of a comical letter, but I want to read to you a sample of the letters that I get from my friends up home. After addressing the letter and writing "Dear Sir," he says:

"House Bill No. 200, introduced February 1st, 1915, provides for a 4 mill tax on securities held for the ultimate payment of my $10,000 policy in the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, which I took out half a dozen years ago, for the protection of my prospective widow.

Inasmuch as the premiums are each year taxed as paid, to again tax them as held, in invested form, is manifestly unjust. All dividends accruing on my policy in this strictly mutual life insurance company are applied to reduce the annual premium.

But the screaming farce of this rotten bill is that the tax be used as a basis of a bond issue of the City of Philadelphia for a subway system and other municipal improvements.

Now wouldn't that subway in Philadelphia be a tremendous protection to my widow in Erie, at my death!!!!

When legislators monkey with mutual life insurance, some one will get hurt in the scrimmage.

What are you going to do about it, please?"

I do not exactly say that this bill is gotten up for the purpose of municipal improvements, but that idea has gone throughout the State, and that impression is held by poilcy holders in the State of Pennsylvania. The writer of this letter is not a fanatic or a crank, and I have withheld his name, but I have had dozens of letters along that line, and upholding the judgment of this legislature in 1913 when they took off the tax of four mills on mutual life insurance companies, and I came to the conclusion that this bill should not be passed.

Now in a word, this seems to be my impression of the matter. I am too tired after being in court to-day to make any speech. I just want to give the House a few lines, and then I am through.

It must be plain to any one who will stop to think, that all taxes paid by a mutual life insurance company must, in the last analysis, be borne by its policy holder. The premiums paid by these policy holders are already taxed. To impose an additional tax upon the securities purchased by these funds does not find any justification in good morals or economics. When a man is willing to put aside a given sum each year to protect his dependents and prevent them from becoming a charge upon the State, it is clearly in the interests of the State that his thrift and foresight be encouraged rather than taxed. Certainly the funds put aside for this almost sacred purpose should not be seized upon as a convenient financial basis for the construction of municipal improvements.

Our Federal Government, responsive to the voice of public opinion completely exempted life insurance policies under the recently enacted War Revenue Tax Law. England allows her people certain income tax exemption provided the amount be invested in life insurance protection. Other European nations have adopted compulsory insurance.

Life insurance companies having no capital stock and operating solely on the mutual plan are in the same class as building and loan associations, fraternal organizations and saving funds, all of which are exempt from the tax contemplated in the proposed bills.

And I think, sir, before we vote on this, irrespective of the fact that we all have great respect for the sponsor of this bill, and irrespective of the fact that it may have worked some harm to his city, that we ought to, in the last instance, closely analyze the proposition before voting upon it. I am not a policyholder in any mutual life insurance company and I am not personally interested; but in fairness to those thousands of people who have these kind of policies throughout the State, I think that this bill ought to fall.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, like my friend, Mr. Mearkle, from Allegheny, I happen to be the holder of a policy in a mutual life insurance company. I do not, however, approach the consideration of this question as a policy holder. I approach this question as a citizen of Philadelphia and a voter of Pennsylvania and I think that this question should be treated in a more broadminded manner than the selfish interest of a policy holder would dictate.

I desire to say to the gentlemen of the House that I am familiar with the tactics that were pursued in bringing the word "life" in the class of exemptions in Bill No. 200 as presented here to-night by my friend, Mr. Roney, from Philadelphia. I say that I charge the person,—I do not know who did it—but I charge the person who put that word in exempting mutual life insurance companies, with having performed a trick, a mean low-down trick and that is all it was. There is absolutely no reason why the Penn Mutual Life or any other large life insurance company which has to compete with other life insurance companies should not pay this tax. And, furthermore, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, if this life insurance company of Philadelphia were a small, provincial affair, if it were something that had for its basis the purpose or maintenance of a county fire department or for its maintenance a volunteer association, nobody would want to put a tax on this life insurance company; but why should this big life insurance company, the biggest in the world, competing with every insurance company in every part of the globe, why should that insurance company be exempt from paying this tax if for no other reason than that they played a trick or somebody played a trick on the Ways and Means Committee of the 1913 session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania. I say to you, Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, we should denounce and discountenance any action of that kind, and for that reason alone vote "aye" on this bill.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, It is contrary to our rules to speak more than twice on the same subject, but I would ask the indulgence of the House for a few moments to answer the most fallacious argument of the gentleman from Erie. He did not mention that there were any life insurance companies without capital stock in his county, so that his opposition to the bill is based upon what in this legislature has prevailed for many years and should never have come in here—his argument is based on the idea that Philadelphia gained something and, consequently, all the men from the farming districts or the other small towns throughout the State should be against it. That spirit should not prevail in this legislature, and that man in Erie who holds a ten thousand dollar policy in prospect for his widow, he does not lay a single stone in our subway back home and his policy won't pay one cent more next year than it does this year, because all these great insurance companies seem not only to have standardized their policies but they have standardized their prices; and that man in Erie with the ten thousand dollar policy who writes that huge joke or letter which says that he does not want his widow to pay any part of it to the cost of our subway understands the situation not at all. The one big company in the State that is escaping taxation is the Penn Mutual. The policyholder should not deceive himself that he is going to be charged with any added political burden, but the policyholder should feel that he stands in concord with all the other good citizens of this Commonwealth in demanding that corporations, or individuals, or any one else who is charged with the responsibility of bearing their share of political taxation should pay it; and I want my friends from the country to know that the gentleman from Erie paid me no compliment when he said he was sorry to be against my bill. I ask no man now, I never did before, and I never will again, ask any man to support any legislation of mine on personal reasons. This is not a mutual compliment club. This is a serious, deliberative body. This legislation to me is impersonal and I am no such egotist as to think that I could absolutely convince and control two hundred and six other votes. I cannot do it, and I do not even care to try it. I am not so constituted. I discharge my responsibilities when I vote right and I only want to argue to you right when I say to you that this bill is a very meritorious bill, adding not only to my county but to every other county where any life insurance company without capital stock may go up to any pretentious proportions; and I want to say to you that this company escapes taxation without benefitting the policyholders. I know whereof I speak and I say to my friends from the country and friend from Pittsburgh , this measure is for your joint decision. I place it on no personal ground and I look for no such cheap compliment. I say our duty to-night is plain, is to vote, man for man, each one in succession, in support of this bill, and I think that every one shall toe the political scratch and that the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company shall not escape in paying into my city five hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars that she justly owes.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, as the number of members of this House who intend supporting this bill is small, and in view of the fact that we are trying to get through by the sixth of May, I move the previous question.

The motion was seconded by a number of members.

The SPEAKER. The Chair believes that all debate is over on this question and will therefor order the Clerk to call the roll.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—19.

Aron,
Conner,
Cox,
Fackler,
Forster,
Glass,
Graham,
Hackett,
Jones, E. E.,
Lafferty,
Lipschutz,
McArdle,
McNichol,
Reynolds,
Roney,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Stern,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Wilson, W. H.,

NAYS—149.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth.
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer.
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber.
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Watson.
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith.
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 870.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section one, line 59, by striking out the following: "be guilty of a misdemeanor and;" in line 60 strike out the word "shall" and insert the following: "Before any alderman or justice of the peace of the county;" in line 62 strike out the word "ten" and insert the word "five;" in line 63 strike out the word "ten" and insert the word "five."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. GOMPERS. Mr. Speaker, I have examined the amendments and they are entirely satisfactory.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer.
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Luppert.
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Stat
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 852.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 852 entitled "An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 103.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 1180.

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of masoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

House Bill No. 153.

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto

House Bill No. 1047.

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

House Bill No. 913.

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 628.

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

House Bill No. 795.

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy

House Bill No. 1110.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 485.

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency

House Bill No. 165.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1061.

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased

House Bill No. 123.

An Act making an appropriation of four hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1137.

An Act making an appropiration for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmer's Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license

House Bill No. 630.

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

With the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as folows:

Senate Bill No. 121.

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed wtih coffee and providing a penalty

Senate Bill No. 538.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 978. House Bill No. 1652.

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1467.

Mr. HAMILTON presented a petition from the voters of the 6th Legislative District favoring the passage of the House Bill No. 1467.

Mr. WETTACH presented a petition from the voters of the 7th Legislative District favoring the passage of House Bill No. 1467.

Which were referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

ASKING FOR A STATE ROAD.

Mr. CORBIN presented a petition from the citizens of Belleville and McAllavey's Fort, Pa., asking for a State Road from Belleville to McAllavey's Fort, Pa.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time for the purpose of amendment House Bill No. 1340, File Folio 5309, on page 34 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1340 (Senate Bill No.   ), entitled:

An Act defining public utilities owned by cities boroughs towns or townships and providing for the submission of the question of the sale or lease thereof to the electors of such cities boroughs towns or townships

On the question, recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows :

Amend by inserting after section 7 the following to be marked and known as Section 8:

Section 8. Any person, firm or corporation, purchasing a "Public Utility" under the provisions of this act, shall, in all respects, be subject to the provisions of The Public Service Company Law, approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, (P. L. 1374), and its amendments or supplements.

and by renumbering the following section accordingly.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to call up at this time House Bill No. 1025, File Folio 5363, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

on page 18 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I object.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objection.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 11:00 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning, at 10:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 | 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, APRIL 27, 1915. No. 49.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, April 27, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this beautiful morning. Nature clothed in her most glorious apparel presents to us a sight that is very cheering and encouraging. We are reminded at the same time of that family who have been brought into the shadows of depressing sorrow by the accidental removal from the scenes of this life of their son and relative one of our Senate pages. May the consolations of the gospel be with them. Guide us so that we may all live to Thy glory, and to the best good of our fellowmen. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. HILTON, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. STEWART presented eleven petitions of citizens of Greene and Washington Counties favoring the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of citizens of York County favoring the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TOMPKINS presented three petitions of citizens of Cambria County favoring the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. STEWART presented nine petitions of citizens of Washington and Greene Counties favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of citizens of York County favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TOMPKINS presented two petitions of citizens of Cambria County favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING SENATE BILL NO. 255.

Mr. WASBERS presented two petitions of citizens of York County favoring the passage of Senate Bill No. 255.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the **General Assembly** and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 1009, entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

House Bill No. 743, entitled:

An Act authorizing the orphans' ocurt to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

House Bill No. 1108, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

House Bill No. 1100, entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1105, entitled:

An Act authorizing Jennie Clay Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

House Bill No. 955, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children"

House Bill No. 547, entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

House Bill No. 910, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States Census

House Bill No. 725, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thuosand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws"

House Bill No. 680, entitled:

An Act relative to estates of decedents

Senate Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties

Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 462, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Senate Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

Senate Bill No. 463, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract

Senate Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven

Senate Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 847, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as any individual could do

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. PHIPPS asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Crawford, Mr. Raymond E. Smith, for the balance of the week.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SALUS from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 996 (House Bill No. 954), entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities of the first class.

Mr. TOMPKINS from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 736, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of corporations for the maintenance of public worship.

Mr. KURTZ from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 862 (House Bill No. 929), entitled:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 863 (House Bill No. 930), entitled:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmens Compensation Act of 1915 by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment of a Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such Bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and certain of their employes and assistants.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 864 (House Bill No. 931), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto declaring false oaths by the subscribers to be misdemeanors and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 865 (House Bill No. 932), entitled:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 866 (House Bill No. 933), entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies and declaring the false oaths of officers thereof to be perjury.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 867 (House Bill No. 934), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915," to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 868 (House Bill No. 935), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HINDMAN from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 892 (House Bill No. 970), entitled:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also sections four, five, twelve, thirteen, twenty, twenty-two, thirty, thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the Fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paragraph of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 948 (House Bill No. 1239), entitled:

An Act to enable city, county, poor, ward, school, borough, and township tax collectors, their executors and administrators, if they are deceased, or either surety or sureties, if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes, to collect taxes, for the payment of which they have become personally liable, without having collected the same, by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds, or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants, or by the expiration of their terms of office, and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

Mr. CLARK from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 934, entitled:

An Act providing a method of establishing title to land acquired at a sale for unpaid taxes or municipal claims

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1013, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Lebanon Sanatorium at Lebanon, Lebanon County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county any sum or sums of money legally and justly due it for treatment given Private Albert Greener late a member of Company K, Fourth Infantry, National Guard of Pennsylvania

Mr. PHIPPS from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 984, entitled:

An Act authorizing William C Dietrich a resident of Indiana Township County of Allegheny to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Allegheny county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 909 (House Bill No. 1202), entitled:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1909, entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes.

Mr. PATTON from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1029, entitled:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 685, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act, entitled "An Act relating to the grant of letters of administration upon the estates of persons, presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile," approved the 24th day of June, A. D. 1885, by authorizing the several orphans' courts of this Commonwealth to accept refunding bonds from the distributees without sureties in certain cases.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, rereported as committed, Senate Bill No. 765 (House Bill No. 941), entitled:

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one and regulating the making of certain reports and a statement to the Auditor General for the purposes of taxation

Mr. JENKINS from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 685, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the 14th day of April, A. D. 1905, entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act relating to the granting of letters of administration upon the estates of persons, presumed to be dead, by reason of long absence from their former domicile,' approved June 24th, 1885; providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established and for attachment of such will to letters of administration granted in the case," by providing for the issuance of letters testamentary to the executor named in such will in the same manner and form as if such supposed decedent were actually dead.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 970, entitled:

An Act amending the act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof," approved the 24th day of July, 1913.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 897 (House Bill No. 437), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued," approved the 3d day of May, 1909, so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate owned by said decedent at the date of his death.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 735, entitled:

An Act requiring coroporations to keep a stock book and to permit access thereto by their stockholders and providing for fines and penalties.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 784, entitled:

An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received for recording and exemplifying deeds and other writings in this Commonwealth in counties containing a population from two hundred fifty thousand to five hundred thousand.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1043, entitled:

An Act for the licensing, protection and keeping of dogs and for the protection of game birds, rabbits, non-noxious wild life, horses, cattle, sheep and other livestock, domestic fowls and swine; creating the office of Dog Commissioner in every county; defining his duties; providing methods for the enforcement of this act; and prescribing penalties for its violation and repealing certain acts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. CROFT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1044, entitled:

An Act providing that any and all damages sustained by a person or corporation by the laying out, opening, altering, narrowing, vacating, extending, grading or widening of any street, road, avenue, highway, thoroughfare, lane or alley within the limits of any borough within the Commonwealth shall be recoverable against the municipality or borough corporation wherein such streets, roads, etc., are laid out, opened, etc., and not against the county or counties wherein such borough is situated.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. KURTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1045, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances or mortgages made by or to corporations, and judicial sales or sheriff's sales had on any corporate obligation or mortgage, after letters patent are issued, and before the recording of their charters.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. FARLEY (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1046, entitled:

An Act making an appopriation to the Department of Agriculture for the payment of necessary expenses in the demonstration of the Hall Cotton Reclaiming Process for the maturing and opening of frost bitten and immature bolls.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KURTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An Act providing for and giving power to the board of trustees or managers of cemetery corporations in this Commonwealth, to improve, keep in order, clean and fence cemetery, and generally take care of the lots in said cemetery by providing money and mans for such improving, keeping in order, cleaning, fencing, and generally taking care of the lots in said cemetery corporation by assessing lot owners their pro rata share of such general upkeep and collecting the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MAGEE (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1048, entitled:

An Act fixing the method of sale of bonds issued by counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts or other municipalities or incorporated districts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 870.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 870, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 430, as follows:

An Act Relative to the holding of magistrates courts in Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That immediately after the approval of this act the magistrates in Philadelphia shall jointly provide a system or schedule of holding magistrates' courts so that at all hours of the day and night there shall be a magistrate court in session at such place as shall be designated by the mayor of the city Provided however, That at any night session of said magistrate court the proceedings shall be limited to the discharge or holding over of the defendant in bail or otherwise for further hearing

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And said amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
Patton,
Phipps.
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Graff,
Hindman.
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS RETURNED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In section 1, line 5, by inserting after the word "prescribing" the words "its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of;" also in line 33, by striking out the word "he" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "a majority of the judges."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix.
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus.
Schantz,
Semmens.
Sensenich,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial district containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In the title, in line 1, by inserting after the word "criers" the words "court interpreters;" also in section 1, line 9, by inserting after the word "annum" the words "The court interpreters shall be paid a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,

Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Jenkins
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Washers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representives accordingly.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 126, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty-three thousand dollars ($63,000) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the payment of the salaries of secretary statistician port captain assistant port captain civil engineer vessel clerk stenographer harbor masters for Chester and Bristol and messenger and pay of captain engineer fireman deckhands and steward of the "M S Quay" and for the payment of the rent and care of the offices stationery telephone service subscription to Maritime Exchange books charts and official expenses of the commission and incidentals and for the cost of repairs maintenance supplies fuel insurance oil and equipment of steam tender "M S. Quay"

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 711, on final passage entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

and Senate Bill No. 908 (House Bill No. 1143), on final passage, entitled: ,

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

have not been received from the printer and will go over in their order.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 912, as follows:

An Act providing for the construction maintenance and operation of main or trunk sanitary sewers and of sewerage disposal plants by the several counties of this Commonwealth making such main or trunk sewers and sewerage disposal plants county sewers and county disposal plants for the formation of sewer districts in the several counties of this Commonwealth the preparation of separate copies of the assessed value for county purposes of the taxable properties included in such sewer districts authorizing the taking of property for the construction of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and providing for the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in the constructing maintaining and operating of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and authorizing the levy of a tax upon said sewer districts to provide a fund for said purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the several counties of this Commonwealth shall have the power and they are hereby authorized whenever the commissioners or a majority of them shall by resolution duly adopted deem it expedient so to do and upon approval thereof by a grand jury and by the court of quarter sessions as hereinafter provided to construct and maintain main or trunk sanitary sewers and sewerage disposal plants under the provisions of this act and any such main or trunk sewers or disposal plants constructed under the provisions of this act shall forever thereafter be county sewers and disposal plants and the duty of maintaining operating and keeping the same in repair shall devolve upon the county and the expense thereof shall be paid by the county as hereinafter provided

Section 2 That the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth shall have authority within their respective counties to divide their several counties into sewerage districts or to decree that the said county shall form one or more sewerage districts having respect to the topography of the county and the course of natural drainage upon application of the county commissioners or upon petition of fifty freeholders resident in the locality for which a sewer district is prayed for and upon the presentation of such petition the court shall appoint three viewers one of whom shall be the county engineer to inquire into the propriety of granting the prayer of the petition whose duty shall be to investigate the same and make a plan or draft showing the boundaries of sewer districts formed and report at a date to be fixed by said court at which time or any subsequent time to which said return day may be extended by the court said report shall be filed and confirmed nisi by the court and notice of said filing and that exceptions may be filed to said report within thirty days after said confirmation nisi shall be published in one or more newspapers of the county as the court may designate once a week for four weeks and if exceptions be filed upon hearing thereof said court may modify or change said report or readjust the boundary lines thereof or refer the same back to the same or other viewers and if no sufficient cause be shown to the contrary said report shall be approved absolutely and said district or districts so formed shall comprise separate sewerage districts of said county

Section 3 Whenever the commissioners of any county of this Commonwealth shall resolve to construct any such main or trunk sewers or sewerage disposal plants in accordance with the provisions of this act they shall cause to be prepared surveys and plans of such main or trunk sewers or disposal plants showing the location termini size depth and type of construction of such sewer or sewers and the location size and type of construction of such disposal plants together with the properties and the names of the owners thereof through which said sewer or sewers extend or upon which the same abuts and the properties and names of the owners of the land upon which such disposal plants are to be located or upon which the same abuts together with an estimate of the cost and expense of the same and shall thereupon present such surveys plans and estimates or a copy thereof together with their petition to the court of quarter sessions of the county and upon filing thereof the court shall direct notice to be given of the same substantially describing the line of the proposed sewer or sewers and the location of the proposed disposal plants by publication at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in at least two newspapers of general circulation published in the county wherein said proposed sewers or disposal plants are to be made or constructed and of the time when said application will be laid before the grand jury and after publication as aforesaid the said court shall cause the said application to be laid before the grand jury when in session and if a majority of said grand jury after a full investigation of the matter by the grand jury shall approve of the same they shall certify their approval to the court whereupon the court shall fix such time for filing exceptions to said proceedings as the court shall deem proper and upon hearing thereof the said court may for a cause shown disallow said application but if no sufficient cause be shown to the contrary said application shall be approved and said court shall thereupon order that said sewers or sewerage disposal plants shall be made and constructed in accordance with the plans and surveys accompanying the said application and thereupon the location of such sewers and sewerage disposal plants shall remain absolute

Section 4 After such plans and specifications have been prepared by said county commissioners and before presentation thereof to the court or grand jury as provided for in section three of this act they shall be submitted to the State Department of Health and approval by said State Department of Health of the same shall be first had in accordance with the Act of Assembly of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State from the protection of the public health"

Section 5 For the purpose of making all necessary preliminary surveys in order to prepare such plans surveys and estimates the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth and the persons by them employed for such purposes shall and are hereby given the right to enter upon private or public property and designate by proper marks upon the gound the line or location of any sewer or disposal plant proposed to be made and constructed under and for the purpose authorized in this act

Section 6 When said application surveys and plans shall have been finally approved by such court and said sewer or disposal plant ordered to be constructed as aforesaid the said county commissioners or a majority of them shall endeavor to agree with the persons or parties interested in the properties affected thereby as to the damages if any sustianed or which seem likely to be sustained by reason of the taking injuring or destroying such property and upon agreement being made the said commissioners shall report the same to such court showing the amount of damages agreed to be paid and the names of the persons or parties to whom the same are payable and upon the approval thereof by such court the said damages shall be payable by said commissioners out of the moneys specifically raised for such purposes in the manner hereinafter provided

Section 7 In case the said commissioners or a majority of them and the parties interested in the land upon which such sewers or disposal plants shall or are to be made and constructed as aforesaid fail to agree upon the compensation to be made for the property so taken injured or destroyed by reason of such sewer or disposal plant then upon petition of such commissioners or a majority of them or any person or parties interested in said proposed sewer or disposal plant and whose property or land is affected thereby to a court of common pleas of said county the said court of common pleas shall appoint three disinterested viewers and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when said viewers shall meet upon the line of the proposed sewers or disposal plants and view the same and the properties affected thereby The said viewers shall give at least ten days' notice by publication in the newspapers aforesaid of the time and place of their first meeting and shall also give notice thereof by handbills posted in conspicuous places along the line or in the vicinity of the said sewers or disposal plants

Section 8 The said viewers having been sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire under the provisions of this act and having viewed the properties connected with and affected by the said proposed sewers or disposal plants shall hear all parties interested and their witnessses and having due regard to the advantages and disadvantages shall estimate and determine the damages if any for the property taken used or appropriated and to whom the same are payable they shall give at least ten days' notice thereof in the manner herein provided to all parties interested of the time and place when said viewers will meet and exhibit their report and hear any exceptions thereto after making whatever changes are deemed necessary and proper said viewers shall make report to the said court showing the damages if any allowed and file therewith a plan showing the properties acquired taken used and appropriated for the purposes aforesaid and the names of the persons or parties to whom such damages are payable The said viewers shall have the right to adjourn from day to day as may be found necessary and to administer oaths to all parties and witnesses appearing before them and desiring to be heard upon all matters connected with the construction maintenance and operation of such sewers or disposal plants

Section 9 All damages found awarded or sustained for or on account of the construction and operation of such sewers or disposal plants under the provisions of this act and all cost and expense thereafter incurred in repairing and maintaining the same shall be paid from the funds raised by taxation as hereinafter provided and authorized

Section 10 The viewers provided for in the foregoing sections may be appointed before or at any time after the entry taking appropriation or injury of any private property used and acquired in the construction of such sewers or disposal plants The cost of the said viewers and of court charges incurred including all advertising and notices shall be paid by the said county

Section 11 Upon the report of said viewers or a majority of them being filed in said court any party in interest may within thirty days thereafter file exceptions to the same and the court shall have the power to confirm said report or to modify change or otherwise correct and amend the same or refer the same back to the same or new viewers with like power as to their report or within thirty days after the filing of any report in court the county commissioners on behalf of the county or any party whose property is taken injured or destroyed may appeal therefrom and demand a trial by jury and any party so interested may within thirty days after final decree and confirmation of said report by said court have an appeal to the Supreme or Superior Court That said court of common pleas shall have power to order and direct what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings and make such orders as it may deem requisite in the premises For the purposes of this act it shall be lawful for the majority of said board of viewers to hear determien pass upon and report all matters in this act relating to said viewers but all said viewers shall act unless prevented by sickness or other unavoidable cause

Section 12 After said surveys and plans and the aforesaid application to the court of quarter session shall have been approved by the court and the said sewers or disposal plants as decreed by said court ordered to be made and constructed in accordance therewith the commissioners or a majority of them of the respective counties wherein the said sewers or disposal plants are made or to be made and constructed shall invite proposals for the making and constructing of the same by publication in at least two newspapers of general circulation published in said county or if no newspapers be published in said county then in a newspaper or newspapers published in the county adjoining once a week for four consecutive weeks fixing a time therein when such proposals will be opened and the contracts therefor awarded in addition to the notices so ordered to be given by publication there shall be posted in the office of the said commissioners of the respective counties like notice as those now given inviting proposals for the construction and repair of public roads and bridges the contract as aforesaid shall be awarded by the said county commissioners or a majority of them to the lowest responsible bidder No contract shall be awarded for any of said sewers or disposal plants until proper bonds shall be given for the faithful performance thereof by the person or persons to whom the same shall be awarded with proper security to be approved by said commissioners or a majority of them Any incorporated company doing business within any of said counties authorized by law to be surety for persons or corporations may be taken and accepted as surety upon the bonds herein required to be given

Section 13 Said commissioners shall have prepared plans and estimates as often as required for the repair and maintenance of all county sewers or disposal plants which may hereafter be constructed under the provisions of this act and become county sewers or disposal plants in their respective counties they shall invite proposals for the repairing and maintenance of such sewer or disposal plants or parts thereof in accordance with such plans and estimates and award the contract therefor in like manner as contracts for new sewers and disposal plants

Section 14 For the purpose of performing all necessary duties relating to the construction and repairs of county sewers and disposal plants herein authorized the said county commissioners or a majority of them of the several counties of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized to employ or appoint proper persons to prepare such surveys plans and estimates and do all necessary and proper work connected therewith and shall fix the compensation of all persons so employed

Section 15 The said commissioners or a majority of them of the several counties of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized to levy assess and collect an annual tax of not more than two mills upon the dollar upon all real and personal property within said county now or hereafter taxable for county purposes where the Court has decreed that the entire county shall form one sewer district for the purpose of acquiring and securing a fund from which to pay all costs damages and expenses required in the locating construction maintaining repairing and operating of such county sewers or disposal plants made or constructed under the provisions of this act and for taking using and enjoying of such land as may be necessary in constructing same and the money so raised shall not be used or expended for any other purpose than that named in this section Where one or more sewer districts has been formed by the Court under the provisions of this act in any county and the county does not comprise one entire sewer district and county sewers or disposal plants are constructed under the provisions of this act to accomodate a particular sewer district of said county the said commissioners or a majority of them of such counties are hereby authorized to have prepared separate copies of the assessed value for county purposes of the properties located within the sewer district wherein or for whose use such sewer or disposal plant has been constructed and to levy assess and collect an annual tax of not more than two mills upon the dollar upon all real and personal property within said sewer district now or hereafter taxable for county purposes for the purpose of acquiring and securing a fund from which to pay all costs damages and expenses required in the locating constructing maintaining and operating of such county sewer or disposal plant in or for the benefit of said sewer district and the money so raised shall not be used or expended for any other purpose than that named in this section and shall not be expended or used for any other sewer district All warrants for the payment of any portion of the money raised for the purposes aforesaid shall be issued by the said commissioners or a majority of them in the manner now provided by law in the several counties upon estimates which shall be made from time to time by the person charged with such duty and the amount and time within which the same shall be paid shall be fixed and determined in the contract made for the public work herein authorized

Section 16 Should any board of county commissioners in the exercise of the powers herein conferred deem it necessary or advisable to enter upon a highway or advisable to enter upon a highway or highways in any city borough or township for the purpose of constructing or maintaining any such main or trunk sewer or sewers or disposal plants the consent thereto of such city borough or township shall first be had and obtained

Section 17 All main or trunk sewers constructed under this act shall be of sufficient size and extent so that it shall not be burdensome upon any city borough or township which is wholly or partly within the sewer district in which said main or trunk sewer is constructed to connect its lateral sewers with said main or trunk sewer constructed under the provisions of this act and a copy of the notice provided for under Section 3 of this act shall be served upon the mayor burgess commissioners or supervisors of such city borough or township forming any part of such sewer district ten days before said application shall be laid before the grand jury and any such city borough or township shall have a right to be heard by said grand jury and to file exceptions to said proceedings and the approval of said application by the grand jury and by the court shall be a conclusive finding that the said main sewers proposed to be constructed under said proceeding are of sufficient size and extent so that the connection thereto by any such city borough or township will not be burdensome upon said city borough or township

Section 18 After the construction of such main or trunk sewer any city borough or township shall have the right free of charge to connect with said main or trunk sewer by laterals all sanitary sewerage of the sewer district in which said main or trunk sewer is located or for the use of which the same has been constructed but all such connections shall be made under the supervision of the county engineer and in the manner prescribed by the county commissioners

Section 19 Any owner of property abutting on said main or trunk sewer shall have the right free of charge to connect by lateral sewers all sanitary sewerage of his said property within said sewer district but such connections shall be made under the supervision of the county engineer and in the manner prescribed by the county commissioners

Section 20 Wherever any main or trunk sewer or portion thereof or sewerage disposal plant constructed under the provisions of this act is used for the carrying or disposal of sewerage from two or more sewer districts the cost of damages and expenses of locating constructing maintaining repairing and operating the same shall be borne by all sewer districts so using said main sewer or portion thereof or disposal plant in proportion to their annual assessed taxable valuation for county purposes but no sewer district shall be taxed for any main or trunk sewer or portion thereof or disposal plant until said district has been accommodated with a main or trunk sewer constructed under the provisions of this act so that connections therewith can be made in said sewer districts without expenses burdensome upon cities boroughs or townships forming said sewer district

Section 21 Whenever in the location or construction of any such county sewers it shall be deemed desirable to connect with and use any main or trunk sewer or portion thereof of any city borough or township it shall be lawful for the commissioners of the county subject to the approval of the court of quarter sessions to agree with such city borough or township for the use and repair and maintenance of such sewer or sewers or portions thereof and what compensation shall be paid therefor or in what proportions the cost of maintenance and repairs shall be borne

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Washers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 914, on final passage, entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 941, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to make the proviso to section thirteen of said act operative where two or more candidates for the office of judge of any court of record consisting of several judges are to be elected at one election

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which section reads as follows

"Section 13 The candidates for nomination at any primary for any office within the provisions of this act to be filled at the succeeding election equal in number to twice the number to be elected at the succeeding election who shall have received at such primary the highest number of votes cast for nomination to the office for which they are candidates (or if the number of all the candidates voted for as aforesaid be not more than twice the number to be elected then all the candidates) shall be the nominees for such office and their names and none other except as hereinafter provided shall be printed as candidates for such respective offices upon the official ballots which are provided according to law for use at such succeeding election Provided That whenever at any primary any candidate for nomination to any of the aforesaid offices to which but one person is to be elected at the succeeding election shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary and greater than one-half of the number of ballots cast in the political district or division within which the nomination is to be made such candidate shall be the sole nominee for such office and his name and none other shall be printed as candidate for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election

In case of a tie the candidates receiving the tie vote shall appear and cast lots before the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth as the case may be on the third Friday after the primary and the one to whom the lot shall fall shall be entitled to the nomination Provided In any case where the fact of a tie vote is not authoritatively determined until after the third Wednesday after the day of the primary the day for appearing and casting lots shall be the second day after the day on which the fact of such tie is authoritatively determined If any candidate or candidates receiving a tie vote fail to appear before twelve o'clock noon on said day the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth as the case may be shall cast lots for him or them For the purpose of casting lots any candidate may appear in person or by proxy appointed in writing" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 13 The candidates for nomination at any primary for any office within the provisions of this act to be filled at the succeeding election equal in number to twice the number to be elected at the succeeding election who shall have received at such primary the highest number of votes cast for nomination to the office for which they are candidates (or if the number of all the candidates voted for as aforesaid be not more than twice the number to be elected then all the candidates) shall be the nominees for such office and their names and none other except as hereinafter provided shall be printed as candidates for such respective offices upon the official ballots which are provided according to law for use at such succeeding election Provided That whenever at any primary any candidate for nomination to any of the aforesaid offices to which but one person is to be elected at the succeeding election shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary and greater than one-half of the number of ballots cast in the political district or division within which the nomination is to be made such candidate shall be the sole nominee for such office and his name and none other shall be printed as candidate for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election

And Provided further That whenever at any primary nominations are to be made of candidates to fill two or more vacancies in any appellate or other court of record composed of two or more judges if any one or more of such candidates shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary and greater than one-half of the number of ballots cast for any one candidate for any office in the political district or division within which the nomination is to be made then and in such event each of such candidates shall be the sole nominee for one of the respective vacancies in such office If it appear that less than the whole number of candidates for such office to be elected at the ensuing election have received the required number of votes hereinbefore specified then and in such event he or they who have received that number of votes at the primary shall be the sole nominee or nominees for that number of vacancies in such office and his name or their names and none other shall be printed as candidates for that number of vacancies in and for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election The number of candidates for any remaining vacancy or vacancies in such office for which the primary has declared no sole nominee or nominees as herein just provided and the manner of their election shall remain as provided by existing law In the event of one or more candidates being sole nominees as above provided there shall be two groups of names of candidates on the ballots the names of such sole nominees being in one group and the names of other candidates in the other

In case of a tie the candiates receiving the tie vote shall appear and cast lots before the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth as the case may be on the third Friday after the primary and the one to whom the lot shall fall shall be entitled to the nomination Provided In any case where the fact of a tie vote is not authoritatively determined until after the third Wednesday after the day of the primary the day for appearing and casting lots shall be the second day after the day on which the fact of such tie vote is authoritatively determined If any candidate or candidates receiving a tie vote fail to appear before twelve o'clock noon on said day the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth as the case may be shall cast lots for him or them For the purpose of casting lots any candidate may appear in person or by proxy appointed in writing

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—28.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Graff,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—9.

Farley,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Moore,
Sones,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 156, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine and linseed oil or any substances therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation" as relates to the sale or delivery of necessaries of life on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—5.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Magee, C. J.,
Schantz,
Vare,

NAYS—32.

Beidleman,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W..
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act to promote and encourage manufacturing within the Commonwealth by exempting machinery therein from State and local taxation

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 367, on third reading, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for its maintenance and support for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the erection and completion of burnt ward finishing Nurses' Home and furnishing and equipping same pathological laboratory drug room and superintendent's home furniture furnishings repairs and improvements of the above and providing the manner of payment of said appropriation

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriation.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 519 (House No. 637), entitled:

An Act validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred ten without such corporations first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts or obligations upon the payment of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 531, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No. 582), on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 635 (House Bill No. 418), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violations thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—3.

Stewart,
Tompkins,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 645 (House Bill No. 684), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescibing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescibing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred seventy-four repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred seventy-six and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State" approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 651, (House No. 789), entitled:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix.
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 661, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities of cities boroughs and townships are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consent of the local authorities of all the cities boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

McKee, W. S.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 663, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same" by extending its provisions to all counties having a population under one million

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 674 (House No. 546), entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
Moore,
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—5.

Clark,
Martin,
Sones,
Stewart,
Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 700, entitled:

An Act to amend the act entitled "An Act authorizing commissioners of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate farmlands and woodlands adjoining any public park within said cities for park purposes wherever in their opinion such lands shall be necessary for the improvement of said parks and providing that the total acreage of land so taken shall not exceed one thousand acres" approved April twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred three

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 750, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment of a commission to consider the revision and amendment of the laws of the State penal and otherwise in reference to juvenile offenders juvenile courts and all offences or crimes committed by minors and the punishment thereof and to make a report on the same and making an appropriation to the expenses of said commission

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 11, by striking out "necessariy" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "necessarily."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 822, entitled:

An Act providing for the compilation and publication of a synopsis of the election laws and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 837 (House No. 1134), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, for the last thirty-two years one of the qualifications for eligibility to the office of District Attorney was that a man had to be a member of the bar for at least two years. There has been no complaint and no reason why this should be changed. This act amends the law of 1883 so that a candidate would now only have to be a member of the bar one year to make him eligible for the office of District Attorney. The office of District Attorney is a semi-judicial one and there is no reason whatever why a man should not at least have been a practicing attorney for two years to make him eligible to the important office of District Attorney, and I trust that the Senators will defeat this bill.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—19.

Buckman,
Clark,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Kurtz,
Martin,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—16.

Catlin,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
McConnell,
Moore,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Warner,

Less than a majority of all the Senator shaving voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 841, on third reading, entitled:

An Act creating a division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers and providing penalties for the violation thereof

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President. I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536), on final passage postponed for the present, on page four of today's calendar, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorneys and clients on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536), entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof, in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Wil the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Snyder, C. A.,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—3.

Kurtz,
Miller,
Semmens,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 848, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend sub-section (d) of section one of article three of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative of railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen

be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 849, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the second and third sections of article five of an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission, its officers counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the 19th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the 31st day of May, 1907, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act approved the 4th day of June, 1883, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the 17th article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals," and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the 24th day of May, A. D. 1907; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four, of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the 29th day of April, 1874, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," approved the 26th day of July, 1913.

be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 861, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1 in line 8 by striking out the word "subjects" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "subject."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 871 (House Bill No. 1053), entitled:

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 873 (House Bill No. 1155), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates"

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. Preseident, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 880 (House Bill No. 1004), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Catlin,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 902 (House No. 1168), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class'"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 929, on third reading, entitled:

An Act defining what shall be treated as part of the record on appeals in certain cases

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 942, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys deposited in the State Treasury by the State Highway Department under the provisions of act of July seventh one thousand nine hundred and thirteen as fees for the registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making appropriation of the whole amount received and balance remaining in State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 958 (House No. 1129), entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 960 (House No. 1013), entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eighteen hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin.
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz.
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

SECOND REPORT OF COMMISSION APPOINTED TO INVESTIGATE AND EXAMINE THE VARIOUS LAWS IN EFFECT IN THE DIFFERENT STATES RELATING TO THE RECORDING OF DEEDS, MORTGAGES, TRANSFER OF LANDS, THE INSURANCE OF TITLES, AND THE PRACTICAL OPERATION OF SUCH LAWS, AND TO PROPOSE SUCH CHANGES IN THE CONSTITUTION AND LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH AS TO INSURE THE BEST SYSTEM OF RECORDING.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make a report from commission at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I submit the second report of commission appointed to investigate and examine the various laws in effect in the different states relating to the recording of deeds, mortgages, transfer of lands, the insurance of titles, and the practical operations of such laws, and to propose such changes in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth as to insure the best system of recording.

The PRESIDENT. The report will be filed, and will be printed in the appendix of the Legislative Journal.

(For report, see Appendix.)

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as commited, Senate Bill No. 891 (House Bill No. 1181), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 21st day of March, 1907, entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GERBERICH from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 990 (House Bill No. 563), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the 13th day of June, 1883, entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies," by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives friends or representatives of a fraternal society or charitable organization within a reasonable time after death.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 924 (House Bill No. 662), entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SEMMENS from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 983, entitled:

An Act to provide that assessments of damages for the opening or widening of any street or highway in any city or borough or other municipality in this Commonwealth shall include all damages for the opening or widening of the street or highway at the existing confirmed grade of such street or highway.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. JENKINS from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 888 (House Bill No. 1175), entitled:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne county to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committees at this time

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 739, entitled:

An Act relating to real estate brokers or agents and providing penalties.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 966, entitled:

An Act amending section one of an act, entitled "An Act amending section seven of an act, entitled 'An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children,' approved the 4th day of May, 1855, providing that married men or women in case of drunkeness or profligacy of husbands or wives may censent to the adoption of their children" approved the 19th day of May, A. D. 1887.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 54, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Capitol Park Extension Commission.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1016, entitled:

An Act for the relief of Canfield Dorwin Freeman, refunding the sum of $155.01 collateral inheritance tax paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the presumption that he was dead.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1009 (House Bill No. 1518), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 367, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, for its maintenance and support for the two fiscal years beginning June 1st, 1915, for the erection and completion of burnt ward finishing Nurses' Home, garage and furnishing and equipping same pathological laboratory drug-room and superintendent's home furniture furnishings repairs and improvements of the above and providing the manner of payment of said appropriation.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SALUS (by request of Mr. Kline) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1049, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to F. M. Neeper, B. O. Locke and C. C. Connor, all of Pittsburgh, Pa., in payment for stenographic services.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 961, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford Adams county Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 965, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performances of its work

Ond said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An Act providing for and giving power to the board of trustees or managers of cemetery corporations in this Commonwealth to improve keep in order clean and fence cemetery and generally take care of the lots in said cemetery by providing money and means for such improving keeping in order cleaning fencing and generally taking care of the lots in said cemetery corporation by assessing lot owners their pro rata share of such general upkeep and collecting the same.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President I move that Senate Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An Act providing for and giving power to the board of trustees or managers of cemetery corporations in this Commonwealth to improve keep in order clean and fence cemetery and generally take care of the lots in said cemetery by providing money and means for such improvements keeping in order cleaning fencing and generally taking care of the lots in said cemetery corporation by assessing lot owners their pro rata share of such general upkeep and collecting the same.

be read the first time.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An Act providing for and giving power to the board of trustees or managers of cemetery corporations in this Commonwealth to improve keep in order clean and fence cemetery and generally take care of the lots in said cemetery by providing money and means for such improvements keeping in order cleaning fencing and generally taking care of the lots in said cemetery corporation by assessing lot owners their pro rata share of such general upkeep and collecting the same.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 987, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 989, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton Pennsylvania the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,

Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 1000, on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing electric light heat and power corporations to purchase the securities of other corporations incorporated for the purpose of the supply storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes to guarantee the payment of the bonds of such corporations to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporation to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations and to operate the same

go over in order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 1001, on third reading, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four further amending the twelfth section thereof so as to permit corporations organized thereunder either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water or for the manufacture or supplying of light to purchase bonds or stock of other corporations of the same character or to guarantee the payment of interest and principal of such bonds or either principal or interest or to lease and operate corporate property' approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five correcting errors therein and validating all acts done in pursuance thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred five extending the same to corporations incorporated for the purpose of supplying light heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public

go over in order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

The PRESIDENT. The Senate will now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 711 entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture firms reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

on final passage, on page 2 of to-day's calendar, the bill having been received from the printer and is now on the desks of the Senators.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 711, as follows:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other-like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "film" used in this act means what is usually known as a motion-picture film

The word "view" used in this act means what is usually known as a stereopticon view or slide

The word "person" includes an association co-partnership or a corporation

USE OF FILMS REELS OR VIEWS PROHIBITED

Section 2 It shall be unlawful to sell lease lend exhibit or use any motion-picture film reel or view in Pennsylvania unless the said film reel or view has been submitted by the exchange owner or lessee of the film reel or view and duly approved by the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors hereinafter in this act called the Board

BOARD OF CENSORS

Section 3 The Board shall consist of three residents and citizens of Pennsylvania two males and one female well qualified by education and experience to act as Censors under this act One male member of the Board shall be Chairman the female member shall be Vice-Chairman and one male member shall be Secretary They shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of three years Those first appointed under this act shall be appointed for three years two years and one year respectively the respective terms to be designated by the Governor

Section 4 A vacancy in the membership of the Board shall be filled for the unexpired term by the Governor A vacancy shall not impair the right and duty of the remaining members to perform all the functions of the Board

SEAL

Section 5 The Board shall procure and use an official seal which shall contain the words "Pennsylvania State Board of Censors" together with such design engraved thereon as the Board may prescribe

APPROVALS BY BOARD

Section 6 The Board shall examine or supervise the examinations of all films reels or views to be exhibited or used in Pennsylvania and shall approve or withhold approval from such films reels or views The Board shall approve such films reels or views which are moral and proper and shall disapprove such as are sacrilegous obscene indecent or immoral or such as tend in the judgment of the Board to debase or corrupt the morals incite to riot or prejudice the public mind This section shall not apply to announcement or advertising slides

STAMPING FILMS REELS AND VIEWS

Section 7 Upon each film reel or view which has been approved by the Board there shall be furnished and stamped by the Board the following certificate or statement

"Approved by
Pennsylvania State Board
of Censors"

and shall also furnish a certificate in writing to the same effect which certificate shall be exhibited to any member of the Board or employe thereof upon demand of the holder thereof

In the case of motion-pictures such statement shall be shown on the screen to the extent of approximately four feet of film

In the case of slides or views each set shall have at least two slides or views shown with a similar statement

RECORD OF EXAMINATIONS

Section 8 The Board shall keep a record of all examinations made by it of films reels or views noting on the record all films reels or views which have been approved and those which have not been approved with the reason for such disapproval

REPORT

Section 9 The Board shall report in writing annually to the Governor on or after the first day of November of each year The report shall show

1 A record of its meetings and a summary of its proceedings during the year immediately preceding the date of the report

2 The results of all examinations of films reels or views

3 A detailed statement of all prosecutions for violation of this act

4 A detailed and itemized statement of all expenditures made by or on behalf of the Board

5 Such other information as the Board may deem necessary or useful in explanatioin of the operations of the Board

6 Such other information as shall be requested by the Governor

OATH AND BOND

Section 10 The Chairman Vice-Chairman and Secretary shall before assuming the duties of their respective offices take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the Constitution of Pennsylvania and shall enter into bonds to the Commonwealth in the sum of three thousand dollars two thousand five hundred dollars and two thousand four hundred dollars respectively conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties

SALARIES

Section 11 The Chairman shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars the Vice-Chairman an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars and the Secretary an annual salary of two thousand four hundred dollars The salaries shall be payable manthly

EXPENSES

Section 12 Each member and employe of the Board shall be allowed all expenses of whatsoever nature actually and necessarily incurred by him or her in carrying out the purposes of this act

EMPLOYES

Section 13 The Chairman shall appoint with the approval of the Governor the following employes One chief clerk at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of one thousand dollars each two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one chief inspector at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars three inspectors at salaries of fourteen hundred dollars each three inspectors at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator who shall be an electrician at a salary of fourteen hundred dollars two operators at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator at a salary of one thousand dollars two messengers at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one assistant operator or patcher at a salary of six hundred dollars one assistant patcher at a salary of four hundred and eighty dollars The salaries provided for above shall be annual and payable monthly

In addition to the employes enumerated above the Chairman my with the approval of the Governor appoint such additional employes as the work of the Board may necessarily require The salaries of such additional employes shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of five thousand dollars annually

OFFICES

Section 14 The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide adequate offices for the Board in Harrisburg and in such other cities of the Commonwealth as the Board may require in carrying out the intent and provisions of this act Adequate projecting or inspecting rooms shall be provided in Philadelphia and maintained by the Board

SUPPLIES

Section 15 Upon requisition of the Board the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall furnish to the Board all furniture books stationery supplies machines and paraphernalia necessary in the work of the Board

PRINTING AND BINDING

Section 16 The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the Board or the proper preservation of the records of the Board including the printing of two thousand copies of the Annual Report and the binding thereof shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the Board

FEES

Section 17 For the examination of each film reel or set of views of one thousand two hundred lineal feet or less the Board shall receive in advance a fee of one dollar and one dollar for each duplicate or print thereof if such examination of the duplicate or print thereof is applied for at the same time and by the same person

FEES AND FINES

Section 18 All fees received by the Board and all fines imposed for violation of this act shall be by the Board paid into the State Treasury

Section 19 The money necessary to carry out the purpose of this act shall be appropriated by the General Assembly to the Board bienially as an item in the General Appropriation Bill

REGULATIONS OF EXHIBITIONS

Section 20 Any member or employe of the Board may enter any place where films reels or views are exhibited and such member or employe is hereby empowered and authorized to prevent the display or exhibition of any film reel or view which has not been duly approved by the Board

REGULATION OF BANNERS POSTERS AND ADVERTISING MATTER

Section 21 No banner poster or other like advertising matter shall contain anything that is immoral or improper A copy of such banner and poster shall be submitted to the Board

RULES

Section 22 This act shall be enforced by the Board In carrying out and enforcing the purposes of this act it may adopt such reasonable rules as it may deem necessary Such rules shall not be inconsistent with the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 23 All disbursements of such a nature as to make it impracticable for the Board to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expense shall be paid out of money specifically appropriated for that purpose in the manner provided by an act entitled "An Act prescribing the method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to the departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State Government" approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

DUTIES OF PERSONS WHO SELL LEASE EXHIBIT OR USE FILMS REELS OR VIEWS

Section 24 Every person intending to sell lease exhibit or use any film reel or view in Pennsylvania shall furnish the Board when the application for approval is made a description of the film reel or view to be exhibited sold or leased and the purposes thereof and shall submit the film reel or view to the Board for examination and shall also furnish a statement or affidavit that the duplicate film reel or view is an exact copy of the original film reel or view as submitted for examination to the Board and that all eliminations changes or rejections made or required by the Board in the original film reel or view has been or will be made in the duplicate

INTERFERENCE WITH EMPLOYES OF BOARD

Section 25 It shall be unlawful for any person to hinder or interfere in any manner with any member or employe of the Board while performing any duties in carrying out the intent or provisions of this act

RE-EXAMINATION AND APPEAL

Section 26 If any elimination or disapproval of a film reel or view ir ordered by the Board the person submitting such film reel or view will receive immediate notice of such elimination or disapproval and if appealed from such film reel or view will be promptly re-examined in the presence of such person by two or more members of the Board and the same finally approved or disapproved promptly after such re-examination with the right of appeal from the decision of the Board to the court of common pleas of the proper county

PENALTIES

Section 27 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act and is convicted thereof summarily before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for the first offense For any subsequent offense the fine shall be not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars In default of payment of a fine and costs the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the prison of the county where such offense was committed for not less than ten days and not more than thirty days All fines shall be paid by the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace to the Board and by it paid into the State Treasury

Section 28 If any person shall fail to display or exhibit on the screen the approval seal as issued by the Board of a film reel or view which has been approved and is convicted summarily before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five dollars and not more than ten dollars in default of payment of a fine and costs the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the prison of the county where such offense was committed for not less than two days and not more than five days

LIMITATION OF SCOPE OF ACT

Section 29 This act does not apply to any exhibition of or use of films reels or views for purely educational charitable fraternal or religious purpose by any religious association fraternal society library museum public school or private school institution of learning or by any corporation of the first class

Section 30 The several sections and provisions of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and it is the legislative intent that if any of said sections or provisions are declared to be unconstitutional such section or provision shall not effect any other portion of this act

REPEAL

Section 31 The act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving-pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays wer taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Catlin,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Kurtz,
McNichol,
Phipps,
Salus,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,

Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Jenkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 360 (House Bill No. 304), entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of fourty-fifth judicial district

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 384, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the People's Co-operative Hospital located at Sayre Bradford County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the People's Co-operative Hospital located at Sayre Bradford County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance in the care of charity cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 480, as follows:

An Act to prevent fraud and deceit in the sale of fruits vegetables seeds plants scions and trees

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it is unlawful for any person with intent to deceive or defraud to represent by oral written or printed statements in the sale of any fruits vegetables seeds plants scions or trees that the same are of a variety different from the variety to which they belong

Section 2 A person who violates the provisions of section one of this act is guilty of a misdemeanor Upon conviction such person shall for the first offense be sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars and for each subsequent offense an additional fine of twenty-five dollars for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 544, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Building for erecting certain bridges

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of an act of Assembly approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to build bridges over any river not more than one thousand feet and not less than five hundred feet in width at localities not less than ten miles distant from the nearest public bridge over the same river in counties whose indebtedness increased by the cost of such proposed bridge would exceed the constitutional limitation of two per centum of their assessed valuation"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 774 (House Bill No. 886), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

The first, second, third and fourth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Section 1 of an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations coordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Chief Executive shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women residents of each county desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act to act as trustees in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payment as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Governor shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women whose terms of office shall expire May thirty-first three to serve for two years and two or four to serve for one year residents of each county desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act to act as trustees in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payments as approved by the Trustees to women who have children under sixteen years of age and whose husbands are dead or permanently confined in institutions for the insane when such women are of good repute but poor and dependent on their own efforts for support as aid in supporting their children in their own homes such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the Trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments shall continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship The Governor shall also appoint a woman qualified by her training and experience to act as State Supervisor over the boards of the different counties Said Supervisor shall furthermore act as general field organizer and she shall be on the staff of the State Board of Education The Supervisor may with the approval of the Governor appoint a clerk who shall receive an annual salary not exceeding twelve hundred dollars The term of office of said Supervisor shall be two years and her annual salary shall not exceed $2,400 and the necessary traveling and office expenses

Section 2 That Section two of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows:

"Section 2 The administration of this act shall lie solely in the hands of the trustees appointed annually by the Governor They shall serve without pay but shall be permitted to charge for traveling expenses in making investigations of cases before a final recommendation is made to the Auditor General and county treasurer The trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint an investigator and stenographer (if necessary) also suitable furnishings stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expense be more than three thousand dollars for counties with cities of the first class twenty-four hundred dollars for counties with cities of the second class eighteen hundred dollars for counties with cities of the third class and twelve hundred dollars for counties other than the aforesaid classes with the exception of the first year when the trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of two hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to their respective population in the census of one thousand nine hundred and ten by the Auditor General and State Treasurer upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the trustees one half of which amount shall be available the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation may become available Provided however That no county through their trustees or otherwise shall receive their allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government of such county desiring the benefits under this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2 The State Supervisor and general field Organizer of the county boards shall formulate and issue to the various boards rules of procedure under the general law by which they shall be governed to the end that uniformity of interpretation and practice shall obtain throughout the State and to attain this end she shall visit not less than twice each year for conference and counsel each county board organized under this act she shall supervise and inspect and report annually to the State Board of Education on the work of the county boards especially as to the educational conditions and progress of the assisted families She shall as general field Organizer visit the officer of those counties who do not avail themselves in behalf of their counties of the funds appropriated under this act for the purpose of explaining the provisions of this act to those concerned in counties which have not taken advantage of the act and assist the county commissioners upon the acceptance by them of the provisions of this act in the organization of Mothers Assistance Boards But the administration of this act within the counties shall be solely in the hands of the Trustees appointed biennally by the Governor subject to the rules formulated and issued by the State Supervisor The Trustees shall serve without pay but shall be permitted to charge for expenses incurred directly in the administration of this act The Trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint competent investigators and clerical assistants as necessary and provide suitable furnishings stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expenses of administration in any county exceed ten per cent of the appropriation of such county for that year (with the exception of the first year when the Trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars) if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of eight hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to the following classification:

First class—Counties with a population of more than one million shall each receive equal parts of thirty per cent of the entire appropriation

Second class—Counties with a population of more than two hundred thousand and less than one million shall receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire appropriation

Third class—Counties with a population of more than one hundred thousand and less than two hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of thirty per centum of the entire appropriation

Fourth class—Counties with a population of more than fifty thousand and less than one hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire population

Fifth class—Counties with a population of more than twenty-five thousand and less than fifty thousand shall each receive equal parts of seven per centum of the entire appropriation

Sixth class—Counties with a population of less than twenty-five thousand shall receive equal parts of three per centum of the entire appropriation

Upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the trustees one-half of which amount shall be available for the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation may become available provided however that no county through its trustees or otherwise shall receive its allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government of such county desiring the benefits under this act within a period of one year after passage and approval of this bill All of the funds so appropriated to various counties which have not availed themselves of the provisions of this act remaining at the expiration of said time shall revert to a fund which shall be available for further division among the counties that have already availed themselves of the provisions of the act providing however that the second allotment to any county does not exceed twenty-five per centum of the first amount appropriated to the county and that the government of said county appropriates an equal amount as in the first instance

Section 3 That section three of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment to any widow or abandoned mother until they are thoroughly satisfied that the recipient is worthy in every way and that in order to keep her children in her own home a monthly payment is necessary but then only upon satisfactory reports from a teacher in the district school stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined total maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment until they are satisfied that the recipient has proved her character and ability and that for decent maintenance of her children in her own home monthly payments are necessary but then only upon satisfactory report from a teacher in a school in which child or children are enrolled stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments may continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship.

Section 4 That section four of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided One copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be kept as a record in the juvenile court and in counties where no such court exists the records shall be kept on file in the orphans court and one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by at least a majority of the trustees" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided one copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be forwarded to the State Board of Education one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by at least a majority of the trustees

The fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 5 That section five of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 5 No family shall be beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for the benefits under this act for a period of three years" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 In order to prevent the alienation of citizenship of those who receive the benefits of this act no family shall be a beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for such benefits for a period of three years and unless she is a citizen of this country or submits legal evidence of her intention to become a citizen

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 5, in lines 13 and 14, by striking out the words "and unless she is a citizen of this country or submits legal evidence of her intention to become a citizen."

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 826 (House Bill No. 760), entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 858, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three eight and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections of said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all cities and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eights of an inch apart equal in number to the number of candidates for whom an elector would be entitled to vote for such office at the ensuing election

"On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words official non-partisan primary ballot and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the fac simile signatures of the county commissioners of the county The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of districts offices or candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of the candidates shall appear on the official non-partisan primary ballots in alphabetical order under the respective offices opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

"The voters may designate his choice as indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth He may vote for no greater number of persons for nominations to any office than the number for which he could vote at the succeeding election for the same office If he shall vote for a greater number of persons for nomination to any office than he would have a right to vote for at the ensuing election for the same office or if for any reason it be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart equal in number to the number of candidates for whom an elector would be entitled to vote for such office at the ensuing election

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words official non-partisan primary ballot and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the fac simile signatures of the county commissioners of the county The ballots shall vary in form only as the names of district offices or candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of the candidates shall appear on the official non-partisan primary ballots in alphabetical order under the respective offices Opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

If two or more candidates for the same office shall have the same surname or similar surnames the county commissioners shall upon the request of any of said candidates filed in writing not later than five days after the last day for filing nomination petitions print the occupation of any such candidate so filing a request on the ballot opposite or under his name

The voter may designate his choice as indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth He may vote for no greater number of persons for nomination to any office than the number for which he could vote at the succeeding election for the same office If he shall vote for a greater number of persons for nomination to any office than he would have a right to vote for at the ensuing election for the same office or if for any reason it be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 35, by striking out the word "voters" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "voter"; also in line 37, by striking out the word "nominations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "nomination."

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 That section eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 The county commissioners shall have on file in their office on and after the Wednesday preceding the primary open to public inspection forms of the non-partisan primary ballots with the names and such notations respecting residence as may be required by the provisions of this act printed thereon which shall be used in each election district within such county" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 8 The county commissioners shall have on file in their office on and after the Wednesday preceding the primary open to public inspection forms of the non-partisan primary ballots with the names and such notations respecting residence and occupation as may be required by the provisions of this act printed thereon which shall be used in each election district within such county

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 That section sixteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 16 At the head of every official ballot furnished for an election at which any candidate for any office within the provisions of this act is to be voted for there shall be printed immediately after the instructions now by law required to be printed thereon the following additional instructions in the same style and size of type to wit A cross (X) in the party square in the first column does not carry a vote for any judge or for (here insert names of any other offices for which candidates have been nominated under the provisions of this act) to vote for judge or any city office mark a cross (X) opposite the name of the candidate desired

The group of candidates for the offices or the several offices within the provisions of this act shall be printed on the ballot at the head of the second column shall be enclosed in a solid border not less than one-sixteenth of an inch in width and shall be headed with the following words printed in bold-face type not less than sixteen point in size Judicial and city ticket-nonpartisan Said instructions shall vary as the names of the offices to be filled may require

The names of the candidates nominated as provided by this act shall be printed on the ballot in alphabetical order under the title of the respective offices and without any party name or appellation and the names of no other candidates for such offices shall be printed on said ballots At the right of the name of each candidate shall be a square for the insertion of a cross mark and following the list of candidates for each different office to be filled (or under the name of the office itself if there are no candidates) shall be left blank spaces—all as required by law" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 16 At the head of every official ballot furnished for an election at which any candidate for any office within the provisions of this act is to be voted for there shall be printed immediately after the instructions now by law required to be printed thereon the following additional instructions in the same style and size of type to-wit A cross (X) in the party square in the first column does not carry a vote for any judge or for (here insert names of any other offices for which candidates have been nominated under the provisions of this act) To vote for judge or any city office mark a cross (X) opposite the name of the candidate desired

The group of candidates for the office or the several offices within the provisions of this act shall be printed on the ballot at the head of the second column shall be enclosed in a solid border not less than one-sixteenth of an inch in width and shall be headed with the following words printed in bold-face type not less than sixteen point in size judicial and city ticket—non-partisan Said instructions shall vary as the names of the offices to be filled may require

The names of the candidates nominated as provided by this act shall be printed on the ballot in alphabetical order under the titles of the respective offices and without any party name or appellation and the names of no other candidates for such offices shall be printed on said ballots If two or more candidates for the same office shall have the same surname or similar surnames the county commissioners shall upon the request of any of said candidates filed in writing not later than twenty days prior to the election print the occupation of any such candidate so filing a request on the ballot opposite or under his name At the right of the name of each candidate shall be a square for the insertion of a cross mark and following the list of candidates for each different office to be filled (or under the name of the office itself if there are no candidates) shall be left blank spaces—all as required by law

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3, in line 24, by striking out the word "title" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "titles."

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment??

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend sections three eight and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections of said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names of appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 5 by striking out the word "of" where it first occurs, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "for;" also in line 6 by striking out the word "of" where it occurs the second time and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or."

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 890 (House Bill No. 575), entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the employment of persons in compressed air work

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 890 (House Bill No. 575), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 894 (House Bill No. 1147), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the associate judges not learned in the law of the courts of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 913, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Governor to appoint a commission of seven persons to purchase the site of Fort Augusta erected in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifty-six and now located in the borough of Sunbury Northumberland county and making an appropriation therefor and for the maintenance of said fort

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint a commission of seven persons for the purpose of purchasing in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the site and magazine of Fore Augusta built in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifty-six at the junction of the north and west branches of the Susquehanna river and now located in the borough of Sunbury Northumberland county and which constituted one of a chain of forts during the French and Indian war The site to be purchased by said commission shall not exceed a frontage of one hundred feet and a depth of two hundred feet

Section 2 The sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of purchasing said fort and the magazine thereof and for the purpose of establishing a fund to be hereafter used for the maintenance of the site of said fort and magazine in good condition The amount of appropriation to be set aside for the purpose of maintaining said site shall be determined by the commission and shall be placed under the care of an organization by them to be selected

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 922, entitled:

An Act authorizing the employment of architects and draughtsmen in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prescribing their powers fixing their duties and compensation requiring the preparation of uniform contracts and providing the method of payment of sums due upon contracts entered into by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings and carried out under the supervision of the said architects

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Genertl Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings is authorized to employ in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings one architect to be known as the State architect one architect to known as the assistant State architect and a chief draughtsman The said architects shall be capable and competent and of not less than five years' experience in the designing and construction of buildings They shall devote their entire time and attention to the duties of their offices and shall receive an annual salary of seven thousand five hundred ($7,500.00) dollars and five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars respectively The chief draughtsman shall receive an annual salary not exceeding two thousand five hundred ($2,500.00) dollars The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall have authority from time to time to employ and fix the compensation of such additional draughtsmen tracers and other assistants as may be necessary for the proper performance of the duties hereinafter prescribed The State Architect and all other employes and appointees under this act shall be paid in addition to their stipulated salary or compensation the railroad fare board lodging and other traveling expenses necessarily and actually incurred by each of them in the performance of their duties required by this act or performed by direction of the board

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the State architect to prepare the plans and specifications for the construction alteration or improvement of all buildings hereafter erected altered or improved under the exclusive ownership and control of the Commonwealth at the expense of said Commonwealth He shall supervise such erection alteration or improvement and see that the materials furnished and the work performed in constructing altering or improving any such buildings are in accordance with the plans and specifications and that the interests of the State are fully protected It shall be his duty to define determine and decide all questions as to the proper interpretation and meaning of the plans specifications and contracts which may be raised during the progress of the work He shall prepare regular and standard forms of contract to be approved by the Attorney General which shall be used in all work let by contract

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2, in line 5, by inserting after the word "Commonwealth" the words "except armory buildings now owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or those to be erected under the Supervision of the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania."

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth, fifth and sixth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 3 No municipality of this State shall have the power to modify or change plans or specifications for the erection alteration or improvement of State buildings or the construction plumbing heating lighting or other mechanical branch of work necessary to complete the work in question nor to require that any person firm or corporation employed on such work shall perform the same in any other or different manner nor to require any other additional authority or permit from said municipality department or person as a condition of doing such work

Section 4 All plans specifications and contracts for the construction of any building or additions alterations or improvements to existing buildings at institutions subject to the supervision of the State Board of Public Charities shall be submitted to the said Board which shall certify to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings its approval or disapproval thereof

Section 5 All contracts entered into by the Commonwealth under this act shall be on the standard forms prescribed in section two of this act The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall execute all contracts in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania In all cases where a contract containing a provision for partial payments on account of materials delivered and work done is entered into by the Board a percentage of the amount due as set forth in the contract shall be withheld from the contractor until the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings shall certify that the contract has been fully complied with

Section 6 All bills on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the State architect and if found correct he shall certify that the materials have been furnished or that the work or labor done has been performed in accordance with the contract and if approved by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings shall be audited settled and paid in accordance with law

The seventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 7 Whenever any department bureau commission board of trustees or other branch of the State government requires the services of an architect requisition shall be made upon the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings setting forth specifically the kind of building required whether a new building or additions alterations or omprovements to present buildings with the amount of appropriation available for the payment of the cost of the work to be undertaken

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 7, by adding at the end thereof the following: "Provided also that this act shall not apply to buildings now being erected or hereafter to be erected by and Board of Trustees of Commission for which an appropriation has heretofore been made or will be made at this session of the Legislature, A. D. nineteen hundred and fifteen."

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighth and ninth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 8 All moneys appropriated for the purpose of erecting new buildings or for additions alterations or improvements to existing buildings as provided for in this act shall be made in the name of the department institution board or commission having control or custody of the same in the manner provided by law and all expenditures shall be made from the amount appropriated in the manner heretofore provided in this act

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act authorizing the employment of architects and draughtsmen in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prescribing their powers fixing their duties and compensation requiring the preparation of uniform contracts and providing the method of payment of sums due upon contracts entered into by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings and carried out under the supervision of the said architects

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 922, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 931 as follows:

An Act to amend section one of article four section one of article five and section nine of article twenty-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven permitting operators managers and superintendents free selection of mine foremen assistant mine foremen and fire bosses and placing mine employees under the supervision and control of the operator

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of article four section one of article five and section nine of article twenty-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven be and the same are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 That section one of article four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 1 In order to secure efficient management and proper ventilation of the mines to promote the health and safety of the persons employed therein and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith the operator or the superintendent shall employ a competent and practical mine foreman for every mine where ten or more persons are employed The mine foreman shall have full charge of all the inside workings and of the persons employed therein in order that all the provisions of this act so far as they relate to his duties shall be complied with and the regulations prescribed for each class of workmen under his charge carried out in the strictest manner possible If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman must possess a first grade mine foreman's certificate If the mine is non-gaseous the mine foreman must possess either a first grade mine foreman's certificate or a second grade mine foreman's certificate

When the mine workings become so extensive that the mine foreman is unable personally to carry out the requirements of this act pertaining to his duties he shall have the right to employ a sufficient number of competent persons to act as his assistants who shall act under his instructions in carrying out the provisions of this act If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman's assistants must possess first grade assistant mine foreman's certificates

In case of the necessary temporary absence of the mine foreman he may deputize his work for the time being to his assistant who shall perform all the duties of the mine foreman" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 In order to secure efficient management and proper ventilation of the mines to promote the health and safety of the persons employed therein and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith the operator or the superintendent shall employ a competent and practical mine foreman for every mine where ten or more persons are employed who shall be under the supervision and control of the operator The mine foreman shall have full charge of all the inside workings and the persons employed therein subject however to the supervision and control of the operator in order that all the provisions of this act so far as they relate to his duties shall be complied with and the regulations prescribed for each class of workmen under his charge carried out in the strictest manner possible If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman must possess a first grade mine foreman's certificate or be a person who in the judgment of the operator is a person equally competent with the holders of such certificates If the mine is non-gaseous the mine foreman must possess either a first grade mine foreman's certificate or a second grade mine foreman's certificate or be a person who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the holders of such certificates

When the mine workings become so extensive that the mine foreman is unable personally to carry out the requirements of this act pertaining to his duties he shall have the right to employ a sufficient number of competent persons to act as his assistants who shall be under his instructions in carrying out the provisions of this act If the mine is generally explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman's assistants must possess first grade assistant mine foremen's certificates or be a person who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the holders of such certificates

In case of the necessary temporary absence of the mine foreman he may deputize his work for the time being to his assistant who shall perform all the duties of the mine foreman

Section 3 That section one of article five of said act which reads as follows

"Section 1 In such portions of a mine wherein explosive gas has been generated within one year before the passage of this act or shall be generated after the passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall employ a fire boss or fire bosses whose competency to act as such shall be evidenced by a certificate of qualification from the Department of Mines on the recommendation of the examining board as provided for in section six article twenty-four of this act It shall be the duty of the fire boss to examine carefully before each shift enters the mine every working place without exception all places adjacent to live workings every roadway and every unfenced road to abandoned workings and falls in the mines but before proceeding with the examination he shall see that the air current is traveling in its proper course In making the examination he shall use no light other than that enclosed in an approved safety lamp The examination shall begin within three hours prior to the appointed time for each shift to enter the mine The fire boss shall examine for all dangers in all portions of the mine under charge and after each examination he shall leave at the face and side of every place examined the date of examination as evidence that he has performed his duty He shall also examine the entrance or entrances to all worked out and abandoned portions adjacent to the roadways and working places under his charge where explosive gas is likely to accumulate and he shall place a danger signal across the entrance to every working place and every other place where explosive gas is discovered or where immediate danger is found to exist from any other cause and said signal shall be sufficient warning for persons not to enter The meaning of all danger signals shall be explained to the non-English speaking employes of the mine in their several languages by the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss through an interpreter" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 In such portions of a mine wherein explosive gas has been generated within one year before the passage of this act or shall be generated after the passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall employ a fire boss or fire bosses whose competency to act as such shall be evidenced by a certificate of qualification from the Department of Mines on the recommendation of the examining board as provided for in section six article twenty-four of this act or a person or persons who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the holders of such certificates It shall be the duty of the fire boss to examine carefully before each shift enters the mine every working place without exception all places adjacent to live workings every roadway and every unfenced road to abandoned workings and falls in the mines but before proceeding with the examination he shall see that the air current is traveling in its proper course In making the examination he shall use no light other than that enclosed in an approved safety lamp The examination shall begin within three hours prior to the appointed time to enter the mine The fire boss shall examine for dangers in all portions of the mine under his charge and after each examination he shall leave at the face and side of every place examined the date of the examination as evidence that he has performed his duty He shall also examine the entrance or entrances to all worked out and abandoned portions adjacent to the roadways and working places under his charge where explosive gas is likely to accumulate and he shall place a danger signal across the entrance to every working place and every other place where explosive gas is discovered or immediate danger is found to exist from any other place where explosive gas is discovered or immediate danger is found to exist from any other cause and said signal shall be sufficient warning for persons not to enter The meaning of all danger signals shall be explained to the non-English speaking employes of the mine in their several languages by the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss through an interpreter

Section 4 That section nine of Article twenty-four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any operator manager or superintendent to employ as mine foreman in any mine or as assistant mine foreman in any gaseous mine any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification or service required by this act provided That all persons holding certificates of qualification as mine foreman granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve and provided further That any person acting as mine foreman by virtue of holding a certificate of service granted previous to the passage of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve at any mine where the general conditions affecting the health and safety of the persons employed do not differ materially from those at the mine in which he was employed when said certificate was granted which question shall be decided by the inspector of the district and it shall be unlawful for any operator manager superintendent or mine foreman to employ as fire boss any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification required by this act provided That all persons holding certificates of qualification as fire bosses granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any operator manager or superintendent to employ as mine foreman in any mine or as assistant mine foreman in any gaseous mine any person who has obtained the proper certificate of qualification or service required by this act or a person who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the person or persons who are the holders of such certificates Provided That all persons holding certificates of qualification as mine foremen granted under the provisions of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve And provided further That any person acting as mine foreman by virtue of holding a certificate of service granted previous to the passage of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve at any mine where the general conditions affecting the health and safety of the persons employed when said certificate was granted which question shall be decided by the inspector of the district and it shall be unlawful for any operator manager superintendent or mine foreman to employ as fire boss any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification required by this act or a person who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the person or persons who are the holders of such certificates Provided That all persons holding certificates of qualification as fire bosses granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve

All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 931, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Mines and Mining for the purpose of a hearing this afternoon.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requirng bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 936, entitled:

An Act authorizing township school districts which entirely surround a city or borough to acquire in such city or borough lands and to erect thereon buildings for high school purposes and exempting property so acquired from taxation by such city borough or school district thereof and authorizing such township school directors to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground for such high school purposes and providing for the determination of damages done and suffered by the owners of the land by reason of the taking thereof for such high school purposes

The first and second sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where a township school district entirely surrounds a city or borough in shall be lawful for such school district to acquire in such city or borough sufficient lands for high-school purposes and to erect thereon suitable buildings for the same

Section 2 That lands and property acquired by any township school district in any such city or borough under the provisions of this act shall be exempt from taxation by such city borough or school district thereof for any purposes whatsoever

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 That whenever the board of directors of any such township school district in this Commonwealth shall be unable to procure in such city or borough such eligible sites for the erection of high-school houses thereon as they may deem expedient it shall and may be lawful for the school directors of said township school district in behalf of the said township school district to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground in said city or borough for the purpose which the said township school directors shall designate and mark off not exceeding in any case one acre and to use and occupy the same for the purpose of erecting thereon a high-school house with its necessary or convenient appurtenances and for all damages done and suffered or which shall accrue to the owner or owners of such land by reason of the taking of the same for the purposes aforesaid the funds of the township school district which may be raised by taxation shall be pledged and deemed as security and it shall and may be lawful for the court of common pleas of the proper county on application thereto by petition either by the said school district township through the president and secretary of the board of directors or by the owner or owners of said land or any of them in behalf of all to appoint a jury of viewers consisting of three discreet and disinterested citizens of said county who shall not be the owners of property or residents in the township school district city or borough in which such land is taken as aforesaid and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter for said viewers to meet upon said land of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petitioners to the said viewers and the other party and the said viewers or any of them having been first duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them and having viewed the premises they shall establish and determine the quantity and value of said land so taken to be used for the purpose aforesaid and after having made a fair and just computation of the advantages and disadvantages they shall estimate and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained and to whom payable and make report thereof to said court and if damages be awarded and the report be confirmed by the said court judgment shall be entered thereon and if amount thereof be not paid within thirty days after the entry of said judgment execution to enforce the collection thereof may be issued as in other cases of judgment against said township school districts and each viewer shall be entitled to one dollar and fifty cents per day for every day necessarily employed in the performance of the duties herein prescribed to be paid by such district Provided That either party shall have the right to have re-viewers appointed by said court And provided further That said school directors are not authorized by this act to take land already appropriated for important public purposes and actually required for important public purposes

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 in line 57 by adding after the word "purposes" the following: "'nor any burial ground or any land belonging to any incorporated institution of learning, incorporated hospital association, or unincorporated church, incorporated or unincorporated religious association which land is actually used or held for the purpose for which such burial ground, institution of learning, hospital association, church or religious association in established."

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act authorizing township school districts which entirely surround a city or borough to acquire in such city or borough lands and to erect thereon buildings for high school purposes and exempting property so acquired from taxation by such city borough or school district thereof and authorizing such township school directors to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground for such high school purposes and providing for the determination of damages done and suffered by the owners of the land by reason of the taking thereof for such high school purposes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requirng bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 972, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation or land necessary for the said approaches"

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one which reads as follows

"Section 4 Upon presentation of said report to the said court if the court shall approve of the same it shall be confirmed nisi and after such confirmation the said report shall immediately be presented to the grand jury and if it shall appear to them that the erection of the said bridge or culvert is necessary for the accommodation and convenience of public travel they shall approve the same and after such approval the said report shall at once be presented to the county commissioners who shall within thirty days thereafter either approve or disapprove the same and if said report shall be approved by them and if no exceptions be filed thereto within ten days after its approval by the county commissioners the confirmation of the said court shall be made absolute and the county commissioners shall record the same as a county bridge or culvert and shall at once without any unnecessary delay proceed to construct said bridge or culvert with the necessary approaches in the same manner as other county bridges are now by law erected and after its construction they shall maintain and keep the same in good repair at the expense of said county Provided That if the said cities and boroughs separated as aforesaid are situate in different counties bridges or culverts joining them shall be authorized in the manner provided in this act except that the court of quarter sessions of each county shall appoint three viewers and that a report as aforesaid shall be made to the said courts respectively and the said courts shall together with the grand juries and commissioners of the respective counties in all other respects have and exercise a concurrent jurisdiction and discretion therein Provided further That whenever it may be necessary in the erection of said bridge or either of the approaches thereto to cross the tracks of any steam power railroad said approach or approaches shall not cross the same at grade but at an elevation of not less than twenty feet over said track or tracks" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

"Section 4 Upon presentation of said report to the said court if the court shall approve of the same it shall be confirmed nisi and after such confirmation the said report shall immediately be presented to the grand jury and if it shall appear to them that the erection of the said bridge or culvert is necessary for the accommodation and convenience of public travel they shall approve the same and after such approval the said report shall at once be presented to the county commissioners who shall within thirty days thereafter either approve or disapprove the same and if the said report shall be approved by them and if no exceptions be filed thereto within ten days after its approval by the county commissioners confirmation of the said court shall be made absolute and the county commissioners shall record the same as a county bridge or culvert and shall at once without any unnecessary delay proceed to construct said bridge or culvert with the necessary approaches in the same manner as other county bridges are now by law erected and after its construction they shall maintain and keep the same in good repair at the expense of said county But should the said county commissioners for a period of two years after presentation of said report to them following the confirmation nisi by the court and the approval thereof by the grand jury neglect or refuse to approve or disapprove said report then it shall be the duty of the said court on application by any of the original petitioners for said bridge or culvert after due notice to the county commissioners if no sufficient cause be shown to the contrary to order the confirmation of said report to be made absolute and to direct that the same shall be recorded as a county bridge or culvert with all rights and remedies for its construction as now provided by existing law Provided That if the said cities and boroughs separated as aforesaid are situated in different counties bridges or culverts joining them shall be authorized in the manner provided in this act except that the court of quarter sessions of each county shall appoint three viewers and that a report as aforesaid shall be made to the said courts respectively and the said courts shall together with the grand juries and commissioners of the respective counties in all other respects have and exercise a concurrent jurisdiction and discretion therein Provided further That whenever it may be necessary in the erection of said bridge or either of the approaches thereto to cross the tracks of any steam power railroad said approach or approaches shall not cross the same at grade but at an elevation of not less than twenty feet over said track or tracks"

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 43 by striking out the double quotation mark before the word "section;" also in line 82 by striking out the double quotation mark after the word "tracks."

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches"

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title??

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 1 by inserting after the word "act" where it first occurs, the words "approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one."

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requirng bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 975 (House Bill No. 1198, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth' approved fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five" by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population and increasing the salaries of the county commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum and increasing the salaries in counties having a population over fifty thousand and less than seventy-five thousand twelve hundred dollars but where the commissioners are directors of the poor then eighteen hundred dollars

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 975 (House Bill No. 1198), the bill just read be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requirng bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 982, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children Pittsburgh

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 986, as follows:

An Act relating to building and loan associations

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for a building and loan association to lend more than six thousand dollars on one building unless the mortgage securing such loan is a first lien on the realty

Section 2 It shall be unlawful for a building and loan association to join with any other such association or associations in lending more than twenty-four thousand dollars in aggregate amount on any one building unless the mortgage or mortgages securing such loan or loans is or are first liens

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 988, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the alvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home at Bellevue in the county of Allegheny

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and Houes of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home at Bellevue in the county of Allegheny for maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 991 (House Bill No. 610), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" which reads as follows

"Section 6 Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel the bushel of such commodity shall consist of the respective number of pounds herein set forth namely

Alfalfa seed sixty pounds
Apples fifty pounds
Apples dried twenty-five pounds
Barley forty-seven pounds
Beans dried sixty pounds
Beans castor (shelled) forty-six pounds
Beets sixty pounds
Blue-grass seed fourteen pounds
Bran twenty pounds
Broom-corn seed fifty pounds
Buckwheat forty-eight pounds
Cabbage fifty pounds
Carrots fifty pounds
Cement one hundred pounds
Charcoal twenty pounds
Cherries with stems fifty-six pounds
Cherries stemmed sixty-four pounds
Chestnuts hulled fifty pounds
Clover seed sixty pounds
Coal anthracite seventy-five pounds
Coal bituminous seventy-six pounds
Coal stone eighty pounds
Coke forty pounds
Corn shelled fifty-six pounds
Corn ear (husked) seventy pounds
Corn meal fifty pounds
Cranberries forty pounds
Cucumbers fifty pounds
Currants forty pounds
Flaxseed fifty-six pounds
Gooseberries forty pounds
Grapes forty-eight pounds
Hair (plastering) eight pounds
Hemp seed forty-four pounds
Herd's-grass forty-five pounds
Hickory-nuts fifty pounds
Hominy sixty pounds
Horse-radish fifty pounds
Hungarian grass seed fifty pounds
Kaffir corn fifty-six pounds
Lentils sixty pounds
Lime seventy pounds
Linseed fifty-six pounds
Malt thirty-eight pounds
Millet fifty pounds
Oats thirty-two pounds
Onions fifty pounds
Onion sets twenty-eight pounds
Orchard grass seed fourteen pounds
Parsnips fifty pounds
Peaches forty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (peeled) thirty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (unpeeled) thirty-three pounds
Peanuts twenty-two pounds
Pears fifty pounds
Peas green (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Peas dried sixty pounds
Plums sixty-four pounds
Popcorn (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Potatoes sixty pounds
Potatoes (sweet) fifty-four pounds
Quinces forty-eight pounds
Rape seed fifty pounds
Raspberries forty-eight pounds
Redtop grass seed fourteen pounds
Rice rough forty-five pounds
Rutabagas sixty pounds
Rye fifty-six pounds
Rye meal fifty pounds
Salt (coarse) eighty-five pounds
Salt (ground) sixty-two pounds
Sand one hundred pounds
Shorts twenty pounds
Sorghum seed fifty pounds
Spelt forty pounds
Strawberries forty-eight pounds
Timothy-grass seed forty-five pounds
Tomatoes sixty pounds
Turnips sixty pounds
Walnuts (common) fifty pounds
Wheat sixty pounds" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel the bushel of such commodity shall consist of the respective number of pounds herein set forth namely

Alfalfa seed sixty pounds
Apples forty-five pounds
Apples dried twenty-five pounds
Barley forty-seven pounds
Beans dried sixty pounds
Beans castor (shelled) forty-six pounds
Beets fifty-six pounds
Blue-grass seed fourteen pounds
Bran twenty pounds
Broom-corn seed fifty pounds
Buckwheat forty-eight pounds
Cabbage fifty pounds
Carrots fifty pounds
Cement one hundred pounds
Charcoal twenty pounds
Cherries with stems fifty-six pounds
Cherries stemmed sixty-four pounds
Chestnuts hulled fifty pounds
Clover seed sixty pounds
Coal anthracite seventy-five pounds
Coal bituminous seventy-six pounds
Coal stone eighty pounds
Coke forty pounds
Corn shelled fifty-six pounds
Corn ear (husked) seventy pounds
Corn meal fifty pounds
Cranberries forty pounds
Cucumbers fifty pounds
Currants forty pounds
Flaxseed fifty-six pounds
Gooseberries forty pounds
Grapes forty-eight pounds
Hair (plastering) eight pounds
Hemp seed forty-four pounds
Herd's-grass forty-five pounds
Hickory nuts fifty pounds
Hominy sixty pounds
Horse-radish fifty pounds
Hungarian grass seed fifty pounds
Kaffir corn fifty-six pounds
Lentils sixty pounds
Lime eighty pounds
Linseed fifty-six pounds
Malt thirty-eight pounds
Millet fifty pounds
Oats thirty-two pounds
Onions fifty pounds
Onion sets twenty-eight pounds
Orchard grass seed fourteen pounds
Parsnips fifty pounds
Peaches forty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (peeled) thirty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (unpeeled) thirty-three pounds
Peanuts twenty-two pounds
Pears fifty pounds
Peas green (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Peas dried sixty pounds
Plums sixty-four pounds
Potatoes sixty pounds
Potatoes sweet fifty-four pounds
Quinces forty-eight pounds
Rape seed fifty pounds
Raspberries forty-eight ponuds
Redtop grass seed fourteen pounds
Rice rough forty-five pounds
Rutabagas sixty pounds
Rye fifty-six pounds
Rye meal fifty pounds
Salt (coarse) eighty-five pounds
Salt (ground) sixty-two pounds
Sand one hundred pounds
Shorts twenty pounds
Sorghum seed fifty pounds
Spelt forty pounds
Strawberries forty-eight pounds
Timothy-grass seed forty-five pounds
Tomatoes sixty pounds
Turnips sixty pounds
Walnuts (common) fifty pounds
Wheat sixty pounds

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 by striking out the whole of lines 95, 96, 97 and 98, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Section 6. Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel, the bushel shall consist of the number of pounds herein stated, and wherever sold in the subdivisions of the bushel, the number of pounds shall consist of the fractional part of the number of pounds as are herein set forth for the bushel, namely,"

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1050, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1050, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county.

be read the first time.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No 1050, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION CONTINUING THE COMMISSION APPOINTED TO INVESTIGATE AND EXAMINE THE VARIOUS LAWS IN EFFECT IN THE DIFFERENT STATES RELATING TO RECORDING OF DEEDS, MORTGAGES, THE TRANSFER OF LANDS, THE INSURANCE OF TITLES, AND THE PRACTICAL OPERATION OF SUCH LAWS, AND TO PROPOSE SUCH CHANGES IN THE CONSTITUTION AND LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH AS TO INSURE THE BEST SYSTEM OF RECORDING.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE offered the following resolution, which was twice read:

In the Senate, April 27, 1915.

Whereas, In compliance with a concurrent resolution approved May twelve, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, a commission of five persons was appointed by the Governor on December twentieth, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, to investigate and examine the various laws in effect in the different States relating to the recording of deeds, mortgages, the transfer of lands, the insurance of titles, and the practical operation of such laws, and to propose such changes in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth as to insure the best system of recording; and

Whereas, The said commission made a second report to the present Legislature, again recommending an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and also recommending that the commission shall be continued, because, in order that the relief needed may be effected, questions of great importance will have to be carefully and exhaustively considered, but the membership of the commission was left to the discretion of the present Legislature; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the commission to investigate and examine the various laws in effect in the various States relating to recording of deeds, mortgages, the transfer of lands, insurance of titles, and the practical operation of such laws, and to propose such changes in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth as to insure the best system of recording, be authorized to continue its work, and make report and recommendations to the next General Assembly in one thousand nine hundred and seventeen; and that the expense therefor be limited to five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, and that the same be provided for in the next general appropriation bill; and be it further

Resolved, That all the powers conferred upon said commission, under resolution of May twelfth, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, authorizing the appointment of said commission, are hereby continued.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider the resolution just read at this time.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1014, as follows:

An Act authorizing the sale by cities of the first class of their bonds to the sinking fund commissioners of such cities without advertisement in certain cases

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for cities of the first class in this Commonwealth to sell the bonds of such cities to the sinking fund commissioners thereof without advertisement at not less than par whenever in the opinion of the mayor the city controller and the city solicitor or a majority of them such sale without advertisement may be deemed necessary or advisable and the said sinking fund commissioners shall thereupon be duly authorized to purchase the said bonds as aforesaid

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1015, as follows:

An Act to provide that the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by cities of the first class shall constitute a consolidated loan fund which may be appropriated and used for any purpose for which loans shall have been authorized or issued by such cities

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in cities of the first class all money being the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by such cities shall constitute a fund to be called the "consolidated loan fund" from which consolidated fund it shall be lawful to appropriate and use money for any purpose for which any loan or loans may have been authorized or issued by such cities Provided however That nothing in this act shall permit the appropriation or use of money for any purpose in excess of the amount authorized or borrowed for that purpose

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1017 as follows:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any incorporated literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes having capacity to take and hold real and personal estate within this Commonwealth may acquire and hold the same to the extent in the aggregate of such clear yearly value as shall be fixed as hereafter provided

Section 2 That any such literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body or any such trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes desiring to acquire and hold real and personal estate within this Commonwealth in excess of the clear yearly value of thirty thousand dollars may from time to time file its his or their petition in the court of common pleas of the proper county as hereinafter provided praying that the amount of property thus to be held shall be increased and it shall be lawful for the court if satisfied that the prayer of the petition can be granted without injury to the public welfare to enter a decree or decrees extending and defining the amount of property real and personal which may thus be held and such society church congregation association body trustee or trustees may lawfully acquire and hold property to the extent allowed by such decree or decrees

No such decree shall be entered until notice of the filing of the petition shall have been given by publication once a week for three weeks in at least one newspaper of the county in which such petition shall be presented and similar notice shall be given of any decree which the court may enter increasing the amount of property thus to be held A decree thus obtained to the extent of the limits therein set forth shall in all respects render valid and legal the acquisition and holding of any property which may have been acquired by or vested in such petitioner or petitioners prior to the entry of the decree The county in which the petition for such decree shall be presented shall be that in which such society church congregation association or body shall be located or the county in which the principal office or place of business of such society church congregation association or body shall be located

Section 3 Notice of the filing of any petition and of the decree thereon shall be forthwith given to the Attorney General in writing and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania acting by the Attorney General or any such society church congregation association body trustee or trustees or any citizen of Pennsylvania residing in the county in which a decree may be entered granting or denying the prayers of any such petition shall have the right within six months after the entry of such decree to appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth and upon such appeal the Supreme Court may review reverse affirm or modify such decree

Section 4 If any property is now held in excess of the value authorized by this act nothing herein contained shall in any way invalidate such holdings or prejudice the same in title or otherwise

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1018, as follows:

An Act designating the trailing arbutus (Epigaea repens) as the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the trailing arbutus (Epigaea repens) shall be the State flower or floral emblem of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 381, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture to prevent control and eradicate diseases of bees

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 525 (House Bill No. 404), entitled:

An Act providing a system of government for boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 568, entitled:

An Act for the relief of indigent war veterans and their families; and imposing certain powers and duties upon poor authorities organizations composed of war veterans and the officers thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 606 (House Bill No. 704), entitled:

An Act to enlarge the limit of purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 770 (House Bill No. 713), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of the "Star" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 771 (House Bill No. 742), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 794 (House Bill No. 730), entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be established as therein provided and to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 809, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 811, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by restricting the right to kill dogs

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order.
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 951 (House Bill No. 1099), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies of the City of Harrisburg

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 957 (House Bill No. 906), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 967, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the plotting by cities of the first class of parks and parkways in built-up sections thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 971, entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate and report the increase in the cost of anthracite coal alleged to be due to the tax imposed thereon, empowering said commission to issue subpoenas and providing for the attendance of witnesses and the penalty for failure to obey such subpoenas and making an appropriation for the cost and expense of said commission

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1006 (House Bill No. 1032), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the solders and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order.
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1021, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1022, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to regulate the catching or taking within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and terrapin and providing a penalty therefor"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 331 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate for concurrence, bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.
The amendments were twice read as follows:

In the title, in line 1, by striking out after the word "requiring" the words "each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city and cities and regulating" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the treasury of said cities and regulating the administration and"; also in section 1, line 3, by striking out after the word "That" the words "counties having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "all cities of the first class"; also in line 7 by inserting after the word "employes" the words "of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the city treasury thereof"; also in section 2, in line 1, by striking out after the word "every" the words "county above designated" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "city of the first class"; also in line 3, by striking out after the word "of" the words "the treasurer and controller of each county and the mayor of each city therein and two employes of the county and two employes of each city therein to be chosen by the employes of said county and city respectively each year" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the mayor the city treasurer the city controller one member of select council and one member of the common council of said city to be selected annually by the respective bodies"; also in line 11, by striking out after the word "bodies" the words "whose duty it shall be" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "It shall be the duty of said board"; also in line 13, by striking out after the word "said" the words "county and city or cities" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "city and all other public employes paid out of the treasury thereof as aforesaid if any"; also in line 16, by striking out after the word "the" the word "funds" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "fund herein"; also in section 3, line 2, by striking out after the word "the" the words "counties and cities herein designated" and inserting in lieu theerof the words "said cities or paid out of the city treasury thereof as herein above provided if any"; also in line 5, by striking out after the word "been" the words "employed by any county and city or cities aforesaid" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "so employed"; also in section 4, line 6, by striking out after the word "city" the words "and county" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "or other public employment as aforesaid"; also in line 14, by striking out after the word "of" the word "fifty" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fifty-five"; also in line 22, by striking out after the word "is" the words "not in a condition of health to perform" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "in a permanent condition of health which would totally disable him or her from performing"; also in line 24, by inserting after the word "office" the words "The pension paid to any one employe shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month"; also in section 5, in line 1, by striking out after the figure "5" the words "Employes of counties and cities herein mentioned" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "The city county or other public employes if any herein mentioned"; also in line 5, by inserting after the word "wages" the words "in no event however paying at a rate greater than four dollars a month"; also in line 11, by striking out after the word "of" the words "the counties herein mentioned or of the city or cities therein" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "such cities of the first class or other county or public employes paid out of the treasury of such cities"; also in line 20, by striking out after the word "re-enter" the words "the employ of any such county or city herein designated" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "such public employment"; also in line 26, by striking out after the word "the" where it occurs the second time the words "service of said county or city" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "such public service"; also in section 6, in line 1, by striking out after the word "position" the words "under the counties and cities herein mentioned" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "said cities of the first class or any county or other public employes if any paid out of the treasury of such cities as aforesaid"; also in section 7, in line 1, by inserting after the word "office" the words "employing persons entitled under the provisions of this act to receive a pension"; also in line 3, by inserting after the word "persons" the word "so"; also in line 7, by inserting after the word "such" the words "other relative"; also in section 9, in line 1, by striking out after the word "The" the words "authorities of counties and city or cities herein designated" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "public authorities of every city of the first class"; also in line 5, by striking out after the word "said" the words "counties and city or"; also in line 7, by striking out after the word "act" the words "Where there is more than one city in the counties designated each city shall appropriate a sum equal to its share or portion of the whole amount required"; also in section 10, in line 3, by striking out after the word "the" the words "counties of the State included in its provisions" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "cities included in its provisions or paid out of the treasury thereof as aforesaid"; also in section 11, in line 4, by striking out after the word "to" where it first occurs the words "a city or county or both" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "such cities or to the county or other public service paid out of the city treasury as aforesaid."

On the question,
Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 464 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 464, entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

In the title in line 4, by inserting before the word "it" the words "on or after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and sixteen;" also in line 6, after the word "possession" the words "any balloon made or intended to contain fire for the purpose of ascension."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills
Moore,
Patton,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 619 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 619, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and do take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manuacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By inserting in the title in line 25, after the word "machinery," the following: "and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof conected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business;" also in section 1, line 8, by inserting after the word "any" the word "other;" also in line 23, by striking out the word "purpose" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "purposes;" also in line 25, by striking out the word "the" where it occurs the second time and inserting in lieu thereof the word "May;" also in line 26, by striking out the words "day of May;" also in line 27, by striking out the word "manufacturing" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "manufacture;" also in line 28, by inserting after the word "leasing" the word "using;" also in line 29, by inserting after the word "machinery" the following: "tion of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-;" also in line 47, by striking out "natuarl" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "natural;" also by striking out section 2.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 507.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 507, entitled:

An Act authorizing John E. Joos a resident of the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 27, 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

G. W. McCullough, Pittsburgh.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

John G. Haber, Philadelphia.
Harry L. Schmidt, Philadelphia.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

The PRESIDENT. The Senate will now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 914, on final passage, on page 3 of today's calendar, entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

the bill having been received from the printer and is now on the desks of the Senators.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 914, as follows:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of creating a fund for the rebuilding restoration and replacement of any structures buildings equipment or other property owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty the following funds income and revenue of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are hereby specifically dedicated appropriated and set apart to constitute a fund separate and apart from all other funds of the Commonwealth and to be known as the Insurance Fund to wit

(a) All moneys now in the custody of the State Treasurer heretofore "Appropriated and set apart for the purpose of paying the present indebtedness and the interest thereon and such further indebtedness as may hereafter be contracted on the part of the Commonwealth" and commonly known as the Sinking Fund in excess of the total amount of the funded obligations or indebtedness of the Commonwealth chargeable thereto the amount of such excess in the Sinking Fund to be determined by the State Treasurer audited by the Auditor General and approved by the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners as of the date of the approval of this act

(b) All revenues of the Commonwealth received by the State Treasurer after the date of the approval of this act which under existing laws are appropriated and set apart to the Sinking Fund

(c) One-half of all taxes received upon premiums of foreign fire insurance companies after the date of the approval of this act

(d) All payments hereafter made by insurance companies on account of loss or damage to property of the Commonwealth caused by fire or other casualty or on account of the cancellation of existing policies of insurance

(e) All income received from interest upon deposits in bank or upon securities in which the said fund may be invested

Section 2 The said fund and all interest increment and additions thereto shall be and remain in the custody of the State Treasurer and shall be invested and reinvested by him under the supervision and direction of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners in lawfully issued interest-bearing securities of the United States of America the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any other of the United States or any county city borough or school district of this Commonwealth or any obligations of municipalities of other states but preferably in such securities issued by municipalities within this Commonwealth Provided however that current receipts and income applicable to said fund shall be deposited at interest in legal depositories of the public funds until the same shall accumulate in sufficient amount to justify the investment thereof in interest-bearing securities as hereinbefore provided

Section 3 The said fund hereby created shall be available for expenditure in the manner hereinafter provided for the rebuilding restoration or replacement of buildings structures equipment or othed property owned by the Commonwealth and damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and for no other purpose whatsoever And for such purpose the State Treasurer is authorized and directed by and with the consent and approval of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners to make sale from time to time of such part of such securities as may be necessary for the purpose of this act

Section 4 Whenever the total amount of said fund shall exceed the sum of one million dollars no further investment in securities shall be made on account thereof but all additional income and receipts applicable thereto shall be deposited in legal depositories of public funds and the excess over and above the said sum of one million dollars shall be transferred annually on the thirty-first day of December to the general fund of the State Treasury

Section 5 Whenever loss or damage by fire or other casualty shall occur to any structure building equipment or other property owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the department board of trustees overseers commisioners or other branch of the State government having control or custody thereof shall make report of such loss or damage to the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings setting forth specifically the use and character of the structure building equipment or other property damaged or destroyed the original cost thereof the estimated amount of the loss or damage and cost of restoration rebuilding replacement and such other data and information as may be required by the said Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings who shall make such examination and investigation as may be necessary and report the result thereof to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings whereupon the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings may in its discretion authorize the rebuilding restoration or replacement of the property damaged or destroyed and for that purpose is hereby authorized to have plans and specifications prepared and contracts executed and to supervise the erection construction or replacement thereof under the supervision of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings or other duly authorized agent of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings such rebuilding restoration or replacement to be in substantial accord with the original character use and purpose of the property damaged or destroyed Provided That the provisions of this act shall not apply to armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and under the supervision of the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania

Section 6 All expenditures on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings and if found correct he shall certify to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings that the materials have been furnished and the work and labor have been performed in accordance with the plans specifications and contracts approved by the said board and after having been so certified by him shall be approved by the Executive Controller and when so approved shall be audited settled and paid by the Auditor General and the State Treasurer in the manner provided by law Provided that whenever the Board of Commissioners of

Public Grounds and Buildings shall have taken such action as will involve expenditures from said fund they shall forthwith certify the probable amount of expenditure to the State Treasurer and Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners who shall forthwith take such action as is necessary to provide funds sufficient to meet the obligations so entered into

Section 7 That from and after the adoption and approval of this act it shall be unlawful for any Department Bureau Commission or other branch of the State Government or any Board of Trustees overseers managers or other person or persons or custodians of State property to purchase secure or obtain any policy of insurance on any property owned by the Commonwealth the term of which policy of insurance shall extend beyond the thirty-first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twenty or to purchase obtain or secure any such policy of insurance for any amount in excess of the amount of insurance outstanding at the date of the approval of this act after deducting from such amount twenty per centum thereof for each calendar year which shall have elapsed from and after the thirty-first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to the date of purchasing securing or obtaining such policy of insurance

Section 8 The State Treasurer and his bondsman shall be responsible for the safe keeping of and accounting for said funds in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe keeping of and accounting for the other funds of this Commonwealth

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I would like to ask the Senator who is the sponsor of this bill if he will kindly permit himself to be interrogated, why the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should not be able to make an appropriation covering a loss in case of destruction by fire rather than in the way proposed by the bill of creating a fund?

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Franklin, Mr. Hoke, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I will. The purpose of this bill as I understand it, is to create a fund for the rebuilding of State property destroyed by fire. Under the present methods there is no means whereby State property can be restored and rebuilt without a special act of the Legislature appropriating money for that purpose. If a building should be destroyed by fire directly after the adjournment of this Legislature next month there would be no way of rebuilding that building until the next session of the Legislature and actually appropriating money for the purpose unless the State should borrow money until the next session of the Legislature. This bill also provide that after the year 1920, it shall not be necessary for the State to carry any insurance on its buildings. The State will have its fund and will carry its own insurance. There will be a fund of a million dollars especially appropriated for the purpose of rebuilding State property, and it will therefore not be necessary for the State to insure its own property.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1051, entitled:

An Act to encourage the further development of the mineral resources of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 883 (House Bill No. 806) entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith."

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

The PRESIDENT. The Senate will now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 663, on page 8 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same" by extending its provisions to all counties having a population under one million

Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No. 582), on page 7 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act authorzing boroughs to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

the bills having been received from the printer and are now on the desks of the Senators.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 663, as follows:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same" by extending its provisions to all counties having a population under one million

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same' approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven by changing the minimum population of counties to which the said act shall apply from two hundred thousand to one hundred and fifty thousand" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having a population of over one hundred fifty thousand and under one million shall be as follows

"Issuing every writ of summons or capias docketing same and entering return of service but not more than three names one dollar and fifty cents

"Issuing writ of summons in ejectment docketing same and entering return of service and indexing in ejectment index not more than three parties or more than one description three dollars

"Entering and docketing amicable ejectment including entering judgment thereon and indexing in ejectment docket not more than three names or more than one description four dollars

"Issuing writ of scire facias sur mortgage or mechanics' lien not more than three names or more than one description three dollars

"Issuing and docketing writ of foreign attachment and entering return of service not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

"Issuing and docketing mandamus quo warranto and entering return of service not more than three names three dollars

"Alias summons or capias one dollar and fifty cents

"Alias summons in ejectment two dollars

"Issuing and docketing attachment execution or mandamus execution or alias attachment execution or alias mandamus execution not more than three names two dollars

"Entering amicable action filing papers and docket entries not more than three names three dollars

"Issuing every writ of ceriorari docketing same services at court and entering judgment thereon not more than three names three dollars

"Issuing writ of replevin docketing entering return of service filing bond and declaration three dollars

"Filing and docketing counter-bond in replevin and certificate to sheriff one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Each additional description fifty cents

"Stationery fifty cents

"Filing and docketing appearance statement declaration affidavit of defense demurrer pleas or any other paper in an action pending twenty-five cents

"Placing case upon issue list to be paid by the county each twenty-five cents

"Issuing and docketing license to peddle to be paid by the county one dollar and fifty cents

"Suggesting death of a party diminution record or amending record fifty cents

"Framing an issue in any action one dollar

"Entering motions twenty-five cents

"Entering order of court in any action pending twenty-five cents

"Filing praecipe for jury trial list twenty-five cents

"Placing case upon the argument list twenty-five cents

"All services during the trial of a cause including swearing of jury and witnesses two dollars

"Issuing venire each case upon the jury trial list to be paid by the county seventy-five cents

"Filing and entering agreement to refer to referee including entering judgment not more than three names one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Entering rule of reference appointment of arbitrators and service incident thereto two dollars

"Filing and entering report of arbitrators including judgment docket entry not more than three names one dollar

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Filing and docketing appeal from award of arbitrators one dollar

"Entering discontinuance of suit one dollar

"Every suit ended before issue joined or before jury trial two dollars

"Entering judgment on bond and warrant of attorney upon confession by defendant for want of an appearance plea or want of an affidavit of defense or sufficient affidavit of defense on verdict demurrer including judgment index entry not more than three names one dollar

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Entering satisfaction of judgment thirty cents

"Entry of assignment or release of lien or judgment each property fifty cents

"Attestation twenty-five cents

"Reporting list of judgments assignments and satisfactions entered to be paid by the county each twenty-five cents

"Filing and entering appointments made by the court to be paid by the county two dollars and fifty cents

"Certificates of appointment to be paid by the county each fifty cents

"Entry of motion and order of court for admission of attorney-at-law and certificate thereof two dollars and fifty cents

"Adoption including decree certificate thereof and all docket entries two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing and entering appeal from report of auditors two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing and entering county controller's report to be paid by the county two dollars and fifty cents

"Bail-piece one dollar and fifty cents

"Filing corporate charter petition for change of corporate name or alteration or amendment of charter for merger co-partnership or dissolution of partnership two dollars and fifty cents

"Certificate under seal fifty cents

"Entering docketing and making return or certiorari to Supreme or Superior court filing bond and filing and docketing remittitur therefrom five dollars

"Commission to take testimony entering return and notifying each party of return of commission one dollar and fifty cents

"Citation and seal and motion therefor one dollar and fifty cents

"Writ of habeas corpus and all proceedings to be paid by the county two dollars

"Filing and docketing orders of the court to be paid by the county each two dollars and fifty cents

"Petition for divorce order thereon and subpoena in divore including docketing same four dollars

"Receiving disbursing and accounting for deposit in divorce one dollar

"Alias subpoena in divorce one dollar

"Application for maintenance or alimony one dollar

"Filing and docketing rule for final decree one dollar

"Filing and docketing motions and rules and other pleadings in divorce each fifty cents

"Entering decree in minute book docket and indexing in index docket one dollar

"Certificate of divorce under seal two dollars

"Filing and docketing municipal or tax liens each two dollars

"Filing election returns and all proceedings thereon to be paid by the county each district three dollars

"Entering indexing and docketing judgments against tax collectors to be paid by the county each one dollar and fifty cents

"Entering and docketing exemplification of record not more than three names one dollar and fifty cents

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Exemplified record per hundred words twenty-five cents minimum fee two dollars

"Entering and filing mechanics' lien one description and not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

"Entering and filing stipulation against liens two dollars

"Entering and filing building agreement one description not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

"Each additional name twenty five cents

"Each additional description fifty cents

"Transcribing same in full per one hundred words twenty-five cents

"Drawing special jury striking same and copies for parties seventy-five cents

"Certificate for pay for jurors each juror to be paid by the county fifty cents

"Rule for interrogatories and entering return of service each garnishee one dollar

"Reporting election of justices of the peace to the Secretary of the Commonwealth to be paid by the county each fifty cents

"Notifying county officers auditors directors of the poor and election officers of their election to be paid by the county each fifty cents

"Filing and docketing petition for the appointment of a commission de lunatico and for inquisition in rehabitual drunkard for the appointment of a committee in insolvency for the sale of unclaimed goods or other petitions in connection with any proceedings including order of court thereon each two dollars and fifty cents

"Issuing commission in lunacy and entering return one dollar

"Writ to sheriff in lunacy one dollar

"Entering confirmation of inquisition and appointment of committee in lunacy one dollar

"All services on sale of lunatic's habitual drunkard's estate including filing of committee two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing each subsequent account one dollar

"Filing and docketing other documents in said proceedings each twenty-five cents

"Preparing files and records for cases on trial or argument list to be paid by the county each case fifty cents

"Issuing attachment for contempt and motion therefor to be paid by the county each one dollar

"Certificate of notary public twenty-five cents

"Administering oath other than on the trial of a case twenty-five cents

"Filing and docketing petition to sell or mortgage real estate for the satisfaction of lost or ancient mortgage including order of court thereon one description and not more than three names five dollars

"Each additional description fifty cents

"Each additional name twenty-five cents

"Filing power of attorney twenty-five cents

"Reporting to Secretary of Commonwealth copies of election returns for each person or party returned to be paid by the county fifty cents

"Issuing every writ alias or pluries writ of fieri facies one dollar

"Issuing every writ alias or pluries writ of venditioni exponas levari facias habere facias capias ad satisfaciendum one description one dollar

"Each additional description fifty cents

"Issuing writ of scire facias or alias scire facias on lien claim judgment to revive judgment sur bail in error sur recognizance sur certificate of the orphans' court to executors and administrators of deceased party to garnishee in foreign attachment or on bill of discovery two dollars

"Entering revival of judgment by agreement two dollars

"Entering testatum fi. fa. ca. sa. or vend. ex. one dollar

"Issuing testatum fi. fa. ca. sa. or vend. ex. one dollar

"Filing and docketing petition for a sheriff's interpleader including orders of court thereon two dollars and fifty cents

"Entering transcript or judgment or appeal from justice of the peace or magistrate including docket entries one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Entering satisfaction upon judgment and locality indexes each entry twenty-five cents

"Entering appointments of guardian ad litem fifty cents

"Docketing and filing bill to perpetuate testimony order of court thereon and recording same two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing and docketing petition for the appointment of viewers filing report and confirmation five dollars

"Proclamation one dollar and fifty cents

"Registration of student-at-law physician veterinarian or dentist one dollar

"Taxing bill of costs twenty-five cents

"Filing exceptions and rule to re-tax bill of costs and filing report thereon fifty cents

"Re-taxing bill of costs each hour one dollar

"Taking testimony thereon per one hundred words twenty-five cents

"Taking a recognizance twenty-five cents

"Entering a rule to take depositions fifty cents

"Issuing a subpoena under seal thirty cents

"Registration of stallion one dollar

"Statement twenty-five cents

"Making search for liens in judgment docket index for five years last past one dollar

"Making search in any other docket for five years last past each twenty-five cents

"Each reference found ten cents

"Each reference cited twenty cents

"Acknowledgment of sheriff's or treasurer's deed including all docket entries incident therto two dollars and fifty-cents

"Filing and docketing suggestions sur municipal lien one dollar

"Services of each minute or court clerk during sessions of court to be paid by the county each day four dollars

"Receiving and distributing money paid into court for each dollar under five hundred dollars two cents

"For each dollar exceeding five hundred dollars one cent

"Recording any document required by law to be recorded per one hundred words twenty-five cents

"Drawing filing and docketing bond and justification thereon including seal and oath one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Filing and docketing account or report of assignee auditors trustee committee sequestrator master or examiner two dollars and fifty cents

"Transcribing report per one hundred words twenty-five cents

"Filing docketing and all proceedings in assignment for the benefit of creditors up to and including bond and justification of assignee and surety five dollars

"Filing and docketing appeal from award or road jury or railroad jury one dollar and twenty-five cents

"Issuing and docketing order of sale in partition one dollar and fifty cents

"Filing and docketing exemplification of judgment from any other county one dollar and fifty cents

"Indexing suit against a decedent's estate twenty-five cents

"Filing and indexing sheriff's certificate of attachment upon real estate one dollar

"Certificate to exemplification of record under act of Congress one dollar

"Entering transcript from the orphans' court of amount due by executors administrators or guardians each entry two dollars

"Entry of precept from the orphans' court two dollars and fifty cents

"Each entry upon locality index twenty-five cents

"Filing and docketing any petition not herein provided for two dollars and fifty cents

"Filing and docketing bill in equity and rule to appear and answer not over four names two dollars and fifty cents each additional name twenty-five cents

"Filing docketing bill in equity for injunction issuing injunction and order of court thereon not over three plaintiff's three dollars and fifty cents

"Each additional defendant fifty cents

"Entering appearance filing answer demurrer replication twenty-five cents

"Entering any order of court minimum fifty cents

"Entering judgment one dollar

"Entering serving and returning decree nisi three dollars

"Filing any paper not above specified twenty-five cents

"The fee for services not herein specially provided for shall be the same as for similar services And Provided That the fees hereinbefore enumerated shall be exclusive of any State tax now levied or that may hereafter be levied" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having a population of less than one million shall be as follows

Issuing every writ of summons or capias docketing same and entering return of service but not more than three names one dollar and fifty cents

Issuing writ of summons in ejectment docketing same and entering return of service and indexing in ejectment index not more than three parties or more than one description three dollars

Entering and docketing amicable ejectment including entering judgment thereon and indexing in ejectment docket not more than three names or more than one description four dollars

Issuing writ of scire facias sur mortgage or mechanics' lien not more than three names or more than one description three dollars

Issuing and docketing writ of foreign attachment and entering return of service not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

Issuing and docketing mandamus quo warranto and entering return of service not more than three names three dollars

Alias summons or capias one dollar and fifty cents

Alias summons in ejectment two dollars

Issuing and docketing attachment execution or mandamus execution or alias attachment execution or alias mandamus execution not more than three names two dollars

Entering amicable action filing papers and docket entries not more than three names three dollars

Issuing every writ of certiorari docketing same services at court and entering judgment thereon not more than three names three dollars

Issuing writ of replevin docketing entering return of service filing bond and declaration three dollars

Filing and docketing counter-bond in replevin and certificate to sheriff one dollar and twenty-five cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Each additional description fifty cents

Stationery fifty cents

Filing and docketing appearance statement declaration affidavit of defense demurrer pleas or any other paper in an action pending twenty-five cents

Placing case upon issue list to be paid by the county each twenty-five cents

Issuing and docketing license to peddle to be paid by the county one dollar and fifty cents

Suggesting death of a party diminuation record or amending record fifty cents

Framing an issue in any action one dollar

Entering motions twenty-five cents

Entering order of court in any action pending twenty-five cents

Filing praecipe for jury trial list twenty-five cents

Placing case upon the argument list twenty-five cents

All services during the trial of a cause including swearing of jury and witnesses two dollars

Issuing venire each case upon the jury trial list to be paid by the county seventy-five cents

Filing and entering agreement to refer to referee including entering judgment not more than three names one dollar and twenty-five cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Entering rule of reference appointment of arbitrators and service incident thereto two dollars

Filing and entering report of arbitrators including judgment docket entry not more than three names one dollar

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Filing and docketing appeal from award of arbitrators one dollar

Entering discontinuance of suit one dollar

Every suit ended before issue joined or before jury trial two dollars

Entering judgment on bond and warrant of attorney upon confession by defendant for want of an appearance plea or want of an affidavit of defense or sufficient affidavit of defense on verdict demurrer including judgment index entry not more than three names one dollar

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Entering satisfaction of judgment thirty cents

Entry of assignment or release of lien or judgment each property fifty cents

Attestation twenty-five cents

Reporting list of judgments assignments and satisfactions entered to be paid by the county each twenty-five cents

Filing and entering appointments made by the court to be paid by the county two dollars and fifty cents

Certificates of appointment to be paid by the county each fifty cents

Entry of motion and order of court for admission of attorney-at-law and certificate thereof two dollars and fifty cents

Adoption including decree certificate thereof and all docket entries two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and entering appeal from report of auditors two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and entering county controller's report to be paid by the county two dollars and fifty cents

Bail-piece one dollar and fifty cents

Filing corporate charter petition for change of corporate name or alteration or amendment of charter for merger co-partnership or dissolution of partnership two dollars and fifty cents

Certificate under seal fifty cents

Entering docketing and making return or certiorari to Supreme or Superior Court filing bond and filing and docketing remititur therefrom five dollars

Commission to take testimony entering return and notifying each party of return of commission one dollar and fifty cents

Citation and seal and motion therefor one dollar and fifty cents

Writ of habeas corpus and all proceedings to be paid by the county two dollars

Filing and docketing orders of the court to be paid by the county each two dollars and fifty cents

Petition for divorce order thereon and subpoena in divorce including docketing same four dollars

Receiving disbursing and accounting for deposit in divorce one dollar

Alias subpoena in divorce one dollar

Application for maintenance or alimony one dollar

Filing and docketing rule for final decree one dollar

Filing and docketing motions and rules and other pleadings in divorce each fifty cents

Entering decree in minute book docket and indexing in index docket one dollar

Certificate of divorce under seal two dollars

Filing and docketing municipal or tax liens each two dollars

Filing election returns and all proceedings thereon to be paid by the county each district three dollars

Entering indexing and docketing judgments against tax collectors to be paid by the county each one dollar and fifty cents

Entering and docketing exemplification of record not more than three names one dollar and fifty cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Exemplified record per hundred words twenty-five cents minimum fee two dollars

Entering and filing mechanics' lien, one description and not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

Entering and filing stipulation against liens two dollars

Entering and filing building agreement one description not more than three names two dollars and fifty cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Each additional description fifty cents

Transcribing same in full per one hundred words twenty-five cents

.Drawing special jury striking same and copies for parties seventy-five cents

Certificate for pay for jurors each juror to be paid by the county fifty cents

Rule for interrogatories and entering return of service each garnishee one dollar

Reporting election of justices of the peace to the Secretary of the Commonwealth to be paid by the county each fifty cents

Notifying county officers auditors directors of the poor and election officers of their election to be paid by the county each fifty cents

Filing and docketing petition for the appointment of a commission de lunatico and for inquisition in rehabitual drunkard for the appointment of a committee in insolvency for the sale of unclaimed goods or other petitions in connection with any proceedings including order of court thereon each two dollars and fifty cents

Issuing commission in lunacy and entering return one dollar

Writ to sheriff in lunacy one dollar

Entering confirmation of inquisition and appointment of committee in lunacy one dollar

All services on sale of lunatic's habitual drunkard's estate including filing account of committee two dollars and fifty cents

Filing each subsequent account one dollar

Filing and docketing other documents in said proceedings each twenty-five cents

Preparing files and records for cases on trial or argument list to be paid by the county in each case each fifty cents

Issuing attachment for contempt and motion therefor to be paid by the county each one dollar

Certificate of notary public twenty-five cents

Administering oath other than on trial of a case twenty-five cents

Filing and docketing petition to sell or mortgage real estate for the satisfaction of lost or ancient mortgages including order of court thereon one description and not more than three names five dollars

Each additional description fifty cents

Each additional name twenty-five cents

Filing power of attorney twenty-five cents

Reporting to Secretary of Commonwealth copies of election returns for each person or party returned to be paid by the county fifty cents

Issuing every writ alias or pluries writ of fieri facias one dollar

Issuing every writ alias or pluries writ of venditioni exponas levari facias habere facias capias ad satisfaciendum one description one dollar

Each additional description fifty cents

Issuing writ of scire facias or alias scire facias on lien claim judgment to revive judgment sur bail in error sur recognizance sur certificate of the orphans' court to executors and administrators of deceased party to garnishee in foreign attachment or on bill of discovery two dollars

Entering revival of judgment by agreement two dollars

Entering testatum fi. fa. ca. sa. or vend. ex. one dollar

Issuing testatum fi. fa. ca. sa. or vend. ex. one dollar

Filing and docketing petition for a sheriff's interpleader including orders of court thereon two dollars and fifty cents

Entering transcript or judgment or appeal from justice of the peace or magistrate including docket entries one dollar and twenty-five cents

Entering satisfaction upon judgment and locality indexes each entry twenty-five cents

Entering appointments of guardian ad litem fifty cents

Docketing and filing bill to perpetuate testimony order of court thereon and recording same two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and docketing petition for the appointment of viewers filing report and confirmation five dollars

Proclamation one dollar and fifty cents

Registration of student-at-law physician veterinarian or dentist one dollar

Taxing bill of costs twenty-five cents

Filing exceptions and rule to re-tax bill of costs and filing report thereon fifty cents

Re-taxing bill of costs each hour one dollar

Taking testimony thereon per one hundred words twenty-five cents

Taking a recognizance twenty-five cents

Entering a rule to take depositions fifty cents

Issuing a subpoena under seal thirty cents.

Registration of stallion one dollar

Statement twenty-five cents

Making search for liens in judgment docket index for five years last past one dollar

Making search in any other docket for five years last past each twenty-five cents

Each reference found ten cents

Each reference cited twenty cents

Acknowledgment of sheriff's or treasurer's deed including all docket entries incident thereto two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and docketing suggestions sur municipal lien one dollar

Services of each minute or court clerk during sessions of court to be paid by the county each day four dollars

Receiving and distributing money paid into court for each dollar under five hundred dollars two cents

For each dollar exceeding five hundred dollars one cent

Recording any document required by law to be recorded per one hundred words twenty-five cents

Drawing filing and docketing bond and justification thereon including seal and oath one dollar and twenty-five cents

Filing and docketing account or report of assignee auditors trustee committee sequestrator master or examiner two dollars and fifty cents

Transcribing report per one hundred words twenty-five cents

Filing docketing and all proceedings in assignment for the benefit of creditors up to and including bond and justification of assignee and surety five dollars

Filing and docketing appeal from award of road jury or railroad jury one dollar and twenty-five cents

Issuing and docketing order of sale in partition one dollar and fifty cents

Filing and docketing exemplification of judgment from another county one dollar and fifty cents

Indexing suit against a decedent's estate twenty-five cents

Filing and indexing sheriff's certificate of attachment upon real estate one dollar

Certificate to exemplification of record under act of Congress one dollar

Entering transcript from the orphans' court of amount due by executors administrators or guardians each entry two dollars

Entry of precept from the orphans' court two dollars and fifty cents

Each entry upon locality index twenty-five cents

Filing and docketing any petition not herein provided for two dollars and fifty cents

Filing and docketing bill in equity and rule to appear and answer not over four names two dollars and fifty cents each additional name twenty-five cents

Filing docketing bill in equity for injunction issuing injunction and order of court thereon not over three plaintiffs three dollars and fifty cents

Each additional defendant fifty cents

Entering appearance filing answer demurrer replication twenty-five cents

Entering any order of court minimum fifty cents

Entering judgment one dollar

Entering serving and returning decree nisi three dollars

Filing any paper not above specified twenty-five cents

The fee for services not herein specifically provided for shall be the same as for similar services And provided That the fees hereinbefore enumerated shall be exclusive of any State tax now levied or that may hereafter be levied

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Hoke,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No. 582), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when by any gift or gifts or bequest or bequests any estate or estates real or personal exceeding twenty thousand dollars is given or bequeathed for the purpose of establishing in a borough a free public nonsectarian library on a permanent basis for the use of the residents of the borough and there is attached to such gift or gifts or bequest or bequests a condition that the borough shall provide for the maintenance in whole or in part of the library or the maintenance of a librarian of such library or both the borough may enter into a perpetual contract with the donor or the representative of any testator or corporation created to execute such gift or gifts or bequest or bequests for the payment annually of a certain fixed sum of money at such periods as may be agreed upon between the contracting parties Such sum shall be applied for the maintenance of the library or for the employment and maintenance of a suitable librarian or both in accordance with the terms of the gift or gifts or bequest or bequests.

Section 2 The borough shall appropriate annually for the compensation of such librarian and maintenance of such library not to exceed the amount of one mill on a dollar on all taxable property in the borough

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts not consistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee. C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Tompkins,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives, with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

The PRESIDENT. The Senate will now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 908 (House Bill No. 1143), on final passage, on page 2 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

the bill having been received from the printer and is now on the desks of the Senators.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 908 (House Bill No. 1143), as follows:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint in the Executive Department in addition to the Private Secretary one executive clerk at a salary of three thousand dollars per annum one commission clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum one clerk who shall be a stenographer and typewriter at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum two clerks at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum one messenger at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum one filing clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum and one night watchman at a salary of ten hundred and eighty dollars per annum

Section 2 The office of assistant executive clerk and the office of page in the Executive Department are hereby abolished.

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Daix,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Hilton.
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee. C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich.
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson.
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives, with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 452.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 452.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 452.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I voted 'aye."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 5, by striking out the words "and city councilman;" also to amend the act by adding the following section:

Section 2 That whenever at any primary election any candidate for nomination for the office of city councilman in any city of the third class shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half the number of official ballots cast by electors for nominations for said office at such primary in said city in which the nominations are to be made the name of such candidate receiving a vote greater than one-half the number of ballots as aforesaid shall be printed on the official ballot at the head of the group of candidates for election to such office at the succeeding election and unless at such succeeding election a person voted for, for election to said office who has not been nominated therefor as provided by law and whose name does not appear in print on the official ballot received more votes for said office than the number cast at said election for the election of said candidate nominated at the primary, such candidate nominated at the primary whose name is printed on the official ballot at the head of the group of candidates as herein provided for, shall be considered as elected to said office of city councilman

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reoprt from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOKE from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 769 (House Bill No. 306), entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof," and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections."

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 769 (House Bill No. 306), entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof," and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections."

be read the first time.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 769 (House Bill No. 306), entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof," and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 545, on final passage recalled from the Governor, postponed for the present, on page 1 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distributing regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 499 (Senate Bill No. 1052), entitled:

An Act to repeal section one of an act entitled "A further Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the further regulation of such corporations" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1300 (Senate Bill No. 1053), entitled:

An Act permitting the Commonwealth to intervene in any proceeding at law or in equity in which the Commonwealth may have an interest without giving security

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1359 (Senate Bill No. 1054), entitled:

An Act amending section two of an act entitled "An Act to authorize and empower the supervisors of the several townships of the second class throughout this Commonwealth upon a petition of a majority of the real estate owners of any or either of the said townships to levy and collect an electric light or other tax to be used and expended for lighting the streets and highways lanes alleys and public places thereof and to make and enter into contracts for such lighting" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 1236 (Senate Bill No. 1055), entitled:

An Act to permit the Department of Forestry to enter into co-operative agreements with county township municipal and private agencies for the prevention and suppression of forest fire and providing a method of payment of the expenses arising thereunder

Which was committed to the Committee on Forestry.

House Bill No. 1480 (Senate Bill No. 1056), entitled:

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor-General to empower the Chief Clerk of his Department to do certain official acts" by authorizing the Auditor-General to empower certain other employes of his department to do such official acts as the Auditor-General may designate

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1283 (Senate Bill No. 1057), entitled:

An Act relating to the trial of civil cases by jury in the courts of this Commonwealth and providing that in any civil cause now pending or hereafter to be brought in any of the courts of this Commonwealth where the damages are by reason of the subject matter of the case unliquidated and in which a trial by jury is had and the verdict of a jury awarding damages is rendered no new trial shall either by the court in which the said cause was tried or by any appellate court in this Commonwealth be granted because the opinion of the court differs from the verdict of the jury as to the amount of the damages and no such damages as awarded shall by any such court be increased reduced or changed

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 638 (Senate Bill No. 1058) entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred seventy-six

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 566 (Senate Bill No. 1059), entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating self propelled traction engines or tractors equipped with metal tired wheels, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors providing for their registration and the licensing of certain operators by the Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any traction engine or tractor by any person when intoxicated forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of traction engines or tractors by any county city borough or incorporated town or township establishing the rights of traction engines or tractors upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions of damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees and fines imposed thereunder

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 1262 (Senate Bill No. 1060), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges"

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 1369 (Senate Bill No. 1061), entitled:

An Act requiring a written demand for a jury trial in actions at law in the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth by either party thereto regulating the procedure of trials at law by a judge without a jury authorizing the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth and the Supreme Court to adopt rules for regulating the procedure under this act and regulating appeals from judgments

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 314 (Senate Bill No. 1062), entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the county treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 1040 (Senate Bill No. 1063), entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations and the solicitors officers directors and stockholders thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

House Bill No. 1213 (Senate Bill No. 1064), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations or appointments on such Boards of Visitation

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1051, entitled:

An Act to encourage the further development of the mineral resources of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYD)R. Mr. President I move that Senate Bill No. 1051, entitled

An Act to encourage the further development of the mineral resources of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

be read the first time.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1051, entitled:

An Act to encourage the further development of the mineral resources of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 489, entitled:

An Act to authorize the City of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

with the information that the House has passed he same without amendment.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows viz:

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 347.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 347.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 347.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 8 by striking out the words "vested in such wife or children or other relative."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make a report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection The Chair hears none.

Mr. PATTON presented the report of the Committee of Conference on Senate Bill No. 245.

Which was laid over for printing.

RECESS.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 9 o'clock this evening.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 489, entitled:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

Senate Bill No. 507, entitled:

An Act authorizing John F. Joos a resident of the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

House Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 123, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation of four hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto

House Bill No. 165, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 485, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill County Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency

House Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

House Bill No. 630, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 795, entitled:

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy

House Bill No. 870, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 913, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

House Bill No. 1061, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased

House Bill No. 1110, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania certain money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 1137, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmer's Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license

House Bill No. 1180, entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 430, RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

with the information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate. Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 418.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 418, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violations thereof"

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1143.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1143, entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 582.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 582, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

HOUSE INSISTS UPON ITS AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 468.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists upon its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insist upon its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to the foregoing bill, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Salus, McNichol and Vare be such Committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOKE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 676 (House Bill No. 889), entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances.

Also, from the Committee on Education reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1002, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to provide at the expense of the county a telephone typewriter and stenographer for the use of the county superintendent of schools.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 1035 (House Bill No. 1214), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 21st day of May, A. D. 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes," so as to include school taxes.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1065, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of companies not for profit organized to encourage and promote improvements in the breeding and management of poultry, pigeons and game and the protection and preservation of forests, fish, game and wild life.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BURKE (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1066, entitled:

An Act to repeal section twenty-six of an act entitled 'An Act relating to Allegheny County," approved May first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and also repealing section nine of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act relating to county treasurer, and prescribing further duties in Allegheny County," approved March eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate bill No. 68, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River, between Herndon and Port Trevorton, and making an appropriation therefor.

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 810, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act to establish a Department of Mines in Pennsylvania, defining its purposes and authority; providing for the appointment of a Chief of said department and assistants and fixing their salaries and expenses."

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GRAFF, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 619 (House Bill No. 545), entitled:

An Act to supervise the operations of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner prohibiting discrimination in fixing and collecting fire insurance rates requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate making bureaus requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements between companies or other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. W. W. SMITH, from the Committee on Public Printing, reported as committed, resolution from the House of Representatives, as follows:

Whereas Many citizens of Pennsylvania are not aware of the provisions of an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent and punish the desecration of the Flag of the United States and of this State" prohibiting the desecration of the flag of our country and of Pennsylvania therefor be it

Resolved ,if the Senate concur) That fifty thousand copies of said act be printed twelve thousand copies for the use of the members of the House of Representatives eight thousand copies for the use of members of the Senate and the remainder for the use of the Society known as the Daughters of the American Revolution of Pennsylvania

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1067, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two deputy State Highway Commissoiners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for the taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decided the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough or incorporated towns and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways, making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1068, entitled:

An Act fixing the width of sidewalks along public highways.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Apropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 755, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the State Board of Education to inquire into and report to the Governor upon the advisability and desirability of the erection at Harrisburg by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a suitable building for the use of educational departments and interests of the State Government, which building shall also serve as a memorial to the founders of the Public School System and former distinguished educators of the Commonwealth, and authorizing the State Board of Education to expend out of any money appropriated to it at the Legislative Session of 1915 such sum or sums as may be necessary to secure preliminary plans and designs not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at his time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KURTZ from the Committee on Public Roads and Hnghways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1067, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the 31st day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for the taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads, connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the paymnet of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Also, from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1068, entitled:

An Act fixing the width of sidewalks along public highways.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. KURTZ: Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1067, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the 31st day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for the taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads, connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways: making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

and Senate Bill No. 1068, entitled:

An Act fixing the width of sidewalks along public highways.

be read the first time.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1067, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the 31st day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for the taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads, connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1068, entitled:

An Act fixing the width of sidewalks along public highways.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WASBERS, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1065, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of companies not for profit, organized to encourage and promote improvements in the breeding and management of poultry, pigeons and game, and the protection and preservation of forests, fish, game and wild-life.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1065, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of companies not for profit, organized to encourage and promote improvements in the breeding and management of poultry, pigeons and game, and the protection and preservation of forests, fish, game and wild-life.

be read the first time.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No 1065, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of companies not for profit, organized to encourage and promote improvements in the breeding and management of poultry, pigeons and game, and the protection and preservation of forests, fish, game and wild-life.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MARTIN offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, April 27, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, May third, at eight o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, May third, at eight o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION FOR PRINTING FIFTY THOUSAND COPIES OF "AN ACT TO PREVENT AND PUNISH THE DESECRATION OF THE FLAG OF THE UNITED STATES AND OF THIS STATE."

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider the resolution reported from the Committee on Public Printing at this evening's session.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The resolution was twice read as follows:

Whereas Many citizens of Pennsylvania are not aware of the provisions of an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent and punish the desecration of the Flag of the United States and of this State" prohibiting the desecration of the flag of our country and of Pennsylvania therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That fifty thousand copies of said act be printed twelve thousand copies for the use of the members of the House of Representatives eight thousand copies for the use of the members of the Senate and the remainder for the use of the Society known as the Daughters of the American Revolution of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILL SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

RECESS.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of the recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 1095 (Senate Bill No. 1069), entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of register assessors in boroughs and townships at primary elections

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1238 (Senate Bill No. 1070), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said departments" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four fixing the salaries in the Department of Public Instruction

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1263 (Senate Bill No. 1071), entitled:

An Act requiring all State officials and employes who receive and disburse public moneys to give bond for the faithful performance of their official duties

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1406 (Senate Bill No. 1072), entitled:

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1427 (Senate Bill No. 1073), entitled:

An Act to prohibit fishing with any device whatsoever in waters of this Commonwealth including tidal streams and boundary waters and from the shores of this Commonwealth on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday and to provide penalties for the violation of its provisions and empower any fish warden deputy warden sheriff deputy sheriff constable or any special officer in this Commonwealth to make arrests for violation of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1019, entitled:

An Act relative to the sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of a stock of merchandise and fixtures or merchandise or fixtures not in the ordinary course of business; providing certain requirements therefor; imposing certain duties upon the seller; and making their violation a misdemeanor.

HOUSE INSISTS ON AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 331.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House insists on its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President I move that the Senate insist upon its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the House to the foregoing bill, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs W. W. Smith, Jenkins and Farley be such committee on the part of the Senate and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1134.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 837 (House Bill No. 1134), on page 9 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I voted "no."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I voted "no."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 708, entitled:

An Act making incompatible the offices of councilman in municipalities and school director.

Also, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 793, entitled:

An Act providing for watchers male and female at elections where constitutional amendments are submitted extending right of suffrage and imposing duties on election officers and county commissioners and providing penalties.

Also, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to amend Article XIV, Section one of an act approved the 1st day of June, 1885, entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth."

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 777 (House Bill No. 780), on page 5 of to-day's calendar, bill on final passage postponed for the present, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotatry the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty or false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller.

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 777 (House Bill No. 780), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Catlin,
Croft,
Farley,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—2.

Martin,
Moore,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 10.05 o'clock P. M. until Wednesday morning, April 28, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, April 27, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Our Father who art in heaven, we thank Thee that in Thy infinite wisdom Thou hast made it possible for us to approach Thee in prayer. We pray Thee that according to the multitude of Thy tender mercies Thou wouldst blot out all our transgressions. Purge us with hyssop that we shall be clean; wash us and we shall be whiter than snow. Remove our sins from us as far as the east is from the west; cast them behind Thy back into the depths of the sea and remember them no more against us. We thank Thee for these beautiful spring days; for our happy environments and for our glorious associations. We pray Thee, O God, that Thou wouldst remember the members of the House who are absent on account of sickness and bereavement. May they find comfort in Thy Word and be under the guidance of the Holy Ghost. Bless the work of this day, and may Thy name be glorified in it. We ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Blackburn, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 35 (House Bill No. 1634).

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 493 (House Bill No. 1635).

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifteen entitled "An Act concerning divorces" as amended

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 6 (House Bill No. 1636).

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie county Anti-Tuberculosis Society located at Erie Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 49 (House Bill No. 1637).

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 204 (House Bill No. 1638).

An Act to authorize the acquisition by purchase or condemnation of lands for a park and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the River Delaware and for the appointment of a commission to acquire said lands and erect such monument and making an appropriation for the purpose of this act

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 298 (House Bill No. 1639).

An Act making an appropriation to the Carlisle Hospital of Carlisle Pennsylvania.

Referreed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 714 (House Bill No. 1640).

An Act to regulate the sale furnishing giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium morphine heroin codeine or any salts derivaties or compounds thereof and providing penalties

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Senate Bill No. 378 (House Bill No. 1641).

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane at Allentown Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 479 (House Bill No. 1642).

An Act to regulate the grading packing marking shipping and sale of apples and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Senate Bill No. 616 (House Bill No. 1643).

An Act making an appropriation for the joint acquisition and maintenance by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges over the Delaware River.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 656 (House Bill No. 1644).

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 664 (House Bill No. 1645).

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane at South Mountain Wernersville Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 688 (House Bill No. 1646).

An Act to give exclusive jurisdiction to the municipal court of Philadelphia over all houses of detention established within the limits of the City of Philadelphia providing that the board of managers of the said houses of detention shall be appointed and removed by the president judge of the municipal court of Philadelphia and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 792 (House Bill No. 1647).

An Act providing for the care protection and maintenance of the brig Niagara Commodore Perry's Flag Ship at the Battle of Lake Erie and now the property of the State of Pennsylvania creating a commission to be The Niagara Commission and making an appropriation for such care protection and maintenance.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 920 (House Bill No. 1648).

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease for the control of transmissible disease in animals.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 930 (House Bill No. 1649).

An Act relating to the calling in certain cases of judges registered in the "Judicial Assignment Register" of the Supreme Court to districts other than their own and providing for their compensation.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 937 (House Bill No. 1650):

An Act providing for the regulation of dams or other structures works or obstructions in along across or projecting into any stream or body of water wholly or partly within this Commonwealth forming part of the route of the canal authorized to be constructed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by act of the General Assembly approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen vesting certain powers and duties in the Lake Erie and Ohio Rivers Canal Board of Pennsylvania for this purpose fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and providing equitable remedies for non-compliance with or violation of orders of the aforesaid Canal Board or of provisions of this act.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 969 (House Bill No. 1651):

An Act providing a method to locate and erect new bridges to take the place of existing bridges crossing railroads or railways to change location of such bridges and roads connecting therewith to vacate old and existing bridges and roads connecting with the same authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in such construction and authorizing the payment of the same by State county borough township and railroad company as may be determined.

Which was referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. OSTRANDER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Habgood.

Mr. HOWARTH asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Mangan on account of the death of his wife.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 331, as follows:

An Act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the treasury of said cities and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all cities of the first class shall create a pension fund for the pensioning of employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the city treasury thereof in the manner under the conditions and subject to the qualifications following

Section 2 In every city of the first class there shall be created a board to be known as the pension board consisting of the mayor the city treasurer the city comptroller one member of select council and one member of common council of said city to be selected annually by the respective bodies It shall be the duty of said board to register all persons employed by the said city and all other public employes paid out of the treasury thereof as aforesaid if any and to administer the collection and distribution of the fund herein provided for and to do such acts and make such reasonable rules in the premises as they may deem necessary to effectually carry into effect the provisions of this act

Section 3 Every person now or herafter employed by the said cities or paid out of the city treasury thereof as herein above provided if any of the age of fifty-five years and upwards who shall have been so employed for a period of twenty years or more shall upon application to the board of pensions herein created be retired from service and shall during the remainder of his or her life receive the pension or compensation fixed by this act subject to such qualifications as are herein contained

Section 4 During the lifetime of the said person he or she shall be entitled to receive as a pension annually from the fund set aside for the purpose fifty per centum of the amount which would constitute the average annual salary or wages which he or she received during the last five years of his or her employment by the said city or other public employment as aforesaid Said pension to be paid in monthly payments Should any person so employed after twenty years of service be dismissed voluntarily retire or be in any manner deprived of his position or employment before attaining the age of fifty-five years upon continuing a monthly payment to the fund equal to the last amount due and paid monthly while in active service said person shall be entitled to the pension above mentioned notwithstanding he or she has not attained the age of fifty-five years but said pension shall not commence until he or she has attained the age of fifty-five years Should any employe however become totally and permanently disabled after twenty years of service and before attaining the age of fifty-five years he or she shall be entitled to the said pension Proof of total and permanent disability shall consist of the sworn statement of three practicing physicians designated by the board that the employe is in a permanent condition of health which would totally disable him or her performing the duties of his or her position or office The pension paid to any one employe shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month

Section 5 The city county or other public employes if any herein mentioned shall after the passage of this act pay unto the board of pensions monthly an amount equal to two percentum of their monthly salaries or wages in no event however paying at a rate greater than four dollars a month which shall be applied to the purposes of this act Payment of the monthly amount or contribution herein mentioned shall cease and be discontinued at the time the beneficiary receives the pension herein provided If for any cause an employe contributing to the pension fund shall cease to be an employe of any of such cities of the first class or other county or public employes paid out of the treasury of such cities before said employe becomes entitled to the pension conferred by this act the total amount of the contributions paid into the pension fund by such employe shall be refunded to him in full without interest Provided however If any such employe shall have returned to him or her the amount contributed as aforesaid and shall afterward re-enter such public employment said employe shall not be entitled to the pension designated until twenty years after the said re-employment unless he or she shall return to the pension fund the amount withdrawn in which event the period of twenty years shall be computed from the time said employe first entered the such public service In the event of the death of any such employe before the said employe becomes entitled to the pension aforesaid the said total amount of contributions aforesaid shall be paid over to the estate of said deceased employe

Section 6 Should any person holding position said cities of the first class or any county or other public employes if any paid out of the treasury of such cities as aforesaid be paid a per diem wage he or she shall not be compelled to pay or contribute toward the pension fund herein provided for but shall have the option or choice of so doing and in that event only of becoming entitled to the pension provided by this act

Section 7 The heads of every department and office employing persons entitled under the provisions of this act to receive a pension shall certify to the board of pensions all persons so employed and the amount of salary or wages which is paid to said employe together with dismisals resignations changes or terminations of services and from the records of their office or department furnish such other relative information as the board of pensions shall require

Section 8 It shall be the duty of the board of pensions to receive and retain and when deemed advisable to invest the funds payable in accordance with the provisions of this act and to pay over by warrant or check the amount due to said employes

Section 9 The public authorities of every city of the first class charged with the disbursements expenditures and appropriations shall annually set aside apportion and appropriate out of all taxes and income of the said cities unto the board of pensions a sum sufficient to maintain the pensions or compensations due under this act

Section 10 The benefits conferred by this act shall apply to all persons employed in any capacity by or holding positions in the cities included in its provisions or paid out of the treasury thereof as aforesaid and the city or cities therein Provided That this act shall not apply to employes of such departments bureaus or offices as are now protected by pension authorized by the laws of this State and in force at the time of the passage of this act

Section 11 The time of service herein specified namely twenty years shall be computed from the time of the first or original employment said employment to consist of service either to such cities or to the county or other public service paid out of the city treasury as aforesaid and need not be continuous No pensions shall be paid however until after January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 12 The compensation or pension herein mentioned shall not be subject to attachment or execution shall be payable only to the beneficiary designated in this act and shall not be subject to assignment or transfer

Section 13 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker the amendments offered to this bill re-called from the Governor are agreeable to him, and therefore I ask that the House pass it.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit.
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 464, as follows:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on or after the first day of January nineteen hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful to sell or expose for sale or buy or exchange or give away or have in possession any ballon made or intended to contain fire for the purpose of ascension or send up or cause to ascend any balloon containing in or about it any fire This section does not apply to a baloon in which a human being ascends

Section 2 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding sixty days or both in the discretion of the court

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,

Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Mellott,
Milliron,
Oaks,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 619, as follows:

An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for certain purposes to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the mining and manufacturing of any clay into brick tile and various other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith or for the manufacture and sale of explosives or for the manufacture of fire brick and refractories and the mining and quarrying of the raw material therefor or for the manufacture storage distribution or sale of cheese or butter or other dairy or creamery products or for the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper for corporate purposes Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—181.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Sones,
[illegible]er,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Bungard,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call up House Bill No. 499, File Folio 5305, on page nineteen of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed for the Present.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 499, entitled:

An Act to repeal section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the further regulation of such corporations" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Lauer, the sponsor for this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LAUER. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to know the purpose of this bill and what effect it will have upon the statute law of the State relating to corporations It repeals the first section of the act of 1887.

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the question of the gentleman from Franklin, I beg to say that this bill proposes to put the election of directors of corporations, with the exception of railroad companies, back where it was under the Corporation Act of 1874. The act of 1887 classified directors into terms of one, two, three and four years. This bill proposes to repeal Section 1 of that Act, permitting all the directors to be elected every year and allowing full representation of all minority stockholders. At the present time, under the act of 1887, minority interests are at the mercy of the majority because under the classification system where one-fourth of the directors are elected every year there is no opportunity for minority stockholders to get any representation on the board. If, for example, a number of people owned one-tenth of a private corporation such as a trust company they cannot elect a director under this act of 1887 because they are absolutely frozen out. This bill is to cure that defect. This bill is simply to give representation to a minority, and I claim it is right. I claim that under the constitution of 1874 and the Corporation Act of 1874 which followed that, that annual elections of all the directors was the proper way and the act should never have been changed. This is to abolish the system of classifying directors into directors of one, two, three and four years. Why should corporations elect directors for as long a term as four years? I say, therefore, gentlemen, that this is a very meritorious act and I ask you to pass it.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey.
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 1009.

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

House Bill No. 743.

An Act authorizing the orphans' court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

House Bill No. 517.

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

House Bill No. 680.

An Act relative to estates of decedents

House Bill No. 725.

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws"

House Bill No. 910.

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

House Bill No. 955.

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children"

House Bill No. 1108.

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

House Bill No. 1105.

An Act authorizing Jennie Clay Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1100.

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 756.

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

House Bill No. 547.

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGES.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives, April 26th, 1915.

RESOLUTION.

Requesting the National Committee of the Republican Party to select the City of Philadelphia as the place for holding the National Convention of said party in the year 1916.

Section 1 Be it resolved by the House of Representatives if the Senate concur, That the National Committee of the Republican Party be requested to hold the National Convention of the said party for the year 1916 in the City of Philadelphia.

Section 2, That the Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives be and are hereby appointed a committee to forward a copy of this resolution to the proper officers of the National Committee of the Republican Party.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 95.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendment the Senate has concurred.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 657, File Folio 5339, on page nineteen of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matter to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and the Supreme Court" by more specifically defining the duties of auditors in regard to the report of settlement and audit.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 13, by striking out the word "provides" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "as amended by an act approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act to amend the title, the first section, the second section and the third section of an act of Assembly entitled 'An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers, elected or appointed, of boroughs, townships, poor districts, and school districts; prescribing the time for such settlement and audits, for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit, for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions, and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts,' approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven; by repealing so much thereof as applies to school districts," reads.

Amend section 1, line 15, by inserting before the word "poor" the word "and," and by striking out the words "and school district."

Amend section 1, line 17, by inserting before the word "settlement" the word "said."

Amend section 1, line 25, by inserting before the word "amended" the word "further."

Amend title, line 1, by inserting before the word "amend" the word "further."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1283, entitled:

An Act relating to the trial of civil cases by jury in the courts of this Commonwealth and providing that in any civil cause now pending or hereafter to be brought in any of the courts of this Commonwealth where the damages are by reason of the subject matter of the case unliquidated and in which a trial by jury is had and the verdict of a jury awarding damages is rendered no new trial shall either by the court in which the said cause was tried or by any appellate court in this Commonwealth be granted because the opinion of the court differs from the verdict of the jury as to the amount of the damages and no such damages as awarded shall by any such court be increased reduced or changed.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—129.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger.
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis.
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse.
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. F.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Richards,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—26.

Becker,
Fruit,
Garner,
Gormley,
Herman,
Lindsey,
Mellott,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Reel,
Rich,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Statler,
Stone,
Twibill,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitten,
Wilson, H. I.,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1025, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SCHAEFFER. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of this bill I move that its further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No 1397 (Senate Bill No. 375), entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks in certain counties

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RE-COMMITTED.

Mr. BOVEE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Banks and Banking for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1248 (Senate Bill No. 507), entitled:

An Act authorizing John E. Joos a resident of the City of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn.
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger.
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard.
Williams,
Wilson, H. I..
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Commission having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1480, entitled:

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the Chief Clerk of his Department to do certain official acts" by authorizing the Auditor General to empower certain other employes of his Department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McAndle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich.
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1300, entitled:

An Act permitting the Commonwealth to intervene in any proceeding at law or in equity in which the Commonwealth may have an interest without giving security

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell. J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones. W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts.
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson.
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West.
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,

Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Rinn,
Robertson.
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1236, entitled:

An Act to permit the Department of Forestry to enter into co-operative agreements with county township municipal and private agencies for the prevention and suppression of forest fire and providing a method of payment of the expenses arising thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson.
Dell.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby.
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler.
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz.
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans.
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis.
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill.
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton.
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1359, entitled:

An Act amending section two of an act entitled "An Act to authorize and empower the supervisors of the several townships of the second class, throughout this Commonwealth, upon a petition of a majority of the real estate owners of any or either of the said townships, to levy and collect an electric light or other tax to be used and expended for lighting the streets and highways, lanes, alleys, and public places thereof, and to make and enter into contracts for such lighting," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—175.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—7.

Baker,
Kuhn,
Leighner,
Lynch,
Sarig,
Wettach,
Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. COX in the Chair.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1199, entitled:

An Act exempting agricultural corporations from the payment of a bonus and of State taxes upon their capital stock

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I understand this bill exempts agricultural corporations from taxation. I don't understand why it is that an agricultural corporation should be exempt from paying State tax. All the corporations of our State have got to pay a State tax, it matters not what they are incorporated for. Some of these corporations are very wealthy and well-to-do and I dont quite understand why they should be, in face of all that, exempt from paying taxes. Therefore, I am against this bill.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, it is refreshing to me as Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee that the House at last is getting tired of exempting classes from taxation. Last night the mutual life insurance companies without capital stock were exempt by an overwhelming vote. Today I am very glad to see that we are about to call a halt on exemption from the burdens of taxation that associations or individuals should bear. I think, Mr. Speaker, that this exemption from the payment of capital stock tax imposed on the various corporations of this State as we have it in this bill, involving that principle, should be defeated.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, the idea of this bill is to encourage agricultural corporations. In the first place, farm lands all the time are taxed. If this bill is passed the State won't lose a cent. The idea is to encourage agricultural corporations in order to get away from the old line of farming where the man and his wife dig away with only one way of doing. If it were possible for farm lands to be incorporated it would enable people who are interested in farming to incorporate their farms and manage their farms on modern busisess ideas. The land is taxed and the State would not lose a cent. For instance, all public service corporations pay no local taxes; they pay their State tax. In this case all farm land would have to pay their local taxes. The gentleman from Allegheny said he knows of no corporation that doesn't pay their tax. Mr. Speaker, today all money, all capital, interested in or engaged in manufacturing is not paying a cent. All corporations that manufacture commodities, if any part of their capital is engaged in manufacturing, they are exempt. In this case, the State loses not a cent. If incorporated into a corporation to go into the business of farming there is no loss to the State by taxation. I hope the House will vote for it.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—56.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Barnett,
Beck,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Christman
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dunn,
Eby,
Evans,
Forster,
Geiser,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Haggerty,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Jack,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McClure,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Showalter,
Sones,
Trach,
Vogdes,
Weimer,
Wildman,
Wood,
Young,

NAYS—85.

Albee,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Eppley,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Powell,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bills falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1094, entitled:

An Act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Westmoreland permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LOVE. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr Speaker, in this bill in section two it states that the advertisement for bids shall be placed in one weekly or daily paper once a week for three weeks. Does the gentleman think that is sufficient time?

Mr. LOVE.. Mr. Speaker, I do, in a county.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, is there anything in this bill to prevent the funds from going outside of the connty?

Mr, LOVE. Mr. Speaker, it does not mention that at all. The understanding is that this money will be deposited in the county as county money and as county funds are deposited in the county.

Mr. MILLIRON. Now, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, I have nothing to say concerning the principle of this bill, but the matter of the advertising seems to me to be defective. You take it in a large county and this advertising could be placed in some little weekly or daily paper once each week for three weeks and the majority of the people would not know that such an advertisement is being made. On the other hand in the small counties where there is a small amount of funds, there are very few banks who would care to pay an interest on these deposits and there is nothing in the bill that would prohibit a bank from outside the county to come in and take these funds. In the latter part of the bill it states that these bonds given by the banks shall be held by the county auditors. Now you members who live in a small county of less than seventy-five thousand people know what responsibiltiy can be attached to the county auditor. Casting no reflections on the county auditors, they are called in once a year to audit the accounts, the rest of the time they are back at their homes. There is no bond of any responsibility that is placed upon them that would give them the right to hold these bonds in their possession, but where they have a comptroller in large counties it is all right. In my mind this bill is defective. I am not saying anything about the principle. I would suggest however, to the sponsor of this bill that he have it recommitted for amendment.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Milliron.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Milliron, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman if there is anything in the present law that limits the depositing of county funds in a bank within the particular county in which the treasury is located?

Mr MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, nothing except his political affiliations with that bank.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Then, Mr. Speaker, I desire to further ask the gentleman if this bill be passed whether it makes the law any different with regard to this particular point as to whether it be deposited within or without the particular county?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, in Armstrong and Jefferson counties the deposits are made in some bank in which the members and stockholders of that bank were for the treasurer when he was elected. Now providing you were to remove the remuneration that they obtain from the deposits and compel them to pay a percentage or an interest, there would be no reason for making that deposit on that score, and I say it and say it advisedly, that these are most of the difficulties that are met.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. I desire to interrogate the gentleman further.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Armstrong, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. MILLIRON. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman if this bill does not provide that the treasurer may reject any and all bids?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, it does, and that is a weak point in the bill.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from Armstrong?

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Armstrong, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. MILLIRON. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman wherein this bill is any weaker in that point than the present law?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would answer the gentleman by saying that two evils do not make one right.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker. This is a good bill. Your county passed through the same thing and has found it out. Ten to twelve years ago the county funds were a source of graft and speculation and peculation in a lot of respect. Ten to fifteen thousand dollars a year went into the hands and pockets of the gang through the depositing of the county funds, and were turned by the gangsters to their benefit and political ranks, the banks and trust companies. The banks and trust companies with political tricksters at their head tried to get hold of the funds of the county to get the benefit. Ten to fifteen thousand dollars a year was lost to the county. By and by, about ten years ago, a campaign for the betterment of things took place and the candidate for county treasurer said he would put the money at interest for the benefit of the county. The people had faith in him and he was elected, and he did deposit the funds for the benefit of the county, and from that day to this it has been thus done, and the revenue coming from the interest on the county's daily balance has paid the salary of the county treasurer and a good salary at that. It is the business way to handle the county funds. Good business men with very large balances and who are careful with their money would do the same thing. They would have some of their money on deposit bearing interest when they had no need for the money, and for the county to do business in a straight business way, they ought to, do the same thing. Every county in Pennsylvania may profit by it, and get enough revenue from that source and pay the county treasurer a good salary and have money enough besides.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Westmoreland.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Love, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LOVE. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman if my understanding of the bill in one respect is correct, and that is, that the only part of the funds in the hands of the County Treasurer that will be subject to this bill is the part that is known as the surplus fund?

Mr. LOVE. Mr. Speaker, it is.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, therein I think the bill is wrong. I think it should apply to all the funds of the county in the hands of the Treasurer that are on deposit whether in the nature of surplus or active.

Mr. LOVE. Mr. Speaker, I want to correct that. It calls for the surplus and checking account and daily balances.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—65.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fruit,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Haggerty,
Herman,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Maurer,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Myers,
Oaks,
Perry,
Reel,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Shoop,
Smith, Jeff. W..
Snyder,
Spangler,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Wylie,

NAYS—82.

Albee,
Alexander,
Aron,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Body,
Bovee,
Christman,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Flynn,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gingery,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heyburn,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McDermott,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Trach,
Twibill,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. HAMILTON offered the following motion which was twice read and considered:

Moved by Mr. Hamilton, seconded by Mr. Powell, that the vote by which House Bill No. 1500, File Folio 6761, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employers prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen was defeated on final passage on Monday, April 26th, 1915, be reconsidered.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the "noes" appeared to have it.

Whereupon, a division was called for and one hundred and fifteen voting in the affirmative, more than the majority of the House, the motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of House Bill No. 1500 be postponed for the present.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire that order be so maintained in the House that we can hear what is going on. I was not recorded this morning on account of the clerks not being able to hear my voice. It is impossible for us in the rear to hear what is going on when anything is taken up out or order, particularly. Now the Clerk will either have to speak out louder or the Chair will have to maintain better order in the House.

The SPEAKER. The Sergeant-at-arms will see that the gentlemen in the rear of the House keep order.

BILL OF THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of eleven thirty has arrived, the time fixed by Special Order for the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 566, File Folio 5681.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 566, as follows:

An Act relating to and regulating self-propelled traction engines or tractors equipped with metal tired wheels and vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors providing for their registration and the licensing of certain operators by the Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any traction engine or tractor by any person when intoxicated forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of traction engines or tractors by any county city borough or incorporated town or township establishing the rights of traction engines or tractors upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions of damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefore and providing for the disposition of fees and fines imposed thereunder

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That except as hereinafter provided no traction engine or tractor shall be operated or driven upon any public street or highway in any city borough incorporated town township or county in the Commonwealth until the said traction engine or tractor shall have been registered with the State Highway Department of this Commonwealth

DEFINITIONS

Section 2 The terms "traction engine" or "tractor" as used in this act shall apply to all self-propelled engines equipped with metal tired wheels operated or propelled by any form of engine motor or mechanical power excepting self-propelled engines which move or are operated upon or are guided by a track

The term "trailer" as used in this act shall apply to any wagon or truck drawn by a traction engine or tractor for hauling material or freight of any kind excepting water and fuel tanks road-graders stone-crushers saw-mills and agricultural equipment not self-propelled

CLASSIFICATION

Section 3 Traction engines or tractors for the purposes of this act shall be divided into two classes

First class traction engines or tractors used exclusively for agricultural purposes road-grading and transporting the machinery and appliances which when at rest they operate with their own power and excluding engines used for hauling of freight of any kind

Second class traction engines or tractors used for freighting which shall include all hauling upon the public highway excepting such as is specified in the preceding paragraph

REGISTRATION

Section 4 Application for registration of traction engines or tractors shall be made to the State Highway Department The application shall contain the full name and residence of the owner or owners with a brief description of the traction engine or tractor the name the manufacturer's number the character of the motive power and the gross maximum weight The accepted weight for registration of traction engines or tractors shall be the weight given and specified by the manufacturers The said application shall be made upon a blank provided for the purpose by the State Highway Department It shall be signed by the owner or owners in case of joint ownership and be certified by oath or affirmation Upon receipt of the application and the proper fee the State Highway Department shall register the said traction engine or tractor in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall issue to the owner or owners a registration certificate which shall entitle the holder or holders to operate any traction engine or tractor showing the name and address of the owner or owners the name type horse-power and the manufacturer's number of the traction engine or tractor and the registration number thereof also one number tag having thereon the registration number the abbreviated name of the State and the year

The application for trailers shall be made upon a separate blank provided for the purpose by the State Highway Department Application for one or more trailers can be made on the same application blank The application for one or more trailers shall designate the size capacity and weight of each trailer Such application for registration of trailers shall be signed by the owner or owners in case of joint ownership and be certified by oath or affirmation Upon receipt of the application for the registration of trailers and the proper fee the State Highway Department shall register said trailer or trailers in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall issue to the owner or owners a registration certificate which shall entitle the holder or holders to operate such trailer or trailers also one number tag for each trailer having thereon the registration number and the abbreviated name of the State and the year

Applicants for registration and license who reside outside of this State shall in addition to the above requirements designate in their application the State Highway Commissioner as their authorized agent upon whom process may be served

Secton 5 Traction engines tractors and trailers owned or used by manufacturers or dealers shall be exempt from the necessity of individual registration Provided Said manufacturer or dealer registers with the State Highway Department in the "Dealers' Class" Applications for such registration shall be made upon a blank provided for the purpose by the State Highway Department which shall set forth the full name and business address of the applicant and shall be verified by oath or affirmation Upon receipt of the application accompanied by the proper fee for each certificate and number tag desired the State Highway Department shall issue to the applicant as many certificates of registration and number tags as may be desired such tags having thereon the number of registration the year and the words "Pennsylvania Dealer" or an abbreviation thereof the first number of such number shall be an X It shall be unlawful under any circumstances to operate a traction engine tractor or trailer under a dealer's registration unless the tag is displayed on the traction engine tractor or trailer provided that no more than five (5) certificates and five (5) tags shall be applied for on any single application and where a greater number of certificates are desired the necessary additional applications shall be made

TRANSFER OF REGISTRATION

Section 6 Upon the transfer of ownership or destruction of any traction engine tractor or trailer its registration shall expire The original owner may however by proper affidavit accompanying his application register another traction engine or trailer upon payment of a fee of one dollar ($1) provided such traction engine or tractor shall be eligible to registration in the same class or such trailer be of equal or less weight and capacity as that originally registered or upon payment of a fee of one dollar ($1) and the difference between the fee paid originally and that due if the traction engine tractor or trailer be properly registerable in a higher class and such owner shall be assigned the number previously issued to him unless destroyed

REGISTRATION FEES

Section 7 The fee for the registration of a traction engine or tractor of the first class shall be five dollars ($5) and for a traction engine or tractor of the second class shall be ten dollars ($10)

The fee for registration of trailers shall be three dollars ($3) for each trailer of less than ten thousand (10,000) pounds gross maximum weight of trailer and load combined and five dollars ($5) for each trailer of ten thousand (10,000) pounds and more

No trailer shall be licensed whose gross weight of vehicle and load combined shall exceed twenty-four thousand (24,000) pounds

The fees for registration when issued on or after July first shall be one-half those required above All registrations shall expire December thirty-first of the year for which issued

The fee shall be ten dollars ($10) for a certificate and number tag issued for registration in the dealers' class and for each additional certificate and number tag issued on the same application to the same dealer the fee shall be two dollars ($2)

No license to operate shall be required nor shall any fee be charged for the registration of traction engines tractors or trailers owned and used by the United States the State of Pennsylvania or any city county incorporated town borough or township but all such traction engines or tractors and trailers shall be registered and shall display a number tag as provided for in case of privately owned traction engines tractors or trailers

Section 8 No traction engine tractor or trailer shall be operated upon the public highways unless a number tag is displayed conspicuously in front on the traction engine or tractor and in the rear on the trailer in such a manner that they may be easily read They shall be kept reasonably clean and shall not be defaced in any manner No tag shall be required on machinery and appliances which when at rest are operated by the power of the engine or tractor drawing them nor upon water or fuel wagons

Section 9 Between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise each traction engine or tractor operated on the road shall display a light in front and in the rear and if such traction engine or tractor shall have attached thereto a trailer or trailers of any kind there shall be one light displayed in front of the traction engine or tractor and one light displayed in the rear of the last trailer

REGULATIONS

Section 10 Clause (a) Traction engines of tractors of the first class which are in use at the time of the passage and approval of this act shall be allowed to continue in operation as they are including cleats on the drivers and guide bands on the front wheels provided however that no bolt heads nuts or rivet heads shall be allowed to project and the use of ice picks or spuds of any kind extending beyond the cleats shall be prohibited on macadamized or paved highways

Clause (b) Traction engines or tractors of the first class put into service after the passage and approval of this act shall not exceed twenty-eight thousand (28,000) pounds in weight including fuel and water and shall not be of a greater width than one hundred ten (110) inches over all The guiding wheels shall be equipped with guide bands not less than two (2) inches in width nor more than one and one-half (1 1-2) inches high The drivers shall be equipped with regular cleats as furnished by the manufacturer No bolt heads nuts or rivets shall project and the use of ice picks or spuds extending beyond the cleats is prohibited on macadamized or paved highways

Clause (c) Traction engines or tractors of the second class including those now in service and those put into service after the passage and approval of this act shall not exceed a weight of thirty-two thousand (32,000) pounds including fuel and water and shall not have a width of more than one hundred ten (110) inches over all The guiding wheels shall be equipped with a guide band of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches wide and not over one and one-half (1 1-2) inches high

Clause (d) The drivers of all traction engines or tractors of the second class may be smooth faced or with flat cleats not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches wide and not over one and one-half (1 1-2) inches high When placed diagonally across the entire face of the driver or when placed in two (2) sections similar to the letter "V" the cleats shall not be spaced over nine (9) inches apart from the center to center measured at right angles to the cleats When the cleats are placed on the drivers in two (2) sections known as the Staggard type of cleat they shall not be spaced over fifteen (15) inches apart from center to center measured at right angles to the cleats No bolt heads nuts or rivet heads shall be allowed to project either on the guide wheels or on the drivers and ice picks or spuds projecting beyond the cleats shall be prohibited except on roads which are not macadamized or paved

Clause (e) The regulations prescribed by this act or made by the State Highway Commissioner in pursuance to its provisions shall not permit the owner or operator of any traction engine or tractor to haul unusual or unreasonable weights or to use the public highways in an unusual or unreasonable manner and shall not exempt the owners or operators of such engines or tractors from indictment for nuisance or prevent the granting of injunctions against unusual or unreasonable use of the public highways of the Commonwealth Nor shall these regulations relieve the owner or operator of any traction engine or tractor from liability from damage to the public highways by reason of the careless negligent reckless or wanton operation of such traction engine or tractor

Clause (f) All trailers as specified in definition under section two shall be equipped with smooth wheels only The width of tire on the wheels of trailers shall be sufficient so that including the load on the trailer the weight shall not exceed seven hundred fifty (750) pounds upon any inch in width of the tire of each wheel The gross maximum weight of trailer and load shall in no case exceed twenty-four thousand (24,000) pounds

Clause (g) Any person intending to use a traction engine of the second class for hauling shall apply to the State Highway Commissioner for permission so to do upon a blank in such form as the Highway Department shall prescribe Such application shall set forth the location of the roads over which it is proposed to haul the counties townships and municipalities in which such roads are located the weight of the hauling engine or tractor to be used and its license number the number of trailers to be used the maximum capacity of such trailers and the weight of each when empty the kind of materials to be hauled the date at which the said hauling will be completed

The Highway Commissioner upon receipt of such application shall immediately inform himself as to the condition of the highways mentioned in the said application by referring the same to the local authorities or otherwise and if satisfied that the proposed use of such roads is not unusual or unreasonable shall approve such application and grant such permit He may in his discretion impose such reasonable restrictions as may be necessary to prevent extraordinary damage to the roads by reason of hauling when the roads are soft because of weather conditions

Clause (h) The Highway Commissioner may in his discretion permit townships counties and municipalities contractors employed by the Commonwealth in building roads or by any sub-division of the Commonwealth to use traction engines of the first class for the purpose of hauling road-making materials No such permission shall be granted where hauling will be done upon other than State Highways without the consent of the local authorities charged with the maintenance of such other highways

Clause (i) The State Highway Commissioner upon application in writing approved by the local authorities charged with the maintenance of the highways described in the application may at his discretion grant special permission for the moving of extra-heavy engines trailers loads objects or structures over the public highways under such regulations as he may prescribe

DRIVERS LICENSE.

Section 11 Every person desiring to operate a traction engine or tractor as a paid operator or who is an employe of the owner or custodian thereof shall first obtain an operators license Application for license shall be made upon a blank furnished by the State Highway Department and shall contain the full name of the applicant with his place of residence and shall state that the said applicant is qualified to operate a traction engine It shall be signed by the applicant and verified by oath or affirmation

Upon receipt of an application fee of one dollar ($1) the State Highway Department shall issue to the applicant an operator's license and badge The license shall contain the licensee's name and residence and the date and number of the license It shall be carried by the licensee at all times when operating a traction engine or tractor Upon the badge shall be the words "Pennsylvania Licensed Operator" the year and the number of the license which it accompanies All such badges shall be worn conspicuously on the front of the outer garment of the licensee at all times when said licensee is operating a traction engine or tractor All such licenses shall expire December thirty-first of the year issued Every person other than a paid operator owner custodian of employe desiring to operate a traction engine or tractor shall make application to the State Highway Department upon a blank furnished by the department for a licensed card which shall be furnished free of charge to the applicant and which shall expire upon the thirty-first day of December of the year in which it was issued

Section 12 The moneys derived from registrations and from license fees under the provisions of this act shall be paid by the State Highway Department into the State Treasury for the purpose of building and maintaining the roads of the Commonwealth and to be used as appropriated by the legislature from time to time

REVOCATION OF REGISTRATION OF LICENSE

Section 13 The Highway Commissioner may at his discretion revoke or suspend upon hearing after due notice in writing mailed to his address as stated in his application of the proposed revocation and the grounds therefor for any period up to one year the registration of any traction engine or tractor or license of any driver upon reasonable grounds for improper conduct in operating a traction engine or tractor No person to whom the registration of a traction engine or tractor has been refused or revoked shall drive or operate a traction engine or tractor upon the public highways of this State No person shall knowingly permit any traction engine or tractor which he may own to be driven by any other person whose license has been revoked or by any person to whom registration for a traction engine or tractor has been refused or whose registration of a traction engine or tractor has been revoked

Section 14 When signaled to do so by the driver of any horse or other animal or draft or burden the operator of a traction engine or tractor shall stop and if circumstances require it shall stop his engine until the danger has been avoided When overtaken by any other vehicle legally traveling at a greater speed the operator or driver of any traction engine or tractor when signaled to do so shall turn reasonably to the right or left of the center of the highway allowing the other vehicle free passage to the right or left

LOCAL REGISTRATION AND TAX

Section 15 No city county borough incorporated town or township shall adopt enforce or maintain any ordinance rule or regulation contrary to or inconsistent with the terms of this act or require of any person any license tax upon or registration fee for any traction engine tractor or trailer or any permit or license to operate Operators of traction engines or tractors shall have the same rights upon the public streets and highways as the drivers of any other vehicles and no public road open to horse-drawn vehicles shall be closed to traction engines or tractors

INTOXICATION

Section 16 Any person operating a traction engine when intoxicated shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or imprisonment for not more than three months or both at the discretion of the court

UNAUTHORIZED USE OF TRACTION ENGINES OR TRACTORS

Section 17 Any person operating a traction engine or tractor under any other number than that of its registration or any person operating any traction engine or tractor without the consent of the owner thereof or any person operating a traction engine or tractor the registration of which has been revoked or, suspended shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00) or imprisonment not exceeding three months or both at the discretion of the court

PENALTIES

Section 18 Any person except as provided in sections sixteen and seventeen violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace as like fines and penalties are now by law collected or in case of non-payment of such fine to undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding ten (10) days provided that any person so accused may waive such summary trial or hearing and secure the right of trial by jury before the court of quarter sessions of the peace for the county in which the offense is alleged to have been committed by entering security with the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace for his appearance at court Proceedings under this act may also be commenced by the issuance of a warrant in the name of the Commonwealth which warrant may be served by a constable policeman or other officer having authority to serve warrants in any part of the Commonwealth a copy of the affidavit or information being served with such warrant Any officer serving such warrant 'shall take the defendant before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of the county in which the defendant is found who shall take bail for his appearance before the magistrate or justice of the peace who issued the warrant or for a trial by jury in accordance with the provisions of this act

DISPOSITION OF FINES

Section 19 All fines and penalties collected under the provisions of this act for violations of the same shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the offense is committed

SERVICE OF PROCESS IN CIVIL ACTIONS

Section 20 All civil actions for damages arising from the use and operation of any traction engine tractor or trailer as aforesaid may be brought in the county in which the alleged damages were sustained and service of process may be made either by the sheriff of the county where the suit is brought serving the same personally if the defendant is without said county or by such sheriff deputizing the sheriff of the county wherein the defendant in the suit or his registered agent resides or where services may be had upon him under the existing laws of this Commonwealth in like manner as processes may be served in the proper county

REPEALING CLAUSE

Section 21 The act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws page six hundred seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceeding for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder" so far as the same relates to traction engines tractors and trailers is hereby repealed

On the question,
Will he House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, this bill is known as the "Traction Engine" bill. Like all other business that of the farmer has, during recent years, made vast strides in the use of improved methods with the result that his crops have increased and prosperity has expanded. One of the most useful allies of the up-to-date farmer is the traction engine. It has become a necessity in his business and because of this the number of traction engines has increased in the State of Pennsylvania by leaps and bounds.

The Act of 1913, known as the Motor Vehicle Act, included traction engines within its provisions. That act imposed upon those useful friends of the farmer an excessive tax and prohibitive restrictions, which restrictions had they been in force by the Highway Department would have prevented the operation of a vast number of traction engines and seriously impaired the work of the farmer. The Highway Commissioner was compelled to modify the rigor of this unfortunate law by executive proclamation. There is no statute more imperatively needed at the present time than the proposed one now before you. In a measure of this character there are two essential considerations that must be observed. First, the rights of the traction engine user, and second, the rights of the people who pay for the upkeep of the roads. There can be no question that the nonusers of traction engines are entitled to protection against the negligent and wanton use of heavy vehicles, which if thoughtlessly and recklessly driven, may do great damage to the roads and bridges.

The very efficient sub-committee, to which this bill was entrusted and over which the distinguished gentleman from Wyoming, Mr. Herman, presided, has handled this delicate question admirably, by the insertion of judicious amendments into this bill the sub-committee has done full justice to the traction engine user and at the same time has amply and well provided for the protection of the highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The present act has been approved by the Pensylvania Threshermen's and Farmers' Protective Association, and by the manufacturers of machinery doing business in the State of Pennsylvania. The former organization comprises a membership of about fifteen hundred members, consisting of threshermen from all parts of the State. In addition it has the support of thousands of farmers in many of these sections, in which the various threshermen operate. This act has been drawn up by a committee of three, two of them appointed by the Pensylvania Threshermen's organization and one from the manufacturers.

Mr. Speaker, we ask in the name of the Threshermen that this act be passed particularly in order that traction engines may be properly classified, which is not the case in the present law. The two classes are vastly different. The first class comprises freighting engines, used for heavy hauling and the second class the agricultural engine, which is very little on the road. I hardly feel that it is necesary for me to point out the changes made by the present bill over the existing law regarding traction engines, but I will read you one short paragraph which, in substance, will explain the essential difference.

The fees for registration in the present act are ten dollars for engines up to twenty thousand pounds, and twenty dollars for engines over twenty thousand pounds. The new act specifies a fee of five dollars for engines of the first class,—that is farmers' engines—and ten dollars for freighting engines, or engines of the second clas. In the dealers' class, the fee is now ten dollars for each registration. The new act provides ten dollars for the first registration and two dollars for each additional registration to the same dealer. The present act says that traction engines must not weigh over 26,000 pounds, nor be over one hundred inches in width, which is an impossible restriction. The new act or the present bill allows engines of the first class to weigh 28,000 pounds, and to be one hundred and ten inches wide. The second class can be one hundred and ten inches wide and weigh up to 32,000 pounds, and there are a number of other changes which I shall not bore the House with to explain at this time.

Mr. Speaker, of all the professions, there is none more worthy and none that should receive our most thorough and our best consideration as that pertaining to the farmer. The farmer is the fountain head, or one of the principal fountain heads of all wealth in the State of Pennsylvania, as well as in other States, and when he comes to this Legislature and asks for remedial legislation, when he asks for legislation which is going to help him in his business, that is going to help him cultivate his fields and garner his crops, his requests should be listened to with the greatest respect, and we should if we are able, try to give him what he asks when what he asks is reasonable.

We have in the past favored movements of "Back to the Farm." When we harass the farmer by injudicious legislation, when we prohibit the farmer from the free use of that machinery that makes for better cultivation of his land, we hamper the farmer and we impede the progress of the agricultural interests and our cry of "Back to the Farm" is but empty words. Let us therefore consider to-day that this act is merely an act that is going to help the farmer, who constitutes one of the most important classes in the State of Pennsylvania, in the facilitation of his business, and in so doing it cannot help but facilitate the business of every man in the Commonwealth.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, in view of the fact that I was chairman of the committee before which this bill came, and that I had a good deal to do with the farmers, it is only fair that I state that the bill as it is at the present time is a great improvement over the one we enacted into law in 1913. Now, the farmers ask us to give them a classification of traction engines and we have done so,—at least the committee did—to the extent of thirteen tons. The bill was amended on the floor of the House to be fourteen tons. Now gentlemen, you want to remember that these engines, with these weights that are given here, is the gross weight, the weight of the engine when loaded with fuel and water. Under the old act,—the act that is the law at the present time, the weights that were given were the net weights, and as soon as a farmer bought a machine that was billed at the weight specified and loaded it with coal and water, they exceeded that weight, and in that way they were unable to run those engines over the road under the present law. There is no doubt, Mr. Speaker there should be some limitation to the weight of an engine on our roads, and when we came to consider that fact we communicated with all the State Highway Commissioners in the United States and as a result of those communications we received thirty-five replies from as many State Highway Commissioners and they also bore us out, with no exception, in the fact that there should be some limit to the weight. Consequently, gentlemen, we put the limit of weight at sixteen tons, or thirty-two thousand pounds, which we thought was reasonable. Gentlemen, I would not have bothered you this morning with my talk whatever had it not been that last week a bill that I introduced in this House for the farmers in the southern part of this State, which did not affect the farmers of my county, was vetoed by the Governor, a bill which removed the local tax on traction engines. It was thought when this bill was introduced in the House, to ask that the license tax be reduced, providing that measure was sanctioned by the Governor but the Governor, in his wisdom, vetoed the measure and as a consequence the traction engine people to-day are assessed a local tax, a State tax and a license on traction engines.

Gentlemen, that seems to me to be unfair and I hope that the House will pass this bill, that they will send it over to the Senate and that the Senate will see fit to remedy the wrong that I think exists in the matter of taxation in this bill.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. Speaker, I wish to say a word on this bill, as regards the farmers agricultural engine. I am a farmer myself and I operated a traction engine for fifteen years myself and know something about the hardship of a thresher. The Automobile Law of 1913 placed the farmer's traction engine, or agricultural engine, in the automobile class, placing restrictions upon them that utterly tied them up. We want this law placed to place them in a class of their own. The farmers have large interests. The agricultural engine is a community engine, owned by three or four farmers sometimes. It only moves on the public highways when compelled to, going from one farm to the other, commencing in the season at from the first to the tenth of July. They are used for threshing grain and later on they are used for building silos and threshing clover seed. They are principally used in the season when the roads are good and solid, but with the law of 1913, with the restrictions upon them they were almost compelled to abandon the business. The farmers have large interests and the agricultural interests of Pennsylvania are immense, therefore, I feel we should sustain the farmer and give him a square deal with regard to the agricultural engines.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—164.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Salter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—6.

Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beyer,
Fackler,
Kunkle,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1369, entitled:

An Act requiring a written demand for a jury trial in actions at law in the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth by either party thereto regulating the procedure of trials at law by a judge without a jury authorizing the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth and the Supreme Court to adopt rules for regulating the procedure under this act and regulating appeals from judgments

On the question
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I raise a constitutional question on this bill. I will state that it violates a clause in the Constitution which says "trials by jury shall as heretofore remain inviolate." All trials by jury, heretofore, under the construction of the Constitution of 1874, is granted. In this instance in this bill this puts a certain limitation upon that right and I raise that constitutional question.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, this act was prepared for me by certain lawyers in Philadelphia who wanted to have applied to our Common Pleas Court the same rule on this subject that is now applied to our Municipal Court. I may say as to the constitutionality of this particular act, there can be no question, because it is substantially the same act, the same rule, that is now in force in our Municipal Court in Philadelphia which has been construed and declared constitutional by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. This act is an act of some importance; it is a lawyer's act but it is a good act which is of importance in practice. The purpose of the act is to render less expensive trials of cases and to enable them to be diposed of more quickly. As most men know the expense in connection with trials by jury is the expense of keeping a jury in court and we believe that a great majority of the cases that are to-day being tried by juries might just as well be tried without the jury. We believe if this rule is adopted a great many of the litigants will agree to have their cases tried by the judge without the service of a jury, and that the county will be saved the expense of paying for a jury panel. We believe that the jury can be dispensed with in a great many cases and a great many more cases be disposed of in much less time. The proposed act does not limit the right of trial by jury. If either party to a suit wants his case tried by a jury all he has to do is to write on the pleadings of the case the three words "jury trial demanded" and that ends it, and the case will be tried by a jury. The act does not provide that one man can force upon another a trial by the court without a jury. If either man in the suit wants his case tried by a jury he gets it by writing on his pleadings "jury trial demanded." I hope the members of this House will vote for this bill because it is a good bill. It will save the counties a whole lot of money by getting rid of the expense of a jury and we will get rid of our cases much more quickly.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Palmer, insist upon his point of order?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

The SPEAKER. The question is upon the point of order raised by Mr. Palmer, of Schuylkill, that the act is unconstitutional. The Chair will submit the question to the House. Those in favor of sustaining the point of order say "aye" and those opposed "no."

The point of order was not sustained.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—126.

Adams,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Perry,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—41.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Becker,
Benninger,
Blackburn,
Corbin,
Eby,
Flynn,
Fruit,
Gingery,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Leighner.
Lindsey,
Maurer,
McConnell,
Mellott,
Palmer,
Peters,
Schaeffer,
Shaffer.
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Trach,
Brosius,
Bungard,
Christman,
Horton,
Jack,
Klinger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Twibill,
West.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1262, entitled:

> An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, will the sponsor of this bill kindly explain it to show how the working of the old law will be changed?

Mr. GIBSON. This bill simply provides the same procedure for laying out a road between two counties as is now provided for laying out a road along a county line.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry.
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer.
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Young.
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1040, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations and the solicitors officers directors and stockholders thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title by striking out the words "solicitors" and "stockholders"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, is discussion of the bill in order?

The SPEAKER. It is.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the purpose of this bill is to protect the stockholders of all building and loan associations from a practice which has grown up all over the State of Pennsylvania—a practice which I think every man here will agree with me is wrong in; principle and wrong in practice The average building association in the State of Pennsylvania is a one or two-man affair. As a rule, the Board of Directors in passing upon loans act upon the advice of one or two men. Those one or two men are usually real estate men. They are men who have some peculiar knowledge of real estate values, and because of that knowledge and because of that experience which they have gained in a business way, their advice is usually taken by the board of directors in passing upon applications for loans. Now, gentlemen, there has arisen a practice in the State of Pennsylvania by which those men on the board of directors have been accepting a commission for the placing of loans in their own associations. In other words, the men of influence on the board of directors receiving an application from a friend or a client, he is willing to make that application to his building association and will use his influence to have it accepted and passed by the board and will receive from the applicant a commission for these services. Now, gentlemen, I feel, and I think you will all agree with me that this is a wrong thing to do. It encourages the board of directors in passing loans which are not of a safe nature. You men can readily see that if a board of directors have under consideration two loans, one of which is of an absolutely safe nature, and one of which is of a shaky nature, the man who is asking for the shaky loan will be willing to pay a commission, and if he is allowed to pay that commission, the men who vote on the loan, it is an encouragement to them to prefer the loan which is not well secured to the loan which is well secured. It seems absurd, gentlemen, for me to speak on this matter at length, and I merely want to call to your attention another analogy. Suppose, for a moment, that a trust company were to allow its investigating committee, the committee that investigates loans,—suppose that company were to allow that committee to receive fees from the applicant. There could only be one result from it, and that would be that the stockholders of the trust company would suffer. Now, gentlemen, we ought to apply to building associations the same business rules that we would apply to any other kind of a corporation.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is informed that the gentleman's amendment merely strikes out two words in the title.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is informed that it does not make sense as it now reads. Another word will have to be inserted.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent under those circumstances to withdraw the amendment and make the statement now to the House that I will have these amendments which I have tried to make at this time, made in the Senate.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the withdrawal of the amendments as offered by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Graham? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendments will be withdrawn.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oak
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Bungard,
Diefenderfer,
Palmer.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1172 (Senate Bill No. 489), entitled:

An Act to authorize the City of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I want to say a few words in behalf of this bill. I am interested in its passage because I know pretty well the conditions which prevail in that city. This bill was introduced by Senator Sones, of Williamsport, and it merely asks for the passage of an act which enables that city to maintain a good-sized water front. We well know how much that has beautified the City of Harrisburg and the City of Wilkes-Barre, and has also enabled the city to maintain healthful and sanitary conditions in the business section; and, gentlemen, I believe that if you men are in favor of a brighter and better municipality you will vote in favor of this bill.

On the question recurring.

the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,

Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1213, as follows:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations of appointments on such boards of visitation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties having a population exceeding three hundred thousand but not exceeding one million having a board of visitors it shall be the duty of the board to visit not less than twice each year each institution society and association in the State into whose care and custody dependent or neglected or delinquent children are committed from any such county under the provisions of the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,

Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,

Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,

Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 314, as follows:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That after the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred fifteen the compensation of the clerks and employes in the office of the county treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over shall be as follows

Paying teller Three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant paying teller Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant paying teller Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Third assistant paying teller One thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Receiving teller Three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant receiving teller Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant receiving teller Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Book-keeper Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

First assistant book-keeper two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Second assistant book-keeper One thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600) per annum

Third assistant book-keeper One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Executive clerk three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

Warrant clerk Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

First assistant warrant clerk One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Second assistant warrant clerk One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

State clerk three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant State clerk two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant State clerk one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Third assistant State clerk one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Fourth assistant State clerk one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Fifth assistant State clerk one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

All other clerks not herein mentioned or provided for one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) each per annum

Messengers One thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Stenographer One thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Telephone operator One thousand dollars ($1,000) per annum

Watchman One thousand one hundred dollars ($1,100) per annum each

Janitors Nine hundred dollars ($900) per annum each

Such compensation as herein provided for shall be paid monthly or otherwise as provided by law

Section 2 All laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey.
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads.
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 638, as follows:

An act to amend an act entitled "An act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred seventy-six

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred seventy-six entitled "An act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" which provides as follows:

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases of summary convictions in this Commonwealth before a magistrate or court not of record either party may within five days after such conviction appeal to the court of quarter sessions of the county in which such magistrate shall reside or court not of record shall be held upon allowance of the said court of quarter sessions or any judge thereof upon cause shown and either party may also appeal from the judgment of a magistrate or a court not of record in suit for a penalty to the court of common pleas of the county in which said judgment shall be rendered upon allowance of said court provided That all appeals from summary conviction and judgment for penalties shall be upon such terms as to payment of costs and entering bail as the court or judge allowing the appeal shall direct" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases of summary conviction in this Commonwealth before a magistrate or a court not of record either party may within five days after such conviction appeal to the court of quarter sessions or other court having jurisdiction thereof of the county in which such magistrate shall hold office or in which the court not of record shall be held upon the allowance of said appeal by the said court of quarter sessions or other court having jurisdiction thereof or any judge thereof upon cause shown and either party may also appeal from the judgment of a magistrate or of a court not of record in a suit for a penalty to the court of common pleas of the county in which said judgment shall be rendered upon allowance of said court within said five days no commitment of the defendant nor execution against his property shall issue in such cases if the defendant shall deposit with the magistrate the amount of fine or judgment and the costs same to be repaid to the said defendant upon allowance of the appeal All appeals from summary conviction and judgments for penalties shall be upon such terms as to payment of costs and entering bail as the court or judge allowing the appeal shall direct

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,

Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No 1193, as follows:

An Act defining conditional sales and regulating the recording and effect thereof and providing penalties

DEFINITION

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "conditional sale" when used in this act means any contract whereby goods or chattels attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real are sold or delivered upon condition that the said goods or chattels shall belong to the person to whom they are sold or delivered when the amount paid is a certain sum or the value of the property or any part thereof or on the occurrence of a future event or contingency The term "conditional vendor" when so used means the person who so sells or delivers such goods or chattels to another The term "conditional vendee" when so used means the person to whom such goods or chattels are so sold or delivered

CONTRACT FOR CONDITIONAL SALE.

Section 2 When personal property attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real is sold or delivered to any person on condition that it shall belong to the person purchasing or receiving it when the amount paid is a certain sum or the value of the property or any part thereof or upon the occurrance of a future event or contingency the title to it to remain in the conditional vendor until such sum or value has been paid or until the occurrence of such future event or contingency such condition in regard to the title so remaining until payment or until the occurrence of such future event or contingency shall be void as to all subsequent purchasers of such real property or chattels real for a valuable consideration mortgagees and judgment creditors without notice unless the contract with its conditions is evidenced by writing signed by the parties thereto or their respective agents and recorded as hereinafter provided

This act is not to apply to any contract concerning railroad equipment and rolling stock

NOT TO BECOME FIXTURES

Section 3 Every such contract for the conditional sale of any goods or chattels attached or to be attached to any real property or chattels real shall be void as against subsequent bona fide purchasers or encumbrances of such real property or chattel real without notice and as to them the sale shall be deemed absolute unless such contract shall have been recorded and indexed as herein provided before such goods or chattels are so attached or before the date of such purchase or encumbrance of such real estate or chattel real

Except as above provided said goods or chattels shall not by reason of their being attached to any real property or chattels real become an accession thereto but shall be treated as severable and subject to removal as against the conditional vendee his heirs executors administrators successors and assigns and also as against all other persons having any interest in or liens against such real property or chattels real upon the tender of a sufficient bond to all such persons holding prior interests in or liens against the same conditioned for repairing all damage caused by such severance and removal

CONTENTS OF CONTRACT

Section 4 Every such contract shall set forth clearly

A The date of the contract

B The names of the conditional vendor and the conditional vendee

C A description of the chattels by name or otherwise sufficient to identify them

D A statement of the conditions upon which the conditional sale is based

E The amount of the purchase price that is the certain sum or value to be paid before title is to pass and when payable or due

F A description sufficient for identification and location of such real property or chattels real

The contract shall be signed by the conditional vendor and the conditional vendee or their respective agents and shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the conditional vendor his agent or attorney to the effect that it is an existing bona fide contract and showing the amount of the purchase price remaining unpaid and when payable or due as well as all other of the said conditions which remain unperformed

RECORDING PLACE—TIME

Section 5 Such contracts or all of the terms required by section four hereof shall be recorded and shall be notice from the date of such recording in the miscellaneous docket and indexed in the judgment index the name of the conditional vendee in the column of defendants and the name of the conditional vendor in the column of plaintiffs in the prothonotary's office of the county wherein such real property or chattels real is situate

EFFECT OF RECORDING

Section 6 Every such contract hereafter recorded pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be valid against the creditors of the conditional vendee and against his subsequent purchasers mortgagees or judgment creditors from the time of the recording thereof until the same be cancelled of record in the manner now provided by law for cancelling judgments

PENALTY FOR NOT DISCHARGING

Section 7 If a conditional vendor assignee or the executor or administrator of either after the title to such goods or chattels shall have passed to the conditional vendee either before or after breach of the conditions does not within ten days after being thereto requested and after tender of reasonable charges discharge such lien as provided herein he shall forfeit to the person entitled to redeem the sum of ten dollars and damages occasioned thereby to be recovered as debts of like amount are by law recoverable

VENDOR'S RIGHTS.

Section 8 Upon the breach of the said conditions or any of them by the conditional vendee the conditional vendor may after five days' written notice to the conditional vendee his agent or attorney of his intention so to do (unless the provisions of said contract are before complied with) repossess himself of the property so conditionally sold or delivered but the same is not to be taken out of the county in which it then is within fifty days after such taking

Said notice shall name the amount due and owing on said contract and shall be served personally upon the conditional vendee or his successor in interest if he is within the county where the sale is to be held and if not within such county or he cannot be found therein such notice must be mailed to him at his last known place of residence

Should the conditional vendee demand it by written notice properly served on the conditional vendor his agent or attorney within ten days after such taking it shall be the duty of the conditional vendor his agent or attorney after thirty days and not more than forty days after such taking to cause such property to be exposed at public sale at a convenient place in the county where located after giving notice by publication once a week for three successive weeks in one newspaper published in the county and by at least ten printed or written hand bills posted in public and conspicuous places in the vicinity where the sale is to take place

At such sale the conditional vendor may become the purchaser if he is the highest and best bidder

The proceeds of the sale shall be distributed first to the costs and expenses incident to the sale secondly to the debt secured and lastly the surplus if any shall be paid over to the conditional vendee his executors administrators or assigns any time before sale had the conditional vendee or his successors in interest shall have the right to redeem said property by complying with the terms of such contract and paying the legal costs then accrued as herein provided

On the question,

Will the House agre to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend House Bill No. 1193, File Folio 6669, by adding after the word "stock" in line 19, section 2, "or to any persons, firms of corporations engaged in the business of selling house furnishings."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1156 entitled:

An Act granting to parties litigant in cases involving the reasonableness of the rates or regulations of the adequacy of the services or facilities furnished or offered by public service corporations in this State the right to examine the accounts books papers records vouchers letters contracts memoranda and documents and to enter upon and examine the properties of said public service corporation or corporations

Said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1069, entitled:

An Act requiring railroads to remove grade crossings and providing penalties

Said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. RINN. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen, I ask the indulgence of this House for a few moments to enable me to say a few words in behalf of this bill. The "Safety First" propaganda is being spread all over the country and a campaign of education is being waged in its behalf. It is a splendid idea. Any cause that aims to conserve human life should be encouraged, and the State Legislature should take the lead in this matter. Among those who are enlisting under the Safety First banner are the railroad corporations of this State. However, they are confining their efforts to giving instructions to the people. The railroad companies are to be commended for their idea so far as it goes, but it does not go far enough. They are willing that their patrons shall be educated in the matter of taking precautionary measures to prevent accidents but they should be willing to demonstrate their sincerity by eliminating the deadly grade crossings which have claimed their thousands and their tens of thousands of victims in the past and will claim more.

Until the railroad companies abolish these death traps, their cries of safety first are inconsistent. Mr. Speaker, the railroad companies should show a willingness to practice what they preach. This bill only asks the railroad companies to eliminate the grade crosings gradually throughout this Commonwealth. The railroad grade crossings, gentlemen, were deadly fifty years ago when trains were run at a speed of eighteen to twenty miles per hour and when only one conveyance or pedestrian crossed the track where fifty cross them now, and when trains are run from forty to seventy-five miles an hour, and I have been told they run even up to eighty-four miles an hour.

The result is that grade crossing accidents increase in number each year because we have not applied the safety first idea to these death traps. The grade crossing, gentlemen, is no resepcter of class. It devours rich and poor alike. To-day it may be a friendless wanderer; to-morrow it may be a man who can be illy spared in the community. Mr. Speaker, I have in mind at this time the case of a citizen, the father of a member of the staff of the Governor of Pennsylvania, and also one of the Justices of the Superior Court of this State. This grand old man, a man of spotless character a man whose every act in life was measured by the Golden Rule, and whose life was devoted to the uplift of humanity, a man who did things for his community and his State, fell a victim to a grade crossing, one of the most dangerous in this Commonwealth, which happens to be in the district which I represent.

At this same crossing a young man who was regarded as one of the best poultry judges of the United States, fell into this trap and was killed. But little more than a week ago a professional man and his wife, from Allentown, narrowly escapeed death at another crossing. Gentlemen, there is not a member of this House, if he reflects but a few moments, who cannot fail to recall accidents of a similar nature in his own community. The same story is told every day in various parts of this Commonwealth, and all because we have failed to do our duty.

In Europe there are no grade crossings. Other States have been most progressive in this respect while we have stood still and watched the slaughter go on. There are no grade crosings from New York to Boston. It is expected that grade crossings will be abolished between Jersey City and Philadelphia by the next year. All grade crossings have been abolished between Pittsburgh and Wilkinsburg. Gentlemen, this is the way they handle grade crossings in New Jersey.

Fifteen Crossings Must Go.

Order Made to Erie Railroad on Complaint From Paterson.

Special Telegram to the Public Ledger.

Trenton, April 24.—Elimination of fifteen grade crossings in the City of Paterson by the Erie Railroad, to be completed within the next year, has been ordered by the Board of Public Utility Commissioners. The Board of Finance of Paterson made the application to the Board to have the crossings eliminated."

Mr. Speaker, where are we in Pensylvania? It is time for the State of Pensylvania to compel the railroads to remove these death traps, so as to avoid further slaughter of precious human lives. This bill is not drastic. It is not unjust to the railroads. It simply calls for something which must be done sooner or later, and the quicker it is done the better. Mr. Speaker, all over this State the people are waiting to see what the Legislature will do in regard to this bill. If the same is passed, you can rest assured that the people will give us credit for passing this law and further, I believe that we will receive the blessing of Almighty God.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Baker,
Beyer,
Davis,
Dunn,
Eby,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Glass,
Graham,
Hackett,
Herman,
Hollingsworth,
Kaiser,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Murphy,
Palmer,
Rinn,
Rudisill,
Smith, J. W.,
Stein,
Stern,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Weir,
West,
Wilson, W. H.,

NAYS—99.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Landis,
Leighner,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
Mellott,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rininger,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Swartz,
Trach,
Watson,
Weimer,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Wood,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 536,

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

House Bill No. 1053,

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

House Bill No. 1004,

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosive and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

House Bill No. 637,

An Act validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred ten without such corporations first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts bonds or obligations upon the payment of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 789,

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

House Bill No. 546,

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

House Bill No. 1168,

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-three) entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' "

House Bill No. 1129,

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

House Bill No. 1013,

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

with the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 418,

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof"

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were then read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 6, by striking out the words "or journeyman plumber."

Amend section 1, lines 10 and 11, by striking out the words "or journeyman plumber."

Mr. DRINKHOUSE. Mr. Speaker, the amendments are satisfactory to the sponsor of the bill.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder.
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich.
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz.
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 430,

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in Philadelphia

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The vote on final passage and third reading on said bill was reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title by striking out after the word "in" the words "cities of the first class" and insert the word "Philadelphia."

Amend section 1, line 5, by striking out "each city of the first class" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Philadelphia"

Amend section 1, line 7, by striking out the word "or" and inserting the word "and."

Amend section 1, line 9, by inserting the following: "Provided however that at any night session of said magistrate court the proceedings shall be limited to the discharge or holding over of the defendant in bail or otherwise for further hearing."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan.
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 549,

An Act to fix salary of court criers court interpreters and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 10.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 21, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 10, entitled "An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 661 (House Bill No. 1653).

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities of cities boroughs and townships are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consents of the local authorities of all of the cities boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines.

Which was referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 1180 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. STEIN offered the following concurrent resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

In the House of Representatives, April 27th, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 1180, File Folio 4949, entitled "An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground,"

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

SECOND REPORT OF THE COMMISSION TO EXAMINE THE LAWS RELATING TO THE RECORDING OF DEEDS, ETC.

Mr. GANS presented the second report of the Commission to examine the laws relating to the recording of deeds and mortgages, transfers of lands, insurance of tites, etc., with dissenting conclusions made to the Legislative Session 1915.

(For Report see Appendix.)

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 360, File Folio 6329, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Taylor Hospital Ridley Park Delaware county Pennsylvania.

on page 50 of to-days' calendar be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 508, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital, Philipsburg, Centre county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 558, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 645, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase, or the appropriation from the State forest reserves, of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary; making an appropriation therefor; authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary; and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary, and the buildings and materials thereon," approved the 30th day of March, A. D. 1911, making an additional appropriation for erection, construction and equipment.

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 904, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitition, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1423, entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits; requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics, as required to be established by the State Department of Health, and in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of births, marriages, deaths and diseases, of practitioners of medicine and surgery, of midwives, nurses and undertakers, and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births, deaths, marriages and diseases throughout the State, as provided in section ten of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties," approved the twenty-seventh day of April, nineteen hundred and five; and providing penalties for violation of this act.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 921, File Folio 3191, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the second and third class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus

which was dropped from the postponed calendar under the rule of the five-day limit be placed upon the calendar.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. CHRISTMAN presented the petition of citizens of Montgomery County, praying for an appropriation for a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TRACH presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 451, P. O. S. of A., of Weaversville, Penna., praying for an appropriation for a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. CHRISTMAN presented the petitions of Washington Camp. No. 641, P. O. S. of A., and Camps No. 196 and 168, Patriotic Order of Americans, all of Montgomery County, praying for an appropriation for a monument to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TWIBILL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 201, File Folio 6025, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases

on page 41 of to-day's calendar Bills on Third Reading be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. RICHARDS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

TIME EXTENDED ON POSTPONED BILL.

Mr. GOODNOUGH asked and obtained unanimous consent to have the time on House Bill No. 117, File Folio 5109, entitled:

An Act requiring the payment of not more than fifty dollars for the burial of the body of any honorably discharged soldier or marine who heretofore served or shall hereafter serve in the army the navy or the marine corps of the United States in any war or insurrection of any person who was in active service in the militia of Pennsylvania during the civil war under and in pursuance of any proclamation of the Governor not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from said service having a legal residence in this Commonwealth at the time of his death who shall hereafter die either within or without the State by the county in which said soldier sailor marine or militiaman had legal residence at the time of his death providing for the appointment of committees to execute the provisions of this act and fixing the powers and duties of said committees

extended five days.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the House will take a recess until 7:30 P. M. The Chair hears none.

Whereupon at 1:10 p. m. the House took a recess until 7:30 oclock this evening.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 7:30 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 373,

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

Senate Bill No. 463,

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hunded and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions theerof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract

Senate Bill No. 459,

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled " An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Senate Bill No. 549,

An Act to fix salary of court criers court interpreters and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

Senate Bill No. 404,

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties

Senate Bill No. 318,

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 462,

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Senate Bill No. 423,

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 847,

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 572,

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as any individual could do

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGES.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 711 (House Bill No. 1654).

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Which was referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 989 (Housee Bill No. 1655).

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton Pennsylvania the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 987 (House Bill No. 1656).

An Act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 965 (House Bill No. 1657)

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of Game Preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 961 (House Bill No. 1658)

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford, Adams county, Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 126 (House Bill No. 1659)

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 912 (House Bill No. 1660)

An Act providing for the construction maintenance and operation of main or trunk sanitary sewers and of sewerage disposal plants by the several counties of this Commonwealth making such main or trunk sewers and sewerage disposal plants county sewers and county disposal plants for the formation of sewer districts in the several counties of this Commonwealth the prepartaion of separate copies of the assessed value for county purposes of the taxable properties included in such sewer districts authorizing the taking of property for the construction of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and providing for the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in the constructing maintaining and operating of such main or trunk sewers and disposal plants and authorizing the levy of a tax upon said sewer districts to provide a fund for said purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 941 (House Bill No. 1661)

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to make the proviso to section thirteen of said act operative where two or more candidates for the office of judge of any court of record consisting of several judges are to be elected at one election

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 942 (House Bill No. 1662)

An Act relating to moneys deposited in the State Treasury by the State Highway Department under the provisions of act of July seventh nineteen hundred and thirteen as fees for the registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making appropriation of whole amount received and balance remaining in State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 700 (House Bill No. 1663)

An Act to amend the act entitled "An Act authorizing commissioners of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate farmlands and woodlands adjoining any public park within said cities for park purposes wherever in their opinion such lands shall be necessary for the improvement of said parks and providing that the total acreage of land so taken shall not exceed one thousand acres" approved April twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and three.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 822 (House Bill No. 1664)

An Act providing for the compilation and publication of a synopsis of the election laws and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. LANDIS offered the following motion which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Moved by Mr. Landis, seconded by Mr. Neville, that House Bill No. 293, File Folio 6299, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eagleville Montgomery county

on page forty-nine of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY HOUSE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has non-concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 468, entitled as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House adhere to its amendments.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. RUDISILL presented the petition of Betsy Ross Council No. 119, Daughters of Liberty, of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, praying for an appropriation for the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. RUDISILL presented the petition of Betsy Ross Council No. 119, Daughters of Liberty, of Gettysburg, praying for an appropriation for the erection of a monument to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. FORSTER from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 1279, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment of a Board of Recreation, for the creation, organization, care, management, conduct, and supervision of recreation facilities in cities of the second and third classes, boroughs and townships of the first class.

Mr. FORSTER from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 1280, entitled:

An Act defining physical education: Providing for the appointment of assistants in physical education; Defining the qualifications and duties of such assistants and providing for their compensation, and the reimbursement by the State to certain school districts.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 1282, entitled:

An Act amending section six hundred twenty-seven of the School Code, of one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and providing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith;" providing that the Board of School Directors of any district shall permit the use of school grounds and buildings for civic, social, recreation and other purposes under certain conditions.

Mr. FORSTER from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 1284, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a recreational and educational inquiry commission for the studying, investigating and reporting with recommendations upon the recreational and educational conditions and needs of the children in farming districts, country, mining and manufacturing towns; defining its duties; and making an appropriation therefor.

Mr. EHRHARDT from the Committee on Ways and Means reported as amended House Bill No. 1157, entitled:

An Act imposing a State tax on anthracite coal; providing for the assessment and collection of the said tax annually and dedicating the fund received from said tax and appropriating two-thirds of the same to the construction, maintenance, improvement and repair of State highways, and the remaining one-third to the several cities, boroughs and townships from which the said tax is derived, and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. MYERS from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1291, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth, and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships" approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Mr. BLACKBURN, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1315, entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation of county auditors.

Mr. LEIGHNER, from the Committe on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 755, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act establishing in each county a board of viewers; prescribing their duties; providing for their appointment as viewers, road juries, juries of view, and commissioners to view land; and providing for the charges upon the respective counties, in the matter of salaries, costs, and expenses thereof."

Mr. DODDS, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1373, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the Anthracite Coal Mines of this Commonwealth by limiting the hours of labor of all minors under the age of eighteen years of age and fixing a penalty for a violation of this act.

Mr. W. W. JONES, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1463, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the Deputies in the office of the Clerk of the Courts, County Controller, Recorder of Deeds, County Treasurer, Chief Deputy Sheriff, and Chief Clerk to the County Commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth having over two hundred and fifty thousand population, and less than three hundred and twenty-five thousand population.

Mr. HOWARTH, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1162, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 21st day of May, A. D. 1913, (P. L. 284) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-five, entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth,' as amended by an act approved the second day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-one, entitled 'An act to amend section nine of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several borouhs and townships of this Commonwealth,' by providing the time in which tax collectors shall pay over tax and make settlements,' by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum commissions which may be fixed by the authorities, for the collection of taxes in boroughs and in townships of the second class.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special. reported as amended, House Bill No. 604 entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the employment of stenographers by the district attorney of certain counties," approved the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1251 (Senate Bill No. 31), entitled:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the number duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants.

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1545 (Senate Bill No. 633), entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to hospitals.

Mr. KUHN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1595 (Senate Bill No. 726), entitled:

An Act for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1401 (Senate Bill No. 492), entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1451 (Senate Bill No. 644), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six).

Mr. WYLIE, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1610 (Senate Bill No. 634), entitled:

An Act giving to banks bankers and trust companies in case of insolvency of any depositor therein or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositor or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency assignment for the benefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank banker or trust company upon any promissory note bill of exchange letter of credit or other indebtedness in any form whether or not the same has then matured.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1653 (Senate Bill No. 661), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consents of the local authorities of all of the cities boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1438 (Senate Bill No. 461), entitled:

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report of the engineer's commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1437 (Senate Bill No. 458) entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1606 (Senate Bill No. 613), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act.

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations reported as committed, House Bill No. 1592 (Senate Bill No. 308), entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city colicitor.

Mr. HEFFERNAN, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 816 (Senate Bill No. 116), entitled:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institution of purely public charity.

Mr. FORSTER from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1546 (Senate Bill No. 653), entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally.

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General reoprted as committed, House Bill No. 496, (Senate Bill No. 28), entitled:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed House Bill No. 874 (Senate Bill No. 56), entitled:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles.

Mr. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1547 (Senate Bill No. 654), entitled:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally.

Mr. SCOTT, from the committee on Labor and Industry, reported as amended House Bill No. 1627 (Senate Bill No. 454), entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths.

Mr. LUPPERT, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, rereported as amended House Bill No. 1397 (Senate Bill No. 375), entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks of certain counties.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1387, entitled:

An Act to provide funds for the Department of City Planning in cities of the third class, conferring upon said Department the power of veto upon certain city ordinances, regulating the manner in which vacancies in said Department shall be filled, conferring powers upon the said Department in regard to mausoleums, cemeteries, burying grounds, plots and drafts of land, and building lines, and also imposing certain duties upon city council in its relationship to said Department.

Mr. LEE SMITH from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1161, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to secure to laborers within this Commonwealth, the benefit of the exemption laws of this Commonwealth, and to prevent assignment of claims for the purpose of securing their collection against laborers outside of this Commonwealth," approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, regulating the practice in trials on actions of debt instituted under the terms and provisions of the said act.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 831, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposeing an assignment to Article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. LEE SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1398 (Senate Bill No. 22), entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroners physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications duties and salary.

Mr. McNICHOL from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1654 (Senate Bill No. 711), entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other-like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. BAUERLE from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1652 (Senate Bill No. 978), entitled:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies.

Mr. H. I. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 1548, entitled:

An Act providing for a commission to determine what portions of the Constitution of this Commonwealth need revision, to gather literature, statistics, and other information, and to make a report embodying its recommendations and the result of its inquiries; defining the power and duties of such Commission; providing for its organization and the filling of vacancies in its membership; fixing its compensation and making an appropriation for its compensation and expenses.

Mr. OAKS, from the Committee on Counties and Townships reported as committed House Bill No. 1344, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act, approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof." by including instruments and devices for weighing at coal mines.

Mr. HORTON, from the Committee on Mines and Mining reported as amended House Bill No. 1506, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of mine inspectors in this Commonwealth and the expenses incident to the office.

Mr. McNICHOL from the Committee on Municipal Corporations reported as committed House Bill No. 1348, entitled:

An Act providing for the examination, licensure, and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof, and authorizing and requiring cities of the second and third class, and boroughs to provide for the appointment and payment of plumbing inspectors, and authorizing masters and employing journeymen plumbers who are licensed in one city or borough to receive a license to work in any other city or borough of the Commonwealth.

Mr. GLENN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1542 (Senate Bill No. 807), entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Game, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1533 (Senate Bill No. 460), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or parts of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1532 (Senate Bill No. 365), entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia County of Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Philadelphia county the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by and paid by him to the treasurer of the City and County of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof.

Mr. RONEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the holding of a Constitutional convention, providing for the submission of the question of holding such a convention to the electors regulating the time and manner of nominating and electing delegates fixing their number and compensation, providing for the organization and constitution of the convention defining its powers providing for the publication of the constitution proposed by the convention and for its submission to the electors and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of this act.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 351, entitled:

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 981 (Senate Bill No. 282), entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances.

Mr. HERMAN, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1245 (Senate Bill No. 428), entitled:

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day" and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people.

Mr. DELL, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1167, entitled:

An Act to amend section 550 of an act, approved May 18th, 1911 (P. L. 309) entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. REEL, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1165, entitled:

An Act to amend section 550 of an act, approved May 18th, 1911(P. L. 309) entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," by providing for the payment of the premium for the bond of a trust or bonding company, by the school district, in school districts of the second, third and fourth class.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. BAUERLE asked and obtained unanimous consent to have House Bill No. 1652 (Senate Bill No. 978), read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1652 (Senate No. 978), entitled:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, April 27, 1915.

Whereas, In compliance with a concurrent resolution approved May twelve, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, a commission of five persons was appointed by the Governor on December twentieth, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, to investigate and examine the various law in effect in the different states relating to the recording of deeds, mortgages, the transfer of lands, the insurance of titles, and the practical operation of such laws, and to propose such changes in the Constitution and laws of this Commonweaith as to insure the best system of recording; and,

Whereas, The said commission made a second report to the present Legislature, recommending an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and also recommending that the commission shall be continued, because, in order that the relief needed may be effected, questions of great importance will have to be carefully and exhaustively considered, but the membership of the commission was left to the discretion of the present Legislature; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the commission to investigate and examine the various laws in effect in the various states relating to the recording of deeds, mortgages, the transfer of lands, insurance of titles and the practical operation of such laws, and to propose such changes in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth as to insure the best system of recording, be authorized to continue its work, and make report and recommendations to the next General Assembly in one thousand nine hundred and seventeen; and that the expenses therefor be limited to five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, and that the same be provided for in the next general appropriation bill; and be it further

Resolved, That all the powers conferred upon said commission under resolution of May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven authorizing the appointment of said commission, are hereby continued.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

Ordered, To lie over for printing.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to House Bills numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 619.

An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any State of the United States for certain purposes to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended in which amendments the Senate has concurred.

Also,

House Bill No. 464.

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended in which amendments the Senate has concurred.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 582.

An Act authorizing boroughs to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title by striking out the word "municipalities" and inserting the word "boroughs"

Amend section one, line 7, by striking out the word "municipality" and inserting the word "borough"; also in line 8, strike out the word "municipality" and insert the word "borough"; also in line 10, strike out the word "municipality" and insert the word "borough"; also in line 12, strike out the word "municipality" and insert the word "borough"

Amend section two, line 1, by striking out the word "municipality" and inserting the word "borough"; line 2, after the word "Librarian" insert "and maintenance of such library"; line 4, strike out the word "municipality" and insert the word "borough"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. FRETZ. Mr. Speaker, I have examined the amendments and they are satisfactory.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis.
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans.
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones. E. E.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W..
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 1143.

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend section one, line 12, by striking out the word "eleven" and inserting the word "twelve"; also in line 13, by striking out the word "nine" and inserting the word "ten"; also in line 13, by inserting after the word "hundred" the words "and eighty"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I have examined the amendments and find the same to be satisfactory.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Baker.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL RE-REFERRED.

Mr. HOFFMAN returned to the House House Bill No. 1602, entitled:

"An Act to authorize the Judges of the courts of common pleas of the various counties of Pennsylvania to appoint a Receiver or Receivers for insolvent corporations upon the application of one or more creditors or stockholders of said insolvent corporation, defining such stock holders" which was inadvertently referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking

The SPEAKER. This bill is re-referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The title will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the title as follows:

House Bill No. 1667.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to James Joseph Grassi, of Altoona, Pennsylvania, certain moneys paid into the State Treasury.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the introduction of the bill at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the bill will be received, and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 1025 on page 3 of today's calendar which was postponed this morning for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1025, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 50, by striking out the word "filld" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "filed"

Amend section 3, line 11, by striking out the words "there upon" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "thereupon"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act requiring each telephone company to install registers and call records on certain telephones and providing penalties for failure so to do and providing for the enforcement of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. ARON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 26, as follows:

An Act to protect public life and safety by regulating and prohibiting the manufacture sale use offering giving away disposing lending leasing carrying and possession of certain weapons arms and firearms fixing duties of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions and county commissioners and providing penalties

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "police officer" as used in this act means any person employed by the United States or by this Commonwealth or by any municipality county or township in Pennsylvania to preserve peace or to make arrests or to enforce the law

Masculine words include the feminine

DANGEROUS WEAPONS

Section 2 It is unlawful to manufacture or sell or offer for sale or give away or exchange or trade or lend or lease or dispose of in any manner to any other person any of the following instruments or weapons usually known as blackjacks bludgeon slugshot billy handybilly sandbag sandclub metal knuckles or knuckler stiletto dirk knife or any Maxim silencer or other silencer

DEADLY EDGED WEAPONS

Section 3 It is unlawful for any person other than a police officer to have in his possession any instrument or weapon designated in section two of this act or any dagger dirk stiletto dangerous knife or any other similar dangerous or deadly weapon

RAZORS

Section 4 It is unlawful for any person with intent to use the same unlawfully to have in his possession any razor

MINORS UNDER SIXTEEN

Section 5 It is unlawful to sell or lend or lease or give or otherwise dispose of any firearm or any instrument for the propulsion of pellets or bullets or shot by means of air or springs or otherwise to any person under the age of sixteen years

SALE OF FIREARMS

Section 6 It is unlawful to sell or lend or lease or give or barter any pistol or revolver or other weapon of like character firearm that may be readily concealed on the person to any person other than to a person presenting a license duly issued under this act or to any person licensed or unlicensed who is in an intoxicated condition

CONCEALED FIREARMS

Section 7 It is unlawful for any person not licensed under this act to have in his possession outside his home or habitation any pistol or revolver or other deadly or dangerous weapon that may be readily concealed on the person This section does not apply to a police officer

SEIZURE OF WEAPONS

Section 8 The carrying of any instrument arm or weapon in violation of this act constitutes a nuisance Such instruments arms or weapons carried in violation of this act are nuisances and may be seized at any time by any police officer When seized they shall be surrendered to the district attorney of the county In first class cities and second class cities they shall be surrendered to head of the police department

DESTRUCTION OF WEAPONS

Section 9 All instruments arms and weapons seized by virtue of this act shall be kept for one yar by the officer or department to which they were surrendered At the expiration of the year they shall unless needed as evidence be destroyed or rendered ineffective for the purpose for which they were made

AMMUNITION

Section 10 It is unlawful to sell or lend or lease or give any cartridges loaded or blank for any pistol or revolver to any person under the age of sixteen years or to any person over sixteen years of age not licensed under this act or to any person who is intoxicated

LICENSES TO CARRY ARMS

Section 11 A license to purchase carry or possess or carry concealed a pistol or revolver shall be issued only by the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the county wherein the applicant resides upon written application verified by the affidavit of the applicant Licenses shall be general or special They shall be issued only upon written application verified by the affidavit of the applicant The district attorney may require proof of any allegation or statement made in the application

A revoked license shall on demand be surrendered to the district attorney or to any person whom he may deputize in writing

The licenses of each county shall be numbered serially

GENERAL LICENSES

Section 12 General licenses shall be issued on application to

1 A warden keeper or superintendent or turn-key or any penitentiary prison jail workhouse stationhouse or lock-up The application in the case of penitentiaries prisons jails and workhouses shall be made by the head of the institution In the case of stationhouses and lock-ups in cities the application shall be made by the head of the police department in boroughs and townships by the authorities respectively

2 A householder

3 A bona fide merchant or storekeeper

4 A messenger of a banking institution or of an express company or of a railroad company

General licenses shall be issued on application and only when the clerk of the court of quarter sessions is satisfied that the applicant is of good moral character and that no good reason exists why the application should be refused They shall be valid for an indefinite period but may be revoked by the district attorney at any time for cause

SPECIAL LICENSES

Section 13 Special licenses for a temporary period stated in the license may on application be issued to any person of good moral character The application shall show the reason for the application No special license shall be issued to any alien nor to any person not usually resident in Pennsylvania A special license may be revoked at any time by the district attorney for cause

EXCEPTIONS AS TO POSSESSION OF FIREARMS.

Section 14 Sections seven and eight of this act do not apply to (a) the regular and ordinary transportation of firearms as merchandise (b) bona fide dealers in firearms and ammunition (c) duly authorized military or civil organizations when parading nor to the members thereof when going to or returning from the place of meeting of the respective organizations (d) soldiers sailors or marines in the employ of the United States (e) members of the National Guard of Pennsylvania when in uniform

FIREARM REGISTER.

Section 15 Every person selling a firearm which may readily be concealed upon the person shall keep a register in which shall be entered at the time of the sale

1 The date of the sale

2 The name of the purchaser

3 The age of the purchaser

4 The occupation of the purchaser

5 The residence address of the purchaser

6 The caliber make model manufacturers number and all other marks of identification of the firearm

7 The date and serial number of the license of the purchaser the county where issued and the name of the officer who issued it

This register shall at all reasonable hours be open to inspection by any police officer

This section does not apply to wholesale dealers

RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO REGISTER.

Section 16 It is unlawful to sell a firearm that may readily be concealed on the person without making the entries in the register as required by this act or to fail to keep such register or to fail to require the production of a license before making the sale or to prevent or hinder directly or indirectly or aid in preventing or hindering the inspection of the register as required in this act

MISLEADING STATEMENTS.

Section 17 It is unlawful to make any false or misleading or evasive statement in applying for a general or special license under this act or in answering any question or furnishing any information necessary to carry out the provisions of section fifteen of this act

PENALTIES

Section 18 A A person is guilty of a felony who violates any of the provisions of sections two or three of this act Upon conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars and to undergo imprisonment in the proper State penitentiary not exceeding five years without the benefit of any present or future parole law

B A person is guilty of a misdemeanor who violates any of the provisions of this act other than sections two and three Upon conviction thereof he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and to undergo imprisonment in the county prison not exceeding one year

PRINTING AND BINDING

Section 19 The county commissioners shall at the expense of the county provide for the clerk of the court of quarter sessions all printing and binding rendered necessary by this act

Section 20 This act is not intended to apply to toy pistols or toy revolvers in which harmless caps only are exploded

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, when this bill was reported from the Committee on Law and Order it was for the purpose of having the amendments printed. The bill was then to be referred back to the Committee for a hearing. I now move that Bill No. 26 be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order for the purpose of a hearing.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I was informed tonight that Mr. Haggerty is so ill that he is unable to come here to the session, and that it is his desire that the bill be not recommitted to the Committee. I would, therefore, move as a substitute motion that further consideration of the bill be posponed for the present.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Tioga, Mr. Williams, withdraw his motion.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion to postpone?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1406, entitled:

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith.
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne.
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1238, as follows:

An Act to an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of this Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said departments" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four fixing the salaries of the clerks in the Department of Public Instruction

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the salaries of the financial clerk the recording clerk and the statistical clerk in the Department of Public Instruction shall each be eighteen hundred dollars per annum and that the salary of the messenger shall be twelve hundred dollars per annum

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts special or general inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1427, as follows:

An Act to prohibit fishing with any device whatsoever in certain waters of this Commonwealth including tidal streams and boundary waters and from the shores of this Commonwealth excepting the waters of Lake Erie on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday and to provide penalties for the violation of its provisions and empower any fish warden deputy warden sheriff deputy sheriff constable or any special officer or any peace officer in this Commonwealth to make arrests for violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful to fish with any device whatsoever in the inland waters of this Commonwealth including tidal streams and boundary waters from the shores of this Commonwealth excepting the waters of Lake Erie on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

Section 2 Any person violating the provisions of this act shall be liable to a fine or penalty of twenty dollars for each and every offense in accordance with sections three and four of this act

Section 3 That from and after the passage of this act any justice of the peace alderman magistrate upon information or complaint made to him by affidavit of one or more persons charging any person or persons with having violated the provisions of this act is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable peace officer or warden and cause such person or persons to be arrested and brought before such justice alderman or magistrate who shall hear and determine the guilt or innocence of the person or persons so charged and if convicted upon such charge shall be sentenced by said justice alderman or magistrate severally to pay the fine or fines penalty or penalties provided in this act for such violations together with the costs of suit the whole of said fine shall be paid over forthwith to the treasurer of the county in which the prosecution was brought and said county treasurer shall pay over the same forthwith to the Commissioner of Fisheries for the benefit of the Commonwealth Provided That in case the defendant or defendants shall neglect to pay at once the fine or fines so imposed said defendant or defendants shall forthwith be sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the county jail of the county where such conviction takes place for the period of one day for each dollar of fine so imposed and unpaid unless the defendant or defendants upon conviction shall give notice of intention to appeal when such defendant or defendants shall be permitted to enter into good and sufficient recognizance to appear before such justice alderman or magistrate on or before the expiration of five days if such appeal is not taken by them or on the final determination of such appeal if it be not sustained for execution of sentence Provided also That all actions for any violation of the provisions of this act must be taken within one year from the time the offense was committed and when necessary to properly conduct any case before any alderman justice of the peace magistrate or any court the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to employ legal counsel

Section 4 That from and after the passage of this act any Fish Commissioner fish warden deputy warden sheriff deputy sheriff constable or any special officer or any peace officer in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and commanded to forthwith apprehend and arrest any person or persons who may be guilty of violating the provisions of this act and take such person or persons before any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate and thereupon make charge of such violation of this act and the justice of the peace alderman or magistrate shall forthwith hear and determine the charge as provided in section three of this act and in case any Fish Commissioner fish warden or any officer named above fails to prove his case and the defendant or defendants are discharged or in case the defendant or defendants are convicted and are sent to jail in lieu of the payment of fine or fines penalty or penalties the county in which the case is heard shall pay the costs such arrests may also be made on Sunday in which case the person or persons so arrested for safe keeping may be committed to the jail or lockup for that day but shall be taken before the proper magistrate and proceeded against on a week day following the arrest

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—131.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Perry,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
West,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—24.

Eppley,
Gallagher,
Gormley,
Herman,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McVicar,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Robertson,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Swan,
Taylor,
Vogdes,
Wettach,
Whitten,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1498 as follows:

An Act regulating poor districts comprising the territory constituting the whole or part of a second class city

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any portion of a city of the second class comprising not more than one ward thereof and constituting part of a poor district other than the poor district of which the remaining portion of said second class city is a part is hereby made a part of said poor district of which the major portion of the city is a part and the poor board of said poor district comprising the major portion of the city shall exercise full power and supervision over said added part

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Luxemberger, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LUXEMBERGER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir, I will.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to know whether the sponsor has advertised this bill as special legislation.

Mr. LUXEMBERGER. Mr. Speaker, it does not require to be advertised This bill relates to first and second class cities.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentlemen will state his point of order.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I contend that this bill is unconstitutional in that it has not been advertised, and is special legislation for the Pittston Poor District.

The SPEAKER. This bill takes in all second class cities.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill should be defeated. It attempts to take away from the Jenkins-Pittston Poor District the Twenty-Second Ward and adding it to the City of Scranton. This belongs to the Pittston Poor District, and if this is taken away from the Pittston Poor District it brings a hardship on that district which is not so flourishing as the City of Scranton, and the burden of taxation will then fall upon three boroughs in my district, Taylor, Old Forge and Moosic. This is unfair. The directors of the Pittston Poor District are opposed to this bill from the fact that they have not been given warning, and contend that it is not right to put a bill of this kind through at this time. Inasmuch as the Governor has vetoed the other bill which contained the Twenty-Second Ward should be an indication that this bill should not be passed by this House. I ask the gentlemen of this House to vote down the bill. It brings upon the people of my district an imposition which they do not care to bear.

Mr. W. W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, at one time this Twenty-Second Ward was a portion of Lackawanna township, and at that time Lackawanna township was a portion of this poor district Now they have taken that ward into the City of Scranton and they feel as if it really belonged to that poor district and that both ought to be under one head and they think they ought to have the poor district. The bill is all right and should be voted for.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—64.

Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Brownlee,
Christman,
Dawson,
Dell,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hamilton,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jones, W. W.,
[illegible]
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
McCaig,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mell,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rothenberger,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stone,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Walton,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wilson, H. I.,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—62.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Davis,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Fruit,
Garner,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Harper,
Herman,
Hibshman,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Leighner,
[illegible]
Lipschutz,
Love,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McClure,
McConnell,
McKay,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Sinclair,
Sones,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 95.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

House Bill No. 123.

An Act making an appropriation of four hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania.

House Bill No. 913.

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 103.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation theerof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 153.

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto.

House Bill No. 870.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

House Bill No. 1137.

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmer's Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license.

House Bill No. 1110.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

House Bill No. 1061.

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased.

House Bill No. 165.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 485.

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency

House Bill No. 795.

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy

House Bill No. 628.

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

House Bill No. 630.

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 1047.

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

House Bill No. 1180.

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House signed the same.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1095, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of Register Assessors in boroughs and townships at primary elections

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—168.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler.
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner
Lindsey,
Lipschutz
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson;
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Brownlee,
Kuhn,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1263, entitled:

An Act requiring all State officials and employes who receive and disburse public moneys to give bond for the faithful performance of their official duties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has non-concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 331.

An Act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the treasury of said cities and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions.

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendments the Senate has non-concurred.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move you that we insist on the amendments and that a conference committee be appointed.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1354, as follows:

An Act relating to taxing as part of the costs in a cause an attorney's fee for the successful party upon appeals to the Supreme and Superior Courts

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases either in law or in equity wherein an appeal is taken from any judgment decree or order to the Supreme Court or the Superior Court the party in whose favor the final decision is rendered shall be entitled to a charge and collect from the losing party as part of the costs in the cause an attorney's fee of fifty dollars on all appeals to the Supreme Court and twenty-five dollars on all appeals to the Superior Court said amounts to be taxed and collected in the same manner as costs are now taxed and collected by law

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I would like the sponsor of this bill to explain the provisions thereof.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill provides that when an appeal is taken from a judgment entered in the Court of Common Pleas either to the Superior Court or to the Supreme Court the party losing on the appeal must pay as part of the costs an attorney's fee. On the case of an appeal to the Superior Court that attorney's fee is fixed at twenty-five dollars; on the case of an appeal to the Supreme Court that fee is fixed at fifty-dollars.

Now we feel gentlemen, that when a man brings a lawsuit in the Court of Common Pleas and tries his case out and wins it and the other side takes an appeal and imposes the delay on him of several months, requires him to pay an additional attorney's fee, requires him to have the record printed and requires him to have his case argued again in the Appellate Court, we feel that that man should be compensated for the additional expenses that he has been put to. Understand, gentlemen, this fee is paid to the winning side. It has a double purpose; not only do we think it is only just that the man who wins should be compensated for the extra expense he has been put to, but we feel that unnecessary appeals should be discouraged. A large percentage of the appeals which are taken to the Superior and Supreme Court are taken for the purpose purely of delay. The proof of that is, gentlemen, that a great many of the appeals taken are never argued.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—69.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Beck,
Benn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Christman,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Graham,
Gransback.
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Herman.
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Finnerty,
Landis,
Lipschutz,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McDermott,
Myers,
Neville,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Spangler,
Stern,
Swartz,
Trach,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weaver,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—60.

Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benninger,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Corbin,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Fruit.
Gingery,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Heffernan,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Mather,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Peters,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Statler,
Staving,
Stone,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Watson,
West,
Wettach,
Wood,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the quesion was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1243 (Senate Bill No. 409), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Diefenderfer,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
[illegible]
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—7.

Eby,
Erdman,
Kuhn,
Lindsey,
McCurdy,
Rothenberger,
Trach,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1517, as follows:

An Act imposing a tax for State purposes on the capital stock of manufacturing and laundering corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the maintenance and construction of State highways

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every foreign and domestic corporation organized for manufacturing or laundering purposes or engaged in manufacturing or laundering shall be subject to and pay a tax of one (1) mill upon each dollar of the actual value of its capital stock as is invested in and actually engaged in carrying on manufacturing or laundering within this Commonwealth

Section 2 Every such corporation shall make report to the Auditor General upon forms to be prepared by the Auditor General as other corporations are now required by law to make capital stock reports and the said tax hereby imposed shall be assessed and levied in the same manner as the capital stock tax is now assessed and levied upon other corporations

Section 3 The moneys derived from time to time from the tax collected under the provisions of this act are hereby permanently dedicated to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of State highways and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State Treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer and his bondsmen shall be responsible for the safe keeping and accounting for said fund in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe keeping and accounting for other revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer shall on the first business day of each and every month certify to the State Highway Commission the money in said fund available for the use of the State Highway Department and the State Treasurer and Auditor General shall credit one-half of the amount so certified as available to an account for the construction and improvement of State highways and the other one-half to an account for the maintenance and repair of

State highways When so certified by the State Treasurer the funds shall be available for requisition and expenditure and shall be requisitioned and expended settled and vouched as provided by the general laws for the funds appropriated from the general revenues of the Commonwealth This act shall go into effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and shall not effect the exemption to manufacturing corporations on capital stock tax for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. McCURDY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 1029, File Folio 3497, from Page 19 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1029, entitled:

An Act conferring authority on street passenger railway companies and motor power or other companies lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways to own lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, the demand for efficient passenger conveyance, rapid and cheap conveyance, has grown so rapidly in the last year or so, that as you all know jitney and all other sorts of conveyances are growing rapidly to meet that demand. This bill is for the purpose of enabling the trolley companies that now exist,—giving those companies the corporate power to own and operate jitneys, or omnibuses, or automobiles, or whatever you choose to call them. There are so many cases where small lines of trolleys do not meet when they come into a municipality, and the companies are unable to get their trolley lines on the streets of the municipality, and it is for the benefit of those companies and for efficient service to the public that these companies desire the corporate right to own and operate omnibuses, to connect the lines which do not physically connect, and to furnish feeders for the lines within the smaller municipalities of the Commonwealth.

This bill, if it becomes a law, will not interfere in any way with the growing business of the jitneys. It will not give the trolley companies any exclusive rights and its only purpose is to give them the corporate power, which they do not now possess, of owing and operating these lines.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—110.

Adams,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, [illegible]
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
[illegible]
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—57.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Beck,
Benninger,
Bungard,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Diefenderfer,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Gallagher,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Howarth,
Jack,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Mather,
Maurer,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Phillips,
Reel,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Shaaber,
clair,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Watson,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wood,
Wynne,
Young,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1432 (Senate No. 125), entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board of its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I want to raise a question here as to a man's sincerity in asking for the postponement of this bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, the probabilities are that the apprehension of Mr. Steedle is unfounded. This afternoon we got word from the Senate that the author of this bill is desirous of having it postponed for the present. I would state that what Dr. Steedle is going to say is this: That when this bill came out of committee in consideration of action on a previous bill that we were all committed to vote for it. In order to find out from the author of the bill, with whom we cannot get in touch now, we move to have it postponed for the present and this is the purpose of the motion.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will state that this motion is not debatable but we will waive that rule on this motion.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I have no doubt whatever in regard to the sincerity of the gentlemen from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol. I have always found him to be a gentleman of honor and to keep his word. I can assure him that my position is prompted only through that fact that I thought there was a probability at hand here to smother this bill. There was a mutual agreement between myself and Mr. Thomas, who was the sponsor of a bill of a similar nature, that we would consider both bills. If Senator Gerberich has been satisfied to have this bill postponed then I am satisfied to go along, but as we have no word from Senator Gerberich to that effect I think this bill should be made a special order on the calendar for a special day.

Mr. C. A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I have no objection to the postponing of this bill. I have talked with Senator Gerberich and we have agreed to have an amendment inserted but if this is made a special order this amendment should be in before the specified time given for the consideration of the bill. I should like to have the gentleman withdraw his motion in order that this amendment may be inserted.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, the idea of making this motion at this time was because we didn't think Mr. Steedle was in the room and we did it for the reason that we thought he was going to say something on the bill.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I want to adhere to the parliamentary practice of this House. If Senator Gerberich has been so kind as to consider the suggestion of the gentleman from Columbia, Mr. C. A. Shaffer, I suggest that Mr. Thomas, the maker of that motion to postpone, withdraw it and allow Mr. Shaffer's amendment to be inserted in the bill which is only fair to all parties concerned.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Thomas, withdraw his motion.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. C. A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 2, line 96, after the word "of" by omitting the word "twenty" and substituting the word "thirty-first"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from page 19, Bills on Final Passage Postponed, House Bill No. 868.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 868, entitled:

An Act to regulate the operation of motor vehicles for public use in the transportation of persons and the issuance of licenses therefor to prescribe the qualifications of the owners and drivers or operators thereof to define certain rights and duties and fixing penalties for the violation of this act and to provide revenue from the operation of such vehicles for the maintenance of streets and highways

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL STRUCK FROM THE CALENDAR.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, This is known as the "Jitney Bus" bill. There has been other legislation enacted which covers a large part of the provisions of this bill which takes care of the regulation of jitney busses, which is desired, and as there are other bills which will cover this point I move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1268, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Drinkhouse, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DRINKHOUSE. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, it seems to be the intention of this bill to permit the adding of milk to cream in eating houses. According to the second section of this bill "in any hotel or restaurant or eating house it shall be lawful to use cream to which is added milk or evaporated milk or condensed milk if such cream is used only for the purpose of serving with coffee chocolate or other beverages." I take it, gentlemen, in view of that whether it does not permit the selling of cream, which is not cream, under the Act of Assembly. I should like to have the sponsor explain the bill.

Mr. DRINKHOUSE. Mr. Speaker, this bill gives light lunch cafes the privilege of adding milk to cream for the purpose of being served with apple dumpling or rice pudding or anything of that sort, but does not permit them to sell it or remove it from the premises.

On the question, recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—51.

Adams,
Arnold,
Aron,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Forster,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Lafferty,
Lipschutz,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McNichol,
Perry,
Pickering,
Reynolds,
Roney,
Rowell,
Showalter,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Stein,
Stern,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—106.

Alcorn,
Baker,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Corbin,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Harper,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Jack,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Myers,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1199, File Folio 5381, entitled:

An Act exempting agricultural corporations from the payment of a bonus and of State taxes upon their capital stock

was defeated on third reading to-day be reconsidered.

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the nays seemed to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for, 46 voting in the affirmative and 78 in the negative.

And the question was determined in the negative.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1330, as follows:

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of a tax for State purposes on the loans of private and public corporations joint stock association limited partnership and company and approprriating and dedicating the same to the construction and maintenance of State highways

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every public corporation and every other corporation joint stock association limited partnership and company whatsoever incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth shall be subject to and pay annually a tax of four (4) mills for State purposes on the nominal value of all mortgages bonds scrip certificates of indebtedness car trust securities and every other security or loan of every kind whatever issued by it bearing interest except ordinary commercial paper or notes for annual indebtedness issued and discounted or negotiated by any bank banking institution savings institution or trust company

Section 2 The treasurer of every such corporation shall report under oath annually on the thirty-first day of December to the Auditor General on forms prepared by the Auditor-General the amount and character of the indebtedness of such corporation If the Auditor-General be dissatisfied with such report he may demand further reports or information or the production of any books documents or papers and for this purpose shall have all the powers now provided by law for the settlement of other accounts by the Auditor General

Section 3 Upon the filing of the report by any corporation under the provisions of this act or upon obtaining the additional information by the Auditor-General for that purpose the Auditor-General and State Treasurer shall assess a tax of four (4) mills upon each dollar of the nominal value of the amount of the loans of said corporation and settle an account against the said corporation for the amount of said tax in the manner now provided by law for the settlement of other public account.

Section 4 After the settlement of said account and a notice given in writing by the Auditor-General to the corporation of such settlement the corporation shall pay into the State Treasury the amount of said tax within sixty days after the date of such settlement Upon the failure of any corporation to pay the tax as required by this act within sixty (60) days after said settlement interest at the rate of twelve (12) per centum shall be added as now required by law in the case of other settlements of public accounts In the event that any corporation shall fail or refuse to file the reports required by this act the Auditor-General shall have the right to make an estimated settlement and to impose the penalties as required by law

Section 5 No person firm corporation partnership association or limited partnership owning or holding any of the obligations which are required to be reported to the Auditor-General and taxed under the provisions of this act shall be required to return to the local authorities any such loans or obligations or to pay any tax to the local authorities thereon Provided That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to relieve the owners and holders of every other kind of personal property to return the same and pay the tax thereon as now requird by law And provided further That every corporation making the report and paying the tax imposed by this act shall be relieved from making any report or paying any tax upon its loans or other obligations held by corporations or individuals in whose hands the same would have been taxable except for the provisions of this act

Section 6 The money derived from time to time from the tax collected under the provisions of this act is hereby permanently dedicated to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of the State highways of the Commonwealth and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth the State Treasurer and his bondsmen shall be responsible for the safe-keeping of and accounting for said fund in the same manner and under the same penalty as for the safe-keeping and accounting for the other revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer shall on the first business day of each and every month certify to the State Highway Commissioner the money in said fund available for the use of the State Hiihway Department and the State Treasurer and Auditor-General shall credit one-half of the amount so certified as available to an account for the construction and improvement of State highways and one-half to an account for the maintenance and repair of State highways When so certified by the State Treasurer the funds shall be available for requisition and expenditure and shall be requisitioned expended settled and vouched as provided by general laws for funds appropriated from the general revenues of the Commonwealth

Section 7 This act shall not apply to fire companies fire relief associations secret and benefit societies labor unions and labor union relief associations and all other beneficial organizations paying sick or death benefits or either or both from the funds received from voluntary contributions or assessments on members of such associations societies or unions

Section 8 Wherever the word "corporations" appears in this act it shall include joint stock associations limited partnerships and every other company whatsoever

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby be and the same are hereby repealed saving reserving and excepting unto the Commonwealth the right to collect any taxes interest penalty or penalties due owing or accruing under the said laws or parts of laws and saving also the right to settle and collect the tax for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen under existing laws

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 3, by striking out the word "association" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "associations"

Line 3, by striking out the word "partnership" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "partnerships"

Line 3, by striking out the word "company" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "companies"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted, in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 949 (Senate Bill No. 432), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker a more unfair proposition has not come before this House for its consideration during this session. In order that the members may intelligently understand the situation and the purpose of the bill now under consideration, I desire to take a few minutes of the time of the House to explain the cold storage situation as I understand it in this State.

In the session of 1913, there was enacted by the Legislature, and signed by the Governor, a Cold Storage Law which this bill purposes to repeal. There were held before the Health and Sanitation Committee of the House and the Health and Sanitation Committee of the Senate numerous hearings upon various bills dealing with the question of cold storage, which were then pending before the Legislature. As a result the various bills were turned over to the hands of a sub-committee of the Health and Sanitation Committee of the House, and the present existing cold storage law of 1913 is the outgrowth of consultations had upon this question, and deliberations by that sub-committee and the main committee, as well as both branches of the Legislature.

Conditions as they existed then in this State, and I speak particularly with reference to the city from which I come, were horrible in the extreme. It had been the custom for men engaged in the business of cold storage to store goods, that which we use as food in times of plenty, and to continue that storage for an indefinite period. In many instances those periods of storage extended for a considerable length of time beyond a season or a year. At the hearings before the Committees of both the House and Senate on the proposed bill, in answer to questions put by members of the Committee, those who appeared in opposition to the bill, which was frankly admitted by cold storage operators, that to store eggs, and butter in particular, for a period longer than the first of January following the time the goods were placed in storage was done for speculative purposes. And the reason for that was admitted to be this, that when the so-called "April egg" was stored, either in April when collected, or the forepart of May, that storage warehouses had a certain season in which they carried those goods, as well as butter which was stored in June, down to the first of January following at so much per one hundred pounds of butter, and so much per crate of eggs, irrespective as to the time when they were placed in storage. The financial institutions in Philadelphia, most notably the Corn Exchange National Bank, which has been one of the Prime movers back of this bill which is before this House for its consideration, financed those operations, so that if a crate of eggs costing six dollars was placed in a cold storage plant, the majority of those plants in Philadelphia, at least, being controlled by the same financial interests which controlled the Corn Exchange National Bank, would advance as a loan upon, that crate of eggs the sum of five dollars; but that loan was subject to call and had to be paid because it extended only until the first of the following January. Immediately upon the first of January's arrival, if the dealer decided, by reason of weather conditions or by reason of a desire to take a gamble upon what the spring market would be, to allow his goods to remain in storage, he either had to pay that loan or a bonus for carrying it further, and in addition paid a storage charge of so much per dozen or per pound per month, so that all of those interested in this business admitted that after the first day of January it was unwise for them to continue the storing of those goods, unless by foresight, by looking into what the weather conditions of the spring were going to be, a forewarning of which was given to those engaged in the business by the early spring which took place in the South and Southwest, where the fresh eggs at that time of the year come from and the fresh butter, would by paying these additional charges, if the weather conditions permitted it, would permit these goods to remain in storage, if it were a late spring here, and it looked as if the hens nearby were not going to lay as early as they had theretofore, and thereby take advantage of the rise in the market.

In Philadelphia that condition was controlled then, as today, and I am advised the same conditions existed in Pittsburgh, by what is known as the Butter and Egg Board. At eleven o'clock of every day, that Butter and Egg Board, which consisted of men engaged in this business, would meet and they would sit around the table and they would deal in these foodstuffs the same as stocks were dealt with in stock exchanges. They would buy and they would sell among themselves. They would go long and they would go short, and at the close of an hour or an hour and a half's deliberation on the dealings and the manipulations between themselves that Butter and Egg Board would establish what the market price of those food stuffs would be for the following day, and that quotation would be given to the trade papers, and that was the quotation by which the consuming public was bound to go when they wanted to purchase these commodities and these food stuffs.

Now the purpose of the act of 1913 was not to drive out of business the men who were engaged in the cold storage of food stuffs or men whose interests were allied with them; but it was for the purpose of so regulating, if possible, this industry which has grown up in this State so that proper regulations would be thrown about that business and, in so far as it was possible for a legislative body to do, to eliminate the speculative feature of that industry. After the hardest kind of a battle this Act of 1913 was passed and signed and it provided, among other things, that the regulation of this business should be placed in the hands of the Dairy and Food Commissioner. It required cold storage plants to take out a license. It required those engaged in the business to mark the date on which the goods were stored and the date on which the goods were released from storage. It placed a time limit upon which goods could be kept in storage. I want to say now for the benefit of this House that the time limits then placed in that bill were placed in there after repeated hearings, after some people who were engaged in this particular line of business admitted that the time limits were reasonable and proper and that it would check to a large degree the speculative feature of dealing in food stuffs; and this bill then became a law. Subsequently, the shoe started to pinch but it did not pinch the consuming public's foot; but it did pinch some of our friends who were engaged in this business and some of the financial interests that were backing them, so much so that they saw some of the abnormal profits which were made upon commodities of this kind, dwindling away. They saw that they were unable to do as they had been able to do in the past,—take cold storage products out of cold storage and sell them to the consuming public for fresh products at fresh prices, wihch was a common thing in the City of Philadelphia and elsewhere in this State; and thereupon they started this agitation against the existing cold storage law; and the Corn Exchange National Bank followed a system of campaign which was followed by the railroad companies in this State in their efforts to repeal the Full Crew Bill. They communicated with their depositors, and they have many of them,—and this House, in the course of this session, has received letters from iron merchants, from men engaged in the tea and coffee business, from men engaged in the shoe business, from men engaged in nearly every business known to Pennsylvania; but few letters from those engaged in the business of cold storage, asking them to consider a so-called uniform cold storage law which was introduced into this session of the legislature to give them relief. They complained about the drastic features of the existing law. They said, in their arguments, that the existing law had not worked well; that it had been of no benefit to the consumer; that as a result of this law being put upon the statute books it would mean the taking out of cold storage at the time of the greatest scarcity that which was put in there at the time of the greatest plenty; that all of it would then be consumed; that there would be no fresh products with which to meet the demands of the consumers; that the price therefor for these commodities, by reason of this existing law, instead of being kept at a low ebb would soar to the dollar mark and that the poor public would suffer. I have yet to receive any complaint from any member of the poor public decrying the existence of this existing cold storage law but I want to say to the members of this House, and in absolute refutation of the charges made by those who are engaged in this business as to the increased cost of living under the Act of 1913,---I want to refer to their own trade paper, their own trade paper published by themselves which deals with this very question, which deals with this very Act of 1913, and I refer you to the Produce Bulletin which is the recognized trade paper of men engaged in this business throughout this Commonwealth: where, in quoting prices for butter and eggs, it goes to state as follows:

"Besides this decrying of low prices of butter and eggs, besides this, the stringent cold storage laws of this State all work against high prices. It is a hard problem to solve and one that will have to be handled with gloves to make the receivers any money."

Now, that is an utterance from their own trade paper, which is directly opposed to the arguments which are being advanced in favor of this repeal law now before this House for its consideration.

In addition, one other reason, and vital reason, why this bill should not be repealed ,as the result of its being upon the statute book of this Commonwealth I refer now to another newspaper article which states that twenty-four thousand dozen eggs were stored in Philadelphia which were more than two years old, had been held in cold storage for all that length of time, ready at any moment to be sent out upon the unsuspecting public. Now then, gentlemen, what is the problem with which we are confronted on this question? If the Act of 1913 is too drastic in relation to the time limits placed upon these various commodities, is the proper method to correct that evil an absolute repeal law which wipes the Act of 1913 off the statute books with all its regulations, leaving the door open to the frauds which had been universally practiced throughout this Commonwealth under conditions which existed prior to the passage of that law; or is it as these very men have harassed and deluged this Legislature with communications, is the remedy an amending bill, amending the drastic features of the existing law? If those drastic features exist so that we with reason can sit down and meet them upon their own common ground and say, advance to us the argument and back it up with facts why the time limit should be extended here and why the time limt should be extended there, why this regulation should be wiped out or why this one should be changed; and yet every since this session of the Legislature began that is the very argument that these men have advanced upon this question. In the meetings which were held before the committees having this bill under consideration, why ninety-nine per cent. of the men engaged in this business said to the Committee: "We want regulation; we are not against regulation. We believe that the consuming public ought to know when it is getting cold storage and when it is getting fresh goods; but we think that the existing law is too drastic in some particulars. We think there ought to be uniform legislation in all the States."

We think it should be uniform legislation in all of the States. We think the time limit should be extended. That is what we are here for and that is all we want. What happens? An then comes the legislative trickery, backed by these great interests of this State. In the Senate at this session there was introduced Senate Bill No. 206, commonly known as the Uniform Cold Storage Law, which provided for a season upon commodities of this kind, with the right, if it met with the approval of the Dairy and Food Commissioner, to extend that time limit of one year, for a period of a few months longer, provided, after inspection, the goods were in such condition that the time could so safely be extended.

That is the bill they have been agitating. That bill was introduced in the Senate on the second day of March, and was referred to the Senate Committee on Public Health and Sanitation. It was reported out of committee on the same date, March 2nd. It passed first reading on March 8th; it passed second reading, and mark you this on March 9th, and then was recommitted to the Committee on Health and Sanitation of the Senate. On the same day that so-called uniform Cold Storage Law was recommitted to that Committee, there was introduced in the Senate, the blanket repealer that is now before this House for consideration. It was introduced on the ninth day of March, reported out of committee on the same day, passed first reading on the ninth day of March, passed second reading on the tenth day of March, passed third reading and final passage on the fifteenth day of March, and then was messaged to this House, where it was sent to the Health and Sanitation Committe, and is now before you on third reading. What is the answer to that? Why, gentlemen, it is just as plain as A B C. The so-called Uniform Cold Storge Law was the bait which had been held out to these legislative bodies, the feeler. As soon as the repealer, wiping out all restrictions, comes along, the fishing line is pulled in and the bait with it and stuck down in the can and remains there; and then this repealer is trotted on joyfully on its way through three readings and final passage in the Senate and then over to this House. Why? For the simple reason that there was not one bit of sincerity in the proposition for regulation, in the proposition for just and reasonable time limits, but that every effort was being bent to wipe completely from the Statute books of this State the law of 1913, with all of its best and fine features, so that there would be nothing thrown around this industry to protect the consuming public; so that there would be no safeguards against speculation in foodstuffs. Gentlemen, if you pass this bill, I say to you now that this so-called Uniform Bill will never again see the light of day in the Senate and will never come before you for consideration.

There is only one way to treat this matter, to my mind, and that is for you men to say, as whether in all fairness to the consuming public, whether that public has the right to know what it is getting and paying for; whether or not there should be some restrictions against speculation in this kind of commodity; whether or not you, by your vote on this proposition to-night, will say to the people of Pennsylvania, "we have no regard for you, but we do have regard for those who manipulate in these foodstuffs at the expense of the public," and I implore you men, in all fairness to this proposition, to accept these men at their own word, that they are satisfied with regulation, but that they do complain at some so-called drastic features in the existing law, but that it ought to be amended along those lines; and I want to say for one that if they can show me anything in the existing law which is drastic, I will be the first one to agree to an amendment of that existing law.

But this is absolutely unfair and spells trickery all through its manipulation through these legislative bodies, and I ask you men in all fairness to vote no on this proposition, and if they want to amend the existing law, let them come along with a fair amendment to the bill and we will support it.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I think you will all agree with the gentleman who has preceded me, that our object in being here is not for any particular interest, or to serve any particular side of the question. Our object in being here is to satisfy, if we possibly can, the people of this Commonwealth, and when, gentlemen of the House, an act is passed, as this act was passed in 1913, which is so drastic in its features that it aliminates our citizens and our friends and our men and women in this Commonwealth, it is high time to repeal it. If we are deriving a benefit we should appreciate it, and if we are not deriving a benefit from an Act of Assembly, it should be wiped from our Statutes.

Now, let us in all fairness, wiping aside the feeling of my friend from Philadelphia, because he no doubt has some little feeling in this matter, as it was he who assisted in the passage of the Act of 1913, and he must and we all have some feeling in matters and laws which we have passed now, let us inquire fairly and justly whether or not our people have been benefited by the act of 1913. That act provided, as my friend has said, a certain time allowance for cold storage. That act, as you know, and I know, controlled every citizen of this State, irrespective of whether he was in the cold storage business, or carrying on his household, it made no difference. And why then should we ask for a repealer? Because our citizens were bound by a hard and fast act, and the citizens of the adjoining Commonwealths and business men thereof, could send into our State any amount of stuff, be it eggs or butter or what-not, in cold storage, no matter how long and sell it to you and me, and you did not know the difference, because you had no way of determining it.

You who are citizens, you who are business men, you who are storekeepers, aye, you who are farmers, were bound by a law which held us in check and did not hold one other State adjacent to us. That is the reason for this repealer, and no other. You can talk trickery if you like, and make such allegations as you care to, but are we going to be fair to our own people? And what resulted in our own State? Do you imagine for one instant that the business man engaged in the cold storage business, or in any other business, was carrying it on at a loss? Oh, no. When their goods remain too long under our laws, to be sold in our State, they sent that out of the State and it was sold in other States, and other States sent their output to be sold in our State.

Now, gentlemen, are we going to have an act of Assembly, which ties us down hand and foot and says to other States adjacent to us, you can send in whatever you like, but we are bound by it. And suppose for an instant that you repeal this act. My friend would have you suppose that you wipe out all existing laws in reference to pure foods and the various stuffs such as eggs and butter sold to you. Not by any means. You are then guided by the Act of 1909, passed in this House, which gives the Commissioner the opportunity and the right to go into any man's store and investigate, as he has the right to do under the law and then to determine whether or not the goods there are fit for sale. I submit to you gentlemen that this repeal should go through, because after this act was passed, the Governor of our State appointed a commission to make an investigation as to whether or not this was a good feasible act, and if I am correctly informed, from reading their report, a portion of which I had before me to-night, that Commission agrees that this act is particularly inoperative, so far as the welfare of our citizens is concerned, and that is all we are interested in.

Therefore, I ask you to vote for the repeal of the act of 1913.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, a reference has been made to a Commission that was appointed to investigate the conditions of cold storage. I had the pleasure of being a member of that Commission, and while our powers were to make inquiry into the conditions under which this law was being operated, my friend is mistaken when he says that that commission had any power to make recommendation.

As a member of that commission, going from one part of this State to the other, I want to state that at no time before that commission, was there any advocacy of the repeal of the Law of 1913. There was objection to some of its features being drastic. It was only, if my memory serves me correctly, which I believe it does, at a meeting that was held before the Health and Sanitation Committee of this present session that there were advocates of the repeal of this law, but the majority of the cold storage men then appearing advocated a regulation of their business, saying that they welcomed it; they did not want to repeal this act. I say to you gentlemen that we are supported in the position that we take to-night by the almost united press of this State, which recognizes that there should be regulation of this business to prevent in the future the wrong of the past. If we are to enact legislation that would remedy the condition complained of, it is certainly not by way of a repealer but by way of an amendment whereby we could remove any and every objectionable feature, if any objectionable feature there may be, in the act of 1913. My friend from Philadelphia does not for a moment claim to be the author of the bill that is on the statute books now. He was simply a member of a subcommittee composed of Mr. Roney, Mr. W. H. Wilson, Mr. Gans, myself and another member of the last session and after taking the Dunn Bill and the Gans Bill and the Wiltbank Bill that were introduced at that session and considering them the present act was framed and was presented and referred to the Committee on Health and Sanitation which, in concrete form, is the result of the labors of that sub-committee. I want to say to you gentlemen of the House that you must know that this business deserves a regulation to prevent imposition that has been practiced on the public heretofore. If we are to enact legislation that would be beneficial to all interests and to the community at large it is certainly not by way of repealer but by way of amending our present law. I ask you members of this House not to lend yourselves or make yourselves a party to a total repeal that will leave conditions in 1915 as they were prior to the enactment of the legislation on this question before 1913.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Reynolds.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Reynolds, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman whether he is familiar with the provisions of the present Cold Storage Law?

Mr REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, yes sir, I am.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman to say where he gets the information that outside states can ship into Pennsylvania and sell cold storage goods irrespective of the time that they have been in cold storage.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, they do it.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask the gentleman to answer my question.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I answer and say they are doing it.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I refer to Section 18 of the Cold Storage Law, which reads as follows: "No food shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale in this State which shall have been placed or stored in any cold storage warehouse outside of this State unless it first shall have been marked as provided for in section 15 of this Act, provided however that no such food shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale in this State if the total length of time that such food has remained in cold storage shall exceed that specified in section 16 of this Act." The word "food" is defined in the preceding sections of the act. Mr. Speaker, the regulations and the time limits provided for in this act covers foods, as specified, outside of the State as well as in the State.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that on a matter of this importance this House ought not to go on record as favoring no regulations at all in respect to the storage of food. The cold storage is comparatively a new industry and it is growing very rapidly. It is only safe to say and it is known on good authority that to keep foods in cold storage for an interminable time makes them less healthful but any one's common sense ought to tell him that. I have read with a great deal of care and some pleasure the literature sent out by the Board of the Corn Exchange National Bank. In perusing that literature I did not find anywhere a suggestion in it that there ought to be no regulations at all. All of it was aimed at the modification of the present and existing law and if the Senate, as everybody agrees, has modified this law, the sensible thing to do, in my opinion, is to wait until that law comes over and then consider it and not throw open the bars and put this question down where it was prior to 1913. The fact that other states don't regulate their food products simply shows that they are not looking after the health interests of the people, therefore the work in this respect in other states is not equal to the work that is done in Pennsylvania. It seems to me that under the Act of 1913 the bill which was passed was an advance in our laws and this bill it seems to me ought to be voted down. There has been no suffering as far as any one in this House has been able to tell or from the literature that has been supplied, by any particular class. The demand seems to come from those who are engaged in the cold storage business. I sincerely hope that this House will vote this bill down.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, The present law governing the cold storage business is practically closing up our cold storage plants here, and opening up those of other States; allowing them a privilege which is denied us; in other words, we can store goods the same day they do in Illinois, yet we must sell ours as cold storage products, while they can ship theirs into our State as chilled and sell on our market as fresh, for instance, butter stored in this State must be sold as storage products and must be stamped as such, while other States storing theirs at the same time can ship theirs here and sell as fresh butter. I will say the same of eggs. I will go even farther, eggs can be imported from China one year old and sold as fresh in Pennsylvania. A beef can be stored in other States and imported beef from Argentina can be shipped here as chilled and sold as fresh and it may be from one to four years old, while we have but four months to store and then it must be sold as cold storage products.

I will also include poultry which comes on our market as chilled and the inspectors permit it to be sold as fresh, when it may have been in storage beyond the time limit for poultry according to our laws And now the purpose of this law was to protect the people, but you can readily see it fails to do it. It simply kills the storage business in our State and prevents the average business man from storing his goods here and opens a greater opportunity for the meat trust and cold storage interests in our great West, giving them a greater grip on both producer and consumer practically wiping out the storage interests in this State and giving other the advantage of our markets which means they can pay the farmer what they see fit and charge the consumer what they please. The big meat trust not only controls the storage house outside our State but those of other countries shipping goods here.

As I said beforee, Agrentina Beef and eggs from China are controlled by this trust. This law is undoubtedly in the interests of the worst trust we have to contend with in the U. S., namely the meat trust. Now while the average business man and the consumer has no protection whatever. At the last session of the Legislature, a Commission was appointed to investigate the cold storage and after two years careful study, they recommended in their report published in the Journal of April 1, that this bill be repealed until such time as the national passes a uniform bill for all States so that all States will be on equal footing with this State congress.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I have no material interest in the repeal of this bill other than from the viewpoint of a citizen of the Commonwealth and a legislator of this State. I believe that it is the opinion of 206 other men here without the question of a doubt that we have sat here year after year and session after session endeavorin to regulate industry, or railroad corporations, manufacturing establishments, refrigerator plants and what not? It is the concensus of the opinion that it is time for us to have a session not for the enactment of new laws but to repeal those that are on our statute books which are doing harm and that are not in the interest of the welfare of our State. The gentleman from Philadelphia tells us that this was the most unfair bill presented before the members of this session. In his opinion he may be right; in my opinion I disagree with him. Only a week ago last Monday, this House, in its wisdom, saw fit to repeal from the statute books the so-called Full Crew Bill which was argued pro and con that it was for the welfare of our State but it was argued that it was not for the benefit of this State and that it was in the interests of a corporation whose business it was to so argue. That corporation most interested was the Pennsylvania railroad and its allied lines and on that argument you men saw fit to repeal that act. I am of the opinion and I have not yet seen it proven to my satisfaction that this law protects the people of this State against the importation of undesirable food commodities. I have seen letters that were written by the managers of refrigerator plants in sister states asking the men who are handling food commodities to have them brought into their state, coaxing them, begging them to take from this grand State of ours a business that helps vitally to bring revenue into this State. The government in its report says that only eight per cent. of the egg production in the United States are put into a cold storage plant. Just think of it; eight per cent is all of the eggs of this country that ever get into cold storage warehouse. Then why all this legislation? Why should we cause these men who have millions and millions of dollars invested in these refrigerating plants who practically would have to close their doors simply because we in the session of 1913, of which I must apologize I was a member and because we did not stop to consider that House a Progressive House, anything that looked like something new was like a "will-o-the-wisp," went through here like a shot out of a cannon, passed the Senate and was signed by the Governor. This year, this House saw fit to repeal many of those bills, even the one which is taking revenue away from the State, with the result that the Chairman of the present Appropriation Committee saw fit that this bill be repealed, that the State needed the revenue worse than the counties did. I have no doubt and I hope that when that bill comes before this House, it will pass it because we need it. I maintain that this does not correct the evil which it was intended to correct. The people in Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, New York and even from foreign countries, as the gentleman from Delaware, said, are receiving goods from China, beef from Argentine, condensed milk from Holland, but in this our glorious state, the people who are advocating the industry of the refrigerating plants have to suffer. The City of Erie the largest fresh fish port in the world, has got to suffer by this drastic legislation, and if we saw fit in our wisdom, to repeal one law against one corporation, why have we not got the same prerogative to repeal the other one if it is wrong, and take it off our Statute book. I agree with the gentleman from Philadelphia, that we should have a regulation, a modest one, but not one that is going to force everybody out of business; and if as the gentleman from Philadelphia stated in his interrogation of the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Reynolds, these breaches do not occur, and asked him for his burden of proof, then I think that the burden of proof rests upon the Commissioner of the Food and Dairy Department in not prosecuting the men who are shipping goods into this State if the law prevents it, it is to him that we look for protection and it is his duty to give it to us. I am of the opinion that this bill should be repealed, and I ask you to vote aye.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I rise here with temerity after hearing the intellectual giant from Philadelphia, but I could not sit here quietly and listen to some of the ridiculous arguments that I heard here to-night. You cannot blow hot and cold with the same breath. My friend from Pittsburgh talks about prosecuting and with the next of protecting under the law, and then asks you to repeal. I had the pleasure before I came here to be interviewed by a gentleman who is a director in this Corn Exchange National Bank and who is also a stockholder in this cold storage plant. He took advantage of the many years friendship I had with his family. He knew that I was a novitiate here in this Assembly. The longer he tarried, the more satisfied I was that he was actuated solely by selfish interests. My friend from Pittsburgh said that you would throw many men out of business. I said to him, "Isn't it a fact that your bank aids these people in the cold storage business." and he said "yes." I said, "Can you name me one instance where a man has failed in your line of business, or has failed to make good with this bank?" He said, "I cannot." He also said to me, "When your wife goes and buys cold storage eggs, she does not want to know how long those eggs were in storage.' He said that on the principle of "what you don't know, won't hurt you." But I, for one, that is going to consume that cold storage egg, would like to know how long that egg was in storage. I want to say, Mr. Speaker, the issue here is, the cold storage plant on the one side and the consumer of the Commonwealth on the other. We have heard here the word "drastic." Don't be deceived by that term. The uninitiated may swallow that term, but wherein have we been shown that this measure of 1913 is a drastic measure? What do they want? They want this bill repealed so that they can go on for two years. And what will be the result? They say that our Food and Dairy Commissioner will regulate this, but they do not tell you that this Food and Dairy Commissioner has no regard for the consumer. He has not lifted one hand to aid the consumer.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—86.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Baker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Christman,
Conner,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
McKay,
Mearkle,
Murphy,
Myers,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walton,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—81.

Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Davis,
Dell,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Herman,
Hollingsworth,
Jack,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Peters,
Reel,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Taylor,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Whitaker,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 430.

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in Philadelphia.

Senate Bill No. 507.

An Act authorizing John E. Joos a resident of the City of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 489.

An Act to authorize the City of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON SENATE BILL NO. 468.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate insist on its non-concurrence in the amendments made and insisted upon by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper offices of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the cheif probation officer and to additional probation officers

And has appointed Messrs. Vare, McNichol and Salus a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee) (already appointed) on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that we adhere to our amendments and that a committee of conference be appointed.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as the Committee of Conference, Messrs. W. H. Wilson, Roney and Whitaker.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

In the Senate, Harrisburg, April 27, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, May third, at eight o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, May third, at eight o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives.

Whereas many cities of Pennsylvania are not aware of the provisions of an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent and punish the desecration of the Flag of the United States and of this State" prohibiting the desecration of the flag of our country and of Pennsylvania therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That fifty thousand copies of said act be printed, twelve thousand copies for the use of the members of the House of Representatives eight thousand copies for the use of members of the Senate and the remainder for the use of the Society known as the Daughters of the American Revolution.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 780.

A Supplement to an act, entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs," approved the 12th day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report, the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him, making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury, proving for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controller's report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals, fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller.

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 331.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the treasury of said cities and regulating the administration and the payment of such pension

And has appointed Messrs. W. W. Smith, Jenkins and Farley and a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives, (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee) (already appointed) on the subject of the differences existing between the the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that we adhere to our amendments and that a Committee of Conference be appointed.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a Committee of Conference, Messrs. Dunn, Graham and Flynn.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DAVIS offered the following motion which was twice read and considered:

Moved by Mr. Davis, seconded by Mr. Williams, that the vote by which House Bill No. 1094, File Folio 5383, entitled:

An Act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits on page four of to-day's calendar, was defeated on final passage, be reconsidered for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The Chair declared the "noes" appeared to have it.

Whereupon, a division was called for and fifty-four voting in the affirmative and fifty-one in the negative the question was determined in the affimative and the motion agreed to.

Mr. LOVE. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. LOVE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by striking out the word "three" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "two"

Amend section 1, line 5, by inserting after the word "hundred" the words "and fifty"

Amend section 1, line 8, by inserting after the word "funds" the words "on time deposit"

Amend section 1, line 9, by striking out the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "such surplus"

Amend section 1, line 9, by striking out the words "of such county"

Amend section 1, by adding at the end thereof the following:

"The county funds deemed necessary to meet current expenses shall be deposited as a checking account fund in such bank or banks as will pay interest thereon."

Amend section 2, line 3, by striking out the words "for bids"

Amend section 2, line 4, by inserting after the word "county" the words "asking for bids of interest to be paid on such respective funds"

Amend section 2, lines 4, 5 and 6, by striking out the words "designating whether such funds shall be deposited on checking account or on time deposit"

Amend section 2, line9, by inserting after the word "contract" the words "or contracts"

Amend section 2, line 11, by striking out the words "such funds" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "each respective fund"

Amend section 2, line 23, by striking out the word "money" and insert in lieu thereof, the word, "bond"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there an objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Flynn and Mr. Trach.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. PERRY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The SPEAKER. The motion asking for the yeas and nays is the only question in order.

The yeas and nays were as follows:

YEAS—70.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Diefenderfer,
Dunn,
Eby,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gans,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Gransback.
Heffernan,
Hollingsworth,
Jack,
Kuhn,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lipschutz.
Love,
Luppert,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McKay,
Neville,
Oaks,
Perry,
Reel,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Showalter,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Stein,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—57.

Becker,
Benn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Christman,
Dawson,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Flynn,
Garner,
Geary,
Goodnough,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Smith, J. W.,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Young,

Mr. BECK. Mr. Speaker, not being in the House when my name was called, I desire to be recorded as voting aye.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I object.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objection.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ascertain why the objections were offered to that vote and would like to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would state that the gentleman has a perfect right to offer objection, insomuch as the gentleman from Franklin notified the House that he was not in the House when his name was called. Under the rules all members must be within the bar of the House when their names are called.

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the bill as amended was agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10:55 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28, 1915. No. 50.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor, Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain (Rev. Thomas W. Davis) offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this charming and beautiful morning, for the great opportunities of life and for its corresponding responsibilities. So guide us from day to day that me may look after our physical, mental, moral and religious condition, and so guide our lives that we may remember these laws, that whatsoever a man soweth that shall he also reap. Grant that we may live from day to day so as to bring out from ourselves the largest and best possibilities for our own growth and for the helpfulness that we can give to our fellowmen. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. GYGER, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING MEMORIAL TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. HOKE presented six petitions of citizens of Franklin County, favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WASBERS presented three petitions of citizens of York County, favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING MEMORIAL TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. HOKE presented four petitions of citizens of Franklin County, favoring the erection of a memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. JENKINS presented two petitions of citizens of Philadelphia, favoring the erection of a memorial to the public schools and the founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. HOKE presented six petitions of citizens of Franklin County. favoring the passage of County Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WASBERS presented a petition of citizens of York County, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL NO. 255.

Mr. HOKE presented petition of citizens of Franklin County, favoring the passage of Senate Bill No. 255.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WARNER presented petition of citizens of Wayne County, favoring the passage of Senate Bill No. 255.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. JENKINS presented three petitions of citizens of Philadelphia, favoring the passage of Senate Bill No. 255.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of citizens of Beaver County, favoring the passage of Senate Bill No. 255.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 730.

Mr. WARNER presented petition of citizens of Monroe County, favoring amendments to House Bill No. 730.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

AGAINST DECREASE IN STATE COLLEGE APPROPRIATION.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of citizens of York County, protesting against the decrease in the State College appropriation.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1074, entitled:

An Act to repeal section 4, of an act, entitled, "An Act to amend the charter of the borough of Catasauqua," approved the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one (Pamphlet Laws, one hundred and ninety-five).

Which was committed to the Committee on Library.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1075, entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for and regulating a commission to consider the practicability of establishing a brick manufacturing plant at the new Penitentiary, and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SALUS from the Committee on Judiciary General re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 718 (House Bill No. 962), entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions.

Mr. TOMPKINS from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 660, entitled:

An Act amending the first paragraph of the fourth section of the act approved the 28th day of April, 1899, entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class.

Mr. MAGEE from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 658, entitled:

An Act relating to the guardianship of minor children; making father and mother joint guardians of minor children; providing for the custody of the person and estate of minor children upon the death of either parent, and giving father and mother equal rights in the appointment of testamentary guardians.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1036 (House Bill No. 1334), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING AND DIRECTING THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, AUDITOR GENERAL AND STATE TREASURER, FOR AND IN BEHALF OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA TO COMPROMISE AND SETTLE ALL AND CERTAIN THAT LITIGATION PENDING IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY AT NO. 275 OF JUNE TERM, 1910, WHEREIN THE HARMONY SOCIETY ET AL ARE DEFENDANTS, TOGETHER WITH ANY AND ALL CLAIMS HOWSOEVER AFFECTING THE PROPERTY AND ASSETS LATE OF SAID SOCIETY.

Mr. CROW (at the request of Mr. Sproul), offered the fololwing resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Finance.

In the Senate, April 28, 1915.

Whereas, at No. 275 of June Term, 1910, the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, did, on the suggestion of the Commonwealth at the relation of the then Attorney General, Honorable M. Hampton Todd, issue its writs of quo warranto directed to the late religious society known as the Harmony Society, Susie C. Duss, its last elected trustee, John S. Duss, de facto trustee, and the said Susie C. Duss, John S. Duss and Franz Gillman, individually, and did cause said writ to be served on the Beaver County Land Company, the Liberty Land Company and the Commonwealth Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee;

And Whereas, answers have been filed by several of the said defendents and a replication has been filed by the Commonwealth;

And Whereas, by the said pleadings it appears that it is alleged by the Commonwealth that the said Harmony Society was a religious society organized in the year 1805, and which acquired property in Beaver county in the years 1824 and 1825 and at other times thereafter, which property was held for religious uses; and that said society at different times conveyed its real property to The Union Company, the Beaver County Land Company and thousands of different persons, and that said real property was situate not only in Beaver county but in Allegheny county, Butler county and Warren county and other counties of this Commonwealth; that the said The Union Company had conveyed some twenty-five hundred acres of land formerly occupied by said society to the Liberty Land Company in consideration of the delivery of twenty-five hundred Liberty Land Company's Purchase Money Mortgage Bonds, of the par value of $1,000.00 each, that the said society had been dissolved and ceased to exist, and that its assets had been in fact illegally distributed among the members of said society and others, and that of right all the property of said society real or personal, on its dissolution or ceasing to exist had vested in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania;

And Whereas, it was alleged by certain of the defendents that said society was not a religoius society but a trading or business association and did not hold any of its property, real or personal, for religious or charitable uses or purposes; and that its members had at any time the right to dissolve the said society and divide the effects among themselves, and that they had so done;

And Whereas, it appears that the pendency of the said litigation directly or indirectly affects or has tendency to cast a cloud on many titles to real estate in Beaver county and other counties of this Commonwealth wherever said society at any time since 1805 owned and conveyed real property, and said litigation has a tendency to embarass thousands of owners of small homes in mortgaging or conveying the same;

And Whereas, it appears that of the purchase money bonds of said Liberty Land Company issued as aforesaid, only ten hundred and seventy-six (1076) remain outstanding, the residue having been cancelled or retired; and that of the said outstanding bonds one hundred and ninety-two (192) are owned by innocent third parties, at no time members of said society, and that except as to sixty-seven (67) of said bonds, former members of said society have pledged all of said bonds owned by them to secure certain indebtedness of themselves or of said society, aggregating two hundred and fifty thousand ($250,000.00) dollars, and that the interest coupons on said bonds have not been paid for the past six years;

And, Whereas, It appears that the stock of said Beaver County Land Company is owned by former members of said society except as to some two (2) shares thereof, and that said stock has been pledged to secure said indebtedness of two hundred and fifty thousand ($250,000.00) dollars, or a portion thereof, and that said Beaver County Land Company is seized in fee, as appears by the recorded instruments, of about five acres, more or less, of land situate in the former village of Economy, Pennsylvania, now the Borough of Ambridge, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and also of certain scattered lots located in the City of Beaver Falls and the adjacent territory in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, the whole of which is real estate of said Beaver County Land Company and assessed in 1915, for the purpose of local taxation at an amount not exceeding Ninety-seven thousand two hundred and forty-four ($97,244.00) dollars; and that said corporation owes debts exceeding one hundred seventy thousand ($170,000.00) dollars;

And, Whereas, counsel representing the Commonwealth and the defendants, after many conferences and consideration of the matter involved, have agreed upon terms of settlement and compromise of said litigation in nowise prejudicing the positions assumed by the defendants in said pleading and not intended by them to recognize or admit any right of the Commonwealth, but only to put an end to protracted litigation and quiet title to real and personal property wherever situate that was at any time held by or for said society. By said agreement it is proposed to convey in fee simple absolutely to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania those two certain parcels of land both situate in the Fourth Ward of the Borough of Ambridge, County of Beaver, and Commonwealth aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

(1)—All that certain parcel commonly known as the "Great House Block," bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner of the within-described parcel (said corner being a point formed by the intersection of the south line of Fourteenth Street with the west line of Church Street); thence along the west line of Church Street S. O. degrees, 29 degrees East, Three hundred and ninety-seven hundredths (300.97) feet to a point at the corner of Church and Thirteenth Streets; thence along the north line of Thirteenth Street S. 88 degrees 54 degrees West, Three hundred ninety-eight and eighty-five hundredths (398.85) feet to a point at the corner of Thirteenth Street and Ohioview Avenue; thence along the east line of Ohioview Avenue, N. degrees, 41 minutes 38 seconds W., Three hundred one and ninety-three hundredths (301.93) feet to a point at the corner of Ohioview Avenue; thence along the south line of Fourteenth Street N. 89 degrees 02 minutes 30 seconds E., Three hundred ninety-nine and ninety-six hundredths (399.96) feet to a point at the place of beginning.

(2)—All that certain parcel, being part of the block commonly known as the "Music Hall" block, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said block, being the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly line of Fourteenth Street with the easterly line of Ohioview Avenue; thence by said northerly line of Fourteenth Street N. 8 degrees 02 minutes 30 seconds E., Four hundred and eighteenth hundredths (400.18) feet to a point at corner of Church and Fourteenth Streets; thence by Church cellars and buildings connected therewith of the said society, in which have been stored certain furnishings and supplies that were of said society, which said buildings on said portion, the possession of which is intended to be reserved for the said period, are erected upon all that certain parcel, piece or lot of land in the Fourth Ward of the Borough of Ambridge, being part of the block commonly known as the "Music Hall" Block, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at the southeast corner of the within described parcel—(said corner being a point formed by the intersection of the west line of Church Street with the north line of Fourteenth Street); thence along the north line of Fourteenth Street S. 89 degrees 02′ 30″ W. two hundred forty (240) feet to a point; thence at right angles to Fourteenth Street, N. 0 degrees 57″ 30″ W., one hundred eighty-four (184) feet to a point; thence N. 89 degrees 06′ 30″ E., two hundred forty-one and fifty-one hundredths (241.51) feet to a point in the west line of Church Street; thence by said west line S., 0 degrees 29′ E., one hundred eighty-three and seventy-one hundredths (183.71) feet to a point, at the place of beginning.

And by said agreement it is further proposed to pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000.00) dollars cash forthwith upon the conclusion of the proposed settlement and the entry of the judgment and order or decree hereinafter mentioned, and to pay the record costs of said proceeding.

And Whereas, In the opinion of the Attorney General, the Auditor General, the State Treasurer, and of the Counsel for the Commonwealth in said litigation, it is for the best interest of the Commonwealth, both in its corporate capacity and as custodian of the welfare of its citizens, that said settlement should be made and that the title to all of said real and personal property that was of said society should be quieted and settled insofar as relates to the said claim of the Commonwealth;

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Attorney General, the Auditor General and the State Treasurer be and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to make said settlement and compromise in the name and on behalf of the Commonwealth, and to receive for the Commonwealth the deed for said described property with the reservation of possession as aforesaid as to a portion thereof; and to receive for the Commonwealth the said sum of money; and thereupon there is hereby released to the said defendants, or parties upon which said writ was served, and to each and every of them, their heirs, grantees and assigns, all the real and personal property that was of the Harmony Society, at any time, and not included in the property conveyed to the Commonwealth under the terms of such settlement, and the said Attorney General, Auditor General and State Treasurer are authorized to apply to the court of common pleas of Beaver county to have entered in said litigation such judgment, order and decree as will effectually conclude all litigation, and forever extinguish any and all title or claim which might or could be asserted by or through the Commonwealth, except tax claims, if any, against all the property, real or personal, of said society held by the parties to said suit or served with said writ or by any person holding, through or under them, or said society.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 245.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the report of the Committee of Conference on Senate Bill No. 245, as follows:

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering Senate Bill No. 245, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas, approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city, borough, county, township, school, district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of," beg leave to submit the following amended bill as our report:

EDWARD W. PATTON,
WILLIAM W. SMITH,
RICHARD V. FARLEY,
Committee on the part of the Senate.
EPHRAIM LIPSCHUTZ,
FREDERICK BEYER,
NELSON McVICAR,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within which such property is situated and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law and acted on the said assessments and valuations a petition signed by him his agent or attorney setting forth the facts of the case and thereupon the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal and the proofs in the case and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct Provided however That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property (or any other owner of real estate) within the limits of the city borough county township entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of and also the city borough county township school district or other public corporation itself may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within which such property is situated and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law and acted on the said assessments and valuations a petition signed by him his agent or attorney setting forth the facts of the case and thereupon the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal and the proofs in the case and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct Provided however That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley.
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A..
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 347, as follows:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all policies of life insurance or annuities upon the life of any person which have heretofore or which shall be hereafter taken out for the benefit of or assigned to the wife or children or any other relative dependent upon such person shall be exempt from all claims of the creditors of such insured person notwithstanding the right to change the beneficiary named has been reserved by the insured or is permitted by the insurer

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And said amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix.
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz.
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 452, as follows:

A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever at any primary election any candidate for nomination for the office of Mayor in any city of the third class shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary and greater than one-half the number of ballots cast in said city in which the nomination is to be made such candidate shall the the sole nominee for such office at the succeeding election and his name and none other shall be printed as candidate for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election

Section 2 That whenever at any primary election any candidate for nomination for the office of city councilman in any city of the third class shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half the number of official ballots cast by electors for nominations for said office at such primary in said city in which the nominations are to be made the name of such candidate receiving a vote greater than one-half the number of ballots as aforesaid shall be printed on the official ballot at the head of the group of candidates for election to such office at the succeeding election and unless at such succeeding election a person voted for for election to said office who has not been nominated therefor as provided by law and whose name does not appear in print on the official ballot received more votes for said office than the number cast at said election for the election of said candidate nominated at the primary such candidate nominated at the primary whose name is printed on the official ballot at the head of the group of candidates as herein provided for shall be considered as elected to said office of city councilman

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And said amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 750, as follows:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment of a commission to consider the revision and amendment of the laws of the State penal and otherwise in reference to juvenile offenders juvenile courts and all offences or crimes committed by minors and the punishment thereof and to make a report on the same and making an appropriation to the expenses of said commission

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint a commission of seven citizens two of whom shall be members of the State Senate two of whom shall be members of the House of Representatives one of whom shall be a member of the State Board of Public Charities and one of whom shall be learned in the law who shall serve without compensation but who shall be allowed all expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties It shall be the duty of the commission to make a complete investigation of the laws of the Commonwealth both penal and otherwise relating to all juvenile offenders including the procedure and method of carrying out the laws by the juvenile courts and including the question of care education and support of delinquent and dependent children and the administration of all laws relating thereto and shall revise and codify the same

Section 2 The commission shall name its own chairman and secretary and it shall have power to employ such legal counsel and other officers and employes as it may deem necessary to properly perform its duties The salaries of any persons employed by the commission shall be fixed by it

Section 3 Said commission shall make a full report in writing of its findings together with such recommendations as it may deem proper to the next meeting of the General Assembly which will convene in January one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 4 The sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated for the expenses of the said commission and for the purpose of carrying out the purposes of this act Payment of moneys hereby appropriated shall be made on the order of the chairman of the commission countersigned by the secretary and on the warrant of the Auditor General

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 861, as follows:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to article IX of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the XVIII article thereof

Section XVI The State or any municipality thereof acquiring or appropriating property or rights over or in property for public use may in furtherance of its plans for the acquisition and public use of such property or rights and subject to such restrictions as the Legislature may from time to time impose appropriate an excess of property over that actually to be occupied or used for public use and may thereafter sell or lease such excess and impose on the property so sold or leased any restrictions appropriate to preserve or enhance the benefit to the public of the property actually occupied or used

And the amendments made thereto having ben printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine and linseed oil or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time,
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 360 (House Bill No. 304), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 367, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for its maintenance and support for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the erection and completion of burnt ward finishing Nurses' Home garage and furnishing and equipping same pathological laboratory drug-room and superintendent's home furniture furnishings repairs and improvements of the above and providing the manner of payment of said appopriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighty-five thousand dollars ($85,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situated in the Township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes

For maintenance for two years begining June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen seventy thousand dollars ($70,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Said appropriation to be paid monthly on the warrant of the Auditor General on settlement made by him and the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn until the trustees of said institution shall have made under oath to the Auditor General a report containing specifically itemized statement of all expenditures for said maintenance during the previous month and the same is approved by him and the State Treasurer nor until the State Treasurer shall have sufficient funds in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay monthly installments due said institution

For improvements to grounds and sewer changing ward bath tubs and dispensary furnishing and equipping same five hundred dollars ($500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For burnt ward furnishing and equipping seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For finishing nurses' home garage and furnishing and equipping same three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For pathological laboratory and drug-room furnishing and equipping same one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary For superintendent's home building and equipping the same three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

This amount to be drawn from the State Treasury as may be required by said hospital on warrant drawn by the Auditor General and countersigned by the State Treasurer

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart.
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 384, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the People's Cooperative Hospital located at Sayre Bradford county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills.
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones.
Sproul,
Stewart.
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 480, entitled:

An Act to prevent fraud and deceit in the sale of fruits vegetables seeds plants scions and trees

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
Mills,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,

Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 531, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or poltical names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" insofar as it relates to judges of courts of record

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" is hereby repealed insofar as it relates to judges of courts of record

Section 2 This act shall take effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Salus,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,

NAYS—18.

DeWitt,
Farley,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.
Moore,
Phipps,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Warner,
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 544, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for erecting certain bridges

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 645 (House No. 684), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their power and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of afficial stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred seventy-four repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred seventh-six and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State" approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 774 (House Bill No. 886), as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Section 1 of an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes **The manner of** appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations coordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April **twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as** follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Chief Executive shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women residents of each county desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act to act as trustees in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payment as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Governor shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women whose terms of office shall expire May thirty-first three to serve for two years and two or four to serve for one year residents of each county desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act to act as trustees in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payments as approved by the Trustees to women who have children under sixteen years of age and whose husbands are dead or permanently confined in institutions for the insane when such women are of good repute but poor and dependent on their own efforts for support as aid in supporting their children in their own homes such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the Trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments shall continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship The Governor shall also appoint a woman qualified by her training and experience to act as State Supervisor over the boards of the different counties Said Supervisor shall furthermore act as general field organizer and she shall be on the staff of the State Board of Education The Supervisor may with the approval of the Governor appoint a clerk who shall receive an annual salary not exceeding twelve hundred dollars The term of office of said Supervisor shall be two years and her annual salary shall not exceed $2,400 and the necessary traveling and office expenses

Section 2 That Section two of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows:

"Section 2 The administration of this act shall lie solely in the hands of the trustees appointed annually by the Governor They shall serve without pay but shall be permitted to charge for traveling expenses in making investigations of cases before a final recommendation is made to the Auditor General and county treasurer The trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint an investigator and stenographer (if necessary) also suitable furnishings stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expense be more than three thousand dollars for counties with cities of the first class twenty-four hundred dollars for counties with cities of the second class eighteen hundred dollars for counties with cities of the third class and twelve hundred dollars for counties other than the aforesaid classes with the exception of the first year when the trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of two hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to their respective population in the census of one thousand nine hundred and ten by the Auditor General and State Treasurer upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the trustees one half of which amount shall be available the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation may become available Provided however That no county through their trustees or otherwise shall receive their allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government of such county desiring the benefits under this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2 The State Supervisor and general field Organizer of the county boards shall formulate and issue to the various boards rules of procedure under the general law by which they shall be governed to the end that uniformity of interpretation and practice shall obtain throughout the State and to attain this end she shall visit not less than twice each year for conference and counsel each county board organized under this act she shall supervise and inspect and report annually to the State Board of Education on the work of the county boards especially as to the educational conditions and progress of the assisted families She shall as general field Organizer visit the officer of those counties who do not avail themselves in behalf of their counties of the funds appropriated under this act for the purpose of explaining the provisions of this act to those concerned in counties which have not taken advantage of the act and assist the county commissioners upon the acceptance by them of the provisions of this act in the organization of Mothers Assistance Boards But the administration of this act within the counties shall be solely in the hands of the Trustees appointed biennally by the Governor subject to the rules formulated and issued by the State Supervisor The Trustees shall serve without pay but shall be permitted to charge for expenses incurred directly in the administration of this act The Trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint competent investigators and clerical assistants as necessary and provide suitable furnishings stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expenses of administration in any county exceed ten per cent of the appropriation of such county for that year (with the exception of the first year when the Trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars) if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of eight hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to the following classification:

First class—Counties with a population of more than one million shall each receive equal parts of thirty per cent of the entire appropriation

Second class—Counties with a population of more than two hundred thousand and less than one million shall receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire appropriation

Third class—Counties with a population of more than one hundred thousand and less than two hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of thirty per centum of the entire appropriation

Fourth class—Counties with a population of more than fifty thousand and less than one hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire population

Fifth class—Counties with a population of more than twenty-five thousand and less than fifty thousand shall each receive equal parts of seven per centum of the entire appropriation

Sixth class—Counties with a population of less than twenty-five thousand shall receive equal parts of three per centum of the entire appropriation

Upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the trustees one-half of which amount shall be available for the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation may become available provided however that no county through its trustees or otherwise shall receive its allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government of such county desiring the benefits under this act within a period of one year after passage and approval of this bill All of the funds so appropriated to various counties which have not availed themselves of the provisions of this act remaining at the expiration of said time shall revert to a fund which shall be available for further division among the counties that have already availed themselves of the provisions of the act providing however that the second allotment to any county does not exceed twenty-five per centum of the first amount appropriated to the county and that the government of said county appropriates an equal amount as in the first instance

Section 3 That section three of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment to any widow or abandoned mother until they are thoroughly satisfied that the recipient is worthy in every way and that in order to keep her children in her own home a monthly payment is necessary but then only upon satisfactory reports from a teacher in the district school stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined total maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment until they are satisfied that the recipient has proved her character and ability and that for decent maintenance of her children in her own home monthly payments are necessary but then only upon satisfactory report from a teacher in a school in which child or children are enrolled stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments may continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship.

Section 4 That section four of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided One copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be kept as a record in the juvenile court and in counties where no such court exists the records shall be kept on file in the orphans court and one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by at least a majority of the trustees" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided one copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be forwarded to the State Board of Education one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by at least a majority of the trustees

Section 5 That section five of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 5 No family shall be a beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for the benefits under this act for a period of three years" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 In order to prevent the alienation of citizenship of those who receive the benefits of this act no family shall be a beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for such benefits for a period of three years

And said bill having been read at length the third time. and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I desire to say that this is the bill known as the Mother's Pension Bill and as it is now drawn and on the calendar it is satisfactory to all the people connected with this business all over the State.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline.
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 826 (House No. 760), entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtednss thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, as a matter of information for the members of the Senate, I desire to say that this bill is framed particularly to take care of a very small portion at the southeastern end of Montgomery County, a territory of two hundred acres, and which only concerns twenty-five residents. These voters are isolated from Cheltenham Township and have to travel about a mile and three-quarters to their polling place. It will not be authenticated until approved by the courts of Montgomery County and I would like to have an affirmative vote.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin.
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Jenkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 841, on third reading, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers and providing penalties for the violation thereof

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 858, as follows:

An Act to amend sections three eight and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all cities and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eights of an inch apart equal in number to the number of candidates for whom an elector would be entitled to vote for such office at the ensuing election

"On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words official non-partisan primary ballot and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the fac simile signatures of the county commissioners of the county The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of districts offices or candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of the candidates shall appear on the official non-partisan primary ballots in alphabetical order under the respective offices opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

"The voter may designate his choice as indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth He may vote for no greater number of persons for nomination to any office than the number for which he could vote at the succeeding election for the same office If he shall vote for a greater number of persons for nomination to any office than he would have a right to vote for at the ensuing election for the same office or if for any reason it be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart equal in number to the number of candidates for whom an elector would be entitled to vote for such office at the ensuing election

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words official non-partisan primary ballot and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the fac simile signatures of the county commissioners of the county The ballots shall vary in form only as the names of district offices or candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of the candidates shall appear on the official non-partisan primary ballots in alphabetical order under the respective offices Opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

If two or more candidates for the same office shall have the same surname or similar surnames the county commissioners shall upon the request of any of said candidates filed in writing not later than five days after the last day for filing nomination petitions print the occupation of any such candidate so filing a request on the ballot opposite or under his name

The voter may designate his choice as indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth He may vote for no greater number of persons for nomination to any office than the number for which he could vote at the succeeding election for the same office If he shall vote for a greater number of persons for nomination to any office than he would have a right to vote for at the ensuing election for the same office or if for any reason it be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice

Section 2 That section eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 The county commissioners shall have on file in their office on and after the Wednesday preceding the primary open to public inspection forms of the non-partisan primary ballots with the names and such notations respecting residence as may be required by the provisions of this act printed thereon which shall be used in each election district within such county" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 8 The county commissioners shall have on file in their office on and after the Wednesday preceding the primary open to public inspection forms of the non-partisan primary ballots with the names and such notations respecting residence and occupation as may be required by the provisions of this act printed thereon which shall be used in each election distirct within such county

Section 3 That section sixteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 16 At the head of every official ballot furnished for an election at which any candidate for any office within the provisions of this act is to be voted for there shall be printed immediately after the instructions now by law required to be printed thereon the following additional instructions in the same style and size of type to wit A cross (X) in the party square in the first column does not carry a vote for any judge or for (here insert names of any other offices for which candidates have been nominated under the provisions of this act) to vote for judge or any city office mark a cross (X) opposite the name of the candidate desired

The group of candidates for the offices or the several offices within the provisions of this act shall be printed on the ballot at the head of the second column shall be enclosed in a solid border not less than one-sixteenth of an inch in width and shall be headed with the following words printed in bold-face type not less than sixteen point in size Judicial and city ticket-nonpartisan Said instructions shall vary as the names of the offices to be filled may require

The names of the candidates nominated as provided by this act shall be printed on the ballot in alphabetical order under the title of the respective offices and without any party name or appellation and the names of no other candidates for such offices shall be printed on said ballots At the right of the name of each candidate shall be a square for the insertion of a cross mark and following the list of candidates for each different office to be filled (or under the name of the office itself if there are no candidates) shall be left blank spaces—all as required by law" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 16 At the head of every official ballot furnished for an election at which any candidate for any office within the provisions of this act is to be voted for there shall be printed immediately after the instructions now by law required to be printed thereon the following additional instructions in the same style and size of type to-wit A cross (X) in the party square in the first column does not carry a vote for any judge or for (here insert names of any other offices for which candidates have been nominated under the provisions of this act) To vote for judge or any city office mark a cross (X) opposite the name of the candidate desired

The group of candidates for the office or the several offices within the provisions of this act shall be printed on the ballot at the head of the second column shall be enclosed in a solid border not less than one-sixteenth of an inch in width and shall be headed with the following words printed in bold-face type not less than sixteen point in size judicial and city ticket—non-partisan Said instructions shall vary as the names of the offices to be filled may require

The names of the candidates nominated as provided by this act shall be printed on the ballot in alphabetical order under the titles of the respective offices and without any party name or appellation and the names of no other candidates for such offices shall be printed on said ballots If two or more candidates for the same office shall have the same surname or similar surnames the county commissioners shall upon the request of any of said candidates filed in writing not later than twenty days prior to the election print the occupation of any such candidate so filing a request on the ballot opposite or under his name At the right of the name of each candidate shall be a square for the insertion of a cross mark and following the list of candidates for each different office to be filled (or under the name of the office itself if there are no candidates) shall be left blank spaces—all as required by law

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,	Hoke,	McKee, W. S.	Semmens,
Buckman,	Homsher,	McNichol,	Sensenich,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,
Croft,	Kline,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Moore,	Sones,
Daix,	Lynch,	Patton,	Sproul,
Endsley,	**Magee, C. J.,**	Phipps,	Thompson,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Salus,	Vare,
Graff,	McConnell,	Schantz,	Wasbers,
Hackett,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 886.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President. I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 774 (House Bill No. 886) on page 4 of today's calendar, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I would like to have an explanation as to why the motion is made for a reconsideration of the vote. The bill has been in the House for the last four months and in this Senate for the last two weeks and I would like to know the reason for this motion to reconsider the vote.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, the reason is this: This bill carries with it an appropriation of eight hundred thousand dollars. It has never been in the Appropriation Committee of the House or the Appropriation Committee of the Senate. I had been watching for it for a long time, but the title does no contain any reference to an appropriation. When the bill was called I went to the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Patton, and asked him if it carried an appropriation and he stated that it did not. Upon looking at it I find that it does and I therefore have made this motion to reconsider in order that I might follow that up by a motion to recommit to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I am satisfied.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 894 (House No. 1147), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the associate judges not learned in the law of the courts of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul.
Stewart.
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 707 (House Bill No. 961), on page 8 of today's calendar, bill on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities of persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 707 (House Bill No. 961), entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 913, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor to appoint a commission of seven persons to purchase the site of Fort Augusta erected in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifty-six and now located in the borough of Sunbury Northumberland county and making an appropriation therefor and for the maintenance of said fort

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul.
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 936, as follows:

An Act authorizing township school districts which entirely surround a city or borough to acquire in such city or borough lands and to erect thereon buildings for high school purposes and exempting property so acquired from taxation by such city borough or school district thereof and authorizing such township school directors to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground for such high school purposes and providing for the determination of damages done and suffered by the owners of the land by reason of the taking thereof for such high school purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where a township school district entirely surrounds a city or borough in shall be lawful for such school district to acquire in such city or borough sufficient lands for high-school purposes and to erect thereon suitable buildings for the same

Section 2 That all lands and property acquired by any township school district in any such city or borough under the provisions of this act shall be exempt from taxation by such city borough or school district thereof for any purposes whatsoever

Section 3 That whenever the board of directors of any such township school district in this Commonwealth shall be unable to procure in such city or borough such eligible sites for the erection of high-school houses thereon as they may deem expedient it shall and may be lawful for the school directors of said township school district in behalf of the said township school district to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground in said city or borough for the purpose which the said township school directors shall designate and mark off not exceeding in any case one acre and to use and occupy the same for the purpose of erecting thereon a high-school house with its necessary or convenient appurtenances and for all damages done and suffered or which shall accrue to the owner or owners of such land by reason of the taking of the same for the purposes aforesaid the funds of the township school district which may be raised by taxation shall be pledged and deemed as security and it shall and may be lawful for the court of common pleas of the proper county on application thereto by petition either by the said school district township through the president and secretary of the board of directors or by the owner or owners of said land or any of them in behalf of all to appoint a jury of viewers consisting of three discreet and disinterested citizens of said county who shall not be the owners of property or residents in the township school district city or borough in which such land is taken as aforesaid and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter for said viewers to meet upon said land of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petitioners to the said viewers and the other party and the said viewers or any of them having been first duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them and having viewed the premises they shall establish and determine the quantity and value of said land so taken to be used for the purpose aforesaid and after having made a fair and just computation of the advantages and disadvantages they shall estimate and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained and to whom payable and make report thereof to said court and if damages be awarded and the report be confirmed by the said court judgment shall be entered thereon and if amount thereof be not paid within thirty days after the entry of said judgment execution to enforce the collection thereof may be issued as in other cases of judgment against said township school districts and each viewer shall be entitled to one dollar and fifty cents per day for every day necessarily employed in the performance of the duties herein prescribed to be paid by such district Provided That either party shall have the right to have re-viewers appointed by said court And provided further That said school directors are not authorized by this act to take land already appropriated for important public purposes nor any burial-ground or any land belonging to any incorporated institution of learning incorporated hospital association or unincorporated church incorporated or unincorporated religious association which land is actually used or held for the purpose for which such burial-ground institution of learning hospital association church or religious association was established and actually required for important public purposes

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul.
Stewart,
Thompson,
Vare,
Warner,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 972, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one which reads as follows

"Section 4 Upon presentation of said report to the said court if the court shall approve of the same it shall be confirmed nisi and after such confirmation the said report shall immediately be presented to the grand jury and if it shall appear to them that the erection of the said bridge or culvert is necessary for the accommodation and convenience of public travel they shall approve the same and after such approval the said report shall at once be presented to the county commissioners who shall within thirty days thereafter either approve or disapprove the same and if said report shall be approved by them and if no exceptions be filed thereto within ten days after its approval by the county commissioners the confirmation of the said court shall be made absolute and the county commissioners shall record the same as a county bridge or culvert and shall at once without any unnecessary delay proceed to construct said bridge or culvert with the necessary approaches in the same manner as other county bridges are now by law erected and after its construction they shall maintain and keep the same in good repair at the expense of said county Provided That if the said cities and boroughs separated as aforesaid are situate in different counties bridges or culverts joining them shall be authorized in the manner provided in this act except that the court of quarter sessions of each county shall appoint three viewers and that a report as aforesaid shall be made to the said courts respectively and the said courts shall together with the grand juries and commissioners of the respective counties in all other respects have and exercise a concurrent jurisdiction and discretion therein Provided further That whenever it may be necessary in the erection of said bridge or either of the approaches thereto to cross the tracks of any steam power railroad said approach or approaches shall not cross the same at grade but at an elevation of not less than twenty feet over said track or tracks" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

"Section 4 Upon presentation of said report to the said court if the court shall approve of the same it shall be confirmed nisi and after such confirmation the said report shall immediately be presented to the grand jury and if it shall appear to them that the erection of the said bridge or culvert is necessary for the accommodation and convenience of public travel they shall approve the same and after such approval the said report shall at once be presented to the county commissioners who shall within thirty days thereafter either approve or disapprove the same and if the said report shall be approved by them and if no exceptions be filed thereto within ten days after its approval by the county commissioners confirmation of the said court shall be made absolute and the county commissioners shall record the same as a county bridge or culvert and shall at once without any unnecessary delay proceed to construct said bridge or culvert with the necessary approaches in the same manner as other county bridges are now by law erected and after its construction they shall maintain and keep the same in good repair at the expense of said county But should the said county commissioners for a period of two years after presentation of said report to them following the confirmation nisi by the court and the approval thereof by the grand jury neglect or refuse to approve or disapprove said report then it shall be the duty of the said court on application by any of the original petitioners for said bridge or culvert after due notice to the county commissioners if no sufficient cause be shown to the contrary to order the confirmation of said report to be made absolute and to direct that the same shall be recorded as a county bridge or culvert with all rights and remedies for its construction as now provided by existing law Provided That if the said cities and boroughs separated as aforesaid are situated in different counties bridges or culverts joining them shall be authorized in the manner provided in this act except that the court of quarter sessions of each county shall appoint three viewers and that a report as aforesaid shall be made to the said courts respectively and the said courts shall together with the grand juries and commissioners of the respective counties in all other respects have and exercise a concurrent jurisdiction and discretion therein Provided further That whenever it may be necessary in the erection of said bridge or either of the approaches thereto to cross the tracks of any steam power railroad said approach or approaches shall not cross the same at grade but at an elevation of not less than twenty feet over said track or tracks"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered. That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 982, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children Pittsburgh

And said bill having been read at length the third time. and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered. That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 986, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations

And said bill having been read at length the third time. and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—1.

Jenkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 988, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home at Bellevue in the county of Allegheny

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 991 (House Bill No. 610), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" which reads as follows

"Section 6 Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel the bushel of such commodity shall consist of the respective number of pounds herein set forth namely

Alfalfa seed sixty pounds
Apples fifty pounds
Apples dried twenty-five pounds
Barley forty-seven pounds
Beans dried sixty pounds
Beans castor (shelled) forty-six pounds
Beets sixty pounds
Blue-grass seed fourteen pounds
Bran twenty pounds
Broom-corn seed fifty pounds
Buckwheat forty-eight pounds
Cabbage fifty pounds
Carrots fifty pounds
Cement one hundred pounds
Charcoal twenty pounds
Cherries with stems fifty-six pounds
Cherries stemmed sixty-four pounds
Chestnuts hulled fifty pounds
Clover seed sixty pounds
Coal anthracite seventy-five pounds
Coal bituminous seventy-six pounds
Coal stone eighty pounds
Coke forty pounds
Corn shelled fifty-six pounds
Corn ear (husked) seventy pounds
Corn meal fifty pounds
Cranberries forty pounds
Cucumbers fifty pounds
Currants forty pounds
Flaxseed fifty-six pounds
Gooseberries forty pounds
Grapes forty-eight pounds
Hair (plastering) eight pounds
Hemp seed forty-four pounds
Herd's-grass forty-five pounds
Hickory-nuts fifty pounds
Hominy sixty pounds
Horse-radish fifty pounds

Hungarian grass seed fifty pounds
Kaffir corn fifty-six pounds
Lentils sixty pounds
Lime seventy pounds
Linseed fifty-six pounds
Malt thirty-eight pounds
Millet fifty pounds
Oats thirty-two pounds
Onions fifty pounds
Onion sets twenty-eight pounds
Orchard grass seed fourteen pounds
Parsnips fifty pounds
Peaches forty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (peeled) thirty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (unpeeled) thirty-three pounds
Peanuts twenty-two pounds
Pears fifty pounds
Peas green (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Peas dried sixty pounds
Plums sixty-four pounds
Popcorn (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Potatoes sixty pounds
Potatoes (sweet) fifty-four pounds
Quinces forty-eight pounds
Rape seed fifty pounds
Raspberries forty-eight pounds
Redtop grass seed fourteen pounds
Rice rough forty-five pounds
Rutabagas sixty pounds
Rye fifty-six pounds
Rye meal fifty pounds
Salt (coarse) eighty-five pounds
Salt (ground) sixty-two pounds
Sand one hundred pounds
Shorts twenty pounds
Sorghum seed fifty pounds
Spelt forty pounds
Strawberries forty-eight pounds
Timothy-grass seed forty-five pounds
Tomatoes sixty pounds
Turnips sixty pounds
Walnuts (common) fifty pounds
Wheat sixty pounds" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel the bushel shall consist of the number of pounds herein stated and whenever sold in the sub-divisions of the bushel the number of pounds shall consist of the fractional part of the number of pounds as are herein set forth for the bushel namely

Alfalfa seed sixty pounds
Apples forty-five pounds
Apples dried twenty-five pounds
Barley forty-seven pounds
Beans dried sixty pounds
Beans castor (shelled) forty-six pounds
Beets fifty-six pounds
Blue-grass seed fourteen pounds
Bran twenty pounds
Broom-corn seed fifty pounds
Buckwheat forty-eight pounds
Cabbage fifty pounds
Carrots fifty pounds
Cement one hundred pounds
Charcoal twenty pounds
Cherries with stems fifty-six pounds
Cherries stemmed sixty-four pounds
Chestnuts hulled fifty pounds
Clover seed sixty pounds
Coal anthracite seventy-five pounds
Coal bituminous seventy-six pounds
Coal stone eighty pounds
Coke forty pounds
Corn shelled fifty-six pounds
Corn ear (husked) seventy pounds
Corn meal fifty pounds
Cranberries forty pounds
Cucumbers fifty pounds
Currants forty pounds
Flaxseed fifty-six pounds
Gooseberries forty pounds
Grapes forty-eight pounds
Hair (plastering) eight pounds
Hemp seed forty-four pounds
Herd's-grass forty-five pounds
Hickory nuts fifty pounds
Hominy sixty pounds
Horse-radish fifty pounds
Hungarian grass seed fifty pounds
Kaffir corn fifty-six pounds
Lentils sixty pounds
Lime eighty pounds
Linseed fifty-six pounds
Malt thirty-eight pounds
Millet fifty pounds
Oats thirty-two pounds
Onions fifty pounds
Onion sets twenty-eight pounds
Orchard grass seed fourteen pounds
Parsnips fifty pounds
Peaches forty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (peeled) thirty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (unpeeled) thirty-three pounds
Peanuts twenty-two pounds
Pears fifty pounds
Peas green (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Peas dried sixty pounds
Plums sixty-four pounds
Potatoes sixty pounds
Potatoes sweet fifty-four pounds
Quinces forty-eight pounds
Rape seed fifty pounds
Raspberries forty-eight ponuds
Redtop grass seed fourteen pounds
Rice rough forty-five pounds
Rutabagas sixty pounds
Rye fifty-six pounds
Rye meal fifty pounds
Salt (coarse) eighty-five pounds
Salt (ground) sixty-two pounds
Sand one hundred pounds
Shorts twenty pounds
Sorghum seed fifty pounds
Spelt forty pounds
Strawberries forty-eight pounds
Timothy-grass seed forty-five pounds
Tomatoes sixty pounds
Turnips sixty pounds
Walnuts (common) fifty pounds
Wheat sixty pounds

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1000, as follows:

An Act authorizing electric light heat and power corporations to purchase the securities of other corporations incorporated for the purpose of the supply storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes to guarantee the payment of the bonds of such corporations to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporation to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations and to operate the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall and may be lawful for any corporation incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth for the purpose of supplying light heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public to subscribe for take purchase hold and dispose of the bonds or stock of any corporation incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth for the purpose of the supply storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes to guarantee the payment of bonds of such a corporation and the interest thereon or either principal or interest to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the corporate property real personal or mixed of such a corporation upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the corporation or corporations owning the same and to run use and operate such property in accordance with such contract or lease

Section 2 All contracts of the character authorized by this act and heretofore made or entered into are hereby validated Provided That nothing herein contained shall apply to or affect pending litigation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,

Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 610.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 610, on page 2 of last Monday's calendar, entitled:

> An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I second the motion?

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I voted no.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1001, entitled:

> A supplement to an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four further amending the twelfth section thereof so as to permit corporations organized thereunder either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water or for the manufacture or supplying of light to purchase bonds or stock of other corporations of the same character or to guarantee of interest or to lease and operate corporate property' approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five correcting errors therein and validating all acts done in pursuance thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred five extending the same to corporations incorporated for the purpose of supplying light heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1014, entitled:

> An Act authorizing the sale by cities of the first class of their bonds to the sinking fund commissioners of such cities without advertisement in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1015, entitled:

> An Act to provide that the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by cities of the first class shall constitute a consolidated loan fund which may be appropriated and used for any purpose for which loans shall have been authorized or issued by such cities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 837 House Bill No. 1134), on page 2 of today's calendar, bill on final passage postponed for the present, entitled:

> An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 837 (House Bill No. 1134), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustess or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee. C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1018, entitled:

An Act designating the trailing arbutus (Epigaea repens) as the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Finance, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 973 (House Bill No. 586), entitled:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes," approved the 6th day of May, A. D. 1887, providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOMSHER, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 921, entitled:

An Act relating to dealers in poultry for the market, requiring the giving of information by such dealers concerning where and from whom such poultry was purchased or received and the kinds and amount of the same to policemen, detectives or constables and providing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HINDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1056 (House Bill No. 1480), entitled:

An Act amending an act approved April 23d, A. D. 1909, entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the chief clerk of his department to do certain official acts," by authorizing the Auditor General to empower certain other employes of his Department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, resolution as follows:

Whereas American manufacturing industries are only operating to a certain small percentage of their capacities at the present time which is chiefly attributed to the unstable business conditions and general depression existing throughout the country and

Whereas The State of Pennsylvania the counties cities boroughs townships boards of education and public school boards public and private institutions as well as the citizens of Pennsylvania constantly have occasion to purchase equipment and supplies which are produced and manufactured in the United States of America and

Whereas The General Assembly of Pennsylvania is desirous of promoting the patronage of manufacturing industries of the United States of America for the purpose of restoring prosperity to the people of Pennsylvania and the United States therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the officers of the various departments of the Government of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be requested to purchase and specify at all times the products of the United States of America and that the various counties cities boroughs townships boards of public education and public school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth as well as the private citizens be urged to specify and buy products of the United States of America and be it further

Resolved That this resolution be disseminated and widely published throughout this Commonwealth by the newspapers of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so that all counties cities boroughs townships boards of education school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth and private citizens be informed of the adoption of this resolution by the General Assembly

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION FAVORING PURCHASE OF PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider the resolution just reported from the Committee on Education.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The resolution was twice read as follows:

Whereas American manufacturing industries are only operating to a certain small percentage of their capacities at the present time which is chiefly attributed to the unstable business conditions and general depression existing throughout the county and

Whereas The State of Pennsylvania the counties cities boroughs townships boards of education and public school boards public and private institutions as well as the citizens of Pennsylvania constantly have occasion to purchase equipment and supplies which are produced and manufactured in the United States of America and

Whereas The General Assembly of Pennsylvania is desirous of promoting the patronage of manufacturing industries of the United States of America for the purpose of restoring prosperity to the people of Pennsylvania and the United States therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the officers of the various departments of the Government of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be requested to purchase and specify at all times the products of the United States of America and that the various counties cities boroughs townships boards of public education and public school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth as well as the private citizens be urged to specify and buy products of the United States of America and be it further

Resolved That this resolution be disseminated and widely published throughout this Commonwealth by the newspapers of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so that all counties cities boroughs townships boards of education school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth and private citizens be informed of the adoption of this resolution by the General Assembly

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOKE, from the Committee on Library, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1074, entitled:

An Act to repeal section four of an act, entitled "An Act to amend the charter of the borough of Catasauqua" approved the 25th day of March, 1861 (P. L. 195).

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GERBERICH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 706 (House Bill No. 925), entitled:

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 812, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purpose of liquidating the balance of the unsecured indebtedness of the Northwestern State Normal School for the Twelfth District of Pennsylvania located at Edinboro, Erie county, Pennsylvania, at the date of its transfer to the Commonwealth.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 400, entitled:

An Act to provide for a survey of Militia Hill and Fort Hill as a site for a public park with an approach thereto from Philadelphia and to make an appropriation therefor.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 992 (House Bill No. 624), entitled:

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over counties cities boroughs towns and townships school and poor districts in certain matters relating to their duties powers contract and public service and vesting the same in the courts of common pleas.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1057 (House Bill No. 1283), entitled:

An Act relating to the trial of civil cases by jury in the courts of this Commonwealth and providing that in any civil cause now pending or hereafter to be brought in any of the courts of this Commonwealth where the damages are by reason of the subject matter of the case unliquidated and in which a trial by jury is had and the verdict of a jury awarding damages is rendered no new trial shall either by the court in which the said cause was tried or by any appellate court in this Commonwealth be granted because the opinion of the court differs from the verdict of the jury as to the amount of the damages and no such damages as awarded shall by any such court be increased reduced or changed.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as committed Senate Bill No. 773 (House Bill No. 1023), entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April 23d, A. D. 1903, entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised," by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 836 (House Bill No. 1131), entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 836 (House Bill No. 1131), entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

be read the second time.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask this because this bill affects the salaries of the employes of one of the departments for the month of May.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 836 (House Bill No. 1131), as follows:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Attorney General's Department shall consist of the Attorney General who shall be the head thereof and whose salary shall be twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) per annum a First Deputy Attorney General whose salary shall be seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500) per annum one (1) Deputy Attorney General whose salary shall be six thousand dollars ($6,000) per annum two (2) Deputy Attorneys General whose salary shall be five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum two (2) Deputy Attorneys General whose salary shall be three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) each per annum all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor one (1) Private Secretary who shall be a skilled stenographer and whose salary shall be three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) per annum three (3) law clerks who shall be learned in the law and whose salary shall be three thousand dollars ($3,000) each per annum five (5) stenographers whose salary shall be one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) each per annum one (1) messenger whose salary shall be one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum and one (1) telephone operator whose salary shall be nine hundred dollars ($900.00) per annum all of whom shall be appointed by the Attorney General The Attorney General may appoint such additional Deputy Attorneys General law clerks and stenographers in said Attorney General's Department as he may deem necessary whose compensation shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) per annum

Section 2 All of said officers and employes shall perform such duties as shall be assigned to them by the Attorney General and provided that this act shall not affect the present officers and employes of the Attorney General's Department until they are superseded by appointments made hereunder

Section 3 In addition to the sum now appropriated to the Attorney General's Department the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) is hereby appropriated for the salaries of the officers and employes of the Attorney General's Department for the balance of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen (1915)

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1076, entitled:

An Act further amending an act approved the 3rd day of June, 1911 (P. L. 626), entitled "A Further Supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class,' approved the 28th day of April, A. D. 1899, as to townships of the first class; providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of Commissioners; invalidating contracts, hirings, purchases, or orders not provided for by, or in excess of, appropriations; providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers, and the method of making contracts."

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President. I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GRAFF read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1077, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act, approved the 29th day of April, 1913, entitled "An Act to repeal section 2806 of the act, approved the 18th day of May, A. D. 1911, entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1078, entitled:

An Act establishing in Butler County a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PATTON from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act to amend the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, eleventh, twelfth and fifteenth sections of an act, entitled "An Act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste," approved the 3rd day of June, 1911, by extending the powers and duties of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants and providing penalties for violations of said act as amended and to repeal the fourteenth section of said act and substitute a new section fourteen therefor providing that said act and this amendment thereto shall not apply to cities having a population of five hundred thousand or over.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1072 (House Bill No. 1406), entitled:

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER from the Committee on Judiciary Special re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 509 (House Bill No. 414), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Mureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the 20th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly, fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor," fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein, fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation.

RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO DRAFT RESOLUTION ON DEATH OF HON. JAMES K. P. HALL.

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SONES offered the following resolution which was twice read. considered and agreed to .

Resolved, That a committee of eight members of the Senate be appointed to draft suitable resolutions on the death of the late Senator James K. P. Hall, who died on January fifth, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and present said resolutions at a special meeting to be held on Tuesday, May fourth, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, at eight o'clock post meridian.

The PRESIDENT. On behalf of the President Pro Tempore the Chair announces the appointment of Messrs. Sones, DeWitt, Homsher, Hindman, Catlin, Hoke, Martin and McConnell as such Committee.

RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO DRAFT RESOLUTION ON DEATH OF HON. JOHN T. FISHER.

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DeWITT offered the following resolution which was twice read considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That a committee of eight members of the Senate be appointed to draft suitable resolutions on the death of the late Senator John T. Fisher, who died on January fifteenth, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, and to present said resolutions at a special meeting to be held on Tuesday, May fourth, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, at nine o'clock, post meridian.

The PRESIDENT. On behalf of the President Pro Tempore the Chair announces the appointment of Messrs. DeWitt, Wasbers, Moore, Hackett, Gerberich, Graff, Sensenich and Clark as such committee.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 156, on page 3 of today's calendar, bill on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine and linseed oil or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. Presdient, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill by striking out the whole of section 2 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Section 2. The term "Paint" as used in this act shall include oxide of zinc, red lead and white lead (Basic carbonate or Basic sulphate) dry or in any kind of oil or any compound intended for the same use, colors ground in oil, paste or semi-paste paint and liquid or mixed paint ready for use."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 596 (House Bill No. 723), entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April 8th, 1883, defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the 1st day of April, A. D. 1909.

RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 1180.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 27, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 1180, entitled "An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I would like to know what the object is of recalling this bill from the Governor. This bill has been twice before the Senate and was passed on last Monday night. I would like to know the object of this resolution, what the amendment is. This bill has been before the Senate twice and there is no reason for the bill to be recalled from the Governor. This was hashed out here on last Monday night.

The PRESIDENT. Nobody seems to be able to give the Senator from Allegheny the information he desires.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, in view of the fact that I understand that there are some typographical error in this bill, in view of these facts and for the correction of the same, I will not offer any objection to this resolution.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House had concurred in resolution as follows:

In the Senate, April 27, 1915.

Resolved (if the Houese of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, May third, at eight o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, May third, at eight o'clock.

HOUSE APPOINTS COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists upon its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County or City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

and has appointed Messrs. W. H. Wilson, Roney, Whitaker, as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists upon its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the treasury of said cities and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions

and has appointed Messrs. Dunn, Graham and Flynn, as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already apointed) to consider the difference existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 409.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 409, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Justices of the Peace, until the first Monday of January, 1916:

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Clarence W. Reitinger, Borough of Lykens, vice Cyrus Romberger, deceased.

TIOGA COUNTY.

Lemuel F. Smart, Borough of Wellsborough, vice Otis H. Davis, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John H. Martin to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the Borough of Clearfield, Coounty of Clearfield, until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice John C. Barclay, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Miss Mary E. Zimmerman, Allentown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

John A. Cantrell, Philadelphia.
Louis Senn, Philadelphia.
Louis Winter, Jr., Philadelphia.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. McNICHOL,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. McNICHOL,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 381, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture to prevent control and eradicate diseases of bees

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Department of Agriculture to be used exclusively in eradicating controlling and preventing diseases of bees and in enforcing the laws of Pennsylvania relative thereto

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 525 (House Bill No. 404), as follows:

An Act providing a system of government for boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the laws relating to boroughs

CHAPTERS

- I Preliminary Provisions
- II Creation—Charters
  - Article I Incorporation
  - Article II Consolidation of Boroughs
  - Article III Re-Establishment of Boroughs
  - Article IV Division of Boroughs
  - Article V Amendment and Annulment of Charters
- III Change of Limits—Boundaries—Wards
  - Article I Change of Limits
  - Article II Boundaries
  - Article III Wards
- IV Adjustment of Indeptedness
- V General Powers
- VI Special Powers
  - Article I Eminent Domain
  - Article II Condemnation Proceedings in Court of Common Pleas
  - Article III Damages for Injury to Property
  - Article IV Opening Widening Extending Straightening and Vacating Streets
  - Article V Vacation of Roads and Streets
  - Article VI Roads Partly Within the Borough
  - Article VII Street Improvement
  - Article VIII Collection by Installment of Cost of Grading and Improving Streets
  - Article IX Streets and Highways Crossing Railroads
  - Article X Plans and Location of Streets
  - Article XI Sidewalks
  - Article XII Sewers
  - Article XIII Contracts With Street Railways
  - Article XIV Bridges and Viaducts
  - Article XV Electric Wires
  - Article XVI Water Courses
  - Article XVII Public Service
  - Article XVIII Public Buildings and Works
  - Article XIX Wharves and Docks
  - Article XX Licenses and License Fees
- VII Government
  - Article 1 Council
  - Article II Burgess
  - Article III High Constable
  - Article IV Auditors
  - Article V Controller
  - Article VI Appointed Officers
  - Article VII Bureau of Mine Inspection and Surface Support
- VIII Elections—Vacancies in Office
  - Article I Number Term and Time of Election of Officers
  - Article II Filling of Vacancies
- IX Parks—Shade Trees—Forests
  - Article I Parks and Playgrounds
  - Article II Shade Trees
  - Article III Forests
- X Libraries
- XI Burial Grounds
- XII Enforcement of Ordinances—Actions by and Against Boroughs
  - Article I Enforcement of Ordinances
  - Article II Actions by and Against Boroughs
- XIII Acts of the General Assembly Repealed

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

ARTICLE I

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That this act shall be known and may be cited as "The General Borough Act"

Section 2 This act does not include any provisions and shall not be construed to repeal any acts relating to

First The assessment levy and collection of taxes except taxes on dogs

Second The procedure for the collection of municipal claims by liens

Third The amount and method of incurring or increasing bonded indebtedness

Fourth Election officers and conduct of elections

Fifth Poor districts

Sixth Boards of health

Seventh Common schools

Eighth Borough and ward constables

Ninth Justices of the peace

Tenth The giving of municipal consent to public service corporations

Eleventh State roads State-aid roads and private roads

Twelfth Validations of elections bonds ordinances and acts of corporate officers

Thirteenth Crimes and offences by borough officers

Section 3 The provisions of this act so far as they are the same as those of existing laws are intended as a continuation of such laws and not as new enactments The repeal by this act of any act of assembly or part thereof shall not revive any act or part thereof heretofore repealed or superseded nor affect the corporate existence of any borough heretofore incorporated The provisions of this act shall not affect any act done liability incurred or right accrued or vested or affect any suit or prosecution pending or to be instituted to enforce any right or penalty or punish any offense under the authority of such repealed laws All ordinances regulations and rules made pursuant to any act of assembly repealed by this act shall continue with the same force and effect as if such act had not been repealed Any person holding office under any act of assembly repealed by this act shall continue to hold such office until the expiration of the term thereof subject to the conditions attached to such office prior to the passage of this act

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall be severable and if any of the provisions shall be held to be unconstitutional such decision shall not affect the validity of any of the remaining provisions of this act

Section 5 Whenever in this act reference is made to any act by title such reference shall also apply to and include any codification wherein the provisions of the act referred to are substantially re-enacted

Section 6 This act shall apply to all boroughs incorporated under general law and to those which have accepted the provisions of the act of April third one thousand eight hundred fifty-one entitled "An act regulating boroughs" This act shall not annul or repeal any local or special act in force at the date of the passage of this act or any provision thereof

Section 7 Any borough or incorporated town incorporated or acting under any local or special act of assembly may surrender the provisions of its special acts so far as they are inconsistent with this act by presenting a petition to the court of quarter sessions setting forth the desire of such borough or incorporated town to accept the provisions of this act Such petition shall be made by the burgess council or twenty-five qualified electors of the borough or incorporated town

Upon the presentation of the petition the court shall fix a day for hearing of which such notice shall be given as may be directed by the court At such hearing any inhabitant of the borough or incorporated town may remonstrate against the granting of the petition and the court may grant or refuse the petition

If the court grant the petition the decree shall be recorded in the office for the recording of deeds and thereafter the borough or incorporated town shall be subject to all the provisions of this act and any such incorporated town shall become a borough and the local and special acts of assembly in force in any such borough or incorporated town shall be annulled so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act When an incorporated town accepts the provisions of this act the decree of the court permitting such acceptance shall set forth the title of the new borough

Section 8 When any borough or incorporated town shall accept the provisions of this act as provided by section seven of this article all liabilities incurred rights accrued or vested obligations issued or contracted and all suits and prosecutions pending or to be instituted to enforce any right or penalty accrued or punish any offense committed prior to such acceptance and all ordinances shall continue with the same force and effect as if no such acceptance had been made

Section 9 This act shall take effect on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

CHAPTER II

CREATION—CHARTERS

ARTICLE I

INCORPORATION

Section 1 The courts of quarter sessions may incorporate any town or village within their jurisdiction into a borough Every town or village so incorporated shall be a body corporate and politic by the title which shall be given by the court

Section 2 The application for incorporation shall be in writing and shall be signed within three months immediately preceding its presentation to the court by a majority of the freeholders residing within the limits of the proposed borough

Section 3 The application shall set forth the title of the proposed borough with a particular description of the boundaries thereof exhibiting the courses and distances in words at length and be accompanied with a plot of the same

Section 4 Upon presentation to the court the application shall be filed with the clerk and notice thereof shall be given in one newspaper of the county for a period of not less than thirty days immediately before the next regular term following the filing thereof during which time exceptions may be filed to the application by any person interested The court at said term if it shall find that the conditions prescribed by this article have been complied with may grant the prayer of the petitioners and make a decree accordingly but if the court shall deem further investigation necessary they may make such order thereon as to right and justice shall appertain The application and decree shall be recorded in the recorder's office of the county at the expense of the applicants who shall also pay all other expenses and costs in connection therewith

Section 5 When the application and decree have been recorded such part of a township or townships shall be an incorporated borough and shall be entitled to the several rights privileges and immunities conferred by this act

Section 6 When in any application the boundaries fixed by the petitioners shall embrace lands exclusively used for the purpose of farming the court may if it deem such land does not properly belong to the proposed borough at the request of the party aggrieved change the boundaries so as to exclude therefrom the land used for farming purposes

Section 7 The corporate title of boroughs incorporated under this act shall be "The borough of —————"

Section 8 All charters granted under this act shall set forth

First The corporate title of the borough

Second The boundaries thereof

Section 9 An appeal to the Superior Court may be had from any decree incorporating a borough within six months from the date of such decree by not less than three persons aggrieved thereby

Section 10 The courts of quarter sessions shall fix the time and place of holding the first election in the borough designate a person to give notice of the election and the manner thereof and appoint from among the electors of the borough a judge and inspectors to hold the first election The officers elected at such special election shall hold their office and their successors shall be elected and qualify as provided for in chapter eight article one section twenty of this act

Section 11 The boundaries of the borough shall as soon as practicable after its incorporation be marked due notice being first given to the commissioners and supervisors of adjoining townships and to the corporate authorities of adjoining municipalities

CHAPTER II

CREATION—CHARTERS

ARTICLE II

CONSOLIDATION OF BOROUGHS

Section 1 Whenever two or more boroughs situate in the same county or in different counties shall be adjacent and of compact territory they may be consolidated into one borough

Section 2 Such consolidation shall be made under the following conditions

(a) The councils of the boroughs may of their own initiative or shall within sixty days after each is requested in writing by at least one hundred qualified electors of the respective borough enter into a joint agreement under the corporate seal of each borough for the consolidation thereof into one borough The joint agreement shall set forth the name of the new borough the number of wards if any into which the borough is to be divided the territorial. boundaries thereof It may also set forth such terms as have been agreed upon for the disposition of the assets of each of the boroughs and for the liquidation of the indebtedness of each of the boroughs either jointly separately or in certain defined proportions and the adjusting and paying of the same by separate rates of taxation on all property subject to taxation within the boundaries of such boroughs respectively

(b) The question of the consolidation of such boroughs shall be submitted to the vote of the qualified electors of each of the boroughs at a special election to be held on a day to be designated in the joint agreement The election shall be held by the regular election officers and in accordance with the provisions of the laws regulating elections If such special election shall be ordered within ninety days of any general or municipal election the election shall be held on the day fixed for the holding of such election Notice of such election shall be given by proclamation by the high constables of the respective boroughs in the manner prescribed for proclamations for elections for municipal officers

(c) The election shall be by ballot which shall be marked "Proposed consolidation" and below shall be printed the words "For consolidation" and "Against consolidation" and the elector shall designate with an "X" his desire to vote for or against such consolidation

(d) If the majority of the votes cast for and against the proposed consolidation at such election in each of the boroughs is in favor of the ratification of the agreement that fact shall be certified to the council of each of the boroughs by the respective election boards or return judges and the burgess and secretary of the respective borough shall cause a certification of the result to be indorsed upon the joint agreement

(e) The agreement or a certified copy thereof with all its endorsements shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth Upon the filing thereof the Governor shall cause letters patent to be issued under the great seal of the Commonwealth consolidating the boroughs into one corporation by the name set forth in the joint agreement A copy of such agreement duly certified by the Secretary of the Commonwealth under the seal of his office shall be evidence of the existence of the new borough

(f) All costs and expenses incurred in such consolidation or proposed consolidation except those incurred in any general election at which the question of consolidation is submitted, shall be paid by the consolidated borough if such consolidation takes place and if not such costs and expenses shall be paid in equal shares by each of the boroughs proposing to consolidate

Section 3 Upon the issuance of letters patent the several boroughs shall be a borough under the name provided in the agreement The ordinances in force in each of such boroughs at the time of such consolidation shall continue in force throughout the territory for which they were originally enacted until altered or repealed by the consolidated borough

Section 4 After such consolidation the rights privileges and franchises of each of the boroughs and all the property real personal and mixed and all debts due on whatever account and other things in action belonging to each of such boroughs shall be vested in the new borough The title to real estate vested in either of such boroughs shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of such consolidation All rights of creditors and liens shall be preserved and all debts liabilities and duties of either of such boroughs shall attach to such new borough and be enforced against it

Section 5 Any borough formed by the consolidation of boroughs situate in different counties shall be considered as under the jurisdiction of the courts of that county in which is situate the borough first incorporated of those forming such consolidated borough

CHAPTER II

CREATION—CHARTERS

ARTICLE III

RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF BOROUGHS

Section 1 Where cities of the third class have been formed by joining together two or more boroughs the court of common pleas upon the petition of not less than one-third of the registered electors of the territory formerly comprised within the limits of either of such boroughs setting forth that the inhabitants of such territory wish to separate from the city and establish a borough organization may appoint three commissioners who shall investigate the facts set forth in such petition and report to the court as to the expediency of granting the prayer of the petitioners

Section 2 If the commissioners report in favor of setting off the territory from the city they shall accompany their report with a plot of such territory formerly comprising said borough or any such part thereof as may be described in the petition

Section 3 The court shall thereupon order an election to be held on the next appointed day for the holding of a general or municipal election at which time the qualified electors within such territory shall vote for or against such separation

Section 4 If a majority of votes cast for and against such separation at such election shall be in favor of such separation the court shall make a decree declaring such territory a borough and appoint one person qualified to serve as a member of the Senate of this Commonwealth to be the burgess of such borough and seven persons qualified to serve as Members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth to constitute the council thereof Such officers shall hold their respective offices until the first Monday of January next succeeding the municipal election at which a burgess and council are to be elected as provided in chapter eight article one sections six and fourteen of this act

Section 5 From the date of such decree the territory so erected into a borough shall be separate from such city and shall be subject to the provisions of this act

Section 6 All costs and expenses incurred in any proceedings under this article to re-establish a borough except the costs and expenses of the election shall be paid by the re-established borough if such reestablishment is made and if not then such costs and expenses shall be paid by the petitioners

CHAPTER II

CREATION—CHARTERS

ARTICLE IV

DIVISION OF BOROUGHS

Section 1 When a borough has been erected from two or more villages the majority of the freeholders residing in any one or more of such parts of the borough may make application by a petition in writing to the court of quarter sessions praying that such part or parts may be set off from the borough and erected into a new borough

Section 2 The petition shall be signed by the petitioners within three months immediately preceding its presentation to the court Upon such presentation it shall be filed with the clerk Notice thereof shall be given in one newspaper of the county for a period of not less than thirty days immediately before the next regular term following the filing thereof during which time exceptions may be filed by any person interested If the court at said term shall find that the conditions prescribed by this article have been complied with it may grant the prayer of the petitioners and make a decree accordingly The petition and decree shall be recorded in the recorder's office of the county The costs and expenses of the proceedings for the division of a borough shall be paid by the new borough if there be one and if not then by the petitioners

Section 3 The part or parts of the borough so set off shall thereupon be a borough under a name given by the court and shall be subject to the provisions of this act

Section 4 The court shall fix the time and place for holding the first election in the borough designated a person to give notice of such election and appoint from among the electors of the borough a judge and inspectors to hold the first election The officers elected at such election shall hold their offices and their successors shall be elected and qualified as provided in chapter eight article one section twenty of this act

Section 5 An appeal to the Superior Court may be had from any decree incorporating such part or parts of the borough into a borough within six months after the date of the decree by not less than three persons aggrieved thereby

Section 6 Whenever any territory shall be detached from a borough under the procedure set forth in sections one two three four five six seven and eight of article one chapter three of this act the court of quarter sessions may decree that the portions so detached shall constitute a new borough if the same shall be to the best interest of the several boroughs townships and school districts affected thereby and the residents of the territory so detached and shall order and direct a special election to be held for the election of officers for such borough The officers elected at such special election shall hold their respective offices and their successors shall be elected and qualify as provided in chapter eight article one section twenty of this act No such borough shall be created unless the intention to do so has been set forth in the original petition filed or after thirty days notice in such manner as the court may direct

CHAPTER II

CREATION—CHARTERS

ARTICLE V

AMENDMENT AND ANNULMENT OF CHARTERS

Section 1 The court of quarter sessions may with the concurrence of the grand jury and upon application in writing of two-thirds of the taxable inhabitants of any borough annul or alter the charter of such borough

Section 2 The application shall be signed by the petitioners within three months immediately preceding its presentation to the court Public notice of the intended application for such annulment or amendment shall be given in at least one newspaper of the county for a period of not less than thirty days immediately before the application shall be presented

Section 3 The application shall be laid before the grand jury at the same term of court when presented if the same can be conveniently done and in no case later than the next subsequent term of the court if the grand jury shall find that the conditions prescribed by this article have geen complied with and shall believe it expedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners they shall certify the same to the court which certificate shall be entered of record No further proceedings shall be had until the succeeding term of the court at which term the judgment of the grand jury may be confirmed If the decree of the court shall be in conformity with the prayer of the petitioners the petition and decree shall be recorded in the recorders office of the county at the expense of the applicants who shall pay all other expenses and costs in connection with said election

CHAPTER III

CHANGE OF LIMITS—BOUNDARIES—WARDS

ARTICLE I

CHANGE OF LIMITS

(a) ON PETITION OF FREEHOLDERS OF BOROUGH

Section 1 The court of quarter sessions with the concurrence of the grand jury may upon petition change the limits of any borough heretofore incorporated by the courts of quarter sessions from a town or village or incorporated under the provisions of chapter two article one of this act

Section 2 The provisions of the preceding section do not authorize a change of borough limits by the detachment of territory and its annexation to a contiguous township

Section 3 Notice of the intended application shall be given in at least one newspaper of the county for a period of not less than thirty days immediately before the presentation of the petition

Section 4 The petition shall be signed by a majority of the freeholders residing in the borough within three months immediately preceding its presentation to the court It shall set forth a description and be accompanied with a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of the borough before and after the proposed change of limits

Section 5 The petition except as provided in section two of this article shall be laid before the grand jury at the same term of court when presented whenever the same can be conveniently done and in no case later than the next subsequent term of the court

Section 6 If th grand jury shall believe it expedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners they shall certify the same to the court The certificates shall be entered of record and no further proceedings had until the succeeding term of court at which term the judgment of the grand jury may be confirmed If the court shall deem further investigation necessary it may make such order as to right and justice shall appertain If the court shall grant the prayer of the petitioners the petition and decree shall be recorded in the recorders office at the expense of the petitioners who shall pay all other expenses and costs in connection with said petition and decree

Section 7 Whenever the court shall make a decree changing the limits of any borough as provided by the foregoing sections of this article by detaching therefrom any portion of the territory included therein the court shall make a further decree directing that the portion so detached shall constitute a new borough a new township or become part of an adjacent borough as to the court may seem best This section does not authorize the creation of a new borough unless the intention to do so has been set forth in the petition or until after thirty days notice in such manner as the court may direct In the case of the erection of a new borough the court shall order a special election as provided in chapter two article four section six of this act

Section 8 In case any officer of the borough from which any territory is detached resides in the portion so detached he shall from the time of the decree cease to exercise the function of said office and the office shall be vacant and shall be filled by the court of quarter session from the electors of the borough who shall hold office for the unexpired term and until their successors qualify The remaining members of council shall constitute the council for the transaction of all business until the vacancies shall have been filled

(b) BY ANNEXATION ON PETITION OF FREEHOLDERS OUTSIDE THE BOROUGH

(1) Where territory is in one county

Section 9 The court of quarter sessions with the concurrence of the grand jury may upon petition change the limits of any borough by the annexation of adjacent territory

Section 10 Personal notice of the intended application shall be given to the burgess and council of the borough and to the commissioners or supervisors of the township in which the petitioners reside Notice of such application shall also be given in one newspaper of the county for a period of thirty days immediately before the presentation of the petition

Section 11 The petition shall be signed by a majority of the freeholders residing within the territory to be annexed It shall set forth a description and be accompanied with a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of the borough before and after the proposed annexation

Section 12 The court shall cause the petition to be laid before the grand jury and if the grand jury shall believe it expedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners they shall certify the same to the court which certificate shall be entered of record for confirmation by the court The court may make such order thereon as to right and justice shall appertain If the court shall confirm the petition the said petition and decree shall be recorded in the recorders office of the county at the expense of the petitioners who shall pay all other expenses and costs in connection with said petition and decree Thenceforth the territory so annexed shall be a part of the borough

(2) Where territory is in two or more counties

Section 13 The court of quarter sessions may upon petition annex to any adjacent borough territory situated in two or more counties

The petition shall be signed by a majority of the taxable inhabitants of such territory and shall be presented to the courts of quarter sessions of all the counties in which the territory and the borough are situated

Section 14 Notice of the intended application shall be given in one newspaper of general circulation in the territory and in the borough for a period of thirty days immediately before the presentation of the petition to any of the courts

Section 15 Upon presentation of the petition the several courts shall each appoint one person as commissioner and the commissioners so chosen shall select an additional one who shall be a surveyor

The commissioners shall be severally sworn or affirmed within sixty days from their appointment and selection and shall view the territory sought to be annexed They shall report to the several courts at the respective terms next following such appointment or as soon theeafter as possible The reports shall state that the commissioners were sworn or affirmed and that they were all present at the view If the commissioners favor the proposed annexation they shall accompany their reports with a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of the territory proposed to be annexed and the quantity of land therein contained

Section 16 Any person interested may petition any of the courts at the term to which the respective report is made for a rule on any two or more persons signing the original petition to show cause why the report should not be approved The rule shall be returnable not later than the succeeding term If the rule is confirmed the persons signing the original petition shall pay the costs of the entire proceeding if such rule is discharged the costs shall be paid by those petitioning for its issue

Section 17 If each of the courts shall approve the report of the commissioners the whole proceeding shall be entered on the record of each court and the territory annexed shall be a part of the borough Each commissioner shall receive five dollars per day for each day necessarily employed in the discharge of his duties to be paid if such territory is annexed by the borough

(c) BY ANNEXATION ON PETITION TO COUNCIL

Section 18 Any borough may by ordinance annex adjacent land situate in the same or any adjoining county upon petition of a majority of the freeholders of the territory proposed to be annexed

Section 19 A certified copy of the ordinance together with a description and a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of the borough before and after such proposed annexation shall be filed in the court of quarter sessions of the county or in case the land proposed to be annexed is situate in an adjacent county then in the courts of both counties A notice of such filing shall also be filed in the office of the county commissioners of the proper county Thereupon the territory proposed to be annexed shall be a part of the borough except when any ordinance and plot are filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions within two months of any general municipal or primary election in which case the property proposed to be annexed shall not become a part of the borough until the day succeeding such election

(d) BY DETACHMENT OF TERRITORY

(1) Where it is annexed to a contiguous township

Section 20 The court of quarter sessions upon petition may change the limits of any borough by detaching territory therefrom and annexing the same to a contiguous township or townships

Section 21 The petition shall be signed by a majority of the freehold residents of the borough except where the dividing line between a borough and a township shall separate the lands of any person in which case the petition may be made by any freeholder whose lands are so divided The petition shall contain the names of the contiguous township or townships to which the territory is proposed to be annexed and shall set forth a description and be accompanied with a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of such township or townships before and after the proposed change of limits

Section 22 Upon its presentation the court shall order the petition filed and shall fix a time for hearing Notice of the filing of the petition shall be given to the supervisors of the townships and to the secretary of the borough and president of council at least twenty days prior to the date of hearing If the court shall determine in favor of the proposed detachment of territory it shall state in its decree to what adjacent township or townships the territory so detached shall be annexed The petition and decree shall be recorded in the office for the recording of deeds of the county at the expense of the petitioners and thenceforth the boundaries of the borough and of the adjacent township or townships shall be as decreed by the court

(2) By reason of natural or artificial causes

Section 23 Whenever the territory of any borough is divided by reason of natural or artificial causes or whenever any part of a borough is so located that access to the remaining portion can be had only by passing through some other township or borough the court of quarter sessions on petition signed by persons representing at least two-thirds of the value of the real property and two-thirds of the inhabitants of the borough may detach therefrom the part so divided or located and annex it to an adjacent borough or township

Section 24 Upon its presentation the court shall order the petition filed and shall direct that notice thereof be given to the borough or to the township whose boundaries may be affected and shall also fix a time for hearing

Section 25 If the decree of the court shall be in conformity with the prayer of the petitioners the boundaries of the borough from which the territory is detached and of the borough or township to which such detached portion is annexed shall be as decreed by the court

Section 26 All costs and expenses in proceedings for the annexation of territory on petition to council or in proceedings for the change of borough limits by the detachment of territory shall be paid by the petitioners for such annexation or detachment

CHAPTER III

CHANGE OF LIMITS—BOUNDARIES—WARDS

ARTICLE II

BOUNDARIES

Section 1 Whenever any borough is bounded by the nearest margin of a navigable stream and an opposite township borough or city is also bounded by the nearest margin of the same stream the boundaries of such borough shall extend to the center line of the stream

Section 2 The court of quarter sessions upon petition may ascertain and establish disputed boundaries between two or more boroughs between boroughs and cities or between boroughs and townships

Section 3 Upon such petition the court shall appoint as commissioners three impartial men one of whom shall be a surveyor After giving notice to parties interested as directed by the court they shall view the disputed boundaries The commissioners or any two of them shall report to the next succeeding term of court which report shall contain their recommendations and be accompanied with a plot of the proposed boundary if the same cannot be fully described by natural lines

Section 4 Any person interested may petition the court for a review or may except to the report of the commissioners When matters of fact are in dispute the court may frame an issue and certify the same for trial to the court of common pleas

Section 5 The commissioners shall each receive three dollars per day except the surveyor who shall receive five dollars per day for each day necessarily employed in the performance of their duties and mileage at the rate of ten cents per mile for each mile necessarily traveled

Section 6 Whenever a boundary is established pursuant to the preceding sections of this article the court shall cause the same to be marked with stone monuments placed at intervals not exceeding fifteen hundred feet and the expense of establishing said boundary and the placing of said monuments when approved by the court shall be borne equally by the municipalities or townships interested

Section 7 Whenever the dividing line between two adjoining boroughs is uncertain or whenever adjoining boroughs desire that the dividing line should be changed the borough council may declare and fix boundary line or may change the same in the manner hereinafter set forth

Section 8 Such dividing line shall be determined and fixed or changed by ordinance passed by the councils of each borough by the affirmative votes of not less than two-thirds of all the members elected to each of the councils and approved by the respective burgesses A plot showing such dividing line and the changes in the same together with certified copies of the ordinances authorizing the action taken shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions within thirty days after the approval of the last ordinance relating to the matter

Section 9 Any citizen of either borough may appeal from the ordinances within thirty days of the filing of such plan and the court shall make such decree thereon as to right and justice shall appertain

Section 10 Whenever the dividing line between adjoining boroughs situate in the same county separates the property of the same owner into two or more parts the court of quarter sessions on the petition of the council of either borough or upon the petition of the property owner may change the dividing line so that the whole of the property shall be thereafter located in one of the boroughs No such change shall be made until the written consent of the borough councils and of the party whose land is affected where they do not appear as petitioners is obtained and filed of record

Section 11 Any costs and expenses incurred under the provision of the preceding section shall be paid by the petitioners

CHAPTER III

CHANGE OF LIMITS—BOUNDARIES—WARDS

ARTICLE III

WARDS

Section 1 The court of quarter sessions upon petition may divide boroughs into wards erect new wards out of two or more adjoining wards or parts thereof divide any ward already erected into two or more wards or alter the lines of any two or more adjoining wards and may cause the lines or boundaries to be ascertained and established

Section 2 The petition shall be signed by twenty freehold residents of the borough or of the ward whose limits it is proposed to change Upon its presentation the court shall appoint three impartial men as commissioners to inquire into the propriety of granting its prayers The commissioners or any two of them shall make a report to the next term of the court and shall accompany it with a plot showing the boundary of the borough and wards before and after the proposed change whenever the same cannot be fully designated by natural lines

Section 3 The court shall confirm the report nisi which confirmation shall become absolute unless exceptions are filed before the third day of the term next succeeding The court may grant a review if a better adjudication may thereby be secured upon a petition presented before the third day of such succeeding term

Section 4 The commissioners appointed pursuant to section two of this article shall each receive three dollars per day except a surveyor who shall receive five dollars per day for each day necessarily employed in the discharge of their duties and mileage at the rate of five cents per mile for every mile necessarily traveled

Section 5 Such compensation shall be paid by the county during the term of court to which the report is made to be reimbursed by the petitioners as directed by the court To secure such reimbursement the court may require the petitioners to file a bond with their petition All other costs and expenses incurred in the erection division or alteration of wards shall be paid by the petitioners without liability upon the county

Section 6 Officers in office at the time of any changes made pursuant to the preceding sections of this article shall remain in office until the expiration of the terms for which they have been elected In case any vacancy shall occur the same shall be filled by the court of quarter sessions until the first Monday of January next succeeding the election at which such officers are elected as provided in chapter eight article one of this act

Section 7 Boroughs may by ordinance change the name of any ward to number or change the number of any ward to name No such ordinance shall go into force until a certified copy thereof be filed with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions

CHAPTER IV

ADJUSTMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS

ARTICLE I

(a) WHEN INCORPORATED FROM A TOWNSHIP

Section 1 Whenever a township is merged into one or more boroughs or whenever a borough is erected out of a township or parts of adjoining townships every such borough shall share in just proportion in the rights and liabilities of such townships existing at the time of its incorporation In all pending actions and actions thereafter brought by or against such townships the borough liable or entitled shall by order of court be made party plaintiff or defendant as the case may be

Section 2 The proportion to be paid by the borough shall be ascertained by reference to the assessments of such townships for the year in which such borough was incorporated

Section 3 Whenever any borough has been erected out of a township or whenever any township has been merged into more than one borough the court of common pleas upon application by a bill in equity of any creditor of such townships or of the authorities of any such township or borough may ascertain the indebtedness of such townships including judgments against the same at the time of the incorporation of such boroughs respectively and may equitably adjust such indebtedness between such townships and boroughs and between the several boroughs into which any township shall have been merged and shall decree the proportion of such indebtedness which each township and borough shall pay In making such adjustment the township taxes then unexpended shall be taken into account

Section 4 The adjustment shall be based upon the assessments of the townships for the year in which such boroughs were incorporated In ascertaining the indebtedness neither pending actions nor claims against such townships founded on tort shall be included unless the same shall in the meantime have been prosecuted to final judgment

Section 5 Three months notice shall be given by order of court to all persons having claims against any of such townships to present the same on or before the day therein named All persons failing to present their claims shall be forever debarred from enforcing collection of the same The notice shall be published in not less than two newspapers of the county

Section 6 The court may make all needful orders for the collection and payment by the township or borough of the share of the indebtedness apportioned to it and may order the officers of the township or borough to collect by special taxation an amount sufficient to pay the share either in one year or by annual instalments

Section 7 The court may appoint a receiver to whom the money due from each township and borough shall be paid The receiver shall pay over the amount so received to creditors of the township in such order or in such proportions as the court shall direct In case of any special taxation in any township or borough the collector of the special tax shall pay the same to the receiver

Section 8 Each borough in any of the cases aforesaid shall be credited with its proper share of any unappropriated balance in the treasury of such townships at the end of the current year during which such borough shall have been incorporated and the court may equitably apportion the same

Section 9 The cost of the proceedings shall be paid by the several townships and boroughs in such proportions as the court shall direct

(b) WHEN BOROUGHS ARE RE-ESTABLISHED

Section 10 Whenever any borough shall be erected from a city of the third class formed by joining together two or more boroughs as provided in chapter two article three of this act the court of common pleas shall immediately appoint an auditor

Section 11 The auditor shall ascertain the indebtedness of such city He shall likewise take into account and include in his report the cost of all the property owned by such city and purchased at the general expense of the same He shall show in his report how much of such indebtedness would be the proportionate share chargeable to the territory so set off from such city after allowance for a proportionate credit for the value of the property owned by the city prior to the establishment of the borough

Section 12 If there is any indebtedness remaining which would be chargeable to the borough then the authorities of such borough shall issue and deliver to the authorities of the city interest-bearing bonds in liquidation of the indebtedness ascertained to be the proportionate share payable by such borough The costs of the proceedings shall be paid by the borough re-established

(c) WHEN LIMITS ARE CHANGED AND BOROUGHS DIVIDED

Section 13 Whenever proceedings shall be commenced for the purpose of changing the limits of any borough as provided in chapter three article one section one to nineteen inclusive or in the case of the division of boroughs as provided in chapter two article four of this act and the same shall have been approved by the grand jury to which the application shall have been submitted in all cases where such approval is required the court before entering a decree confirming the same shall appoint an auditor

Section 14 The court shall at the time of making the appointment direct notice to be given to all parties interested Such notice shall state the time and place of the meeting of the auditor and the time of making his report and of the hearing thereon

Section 15 The auditor shall ascertain the liabilities of the several boroughs and townships affected the amount and value of the property owned by each the amount and value of the property passing to and from each borough and township and the assessed valuation of all property liable to taxation for borough or township purposes as shown by the last assessment and within the limits of the part annexed to or detached from such borough He shall report the same to the court with the form of a decree adjusting the liabilities equitably between such boroughs and townships respectively

Section 16 The court shall direct the amounts that shall be paid by such boroughs and townships and the time and mode of payment and if necessary may order a special tax to be levied upon the property so annexed to or detached from said borough for the payment of the indebtedness awarded against it and shall direct how the same shall be assessed and collected The costs and expenses of the proceedings shall be paid as the court shall direct

(d) WHEN TERRITORY IS DETACHED

Section 17 Whenever under the provisions of chapter three article one sections twenty to twenty-four inclusive of this act the court shall decree the detachment of territory from a borough the court shall appoint an auditor who shall give such notice as the court shall direct to all parties in interest

Section 18 The auditor shall hear all parties in interest make necessary investigation and report to the court the total valuation for taxation purposes of the boroughs and townships affected the assessed valuation of the portion detached the amount of indebtedness of the several boroughs and townships and the value of all property transferred from the borough to a township or borough The auditor shall also report a form of decree making such adjustment of the indebtedness of the boroughs and townships affected as he shall deem equitable

Section 19 The report and decree shall be confirmed nisi by the court and shall become absolute in ten days unless exceptions be filed thereto or an appeal be taken by parties in interest The costs and expenses of the proceedings shall be paid as the court shall direct

CHAPTER V

GENERAL POWERS

ARTICLE I

Section 1 A borough may

I Have succession perpetually by its corporate name

II Sue and be sued and complain and defend in the courts of the Commonwealth

III Make and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure

IV Purchase hold lease let and convey such real and personal estate as the purposes of the borough shall require

Section 2 The powers of the borough shall be vested in the corporate officers They shall have power

I To regulate the roads streets lanes alleys common sewers public squares common grounds foot-walks gutters culverts and drains and the heights grades widths slopes and forms thereof and to prohibit the erection or construction of any building or other obstruction to the convenient use of the same

II To prescribe reasonable fees for the services of their officers in the adjustment of grades curbs lines of streets and the like and to enforce the payment of the same

III To provide a supply of water for the use of the inhabitants and to make regulations for the protection of the pipes reservoirs and other constructions or apparatus and to prevent the waste of water so supplied

IV To establish a nightly watch

V To provide street lights and to make regulations for the protection thereof

VI To construct and maintain in any of the highways within the borough limits comfort and waiting stations and drinking fountains The damages accruing to abutting properties by reason of any such improvements shall be ascertained and collected in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act

VII To erect watering troughs

VIII To prohibit and remove any obstruction or nuisance in the highways of the borough

IX To prohibit and remove any nuisance or dangerous structure on public or private grounds or to require the removal of the same by the owner or occupier of such grounds in default of which the borough may cause the same to be done and collect the cost thereof together with a penalty of twenty per cent. of such cost in the manner provided in chapter six article twelve sections two and three of this act

X To prohibit the keeping of hogs within the borough or within any part of the borough

XI To make regulation respecting vaults cesspools and drains

XII To make regulations relative to the accumulation of manure compost and the like

XIII To prohibit accumulations of garbage or rubbish upon private properties and to prescribe penalties for the enforcement thereof

XIV To make regulations for the care and removal of garbage and other refuse material including the imposition and collection of reasonable fees and charges therefor and to prescribe fines and penalties for the violation of such regulations

XV To erect maintain and operate garbage plants or to provide other means for the collection destruction or removal of garbage and other refuse material and to provide for the payment of the cost or expense thereof either in whole or in part out of the funds of the borough

XVI To prohibit within the borough the carrying on of any manufacture art trade or business which may be noxious or offensive to the inhabitants

XVII To make such other regulations as may be necessary for the health and cleanliness and the beauty, convenience comfort and safety of the borough

XVIII To make regulations within the borough or within such limits thereof as may be deemed proper relative to the cause and management of fires and the prevention thereof

XIX To purchase fire engines and fire apparatus for the use of the borough and to appropriate money to fire companies

XX To prohibit or regulate the erection of wooden structures

XXI To make regulations for the construction of new buildings and repair of old ones and to require that before the work begins municipal approval of the plans and specifications therefor be secured and to provide for the inspection of such construction and repair including the appointment of one or more building inspectors to prescribe limits wherein none but buildings of non-combustible material and fire-proof roofs shall be erected or substantially reconstructed or removed thereinto and to provide penalties for the violation of such regulations Any building erected re-constructed or removed contrary to the provisions of any ordinance passed for any of the purposes specified in this clause is declared to be a public nuisance and abatable as such

XXII To prohibit the manufacture sale or exposure of fire works or other inflammable or dangerous articles to prescribe the quantities of inflammable articles that may be kept in one place and to prescribe such other safe-guards as may be necessary

XXIII To make regulations respecting partition fences and the foundations and party-walls of buildings

XXIV To prescribe reasonable fees for the service of their officers in the adjustment of party-walls partition fences and the like and to enforce the payment of the same

XXV To regulate license or prohibit theatrical exhibitions amusements and other exhibitions to regulate and license and to fix the time of opening and closing of pool rooms billiard rooms and ten-pin alleys

XXVI To regulate markets and peddling and to provide for the inspection of milk

XXVII To regulate the scales weights and measures according to the standard of the Commonwealth to provide for the confiscation of false weights and measures and to regulate the inspection and measurement or weight of articles offered for sale in the borough

XXVIII To levy and collect annually a tax on the owners of dogs and bitches not exceeding one dollar on the owner of but one dog or two dollars on the owner of but one bitch and to levy and collect such additional tax on the owners of more than one dog or bitch and in such ratio of increase as they may deem proper

XXIX To prohibit or regulate the running at large of dogs and in the enforcement of such regulations to direct the killing of dogs or their seizure and sale for the benefit of the borough

XXX To prohibit and regulate the running at large of other animals and to authorize their seizure and sale for the benefit of the borough

XXXI To impose fines and penalties incurring partial or total forfeitures or to remit the same

XXXII To provide a lockup for the temporary detention of persons

XXXIII To display the flag of Pennsylvania or the flag of any county city borough or other municipality in the State on the public buildings of the borough

XXXIV To enter into contracts with any street passenger railway company surface elevated or underground or motor power company leasing and operating the francnise and property of such company within the limits of the borough regulating the franchises powers duties and liabilities of such companies and the respective rights of the contracting parties Such contracts may inter alia provide for payments by the companies to the borough in lieu of the performance of certain duties or the payment of license fees or charges imposed in favor of such borough by the charters of the respective companies or by any general law or ordinances for the appointment by the borough of a certain number of persons to act as directors of such company in conjunction with the directors elected by the stockholders of such company and may further provide for the ultimate acquisition by the borough upon terms mutually satisfactory of the leaseholds property and franchises of the contracting companies

XXXV To take by right of eminent domain for the purpose of appropriating to themselves for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania such public lands easements and public property as may be in their possession or control and used or held by them for any other purpose Such right however shall not be exercised as to any street or wharf but all other public easements and property may be appropriated and used for the purposes herein provided any limitation of the use thereof by the borough either by donation dedication appropriation statute or otherwise to the contrary notwithstanding

XXXVI To appropriate money or convey land either independently or in conjunction with any county city town borough or other municipal division to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the purpose of assisting the armory board of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the erection of armories for the use of the National Guard and to furnish water light or fuel free of cost to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for use in any armory of the National Guard and to do all things necessary to accomplish the purposes of this clause

XXXVII To appropriate money for the expenses of Memorial Day services

XXXVIII To appropriate annually to each camp of the United Spanish War Veterans and of the army of the Philippines and to each post of the American Veterans of Foreign Service in the borough a sum not exceeding fifty dollars to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day

XXXIX To make and they are hereby so required annual appropriations to each post of the Grand Army of the Republic in the borough in a sum not exceeding fifty dollars to aid in defraying expenses of Memorial Day

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE I

EMINENT DOMAIN

Section 1 Boroughs may enter upon the lands and premises of any person for the purposes authorized by this act

Section 2 No borough shall exercise the right of eminent domain as against land now occupied by any building which was used during the Colonial or Revolutionary period as a place of Assembly by the Council of the Colony of Pennsylvania the Supreme Executive Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the Congress of the United States or as against the land occupied by any fort redoubt or blockhouse erected during the Colonial or Revolutionary period or any building used as headquarters by the Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army or as against the site of any builuding fort redoubt blockhouse or headquarters which are preserved for their historic associations and not for private profit The Colonial and Revolutionary period shall be taken as ended on the third day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three

Section 3 Whenever in any condemnation proceedings any borough has tendered a bond to secure the payment of damages and the same has been accepted or if the acceptance has been refused and the bond has been filed in and approved by the court the borough shall have the right to immediate possession of the property

Section 4 If the owner lessee or occupier shall refuse to remove his personal property or give up possession the borough may serve written notice upon such owner lessee or his agent or the occupier to remove his personal property and give up possession of such property within sixty days from the date of the service of such notice

Section 5 If the owner lessee or occupier shall refuse to remove his personal property and give possession upon proof to the service of the notice specified in section four of this article a writ of habere facias possessionem shall forthwith issue directing the sheriff to give to the borough possession

Section 6 Whenever any court shall order any borough to enter security for the payment of damages for the taking injury or destruction of land or materials by right of eminent domain the bond of the borough shall be taken without sureties

Section 7 In all cases of the appropriation of land for public use other than for roads or streets it shall not be lawful to assess any portion of the damage done to or value of the land so appropriated against the other property adjoining or in the vicinity of the land so appropriated

Section 8 Viewers or juries of view appointed by any court to assess damages and benefits due to the taking injury or destruction of private property in and by the construction or enlargement of any public work highway or improvement shall make their reports within a time which the court shall fix when appointing them

Section 9 If any of the viewers or juries of view appointed as provided in the preceding section shall for any reason appearing sufficient to the court be unable to file its report within the period so fixed the court may either before or after the expiration of the time fixed extend the time for the filing of such report

Section 10 In any proceeding to ascertain the damages caused to any owner of lands by reason of the appropriation of a right of way or easement by any borough where the owner and borough cannot agree upon the amount of damage done the parties may by agreement waive the right to have such damages assessed and the owner may file his claim in the court of common pleas of the county and rule the defendant to plead thereto within fifteen days from the service of such rule upon the borough and the suit shall be proceeded with as if an award of viewers had been filed and an appeal had been taken therefrom

Section 11 Either party to such an action may on motion have the jury visit and view the premises over or through which the proposed right of way or easement may extend

Section 12 In all cases of damages assessed against any borough for property taken injured or destroyed by the construction or enlargement of their works highways or improvements whether such assessment shall have been made by viewers or otherwise than upon trial in court and an appeal is not provided for an appeal may be taken by either party to the court of common pleas of the county within thirty days from the filing of the report

Section 13 Any appeal taken pursuant to the preceding section shall be signed by the party taking the same or by his agent or attorney and shall be accompanied by an affidavit of the party appellant or of the agent or attorney that the same is not for the purpose to delay but because the affiant firmly believes that injustice has been done

Section 14 When no appeal is taken in accordance with the provisions of sections twelve and thirteen of this article and judgment is entered and the party to whom damages have been awarded refuses to accept payment of such award or judgment then it shall be lawful for such borough upon petition to the court after notice as ordered by court to pay the amount of the award and costs into the court The court upon such payment shall order the satisfaction of the award or judgment

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE II

CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS IN COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Section 1 In the laying out opening widening extending vacating grading or changing the grades or lines of streets lanes or alleys the construction of bridges and the piers and abutments therefor the construction of slopes embankments and sewers the erection and extensions of water-works wharves and docks public buildings public works filtration plants sewerage systems sewage and garbage disposal plants gas plants electric light plants and libraries the establishing of parks and playgrounds and the changing of water courses a borough may enter upon appropriate injure or destroy private lands property or material

Section 2 Except as is in this act otherwise provided in case the compensation for damages or benefits accruing therefrom have not been agreed upon any court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by petition by the borough or any person interested shall appoint three viewers from the board of viewers of the county and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the line of the improvement and view the same and the premises affected thereby

Section 3 The viewers provided for in the preceding section may be appointed before or after the entry appropriation or injury of any property or materials for constructing such improvements

Section 4 Except when otherwise in this act provided the viewers shall give at least ten days notice of the time of their first meeting by publication in one or more newspapers of the county and by handbills posted upon the premises or otherwise as the court shall direct Where the publication is more than one newspaper one of the newspapers may be in the German language

Section 5 The viewers having been sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire and having viewed the premises and examined the property shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and shall determine the damages for property taken injured or destroyed and to whom the same is payable and having determined the damages together with the benefits they shall prepare a schedule thereof

Section 6 The damages may be paid in whole or in part by the borough or may be assessed in whole or in part upon the property benefited In the latter case the viewers having first determined the damages apart from the benefits shall assess the total cost of the improvement or so much thereof as may be just and reasonable upon the properties peculiarly benefited including in the assessment all parties for which damages have been allowed and shall report the same to the court The total assessments for benefits shall not exceed the total damages awarded or agreed upon

Section 7 In proceedings to assess damages and benefits if the property is both benefited and damaged by such improvements the excess of damages over benefits or the excess of benefits over damages or nothing in case the benefits and damages are equal shall be awarded to or assessed against the several owners of property affected thereby

Section 8 The preceding section shall not prevent the viewers from making a separate report of the damages and benefits respectively In such event if the damages to the property of any person be greater than the benefits or if the benefits be greater than the damages or if the damages and benefits be equal in either case the viewers shall strike a balance and carry the difference forward to another column so that the assessment shall show what amount is to be received or paid by the property owner and the difference only shall be collectible of or paid to such property owner Appeals taken from the report of the board of viewers shall be from such net amount only

Section 9 The viewers shall give notice to all parties to whom damages are allowed or upon whom assessments for benefits are made of a time not less than ten days thereafter and of place where the viewers will meet and exhibit their schedule and hear all exceptions thereto

Section 10 Such notice shall be given in the manner provided by law for the service of a summons in a personal action if the parties can be found in the borough or upon an adult person residing upon the property affected by the assessment in case the owner or reputed owner cannot be found and to all others by publication in the newspaper or newspapers in which the first notices of the view were published and by posting conspicuously on the premises Council may by ordinance provide by whom the notice shall be served and posted and fix the compensation for such service

Section 11 After making whatever changes are necessary the viewers shall report to the court showing the damages and benefits allowed and assessed in each case and file therewith a plan showing the improvement the properties taken injured or destroyed and properties benefited

Section 12 When the report is filed notice thereof shall immediately be given by publication once in the newspapers publishing the notice provided for in section four of this article Such notice shall state the date of filing of the report contain a schedule of the damages allowed and benefits assessed and shall state that unless exceptions be filed thereto within thirty days from the date of filing the report will be confirmed absolutely

Section 13 The cost of the proceedings including court costs except the compensation of the viewers shall be paid by the borough

Section 14 Except when in this act otherwise provided in all cases where the parties have not agreed upon the damages claimed or where by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of the owner no such agreement can be made the borough may tender sufficient security to the party entitled to damages or to the attorney or agent of any person absent or to the agent or officer of a corporation or to the guardian or committee of anyone under legal incapacity

Section 15 The condition of the security shall be that the borough shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon by the parties or assessed in the manner provided for by this article In case the party claiming damages refuse to accept the security tendered the borough shall give the party or his agent attorney gardian or committee a written notice of the time when the same will be presented in court

Section 16 If approved by the court the security shall be filed for the benefit of those interested and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages assessed If the damages be not paid they may be collected by execution on the judgment in the issue framed to try the question Upon the approval of the security the borough may proceed with the improvement

Section 17 Within thirty days after the filing of any report any party interested may file exceptions to the same and the court shall confirm modify or change the same or change the assessments made therein or refer it back to the same or new viewers

Section 18 When the report is filed the prothonotary shall mark it confirmed nisi In case no exceptions are filed thereto he shall enter a decree that the report is confirmed absolutely

Section 19 When exceptions are filed which affect the entire report the same shall not be confirmed absolutely as to any part thereof until the exceptions have been finally disposed of when the exceptions do not affect the entire report the court may confirm the assessments to which exceptions have not been taken

Section 20 Within six months after the confirmation of any report any party interested may appeal from the decree of the court below to the Superior or Supreme Court as the case may be

Section 21 Where any appeal is taken from the action of the court confirming any viewers' report or part thereof if the appeal affects the entire report it shall have the effect of suspending the absolute confirmation thereof until the appeal is finally disposed of but where the appeal is to matters which do not affect the entire report or any other assessment such appeal shall affect only the particular assessment for which the appeal is taken

Section 22 In order to determine whether any appeal affects the entire report or any particular assessment the appellant shall file in the court below before or at the time of filing his writ or certiorari a copy of his specifications or assignments of error or grounds of appeal. Upon failure so to do the borough or any party interested may by notice or rule upon the appellant cause such specifications assignments of error or grounds of appeal to be filed

Section 23 Upon the request of the borough or any party interested the court below or any judge thereof in vacation shall certify whether the appeal affects the entire report and said certificate shall be conclusive Where the court or judge certifies that the appeal will affect the entire report no further proceedings shall be taken in the court below until after the final action of the appellate court but where the court or judge certifies that the appeal will affect only a particular assessment then the confirmation of all other assessments shall be final

Section 24 If on any appeal the action of the court below is affirmed the date of the decree or judgment of the appellate court shall be taken as the day on which the report was finally confirmed

Section 25 Where any appeal is taken to the Supreme Court and an appeal is also taken to the Superior Court and the appeals in both cases are substantially the same the Superior Court may certify such appeal to the Supreme Court to be heard with the other appeals from the same report

Section 26 The Supreme Court shall consolidate all such appeals and hear them as one case Where several appeals are taken from the confirmation of the same report either to the Superior or Supreme Court and the grounds of appeal are similar the appellate court may consolidate the appeals

Section 27 Several parties may unite in a sigle appeal either to the Superior or Supreme Court where the grounds of appeal are similar but the uniting of the appellants shall not unite the amounts or change the jurisdiction When the appeal if taken by each appellant singly would be to the Superior Court then the appeal shall be to that court but if the appeal of any one appellant would be to the Supreme Court then the joint appeal shall be to that court If an appeal has been taken the Supreme Court any other party without regard to the amount involved if the grounds of appeal are similar may appeal to the same court and join in such appeal

Section 28 Within thirty days after any report of viewers is filed in court any party whose property is taken injured or destroyed or who is assessed benefits may appeal to the court of common pleas and demand a trial by jury

Section 29 The appeal as provided in the last preceding section shall state the grounds upon which it is taken and shall be signed by the appellant or by his agent or attorney and shall be accompanied by an affidavit that it is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the appellant believes that injustice has been done

Section 30 Upon the trial of any such appeal in case the party appellant does not obtain a verdict more favorable than was the report of viewers as finally confirmed the appellant shall not recover any costs

Section 31 The court of common pleas shall order what notices shall be given in connection with such proceedings and may by rule or otherwise prescribe the form of pleadings After verdict and final judgment either party may appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court

Section 32 Should any appeal under this article be made to the wrong court such court shall certify the appeal to the court to which it should have been taken

Section 33 No appeal taken under this article shall prevent the filing of liens by any borough for any assessment made by any such report but upon the final termination of the issue the court shall make such order as to the lien filed as shall appear right and proper

Section 34 If any borough shall repeal any ordinance or discontinue any proceeding providing for any of the improvements mentioned in this article prior to the entry upon taking or injury to any property or materials the borough shall not be liable to pay any damages which have been assessed but all costs upon any such proceeding shall be paid by the borough together with any actual damage sustained by reason of such proceeding

Section 35 All assessments for benefits costs and expenses shall bear interest at the expiration of thirty days after they shall have been finally ascertained and shall be payable to the treasurer of the borough

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE III

DAMAGES FOR INJURY TO PROPERTY

Section 1 The right to damages against boroughs is given to all owners or tenants of lands property or material abutting on or through which pass roads streets lanes or alleys injured by the laying out opening widening vacating extending or grading of such roads streets lanes or alleys or the changing of the grades or lines thereof the construction and the vacation of bridges and piers abutments and approaches therefor and the construction of sewers over upon or through such lands or property

Section 2 All juries of view appointed for assessing damages or benefits for taking using occupying or injuring land property or material are directed to assess the damages provided for in section one of this article against boroughs and the benefits in connection therewith and make a report thereof to the court

Section 3 The right of appeal to the court of common pleas the right of trial by jury and the right to file exceptions are given to any party not satisfied with such report

Section 4 After disposal of exceptions or after verdict and final judgment any interested party may appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court as in other cases

Section 5 Whenever viewers are appointed to vacate any road street or highway and the vacation of the same takes no land from the owner abutting thereon if in the opinion of the viewers such vacation damages the property of the abutting owner they may award damages to such owner as though land has been actually taken and such damages shall be ascertained as provided in chapter six article two of this act

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE IV

OPENING WIDENING EXTENDING STRAIGHTENING AND VACATING STREETS

(a) WITHOUT PETITION

Section 1 Boroughs may survey lay out open widen straighten extend or vacate streets lanes alleys and courts or parts thereof without petition of property owners

Section 2 Ten days notice of the contemplated improvement shall be given by the borough by not less than ten handbills posted on the line of the proposed improvement and in such notice shall be designated a time and place where objections thereto shall be heard

Section 3 Any ordinance authorizing the exercise of any power conferred by section one of this article shall be adopted by the affirmative vote of three-fourths of the whole number of councilmen and shall be approved by the burgess No such ordinance shall be finally adopted until the expiration of twenty-eight days from the date of its introduction and in the meantime copies thereof shall be published in such one or more of the newspapers of the borough once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately following the introduction thereof In case no newspaper shall be published in the borough then in one newspaper published in the county

Section 4 No owner or occupier of lands buildings or other improvements shall erect any buildings or make any improvements within the lines of the roads streets lanes alleys or courts laid out widened or straightened or proposed to be laid out widened or straightened after notice thereof If any such erection or improvement shall be made no allowance shall be had therefor in the assessment of damages

Section 5 Viewers shall be appointed damages awarded and benefits assessed as provided in chapter six article two in the case of property taken injured or destroyed Any costs and expenses which cannot be assessed upon property benefited shall be paid by the borough

Section 6 Any street lane or alley opened pursuant to this article or by agreement of parties is a public highway

(b) ON PETITION TO THE COUNCIL

Section 7 Boroughs may upon petition open widen straighten extend or vacate streets and alleys or parts thereof

Section 8 The petition shall be signed by a majority in number and interest of the owners of property abutting on the line of the proposed improvement as fixed at the time of its presentation and shall be verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners The majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property shall be deemed as one person for the purposes of the petition

Section 9 Upon the approval of any ordinance passed pursuant to section seven of this article notice shall within ten days be given by handbills posted in conspicuous places along the line of the proposed improvement The notice shall state the fact of the passage of the ordinance and the date thereof that the petition for the improvement was signed by a majority in interest and number of the owners of property abutting the line of the proposed improvement and that any person interested denying the fact that such petition was so signed may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within thirty days after the passage thereof

Section 10 Any person interested may within sixty days from the passage of the ordinance present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county whereupon the court shall determine whether such improvement was petitioned for by the requisite majority If said court shall find that it was not so petitioned for it shall quash the ordinance otherwise it shall approve the same

Section 11 If no appeal shall be taken or if the court on appeal shall approve the ordinance the borough may proceed with the improvement Thereafter all parties interested shall be estopped from denying the fact that the petition was signed by the requisite majority of the property owners as required by section eight of this article

Section 12 Viewers shall be appointed damages awarded and benefits assessed as provided in chapter six article two of this act in the case of property taken injured or destroyed Any costs and expenses which cannot be assessed upon property benefited shall be paid by the borough

(c) TIME WITHIN WHICH STREETS ARE TO BE OPENED

Section 13 Whenever any borough shall pass an ordinance authorizing the laying out or surveying of any road street lane alley or court over any private property the proceedings to open the same and to assess the damages arising therefrom shall be had not later than two years from the passage thereof

Section 14 Whenever any street lane or alley shall be laid out by any person and has not been opened to or used by the public for twenty-one years such streets lanes or alleys shall not thereafter be opened without the consent of the owners of the land on which the same has been so laid out

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE V

VACATION OF ROADS AND STREETS

(a) ROADS LAID OUT BY THE COMMONWEALTH

Section 1 Boroughs may vacate in whole or in part streets lanes and alleys within their limits laid out by the Commonwealth whenever the same shall have remained unopened for a period of thirty years

Section 2 In exercising the power provided for in the preceding section the proceedings for the ascertainment of damages and the assessment of benefits shall be as provided for in chapter six article two of this act

(b) LANES AND ALLEYS DECLARED NUISANCES BY BOARD OF HEALTH

Section 3 Whenever the board of health of the borough shall declare as a nuisance any public alley lane or passageway any two or more owners of property adjacent or abutting upon the same may present their petition verified by oath or affirmation to the court of quarter sessions setting forth the facts regarding such nuisance and praying that said alley lane or passageway may be vacated Such petition shall be accompanied by a certificate of the board of health setting forth that they have declared such alley lane or passageway to be a public nuisance

Section 4 The court shall thereupon appoint a jury of view of three men of the county The jury being sworn or affirmed to faithfully perform its duties shall give notice to all parties likely to be affected by the proceedings of the time and place of the first meeting in such manner as the court shall direct

Section 5 After the first meeting the jury shall proceed to view the premises hear all parties interested and their witnesses and shall prepare a report of findings and recommendations as to whether or not such alley lane or passageway or part thereof should be vacated and in such report shall award damages and assess benefits to the property affected

Section 6 The jury shall give notice in writing to all parties affected by their report at least ten days before the same is filed in court The notice shall state the time and place where such report will be open to inspection

Section 7 Any person aggrieved by such report may file exceptions thereto with the jury whereupon the jury shall reconsider their report with the exceptions and change the same as justice may require The report as finally prepared shall be filed in court

Section 8 Any person affected by the report shall have an appeal to the court of common pleas within thirty days after the report is filed and the procedure on such appeal shall be the same as in actions of trespass

Section 9 At the end of the period allowed for an appeal the report shall be absolutely confirmed by the court as to such awards or assessments from which no appeals have been taken

Section 10 No alley lane or passageway shall be vacated in any case where the vacating deprives any lot abutting thereon of the sole means of ingress or egress otherwise than to or from the front line thereof nor where it was created by grant or contract and not theretofore accepted by the public

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE VI

ROADS PARTLY WITHIN THE BOROUGH

Section 1 In opening widening and straightening roads partly within a borough like proceedings shall be had as for the laying out and opening of public roads

Section 2 Every jury appointed to view lay out widen or vacate any road or part of a road in any borough laid out as provided in section one of this article shall have reference to the town plot and to the general arrangement convenience and advantage of the borough and shall set forth the facts fully in their report

Section 3 All damages assessed beyond the value of the land appropriated to public use shall be paid by the borough and the jury shall separately assess the same

Section 4 Petitions for the assessment of damages for the opening or widening of any road or highway when the damages are not assessed by the view opening the road may be filed in the court of quarter sessions within the period of six years from the confirmation of any report or the entry of any decree opening such road or highway All claims shall be barred after the expiration of the period of six years

Section 5 No owner or occupier of lands buildings or improvements shall erect any building or make any improvements within the lines of the roads laid out widened or straightened or proposed to be laid out widened or straightened after notice thereof and if any such erection or improvement shall be made no allowance shall be had therefor in the assessment of damages

Section 6 Whenever the authorities of any borough deem it advisable to construct or change any part of any public road under their supervision and can agree with the property owners affected as to the damages upon the payment of the damages agreed upon the borough may change or alter such public road without the formality of a view

Section 7 Before any change is made in any such road a petition setting forth the facts accompanied by a map shall be presented to the court of quarter sessions and if approved by the court the new location shall be taken to be the public road and the old location shall be deemed vacated

Section 8 The authority conferred in section six of this article shall not extend to any change the costs and expenses of which including damages shall exceed three hundred dollars

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE VII

STREET IMPROVEMENT

(a) GRADING STREETS AND ASSESSMENT OF DAMAGES

Section 1 Boroughs may lay out establish or change the grades of streets roads lanes and alleys or parts thereof

Section 2 At least ten days' notice shall be given by not less than ten handbills posted on the line of the proposed improvement of any proposition to establish or change the grades of streets roads lanes or alleys and in such notice a time and place shall be designated where objections thereto shall be heard

Section 3 Whenever any street road lane or alley is graded or changed in grade pursuant to this article and private property is damaged thereby the damages may be awarded and benefits costs and expenses where the costs and expenses are not assessed according to the foot front rule may be assessed as provided in chapter six article two of this act in the case of property taken injured or destroyed

(b) GRADING CURBING PAVING MACADAMIZING STREETS ON PETITION AND ASSESSMENT ACCORDING TO BENEFITS

Section 4 Upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting on the line of any proposed improvement to be verified by the affidavit of at least one of the petitioners a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be treated as one person a borough may grade curb pave or macadamize or otherwise improve any street or alley or part thereof or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof and provide for the necessary drainage thereof

Section 5 The majority in interest and number required for such petitions shall be fixed as of the date of such petition After the passage of any ordinance for the grading curbing paving or macadamizing or otherwise improving any street or alley notice shall be given within ten days thereafter by handbills posted in conspicuous places along the line of the proposed improvement

Section 6 The notice shall state the fact and the date of the passage of such ordinance that the petition for the improvement was signed by a majority in interest and number of owners of property abutting on the line of the proposed improvement and that any person interested denying the fact that said petition was so signed may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within thirty days from the passage of the ordinance

Section 7 Any person interested may within thirty days from the passage of such ordinance present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county setting forth the facts whereupon the court shall determine whether such improvement was petitioned for by the requisite majority If the court shall find that it was not so petitioned for it shall quash the ordinance but if it shall find that it was so petitioned for it shall approve the same If no appeal shall be taken or if the court on appeal shall approve the ordinance the borough may proceed with the improvement and thereafter all parties shall be estopped from denying the fact that such petition was properly signed

Section 8 On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in chapter six article two of this act who shall assess the damages costs and expenses of such grading curbing paving or macadamizing or improving including the expenses for necessary drainage upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not the deficiency when ascertained shall be paid by the borough The proceedings of the viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

(c) GRADING CURBING PAVING OR MACADAMIZING STREETS AND COLLECTION OF COST BY FOOT-FRONT RULE

Section 9 Boroughs without petition or upon petition verified by affidavit of at least one of the petitioners may grade curb pave or macadamize streets lanes and alleys or parts thereof and collect from the owners of real estate abutting on the improvement by an equal assessment on the foot-front the whole cost or part thereof including the expenses for the necessary drainage thereof as follows that is to say

I If the petition be for grading curbing paving or macadamizing and is signed by petitioners representing two-thirds in the number of feet of properties abutting on the proposed improvement and the real estate on both sides of the street is assessable then two-thirds of the cost may be collected

II If the petition be for grading curbing paving or macadamizing and is signed by petitioners representing two-thirds in the number of feet of property abutting on the proposed improvement and the real estate on one side only of the street is assessable then one-half of the cost may be collected

III If the petition be for grading curbing paving or macadamizing and is signed by petitioners representing four-fifths in the number of feet of property abutting on the proposed improvement then the whole cost may be collected The whole cost of such improvement shall not be assessed unless the petition shall contain a statement to the effect that the whole cost may be collected

IV If the petition be for grading only and is signed by a majority in number and interest of the owners of property abutting the line of the proposed improvement a majority of owners of undivided interest in any one piece of property to be deemed as one person then the whole cost or any part thereof may be collected and the council in making the assessment may provide for an equitable reduction not exceeding one-third from the frontage of all lots at street or other intersections where for any equitable cause an assessment for the full frontage would be unjust

V If any street is graded curbed paved or macadamized without a petition as provided in this section then two-thirds of the cost may be collected

Section 10 Whenever an ordinance is passed for any of the purposes authorized by the preceding section pursuant to a petition therefor ten days notice shall be given by hand-bills posted in conspicuous places along the line of the proposed improvement The notice shall state the fact and date of the passage of the ordinance that the petition for the improvement was signed by a majority of free-holders in interest and number or by the owners of property representing two-thirds or four-fifths in the number of feet abutting the line of the proposed improvement as the case may be and shall further state that any person interested denying that the petition was so signed may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within thirty days from the passage of the ordinance

Section 11 Any person interested may within thirty days from the passage of the ordinance present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county whereupon the court shall determine whether said improvement was petitioned for by the requisite majority two-thirds or four-fifths as the case may be If the court shall find that it was not so petitioned for it shall quash the ordinance otherwise it shall approve the same

Section 12 If no such appeal shall be taken or if the court on the appeal shall approve the ordinance the borough may proceed with the improvement and thereafter all parties interested shall be estopped from denying the fact that the petition was properly signed

Section 13 Whnever any improvement is proposed to be made without a petition as provided in section nine of this article the ordinance authorizing and directing the improvement shall be adopted by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the whole number of council If the burgess approve such ordinance he shall sign it but if he shall not so approve he shall return it with his objections to the council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objections shall be entered upon the minutes

At the regular meeting next succeeding the return of such ordinance the council shall proceed to a reconsideration thereof and if all the members shall vote to pass such ordinance it shall then become of as full force as if it had been approved by the burgess but in such case the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays and the names and votes of the members shall be entered on the minutes If such ordinance shall not be returned by the burgess at the regular meeting next succeeding its presentation to him it shall likewise have as full force as if it had been approved

Section 14 Whenever any improvement is proposed to be made without a petition as provided in section nine of this article the ordinance authorizing such improvement shall not be adopted until twenty-eight days from the date of its introduction and in the meantime copies thereof shall be published in a newspaper circulating in the borough once a week for two weeks and five copies thereof shall be posted in conspicuous places along the proposed improvement ten days before its final passage

Section 15 All assessments made pursuant to section nine of this article shall be estimated by the council or such person as it shall designate and shall be filed with the secretary of the borough

Section 16 The secretary of the borough shall cause thirty days notice of the assessment to be given to each party assessed either by service on the owner or his agent or left on the assessed premises

Section 17 If any asessment shall remain unpaid at the expiration of the notice it shall be the duty of the borough solicitor to collect the same with interest from the time of completion of the improvement by action of assumpsit or by a lien to be filed and collected in the same manner as municipal claims When an owner has two or more lots against which there is an assessment for the same improvement all of such lots shall be embraced in one claim

(e) GRADING CURBING PAVING MACADAMIZING BOUNDARY STREETS AND STREETS OUTSIDE LIMITS

1 By agreement with municipalities and townships

Section 18 Boroughs may enter into agreements with adjoining municipalities and townships for the grading curbing paving or macadamizing of streets and alleys which may be boundaries between such boroughs and municipalities or townships and may provide in such contract that the damages costs and expenses of such improvement shall be divided between such boroughs and municipalities or townships in the proportion agreed upon

Section 19 In grading curbing paving or macadamizing such streets or alleys boroughs shall exercise such power only upon petition of a majority of the property owners in interest and number abutting the line of the proposed improvement within the borough limits to be verified by the affidavit of at least one of the petitioners a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be treated as one person asking that such improvement be made

Section 20 The portion of the damages costs and expenses agreed to be paid by the borough shall be ascertained and the benefits incident thereto shall be assessed and collected in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act but the borough may agree to pay any part of the costs damages and expenses of such improvements out of the general funds

2 By agreement with counties and townships

Section 21 Whenever the center line of any highway constitutes the dividing line between any borough and a township located in the same county and the borough shall enter into a contract with the commissioners of the county and the commissioners or road supervisors of the township to grade curb pave or macadamize such highway in accordance with the provisions of the act of the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen page two hundred and sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing a method whereby highways the center line of which constitutes a dividing line between a city or borough and a township in the same county may be altered or improved and the cost thereof apportioned" such alteration or improvement shall be constructed and subsequent repairs shall be made under the supervision of the authorities of the borough and in compliance with the plans to be agreed upon in writing between such borough and the commissioners of the county and the commissioners or road supervisors of the township One-half of the cost of such repairs shall be borne by the borough

3 Streets outside limits

Section 22 Boroughs may singly or jointly with boroughs cities or counties appropriate and expend moneys for the improvement of highways outside of the limits of such boroughs for the purpose of connecting improved streets in such boroughs with state or state-aid highways No such highway shall be improved which shall be more than one mile in length

(f) MAINTENANCE AND IMPROVEMENT OF CONDEMNED AND ABANDONED TURNPIKES

Section 23 When any turnpike or part thereof situate in the same or more than one county shall be condemned for public use free of tolls and the assessment of damages therefore shall have been paid by the county or when any turnpike company or association has abandoned its turnpike or any part thereof or when any utrnpike company or association has been dissolved such turnpike or part thereof located within the limits of any borough shall be maintained and improved in the same manner as other streets of the borough

(g) MAINTENANCE AND IMPROVEMENT OF STREETS CONNECTING COUNTY ROADS

Section 24 Whenever any county shall improve any road located within any borough under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine page five hundred and twenty-seven entitled "An Act amending an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth making such improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any such road as may thereby become necessary authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for the compensation therefor and the damage resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in making such improvements and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said road and authorizing the levy of a tax to provide a fund for such purposes' approved June twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing that public roads and highways may be constructed improved and maintained by the several counties of the Commonwealth as county roads whether existing by other authority or laid out in whole or in part by virtue of this act and providing that public roads and highways may be originally located laid out and established for the purpose of such construction improvement and maintenance by the several counties in the manner and by the procedure set out in the amended act and subject to other provisions thereof providing for the laying out of a system of main thoroughfares to which the establishing construction improvement and maintenance of public roads by the counties shall be restricted after January one one thousand nine hundred and seven but providing for such establishing construction improvement and maintenance of roads not part of said system upon parties interested paying not less than one-fourth of the original cost of construction and providing that the county commissioners of any county may provide rules regulating the use of roads constructed and maintained by the counties and prescribing the penalties for the violation thereof' and providing that public roads and highways located established constructed and improved by the several counties in the manner and by the procedure set out in the said acts shall thereafter be township or borough roads and be maintained and improved by the proper township or borough" such road shall by ordinance enacted by the borough council become a borough road and the duty of maintaining the same in repair shall devolve upon the borough in which such road lies

Section 25 Whenever any road is improved by a county in accordance with the provisions of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven page two hundred and forty-four entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" and its amendments and when a borough intervens between two ends of such county highway and the borough has failed to improve the street or streets constituting the shortest and most reasonable route through the borough which will connect the two ends of such highway the council of the borough may by ordinance contract with the county commissioners that the shortest and most reasonable route through such borough be improved or when an improved county highway terminates at the limits of a borough in the same or another county and connects with a borough street which the borough has failed to improve and the county commissioners deem the improvement of such borough street necessary in order to make such highway accessible to the traveling public the council of the borough may by ordinance contract with the county commissioners for the improvement of such street

Section 26 Whenever an improvement is made to a borough street pursuant to the preceding section the cost of such improvement may be divided between the borough and the county The borough ordinance authorizing the improvement shall stipulate what percentage of the cost if any the borough and county shall pay The contract for such improvement may be taken by the borough upon the stipulation of the county to pay its proportionate share of the cost or the improvement may be made by joint contract with the county

Section 27 Before any highway is improved under sections twenty-nine and thirty of this article the borough shall agree with the county commissioners for the maintenance of such highway Such agreement may provide that such highway shall be kept and maintained in repair by the borough or by the county and in the latter case the cost thereof shall be paid by the borough to the county

(h) ASSESSMENTS ON PROPERTY OUTSIDE LIMITS

Section 28 Whenever any street or alley entirely within the limits of any borough shall divide such borough from any other municipality or township located in the same county the property on the side of the street or alley opposite the line of the borough shall for a depth of one hundred and fifty feet be assessed for municipal improvements on such streets or alleys on which such property shall abut in the manner provided by chapter six article two of this act

(i) EXPENDITURES FOR PAVING CURBING MACADAMIZING STREETS

Section 29 The authorities of any borough in addition to the method of paying for improvements prescribed in this article may expend not exceeding one-half of the annual appropriation for roads and streets in curbing and paving or macadamizing any street lane or alley or part thereof

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE VIII

COLLECTION BY INSTALMENT OF COST OF GRADING AND IMPROVING STREETS

Section 1 When any borough shall authorize the grading subgrading or the permanent paving and improvement of any streets or alleys or parts thereof and the entire costs or any part thereof shall be assessed against the properties abutting on such improvement whether by the foot front rule or according to benefits the council may provide in the ordinance that the assessment may be paid in semi-annual or annual instalments Such instalments shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum from the date of the commencement of the work or the construction of such improvement

Section 2 In order to provide for the payment of the cost and expense of such improvement the council of such borough may from time to time issue bonds in such sums as may be required in all to an amount not exceding the amount of assessments The bonds shall bear the name of the street or alley to be improved and shall rest alone for their security and payment upon such assessments and shall be payable at periods not exceeding five years from the date of their issue to be provided in the ordinance directing the improvement

Section 3 The bonds shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum per annum payable semi-annually or annually as the ordinance shall direct and shall be negotiated at not less than par and the proceeds thereof applied solely to the payment of such improvement In case the bonds are not negotiated by the council they may be delivered to the contractor in payment of the work but when so delivered must be at not less than par

Section 4 Liens to secure the assessments shall be entered in the prothonotary's office of the county in the same form and collected in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected

Section 5 Such assessments shall be payable at the office of the borough treasurer or such other place as the ordinance shall provide in semi-annual or annual instalments with interest at the rate provided from the date from which interest is computed on the amount of the assessments The moneys so received by the borough shall be applied to the payment of such bonds exclusively

Section 6 In case of default in the payment of any instalment and interest for a period of sixty days after the same shall become due the entire assessment and accrued interest shall become due and the borough solicitor shall proceed to collect the same under the general laws relating to the collection of municipal claims

Section 7 Any owner of property against whom any such assessment has been made may pay the same in full at any time with interest thereon to the next semi-annual or annual payment and such payment shall discharge the lien If any owner shall sub-divide any property after the lien attaches he may in like manner discharge the same upon any sub-divided portion thereof by paying the amount for which such part would be liable

Section 8 Whenever any borough shall issue bonds pursuant to this article the treasurer of the borough shall keep a registry book in which the bonds shall be registered Such registry shall show the date of the issue of the bond the amount of the bond and the name and address of the person firm or corporation to whom the same was issued which shall also be noted on the back of such bond

Section 9 The bonds may be transferred at any time and the treasurer shall make the proper entry of any such transfers in the registry book and on such bonds and shall file all assignments among the records of the borough Payment of such bonds and interest thereon shall be made only to the last registered owner

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE IX

STREETS AND HIGHWAYS CROSSING RAILROADS

Section 1 Every borough constructing a highway across a railroad shall construct the same above or below the grade thereof unless permitted by the Public Service Commission to construct the same at grade

Section 2 Any such crossing of a railroad by a highway or any vacation of any highway crossing a railroad shall be constructed only in the manner prescribed by and under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission The compensation for damages to the owners of adjacent property taken injured or destroyed shall be ascertained fixed and paid in the manner prescribed in the Public Service Company Law

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE X

PLANS AND LOCATION OF STREETS

(a) PLANS OF STREETS

Section 1 Every borough shall have a general plan of its streets and alleys including those which have been laid out but not opened

Section 2 The plan shall be filed in the office of the engineer or other proper office of the borough and all subdivisions of property thereafter made shall conform thereto

Section 3 The location of streets or alleys laid out by council shall not afterwards be altered without the consent of council and no map or plot of streets or alleys shall be entered in any public office of the county until approved by council

(b) LOCATION OF STREETS

Section 4 Boroughs may by ordinance locate streets and alleys and include therein streets and alleys theretofore opened or used for highway purposes and may locate streets or alleys theretofore opened or used for highway purposes of a greater width and may revise the lines of such streets or alleys in accordance therewith and place the same on the general plan of such borough All subdivisions of property thereafter made shall conform thereto

Section 5 No such location shall authorize the entry upon or appropriation of any property within such located street or alley not theretofore opened or used for highway purposes nor shall the same interfere in any way with the rights of the owners to the full use of such property

Section 6 No person shall recover any damages for the taking for public use of any buildings or improvements constructed within the lines of any located street or alley after the same shall have been so located and any such building or improvement shall be removed at the expense of the owner

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XI

SIDEWALKS

(a) GRADING PAVING REPAIRING SIDEWALKS CURBS AND GUTTERS

Section 1 Boroughs may ordain and lay out sidewalks curbs gutters and drains on the streets of the borough

Section 2 Boroughs may ordain and lay out sidewalks gutters and drains upon the beds of turnpike roads or state highways with the consent of companies controlling such turnpikes or the state highway commissioner

Section 3 Boroughs may ordain and lay out sidewalks gutters and drains upon land abutting the sides of state highways and upon land abutting the sides of public roads where such roads are outside the borough limits and the land upon which such sidewalks are to be laid out if within the borough limits

Section 4 Boroughs shall fix the width of all sidewalks and may require the grading paving and repairing of sidewalks and the constructing and repairing of curbs and gutters at the edge of sidewalks by the owners of lots fronting thereon

Section 5 The borough may pay a portion of the cost and expense of grading and curbing sidewalks

Section 6 Upon the neglect of any owner of lots to comply with the requirements as provided in the preceding sections of this article the borough may after notice cause the grading paving repairing curbing and guttering to be done at the cost of such owner and may collect the cost thereof and ten percentum additional together with all charges and expenses from such owner and may file a municipal claim therefor or collect the same by action in assumpsit

Section 7 All such notices shall be served upon the owner of the premises to which the notice refers if such owner be a resident of the borough If the owner is not a resident then the notice may be served upon the agent or tenant of the owner or upon the occupant of such premises If the owner have no agent or tenant or there be no occupier of such premises then service shall be by printed or written notice posted upon the premises

(b) LAYING OUT SIDEWALKS GUTTERS AND DRAINS ALONG THE SIDES OF TURNPIKE ROADS

Section 8 Boroughs may ordain and lay out sidewalks gutters and drains upon land abutting the sides of turnpike roads and may fix the width thereof

Section 9 Whenever any borough shall open lay out and ordain sidewalks gutters and drains upon lands abutting along the sides of turnpike roads the borough may apply by petition to the court of common pleas setting forth the facts and describing the locality of such sidewalks gutters and drains and praying the court to appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers

Section 10 The viewers shall view the premises described in the petition and having regard to the advantages and disadvantages caused to the property along the line of such improvement shall allow to all persons injured thereby such damages as they shall have sustained over and above all advantages and shall make all assessments for contribution upon such properties as shall be benefited

Section 11 The viewers shall report to the next session of the court describing the properties upon which assessments have been made specifically stating whether for contribution or for damages with the amounts respectively and the court may at any subsequent session on the hearing of such parties as choose to contest the same modify and confirm the report which confirmation shall be final The borough may collect such assessments for contribution by municipal claim or by action of assumpsit

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XII

SEWERS

(a) POWER TO LAY OUT AND ASSESS ACCORDING TO BENEFITS

Section 1 Boroughs may lay out and ordain such common sewers and drains as may be necessary in any street or alley or through or over private property

Section 2 On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in chapter six article two of this act who shall assess the damages costs and expenses of the sewer upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the borough The procedings of the viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

(b) SEWER SYSTEMS AND ASSESSMENT ACCORDING TO FOOT FRONT RULE

Section 3 Any borough may by ordinance adopt and construct such system of sewers as may be necessary for the disposal of sewage matter

Section 4 The borough shall fix the places along the streets alleys and courts where such sewer-mains or drains and branches thereof shall be laid down and shall prescribe the manner in which they shall be constructed

Section 5 No contract for the construction of any such sewer systems shall be entered into until a permit for the construction of the same shall have been obtained from the commissioner of health

Section 6 Whenever any borough shall determine to construct any sewer as provided in section three of this article it shall by ordinance assess the cost thereof as a sewage tax upon the property adjoining or adjacent to the same either by the foot front rule or in such other manner as to the burgess and town council may seem equitable which assessment duly certified under the seal of the borough attested by the burgess or the president of council and secretary shall be collectible from the owner of such property

Section 7 Such certificate of assessment shall be prima facie evidence in any suit for the recovery of the same of the correctness and validity of such assessment

Section 8 If the owners of property against which assessment for sewage tax have been made shall refuse to pay such assessments within sixty days after notice of the same the borough may immediately file a claim therefor against the property upon which such assessments have been made Such claims shall be filed and collected in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected

Section 9 The borough may enforce by penalties such regulations as it may ordain with reference to the use and maintenance of such sewage system

Section 10 The borough may extend the necessary sewermains and outlets beyond the limits of such borough to a point where such sewage is to be disposed and shall have power to enter upon and condemn such lands property and materials for the construction of all such sewer-mains outlets and works as may be necessary for the disposal of such sewage

Section 11 No ordinance for any such construction beyond the limits of the borough or any works connected therewith shall be adopted until notice thereof has been given by publication of the proposed ordinance for at least four weeks in one newspaper published in the borough or county and also by serving copies of such proposed ordinance upon all land owners through whose land such sewer is to pass at least ten days before final action thereon

Section 12 Before entry shall be made upon private property without the owner's consent for the purpose of laying any such sewer or outlet or constructing any such works security for all damages which may be done shall first be given to such owner in such form and in such amount as the court of common pleas of the county may direct All damages caused by the construction of any such sewer or works or by the taking of lands and materials therefor shall be ascertained in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act for property taken injured or destroyed and shall be paid out of the borough treasury

(c) JOINT SEWERS

Section 13 Boroughs may enter into agreements with municipalities or townships for the purpose of building sewers including trunk line sewers or drains and sewage-disposal plants Such agreement shall provide for the joint maintenance of the same

Section 14 No such sewer or plant shall be constructed until plans and specifications have been submitted to the State Department of Health and approved in accordance with provisions of the act of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five page two hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health"

Section 15 Any borough may connect with an existing sewer owned by any adjacent municipality for sewage purposes in the manner prescribed in sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of this article

Section 16 Whenever any borough shall desire to connect with the existing sewer or any adjacent municipality an application shall be made by council to the court of quarter sessions of the county setting forth that fact

Section 17 If the court shall be of the opinion that such connection can be made without impairing the usefulness of the existing sewer it shall appoint three viewers who shall view the premises and investigate the facts of the case and shall assess the proportionate part of the expense of building the original sewer upon such borough and shall fix the proportion of the expense for repairs which each municipality shall thereafter bear and determine all other questions liable to arise in connection therewith

Section 18 The viewers shall report to the court the result of their investigation which report shall be confirmed within thirty days unless exceptions thereto be filed After confirmation of such report or the disposal of any exceptions any party interested may appeal from the decision of the court of quarter sessions to the Superior Court

(d) ACQUISITION OF SEWER SYSTEMS

Section 19 Any borough in which any person firm or corporation is maintaining sewers and culverts with the necessary inlets and appliances for surface under-surface and sewage drainage may become the owner of such sewers culverts inlets and appliances by paying therefor the actual value of the same at the time of the taking by the borough

Section 20 In case of disagreement the amount to be paid shall be ascertained in the same manner as damages are ascertained under chapter six article two of this act In the same proceeding the viewers shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewers culverts inlets and appliances acquired by the borough upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when ascertained shall be paid by the borough

(e) COLLECTION BY INSTALMENT OF COSTS OF BUILDING AND ACQUIRING SEWERS AND SEWER SYSTEMS

Section 21 Whenever any borough shall by ordinance authorize the construction or acquisition of any sewer or system of sewers and the entire cost or any part thereof shall be assessed against the properties abutting on such improvement whether by the foot front rule or according to benefits the council may provide in such ordinance that the assessment may be paid in semi-annual or annual instalments Such instalments shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum from the date of the commencement of the work or the construction of such improvement

Section 22 In order to provide for the payment of the cost and expense of any such improvement the borough may from time to time issue bonds in such sums as may be required in all to an amount not exceeding the amount of assessments The bonds shall bear the name of the sewer and shall rest alone for their security and payment upon such assessments and shall be payable at periods not exceeding five years from the date of their issue to be provided in the ordinance directing the improvement

Section 23 The bonds shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum per annum payable semi-annually or annually as the council in the ordinance shall direct and shall be negotiated at not less than par and the proceeds thereof applied solely to the payment of such improvement In case the bonds are not negotiated by the council they may be delivered to the contractor in payment of the work but when so delivered must be at not less than par

Section 24 Liens to secure the assessments shall be entered in the prothonotarys office of the county in the same form and collected in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected

Section 25 Such assessments shall be payable at the office of the borough treasurer or such other place as the ordinance shall provide in semi-annual or annual instalments with interest at the rate provided from the date from which interest is computed on the amount of the assessments The moneys so received by the borough shall be applied to the payment of such bonds exclusively

Section 26 In case of default in the payment of any instalment and interest for a period of sixty days after the same shall become due the entire assessment and accrued interest shall become due and the solicitor shall proceed to collect the same under the general laws relating to the collection of municipal claims

Section 27 Any owner of property against whom any such assessment has been made may pay the same in full at any time with interest thereon to the next semi-annual or annual payment and such payment shall discharge the lien If any owner shall subdivide any property after the lien attaches he may in like manner discharge the same upon any subdivided portion thereof by paying the amount for which such part would be liable

Section 28 Whenever any borough shall issue any such bonds the treasurer of the borough shall keep a registry book in which the bonds shall be registered Such registry shall show the date of the issue of the bond the amount of the bond and the name and address of the person firm or corporation to whom the same was issued which shall also be noted on the back of such bonds

Section 29 The bonds may be transferred at any time and the treasurer shall make the proper entry of any such transfers in the registry book and on such bonds and shall file all assignments among the records of the borough Payment of such bonds and interest thereon shall be made only to the last registered owner

Section 30 Nothing contained in this article shall prevent the construction of any sewer and the payment of the same by general taxation when the same is for the general health and public welfare of any borough

(f) SEWER CONNECTIONS

Section 31 Any borough may by ordinance require any owner of property abutting on or adjoining any street or alley in which is a sewer to make connections with such sewer in such manner as the borough may order for the purpose of discharge of such drainage or waste matter as the borough may specify The borough may by penalties enforce any regulations it may ordain with reference to any sewer connections

Section 32 The owner shall be given three months notice of any resolution or ordinance requiring such sewer connection and upon failure to make such connection the borough may make the same and collect the cost thereof from the owner by a municipal claim or in an action of assumpsit All connections required shall be uniform

(g) UNLAWFUL TO BUILD WITHIN LINE OF SEWERS

Section 33 It shall be unlawful for any person to erect any building or make any improvement within the lines of the sewers laid out or ordained to be laid out after due notice thereof and if any such erection or improvement shall be made no allowance shall be had therefor in the assessment of damages

(h) TO BE OPENED WITHIN TWO YEARS AFTER ENACTMENT OF ORDINANCE

Section 34 If any borough shall lay out or ordain any sewer over or under private property located in whole or in part within the limits of such borough and proceedings to open the same and to assess the damage arising therefrom shall not be proceeded with by the borough within two years from the enactment of the ordinance the whole proceedings shall be void

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XIII

CONTRACTS WITH STREET RAILWAYS

Section 1 To secure the removal of any street railway tracks or to prevent the laying of any tracks authorized to be laid or to change the route of any street railway on any street a borough may enter into a contract with a street railway or motor power company owning leasing or operating such tracks for a period not exceeding fifty years for such considerations and upon such conditions as may be agreed upon

Section 2 Such contract may include a covenant providing that during the continuance thereof municipal consent shall not be granted to any other company to use for street railway or passenger transportation purposes any streets covered by such contract Such covenant may be enforced by bill in equity against the borough

Section 3 The contract may also provide for the laying or relaying of tracks upon such terms and upon such conditions as may be agreed upon

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XIV

BRIDGES AND VIADUCTS

(a) GENERAL POWER

Section 1 Boroughs may construct bridges and the piers and abutments therefor and in exercising such power shall have the right to take use and occupy private property

Section 2 Whenever any borough shall build any bridge and the piers and abutments therefor the same procedure shall be had as provided in chapter six article four of this act relating to the opening widening and straightening of streets and all damages shall be awarded and benefits assessed as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 3 Whenever in the laying out opening widening extending straightening or grading of streets it becomes necessary to build bridges piers and abutments therefor the proceedings therefor shall be in the case of opening widening extending or straightening streets as provided in chapter six article four and in the case of grading streets as provided in chapter six article seven and all damages shall be awarded and benefits assessed as provided in chapter six article two of this act

(b) OVER BOUNDARY STREAMS

Section 4 Whenever a creek over which a bridge may be necessary shall be on the division line of a borough and a municipality or township the borough shall unite with such municipality or township in the construction and maintenance of such bridge and pay an equal share of the expenses incident thereto

(c) OVER RAILROADS

Section 5 Boroughs may build bridges or viaducts over railroads rivers creeks streams and private property or over railroads and any of them or over railroads only whether the bridges or viaducts be wholly or partly within the borough limits for the purpose of uniting two or more streets or separate portions of the same street Such bridges and viaducts must in all cases cross railroads

Section 6 Boroughs may provide for the laying out and opening of the routes or locations for such bridges and viaducts which shall be public highways The procedings for the laying out and fixing such locations and for the opening thereof shall be as provided in chapter six article four of this act except that no petition of property owners shall be required therefor

Section 7 In case the borough has not agreed with the owner of any land for the damages done or likely to be done by the erection of any such bridge or viaduct the borough may appropriate the lands and property necessary and the damages and benefits caused by such appropriation shall be assessed by viewers in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 8 The borough shall also have power to enter into a contract with the county commissioners and also with railroads street railways and other companies or parties interested for the building and maintenance of such bridges or viaducts and for the payment of any damages caused by the location or erection thereof

Section 9 Nothing contained in the proceeding section shall authorize a borough to contract with a county for the maintenance of any bridge or viaduct which does not cross a place over which the county is authorized to build bridges but such viaduct or bridge shall be maintained as a borough structure and the borough is authorized to contract with any party interested except the county for the maintenance of the same

Section 10 The contracts herein provided for may stipulate that the borough county railroad company street railway or other company or party interested shall pay a certain part of the contract price of the work including damages or may stipulate that each shall construct a certain portion of the work and may provide otherwise for the payment of damages

Section 11 When any railroad company street railway or other company or party interested agrees to pay a certain portion of the cost of such work it shall pay the same into the borough treasury and the borough treasurer shall pay the same over to the contractor as may be provided in the contract but the amount to be paid by the county shall be paid directly to the contractor The agreements may provide for the maintenance of the bridges and viaducts after their erection

Section 12 After any such contract has been entered into the borough in conjunction with the county commissioners shall have prepared plans and specifications of the entire work and shall advertise for bids and award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder

Section 13 The contract for the work shall provide that the county shall pay its certain part of such bridge or viaduct and the borough shall contract for the other part of the work but the contract as to the boroughs part shall be based upon the appropriation made by the borough for the part of the work for which it had agreed to pay and the remaining part of the contract price shall be based upon the amounts the other parties have agreed to pay

Section 14 The contractor shall have a right of action against each party uniting in the contract provided for in sections ten and eleven of this article for the part thereof agreed to be paid by each party

Section 15 In case the county commissioners do not unite in the contract the borough may contract for the construction of such bridge or viaduct and may pay for the entire work or may contract with all or any of the other parties for such work Plans and specifications shall be prepared and advertisement shall be made for bids by the borough and the contract shall be let in the manner hereinbefore provided

Section 16 Any of the contracts provided for may be recorded in the recorders office of the county and such record shall be notice to all persons who might be affected thereby

(d) CONDEMNATION OF TOLL BRIDGES

Section 17 Boroughs may purchase condemn and maintain any toll bridge crossing any river or stream within the limits of such borough and may also enter into contracts with the county commissioners whereby the county shall pay a portion of the costs thereof

Section 18 If the borough is unable to agree with the owner of the bridge for the price to be paid any court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application of the borough by petition shall appoint three persons as viewers and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet and view the same together with the approaches thereto

Section 19 The proceedings before such viewers for the assessment of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and the proceedings on their report shall be the same as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 20 If any borough shall discontinue any proceeding taken providing for the appropriation of any such bridge prior to the entry upon the same and before judgment therein the borough shall not be liable to pay any damages but all costs upon any such proceeding together with any actual damage sustained by reason of such proceeding shall be paid by the borough and such damage shall be fixed by the court

Section 21 Any borough may also enter into a contract with the county commissioners upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon for the purchase or condemnation of any such bridge The contract may stipulate that the borough and county shall each pay a certain portion of the purchase price or the damages allowed by any condemnation proceeding and may also provide for the maintenance and repair of such bridge

Section 22 The amount to be paid by the county shall be paid into the borough treasury and shall be applied solely to the payment of such bridge

Section 23 Whenever any bridge shall be purchased or condemned the borough shall maintain the same as a public bridge but the borough may charge tolls or rentals for the use thereof from railways telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary foot and vehicle travel

Section 24 All existing contracts between persons firms or corporations and the owners of the bridge shall be preserved for the benefit of the borough and shall be assigned to the borough

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XV

ELECTRIC WIRES

Section 1 Boroughs may define by ordinance a reasonable district within which electric light telephone and telegraph wires shall be placed under ground in conduits owned either by the borough or by corporations owning such wires or by corporations organized for the purpose of laying such conduits and renting space therein

Section 2 Whenever conduits are owned by any person firm or corporation the borough may regulate by ordinance the manner in which conduits shall be used and terms and conditions and the rate of rental to be charged for space therein

Section 3 Boroughs may acquire such conduits by purchase or by condemnation and in the latter case the court of common pleas or any judge thereof in vacation shall upon the petition of the borough appoint a jury of three viewers from the county board not residents of the borough and the proceedings for the assessment of damages shall be the same as provided in chapter six article two of this act for property taken injured or destroyed

Section 4 The borough authorities shall not surrender or barter away the rights reserved in sections one two and three of this act

Section 5 The court of quarter sessions of the county upon the appeal of any person may review any ordinance passed pursuant to this article and may annul such ordinance if deemed unreasonable Such appeal shall be taken within thirty days from the approval of such ordinance

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XVI

WATER COURSES

(a) WIDENING AND DEEPENING WATER COURSES AND ERECTING EMBANKMENTS

Section 1 Boroughs may widen and deepen water courses running through the borough and may erect such dykes and embankments along the same as shall be necessary to prevent the water from overflowing the banks thereof

Section 2 Boroughs may enter upon any land lying near such water courses and secure such material as may be necessary for the purpose of making and repairing the embankments along such water courses when the same cannot be obtained by contract at reasonable prices Boroughs shall case no unnecessary damage to the owners of such lands and shall repair any fences which they may destroy

Section 3 Boroughs may appropriate for such purposes any moneys of the borough applicable to the making and maintaining of the streets and bridges of such borough

Section 4 Any person aggrieved by reason of any ordinance passed pursuant to the preceding sections of this article may complain to the court of common pleas and proceedings may be had in the court to fix and determine the damages and the rights of all parties interested in the same manner as provided in chapter six article two of this act

(b) VACATION AND ALTERATION OF COURSE OR CHANNEL OF WATER COURSES

Section 5 Boroughs may vacate or alter the course or channel of any water course other than navigable streams and for such purpose may enter upon and condemn such property and materials as may be necessary

Section 6 No ordinance for the vacation or alteration of the course or channel of any water course shall be passed until notice thereof has been given by publication of the proposed ordinance at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in one newspaper published in the county

Section 7 The borough may at any time after the passage of the ordinance present a petition to the court of common pleas setting forth the nature of the vacation or alteration proposed in the course or channel of such water course together with a description of the proposed improvements and praying the court to appoint three viewers to ascertain the damages costs and expenses resulting therefrom and to assess the damages costs and expenses or so much thereof as the viewers may deem reasonable upon the property benefited

Section 8 The court or any law judge thereof in vacation shall appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the line of the improvement and view the same and the premises affected

Section 9 The proceedings before such viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and for the assessment of benefits upon property benefited shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 10 If any borough shall repeal any ordinance passed or discontinue any proceeding taken providing for any such improvements prior to the entry upon appropriation or injury to any property or materials the borough shall not be liable to pay any damages but all costs upon any such proceeding together with any actual damage or injury sustained by reason of such proceedings shall be paid by the borough

Section 11 When the court has entered its final decree confirming the report or fixing the assessments the assessments of benefits shall become liens upon the property assessed and such claims shall be filed and collected in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected or they may be collected by action or assumpsit the lien of the judgment however to be limited to the property assessed

Section 12 Nothing contained in section five of this article or in the sections based thereon shall apply to any water course used by any municipality or water company as a source of supply unless such municipality or water company shall consent to such vacation or alteration

(c) CONFINING AND PAVING WATER COURSES

Section 13 Upon the written request of the board of health the borough may confine and pave any water course or part thereof other than navigable streams within the limits of the borough and for such purpose may enter upon and condemn such property and materials as may be necessary to complete such work

Section 14 No ordinance for the confining or paving of any water course shall be passed until notice thereof has been given by publication of the proposed ordinance once a week for three consecutive weeks in one newspaper published in the county

Section 15 When the work of confining and paving of any water course has been completed if the borough cannot agree with the property owners as to the payment of the costs and expenses the borough may present its petition to the court of common pleas setting forth the character of such improvements and that the damages costs and expenses incurred have not been paid and praying the court to appoint three freeholders as viewers to ascertain the damages costs and expenses resulting therefrom and to ratably assess the damages costs and expenses or so much thereof as the viewers may deem reasonable upon the property benefited and make report thereof to the court

Section 16 The court or any law judge thereof shall thereupon appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the line of the improvement and view the same

Section 17 The proceedings before such viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and for the assessment of benefits upon property benefited shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 18 The final assessment against any property shall be a lien for the amount of such assessment dating from the time of the final confirmation of the report or the final decree of the court fixing such assessment if filed in the court within six months from the final assessment or confirmation

Section 19 Nothing contained in section thirteen of this article or in the sections based thereon shall apply to any water course used by any borough or water company as a source of supply unless such borough or water company shall consent to such confining or paving

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XVII

PUBLIC SERVICE

(a) WATER SUPPLY AND WATER-WORKS

Section 1 Boroughs may provide a supply of water for the use of the public within such borough by erecting and operating water works by entering into a contract with persons or corporations authorized to supply water within the limits of such borough or partly by the erection and operation of water-works and partly by entering into a contract

Section 2 No contract for the supply of water hereafter entered into by any borough with any person or corporation shall in anywise abridge the power of the borough to construct and operate water-works as provided in section one of this article but such power shall remain in force as though such contract had not been made

Section 3 Any borough desiring to erect water-works or to improve its water supply may appropriate springs streams rivers or creeks and lands easements and rights of way within or without its limits and for the purpose of conducting water obtained outside the limits of the borough may lay pipes under and over any lands rivers streams bridges highways and across railroads

Section 4 No water appropriated under the provisions of the preceding section shall be used in such manner as to deprive the owner thereof of the free use and enjoyment of the same for domestic or farm purposes

Section 5 Prior to any such appropriation the borough shall attempt to agree with the owner as to the damage done or likely to be done and if the parties cannot agree or the owner cannot be found or is under legal incapacity the borough shall file its bond in the court of common pleas conditioned for the payment to the owner of the property of the damages for the taking thereof when the same shall have been ascertained Upon the approval of the bond and filing thereof the borough may enter upon such property

Section 6 Upon petition of either the property owner or borough at any time thereafter the court shall appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers who shall asess the damages for the property or rights appropriated and shall fix a time for their meeting of which notice shall be given to all parties interested When the report is filed either party may appeal and have a jury trial

Section 7 Whenever any person firm or any corporation organized subsequent to the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven shall own any water-works or system and a borough is desirous of owning and operating such water-works or system such borough may present its petition to the court of common peas of the county setting forth that the borough is desirous of owning such water-works or system and that it will be necessary to issue bonds to be secured by such water-works or system and that a value should be placed upon such water-works or system including all property real and personal used in connection therewith

Section 8 The court shall thereupon appoint three civil engineers as appraisers to value and appraise such water-works or system and the property used in connection therewith and the contracts or agreements with municipalities or townships who shall file their report in the court within three months after their appointment unless such time be extended by the court

Section 9 The appraisers shall have access to the books and records of the person firm or corporation owning such water-works or system to inform themselves as to the income and value thereof They shall have power to administer oaths and are authorized to take the testimony of witnesses Their report shall be final if not appealed from

Section 10 Within ten days after notice of the filing of any report either party may appeal from such appraisement alleging an under valuation or over valuation of the property and praying for a hearing before the court The court shall thereupon fix a time when such appeal may be heard of which time at least ten days notice shall be given to the parties and upon such hearing the court shall have power to modify such report and either party may appeal from the final confirmation of such report to the Superior or Supreme Court

Section 11 After the value is finally determined the borough is authorized to buy such water-works or system at the valuation so fixed and the person firm or corporation owning the same shall within ten days after notice file in court its consent to sell and convey its water-works or system and property to the borough at the valuation fixed and in default thereof such person firm or corporation shall cease to have any exclusive privilege of supplying the borough or the citizens thereof with water and the borough may install such water-works or system as may be necessary for the accommodation of the public

Section 12 For the purpose of such purchase the borough may issue bonds which shall be secured solely by such water-works systems and property and the revenues thereof and without any other liability on the part of such borough

Section 13 Such bonds shall not exceed in amount the value fixed by the appraisers or the court The proceeds of the sale of such bonds shall be used exclusively for the purpose of paying for the property acquired

Section 14 The bonds shall be payable within thirty years from the date of their issue and shall be redeemable at such earlier periods as the borough may by ordinance provide and shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum per annum The bonds shall be exempt from taxation for any purpose

Section 15 The borough shall provide a sinking fund for the revenues derived from such water-works or system for the payment of the interest on such bonds and for their redemption

Section 16 Should there be at the time of the passage of this act a contract or agreement in writing existing between any person firm or corporation owning such water-works or system and a borough dated prior to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seven establishing or fixing the manner in which such water-works or system may be appraised and acquired then the appraisement shall be made in accordance with the terms of such contract and the respective parties to such contract shall in lieu of the provisions of sections seven eight nine ten and eleven of this article carry out the terms of such contract in arriving at the vale of such water-works or system

Section 17 Two or more boroughs may unite or any borough may unite with a township in the construction or acquisition and maintenance of works for the supply of water

Section 18 The construction of water-works as provided for in the preceding section shall be after plans for such water-works have been filed with the State Commissioner of Health and a permit issued in accordance with the act of Assembly of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five page two hundred sixty entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health"

Section 19 In all boroughs where authority is given to construct water-works and where the qualified voters are given the right to determine by vote the expediency of constructing such water-works and whenever the question of expediency has been submitted to a vote and has been determined in favor of such expediency and the construction of such works has not been commenced within four years after such election it shall be unlawful thereafter to proceed with such construction until the expediency thereof has been determined by another election

Section 20 Whenever the schedule of water rates in any borough owning or controlling water-works shall have been fixed or limited by general or special Act of Assembly the borough may change the rates or schedule of rates from time to time so that the same shall not at any time exceed the rates now limited

Section 21 Boroughs may receive bids from incorporated water companies authorized to do business within such borough for the supply of water for fire protection and for other municipal purposes and may contract therefor with such company

Section 22 Whenever any borough is maintaining water-works it shall be lawful for such borough to supply water for ordinary and domestic uses to persons and corporations outside the limits of such borough at rates not less than those required to be paid by persons and corporations within the limits of such borough but no such privilege shall conflict with the corporate rights of any water company or the rights of any other borough

Section 23 Whenever any borough in supplying water to the public shall find it necessary in storing water to occupy and overflow with water portions of any turnpike or public road or whenever any public road leads into or crosses over any reservoir used for the storage of water the borough shall cause such turnpike or road to be reconstructed at its own expenses on a favorable location and in as perfect manner as the original road and for such purpose is authorized to condemn land whenever an agreement as to the price cannot be nad with the owners

Section 24 After such change is made the borough shall file in the court of quarter sessions of the county a map or plan showing such change of road and shall furnish to the supervisors or other authorities of the township or municipal corporation a copy of such map

Section 25 Boroughs may acquire by purchase or condemnation such lands along and contiguous to the streams of water or reservoirs from which water is taken for public use as may be necessary to preserve the same from contamination

Section 26 No land shall be taken for the uses mentioned in sections twenty-three and twenty-five of this article until compensation therefor shall have been paid or secured before such taking injury or destruction

Section 27 The damages incurred in changing the location of any such turnpike or public road and in condemning land to preserve water from contamination shall be ascertained in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act and shall be paid by the borough

Section 28 Whenever any borough owns and maintains water-works there may be established in such borough a commission of water works to be composed of three citizens of the borough who shall be known as commissioners of water-works

Section 29 Any borough desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act so far as it relates to a commission of water-works shall by resolution passed by the council and recorded in its minutes apply to the court of common pleas of the county for the appointment of commissioners of water-works

Section 30 It shall be the duty of the court of common pleas upon application of any borough to appoint such commissioners of water-works one of whom shall be appointed to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years and annually thereafter the court shall appoint one commissioner of water-works to serve a term of three years In case of a vacancy the court shall fill the same for the unexpired term

Section 31 After three years from the first appointment the borough may at any time rescind the resolution asking for the appointment of a commission of water-works When such resolution shall be recinded the court shall make no further appointment of commissions until a resolution shall again be passed by a council asking for such appointment

Section 32 The commissioners of water-works shall not receive any salary for their services but shall be paid all moneys necessarily expended in the performance of their duty

Section 33 It shall be the duty of the commissioners of water-works to meet within ten days after their first appointment and annually thereafter and organize by electing a president and secretary

Section 34 After organization the commissioners shall take charge and control of the water works of such borough The commmissioners shall have power to appoint all necessary officers and agents and take from them such security for the faithful performance of their duty as they shall deem proper and to fix the salaries and wages of such officers and agents to provide for the repair extension improvement and maintenance of such water works and the erection of new water-works to collect water rents and to make and establish the rates and conditions upon which water will be furnished to applicants therefor and to make by-laws and regulations for the economic and efficient management of such water-works

Section 35 The borough may upon the request of the commissioners of water-works issue bonds for the extension of the water-works or the erection of new water-works Such bonds shall be designated "water-works bonds" and shall be delivered to the commissioners from time to time upon their requisition after the commencement of the work for the payment of which such bonds were issued Each such requisition shall be accompanied by a detailed statement of the work done and materials purchased The bonds shall not be sold for less than par and the proceeds thereof shall be applied to the purposes for which such bonds were issued

Section 36 The commissioners shall prepare plans and specifications of all work to be performed and materials necessary for the repair maintenance and extension of such water-works or the erection of new water-works and shall after plans and specifications for the extension or the erection of water-works have been submitted to and approved by the department of health in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred and five page two hundred sixty entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of public health" and a permit granted therefor by the Commissioner of Health invite proposals for the performing of such work and the furnishing of such materials and shall let contracts therefor to the lowest responsible bidder and shall take adequate security for the performance of such contracts

Section 37 The commissioners shall make a monthly report to the council of the borough of the receipts and disbursements during the preceding month and annually make a detailed report of the condition of the water-works which shall be published by the council for the information of the public

Section 38 The commissioners shall cause all moneys collected to be deposited weekly by the collectors with the borough treasurer who shall return a receipt therefor to the commissioners All moneys so collected shall be kept in a separate fund and shall be used for the purpose of repairing maintaining and extending such water-works the erection of new water-works or the payment of any indebtedness on said water-works and for no other purpose No money shall be drawn from such fund except upon order countersigned by the president and secretary of the commission

Section 39 All by-laws and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of the Commonwealth the rules and regulations of the Department of Health or Water Supply Commission when made by the commissioners shall have the force and effect of ordinance of such borough

Section 40 Whenever two or more boroughs or any borough and a township jointly construct and maintain water-works and desire to avail themselves of the provisions of this act so far as it relates to a commission of water-works the councils of such boroughs may join with the commissioners or supervisors of such township after ordinance duly passed and apply to the court of common pleas of the county for the appointment of a commission of water-works in accordance with section twenty-nine of this article Such commission shall be composed of citizens of each of the boroughs and townships so uniting

(b) MANUFACTURE AND SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY

Section 41 Boroughs may manufacture or purchase electricity for the use of the inhabitants of such borough Boroughs owning and operating electric light plants may make contracts for supplying electricity for commercial purposes outside the limits of such borough with the consent of the municipal and township authorities at rates not less than those established from time to time within the limits of such borough Nothing in this section shall conflict with the corporate rights of any corporation empowered to supply electricity in territory adjacent to such boroughs or with the rights of any other borough

Section 42 Boroughs may regulate the use of electricity in dwelling houses store-rooms and other places in such boroughs and the price to be charged for the same

Section 43 Whenever any electric light company organized under the laws of this Commonwealth is furnishing light to any borough or the public such borough is authorized to purchase the works of such corporation at such price as may be agreed upon by the borough and a majority in value of the stockholders of such corporation

Section 44 Upon failure so to agree the borough may present a petition to the court of common pleas asking for the appointment of viewers to assess the value of the plant and works so taken whereupon the court shall appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers neither of whom shall be stockholders in such corporation or tax payers in such borough and shall appoint a time for their meeting of which ten days' notice shall be given to all parties in interest

Section 45 The viewers having been sworn or affirmed justly and impartially to appraise the property and having viewed the premises and taken such testimony as may be offered by any party touching the value of the property and franchises they shall determine the amount of damages that such corporation will sustain and to whom payable and make report thereof to the court which report having been confirmed by the court judgment shall be entered thereon

Section 46 Either party may at any time within thirty days after the confirmation of any such report appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the county

Section 47 After such appeal either party may put the cause at issue in the form directed by the court and the same shall be tried before a jury After final judgment either party may have an appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court

Section 48 If any exceptions are filed with any appeal they shall be speedily disposed of and if allowed a new view shall be ordered but if disallowed the appeal shall proceed as before provided

Section 49 The court shall have power to order what notice shall be given in connection with any part of such proceedings

Section 50 Before any borough shall construct an electric light plant or purchase the property of any electric light company the question of the increase of the debt of such borough for any of such purposes shall first be submitted to the qualified voters of the borough in the manner provided by law for the increase of indebtedness of municipal corporations

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XVIII

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND WORKS

Section 1 Boroughs may enter upon and appropriate private property and also land heretofore granted or dedicated to public use or other use and which is no longer used for the purpose for which the same was granted or dedicated and also lands where the title is defective disputed or doubtful for the erection thereon of such public buildings and works as are necessary for municipal purposes within the limits of such borough

Section 2 No land or property used for any cemetery burying ground or place of public worship shall be taken or appropriated by virtue of any power contained in the preceding section of this article

Section 3. Whenever the municipal authorities desire to acquire, enter upon, take, use and appropriate any such private property or lands for any of such purposes they shall declare such intention by an ordinance duly enacted.

Section 4. The compensation and damages arising from such taking, using and appropriating of private property for the purposes aforesaid shall be considered, ascertained, determined, awarded and paid in the manner hereinafter provided.

Section 5, In cases where the municipal authorities and the owner or owners thereof cannot agree as to the price or damages to be paid or where land is held by any borough and the title of the borough it disputed by one or more claimants or where any claimant or owner or owners are unknown or where there are two or more owners or claimants one or more of said owners of claimants are known and reside within the county within which the borough is situate, and any other owner or owners or claimants are unknown or do not reside within the said county and in cases where the title to the real estate to be taken, used, and appropriated as aforesaid is defective disputed or doubtful or any of the persons owning claiming or interested in said real estate are absent not of full age or unsound mind or from any cause cannot be bargained with and after the enactment of an ordinance as aforesaid declaring the intention of the borough to take use and appropriate any such real estate the borough shall present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county where the real estate to be taken is situated or to any judge thereof in vacation setting forth the facts and said petition of the borough shall state who the owner or owners or claimants of said real estate are if known together with their residence and address if the same can be ascertained or if the owners or claimants of said lands are unknown said petition shall state that the officers who make oath to the truth of the facts set forth in said petition have inquired of the tax assessor of the ward or borough in which said lands are situated as well as of three reputable and disinterested freeholders who reside in the vicinity of said lands as to who the owners or claimants of said real estate are and said petition shall be verified by the affidavit of either burgess or the president of the council of the petitioning borough and upon presentation of such petition said court or judge thereof shall direct the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount to be fixed and approved by said court or in vacation by a judge thereof for the use of those entitled to damages for said taking and appropriation the condition of which bond shall be that the borough shall pay or cause to be paid to any person or persons such amount of damages as he or they shall have suffered by reason of such taking and appropriation after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided by this article

Section 6. Where any owner or owners or claimants or the persons claiming or entitled to damages are known and reside within the county where said real estate is situated or are absent from said county but have a known agent or attorney residing within said county or are under legal disability but have a guardian or committee within said county or are a corporation and have an agent or officer residing within said county the borough shall serve upon said owners, attorneys officers or agents guardians and committees as the case may be a copy of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond together with notice that said bond has been filed. Where minors have no guardian and lunatics or persons of unsound or feeble mind have no guardians or committees the said court or a judge thereof in vacation shall have power to appoint a guardian or committee ad litem and direct that said petition order and notice and all other notices required by this article shall be served upon them. As to all other persons who may be interested or claim to be interested in said real estate the said court or said judge thereof in vacation shall upon the filing of said bond direct such notice to be given by publication in at least two newspapers of the county in which said real estate is situated as the said court shall deem proper provided that said notice shall be so published at least twenty days prior to the limit of the time for filing exceptions and shall state the time within which such exceptions may be filed and if no exceptions are filed to said bond within ten days after service of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond by persons upon whom the same are served or by other persons on or before the day fixed in said published notices as the case may be, the court shall approve said bond. The said court shall have power to increase the amount of said bond and to hear and determine all exceptions that may be filed against the approval thereof.

Section 7. Upon the approval of said bond the municipal authorities may enter upon and take said lands for the purposes expressed in this article and take, hold, use and enjoy said lands thereafter forever and the title or said borough to the lands shall be in fee simple. The bond shall remain on file for the use of any person or persons who may be legally entitled to damages by reason of the taking of said lands. The damages which may be recovered by the condition of the bond shall not be more than the fair market value of the land at the time of such entry and taking by the borough.

Section 8. In case the damages for said taking an appropriation have not for any reason been agreed upon between the borough and the owners of said land the court of common pleas of the county or any judges thereof in vacation upon application thereto by a petition of the borough or any person interested shall appoint three members of the board of viewers as a board of view and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter and said board of view shall meet upon the premises or lands taken or appropriated and view the same and the premises affected thereby. The board of view shall give or cause to be given at least ten days' notice of said meeting to the owner or owners of the said lands taken if it appears by the petition filed for the order directing the filing of a bond as aforesaid or by exceptions filed to said bond that said owner or owners reside within the county where such real estate is situated and can be found which notice shall be served in the same manner as provided in sections six of this article for the service of the petition and order directing the filing of a bond Where any owner owners or persons interested are unknown or do not reside within the county where said real estate is situated or where service of such notice can not be made upon a proper person or persons within the county as provided for the service of the petition and order for the filing of the bond as provided in section six herein such notice shall be given in at least two newspapers of general circulation printed and published in the proper borough or county not less than ten days prior to said meeting, and they shall give such other or further notice as the court shall direct.

Section 9. The proceedings before such viewers for the assessment of damages for property taken, injured or destroyed the powers and duties of the viewers with reference to such proceedings and the proceedings on the report of the viewers shall be as provided in chapter six, article two of this act.

Section 10 All damages when ascertained the costs of the viewers and all court costs incurred in such proceedings including advertising printing and posting notices shall be paid by the borough

Section 11 In the preparation of specifications for the erection or alteration of any public building when the entire cost of such work shall exceed one thousand dollars it shall be the duty of the architect engineer or person preparing such specifications to prepare separate specifications for the plumbing heating ventilating and electrical work and the borough shall receive separate bids upon each of the said branches of work and award the contact for the same to the lowest responsible bidder

Section 12 In letting contracts for the erection of any public buildings when plans and specifications for the same shall be submitted for bids the same shall be accompanied by a list of quantities of material required for such building to be prepared and furnished by the architect or engineer preparing the plans which bill or list shall be attached to the specifications No such list of materials shall be taken as being guaranteed by the borough submitting such plans and specifications

Section 13 Boroughs may purchase any real estate within or without the borough limits upon which to erect and maintain garbage or incinerating furnaces and sewage-disposal works with the necessary filter-beds appliances drains and sewers

Section 14 Boroughs desiring to locate any garbage or incinerating plant shall first apply to the court of common pleas for its approval of the location thereof whereupon the court shall fix a date when objections to the location will be heard and shall prescribe what notice of such hearing shall be given If at the time fixed for such hearing no objection shall be made to such location the same shall be approved but if objection be made then the court shall proceed to hear the matter and determine whether the location is a detriment to neighboring properties The finding of the court shall be conclusive but shall in no way adjudicate any question relating to damages for injury to property

Section 15 In case the borough cannot agree with the owner of such property as to the price or in case the owner is absent or incapacitated from any cause or is unknown by reason of which no agreement can be made the borough may take and appropriate for any of such purposes any real estate after an ordinance shall have been passed providing for such taking, and appropriating

Section 16 No real estate shall be acquired or contract for the construction of sewage disposal works or plants or sewer or drains extending thereto be entered into until a permit for the location and construction shall have been obtained from the State Commissioner of Health

Section 17 Where the borough and the owner cannot agree as to the price to be paid or where by reason of the legal incapacity of such owner or where the owner is absent or unknown no agreement as to the damages sustained can be made the borough may tender its bond to the party entitled to damages or to the agent of any person absent or to the guardian or committee of any one under legal incapacity The condition of the bond shall be that the borough will pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon by the parties or assessed by viewers

Section 18 In case the party claiming damage refuse to accept the bond so tendered the borough shall give such party at least five days' written notice of a time when the same will be presented for filing in court Thereafter the borough may present its bond to the court of common pleas or to any law judge thereof in vacation and if approved the bond shall be filed in court for the benefit of those interested

Section 19 In case the title to the lands to be taken and appropriated be defective or disputed or the party owning such real estate cannot be served with a notice or have a bond tendered as provided in the preceding section the court of common pleas of the county or any law judge thereof in vacation upon petition of the borough setting forth the necessary facts shall direct the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth in an amount to be fixed and approved by the court for the benefit of those who may be found entitled to the damages The condition of such bond shall be the same as provided in section seventeen of this article

Section 20 Upon the filing and approval of any bond provided for by sections seventeen and nineteen of this article the borough shall have the right to enter upon and appropriate the lands mentioned in such bonds and the title acquired by virtue of such condemnation shall be a fee simple title

Section 21 In case the damages for such taking and appropriation have not been agreed upon the court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application by petition of the borough or any person interested shall apoint three viewers from the county board of viewers and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the premises and view the same

Section 22 The viewers shall give ten days' notice of such meeting to the owners of lands taken if such owners reside within the county and can be found and to the guardian of any minor if such guardian resides within the county and to the guardian or committee of any lunatic or person of unsound mind if such notice can be served upon such guardian or committee and in all cases where the owners are incapacitated or unknown notice shall be given in two newspapers of general circulation printed in the borough or county and the viewers shall give such other notice as the court shall direct having regard to the circumstances of the case Where minors have no guardians and lunatics or persons of unsound mind have no guardians or committee the court shall appoint a guardian or committee ad litem and direct that all notices shall be served upon them

Section 23 The proceedings before such viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and the proceedings upon their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 24 Nothing contained in this act shall be construed to repeal or affect the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred and five page two hundred sixty or in any way to limit the powers of the Department of Health with regard to the regulations of the discharge of sewage

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XIX

WHARVES AND DOCKS

Section 1 Boroughs may erect and repair wharves and docks regulate and fix the rate of wharfage for all public wharves and docks within their limits and enforce the collection of wharfage for the use of the same and also to regulate the anchoring of vessels boats or rafts within their limits and the depositing of freight on such public wharves

Section 2 Boroughs may acquire by purchase or condemnation such real estate as they may need for the construction of wharves and docks within the limits of such boroughs along navigable streams

Section 3 No real estate for the erection of wharves and docks as provided in the preceding section of this article shall be taken or appropriated until an ordinance authorizing the same shall have been passed and approved

Section 4 Whenever an agreement can not be made between any borough and the owner of any real estate as to the price to be paid therefor the borough may tender its bond to the owner or to the agent if such owner shall be absent or to the guardian or committee of any one incapacitated

Section 5 In case the owner or agent committee or guardian shall refuse to accept such bond the borough shall present the same for approval to the court of common pleas of the county or any law judge thereof in vacation A notice of such application in writing with a copy of the proposed bond shall be served upon such owner agent committee or guardian at least five days before the application for approval shall be made If such bond shall be approved by the court it shall be filed in the prothonotary's office of the county for the benefit of those interested

Section 6 In case the title to any real estate so condemned shall be defective or disputed or if from any cause no bond can be tendered or notice served the borough may present its petition to the court or to any law judge thereof in vacation setting forth the necessary facts Whereupon the court may direct that the bond of such borough be executed to the Commonwealth and filed in the court for the benefit of those who shall be entitled to any damages by reason of such taking or appropriation The amount of such bond shall be fixed by the court

Section 7 The condition of each bond provided for in the preceding sections of this article shall be that the borough will pay to the party entitled such amount of damages as may be agreed upon between such party and the borough or assessed by viewers

Section 8 Upon the approval and filing of any bond provided for in the preceding sections of this article the borough may enter upon and appropriate the real estate mentioned in such bond and the title acquired by the borough shall be a title in fee simple

Section 9 Whenever the price for any such real estate has not been agreed upon the court on petition of the borough or any party interested shall appoint three freeholders as viewers and fix a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the premises and view the same

Section 10 At least ten days' notice of the time and place of such meeting shall be given to the owners of such real estate or to their agent committee or guardian If service of such notice cannot be had on such owners agent committee or guardian such notice shall be given in two newspapers of general circulation in such borough Such other notices shall be given as the court or judge may direct

Section 11 When any owner of such real estate shall be legally incapacitated the court may on the application of the borough appoint a guardian or committee ad litem for such owner and may direct that all notices shall be served on such guardian or committee

Section 12 The proceedings before such viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act The costs of all proceedings including the compensation of the viewers shall be paid by the borough

Section 13 The damages for the taking or injury of any property for use as a wharf pier or bulkhead shall include full compensation for the value of the property taken or injured and if the property so taken or injured shall constitute a part of a plant used as an entirety the damage to the owner or tenant shall be assessed by taking the difference in market value of such plant as a whole including buildings and all equipments installed and used in such plant before and after such taking or injuring and notwithstanding that part of such plant may be separated by a highway

Section 14 Boroughs may lease any wharf or part thereof and collect rent therefor by distress or otherwise No one term of any such lease shall be for a longer period than three years

Section 15 Boroughs may erect and maintain market houses and terminal sheds on wharves for the receipt and distribution of freight and express hauled by boats railroads and street cars Boroughs may also construct railroad and street railway tracks or other facilities on wharves to provide for the convenient hauling of such freight or express matter and collect rents tolls or charges for the use of such market houses terminal sheds tracks and facilities No permit other than a license revocable at will shall be granted and no exclusive permit for the use of such facilities shall be granted

Section 16 No structure erected and no right granted under the powers conferred by any of the preceding sections of this article shall interfere with the public use of wharves for river commerce

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XX

LICENSES AND LICENSE FEES

(a) AUCTIONEERS

Section 1 Boroughs may regulate and license persons and firms engaged in the business of auctioneering within the limits of any such borough and fix the amount to be paid for such license Such license shall be in addition to all other licenses required by law

Section 2 The provisions of the preceding section shall not apply for a space of three months to persons or firms regularly engaged in business in boroughs who may desire to reduce their stock or retire from business

(b) FOREIGN DEALERS

Section 3 Boroughs may license foreign dealers in merchandise or their agents having no permanent place of business in such boroughs but temporarily engaged in selling merchandise either by wholesale or by retail Such license shall not exceed the amount imposed on resident merchants engaged in like business The provisions of this section shall not apply to sales by sample

(c) TRANSIENT MERCHANTS

Section 4 It shall be unlawful for any person co-partnership or corporation without a license to conduct any business in any borough the whole or greater part of which shall consist of the sale of goods which shall be represented or advertised to be the goods of the estate of any bankrupt or the goods of any assignee or a person firm or corporation about to go out of business or goods that have been damaged in any way

Section 5 The provisions of the preceding section of this article shall not prohibit the sale of any goods by any assignee trustee receiver or other officer appointed by any court of this Commonwealth or of the United States acting for the estate of any such bankrupt or other person firm or corporation within the limits of any borough wherein such person firm or corporation conducted business or had the goods immediately before the appointment of any such assignee trustee receiver or other officer or the sale of any damaged goods if the same be sold within the limits of the borough wherein the owner conducted business or had such goods at the time the same became damaged

Section 6 The license provided for in section four of this article shall be issued by the treasurer of the borough wherein such business is conducted The license fee shall not be less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars for each calendar month or fraction thereof and shall be fixed by ordinance The license shall be renewed monthly during the time such person firm or corporation shall conduct such business and shall be in addition to all license fees and taxes imposed by the Commonwealth and the borough

Section 7 Any person association co-partnership or corporation violating any of the provisions of sections five six seven or eight of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay for each day such business shall be conducted without a license a fine of not more than two hundred dollars

(d) VEHICLES

Section 8 Boroughs may enact ordinances establishing reasonable rates of license fees on all vehicles used in carrying persons or property for pay and may regulate the operation and compensation of such vehicles within the limits of such boroughs or between any such borough or other points

(e) RESTRICTIONS

Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any borough to levy or collect any license fee from any farmer who sells his own produce in or about the streets of any borough

Section 10 It shall be unlawful for any borough to levy any license fee or mercantile tax upon any persons taking orders for merchandise by sample from dealers or merchants for individuals or companies who pay a license or mercantile tax at their chief places of business Nothing in this section shall authorize any person to sell by retail to others than dealers or merchants

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE I

COUNCIL

Section 1 The borough council shall organize at eight o clock postmeridian on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and biennially thereafter by electing a president and secretary and such other officers as it may require The president shall preside over the meetings of council and when absent his place shall be filled by a president pro tempore The councilmen shall not receive any compensation for their services as councilmen

Section 2 Before entering upon the duties of their office the councilmen shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to perform the duties of their office with fidelity The oath or affirmation may be taken before any judge or justice of the peace of the county or before the burgess of the borough when he has qualified and shall be entered upon or filed among the records of the borough

Section 3 The burgess shall preside over the organization meeting of the council but he shall not vote thereat unless the vote of the council be equally divided

Section 4 If the council of any borough shall fail to organize within ten days from the time prescribed in section one of this article the court of quarter sessions upon the petition of ten taxable inhabitants verified by the affidavit of five of the petitioners shall issue a rule upon the delinquent to show cause why their seats should not be declared vacant The rule shall be returnable not less than five days from the time of its issue and after hearing the court may declare the seats of such delinquent councilmen vacant and appoint others in their stead who shall hold their office for the unexpired term

Section 5 Whenever two or more boroughs are consolidated under the provisions of chapter two article two of this act the council of the new borough at the first meeting after such consolidation shall designate by ballot which of the high constables and auditors shall perform the duties of those offices in the new borough and the persons so chosen shall hold their office until the first Monday of January next succeeding the municipal election at which such officers are regularly elected as provided in chapter eight article one of this act The council shall also designate by ballot which of the treasurers shall perform the duties of that office in the new borough and shall select some person as secretary of the council

Section 6 It shall be the duty of the council a majority of whom shall be a quorum

I To meet statedly at least once a month

II To make and preserve full records of their proceedings

III To enact revise repeal and amend such laws rules regulations and ordinances not inconsistent with the laws of the Commonwealth as it shall deem beneficial to the borough and to provide for the enforcement of the same

IV To publish in one newspaper printed in the county and by twelve advertisements posted in public places in the borough every enactment regulation ordinance or other general law at least ten days before the same shall take effect

V To provide by ordinance for the manner in which all notices shall be served and to give personal notice of all orders and regulations affecting particular individuals

VI To cause to be made a plan of the roads streets lanes alleys and courts opened or laid out together with such explanation as shall be necessary to a full understanding of the same The plan shall be kept by the secretary and shall be open to public inspection

VII To appoint and remove a treasurer and secretary Council in their discretion may appoint a solicitor one or two street commissioners and such other officers as it shall deem necessary

VIII To fix the compensation of the treasurer secretary street commissioners high constable and such other officers and employes as they may appoint to be paid from the borough treasury by orders drawn thereon

IX To fix the amount of security to be given by the treasurer the high constable and of such other officers and employes as it may designate

X To direct annually the publication of the accounts of the treasurer

XI To mitigate or remit fines and forfeitures in reasonable cases

Section 7 Every ordinance and resolution except as herein otherwise provided passed by the council shall be presented to the burgess for his approval If the burgess approve he shall sign it but if he shall not so approve he shall return it with his objections to the council at its next regular meeting when the objections shall be entered upon the minutes and the council shall proceed to a reconsideration thereof If after such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elected to said council or a majority of council plus one when the number composing such council is less than nine shall vote to pass such ordinance or resolution it shall become of as full force and effect as if it had received the approval of the burgess but in such case the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays and the names and votes of the members shall be entered on the minutes If any such ordinance or resolution shall not be returned by the burgess at the regular meeting of the council next succeeding its presentation to him it shall likewise have as full force as if it had been approved

Section 8 No ordinance or resolution shall be considered in force until the same is recorded in the ordinance book of the borough and is advertised as provided in clause four of section six of this article

Section 9 Complaint may be made to the next court of quarter sessions upon entering into recognizance with sufficient security to prosecute the same with effect and for the payment of costs by any person aggrieved in consequence of any ordinance regulation or act done or purporting to be done in virtue of this act and the determination and order of the court thereon shall be conclusive

Section 10 Whenever any ordinance book is lost destroyed or becomes unserviceable the borough council may provide by ordinance for a new ordinance book into which shall be transcribed by the secretary all of the then valid ordinances

Section 11 The secretary in transcribing such ordinances shall make complete copies thereof including the date of enactment and approval and the names of the officers who signed the same and after notice given and corrections made shall certify each ordinance as a correct copy of the original

Section 12 The ordinance providing for the transcribing of such ordinances shall be recorded in such book immediately following the ordinances so transcribed and it shall provide that the secretary of the borough upon the completion of such transcribing shall publish once a week for four weeks in one newspaper published in the borough and if there be no such publication then in a newspaper published in the county a notice stating that all of the then valid ordinances of the borough have been transcribed into a new ordinance book and that the old books and records of borough ordinances and the new ordinance book are open to public inspection for the purpose of verification and correction during the thirty days from the date of the notice

Section 13 The secretary of the borough at the expiration of such notice shall make all corrections and shall then certify that all of the ordinances have been compared with their originals and that they are correct copies thereof After the ordinances are transcribed notice thereof given and the certificate of correction made as provided in the preceding sections of this article the ordinances so transcribed shall take the place of the original record and shall be the valid and legal ordinances of the borough

Section 14 Borough councils may compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books papers or other evidence at any meeting of the council or any committee thereof and for that purpose may issue subpoenas signed by the president of council or the chairman of the committee and cause the same to be served in any part of this Commonwealth If any witness shall refuse to testify to any fact within his knowledge or to produce any books or papers in his possession or control required to be used as evidence in any such case the secretary of the council shall report the facts relating to such refusal to the court of common pleas If the court determines the evidence required of such witness to be legal and competent it shall order such witness to testify or produce the evidence required

Section 15 No person residing without the borough and subpoenaed as aforesaid shall be required to respond to the same until mileage to and from the borough at the rate of ten cents a mile and a per diem allowance of two dollars for the time their presence is desired has been furnished

Section 16 Any person called as a witness as provided in section fourteen of this article may be examined under oath and for the giving of false testimony shall be liable to indictment and punishment for perjury

Section 17. Where in the conduct of its business a borough has received the benefits of services performed in good faith and the charges therefor are considered reasonable by the council or where there is a moral obligation on the part of the borough to pay for services rendered the council of the borough may pay to the person officer or employe the amount in question or any proportion thereof.

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE II

BURGESS

Section 1 No burgess shall hold any other borough office or appointment during the term for which he is elected nor be eligible to succeed himself he shall not be a member of nor preside at the meetings of the council except as provided in section three article one of this chapter

Section 2 No member of Congress or any person holding any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States shall be capable of holding the office of burgess

Section 3 Any person violating the provisions of section two of this article shall be liable to a penalty of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars and the office of burgess shall be considered vacant

Section 4 Any penalty imposed under section three of this article shall be paid one-half to the overseers guardians or directors of the poor of the borough or county where such offense is committed to be applied for the support of the poor and one-half to the prosecutor

Section 5 The burgess before exercising the duties of his office shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation and the same shall be filed as provided in chapter seven article one section two of this act

Section 6 The salary of the burgess may be fixed by ordinance to be paid from the borough treasury in monthly instalments on warants authorized by the council When so fixed such salary shall not be changed during the term of the incumbent

Section 7 The salary of the burgess shall not exceed per annum one hundred dollars per thousand for the first five thousand population or fraction thereof and fifty dollars per annum for each additional one thousand of population or fractional majority thereof the population to be determined by the last United States decennial census or by five times the number of electors in the borough as shown by the last registration thereof

Section 8 Any salary paid pursuant to sections six and seven of this article shall be in lieu of all costs and fees allowed a burgess whether acting as burgess or justice of the peace and in such case the costs and fees shall be taxed and collected by the burgess and turned monthly into the borough treasury together with a sworn statement of the same

Section 9 In all cases where the burgess is given the jurisdiction of a justice of the peace he shall collect the same costs and fees as is charged by justices of the peace for like services

Section 10 The burgess shall have power

I To administer oaths and affirmations in matters pertaining to borough affairs

II To exercise jurisdiction in all disputes between the borough and individuals arising under the ordinances rules and regulations of the borough

III To exercise the powers and jurisdiction of justices of the peace in the enforcement of all ordinances of the borough and the collection of fines and penalties imposed thereunder

IV To exercise the powers and jurisdiction of justices of the peace within the borough for the suppression of riots tumults and disorderly meetings and in all criminal cases for the punishment of vagrants and disorderly persons

Section 11 It shall be the duty of the burgess

I To preserve order in the borough to enforce the ordinances and regulations to hear complaints to remove nuisances and to exact a faithful performance of the duties of the officers appointed

II To demand and receive sufficient security in the amount fixed by the borough from the treasurer and high constable

III To sign the by-laws rules regulations and ordinances after they shall have been correctly transcribed by the secretary

IV To keep correct accounts of all fees fines and costs received by him to render to the councils at each regular meeting an itemized statement of all such moneys so received since the last regular meeting of the council with the dates at which and the names of the persons from whom the same was received and to pay all such moneys into the borough treasury prior to such regular meeting

V To cause to be opened all public roads streets lanes or alleys lying partly within the borough

Section 12 Any burgess neglecting or refusing to open a road street lane or alley as provided in the preceding section shall be liable to a fine of not less than four dollars nor more than fifty dollars to be recovered in a summary proceedings before any justice of the peace of the county

Section 13 Whenever the burgess is absent or incapacitated the duties of his office shall be discharged by the president of council

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE III

HIGH CONSTABLE

Section 1 The high constable before entering on the duties of his office shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation and the same shall be filed as provided in chapter seven article one section two of this act the high constable shall give such bond with surety as is required by the borough

Section 2 The high constable shall have the power and authority of constables of the several townships in the county

Section 3 The high constable shall give ten days' notice of the biennial elections of the borough by posting six advertisements in the most public places within the same

Section 4 It shall be unlawful for any high constable who is at the time employed as a policeman in the borough or any other part of the Commonwealth to charge or accept any compensation in addition to the salary paid him as policeman for any service rendered either as a policeman or as high constable except public rewards and the legal mileage allowed to constables for traveling expenses

Section 5 Any person violating the provisions of the preceding section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars and costs or to undergo imprisonment in the jail of the county not exceeding thirty days or both

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE IV

AUDITORS

Section 1 The auditors of the borough shall meet on the third Tuesday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and annually thereafter and shall audit adjust and settle the accounts of the tax collectors and all officers of the borough Any officer whose act or neglect contributes to the financial loss of any borough shall be surcharged with the amount of such loss

Section 2 All orders and vouchers which have been paid shall on their presentation to the auditors be cancelled by writing the word "audited" on the face thereof

Section 3 The auditors shall complete such audit adjustment and settlement as soon as possible and shall within ten days thereafter published by posting printed or typewritten hand-bills in five public places in the borough an itemized statement of the receipts and expenditures of the several officers for the precding year they shall also within such period of ten days file a copy of the statement with the secretary of the borough and also with the clerk of court of quarter sessions of the county which shall be at all times subject to public inspection Whenever two or more borough offices shall be exercised by the same person only one statement shall be required

Section 4 It shall be lawful for the borough or any tax payer thereof on its behalf or any officer whose account is settled or audited to appeal from the settlement or audit to the court of common pleas of the county within thirty days after the statement has been filed in the court of quarter sessions

Section 5 No appeal by a taxpayer or officer shall be allowed unless the applicant shall enter into recognizance to prosecute the same with effect and to pay all costs accruing thereon in case if the appellant be a taxpayer he shall fail to obtain a final decision more favorable to the borough than that awarded by the auditors or in case the appellant be an accounting officer he shall fail to obtain a final decision more favorable to the officer than that awarded by the auditors

Section 6 Whenever an appeal has been taken from the report of the auditors by the borough or by any person charged in such report with any sum of money any taxpayer of the borough may intervene in such appeal and either prosecute the same on its behalf or defend it against the appeal of the person so charged No tax payer shall intervene unless he shall file in the court of common pleas a bond with one or more sufficient sureties conditioned to indemnify the borough against all costs accruing by reason of such intervention

Section 7 Any person interested may order the appeal upon the argument list and evidence may be taken before any person authorized to administer oaths upon rule for that purpose served upon the opposite party

Section 8 Whenever any matter of fact is in dispute the court of common pleas is authorized to frame an issue for the trial thereof

Section 9 After hearing the court shall file its findings of fact and law and enter judgment in accordance therewith and the judgment so entered may be enforced by any appropriate proceedings by the party prevailing

Section 10 Any person interested may except to the ruling of the court and may appeal therefrom to the Superior or Supreme Court as in other cases

Section 11 Whenever any person is charged with a sum of money by the report of the borough auditors any taxpayer of the borough may enforce the collection thereof for the benefit of the borough by action or execution upon filing in the court of common pleas a bond with one or more sureties conditioned to indemnify the borough from all costs which may accrue in the proceedings undertaken by such taxpayer

Section 12 The borough auditors may employ an attorney in case of any disagreement with an official or board of officials whose accounts they are required to audit Such attorney shall not be employed until reasonable effort has been made to reach an agreement and only after notice of such contemplated employment has been given to such official or board

Section 13 The compensation of such attorney shall be fixed by the auditors and shall not exceed the sum of ten dollars per day nor thirty dollars in any case in dispute except whenever an appeal is taken as provided in the preceding sections of this article in which case the court shall fix an additional compensation

Section 14 The compensation of such attorney shall be paid out of the fund whose settlement is in dispute by warrant drawn by the auditors upon the treasurer of such fund immediately upon the final settlement of the account

Section 15 Each auditor shall receive not less than two nor more than five dollars per day of eight hours for each such day necessarily employed in the discharge of his duties to be paid by the borough the compensation to be fixed by the council

Section 16 In case of any neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of the preceding sections of this article the auditors so neglecting or refusing shall pay a penalty of one hundred dollars to be recovered in the same manner as debts of like amount are recoverable by suit instituted in the name of the borough upon the complaint of any taxpayer thereof When so recovered the amount of the penalty shall be paid into the treasury of the borough

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE V

CONTROLLER

Section 1 The borough controller shall before entering upon the duties of his office take and subscribe the oath prescribed by section one article seven of the constitution of this Commonwealth and shall give bond to the borough with two or more sureties or with a surety company to be approved by the council in such sum as they may by ordinance direct conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties The cost of such bond shall be paid by the borough

Section 2 The borough controller shall receive a fixed annual salary to be fixed by ordinance and not to exceed the sum of one thousand dollars per annum

Section 3 The borough controller shall superintend the fiscal concerns of the borough He shall examine audit and settle all accounts whatsoever in which the borough is concerned either as debtor or creditor where provision for the settlement thereof is made by law and where no such provisions or an insufficient provision has been made he shall examine such accounts and report to the borough council the facts relating thereto with his opinion thereon

Section 4 The borough controller shall have supervision and control of the accounts of all departments bureaus and officers of the borough authorized to collect receive or disburse the public moneys or who are charged with the management or custody thereof He shall audit their respective accounts and may at any time require from any of them a statement in writing of any moneys or property of the borough in their hands or under their control and he shall immediately upon the discovery of any default irregularity or delinquency report the same to the borough council He shall also audit and report upon the account of any such officer upon the death resignation removal or expiration of the term of the said officer

Section 5 The borough controller may administer oaths or affirmations in relation to any matter touching the authentication of any account with or claim or demand against the borough but shall not be entitled to receive any fee therefor

Section 6 The borough controller shall countersign all warrants upon the borough treasurer the form thereof to be prescribed by council but no warrant shall be countersigned unless there is money in the treasury to pay the same Whenever a warrant on the treasurer shall be presented to the controller to be countersigned the person presenting the same shall if the controller require produce evidence

1 That the amount expressed in the warrant is due to the person in whose favor it is drawn

2 That the supplies or service for payment of which the warrant is drawn have been furnished or performed according to law and the terms of the contract

Section 7 The borough controller shall not permit any appropriation made by the council to be overdrawn Whenever an appropriation is exhausted the object of which is not complete he shall immediately report the fact to the council and accompany such report with a statement of the moneys which have been drawn on such appropriation and the particular purpose for which they are drawn

Section 8 Every contract involving appropriation of money shall designate the item of appropriation on which it is founded and the estimated amount of the expenditure thereunder shall be charged against such item and so certified by the borough controller on the contract before it shall take effect as a contract and the payment required by such contract shall be made from the fund appropriated therefor If the controller shall certify any contract in excess of the appropriation made therefor the borough shall not be liable for such excess but the controller and his sureties shall be liable for the same which may be recovered in an action at law by the contracting party aggrieved It shall be the duty of the controller to certify contracts for the payment of which sufficient appropriations have been made

Section 9 The borough controller shall as often as he may deem expedient or the council shall direct suggest plans to the council for the management and improvement of the borough finances and he shall make a report verified by oath or affirmation to the council at the first stated meeting in January in each year of the public accounts of the borough and of the trusts in its care exhibiting all the expenditures thereof respectively the sources from which the revenue and funds are derived and the manner in which the same have been disbursed Each account shall be accompanied by a detailed statement of the several appropriations made by councils the amount drawn on each appropriation and the balance standing to the debit or credit of such appropriation The report shall be published at the expense of the borough once a week for two weeks in a newspaper circulating generally in the borough

Section 10 The borough controller shall keep a regular set of books in which shall be opened and kept as many accounts under appropriate titles as may be necessary to show separately and distinctly all the estates and property whatsoever real and personal vested in the borough all trusts in the care of the same all debts due and owing the borough all receipts and expenditures of the various departments of the borough government and all appropriations made by council and the sums under the same respectively

Section 11 The foregoing provisions of this article shall not become operative or effective in any borough not having a controller until the council shall by ordinance accept the provisions of this article When any borough accepts the provisions of this article the court of quarter sessions upon petition of council shall appoint a controller to hold office until the first Monday of January next succeeding the next municipal election at which a controller may be elected under the provisions of this act

Section 12 In all boroughs accepting the provisions of this article as provided in the preceding section the borough auditors then in office shall continue to hold their office until the first day of January succeeding the election of a borough controller after which date the office of borough auditor is abolished

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE VI

APPOINTED OFFICERS

(a) GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1 Appointed officers of the borough shall receive such compensation for their services as the council shall prescribe

Section 2 All officers appointed by the borough council shall whenever directed render their accounts to the council for settlement

Section 3 Whenever an employe of any borough is required to give bond endorsed by a surety company for the faithful performance of his duties the borough may pay the premium thereon

(b) TREASURER

Section 4 The borough treasurer shall before entering upon the duties of his office give bond with surety as required by the borough he shall perform the duties of the township treasurer within the borough shall keep a just account of all receipts and disbursements and shall annually submit his account to the borough auditors and publish the same in a manner directed by the borough he shall pay over all moneys remaining in his hands and deliver all books papers accounts and other things belonging to the borough to his successor All moneys received by any officer for the use of the borough shall be forthwith paid to the borough treasurer

Section 5 The borough treasurer shall receive such compensation as the council shall prescribe

(c) SECRETARY

Section 6 The secretary shall attend all meetings of the borough council and shall keep full minutes of their proceedings he shall transcribe the by-laws rules regulations and ordinances adopted into a book kept for that purpose and when signed by the presiding officer shall attest the same he shall preserve the records and documents of the borough and shall have custody of the corporate seal He shall certify copies of any book paper record by-law rule regulation ordinance or proceeding of the borough under the seal thereof which copies so certified shall be admitted in evidence in any court of the Commonwealth He shall attest the execution of all instruments record the publication of all enactments and attest the same by his signature He shall file or record the proof of service of all notices required by law and the certificate thereof shall be good evidence of such notice He shall deliver to his successor the seal and all books papers and other things belonging to the borough

(d) STREET COMMISSIONERS

Section 7 On the first Monday of January or within thirty days thereafter of each even numbered year the borough council may appoint one or two persons as street commissioners who shall serve for a term of two years or until their successors shall qualify

Section 8 Whenever two or more boroughs are consolidated under the provisions of chapter two article two of this act the street commissioners of each of such boroughs shall continue in office as officers of the new borough until the expiration of their respective terms of office

(e) SOLICITOR

Section 9 The borough council on the first Monday of January in any even numbered year or as soon thereafter as practicable may elect by a vote of a majority of the members one person learned in the law who shall be styled the borough solicitor and who shall serve for the term of four years from the first Monday of January of the even numbered year in or succeeding which he was elected and until his successor qualified Vacancies in the office of borough solicitor shall be filled by the council for the unexpired term

Section 10 All borough solicitors holding office at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen shall continue to hold their office until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and all borough solicitors holding office at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen shall continue to hold their office until the first Monday in January, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen Solicitors elected on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen shall hold their respective offices until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteen

Section 11 The borough solicitor shall give a bond to the borough with two or more sureties or one trust or bonding company to be approved by the council in such sum as it shall by ordinance direct conditioned for the faithful performance of his duty

Section 12 The law matters of the borough shall be under the superintendence discretion and control of the borough solicitor and no department of the borough except as herein otherwise provided shall employ an additional counsel without the assent or ratification of the council

Section 13 The borough solicitor shall prepare such bonds obligations contracts leases conveyances and assurances to which the borough or any department thereof may be a party as may be directed by ordinance or resolution he shall commence and prosecute all actions brought by the borough for or on account of any of the estates rights trusts privileges claims or demands as well as defend all actions or suits against the borough or any officer thereof wherein or whereby any of the estates rights privileges trusts ordinances or accounts of the borough or any department thereof may be brought in question before any court in the Commonwealth and shall do every professional act incident to the office which he may be authorized or required to do by the burgess or by any ordinance or resolution He shall whenever required furnish the council the committees thereof the burgess or the heads of departments with his opinion in writing upon any question of law which may be submitted by any of them in their official capacities

(f) POLICE

Section 14 Borough councils may appoint and remove one or more suitable persons citizens of this Commonwealth as borough policemen who shall have the power to arrest persons violating any ordinance of the borough the violation of which may subject persons to arrest Any person so arrested shall be received for confinement by the keepers of the jails lock-ups or station houses within the county

Section 15 The borough policemen shall when on duty wear a shield or badge with the words "borough police" and the name of the borough for which they are appointed inscribed thereon

Section 16 The borough police shall be under the direction of the burgess as to the time during which the place where and the manner in which they shall perform their duties The burgess may for cause and without pay suspend any policeman until the succeeding regular meeting of the council at which time the council may discharge or reinstate such policeman

Section 17 The borough police shall receive a stated salary to be fixed by ordinance and it shall be unlawful for any borough policeman to charge or accept any fee or other compensation in addition to his salary for any service performed pertaining to his duties or office except public rewards and legal mileage allowed for traveling expenses

Section 18 Any person violating the provisions of the preceding section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars and costs or undergo imprisonment not exceeding thirty days or both

Section 19 Borough policemen residing in the borough may at the same time hold and exercise the office of constable in the borough or any ward thereof and may demand and receive all costs fees and emoluments pertaining to such office

Section 20 Borough policemen may perform all the duties of high constable but shall receive no compensation therefor

Section 21 Boroughs may by ordinance establish a police pension fund to be maintained by an equal and proportionate monthly charge against each member of the police force not exceeding annually three per centum of the pay of such member The fund shall be under the direction of the borough council or such committee as it may designate and shall be applied under such regulations as the council may by ordinance prescribe for the benefit of such members of the police force as shall receive honorable discharge therefrom by reason of age or disability and the families of such as may be injured or killed in the service Any allowance made to those who are retired by reason of disability or age shall be in conformity with a uniform scale

Section 22 The ordinance establishing the police pension fund may prescribe a minimum period of continuous service not less than twenty years after which members of the force may be retired from active duty Borough policemen so retired shall be subject to service as police reserve until unfitted for such service by reason of age or disability when they may be finally discharged

Section 23 The basis of the apportionment of the pension shall be determined by the rate of monthly pay of the member at the date of death honorable discharge or retirement and shall not in any case exceed in any year one-half the annual pay of such member computed at such monthly rate

Section 24 Payments made under the provisions of section twenty-one of this article and the sections based theeron shall be a charge on no other fund in the treasury of the borough or under its control other than the police pension fund

Section 25 Boroughs may take by gift grant devise or bequest any money or property real personal or mixed in trust for the benefit of such police pension fund The care management investment and disposal of such trust funds funds or property shall be vested in such officers as the borough shall by ordinance direct and shall be governed by such officers subject to any directions not inconsistent therewith as the donors of such funds and property may prescribe

Section 26 No person participating in such police pension fund and becoming entitled to receive a benefit therefrom shall be deprived of his right to an equal and proportionate share therein upon the basis upon which he first became entitled thereto except for the following causes that is to say conviction of a crime or misdemeanor becoming a habitual drunkard becoming a non-resident of the Commonwealth or failing to comply with some general regulation relating to the management of such fund which may be made by ordinance and which provides that a failure to comply therewith shall terminate the right to participate in the pension fund after such notice and hearing as it shall prescribe

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE VII

BUREAU OF MINE INSPECTION AND SURFACE SUPPORT

Section 1 Boroughs within the limits of the anthracite region of the Commonwealth may by ordinance create a bureau of mine inspection and surface support

Section 2 The bureau shall consist of one practical mining engineer to be appointed by the burgess with consent of the council and such assistant clerks and employes as the council may provide The officers and employees of the bureau shall receive such compensation as may be prescribed by council

Section 3 Members of the bureau may enter inspect examine and survey any mine or colliery within the limits of the borough at all reasonable times either by day or night but not so as to impede nor obstruct the workings of the mine or colliery and may take with them such other persons as may be necessary for the purpose of making an examination or survey The owner operator or superintendent of such mine or colliery shall furnish the means necessary for such entry inspection examination survey and exit

Section 4 The owner operator or superintendent of every coal mine or colliery within three months after the passage of an ordinance by any borough creating such bureau shall make or cause to be made and furnished to such bureau an accurate map or plan of the workings or excavations of such coal mine or colliery on a scale of one hundred feet to the inch The map or plan shall exhibit the workings or excavations in every seam of coal on a separate sheet and the tunnels and passages connecting with such workings or excavations It shall show in degrees the general inclination of the strata with any material deflection therein in the workings or excavations and shall also show the tidal elevations of the bottom of every shaft slope tunnel and gangway and of every other point in the mine or on the surface where such elevation shall be deemed necessary by the bureau The map or plan shall show the number of the last survey station and date of each survey on the gangways or the most advanced workings

Section 5 Every mine owner operator or superintendent shall place or cause to be placed upon the map of the bureau at least once in every three months all the extensions made in any mine within the limits of such borough during the three preceding months except those made within thirty days immediately preceding the time of placing such extensions upon the said map

Section 6 It shall be unlawful for any person co-partnership association or corporation to dig mine remove or carry away the coal rock earth or other minerals or materials forming the natural support of the surface beneath the public highways streets alleys courts and places of any borough in the anthracite region to such an extent and in such a manner as to thereby remove the necessary support of the surface without having first placed or constructed an artificial permanent support sufficient to uphold and preserve the stability of the surfaces of such public highways streets alleys courts and places

Section 7 Any person being the general manager superintendent or person in charge of the work of any corporation co-partnership or association violating any of the provisions of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction before a justice of the peace of the borough shall be sentenced for such offense to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days or both All fines imposed under this section shall be paid into the treasury of the borough

Section 8 Borough councils may enact such ordinances as may be necessary for the enforcement of the provisions of this article

CHAPTER VIII
ELECTIONS—VACANCIES IN OFFICE
ARTICLE I
NUMBER TERM AND TIME OF ELECTION OF OFFICERS

Section 1 Electors of the borough only shall be eligible to elective borough offices

Section 2 Elections for borough officers shall be at the time and place designated by law for the holding of municipal elections

Section 3 Certificates of election of all borough officers shall be filed among the records of the borough

Section 4 Persons elected to borough offices shall serve until their successors are elected and qualified

Section 5 It shall be lawful for the electors of the borough to elect

1 In boroughs not divided into wards seven councilmen a burgess high constable and three auditors or a controller

2 In boroughs divided into wards at least one and not more than three councilmen in each ward to be residents of the ward from which they are elected and chosen by the electors of the ward also a burgess a high constable and three auditors or a controller who shall be chosen by the electors of the borough at large

Section 6 At the municipal election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen there shall be elected in each borough a sufficient number of councilmen to equal one-half of the entire number of which such council is legally composed to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding and where such entire number is seven nine or eleven then sufficient to constitute three four or five as the case may be The aforesaid councilmen to be elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen being successors to those elected in the years one thousand nine hundred and eleven and one thousand nine hundred and thirteen whose terms as heretofore provided by law expire on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen All councilmen whose terms expire on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteen shall continue to hold their office until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteen as now provided and their successors shall be elected at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding Biennially thereafter at the municipal election a sufficient number of councilmen shall be elected for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding to fill the places of those whose terms under the provisions of this act shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election

Section 7 Whenever the court of quarter sessions shall divide any borough into wards erect two or more wards or parts of two or more wards into one ward or divide a ward already erected into two or more wards as provided in chapter three article three of this act and when the report in such case is confirmed by the court it shall at the same time decree the election of an equal number of councilmen in each of the wards in such manner as not to interfere with the terms of those theretofore elected In decreeing such elction when the entire number of council shall be composed of an even number the decree shall be so made that one-half of the entire number shall thereafter be elected at each municipal election When the entire number of council shall be an odd number the court shall divide such council into two classes and shall make its decree so that one-half of the entire number of councilmen less one shall as soon as possible take their office in a year divisible by four and the remaining number of councilmen shall take their office in an even numbered year not divisible by four The apportionment shall be so made by the court that there shall be equal or as nearly equal as possible representation by wards in each class Biennially thereafter at each municipal election a sufficient number of councilmen shall be elected for the term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding to fill the places of those whose terms shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election

Section 8 Whenever two or more boroughs are consolidated as provided in chapter two article two of this act the members of the council of each of such boroughs shall be members of the council of the new borough from the wards in which they respectively reside and shall hold their office until the expiration of their terms

In consolidated boroughs divided into wards the number of councilmen in each ward shall be three

At the first municipal election next succeeding such consolidation the qualified electors of such borough shall elect a sufficient number of councilmen to equal one-half of the entire number of which such council is legally composed to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election and where such entire number is seven nine or eleven and where the year in which such officers shall take office is divisible by four then sufficient to constitute three four or five as the case may be and where such year is an even numbered year not divisible by four then sufficient to constitute four five or six At the second municipal election succeeding such consolidation the remaining number of councilmen to which such consolidated borough is entitled shall be elected to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding In consolidated boroughs divided into wards the council shall by lot prior to the first municipal election succeeding such consolidation apportion the councilmen to be elected as above provided so that there shall be equal or as nearly equal as possible representation by wards Biennially thereafter at each municipal election a sufficient number of councilmen shall be elected to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding to fill the places of those whose term shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election

Section 9 The purpose of the three sections immediately preceding is that as nearly as possible one-half of the councilmen of every borough shall be elected at each municipal election to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding

Section 10 Whenever upon the division of any borough into wards or the creation of a new ward or wards the number of councilmen cannot be equally divided among the wards of the borough it shall be lawful for the court in decreeing such division or creation to increase the number of council to and not exceeding such number as will enable the court to make an equal apportionment of the same among the several wards of such borough

Section 11 The court of quarter sessions having fixed the number of councilmen as provided in section seven of this article may upon petition of citizens of the borough increase the same to any number not exceeding three for each ward

Section 12 Whenever the electors of any borough divided into wards are authorized by this act or by a decree of court to elect three members of council from each ward the court of quarter sessions may upon the petition of twenty citizens of such borough and after notice to the council decrease the number of the council to be elected in each of such wards to two

At each municipal election thereafter the electors of each ward shall elect one councilman to hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 13 Whenever the court of quarter sessions shall divide any borough into wards it shall appoint for each ward such judges and inspectors of election to hold the first election after such division as are by law required

Section 14 Electors of every borough shall at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and every four years thereafter elect one person as burgess who shall hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 15 Whenever two or more boroughs are consolidated under the provisions of chapter two article two the burgess of the borough which shall have been first incorporated shall be the burgess of the consolidated borough to serve until the expiration of his term The burgess of the other borough shall become a member of the council of such consolidated borough from the ward in which he resides and shall continue a member thereof until the expiration of his term At the first municipal election for the election of burgesses in boroughs and quadriennially thereafter a burgess shall be elected in such consolidated borough for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding such election

Section 16 The electors of every borough shall at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and every fourth year thereafter elect one person as high constable to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next following

Section 17 The qualified electors in boroughs electing auditors and not accepting the provisions of chapter seven article five of this act shall elect at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen one auditor and in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen two auditors to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election Biennially thereafter one or two auditors as the case may be shall be elected for a term of four years to fill the places of those whose terms shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election

Section 18 The terms of office of all borough treasurers and street commissioners elected by the voters at large of any borough is fixed at four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election

Section 19 The qualified electors in every borough having controller and in every borough accepting the provisions of chapter seven article five of this act shall at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and every four years thereafter elect as borough controller one person who shall be a competent accountant and an elector of the borough for at least four years prior to his election The person so chosen shall serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 20 Whenever in boroughs hereafter incorporated from a township as provided in chapter two article one in boroughs hereafter formed by the division of a borough as provided in chapter two article four or in boroughs hereafter created by the detachment of territory as provided in chapter two article four section six a special election is ordered by the court for the election of borough officers the officers so elected shall hold their office until the first Monday of January next succeeding the municipal election at which such officers are elected as provided in sections six seven eight fourteen sixteen and nineteen of this article and thereafter such officers shall be so elected that the time of their election and in the case of councilmen and auditors the number to be elected at any municipal election shall coincide with the time and number elected at such municipal elections by boroughs incorporated prior to the passage of this act

Section 21 Any person receiving notice of his election as burgess high constable or a member of council refusing or neglecting to take upon himself the execution of such office or any person having taken upon himself such duties neglecting to discharge the same according to law shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars to be recovered before any justice of the peace in the same manner as debts are recoverable Any penalty so recovered shall be forthwith paid to the treasurer of the borough

CHAPTER VIII
ELECTIONS—VACANCIES IN OFFICE
ARTICLE II
FILLING OF VACANCIES

Section 1 The court of quarter sessions may on petition of borough council fill vacancies occurring in any elective borough office until the municipal election next following Whenever a vacancy is filled by the court as provided in this section the electors of the borough shall at the municipal election next succeeding such appointment elect a sufficient number of persons to fill such vacancies for the unexpired term

Section 2 The borough council may fill any vacancy in their body until the municipal election next following at which election a sufficient number of persons shall be chosen to fill such vacancies for the unexpired term The voters shall designate on their ballots that the persons thereon named are voted for to fill an unexpired term

Section 3 The court of quarter sessions may on petition of council or of any resident of the borough fill any vacancy occurring in the office of burgess Any person so appointed shall hold office for the unexpired term

Section 4 The court of quarter sessions may fill any vacancy occurring in the office of high constable Any person so appointed shall hold office for the unexpired term

Section 5 The court of quarter sessions shall fill any vacancy occurring in the office of borough controller and the person so appointed shall serve until the first Monday of January succeeding the municipal election occurring two months after the happening of such vacancy at which election a successor shall be elected for the unexpired term

CHAPTER IX

PARKS—SHADE TREES—FOREST

ARTICLE I

PARKS AND PLAYGROUNDS

Section 1 Boroughs may improve maintain and regulate public parks parkways and playgrounds within the borough limits

Section 2 Boroughs may enter upon appropriate and acquire by gift devise purchase lease or otherwise private property for the purpose of making enlarging and maintaining public parks parkways and playgrounds The provisions of this section shall not authorize the appropriation of private property outside the borough limits

Section 3 No appropriation purchase or lease shall be made pursuant to the preceding sections whereby any borough shall within any period of three years obligate itself to pay in the aggregate any sum exceeding one and one-half mills on the dollar on the assessed valuation of all property offices professions and persons in the borough upon which county taxes are rated and levied without the consent of a majority of the electors obtained as hereinafter provided

Section 4 Whenever any borough shall by ordinance provide for the appropriation purchase or leasing of private property for the purposes aforesaid and the value of such property or the rental thereof shall alone or when added to the amount of liability incurred for any of the purposes aforesaid within the preceding three years exceed one and one-half mills on the dollar of valuation as provided in the preceding section the council shall cause the question of such appropriation purchase or leasing to be submitted to the electors of the borough at the municipal or general election next occurring after the expiration of forty days from the date of such ordinance

Section 5 The council shall give notice of the proposed submission of such question by weekly advertisements in not more than three newspapers published in the borough for a period of four weeks immediately preceding the day of election and if no newspapers be published therein by twenty printed handbills posted in conspicuous places at least twenty-one days prior to such election

Section 6 For the purpose of having such question appear upon the ballot the council shall certify the question to the county commissioners at least twenty-one days before the day of the election The question may be stated substantially as follows

"Shall the borough of------------------acquire by purchase or condemnation or both at a price not exceeding ------------------dollars (or by lease for not more than ------------------------years at an annual rental of not more than ----------------------------dollars) property for the purpose of making (or of enlarging) public parks parkways and playgrounds within the locality bounded by ------ ---------"

The council may at their discretion omit the designation of the locality

Section 7 The result of the vote on such question shall be ascertained and certified in the same manner as the vote on the election of officers named on the same ballots No such question determined negatively by the voters shall be again submitted until one municipal or general election shall intervene

Section 8 The appropriation of private property for the purpose of making enlarging and maintaining public parks parkways and playgrounds is declared to be the taking of private property for public use and for all damage suffered by the owners of any property so taken the funds of the borough raised by taxation shall be pledged as security

Section 9 Whenever compensation for the damages arising from such appropriation cannot be agreed upon the borough may tender its bond as security to the party claiming or entitled to any damages to the attorney or agent of any person absent to the agent or other officer of a corporation or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity the condition of which shall be that the borough shall cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same have been agreed upon or assessed

Section 10 Whenever any party claiming damages for property taken under the provisions of the preceding sections of this article refuses or neglects to accept the security so tendered the borough may upon ten days' written notice given to the party his agent attorney guardian or committee present its bond to the court of common pleas If approved the bond shall be filed for the benefit of those interested and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages ascertained or finally determined if the same be not paid by an execution on the judgment in the issue formed to try the question Upon the approval of such security the borough may enter into possession hold and use such land for such purposes forever

Section 11 Whenever any borough appropriates private property under the provisions of this article and is unable to agree with the owners or lessees for the amount of compensation or whenever by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of any owner or lessee no such compensation can be agreed upon the courts of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by the borough or any person interested shall appoint three freeholders as viewers and shall designate a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the property and view the same

Section 12 The viewers shall give ten days' notice of the time and place of their first meeting to the owners of the property their agents attorneys or representatives by writing served if they reside within the county in the same manner as the service of summons in personal actions otherwise by handbills posted upon the premises or by such other notice as the court may prescribe

Section 13 The proceedings before the viewers for the assessment of damages and the proceedings upon their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 14 The final confirmation of the report of viewers shall operate as a judgment against the borough in favor of the party to whom damages have been awarded by the report or by so much of the report as is confirmed Interest is allowed on such judgment from the date of filing the report

Section 15 Whenever any borough repeals any ordinance or discontinues any proceeding taken providing for the appropriation of property under this article prior to the entry upon or injury to such property and within thirty days after the filing of the report of viewers assessing damages the borough shall not thereafter be liable to pay any damages which have been or might have been assessed but the costs upon any proceeding had thereon shall be paid by the borough together with the actual damage sustained by reason of such proceeding

Section 16 Whenever prior to the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven any borough acquired land outside its corporate limits for park purposes such borough may own and possess such land for park purposes and is authorized to lay out and maintain the same and to appropriate money to defray expenses incident to such work

Section 17 Every borough shall have a general plan of its parks and playgrounds which plan shall be filed in the office of the engineer or other proper officer of the borough All subdivisions of property thereafter made shall conform thereto The location of parks and playgrounds laid out and confirmed by the borough council shall not afterwards be altered without the consent of the council and no map or plot of parks or playgrounds shall be entered or recorded in any public office of the county until approved by the borough council

Section 18 No person shall recover any damages for the taking for public use of any buildings or improvements of any kind placed or constructed upon or within the lines of any located park or playground after the same has been located by the borough council

CHAPTER IX

PARKS—SHADE TREES—FORESTS

ARTICLE II

SHADE TREES

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF SHADE TREE COMMISSION

Section 1 Boroughs may establish a commission to be known as the shade tree commission of such borough

Section 2 The commission shall be composed of three free-holders of the borough who shall be appointed by the burgess and shall serve without compensation

Whenever a shade tree commission is established by any borough the burgess shall appoint three free-holders one for a term of three years one for a term of four years and one for a term of five years

On the expiration of the term of any commissioner a successor shall be appointed by the burgess to serve for a term of five years

Vacancies in the office of commissioner shall be filled by the burgess for the unexpired term

Section 3 Whenever in any borough there exists a commission for the care of public parks the council may by ordinance accept the provisions of this article so far as it relates to the subject of the shade tree commission and thereafter the park commission shall have all the powers and be subject to all the duties prescribed by this article for the shade tree commission

Section 4 The commission shall have exclusive custody and control of the shade trees in the borough and is authorized to plant remove maintain and protect shade trees on the public highways in the borough

Section 5 The commission may employ and pay such superintendents engineers foresters tree-wardens or other assistants as the proper performance of the duties devolving upon it shall require and may make publish and enforce regulations for the care and protection of the shade trees of the borough No such regulation shall be in force until it has been approved by the council and until it has been published at least twice in one or two newspapers of the borough

Section 6 The shade tree commission shall annually report in full to the burgess its transactions and expenses for the last fiscal year of the borough The park commission in boroughs accepting this article may incorporate such transactions and expenses in its regular report to council

Section 7 Whenever any shade tree commission or park commission in boroughs accepting this article proposes to plant transplant or remove shade trees on any highway notice of the time and place of the meeting at which such work is to be considered shall be given in one or more newspapers published in the borough once a week for two weeks immediately preceding the time of the meeting The notice shall specify in detail the highways or portions thereof upon which trees are proposed to be so planted re-planted or removed

Section 8 The cost of planting transplanting or removing any shade trees in the highways of the borough of the necessary and suitable guards curbing or grating for the protection thereof and of the replacing of any pavement or sidewalk necessarily disturbed in the execution of such work shall be paid by the owner of the real estate in front of whose property the work is done

The amount each free-holder is to pay shall be ascertained and certified by the commission to council and to the borough treasurer

Section 9 Upon the filing of the certificate with the council the secretary of the borough shall cause thirty days' written notice to be given to the persons against whose property an assessment has been made The notice shall state the amount of the assessment and the time and place of payment and shall be accompanied with a copy of the certificate

The amount assessed against the real estate shall be a lien from the time of the filing of the certificate with the council and if not paid within the time designated in the notice a claim may be filed and collected by the borough solicitor in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected

Section 10 The cost and expenses of caring for such trees after having been planted and the expense of publishing the notice provided in the preceding section shall be paid by the borough

The needed amount shall each year be certified by the commissioners to the borough council and shall be drawn against as required by the commission in the same manner as money appropriated for borough purposes

The borough council instead of levying the tax authorized by the general taxation act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen may provide for the expense of caring for trees already planted and of publishing the notice required by the preceding section by appropriations equal to the amount certified to be required by the commission

Section 11 The commission may assess penalties for the violation of its regulations and of this article so far as it relates to shade trees Any penalty so assessed shall be a lien upon the real estate of the offender and may be collected as municipal claims are collected

Section 12 All penalties or assessments imposed under this article shall be paid to the borough treasurer to be placed to the credit of the commission subject to be drawn upon by the commission for the purposes of the preceding sections of this article

(b) POWER OF BOROUGHS WITH REGARD TO SHADE TREES

Section 13 Boroughs may by ordinance upon the petition of a majority of the property owners upon any public street thereof require the planting and re-placing of suitable shade trees along and upon the sides of such streets upon such alignment and at such points as may be by such ordinance designated by the owners of property abutting the street at the points designated This section does not authorize boroughs to require the planting or re-planting of trees at any point which may interfere with the necessary or reasonable use of any street or abutting property or unreasonably interfere with any business conducted thereon

Section 14 On failure of any owner after reasonable notice to comply with the terms of any such ordinance the borough may cause such trees to be planted or re-planted at the expense of the borough and thereupon in the name of the borough collect the cost of such work from the owners in default as debts of like amount are by law collectible

CHAPTER IX

PARKS—SHADE TREES—FORESTS

ARTICLE III

FORESTS

Section 1 Boroughs may acquire by purchase gift or lease and hold tracts of land covered with forest or tree growth or suitable for the growth of trees and administer the same under the direction of the commissioner of forestry in accordance with the practices and principles of scientific forestry for the benefit of the borough Such tracts may be of any size suitable for the purpose and may be located within or without the borough limits

Section 2 Before the passage of any ordinance for the acquisition of land to be used as municipal forests the burgess shall submit to the Commissioner of Forestry and secure his approval of the area and location of such land

Section 3 Whenever the council of any borough deems it expedient to acquire any lands for the purposes of municipal forests it shall so declare in an ordinance wherein shall set forth all facts and conditions relating to the proposed action which proposed ordinance shall be advertised once a week for three weeks prior to its passage

Section 4 All money necessary for the purchase of such tracts shall be appropriated in the same manner as appropriations for borough purposes and such funds may be provided from the current revenue or by the proceeds of a sale of bonds in accordance with existing law

Section 5 Upon the acquisition of any municipal forests or lands suitable for such the council shall notify the Commissioner of Forestry who shall make such rules for the government and proper administration of the same as may be necessary and the council shall publish such rules declare the uses of the forest in accordance with the intent of this article and make such provision for its administration maintenance protection and development as shall be necessary or expedient The rules governing the administration of such forests shall have for their main purpose the producing of a continuing borough revenue by the sale of forest products

Section 6 All moneys necessary to be expended for the administration maintenance protection and development of such forests shall be appropriated and applied as is now done for borough purposes all revenue and emoluments arising from such forests shall be paid into the borough treasury to be used for general borough purposes

Section 7 Municipal forests may be used by the public as general outing or recreation grounds subject to the rules governing their administration as municipal forests

Section 8 Whenever the council of any borough deems it expedient to alienate any municipal forest or part thereof it shall so declare in an ordinance wherein shall be set forth all the facts and conditions relating to the proposed action which proposed ordinance shall be advertised once a week for three weeks prior to its passage No ordinance shall be effective in legalizing such alienation until it has been approved by a majority vote of the people at the next ensuing election

CHAPTER X

LIBRARIES

ARTICLE I

Section 1 A borough council may submit to the qualified electors of such borough at any municipal election the question of the establishment and maintenance of a public library and must submit such question if petitioned for by three per centum of the voters regsitered at the last general election At such election the question of establishing an annual tax not exceeding two mills on the dollar on all taxable property in the borough shall be submitted and voted upon

Section 2 The rate of tax so voted shall be an annual tax rate until another vote is taken changing the same The tax shall be levied and collected in like manner as other taxes in the borough and shall be in addition to all other taxes and shall be used for no purpose other than that of establishing and maintaining a public library The money so raised shall be under the exclusive control of a board of library directors appointed as hereinafter provided

Section 3 If five per centum of the registered electors of any borough shall petition council to submit the question of creating a bonded indebtedness for purchasing ground and erecting buildings for library purposes the council must submit such question at the next general election

Section 4 Boroughs may by ordinance or resolution purchase enter upon and appropriate private property within the limits of such borough for the purpose of establishing or enlarging public libraries

Section 5 Whenever any borough shall appropriate private properties for public library purposes and the borough cannot agree with the owner thereof for the price to be paid therefor or when by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of any such owner no such compensation can be agreed upon the court of common pleas or any judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by petition by the borough council or any person interested shall appoint three citizens of the county as viewers and shall appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than sixty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the premises and view the same of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petitioner to the viewers and all parties interested by personal service when such service can be obtained otherwise by public notice in one or more newspapers or by handbills posted on the premises or in such other manner as the court may direct

Section 6 The proceedings before the viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and the proceedings upon their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act The costs incurred in such proceedings shall be paid by the borough

Section 7 The affairs of public libraries in boroughs shall be under the control of a board of library directors to be composed of not less than five nor more than nine persons as may be determined by council The superintendent of schools of the borough shall be an ex-officio member of the boardThe directors shall be appointed and vacancies filled by the burgess and confirmed by council The first appointees shall be appointed one-third for one year one-third for two years and one-third for three years and all appointments to fill the places of those whose terms expire shall be for a term of three years Vacancies in the board of directors shall be filled for the unexpired term

Section 8 The board of library directors shall organize by the election of a president and treasurer from its membership and such other officers and agents as the board may deem necessary The treasurer shall give bond in an amount to be fixed by the board

Section 9 Every such library shall be free to the use of the residents of the borough subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the board of library directors may adopt and the board may exclude from the use of a library any person who shall wilfully violate such rules The board may extend the privileges of such library to persons residing outside the limits of such borpugh upon such terms and conditions as the board may prescribe

Section 10 The board shall make an annual report to the council of the borough covering the fiscal year of such borough stating the condition of the library and of any branch thereof the amount of money received from the library tax and from other sources and how such moneys have been expended and for what purposes the number of books and periodicals on hand and the number added by purchase gift or otherwise during the year the number of registered readers the number of books loaned out and the general character and kind of such books with such information and suggestions as may be of general interest

Section 11 Boroughs may pass ordinances imposing suitable penalties for the punishment of persons committing injury to libraries or to the grounds or property thereof or for failing to return at the time and in the manner specified in the rules of the library any books belonging to the same

Section 12 Any person desiring to make donations of books money personal property or real estate for the benefit of such library may vest the title thereto in the board of library directors to be held and controlled by such board according to the terms of the deed gift devise or bequest and as to such property the board shall be held to be trustees

Section 13 The provisions of sections one two three seven eight nine ten eleven and twelve of this article shall not apply to any borough wherein a free library was established prior to the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one and is in existence at the time the provisions of such sections are sought to be invoked

Section 14 Boroughs are authorized to contract with the managers or owners of any existing non-sectarian public library for a fixed sum of money to be paid annually at such periods as may be agreed upon for the free use of such library by the residents of such boroughs No such contract shall be entered into for a longer period than three years

Section 15 The councils may appropriate annually from the taxes levied and collected for borough purposes an amount not to exceed one mill on the dollar on all taxable property in such boroughs for the purposes specified in the preceding section

Section 16 Boroughs may make appropriations not to exceed one mill on the dollar on all taxable property to establish or to aid in the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries for the use of the residents of such boroughs upon the condition that the borough shall be represented in the management of such library

Section 17 All taxes on dogs levied and collected under this act for borough purposes may be appropriated for the support and maintenance of public libraries All library companies to which such an appropriation is made shall maintain a free reading room for the use of all the inhabitants of such boroughs

CHAPTER XI

BURIAL GROUNDS

ARTICLE I

Section 1 Boroughs may prohibit within their limits or within any described territory within such limits the burial or interment of deceased persons and may regulate the depth of graves

Section 2 When the title and management of any burial ground is vested in a borough the council of such borough upon petition of ten lot owners in such burial ground may transfer such burial ground and the management thereof to an incorporated cemetery company

Section 3 Upon the presentation to council of such petition the council may pass an ordinance declaring that upon the acceptance of the provisions of such ordinance by the incorporated cemetery company filed with the borough secretary the title and control of such burial ground shall vest in such incorporated cemetery companies

Section 4 The secretary of the borough shall record the acceptance of any such incorporated cemetery company in the ordinance book of the borough and a copy of the ordinance and the acceptance thereof certified by the burgess and secretary of the borough shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county

Section 5 Authority is vested in the court of quarter sessions to make such orders for the regulation of burial grounds situated in and adjacent to boroughs as the public good shall require and when any burial ground shall become so neglected as in the opinion of the court to become a public nuisance the court may direct the removal of the dead therefrom by the borough authorities to some other burial ground

Section 6 Upon the petition of any incorporated cemetery company and a majority of the taxables of any borough the court of quarter sessions may authorize the transfer of any cemetery to the authorities of any borough in which such cemetery may be located or be adjacent thereto

Section 7 Such transfer shall be made without cost to the borough and upon being made the borough authorities shall exercise the powers and privileges of such incorporated company and may purchase lands within or beyond the borough limits not to exceed thirty acres for the extension of such cemetery and may raise the means to pay for the same by the sale of lots or otherwise but in no event by taxation they may lay out lots so purchased and alter the original plot of such cemetery and may dispose of such grounds in the same manner as such incorporated company could have done

Section 8 A deed for any lot made by the burgess shall be of the same validity as the deed of such incorporated cemetery company and the burgess is authorized to make deeds to those who theretofore purchased lots but have not been furnished with deeds by the cemetery company

Section 9 In altering the plot of any such cemetery the bodies may be removed and reinterred in a suitable place but without cost to surviving relatives or friends

Section 10 Whenever any burial ground in charge of any religious society or church or in charge of no one has ceased to be used for interments or has become so neglected as to become a public nuisance or when such cemetery hinders the improvements and progressive interests of any borough or is desired by the borough for any free public library building or for any other public purpose the court of quarter sessions of the county upon petition of the managers of such cemetery or upon the petition of fifty residents in the vicinity in case such cemetery is not in charge of anyone setting forth that the improvements and progressive interests of such borough are hampered and the welfare of such borough is injured or upon the petition of such borough setting forth that such cemetery is desired by the borough for the erection thereon of a free public library building or for any other public purpose and after three weeks of advertisement may direct the removal of the remains of the dead from such burial ground

Section 11 No application as provided in the preceding section shall be made by the managers of any cemetery in charge of any society or church except in pursuance of the wishes of a majority of the members of such society or church expressed at a meeting held for that purpose after two weeks' public notice

Section 12 Such removal shall be made by the managers of such cemetery or by the borough when such cemetery is in charge of no one in a careful manner at the expense of the party making such removal to such other burial ground as may be selected or if so desired by relatives or friends to some cemetery in the immediate vicinity

Section 13 The parties making such removal shall publish for two successive weeks in two daily or weekly newspapers of the borough or county a notice declaring their intention to remove such remains

Section 14 Relatives and friends of such dead may remove such remains at any time during such proceedings at their own expense before removal by the managers

Section 15 All bodies when so removed shall be placed in separate caskets and graves and the markers placed by the remains of such bodies shall be taken by the persons authorized to make such removal and placed as near as can be in the same relative position as before removal

CHAPTER XII

ENFORCEMENT OF ORDINANCES—ACTIONS BY AND AGAINST BOROUGHS

ARTICLE I

ENFORCEMENT OF ORDINANCES

Section 1 Fines and penalties made payable by this act or imposed under the ordinances of any borough shall be recoverable before any justice of the peace of the borough in the same manner as debts not exceeding three hundred dollars are recoverable and when so recovered shall be forthwith paid to the treasurer of the borough

Section 2 Policemen of the several boroughs may without warrant and upon view arrest and commit for hearing any person guilty of a breach of the peace vagrancy riotous or disorderly conduct or drunkenness or that may be engaged in the commission of any unlawful act tending to imperil the personal security or endanger the property of citizens or violating any of the ordinances of such borough for the violation of which a penalty is imposed Persons so arrested shall be entitled to give bail for their appearance according to the practice in cases of summary convictions

Section 3 All proceedings for the violation of borough ordinances and for the collection of fines and penalties imposed thereby may be commenced by warrant or by summons at the discretion of the burgess or justice of the peace before whom the proceedings are commenced but no warrant shall be issued except on oath or affirmation specifying the ordinance for the violation of which the same is issued and all process may be directed to and be served by any policeman of the borough who may execute the same anywhere within the Commonwealth

Section 4 Warrants shall be returnable forthwith and upon such return like proceedings shall be had as in cases of summary conviction with the same right of appeal from any final judgment

Section 5 When any person is arrested on view a complaint on oath or affirmation shall be immediately made whereupon like proceedings shall be had as provided in the preceding section

Section 6 Any person arrested for the violation of a borough ordinance may be committed to the borough lock-up pending a hearing or trial but in case there is no suitable lock-up in which to detain prisoners the person arrested may be committed to the county jail

Section 7 Upon judgment against any person by summary conviction or by proceedings by summons on default of the payment of the fine or penalty imposed and the costs the defendant may be sentenced and committed to the borough lock-up for a period not exceeding five days or to the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty days

Section 8 No fine or penalty shall exceed one hundred dollars for any single violation of any ordinance In case the defendant has goods or property of any kind whatsoever out of which the judgment and costs can be collected by execution or other process the plaintiff in the action may elect to collect the judgment and costs by such proceedings

Section 9 When any person shall have been arrested by authority of the burgess or justice of the peace of any borough charged with being a vagrant or tramp and having refused to pay the fine imposed for such offense the burgess or justice of the peace shall have authority to commit such person to the lock-up in such borough for a term not exceeding five days or compel such person to work upon the public works or streets of the borough for period of time not exceeding one day for each dollar of fine imposed

Section 10 Any such defendant as provided in the preceding section may appeal to the court of quarter sessions upon entering into recognizance with at least one surety in double the amount of the fine and costs for his appearance in court and the offence shall be prosecuted in court as in the case of misdemeanors

Section 11 When a prisoner shall be committed to any county jail or prison either for the non-payment of a fine or penalty imposed for the violation of any borough ordinance or while awaiting a hearing upon any charge for the violation of any borough ordinance the costs of the proceedings and the expenses of maintaining such prisoner during his confinement shall be paid by the borough and the county shall not be liable to the sheriff for any maintenance or to any person for any costs in such proceedings

CHAPTER XII

ENFORCEMENT OF ORDINANCES—ACTIONS BY AND AGAINST BOROUGHS

ARTICLE II

ACTIONS BY AND AGAINST BOROUGHS

(a) MUNICIPAL CLAIMS

Section 1 Boroughs may proceed for the recovery of municipal claims by lien or by action of assumpsit and jurisdiction is conferred upon justices of the peace to entertain such actions of assumpsit to the amount of three hundred dollars In all proceedings for the recovery of municipal claims an attorney's commission of five per centum may be included not to exceed twenty dollars

(b) DEFENCES BY TAXPAYERS

Section 2 Any taxpayer of any borough may inquire into the validity of any judgment or defend the borough in any suit or judgment upon filing a petition with the court of common pleas of the county in which such suit is pending or judgment exists accompanied by an affidavit that the taxpayer believes that injustice will be done to the borough in such suit or judgment Whenever it is deemed necessary the court may order such taxpayer to file a bond with one or more sureties to be approved by court to save harmless the borough from all costs that may accure in such proceeding subsequent to the filing of such petition

Section 3 Whenever a judgment is rendered by any justice of the peace or alderman against any borough and a right of appeal is given to such borough and for ten days immediately after the rendition of such judgment the borough officials neglect to perfect an appeal any taxpayer of such borough may take an appeal in behalf of the borough from such judgment to the court of common pleas of the county within the time prescribed for the taking of such appeal

Section 4 In taking the appeal the taxpayer shall make an affidavit that the same is not taken for the purpose of delay but because he verily believes that injustice has been done The taxpayer shall pay the costs of the appeal and enter sufficient bail for the payment of all costs before the justice of the peace or alderman and all costs in the court of common pleas

Section 5 Upon the filing of such appeal in the court of common pleas of the county the taxpayer shall be made a party to the suit and shall have the right to defend such borough therein

(c) LIABILITY IN BOND TRANSFERS

Section 6 All certificates of loans issued by a borough shall be transferable by the legal owner thereof without any liability on the part of the transfer agents of the borough to recognize or see to the execution of any trust whether expressed implied or constructive to which such loans may be subject unless such transfer agents of the borough shall have previously received notice in writing signed by or on behalf of the person for whom such loans appear by the certificate thereof to be held in trust that the proposed transfer would be a violation of such trust

CHAPTER XIII

ACTS OF ASSEMBLY REPEALED

ARTICLE I

Section 1 (a) The following acts and parts of acts of Assembly are absolutely repealed viz

Sections one two three four six seven ten eleven fourteen and sixteen of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of boroughs" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 163)

Sections one four five seven eight nine ten eleven thirteen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine thirty thirty-one thirty-two and thirty-three of an act entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 320)

An Act entitled "A supplement to the act regulating boroughs approved April third one thousand eight hundred fifty-one" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 525)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation of boroughs' approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred thirty-four" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 200)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the councils of cities and boroughs in this Commonwealth to provide for the inspection of milk" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine (P. L. 81)

An Act entitled "An Act for the further regulation of boroughs" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 283)

An Act entitled "An Act repealing the third section of the act approved June second one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one entitled 'An Act for the further regulation of boroughs' " approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 53)

An Act entitled "An Act to prescribe the manner by which the courts may divide boroughs into wards" approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 159)

An Act entitled "An Act relative to burial grounds and cemeteries situate in incoprorated boroughs" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 208)

An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the extension of borough limits when the territory to be annexed is situate in two or more counties" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 281)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering the councils in the boroughs of this Commonwealth to prescribe by ordinance the salary to be paid out of the borough treasury to the burgess respectively in lieu of all fees fines and costs the manner in which salaries shall be paid and directing all fees fines and costs to be paid into the borough treasury" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 27)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act relative to burial grounds and cemeteries situated in incorporated boroughs' approved the nineteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-four changing the title of the said act and authorizing the court to make orders and decrees required by the act and to enforce the same by process" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 159)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the filling of a vacancy or vacancies in the office of council or other borough offices in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 36)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner by which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 47)

Sections one two three and four of an act entitled "An Act to provide through the courts of this Commonwealth for the erection of boroughs out of territory now included in cities of the third class that have been formed by joining together two or more boroughs" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 55)

Sections four and five of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner in which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 51)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs having charge of water-works where the rates for water are fixed by law to change the same" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 118)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for appointing viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 129)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the adjustment of all indebtedness between a township and one or more boroughs erected therefrom also providing for the adjustment of the indebtedness of a township changed or merged into one or more boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 184)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act for the regulation of boroughs approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 150)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner in which the courts may divide boroughs into wards and to provide for a ward representation upon school boards in said boroughs'" approved the sixteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 5)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine entitled 'A supplement to an act for the regulation of boroughs approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one' so as to include all incorporated boroughs" approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 36)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one and empowering the corporate authorities of boroughs to lay foot walks along turnpike roads and assess the cost of paving curbing and guttering the same on the owners of the adjoining lands" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 39)

An Act entitled "An Act to repeal part of section seventeen of an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved April three Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one and providing the manner of electing members of town councils in the boroughs of this Commonwealth and of filling vacancies therein" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 54)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for changing the dividing lines between adjoining boroughs where said lines separate the property of the same owner into two or more parts" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 98)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the date of the commencement of terms of borough officers and auditors settlements" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 121)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act regulating boroughs approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 55)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contracts for supplying water outside the limits of said boroughs" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 81)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to elections in boroughs to determine the expediency of constructing water-works in certain cases" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 163)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of the boroughs of this Commonwealth to regulate and fix the amount of license to be paid by persons or firms engaged in the business of auctioneering within the limits of the same" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 93)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the burgess alderman or justice of the peace in any borough to commit to the lockup or station house of said borough in certain cases" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty seven (P. L. 122)

An Act entitled "An Act extending the authority and jurisdiction of justices of the peace to the several burgesses of this Commonwealth" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 133)

An Act entitled "An Act appropriating the tax on dogs to the support of public libraries in boroughs" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 164)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act regulating boroughs approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty authorizing the erection and leasing of wharves and the collection of wharfage thereon" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 34)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one authorizing the corporate authorities to levy and collect a license tax on hacks carriages and other vehicles carrying persons or property for pay" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 39)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 44)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for appeals from decrees of courts of quarter sessions incorporating boroughs" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 174)

An Act entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred-eighty-nine (P. L. 220)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the division of boroughs and the erection of new boroughs" approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 393)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize any borough now incorporated or that may hereafter be incorporated to manufacture electricity for commercial purposes for the use of the inhabitants of said boroughs and for this purpose to erect purchase or condemn electric-light plants and apparatus and making valid the acts of any borough which has heretofore manufactured the same or incurred any indebtedness thereby in accordance with the provisions of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 90)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the burgess and council of all incorporated boroughs to widen and deepen streams and water courses running through said boroughs and to erect dykes and embankments along the same and to empower the burgess and councils to enter upon private property on and along such streams and water courses for the purpose of procuring material for such work and to provide for the payment of the expense thereof and the assessment of damages sustained to private parties thereby" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 210)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 113)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved the sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 327)

Sections one two three four five six seven and ten of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof" approved the sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 335)

An Act entitled "An Act to designate the number of councilmen to be elected in the several boroughs of the Commonwealth not divided into wards to provide for their election and for the filling of vacancies and to fix the length of term for which they shall serve" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 109)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to change the designations of wards" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 241)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved May twenty-four one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight entitled 'An Act to provide for appointing viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth' providing that the viewers therein named shall be entitled to mileage in addition to their per diem pay" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 248)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act empowering the councils in the boroughs of this Commonwealth to prescribe by ordinance the salary to be paid out of the borough treasury to the burgess respectively in lieu of all fees fines and costs the manner in which salaries shall be paid and directing all fees fines and costs to be paid into the borough treasury' approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six extending the provisions of said act to all boroughs in this Commonwealth whether incorporated under general or special laws" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 255)

An Act entitled "An Act to change the proceedings for the incorporation of boroughs in this Commonwealth providing for the approval of the application of incorporation by the court and abolishing that part of the proceeding which requires the laying of the same before the grand jury and its approval thereof" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 389)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the filling of any vacancy in the office of burgess in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 433)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the courts of quarter sessions to declare the seats of councilmen in boroughs vacant when they fail to organize for ten days after the beginning of their term and to fill the vacancies so made" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 8)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one providing for the grading of streets and highways in boroughs according to the foot-front rule and for the assessment and collection of the costs and expenses thereof" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (P. L. 79)

An Act entitled "An act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 84)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof when said streets or parts thereof do not exceed five hundred feet in length and connect two streets theretofore paved and improved and providing for the payment and collection of the costs damages and expenses thereof" approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 114)

An Act entitled "An Act amending sub-division eight of section three of an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one and prescribing the notice to be given of any proposition to fix or change the grade or the laying out widening straightening extending or vacating the streets roads lanes or alleys in any borough in the Commonwealth" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 246)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the thirtieth section of an act entitled "An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one empowering the burgess and town council of any borough to annex adjacent lots or out lots or other tracts of land on the petition of a majority of the freehold owners thereof" approved the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 296)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section thirty-three of an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one so as to extend the provisions which authorizes boroughs incorporated before April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one to become subject to the restrictions and possess the powers and privileges conferred by said act to boroughs incorporated since April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 10)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the fourth section of an act entitled 'An Act for the further regulation of boroughs' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one specifying the mode of procedure in cases where the burgess and town council of any borough pass an ordinance annexing adjacent lands of a township lots or out lots of the same" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 33)

An Act entitled "An Act to further amend the thirtieth section of an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one as amended by an act approved the fifteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven empowering the burgess and town council of any borough on petition of a majority of the freehold owners of lots or out lots or other tracts of land in any section lying adjacent to said borough to annex the section which such petitioners or others own" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 115)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'A supplement to the act regulating boroughs' approved April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one' approved the twenty-ecsond day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six and providing for the opening of sidewalks along lands abutting on turnpike roads and ascertaining the benefits and damages caused thereby" approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 113)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering councils of boroughs within this Commonwealth to contract with any incorporated water company authorized to do business within such municipality for a supply of water for fire protection and for other municipal purposes" approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 137)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to provide a supply of water for the use of the public either by the erection and operation of water works or by contract with persons or corporations authorized to supply water within the limits of said boroughs or by both methods" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 140)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to connection of property with public sewers in boroughs" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 265)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the service of notice to build or repair sidewalks in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 297)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the policemen of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to perform the duties of high constable and regulating compensation for their services" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 297)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one amending a supplement to said act approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three and empowering the corporate authorities of boroughs to lay out foot-walks pavements gutters culverts and drains over and upon lands within the boroughs abutting on and along the side or sides of public roads entirely without the borough limits and to assess the paving curbing and guttering of the same on the owners of adjoining lands" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 299)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section thirty-three of an act entiteld 'An Act to regulate boroughs' approved third April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one designating who shall make application for a borough previously incorporated to become subject to the restrictions and possess the powers and privileges conferred by said act of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 362)

An Act entitled "An Act providing that the president of council in all boroughs shall exercise the duties of burgess in the absence or disqualification of that official" approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 551)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs of this Commonwealth to require the planting of shade-trees along the public streets thereof by the owners of abutting property in certain cases" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 569)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the town councils of the several boroughs of this State to pay a portion of the cost and expense of grading and curbing sidewalks" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 573)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing any borough within this Commonwealth on the written request of the Board of Health to confine and pave or completely enclose any creek run or natural water way other than navigable steamrs and for this purpose to enter upon condemn and take property and material necessary to such confining and paving or complete enclosure and providing for the ascertainment and assessment of costs damages and expenses as well as the levy and collection of benefits arising therefrom and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed" approved the tenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 634)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first clause of the second section and the third section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three removing any limit upon the number of wards into which a consolidated borough may be divided and defining the laws and ordinances by which a consolidated borough shall be governed" approved the twenty-sixth day of February one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 6)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to authorize the election of constables for three years" approved the fourteenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by providing for the election of a high constable of each of the boroughs of this Commonwealth for three years and by correcting the ambiguity as to the beginning of the terms of office under said act' approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five making provisions for the filling of vacancies in the office of high constable in any borough or in the office of constable in any borough ward of any borough or township of this Commonwealth" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 22)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth by wards" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 171)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the chief burgesses of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to administer all oaths and affirmations in matters pertaining to borough affairs" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 291)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing any of the boroughs of this Commonwealth to pay a salary to the chief burgess thereof" approved the seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 116)

An Act entitled "An Act to further amend the first clause of the second section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three authorizing provisions in the joint agreement for such consolidation for the use and disposition of the separate assets and the liquidation of the separate debts of such boroughs and for the separate rates of taxation therein for that purpose" approved the tenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 136)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the twenty-sixth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to amend the first clause of the second section and the third section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three removing any limit upon the number of wards into which a consolidated borough may be divided and defining the laws and ordinances by which a consolidated borough shall be governed" defining the meaning of said act as amended and confirming the consolidation of boroughs partly lying or situate in different counties and providing for their government and regulation" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 155)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a potrion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same' approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine pamphlet laws forty-four providing that if the petition for said improvement has been verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners notice may be given of the passage of the ordinance requiring said improvement and allowing an appeal therefrom by any person interested to any court of common pleas of the county and if such appeal is dismissed or no such appeal is taken then all parties interested shall be stopped from denying that said petition was signed by the requisite number of owners representing the requisite number of feet fronting on the street to be improved" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 168)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs in this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess' approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three so as to authorize and empower the chief burgess to attend meetings of town councils at their annual organization for the election of such officers as are by law and borough ordinances at that time required to be elected and who shall have no vote unless the councils be equally divided when he shall cast the deciding vote" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 215)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the subgrading paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon providing four-fifths of said owners petition councils for same and providing for the collection of the cost of same" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 232)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to require the grading paving repaving and repairing of sidewalks and the constructing and repairing of curbs and gutters at the edge of sidewalks by the owner or owners of lots fronting thereon and providing that in case of failure to comply with such requirements the borough may cause the work to be done and collect the cost and charges thereof" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L 235)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to contract with the duly constituted managers or owners of existing non-sectarian public libraries for the free use of such libraries by the residents of such boroughs and to make appropriations for the hiring and procuring of such free use" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 281)

An Act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act authorizing any of the boroughs of this Commonwealth to pay a salary to the chief burgess thereof (Pamphlet Laws one thousand nine hundred and five page one hundred and sixteen) by providing that in boroughs of over five thousand population where such salary would fall below the sum of fifty dollars per month the borough council in its wisdom may increase said salary to an amount not exceeding fifty dollars per month" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 61)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "To enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewerage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine (Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and twenty) by providing for the construction of sewers without a petition of a majority of property owners and requiring a permit from the Commissioner of Health" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 97)

An Act entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 103)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof when said streets or parts thereof do not exceed five hundred feet in length and connect two streets theretofore paved and improved and providing for the payment and collection of the costs damages and expenses thereof" approved May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by increasing the length of street so be improved to one thousand feet" approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 168)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the corporate authorities of boroughs to expend not exceeding one-half of the annual appropriation for roads and streets in curbing and paving or macadamizing any street lane or alley therein" approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 183)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act concerning building regulation and inspection in boroughs" approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 184)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering incorporated boroughs to pass such ordinance as may be necessary to regulate or prevent the erection of wooden dwelling-houses shops warehouses stores carriage-houses stables or other frame buildings within the limits of the borough" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 203)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to erect and maintain garbage-furnaces and pass rules and regulations for the collection care and removal of garbage and provide penalties for the vioaltion of the same" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 230)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to purchase or acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate within or without the borough limits as may be necessary for present and future use upon which to erect construct and maintain garbage or incinerating furnaces sewage-disposal works or plants with the necessary filter-beds appliances drains and sewers and for the extensions thereof" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 79)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering the councils of boroughs in the Commonwealth to fix by ordinance the salary of the burgess of said boroughs" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 154)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the burgess and council in any incorporated borough in this Commonwealth in which is vested the title control and management of any cemetery or burial ground to transfer said tltie control and management to an incorporated cemetery company and providing how such transfer shall be effected" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 155)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the length of the term of borough treasurers and street commissioners in boroughs of this Commonwealth that are elected by the electors at large" approved the sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 440)

An Act entitled "An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-forth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight entitled 'An Act to provide for appointing viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth' by fixing the number of the viewers at three" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 89)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act athorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the subgrading paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon provided four-fifths of said owners petition councils for same and providing for the collection of the cost of same' approved twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and thirty-two) providing that if the petition for said improvement has been verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners notice may be given of the passage of the ordinance requiring said improvement and allowing an appeal therefrom by any person interested to any court of common pleas of the county and if such appeal is dismissed or no such appeal is taken then all parties interested shall be estopped from denying that said petition was signed by the requisite number of owners representing the requisite number of feet fronting on the street to be improved" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 166)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the proper authorities of adjoining boroughs to fix and determine the dividing line between said boroughs where the location of the same is uncertain and to change the dividing line between adjoining boroughs and providing the manner of procedure in such cases" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 176)

An Act entitled 'An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 288)

An Act entitled "An Act making void the surveying or laying out of the certain highways and sewers over private property in boroughs where the work has not been commenced within two years from the passage of the ordinance" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 541)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to lay out and maintain as public parks land heretofore acquired outside of the borough limits" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 544)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same' approved April twenty-third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by fixing a different portion of the cost and expense which may be assessed against abutting property where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfares desired to be improved is exempt from assessment" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 714)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section three of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the borougns of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge' approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 720)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same' approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so as to change the requirements of the petition for paving from two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfares or the part thereof proposed to be paved to the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfares or the part thereof proposed to be paved and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 887)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1047)

An Act entitled "An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six' entitled a supplement to the act regulating boroughs approved April third one thousand eight hundred fifty-one' by fixing the number of the viewers at three" approved the twentieth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1085)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for and regulating the purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing-places and docks" approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1099)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the making of a new ordinance book and record of the ordinances of any borough in which the ordinance book thereof has become lost destroyed or so much worn or mutilated as to be unserviceable" approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1113)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section four of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein' " approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 268)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 409)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' as amended" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 411)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to enact and enforce ordinances prohibiting accumulations of garbage or rubbish upon private properties within their respective limits" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 434)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate boroughs' approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one authorizing the corporate authorities of any borough to levy and collect a license-tax on hacks carriages omnibuses and motor-vehicles carrying persons or property for pay to regulate the operation and compensation of such vehicles within the limits of any such borough or between any such borough and other points or places" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 434)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 499)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty' approved June eighth one thousand nine hundred and eleven" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 538)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' as amended" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 540)

(b) THE FOLLOWING ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS OF ASSEMBLY ARE ABSOLUTELY REPEALED EXCEPT IN SO FAR AS THEY RELATE TO ASSESSORS CONSTABLES ELECTIONS JUSTICES OF THE PEACE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR SCHOOL DIRECTORS OR TAXATION VIZ—

Sections five eight nine twelve thirteen and fifteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of boroughs" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 163)

Sections two three six twelve fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen and twenty-six of an act entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 320)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner by which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four" approved the seventeenth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 6)

Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner in which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 51)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act approved the fourteenth day May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner in which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' and to extend the powers of the courts so that they may on petition increase the number of councilmen and school directors after decree has been made" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 193)

Section eight of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof" approved the sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 335)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-three so as to allow the town council of a consolidated borough to select annually one street commissioner" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 88)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to boroughs providing a method of procedure for violations of law and borough ordinances and for collection of the fines and penalties imposed for said violations" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 121)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the courts of quarter sessions of the peace to decrease the number of members of town council and the number of school directors in wards or boroughs" approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 216)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing policemen to hold and exercise the office of constables" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 309)

(c) THE FOLLOWING ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS OF ASSEMBLY ARE REPEALED IN SO FAR AS THEY RELATE TO BOROUGHS VIZ

Section thirty-four of an act entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 551)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the adjustment of all indebtedness between an old township or townships and a new township or borough erected therefrom" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 109)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damage for the appropriation of land for public use" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 391)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize and require the auditors to publish an annual statement of the receipts and expenditures of road commissioners supervisors overseers of the poor and school directors of the several townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth and to designate a day to audit settle and adjust township and borough accounts" approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 112)

Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act declaring what offices are incompatible" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 186)

An Act entitled "An Act to facilitate the transfer of stocks and loans" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 222)

An Act entitled "An Act for further regulation of appeals from assessments of damages to owners of property taken for public use approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 283)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing an regulating the terms of all members of councils and all other city ward borough and township officers excepting school directors elected by the people and fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of the municipal governments of the Commonwealth and the inauguration of the mayors of all the cities of the same" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 6)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize and require the auditors to publish an annual statement of the receipts and expenditures of road commissioners supervisors overseers of the poor and school directors of the several townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth and to designate a day to audit settle and adjust township and borough accounts' approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 12)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved April fourteen Anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-one relating to an appeal from the decision of township auditors" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 88)

An Act entitled "An Act conferring additional powers upon the several boroughs and incorporated towns of this Commonwealth" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 112)

An Act entitled "An Act to empower any taxpayer of any township borough school poor or other municipal district upon petition and affidavit to become a party to any suit or process pending against said district" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 20)

An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit cities boroughs and municipalities from levying any license or mercantile tax upon persons taking orders for goods or merchandise by sample for individuals or companies who pay a license or mercantile tax at their chief place of business and also to prohibit the collection of such licenses or mercantile taxes" approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 31)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act supplementary to an act relative to burial grounds and cemeteries situated in incorporated boroughs' approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four changing the title of said act and authorizing the court to make orders and decrees required by the act and to enforce the same by process approved the thirteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-six further empowering courts to direct removal of remains in boroughs cities and towns from burial grounds where interments have ceased or have become so neglected as to become a public nuisance or such remains interfere with the improvements extensions and interests of such cities boroughs or towns" approved the twelfth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 96)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for licensing and taxing foreign dealers in merchandise and their agents in the several cities and boroughs in the Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 185)

An Act entitled "An Act declaring and defining the limits of townships boroughs and cities bounded by any of the navigable streams of the Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 203)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 267)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine entitled 'A supplement to an act for the regulation of boroughs' approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one providing for the adjustment of indebtedness and government of the boroughs townships and school districts affected by changes of limits of any borough in the Commonwealth" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 285)

Section eleven of an act entiteld "An Act authorizing the condemnation of turnpikes roads or highways heretofore or hereafter constructed wholly or in part in any county of this Commonwealth for public use free from tolls and toll-gates and the assessment upon the proper county of the damages to which the owner or owners thereof may be entitled by a jury of viewers duly appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and providing for the maintenance of any such condemned turnpike road or highway by the proper city township or district" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 306)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing of transient retail merchants in cities boroughs and townships" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 86)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of borough and township auditors in this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 86)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to unused streets lanes and alleys" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 173)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for an appeal by county commissioners cities or other municipalities and all persons interested in the damages awarded for laying out widening grading opening or changing the lines or grades of any public street road or alley in this Commonwealth from the decree of the court of quarter sessions confirming the report of the viewers assessing such damages" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 17)

An Act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 75)

An Act entitled "An Act to limit the period within which petitions for the assessment of damages for the opening or widening of any street road or highway may be filed in the court of quarter sessions'" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 109)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the security to be entered by municipal corporations for the taking of land for the opening or widening of roads streets and highways" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 109)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for an appeal to the court of common pleas from the decree of the court of quarter sessions confirming any award of viewers in proceedings to assess damages for the opening widening or changing of grade of any street road or highway" approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 116)

Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for future regulations of appeals from assessment of damages to owners of property taken for public use' approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 172)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the licensing of transient retail merchants in cities boroughs and townships' empowering councils to increase the maximum license" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 35)

An Act entitled "An Act to empower boroughs and cities to establish a police pension fund to take property in trust therefor and regulating and providing for the regulation of the same" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 129)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the establishing and ascertaining the lines and boundaries between two or more cities boroughs or townships cities and boroughs townships and boroughs or cities and townships within this Commonwealth and regulating the proceedings thereof" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 284)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening, widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one providing for assessment of damages where streets and alleys are changed in grade or location" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 459)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to actions brought to ascertain or recover damages for appropriation of rights of way or easements in lands by corporations invested with the right of eminent domain and empowering and authorizing owners of lands and corporations municipal or otherwise desiring to exercise the right of eminent domain in such lands to waive the assessment of damages by viewers and granting the right to either party to demand and have the jury engaged in trying such action visit and view said land and premises" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 89)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved May sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one enabling municipal corporations to lay out open widen extend and vacate streets or alleys upon petition or without petition of property owners" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 106)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages in all cases where municipalities of this Commonwealth may hereafter be authorized by law to take use and appropriate private property for the purpose of making enlarging and maintaining public parks within the corporate limits of such municipality" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 188)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize cities boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth to appropriate moneys for Memorial Day services" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 298)

An Act entitled "An Act conferring upon municipalities the right of eminent domain for the purpose of appropriating public property for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 332)

An Act entitled "An Act regulating the letting of contracts for the erection and construction of public buildings" approved the second day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 426)

An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the renumeration of policemen and constables employed as policemen throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prohibiting them from charging or accepting any fee or other compensation in addition to their salary except as public rewards and mileage for traveling expenses" approved the fourteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 266)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing any borough or city within this Commonwealth to vacate change alter or relocate the course or channel of any creek run or natural waterway other than navigable streams and for this purpose to enter upon condemn and take property and materials necessary to such vacation change alteration or relocation and providing for the ascertainment and assessment of costs damages and expenses as well as the levy and collection of benefits arising therefrom and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 74)

Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act authorizing the condemnation of turnpikes roads or highways heretofore or hereafter constructed wholly or in part in any county of this Commonwealth for public use free from tolls and toll-gates and the assessment upon the proper county of the damages to which the owner or owners thereof may be entitled by a jury of viewers duly appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and providing for the maintenance of any such condemned turnpike road or highway by the proper city township or district' extending its provisions so to authorize the condemnation of any turnpike road or highway in whole or in part located upon the line dividing two counties and to assess the damages payable to the owner or owners thereof equitably between such two counties" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 79)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section eight of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipailties of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved May sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one extending the provisions of said act to the grading paving curbing macadamizing or improvement of parts of streets or alleys" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 100)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing of transient retail merchants in cities boroughs and townships and providing a penalty for failures to obtain the same" approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 159)

An Act entitled "An Act making it lawful for any municipality in which a corporation created and existing under and by virtue of the laws of this Commonwealth have constructed and are maintaining or may hereafter construct and maintain sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances for surface under surface and sewage drainage to become the owner of such sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances aforesaid providing the amount to be paid for the same and the manner of ascertaining such amount in case of disagreement between the municipality and the corporation owning the same" approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 82)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing borough councils or school boards of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire take use and appropriate private property for public library purposes and providing the manner in which damages sustained thereby shall be assessed and collected" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 169)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the alteration of the boundaries of township and boroughs in certain cases and the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 177)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the abandonment by turnpike road or highway companies of such portion or portions of their turnpike roads or highways as are separated as to ownership or possession from the longest continuous portion thereof remaining in the possession or ownership of such companies after the appropriation or condemnation to public use of an intermediate portion or portions thereof also prescribing the method of making such abandonment and the giving of notice thereof to township authorities and providing for the future disposition of such abandoned portion or portions of said turnpike roads or highways" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 359)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to railroad crossings of highways and for the regulation alteration and abolition of grade crossings except in cities of the first and second classes" approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 531)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 555)

An Act entitled "An Act for the establishment and maintenance of public libraries in cities of the second and third class and in boroughs" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 569)

An Act entitled "An Act regulating the filing of reports of viewers or juries of view appointed by the courts of this Commonwealth to assess damages and benefits for the taking injury or destruction of private property in the construction or enlargement of public works highways or improvements" approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 28)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing councils in boroughs and in cities of the second class and third class within this Commonwealth to issue subpoenas and to take the testimony of witnesses in any pending case of inquiry investigation or impeachment also providing for the compulsory production of books and papers and a mode of compelling the attendance of witnesses by attachment for contempt and providing for the punishment of perjury by witnesses so called" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 31)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved May sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one enabling municipal corporations to lay out open widen extend and vacate streets or alleys upon petition or without petition of property owners as amended by the act approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing for the approval of ordinances by the city recorder and the publication of the ordinances" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 35)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the confirmation of the reports of viewers or juries of view appointed by the courts of quarter sessions to assess damages and benefits and for the collection of damages in such proceedings" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 83)

An Act entitled "An Act amending sections two and six of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction or bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-one" approved the second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 124)

An Act entitled "An Act enabling the burgess and council of any borough or incorporated town by ordinance to annex to the borough or incorporated town adjacent territory upon petition of a majority of the freehold owners thereof" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 247)

An Act entitled "An Act to permit farmers to sell their own products without a license fee in and about the streets of any borough or city of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 258)

An Act entitled "An Act to further define the police power of cities of the third class and boroughs with reference to electric light wires" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 335)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the municipalities of the Commonwealth to vacate in whole or in part all streets lanes and alleys within their corporate limits laid out by this Commonwealth whenever the same or the portion to be vacated shall have remained unopened for a continuous period of thirty years next preceding such vacation" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 46)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the payment of the expense of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons for non-payment of fines or penalties imposed for the violation of city or borough ordinances or ordinances of townships of the first class by the city brough or township of the first class to which such fines are payable" approved the twenty–eighth day of March one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 61)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 193)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessments of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including the damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one relating to exceptions and to the cofinrmation of the reports of viewers and of parts thereof and of appeals to the Superior and Supreme Court from the confirmation of viewers' reports or parts thereof the manner of taking the same and the effect thereof" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 198)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper county city or borough of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter appropriated or condemned or any part thereof for public use free of tolls" approved the twentieth day of April one thouasnd nine hundred five (P. L. 237)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing vacation of public highways at grade crossings over railroads and the opening of undergrade or overgrade crossings in lieu thereof by the court of quarter sessions" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 295)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several borughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 22)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act enabling the burgess and council of any borough or incorporated town by ordinance to annex to the borough or incorporated town adjacent territory upon petition of a majority of the freehold owners thereof" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred and three enabling the burgess and council of any borough or incorporated town by ordinance to annex to the borough or incorporated town adjacent territory in the same or an adjoining county upon petition of a majority of the freehold owners thereof" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 25)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the pay of commissioners of roads viewers reviewers and re-reviewers of roads and bridges and commissioners appointed to run establish or re-establish township lines or to divide townships or to divide townships into election districts or boroughs into wards in this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 44)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of the act approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their imlits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water' so as to include springs" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 90)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper county city or borough of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter appropriated or condemned or any part thereof for public use free of tolls' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five providing for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper county city or borough of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter abandoned or any part thereof and for the repair maintenance or improvement of any turnpike or part thereof where the company or association owning the same has been or may hereafter be dissolved" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 104)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing municipal corporations owning their own water systems to relocate roads destroyed by overflow of reservoirs or otherwise and to acquire land to preserve water-supply from contamination" approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 167)

An Act entitled "An Act exempting certain real estate from the power of eminent domain as exercised by corporations incorporated under the laws of Pennsylvania" approved the tenth day of May one thousand nine hundred sven (P. L. 196)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the payment of the premiums on bonds of county city borough school-district and township employes" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 225)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the alteration of the boundaries of contiguous boroughs and townships within this Commonwealth by detaching part or parts of the land embraced within the lines of any borough and annexing such territory to any adjacent or contiguous township or townships and for adjustment of the indebtedness of the boroughs and townships affected by such change of boundaries or limits" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 264)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize municipalities or townships to make assessments for municipal improvements outside of their corporate limits under certain conditions" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 287)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the planting and care of shade trees on highways of townships of the first class boroughs and cities of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing for the cost thereof" approved the thirty–first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 349)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the acquiring of water plants or systems by municipalities from corporations firms or individuals and the manner of ascertaining and arriving at the value of the same and to authorize municipalities of this Commonwealth to issue bonds secured by such water plants or systems for the payment thereof and to provide a sinking fund therefor out of the revenues of said plants" approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 355)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and empowering borough and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor' approved June tenth one thousand nine hundred and one extending the provisions of the act to the taking use and appropriation of private property for a filter plant" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 365)

An Act entitled "An Act providing a method to secure possession of lands buildings or other property acquired under the power of eminent domain" approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 461)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 503)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to armories for the National Guard of Pennsylvania authorizing counties cities towns boroughs and other municipal divisions of the Commonwealth to provide and appropriate moneys or purchase and convey land or convey land owned by any county city town borough or other municipal division of the Commonwealth to assist the Armory Board in the erection of armories and to furnish free of cost to the Commonwealth water light fuel either or all for use in any armory" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 33)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase or condemn public toll-bridges crossing rivers or streams within the limits thereof and giving power to municipalities to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary public foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such municipality" approved the twenty–fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 67)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act providing for the recovery and collection of municipal claims by lien or by action of assumpsit' by conferring jurisdiction upon justices of the peace in such cases" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 78)

An Act entitled "An Act to permit the acquisition of forest or other suitable lands by municipalities for the purpose of establishing municipal forests and providing for the administration maintenance protection and development of such forests" approved the twenty–second day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 124)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend sections five and six of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the acquiring of water plants or systems by municipalities from corporations firms or individuals and the manner of ascertaining and arriving at the value of the same and to authorize municipalities of this Commonwealth to issue bonds secured by such water plants or systems for the payment thereof and to provide a sinking–fund therefor out of the revenues of said plants' approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seven limiting the liability of municipalities on the bonds issued for such water plants or systems and providing that the bonds mentioned in said act shall be payable in thirty years from date of their issue" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 135)

An Act entitled "An Act to empower township and borough auditors to employ an attorney and providing for their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 261)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend sections one and two of an act entitled 'A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act relative to burial-grounds and cemeteries situated in incorporated boroughs approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four changing the title of said act and authorizing the court to make orders and decrees required by the act and to enforce the same by process" approved the thirteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-six further empowering courts to direct removal of remains in boroughs cities and towns from burial grounds where interments have ceased or have become so neglected as to become a public nuisance or such remains interfere with the improvements extensions and interests of such cities boroughs or towns' by further providing that such removal may be authorized when said lands shall be desired by said municipalities or the school districts thereof for the erection of municipal school or public library buildings thereon or for any other public purpose" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 291)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the settlements and audits of the accounts of all officers of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts and appeals therefrom to the common pleas and thence to the Supreme and Superior Courts and providing a penalty for violations thereof" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 392)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing townships of the first class and boroughs of this Commonwealth to acquire by taking and appropriating under right of eminent domain and by gift devise purchase lease and otherwise private property for the purpose of making enlarging extending and maintaining public parks parkways and playgrounds requiring the consent of the qualified electors to such acquiring in certain cases and providing the procedure for obtaining such consent authorizing the said townships and boroughs to improve maintain and regulate such parks parkways and playgrounds and providing for the manner of securing ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages where property is taken used and appropraited for the said purposes" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 401)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to roads highways and bridges' approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty-six" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 123)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of 'An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor' approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to extend the same to townships of the first class" approved fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 168)

An Act entitled "An Act to empower any taxpayer of any township borough poor district or school district upon providing for costs to appeal in behalf of such municipality to the court of common pleas of the proper county from the judgment of any justice of the peace or alderman against such municipality and to become a party to such suit" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 208)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the payment of the costs of proceedings and the expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons either for non-payment of fines or penalties imposed for or while awaiting a hearing upon any charge for the violation of any city or borough ordinance or any ordinance of township of the first class whose ordinances are alleged to have been violated or to which any such fines or penalties are payable" approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 677)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of municipal governments and for the inauguration of mayors of cities" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 857)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day' by requiring the commissioners to make the payments specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 863)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 865)

An Act entitled "An Act providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers grade sub-grade and pave streets and alleys pay the costs thereof by the issue of bonds and collect the same from the property benefited in instalments" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 971)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water' by fixing the number of the viewers at three" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1033)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be' by fixing the number of the jury at three" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1036)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled 'An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be' by fixing the number of the jury at three" approved the twentieth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1087)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one entitled 'An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and work within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor' as amended by the first section of an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act to amend section one of "An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to extend the same to townships of the first class' by extending the act to include townships of the second class" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 66)

An Act entitled "An Act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection construction and alteration of public buildings" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 155)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one empowering municipalities to locate streets and alleys and to include therein streets and alleys or parts thereof theretofore opened or used for highway purposes" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 212)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws seventy-five) by providing that in proceedings to assess damages and benefits arising from improvements under the act to which this is a supplement if property is both benefited and damaged by such improvements the excess of damages over benefits or the excess of benefits over damages or nothing in case the benefits and damages are equal shall be awarded to or assessed against the owners of property and providing that the report thereof made by the Board of Viewers shall show the net result only" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 215)

An Act entitled "An Act requiring a license for conducting any business the whole or greater part of which shall consist of the sale of goods which shall be held forth represented or advertised to be goods of or obtained from the estate of any brankrupt or goods of or obtained from an assignee or a person firm or corporation about to go out of business or goods to have been damaged in any way and regulating such licensing and fixing a penalty for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 227)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the title the first section the second section and the third section of an Act of Assembly entitled 'An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Court's approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by repealing so much thereof as applies to school districts" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 254)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act authorizing townships of the first class and boroughs of this Commonwealth to acquire by taking and appropriating under right of eminent domain and by gift devise purchase lease and otherwise private property for the purpose of making enlarging extending and maintaining public parks parkways and playgrounds requiring consent of the qualified electors to such acquiring in certain cases and providing the procedure for obtaining such consent authorizing the said townships and boroughs to improve maintain and regulate such parks parkways and playgrounds and providing for the manner of securing ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages where property is taken used and appropriated for the said purposes' by changing the limitations of the amount of money which such township or borough in the exercise of the authority granted by said act shall within any period of three years obligate itself to pay without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 257)

An Act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers grade sub-grade and pave streets and alleys pay the costs thereof by the issue of bonds and collect the same from the property benefited in instalments' approved June fifteen Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the provisions thereof so as to include the acquisition by boroughs and incorporated towns of existing sewers and sewer systems" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 277)

An Act entitled "An Act permitting counties cities and boroughs singly or jointly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to appropriate and expend moneys for the improvement of highways outside the limits of such cities or boroughs for the purpose of connecting improved streets of such cities or boroughs with a State highway or State-aid highway when the highway outside of the limits of such cities or boroughs is less than one mile in length and will connect such cities or boroughs with the State highway or State-aid highway" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 336)

An Act entitled "An Act giving to all owners or tenants of lands property or material abutting on or through which pass roads streets lanes or alleys injured by the laying out opening widening vacating extending or grading of said roads streets lanes or alleys or the changing of grades and lines thereof by cities counties boroughs or townships within this Commonwealth the construction and the vacating by said cities counties boroughs or townships of bridges and the piers abutments approaches embankments slopes or causeways therefor or leading thereto which abut on or pass through or along said lands property or material and the construction by said cities counties boroughs or townships of sewers in over upon along or through said lands property or material the right to damages for said injuries directing all juries of view appointed or that shall hereafter be appointed under existing laws for assessing damages or benefits for taking using occupying or injuring lands property or material to assess said damages if any against said cities counties boroughs or townships as the case may be and the benefits if any in connection therewith granting the right of appeal to the proper court of common pleas from the report of said juries and the trial by jury in said court of common pleas and the right to file exceptions to said report and the right of appeal to the Superior Court or Supreme Court after disposal of exceptions or verdict and final judgment and providing that this act shall apply to all existing and future proceedings" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 368)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts and appeals therefrom giving certain powers to taxpayers in connection therewith and prescribing the practice to be pursued in all appeals from such auditors' reports" approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 394)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the display of the State county city borough or other municipal flags on public buildings in the Commonwealth" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 419)

An Act entitled "An Act establishing a Commission of Waterworks in boroughs and incorporated towns of this Commonwealth providing for the appointment of commissioners of water-works and prescribing their powers and duties" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 445)

An Act entitled "An Act amending the first section on an act entitled 'An Act to further define the police power of cities of the third class and boroughs with reference to electric light wires' approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three so as to include telegraph and telephone wires and reducing the number of jurors" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 488)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to damages in case of taking of property for use as a public wharf pier or bulkhead" approved the twentieth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 543)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the several counties incorporated towns and boroughs to appropriate annually sums of money to each camp of the United Spanish War Veterans and of the Army of the Philippines and to each post of the American Veterans of Foreign Service in the respective counties boroughs and towns to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 550)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize all cities and boroughs in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to construct and maintain comfort and waiting-stations and drinking-fountains in the public highways of such municipalities and providing the manner of ascertaining and collecting the damages caused by the construction of such improvements" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 632)

An Act entitled "An Act to permit viewers to award damages for the vacation of streets roads or highways to abutting owners where no land is actually taken" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 633)

An Act entitled "An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled 'An Act making it lawful for any municipality in which a corporation created and existing under and by virtue of the laws of this Commonwealth have constructed and are maintaining or may hereafter construct and maintain sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances for surface under surface and sewage drainage to become the owner of such sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances aforesaid providing the amount to be paid for the same and the manner of ascertaining such amount in case of disagreement between the municipality and the corporation owning the same' approved April nineteenth one thousand nine hundred and one by extending the provisions thereof to sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances owned by individuals and unincorporated associations and providing for the assessment of the costs and expenses of the property so acquired upon the properties benefitted thereby or upon the proper municipality" approved the twenty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 865)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 902)

An Act entitled "An Act conferring certain powers upon municipalities of this Commonwealth in and on the public wharves within the limits of such municipalities" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 1017)

An Act entitled "An Act regulating the mining out and removing of the coal and other minerals and support underlying and beneath the surface of the several streets avenues thoroughfares courts alleys places and public highways within the limits of the several municipal corporations and authorizing the creation of a Bureau of Mine Inspection and Surface Support by any municipal corporation within the anthracite coal fields of this Commonwealth and giving such bureau jurisdiction and providing for the filing of certain maps and plans and providing a penalty for violation thereof" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 1439)

(d) THE FOLLOWING ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS ARE REPEALED IN SO FAR AS THEY CONFER ANY POWERS OR IMPOSE ANY DUTIES ON BOROUGHS VIZ

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection and maintaining of watering troughs for the use of horses and cattle on the public roads of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the injury and destruction of the same" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 51)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act to provide for the erection and maintaining of watering troughs for the use of horses and cattle on the public roads of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the injury and destruction of the same approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 168)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the grading paving and curbing or macadamizing of streets and alleys which may be in whole or in part the boundaries of boroughs and first class townships by joint contract and providing for the payment of costs damages and expenses thereof" approved the tenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 637)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing any municipality to connect with the sewer of any other municipality and township of the first class for sewage purposes and providing a method for ascertaining the damages" caused thereby and for the assessment and payment of the same" approved the seventeenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 668)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing contracts between cities boroughs and townships of the one part and street passenger railway companies and motor power companies of the other part providing for the keeping of certain streets free from street railway tracks by permitting the temporary relocation or abandonment of tracks already laid or the postponement of the laying of tracks duly authorized while preserving the rights of such company to resume the exercise of its said franchises upon the termination or breach of such contract" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 379)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing contracts between cities boroughs or townships of the one part and street passenger railway companies surface elevated or underground or motor power companies leasing and operating the franchises and property of such companies of the other part affecting fixing and regulating the franchises powers duties and liabilities of such companies the management of the same the relations and respective rights of the contracting parties and the ultimate acquisition by such cities boroughs and townships of the property leaseholds and franchises of said contracting companies" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 80)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the location construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in boroughs and adjacent territory empowering the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over rivers creeks streams railroads and private land or over and across railroads and any of them or over and across railroads for public highways and to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the borough limits authorizing said boroughs to unite and enter into a contract or contracts with the county commissioners of the proper county and with railroad street railway and other companies and parties interested or with any of them for the erection construction and maintenance of said viaducts and bridges and for the payment of the damage caused by their location and erection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under or upon any such viaduct or bridge without contributing the cost of maintenance thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 240)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase condemn maintain and use public toll-bridges crossing rivers or streams within the limits thereof and to enter into a contract with the county commissioners of the proper county when said commissioners are duly authorized thereto by the court of quarter sessions on petition of twenty or more taxpayers of such county whereby the said county shall pay a portion of the cost thereof and giving power to the municipalities to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary public foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such municipality" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 69)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize municipalities to unite in the construction of a sewage system and to permit municipalities to form corporations for the purpose of constructing a sewage system" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 306)

An Act entitled "An Act amending an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth making such improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any such road as may thereby become necessary authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for the compensation therefor and the damage resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in making such improvements and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said road and authorizing the levy of a tax to provide a fund for such purposes" approved June twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing that public roads and highways may be constructed improved and maintained by the several counties of the Commonwealth as county roads whether existing by other authority or laid out in whole or in part by virtue of this act and providing that public roads and highways may be originally located laid out and established for the purpose of such construction improvement and maintenance by the several counties in the manner and by the procedure set out in the amended act and subject to other provisions thereof providing for the laying out of a system of main thoroughfares to which the establishing construction improvement and maintenance of public roads by the counties shall be restricted after January one one thousand nine hundred and seven but providing for such establishing construction improvement and maintenance of roads not part of said system upon parties interested paying not less than one-fourth of the original cost of construction and providing that the county commissioners of any county may provide rules regulating the use of roads constructed and maintained by the counties and prescribing the penalties for the violation thereof' and providing that public roads and highways located established constructed and improved by the several counties in the manner and by the procedure set out in the said acts shall thereafter be township or borough roads and be maintained and improved by the proper township or borough" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 527)

Section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 244)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to unite with boroughs or townships in constructing or acquiring and maintaining works for supplying water to such boroughs or townships" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 541)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first and second sections of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to authorize municipalities to unite in the construction of a sewage system and to permit municipalities to form corporations for the purpose of constructing a sewage system' by including townships" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 966)

An Act entitled "An Act providing a method whereby highways the center line of which constitutes a dividing line between a city or borough and a township in the same county may be altered or improved and the cost thereof apportioned" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 267)

First four paragraphs of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the isuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by authorizing counties to contract with boroughs in the improvement of a borough street connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of maintenance of such street on the borough" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 273)

(e) THE FOLLOWING ACT OF ASSEMBLY IS REPEALED IN SO FAR AS IT RELATES TO HIGH CONSTABLE

The Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the election of constables for three years' approved the fourteenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine by providing for the election of a high constable in each of the boroughs of this Commonwealth for three years and by correcting the ambiguity as to the beginning of the terms of office under said act" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 375)

(f) ALL ACTS OR PARTS OF ACTS OF ASSEMBLY SUPPLIED BY INCONSISTENT WITH OR APPERTAINING TO THE SUBJECT MATTER COVERED BY THIS ACT ARE REPEALED IT IS THE INTENTION THAT THIS ACT SHALL FURNISH A COMPLETE AND EXCLUSIVE SYSTEM FOR THE GOVERNMENT AND REGULATION OF BOROUGHS EXCEPT AS TO THE SEVERAL MATTERS ENUMERATED IN SECTION TWO ARTICLE ONE CHAPTER ONE OF THIS ACT

Nothing in this act shall be construed to repeal any of the provisions of the Public Service Company Law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 568, as follows:

An Act for the relief of indigent war veterans and their families and imposing certain powers and duties upon poor authorities organizations composed of war veterans and the officers thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Asemsbly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "Overseer of the poor" as used in this act means any person whose duty it is under existing laws to care for and relieve poor and indigent persons

Section 2 Overseers of the poor shall provide for the relief of indigent soldiers sailors and marines who served in the Civil War the war with Spain the Philippine insurrection or the boxer uprising in China and for the relief of the families of such persons and the families of deceased soldiers sailors and marines in the manner hereinafter provided

Section 3 The commander of any organization composed of war veterans undertaking the work of relief provided for in this act shall before any such relief is granted and annually thereafter during the month of February file with the clerk of the proper city or borough or with the overseer of poor of the proper distict a notice setting forth that the organization intends to undertake the work of relief provided for by this act and the names of the commander quartermaster and relief committee of such organization

Section 4 Upon the written request of commanders and quartermasters of organizations composed of war veterans the overseers of the poor of the proper district shall furnish such sums of money as may be reasonably necessary for the relief of the indigent veterans and their families and the families of deceased veterans

Section 5 Before any relief is granted in any case the commander and quartermaster of such organization shall file with the overseers of the poor a statement setting forth (a) the name and address of the person for whom relief is desired (b) if a veteran the organization that he served in (c) the length of time such person has resided within the Commonwealth (d) the cause of the indigency if practicable (e) the approximate period during which such indigency will continue (f) a certificate by the relief committee of such organization stating that an investigation of the case has been made and that it is the opinion of the committee that the person is in actual need of relief

Section 6 No relief shall be granted under this act unless the person for whom the same is requested has been a resident of this Commonwealth for at least six months At the end of the period approximated if the person is still in need of relief a new statement shall be filed

Section 7 Where no organization of veterans exists in a city or borough the proper overseers of the poor may accept the statement of the commander and quartermaster of the organization located in the nearest city or borough

Section 8 If more than one such organization exists in any borough or city and such organization have a joint or central association the officers of such joint or central association may make the request and file the statement required by sections four and five of this act Where more than one such organization exists in a city or borough and such organization maintain no joint or central association the commander of each such organization shall furnish as soon as possible to each of the other organizations the names of all persons to whom relief has been granted through his organization

Section 9 In urgent cases any such organization which has complied with the provisions of section three of this act may advance such sums as the relief committee and commander may deem necessary not to exceed the sum of ten dollars Overseers of the poor shall reimburse any such organization upon the filing of the statement required by section five of this act

Section 10 Overseers of the poor may reqire the commander of any such organization to execute a bond in a reasonable sum with good security for the faithful accounting for all funds received

Section 11 Commanders of such organizations shall require vouchers from persons to whom relief is granted Such vouchers shall during the month of Octotber of each year be open to the inspection of overseers of the poor who may require the commander or quartermaster to make oath that the case in question was investigated and in his opinion was worthy of relief

Section 12 In the month of December of each year each commander shall file with the person with whom the notice required by section three was filed a detailed statement showing the names of the persons to whom relief was granted and the amounts received The statement shall be verified by oath or affirmation Any wilfully false oath or affirmation shall be perjury and punishable as such Any commander refusing to make the statement required by this section within one week after written request therefor by the person entitled thereto shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars to be recovered as sums of like amount are now by law recoverable

Section 13 Overseers of the poor are prohibited from sending indigent veterans or their families or the families of deceased veterans to any almshouse or orphan asylum without the consent of the commander and relief committee of an organization having jurisdiction as provided in this act

Section 14 Indigent veterans their families and the families of deceased veterans shall whenever practicable be provided for at their homes Indigent veterans not insane and who have no families or friends may with the consent of the overseers of the poor the commander of any such organization and the veteran be sent to any soldier's home and the transportation and other necessary expenses for such veteran shall be paid by the overseers of the poor

Section 15 Any indigent insane veteran shall upon the recommendation of the commander and relief committee of any such organization be sent to any insane asylum and be cared for as provided for indigent insane

Section 16 The department commander of an organization composed of war veterans shall annually on or before the fifteenth day of January report to the Governor such transactions of their respective organizations relating to the subject matter covered by this act as may be of interest to the organization and the people of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 606 (House Bill No. 704), entitled:

An Act to enlarge the limit of purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 765 (House Bill No. 941), on second reading, entitled:

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose or relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A Further Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one and regulating the marking of certain reports and a statement to the Auditor General for the purposes of taxation

be recommitted to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 769 (House Bill No. 306), entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 770 (House Bill No. 713), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of the "Star" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 771 (House Bill No. 742), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 794 (House Bill No. 730), entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be established as therein provided and to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 794 (House Bill No. 730), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 809, as follows:

An Act fixing the salary of the Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvaina in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act the salary of the Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth shall be three thousand five hundred dollars per annum which salary shall be paid as provided by existing laws

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 811, as follows:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectiverous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by restricting the right to kill dogs

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game birds and insectiverous and other wild birds and prescribing the penalties for the violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 21 Any dog off land controlled by the owner of such dog pursuing or following upon the track of any game-quadruped such as hare or rabbits and known as small game or following upon the track of any game birds or other wild bird protected by existing law during what is known as the closed season for such animal or bird in this Commonwealth is hereby declared to be a public nuisance and may be killed by the owner or lessee or by a game protector deputy game protector game warden forestry warden or any other officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game or wild birds unless such dog shall wear a collar having attached thereto a metallic tag or plate upon which shall be plainly inscribed in English the name and address of the owner of such dog and any dog thus wearing a collar inscribed as before mentioned pursuing small game off land controlled by the owner of such dog during what is known as the closed season for such game or wild birds may be killed by the owner or lessee of any land upon which such dog may be found or by any employe of either the owner or lessee or by a game protector deputy game protector game warden forestry warden or any officer of the State whose duty it is to protect the game of the State when such dog is seen upon the track of such game after notice in writing from that particular person or from the Secretary of the Game Commission has been given to the owner or reputed owner of such dog to the effect that the dog in question is in the habit of destroying or pursuing or following upon the track of game or wild birds contrary to the provisions of this section Provided That dogs when accompanied by and under the control of their masters may be trained upon any of the living wild game or birds of this State excepting deer and fawn from the fifteenth day of August to the first day of January next following so long as no injury is inflicted upon said animals or birds" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 21 Any dog pursuing or following upon the track of any game quadruped such as hare or rabbits and known as small game or following upon the track of any game bird or other wild bird protected by existing law [illegible] what is known as the closed season for such animal or bird in this Commonwealth is hereby declared to be a public nuisance and may be killed by a game protector deputy game protector game warden forestry warden or any other officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game or wild birds when such dog is seen upon the track of such game after notice in writing from that particular person or from the Secretary of the Game Commission has been given to the owner or reputed owner of such dog to the effect that the dog in question is in the habit of destroying or pursuing or following upon the track of game or wild birds contrary to the provisions of this section Provided That dogs when accompanied by and under control of their masters may be trained upon any of the living wild game or birds of this State excepting elk deer and fawn from the first day of September to the first day of March next following so long as no injury is inflicted upon said animals or birds Provided also That should said game protector or warden be unable to find the owner of the dog he shall be empowered to catch the dog and make such disposition of it as the Game Commission may direct

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 951 (House Bill No. 1099), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies of the city of Harrisburg

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 957 (House Bill No. 906), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 967, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the plotting by cities of the first class of parks and parkways in built-up sections thereof

The first section of the bill was read as follows and argeed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when a city of the first class shall hereafter superimpose upon the confirmed plan of streets of said city any park or parkway in an entirely built-up section of said city the placing of such park or parkway on the city plan shall be considered as an appropriation to public use of the land within the lines of said park or parkway at the expiration of five years from the date of confirmation of the plan showing such park or parkway by the board of surveyors of said city with the same effect as if the land within the boundary of said park had been appropriated for public park purposes or the said parkway had been opened to public use by ordinance of councils unless an ordinance actually appropriating said land to public use shall have been previously passed or the ordinance placing such park or parkway on the city plan shall have been previously repealed

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend the bill by inserting after section 1 a new section, to be known as "Section 2" as follows:

"Section 2 Where any park or parkway has been heretofore superimposed upon the confirmed plan of streets of such city in an entirely built-up section, such superimposing shall be an appropriation for public use of the land within the lines of said park or parkway at the expiration of three years from the approval of this act."

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 From the date of confirmation of the plan of said park or parkway in an entirely built-up section of said city until the expiration of said period of five years or until the passage of an ordinance to appropriate to public use the land within the lines of such park or parkway the owners of said land may alter their buildings thereon in accordance with plans approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection and other municipal authorities having jurisdiction thereof and upon the assessment of damages for the appropriation of their property to public use they shall be entitled to compensation therefor including the buildings so altered computed as of the date of said appropriation

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2 in line 1, by striikng out the figure "2" after the word "Section", and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "3".

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 All acts of parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 in line 1, by striking out the figure "3" after the word "Section", and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "4".

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act relating to and regulating the plotting by cities of the first class of parks and parkways in built-up sections thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 971, as follows:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate and report the increase in the cost of anthracite coal alleged to be due to the tax imposed thereon empowering said commission to issue subpoenas and providing for the attendance of witnesses and the penalty for failure to obey such subpoenas and making an appropriation for the cost and expense of said commission

Whereas By an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act laying a tax on anthracite coal and providing for the collection and distribution of the same" the tax of two and one-half (2 1-2) per centum was imposed upon the value when prepared for market of every ton of anthracite coal which said tax did not on the average exceed five (5) cents per ton and

Whereas The operators of the anthracite coal mines although refusing except in a few isolated instances to pay tax or any part thereof and although contesting the validity thereof in the courts and it having been stated publicly in the press of the State and not denied that they have combined either among themselves or with retail dealers to raise the price of anthracite coal and did actually raise said price twenty-five (25) cents per ton upon the pretence that the said amount was for the purpose of paying said tax therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a commission of three be appointed by the Governor to serve without compensation to investigate the cause or causes of the raise of said price of anthracite coal either by operators of anthracite mines or dealers in anthracite coal whether the same was justified or not and whether the same was done as a result of any illegal combination or confederation upon the part of the operators of anthracite coal mines or dealers in anthracite coal and investigate and report all other facts and circumstances in reference thereto said commission to report to the Governor on the first of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and make a further report to the Governor and to the Legislature on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 2 For the purpose of enabling said commission to carry out and perform its duties the said commission shall have the right to sit in any part of this Commonwealth and shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books papers and other evidence at the meeting of the commission and for that purpose may issue subpoenas signed by the president of the commission and cause the same to be served and executed in any court of this Commonwealth and if any witness shall refuse to testify any fact within his knowledge or to produce any books or papers within his possession or under his control the secretary of the commission shall forthwith report the facts of such refusal to the court of common pleas of the county wherein such witness resides or wherein his attendance was required and all questions arising upon such refusal shall at once be heard by said court If the court determines that the testimony or evidence required by such witness is legal and properly competent and ought to be given or produced by him then said court shall make an order commanding such witness to testify or produce books or papers or both as the case may be and if such witness shall thereafter refuse to testify or to produce books or papers as aforesaid in disobedience of such order of the court then the said court shall have power to order the commitment of such witness to the county jail of the proper county for contempt

Section 3 The said commission shall have power to employ a secretary and a stenographer and to call upon the Attorney General for such legal advice as it may require

Section 4 The sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) is hereby appropriated to the payment of the costs and expenses of said commission to be drawn upon the requisition of the chairman thereof and paid as other appropriations are now by law paid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1006 (House Bill No. 1032), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1021, as follows:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful to catch take or kill any bullfrogs execept from the first day of July to the first day of October both dates inclusive excepting leopard and pickerel frogs which may be caught at any time

Section 2 That it shall be unlawful for any one person to catch kill or have in possession more than twenty-five bullfrogs in any one day or more than fifty in any one season

Section 3 That it shall be unlawful for any one person to catch take or kill more than twenty-five tadpoles in any one day or have more than twenty-five tadpoles in possession at any one time

Section 4 That it shall be unlawful to catch take or kill any bullfrogs by the use of a light at night

Section 5 Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this act shall be liable to a fine or penalty of twenty dollars for each and every offense in accordance with sections six and seven of this act

Section 6 That from any after the passage of this act any Fish Commissioner fish warden deputy warden sheriff deputy sheriff constable or any special officer or any peace officer in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and commanded to forthwith apprehend and arrest any person or persons who may be guilty of violating the provisions of this act and take such person or persons before any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate and thereupon make charge of such violation of this act and the justice of the peace alderman or magistrate shall forthwith hear and determine the charge as provided in section seven of this act and in case any Fish Commissioner fish warden or any officer named above fails to prove his case and the defendant or defendants are discharged or in case the defendant or defendants are convicted and are sent to jail in lieu of the payment of fine or fines penalty or penalties the county in which the case is heard shall pay the costs such arrests may also be made on Sunday in which case the person or persons so arrested for safe keeping may be committed to the jail or lock-up for that day but shall be taken before the proper magistrate and proceeded against on a week day following the arrest

Section 7 That from and after the passage of this act any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate upon information or complaint made to him by affidavit of one or more persons charging any person or persons with having violated the provisions of this act is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable peace officer or warden and cause such person or persons to be arrested and brought before such justice alderman or magistrate who shall hear and determine the guilt or innocence of the person or persons so charged and if convicted upon such charge shall be sentenced by said justice alderman or magistrate severally to pay the fine or fines penalty or penalties provided in this act for such violations together with the costs of suit the whole of said fine shall be paid over forthwith to the treasurer of the county in which the prosecution was brought and said county treasurer shall pay over the same forthwith to the Commissioner of Fisheries for the benefit of the Commonwealth Provided That in case the defendant or defendants shall neglect to pay at once the fine or fines so imposed said defendant or defendants shall forthwith be sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the county jail of the county where such conviction takes place for the period of one day for each dollar of fine so imposed and unpaid unless the defendant or defendants upon conviction shall give notice of intention to appeal when such defendant or defendants shall be permitted to enter into good and sufficient recognizance to appear before such justice alderman or magistrate on or before the expiration of five days if such appeal is not taken by them or on the final dtermination of such appeal if it be not sustained for execution of sentence Provided also That all actions for any violation of any of the provisions of this act must be taken within one year from the time the offense was committed and when necessary to properly conduct any case before any alderman justice of the peace magistrate or any court the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to employ legal counsel

Section 8 All parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1022, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to regulate the catching or taking within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and terrapin and providing a penalty therefor"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to regulate the catching or taking within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and terrapin and providing a penalty therefor" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1047, as follows:

An Act providing for and giving power to the board of trustees or managers of cemetery corporations in this Commonwealth to improve keep in order clean and fence cemetery and generally take care of the lots in said cemetery by providing money and means for such improving keeping in order cleaning fencing and generally taking care of the lots in said cemetery corporation by assessing lot owners their pro rata share of such general upkeep and collecting the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be lawful for the board of trustees or managers of any cemetery corporation in this Commonwealth to enter upon any lot or lots in any cemetery or burial place in this Commonwealth and remove all noxious weeds grasses rubbish and suitably improve the same wherein the owner or owners of said lot or lots have neglected and refused or do neglect and refuse to maintain and keep in respectable order said lot or lots and the said board of trustees or managers are hereby empowered to assess all costs and expenses for such improving said lot or lots against the owners thereof together with the pro rata share of the cost and expense for the general upkeep of said lot or lots cemetery or cemeteries burial place or burial places such as fencing said cemetery or cemeteries burial place or burial places and repairing walks and driveways and generally improving the appearance and taking care of such cemetery or cemeteries burial place or burial places and such lot or lots in the same Provided That where there are no corporate trustees or managers of a cemetery or cemeteries burial place or burial places in this Commonwealth that the courts of common pleas of the several counties of this Commonwealth upon petition of any five lot owners of said cemetery or cemeteries be empowered and they are hereby empowered to appoint trustees or managers to carry out the provisions of this act and Provided further That no remedy herein shall in any way be in conflict with any constitutional provision exempting from taxes the places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit or any other law or laws now in force exempting the same

Section 2 Be it further enacted et cetera that power and authority be and the same is hereby given to said board of trustees or managers to collect such assessment or assessments so made as common debts of like amount are now recoverable in this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1050, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met that the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof

That section six of article five be amended so as to read as follows

Section 6 In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas of that county shall be vested in one court of common pleas composed of all the judges in commission in said courts Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts and shall be subject to such change as may be made by law and subject to change of venue as provided by law The president judge of the said court shall be selected as provided by law The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption

In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas composed of all the judges in commission in sand courts Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts and shall be subject to such change as may be made by law and subject to change of venue as provided by law The president judge of the said court shall be selected as provided by law The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1051, as follows:

An Act to encourage the further development of the mineral resources of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of Internal Affairs on application to him made to issue his warrant or warrants for not exceeding in quantity one hundred acres to any one person who may apply for the same directing the county surveyor of any county to survey so much of the bed of any of the rivers of this Commonwealth as may be called in said application beginning at a point designated in the application at low water mark on the bank of said river and pursuing the course of said river at low water mark as far as designated then at right angles across said river to low water mark thence along the shore of said river at low water mark to a point opposite the place of beginning and thence across said river to the place of beginning the original of which is to be filed in the office of the Secretary of Internal Affairs and a copy to be directed to the county surveyor of the proper county whose duty it shall be to survey the same and make return thereof as soon as possible the costs of such survey to be paid by the applicant

Section 2 That from and after the issuing of said warrant the right to dig and mine for iron coal limestone sand and gravel fire clay and other minerals shall vest and be in the party in whose favor the said warrant or warrants shall issue his heirs or assigns Provided That he or they shall so exercise the said right as not in any way to interfere with the free navigation of any river or with the rights of any person or persons holding property on the banks thereof Provided also That nothing contained in this act shall authorize any person to undermine the bed of any river the navigation of which has been improved by the Commonwealth within one hundred yards from any dam or lock necessary to said improvement without the consent of the Secretary of Internal Affairs and nothing contained in this proviso shall in any way be construed to affect any rights now vested under existing laws And provided also That the Commonwealth shall have the right after twenty years from this date to revoke any such warrant or grant on payment to the party his heirs or assigns holding the same the original purchase money and the original costs of his works engine et cetera such power of revocation only to be in force where there is any improvement made

Section 3 That the person or persons so holding said warrant or warrants his or their heirs or assigns shall and may at any time within ten years from the date of the same have and receive a patent for the said land under the seal of the Commonwealth in the proper form granting to them their heirs and assigns all the right title and interest of the Commonwealth and the right to dig and mine iron coal limestone sand and gravel fire clay or any other mineral on his or their paying into the treasury of the Commonwealth the price of one hundred dollars per acre and the usual fees with interest from the date of said warrant subject to the restrictions contained in the second section of this act And provided That nothing in this act shall prevent or be a bar to any indictment for any nuisance or injury done by any person or persons so exercising said rights the original of which is to be filed in the office of the Secretary of to any public or private property or for any impediment to the full and free use of any of the said rivers

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1065, as follows:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of companies not for profit organized to encourage and promote improvements in the breeding and management of poultry pigeons and game and the protection and preservation of forests fish game and wild-life

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That corporations may be formed in the manner herein mentioned by the voluntary association of five or more persons or as otherwise hereinafter provided for the purpose of encouraging and promoting improvements in the breeding and management of poultry pigeons and game and the preservation and protection of game fish forests and wild life and by collecting and disseminating facts and information relative thereto to members and the public

Provided however That no such company shall be organized for profit but all contributions thereto by members or others and all proceeds realized from the business of such company shall be applied to the purpose declared in its charter When formed herein provided such company by virtue of its existence shall have the following powers

First To have perpetual succession by its corporate name subject to the power of the General Assembly and the Constitution of the Commonwealth

Second To maintain and defend judicial proceedings

Third To make and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure

Fourth To hold purchase maintain lease mortgage sell and transfer real and personal property as the purposes of the corporation may require and to accept and use such contributions and loans from its members or others of money or property real or personal as may be advantageous to the purpose of its organization

Fifth To appoint and remove and suitably compensate such officers and agents as the business of the company requires

Sixth To make by-laws not inconsitent with law regulating its membership and the election of its officers and directors and the management of its property and business affairs

Seventh To grant charters to local societies or organizations having similar purposes which sub-organizations shall be under the general control of the company granting the charter The charters granted as aforesaid by a company incorporated under this act shall provide for the election of delegates by the sub-organizations to a general convention or council of the company which convention or council shall elect directors who shall supervise and control the activities and manage the business of the company

Eighth To enter into any obligation necessary for the transaction of its business

Section 2 The charter of such intended corporation shall be subscribed by five or more persons all of whom shall be citizens of this Commonwealth who shall certify in writing to the Governor

First The name of the corporation

Second The place where its business is proposed to be conducted at which place shall be located its general office

Third The names and residences of the subscribers

Fourth The number of its directors and the names and residences of those chosen for the first year

Notice of the intention to apply for such charter shall be inserted in two newspapers of general circulation printed in the county within which the general office is proposed to be located once a week for three weeks setting forth briefly the character and object of the proposed corporation the intention to apply for such charter and the location of its general office and principal place of business Such certificate shall give the name and address of the treasurer of the company said certificate shall be acknowledged by at least three of the subscribers thereto before the recorder of deeds of the county in which its principal office is located and the subscribers shall also make and subscribe an oath or affirmation before him to be endorsed in such certificate that the statements therein contained are true the certificate so endorsed accompanied with proof of publication of notice as hereinbefore provided shall then be produced to the Governor of the Commonwealth who shall examine the same and if he find it to be in the proper form and within the purposes herein named shall endorse his approval thereon and direct letters-patent to issue in the usual form incorporating the subscribers and their associates and successors into a body politic and corporate in deed and in law by the name chosen and the original certificate with all its endorsements shall be recorded in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth in a book to be kept by him for such purpose and he shall forthwith furnish to the Auditor General an abstract therefrom showing the name and location of the company and the name and address of its treasurer The original certificate with all of its endorsements shall then be recorded in the office for recording deeds in the county in which is located its general office and from thenceforth the subscribers thereto their associates and successors shall be a corporation for the purposes and upon the terms named in said certificate Provided That no franchise granted under this act shall be exercised for the exclusive use or benefit of any part or class of the public

Section 3 Any company or association heretofore incorporated not for profit and for any of the purposes named in this act upon accepting the provisions of this act in writing under the seal of the corporation filed in the office of the Secretary of this Commonwealth together with a surrender of its letters-patent or charter which shall be filed with such certificate shall thereupon become and be a body corporate hereunder and shall be entitled to and possessed of all the privileges franchises and powers and powers conferred by this act upon corporations to be created under this act and all the properties rights and privileges belonging to such corporation therefor acquired by gift grant conveyance municipal ordinance assignment or otherwise upon such surrender shall be and is hereby ratified approved confirmed and assured to such corporation with like effect and to all intents and purposes as if the same had been originally acquired by and under authority of this act and such corporation shall thereafter be governed solely by the provisions of this act and the Governor shall forthwith cause new letters-patent under this act to issue to such corporation under the same name as the company had in the charter under which it was originally incorporated

Section 4 Any or all laws or parts of laws inconsitent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed in so far as they are inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1067, as follows:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said township or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State-aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act" which reads as follows:

"Section 2 The Governor shall appoint a Chief Engineer of the department who shall be a capable and competent civil engineer and experienced in the building and maintenance of improved roads who shall be paid a salary at the rate of seven thousand dollars per annum The State Highway Commissioner shall appoint as an assistant to the chief engineer an engineer of bridges who shall be a capable and competent civil engineer experienced in the designing and construction of bridges who shall be paid a salary at the rate of thirty-six hundred dollars per annum He shall also appoint fifty superintendents experienced in the construction and maintenance of improved roads who shall be known as superintendents of highways each of whom shall be paid a salary at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint as the work of the department requires fifteen competent civil engineers experienced in improved road building to act as assistants to the chief engineer and who shall each be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum. He shall also appoint a chief draughtsman who shall also be an eperienced* civil engineer and who shall be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint four assistant draughtsmen who shall also be civil engineers who shall be paid a salary at the rate of eighteen hundred dollars per annum each He shall also appoint a chief clerk who shall be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum and may employ four competent additional clerks and four competent stenographers each at a salary at the rate of twelve hundred dollars per annum and in addition thereto may appoint and employ from time to time such additional stenographers and clerks as the work of the department requires which additional appointees or employes shall each be paid a salary not to exceed the rate of one thousand dollars per annum He may also appoint two competent bookkeepers who shall each be paid a salary at the rate of sixteen hundred dollars per annum The State Highway Commissioner his deputies and other officers shall be paid in addition to their stipulated salary or compensation traveling expenses necessarily and actually incurred by each of them in the performance of the duties required by this act or performed by direction of the State Highway Commissioner The State Highway Commissioner shall assign the superintendents of highways to such sections or parts of the State as in the judgment of said Commissioner will enable said superintendents to render most efficient service in the improvement of the highways It shall be the duty of each superintendent of highways subject to the authority of the Commissioner and in accord with the rules and regulations of the department to superintend supervise and take charge and control of all work of rebuilding maintenance and repair of the State-aid and State highways or any portions thereof in his said district or placed in his charge and it shall be the further duty of each superintendent of highways to instruct the authorities having charge of the highways in the counties or townships in his district which receive aid from the State in the maintenance of highways as to the methods to be employed at all times in the construction maintenance and repair of county or township roads culverts and bridges in said counties or townships" is amended to read as follows

Section 2 The Governor shall appoint a chief engineer of the department who shall be a capable and competent civil engineer and experienced in the building and maintenance of improved roads who shall be paid a salary at the rate of seven thousand dollars per annum The State Highway Commissioner shall appoint as an assistant to the chief engineer an engineer of bridges who shall be a capable and competent civil engineer experienced in the designing and construction of bridges who shall be paid a salary at the rate of thirty-six hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint not to exceed fifty superintendents experienced in the construction and maintenance of improved roads who shall be known as superintendents of highways each of whom shall be paid a salary at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint as the work of the department requires fifteen competent civil engineers experienced in improved road building to act as assistants to the chief engineer and who shall each be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint a chief draughtsman who shall also be an experienced civil engineer and who shall be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint an engineer of maintenance an engineer of construction additional civil engineers and engineers' assistants superintendents inspectors a statistician paymasters draughtsmen bookkeepers a chief clerk additional clerks stenographers and such other employes as in his opinion are sufficient to carry on the work of the State Highway Department and shall fix the salaries to be paid the aforementioned employes

The State Highway Commissioner his deputies and other officers shall be paid in addition to their stipulated salary or compensation traveling expenses necessarily and actually incurred by each of them in the performance of the duties required by this act or performed by direction of the State Highway Commissioner The State Highway Commissioner shall assign the superintendents or highways to such sections or parts of the State as in the judgment of said Commissioner will enable said superintendents to render mose efficient service in the improvement of the highways It shall be the duty of each superintendent of highways subject to the authority of the Commissioner and in accord with the rules and regulations of the department to superintend supervise and take charge and control of all work of rebuilding maintenance and repair of the State-aid and State Highways or any portions thereof in his said district or placed in his charge and it shall be the further duty of each superintendent of highways to instruct the authorities having charge of the highways in the counties or townships in his district which receive aid from the State in the maintenance of highways as to the methods to be employed at all times in the construction maintenance and repair of county or township roads culverts and bridges in said counties or townships

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1068, as follows:

An Act fixing the width of sidewalks along public highways

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever in any township the proper State county or township officers who have in charge the construction or keeping in repair of public highways shall construct or permit to be constructed any sidewalk along the side of any such highways or shall establish the width and location of any such sidewalk the width of such sidewalk shall be as follows and not otherwise that is to say

For highways not exceeding thirty (30) feet in width the sidewalk shall be three (3) feet in width

For highways thirty-three (33) feet in width the side walk shall be four and one-half (4½) feet in width

For highways thirty-five (35) feet in width the sidewalk shall be five (5) feet in width

For highways forty (40) feet in width the sidewalk shall be seven (7) feet in width

For highways fifty (50) feet in width the sidewalk shall be twelve (12) feet in width

For highways sixty (60) sixty-six (66) and seventy (70) feet in width the silewalk shall be fifteen (15) feet in width

For highways exceeding seventy (70) feet in width the sidewalk shall be twenty (20) feet in width

Section 2 For highways intermediate in width between the width of highways herein mentioned the sidewalk shall be of such a width as will have not less than twenty-four (24) feet of roadway

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, this bill was defeated on Monday night and it has been reconsidered and placed on the calendar of Bills Postponed for the Present today.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I would say that if the State is going to have money this year for prosecuting a road program and for various other meritorious projects which are before the Legislature at this time, it is very necessary that something be done either to increase the revenue, or to conserve the revenues which we have. Two years ago the State gave back to the counties all of the personal property tax, amounting to several times more than the aggregate cost of holding the primary elections. The primary elections nevertheless cost the State about eight hundred thousand dollars a year, which is divided among the counties, of course, the larger share coming from the large and populous counties. No account which the State has to settle is more troublesome, or causes more confusion in adjustment or settlement.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix.
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline.
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Salus.
Schantz.
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Vare,

NAYS—5.

Beidleman,
Mills,
Stewart,
Tompkins.
Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 54, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Capitol Park Extension Commission

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 68, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River, between Herndon and Port Trevorton and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to amend Article fourteen section one of an act approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 619 (House Bill No. 545), entitled:

An Act to supervise the operations of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner prohibiting discrimination in fixing and collecting fire insurance rates requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate making bureaus requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements between companies or other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 676 (House Bill No. 889), entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 685, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the granting of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domocile' approved June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established and for attachment of such will to letters of administration granted in the case" by providing for the issuance of letters tastamentary to the executor named in such will in the same manner and form as if such supposed decedent were actually dead

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 686, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act relating to the grant of letters of administration upon the estates of persons, presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five by authorizing the several orphans' courts of this Commonwealth to accept refunding bonds from the distributees without sureties in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 708, entitled:

An Act making incompatible the offices of councilman in municipalities and school director

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 735, entitled:

An Act requiring corporations to keep a stock book and to permit access thereto by their stock holders and providing for fines and penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 735, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 736, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of corporations for the maintenance of public worship

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 736, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 739, entitled:

An Act relating to real estate brokers or agents and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 755, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the State Board of Education to inquire into and report to the Governor upon the advisability and desirability of the erection at Harrisburg by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a suitable building for the use of educational departments and interests of the State Government, which building shall also serve as a memorial to the founders of the Public School System and former distinguished educators of the Commonwealth, and authorizing the State Board of Education to expend out of any money appropriated to it at the Legislative Session of 1915 such sum or sums as may be necessary to secure preliminary plans and designs not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 784, entitled:

An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received for recording and exemplifying deeds and other writings in this Commonwealth in counties containing a population from two hundred fifty thousand to five hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 793, entitled:

An Act providing for watchers male and female at elections where constitutional amendments are submitted extending right of suffrage and imposing duties on election officers and county commissioners and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 810, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act to establish a Department of Mines in Pennsylvania defining its purposes and authority providing for the appointment of a chief of said department and assistants and fixing their salaries and expenses"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 862 (House Bill No. 929), entitled:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 863 (House Bill No. 930), entitled:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment of a Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such Bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into Workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the Workmen's Compensation Referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said Act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation Referees and certain of their employes and assistants

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 864 (House Bill No. 931), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto declaring false oaths by the subscribers to be misdemeanors and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 865 (House Bill No. 932), entitled:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under article three of the Workmen's Compensation act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 866 (House Bill No. 933), entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance companies and declaring the false oaths of officers thereof to be perjury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 867 (House Bill No. 934), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "The Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen" to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 868 (House Bill No. 935), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 883 (House Bill No. 806), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 888 (House Bill No. 1175), entitled:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne County to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 891 (House Bill No. 1181), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 892 (House Bill No. 970), entitled:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also section four five twelve thirteen twenty twenty-two thirty thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the Fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paragraph of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 897 (House Bill No. 437), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate owner by said decedent at the date of his death

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 909 (House Bill No. 1202), entitled:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registrations of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 924 (House Bill No. 662), entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 934, entitled:

An Act providing a method of establishing title to land acquired at a sale for unpaid taxes municipal claims

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 948 (House Bill No. 1239), entitled:

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 966, entitled:

An Act amending section one of an act entitled "An Act amending section seven of an act entitled 'An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children' approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five providing that married men or women in case of drunkenness or profligacy of husbands or wives may consent to the adoption of their children" approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 970, entitled:

An Act amending the act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 983, entitled:

An Act to provide that assessment of damages for the opening or widening of any street or highway in any city or borough or other locality in this Commonwealth shall include all damages for the opening or widening of the street or highway at the existing confirmed grade of such street or highway

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 984, entitled:

An Act authorizing William C. Dietrich a resident of Indiana Township County of Allegheny to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 990 (House Bill No. 563), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives friends or representatives of a fraternal society or charitable organization within a reasonable time after death

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 996 (House Bill No. 954), entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1002, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to provide at the expense of the county a telephone typewriter and stenographer for the use of the county superintendent of schools

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1009 (House Bill No. 1518), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1016, entitled:

An Act for the relief of Canfield Dorwin Freeman refunding the sum of one hundred and fifty-five dollars and one cent collateral inheritance tax paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the presumption that he was dead

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1013, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Lebanon Sanatorium at Lebanon Lebanon County Pennsylvania to bring suit against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County any sum or sums of money legally and justly due it for treatment given Private Albert Geener late a member of Company K Fourth Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1013, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1019, entitled:

An Act relative to the sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of a stock of merchandise and fixtures or merchandise or fixtures not in the ordinary course of business providing certain requirements therefor imposing certain duties upon the seller and making their violation a misdemeanor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1029 (House Bill No. 1290), entitled:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1035 (House Bill No. 1214), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respecively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 862 (House Bill No. 929), entitled:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder

Senate Bill No. 863 (House Bill No. 930), entitled:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment of a Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such Bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into Workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the Workmen's Compensation Referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board the Workmen's Compensation Referees and certain of their employes and assistants

Senate Bill No. 864 (House Bill No. 931), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto declaring false oaths by the subscribes to be misdeameanors and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 865 (House Bill No. 932), entitled:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 866 (House Bill No. 933), entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance companies and declaring the false oaths of officers thereof to be perjury

Senate Bill No. 867 (House Bill No. 934), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "The Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen" to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof

And Senate Bill No. 868 (House Bill No. 935), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 725, on third reading, postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled 'A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class,' approved the 28th day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, as to townships of the first class; providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners: invalidating contracts, hirings, purchases, or orders not provided for by, or in excess of, appropriations; providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers, and the method of making contracts," approved the 23d day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred and six).

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 725, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and six

And the question recurring,
Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Library.
Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 727, on third reading, postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to repeal section 4 of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class;' approved the 28th day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, as to townships of the first class: providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners; invalidating contracts, hirings, purchases, or orders not provided for by, or in excess of, appropriations; providing for inspections of the records and documents by taxpayers, and the method of making contracts," approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, six hundred and twenty-six).

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 727, entitled:

An Act to repeal section four of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspections of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and twenty-six)

And the question recurring,
Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Library.
Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.
The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.
Mr. SALUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 692, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of services which have been or shall be performed for a borough, validating the claim therefor under certain conditions, and requiring the payment thereof by the borough to the person rendering the services or surcharged for the payment thereof.

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.
The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.
Mr. HINDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 748, entitled:

An Act providing that whenever hereafter any trial judge in any court in this Commonwealth shall express approval or disapproval of a verdict of a jury either in the presence of the jury rendering the verdict or in the presence of other jurors in attendance on the court the said trial judge shall be required on the application of any litigant whose cause is listed for trial before the said jurors and who deems that such approval or disapproval may have injuriously affected the fair trial of his cause to discharge the said jurors and to order a new venire.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.
The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.
Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 724, entitled:

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River between Millersburg and Crow's Landing and making an appropriation therefor.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 788, entitled:

An Act relating to the Department of Banking and to the compensation of the employes thereof.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.
The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.
Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1079, entitled:

An Act relating to police pension funds in cities of the first or second classes, and directing such cities to appropriate certain moneys thereto.

Which was committed to the Commitee on Municipal Affairs.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 488.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 28, 1915.
Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 488, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits of loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 409, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (VIII) article thereof

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

NOMINATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

ALDERMAN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate William J. Wenrich to be an Alderman in and for the eighteenth ward of the City of Reading, county of Berks, until the first Monday of January, 1916.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix.
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell.
McKee W. S.,
McNichol.
Miller,
Mills,
Moore.
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus.
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul.
Stewart.
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare.
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

RECESS.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 1 o'clock P. M.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1080, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the Anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith by creating Assistant Mine Inspectors; defining their duties and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act to amend the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, eleventh, twelfth and fifteenth sections of and act, entitled "An Act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste," approved the 3d day of June, 1911, by extending the powers and duties of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants and providing penalties for violation of said act as amended and to repeal the fourteenth section of said act and substitute a new section fourteen therefor providing that said act and this amendment thereto shall not apply to cities having a population of five hundred thousand or over.

be read the first time.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act to amend the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, eleventh, twelfth and fifteenth sections of an act, entitled "An Act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste," approved the 3d day of June, 1911, by extending the powers and duties of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants and providing penalties for violation of said act as amended and to repeal the fourteenth section of said act and substitute a new section fourteen therefor providing that said act and this amendment thereto shall not apply to cities having a population of five hundred thousand or over.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 878 (House Bill No. 1128), entitled:

A Supplement to an act, entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class," approved the 7th day of March, A. D. 1901.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 625 (House Bill No. 738), entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines either or both providing for the use thereof by public service corporations and others having their tracks conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances on the public streets conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 794 (House Bill No. 730), entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be established as therein provided and to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions therof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, this bill is reported with the distinct understanding that no objection shall be made to the offering of any amendments that any Senator wishes to offer on third reading. That is the condition on which it is reported at this time.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 53, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, approved the 24th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act making it unlawful for the commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to contract to repair build or rebuild any county bridges without due advertisement for sealed proposals excepting contracts not amounting to two hundred and fifty dollars

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1095, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April, 1874, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," in relation to notice of applications for charters and further in relation to contents of certificates of applications for charters for corporations of the second class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 1340 (Senate Bill No. 1081), entitled:

An Act defining public utilities owned by cities boroughs towns or townships and providing for the submission of the question of the sale or lease thereof to the electors of such cities boroughs towns or townships

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1424 (Senate Bill No. 1082), entitled:

An Act authorizing Christian Gerz administrator of the estate of Alexander Gerz late of the city of Lancaster county of Lancaster deceased to sue the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 462 (Senate Bill No. 1083), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" as amended

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

House Bill No. 1002 (Senate Bill No. 1084), entitled:

An Act relating to domestic animals and their destruction to prevent spread of disease and the compensation therefor

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

House Bill No. 1164 (Senate Bill No. 1085), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" by providing for the payment of the premium charged for the bond of a trust or bonding company by the authorities of boroughs or townships

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1385 (Senate Bill No. 1086), entitled:

An Act to validate acts done by corporations before the recording of their charters

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1508 (Senate Bill No. 1087), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the enforcement thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

House Bill No. 1036 (Senate Bill No. 1088), entitled:

An Act providing for a uniform rate of taxation upon all property subject to taxation within the territorial limits of cities of the second class of this Commonwealth for the payment of current expenses and the payment of the indebtedness of said cities or any territorial part thereof and for all other municipal purposes

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1166 (Senate Bill No. 1089), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum amount of bond

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1415 (Senate Bill No. 1090), entitled:

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting quarantining and control of certain communicable diseases and for the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violations of the act

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 1029 (Senate Bill No. 1091), entitled:

An Act conferring authority on street passenger railway companies and motor power or other companies lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways to own lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 1419 (Senate Bill No. 1092), entitled:

An Act to fix the number and salaries of clerks and employes in the State Treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1486 (Senate Bill No. 1093), entitled:

An Act making the turning in of short weight or short measure by any person whose duty it is to turn the same into employers where the contract of hiring between employer and employe provides for payment by weight or measure a misdemeanor and providing a penalty therefor

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1500 (Senate Bill No. 1094), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled an act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employers prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act Approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until next Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 1:27 o'clock P. M. until Monday evening, May 3, 1915, at 8 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, April 28, 1915.

The House met at 10.00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for the power of the human will, a will that has been consecrated and concentrated and has been planted deep into the infinite justice and righteousness and wisdom and holiness of God. Such a will a great Jewish General possessed when he said, "But as for me and my house, we will serve the Lord." Such a will the Patriarch had when he wrestled with the Angel of God until the break of day and said, "I will not let Thee go except Thou bless me." Such a will the Apostle had when he said "I determine not to know anything among men save Jesus Christ and Him Crucified." O God, give us such a will in the making of our life, in making history, in making a State, in making a nation and may this will be filled with blessing for our children and for our children's children. We ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Sampsel, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 914 (House Bill No. 1665).

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Buildings.

Senate Bill No. 663 (House Bill No. 1666).

An Act to further amend an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same" by extending its provisions to all counties having a population under one million.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Cambria County, favoring erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Cambria County, favoring the erection of a monument to public schools and founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1033.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the National Board of Steam Navigation, favoring the passage of House Bill No. 1033.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 323.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Single Tax Society, of Philadelphia, protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 323.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL NO. 284.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of employes of the Pennsylvania Steel Company, Steelton, favoring the passage of Senate Bill No. 284.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1070, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home, Hospital and Infirmary, of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1124, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania State College for educational extension work and for maintaining a summer school for teachers.

Mr. ARNOLD, from the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, reported as amended, House Bill No. 390, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An Act granting an annuity to J. H. Pershing."

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 559, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of the William Penn Memorial Bridge Commission, defining its duties and making an appropriation.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1371, entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the Board of Public Charities to prepare and report to the Legislature at the opening of the next regular session a plan whereby the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can support and care for all its dependent insane in institutions owned and controlled by it, with a view to the establishment of this policy at the earliest possivle date.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 787, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Country Home, located in Darby, Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 290, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Sheltering Home and Home for the Homeless and Aged, of Philadelphia.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 864, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence General Hospital located between Germantown and Roxborough, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GEARY from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended House Bill No. 698, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Duquesne University of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Mr. REYNOLDS from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed House Bill No. 1497, entitled:

An Act authorizing the exoneration of John McSorley from the payment of certain taxes erroneously assessed.

Mr. HORTON from the Committee on Mines and Mining reported as committed House Bill No. 1530 (Senate Bill No. 574), entitled:

An Act to amend rule eighteen of the General Rules in article twenty-five of the act of June nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six) entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

Mr. NEVILLE from the Committee on Appropriations re-reported as amended House Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eagleville Montgomery county.

Mr. CONNER from the Committee on Apropriations re-reported as committed House Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection from the House, the Chair will take up the appropriation bills on second reading, as there are a number of members of the House not yet here. The Chair hears no objection.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

The Chair asked and obtained unanimous consent to dispense with the Committee of the Whole on the second reading calendar of Appropriation Bills. ,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 29, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and forty-one thousand dollars ($141,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field located at Hazleton Pennsylvania namely

For the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for maintenance salaries wages labor and necessary repairs the sum of one hundred and ten thousand dollars ($110,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For erecting and furnishing a home for nurses the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)

For the fitting up and epuiqment of a laboratory in connection with the hospital as required by law the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to. ,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 114, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance and prosecution of its work

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 940, entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Highway Department to fulfill certain contracts with Lawrence county and Hickory township in said county and thereunder to finish the construction of Eastbrook road in said township

The preamble was read as follows:

Whereas By contract number four hundred seventy-eight of the State Highway Department of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a record of the payments under which may also be found in the office of the State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at page forty-six in the ledger called the "Highway Contract Ledger" the State Highway Department of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the years of one thousand nine hundred seven and one thousand nine hundred nine constructed a certain State-aid highway in the township of Hickory in Lawrence county known as the Eastbrook road of the length of six thousand nine hundred seventy-five feet and

Whereas It was originally proposed to construct State-aid highway of the length of twelve thousand five hundred feet and

Whereas The total cost of construction inspection engineering and advertising of the part of said road so built was the sum of fifteen thousand eight hundred fifty-four dollars and three cents ($15,854.03) and under the terms of the contract existing between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the county of Lawrence and the township of Hickory dated May first one thousand nine hundred seven the share of the same payable by the county of Lawrence and township of Hickory was the sum of three thousand nine hundred sixty-three dollars and fifty cents ($3,963.50) which was the total due from the county of Lawrence and the township of Hickory for the number of feet of the road actually constructed namely six thousand nine hundred seventy-five feet and

Whereas The county of Lawrence and the township of Hickory in order to secure the construction in the year one thousand nine hundred seven of a certain part of said road when the State Highway Department was without funds for the construction thereof paid for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the sum of six thousand seven hundred fifty-two dollars and fifty cents ($6,752.50) being its total share for the construction of said road for the length of twelve thousand five hundred feet as originally agreed upon the same having been done under agreement with the State Highway Department of Pennsylvania that said road should be completed under said contract for the said distance of twelve thousand feet and

Whereas Said road has never been completed beyond the length of six thousand nine hundred seventy-five feet and the Act of Assembly namely the act of May first one thousand nine hundred five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred eighteen) under which said contract was made has been repealed and no provisions made for the completion of said road and the said county of Lawrence and township of Hickory has therefore paid for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on account of said road its full share on the original contract of twelve thousand five hundred feet therefore

On the question,

Will the House agree to the preamble?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Clause 2, line 13, by striking out the word "way" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ways"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the preamble as amended?

It was agreed to.

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Highway Department is hereby authorized to fulfill its contract with the county of Lawrence and township of Hickory in said county wherein the said county and township have advanced moneys that aided in the construction of a portion of the Eastbrook road in said township in excess of what they were legally required to do and said department may finish as agreed upon without expense to said county and township so much of said Eastbrook road as lies in said township the expenditure not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) which the said department may expend from any funds appropriated for state highways or for State-aid highways

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 12, by striking out the word "The" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "the"

Line 15, by striking out the words "that aided in" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "toward"

Line 20 by striking out the words "lies in said township" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "was originally agreed to be constructed as aforesaid."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act authorizing the State Highway Department to fulfill certain contracts with Lawrence county and Hickory township in said county and thereunder to finish the construction of Eastbrook road in said township

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 655, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the National Farm School located at Doylestown for the following purposes namely

The sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 565, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural school located at Downington Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 335, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill County

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill county toward the maintenance education and support of the homeless destitute and vagrant children in said home for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 775, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment removal and maintenance of the indigent insane for the two years ending the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four million ($4,000,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to pay for the care treatment removal and maintenance of the indigent insane for and during the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

The said appropriation shall be paid on the warrant of the Auditor-General on the basis of settlements by that officer and the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn or settlement made until the directors or managers of the several hospitals and asylums for the insane shall have made on oath or affirmation to the Auditor-General a quarterly report setting forth the actual number of indigent insane persons received and maintained in said hospitals and asylums for the insane respectively during the quarter for which the report is made with the dates of their admission and discharge or death respectively and the actual time during which each of said indigent insane persons was treated maintained and cared for during said quarter Provided also That no payment shall be made on account of the care and treatment of the insane until the secretary of the Board of Public Charities shall have certified to the Auditor-General under oath that the quarterly report of the cost of such care and treatment contains no charge except for "care treatment removal and maintenance" as the said words are construed in this act Provided further That the words "care treatment removal and maintenance" used in this act shall be construed to mean medical and surgical treatment and nursing food and clothing and absolutely neccessary repairs to existing buildings of such hospitals and asylums

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth or the directors or overseers of the poor of the different counties or poor districts of the State to report under oath to the Auditor-General on the first day of September December March and June of each year the number of indigent insane persons transferred from said counties or poor districts respectively to the State hospitals or asylums for the insane in their respective districts Said report shall contain the name of every indigent insane person so transferred or maintained at said hospitals or asylums and shall set forth when he or she was admitted the length of time cared for in said hospital or asylum and the date of discharge or death

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1196, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for the payment of expenses incurred in completing certain surveys and estimates of cost of the canal or waterway authorized to be constructed by the Board in preparing and printing reports in doing certain things preparatory to beginning the work of construction and in securing contributions in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway for the payment of incidental office expenses and for the payment of salaries fees and expenses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby specifically appropriated to the use of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania any balance remaining unexpended of the appropriation made to it by the provisions of the act creating said Board approved June twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws six hundred fifty-two) and the further sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the expenses encurred by the Board in completing the surveys and the estimates of cost provided for in the twelfth section of said act of June twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and in preparing and printing reports of its work for the payment of the expenses heretofore or to be hereafter incurred by the Board in the preparation and enactment of legislation enabling counties in the states of Ohio West Virginia and Pennsylvania to make contributions or appropriations in aid of the construction of the canal or waterway authorized to be constructed by said act and for the payment of expenses incidental to the maintenance of offices of the Board in the city of Pittsburgh the traveling expenses of the Board and of the salaries fees and expenses of such engineers draftsmen attorneys experts and clerical assistance as the Board may employ

All expenditures of the Board shall be made in the manner provided in the eighth section of said act approved June twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws six hundred fifty-two)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1328, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating and maintenance and government of a county home in each county for indigent orphans and for delinquent incorrigible indigent dependent and neglected children under sixteen years old and providing for their commitment thereto

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners of any county by and with the approval of the grand jury and of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county shall have the authority and are hereby authorized to purchase a farm or plot of ground within the county and erect buildings thereon or add to and improve buildings already erected and make such improvements thereon and thereto as may be convenient and necessary for the use and purpose of providing a home within the county for the keeping care education and training of all indigent orphans delinquent incorrigible indigent dependent and neglected children of either sex under sixteen years of age who shall be committed to said home by the court of quarter sessions of the peace juvenile court of the county county commissioners poor directors of said county or the poor directors of any poor district within the county and pay for the same out of the public funds belonging to the said county

Section 2 That said land when purchased shall be deeded to the county and shall be known as "County Home" and shall be thereafter supported and maintained by the county out of the public funds of the said county

Section 3 The said county commissioners are hereby authorized to receive from time to time donations gifts legacies endowments devises and conveyance or conveyances of property either real or personal that may be made given or granted towards the support and maintenance of said "County Home" and use the same for said purpose

Section 4 Said county commissioners shall have full control of said "County Home" and of the inmates therein and may in their discretion place the said inmates or any one or more of them in private homes to be kept and maintained in said private homes for such time and under such circumstances as shall be agreed upon by the said parties and the county commissioners without any expense to the county and may discharge from said home any inmate when in their discretion they consider him or her capable and able to care for themselves or for any other sufficient reason

Section 5 Said county commissioners shall have authority and they are hereby authorized in the support conduct and management of said "County Home" to employ a superintendent and sufficient help and assistance to keep said children or inmates properly clothed fed and cared for in sickness and in health and to make proper provisions for giving said inmates instructions in reading writing arithmetic drawing duties of citizenship and such branches as may be deemed requisite for a good English education

Section 6 It shall be lawful for said county commissioners to employ and require the inmates committed in said "County Home" to do and perform any work in said home or on said farm not beyond their strength and not interfering with their attendance at school during school hours established by said institution

Section 7 Said county commissioners shall have authority to adopt all necessary by-laws and regulations not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth for the control conduct and management of said "County Home"

Section 8 Said county commissioners shall have authority and are hereby authorized at any time after the purchase of said farm or property to buy and purchase any additional land and erect additional buildings from time to time as the circumstances and requirements of the said "County Home" shall require and pay for the same out of the funds of the said county by and with the approval of the grand jury and the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the said county

The title was read as follows:

An Act providing for and regulating the maintenance and government of a county home in each county for indigent orphans and for delinquent incorrigible indigent dependent and neglected children under sixteen years old and providing for their commitment.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. STONE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 4, by striking out the word "old" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "of age"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1265, as follows:

An Act making an apropriation refunding to Paul C. Wolff executor of the estate of Thomas H Lane certain monies erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Whereas Thomas H. Lane unmarried of the City of Pittsburgh county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania died on the thirty-first day of December one thousand nine hundred and seven leaving a last will and testament wherein he appointed Paul C. Wolff of the City of Pittsburgh County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania executor and

Whereas On March nineteenth one thousand nine hundred and eight a collateral inheritance tax was paid to the Register of Wills of Allegheny county on an estimated valuation of twenty-nine thousand dollars less an allowance for debts and expenses amounting to five thousand dollars the net amount of collaterial inheritance tax so paid being one thousand one hundred and forty dollars for the purpose of collaterial inheritance tax an appraisement has since been made fixing the valuation of said estate real and personal at twenty-two thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight dollars and eighty cents less an allowance for debts and expenses of five thousand dollars making a net amount of seventeen thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight dollars and eighty cents upon which the collateral inheritance tax with discount for prompt payment would amount to eight hundred and forty-eight dollars and seventy-seven cents showing an amount over-paid of two hundred and ninety-one dollars and twenty-three cents and

Whereas It has not been and is not legally possible under existing laws for the said Paul C. Wolff executor of the estate of Thomas H. Lane deceased to obtain a return of the said money so paid by mistake therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred and ninety-one dollars and twenty-three cents be hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to the said Paul C. Wolff executor of the estate of Thomas H. Lane deceased the money so paid by him into the State Treasury

Section 2 No payment shall be made under the provisions of this act until due proof shall have been furnished the Auditor General of the payments mentioned herein and alleged to have been mistakenly paid by the said Paul C. Wolff

And said bill having been read at length the second time; and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1229 (Senate Bill No. 567), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1228 (Senate Bill No. 563), as follows:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty-eight dollars and thirty-four cents ($58.34) is hereby specifically appropriated to refund to Bella Hershenson of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania being part of the money paid by her for a license to sell oleomargarine which she was unable to use Said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on due proof that such moneys were as aforesaid erroneously and actually paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1190, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Robinson Furnture Company a corporation of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Whereas The Robinson Furniture Company a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth and having its principal office at DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania has heretofore erroneously paid into the State Treasury the sum of four hundred and two dollars ($402.00) as State taxes on funds which however were in reality not taxable by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four hundred and two dollars ($402.00) is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to the Robinson Furniture Company a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth and having its principal place of business at DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania being the amount erroneously and actually paid by it into the State Treasury as a State tax on the value of its capital stock which was never issued said corporation having calculated its unissued capital stock as both an asset and liability in the making of its tax report to the Commonwealth Said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor-General on due proof that the aforesaid amount or any part thereof was erroneously and actually paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideraton of House Bill No. 1197, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School at Morganza Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred forty-nine thousand one hundred dollars ($249,100.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Training School Morganza Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the payment of salaries the sum of ninety-three thousand dollars ($93,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For resident physician nurses and parole bureau the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For equipment and instruction in industrial school the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For library books and the cataloguing of same the sum of three hundred dollars ($300.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For insurance the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the building of two cottages the sum of fifty-five thousand dollars ($55,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For continuing erection of industrial group the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For fire hydrants fire equipment extension of electric light plant steam heat improvement sanitary plumbing telephone system completion of water dam installing filtration plant laying new and repairing old lines building and repairing of brick roadways and pavements erecting of vegetable forcing houses paying for and completing improvements in administration building band room repairing of pipe organ in chapel completing and paying for equipment of new hospital general repairs painting and glazing the sum of sixty-two thousand three hundred dollars ($62,300.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 627, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of nine hundred thousand dollars ($900,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania of two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the general maintenance of all departments of the University and the purchase of such apparatus and equipment as the trustees may deem necessary for the best interests of the University of Pennsylvania the sum of Seven hundred thousand dollars ($700,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the maintenance of the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the completion of the Surgical Pavilion of the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill 862, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the liquidation of certain mortgage indebtedness assumed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the purchase of certain State Normal School

Whereas In the acquisition of the Southwestern State Normal School located at California Pennsylvania and now known as the California State Normal School by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through the State Board of Education pursuant to the provisions of the act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and nine) entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania purchased the real estate of said State Normal School under and subject to the liens of certain mortgages aggregating one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars ($115,000)

And whereas In the acquisition of the Central Normal School Association located at Lock Haven Pennsylvania and now known as the Lock Haven State Normal School in the same manner the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania purchased the real estate of said school under and subject to the liens of certain mortgages aggregating sixty-nine thousand dollars ($69,000)

And whereas In the acquisition of the Northwestern State Normal School located at Edinboro Pennsylvania and now known as the Edinboro State Normal School in the same manner the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania purchased the real estate of said school under and subject to the liens of certain mrotgages aggregating twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums be and the same are hereby specifiically appropriated to the State Board of Education of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the purpose of liquidating the mortgage indebtedness of the above recited State-owned normal schools namely

(A) For the payment of part of the mortgage indebtedness now existing upon the real estate of the California State Normal School the sum of fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars ($57,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

(B) For the payment of part of the mortgage indebtedness now existing on the real estate of the Lock Haven State Normal School the sum of thirty-four thousand five hundred dollars ($34,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

(C) For the payment of part of the mortgage indebtedness now existing on the real estate of the Edinboro State Normal School the sum of twelve thousand five dollars ($12,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 The moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn upon him by the Auditor General which warrants shall be drawn upon requisitions made upon the Auditor General by the State Board of Education and approved by the Governor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 861, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Lock Haven State Normal School

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Trustees of the Lock Haven State Normal School now owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of installing a new system of heating and ventilating in the said Lock Haven State Normal School

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1024, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purchase by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of State Normal Schools in this Commonwealth and for liquidating the indebtedness of the same existing at the time of the purchase thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the purchase by the Commonwealth of such State Normal Schools as may be selected by the said State Board of Education during the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen in accordance with and pursuant to the provisions of the act approved May eighteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and nine) entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" and for the liquidation of any indebtedness owing by any or all State Normal Schools at the time of the purchase thereof Provided That in no case shall more be paid to any State Normal School for distribution among its stockholders or other owners than the actual amount originally paid for the stock thereof

Section 2 The moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn upon him by the Auditor General which warrants shall be drawn upon requisition made upon the Auditor General by the State Board of Education and approved by the Governor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 146, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Dayton Normal Institute of Dayton Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Dayton Normal Institute of Dayton Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 101, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Normal schools of the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred and sixty thousand dollars ($260,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the several State normal schools organized and accepted as such under the laws of this Commonwealth to be divided equally among them for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for maintenance for the payment of debts already incurred and for betterments

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 778, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh for the general maintenance of the University for the purchase of apparatus and equipment and for the erection of a building for the School of Education of the University

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($650,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the general maintenance of the University and the purchase of such apparatus and equipment as the trustees may deem necessary for the best interests of the University of Pittsburgh the sum of six hundred thousand dollars ($600,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection of a building for the School of Education of the University of Pittsburgh the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1111, as follows:

An Act making an apropriation to the trustees of Temple University for the use of Garretson Hospital Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-six thousand dollars ($26,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of Temple University for use of the Garretson Hospital Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty-four thousand ($24,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of making improvements to the hospital the sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

QUESTION OF INFORMATION.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, for a question of information, I do not know whether the Chairman of the Appropriation Commitee is here yet, but I notice that in all these appropriations for hospitals the Bureau of Medical Licensure has inserted an amendment in all of them which requires the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of the same. I do not know whether any gentleman here or the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee can explain what the cost of this equipment is and what it will cost for the maintenance of it. That cost is a very important question for our hospitals at the present time. We know this, that we are getting the amount for maintenance for our hospitals to the very lowest limit out of the Appropriation Committee and out of that maintenance we are going to have this increased cost attached to it. It will simply cut down the amount for the patients of the hospitals, and I think before we go too far we ought to know what this costs.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would suggest that the gentleman take the matter up with the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I do not want to see any bills passed on final passage until we come to an understanding on that.

The SPEAKER. These bills are now on second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1127, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of Temple University for the use of Samaritan Hospital Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and same are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of Temple University for use of the Samaritan Hospital Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of seventy thousand dollars ($70,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of making inmprovenemtns to the hospital building the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 69, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of Temple University

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of Temple University at Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen the said amount to be applied as follows

For the general maintenance of the University and the purchase of apparatus and equipment as the trustees may deem best for the interest of Temple University one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 711, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cheyney Training School for Teachers (formerly the Institute for Colored Youth) at Cheyney Delaware County.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Asemsbly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Cheyney Training School for Teachers (formerly known as the Institute for Colored Youth) at Cheyney Delaware county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of the maintenance and education of colored youth of either sex residents of this Commonwealth at an annual rate not to exceed two hundred dollars per capita for each year.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 557, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Philadelphia Museums

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Asemsbly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the Philadelphia Museums for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the further distribution of geographical collections and educational material among the public schools of this Commonwealth the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the preparation and installation of exhibits the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 541, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ninety thousand dollars ($90,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes The sum of ninety thousand dollars ($90,000) for the general maintenance of said Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art any portion of said appropriation may be used for the purchase of looms and other machinery for instruction in weaving in textile design and other arts pertaining to the industries of the State Provided that in such school there shall be maintained a free scholarship for one pupil from each county in the State to be filled by appointment by the Governor of the Commonwealth except that for counties having more than one Senator as many scholarships shall be provided as there are senatorial districts in such counties and in case of the failure of any county to be properly represented by an appointee or appointees at the opening of any school year October first then the Governor shall have power to fill such vacancy or vacancies by the appointment of applicants from other parts of the State In each quarterly statement furnished by the managers of the said institution to the Auditor General there shall be included a statement of the names and residences of all pupils filling free scholarships as provided by this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 209, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred seventy-nine thousand four hundred dollars ($179,400) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For maintenance of said hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first nineteen hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of one hundred and seventy thousand dollars ($170,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of an automobile ambulance the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase and installation of an ice-making and refrigerating plant and the equipment and fitting up of cold storage rooms the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase and installation of laundry machinery the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase and installation of a mattress and clothing disinfector the sum of nine hundred dollars ($900.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 The said appropriation to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn until the trustees of said institution shall have made under oath to the Auditor General a report containing a specifically itemized statement of the receipts from all sources and the expenses of said institution during the previous month and the same is approved by him and the State Treasurer nor until the said treasurer shall have sufficient money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay the monthly installments due said institution and the unexpended balance of sums appropriated for specific purposes shall not be used for other purposes whether specified or general but the same shall revert to the State Treasury at the close of the two fiscal years

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 692, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Spring near Ashland Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred fifty-nine thousand dollars ($250,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

The sum of two hundred twenty-five thousand dollars ($225,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the said two fiscal years for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

For deficit on maintenance to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred fifteen and deficit on remodelling present heating system the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000)

For waiting room for dispensary patients new drug room additional room for confinement cases and private patients the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 449, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of school age at Belmont Avenue and Monument Roard Philadelphia

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of school age in Philadelphia for the following purposes namely

For maintenance and training of sixty pupils in the home during the entire two fiscal years (no vacations) commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen at an annual rate of three hundred and ninety dollars per capita or so much thereof as may be necessary the sum of forty-six thousand eight hundred dollars ($46,800.00)

And provided further that no part of this appropriation shall become available until the managers of this institution shall have filed with the State Board of Charities and the Auditor General a declaration that hereafter all pupils received into the institution shall be taught exclusively by the oral method

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 759, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to be used in deepening straightening widening and otherwise improving Turtle Creek so as to prevent damage and danger from floods and overflows and granting to the said State Highway Department the authority to make said improvements

Whereas Turtle Creek within the County of Allegheny was by act of assembly approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight declared to be a public highway and the part or portion thereof extending from the western boundary line of Westmoreland county westwardly through Allegheny county to the mouth of said Creek at the Monogahela River into which it empties is bounded on the south by North Versailles Township and on the north by the boroughs of Wilmerding Turtle Creek East Pittsburgh and North Braddock all being densely populated districts and all the abutting property being occupied and covered throughout by railroads and manufacturing corporations as well as individual owners of property and

Whereas By reason of the devious winding and crooked course of said creek within said limits by its narrow width and insufficient banks as well as by obstructions which have found their way into the bed of said stream during the long course of years and by reason of the accumulation of silt and other substances in the bed of said stream to such an extent as to greatly interfere with and injure and destroy the efficiency of the sewage systems of the said abutting districts so much so as to endanger the public health of the citizens in the vicinity and throughout said districts and

Whereas By reason of the premises disastrous floods have occurred and recurred with great frequency particularly during the past ten years at which time said stream has overflown its banks devastating large areas within said districts and in its vicinity by which very great damage and injury have from time to time resulted and

Whereas Said public highway or stream by reason of the premises is a proper subject for State consideration to the end that the evils recited may be cured and the health and property of the citizens may be guarded and protected and

Whereas The General Assembly at the session of one thousand nine hundred thirteen appropriated for this improvement the sum of ten thousand dollars which was entirely inadequate to complete said improvement and

Whereas If an additional appropriation is not granted the moneys heretofore spent on the improvement will in large measure be wasted and the situation will remain practically as it was before therefore

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated for the purpose of deepening straightening widening and otherwise improving Turtle Creek at such points as the said highway department deems most necessary for the protection of the State Highway and the health of the public also including if found necessary the construction of retaining walls dredging and the removal of obstructions from the bed of said creek

Section 2 The said highway department is authorized directed and empowered to make the improvements provided for in section one of this act either with or without co-operation and assistance from the abutting and adjacent owners of property along and near to said creek to prepare plans and specifications therefor and let contract or contracts therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1418, as follows:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane to be erected west of the Allegheny Mountains and to be known as the Western State Hospital for the Insane providing for the management of the same and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and the preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint a board consisting of five citizens of Pennsylvania which shall be known as the Building Commission of the Western State Hospital for the Insane The said commission shall organize within thirty days after its appointment by the election from its members of a chairman and treasurer The members shall receive no compensation but shall be allowed expenses actually and necessarily incurred The said commission shall select and purchased a site within the Commonwealth west of the Allegheny Mountains reasonably near a railroad and containing not more than five hundred acres upon which shall be erected the buildings for the Western State Hospital for the Insane The cost of said site shall not exceed fifty thousand ($50,000.00) dollars The said commission shall cause to be prepared plans and specifications for said hospital which shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Public Charities Part of the acreage purchased shall contain a source of potable water and shall be arable land or land capable of being made durable so that as far as practicable the food for the inmates of said hospital may be produced on said land

When the size so selected and the cost thereof shall be approved by the Board of Public Charities and the title to such land shall be approved by the Attorney General said land shall be purchased in fee by the commision in the name of the Commonwealth

The plans and specifications shall provide for buildings capable of accommodating at least one thousand patients and in such manner that additional accommodations may be provided without undue cost from time to time as appropriations for such purpose may be made

Section 2 In the construction of said buildings or the improvement of the said site no contract involving an expenditure of more than five hundred ($500.00) dollars shall be made unless the same be duly advertised and competitive bids thereon received All contracts shall be made by the said commission

Section 3 When the General Assembly shall make an appropriation for the construction of the buildings for said Western State Hospital for the Insane the said commission shall appoint a superintendent of construction for the construction of the buildings for said hospital and may employ such other persons as it may deem necessary to secure the speedy and economical construction of the buildings of said hospital and the improvement of the said site at such compensation as shall be fixed by the commission

Section 4 Upon the execution of any contract the said commission shall furnish to the Auditor General certified copies thereof

Section 5 All contracts for the equipment of the buildings for said hospital shall be entered into only after competitive bidding and upon the contractor executing a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount and with surety or sureties to be approved by the said commission conditioned for the faithful performance of the terms of the contract

Section 6 All payments made on account of the purchase of land or on account of any contract for the erection of said buildings shall be by warrants drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn until the said commission or a majority thereof shall have certified to the Auditor General in writing that the land purchased complies with the requirements of this act and that the terms of the contract have been faithfully complied with and that the work for which payment is to be made by the warrant has been formally approved and accepted by the said commission or a majority thereof No work done in pursuance of any contract shall be approved and accepted until a majority of the members of the said commission shall have personally inspected the work Payments shall be made for the expense of construction maintenance or any other purpose only by warrants similarly drawn and certified to

Section 7 To provide for the purchase and improvement of the site for the Western State Hospital for the Insane the preparation of plans and specifications for the building of said hospital and the traveling and incidental expenses of the commission the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated

Section 8 When the General Assembly shall have made sufficient appropriations for that purpose and when the buildings for the Western State Hospital for the Insane are sufficiently constructed and furnished to accommodate five hundred patients the said commission shall surrender its control over said hospital and buildings to a board of nine (9) trustees who shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate The said board of trustees shall be a body corporate and shall be known by the name and style of the Western State Hospital for the Insane The members of the said board shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties

Section 9 Of the trustees first appointed three shall serve for one year three for two years and three for three years At the expiration of the respective periods the vacancies shall be filled by the Governor by appointment for three years Should any vacancy occur by the death resignation or incapacity of any trustees such vacancy shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term of such trustee The board of trustees shall manage and direct the affairs of the said hospital and make all necessary by-laws and regulations not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth

Section 10 The said board of trustees shall appoint a competent and skillful physician of special training and experience in the treatment and care of the insane who shall be superintendent for the said Western State Hospital for the Insane and shall have charge supervision and direction of the hospital The said board shall appoint such and so many assistants attendants and other employes as they may deem necessary and may remove the same from time to time They shall fix the salaries and compensation of all the officers and employes of the hospital

Section 11 The laws now in force relating to the support and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State Hospitals for the Insane and the payment of the expenses thereof shall apply to the Western State Hospital for the Insane

Section 12 The said board of trustees shall make under oath by their president or treasurer a quarterly report to the Auditor General and to the State Board of Public Charities containing an itemized statement of the expenses of the hospital during the previous quarter Unless such itemized report is made and approved by the State Board of Public Charities the Auditor General and the State Treasurer the State Treasurer shall not pay any money to said institution until such report is made and approved as aforesaid

Section 13 Whenever said hospital shall have sufficient accommodations for the proper care of a larger number of insane patients than have been committed to it the committee on lunacy of the Board of Public Charities may transfer to said hospital patients from any other State Hospital for the Insane The expense of such transfers shall be paid from the appropriation for the care and maintenance of the indigent insane

Section 14 The Governor the judges of the several courts of record of the Commonwealth the members of the Legislature and the members of the Board of Public Charities shall be ex-officio visitors of the said hospital

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 629, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for providing erecting completing regulating and maintaning armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated for the use of the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania for the purpose of providing erecting and completing armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania the providing erection and completing of such armories to be under the control of the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania Provided That the maximum amount to be expended from this appropriation for the providing erection or completion of an armory for a company of infantry or field hospital or ambulance company shall be forty thousand dollars for the providing erection or completion of an armory for a battery of artillery troop of cavalry signal corps company or company of engineers shall be sixty thousand dollars which sum shall include the purchase of the necessary ground and which shall be exclusive of any gift or donation made to or for the benefit of any particular armory And provided further That armory sites shall be acceptable in every way as to location and soil tests for building purposes and the title thereof to be insured by the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania in a duly incorporated title insurance company and the deed to the Commonwealth to be approved by the Attorney-General

Section 2 The sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of managing and caring for armories heretofore erected or provided and to be erected or provided for the two fiscal years beginning June first nineteen hundred and fifteen and to cover necessary repairs and contingent expenses in maintenance of armories premiums on fire insurance and title insurance advertisement for bids actual traveling expenses of members of the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania clerical and general expenses of the Board and expenses of inspection of armories

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 938, as follows:

An Act amending section three of an act approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto' as amended by the third section of an act approved the day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled 'An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto providing for the payment of expenses of maintenance and treating persons received therein other than those committed by court

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of expenses of maintaining and treating persons committed thereto" which reads as follows

Section 3 Each hospital maintaining a psychopathic ward shall be entitled to receive from the Commonwealth the sum of two dollars ($2.00) per diem for each day during which such person under observation diagnosis and treatment committed to or received in such ward under the provisions of this act shall be cared for and treated therein The expense for caring for and treating non-indigent persons or those not committed by a court received in or committed to such wards shall be paid or provided for to the satisfaction of the hospital authorities before admission

Reports shall be made to the committee on lunacy of the State Board of Charities in the same manner as reports are now required by law to be made in the case of persons committed to State hospitals for the insane" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 Each hospital maintaining a psychopathic ward shall be entitled to receive from the Commonwealth the sum of two dollars ($2.00) per diem for each day during which such person under observation diagnosis and treatment committed or received in such ward under the provisions of this act shall be cared for and treated therein

Reports shall be made to the Committee on Lunacy of the State Board of Charities in the same manner as reports are now required by law to be made in the case of persons committed to the State Hospitals for the Insane

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 650, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventy-nine thousand one hundred and nineteen dollars and ninety-seven cents ($79,119.97) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Hospital of Coaldale located at Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For improvements to present building the sum of one thousand one hundred and nineteen dollars and ninety-seven cents ($1,119,97) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For building ward the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1044, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

The sum of twenty-two thousand dollars ($22,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the salaries of employes and maintenance of said institution for the equipment of a pathological nad clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

The sum of eight hundred dollars ($800) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of covering a maintenance deficit existing in the accounts of the said institution at the date of May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 567, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred sixty-nine thousand eight hundred forty-six dollars and eighty-five cents ($269,846.85) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Eastern State Penitentiary located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For salaries of officers and parole work the sum of two hundred fifteen thousand dollars ($215,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For general repairs the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For library books and stationery the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For gratuities paid discharged convicts the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for each discharged convict from City of Philadelphia or whose residence is within fifty miles thereof the sum of five dollars ($5.00) and for each discharged convict whose residence is more than fifty miles from the City of Philadelphia the sum of ten dolars ($10.00)

For clothing furnished discharged convicts the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

To reimburse funds of treasurer for amount expended for salaries of officers and parole work in excess of appropriation awarded under act of July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred thirteen the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

To reimburse funds of treasurer for account expended gratuities paid discharged convicts in excess of appropriation awarded under act of July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred thirteen the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

To reimburse funds of treasurer for amount expended for clothing furnished discharged convicts in excess of appropriation awarded under act of July twenty–sixth one thousand nine hundred thirteen the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

To reimburse funds of treasurer for amount expended for extraordinary repairs on the fifth block corridor and the second block kitchen the sum of two thousand one hundred sixty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents ($2.167.75) or so much thereof as may be necessary

To reimburse funds of treasurer for amount expended in purchase of automobile truck the sum of three thousand one hundred seventy-nine dollars and ten cents ($3,179.10) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 125, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-two thousand and five hundred dollars ($22,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand and nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the erection of verandas connecting with six wards of the present buildings the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For enlargement of the main kitchen and additional kitchen equipment the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the installation of a vacuum system in the main building heating plant the sum of two thousand and five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For furnishing and completing the superintendent's residence the sum of three thousand dollars (3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For completion of the sewage system according to plans approved by the State Board of Health the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 908, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-minded Children at Elwyn Delaware County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred and fifteen thousand dollars ($315,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely for the maintenance of not more than seven hundred feeble-minded children at two hundred and twenty-five dollars ($225.00) each per annum

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 799, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for two deaf dumb and blind pupils

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred and thirty-one thousand five hundred dollars ($331,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb for the education and maintenance of not more than five hundred and ten deaf children residents of the State for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen at an annual rate not exceeding three hundred and twenty-five dollars per capita and that the further sum of four thousand dollars is hereby specifically appropriated to said institution for the education and maintenance of two pupils who are deaf dumb and blind for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen The evidence of the cost per capita to be furnished to the Auditor General before the quarterly settlement

Provided That no part of this appropriation shall become available until the managers of this institution shall have filed with the State Board of Charities and the Auditor General a declaration that hereafter all pupils received into the institution shall be taught exclusively by the oral method

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 111, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and fifty-six thousand dollars ($156,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the education and maintenance of two hundred and seventy State pupils at an annual rate not exceeding the sum of three hundred dollars ($300.00) per pupil or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 For deficiency year ending May thirty–first one thousand nine hundred thirteen account education and maintenance of fourteen and one-quarter (14 1-4) State pupils in excess of the number provided for by the preceding legislature the sum of one thousand three hundred and seventy-three dollars and sixty-nine cents ($1,373.69)

Section 3 For deficiency year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred fourteen account education and maintenance of fourteen and three-quarter (14 3-4) State pupils in excess of the number provided for by the preceding Legislature the sum of one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one dollars and six cents ($1,921.06)

Provided That no part of this appropriation shall become available until the management of this institution shall have filed with the State Board of Public Charities and the Auditor General a declaration that hereafter all pupils received in this institution under sixteen years of age who have not been pupils in another institution of similar character shall be taught by the oral method unless physically or mentally incapable of being taught by such method

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 177, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ninety-nine thousand three hundred and eighty–two dollars and thirty-three cents ($99,382.33) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburgh for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the education and maintenance of one hundred and thirty pupils residents of the State a sum of ninety–three thousand six hundred dollars ($93,600) or so much thereof as may be necessary at an annual rate not exceeding the sum of three hundred and sixty dollars per pupil

For furniture school apparatus and repairs the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the installation of a system of modern and sanitary plumbing to comply with health regulations in the Main Building and in Power House and Laundry Building the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the amount expended since last appropriation in the construction of a pipe tunnel between Gymnasium and Kindergarten Buildings and for all necessary changes in piping the sum of seven hundred and eighty-two dollars and thirty-three cents ($782.33)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 507, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and payment of deficiency existing and providing that all moneys received from the United States Government by the Governor of Pennsylvania on account of maintenance shall be paid in to the State Treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred and thirty thousand dollars ($230,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintaining said home for the two fiscal years beginning June first nineteen hundred and fifteen

Section 2 For the payment of any deficiency existing in the maintenance cost of said Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of twelve thousand five hundred dollars ($12,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated Provided a sum equal thereto or greater shall have reverted to the State Treasury from the appropriation made for the maintenance of said home for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 3 All moneys received from the United States Government by the Governor of Pennsylvania on account of maintenance of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines in the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home shall be paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 603, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand four hundred and twenty-seven dollars ($50,427.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of thirty-two thousand dollars ($32,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For deficit in maintenance for two fiscal years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of fifteen thousand eight hundred and two dollars ($15,802.00)

For the purpose of equipping laundry the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of constructing a built in cooler the sum of three hundred dollars ($300.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For painting interior and for plastering the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars ($450.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For erection of additional fire escape the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars ($150.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the construction of a coal chute the sum of seventy-five dollars ($75.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the construction and equipment of hand power elevator the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars ($150.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For equipping a pathological laboratory the sum of five hundred dollars ($500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 805, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-four thousand one hundred dollars ($24,100) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the whole of said appropriation to be available during said two fiscal years for the following purposes namely

The sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

The sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) for the purpose of grading and paving avenues and streets abutting on hospital grounds

The sum of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) for the purpose of painting the interior of the hospital and for grading and fencing part of avenue to be added to hospital property by donation

The sum of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250) for insurance for two years

The sum of one hundred fifty dollars ($150) for the purchase of a pulmotor

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 594, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to further carry into effect the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to carry out the provisions and purposes of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" said amount to be available only as follows namely

The sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary during the fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen and the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary during the fiscal year beginning June first one thousand nine hundred sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1417, as follows:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State hospital for the insane to be erected east of the Allegheny Mountains and to be known as the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane providing for the management of the same and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and the preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint a board consisting of five citizens of Pennsylvania which shall be known as the Building Commission of the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane The said commission shall organize within thirty days after its appointment by the election from its members of a chairman and treasurer The members shall receive no compensation but shall be allowed expenses actually and necessarily incurred The said commission shall select and purchase a site within the Commonwealth east of the Allegheny mountains reasonably near a railroad and containing not more than five hundred acres upon which shall be erected the buildings for the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane The cost of said site shall not exceed fifty thousand ($50,000.00) dollars The said commission shall cause to be prepared plans and specifications for said hospital which shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Public Charities Part of the acreage purchased shall contain a source of potable water and shall be arable land or land capable of being made arable so that as far as practicable the food for the inmates of said hospital may be produced on said land

When the site so selected and the cost thereof shall be approved by the Board of Public Charities and the title to such land shall be approved by the Attorney General said land shall be purchased in fee by the commission in the name of the Commonwealth

The plans and specifications shall provide for buildings capable of accommodating at least one thousand patients and in such manner that additional accommodations may be provided without undue cost from time to time as appropriations for such purpose may be made

bids thereon received All contracts shall be made by the improvement of the said site no contract involving an expenditure of more than five hundred ($500.00) dollars shall be made unless the same be duly advertised and competitive bids theeron received All contracts shall be made by the said commission

Section 3 When the General Assembly shall make an appropriation for the construction of the buildings for said Eastern State Hospital for the Insane the said commission shall appoint a superintendent of construction for the construction of the buildings for said hospital and may employ such other persons as it may deem necessary to secure the speedy and economical construction of the buildings of said hospital and the improvement of the said site at such compensation as shall be fixed by the commission

Section 4 Upon the execution of any contract the said commission shall furnish to the Auditor General certified copies thereof

Section 5 All contracts for the equipment of the buildings for said hospital shall be entered into only after competitive bidding and upon the contractor executing a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount and with surety or sureties to be approved by the said commission conditioned for the faithful performance of the terms of the contract

Section 6 All payments made on account of the purchase of land or on account of any contract for the erection of said buildings shall be by warrants drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn until the said commission or a majority thereof shall have certified to the Auditor General in writing that the land purchased complies with the requirements of this act and that the terms of the contract have been faithfully complied with and that the work for which payment is to be made by the warrant nas been formerly approved and accepted by the said commission or a majority thereof No work done in pursuance of any contract shall be approved and accepted until a majority of the members of the said commission shall have personally inspected the work Payments shall be made for the expense of construction maintenance or any other purpose only by warrants similarly drawn and certified to

Section 7 To provide for the purchase and improvement of the site for the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane the preparation of plans and specifications for the building of said hospital and the traveling and incidental expenses of the commission the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated

Section 8 When the General Assembly shall have made sufficient appropriations for that purpose and when the buildings for the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane are sufficiently constructed and furnished to accommodate five hundred patients the said commission shall surrender its control over said hospital and buildings to a board of nine trustees who shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate The said board of trustees shall be a body corporate and shall be known by the name and style of the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane The members of the said board shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties

Section 9 Of the trustees first appointed three shall serve for one year three for two years and three for three years At the expiration of the respective periods the vacancies shall be filled by the Governor by appointment for three years Should any vacancy occur by the death resignation or incapacity of any trustee such vacancy shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term of such trustee The board of trustees shall manage and direct the affairs of the said hospital and make all necessary by-laws and regulations not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth

Section 10 The said board of trustees shall appoint a competent and skillful physician of special training and experience in the treatment and care of the insane who shall be superintendent for the said Eastern State Hospital for the Insane and shall have charge supervision and direction of the hospital The said board shall appoint such and so many assistants attendants and other employes as they may deem necessary and may remove the same from time to time They shall fix the salaries and compensation of all the officers and employes of the hospital

Section 11 The laws now in force relating to the support and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State Hospitals for the Insane and the payment of the expenses thereof shall apply to the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane

Section 12 The said board of trustees shall make under oath by their president or treasurer a quarterly report to the Auditor General and to the State Board of Public Charities containing an itemized statement of the expenses of the hospital during the previous quarter Unless such itemized report is made and approved by the State Board of Public Charities the Auditor General and the State Treasurer the State Treasurer shall not pay any money to said institution until such report is made and approved as aforesaid

Section 13 Whenever said hospital shall have sufficient accommodation for the proper care of a larger number of insane patients than have been committed to it the Committee on Lunacy of the Board of Public Charities may transfer to said hospital patients from any other State hospital for the insane The expense of such transfers shall be paid from the appropriation for the care and maintenance of the indigent insane

Section 14 The Governor the judges of the several courts of record of the Commonwealth the members of the Legislature and the members of the Board of Public Charities shall be ex-officio visitors of the said hospitals

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 376, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to carry out further the provisions of the act approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State canal basins at the port of Erie by dredging the said basins for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of the said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the number in which said basins shall be used by the public and kept in repairs"

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the commission in charge of improvement and dredging of the State canal basins at the port of Erie to be used in further carrying out the purposes of the act approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State canal basins at the port of Erie by dredging the said basins for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basin shall be used by the public and kept in repairs" The moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid out in the same manner and under the same conditions as prescribed for the payment of moneys appropriated in said act

The title was read as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to carry out further the provisions of the act approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act making an approciation for the improvement of the State canal basins at the port of Erie by dredging the said basins for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of the said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basins shall be used by the pupils and kept in repairs"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Sepaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 7, by striking out the third word "the"
Amend title, line 10, by striking out the word "number" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "manner"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1171 (Senate Bill No. 456), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 478, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania located at Norristown

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars ($135,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of rewiring the original buildings sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten Administration building Old Chapel and Kitchen buildings the sum of thirty thousand ($30,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of extending the high pressure fire main to outlying buildings from new shops to Upper Farm Hay Storage Barn Horse Barn Piggery et cetera the sum of nine thousand ($9,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of installing a new K. W. A. C. motor the sum of three thousand five hundred ($3,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of placing insurance (five years) the sum of thirty thousand ($30,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of installing ventilators the sum of four hundred ($400) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of installing electric irons for the laundry the sum of six hundred ($600) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of building a consumptive ward or cottage for women and an incinerating plant for consumptive cottages the sum of forty-two thousand ($42,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of concrete refacing the reservoir the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of furnishing trap rock to surface the roads the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of purchasing a stone crusher motor and air compressor for drilling rock the sum of two thousand five hundred ($2,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of building a new poultry yard and the purchase of equipment for same the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of building and constructing fences to surround the hospital grounds the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 709, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital at Nanticoke Luzerne County Pennsylvania

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ninety-two thousand five hundred dollars ($92,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to the Trustees of the State Hospital at Nanticoke Luzerne County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For maintenance including salaries wages and labor and ordinary repairs and restoration for the equipment of a pathological and clincal laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of forty-six thousand dollars ($46,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For deficit on account of maintenance and for bills and obligations incurred and contracts entered into up to June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

For erecting a home for the nurses and furnishing the same the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the equipment of a refrigerating plant and rearranging room for same the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 136, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind at Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and five thousand dollars ($105,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen toward the maintenance and education of one hundred and seventy-five State pupils residents of the State to be paid in proportion to the number of indigent pupils from the several counties of the Commonwealth at an annual rate not exceeding the sum of three hundred dollars ($300.00) per pupil or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 423, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars ($275,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the State for the maintenance of said institution for the two fiscal years beginning the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 670, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting and furnishing a school house for the enlargement and improvement of the sewage disposal plant and to defray the expenses of an extension of the sewage water and electric light for the new hospital in connection with the Boys' Department

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and five thousand ($105,000) dollars is hereby specifically appropriated to the Glen Mills Schools for defraying the expenses of erecting furnishing and equipping an additional cottage a school house for the enlargement and improvement of the sewage disposal plant and for the purchase and improvement of additional land in connection with the Girls Department and for the extension of the sewage water and electric light for the new hospital and for a new fire escape for the Assembly Room in connection with the Boys' Department as follows

For the erection furnishing and equipment of a school house for the Girls' Department at Darlington Delaware County the sum of twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the enlargement and improvement of the sewage disposal plant in connection with the Girls' Department at Darlington Delaware County the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the extension of the sewage water and electric light for the new hospital in connection with the Boys' Department at Glen Mills Delaware County the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 438, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand one hundred dollars ($18,100) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of completing cow barn now under course of construction the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500)

For the purpose of purchasing a sedimentation tank an extenition of the present filtration system as directed by the Department of Health for the State of Pennsylvania the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the purpose of purchasing material for relining of reservoir on the grounds of said hospital the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the purpose of purchasing two new pumps necessary for feeding main boilers and water apparatus the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the erection and construction of one single and one double cottage for employes the sum of six thousand six hundred dollars ($6,600)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 44, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for The Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventy-three thousand two hundred and ninety-eight dollars and ninety-four cents ($73,298.94) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to The Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For maintenance and education of pupils two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000)

To cover extraordinary expenses of fire escapes ordered by the State Factory Inspector twelve hundred and thirty-three dollars ($1,233.00)

To take up notes in bank given to cover deficiency from August thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and four to one thousand nine hundred and eighty three thousand seven hundred and forty-two dollars ($3,742.00)

To take up notes in bank given to cover deficiencies for the years one thousand nine hundred twelve and one thousand nine hundred thirteen fourteen hundred and eleven dollars and ninety-four cents ($1,411.94)

To take up note given to cover cost of installing new plumbing system thirty-four hundred and twelve dollars ($3,412.00)

For painting and interior decorating two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For new floors in dormitories fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500.00)

Provided Before any warrant shall be drawn for any money appropriated in this item the board of trustees shall file vouchers and other satisfactory evidence with Auditor-General of Pennsylvania establishing the validity of their claims

Provided further That no part of this appropriation shall become available until the management of this institution shall have filed with the Board of Public Charities and the Auditor General a declaration that all pupils received in this institution under sixteen years of age who have not been pupils in any other institution of a similar character shall be taught exclusively by the oral method unless physically incapable of being taught by such method

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1603, as follows:

An Act providing that moneys heretofore appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania located at Norristown for the purpose of running a twelve inch iron main form the hospital buildings to the sewage disposal plant and for recovering settling tanks heretofore appropriated may be expended for the purpose of changing the internal form of said settling tanks

Whereas, There was appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania located at Norristown at the session of the General Assembly in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen "for the purpose of running a twelve inch iron main from the hospital buildings to the sewage disposal plant and for recovering settling tanks the sum of six thousand five hundred dollars"

And Whereas It has been determined by competent engineers that the purposes of said act could be more efficiently and economically accomplished by providing for a change in the internal form of such settling tanks than by covering the same

And Whereas There remains unexpended in such appropriation a sum sufficient to provide for such change

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful for the trustees of said State Hospital to expend so much of said balance as may be necessary for the purpose of changing the internal form of said tanks so as to provide separate compartments for "flowing through" and for "sludge digestion" and for such other changes therein as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 520, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and the Naval Militia of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of an annual allowance to commissioned officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Militia of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing at the disposal of the Governor of the Commonwealth the sum of five hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary and making same available to replace or repair armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should such armory building be destroyed in whole or in part by fire flood or storm and to replace or repair military stores or supplies stored in such armory buildings and destroyed in whole or in part in like manner and to pay for service and expenses of the National Guard incident to actual service under orders of the Governor in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars ($785,000.00) be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Militia of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of an annual allowance to commissioned officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Militia of Pennsylvania as follows For commissioned officers required to be mounted not exceeding forty dollars per year for commissioned officers not required to be mounted not exceeding thirty dollars per year Provided Such commissioned officer shall have been in commission continuously during the year for payment is claimed and that he shall have expended during the year for uniforms authorized text-books and equipment for himself a sum equal to or greater than the allowance claimed and in cases where an expenditure greater than the annual allowance is made in any year for which annual allowances is paid such excess expenditure may be included in the claim for the succeeding year And provided That before any payment is made to any officer for any year application shall be made for same upon a blank form to be prepared and furnished by The Adjutant-General which blank form shall contain a certificate requiring the claimant to show by properly receipted vouchers the amount that he has actually expended during the year for uniforms authorized text-books and equipment for himself and in addition thereto he may include any balance that may be ramining unpaid from his claim for the previous year And providing further That in cases where a commissioned officer of the National Guard or Militia of Pennsylvania shall have served the full term of the commission issued to him or his commission shall have been terminated by due course of law and he shall be elected or appointed as a commissioned officer within sixty days from the expiration or termination of former commission the service of such officer shall be considered continuous so far as it relates to annual allowances herein provided for but unless service is continuous as herein provided balance due on previous claim will not be included and paid in any future claim

Section 2 For the purpose of placing at the disposal of the Governor of the Commonwealth and making same available to replace or repair armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and occupied by an organization or organizations of the National Guard should such armory building be destroyed in whole or in part by fire wood or storm and to replace or repair military stores or supplies stored in such armory buildings and destroyed in whole or in part in like manner and to pay for transportation pay of officers and enlisted men horse hire subsistence and quartermaster stores and other proper and necessary expenses incident to actual service rendered by the National Guard of Pennsylvania under orders of the Governor in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or in furnishing the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States the sum of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated for which the Governor is authorized to draw warrant upon the State Treasurer duly approved by the Auditor General as required by law vouchers in detail for expenditures made to be filed with the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 45, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphan Industrial School and the Soldiers Orphan Schools approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Commission of Soldiers Orphan Schools for the several objects herein after named for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

For the payment of the salaries of the clerks for two years the sum of six thousand and sixty dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of postage telegrams expressage transferring of pupils funeral expenses relief expenses of the Commission and inspection of the Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School for two years the sum of four thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the education and maintenance including a complete line of clothing for the two fiscal years of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State admitted to the Soldiers' Orphan Industrial Schools and the necessary repairs and improvements to the Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School the sum of two hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary Provided That the per capita rate for the education maintenance and clothing of the children admitted to the Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School shall not exceed the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars per annum or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1062, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview Wayne county and authorizing the board of trustees to perform certain work in connection therewith

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred and eighty thousand five hundred dollars ($380,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Far View for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For erecting and constructing ward "H-F" the sum of one hundred and twenty-six thousand dollars ($126,000)

For erecting and constructing a dining room "K-1" the sum of thirty-three thousand dollars ($33,000)

For erecting and constructing a kitchen "L-1" the sum of fifty-seven thousand dollars ($57,000)

For erecting and constructing corridors "H-F" the sum of twenty-nine thousand dollars ($29,000)

For erecting and constructing a generator room the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For purchasing equipment for kitchen and generator house including boilers the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)

For the completion of the tuberculosis hospital the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500)

For furnishing and equipping for occupancy and use the buildings of said institution the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For erecting and constructing barn farm and out buildings purchasing seeds fertilizers trees shrubbery plants implements and greenhouses and for stocking and equipping the farm the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For brick making machinery and equipment constructing sewage disposal plant reservoirs dams pipe lines sewers roads walks fences conduits ducts mains grading and clearing land and necessary equipment therefore the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the maintenance treatment and care of the patients in said institution for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)

It is further provided that by reason of the natural resources at Far View such as stone lumber and brick clay and the equipment of tools and machinery which the said board of trustees have on hand the said board may and are hereby authorized and empowered to construct and build farm and out buildings buildings roads walks fences pipe lines conduits ducts mains reservoirs dams and greenhouses sewage disposal plant and the work of clearing land and grading as they may deem advisable by the employment of such inmate labor as is available and employ such other labor skilled and unskilled as may be necessary and purchase such other materials machinery and equipment as may be required and pay for the same out of the money appropriated in this act for such purposes for which itemized bills shall be rendered to the Auditor-General the same as heretofore has been done by said board of trustees

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

In line 11, cut out the letters "H F" and insert in lieu thereof the letter "H."

In line 17, cut out the letters "L 1" and insert in lieu thereof the letter "L."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview Wayne county and authorizing the board of trustees to perform certain work in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 46, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School located at Lancaster Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and betterments to said institution

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideratin of House Bill No. 398, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

The sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance of the hospital for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenace of a department of anesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

The sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the balance due for an addition to hospital

And said bill having been read at length the second time. and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 512, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

For the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the second time. and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 181, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred thousand ($100,000) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

The sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) for the future care preservation and maintenance of land already taken or yet to be taken by purchase or condemnation for park purposes for painting of fences cannon markers observatory repairs to buildings uniforms for guards tools machinery and fire extinguishing apparatus for the necessary expenses of the employment of superintendent guards and workmen payment of freights and legal expenses for flag purchase of flags printing of reports and maps rules and photographs benches and tables fences and other incidental expenses and the improvement of lands and buildings

The sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) for the purchase or condemnation of lands for the necessary expenses incident thereto and grading and improving the same

The sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) for laying out and building macadamizing paving grading and maintaining avenues roads paths already built or to built by the Commission and repairs to inlets and gutters

The sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) for the payment of the incidental necessary expenses of the Commission that is salary of clerk six hundred dollars ($600) rent three hundred dollars ($300) and stationery one hundred dollars ($100)

The sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) for the purchasing of trees and to replace trees killed by the Chestnut Blight and planting same purchasing fertilizers seeds weed killers plowing mowing et cetera in order to preserve lawns and keep the same in condition

The sum of twenty-five hundred dollars $2,500) for the erection of two shelter houses at a distance from the railway station for the comfort of the increasing numbers of visitors and their protection and shelter

The sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) for the purchase of cannon cannon carriages and markers

The sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) for the incidental expenses necessary to appropriately dedicate the completed Memorial Arch erected by the United States

The sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the restoration of the forts and redoubts as nearly as possible to their original condition

The said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn in payment of land acquired either by purchase or condemnation until the Commissioners of the said Park shall either by its president or treasurer have filed with the Auditor General an itemized statement of the cost of said land taken by purchase or under condemnation proceedings during the previous quarter and the same is approved by the said Auditor General and the State Treasurer not until the Treasurer shall have sufficient money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay the quarterly installments due said Commissioners and unexpired balances of sums appropriated for specific purposes shall not be used for other purposes whether specific or general and shall revert to the State Treasury at the close of the fiscal year

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 203, as follows:

An Act requiring all locomotives operated by common carriers to be equipped with head lights of a certain candle power and providing a penalty for violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each locomotive except those used exclusively in switching transfer service operated on any railroad other than a lateral railroad or a private railroad by any common carrier shall be equipped between sunset and sunrise with a headlight in good and efficient working order of sufficient candle power measured with the aid of a reflector so as to distinguish under normal conditions at a distance of six hundred feet an object the size of a man

Each locomotive used exclusively in switching and transfer service shall be equipped with a headlight as hereinbefore provided of a sufficient candle power measured with the aid of a reflector so as to distinguish under normal conditions at a distance of four hundred feet an object the size of a man

Section 2 At least twenty-five per centum of all locomotives operated within this Commonwealth by any common carrier shall be equipped with headlights provided in section one of this act by the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen fifty per centum by the first day of January one thousand and nine hundred seventeen seventy-five per centum by the first day of January one thousand nine hundred eighteen and all such locomotives so operated shall be equipped as hereinbefore provided by the first day of January one thousand nine hundred nineteen

Section 3 Any person co-partnership association or corporation that violates any of the provisions of this act is guilty of a misdemeanor Upon conviction thereof such person or each member of the co-partnership or association or each officer and director of the corporation with guilty knowledge of the fact shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars

This section is not intended to apply to a case where the headlight shown to have been in good and efficient working order when the trip began fails during the trip

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1307, as follows:

An Act to provide in cities of the first class for the registration of any person copartnership association or corporation engaging in the business or preparing exposing or offering for sale or exchange articles used for human food and providing for the regulation and inspection of the conduct of such business and providing a penalty for the violation thereof or of the regulations made in conformity therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of every firm person or corporation who is engaged in the business of preparing exposing or offering for sale or exchange articles used for human food in any city of the first class in this Commonwealth to register his or her or their name or names with the dpeartment of public health and charities of said cities on or before the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and annually thereafter and it shall be the duty of all who may hereafter desire to engage in said business to first register with said department and annually thereafter The registration to be made on forms and in a manner aproved by the director of said department

Provided however That this act shall not be considered as applying to persons required to secure a license under the provisions of the act approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing and regulating of slaughter-houses shops wagons and places where meats poultry fish game and shell-fish are prepared for use as food or stored or exposed for sale in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for any violation of any regulation governing the same"

Section 2 The board of health in said cities is hereby authorized empowered and directed to make reasonable and proper rules and regulations for the sanitary conduct of the business of preparing exposing and offering for sale or exchange articles used for human food and it shall be the duty of the director of the department of public health and charities in such city to carry out the provisions of this act and said rules and regulations

Section 3 The director of the department of public health and charities in said cities shall have the authority to employ a chief inspector of foods at a salary of two thousand five hundred ($2,500) dollars per annum and four assistant inspectors of food at a salary of twelve hundred ($1,200) dollars per annum and such additional inspectors and assistants as he may deem necessary The additional inspectors and assistant shall receive salaries to be fixed by the director subject to the approval of the mayor Councils of said cities of the first class shall appropriate annually the sums necessary for the payment of salaries of inspectors and assistant inspectors and such other inspectors and assistants as may be appointed under the provisions of this act

Section 4 Any person firm or corporation who violates any of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations made in accordance therewith shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof in summary proceedings before a magistrate shall be fined not less than five ($5.00) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100) dollars for each offense to be recovered as like penalties are now by law recoverable

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed Provided That this act shall not be construed as being inconsistent with or as repealing the act approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing and regulating of slaughter houses shops wagons and places where meats poultry fish game and shell-fish are prepared for use as food or stored or exposed for sale in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for any violation of any regulation governing the same"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1306, as follows:

An Act to provide for the regulation of the business of handling dead animals or animal refuse other than for food purposes and of the manufacture of products therefrom in cities of the first class and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen in cities of the first class no person firm or corporation shall establish or operate any establishment or place where dead animals or animal products refuse or offal are skinned stored dried ground heated steamed boiled rendered cured or reduced without first having received a permit from the board of health of said cities to establish or operate such place or establishment and the said board of health is hereby authorized and empowered to issue permits for said places and to make rules and regulations for their operation Provided That places and establishments where animals are slaughtered and their products prepared for use as food shall not be subject to the provisions of this act

Section 2 The places or establishments coming within the meaning of this act shall be places or establishments where the business trade or occupation of any either all or any parts of the operation of

Animal skinning
Bone boiling
Bone crushing or grinding
Hide curing
Hair or wool pulling sorting or drying
Glue making
Rendering of fats or animal matter (exclusive of those prepared for food)
Grease or oil extracting
Fertilizer making

is carried on in cities of the first class

Section 3 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations of the board of health made in pursuance thereof shall forfeit and pay to the board of health for each such offence and for each month's continuance of the same after notice to abate the same the sum of fifty ($50.00) dollars per offence and per month to be recovered as debts of that amount are by law recovarable and also shall be liable to indictment at common law for creating and maintaining a nuisance

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1405, as follows:

An Act amending the second section of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relative to verdicts and judgments in ejectment and to regulate the procedure in such cases" Approved May eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing that the court may enter judgment on the pleadings in favor of the party appearing to be entitled thereto or for the plaintiff in default of an answer for the defendant

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an Act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act relative to verdicts and judgments in actions of ejectment and to regulate the procedure in such actions Approved May eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one which reads as follows

Section 2 In all actions of ejectment hereafter to be brought the plaintiff shall file a declaration which shall consist of a concise statement of his cause of action with an abstract of the title under which he claims the land in dispute and in addition to the plea of "not guilty" now required by law the defendant shall file an answer in the nature of a special plea in which he shall set forth his grounds of defense with an abstract of the title by which he claims and no action of ejectment shall be considered at issue until the plaintiff's statement and the defendant's plea and answer shall be filed nor shall any evidence be received on the trial of said action of any matter not appearing in the pleadings subject to the power of amendment The several courts of this Commonwealth shall have power by general rule or special order to fix the time within which the defendant shall file his abstract of title" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 2 In all actions of ejectment hereafter to be brought the plaintiff shall file a declaration which shall consist of a concise statement of his cause of action with an abstract of the title under which he claims the land in dispute and in addition to the plea of "not guilty" now required by law the edfendant shall file an answer in the nature of a special plea in which he shall set forth his grounds of defense with an abstract of the title by which he claims and no action of ejectment shall be considered at issue until the plaintiff's statement and the defendant's plea and answer shall be filed nor shall any evidence be received on the trial of said action of any matter not appearing in the pleadings subject to the power of amendment The several courts of this Commonwealth shall have power by general rule or special order to fix the time within which the defendant shall file his abstract of title Provided That the court may on rule enter such judgment on the pleadings in favor of either party as it may appear to the court the party is entitled to

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 839, entitled:

An Act creating a Department of Agriculture defining its powers and duties charging the department with the enforcement of laws heretofore enforced by the Department of Agriculture or any bureau or division thereof and State Livestock Sanitary Board and abolishing the State Livestock Sanitary Board and certain offices in the Department of Agriculture

The first section was read as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is ereby enacted by the authority of the same That a State Commission of Agriculture is hereby established It shall consist of seven commissioners five of whom shall be farmers to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate The first Commission shall be appointed as follows Two for a term of two years two for a term of four years two for a term of six years and one for a term of eight years After the first appointments each appointment other than to fill a vacancy shall be for a term of eight years Any vacancy shall be filled by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate for the unexpired term The commissioners shall receive no compensation but shall be allowed all expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties Each commissioner before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1. On line following line 13, page 13, strike out the words "Department of Agriculture" and insert "Commission of Agriculture."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read and agreed to as follows:

ORGANIZATION

Section 2 Immediately after the first appointments and biennially thereafter the commissioners shall meet and organize as a Commission by the election of one of their members as chairman and one as secretary

The third section was read as follows:

MEETINGS QUORUM APPOINTMENTS

Section 3 The commissioners shall meet as often as may be necessary A majority of the commissioners shall constitute a quorum No appointments of officers or employes of the Department of Agriculture shall be made except with the approval of the Commission

On the question.

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 3. On page 14, section 3, line 5, after the word "Agriculture," insert the words: "or of the State Livestock Sanitary Board."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section was read as follows:

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

Section 4 The Governor shall appoint one Secretary of Agriculture He shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per year and shall be allowed all expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of his duties He shall give bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of ten thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the Commission conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office The first Secretary of Agriculture shall be appointed for a term of four years and thereafter the Secretary of Agriculture appointed shall hold his office at the pleasure of the Governor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 4. On page 14, section 4, line 2, after the word "Governor" insert "by and with the advice and consent of the Senate."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth, sixth and seventh sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

DEPUTIES OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES

Section 5 The Secretary of Agriculture with the approval of the Commission shall appoint one Deputy Secretary of Agriculture one Dairy and Food Commissioner one Economic Zoologist one State Veterinarian and one Deputy State Veterinarian and fix their respective duties and salaries The salary of any of said officers shall not exceed four thousand dollars per annum Such officials may be removed only by the Commission with the consent of the Governor The Secretary of Agriculture with the approval of the Commission shall appoint such officers and employes of the Department of Agriculture and State Livestock Sanitary Board as may be necessary and fix their respective duties and salaries

Section 6 All officers and employes of the Department of Agriculture and the several departments divisions bureaus and boards thereof and of the State Livestock Sanitary Board as the same existed prior to the passage of this act shall continue in the performance of their duties and shall receive the same compensation until they are removed or their duties or compensation are changed

ESTIMATES OF EXPENSES

Section 7 The Commission shall prepare and submit to each session of the General Assembly an itemized estimate showing specifically the funds required to meet the expenses of the maintenance of the Department of Agriculture and the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the two fiscal years next following

The title was read as follows:

An Act creating a Department of Agriculture defining its powers and duties charging the department with the enforcement of laws heretofore enforced by the Department of Agriculture or any bureau or division thereof and State Livestock Sanitary Board and abolishing the State Livestock Sanitary Board and certain offices in the Department of Agriculture

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend by striking out the title and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

An Act establishing a State Commission of Agriculture, defining its powers and duties including its powers relative to the Department of Agriculture and the State Livestock Sanitary Board.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1404, as follows:

An Act validating municipal liens filed by boroughs for paving and curbing the public highways thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That wherever in any borough in this Commonwealth prior to the passage of this act a highway of part thereof has been improved by being paved or paved and curbed with brick or other paving and curbing material in pursuance of authority of an act of Assembly and an ordinance legally passed and enacted and the costs and expenses or part thereof of the improvement assessed on the abutting property owner as provided by the ordinance and act of Assembly authorized and directing such improvement and a municipal lien has been filed against the property owner therefor but by reason of some defect in the assessment or in the notice thereof served upon the property owner or because of the failure or omission to waive such notice upon the property owner as required by law the municipal lien filed therefor is defective or invalid such lien is hereby validated and made binding for the amount justly and equitably due and payable on account of such paving and curbing Provided That within sixty days after the passage of this act the assessment is properly made or corrected and the notice thereof properly served on the property owner as required by law Provided also That interest on the amount appearing to be due on said lien or claim shall begin to run only from the time of proper and legal service of notice on the property owner as required by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1361, as follows:

An Act relating to the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City and the admission of inmates thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic in addition to the powers conferred and the duties imposed upon the board of trustees of the said institution by the provisions of section three of the Act of Assembly of June twelfth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and ninety-four) as to the admission of patients the said board of trustees shall have the right power and authority to receive as inmates of the said institution feeble-minded children residents of this State who shall be incapable of receiving instruction in the common schools of this State and epileptic persons residents of this State requiring institutional care and treatment Said board shall prescribe and cause to be printed instructions and forms of application for admission and shall include therein interrogatories to which they shall require answers under oath showing such facts as may be needed for the information of the said trustees Such printed instructions and forms shall be furnished to all applicants for admission of any person or patient in whole or in part as a State beneficiary and shall be endorsed by the board of commissioners or directors of the poor of the county or district in which the said feeble-minded child or epileptic person resides at the time of the making of the application

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1370, entitled:

An Act amending section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed" approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen providing for waiver of summary trial and limiting time for bringing complaints and service of process

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed" approved the seventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 21 Any person except as provided in sections sixteen and seventeen violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less less than ten dollars ($10) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25) to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace as like fines and penalties are now by law collected or in case of non-payment of a fine within forty-eight (48) hours bail in double the amount of fine and costs being first entered to undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding ten (10) days Provided That any person so accused may waive such summary trial or hearing and secure the right of trial by jury before the court of quarter sessions of the peace for the county in which the offense is alleged to have been committed by depositing with the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace to whom complaint has been made or before whom he is taken a sum in double the amount of the fine and costs which might be imposed or by entering security to pay the same Any person or persons previously convicted before a court of quarter sessions or magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of this Commonwealth for any violation of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction of a second offense within a period of one year be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25) nor more than fifty dollars ($50) or in case of non-payment of such fine to undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding twenty days Any person or persons previously convicted before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of this Commonwealth for any violation of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction of a third or subsequent offense within a period of one year be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200) or in case of non-payment of such fine to undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days Any person or persons accused of a second or subsequent offense shall have the right to a trial by jury in the same manner and upon the same condition as is provided for in the case of persons accused of a first offense provided that if after conviction before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace the accused desires to appeal to the court of quarter sessions he shall be entitled to do so according to law as in other cases of summary conviction provided he gives a bond conditioned upon securing the prosecuting the appeal with affect or otherwise to secure payment of the fine imposed Proceedings under this act may also be commenced by the issuance of a warrant in the name of the Commonwealth which warrant may be served by a constable policeman or other officer having authority to serve warrants in any part of the Commonwealth and a copy of the affidavit or information shall be served with such warrant Any officer serving such warrant shall take the defendant before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of the county in which the defendant is found who shall take bail for his appearance before the magistrate or justice of the peace who issued the warrant or for trial by jury in accordance with the provisions of this act

All money articles of value or motor vehicles deposited with any magistrate or justice of the peace as provided in this act shall be returned to the defendants upon the termination of the cause or upon the certificate of the district attorney of the county in which the action is brought" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 21 Any person except as provided in sections sixteen and seventeen violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than ten ($10.00) dollars nor more than twenty-five ($25.00) dollars to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace as like fines and penalties are now by law collected or in case of non-payment of a fine within forty-eight (48) hours bail in double the amount of fine and costs being first entered to undergo imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding ten (10) days Provided however That any person summarily convicted and sentenced may immediately enter bail with said magistrate alderman or justice of the peace in double the amount of the fine and costs and may within five (5) days after such conviction and sentence the day of conviction and sentence to be excluded in reckoning the five (5) days appeal from the sentence of said magistrate alderman or justice of the peace to the court having jurisdiction to entertain appeals from summary convictions for the county in which the offense is adjudged to have been committed and upon conviction the said court shall affirm with costs the sentence of the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace and shall order the record remitted and said sentence carried into effect but if the appellant shall be acquitted of the offense or violation charged the costs accrued in the court below shall not be allowed but the court shall determine whether the county prosecutor or appellant shall pay the costs of prosecution of the appeal accruing in the said court or in lieu of summary conviction as aforesaid any person so accused may appear before the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace and may waive summary trial or hearing and enter bond with said magistrate alderman or justice of the peace in a sum not less than one hundred ($100.00) dollars for his or her appearance for trial in the court having jurisdiction to entertain appeals from summary convictions for the county in which the offense is alleged to have been committed and thereupon said magistrate alderman or justice of the peace shall return the complaint or information to said court for trial or hearing before the judge of said court and if any person so accused shall be convicted in said court of the offense or violation charged he shall be subject to pay a fine of not less than ten ($10.00) dollars nor more than twenty-five ($25.00) dollars or in case of non-payment of a fine within forty-eight (48) hours to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than ten (10) days

Any person or persons previously convicted before any court magistrate alderman or justice of the peace shall upon conviction of any second or subsequent offense within a period of one year be sentenced by the court magistrate alderman or justice of the peace to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five ($25.00) dollars nor more than fifty ($50.00) dollars or in case of non-payment of a fine within forty-eight (48) hours to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding twenty (20) days Provided however Any person or persons accused of any second or subsequent offense or violation shall have the same right of appeal or may waive the summary trial or hearing before the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace in the same manner and upon the same conditions as provided for in case of persons accused of the first offense Proceedings under this act may be commenced by the issuance of a warrant in the name of the Commonwealth which warrant may be served by a constable policeman or other officer having authority to serve warrants in any part of the Commonwealth and a copy of the affidavit of information shall be served with such warrant Any officer serving such warrant shall take the defendant before the nearest magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of the county in which the defendant is found who shall take bail for defendant's appearance before the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace who issued the warrant of for defendant's appearance in the proper court if summary trial or hearing is waived All complaints or information charging violations of any of the provisions of this act except as provided in sections sixteen and seventeen shall be brought or made within one week after the commission of the offense or violation charged and not after and and any warrant or process issued and based upon any such complaint or information shall be executed or served upon defendant within one week from the date thereof and not after Provided however That should the accused be absent from the Commonwealth on the date of the issuance of said warrant the same may be served within one week after the return of the accused to his usual place of residence

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 23, by inserting after the word "imposed" and before the double quote the word "thereunder"

Amend section 1, line 35, by striking out the word "ten"

Amend section 1, line 68, by striking out the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and"

Amend section 1, line 159, by striking out the second word "of"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act amending section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed" approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen providing for waiver of summary trial and limiting time for bringing complaints and service of process

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 23, by inserting after the word "imposed" and before the double quote the word "thereunder."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1138, entitled:

An Act providing for the escheat of deposits of money of property of another received for storage or safe keeping the dividends profits debts and interest on debts of corporations companies banks trust companies insurance companies limited partnerships and partnership associations organized under the laws of this Commonwealth except building and loan associations and property held for the benefit of another by the same and the profits accretions and interest on such property as well as interest thereon accrued or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every person bank savings institution saving fund society safe deposit company trust company and corporation organized or doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth which receives or has received deposits of moneys shall make a report to the Auditor General under oath in the month of January of each year hereafter of such deposits of money which shall have not been increased or decreased or if not increased or decreased on which interest shall not have been credited in the pass book at the request of the depositor within fourteen or more consecutive years next preceding the first day of said month

Section 2 Every trustee guardian committee executor administrator assignee receiver or other person or corporation acting in any fiduciary capacity whatever and every person corporation partneship limited patnership or partnership association which has received and holds any money or property of any other person of any kind whatsoever for storage or safe keeping in any manner whatsoever whether as warehouseman or keeper of safe deposit vaults or otherwise shall make a report under oath to the Auditor General in the month of January of each year hereafter of all such money or property so far as known and how the same is held to which actual access shall not have been had by the person for whom the same is held within seven or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 Every corporation company bank trust company insurance company limited partnership and partnership association organized under the laws of this Commonwealth except building and loan associations shall make a report to the Auditor General in the month of January of each year hereafter of all dividends or profits declared by it to any stockholder or member and not paid for three or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month and all debts and interest on debts due by it to any creditor and not paid for three or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month and of all property held by it for the benefit of another person which property shall have been demandable by such other person for seven or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month and shall not have been received by such other person

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 3, by inserting after the word "organized" the words "or doing business"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 Such report shall show the names and addresses of the depositors of such money of the owners of such property received for storage or safekeeping of the said stockholders members or creditors and of the persons entitled to demand the property held for the beenfit of another in the cases respectively and the nature and amount of such deposits of money property dividends profits debts and interest on debts and property held for the benefit of another so far as known and if any such particulars be not known it shall be so stated and such particulars as are known shall be stated and such reports shall be in the form prescribed by the Auditor General and shall be verified by affidavit of the persons making the same and in the case of a corporation or other person not a natural person shall be made and verified by affidavit of the treasurer thereof or chief financial officer if there be no treasurer said affidavit to declare that the report is true and contains all the facts required by law to be reported

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 4, line 2, by striking out the third word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fifth section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 The Auditor General shall prepare and keep an alphabetical index of the names of all persons which shall appear upon such reports which index shall contain a reference to the reports from which said names are derived and the Auditor General shall open said index and reports to public inspection and shall furnish a search of said index when requested upon payment of a fee of twenty-five cents and ten cents additional for each item shown by the search for the use of the Commonwealth

The sixth section was read as follows:

Section 6 When any particular deposit of money property received for storage or safekeeping or held for the benefit of another dividend profit debt or interest on debt shall be first reported to the Auditor General he shall notify the person entitled thereto of such fact by mail so far as possible

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 6, line 1, by inserting after the word "money" the word "or"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The seventh section was read as follows:

Section 7 After any particular deposit of money shall not have been increased or decreased or if not increased or decreased shall not have been credited with interest in the pass book at the request of the depositor for seventeen successive years altogther the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth with all interest thereon After any particular dividend or profit debt or interest on debt shall remain unpaid for six successive years altogether the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth with all interest thereon Such escheat may be determined and enforced by action in the nature of a bill in equity by the Commonwealth under the direction of the Attorney General against the debtor and its creditors Any number of items may be joined in one action against one debtor though owed to different creditors If service of the bill can not be had on the creditors defendant within the State service shall be made in the manner prescribed by law for service on non-resident defendants in equity cases except that the advertisement shall be in the form directed by the court and need not contain any order or other paper in full If such creditors or their legal representatives shall appear in the cause within the time limited by the court and establish their right to recover said sums from the debtor but for the provisions of this act and if this right shall not be barred by the statutes of limitation or presumptions of payment a decree shall be made for the payment of said sums to them after paying their proportionate part of the costs of the cause and of said advertising provided that such persons on demand may have any issue of fact determined by a jury and if they shall not so appear and establish such right a decree shall be made that said sums have escheated and shall be paid by the debtor to the State Treasurer for the use of the Commonwealth and the amount of such decree shall bear interest at the rate of twelve per centum per year from sixty days after the same is made and such decree shall be effectual to bar the creditors from claiming the said sums from the debtor An action may be begun in the nature of a bill for discovery merely with respect to the subject matter of this act whether in this or other sections hereof against the debtor without the necessity of specifying the items which should escheat with the right to compel answer under oath to subpoena all persons as witnesses and to compel the production of all books papers and records and from time to time the bill may be amended to pray for the escheats of specific items under this section seven and to make parties to the bill the creditors as ascertained

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 7, line 43, by inserting after the word "compel" the word "an"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The eighth, ninth and tenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 8 At any time within ten years after the payment into the State Treasury of any deposit of money under the provisions of section seven of this act the persons who would have been the lawful owners thereof or their legal representatives if the same had not been so paid upon making satisfactory proof to the Auditor General of such ownership shall receive the amount thereof out of the State Treasury out of moneys to be appropriated for the purpose upon the warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer provided they have not appeared or had actual notice in the proceedings to escheat

Section 9 After any such property received for storage or safe keeping shall have remained without actual access thereto by the owner for ten successive year the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth After any such property so received and held for the benefit of another person shall have been demandable by such other person for ten successive years and shall not have been received by such other person the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth An escheator shall be appointed and proceedings had in the proper court to determine and enforce such escheat in the manner provided by law as though the person receiving or holding such property was a trustee seized thereof by deed in a fiduciary capacity and the beneficial owner thereof had been unknown for a period of seven years and still remained unknown provided that in any case in which it shall be deemed to be for the public interest the Attorney General may at the request of the Auditor General prosecute such escheats with like force and effect and with all the powers and duties of an escheator appointed under existing laws and in all such cases escheators shall not be appointed And provided further That if the lawful owner shall appear in said court and claim the same no escheat shall occur but the same shall be awarded to the lawful owner

Section 10 If it shall appear that any person failed at any time to make report of any item as he should have done under this act he shall be liable to pay to the Commonwealth interest at the rate of twelve per centum per year from the time when such report should first have been made to be computed upon the value of said item as finally established in escheat proceedings and to be recovered in said proceedings

The eleventh section was read as follows:

Section 11 The word "debtor" in this act shall include persons who have received deposits of money declared dividends or profits or owe debts or interest on debts

The word "creditor" in this act shall include persons who have made deposits of money persons to whom dividends or profits have been declared and persons to whom debts and interest on debts are or have been owed or to whom property in storage or safe-keeping belongs

The word "person" in this act shall include every person persons co-partnership and unincorporated association and every company corporation bank savings institution saving fund society safe deposit company trust company insurance company joint stock company or association limited partnership and partnership association organized under the laws of this Commonwealth

The word "property" in this act shall include property and the profits accretions and interest thereon as well as interest thereon accrued or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof and the owner of such property shall be deemed entitled to demand such profits accretions and interest for the purposes of this act notwithstanding such award and notwithstanding any settlement with or release by him

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 11, line 15, by inserting after the word "organized" the word "or doing business"

Amend section 11, line 16, by striking out the word "sahll" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"

Amend section 11, line 18, by striking out the word "sould" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "should"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth and seventeenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 12 The making of a wilful false oath in any report required by this act shall be perjury and punishable as such according to law If any natural person liable to make such report or the officer of any person other than a natural person who is liable to make such report shall fail to make any report when and as required by this act he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding one year either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 13 Every person liable to make such report shall permit the Auditor General or any deputy clerk accountant or attorney designated by him for that purpose to inspect the records books and papers of such person relating to the subject matter of this act and when required by the Auditor General by subpoena signed by him designating a certain time and place any person whether liable to make such report or not shall attend as a witness before him or any deputy clerk accountant or attorney designated by him for that purpose with such records books and papers as the Auditor General may require and shall anwser fully such questions as may then be put to him concerning the subject matter of this act and permit full inspection of such records books and papers Any person who shall neglect or refuse to attend and testify or to answer any lawful question or to produce or permit the inspection of books papers and records if in his power to do so in obedience to such subpoena shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding one year either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 14 No person shall be excused from answering or from attending and testifying or from producing books papers and records in any proceeding under the provisions of this act or in any proceeding criminal or otherwise relating to the subject matter of this act for the reason that the answer or testimony or evidence documentary or otherwise required of him may tend to criminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he may answer or testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise in any such proceeding provided that no person so testifying shall be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying

Section 15 The bar of the statutes of limitation and presumptions of payment between persons shall not affect the duty to make report and liability to escheat under this act or the interpretation of this act

Section 16 No fee or reward shall be paid to any person for information which shall result in the escheat of any property which is the subject matter of this act

Section 17 All acts and parts of acts supplied by or inconsistent with the terms of this act be and the same are hereby repealed particularly the following

An Act entitled 'An Act requiring banks and other corporations to give notice of unclaimed dividends deposits and balances in certain cases' approved March six one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and twenty-two)

Section fifty-two of an act entitled 'An Act regulating banks' approved April sixteen one thousand eight hundred and fifty (Pamphlet Laws four hundred seventy-seven)

Sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act relating to unclaimed deposits in savings banks and transfer of stock' approved April seventeen one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two (Pamphlet Laws sixty-two)

An Act entitled 'An Act relating to the return of moneys escheated to the Commonwealth' approved June four one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (Pamphlet Laws seventy-three)

An Act entitled 'An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the return of moneys escheated to the Commonwealth' approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five extending the same to certain other cases of escheat' approved June twenty-five one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-three)"

The title was read as follows:

An Act providing for the escheat of deposits of money of property of another received for storage or safekeeping the dividends profits debts and interest on debts of corporations companies banks trust companies insurance companies limited partnerships and partnership associations organized under the laws of this Commonwealth except building and loan associations and property held for the benefit of another by the same and the profits accretions and interest on such property as well as interest thereon accrued or which should have been accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Title, line 1, by striking out the third word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole, being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1241, as follows:

An Act amending section four of an act approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assmbly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second paragraph of section four of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 On or before the ninth Tuesday preceding the Fall primary the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county commissioners of each county a written notice designating all the offices for which candidates are to be nominated therein or in any district of which such county forms a part or in the State at large at the ensuing primary and for the nomination to which condidates are required to file nomination petitions in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and designating how many persons are to be elected to such offices respectively at the next succeding election and also designating the number of aldermen and justices of the peace to be nominated therein at the ensuing primary and also the political divisions in which said aldermen and justices of the peace are to be nominated On or before the ninth Tuesday preceding the spring primary the chairman of the State committee of each political party herein defined to be a political party within the State shall send to the county commissioners of each county a written notice setting forth the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National Convention of such party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary and the number of such delegates and alternate delegates who are to be elected at said primary in such county or in any district of which such county forms a part The said notice shall also set forth the number of members of the National committee if any who under the National party rules are to be elected at the said primary in the State at large and the number of members of the State committee to be elected at the said primary in such county or in any district of which such county or part thereof forms a part" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 On or before the ninth Tuesday preceding the Fall primary the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county commissioners of each county a written notice designating all the offices for which candidates are to be nominated therein or in any district of which such county forms a part or in the State at large at the ensuing primary and for the nomination to which candidates are required to file nomination petitions in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and designating how many persons are to be elected to such offices respectively at the next succeeding election On or before the ninth Tuesday preceding the spring primary the chairman of the State Committee of each political party herein defined to be a political party within the State shall send to the county commissioners of each county a written notice setting forth the number of delegates and alternate delegates to the National Convention of such party who are to be elected in the State at large at the ensuing primary and the number of such delegates and alternate delegates who are to be elected at said primary in such county or in any district of which such county forms a part The said notice shall also set forth the number of members of the National committee if any who under the National party rules are to be elected at the said primary in the State at large and the number of members of the State committee to be elected at the said primary in such county or in any district of which such county or part thereof forms a part

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1088, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to revoke the certificate of authority of and to refuse admission to companies or associations from any State which refuses to permit like companies or associations organized and operating under the laws of this State to do a like business in said State and designating who may and who may not make examination of said companies or associations and providing who shall pay the expenses of examinations of such companies or associations

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the Insurance Department of any State refuses authority to do business to any life fire marine accident liability casualty fidelity or surety company or association chartered and operating under the laws of this Commonwealht the Insurance Commissioner is authorized to prohibit all such companies or associations from such state from doing a like business in the State of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PERRY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "wealht" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "wealth"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Sections two and three were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 That whenever any Insurance Department of another State requires an examination of any life fire marine accident liability casualty fidelity or surety company or association chartered and operating under the laws of this Commonwealth doing business within said State or having made application for admission to do business therein said Department shall have the right to examine such company or association of this State said examinations to be made by a regularly appointed examiner of said State who is not employed regularly or from time to time by any State excepting that one requiring the examination or by any life fire marine accident liability casualty fidelity or surety company or association and the expenses of said examination shall be borne by the State making the same Provided however That the valuation made or accepted by the Insurance Department of this State upon property located within this State shall be accepted by said examiner for the State making such examinations

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to revoke the certificate of authority of and to refuse admission to companies or associations from any State which refuses to permit like companies or associations organized and operating under the laws of this State to do a like business in said State and designating who may and who may not make examination of said companies or associations and providing who shall pay the expenses of examinations of such companies or associations

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. PERRY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment?

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 3, by striking out the word "refuses" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "refuse"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1043, entitled:

An Act to provide for the establishment and government of six correctional institutions to be known as the Pennsylvania State Farm of the First Second Third Fourth Fifth and Sixth Districts respectively providing for the care and confinement of prisoners therein and the transfer of prisoners thereto and making an appropriation

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth sections were separately read and agreed as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there are hereby established under the provisions of this act six correctional institutions for violators of the law to be known as the Pennsylvania State Farm of the First District the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Second District the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Third District the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Fourth District the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Fifth District and the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Sixth District

Section 2 The first district shall comprise the County of Philadelphia

The second district shall comprise the County of Allegheny

The third district shall comprise the Counties of Berks Bucks Chester Dauphin Delaware Lancaster Lebanon Lehigh Montgomery Northampton and Schuylkill

The fourth district shall comprise the Counties of Bradford Carbon Columbia Lackawanna Luzerne Lycoming Monroe Montour Northumberland Pike Sullivan Susquehanna Tioga Wayne and Wyoming

The fifth district shall comprise the Counties of Adams Bedford Blair Cambria Cameron Center Clearfield Clinton Cumberland Elk Franklin Fulton Huntingdon Juniata McKean Mifflin Perry Potter Snyder Somerset Union and York

The Sixth district shall comprise the Counties of Armstrong Beaver Butler Clarion Crawford Erie Fayette Forest Greene Indiana Jefferson Lawrence Mercer Venango Warren Washington and Westmoreland

Section 3 Upon the approval of this act a commission shall be created which shall be composed of five reputable citizens of the Commonwealth to be appointed by the Governor not more than three of whom shall be members of the same political party and such commission is hereby authorized by a majority vote to select suitable sites for the State Farms The commission shall serve without compensation but all of their expenses actually and necessarily incurred shall be paid The commission shall purchase six tracts of not more than five hundred acres of land in each tract the title to which shall be good and sufficient and approved by the Attorney General and such title shall be taken in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 4 In the selection of sites the commission shall take into consideration the objects and purposes of the institutions and all or as many as practicable of the following enumerated advantages and resources the land selected and purchased shall be of varied topography with natural resources and advantages for varied forms of husbandry fruit growing and stock raising for brick making and for the preparation of road and paving material and shall have good railroad drainage sewage and water facilities

Section 5 Upon the selection of locations and sites and the purchase of land for the State Farms the Governor shall appoint a board of trustees for each of said institutions to consist of five members who shall be reputable citizens of Pennsylvania not more than three of whom shall belong to the same political party Such trustees shall serve without compensation but their expenses actually and necessarily incurred shall be paid One member of each board shall be appointed for one year one for two years one for three years one for four years and one for five years Thereafter all appointments shall be for a term of five years respectively in case of a vacancy from any cause the appointment to fill such vacancy shall be made by the Governor for the unexpired term The Governor may remove any of the trustees for misconduct incompetency or neglect of duty after opportunity shall be given him or them to be heard upon written charges

Section 6 All buildings constructed in pursuance of this act shall be plain and inexpensive in character and the labor in constructing such buildings improvements and facilities shall be supplied by the persons committed to the institution or confined in the State penal and reformatory institutions so far as found practicable

The boards of trustees shall procure all necessary materials erect and equip such buildings employ such skilled labor as cannot be furnished by the prisoners committed thereto or by prisoners in the State penitentiaries or the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon and provide all proper facilities for their use and for the practical use of the institution

When the board of trustees of the State farms shall have made all preliminary arrangements for the construction of the buildings and equipment they shall notify the Governor who shall issue a proclamation thereon and thereafter prisoners having more than thirty days to serve may be transferred to the State farm from any jail or workhouse in that district on the order of the Governor

Section 7 The boards of inspectors of the Pennsylvania State Penitentiaries and of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon on request from a board of trustees of a State farm are authorized to transfer to a State farm from their respective institutions any prisoners of special or mechanical ability therein who may be found in the judgment of such board and the board of trustees of the State farm suitable for the purpose and provide transportation and proper guards therefor and while such prisoners remain at a State farm they shall be subject to the orders of the managers or inspectors of the institution from which they were transferred as to their return and in all other respects except as to discipline and government While at such State farm they shall be under the control discipline and government and subject to the orders of the boards of trustees of the State farm and its executive officers

The prisoners transferred for the purpose of supplying labor as aforesaid from the State Penitentiaries and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon shall be apportioned as to number by agreement of the managers or inspectors of said institutions respectively and in case they cannot agree thereon the Governor is authorized to determine the number and kind of mechanics or prisoners of special ability to be transferred from each of said institutions and cause the same to be so transferred

The expense of transportation and transfer of the prisoners used in the construction of building and equipment to and from the State farms shall be paid on bills rendered to the Auditor General out of the fund provided for the establishment of the State farms

The maintenance of such prisoners as are transferred from the State Penitentiaries or Reformatory shall be paid by the institution from which they are transferred but the cost of such maintenance in excess of the average per capita cost of the prisoners at the institution from which they are transferred shall be refunded to the said institution from the funds appropriated for the State farm

Section 8 When any State farm shall be equipped with buildings and other facilities sufficient in the opinion of its board of trustees to receive prisoners such board of trustees shall notify the governor and upon such notification the governor shall by proclamation declare the State farm ready to receive prisoners and thereafter it shall be the duty of all judges of courts of record of that district to commit thereto all persons convicted of the violation of any law of this State the punishment for which now consists of imprisonment in any county jail or workhouse All such commitments shall be to the State farm of the respective district

Section 9 The cost of transportation of persons committed to the State farms shall be paid by the counties respectively from which the prisoner is committed and the sheriff of the county shall receive the same mileage and fees for prisoners committed to the State farm as are now allowed by law for transporting prisoners committed to the State Penitentiaries and reformatory When any prisoner is discharged from a State farm the superintendent or warden thereof shall procure for him a railroad ticket to any point to which said prisoner may desire to go not farther from said State farm than the point from which he was sentenced and it shall be the duty of the superintendent or warden or his duly authorized agent to accompany the prisoner to the railroad station deliver the ticket to the proper railroad conductor and formally release the prisoner on the train which he takes for his destination

The tenth section was read as follows:

Section 10 In case at any time it shall be found that a State farm can accommodate and care for more prisoners than are of the class above designated the Governor may order to be transferred to the State farm from the State penitentiaries of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon or both such prisoners as he and the board of such institutions shall find can be better cared for at the State farm Such prisoners so transferred may be returned to the institution from which they were transferred whenever the Governor and the board of trustees of the State farm shall find such return for the benefit of the prisoners of the institution

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 10, line 5, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 11 It shall be the purpose of the State farms to employ the prisoners committed or transferred thereto in work on or about the buildings and farm and in growing produce and supplies for its own use and for the other institutions of the State in preparation of road material and in making brick tile paving material and such other products or material as may be found practicable for the use of the State or any political sub-division therein and for the proper and healthful employment of such prisoners

Section 12 For the purchase of the land contemplated in this act there is hereby appropriated for the use of the commission and boards of trustees created by this act the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary twenty thousand dollars

($20,000.00) of which shall be made available June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the taking of options and the balance January first one thousand nine hundred sixteen For the erection of buildings and other construction and development contemplated by this act and the running expenses of the commission and the boards and the salaries and expenses of executive officers of the institution and the expense incident to the transfer of prisoners to the institution the sum of eighty thousand dollars ($80,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to be available June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen Any part of the appropriation for the purchase of land which shall not be needed therefor shall be placed in the fund for the erection of building and other construction and development Payment of such moneys shall be on requisition of the commission and on warrant of the Auditor General

Section 13 The six boards of trustees acting as a body shall adopt and may amend or revoke or add to at any time rules governing the State farms Such rules shall be subject to the approval of the Governor and shall not be inconsistent with the Constitution or laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States

Section 14 Each board of trustees shall appoint a superintendent of the farm and such other employes as the board may deem proper all of whom shall be bona fide citizens of Pennsylvania The compensation and duties of the superintendent and employes shall be fixed by the board

An Act to provide for the establishment and government of six correctional institutions to be known as the Pennsylvania State Farm of the First Second Third Fourth Fifth and Sixth Districts respectively providing for the care and confinement of prisoners therein and the transfer of prisoners thereto and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1054, as follows:

An Act providing for the purchase of a tract of land to be used for the benefit of the Eastern Penitentiary regulating the operation of the tract and the duties of the Secretary of Agriculture and the Commissioner of Forestry and making an appropriation

PENITENTIARY FARM

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of inspectors of the Eastern Penitentiary is authorized to purchase a tract of land in Eastern Pennsylvania not to exceed five hundred acres and suitable for general agricultural fruit raising and stockraising with provisions also for brick making and the preparation of road and paving material A tract shall be selected which as far as practicable has good railroad drainage sewerage and water facilities

BUILDINGS

Section 2 Suitable and sufficient buildings shall be erected and the work of constructing biuldings outhouses and other structures of any nature shall so far as practicable be performed by the inmates of the penitentiary

STOCK AND POULTRY

Section 3 The board shall provide the tract with sufficient livestock and poultry to aid in carrying out the intent of this act

CONTRACTS

Section 4 In carrying out the purposes of this act a contract for performance of work or furnishing of material which exceeds five hundred dollars shall be let only after advertisement and competitive bidding

AGRICULTURAL WORK

Section 5 The Secretary of Agriculture shall provide from time to time when requested by the board competent experts in agriculture under whose supervision and counsel the tract of land shall be operated The Commissioner of Forestry shall likewise on request provide experts in forestry to counsel and supervise as aforesaid

ADDITIONAL WORK

Section 6 In addition to the agricultural work herein provided for the inmates may be employed at other occupations and trades

OPERATION OF TRACT

Section 7 The tract of land herein provided for shall be operated in the discretion of the board for the benefit of the penitentiary and with an aim to develop to the highest degree the mental moral and physical qualities of the inmates of the penitentiary So far as practicable the tract shall be operated by the inmates of the institution who may be removed to the tract in the discretion and under the regulations of the board

APPROPRIATION

Section 8 To carry out the purposes of this act the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated Payment of such moneys shall be on requisition of the board and on warrant of the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1084, as follows:

An Act to reapeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection of life and property by the examination and licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers steam engines and appliances connected therewith in cities of the second and third class of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five with the amendments thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection of life and property by the examination and licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers steam engines and appliances connected therewith in cities of the second and third class of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five with the amendments thereto are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1301, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act requiring bills and answers in equity to be sworn to and abolishing the rule that the averments of a responsive answer must be overcome by the testimony of two witnesses or of one witness sustained by corroborating circumstances equivalent to the testimony of another witness in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree except in certain cases"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act of Assembly entitled "An Act requiring bills and answers in equity to be sworn to and abolishing the rule that the averments of a responsive answer must be overcome by the testimony of two witnesses or of one witness sustained by corroborating circumstances equivalent to the testimony of another witness in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree except in certain cases" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen be and the same is herby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1055, as follows:

An Act continuing the work of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation

Whereas By an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of a commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of the State so as to provide for the employment of all inmates of all penal institutions to provide for compensation for their labor and to devise a system whereby the results of such labor shall be utilized in the penal and charitable institutions of the State and making an appropriation to the expenses of said commission" a commission was appointed to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of the State and

Whereas Owing to the lateness of the appointment of the commission and the many and complex questions coming before it for consideration and determination it will be practically impossible to make a full and complete investigation of the matter included in the scope of its work in time to report at this session of the General Assembly therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the commission appointed in pursuance of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the apointment of a commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of the State so as to provide for the employment of all inmates of all penal institutions to provide for compensation for their labor and to devise a system whereby the results of such labor shall be utilized in the penal and charitable institutions of the State and making an appropriation to the expenses of said commission" is hereby authorized to continue its labors within the scope of said act and make its final report and recommendations at the first day of the session of the General Assembly of one thousand nine hundred seventeen

Section 2 To enable the commission to carry on its labors the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the use of the commission to be expended in carrying out the intent of said act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1041, entitled:

An Act to amend an act aproved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" as originally enacted and as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine reads as follows

"That the officers of the various county prisons work houses and reformatory institutions within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall not employ more than five per centum of the whole number of inmates in said institutions in the manufacture of brooms and brushes and hollow ware and ten per centum in the manufacture of any other kinds of goods wares articles or other things that are manufactured elsewhere in the State except mats and matting in the manufacture of which twenty per centum of the whole number of inmates may be employed Provided This act shall not apply to goods manufactured for use of the inmates of such institutions" is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2 The officers of the various county prisons workhouses and reformatory institutions within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall not employ more than five per centum of the whole number of inmates in said institutions in the manufacture of brooms and brushes and hollow ware and ten per centum in the manufacture of any other kind of goods wares articles or other things that are manufactured elsewhere in the State except mats and matting in the manufacture of which twenty per centum of the whole number of inmates may be employed Provided This act shall not apply to goods manufactured for use of the inmates of such institution or for any institution or the inmates of any institution supported wholly or in part by the county in which the prison workhouse or reformatory institution is located or for the use of the county itself

On the question.

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 12, by inserting after the word "ninety-nine" the following: entitled "An act amending sections one and two of an act, entitled 'An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries, State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein, and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Section two and the title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 Section three of said act is hereby repealed

An Act to amend an act aproved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" as originally enacted and as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1042, as follows:

An Act providing a system of employment and compensation for the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary Western Penitentiary and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon and for such other correctional institutions as shall be hereafter established by the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all persons sentenced to the Eastern or Western Penitentiary or to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon or to any other correctional institution hereafter established by the Commonwealth who are physically capable of such labor may be employed at labor for not to exceed eight hours each day other than Sundays and public holidays Such labor shall be for the purpose of the manufacture and production of supplies for said institutions or for the Commonwealth or for any county thereof or for any public institution owned managed and controlled by the Commonwealth or for the preparation and manufacture of building material for the construction or repair of any State institution or in the work of such construction or repair or for the purpose of industrial training or instruction or partly for one and partly for the other of such purposes or in the manufacture and production of crushed stone brick tile and culvert pipe or other material suitable for draining roads of the State or in the preparation of road building and ballasting material

Section 2 A member of the board of prison inspectors of the Eastern Penitentiary designed by such board a member of the board of prison inspectors of the Western Penitentiary designated by such board and a member of the board of managers of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon designated by such board shall constitute the Prison Labor Commission which commission shall perform the duties hereinafter specified with reference to the regulation and supervision of the labor of inmates of the penitentiaries and reformatory and other correctional institutions hereafter established by this Commonwealth and for the disposal of the products of the labor of such inmates The members of this commission shall serve without salary but they shall be allowed their expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the discharge of their duties The Prison Labor Commission is empowered to employ such clerks or other employes as are necessary for the proper conduct of its business at such salaries as shall be determined by the Commission

Section 3 The Prison Labor Commission shall determine the amount kind and character of the machinery to be erected in each of the penitentiaries and reformatory or other correctional institutions hereafter established the industries to be carried on therein having due regard to the location and convenience thereof with respect to other institutions to be supplied to the machinery therein and the number and character of inmates

Section 4 The Prison Labor Commission shall arrange for the sale of the materials produced by the Prisons to the Commonwealth or to any county thereof or to any of the public institutions owned managed and controlled by the Commonwealth

Section 5 For the purchase of material equipment and machinery to be used in the penitentiaries reformatory and other correctional institutions as aforesaid a special appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars shall be made to the prison labor commission to be known as the manufacturing fund

Section 6 The sum of ten thousand dollars or so much thereof which may be necessary is hereby specially appropriated to the Prison Labor Commission for the two fiscal years beginning January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen for the purpose of paying salaries of clerk hire traveling expenses and contingent expenses The receipts from the sales of manufactured articles sold as aforesaid to the Commonwealth or any county thereof or any public institution owned and managed and controlled by the Commonwealth shall not be turned into the State Treasury but shall be credited to the manufacturing fund created by section five and used for the purchase of further material equipment machinery and supplies and the Commission shall make a full monthly report of the products sales receipts and disbursements of such industries to the Auditor-General of the Commonwealth

Section 7 Hereafter an account shall be kept by the proper officers of the Western Penitentiary the Eastern Penitentiary and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon and the other correctional institutions hereafter established by the Commonwealth of the labor performed by all prisoners under sentence in such institution In such account the prisoner shall be credited with wages for the time he is actually engaged in work the rate of such wage and the amount credited to each to be regulated at the discretion of the Prison Labor Commission or such persons as they may designate In no case shall the amount be less than ten cents nor over fifty cents for each day of labor actually performed The difference in the rate of compensation shall be based both upon the pecuniary value of the work performed and also on the willingness industry and good conduct of such prisoner

Section 8 Three-fourths of the amount credited to each prisoner or the entire amount if the prisoner so wishes shall constitute a fund for the relief of any person or persons dependent upon such prisoner and shall be paid upon the order of the Prison Labor Commission to the person or persons establishing such dependency to the satisfaction of said board at such time and times as said board may order

Section 9 In case a prisoner has no person or persons dependent upon him the sums so credited shall be invested for the benefit of such prisoner under the rules and regulations of the Prison Labor Commission and the sum so credited together with the accrued interest of the same shall be paid to the said prisoner one-third on discharge of prisoner one-third in three months after his discharge and the balance in six months after his discharge

Section 10 All wages paid under the provisions of this act shall be charged to the manufacturing fund provided for in section five of this act

Section 11 The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide adequate offices and quarters for the commission in the State capital or elsewhere and shall on requisition of the commission furnish all such books stationery furniture supplies et cetera as may be needed to conduct properly the affairs of the commission

Section 12 The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the commission and for the proper preservation of the records of the commission shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the commission

Section 13 Section one of an act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State Prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" section one of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one entitled "An Act amending sections one and two of an act entitled 'An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods' " and section three of an act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" are hereby specifically repealed section four of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act to abolish the contract system in the prisons and reformatory institutions of the State of Pennsylvania and to regulate the wages of the inmates" insofar as it applies to convicts under control of State officers and to inmates of reformatory institutions is hereby repealed All other acts or special acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1195, entitled:

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law providing for the burial of certain honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines at the expense of the counties in which they shall die or have a legal residence at the time of their death to provide a system for effecting the burial of such soldiers sailors and marines to provide head stones and markers for the graves of such soldiers sailors and marines and to authorize the county commissioners of the several counties to purchase plots of ground for the burial of such soldiers and marines

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the coutny commissioners of each county in this State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each city township borough and ward in their county other than those prescribed by law for the care of paupers and the custody of criminals whose duty it shall be upon application made to them to look after and cause to be buried in a decent and respectable manner in any cemetery or burial ground other than those used exclusively for the burial of the pauper dead at an expense to their county not exceeding fifty ($50.00) dollars the body of any honorable discharged soldier sailor and marine who served or who shall hereafter serve in the army or navy of the United tates during any war in which the United tates was or shall hereafter be engaged or who served or shall hereafter serve in the army or navy of the United States where a state or condition of war existed or shall hereafter exist in the United States or any foreign country or territory or upon the high seas or who was in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from such service and shall hereafter die within their county or shall die beyond their county and shall have had a legal residence within their county at the time of his death And the persons who shall be so apointed shall hold their offices at the pleasure of the county commissioners and shall serve without compensation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1 line 13, by striking out the word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Sections two and three were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the persons so appointed in each city township borough and ward in each county before assuming the charge and expense of the burial of the body of and deceased soldier sailor or marine under the provisions of this act first to satisfy themselves by a careful inquiry into and examination of all the circumstances in the case of such deceased soldier sailor or marine whose body they are called upon to bury that he served in the army or navy of the United States during a war in which the United States was engaged or served in the army or navy of the United States where a state or condition of war existed in the United States or any foreign country or territory or upon the high seas or was in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and was honorably discharged or relieved from such service and died in their county or having died beyond their county shall have had a legal residence within their county at the time of his death whereupon if they are satisfied that such facts exist they shall take charge of the body of such deceased soldier sailor or marine and cause it to be buried in the manner mentioned in the first section of this act and thereupon they shall immediately report their action in the case to the county commissioners of their county setting forth the facts ascertained by them together with the name rank and command to which such deceased soldier sailor or marine belonged at the time of his service the character of his occupation immediately preceding his death the date of his death and place of burial and also an accurately itemized statement of the expenses incurred in and about the said burial which report shall be duly attested by three reputable persons of full age who have knowledge of the facts

Section 3 It shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each county in this State upon receiving the reports and statements of expenses from their appointees under the provisions of this act to transcribe in a book to be kept for the purpose all the facts contained in such reports and statements and to draw warrants upon the treasurer of their county for the payment of such expenses not exceeding however the said sum of fifty ($50.00) dollars on each body buried in accordance with the provisions of this act to be paid out of the funds of the county and such warrants shall be made payable to the persons appointed under the provisions of this act who shall have buried the bodies for which the warrants are to be so drawn

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any county city township borough district or other municipality or of any almshouse prison morgue hospital home or other public institution having the control over the body of a deceased honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine whose body is entitled to be buried under the provisions of this act shall immediately on the death of any such soldier sailor and marine notify the person or persons in the immediate or adjoining district who has or have been appointed by the county commissioners under the provisions of this act to take charge of the burial of such honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines of the death of such soldier sailor and marine whereupon it shall be the duty of the said person or persons to take charge of the said body and bury it in accordance with the provisions of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, line 15, by striking out the word "pprovisions" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "provisions"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Sections five, six and seven were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 It shall also be the duty of the county commissioners of each county in this State upon the death of any soldier sailor or marine who shall be buried within their counties under the provisions of this act to cause a headstone to be placed at the head of the grave of each such deceased soldier sailor or marine containing his name and if possible the organization to which he belonged or in which he served to be of such material and design as they may deem suitable and the expense for the same shall be paid out of the funds of the county in which such soldier sailor or marine died or shall have had his legal residence Provided however That the expense shall not exceed the sum of fifteen dollars for each headstone and the county commissioners of each county acting under this section shall draw a warrant on the treasurer of their county for the payment of said expense in favor of the party or parties furnishing such headstone

Section 6 The county commissioners of the several counties of this State shall upon the petition of any ten reputable free holders of any city township borough or district in said county procure for and furnish to said petitioners some suitable and appropriate metal terra cotta or other suitable markers for the grave of each and every soldier sailor and marine who served with honor in the military or naval forces of the United States during any war or where a state or condition of war existed or in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any proclamation issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and buried within the limits of said city township borough or district to be placed upon the grave of such soldier sailor or marine for the purpose of permanently marking and designating said grave for memorial purposes

Section 7 The county commissioners of the several counties of this State are hereby authorized to purchase plots of ground in any cemetery or burial ground in their respective counties for the interment of honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines whose bodies are entitled to be buried under the provisions of this act and to draw their warrant on their county treasurer for the payment of the same Provided however That the purchase price of said plots of ground shall not be charged against or allotted as part of the cost of burial of any soldier sailor or marine who may be buried in any of said plots under the provisions of this act

The eighth section was read as follows:

Section 8 The following acts of Assembly are intended to be supplied by amended and supplemented and the same are therefore repealed by this act to wit

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late rebellion or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses" which became a law on the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (Pamphlet Laws seventeen)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the burial of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who served in the United States in any war who die in almshouses and other institutions and to authorize county commissioners to purchase plots of ground for the burial of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who served the United States in any war who die in indigent circumstances" approved March eighteenth one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws fifty)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first and third sections of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late rebellion or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses' approved May thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five" approved March twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to furnish on petition appropriate metal markers for the graves of soldiers and sailors who served with honor in the military forces of the United States" approved April twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws two hundred ninety-nine)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to furnish metal markers for graves of soldiers and sailors' approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three providing that the county commissioners of the several counties of this State shall furnish markers for certain deceased soldiers and sailors" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty-nine)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first and second sections of the act entitled 'An Act authorizing and requiring county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late rebellion or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses' which became a law on the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five so as to extend the application of said act to honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who served in the war with Spain" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws eight)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary buriel expenses" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and fifty-two)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late rebellion or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses' approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five by increasing the amount appropriated therein and extending its provisions to soldiers sailors or marines of any American war" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twelve)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first and second section of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses' by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines who shall die in their county and to all who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and shall hereafter die in their county or in any hospital asylum soldiers' home almshouse prison or house of detention in this Commonwealth or shall die beyond the State of Pennsylvania and shall have had legal residence within their county at the time of their death" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws eight hundred and seventy-five)

All other acts or parts of acts supplied by or inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 8, line 2, by striking out the words "amended and supplemented" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "this act"

Amend section 8, line 3, by striking out the words "by this act"

Amend section 8, line 17, by striking out the word "other" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "like"

Amend section 8, line 26, by inserting after the word "after" the word "bury"

Amend section 8, line 46, by inserting after the word "requiring" the word "the"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law providing for the burial of certain honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines at the expense of the counties in which they shall die or have a legal residence at the time of their death to provide a system for effecting the burial of such soldiers sailors and marines to provide head stones and markers for the graves of such soldiers sailors and marines and to authorize the county commissioners of the several counties to purchase plots of ground for the burial of such soldiers sailors and marines

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1258, as follows:

An Act relating to the maintenance of insane feeble-minded and other persons confined in the various institutions of the Commonwealth fixing liability for their support providing for the collection of the moneys due the Commonwealth therefor and for proceedings relating thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any person is maintained as an inmate of any hospital home sanatorium or other institution of the Commonwealth in whole or in part at the expense of the Commonwealth the property or estate of such person shall be liable for such maintenance to be paid or recovered as hereinafter provided

Section 2 Every trustee committee guardian or other person nominated or appointed to take charge of the estate of any lunatic feeble-minded or any other person who is an inmate of any home asylum or other institution maintained in whole or in part by the Commonwealth shall within six months after his appointment make a true and full report under oath to the Attorney General showing the amount and character of said estate and every year thereafter report to the Attorney General what if any changes there are in said estate and every executor or administrator of any deceased inmate of any asylum home or institution maintained in whole or in part by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall within six months after letters testamentary or of administration have been issued make a true full and complete report under oath to the Attorney General of the extent and character of such estate

Section 3 The husband wife father mother child or children of any person who is an inmate of any asylum hospital home or other institution maintained in whole or in part by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and who is legally able so to do shall be liable to pay for the maintenance of any such person as hereinafter provided

Section 4 The court of common pleas of the county of the residence of any inmate of any home hospital asylum or other institution maintained in whole or in part by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall have power upon the application of the Attorney General to make an order for the payment of maintenance to the Commonwealth upon the trustee committee guardian or other person who has charge of the estate of any such inmate or against the father wife mother child or children of any person so maintained and any order made against the husband wife father mother child or children shall be in such amount as the court in its discretion deems proper taking into consideration their ability to pay for said maintenance and said court may also upon like application direct any trustee committee guardian or other person having charge of any such estate to file with the Attorney General the statement required by the second section of this act

Section 5 The sworn statement of the superintendent steward or other person in whose custody are kept the records of any hospital home asylum or other institution wherein persons are maintained in whole or in part at the expense of the Commonwealth shall be received as prima facie evidence in any court of this Commonwealth of the amount expended by the Commonwealth for the support or maintenance of any such person in any proceeding brought to recover the amount of such maintenance

Section 6 All claims by the Commonwealth for maintenance as herein provided in the distribution of any of the estate of any person so maintained shall take precedence and be paid after other claims which bl law are now given precedence and before any claims of general creditors

Section 7 Where there is a claim against the estate of any person maintained in any home hospital asylum or other institution both on behalf of the Commonwealth and on behalf of any county or poor district and there is not sufficient in the estate to pay the claim in full the same shall be paid pro rata to the State and the county in the proportion of the amount of maintenance legally recoverable by each

Section 8 This Act of Assembly is intended to apply to the collection of claims for maintenance due the Commonwealth at the time of its passage as well as those to become due hereafter

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1335, as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That to carry out the purpose of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania any municipality or county other than Philadelphia may incur indebtedness in excess of seven per centum and not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein if said increase of indebtedness shall have been assented to by three-fifths of the electors voting at a general or municipal election

The procedure and conditions set forth in sections two three and four of the act to which this act is a supplement and relating to the incurring and increasing of indebtedness in excess of two per centum and to the extinguishment of such indebtedness shall govern in all respects in any such incurring of indebtedness except that the tickets at the election shall be labelled "increase of debt exceeding seven per centum"

Section 2 The word "indebtedness" as used in this act shall be deemed held and taken to include all and all manner of debt as well floating as funded of the said county or municipality

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1390, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties of the illegal increase thereof"

The first, second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That to carry out the purpose of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of

Pennsylvania no obligations which have been heretofore issued or which may hereafter be issued by any county or municipality other than Philadelphia to provide for the construction or acquisition of water-works subways underground railway or street railways or the appurtenances thereof shall be considered as a debt of a municipality within the meaning of section eight or section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania if the net revenue derived from said property for a period of five years before or after the acquisition thereof or where the same is constructed by a county or municipality after completion thereof shall have been sufficient to pay interest and sinking fund charges during said period upon said obligations or if the said obligations shall be secured by liens upon the respective properties and shall impose no municipal liability

Section 2 Whenever any municipality or county other than Philadelphia issues obligations to provide for the construction of water-works subways underground railways or street railways and the appurtenances thereof such municipalities or counties may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking fund charges accruing thereon until said properties shall have been completed and in operation for a period of one year

Section 3 The procedure and conditions set forth in sections two three and four of the act to which this act is a supplement and relating to the incurring and increasing of indebtedness and to the extinguishment of such indebtedness shall govern in all respects in any such incurring of indebtedness except to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking fund charges until after said properties shall have been operated by said counties or municipalities during said period of one year

The title was read as follows:

A Supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties of the illegal increase thereof"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:?

Amend title line 5, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "for"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1383, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same to impose penalties of the illegal increase thereof"

Section one was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any municipality or county may incur indebtedness for the purpose of constructing or acquiring water works subways underground railways or street railways and the appurtenances thereof and for the purpose of securing such indebtedness may issue bonds or other evidences of indebtedness which shall be secured solely or partly by liens upon such water-works subways or railways and the property and revenues thereof

The bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued under this section and which are made a lien on such water-works subways or railways and the property and revenues thereof shall not impose any liability on the part of the municipality or county

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 The procedure and conditions set in sections two three and four of the act to which this is a supplement and relating to the incurring and increasing of indebtedness and to the extinguishment of such indebtedness shall govern in all respects in any such incurring of indebtedness

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 1, by inserting after the word "set" the word "forth"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 The word "indebtedness" as used in this act shall be deemed held and taken to include all and all manner of debt as well as floating as funded of the county or municipality

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 3, line 3, by striking out the word "as"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

A Supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties of the illegal increase thereof"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "for"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1514, entitled:

An Act amending "An Act supplementary to 'An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep' approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be provided by the county commissioners imposing certain duties upon constables tax collectors and county commissioners and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act" so that assessors of the several cities wards boroughs townships or other assessment districts of this Commonwealth shall collect an annual license fee for said dogs at the time of the annual assessment and issue a receipt and a tag therefor providing for the publication of the assessor's list of licensed dogs requiring that all unlicensed dogs be killed and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 The county commissioners of the several counties shall prepare and furnish annually to the several tax collectors of the county metal tags to be given by said tax collectors to the owners of dogs when said owners shall pay the tax assessed upon said dogs Upon one side of said tags shall be stamped in raised letter the following 'Dog tax for .... (naming the year) paid' be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 2 The county commissioners of the several counties shall prepare and furnish annually to the several assessors of the county metal tags to be given by said assessors to the owners of dogs when said owners shall pay the license assessed upon said dogs It shall be the duty of the assessor at the time payment is made by the owners of dogs as herein provided to deliver to each of said owners a license receipt also a metal tag bearing a serial number corresponding with the number on the receipt issued to said owner as hereinbefore provided and said tag shall also have impressed thereon the calendar year for which such tag is issued said tag to be not less than one inch wide or less than one inch in length and the general shape of said tag shall be changed from year to year

On the question.
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BROWNLEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the word "said" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "an"

Amend section 1, line 4, by inserting after the word "act" the following: entitled "An Act supplementary to 'An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep,' approved the twenty-fifth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three; requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner, together with a tag to be attached thereto showing payment of tax, said tag to be provided by the county commissioners; imposing certain duties upon constables, tax collectors and county commissioners; and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement; and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act;" approved the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven

Amend section 1, line 10, by striking out the word "letter" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "letters"

Amend section 1, line 12, by inserting after the word "paid" a double quote paid"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 Section three of said act as amended by the act of May twentieth one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and fifty-nine) which reads as follows

"Section 3 At the time of payment of dog tax by the owner of such dog the tax collector shall give to said owner one of said tags prepared for the year for which said tax is paid which said tag shall thereupon be attached to the collar of the dog for which said tax was paid by the owner of said dog and in case the assessor has failed for any reason at the time of making the general assessment to assess any dog it shall be lawful for the owner thereof to pay to the tax collector the dog tax for the current year the same as though such dog had been regularly assessed and in such case it shall be the duty of the tax collector to furnish to such owner a tax tag to be attached to collar of such dog as above provided Provided however That nothing herein contained shall be construed as lessening the responsibility and duty of all assessors to assess all dogs that he is able to assess at the time of making the general assessment" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 3 That the assessor be required at the time of assessing the property of every property holder of his district as now required by law to make diligent inquiry as to the number of dogs owned harbored or kept by the person so assessed that such person so assessed shall pay immediately to the assessor the license fee to be fixed by the county commissioners borough or city officials said fee for each male dog or spayed female dog shall not exceed two dollars the fee for the female dog shall not exceed four dollars That the said sum sum shall be paid on all dogs over four months of age That the assessor shall make a memorandum of any dogs on any premises that are not claimed by the owner of said premises At the time of payment of the dog license by the owner of such dog the assessor shall give to said owner one of said tags prepared for the year for which said license is paid which said tag shall thereupon be attached to the collar of the dog for which said license was paid by the owner of said dog

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BROWNLEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 3, by inserting after the word "fifty-nine" the following: entitled "An Act to amend the first and third sections of an act approved the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled 'An Act supplementary to "An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep," approved the twenty-fifth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety–three; requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner, together with a tag to be attached thereto showing payment of tax, said tag to be provided by the county commissioners; imposing certain duties upon constables, tax collectors, and county commissioners; and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement; and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act,' by making its provisions apply to all dogs of four months old and upwards; and to provide that the payment of the proper tax, and the giving of a tag by the collector, shall be sufficient assessment for all purposes."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 Section four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 Should the owner of any dog or dogs neglect to pay the tax assessed for said dog or dogs and to comply otherwise with the provisions of this act it shall immediately thereafter be the duty of the proper tax collector to give written notice to said owner that if he fails to pay said tax and also to comply with the provisions of sections one and three of this act as to the collar and tag required to be worn within ten days or to kill his dog himself within said time that said dog will thereupon be killed by the constable of the proper district Provided That for the notice written and mailed or delivered under this provision the said tax collector shall be entitled to receive the sum of twenty-five cents which amount shall be paid to him by the county commissioners at the time of the next settlement of accounts between said officer and the county commissioners For failure of the tax collector to perform his duty under the requirements of this section he shall be liable to a penalty of two dollars in each case which amount shall be deducted in any settlement occurring between said officer and the county commissioners" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the assessor to publish in one or more county papers (expense to be met by the general dog fund) a list of the dogs so assessed giving the name and address of the owner of each dog together with the sex of each dog and the number on the tag therefor If upon publication of the assessor's report any reputable citizen of such district shall furnish conclusive proof to the county commissioners of one or more dogs in the community that were not reported as assessed the county commissioners shall be required to make an investigation of the accuracy of this assessor's work and see that the penalty of the law is carried out for such failure either of the assessor or owner to make a true report

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BROWNLEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 8, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "if"

Amend section 3, line 31, by striking out the word "assessors's" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "assessor's"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 Section five of said act which reads as follows

"Section 5 In cases of default by any such owner as to complying with the requirements of this act and particularly with section four as to payment of tax wearing collar and tag and killing his said dog it shall thereupon be the duty of the tax collector of said district and shall also be the right and privielge of any citizen of the proper district to notify the proper constable of the said district of such failure and default and that it thereupon becomes the duty of said constable to kill said dog And in either case it shall thereupon be the duty of such contable to kill all such dogs and for such service said constable shall be entitled to receive for each dog killed and buried cremated or otherwise legally disposed of by him from the county commissioners out of the fund realized from the taxation of dogs the sum of one dollar For failure to perform his official duty under the provisions of this section the constable shall be liable to a penalty of two dollars for each offense which said amount shall be deducted from any amount due such constable from the county at the next settlement between such officer and the county commissioners" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 5 Upon completion of the assessor's report the county commissioners shall be empowered to call upon constables or State constabulary to kill all dogs not wearing a license tag regardless of whose property they may be on and such officers shall not be liable to criminal or civil prosecution in the discharge of this duty Provided however That before such action is taken they give thirty days notice through one or more papers that such action will be taken That upon any citizen furnishing to the county commissioners exclusive evidence of one or more dogs running at large in any district or community the county commissioners shall be required to have the unlicensed dogs in such community killed Upon receipt of said notice from the county commissioners it shall thereupon be the duty of such constable to kill all such dogs and for such service said constable shall be entitled to receive for each dog killed and buried cremated or otherwise legally disposed of by him from the county commissioner out of the fund realized from the licensing of dogs the sum of one dollar For failure to perform his official duty under the provisions of this section the constable shall be liable to a penalty of two dollars for each offense which said amount shall be deducted from any amount due such constable from the county at the next settlement between such officer and the county commissioners

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BROWNLEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 4, line 23, by striking out the word "commissioner" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "commissioners"

Amend Section 4, line 26, by striking out the word "assessors's" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "assessor's"

Amend Section 4, line 29, by striking out the word "on"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Sections five, six and seven were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 Section six of said act which reads as follows "Section 6 Every person keeping a dog or dogs about his house or premises permitting such dog or dogs to stay about his house or premises shall be taken and deemed to be the owner of such dog or dogs for all the purposes of this act and shall be liable for the assessed valuation of such dog or dogs as the case may be the same to be recovered as are other taxes imposed in this Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 6 Every person keeping a dog or dogs about his house or premises permitting such dog or dogs to stay about his house or premises shall be taken and deemed to be the owner of such dog or dogs for all the purposes of this act and shall be liable for the license of such dog or dogs as the case may be the same to be recovered as are other licenses imposed in this Commonwealth

Section 6 The following section shall be added to said act and shall be known as section eight

Section 8 For failure of the assessor to perform his duties under the requirements of the act he shall be liable to a penalty of two dollars in each case which amount shall be deducted in any settlement occuring between said officer and the county commissioners

Section 7 Section eight of said act which reads as follows "Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts providing for the assessment of dogs for purposes of taxation and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed Provided That all taxes now levied and assessed against dogs under any previous act and remaining unpaid shall be collected under the provisions of the acts in force at the time said taxes were levied

The title was read as follows:

An Act amending "An Act supplementary to 'An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep' approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be provided by the county commissioners imposing certain duties upon constables tax collectors and county commissioners and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act" so that assessors of the several cities wards boroughs townships or other assessment districts of this Commonwealth shall collect an annual license fee for said dogs at the time of the annual assessment and issue receipt and a tag therefor providing for the publication of the assessor's list of licensed dogs requiring that all unlicensed dogs be killed and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. BROWNLEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 1, by inserting after the word "Amending" the words "an act, entitled"

Amend title, line 6, by inserting after the word "be" the following: "attached thereto showing payment of tax, said tax to be"

Amend title, line 12, by inserting after the word "act" the following: "approved the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, as amended"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1598 (Senate Bill No. 817), entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1434 (Senate Bill No. 199), entitled:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labeled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second hand mattresses to be sterilized and labelled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 784, as follows:

An Act to require the reporting by physicians to the State Department of Health of certain occupational diseases and providing penalties for violations thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every physician attending on or called in to visit a patient whom he believes to be suffering from poisoning from lead or phosphorus or arsenic or brass or wood-alcohol or mercury or any of their compounds or from anthrax or from compressed air illness or any other ailment or disease contracted as a result of the nature of the patients' employment shall within forty-eight hours after the diagnosis is established send to the State Department of Health a report stating (a) name address and occupation of patient (b) name address and business of employer (c) nature of disease and (d) such other information as may be reasonably required by the State Department of Health

The reports herein required shall be on or in conformity with the standard blanks hereinafter provided for The posting of the report within the time required in a stamped envelope addressed to the office of the State Department of Health shall be in compliance with this section

Section 2 The State Department of Health shall prepare and furnish free of cost to the physicians included in section one standard blanks for the reports required under this act The form and contents of such blanks shall be determined by the department

Section 3 Reports made under this act shall not be evidence of the facts therein stated in any action arising out of the disease therein reported

Section 4 Any physician who neglects or refuses to send the report or reports as herein required shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars at the discretion of the court

Section 5 It shall be the duty of the State Department of Health to transmit forthwith a copy of all such reports of occupational disease to the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 6 This act shall go into effect on the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 134, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially proproviding how and by whom the costs shall be paid" for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and pagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices by adding a section thereto to be known as section eight

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" is hereby amended by adding a section thereto to be known as section eight of said act

Section 8 That it shall be unlawful to use fish baskets in the waters within or under the control of this Commonwealth from the first day of December to the fourteenth day of August next ensuing each date inclusive that it shall be lawful to use fish baskets from the fifteenth day of September to the thirteenth day of November in each year both dates inclusive and from four o'clock in the afternoon until eight o'clock on the following morning for the capture of eels and no fish basket shall be set or used in a stream known as a trout stream and no wing walls of any two baskets shall be within twenty feet of each other at the upper end when side by side or extend beyond each other at the upper end or reach from main shore to main shore or extend over more than three-fourths of the width of a stream or occupy so much of a stream as to prevent the passage of canoes or boats and fish at either side of the stream or be constructed of any other material than loose stones and no basket and wing walls shall be set immediately above one already legally located nearer than one-quarter of a mile And provided That the bottoms of the basket so used shall be made of well rounded wooden slats not more than two inches wide so set or placed that they shall not be less than three-eighth of an inch apart when swollen by water And provided further That the bottoms of said baskets shall be movable for the entire width of each and every fall or so much of said bottoms be movable as to leave not more than seven slats in one section and such bottoms or parts of bottoms shall be taken out of said falls or so adjusted as to make it impossible for them to catch fish from eight o'clock in the morning and kept out until four o'clock in the afternoon And provided further That the number of the license of said basket shall be clearly and permanently painted or marked on the sides thereof Provided That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to allow any fish baskets to be erected and operated within a quarter of a mile of any fishway chute or opening in a dam through which fish can pass when water is running through raceways and mills excepted And provided also

That before any person or persons shall be authorized to catch or take eels by means of a fish basket as described he or they shall be required to take out a license from the treasurer of the county in which he or they propose to erect or construct any fish basket in accordance with section twenty-one of this act and no person shall be given a license for a fish basket for a spot or location for which a license was given another person the previous year until the first day of the lawful season for using said basket unless the licensee of the previous year shall have previously notified the county treasurer in writing of his intention not to renew his license Provided That any person who shall neglect to take out a license for two years shall have no priority to such location And provided also That no license shall be granted for a fish basket in any stream without the written consent of the owner and occupant of the land on which it is proposed to place such basket And provided further That all baskets used or operated under the provisions of this section shall be entirely removed from the wing walls or dismantled or destroyed within one week after the closing of the legal season And provided also That no person or persons shall operate said basket in the absence of the owner or owners except it be a member of his family or a bona fide employe or employes of a member of his or their family in which case the holder or holders of the certificate or license shall be held legally responsible for any violation of this section or of any existing acts relating to fish or fishing within this Commonwealth by the use of said fish baskets Provided further That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent the licensee or lawful operator keeping besides eels any carp suckers or mullets but no other fish which may be taken by the basket while lawfully used for catching eels And provided further That at the end of the fishing season each holder of a license shall furnish to the Department of Fisheries on request of the Commissioner of Fisheries a written report of the approximate number and weight of eels carp mullets and suckers taken together with the market value of the same for statistical purposes No individual report to be made public without the written consent of the licensee Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction be subject to a fine of twenty-five dollars as provided in section twenty-seven of this act together with the forfeiture of any boats or appliances which may have been used to the Department of Fisheries and in addition be deprived of the right to secure another license for the period of two years and this section shall apply to the River Delaware above Trenton Falls

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 783, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the clay ore and graphite mines and stone slate marble and granite quarries of Pennsylvania

Sections one and two were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act the clay quarries or mines of Pennsylvania in which bituminous coal is also mined shall be operated under the supervision of the State Department of Mines and shall be subject to such rules and methods of operation as may be recommended by the chief of the Department of Mines in accordance wtih such provisions of the Coal mine laws of the State as may be found applicable to the supervision of clay quarries or mines

Section 2 The inspection of the mines and quarries as set forth in section one of this act shall be made by certain district State coal mine inspectors who shall be designated for the work by the chief of the Department of Mines and who shall make and forward to the Department of Mines such reports from time to time as the chief of the Department may demand

The title was read as follows:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the clay ore and graphite mines and stone slate marble and granite quarries of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. McCLURE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title line 2 and 3 by striking out the words "ore and graphite mines and stone, slate, marble and granite"

Amend title, line 3, by inserting after the word "quarries" the words "or mines"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1479, as follows:

An Act to amend section twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four as amended by the fifth section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations" approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six requiring the filing of all the reports required by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth and the payment of all taxes due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by certain corporations up to and including the date of the proposed sale assignment disposition and conveyance of the franchises and property of such corporation before the returns authorizing such sale assignment disposition and conveyance shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four as amended by the fifth section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' providing for the further regulation of such corporation and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations" approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six which reads as follows

"Section 23 Any corporation created under the provisions of this act and any corporation of the classes named in the second section hereof that is now in existence by virtue of any law of this Commonwealth may reduce its capital stock or alter and change the par value of the shares thereof by a vote of the stockholders taken in the manner and under the regulations prescribed in the eighteenth nineteenth twentntieth twenty-first and twenty-second sections of this act and it shall be lawful for any corporation in the same manner to sell assign dispose of and convey to any corporation created under or accepting the provisions of this act its franchises and all its property real personal and mixed and thereafter such corporation shall cease to exist and the said property and franchises not inconsistent with this act shall thereafter be vested in the corporation so purchasing as aforesaid" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 23 Any corporation created under the provisions of this act and any corporation of the classes named in the second section hereof that is now in existence by virtue of any law of this Commonwealth may reduce its capital stock or alter and change the par value of the shares thereof by a vote of the stockholders taken in the manner and under the regulations prescribed in the eighteenth nineteenth twentieth twenty-first and twenty-second sections of this act and it shall be lawful for any corporation in the same manner to sell assign dispose of and convey to any corporation created under or accepting the provisions of this act its franchises and all its property real personal and mixed and thereafter such corporation shall cease to exist and the said property and franchises not inconsistent with this act shall thereafter be vested in the corporation so purchasing as aforesaid Provided That the returns required by said section shall not be filed in the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth until each and every corporation so selling assigning disposing and conveying such franchises and property shall have filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth a certificate from the Auditor-General of the Commonwealth setting forth that all reports required by the Auditor-General of the Commonwealth have been duly filed to the date of the proposed sale assignment disposition and conveyance and that all taxes due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania have been paid up to and including such date

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1652 (Senate Bill No. 978), entitled:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 714, entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four which reads

"The by-laws of every corporation created under the provisions of this statute or accepting the same shall be deemed and taken to be its law subordinate to this statute the charter of the same the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth and the constitution of the United States They shall be made by the stockholders or members of the corporation at a general meeting called for that purpose unless the charter prescribes another body or a different mode They shall prescribe the time and place of meeting of the corporation and powers and duties of its officials and such other matters as may be pertinent and necessary for the business to be transacted and may contain penalties for the breach thereof not exceeding twenty dollars

OFFICERS AND THEIR DUTIES

The business of every corporation created hereunder or accepting the same shall be managed and conducted by a president a board of directors or trustees a clerk a treasurer and such other officers agents and factors as the corporation authorizes for that purpose The directors or trustees shall be chosen annually by the stockholders or members at the time fixed by the by-laws and shall hold their office until others are chosen and qualified in their stead the manner of such choice and of the choice or appointment of all other agents and officers of the company shall be prescribed by the by-laws The number of directors or trustees shall not be less than three one of them shall be chosen president by the directors or by the members of the corporation as the by-laws shall direct The members of said corporation may at a meeting to be called for that purpose determine fix or change the number of directors or trustees that shall thereafter govern its affairs and a majority of the whole number of such directors or trustees shall be necessary to constitute a quorum The clerk shall be sworn and shall record all the votes of the corporation and the minutes of its transactions in a book to be kept for that purpose The treasurer shall give bond in such sum and with such sureties as shall be required by the by-laws for the faithful discharge of his duties and he shall keep the moneys of the corporation in a separate book account to his credit as treasurer and if he shall neglect or refuse so to do he shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars for every day he shall fail to do so to be recovered at the suit of any informer in an action of debt" shall hereafter read as follows

The by-laws of every corporation created under the provisions of this statute or accepting the same shall be deemed and taken to be its laws subordinate to this statute the charter of the same the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth and the constitution of the United States They shall be made by the stockholders or members of the corporation at a general meeting called for that purpose unless the charter prescribes another body or a different mode They shall prescribe the time and place of meeting of the corporation the powers and duties of its officials and such other matters as may be pertinent and necessary for the business to be transacted and may contain penalties for the breach thereof not exceeding twenty dollars

OFFICERS AND THEIR DUTIES

The business of every corporation created hereunder or accepting the same shall be managed and conducted by a president a board of directors or trustees a clerk a treasurer and such other officers agents and factors as the corporation authorizes for that purpose The whole body of directors or trustees shall be elected annually by the stockholders or members at the time fixed by the by-laws and shall hold their office for the term of one year unless such term be sooner terminated by death or resignation in which case the director chosen or elected to fill such vacancy caused by such death or resignation shall only hold office until the end of the term of the remaining directors or trustees then in office the manner of election or choice or appointment of all directors or trustees and of the choice of appointment or election of all other agents and officers of the company shall be prescribed by the by-laws The number of directors or trustees shall not be less than three one of them shall be chosen president by the directors or by the members of the corporation as the by-laws shall direct The members of said corporation may at a meeting to be called for that purpose determine fix or change the number of directors or trustees that shall thereafter govern its affairs and a majority of the whole number of such directors or trustees shall be necessary to constitute a quorum The clerk shall be sworn and shall record all the votes of the corporation and the minutes of its transactions in a book to be kept for that purpose The treasurer shall give bond in such sum and with such sureties as shall be required by the by-laws for the faithful discharge of his duties and he shall keep the moneys of the corporation in a separate book account to his credit as treasurer and if he shall neglect or refuse so to do he shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars for every day he shall fail to do so to be recovered at the suit of any informer in an action of debt

And all other acts and parts of acts general special or local appertaining to the subject matter covered by this act and inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1 line 79 by inserting after the word "year" the following: "or until their successors shall be duly chosen and qualified"

Amend section 1, line 83, by striking out the second word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "The"

Amend section 1, line 85, by striking out the second word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

Amend section 1, line 87, by inserting after the word "by-laws" the following: "In case for any reason directors are not chosen at the annual meeting, then the directors theretofore chosen shall hold over until their successors are elected"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend the fifth section of on act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 154, File Folio 6849, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonealth from unfair improper watesful and destrucitve fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" by adding a section thereto to be known as section eight

on page 6 of today's calendar be recommitted to the Committee on Fisheries, for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. FRETZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1340, as follows:

An Act defining public utilities owned by cities boroughs towns and townships and providing for the submission of the question of the sale or lease thereof to the electors of such cities boroughs towns or townships

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "Public Utility" as used in this act shall be taken to include any electric light plant electric power plant gas plant fuel or heating plant water supply or power plant sewer or sewage disposal plant street railway or other public utility of a like nature or character

Section 2 No city borough town or township being the owner or owners of any public utility shall have authority or power to sell or lease any such public utility until the question of such sale or lease shall be first submitted to and approved by the electors of such city borough town or township

Section 3 Whenever any city borough town or township shall desire to sell or lease any public utility it shall pass an ordinance or resolution to that effect and provide for the holding of an election for the purpose of obtaining the expression of the electors upon such question Notice of such election shall be given to the electors of any such municipality by publication in three newspapers published in such municipality once a week for four weeks immediately preceding such election If less than three newspapers are published in such municipality then such notice shall be published in any newspaper published in such municipality and if no newspaper is published therein then notice shall be given by at least fifty printed hand bills posted in the most public parts of such municipality

Section 4 The advertisements or notices provided for in section three of this act shall state the time and place of holding such election the public utility in quetsion and the proposed manner of disposal thereof a statement under oath by the president or treasurer of the council or corporate authorities of such city borough town or township showing the valuation of such public utility at the last inventory the total earnings and percentage of profit and loss and the cost of operation and maintenance thereof for the two years last past the name or names of the parties desiring to purchase or lease such public utility and the price or sum offered therefor

Section 5 The corporate authorities of such city borough town or township shall in all cases fix the time of holding any election in pursuance to this act on the day of any municipal or general election unless more than ninety days elapse between the date of the ordinance and any such election Any such election shall be conducted by the regular election officers and all electors of any such city borough town or township qualified under the laws of this Commonwealth to vote at general elections may vote at any such election

Section 6 The ballots used at any such election shall have printed on the outside in large plain letters "Proposed Sale of" (naming public utility) or "Proposed Leasing of" (naming public utility) and said ballot shall contain on the inside a brief statement of the object of the election naming the public utility to be sold or leased the name of the party seeking to purchase or lease the same and the sum offered and below such statement shall be printed in large letters "Shall the Sale (or Lease) be Made" followed by the words "Yes" and "No" and the qualified voters of any such city borough town or township shall at such election mark in the square opposite the words "Yes" or "No" by a cross mark (X) his answer to the question submitted The ballots so voted shall be deposited in a box specially provided for that purpose and shall be counted and a return thereof made by the election board to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and the clerk of the courts shall make a record of the same and shall furnish a certified copy thereof showing the result to the corporate authorities of such city borough town or township and the same shall be placed of record upon the minutes thereof

Section 7 If any such election be held at any time other than on the day of any general or municipal election the expense of holding the same shall be paid by such city borough town or township All penalties for the violation of the election laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are extended to any such election

Section 8 Any person firm or corporation purchasing a "Public Utility" under the provisions of this act shall in all respects be subject to the provisions of The Public Service Company Law approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws one thousand three hundred and seventy-four) and its amendments or supplements

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, this bill relates to utilities which are owned by any municipality. In almost all cases public utilities owned by municipalities are built and financed by means of bond issues which must be authorized by a vote of the people under the Constitution and under the Act of 1874. As the law now exists any town council or city council may sell its utilities and convey them to a private person or privaate corporation without any reference to the people at all. I have known of instances where the municipal authorities were very anxious to submit the question to the people for a vote, but there is no act of assembly authorizing them so to do. It seems to me that inasmuch as a vote of the people is required to create these utilities it is only fair and good business policy that the people should be consulted before they are sold.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 921, as follows:

An Act requiring each city of the second and third class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulate the payment of such pensions excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second and third class shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years of service in said city excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus No employ under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

Section 2 Cities of the second and third class shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the salary received for the two years previous to their retirement Provided however the pension shall not exceed on hundred dollars per month

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

VOTE RECONSIDERED.

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker. I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. MURDOCH. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker. I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title in line one by striking out the words "and third."

Amend section 1, in line 4, by striking out the words "And third."

Amend section 2, in line 2, by striking out the words "and third."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered. That the bill lie over for printing.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1424, entitled:

An Act authorizing Christian Gerz administrator of the estate of Alexander Gerz late of the City of Lancaster County of Lancaster deceased to sue the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. E. E. JONES in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1331, entitled:

An Act regulating the keeping of bees and providing a penalty

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I think the sponsor of this bill should explain its provisions.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I think the bill explains itself. Personally, I have no trouble with bees but one of my constituents has had a pretty severe spring and he wrote me sometime ago in regard to this matter and I will just give you a few extracts from his letter. "I think a person keeping honey bees should not be permitted to keep them close to a line fence. There should be a law that no person shall have honey bees within fifteen rods of a line fence. I have a person as a neighbor who is keeping bees and I lost a valuable horse through bees stinging him. There should be a fine and imprisonment and a law should be passed and no one should be permitted to disobey this law."

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—96.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter.
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Stone,
Walsh.
Walter,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wildman,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,

NAYS—32.

Beck,
Body,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Flynn,
Gallagher,
Geiser,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Kuhn,
Landis,
Lindsey,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Palmer,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving,
Twibill,
Watson,
West,
Whitten,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bills falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1002, entitled:

An Act relating to domestic animals and their destruction to prevent spread of disease and the compensation therefor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it may be from the type of this bill that the members will not understand just what the object of the bill is, and in order that all may understand I would say that this bill is intended to compensate persons for cattle killed for the foot and mouth disease at their appraised value instead of two-thirds of the appraised value as provided for in the present law. The present law provides that cattle killed for contagious diseases shall be paid for at two-thirds of their appraised value, and that value is not to exceed forty dollars for common and graded cattle, and seventy dollars for a pure bred animal. Now you all know that common and graded cattle are usually worth a great deal more than that, and that a pure bred animal is worth considerably more, and it works a great hardship on a man to have cattle that he has taken a lifetime to raise killed for the foot and mouth disease. The foot and mouth disease is different from other contagious diseases inasmuch as when one animal becomes infected the State requires that you kill the whole herd, no matter whether they are diseased or not. In other diseases you are only required to kill those that are diseased. A person having to kill only one animal has not so very much loss even if he does not get much compensation. But where he has a herd of high grade cattle worth considerable money and one animal becomes infected with this disease it means an enormous loss to him and in many cases would almost break a man up. In order to get this in the form that it should be I have fixed this bill excepting cattle killed for foot and mouth disease out of the regular law and make a separate law to provide for that disease alone. Now, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I hope you will vote for this bill and do justice to the persons who have had great losses of cattle on account of the foot and mouth disease.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee.
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby.
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster.
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones.
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan.
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—6.

Becker,
Gingery,
Mellott,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1385, as follows:

An Act to validate acts done by corporations before the recording of their charter

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where heretofore any act has been done or transfer or conveyance of any property made to or by any corporation created or intended to be created by virtue of the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four or its supplements in good faith after the issuing of letters patent and before the actual record of the certificate such acts transfers and conveyances shall after said certificate has been duly recorded as provided in said act be deemed and taken to be valid and effectual for all purposes Provided This act shall not affect any proceeding now pending

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,
Albee.
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary.
Geiser,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin
Mather,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair.
Smith, J. W.,

Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Maurer,
Sampsel,
Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1508, as follows:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof" which reads as follows

"Section 3 That any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be gilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) dollars nor more than fifty (50) dollars or imprisonment for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days or either or both at the discretion of the court" is amended to read as follows

Section 3 That any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five (25) dollars nor more than fifty (50) dollars or imprisonment for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days or either or both at the discretion of the court

If any sample of milk taken from a producer or taken from a dealer and traced directly to an individual producer shall fall below the standard fixed by law in totals solids or butter-fats the officer charged with the enforcement of this act shall with the consent of the owner cause a test to be made of the herd from which the milk was taken and if the milk of the herd shall test below the minimum composition required by law no action shall lie against such producer

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Baker,
Blackburn,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 462, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibits to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" which as amended by an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by State of the sum so paid" as amended reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the board of county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of annual exhibitions of farm products are authorized and shall pay annually by warrant drawn upon the county treasurer the sum of one thousand dollars to each of not more than two incorporated county agricultural associations paying premiums upon exhibits—exclusive of premiums upon trials of speed—holding in their county an annual agricultural exhibition in the interests of stock-raising grain poultry handiwork fruit dairy products et cetera for a period of not less than three consecutive days upon the filing with the county commissioners of a sworn statement as provided for in section two of this act Provided Said claimants or associations shall each pay in premiums a sum equal to the said one thousand dollars or only receive under this act the sum they each and severally pay in premiums Provided further That all premiums paid under this act shall be only upon products of the county wherein such exhibition is held And provided further That any county fair association receiving State aid as aforesaid shall issue a permit to any citizen of this Commonwealth applying for the same to maintain upon the grounds of said association during the progress of any fair a stand for the sale of merchandise or the conducting of an amusement enterprise under and subject to the rules and regulations adopted by said association upon payment of the charges by it established which charges shall be uniform upon the same class of business or amusement" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of annual exhibitions of foreign products are authorized and shall pay annually by warrant drawn upon the county treasurer the sum of two thousand dollars to be divided share and share alike among not more than three incorporated county agricultural associations paying premiums upon exhibits—exclusive of premiums upon trials of speed—holding in their county an annual agricultural exhibition in the interests of stockraising grain poultry handiwork fruit dairy products et cetera for a period of not less than three consecutive days upon the filing with the county commissioners of a sworn statement as provided for in section two of this act Provided Said claimants or associations shall each pay in premiums a sum equal to their respective share of the said two thousand dollars or only receive under this act the sum they each and severally pay in premiums Provided further That all premiums paid under this act shall be only upon products of the county wherein such exhibition is held And provided further That any county fair association receiving State aid as aforesaid shall issue a permit to any citizen of this Commonwealth applying for the same to maintain upon the grounds of said association during the progress of any fair a stand for the sale of merchandise or the conducting of an amusement enterprise under and subject to the rules and regulations adopted by said association upon payment of the charges by it established which charges shall be uniform upon the same class of business or amusement

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,

Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Baker.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1164, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" by providing for the payment of the premium charged for the bond of a trust or bonding company by the authorities of boroughs or townships

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty.
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott.
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer.
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—6.

Diefenderfer,
Erdman,
McKay,
Sones,
Weaver,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1166, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred seventy-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum amount of bond

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair.
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie.
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Baker,
Blackburn.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Mr. RONEY offered the following concurrent resolution, which was read and laid over for printing:

In the House of Representatives, April 1915.

Whereas, at No. 275 of June Term, 1910, the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, did, on the suggestion of the Commonwealth at the relation of the then Attorney General, Honorable M. Hampton Todd, issue its writ of quo warranto directed to the late religious society known as the Harmony Society, Susie C. Duss, its last elected trustee, John S. Duss, de facto trustee, and the said Susie C. Duss, John S. Duss and Franz Gillman, individually, and did cause said writ to be served on the Beaver County Land Company, the Liberty Land Company and the Commonwealth Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee:

And Whereas, answers have been filed by several of the said defendants and a replication has been filed by the Commonwealth;

And Whereas, by the said pleadings it appears that it is alleged by the Commonwealth that the said Harmony Society was a religious society organized in the year 1805, and which acquired property in Beaver county in the years 1824 and 1825 and at other times thereafter, which property was held for religious uses; and that said society at different times conveyed its real property to The Union Company, the Beaver County Land Company and thousands of different persons, and that said real property was situate not only in Beaver county but in Allegheny county, Butler county and Warren county and other counties of this Commonwealth; that the said The Union Company had conveyed some twenty-five hundred acres of land formerly occupied by said society to the Liberty Land Company in consideration of the delivery of twenty-five hundred Liberty Land Company's Purchase Money Mortgage Bonds, of the par value of $1,000.00 each, that the said society had been dissolved and ceased to exist, and that its assets had been in fact illegally distributed among the members of said society and others, and that of right all the property of said society, real or personal, on its dissolution or ceasing to exist had vested in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania;

And Whereas, it was alleged by certain of the defendants that said society was not a religious society but a trading or business association and did not hold any of its property, real or personal, for religious or charitable uses or purposes; and that its members had at any time the right to dissolve the said society and divide its effects among themselves, and that they had so done;

And Whereas, it appears that the pendency of the said litigation directly or indirectly affects or has a tendency to cast a cloud on many titles to real estate in Beaver county and other counties of this Commonwealth where ever said society at any time since 1805 owned and conveyed real property, and said litigation has a tendency to embarrass thousands of owners of small homes in mortgaging or conveying the same;

And whereas, it appears that of the purchase money bonds of said Liberty Land Company issued as aforesaid, only ten hundred and seventy-six (1076) remain outstanding, the residue having been cancelled or retired; and that of the said outstanding bonds one hundred and ninety-two (192) are owned by innocent third parties, at no time members of said society, and that except as to sixty-seven (67) of said bonds, former members of said society have pledged all of said bonds owned by them to secure certain indebtedness of themselves or of said society, aggregating two hundred and fifty thousand ($250,000.00) dollars, and that the interest coupons on said bonds have not been paid for the past six years;

And whereas, it appears that the stock of said Beaver County Land Company is owned by former members of said society except as to some two (2) shares thereof, and that said stock has been pledged to secure said indebtedness of two hundred and fifty thousand ($250,000.00) dollars, or a portion thereof, and that said Beaver County Land Company is seized in fee, as appears by the recorded instruments, of about five (5) acres, more or less, of land situate in the former Village of Economy, Pa., now the Borough of Ambridge, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, and also of certain scattered lots located in the City of Beaver Falls and the adjacent territory in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, the whole of which is real estate of said Beaver County Land Company and assessed in 1915, for the purpose of local taxation at an amount not exceeding ninety-seven thousand two hundred forty-four ($97,244.00) dollars; and that said corporation owes debts exceeding one hundred seventy thousand ($170,000.00) dollars;

And whereas, counsel representing the Commonwealth and the defendants, after many conferences and consideration of the matter involved, have agreed upon terms of settlement and compromise of said litigation in nowise prejudicing the positions assumed by the defendants in said pleading and not intended by them to recognize or admit any right of the Commonwealth, but only to put an end to protracted litigation and quiet title to real and personal property wherever situate that was at any time held by or for said society. By said agreement it is proposed to convey in fee simple absolutely to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania those two certain parcels of land both situate in the Fourth Ward of the Borough of Ambridge, County of Beaver and Commonwealth aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

(1)—All that certain parcel commonly known as the "Great House Block," bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner of the within-described parcel, (said corner being a point formed by the intersection of the south line of Fourteenth Street with the west line of Church Street); thence along the west line of Church Street, south no degrees 29' east, three hundred and ninety-seven hundredths (300.97) feet to a point at the corner of Church and Thirteenth Streets; thence along the north line of Thirteenth Street S. 88 degrees 54' west, three hundred ninety-eight and eighty-five hundredths (398.85 feet to a point at the corner of Thirteenth Street and Ohioview Avenue; thence along the east line of Ohioview Avenue, N. O. degrees 41' 38" W., three hundred one and ninety-three hundredths (301.93) feet to a point at the corner of Ohioview Avenue; thence along the south line of Fourteenth Street N. 89 degrees 02' 30" E., three hundred ninety-nine and ninety-six hundredths (399.96) feet to a point at the place of beginning.

(2)—All that certain parcel, being part of the block commonly known as the "Music Hall" block, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said block, being the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly line of Fourteenth Street with the easterly line of Ohioview Avenue; thence by said northerly line of Fourteenth Street N. 89 degrees 02' 30" E., Four hundred and eighteen hundreds (400.18) feet to a point at corner of Church and Fourteenth Streets; thence by Church Street N. O. degrees 29' West, One hundred eighty-three and seventy-one hundreds (183.71) feet to a point; thence S. 89 degrees 06' 30" W., Four hundred and eighty-eight hundredths (400.88) feet to a point on east line of Ohioview Avenue; and thence by Ohioview Avenue, S. O. degrees 41' 38" E., One hundred eighty-four and nineteen hundredths (184.19) feet, to the place of beginning.

Reserving, however, the right of possession to the Beaver County Land Company, its successors and assigns, until January 1st, 1917, of the former music hall and three wine cellars and buildings connected therewith of the said society, in which have been stored certain furnishings and supplies that were of said society, which said buildings on said portion, the possession of which is intended to be reserved for the said period, are erected upon all that certain parcel, piece or lot of land in the Fourth Ward of the Borough of Ambridge, being part of the block commonly known as the "Music Hall" Block, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at the southeast corner of the within-described parcels,—(said corner being a point formed by the intersection of the west line of Church Street with the north line of Fourteenth Street); thence along the north line of Fourteenth Street S. 89 degrees 02' 30" W., Two hundred forty (240) feet to a point; thence at right angles to Fourteenth Street, N. O. degrees 57' 30" W., One hundred eighty-four (184) feet to a point; thence N. 89 degrees 06' 30" E., Two hundred forty-one and fifty-one hundredths (241.51) feet to a point in the west line of Church Street; thence by said west line S. O. degrees 29' E., One hundred eighty-three and seventy-one hundredths (183.71) feet to a point, at the place of beginning.

And by said agreement it is further proposed to pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars cash forthwith upon the conclusion of the proposed settlement and the entry of the Judgment and the Order or Decree hereinafter mentioned, and to pay the record costs of said proceeding.

And Whereas, in the opinion of the Attorney General, the Auditor General, the State Treasurer, and of counsel for the Commonwealth in said litigation, it is for the best interest of the Commonwealth, both in its corporate capacity and as custodians of the welfare of its citizens, that said settlement should be made and that the title to all of said real and personal property that was of said society should be quieted and settled insofar as relates to the said claim of the Commonwealth;

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the Attorney General, the Auditor General and that State Treasurer be and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to make said settlement and compromise in the name and on behalf of the Commonwealth, and to receive for the Commonwealth the deed for said described real property with the reservation of possession as aforesaid as to a portion thereof, and to receive for the Commonwealth the said sum of money; and thereupon there is hereby released to the said defendants, or parties upon which said writ was served, and to each and every one of them, their heirs, grantees and assigns, all the real and personal property that was of the Harmony Society, at any time, and not included in the property to be conveyed to the Commonwealth under the terms of such settlement, and the said Attorney General, Auditor General and State Treasurer are authorized to apply to the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county to have entered in said litigation such Judgment, Order and Decree as will effectually conclude all litigation, and forever extinguish any and all title or claim which might or could be asserted by or through the Commonwealth, except tax claims, if any, against all the property, real or personal, of said Society held by the parties to said suit or served with said writ or by any person holding, through or under them or said society.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 488 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. REYNOLDS offered the following concurrent resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the House of Representatives, April 28, 1915.

Resolved, (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 488, file folio 3293, entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans' approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposits under certain regulations," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1535 (Senate No. 732), as follows:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game fish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen may be clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eleven or an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game-fish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 11 That it shall be unlawful to fish in any part of the waters described in this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction with any gill-net having a mesh of less than three inches stretched mesh fishing measure and more than thirty meshes deep and all gill-nets used in fishing for trout shall have meshes at least five and one-half (5½) inches in size stretched mesh fishing measure or with any pound-net with the net at the back side of the crib having a mesh of less than two and one-half (2½) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and the net of the balance of the crib having a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure Any person or persons fishing at any time of the year with gill-nets or pound-nets having meshes of less size than herein described shall on conviction be subject to a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars or in default of payment each person convicted shall be confined in the county jail for a period of three months and all boats nets and other appliances used together with any fish caught shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries Provided further That the provisions in regard to size of meshes in pound-nets shall not become affective until the year one thousand nine hundred fourteen" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 11 That it shall be lawful to fish for food fish in any part of any lake described in the first section of this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction subject to the other provisions of modifications in this act contained with gill-nets having a mesh not less than three (3) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and not more than thirty meshes deep provided that gill-nets used in fishing for trout shall have meshes at least five and one-half (5 1-2) inches in size stretched mesh fishing measure and with pound-nets the cribs of which shall have a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and with trap-nets over seventeen miles from the entrance to any bay described in the first section of this act measured in a direct line and over one-half mile from the entrance to the lake of any stream having a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and with set lines with hooks attached called night-lines Any person or persons fishing at any time of the year with gill-nets pound-nets or trap nets having meshes of less size than herein described shall on conviction be subject to a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars or in default of payment each person convicted shall be confined in the county jail for a period of three months and all boats nets and other appliances used together with any fish caught shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries Provided further That the provisions in regard to size of meshes in trap nets shall not become effective until August first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 2 That section twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any person persons company or corporation to operate for the purpose of catching fish any boat boats net nets or any device whatsoever except a rod and line having not more than three hooks or handline having not more than three hooks or a spear used for catching carp and suckers only with a trolling-line with spoon-hooks attached in any part of any lakes described in this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction without having first paid into the hands of the Department of Fisheries the following amounts as license fees to wit For each row or sail-boat used in fishing with gill-nets five dollars for each boat of any other kind under ten tons gross burden so used ten dollars for each boat of any kind of from ten to twenty tons gross burden so used fifteen dollars for each boat of any kind over twenty tons gross burden so used twenty dollars for each pound-net ten dollars for any other form of net or device not less than one dollar nor more than five dollars as the Department of Fisheries may determine and in addition to the license fees above set forth the operators of each boat so licensed shall permit a man designated by the Commissioner of Fisheries to accompany such boat at any time when it is engaged in fishing under and by virtue of such license for the purpose of securing for the Department of Fisheries from the fish caught so much of their spawn as the Department may desire to secure and any person operating or employing others to operate or any member of a partnership or officer of a corporation that employs or consents to the employment of any person to operate any boat net nets device or devices without having procured from the Department of Fisheries a license as provided in this section authorizing him them or it to do shall on conviction be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars or in default of payment be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of one day for each dollar of fine unpaid and all fish and nets shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any person persons company or corporation to operate for the purpose of catching fish any boat boats net nets or any device whatosever except a rod and line having not more than three hooks a hand-line having not more than three hooks a spear used for catching carp and suckers only and a trolling-line with spoon-hooks attached in any part of any lake described in this act over which this Commonwealth his jurisdiction without having first paid into the hands of the Department of Fisheries the following amounts as license fees to wit For each row or sail-boat used in fishing with gill-nets five dollars for each boat of any kind under ten tons gross burden so used ten dollars for each boat of any kind of from ten to twenty tons gross burden so used fifteen dollars for each boat of any kind over twenty tons gross burden so used twenty dollars for each pound-net ten dollars for any other form of authorized and not excepted net or device not less than fifty cents nor more than five dollars as the Department of Fisheries may determine and in addition to the license fees above set forth the operators of each boat so licensed shall permit a man designated by the Commissioner of Fisheries to accompany such boat at any time when it is engaged in fishing under and by virtue of such license for the purpose of securing for the Department of Fisheries from the fish so caught so much of their spawn as the Department may desire to secure and any person operating or employing others to operate or any member of a partnership or officer of a corporation that employs or consents to the employment of any person to operate any boat net nets device or devices without having procured from the Department of Fisheries a license as provided in this section authorizing him them or it so to do shall on conviction be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars or in default of payment be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of one day for each dollar of the fine unpaid and all fish and nets shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BOVEE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section one, line 68, by striking out after the word "and" the word "fifteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sixteen."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1415, as follows:

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting quarantining and control of certain communicable diseases and for the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violations of the act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every physician practicing in any portion of this Commonwealth who shall treat or examine any person suffering from or afflicted with actinomycosis anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotter fever) chicken pox Asiatic cholera diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) epidemic dysentery (bacillary or amebic dysentery) erysipelas German measles glanders (farcy) rabies (hydrophobia) leprosy malarial fever measles mumps pneumonia (true) puerperal fever relapsing fever scarlet fever (scarlantina scarlet rash) small pox (variola varioloid) tetanus trachoma trichiniasis tuberculosis in any form typhoid fever para typhoid fever typhus fever whooping cough yellow fever anterior poliomyelitis impetigo contagiosa pellagra scabies or uncinariasis shall if said case shall be located in a township of the first class a borough or a city forthwith make a report in writing to the health authorities of said township city or borough and if said case shall be located in a township of the second class or a city borough or township of the first class not having a board of health or body acting as such to the health officer appointed by the State Department of Health for such district upon blanks supplied for that purpose in which report he shall over his or her own signature state the name of the disease and the name age sex color nativity and occupation if any of the person suffering therefrom together with the street and house number of the premises in which said person may be located or otherwise sufficiently designate the same the date of the onset of the disease the name and occupation of the householder in whose family the disease may have occurred the number of children in said household attending school and the name or names of the school or schools so attended together with such information relating to said case as may be required by said health authorities and the State Department of Health

Section 2 Upon receipt by the health authorities of any township of the first class borough or city or by the health officers of the State Department of Health of a report the existence of a case of anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) chicken pox Asiatic cholera diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) erysipelas German measles glanders (farcy) leprosy malarial fever measles mumps relapsing fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) small pox (variola varioloid) typhoid fever para typhoid fever typhus fever whooping cough or yellow fever the said health authorities or the health officer of the State Department of Health as the case may be shall quarantine or cause to be quarantined the premises in which such disease exists and any person or persons who has or have been exposed thereto in the manner prescribed by the rules and regulations both of said health authorities and the State Department of Health and shall post or cause to be posted in a conspicuous place or places upon the premises in which said disease may be located a placard or placards upon which shall be printed in conspicuous letters the name of the disease from which the person or persons in said house or premises is suffering with the warning that the said premises are quarantined that no person or persons other than the attending physician and trained nurse shall enter or leave the said premises except by permission of the health authorities and setting forth the penalties prescribed by this act for violations of quarantine Provided That variola or varioloid shall be placarded as "small pox" and that diphtheritic croup membranous croup and putrid sore throat shall be placarded as "diphtheria" that scarlatina and scarlet rash shall be placarded as "scarlet fever" and that para typhoid fever shall be placarded as "typhoid fever" Provided further That in addition to the placarding aforesaid said health authorities may for the purpose of enforcing quarantine regulations place guard or guards over said house or premises

Section 3 That the said placard or placards shall remain in place until the expiration of the quarantine period fixed by the health authorities and the recovery death or removal of the person or persons affected and shall only be removed by the health officer at which time he shall disinfect the premises except for typhoid fever and para typhoid fever in accordance with the rules and regulations of the health authorities and the State Department of Health regarding the destruction and disinfection of infected bedding clothing and other articles which have been exposed to infection and the disinfection of rooms premises and inmates

Section 4 The quarantine period for anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) Asiatic cholera typhus fever yellow fever relapsing fever leprosy and whooping cough shall be until the recovery death or removal of the patient so suffering and shall be determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the health authorities The quarantine period for small pox (variola varioloid) and scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) shall be a minimum period of thirty days or until such time thereafter as the last person in the premises so suffering shall have fully recovered or until death or removal The quarantine period for diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) shall be a minimum period of twenty-one days or until complete recovery or the death or removal of the patient Provided That if antitoxin has been used for curative purposes for the patient and for the immunizing of all of the inmates of the premises and two negative bacteriological cultures have been secured from the diseased area of each patient on the premises for two successive days the minimum period of quarantine may be fourteen days the quarantine period for measles German measles chicken pox and mumps shall be for a minumum period of sixteen days or until the recovery of the last person on the premises so suffering or until complete recovery or the death or removal of the patient

Section 5 No child or other person suffering from anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) Asiatic cholera small pox (variola varioloid) typhus fever yellow fever relapsing fever leprosy diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) measles German measles chicken pox mumps or whooping cough shall be permitted to attend any place of amusement or any church or any other public gathering or to be exposed on any public street or in any store shop factory or other place of business or be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other school and the teachers of public schools and the charge of private parochial Sunday or other similar schools are hereby required to exclude any of such persons from said schools such exclusion to continue until the case has recovered the quarantine lifted and the premises thoroughly disinfected

Section 6 No child or other person suffering from scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) shall be permitted to attend any place of amusement or any church or other public gathering or to be exposed on any public street or in any store shop factory or other place of business or be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other school and the teachers of public schools and the principals superintendents teachers or other persons in charge of private parochial Sunday or other schools are hereby required to exclude any and all such persons and children from said school such exclusion to continue for a period of ten days following the removal of quarantine and a thorough disinfection of the premises subject to a certificate of complete recovery furnished to the health authorities by the attending physician

Section 7 No child or other person residing in the same premises with any person suffering from anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) Asiatic cholera small pox (variola varioloid) typhus fever yellow fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) relapsing fever leprosy diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) measles German measles chicken pox or mumps shall be permitted to attend any place of amusement or any church or other public gathering or to be exposed except by permission of the health authorities on any public street or in any store shop factory or other place of business or be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other schools and the teachers of public schools and the principals superintendents teachers or other persons in charge of private parochial Sunday or other similar schools are hereby required to exclude any and all such persons from said schools such exclusion to continue until quarantine is lifted and the premises thoroughly disinfected

Section 8 Any child or person residing on the same premises with any person suffering from anthrax cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) typhus fever German measles mumps or chicken pox may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after such removal be admitted into any of the said schools and any child or person residing in the same premises with anyone suffering from diphtheria (diphtheric croup membranous croup putric sore throat) may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing and after antitoxin has been administered for immunizing purposes to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after such removal be admitted into any of the said schools and any child or person residing on the same premises with any persons suffering from scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) who by virtue of a former attack is immune from scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) this act being attested by the attending physician or shown by the official health records may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after such removal be admitted to any of the said schools and any child or person residing in the same premises with any person suffering from relapsing fever may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after ten days from such removal be admitted into any of the said schools and any child or person residing on the same premises with any person suffering from measles may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove therefrom and take up his or her residence on other premises occupied only by adults and may after fourteen days from such removal be admitted into any of the said schools

Section 9 That children not affected with any communicable disease who are inmates of any regularly established charitable institution which maintains a separate isolation building or a ward or top story with separate stairway separate and apart from the remainder of the institution and to which children do not have access may be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other school if cases of scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) measles German measles chicken pox mumps or whooping cough are properly quarantined and isolated in such isolation building ward or top story and the institution properly disinfected and children not affected with such disease given a disinfecting bath and provided with disinfected clothing

Section 10 That every teacher principal superintendent or other person or persons in charge of any public private parochial Sunday or other school having in any such school any child or person showing any unusual rash or skin eruption or complaining of soreness in the throat or having symptoms of whooping cough shall immediately exclude such child or other person from the schools pending the action of the health authorities and shall report such fact to the health officer of the city borough or township giving the name and residence of such child or other person

Section 11 No child or other person excluded from any school by the provisions of this act shall be re-admitted thereto unless he or she or some person on his or her behalf shall furnish to the principal superintendent or teacher or other person in charge of said school a certificate setting forth that the conditions for such readmission prescribed by this act have been complied with which certificate shall be signed by a person to be designated for that purpose in cities boroughs and townships of the first class by the health authorities thereof exclusively and in townships of the second class and cities boroughs and townships of the first class not having boards of health or bodies acting as such by the State Department of Health and the registry of all public private parochial Sunday and other schools shall exhibit the names and residences of all children and persons excluded therefrom or readmitted thereto agreeably to the provisions of this or any other Act of Assembly and said register shall be open at all times to the inspection of the city borough or township authorities and the State Department of Health and their respective officer and agents

Section 12 Blanks whereon to make the reports and certificates required by this act shall be supplied in cities boroughs and townships of the first class by the health authorities thereof respectively and in townships of the second class and in cities boroughs and townships of the first class not having boards of health or bodies acting as such by the State Department of Health

Section 13 It shall be the duty of the health authorities of cities boroughs and townships of the first class respectively to furnish daily by mail or otherwise to principals superintendents teachers and other persons in charge of public private parochial Sunday and other schools a printed or written bulletin containing the name location and disease of all persons suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in sections five and six of this act upon receipt by them of reports of such cases from physicians as required by section one of this act and such bulletin shall be daily furnished to such persons in charge of such schools in townships of the second class and in cities boroughs and townships of the first class not having boards of health or bodies acting as such by the health officer for the State Department of Health

Section 14 Upon the removal to a hospital or other place or upon the discharge by the recovery or death of any person or persons who has or have suffered from tuberculosis or any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act all premises which have been occupied by the said person or persons while suffering any of the said diseases shall be fumigated and disinfected or destroyed at such time and in such manner as may be authorized and required by the health authorities

Section 15 No person suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act nor anyone who has charge of the persons so suffering shall enter any hired vehicle or other public conveyance or permit anyone in his or her charge who is suffering therefrom to enter such vehicle without previously securing the consent of health authorities and notifying the owner or driver thereof that he or she or the person in his or her charge is so suffering and the owner or driver of such vehicle shall immediately provide for the disinfection of such conveyance under the direction of the health authorities after it has with the knowledge of such owner or driver conveyed any such sufferer

Section 16 No person suffering from anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) chicken pox Asiatic cholera diphtheria (Diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) German measles mumps relapsing fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) small pox (variola varioloid) typhus fever typhoid fever yellow fever or whooping cough shall wilfully expose himself or herself in any street or public place or public conveyance nor shall any person in charge of anyone so suffering thus expose the sufferer

Section 17 No person shall without previous disinfection give lend sell transmit or expose any bedding clothing rags or other articles which have been exposed to infection from any of the diseases mentioned in section one of this act Provided That such restriction shall not apply to the transmission of articles with proper precaution for the purpose of having the same disnifected

Section 18 No person shall let any room house or part of a house in which there has been a person suffering from tuberculosis or any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act without having such room house or part of a house and all articles therein previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the health authorities The keeping of a hotel boarding-house or apartment-house shall be deemed as letting a part of a house to any person who shall be admitted as a guest into such hotel boarding-house or apartment-house

Section 19 The health authorities of the several townships boroughs and cities of this Commonwealth may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to establish additional rules and regulations regarding the isolation and quarantine of persons who may be suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section one of this act and for the destruction disinfection and fumigation of bedding clothing or other infected articles and for the disinfection and fumigation of houses and premises and for the carrying out of the provisions of this act as they may in good faith declare the public safety and health demand which rules and regulations they may from time to time alter or amend but in no instances shall such rules abridge in any way the provisions of this act or the regulations of the State Department of Health

Section 20 In the preparation for burial of the body of any person who has died of Asiatic cholera glanders (farcy) bubonic plague small pox (variola varioloid) yellow fever typhus fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) relapsing fever cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) diphtheria (diphtehitic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) tetanus or leprosy it shall be the duty of the undertaker or person acting as such to thoroughly disinfect and place such body in the coffin or casket in which it is to be buried within six hours after being first called upon to take charge of the same Provided said call is made between the hours of five ante meridian and eleven post meridian otherwise such body shall be placed in such coffin or casket within twelve hours the coffin or casket then to be closed tightly and not again opened unless permission be granted by the health authorities for special and satisfactory cause shown

Section 21 The body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall not remain unburied for a longer period of time than thirty-six hours after death unless special permission be granted by the health authorities extending the time during which said body shall remain unburied for special and satisfactory cause shown The undertaker or person acting as such shall be responsible for any violation of the provisions of this section

Section 22 All services held in connection with the funeral of the body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall be private and the attendance thereat shall include only the immediate adult relatives of the deceased who may not at the time be under absolute quarantine restrictions and the necessary number of adult pallbearers and any advertisement of such funeral shall state the cause of death

Section 23 The body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall in no instance be taken into any church chapel public hall or public building for the holding of funeral services The undertaker or person acting as such and the sexton janitor or other person having control of such church chapel public hall or public building shall be responsible for any violation of the provisions of this section

Section 24 No undertaker or person acting as such at the funeral or burial of the body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall furnish or provide for such funeral or burial more than the necessary number of conveyances for such adult relatives as are mentioned in section twenty-two of this act and pall-bearers and all such conveyances shall be fumigated and disinfected at such time and in such manner as may be directed and required by the health authorities

Section 25 The body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall not be conveyed from any dwelling or other building or place to any cemetery or other point or place except in a hearse or other vehicle used for the purpose of conveying corpses only or in such vehicles as shall be satisfactory to the health authorities and under such regulations as they may in any case adopt The undertaker or person acting as such having charge of the funeral or transportation of such body shall be responsible for any violation of the provisions of this section

Section 26 The health authorities of the several cities boroughs and townships of the first class shall at the end of each week and for the fraction of each week occurring at the end of each month report to the State Department of Health upon blanks supplied for that purpose a list of all cases of communicable diseases mentioned in section one of this act which have been reported to them during said period which report shall contain the name of each person suffering therefrom respectively and his or her age sex color and nativity together with the name of the disease and the date of the onset thereof and in the event of no reports of any of said diseases having been received by the aforesaid health authorities respectively during any said period that fact shall be reported to the State Department of Health

Section 27 Any person who shall remove deface cover up or destroy or cause to be removed defaced covered up or destroyed any placard relating to any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act shall for every such offense upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein such offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten ($10) dollars or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to the use of said county and costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than ten days or more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court any person other than the attending physician or trained nurse who shall enter or leave any quarantined premises without having secured permission from the health authorities or who shall violate any of the quarantine restrictions imposed by this act or by the rules and regulations of the health authorities of any city borough or township of the first class or the rules and regulations of the State Department of Health or who shall interfere with a health officer or any other duly qualified agent of the State Department of Health or of any local board or department of health in the discharge of his official duties in the placarding quarantining disinfecting or releasing from quarantine of any premises or in the investigation of any alleged case of a quarantinable disease shall for every such offense upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein said offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty ($50) dollars or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to the use of the said county and costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than ten or more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court

Any physician undertaker teacher of a public school principal of a school superintendent of a Sunday school sexton janitor parent or guardian or any other person or persons who shall fail neglect or refuse to comply with or who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall for every such offense upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein said offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty ($20) dollars or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to the use of said county and costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than ten or more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 28 Section one (except the enacting clause thereof) and sections two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the more effectual protection of the public health in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth" approved June eighteenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and the act of May fourteenth Anno Domini nineteen hundred and nine entitled "An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing regulations for the control of certain communicable diseases and the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violation of said regulations" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like the sponsor of this bill to explain its purpose.

Mr. WALSH. Mr. Speaker, this bill proposes to reduce the days of quarantine of chickenpox, measles, German measles and mumps, from twenty-one days to sixteen days, and permits immune contacts, that is children who have had these diseases, to be removed from the House of contagion and to continue in school. That is all it is.

On the qestion, recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—181.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans.
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hollern,
Howarth
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Brownlee,
Rothenberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1075 (Senate No. 288), entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. This being a Senate Bill, the sponsor is not in the House.

Mr. BAKER. Then Mr. Speaker, the end and purpose of this bill or rather the end will be,—the doctrine of survivorship will apply; that is, if there be a joint fund deposited in a trust company or bank by two persons, the survivor, in the case of the death of one, will take the whole. This will defeat the right of the creditors, that is the creditors of the deceased. Another effect will be that it will defeat the right of the State to collect a collateral tax due from the deceased, if the docrine of survivorship did not apply. Another matter to be considered is that the amount is limited to one thousand dollars to a bank. I do not know the number of banks in the Cities of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, but the amount which would be lost to the creditors of the deceased would be a large sum of money. For that reason I am opposed to the bill.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1036, entitled:

An Act providing for a uniform rate of taxation upon all property subject to taxation within the territorial limits of cities of the second class of this Commonwealth for the payment of current expenses and the payment of the indebtedness of said cities or any territorial part thereof and for all other municipal purposes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn.
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
[illegible]
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Bungard,
Coldsmith.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1408, as follows:

An Act providing for the installation and maintenance of safety devices or fenders upon motor vehicles regulating the use thereof and prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no motor vehicle whether propelled by steam gas gasoline or electricity shall be operated or driven upon any public street or public highway in any city borough county town or township in this Commonwealth until the same shall have been equipped with a safety device or fender controlled entirely by the operator within the car and constructed so that said fender or safety device shall extend the entire width of the outer tread of said car said fender or safety device extending when dropped from a point not lower than the top of the front wheels to within four inches of the ground and being so constructed as to provide a pliable canvas or fibre apron or pocket in which persons or animals coming in contact with said motor vehicle may be caught supported and carried until such vehicle can be brought to a full stop

Section 2 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than five dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace as like offences and penalties are now by law collectible or in case of the non-payment of the fine within forty-eight hours to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding ten days Any person or persons who having been previously convicted before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of this Commonwealth of a violation of the provisions of this act upon commission of the second or subsequent offence shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars or more than five hundred dollars or in case of non-payment of such fine to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty days Upon conviction of a third violation of the provisions of this act certified to the State Highway Commissioner the license issued by him to such person so convicted shall immediately be revoked by the State Highway Commissioner and shall not be reissued for the space of four months after such revocation

Section 3 All fines and penalties collected under the provisions of this act shall be paid to the city borough or township treasurer wherein the offence is committed and the same shall be expended by said city borough town or township for the benefit of the public roads

Section 4 This act shall not apply to any race course or private road or to any passenger railway or steam railroad confined to tracks nor to steam or other street rollers

Section 5 This act shall take effect the first day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—16.

Aron,
Conner,
Cox,
Fackler,
Gallagher,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Lauler,
Maurer,
Spangler,
Stern,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wildman,

NAYS—108.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Hamilton,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Landis,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Whitten,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the quesion was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1356, as follows:

An Act to provide revenue by the imposition of a tax upon the transfer of stock of domestic and foreign corporations copartnership associations and joint-stock associations providing the manner of collecting such tax and prescribing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby imposed and shall accrue and be collected a tax as herein provided on all sales or agreements to sell or memoranda of sales of stock and upon any and all deliveries or transfers of shares or certificates of stock in any domestic or foreign corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company made on or after the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen whether made upon or shown by the books of the corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company or by any assignment in blank or by any delivery or by any paper or agreement or memorandum or other evidence of sale or transfer whether intermediate or final and whether investing the holder with the beneficial interest in or legal title to said stock or merely with the possession or use thereof for any purpose or to secure the future payment of money or the future transfer of any stock on each hundred dollars of face value or fraction thereof two cents except in cases where the shares or certificates of stock are issued without designated monetary value in which cases the tax shall be at the rate of two cents for each and every share of such stock It shall be the duty of the person or persons making or effectuating the sale or transfer to procure affix and cancel the stamps and pay the tax provided by this act It is not intended by this act to impose a tax upon an agreement evidencing the deposit of stock certificates as collateral security for money loaned thereon which stock certificates are not actually sold nor upon such stock certificates so deposited nor upon mere loans of stock or the return thereof The payment of such tax shall be denoted by an adhesive stamp or stamps affixed as follows In the case of a sale or transfer where the evidence of the transaction is shown only by the books of the corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company the stamp shall be placed upon such books and it shall be the duty of the person making or effectuating such sale or transfer to procure and furnish to the corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company the requisite stamps and of such corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company to affix and cancel the same Where the transaction is effected by the delivery or transfer of a certificate the stamp shall be placed upon the surrendered certificate and canceled and in cases of an agreement to sell or where the sale is effected by delivery of the certificate assigned in blank there shall be made and delivered by the seller to the buyer a bill or memorandum of such sale to which the stamp provided for by this act shall be affixed and canceled Every such bill or memorandum of sale or agreement to sell shall show the date of the transaction which it evidences the names of the seller the stock to which it relates and the number of shares thereof All such bills or memoranda of sale shall bear a number upon the face thereof and no more than one such bill or memorandum of sale made by the seller on any given day shall bear the same number The aforesaid identification number of the bill or memorandum of sale shall in all cases be entered and recorded in a book of account to be kept for the purpose and no further tax is hereby imposed upon the delivery of the certificate of stock or upon the actual issue of a new certificate when the original certificate of stock is accompanied by the duly stamped memorandum of sale as herein provided

Section 2 Adhesive stamps for the purpose of paying the State tax provided for by this act shall be prepared in such form and of such denominations and in such quanties as the Auditor General may from time to time prescribe and shall be sold by him to the person or persons desiring to purchase the same he shall make provisions for the sale of such stamps in such places and at such times as in his judgment he may deem necessary The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is hereby authorized and directed to make enter into and execute for and on behalf of the Commonwealth such contract or contracts for dies plates and printing as may be necessary for the manufacture of stamps provided for by this act and to provide such stationery as may be necessary and to deliver such stamps and stationery to the Auditor General who shall be the custodian thereof until sold

Section 3 Any person or persons who shall make any sale or transfer without paying the tax by this act imposed or who shall in pursuance of any sale or agreement deliver any stock or evidence of the sale of agreement to sell any stock or bill or memorandum thereof without having the stamps provided for in this section affixed thereto shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars or be imprisoned not more than six months or by both such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court

Section 4 In every case where an adhesive stamp shall be used to denote the payment of the State tax provided by this act the person using or affixing the same shall write or stamp thereupon the initials of his name and the date upon which the same shall be attached or used and shall cut or perforate the stamp in a substantial manner so that such stamp cannot be again used and if any person fraudulently makes use of an adhesive stamp to denote the State tax imposed by this section without so effectually cancelling and obliterating such stamp such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not less than two hundred nor more than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned for not more than six months or both at the discretion of the court

Section 5 Every person firm corporation copartnership association or joint stock company engaged in whole or in part in the making or negotiating of sales agreements to sell deliveries or transfers of shares or certificates of stock or conducting or transacting a stock brokerage business and every corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company which shall keep or cause to be kept within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a place for the sale transfer or delivery of its stock shall within ten days after this act shall take effect or if at the time this act shall take effect not engaged in such business or maintaining such a place for the sale or transfer of its stock within ten days after engaged in such business or after establishing such place for the sale or transfer of its stock as the case may be file in the office of the Auditor General a certificate setting forth the name under which such business is or is to be conducted or transacted and the true or real full name or names of the person or persons conducting or transacting the same with the postoffice address or addresses of said person or persons unless the party so certifying be a corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company in which event it shall set forth its said place of business and when and where incorporated or organized Said certificate shall be executed and duly acknowledged by the person or persons so conducting or intending to conduct said business or by the president or secretary of the corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company as the case may be

In the event of a change in the persons composing such firm corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company or of the address of any such person firm corporation copartnership association joint-stock company or termination of such business or relationship a like certificate setting forth the facts with respect to such change or termination shall within ten days thereafter be filed in the office of the Auditor General

Any person firm corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company which shall fail to comply with the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or more than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned for not more than six months or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Section 6 Every person firm corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company engaged in whole or in part in the making or negotiating of sales agreements to sell deliveries or transfers of shares or certificates of stock or conducting or transacting a brokerage business shall keep or cause to be kept at some accessible place within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a just and true book of account in such form as may be prescribed by the Auditor General wherein shall be plainly and legibly recorded in separate columns the date of making every sale agreement to sell delivery or transfer of shares or certificates of stock the name of the stock and the number of shares thereof the face value of the stock the name of the seller or transferrer the name of the purchaser or transferee and the number and face value of the adhesive stamps affixed and the identifying number of the bill or memorandum of sale used as provided for by section one of this act

Every corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company shall keep or cause to be kept at some accessible place within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a stock certificate book and a just and true book of account transfer ledger or register in such form as may be prescribed by the Auditor General wherein shall be plainly and legibly recorded in separate columns the date of making every transfer of stock the name of the stock and the number of shares thereof the serial number of each surrendered certificate the name of the party surrendering such certificate the serial number of the certificate issued in exchange therefor the number of shares covered by said certificate the name of the party to whom said certificate was issued and evidence of the payment of the tax provided for by section one of this act which evidence however shall be provided in one of the following manners and not otherwise to wit

(a) By attaching to the stock certificate surrendered for transfer the stamps required for such transfer or

(b) If the stamps are not attached to the certificate but are attached to the bill or memorandum of sale effecting or evidencing the transfer of such certificate by attaching to said certificate the said bill or memorandum of sale with stamps attached or

(c) If the stamps covering the transfer are attached to a bill or memorandum effecting a transfer of one or more certificates or to one or more certificates included in said transfer a notation must be made upon such certificates bill or memorandum as the case may be clearly specifying and identifying the certificate or certificates of stock to the sale or transfer of which the said stamps apply or

(d) If the bill or memorandum bearing such stamps is not attached to the surrendered certificate or certificates to which it applies a notation must be made upon such bill or memorandum stating the serial number or numbers of the certificates to which said bill or memorandum applies as provided by section one of this act It shall also retain and keep all surrendered or canceled shares or certificates of its stock and all memoranda relating to the sale or transfer of any thereof All such books of account transfer ledgers registers and stock certificate books shall be retained and kept as aforesaid for a period of at least two years subsequent to the date of the last entry made therein as herein required and all such surrendered or cancelled shares or certificates of stock and memoranda relating to the sale or transfer of stock shall be retained and kept for a period of at least two years from the date of the delivery thereof For the purpose of ascertaining whether the tax imposed by this act has been paid all such books of account transfer ledgers registers stock certificate books surrendered or cancelled shares or certificates of stock and memoranda relating to the sale or transfer thereof shall at all times between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon except Saturdays Sundays and legal holidays be open to examination by the Auditor General or his duly authorized representative

Every person firm corporation copartnership association or joint-stock company who shall fail to keep such book of account or bills or memoranda of sale or transfer or transfer ledger register or stock certificate book or surrendered or canceled shares or certificates of stock as herein required or who alters cancels obliterates or destroys any part of said records or makes any false entry therein or who shall refuse to permit the Auditor General or any of his authorized representatives freely to examine any of said books records or papers at any time herein provided or who shall in any other respect violate any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall for each and every such offense pay a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars or be imprisoned not less than three months nor more than two years or both in the discretion of the court

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act the Auditor General is hereby invested with all the powers relaitve to the settlement of public accounts which under existing laws appertain to his office

Section 7 No transfer of stock made on or after January first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen on which a tax is imposed under the provisions of this act and which tax is not paid at the time of such transfer shall be made the basis of any action or legal proceeding nor shall proof thereof be offered or received in evidence in any court in this Commonwealth

Section 8 The taxes imposed under the provisions of this act and the revenues derived therefrom shall be collected by the Auditor General and paid into the State Treasury in the manner now provided by law for the payment of fees licenses fines penalties commissions costs taxes and all moneys received or collected on behalf of the Commonwealth from any source whatever

Section 9 The provisions of this act shall go into effect from and after the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas anu nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Adams,
Alexander,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Bovee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Conner,
Diefenderfer,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gibson,
Goodnough,
Hackett,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Kuhn,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
Phillips,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rothenberger,
Showalter,
Sones,
Stone,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L,
Wood,

NAYS—76.

Albee,
Arnold,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Blackburn,
Christman,
Corbin,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Finnerty,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Powell,
Reel,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stern,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Watson,
Weir,
Wildman,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Mr. HESS in the Chair.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 134, File Folio 6849, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish, wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" by adding a section thereto to be known as section eight

on page 6 of to-day's calendar, was recommitted to the Committee on Fisheries, be reconsidered.

Mr. LEIGHNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House, this bill No. 134 on page six of to-day's calendar was recommitted.

The SPEAKER. Is this bill in the hands of the Committee?

Mr. SPANGLER. I do not know where this bill is. I know it was recommitted while I was out of the Chamber.

The SPEAKER. I ask the Clerk where the bill is at present.

Mr. SPANGLER. It is on the second reading calendar.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would announce that the bill is in the hands of the Committee.

Mr. SPANGLER. This bill was recommitted and I was not in the chamber. It was not called up and I was going to talk on the motion.

The SPEAKER. The motion is out of order. The only motion in order would be to discharge the Committee from further consideration of this bill, as the bill has already gone to the Committee.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I make that motion.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will put the motion in writing and in the meantime, the House will proceed to the consideration of the next bill on the calendar.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1412, entitled:

An Act legalizing the killing of foxes

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1486, entitled:

An Act making the turning in of short weight or short measure by any person whose duty it is to turn the same into employers where the contract of hiring between employer and employe provides for payment by weight or measure a misdemeanor and providing a penalty therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner.
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron.
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith. Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh.
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,

Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—5.

Baker,
Peters,
Staving,
Whitten,
Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered. That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 1500, File Folio 6761, on page 22, of to-day's postponed calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1500, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporations and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this is a bill of the Municipal Home Rule League, and it provides for the amendment of the Public Service Act in three particulars.

The first is that under certain conditions the Commission can appoint an examiner or commissioner to take testimony in the same manner as depositions are now taken in Common Pleas cases. In the second instance it provides that in "crossing cases" there may be appeals to the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which the crossing was situate. And in the third instance it amends the following section: Section 26 of Article V. In this section there is a proviso as the law now stands, "that whenever the Commission shall determine it to be necessary in the interests of the public to withhold from the public any fact or information obtained during the progress of any investigation such facts and information may be withheld." This bill provides for the repeal of that part of the section, so that no testimony or evidence shall go before the Commission that is not known by both sides as the case now is.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill under consideration is along the same lines as the two bills passed by the House the other day known as the Vickerman and Steedle bills. It amends three sections of the Public Service bill and is approved by the Municipal Home League of Pennsylvania.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Adams,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Beck,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Becker,
Smith, J. W.,
Twibill,
West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered. That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 790, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the supervision construction maintenance and repair of township roads relating to road tax and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of an act approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the supervision construction maintenance and repair of township roads relating to road tax and providing penalties for the violation thereof" which reads as follows

"Section 5 The supervisors of each township shall meet at the place where the auditors of the respective townships meet to perform their official duties on the first Monday in December one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and yearly thereafter and after being duly sworn or affirmed according to law to discharge their duties with fidelity a copy of the oath to be filed with the township auditors shall organize as a board by electing one of their number as chairman and shall appoint a treasurer and secretary who may or may not be the same person and who may or may not be a member of the board and the secretary shall perform all the duties formerly performed by the township clerk which office has been abolished and the said secretary shall receive as compensation for his services such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors Provided That the combined amount paid to said secretary and treasurer shall not exceed two per centum of the money paid out by said treasurer except where such percentage would be less than ten dollars The board shall proceed to levy a road tax which shall not exceed ten mills on each dollar of valuation this valuation to be the last adjusted valuation for county purposes and which shall be furnished to said township supervisors by the commissioners of the proper county Provided That if any further adjustment of valuation of any property is made by the county commissioners after said tax is so levied and before said tax is payable such valuation so adjusted shall be certified to the township supervisors and the tax shall be collected on the basis of such valuation as so adjusted Provided That a greater rate than ten mills and not to exceed ten additional mills may be levied by order of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of that county upon petition of the board of supervisors with their unanimous recommendation and upon due cause shown Provided however That the said road tax shall hereafter be collected in cash and no such taxes shall be payable in labor or worked out Each township coming under the provisions of this act shall receive annually from the State fifty per centum of the total amount of road tax collected by such township as shown by the sworn statement of the board of township supervisors contained in the annual report furnished to the State Highway Commissioner on or before the first day of January in each year as hereinafter provided for Provided That no township shall receive in any one year more than twenty dollars for each mile of township road in said township Such distribution shall be made on a basis of an average amount to each mile of township road Upon receipt of the sworn statement from the board of township supervisors it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner to certify to the Auditor General the amount due the respective township and he shall draw a warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of the amount due said township under the provisions of this section to the treasurer of the board of township supervisors which shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for that purpose Provided however no such payment shall be made until such treasurer has filed in the office of the superintendent in charge of such county or district and with the State Highway Commissioner a certified copy of the bond given by him as hereinafter provided for in this act nor until the agreement for the expenditure of such State money together with the township's money has been made and approved as hereinafter provided for Provided That whenever the township highway funds together with funds appropriated by the General Assembly for State aid to township roads have been exhausted the board of supervisors is hereby authorized to issue a certificate of indebtedness and borrow on the credit of the township money in anticipation of taxes to be collected to the end that work may be performed in proper season and in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed

The State Highway Commissioner shall furnish from time to time bulletins of instruction to each board of township supervisors for the building repairing and maintenance and improvement of township roads and bridges and shall furnish any additional information when called upon to do so The State Highway Commissioner shall also furnish from time to time free of charge standards plans and specifications for permanent improvements in the building of bridges and culverts establishing of grades proper drainage and such other matters as he may deem essential The State Highway Department shall furnish blanks to the supervisors in which said supervisors or a majority of them shall make a sworn statement that the money has been expended in building repairing maintaining dragging and improving the township roads according to the instructions standards and specifications or the rules and regulations prescribed by the State Highway Department so far as the available funds and local conditions make it possible Provided further That upon the neglect or refusal of the supervisors of any township to carry out the instructions rules and regulations of the State Highway Commissioner then the State Highway Commissioner may withhold from said township so neglecting or refusing the amount to which it would otherwise be entitled for the year in which said neglect or refusal occurred" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The supervisors of each township shall meet at the place where the auditors of the respective townships meet to perform their official duties on the first Monday in December one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and yearly thereafter and after being duly sworn or affirmed according to law to discharge their duties with fidelity a copy of the oath to be filed with the township auditors shall organize as a board by electing one of their number as chairman and shall appoint a treasurer and a secretary who may or may not be the same person and who may or may not be a member of the board or the board may select a trust company or a banking institution to act as treasurer in place of an individual and the secretary shall perform all the duties formerly performed by the township clerk which office has been abolished and the said secretary shall receive as compensation for his services such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors Provided That the combined amount paid to said secretary and treasurer shall not exceed two per centum of the money paid out by the said treasurer except where such percentage would be less than ten dollars The board shall proceed to levy a road tax not later than the third Monday of March of each year which tax shall not exceed ten mills on each dollar of the assessed valuation This valuation shall be the last adjusted valuation used for the county rates and levies and shall be furnished to the said township supervisors by the commissioners of the proper county Provided That if any further adjustment of valuation of any property is made by the county commissioners after said tax is so levied and before said tax is payable such valuation so adjusted shall be certified to the township supervisors and to the township collector of taxes by the commissioners of the proper county and the tax shall be collected on the basis of such valuation as so adjusted Provided That a greater rate than ten mills and not to exceed ten additional mills may be levied by order of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of that county upon petition of the board of supervisors with their unanimous recommendation and upon due cause shown Provided however That the said road tax shall hereafter be collected in cash and no such taxes shall be payable in labor or worked out Each township coming under the provisions of this act shall receive annually from the State fifty per centum of the total amount of road tax collected by such township as shown by the sworn statement of the board of township supervisors contained in the annual report furnished to the State Highway Commissioner on or before the first day of January in each year as hereinafter provided for Provided That no township shall receive in any one year more than twenty dollars for each mile of township road in said township Such distribution shall be made on a basis of an average amount to each mile of township road Upon receipt of the sworn statement from the board of township supervisors it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner to certify to the Auditor General the amount due the respective township and he shall draw a warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of the amount due said township under the provisions of this section to the treasurer of the board of township supervisors which shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for that purpose Provided however no such payment shall be made until such treasurer has filed in the office of the superintendent in charge of such county or district and with the State Highway Commissioner a certified copy of the bond given by him as hereinafter provided for in this act nor until the agreement for the expenditure of such State money together with the township's money has been made and approved as hereinafter provided for Provided That whenever the township highway funds together with funds appropriated by the General Assembly for State aid to township roads have been exhausted the board of supervisors is hereby authorized to issue a certificate of indebtedness and borrow on the credit of the township money in anticipation of taxes to be collected to the end that work may be performed in proper season and in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed

The State Highway Commissioner shall furnish from time to time bulletins of instruction to each board of township supervisors for the building repairing and maintenance and improvement of township roads and bridges and shall furnish any additional information when called upon to do so The State Highway Commissioner shall also furnish from time to time free of charge standards plans and specifications for permanent improvements in the building of bridges and culverts establishing of grades proper drainage and such other matters as he may deem essential The State Highway Department shall furnish blanks to the supervisors in which said supervisors or a majority of them shall make a sworn statement that the money has been expended in building repairing maintaining dragging and improving the township roads according to the instructions standards and specifications or the rules and regulations prescribed by the State Highway Department so far as the available funds and local conditions make it possible Provided further That upon the neglect or refusal of the supervisors of any township to carry out the instructions rules and regulations of the State Highway Commissioner then the State Highway Commissioner may withhold from said township so neglecting or refusing the amount to which it would otherwise be entitled for the year in which said neglect or refusal occurred

Section 2 That section nine of said act which reads as follows

Section 9 "The treasurer appointed by the board of township supervisors shall be required to give bond with at least two sufficient sureties to be approved by the auditors of the township conditioned that the said treasurer shall well and truly account for and pay over all moneys collected or paid by the State according to the provisions of this act and received by him for road purposes according to law and such bond shall be filed with the township auditors and a certified copy of the same shall be filed with the superintendent and with the State Highway Commissioner He shall pay out such moneys received by him only upon a written order signed by two members of the board of supervisors which order shall be by the use of blanks prepared and furnished by the State Highway Commissioner which is for the purpose of providing a uniform system of accounting and auditing throughout the State" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 9 The treasurer appointed by the board of township supervisors if an individual shall be required to give bond with at least two sufficient sureties to be approved by the auditors of the township conditioned that the said treasurer shall well and truly account for and pay over all moneys collected or paid by the State according to the provisions of this act and received by him for road purposes according to law and such bond shall be filed with the township auditors and a certified copy of the same shall be filed with the superintendent and with the State Highway Commissioner He shall pay out such moneys received by him only upon a written order signed by two members of the board of supervisors which order shall be by the use of blanks prepared and furnished by the State Highway Commissioner which is for the purpose of providing a uniform system of accounting and auditing throughout the State

Section 3 That section fifteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 15 The township supervisors shall meet for the transaction of business once each month at a time to be fixed by the board Two members shall constitute a quorum The board shall be allowed for necessary expenses including office rent and stationery light and fuel to be paid out of the township road funds Upon request the township auditors shall allow those supervisors who do not act in the capacity of superintendent or roadmasters to collect from the township road funds as compensation for serving as township supervisors an amount which will average not less than one dollar nor more than four dollars for each monthly meeting attended the amount to be determined by the township auditors" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 15 The township supervisors shall meet for the transaction of business once each month at a time to be fixed by the board Two members shall constitute a quorum The board shall be allowed for necessary expenses including office rent and stationery light and fuel to be paid out of the township road funds Upon request the township auditors shall allow those supervisors who do not act in the capacity of superintendent or roadmasters to collect from the township road funds as compensation for serving as township supervisors an amount which will average not less than one dollar nor more than four dollars for each monthly meeting attended the amount to be determined by the township auditors In addition thereto the township auditors shall allow to the township supervisors compensation for making a semi-annual inspection of the roads and bridges

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1419, entitled:

An Act to fix the number and salaries of clerks and employes in the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—161.

Adams,
Albee,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
Maurer.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Steedle,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Wildman.
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Alcorn,
Marvin,
Mellott,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER (Mr. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 297, entitled:

An Act to regulate the hours of employment of signalmen towermen gatemen agents train despatchers telegraphers or telephone operators in signal towers or public railroad stations of any railroad operated by steam electricity or other motive power in this State and providing for compensation for extra service performed by such employes

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. HOWARTH. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1452 (Senate Bill No. 668), entitled:

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes prescribing their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill provides for the appointment by the County Commissioners in every county over two hundred thousand and less than three hundred and fifty thousand of a Board of Assessors, and provides for them a large salary, to wit, the sum of three thousand dollars. Under the present law the assessors in each district and each precinct and ward are elected by the people. This bill provides that the Board of Assessors appointed by the Commissioners shall also appoint Assistant Assessors who shall make the assessment over the entire county. Time and time again in this session we have had men get up and appeal to you for the right of the people to rule. This particular bill hits right at that particular right. It seems to me that we ought to be willing to trust the people to elect men to make our assessments. There is a tendency now-a-days to get away from that and it seems to me it is all right now out in our county —and we are included in this bill. Our County Commissioners outside of this assessment, would have little to do. They would have very little to do and could easily do this work as it now stands. Why should we spend nine thousand dollars more for a Board of Assessors? We believe that it is wrong, first, in principle; second, it would add nine thousand dollars more to the money which we would be required to spend. But there is another reason: I am opposed to putting that power in the hands of the County Commissioners to appoint men for that position who will appoint assessors in every district in the county.

Those county commissioners could build up a machine that I cannot see how any power could break it down. For instance, suppose in my particular district I would have an assistant assessor appointed. I would tell him to be favorable to a particular set of fellows and we, in that district, can build up a machine, a machine that would control under every circumstance. And that is in the hands of the county commissioners all over the county. It is one of the most dangerous things we could pass at this session. More than that, I am told in Allegheny county, where they have tried this for years, they would be glad to get away from that proposition and this Board of Assessors elected by the people.

Why shouldn't they be elected by the people? Can't we trust them? Can't we trust the people even that far? When the Board of Assessors as now appointed would be right, it might work out splendidly, but when it would be wrong, it would be all wrong and I hope you gentlemen will vote this bill down.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker ,this is a very vicious bill. Two years ago this Legislature defeated a similar bill. This is a most unpopular move in our county,—to put upon us the requirements of this bill. This provides for three assessors to be appointed by the County Commissioners and they in turn to plot out the county in districts and appoint sub-assessors. That would naturally mean that a man from the city would be appointed in those districts to go out into the agricultural districts and assess the property. That to my mind is absurd. The requirements of this bill are absurd all the way through, and I trust that this House will take the same stand as the House did two years ago. Let us have our present system of assessing. It is perfectly satisfactory to us. There is no need in our county for this bill, and if this goes through I think this House will make a sorry mistake in passing a bill of this kind. I vigorously protest the passage of this bill and trust you will give us the present system. Let us elect our assessors by the people, and if they have any trouble they have a place for redress, but under its provisions difficulty would arise and untold trouble will result in our county. Protests have been coming in right along against the passage of this bill and I sincerely hope you will give us our present system by voting this bill down.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, in reply to the attack on this "vicious" bill, I wish to inform you that my colleague, Mr. Davis, like the other members from Lackawanna county, have been pledged to the support of this bill. This bill was drafted by a number of citizens and a leading newspaper of the City of Scranton, and this leading newspaper, in turn, had all of the candidates for legislative office, including the Senator, pledged to the support of this bill.

It is true there has been objection to this bill. We have received one objection to it and that is a man from Mr. Davis' district. That is the only objection from our county which I have received.

It might be interesting to the gentlemen to know that in the City of Scranton we have twenty-two men elected, one from each ward, to make the city assessment for the county. We also have a board of five, appointed by the Mayor, to make the city assessment for the city, with the result that the county assessment is twelve million dollars lower than the city. That is why this bill was introduced. We want a common Board. We want a Board that will make the one assessment for the city,—not twenty-two men to make the city assessment for the county, and five for the city, which will naturally continue to show the big discrepancies they have shown in the past.

Now, gentlemen, there is no particular opposition to this bill from Lackawanna county, except a little from the farming district. This does not eliminate the farmer from being represented, these assessors will appoint men from the farming districts, just as they will from the city districts.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to inform this House that I never pledged myself for this bill. I want this House to be informed properly. I was always opposed to it. I was opposed to it two years ago and am still opposed to it. It is unfair.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate my colleague from Lackawanna.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Davis, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman if it is not true, in reply to a question from the Scranton Tribune-Republican that the gentlemen said he would advocate and support the bills as presented by them on the question of the revision of taxes and assessment?

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, no, sir. And in explanation to the House I will say that I only agreed to support a single tax office in the City of Scranton, which had nothing to do with this assesor's bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I call for a verification of the roll.

The SPEAKER. The roll call will be verified.

This was done as follows:

YEAS—118.

Adams,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
chutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—52.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baker,
Beck,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Corbin,
Davis,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fruit,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Leighner,
Love,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McCurdy,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Ostrander,
Phillips,
Reel,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Snyder,
Statler,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,

Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Kuhn,
Lanius,
Rich,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to inquire how Mr. Cox voted.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I object. I don't know that this gentleman has any right to ask how Mr. Cox or any other man voted. It is Mr. Cox's privilege to correct the roll and nobody else's.

The SPEAKER. Mr. Cox is not recorded as voting.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, Mr. Klinger is not here but is recorded as voting.

The SPEAKER. Mr. Klinger voted in the affirmative. This roll has been verified and the gentleman should pay attention to the vote.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I notice that Mr. Rinn was recorded in the affirmative and he is not here.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, Mr. Rinn was in the room a few minutes ago.

The SPEAKER. Are there any other corrections?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I did not hear my name mentioned.

The CHIEF CLERK. The gentleman is recorded as voting "no."

The SPEAKER. The roll will stand as verified on the final passage, 118 yeas and 52 nays.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1523 (Senate Bill No. 329), entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—175.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Baker,
Eby,
Luppert,
Mellott,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

COMMITTEE DISCHARGED FROM FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 134.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the Committee on Fisheries be discharged from further action on House Bill No. 134, File Folio 6849, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" by adding a section thereto to be known as section eight

Mr. LEIGHNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to have this motion carried because this bill is a meritorious bill but was called up on second reading when I, who is its sponsor, was out of the chamber. In my absence, the motion was made to have this bill sent back to the Committee on Fisheries where it is evidently proposed that the bill shall be killed. Mr. Speaker, if this bill goes back to the Committee on Fisheries there can be no question but that it will be sacrificed on the altar of death which this committee is in respect to all bills that are submitted to it with the exception of those bills that have the O. K. of the committee in question or of the Sportsman's Association. For two months I have struggled to have this bill considered by the Committee and after they did consider it they reported it negatively inspite of the fact that I asked them to inform me before they took action on the bill. Finally a sub-committee was appointed and then when I was out of the chamber the bill was practically defeated by the members of this House unwittingly. I ask for fair play for a measure of this character. If this bill were not a measure that had merit; if it was not a measure that should come fairly and squarely before you on yea and nay vote, I would not stand here and fight for it. It is a bill for which a great many of my constituents in York County are struggling and striving because it involves their property rights of which they have been deprived under the Act of 1913. For that reason I ask the gentlemen of this House to have this bill taken out of the hands of this Committee which has given it such a raw deal and submit it to the House where it belongs and have a fair yea and nay vote on it and where it either can be carried or defeated squarely.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, in reply to the gentleman from York, I desire to give you the true facts of this case, as the gentleman from York well knows. On Monday evening, I wrote a motion and took the motion to the gentleman from York and he then assured me that if I would not take any action on it that he would personally come to me after seeing Senator McConnell, who had a similar bill in the Senate. I assured the gentleman then that I would do nothing until such time as I heard from him either later in the evening or in the morning, that was on Monday evening. He makes the statement that this bill was referred to a sub-committee. The statement is true but he fails to tell you that the sub-committee consisted of three members, myself, Mr. Fretz, two of them, myself and Mr. Fretz, I think, of Bucks, knew nothing about the meeting called for the purpose of reporting this bill one way or the other. If something has been done which is unfair according to the remarks of the gentleman from York County, whether or not anything has been done that is unfair in reporting this out, it was done unawares to myself and Mr. Fretz.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, as secretary of the Fish Committee, I wish to state that this bill has been reported out fairly. I keep the minutes of the Committee and I will be glad to show the gentleman that I have the action on that bill recorded, and every thing has been absolutely fair and square on this measure and every other measure that has been before this Committee. We have favored the Fish Commissioner of Pennsylvania and anybody else. We have favored the men who are interested in the sportsmen of Pennsylvania. Now in reference to this bill. This bill has been treated unfairly. Mr. Speaker, I ask that the bill be put upon the floor of the House, and I hope that everybody will sustain the gentleman from York, Mr. Spangler.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion.

The SPEAKER declared that the ayes appeared to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for, 86 voting in the affirmative and 49 in the ngeative.

And the question was determined in the affirmative.

SENATE MESSAGES.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in a resolution of the House of Representatives, as follows, viz:

Resolved (if the Senate concur) that House Bill No. 488, File Folio 3293, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in a resolution of the House of Representatives, as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives, April 25, 1915.

Resolved, (if the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 1130, File Folio 4949, entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausolems (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in a resolution of the House of Representatives, as follows, viz:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 12.

Whereas American manufacturing industries are only operating to a certain small percentage of their capacity at the present time which is chiefly attributed to the unstable business conditions and general depression existing throughout the country and

Whereas The State of Pennsylvania the counties cities boroughs townships boards of education and public school boards public and private institutions as well as the citizens of Pennsylvania constantly have occasion to purchase equipment and supplies which are produced and manufactured in the United States of America and

Whereas The General Assembly of Pennsylvania is desirous of promoting the patronage of manufacturing industries of the United States of America for the purpose of restoring prosperity to the people of Pennsylvania and the United States therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the officers of the various departments of the Government of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be requested to purchase and specify at all times the products of the United States of America and that the various counties cities boroughs townships boards of public education and public school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth as well as the private citizens be urged to specify and buy products of the United States of America and be it further

Resolved That this resolution be disseminated and widely published throughout this Commonwealth by the newspapers of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so that all counties cities boroughs townships boards of education school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth and private citizens be informed of the adoption of this resolution by the General Assembly

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 760.

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

House Bill No. 1147.

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges not learned in the law of the Courts of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 961.

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

House Bill No. 1134.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 412, File Folio 5689, entitled:

An Act establishing and regulating the Department of State Police and Fixing its powers and duties

was defeated on third reading on April 20th be reconsidered.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of this House, I think that it was decided the other night very decidely that the State Police Force should not be increased at this session by a vote of 125 to 61. This is the sixth day I think since we took that action, and I hope you will vote this motion down to reconsider.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the ayes appear to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for, 59 voting in the affirmative and 54 in the negative.

And the question was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I think we should settle this thing right now, and not have it go on the calendar and lay there on the postponed calendar indefinitely. This is the same old trick they tried to work two years ago—exactly the same proposition. For the benefit of you younger members of the House, let me show you that this was worked four years years ago. The bill the first time before us was defeated. They moved to reconsider and that motion carried. It was put on the postponed calendar and then the steam roller started to work. If you understand what is good for yourselves, you will defeat this bill now. They will bring pressure to bear on you from all sources to make you change your views. Two years ago the same proposition was before us and Representative Allen at that time very ably explained to the younger members of the House what would happen if they would not carry out their convictions at that time. At the present time, you believe as you voted last week, expressed your sentiments and your convictions. If you vote to-day you express them that way again, but if you let this go on the postponed calendar, then all the pressure that can be brought to bear upon you to make you change your views will take place. I therefore hope you will not allow yourselves to be put in that disagreeable position. It is a very disagreeable position, and every one of you understands how that works. It is a disagreeable position for any man to be placed in. Now is the time to unload that. Save yourselves from embarassment in the future. I hope you will vote to bring this matter up and settle this matter right now this morning, and not—

The SPEAKER. The Chair has been very lenient with the gentleman from Berks, but a motion to postpone is not debatable.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I am grateful to the Speaker for the courtesy extended, and I hope you will vote down the motion to postpone.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Garner and Mr. Williams were as follows:

YEAS—51.

Aron.
Bauerle,
Body,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gans,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Kuhn,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Pickering,
Rhoads,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—77.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Herman,
Howarth,
Kaiser,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Love.
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wood,
Wynne,
Young,

So the question was determined in the negative, and the motion was not agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The question now recurs,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call the roll, the question being.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, inasmuch as it is manifestly impossible for this bill to pass, might we not save a little time by simply making a motion to drop the bill from the calendar?

The SPEAKER. The Chair withdraws his decision to order a roll call.

BILL DROPPED FROM THE CALENDAR.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Mr. McCAIG asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up at this time House Bill No. 938, File Folio 6957, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals, providing for the regulation thereof the committment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto" as amended by the third section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled an act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto providing for the payment of expenses of maintenance and treating persons received therein other than those committed by court

on page ten of to-day's calendar, Bills on Second Reading.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed second reading be reconsidered.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on second reading.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 3, by striking out the single quote before the word 'An and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote "An

Amend title, line 7, by inserting after the word "of" the word "the"

Amend title, line 7, by striking out the word "for" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"

Amend title, line 8, by striking out the single quote after the word thereto' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote thereto"

Amend title, line 11, by striking out the single quote before the word 'An and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote "An

Amend title, line 15, by inserting after the word "for" the word "the"

Amend title, line 17, by inserting after the word "of" the word "the"

Amend title, line 17, by striking out the second word "for" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"

Amend title, line 18, by inserting after the word "thereto' ' a single and a double quote thereto' "

Amend section 1, line 4, by inserting after the word "act" the following: "approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals; providing for the regulation thereof, the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards, and for the payment of the expenses of maintaining and treating persons committed thereto," as amended by an act"

Amend section 1, line 10, by inserting after the word "for" the word "the"

Amend section 1, line 12, by inserting after the first word "of" the word "the"

Amend section 1, line 13, by inserting after the word "thereto" and before the double quote a single quote thereto' "

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

TIME LIMIT EXTENDED ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1516.

Mr. DUNN offered the following motion which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Moved by Mr. Dunn, seconded by Mr. Glass, that the time limit on House Bill No. 1516, File Folio 6479, entitled:

An Act to amend the twenty-third subdivisions of corporations of the second class in section two of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled an act to provide for the icorporation and regulation of certain corporations" providing for the incorporation and regulation of stage and omnibus lines specifying their purposes and defining their motive power

on page seventeen of to-days' calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed be extended five days.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Cihef Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 409.

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

House Bill No. 1004.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

House Bill No. 1168.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-three) entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' "

House Bill No. 1143.

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

House Bill No. 1013.

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

House Bill No. 1129.

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

House Bill No. 1053.

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

House Bill No. 789.

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

House Bill No. 637.

An Act validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred ten without such corporations first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcements of such contracts bonds or obligations upon the payment of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 536.

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

House Bill No. 418.

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof"

House Bill No. 619.

An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for certain purposes to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes

House Bill No. 464.

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

House Bill No. 582.

An Act authorizing boroughs to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 903, as follows:

An Act providing a system of recording farm names imposing duties on the recorder of deeds regulating the use of the name and imposing penalties.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any owner of a farm may have the name of his farm together with a description by metes and bounds of the lands to which the name applies recorded in a register kept for that purpose in the office of the recorder of deeds The register shall be known as the "Register of Farm Names" The recorder shall furnish to the owner a certificate setting forth the name of the farm and the description of the lands When any name has been recorded as the name of a farm such name shall not be recorded as the name of any other farm in the same county

No such name shall be recorded unless the intention to record such name shall be advertised at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county The first insertion shall not be less than three months from the date of application There shall be an interval of at least one month between the advertisements If no exceptions are filed with the recorder during the three months prior to the application the name shall be recorded In case of any dispute as to recording or as to right to use a name an appeal shall lie to the court of common pleas of the county whose decision thereon shall be final

Section 2 Any person having the name of his farm recorded as provided in this act shall first pay to the recorder of deeds a fee of one dollar

Section 3 When the owner of a farm the name of which has been recorded as provided in this act transfers by deed or otherwise the whole of such farm such transfer shall include the registered name of the farm unless the contrary be expressly stipulated If the owner transfers only a portion of the farm the registered name shall not be transferred to the purchaser unless so stated in the deed of conveyance

Section 4—When the owner of a registered farm desires to cancel the registered name thereof he shall state on the margin of the record of such name in the recorder's office substantially the following "This name is cancelled and I hereby release all rights thereunder" which shall be signed by the owner and dated and attested by the recorder For such latter service the recorder shall charge a fee of twenty-five cents The owner may cancel the registered name of a farm by recording in the recorder's office where the original record is a paper duly signed and acknowledge as a satisfaction of a mortgage of real property referring to such original record of name and directing the recorder to cancel the same For recording such paper the recorder shall be entitled to a fee of fifty cents

Section 5 It shall be unlawful for any person without express written permission from the owner or tenant of a farm with a recorded name to sell in the county where the name is recorded fruit or vegetables or produce in a container marked with the name of such farm

It shall be unlawful in a county other than where the farm name is recorded to sell fruit or vegetables or produce in a container marked with the recorded name of the farm if the owner or tenant of any farm in the county where the sale is made having a similar recorded name by express written notice forbids such sale in which case if the container is marked also with the name of the county where the farm name is recorded such sale shall be lawful

Section 6 Any person who after written notice not to use a recorded name or who after revocation of an express written permission shall violate any of the provisions of section five shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten dollars

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will declare a recess until 7:30 o'clock to-night. The Chair hears none.

Whereupon, at 1:30 o'clock P. M. the House took a recess until 7:30 o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 7.30 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 826, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Greene County favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Mounment.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Reading, Pa., favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 835, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCLINTOCK presented the petition of citizens of Philadelphia, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 826, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a monument to Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Also the petition of citizens of Greene County, favoring the erection of a monument to Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Also the petition of Washington Camp No. 835, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a monument to Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Also the petition of citizens of Reading, favoring the erection of a monument to Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Also the petition of Washington Camp No. 89, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a monument to Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 89, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 750 (House Bill No. 1668).

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment of a commission to consider the revision and amendment of the laws of the State penal and otherwise in reference to juvenile offenders juvenile courts and all offences or crimes committed by minors and the punishment thereof and to make a report on the same and making an appropriation to the expenses of said commission.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 861 (House Bill No. 1669).

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article IX of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 367 (House Bill No. 1670).

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for its maintenance and support for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the erection and completion of burnt ward finishing Nurses' home garage and furnishing and equipping same pathological laboratory drug room and superintendent's home furniture furnishings repairs and improvements of the above and providing the manner of payment of said appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 384 (House Bill No. 1671).

An Act making an appropriation to the People's Co-operative Hospital located at Sayre Bradford county Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 480 (House Bill No. 1672).

An Act to prevent fraud and deceit in the sale of fruits vegetables seeds plants scions and trees.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Senate Bill No. 531 (House Bill No. 1673).

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and elections officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" insofar as it relates to judges of courts of record.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 544 (House Bill No. 1674).

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for erecting certain bridges.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 858 (House Bill No. 1675).

An Act to amend sections three eight and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Which was referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 913 (House Bill No. 1676).

An Act authorizing the Governor to appoint a commission of seven persons to purchase the site of Fort Augusta erected in the year one thousand seven hundred and fifty-six and now located in the borough of Sunbury Northumberland county and making an appropriation therefor and for the maintenance of said fort.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 936 (House Bill No. 1677).

An Act authorizing township school district which entirely surround a city or borough to acquire in such city or borough lands and to erect thereon buildings for high-school purposes and exempting property so acquired from taxation by such city borough or school district thereof and authorizing such township school directors to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground for such high school purposes and providing for the determination of damages done and suffered by the owners of the land by reason of the taking thereof for such high school purposes.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 972 (House Bill No. 1678).

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 982 (House Bill No. 1679).

An Act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children Pittsburgh.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 986 (House Bill No. 1680).

An Act relating to building and loan associations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

Senate Bill No. 988 (House Bill No. 1681).

An Act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home at Bellevue Home at Bellevue in the County of Allegheny.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 1000 (House Bill No. 1682).

An Act authorizing electric light heat and power corporations to purchase the securities of other corporations incorporated for the purpose of the supply storage or transportation of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes to guarantee the payment of the bonds of such corporations to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations to enter into contracts for the use or lease of the property of such corporations and to operate the same.

Which was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 1001 (House Bill No. 1683).

A supplement to an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four further amending the twelfth section thereof so as to permit corporations organized thereunder either for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing business or for the supply of water or for the manufacture or supplying of light to purchase bonds or stock of other corporations of the same character or to guarantee the payment of interest and principle of such bonds or either principle or interest or to lease and operate corporate property' approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five correcting errors therein and validating all acts done in pursuance thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred five extending the same to corporations incorporated for the purpose of supplying light heat and power or any of them by electricity to the public

Which was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 1014 (House Bill No. 1684).

An Act authorizing the sale by cities of the first class of their bonds to the sinking fund commissioners of such cities without advertisement in certain cases.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiicary General.

Senate Bill No. 1015 (House Bill No. 1685).

An Act to provide that the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by cities of the first class shall constitute a consolidated loan fund which may be appropriated and used for any purpose for which loans shall have been authorized or issued by such cities.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 1017 (House Bill No. 1686).

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 610 (House Bill No. 1687).

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections.

Which was referred to the Committee on Elections.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. DELL, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed House Bill No. 1206, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats, principal cities, and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance, and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwyise, in the improvement thereof; providing for the purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county borough, or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Mr. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 1323, entitled:

An Act to provide for utilizing rock and other minerals existing upon the land owned by the Commonwealth, used for the Western Penitentiary in Centre county, and affording occupation to the inmates thereof, by permitting the Board of Inspectors, by the said inmates to mine, quarry or dig such materials, and make the same into such products and by such means as may be found desirable, and authorizing the use of said materials or products for the purposes of said penitentiary, and the sale of the surplus, if any, for the maintenance of said institution.

Mr. HEYBURN, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 617, entitled:

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road in Adams county

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1467, entitled:

An Act authorizing the attachment of wages or salary on judgments obtained for necessaries limiting the amount of exemption to be claimed and providing for the payment of the costs.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1489, entitled:

An Act to provide for just compensation to the Commonwealth and to persons and corporations for loss or damage to property by fire proximately caused by the operation of locomotive engines on railroads in this state by making railroad corporations responsible for all such loss and damage irrespective of the existence or non-existence of negligence on their part in cases where such fires arise within one hundred feet of the railroads or rights of way owned or operated by such corporations, outside of the territorial limits of cities and boroughs.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 649, entitled:

An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation; creating and establishing a public service bureau in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania for the regulation thereof; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such bureau and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolishment of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies, providing for the ascertainment by the bureau of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolishment and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the bureau, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such bureau, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the bureau, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of orders of said bureau; making it the duty of the Public Service Bureau to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, which provided for the creating and establishing of the Public Service Commission, and the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and coroporations or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the provise of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1623 (Senate Bill No. 819), entitled:

An Act authorizing Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer his wife citizens of Cambria county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1625 (Senate Bill No. 842), entitled:

An Act authorizing Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HARPER, from the committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1596 (Senate Bill No. 731), entitled:

An Act to amend first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Public Buildings, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1665 (Senate Bill No. 914), entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1617 (Senate Bill No. 738), entitled:

An Act validating certain proceedings appraising and setting aside of property under article two of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estate of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1540 (Senate Bill No. 795), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed to form a part.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1585 (Senate Bill No. 797), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof.

Mr. WYLIE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1522 (Senate Bill No. 304), entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of school districts of the second third and fourth classes.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1586 (Senate Bill No. 798), entitled:

An Act to legalize the erection construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1541 (Senate Bill No. 796), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part and exempting buildings in actual use for suc exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibitions.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1544 (Senate Bill No. 614), entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1550 (Senate Bill No. 136), entitled:

An Act providing for a State association of county controllers and deputy county controllers and for the meetings thereof and providing for the payment by the counties of the expenses thereof.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 991 (Senate Bill No. 370), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents."

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1648 (Senate Bill No. 920), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 221, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act to create Suburban Metropolitan Districts of the areas within twenty-five miles of the limits of cities of the first-class; to provide for the creation of a Department of Suburban Planning and the appointment of Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commissioners for such districts; to prescribe their powers and duties; and to provide for assessment upon the cities boroughs and townships within the limits thereof."

Mr. NISSLEY from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 1324, entitled:

An Act to amend the tenth and fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts, instead of imposing sentences; the appointment of probation and parole officers, and the payment of their salaries and expenses; regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases, and providing for their release on parole; their conviction of crime during parole, and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole; and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries," approved the 19th day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven, so that a convict sentenced to a penitentiary for a crime committed during his period of parole shall begin to serve the said sentence after having first served the remainder of the term which such convict would have been compelled to serve but for the commutation authorizing said parole; and so that a convict violating his or her parole may be arrested and confined by authority of the board of inspectors of the penitentiary from which such convict shall have been released on parole and investigation and report upon said case made by said board before the Governor shall issue his mandate for the recommitment of such convict.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1292, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class."

Mr. RONEY from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended House Bill No. 1103, entitled:

An Act validating divorces heretofore procured in the United States of America, in jurisdictions outside the State of Pennsylvania, where the libellant has been a resident of the state in which said divorce was procured and the respondent a resident of the State of Pennsylvania, and validating marriages subsequently contracted by either of such divorced persons and legitimizing the issue thereof.

Mr. RONEY from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended House Bill No. 1515, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of writ servers and process servers in the office of the sheriff in counties containing a population of more than one million four hundred thousand inhabitants.

Mr. BROSIUS from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, House Bill No. 1345, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, pamphlet laws six hundred ninety-four, entitled "An Act providing for and regulating the incorporation into a third class city of a borough, or of two or more contiguous boroughs."

Mr. RONEY from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1431 (Senate Bill No. 52), entitled:

An Act relating to the sale of goods.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1657 (Senate Bill No. 965), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of Game preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1655 (Senate Bill No. 989), entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton Pennsylvania the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making an appropriation therefor.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 720, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lebanon Hospital of Philadelphia.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1658 (Senate Bill No. 961), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford, Adams county Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1107, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Maternity Association of Philadelphia.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judicary General, reported as committted, House Bill No. 1536 (Senate Bill No. 756), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to redeem outstanding bonds and for that purpose issue and sell new interest-bearing bonds and to provide a fund for the redemption thereof.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1414, entitled:

An Act to create a Civil Service Commission and to regulate the employment, promotion and discharge of certain county employes in counties having a population of over 800,000 and less than 1,500,000 inhabitants and making a violation of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, House Bill No. 1446 (Senate Bill No. 477), entitled: ,

A supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate."

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, House Bill No. 1597 (Senate Bill No. 749), entitled:

An Act to permit a married woman whose husband has lived separate and apart from her for one year or more and who during that time has not been supported by her husband to become a feme sole trader.

Mr. MYERS from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, House Bill No. 1608 (Senate Bill No. 366), entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three so as to fix the compensation of the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy.

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 1090 (Senate Bill No. 291), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 717, entitled:

An Act to provide in certan cases a uniform procedure in the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation re-reported as amended House Bill No. 590, entitled:

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restrictions under which public vaults, crpyts or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith

Mr. STERN from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, House Bill No. 1634 (Senate Bill No. 35), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Mr. W. H. WILSON from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as commited, House Bill No. 1686 (Senate Bill No. 1017), entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended House Bill No. 1207, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of this Commonwealth for paying such expenditures as may be incurred to protect property and the public health and to promote the safety of its citizens of this Commonwealth and others from loss and danger from mine fires when such fires become a public nuisance in the judgment of the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth, and providing how such expenditures shall be made, how the Commonwealth shall be repaid and authorizing the condemnation, destruction and appropriation of property, material and compensation, and the entering of liens against the property upon which the fires may be burning for the expense of removing such nuisance or putting out or controlling the same, therefor to carry into effect the purposes of this act.

Mr. COX from the Committee on Appropriations re-reported as committed, House Bill No. 625, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lying-In-Charity Hospital Philadelphia.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have House Bill No. 221 read for the first time.

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 221, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to create Suburban Metropolitan Districts of the areas within twenty-five miles of the limits of cities of the first class to provide for the creation of a Department of Suburban Metropolitan Planning and the appointment of Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commissions for such districts to prescribe their powers and duties and to provide for assessment upon the cities boroughs and townships within the limits thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS THE REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON SENATE BILL NO. 245.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses on bill numbered and entitled as follows.

Senate Bill No. 245.

"An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas, approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city, borough, county, township, school, district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of,"

REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON SENATE BILL NO. 245.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the report of the Conference Committee.

The Clerk then read the report as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 245.

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering Senate Bill No. 245, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas, approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city, borough, county, township, school, district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of," beg leave to submit the following amended bill as our report:

EDWARD W. PATTON,
WILLIAM W. SMITH,
RICHARD V. FARLEY,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

EPHRAIM LIPSCHUTZ,
FREDERICK BEYER,
NELSON McVICAR,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within which such property is situated and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law and acted on the said assessments and valuations a petition signed by him his agent or attorney setting forth the facts of the case and thereupon the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal and the proofs in the case and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct Provided however That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property (or any other owner of real estate) within the limits of the city borough county township entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of and also the city borough county township school district or other public corporation itself may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within which such property is situated and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law and acted on the said assessments and valuations a petition signed by him his agent or attorney setting forth the facts of the case and thereupon the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal and the proofs in the case and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct Provided however That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the Conference Committee.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—117.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Brosius,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Graham,
Habgood,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Landis,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Myers,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the Conference Report was adopted.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence Senate Bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 347.

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities.

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the votes had on final passage on third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate, and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section one, line 8, by striking out the following: "vested in such wife or children or other relative."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—133.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauler,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,

Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—1.

Baker,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the af-concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGES.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 452.

A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nominations and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the vote had on final passage on third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate, and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by striking out the words "and city councilman"

Insert Section 2 as follows:

Section 2 That whenever at any primary election any candidate for nomination for the office of city councilman in any city of the third class shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half the number of official ballots cast by electors for nominations for said office at such primary in said city in which the nominations are to be made the name of such candidate receiving a vote greater than one-half the number of ballots as aforesaid shall be printed on the official ballot at the head of the group of candidates for election to such office at the succeeding election and unless at such succeeding election a person voted for for election to said office who has not been nominated therefor as provided by law and whose name does not appear in print on the official ballot received more votes for said office than the number cast at said election for the election of said candidate nominated at the primary such candidate nominated at the primary whose name is printed on the official ballot at the head of the group of candidates as herein provided for shall be considered as elected to said office of city councilman

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—133.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,

Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned to the House of Representatives bill numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 610.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, by striking out lines 95, 96, 97 and 98 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Section 6 Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel the bushel shall consist of the number of pounds herein stated and whenever sold in the sub-divisions of the bushel the number of pounds shall consist of the fractional part of the number of pounds as are herein set forth for the bushel namely

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—135.

Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gans,
Garner,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle.
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Myers,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. ARON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1069, File Folio 5217, entitled:

An Act requiring railroads to remove grade crossings and providing penalties was defeated on third reading on April 27th, be reconsidered.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. RINN. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE BILLS NOS. 1041 AND 1042 MADE SPECIAL ORDERS.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1041, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" as originally enacted and as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine

and House Bill No. 1042, entitled:

An Act providing a system of employment and compensation for the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary Western Penitentiary and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon and for such other correctional institutions as shall be hereafter established by the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

known as the prison labor bills be made a special order of business for third reading for Tuesday evening, May 4th, at nine o'clock.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 1.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I wish to report at this time from the Judiciary General Committee on Concurrent Resolution No. 1 as follows:

Whereas One Valentine Brobst Senior died about one thousand eight hundred thirty-eight seized of more than fifty tracts of land in Eastern Pennsylvania each of which contained from three hundred to three thousand acres and

Whereas The lawful heirs of said Valentine Brobst Senior alleged through conspiracy and fraud they have been deprived of said lands which now on account of the vast deposits of coal therein contained are extremely valuable and

Whereas the heirs of said Valentine Brobst Senior allege that they have vainly endeavored by litigation to regain said lands of which they allege they have been deprived by fraud and conspiracy therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the Attorney General is hereby directed to investigate the charges of fraud and conspiracy whereby the heirs of Valentine Brobst Senior allege they have been deprived of many valuable tracts of land in Eastern Pennsylvania and to ascertain whether such charges are true and to report thereon at this session of the General Assembly with such recommendations in the premises as to them shall seem proper

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the report.

The Clerk then read the report as follows:

The Committee of Judiciary General of the House of Representatives reports Concurrent Resolution No. 1 to the House with the recommendation that no action can be taken by the Attorney General as requested in the said resolution because all of the questions involved and all the complaints made by the heirs who appeared before the Committee are decided and disposed of by the decision by the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania in the case of Riffert vs. The Lehigh Coal Company reported in 232 Pennsylvania State Reports page 629.

The Committee therefore recommends that the House vote down the Resolution because of the reasons hereinbefore set forth.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, as I understand this matter the author of Resolution No. 1 desires that after the report from the Judiciary General Committee was made to this House that he as sponsor of the Resolution would call it up for definite action. The sponsor of the Resolution is the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, what is the nature of the Resolution.

The SPEAKER. It is Resolution No. 1, file folio No. 15.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker to clarify the situation I ask leave to interrogate the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker I would ask the gentleman from Berks if there was not a meeting to-day of the sub-committee of the Judiciary General Committee of this House at which meeting there were present the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer, and two of the Brobst heirs.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker I would further interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I would interrogate the gentleman by asking whether or not at that time it was not clearly established that a decision of the Supreme Court rendered absolutely nugatory and of no avail any action that this House might take with reference to concurrent resolution No. 1.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, Resolution No. 1, yes sir.

RESOLUTION DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this resolution be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

PETITIONS.

PRAYING FOR THE ERECTION OF A MONUMENT IN HONOR OF MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. MAURER asked and obtained unanimous consent to present resolutions and petitions of Washington Camp No. 89, P. O. S. of A., of Reading Pa., praying for the erection of a monument to perpetuate the heroism and bravery of Molly Pitcher.

Also, the petition of sundry citizens of Reading, Pa., praying for the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCURDY asked and obtained unanimous consent to present resolutions and petition of Washington Camp No. 755, P. O. S. of A., of Hollidaysburg, Pa., praying for the erection of a monument to perpetuate the heroism and bravery of Molly Pitcher.

Also the resolutions and petition of Washington Camp No. 735, P. O. S. of A., of Tyrone, Pa., praying for the erection of a monument to perpetuate the heroism and bravery of Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KUHN asked and obtained unanimous consent to present resolutions and petition of Washington Camp No. 835, P. O. S. of A., of Davistown, Pa., praying for the erection of a monument to perpetuate the heroism and bravery of Molly Pitcher.

Also the resolution and petition of Washington Camp No. 826, P. O. S. of A., of Carmichaels, Pa., praying for the erection of a monument to the heroism and bravery of Molly Pitcher.

Also the petition of sundry citizens of Greene county, praying for the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PRAYING FOR THE ERECTION OF A MEMORIAL TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. MAURER asked and obtained unanimous consent to present the resolutions and petition of Washington Camp No. 89, P. O. S. of A., of Reading, Pa., praying for the erection of a Memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Also the petition of sundry citizens of Reading, Pa., praying for the erection of a Memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KUHN asked and obtained unanimous consent to present the resolutions and petition of Washington Camp, No. 826, P. O. S. of A., of Carmichaels, Pa., praying for the erection of a monument to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Also resolutions and petition of Washington Camp, No. 835, P. O. S. of A., of Davistown, Pa., praying for the erection of a Memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Also the petition of citizens of Greene county, praying for the erection of a Memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCURDY asked and obtained unanimous consent to present resolutions and petition of Washington Camp, No. 735, P. O. S. of A., of Tyrone, Pa., praying for the erection of a Memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Also the resolution and petition of Washington Camp, No. 755, P. O. S. of A., of Hollidaysburg, Pa., praying for the erection of a Memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1189, entitled:

An Act to permit farmers to hawk peddle and sell their own products withouut a license fee in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Blair, Mr. McCurdy, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McCURDY. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, is not the farmer already protected by Acts of Assembly and by decisions of our courts from the imposition of a license to hawk or peddle on the streets of a borough?

Mr. McCURDY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, there is now on the statute books an act similar if not exactly the same, as the first section of this bill, which prohibits the boroughs from enacting an ordinance imposing a tax upon the farmers selling their produce in the respective boroughs of this Commonwealth. The intent of the section is to prohibit a borough from enacting an ordinance prohibting the sale of their produce in the boroughs. Does that answer the gentleman's question?

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, has it not already been decided by our courts that a borough cannot impose a license fee or tax on farmers for selling products of their own raising?

Mr. McCURDY. Mr. Speaker to make this matter clear. In the county of Blair, we have now a case where a borough has passed an ordinance prohibiting the selling or peddling of farm produce, they did not make any license fee, just simply an ordinance prohibiting the sale of it in the borough. The second section of this act is to remedy that trouble.

Mr. BAKER. Are there not decisions of our courts on this very question, to make these ordinances that you speak of null and void and of no effect?

Mr. McCURDY. Mr. Speaker, not that I know off.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I do not have any objections to the measure, but my position is that the farmers are already protected.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—152.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz.
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber.
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Baker.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered. That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1154, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns, and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance, and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance, and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough, or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, borough, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, there have been several inquiries concerning this bill. It has a very voluminous title and perhaps is not understood. This is not a bill making any new highways in the State. It changes the location of some four or five highways of the Sproul Routes. It adds no mileage to that system in any way; in fact, two of the roads it shortens. It merely changes a few of these routes. It passed the committee where it was given close consideration and it is a perfectly proper bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—153.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Eppley,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1033, as follows:

An Act to provide a board of commissioners of the Pennsylvania Nautical Training School defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall appoint as soon as practicable after the passage of this act three citizens of this Commonwealth who shall constitute a board of commissioners of the Pennsylvania Nautical Training School and who shall hold office for terms of one two and three years respectively from the first day of July in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and until their successors are appointed and qualified and thereafter before the first day in July in each year thereafter one commissioner shall be appointed in like manner to hold office for the term of three years from the first day of July Vacancies may be filled for the unexpired term by appointment and a commissioner may be removed at any time for cause to be stated in the order of removal All appointments and removals shall be made by the Governor

Section 2 Said commissioners shall serve without compensation but they shall be allowed all expenses actually and necessarily incurred by them in the performance of their official duties

Section 3 Said commissioners shall provide and maintain a Nautical Training School for the instruction and training of pupils in the science and practice of navigation shall furnish accommodations for the school on board a proper vessel shall from time to time purchase and provide such books stationery apparatus and supplies as are needed in the work of the school shall appoint and remove instructors and other necesasry employes and determine their compensation shall fix the terms and conditions upon which pupils shall be received and instructed in the school and discharged or dismissed therefrom and shall establish all rules and regulations necessary for the management of the school For the purpose of giving the pupils of the school a practical knowledge of navigation and the duties of mariners said commissioner's shall from time to time provide for the making of cruises

Section 4 Said commissioners are authorized to receive from the United States Government and to use for the accommodation of the school such vessel or vessels as the Secretary of the Navy may detail for that purpose

Section 5 To carry out the purposes of this act the sum of one hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the use of the commissioners Payment of said money shall be on requisition of the commissioners and on warrant of the Auditor General No expenditure shall be made or allowed until a vessel suitable for the proposed Nautical Training School shall have been furnished by the United States Government and turned over to the Commonwealth and the same approved of and accepted by the commissioners on behalf of the Commonwealth

Section 6 Said commissioners shall biennially in writing report to the General Assembly presenting a detailed statement of all moneys appropriated and expended for the purpose of the Nautical Training School during the two calendar years last preceding also stating the results of the work during such years and making such recommendations as seem to them proper

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to inquire of the sponsor, the purpose of this bill.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the purpose of House Bill No. 1033 is just what the title says it is, to provide a Board of Commissioners of the Pennsylvania Nautical Training School, defining their duties and powers, and making an appropriation. The purpose of the bill is to establish a nautical training school. The Federal Government will supply a vessel if the State of Pennsylvania will supply an appropriation to finance the project. There are several reasons why at this particular time that is particularly desirable legislation. In the first place, the completion of the Panama Canal is going to increase at a tremendous rate our coast-wise trade. In the second place the events on the other side of the pond are making it especially advisable that at this time America has an opportunity as she has never before to establish for herself a merchant marine. Even our National Congress has been debating for months past the advisability of investing millions of money in the purchase of vessels to carry the products of our farms and our factories and our mills to distant markets. Now, gentlemen, it requires no argument to convince every man in this House that this is the opportune time for the United States to enter into the project of establishing for itself a merchant marine that will be second to none in the world. If we attempt to establish a merchant marine such as will reflect credit upon our country it is highly important that these vessels should be manned by American seamen. At the present time there are but two nautical schools. The State of Massachusetts has a nautical school and the State of New York has a Nautical School, both of them splendid institutions.

The second largest port, or the port from which the second largest amount of exports is being exported is our own port of Philadelphia. In view of these conditions I feel sure that there is no doubt in any one's mind that this Commonwealth of ours should contribute its share in educating the young men of our State to a seafaring life so that we will have young men prepared and ready to man the vessels as our merchant marine grows, and I trust that the gentlemen of this House will vote in favor of this bill.

Mr. SHOWALTER in the Chair.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, I am in favor of this bill but as it carries with it an appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars I think that it should be referred to the Committee on Appropriations, because if the appropriation is not made for it the bill would be useless if we did pass it in its present condition.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman I would say that the arrangement is that it goes to the Senate and there it will be referred to the Commitee on Appropriations, so that it will be taken care of in the Senate.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS--142.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, F. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock;
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walsh,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williard,
Williams,
Wilson, H I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Barnett,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1402 (Senate No. 550), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows. viz:

YEAS—137.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Luppert
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Perry,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Baker,
Eby,
Klinger,
Robertson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1458, entitled:

An Act exempting all loans made by school districts from all taxes.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Cumberland, Mr. Shoop, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SHOOP. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman how much money this exemption of bonds issued by the school district will take from the State Revenues.

Mr. SHOOP. Mr. Speaker, I could not answer that exactly.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, this is another exemption bill, and my information is that it will reduce the revenues of the State something in excess of a hundred thousand dollars. If it is the intention of this Legislature to continue this exemption principle all well and good, but I desire to call the attention of the House to the fact that as we pass these day after day, we deplete the State Treasury of the funds that should rest there. I think it is only my duty as Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee to call the attention of the House to the fact that in continuing this pracice of exempting various classes from their taxation burden, we will soon have no money in the treasury.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, if this Legislature is going to exempt securities from taxation, I do not see why any special favor should be shown to the school districts. People who invest in school bonds buy them because they want them, just the same as they invest in mortgages. The mortgage is taxed four mills, the school bonds are taxed four mills, your borough bonds are taxed four mills, and everything except the securities of the State itself are taxed. It seems to me therefore that the taxpayers would simply be robbing themselves if this measure were to be enacted into law. There is no reason in the world why school securities should be favored above other securities in this State.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—9.

Aron,
Baker,
Gallagher,
Goodyear,
Nissley,
Reynolds,
Shoop,
West,
Wylie,

NAYS—98.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Murphy,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Taylor,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1136, as follows:

An Act making it unlawful for the Commissioners of any County in this Commonwealth to contract to repair, build, or rebuild any county bridges, without due advertisement for sealed proposals and the employment of a competent engineer; making it mandatory that location plans be submitted in duplicate to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, and requiring the Attorney General to defend all suits where any county within this Commonwealth is made defendant in a suit for the recovery of damages, where infringements on patents, royalties, designs and patented processes or features are alleged, where a county has complied with the provisions of this act, excepting contracts not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any county commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to make any contract to repair build or rebuild any county bridges without first making due advertisement for at least three weeks or in case of emergency one week for sealed bids or proposals to repair erect build or rebuild any county bridge or bridges in at least three newspapers published in the county where said proposals or bids are asked for said advertisement to contain the description of the repairs or plans of the kind of bridge required and fixing the time when the proposals or bids shall be closed and when said bids or proposals shall be opened Provided where such plans and specifications involve the building or rebuilding of structures over seventy (70) feet in length they shall have been made by an engineer employed by the county commissioners competent to make hydraulic studies acceptable to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania and competent to analyze stresses and to check and approve details and to inspect and supervise in the office mill shop and field all the work in connection with the complete construction of any type of county bridge who shall make such hydraulic study of the bridge site and submit report of the same to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania together with clearance diagrams showing discharge capacity of the proposed structure in accordance with the provisions of the act of the General Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and upon approval of such clearance diagrams he shall prepare a complete set of general drawings of the bridge and give complete information as to limitation of working stresses and to the loadings including live dead wind and impact for which the structure shall be designed and prepare forms for bidding blanks copies of advertisement contract and specifications which shall be placed on file in the office of the commissioners for inspection by prospective bidders for a period of three weeks prior to opening of bids

Section 2 The proposals or bids must be accompanied with such security as the county commissioners may require which must be filed with the chief clerk or someone in charge of the commissioners' office at least one hour before the time fixed for the opening of the said bids or proposals the time of filing of the said bid or bids must be marked on the outside of the said bids and the person's name with whom filed

Section 3 The said bid or proposal shall be opened in public and in the presence of not less than two of the county commissioners and the chief clerk and a record made of each and every bid

Section 4 The commissioners shall immediately or as soon thereafter as possible after the time fixed for the opening of said bids award the contract for the repairs building or rebuilding of said bridge or bridges to the lowest responsible bidder upon the condition that the said bidder must within ten days after the notice of the award of said contract sign and execute a contract for the faithful performance of the proposal and furnish a bond in the sum not exceeding the amount of the contract and that the legality of the contract and the sufficiency and legality of the bond shall first be approved by the court of quarter sessions Provided That if the lowest bidder neglects to comply with the conditions of his bid within the time required the county commissioners shall award the same to the next lowest bidder And provided further That in case all bids are too high or unreasonable in the opinion of the county commissioners the county commissioners may reject any and all bids and advertise for new bids

Section 5 It shall be unlawful for the commissioners of any county of the Commonwealth to receive proposals for the building of county bridges except in compliance with the plans and specifications advertised and on file Where such plans and specifications involve the use of patented designs features or processes the cost of such patented designs features or processes or the royalty thereon shall be plainly stated on such plans if not the County shall pay such costs or royalties or eliminate the infringement before signing of contract

Section 6 It shall be the duty of the Attorney General where any county in the Commonwealth is made the defendant in a suit for recovery of damages royalties et cetera and when such suits allege infringement of patented designs processes or features and when such county has fully complied with the provisions of this act to defend such suit or suits where the validity of the patent is in doubt

Section 7 This act shall not apply to any contract for the repair building or rebuilding of any bridge or bridges that will cost less than two hundred and fifty dollars

Section 8 Any and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ALCORN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the sponsor of this bill explain its purposes.

Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, this is a similar bill to the one put through two years ago. It has this addition to it in reference to the bridges built, that all bridges under seventy feet need not have a competent engineer. In addition to that it has been taken up by the County Commissioners of my County, and the commissioners of the different counties of the State have replied endorsing said bill. The Legislative Committee of the Commissioners of the State has also endorsed said bill. This bill as it stands before us is a similar bill to that of two years ago, as I have said. If the gentleman from Clearfield wants an explanation as to repairs, it is exactly the same as it was two years ago, without any change.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—109.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Beck,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauer,
Love,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Becker,
Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
Mellott,
Murdoch,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Stern,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wildman,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Albee,
Sones,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1403 (Senate No. 551), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—142.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mather,
Maurer
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Baker,
Eby,
Robertson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1455, as follows:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore the council of any incorporated borough of this State has required by ordinance and caused to be paved curbed or macadamized with brick stone or other suitable material any public street or thoroughfare or part thereof or is now causing such paving curbing or macadamizing pursuant to such ordinance but owing to some defect in the petition or other proceeding necessary under existing law to give jurisdiction to such council or for any other reason the cost of such improvement or a portion thereof cannot be legally assessed upon the property bounding or abutting upon the street or part thereof improved as was contemplated by the act or acts of the General Assembly under which the improvement was attempted to be made now by this act such improvements are made valid and binding and the council of such incorporated borough may cause the property bounding or abutting upon the street or part thereof upon which the improvement has been made or is now being made to be assessed with such a portion of the cost of such improvement as is contemplated by the law under which the improvement was made or is now being made such assessment shall be a lien upon the property assessed The lien shall date from the completion of the improvement for which the assessment is made and shall remain a lien until fully paid and satisfied Provided That a writ of scire facias is issued to revive the same during every period of five years after a lien is filed as hereinafter provided

Section 2 The council of any incorporated borough of this State entitled to a lien under this act shall file a lien therefor in the office of the prothonotary of the county within which the property lies within six months after the completion of the work where the improvement is now in progress or within six months after the approval of this act where the improvement is now completed and the same shall be entered upon record as other municipal claims Such lien shall state the name of the party claimant which shall be the corporate name of the borough making the improvement the name of the owner or reputed owner of the property assessed a reasonable description of the property assessed the amount or sum claimed to be due which shall include interest on the assessment from the completion of the improvement for what improvement the claim is made the date of its completion the date of the assessment for which the lien is filed Such lien when so filed shall be prima facie evidence of all matters therein set forth and of the right of the borough to recover the amount therein claimed to be due together with interest from the date of filing the lien cost and an attorney's commission of five per centum for collection

Section 3 The lien when so filed shall be proceeded upon for collection by writ of scire facias The said writ shall be made returnable to the monthly or other return day in the respective courts and shall be served upon the owner or reputed owner personally or by leaving a copy thereof duly attested with an adult member of his family or of the family in which he resides at least ten days before the return thereof If the owner of the property cannot be found or has no residence within the county in which the property lies the sheriff shall thereupon return the said writ nihil and thereupon an alias scire facias may issue which shall be served by notice posted upon the premises stating the substance of the writ at least ten days prior to the return day and also by advertisement in at least two newspapers published in the county in which the premises are located once a week for three successive weeks Such posting and publication shall be equivalent to a service

Section 4 If the writ shall have been served and no appearance filed on or before the return day thereof the plaintiff therein shall be entitled to judgment after the return day thereof for the debt interest cost and attorney's commission If an appearance be entered the plaintiff shall also be entitled to judgment unless a sufficient affidavit of defense be filed within fifteen days after the return day If such affidavit be filed the cause shall be proceeded with in accordance with the rules of law and the practice of the courts

Section 5 When final judgment shall have been entered upon such lien the plaintiff therein may have a writ of levari facias and upon the same the sheriff shall cause the said property to be advertised for sale in at least two newspapers of the proper county once a week for three weeks before the day of sale and shall also give notice by at least ten handbills posted in conspicuous places one of which shall be posted on the property of the time and place of sale and thereupon shall proceed to sell the same The place of sale shall be at the sheriff's office The proceeds of sale shall be distributed according to law

Section 6 The term "owner or reputed owner" as used in this act shall mean any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of the property The remaindermen or other persons interested in expectancy not having been heard and aggrieved by such final judgment upon petition presented in the proper court may have the judgment opened at any time before the sale of the property and shall be allowed to defend when in the judgment of the court such opening is necessary to secure justice to all parties Sale of the property shall preclude all persons from setting up anything contrary to the record

Section 7 Nothing in this act shall be taken to restrict the right of either plaintiff or defendant in proceedings under it to appeal as in other cases

Section 8 Any person owning property against which a lien is filed under this act may at any time present a petition to the proper court praying that the claimant in such lien be compelled to proceed for the collection thereof and thereupon the court shall make such order as the justice of the case may require

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—141.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher.
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Laffertv,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Maurer
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Christman,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 758, as follows:

An Act authorizing boroughs towns and first class townships to form and to join associations for certain purposes and to appropriate moneys therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That boroughs towns and first class townships may form or join associations whose principal object shall be to maintain in Harrisburg or elsewhere agents or representatives who shall represent the association or any of its members in any hearing or proceeding or matter before any department or bureau or division or commission or other branch of the State government or before the Supreme or Superior Court or before the General Assembly or before any committee thereof or before any committee of either branch thereof and may appropriate moneys for membership in such association or associations and for special services rendered by the association or its agents

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the sponsor of this bill to explain its provisions.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Lycoming, Mr. Gibson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, yes sir. This applies to first class townships. It is endorsed by the Municipal Home Rule League I believe. It authorizes these boroughs to join together and form an association for the purpose of maintaining one or more representatives in Harrisburg to appear for them before the various bureaus and departments of the State Government. One of the main objections is the expense that these boroughs are put to in sending a solicitor or a representative here to present these different matters; this has been an expense heretofore. with the combination of these boroughs it would moderate the expense and they could send a representative here to take care of a great many of these matters for them. It is a very meritorious measure.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, just as I suspected: It is a bill practically legalizing lobbying. This bill would give the boroughs and townships a right to associate themselves together under the law for something that is considered iniquitous.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, since the question has been raised I think we may as well reply to it. As to the passage of this bill there may be some lawyers that may not favor it. They may not favor it, but so far as the boroughs in the various counties have had to pay lobbyists I think it is proper and right that we have men up here in our interests the same as any big corporation because we want to feel quite safe when the Legislature is in session to see and hear and know what is going on and unless we do we would not know what is going on down here.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that this is more than a trivial matter; it is a matter of legalizing a lobbyist in the legislative halls. I don't know what the expense to other men has been but it has been a pretty expensive proposition to me, the money that I have loaned to lobbyists in this hall.

On the question recurring

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—68.

Albee,
Alexander,
Baker,
Barnett,
Becker,
Bergy,
Body,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hibshman,
Jones, E. B.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Love,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Reel,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer.
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stern,
Swartz,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wilson, H. I.,

NAYS—40.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Benn,
Blackburn,
Corbin,
Dell,
Diefenderfer;
Eby,
Eppley,
Forster,
Glass,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Hamilton,
Hollingsworth,
Klinger,
Lanius,
Leighner,
McClintock,
Milliron,
Phillips,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Statler,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Whitaker,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1469, as follows:

An Act to amend section two thousand two hundred and twenty-nine of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two thousand two hundred and twenty-nine of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 2229 Except as superintendent of schools associate superintendent assistant district superintendent director of a special branch or as principal of or teacher in a high school or normal school or in case of promotion or transfer from any position to another or higher position no person shall be appointed to any educational position in the public school system in school districts of the first class whose name does not appear among the three highest names upon the proper eligible list Provided That in any district of the first class or in one that is made a district of the first class by this act no person holding a position at the time of the passage of this act shall be displaced by the above provision" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2229 Except as superintendent of schools associate superintendent assistant district superintendent director of a special branch or as principal of a high school normal school or manual training school no person shall be appointed promoted or transferred to any educational position in the public school system in school districts of the first class whose name does not appear among the three highest names upon the proper eligible list Provided That in any district of the first class or in one that is made a district of the first class by this act no person holding a position at the time of the passage of this act shall be displaced by the above provision

On the question.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third readeration of House Bill No. 1273, entitled:

An Act to amend section three hundred and three of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—145.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn.
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W..
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—1.

Diefenderfer.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1473, entitled:

An Act to amend sections two thousand seven hundred and one and two thousand seven hundred and two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet laws 309) by providing that all receipts and proceeds derived in any way from, or on account of, the State forests now or hereafter acquired by this Commonwealth shall belong to and form a part of "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania."

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—142.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit.
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hubler.
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts.
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel.
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn.
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer.
Statler.
Staving.
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill.
Vickerman,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward.
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—4.

Dell,
Dodds,
Leighner,
Robertson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1113, entitled:

An Act to amend section five hundred and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—149.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz.
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood.
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1447 (Senate No. 612), entitled:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—148.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig.
McClintock,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Williard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1256, entitled:

An Act fixing the pay of assessors in cities of the third class and in boroughs and townships of the second class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—54.

Adams,
Aron,
Baker,
Barnett,
Becker,
Benn,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Christman,
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Diefenderfer,
Ehrhardt,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hubler,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
McCaig,
Milliron,
Neville,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Smith. J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Staving,
Stern,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walton,
Whitten,

NAYS—70.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Beck,
Bergy,
Body,
Brosius
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Dawson,
Dell,
Eby.
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fruit,
Geiser.
Gibson.
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn.
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Jones, W. W.,
Kuhn,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Marvin.
Mather,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Ostrander,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop.
Showalter,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stone,
Taylor,
Walter,
West,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1152, as follows:

An Act to further amend section one thousand four hundred twelve of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent thewertih"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand four hundred and twelve of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which as amended by an act approved the ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act amending section one thousand four hundred twelve in article fourteen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith' by requiring the free education in the public schools of children who are inmates of institutions for the care or training of orphans or other children" reads as follows

"Section 1412 The board of school directors of any school district in this Commonwealth in which there is located any orphan asylum home for the friendless children's home or other institution for the care or training of orphans or other chilldren shal permit any children who are inmates of such homes but not legal residents in such district to attend the public schools in said district either with or without charge for tuition text-books or school supplies as the directors of the district in which such institution is located may determine Provided That when the education of such inmates of such institutions is charged for the cost thereof shall not exceed the cost of tuition text-books and school supplies of other children of similar grade in such district And provided further That such cost shall be paid to the district in which such institution is located by the district of which the respective pupils are legal residents" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1412 The board of school dircetors of any school district in this Commonwealth in which there is located any orphan asylum home for the friendless children's home or other institution for the care or training of orphans or other children shall permit any children who are inmates of such homes but not legal residents in such district to attend the public schools in said district either with or without charge for tuition text-books or school supplies as the directors of the district in which such institution is located may determine Provided That when the education of such inmates of such institutions is charged for the cost thereof shall not exceed the cost of tuition text-books and school supplies of other children of similar grade in such district And provided further That such cost shall be paid to the district in which such institution is located by the district of which the respective pupils are legal residents

No inmate of such home shall be permitted to attend the public school in said district until the authorities of the home shall furnish to the board of school directors of such district the legal residence address of the child

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—145.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Beck,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hollingsworth.
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith. J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Becker,
Robertson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1200, entitled:

An Act relating to open air schools

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—151.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar.
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks.
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters.
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill.
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber.
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair.
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving.
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 175, as follows:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act any person arrested or held in custody on or by virtue of any process issued on a judgment obtained in any civil action in this Commonwealth may present his petition to the Court or any law judge thereof out of which the process or execution issues praying for his discharge from arrest The petition shall set forth the nature of the proceedings out of which the process upon which the petitioner is held issued the amount of the judgment therein obtained a schedule of all the assets of the petitioner a list of the creditors of the petitioner with the amounts of their claims the addresses of the creditors and the nature of the debts owing to them a statement as to why the petitioner is unable to pay the judgment and shall be verified by the affidavit of the petitioner

Section 2 The court to which the petition is presented shall grant a rule to show cause why the petitioner shall not be discharged from arrest returnable at some convenient time and shall discharge the petitioner pending the hearing of the said rule upon his entering such security for his appearance surrender and compliance with the decree of the court as the court shall deem requisite

Section 3 Actual notice of the hearing of the rule shall be given to the plaintiff in the process or his counsel of record and to all the creditors whose addresses are known to the petitioner and publication of the hearing of the said rule shall be made twice in a daily newspaper in the county and once in the legal periodical if any designated by the court and an affidavit of the service of the notices upon the creditors and of the publication shall be filed at or before the time fixed for the hearing of the rule

Section 4 Upon the hearing of the rule the petitioner shall be required to answer all questions put to him and shall produce all books and papers required of him and if it shall appear to the court that the petitioner is without means or property with which to pay the judgment and that he has not secreted or assigned any of his property so as to avoid the payment of the judgment the court may discharge him from arrest and in said proceedings but such discharge shall not in any way effect the judgment entered against him Any person arrested or held in custody on or by virtue of any process issued on a judgment obtained in any civil action in this Commonwealth shall be discharged at the expiration of sixty days from the date of the commitment if compliance is had with all the requirements of this act and all other acts of Assembly relating to insolvency

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as folows:

Amend section 4, line 10, by striking out the word "effect" and inserting in lieu theerof the word "affect"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1252, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to change the planse and specifications for buildings grounds plants machinery and repairs of certain charitable and penal institutions and requiring such buildings grounds plants machinery and repairs to be constructed or made in accordance with such plans and specifications

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—140.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith.
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear.
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter.
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan.
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1590, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 797 ,entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the employment of convicts and prisoners on the public highways

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 2, line 7, by inserting after the word "roads" the words "the township commissioners or township supervisors as the case may be for township roads."

Amend section 5, line 8, by inserting after the word "county" the word "township"

Amend section 7, line 5, by inserting after the word "roads" the words "or the township supervisors or township commissioners as the case may be in the construction of township road."

Amend section 7, line 5, by inserting after the word "roads" the words "the township commissioners or township supervisors as the cae may be of all township roads"

Amend ection 10, line 5, by inserting after the word "commissioners" the words "township commissioners, township supervisors"

Amend section 10, line 7, by inserting after the last word "treasurer" the words "of the board of township commissioners, township supervisors or"

Amend section 6, line 5, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

Amend section 8, lines 7 and 8, by striking out the words "Boards of Penitentiary Commissioners or persons in charge" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Governor"

Amend section 8, line 9, by inserting after the word "month" the following: "The Governor shall not execute any of the rights or powers herein granted unto him until the Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney General and Secretary of Internal Affairs, or any three of them, after full hearing upon due public notice and in open session upon such rules as they shall provide, shall have recommended the commutation of sentence."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1030, entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of and titles to seated and unseated lands sold by county treasurers and county commissioners for the non-payment of taxes

And said bill having been read the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, this bill is clearly unconsitutional. It attempts to bolster up some tax sales illegally made by the County Treasurer for the last ten years. Our Supreme Court held in 1913 that these sales were absolutely void. The sponsor of this bill apparently is attempting to now validate them, but you cannot pass an enabling act in this Legislature to legalize something void from its beginning. Therefore I take the position that this act is unconstitutional, and is depriving the real owners of the property, depriving them of their property without due process of law.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—149.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey.
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor.
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh.
Walton,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—8.

Barnett,
Bungard,
Sones,
Spencer,
Trach,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from page 34 of today's Calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed, House Bill No. 199.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such of railroad companies street railway companies canal companies bridge companies gas companies pipeline companies ferry companies electric light heat and power companies water companies telegraph companies telephone companies express companies and all other public service corporations or so called quasi public corporations of the same or other kinds

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, this is a very important taxation bill. It is in keeping with what I said earlier in the evening that this idea of exemption from taxation in our government has gone too far. This bill proposes to tax for local purposes real estate which heretofore has not been taxable, such as real estate held by public and quasi public corporations. You know that real estate used or real estate that is essential to the carrying on of the business of a public service company or a quasi corporation is not taxed, so that railroad depots, telephone plants and such plants and establishments as those pay actually no local tax. In Pittsburgh it must amount to a great deal; in my county millions and millions of dollars are exempt from taxation. As I have said before, the idea of exemptions has gone to its very ultimate extreme and I, therefore, submit to the House this idea of having those who should do so pay their taxes and to this end I ask you for your support of this bill because it applies to all localities in the State and will tax all real estate which heretofore has not been taxable for the reasons I have just explained.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—111.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Barnett,
Becker,
Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reel,
Rich,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,

NAYS—12.

Aron,
Bauerle,
Curry,
Eby,
Glenn,
Goodyear,
Heyburn,
Peters,
Rhoads,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Young,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1421, entitled:

An Act providing for the removal to and return from hospitals for the insane of persons committed to county jails or prisons and awaiting trial charged with criminal offenses not amounting to felony which persons are found to be insane and further providing for the payment of the expense of such removal and return and for the cost of the maintenance and care of such persons in such hospitals

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considerd and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—119.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Maurer
McArdle,
McCaig,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1122 (Senate Bill 536), entitled:

An Act creating a division of municipal reference statistics and information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SWARTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. YOUNG. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1120 (Senate Bill No. 473), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the term of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—117.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Phillips,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rinn,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stein,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—2.

Barnett,
Walter,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 493 (Senate Bill No. 93), entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Bovee,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Ehrhardt,
Flynn,
Forster,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Marvin,
McClintock,
Powell,
Rininger,
Rudisill,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Twibill,
Walsh,
Wettach,

NAYS—63.

Arnold,
Aron,
Barnett,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson.
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Fruit,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Goodwin,
Hamilton,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Love,
Luxemburger,
McCurdy.
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rinn,
Roney,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Wylie,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 994 (Senate Bill No. 380), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteenth entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—113.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell J. C
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Walsh,
Watson,
West,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Wynne,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 560, entitled:

An Act relating to the animal commonly known as the muskrat and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1423, entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics as required to be established by the State Department of Health and in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of births marriages deaths and diseases of practitioners of medicine and surgery of midwives nurses and undertakers and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births deaths marriages and diseases throughout the State as provided in section ten of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties" approved the twenty-seventh day of April nineteen hundred and five and providing penalties for violations of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1279, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment of a Board of Recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities in cities of the second and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1280, entitled:

An Act defining physical education Providing for the appointment of assistants in physical education defining the qualifications and duties of such assistants and providing for their compensation and the reimbursement by the State to certain school districts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1282, entitled:

An Act amending section six hundred twenty-seven of the School Code of one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and providing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or ay be inconsistent therewith" providing that the board of school directors of any district shall permit the use of school grounds and buildings for civic social recreational and other purposes under certain conditions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1284, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a recreational and educational inquiry commission for the studying investigating and reporting with recommendations upon the recreational and educational conditions and needs of the children in farming districts country mining and manufacturing towns defining its duties and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1157, entitled:

An Act imposing a State tax on anthracite coal providing for the assessment and collection of said tax annually and dedicating the fund received from said tax and appropriating two-thirds of the same to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of State highways and the remaining one-third to the several cities boroughs and townships from which the said tax is derived and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1291, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1315, entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation of county auditors

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 755, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1463, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the deputies in the office of the clerk of the courts county controller recorder of deeds county treasurer chief deputy sheriff and chief clerk to the county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth having over two hundred and fifty thousand population and less than three hundred and twenty-five thousand population

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1162, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' as amended by an act approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one entitled 'An Act to amend section nine of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth" by providing the time in which tax collectors shall pay over tax and make settlements' by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum commissions which may be fixed by the authorities for the collection of taxes in boroughs and in townships of the second class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 604, entitled:

An Act to amend on act entitled "An Act authorizing the employment of stenographers by the district attorneys of certain counties" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1548, entitled:

An Act providing for a commission to determine what portions of the Constitution of this Commonwealth need revision to gather literature statistics and other information and to make report embodying its recommendations and the result of its inquiries defining the power and duties of such Commission providing for its organization and the filling of vacancies in its membership fixing its compensation and making an appropriation for its compensation and expenses

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1344, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violations for the provisions hereof" by including instruments and devices for weighing at coal mines

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1506, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of mine inspectors in this Commonwealth and the expenses incident to the office

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1348, entitled:

An Act providing for the examination licensing and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof and authorizing and requiring cities of the second and third class and boroughs to provide for the appointment and payment of plumbing inspectors and authorizing masters and employing journeymen plumbers who are licensed in one city or borough to receive a license to work in any other city or borough of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the holding of a Constitutional convention providing for the submission of the question of holding such a convention to the electors regulating the time and manner of nominating and electing delegates fixing their number and compensation providing for the organization and constitution of the convention defining its powers providing for the publication of the constitution proposed by the convention and for its submission to the electors and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1387, entitled:

An Act to provide funds for the department of city planning in cities of the third class conferring upon said department the power of veto upon certain city ordinances regulating the manner in which vacancies in said department shall be filled conferring powers upon the said department in regard to mausoleums cemeteries burying grounds plots and drafts of land and building lines and also imposing certain duties upon city council in its relationship to said department

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1161, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to secure to laborers within this Commonwealth the benefit of the exemption laws of this Commonwealth and to prevent assignment of claims for the purpose of securing their collection against laborers outside of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven regulating the practice in trials on actions of debt instituted under the terms and provisions of the said act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 831, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an assignment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1251 (Senate No. 31), entitled:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the number duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1545 (Senate No. 633), entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate money to hospitals

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1595 (Senate No. 726), entitled:

An Act for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1401 (Senate No. 492), entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1451 (Senate No. 644), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1610 (Senate No. 634), entitled:

An Act giving to banks bankers and trust companies in case of insolvency of any depositor therein or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositor or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency assignment for the benefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank banker or trust company upon any promissory note bill of exchange letter of credit or other indebtedness in any form whether or not the same has then matured

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1653 (Senate No. 661), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consent of the local authorities of all the cities boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1438 (Senate No. 461), entitled:

A joint resolution extending the time for the making of the report of the engineer's commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1437 (Senate No, 458), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1606 (Senate No. 613), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1592 (Senate No. 308), entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 816 (Senate No. 116), entitled:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devices to institutions of purely public charity

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1546 (Senate No. 653), entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 496 (Senate No. 28), entitled:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salary of the judges of said court

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Oredered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 874 (Senate No. 56), entitled:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1547 (Senate No. 654), entitled:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin County Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1627 (Senate No. 454), entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1542, entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1533 (Senate No. 460), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or parts of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1532 (Senate No. 365), entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner, a resident of Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, either in law or equity, in the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by, and paid by him to the treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable; together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1398 (Senate No. 22), entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroners physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications duties and salary

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1654 (Senate No. 711), entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other-like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 635, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the National Convention of the United Spanish War Veterans to be held in the City of Scranton Pennsylvania August thirteen and thirty-first and September first and second one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and providing for the appointment of a Commission to disburse the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1309, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the maintenance of Tuberculosis Sanatoria and Dispensaries, necessary additions furnishings and repairs for educational work and other necesary work in curing and preventing tuberculosis

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1526 (Senate No. 657), entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk in the Department of Mines

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 772, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 804, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital, of Brownsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1474, entitled:

An Act appropriating to "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania" the moneys now accumulated in the State Treasury to the credit of the Special Fund composed of proceeds derived from the State forestry reservations of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 768, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of further carrying out the provisions of a joint resolution, approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "A joint resolution to provide for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific ocean and providing for the appointment of a commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 508, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital Philipsburg Centre County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 558, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 645, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase or the appropriation from the State forest reserves of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary making an appropriation therefor authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary and the buildings and materials thereon" approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven making an additional appropriation for erection construction and equipment

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 904, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Institution for Feeble-minded of Eastern Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 10.20 P. M.) the House adjourned to meet at 10.00 o'clock to-morrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 **121st of the General Assembly**

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1915. No. 51.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

THURSDAY, April 29th, 1915.

The House met at 10.00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that Thou art not only our Infinite Creator but that Thou art our Infinite Father who taught us to say, when we pray, "Our Father, who art in Heaven, hallowed be Thy name; Thy Kingdom come; Thy will be done on earth as it is in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread, and forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us; and lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil; for Thine is the Kingdom and the power and the glory forever and ever. Amen.

The Speaker. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Baker, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of citizens of Huntingdon County, praying for the building of a State road from Fannettsburg to Burnt Cabins, Pennsylvania.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

FAVORING GOOD ROADS.

Mr. ADAMS presented a petition from the Pennsylvania Motor Federation favoring the building of good roads.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

Mr. BARNETT presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 420, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Mr. BARNETT presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 783, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. BARNETT presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 420, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring erection of monuments to public schools and founders thereof.

Mr. BARNETT presented the petition of citizens of York County, favoring the erection of monuments to public schools and founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 560, as follows:

An Act relating to the animal commonly known as the muskrat and providing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it is unlawful to hunt chase capture wound or kill between the first day of March and the fifteenth day of November both inclusive any animal commonly known as a muskrat and that it shall be the duty of the Game Commission of this Commonwealth to enforce the provisions of this act

Section 2 It is unlawful at any time to molest injure or destroy a muskrat house or to shoot at a muskrat house

Section 3 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars or to undergo an imprisonment in the county prison not exceeding ten days

Section 4 Each and every magistrate alderman and justice of the peace in this Commonwealth shall have the right and power of summary conviction regarding any violation of this act and all violators shall be prosecuted under the forms prescribed by section three of the act of April ninth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk squirrels and certain birds classed as game-birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" and all penalties shall be applied as therein provided

Section 5 It is lawful for the owner or tenant of land to capture wound or kill a muskrat when it is doing or attempting to do any damage to or upon said land or when it is injuring or attempting to injure any dam

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1423, entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits: requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics, as required to be established by the State Department of Health, and in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of births, marriages, deaths and diseases, of practitioners of medicine and surgery, of midwives, nurses and undertakers, and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births, deaths, marriages and diseases throughout the State, as provided in section ten of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties," approved the twenty-seventh day of April, nineteen hundred and five; and providing penalties for violations of this act.

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the State Department of Health to have charge of the State system of registration of births deaths marriages and disease to prepare the necessary methods form and blanks for obtaining and preserving such records and to insure the faithful registration of the same in the townships boroughs cities counties and in the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capitol of the State The said department shall be charged with the uniform and thorough enforcement of the law throughout the State and shall from time to time recommend any additional forms and amendments that may be necessary for this purpose

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 That the Commissioner of Health of the State Department of Health shall have general supervision over the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics which is hereby authorized to be established by said department and which shall be under the immediate direction of the State Registrar of Vital Statistics whom the said Commissioner of Health shall appoint and who shall be a medical practitioner of not less than ten years practice in his profession and a competent vital statistician The term of appointment of the State Registrar of Vital Statistics shall be four years beginning with the first day of January nineteen hundred and thirteen and any vacancy occurring in the office of the State Registrar of Vital Statistics shall be filled by the appointment of the said Commissioner of Health The State Registrar of Vital Statistics shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars per annum The State Department of Health shall provide for such clerical and other assistance as may be necessary for the purposes of this act and may fix the compensation of persons thus employed within the amount appropriated therefor by the Legislature Suitable apartments shall be provided for the State Bureau of Vital Statistics in the State Capitol at Harrisburg which shall be properly equipped with fireproof vault and filing cases for the permanent and safe preservation of all records made and returned under this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 2, page 2, line 13, strike out after the word "by" the word "the."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 That for the purposes of this act the State shall be divided into registration districts as follows Each city borough and township shall constitute a primary registration district

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 3, page 3, line 4, insert after the word "district" the words "but two or more primary registration districts may be united into one registration district."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 That the Commissioner of Health shall appoint a local registrar of vital statistics for each registration district of the State The term of office of local registrars appointed by the Commissioner of Health shall be for four years beginning with the first day of January of the year nineteen hundred and thirteen and their successors shall be appointed at least ten days before the expiration of their term of office Provided however That all local registrars now serving under appointment of the Commissioner of Health shall conttinue to serve until the expiration of their term for which they have been appointed Any local registrar appointed by the said Commissioner of Health who fails or neglects to efficiently discharge the duties of his office or who fails to make prompt and complete returns of births and deaths as required hereby shall be forthwith removed from his office by the said Commissioner of Health and his successor appointed in addition to any other penalties that may be imposed under other sections of this act for failure or neglect to perform his duty Each local registrar appointed by the Commissioner of Health shall immediately upon his acceptance of appointement as such appoint a deputy whose duty it shall be to act in his stead in case of absence illness or disability and who shall accept such appointment in writing and who shall be subject to all rules and regulations governing the actions of local registrars and when it may appear necesasry for the convenience of the people in any township a local registrar is hereby authorized with the approval of the State Registrar to appoint one or more suitable and proper persons to act as sub-registrars who shall be authorized to receive certificates and to issue burial or removal permits in and for such portions of the township as may be designated and each sub-registrar shall note over his signature the date on which each certificate was filed and forward all certificates to the registrar of the township within ten days and in all cases before the third day of the following month Provided That all sub-registrars shall be subject to the supervision and control of the State Registrar and may be by him removed for neglect or failure to perform their duties in accordance with the provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of the State Registrar and they shall be liable to the same penalties for neglect of duties as the local registrar

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 4, page 3, line 3, strike out after the word "registrars" to the word "shall" on line 4.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Sections five and six were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 That the body of any person whose death occurs in the State shall not be interred deposited in a vault or tomb cremated or otherwise disposed of or removed from or into any registration district until a permit for burial removal or other disposition shall have been properly issued by the local registrar of the registration district in which the death occurs And no such burial or removal permit shall be issued by any registrar until a complete and satisfactory certificate of death has been filed with him as hereinafter provided Provided That when a dead body is transported by common carrier into a registration district in Pennsylvania for burial then the transit and removal permit issued in accordance with the law and health regulations of the place where the death occurred when said death occurs outside of the State of Pennsylvania shall be accepted by the local registrar of the district into which the body has been transported for burial or other disposition as a basis upon which he shall issue a local burial permit in the same way as if the death occurred in his district but shall plainly enter upon the face of the burial permit the fact that it was a body shipped in for interment and give the actual place of death but a burial permit shall not be required from the local registrar of the district in which interment is to be made when a body is removed from one district in Pennsylvania to another district in the State for purpost of burial or other disposition either by common carrier hearse or other conveyance and no local registrar shall as such require from undertakers or persons acting as undertakers any fee for the privilege of burying dead bodies

Section 6 That stillborn children or those dead at birth shall be registered as births and also as deaths and a certificate of both the birth and the death shall be filed with the local registrar in the usual form and manner the certificate of birth to contain in place of the name of the child the word "stillbirth" The medical certificate of the cause of death shall be signed by the attending physician if any and shall state the cause of death as "stillborn" with the cause of the stillbirth if known whether a premature birth and if born prematurely the period of uterogestation in months if known and a burial or removal permit in usual form shall be required Midwives shall not sign certificates of death for stillborn children but such cases and stillbirths occurring without attendance of either physician or midwife shall be treated as deaths without medical attendance as provided for in section eight of this act

The seventh section was read as follows:

Section 7 That the certificate of death shall contain the following items

(1) Place of death including State county township borough or city If in a borough or city the ward street and house number If in a hospital or other institution the name of the same to be given instead of the street and the house number If in an industrial camp the name to be given

(2) Full name of decedent If an unnamed child the surname preceded by "unnamed"

(3) Sex

(4) Color or race as white black (negro or negro descent) Indian Chinese Japanese or other

(5) Conjugal condition as single married widowed or divorced

(6) Date of birth including the year month and day

(7) Age in years months and days

(8) Place of birth State or foreign country

(9) Name of father

(10) Birthplace of father State or foreign country

(11) Maiden name of mother

(12) Birthplace of mother State or foreign country
(13) Occupation The occupation to be reported of any person who had any remunerative employment women as well as men
(14) Signature and address of informant
(15) Date of death including the year month and day
(16) Statement of medical attendance on decedent fact and time of death including the time last seen alive
(17) Cause of death including the primary and immediate causes and contributory causes or complications if any and duration of each
(18) Signature and address of physician or official making the medical certificate
(19) Special information concerning deaths in hospitals and institutions and of persons dying away from home including the former or usual residence length of time and place of death and place where the disease was contracted
(20) Place of burial or removal
(21) Date of burial or removal
(22) Signature and address of undertaker
(23) Official signature of registrar with date when certificate was filed and registered number

The personal and statistical particulars (items one to thirteen) shall be authenticated by the signature of the informant who may be any competent person acquainted with the facts

The statement of facts relating to the disposition of the body shall be signed by the undertaker or person acting as such

The medical certificate shall be made and signed by the physician if any last in attendance on the deceased who shall specify the time in attendance the time he last saw the deceased alive and the hour of the day at which death occurred And he shall further state the cause of death so as to show the course of disease or sequence of causes resulting in death giving the primary and immediate causes and also the contributory causes if any and the duration of each Indefinite and unsatisfactory terms indicating only symptoms of disease or conditions resulting from disease will not be held sufficient for issuing a burial or removal permit and any certificate containing only such terms as defined by the State Registrar shall be returned to the physician for correction and definition Causes of death which may be the result of either disease or violence shall be carefully defined and if from violence its nature shall be stated and whether (probably) accidental suicidal or homicidal And in case of deaths in hospitals institutions or away from home the physician shall furnish the information required under this head (item nineteen) and shall state where in his opinion the disease was contracted

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 7, page 7, line 21, strike out the word "occpuation" and insert the word "occupation."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The eighth section was read as follows:

Section 8 That in case of any death occurring without medical attendance it shall be the duty of the undertaker to notify the registrar of such death and when so notified the registrar shall inform the local health officer and refer the case to him for immediate investigation and certification prior to issuing the permit Provided That when the local health officer is not a qualified physician or when there is no such official and in such cases only the registrar is authorized to make the certificate and return from the statement of relatives or other persons having adequate knowledge of the facts Provided further That if the circumstances of the case render it probable that the death was caused by unlawful or suspicious means the registrar shall then refer the case to the coroner for his investigation and certification And in the city and county of Philadelphia it shall be the duty of the coroner to hold an inquest on the body of any deceased person who shall have died a violent death or whose death shall be sudden if said sudden death shall be after an illness of less than twenty-four hours and no physician shall have been in attendance within said time or if suspicious circumstances shall render the same necessary which said suspicion shall first be sworn to by one or more citizens of said city And any coroner whose duty it is to hold an inquest on the body of any deceased person and to make the certificate of death required for a burial permit shall state in his certificate the nature of the disease or the manner of death and if from external causes or violence whether (probably) accidental suicidal or homicidal as determined by the inquest and shall in neither case furnish such information as may be required by the State Registrar to properly classify the death

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 8, page 9, line 27, strike out the word "neither" and insert the word "either."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The ninth section was read as follows:

Section 9 That the undertaker or person acting as undertaker shall be responsible for obtaining and filing the certificate of death with the local registrar of the district in which the death occurred and securing a burial or removal permit prior to any disposition of the body He shall obtain the personal and statistical particulars required from the person best qualified to supply them over the signature and address of his informant He shall then present the certificate to the attending physician if any or to the health officer or coroner as directed by the local registrar for the medical certificate of the cause of death and other particulars necessary to complete the record as specified in section eight He shall then state the facts required relative to the date and place of burial over his signature and with his address and present the completed certificate to the local registrar who will issue a permit for burial removal or other disposition of the body The undertaker shall deliver the burial permit to the sexton or other person in charge of the place of burial before interring or otherwise disposing of the body or shall attach the transit permit containing the registrar's removal permit to the box containing the corpse when the same is to be shipped by any transportation company which permit shall accompany the corpse to its destination and if the same be within the State of Pennsylvania it shall be delivered to the sexton or other person in charge of the place of burial Provided That in cities of the first class the method of collecting the information required in all certificates of death may be regulated by local health authorities

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 9, page 10, line 27, strike out beginning with the word "Provided" to and including the word "authorities" at the end of the section on line 29.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

Section ten was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 10 That if the interment or other disposition of the body is to be made within the State the wording of the burial permit may be limited to a statement by the registrar and over his signature that a satisfactory certificate of death having been filed with him as required by law permission is granted to inter remove or otherwise dispose of the deceased stating the name age sex cause of death and other necessary details upon the form prescribed by the State Registrar

The eleventh section was read as follows:

Section 11 That no sexton or person in charge of any premises in which interments are made shall inter or permit the interment or other disposition of any body unless it is accompanied by a burial removal or transit permit as herein provided And each sexton or person in charge of any burial ground shall indorse upon the permit the date of interment over his signature and shall return all permits so indorsed to the local registrar of his district within ten days from the date of interment or within the time fixed by the local board of health He shall also keep a record of all interments made in the premises under his charge stating the name of the deceased person place of death date of burial and name and address of the undertaker which record shall at all times be open to public inspection

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 11, page 11, line 9, strike out after the word "interment" to the word "he" on line 10.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Sections twelve, thirteen and fourteen were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 12 That all births that occur in the State shall be immediately registered in the districts in which they occur as hereinafter provided

Section 13 That it shall be the duty of the attending physician or midwife to file a certificate of birth properly and completely filled out giving all of the particulars required by this act with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred within ten days after the date of birth And if there be no attending physician or midwife then it shall be the duty of the father or mother of the child householder or owner of the premises manager or superintendent of public or private institution in which the birth occurred to notify the local registrar within ten days after the birth of the fact of such a birth having occurred It shall then in such case be the duty of the local registrar to secure the necessary information and signature to make a proper certificate of birth

Section 14 That the certificate of birth shall contain the following items

(1) Place of birth including State county township or town village or city If in a city the ward street and house number if in a hospital or other institution the name of the same to be given instead of the street and house number

(2) Full name of child If the child dies without a name before the certificate is fined enter the words "died unnamed" If the living child has not been named at the date of filing the certificate of birth the space for "full name of child" is to be left blank to be filled out subsequently by a supplemental report as hereinafter provided

(3) Sex of child

(4) Whether a twin triplet or other plural birth A separate certificate shall be required for each child in a case of plural birth giving number of child in order of birth

(5) Whether legitimate or illegitimate

(6) Full name of father

(7) Residence of father

(8) Color or race of father

(9) Birthplace of father

(10) Age of father at last birthday in years

(11) Occupation of father

(12) Maiden name of mother in full

(13) Residence of mother

(14) Color or race of mother

(15) Birthplace of mother

(16) Age of mother at last birthday in years

(17) Occupation of mother

(18) Number of child of this mother and number of children of this mother now living

(19) Certificate of attending physician or midwife as to attendance at birth including statement of year month day and hour of birth and whether the child was alive or dead at birth This certificate shall be signed by the attending physician or midwife with date of signature and address if there is no physician or midwife in attendance then the father or mother of the child householder or owner of the premises or manager or superintendent of public or private institution or other competent person whose duty it shall become to notify the local registrar of such a birth as required by section thirteen of this act

(20) Exact date of filing in office of local registrar attested by his official signature and registered number of birth as hereinafter provided

All certificates either of birth or death shall be written legibly in unfading ink and no certificate shall be held to be complete and correct that does not supply all of the items of information called for therein or satisfactorily account for their omission

The fifteenth section was read as follows:

Section 15 That when any certificate of birth of a living child is presented without the statement of the given name then the local registrar shall make out deliver to the parent of the child a special blank for the supplemental report of the given name of the child which shall be filled out as directed and returned to the local registrar as soon as the child shall have been named

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 15, page 13, line 3, after the word "out" insert the word "and."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixteenth section was read as follows:

Section 16 That every physician midwife and undertaker shall without delay register his or her name address and occupation with the local registrar of the district in which he or she resides or may hereafter establish a residence and shall thereupon be supplied by the local registrar with a copy of this act together with such rules and regulations as may be prepared by the State Registrar relative to its enforcement Within thirty days after the close of each calendar year each local registrar shall make a return to the State Registrar of all physicians and midwives who have been registered in his district during the whole or any part of the preceding calendar year Provided That no fee or other compensation shall be charged by local registrars to physicians midwives or undertakers for registering their names under this section or making returns thereof to the State Registrar

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 16, page 14, line 6, strike out the word "regulation" and insert the word "regulations."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventeenth section was read as follows:

Section 17 That all superintendents or managers or other persons in charge of hospitals almshouses lying-in or other institutions public or private to which persons resort for treatment of diseases confinement or are committed by process of law are hereby required to make a record of all of the personal and statistical particulars relative to the inmates in their institutions at the date of approval of this act that are required in the form of certificate provided for by this act as directed by the State Registrar and thereafter such record shall be by them made for all future inmates at the time of their admission And in case of persons admitted or committed for medical treatment of disease the physician in charge shall specify for entry in the record the nature of the disease and where in his opinion it was contracted The personal particulars and information required by this section shall be obtained from the individual himself if it is practical to do so and when they cannot be obtained they shall be secured in as complete manner as possible from the relatives friends or other persons acquainted with the facts

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 17, page 15, line 16, strike out the word "practical" and insert the word "practicable."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighteenth section was read as follows:

Section 18 That the State Registrar shall prepare print and supply to all registrars all blanks and forms used in registering recording and preserving the returns or in otherwise carrying out the purposes of this act and shall prepare and issue such detailed instructions as may be required to secure the uniform observance of its provisions and the maintenance of a perfect system of registration And no other blanks shall be used than those supplied by the State Registrar He shall carefully examine the certificates received monthly from the local registrars and if any such are incomplete or unsatisfactory he shall require such further information to be furnished as may be necessary to make the record complete and satisfactory And all physicians midwives informants or undertakers connected with any case and all other persons having knowledge of the facts are hereby required to furnish such information as they may possess regarding any birth or death upon demand of the State Registrar in person by mail or through the local registrar He shall further arrange bind and permanently preserve the certificates in a systematic manner and shall prepare and maintain a comprehensive and continuous card-index of all births and deaths registered the cards to show the name of child or deceased place and date of birth or death number of certificate and the volume in which it is contained He shall inform all registrars what diseases are to be considered as infectious contagious or communicable and dangerous to the public health as provided by law and by the regulations of the State Department of Health in order that when deaths occur from such diseases proper precautions may be taken to prevent the spreading of dangerous diseases It shall also be the duty of the State Registrar to collect preserve and tabulate records of all marriages performed within the State and to tabulate and compile statistics of morbidity reports received by the Department of Health after such necessary methods and forms as shall be from time to time directed by the Commissioner of Health

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 18, page 15, line 20, strike out the word "card-index" and insert the word "index."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The nineteenth section was read as follows:

Section 19 That it shall be the duty of the local registrar to supply blank forms of certificates to such persons as require them And he shall carefully examine each certificate of birth or death when presented for record to see that it has been made out in accordance with the provisions of this act and the instructions of the State Registrar and if any certificates of death is incomplete or unsatisfactory it shall be his duty to call attention to defects in the return and to withhold issuing the burial or removal permit until they are corrected If the certificate of death is properly executed and complete he shall then issue a burial or removal permit to the undertaker Provided That in case the death occurs from some disease that is held by the State Department of Health to be infectious contagious or communicable and dangerous to the public health no permit for the removal or other disposition of the body shall be granted by the registrar except under such conditions as may be prescribed by the State Department of Health If a certificate of birth is incomplete he shall immediately notify the informant and require him to supply the missing items if they can be obtained He shall then number consecutively the certificates of birth and of death in two separate series beginning with "number one" for the first birth and the first death in each calendar year and sign his name as registrar in attest of the date of filing in his office He shall also make a complete and accurate copy of each birth and death certificate registered by him upon a form identical with the original certificate to be filed and permanently preserved in his office as the local record of such death in such manner as directed by the local registrar And he shall on the tenth day of each month transmit to the State Registrar all original certificates of birth registered by him during the preceding month And if no deaths or births occur in any month he shall on the fifth and the tenth day of the following month report that fact to the State Registrar on a card provided for this purpose Provided That in cities of the first and second class original certificates may be retained by the local registrar and exact duplicates of the original certificates may be forwarded by the local registrar to the State Registrar

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 19, page 17, line 28, strike the word "local" and insert instead the word "State." Also after the word "registrar" on line 28, insert the words "and he shall on the fifth day of each month transmit to the State Registrar all original certificates of death registered by him during the preceding month."

Section 19, page 17, line 33, strike out the word "day" and insert instead the word "days."

Section 19, page 17, line 35, strike out after the word "purpose" to and including the word "registrar" at the end of the section on line 38, and insert after the word "purpose" on line 35, the words "for the proper conduct of health affairs within their respective districts local Health Authorities shall have free access at all times to the records received and permanently filed by local registrars.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twentieth section was read as follows:

Section 20 That each local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each birth or death certificate properly and completely made out and registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act Provided That in cities of the first and second class in which the local registrar occupies the office of city clerk health officer or any other local office and receives a fixed salary as local officer he shall in lieu of fees be entitled to five cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act or if the local registrar in any of such cities is not a local official and does not receive a salary from the city but is furnished by the city with suitable office room for carrying out the duties of his office as local registrar he shall in lieu of fees be entitled to ten cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act and in case no births or deaths were registered during any month the local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each report to that effect promptly made in accordance with this act All amounts payable to registrars in cities of the first and second class where such registrars are receiving fixed salaries as local officers or are furnished with office room as provided in this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon certification by the State Registrar and the State Registrar shall certify monthly to the State Treasurer and Auditor General the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein All amounts payable to registrars except in cities of the first and second class as provided in this section shall be paid by the treasurer of the county in which the registration districts are located upon certification by the State Registrar and the State Registrar shall annually certify to the treasurers of the several counties the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 20, page 17, line 6, strike out the words "in which" and insert the word "if." Insert after the word "registrar" the words "appointed by the Commissioner of Health."

Section 20, page 17, line 8, strike out the words "in lieu of fees."

Section 20, page 17, line 9, strike out the word "five" and insert the word "seven."

Section 20, page 18, line 23, insert after the word "to" the word "local."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-first section was read as follows:

Section 21 That the State Registrar shall upon request furnish any applicant a certified copy of the record of any birth death or marriage registered under provisions of this act for the making and certification of which he shall be entitled to a fee of fifty cents to be paid by the applicant And any such copy of the record of a birth or death or marriage when properly certified by the State Registrar to be a true copy thereof shall be prima facie evidence in all courts and places of the facts therein stated For any such search of the files and records when no certified copy is made the State Registrar shall be entitled to a fee of fifty cents for each hour or fractional hour of time of search to be paid by the applicant And the State Registrar shall keep a true and correct account of all fees by him received under these provisions and turn the same over to the State Treasurer Provided That in cities of the first class certified copies of any birth or death may be furnished by the local registrar The fee for such copy or search of record to be the same as herein provided and all such fees shall be paid into the treasury of the State

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 21 page 19, line 15, strike out after the word "treasurer" to and including the word "State" at the end of the section on line 19.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The twenty-second section was read as follows:

Section 22 That if any physician who was in medical attendance upon any deceased person at the time of death shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver to the undertaker sexton. or other person in charge of the interment removal or other disposition of the body upon request the medical certificate of cause of death hereinbefore provided for he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars And if any physician shall knowingly make a false certification of the cause of death in any case he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars

And any physician or midwife in attendance upon a case of confinement or any other person charged with responsibility for reporting births in the order named in section thirteen of this act who shall neglect or refuse to file a proper certificate of birth with the local registrar within the time required by this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars

And if any undertaker sexton or other person acting as undertaker shall inter remove or otherwise dispose of the body of any deceased person without having received a burial or removal permit as herein provided he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than twenty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars

And any registrar deputy registrar or sub-registrar who shall neglect or fail to enforce the provisions of this act in his district or shall neglect or refuse to perform any of the duties imposed upon him by this act or by the instructions and directions of the State Registrar shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars

And any person who shall wilfully alter any certificate of birth or death or the copy of any certificate of birth or death or the copy of any certificate of birth or death on file in the office of the local registrar shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars or be imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding sixty days or suffer both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court

Any any other person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this act or shall wilfully neglect or refuse to perform any duties imposed upon them by the provisions of this act or shall furnish false information to a physician undertaker midwife or informant for the purposes of making incorrect certification of births or deaths shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be fined not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars

And any transportation company or common carrier transporting or carrying or accepting through its agents or employes for transportation or carriage the body of any deceased person without an accompanying permit issued in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars Provided That in case the death occurred outside of the State and the body is accompanied by a certificate of death burial or removal or transit permit issued in accordance with the law or board of health regulations in force where the death occurred such death certificate burial or removal or transit permit may be held to authorize the transportation or carriage of the body into or borough through the State

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 22, page 19, line 1, strike out after the word "who" to the end of line two and insert after the word "who" in line one, the words "under the provisions of this act is responsible for the medical certificate of death"

Section 22, page 19, line 5, insert after the words "request the" the word "said".

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

Sections twenty-three, twenty-four and the title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 23 That local registrars are hereby charged with the strict and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this act in their districts under the supervision and direction of the State Registrar And they shall make an immediate report to the State Registrar of any violations of this law coming to their notice by observation or upon complaint of any person or otherwise The State Registrar is hereby charged with the thorough and efficient execution of the provisions of this act in every part of the State and with supervisory power over local registrars to the end that all of the requirements shall be uniformly complied with He shall have authority to investigate cases of irregularity or violation of law personally or by accredited representative and all registrars shall aid him upon request in such investigations When he shall deem it necessary the Commissioner of Health shall report cases of violation of any of the provisions of this act to the Department of Justice of the Commonwealth

Section 24 That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed and no system for the registration of births and deaths shall be continued or maintained in any of the several municipalities of this Commonwealth other than the one provided for and established by this act

An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits; requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics, as required to be established by the State Department of Health, and in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of births, marriages, deaths and diseases, of practitioners of medicine and surgery, of midwives, nurses and undertakers, and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births, deaths, marriages and diseases throughout the State, as provided in section ten of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties," approved the twenty-seventh day of April, nineteen hundred and five; and providing penalties for violation of this act.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1279, as follows:

An Act providing for the establishment of a board of recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities in cities of the second and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there shall be established in the cities of the second and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class a board of recreation

Members and Terms of Members

Section 2 (1) The board of recreation shall consist of five (5) members the assistant superintendent in charge of physical education in the public schools of the district in which the said cities boroughs or townships are situated shall be a member of that board of recreation and in addition thereto the members shall be

(a) In the cities of the second class the mayor the director of the department of public health and charities and two (2) resident citizens who shall be appointed by the mayor

(b) In cities of the third class the mayor the superintendent of the department of parks and public property and two (2) resident citizens who shall be appointed by the mayor

(c) In the boroughs the burgess and three (3) resident citizens who shall be appointed by the burgess

(d) In the townships of the first class the chairman of the board of commissioners and three (3) resident citizens who shall be appointed by the chairman of the board of commissioners

(2) The members appointed shall serve for a term of three (3) years from the date of their appointment except in case of appointment to fill vacancies during the term which shall be for the unexpired term

(3) All appointees may be removed by and at the pleasure of

(a) The mayor in the cities of the first and second class

(b) The burgess in the boroughs

(c) The chairman of the board of commissioners in the townships of the first class

Organization

Section 3 (1) The members of the board of recreation shall serve without compensation and from their own numbers shall elect a president secretary and other necessary officers to serve for one (1) year or until their successors are elected and qualified

(2) The board of recreation shall have power to adopt rules of procedure and prescribe regulations for the conduct of all business within its jurisdiction Three (3) members shall constitute a quorum The president shall have power to sign all warrants and perform such other executive duties for the board of recreation as it shall authorize him to perform

Supervision and Charge of Playgrounds Et Cetera

Section 4 (1) The board of recreation shall have power (a) To create organize manage and supervise the various playgrounds recreation centers public floating baths bathing grounds and recreation piers which are established or which may be authorized by such cities boroughs or townships or donated by private individuals or associations and accepted by such cities boroughs or townships

(b) To plan and recommend by regular reports to the city borough or township governments and after appropriate action by such government to create and develop an adequate and complete system of playgrounds and recreation-centers and related activities

(2) The board of recreation shall also care for conduct manage and supervise such public bath houses and related activities as may form constituent parts of or be used in connection with or be used as auxiliaries to a recreation center

Section 5 The said cities boroughs and townships may by ordinance transfer to the jurisdiction of the board of recreation any parkways grounds or other properties adaptable for receation puposes or portions of such parks parkways ground and properties

Section 6 The boad of recreation may

(a) On its own initiative take charge of any grounds and the buildings erected thereon the use of which is offered to it temporarily by individuals or corporations for the purpose of using such grounds for public playgrounds and recreation activities

(b) Assume the charge and care of school playgrounds during vacation periods if so requested by resolution of the board of school directors of the district

Section 7 The board of recreation shall annually three (3) months prior to the close of the financial year make a report of its proceedings during the preceding year to the mayors burgesses and chairman of the boards of commissioners respectively with such recommendations for the development of playgrounds and recreation facilities including additions thereto as it may deem advisable

Section 8 This act shall not limit or affect in any way the authorities heretofore conferred by law upon any commission to lay out and improve any public park parkways or grounds in any of the said cities boroughs or townships now under control of such commissions nor shall it restrict in any way the full discretion of any commission in the execution of any trust by deed or will But any such commission may delegate to the board of recreation and the board of recreation may accept legal charge of any grounds under the control of such commission to be used for playgrounds and recreation purposes

Appropriations

Section 9 The councils of the said cities and boroughs and boards of commissioners of the said townships shall appropriate annually the funds they deem necessary for the maintenance and operation of the board of recreation and such additional funds as may be necessary to carry out the purpose of this act

Section 10 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1280, as follows:

An Act defining physical education providing for the appoint of assistants in physical education defining the qualifications and duties of such assistants and providing for their compensation and the reimbursement by the State to certain school districts

DEFINITION

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following words and phrases as used in this act shall unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context have the following meaning

(a) "Physical education" shall mean organized recreation and play as well as the systematic training of the bodily organs and powers with a view to the promotion of health and vigor

(b) "Physical education department" shall mean a distinctive organization of courses and teachers approved by the State Board of Education designed to give physical education as herein defined

STATE ADMINISTRATION AND SUPERVISION

Section 2 (1) The State Board of Education is hereby authorized and empowered

(a) To aid in the introduction of physical education to assist in the establishment of the physical education departments and to inspect and approve such departments

(b) To make a report annually to the Governor and Legislature describing the condition and progress of physical education and to make such recommendations as it may deem advisable

(2) The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be the executive officer of the State Board of Education for the administration of this act

APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANTS

Section 3 (1) The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall appoint an assistant in physical education and all clerical and other agents necessary to carry out the provisions of this act

(2) Every county superintendent shall appoint an assistant in physical education

(3) Every district superintendent of the first and second classes shall and of the third and fourth classes may appoint an assistant in physical education

(4) The appointment of all assistants in physical education shall be subject to the same regulation as are now or hereafter may be provided by law for the appointment of other assistant superintendents in the public school system

QUALIFICATIONS

Section 4 Only those persons shall be eligible for appointment as assistants under the provisions of this act as shall have had special training in physical education

DUTIES

Section 5 (1) Such assistant to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have general supervision over physical education in all the public and normal schools of the State

(2) Such assistant county and district superintendents appointed under this act shall have subject to the control and authority of such assistant to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction the supervision over physical education within their respective jurisdictions

(3) All assistants in physical education shall be subject to the same duties as now or hereafter may be imposed on other assistant superintendents Provided The duties are not inconsistent with the performance of the duties imposed by this act

COMPENSATION

Section 6 (1) The salary of the assistant to the Superintendent of Public Instruction authorized by this act shall be determined and provided for in the same manner as the salaries of those expert assistants appointed under the provisions of section two paragraph two of an act of May first nineteen hundred thirteen entitled "An act defining vocational education providing for the establishment and regulation of vocational schools and providing for State aid in the maintenance thereof and for the payment of tuition by certain school districts and reimbursement thereof by the State"

(2) The salaries of the assistant county and district superintendents authorized by this act shall be determined and provided for in the same manner as the salaries of other assistant county and district superintendents are authorized respectively in sections one thousand one hundred thirty and one thousand one hundred thirty-five of the school laws of one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for revenue to establish and maintain the same and the methods of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

REIMBURSEMENT

Section 7 (1) Physical education departments if they are approved by the State Board of Education as to organization location control equipment qualification of teachers method of instruction heating lighting ventilation sanitation and any other conditions of the building in respect to health and safety of the pupils and teachers and expenditures of money shall constitute approved physical education departments School districts of the second third and fourth classes maintaining such approved physical education departments shall receive reimbursements as hereinafter provided

(2) The Commonwealth in order to aid in the establishment and maintenance of approved physical education

departments shall pay annually from the State Treasury to the said districts an amount equal to two-thirds the sum which has been expended during the previous school year by the said school districts for the instruction in physical education which is necessary for the proper application of this act Provided No one school district shall receive more than five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) in any one year

(3) On or before the first Wednesday of January of any year in which the regular session of the Legislature is held the State Board of Education shall present to the Legislature an estimate of the amount of money necessary to meet the expenditures to be incurred in the administration of this act for the two school years beginning with the first day of the ensuing July and of the amount necessary to meet the claims of school districts maintaining approve physical education departments under the provision of this act for the two school years beginning with the first day of the ensuing July on the basis of such statement the Legislature shall make an appropriation of such amounts as may be necessary to meet the expenses of carrying this act into effect and of reimbursing such school districts for such school years as herein provided

(4) On or before the tenht day of July of each year the school authorities for each district as herein provided shall present to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction a statement of the amount expended during the school year previous to such first day of July for instruction and equipment in approved physical education departments as herein provided On the basis of such a statement the statement the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall by requisition upon the State Treasurer pay such school districts such reimbursements for the previous year as is provided for in this act

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1282, as follows:

An Act amending section six hundred twenty-seven of the school code of one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and providing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" providing that the board of school directors of any district shall permit the use of school grounds and buildings for civic social recreational and other purposes under certain conditions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section six hundred twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and providing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and nine) which reads as follows

(Section 627) The board of school directors of any district may permit the use of its school grounds and buildings for social recreation and other proper purposes under such rules and regulations as the board may adopt and shall make such arrangements with any city borough or township authorities for the improvement care protection and maintenance of school buildings and grounds for school park play or other recreation purposes as it may seem proper and any board of school directors may make such arrangements as it may see proper with any association or individual for the temporary use of school property for schools playgrounds social recreation and other proper educational purposes" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 627 The board of school directors of any district shall permit the use of its school grounds and buildings for civic social recreation and other proper purposes under such rules and regulations as the board may adopt whenever any ten (10) citizens who are property owners and residents of the district may petition and shall make such arrangements with any city borough or township authorities for the improvement care protection and maintenance of school buildings grounds for school park play or other recreation purposes as shall seem proper and any board of school directors shall make such arrangements as it may seem proper with any association or individual for the temporary use of school property for schools playgrounds civic recreation or other proper educational purposes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1284, as follows:

An Act providing for the appointment of a recreational and educational inquiry commission for the studying investigating and reporting with recommendations upon the recreational and educational conditions and needs of the children in farming districts country mining and manufacturing towns defining its duties and making an appropriation therefor

CREATION

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a commission shall be appointed for the purpose of studying investigating and reporting upon the recreational and educational conditions and needs of the children in the farming districts mining and manufacturing towns and shall be known as the recreational and educational inquiry commission

MEMBERS AND APPOINTMENTS

Section 2 The said commission shall consist of five (5) persons One (1) member of the Senate who shall be appointed by the President of the Senate one (1) member of the House who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House and three (3) other persons one (1) of whom shall be a woman who shall be appointed by the Governor The commission shall be appointed promptly and shall serve without compensation

ORGANIZATION

Section 3 (1) The initial meeting of the commission shall be called by the Senate member and at such meeting the commission shall choose from its own members a chairman

(2) The commission shall have power to adopt rules of procedure and prescribe regulations for the conduct of all business within its jurisdiction Three (3) members shall constitute a quorum

DUTIES

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the commission

(a) To make a thorough study and investigation of the educational and recreational conditions and needs of the children of the farming districts and towns and mining and manufacturing towns

(b) To appoint a suitable person who shall make a survey of these matters and report to the commission the facts found and his or her recommendations and to fix his or her compensation

(c) To make a full and accurate report from this survey and the information obtained by its study and investigation of the conditions found and its recommendations for the better adaptation of the schools to the educational and recreational needs of the children of the farming district mining and manufacturing towns

(d) To submit this report to the Governor on or before the first day of November one thousand nine hundred sixteen

APPROPRIATION

Section 5 The sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to pay for the making of the investigation and report The payment of the money appropriated shall be on the order of the chairman of the commission and upon a warrant of the Auditor General and subject to such regulations as may be imposed by the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1157, entitled:

An Act imposing a State Tax on anthracite coal providing for the assessment and collection of the said tax annually and dedicating the fund received from said tax and appropriating two-thirds of the same to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of State Highways and the remaining one-third to the several cities boroughs and townships from which the said tax is derived and providing penalties for the violation of this act

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act each and every ton of anthracite coal of the weight of two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds avoirdupois mined in this Commonwealth shall be subject to a tax of two ane one-half (2½%) per centum of the value thereof when prepared for market which said tax shall be assessed at the time when said coal has been mined and is ready for shipment or market

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the individual or of the superintendent or other officer in charge of any anthracite mine or mines or washery to assess the tax hereby imposed from time to time as the coal is mined or washed and is ready for shipment or market and to ascertain and assess daily the number of gross tons of anthracite coal so mined or washed and to fix the value thereof The said individual superintendent or other officer in charge of any such mine or mines or washery shall make report in writing under oath on the first day of each month and a total report on the first day of January in each and every year hereafter to the Auditor General on blanks prepared by the Auditor General of the number of gross tons of anthracite coal hereby made taxable and the assessed value thereof during the calendar year then next preceding the time when the same was mined or washed and made ready for shipment for market and the amount of tax assessed by him thereon Provided That the report made on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen shall be for the portion of the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen after the approval of this act The said individual superintendent or other officer in charge of any such mine or mines or washery shall be entitled to receive as compensation for the services herein imposed upon him one (1%) per centum of the amount of tax collected which said sum shall be paid upon the warrant of the Auditor General out of the taxes so collected

If the individual superintendent or other officer in charge of any anthracite mine or mines or washery shall fail or refuse to assess the said tax or to make the monthly and annual reports as herein provided the Auditor General is hereby authorized to appoint some person to go upon the ground and to assess from time to time coal made taxable by this act who shall make report to him of the same The Auditor General may require the production of such books papers and reports as may be necessary for the ascertainment valuation assessment and settlement of the tax as now provided by law and may make an estimated settlement of the said tax either with or without the production of said books papers and reports For every failure to assess said tax and to make report as required by this act the Auditor General shall disallow the compensation for the said assessment and shall add ten (10%) per centum to the tax when settled as a penalty for such failure If any individual superintendent or other officer in charge of any anthracite mine or mines or washery shall fail to assess the said tax or if any person firm corporation limited partnership or joint stock association or any other owners operators or lessees of any anthracite mine or mines or washery or the members officers or directors thereof shall fail to cause the same to be done or make the reports required by this act he or they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred ($500) dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 3 The tax hereby authorized shall be settled and collected as now provided by law for the settlement and collection of other State taxes

Section 4 Fifty per centum of the moneys derived from time to time from the tax collected under the provisions of this act is hereby permanently dedicated to the construction maintenance improvement and repairs of the State highways of the Commonwealth and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State Treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer and his bondmen shall be responsible for the safe keeping of and accounting for said fund in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe keeping of and accounting for other revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer shall on the first business day of each and every month make report to the State Highway Commissioner of the money in said fund available for the use of the State Highway Department and the State Treasurer and Auditor General shall credit one-half (½) of the amount so certified as available to an account for the construction and improvement of State highways and one (½) half to an account for the maintenance and repair of State highways When so certified by State Treasurer the funds shall be available for requisition and expenditure and shall be requisitioned expended settled and vouched as provided by general law for funds appropriated from the general revenues of the Commonwealth

Section 5 The remaining fifty per centum of the moneys derived from time to time from the tax collected under the provisions of this act is hereby permanently dedicated to the several cities boroughs and townships in which anthracite coal is mined or washed and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State Treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth and shall be paid yearly by the State Treasurer upon warrant of the Auditor General to the treasurers of the several counties from which said tax was received in proportion to the amount of tax received from each of said counties and the treasurer of each of the said counties shall within thirty (30) days thereafter pay the same to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs and townships from which anthracite coal is mined or washed in said county pro rata according to population by the last preceding United States census All moneys paid into the State Treasury in pursuance of this act when so certified are hereby specifically appropriated to the purposes hereinbefore mentioned

Section 6 The several sections or provisions of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and it is the intent of the Legislature that if any of said provisions shall be declared invalid it shall not effect any other section or provision hereof

Section 7 This act shall not effect any settlements for taxes heretofore made under the act of June twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws six hundred thirty-nine) entitled "An Act laying a tax on anthracite coal and providing for the collection and distribution of the same" and said act of June twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred thirteen shall remain in force for the settlement and collection of the tax due thereunder for the portion of the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen (1915) up to the time of the approval of this act

Section 8 Except as herein provided the act of June twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws six hundred thirty-nine) entitled "An Act laying a tax on anthracite coal and providing for the collection and distribution of the same" is hereby repealed and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are also hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act imposing a State Tax on anthracite coal providing for the assessment and collection of the said tax annually and dedicating the fund received from said tax and appropriating two-thirds of the same to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of State Highways and the remaining one-third to the several cities boroughs and townships from which the said tax is derived and providing penalties for the violation of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the Title by striking out the words "two-thirds" and the words "one-third" where the same appear, and insert in lieu thereof the words "fifty per centum"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1291, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That at the next regular election for township officers after the passage of this act or at the time that any township of the first class of this Commonwealth is organized there shall be chosen by the qualified voters of the township one township commissioner from each election district of said township and in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth having five or less election districts the number of commissioners of such township shall be five" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in townships of the first class at the next regular election for township commissioners and every fourth year thereafter or at the time that any township of the first class is organized and quadrennially thereafter there shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the township one township commissioner from each election district of said township for a term of four years and in such townships having less than five election districts the electors shall elect five commissioners from the township at large who shall serve for a term of four years The term of township commissioners so elected shall begin on the first Monday of January next succeeding their election Each commissioner now in office shall serve until the first Monday of January next succeeding the election of his successor in office

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1315, as follows:

An Act Regulating the compensation of county auditors

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That county auditors shall be allowed out of the county funds the sum of four dollars each for each day necessarily employed in the discharge of their duties together with six cents per mile circular from and to their homes once for each week so employed

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 755, as follows:

An Act to amend further an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby established in each county of this Commonwealth a board of viewers In counties containing over one million inhabitants such board shall not consist of less than six nor more than nine membres one-third of whom may be learned in the law and members of the bar of the proper county In each county containing less than one million inhabitants said board shall consist of not less than three nor more than nine members one-third of whom may be surveyors or members of the bar of the proper county The judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county shall in each case determine within the aforesaid posed fixing and determining such number as shall be deemed necessarv limits the total number of members of which the board shall be com- for the proper performance of the duties imposed upon the board with power in the court from time to time to change the number within the above stated limit as to the total number of members Each member of the board of viewers must be at least twenty-five years of age must be a freeholder must be qualified elector of the proper county must have resided therein for five years immediately prior to his appointment and must not be engaged in any public employment of profit The office of any member of the board shall be vacant immediately upon his ceasing to be a resident of the county in which he shall be appointed or upon his ceasing to possess any of the qualifications above required the court of the proper county being empowered from time to time to determine summarily any facts thus bringing about a vacancy in the office and being authorized to fill vacancies thus arising in the manner hereinafter set forth" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby established in each county a board of viewers In counties containing over one million five hundred thousand inhabitants such board shall not consist of less than six nor more than nine members one-third of whom may be learned in the law and members of the bar of the proper county In counties having more than one million inhabitants but less than one million five hundred thousand the board shall consist of two members from each state senatorial district in the county elected by the qualified electors of the district In each county containing less than one million inhabitants the board shall consist of not less than three nor more than nine members one-third of whom may be surveyors or members of the bar of the proper county Except as otherwise provided above the judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county shall in each case determine within the aforesaid limits the total number of members of which the board shall be composed fixing and determining such number as shall be deemed necessary for the proper performance of the duties imposed upon the board Except as otherwise provided above the court may from time to time change the number within the above stated limit as to the total number of members

Each member of the board of viewers must be at least twenty-five years of age must be a freeholder must be qualified elector of the proper county or Senatorial district as the case may be must have resided therein for five years immediately prior to his appointment or election and must not be engaged in any public employment of profit The office of any member of the board shall be vacant immediately upon his ceasing to be a resident of the county or Senatorial district as the case may be in which he shall be appointed or elected or upon his ceasing to possess any of the qualifications above required The court of the county is empowered from time to time to determine summarily any facts thus bringing about a vacancy in the office and is authorized to fill vacancies thus arising in the manner hereinafter set forth

Except as otherwise in this act provided members of boards of viewers in office at the approval of this amendment shall remain in office until the expiration of their respective terms unless removed therefrom or unless the office is declared vacant as provided in this act

Section 2 The second section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 Immediately after the approval of this act the judges of the court of common pleas of each county shall appoint the members of the board of viewers for their respective counties In counties having more than one court of common pleas the judges of all the courts of common pleas shall meet as a body and shall make such appointment In judicial districts which comprise more than one county such appointment for each county shall be made by the judge or judges of the judicial district in which said county shall be situated

"The courts of common pleas of the respective counties shall make such rules and regulations for the government of said boards and the proceedings thereof not inconsistent with the provisions thereof as they respectively shall deem proper which rules and regulations said courts from time to time may alter amend modify and rescind" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 Except as otherwise provided the judges of the court of common pleas of each county shall appoint the members of the board of viewers for their respective counties In counties having more than one court of common pleas the judges of all the courts of common pleas shall meet as a body and shall make such appointment In judicial districts which comprise more than one county such appointment for each county shall be made by the judge or judges of the judicial district in which said county shall be situated

In counties having a population exceeding one million inhabitants but less than one million five hundred thousand the qualified electors of each senatorial district shall at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen elect one person qualified as above as a member of the board to serve for four years from the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen and one person so qualified to serve as a member for two years from said first Monday Thereafter bienially the qualified electors of the district shall elect one person qualified as above to serve as a member for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election A vacancy caused by death removal from the district removal from office or otherwise shall be filled by the said court by the appointment of a person for the unexpired term from the district duly qualified as above The terms of the present members of the board of viewers in such counties shall determine on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen

The courts of common pleas of the respective counties shall make such rules and regulations for the government of said boards and the proceedings thereof not inconsistent with the provisions thereof as they respectively shall deem proper which rules and regulations said courts from time to time may alter amend modify and rescind

Section 3 Sections three and four of said act which as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend the third and fourth sections of an act entitled 'An Act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof" approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven fixing the per diem compensation and mileage of the said board of viewers and providing for the payment thereof by the proper county and increasing the powers of viewers regarding the administration of oaths" which respectively read as follows

"Section 3 Each of the members of the said board of viewers shall be appointed for a term of three years from the date of his appointment whether such appointment be to fill an original or partly expired term Members may be reappointed from time to time when vacancies shall occur All appointments shall be subject to the powers of the respective courts of common pleas of the respective counties at any time for causes to them satisfactory to remove members of said board before the expiration of their respective terms of office and to appoint successors

"In the event of any vacancy in the board of viewers of any county caused by death resignation removal from office by the court removal of the member from the county or by reason of inability neglect or refusal to perform the duties of the office or because of expiration of term or for any other cause the judges of the respective courts of common pleas may in the same manner as provided in the case of making an original appointment appoint a new member or members of said board possessing the qualifications herein required The person thus appointed to fill any vacancy shall hold his office for the term of three years subject as above provided Each member of the board of viewers before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation to perform faithfully all the duties imposed on him by law Any member of any board of viewers under the provisions of this act shall have general power to administer oaths and affirmations to other viewers of the same county to witnesses before them and to other persons pertaining to the business and duties of said board of viewers

"Section 4 In counties having more than one million inhabitants each member of said board of viewers shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars payable quarterly out of the treasury of the proper county

"In counties containing less than one million inhibitants each member of the said board of viewers shall receive and be paid out of the treasury of the proper county the sum of five (5) cents per mile for each mile actually and necessarily traveled by him in the performance of the duties of his office and each member of the said board of viewers shall receive and be paid out of the treasury of the proper county the sum of five ($5.00) dollars per day for each day actually and necessarily spent by him in the performance of the duties of his office The same shall be paid monthly under such conditions as to verification of time of employment as may be prescribed by the rules and regulations which shall be made in that behalf by the courts of the respective counties" are further amended to read respectively as follows

Section 3 Except as provided in section two of this act each of the members of the said board of viewers shall be appointed for a term of three years from the date of his appointment whether such appointment be to fill an original or partly expired term Members may be reappointed from time to time when vacancies shall occur All appointments shall be subject to the powers of the respective courts of common pleas of the respective counties at any time for causes to them satisfactory to remove members of said board before the expiration of their respective terms of office and to appoint successors

In the event of any vacancy in the board of viewers of any county caused by death resignation removal from office by the court removal of the member from the county or by reason of inability neglect or refusal to perform the duties of the office or because of expiration of term in an appointive office or for any other cause the judges of the respective courts of common pleas may in the same manner as provided in the case of making an original appointment and as provided in section two appoint a new member or members of said board possessing the qualifications herein required Except as provided in section two the person thus appointed to fill any vacancy shall hold his office for the term of three years subject as above provided Each member of the board of viewers before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation to perform faithfully all the duties imposed on him by law Any member of any board of viewers under the provisions of this act shall have general power to administer oaths and affirmations to other viewers of the same county to witnesses before them and to other persons pertaining to the business and duties of said board of viewers

Section 4 In counties having more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants each member of said board of viewers shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars payable quarterly out of the treasury of the proper county In counties having more than one million inhabitants but less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants each member of the board of viewers shall receive an annual salary of three thousand five hundred dollars payable monthly out of the county treasury

In counties containing less than one million inhabitants each member of the said board of viewers shall receive and be paid out of the treasury of the proper county the sum of five (5) cents per mile for each mile actually and necessarily traveled by him in the performance of the duties of his office and each member of the said board of viewers shall receive and be paid out of the treasury of the proper county the sum of five ($5.00) dollars per day for each day actually and necessarily spent by him in the performance of the duties of his office The same shall be paid monthly under such conditions as to verification of time of employment as may be prescribed by the rules and regulations which shall be made in that behalf by the courts of the respective counties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1463, as follows:

An Act to fix the salaries of the deputies in the offices of the clerk of the courts county controller recorder of deeds county treasurer chief deputy sheriff and chief clerk to the county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth having over two hundred and fifty thousand population and less than three hundred and twenty-five thousand population

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act in counties having over two hundred and fifty thousand population and less than three hundred and twenty-five thousand population the salaries of the deputy clerk of the courts deputy county controller deputy recorder of deeds deputy county treasurer chief deputy sheriff and chief clerk to the county commissioners shall be twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500.00) per annum each payable in monthly installments by the treasurer of such county according to existing laws

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1162, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' as amended by an act approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one entitled 'An Act to amend section nine of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' by providing the time in which tax collectors shall pay over tax and make settlements'" by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum commissions which may be fixed by the authorities for the collection of taxes in boroughs and in townships of the second class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' as amended by an act approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one entitled 'An Act to amend section nine of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' by providing the time in which tax collectors shall pay over the tax and make settlements'" which reads as follows

"Section 9 The collector of taxes shall collect the taxes charged in said duplicates and pay over the same to the respective treasurers or authorities entitled thereto after deducting his commission for the collection thereof Such commission shall be fixed by the authorities of the respective boroughs or townships and shall not exceed five per centum of the amount collected All taxes collected within the ninety days as provided in this act shall be paid over as aforesaid within fifteen days after the expiration of said ninety days and all taxes thereafter collected during his term of office shall paid over as aforesaid at regular intervals of one month and a complete settlement of all taxes collected shall be made by the collector of taxes with the respective treasurers or authorities entitled thereto not later three months after the expiration of his term of office" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 9 The collector of taxes shall collect the taxes charged in said duplicates and pay over the same to the respective treasurers or authorities entitled thereto after deducting his commission for the collection thereof

Such commission shall be fixed by the authorities of the respective boroughs or townships within the following limits based upon the amount collected to wit in boroughs such commission shall be not less than three per centum nor more than five per centum and in townships of the second class such commission shall be not less than five per centum nor more than ten per centum

All taxes collected as provided in this act shall be paid over as aforesaid at intervals not exceeding one month and at the end of each month and within three (3) days thereafter and a full and complete settlement of all taxes collected shall be made by the collector of taxes with the respective treasurers or authorities entitled thereto not later than three months after the expiration of his term of office.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 604, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the employment of stenographers by the district attorneys of certain counties" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the employment of stenographers by the district attorneys of certain counties" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and fifty-eight) which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the district attorney of any county which shall have less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and more than one hundred and ten thousand inhabitants may employ a stenographer as an assistant in his office at a salary not to exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars per year to be paid in the same manner that other county officers are paid" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the district attorney of any county which shall have less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and more than ninety thousand inhabitants may employ a stenographer as an assistant in his office at a salary not to exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars per year to be paid in the same manner that other county officers are paid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1548, as follows:

An Act providing for a commission to determine what portions of the Constitution of this Commonwealth need revision to gather literature statistics and other information and to make a report embodying its recommendations and the result of its inquiries defining the power and duties of such commission providing for its organization and the filling of vacancies in its membership fixing its compensation and making an appropriation for its compensation and expenses

Appointment of a Commission on Constitutional Revision

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House, of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby created a commission to be known as the "Commission on Cnstitutional Revision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" to be composed of the Attorney General who shall act as chairman and ten other member six appointed by the Governor two appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate and two appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives

Time of First Meeting of Commission

Section 2 Such commission shall assemble within fifteen days after its appointment at a time and place to be fixed by the Attorney General and shall immediately thereafter organize by the election of such officers as it may deem necessary

Duties of Commission

Section 3 It shall be the duty of such commission to make such inquiry pursue such study and gather such literature as it may deem helpful to the members of convention called to revise the Constitution of the Commonwealth If a Constitutional Convention be held in this Commonwealth before the first Tuesday in January nineteen hundred and seventeen the commission shall report to such convention immediately upon the organization thereof Its report shall be accompanied by such literature statistics and other information as the commission shall have gathered and may be accompanied by recommendations for constitutional revision

If a Constitutional Convention be not held in this Commonwealth prior to the first Tuesday in January nineteen hundred and seventeen the commission shall on that day report to the General Assembly of this Commonwealth Its report shall be accompanied by such literature statistics and other information as the commission may have gathered and arranged and may be accompanied by recommendations for constitutional revision

Filling Vacancies

Section 4 In case a person appointed by the Governor shall cease to be a member of the commission the Governor shall fill by appointment the vacancy in case a person appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate shall cease to be a member of the commission the President pro tempore of the Senate shall fill by appointment the vacancy in case a person appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall cease to be a member of the Commission the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall fill by appointment the vacancy

Compensation of the Commission Appropriation For Its Expenses

Section 5 Each member of the commission except the Attorney General and any person appointed who may be a member of the Senate or House of Representatives or hold any public office of trust or profit in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall receive as compensation three thousand dollars and his traveling and other necessary expenses The commission shall have power to employ and fix the compensation of such assistants clerks and other employes as it may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this act The sum of fifty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act Warrants for the compensation of commissioners assistants clerks and employes and all proper expenses of the commission shall be drawn upon the State Treasurer by the chairman and countersigned by the secretary of the commission and shall be paid when audited by the Auditor General out of the moneys herein specifically appropriated

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1344, as follows:

An Act to further amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" by including instruments and devices for weighing at coal mines

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof'" reads as follows

"Section 2 That all county and city inspectors so appointed shall be supplied at the expense of their respective counties and cities with standard tests of weights and measures in conformity with those established by the Government of the United States or the Bureau of Standards of the State and the laws of this Commonwealth and to ensure the accuracy of these tests they shall be compared with the standard tests to be purchased by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and when so compared and their correctness established they shall be so stamped or marked in such manner as may be established by the rules and regulations hereinbefore referred to to be put in force by said Secretary of Internal Affairs and approved by the Governor of the Commonwealth

Each inspector shall report in writing at least once every month to the Chief of the State Bureau of Standards upon blanks furnished by the Chief Such report shall contain (1) The number of tests made since the last preceding report (2) The number of weights measures and balances found by such test to be correct (3) The number of weights measures and balances found by such tests to be false (4) The number of prosecutions instituted by such inspector since the last preceding report together with the name of the accused the title of the court where prosecution was instituted and the result of such prosecution (5) Such other matters as the Chief may from time to time prescribe

The inspectors shall take charge of and safely keep the proper standards They shall be furnished by the Chief of the Bureau of Standards of this Commonwealth with full specifications of tolerances and allowances to be used by them in the performance of their duties

Each inspector shall have power within his respective jurisdiction to test all instruments and devices used in weighing or measuring anything sold or to be sold and seal the same if found to be correct Such test shall include all appliances connected or used with such instruments or devices For the purpose of making such test each inspector at any reasonable time and without formal warrant may enter upon any premises and may on any public highway stop any vendor or dealer or the agent or servant of such vendor or dealer or stop any vehicle used in delivering any commodity which is weighed or measured or delivered He may condemn and mark as condemned or may seize any false or illegal instrument or device used or intended to be used in weighing or measuring If he shall seize any such instrument or device he shall retain possession thereof until it shall have been used as evidence in any prosecution under the laws of this Commonwealth relating to weights and measures or to the sale of commodities After the determiatnion of such prosecution the false or illegal instrument or device shall be destroyed unless otherwise ordered by the proper court" is further amended to read as follows

Section 2 That all county and city inspectors so appointed shall be supplied at the expense of their respective counties and cities with standard tests of weights and measures in conformity with those established by the Government of the United States or the Bureau of Standards of the State and the laws of this Commonwealth and to ensure the accuracy of these tests they shall be compared with the standard tests to be purchased by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and when so compared and their correctness established they shall be so stamped or marked in such manner as may be established by the rules and regulations hereinbefore referred to to be put in force by said Secretary of Internal Affairs and approved by the Governor of the Commonwealth

Each inspector shall report in writing at least once every month to the Chief of the State Bureau of Standards upon blanks furnished by the Chief Such report shall contain (1) The number of tests made since the last preceding report (2) The number of weights measures and balances found by such tests to be correct (3) The number of weights measures and balances found by such tests to be false (4) The number of prosecutions instituted by such inspector since the last preceding report together with the name of the accused the title of the court where the prosecution was instituted and the result of such prosecution (5) Such other matters as the Chief may from time to time prescribe

The inspectors shall take charge of and safely keep the proper standards They shall be furnished by the Chief of the Bureau of Standards of this Commonwealth with full specifications of tolerances and allowances to be used by them in the performance of their duties Each inspector shall have power within his respective jurisdiction to test all instruments and devices used in weighing or measuring anything sold or to be sold including instruments and devices for weighing at coal mines and seal the same if found to be correct Such test shall include all appliances connected or used with such instruments or devices For the purpose of making such test each inspector at any reasonable time and without formal warrant may enter upon any premises and may on any public highway stop any vendor or dealer or the agent or servant of such vendor or dealer or stop any vehicle used in delivering any commodity which is weighed or measured as delivered He may condemn and mark as condemned or may seize any false or illegal instrument or device used or intended to be used in weighing or measuring If he shall seize any such instrument or device he shall retain possession thereof until it shall have been used as evidence in any prosecution under the laws of this Commonwealth relating to weights and measures or to the sale of commodities After the determination of such prosecution the false or illegal instrument or device shall be destroyed unless otherwise ordered by the proper court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1506, as follows:

An Act fixing the salaries of mine inspectors in this Commonwealth and the expenses incident to the office

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act the salary of mine inspectors of this Commonwealth shall be three thousand five hundred dollars per annum together with the necessary expense of performing his duties under the law which money shall be paid in the manner now provided by law

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1348, as follows:

An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof and authorizing and requiring cities of the second and third class and boroughs to provide for the appointment and payment of plumbing inspectors and authorizing masters and employing journeymen plumbers who are licensed in one city or borough to receive a license to work in any other city or borough of the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any persons to carry on or work at the business of plumbing or house drainage in cities of the second and third class or in any borough of this Commonwealth until a certificate or license to engage in or work at said business shall have been granted said persons by the director of the department of public safety or department or board or bureau of health of such cities or boroughs nor until they have registered as such in the office of the department or board or bureau of health of said cities or boroughs

Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the employment or working of apprentices under the direction of duly registered and licensed master or employing plumbers and Provided further That master or employing plumbers having a bona fide place of business in said second or third class cities or in any borough of this Commonwealth at the time of the approval of this act and resident journeymen plumbers who have served not less than four years apprenticeship at the business shall not be required to undergo any examination by an examining board and they shall be entitled to register on application provided said persons firms or corporations make application for registry within six months after the approval of this act and annually thereafter between the first and thirty-first days of December of each year as required by section two of this act

Section 2 All and every person or persons engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing and house drainage in said cities or boroughs shall apply in writing to the said director of the department of public safety department or board or bureau of health for such certificate or license and if after proper examination made by the department or board or bureau of health of said cities or boroughs such person or persons so applying shall be found competent the same shall be certified to the director of the department of public safety department or board or bureau of health who shall thereupon issue a certificate or license to such person or persons which shall for the period of one calendar year or fractional part thereof next ensuing the date of such examination entitle him or them to engage in or work at the business of plumbing and house drainage The mayor of said cities or boroughs is hereby authorized to appoint a board of examiners to consist of the health officer or superintendent of the department or board or bureau of health one plumbing inspector and two competent masters or employing plumbers in no wise connected with the city government who shall examine all applicants for license under the provisions of this act The said board shall make all reasonable rules regulations and examinations which shall be approved by the said director of the department or board or bureau of health An examination of any one member of a firm or corporation or of the superintendent or foreman therefor shall be deemed sufficient Said person or persons firm or corporation engaged or engaging in the business of plumbing or house drainage shall pay for each examination the sum of five dollars and each journeyman or person engaged in the work shall pay the sum of fifty cents which sum shall be paid into the city treasury for the use of said cities or boroughs The proper officers of said cities or boroughs are hereby authorized to pay to the plumbers acting on said board the sum of two dollars per day for each day or session thus actually employed

The mayor of said cities is hereby authorized and required to appoint a competent person as plumbing inspector whose duty it shall be to supervise superintend and inspect all plumbing and house drainage in conformity with the provisions of this act And the several cities or boroughs are hereby authorized and required to make proper provision for the payment of the salary of the said plumbing inspector as provided by law

Every registered master plumber shall have a bona fide place of business in said cities or boroughs and shall display on the front of his or their place of business a sign "Registered Plumber" bearing the name or names of the person firm or corporation in letters not less than three inches high

No person other than a registered master plumber shall be allowed to carry on or engage in the business nor shall any person or persons expose the sign of plumbing or house drainage or any advertisement petaining thereto unless he or they have first secured a license or certificate and been registered in the office of the board or bureau of health of such cities or boroughs nor shall any person or persons other than a registered master plumber or person in his or their employ or under his or their supervision be allowed to alter repair or make any connection with any drain soil waste or vent pipe or any pipe connected therewith

Every registered master plumber firm or corporation shall give immediate notice of any change in his their or its place of business and upon his their or its retirement from business shall surrender his their or its certificate of registry to the board or bureau of health Every person firm or corporation or representative thereof in registering shall give the full name or names of the person firms or officers' names of the corporation for which he or they shall register

At the expiration of each calendar year said certificate or license shall be null and void A licensed master or journeyman plumber desiring to continue in or work at the business of plumbing and house drainage for the ensuing year shall between the first and thirty-first days of December of each and every year surrender the said certificate or license to the department or board or bureau of health and re-register his their or its name or names and business or home address upon such form or forms as may from time to time be furnished by said department or board or bureau of health

A re-examination will not be necessary for re-registration unless the licensed master or journeyman plumber should have failed to make an application for re-registration at the specified time The sum of one dollar shall be paid by master plumbers firms or corporations and the sum of twenty-five cents by journeymen plumbers for re-registration which sum shall be paid into the city treasurer for the use of said cities or boroughs A register of all such applicants and the license or certificates issued shall be kept in said department board or bureau of health which said register shall be open to the inspection of all persons interested therein Any person firm or corporation holding a license or certificate granted by any first second or third class city or any borough of this Commonwealth to engage in or work at the business of plumbing and drainage work desiring to do plumbing or drainage work in any other city than the one in which said license or certificate was granted shall without examination be registered before entering upon such work Provided however That the registration shall be restricted and limited to such plumbing and drainage work as he they or it shall have contracted for at the time of registry On the completion of such contract or contracts the registration of such person firm or corporation shall be null and void and no further permit shall be issued until he they or it shall have first registered his or its name or their names and address as hereinbefore provided

Section 3 On application at the office of the health officer or the board or bureau of health in any city or borough within this Commonwealth any journeyman plumber who shall produce a certificate of registry or license for the current term issued to him by any other city of the first second or third class or by any borough within the Commonwealth shall forthwith be registered as a journeyman plumber at the trade of plumbing within the city or borough for which he shall present his application He shall not be required to undergo any examination by the examining board and he shall pay the usual sum required for a renewal of a registry license

Any person or persons who shall fail to comply with any of the provisions of this act regarding the procuring of a license or certificate to engage in or work at the business of plumbing or house drainage shall be liable to a fine of not less than ten dollars nor exceeding fifty dollars for each and every day he or they shall engage in or work at said business without first having obtained said certifificate or license And any person or persons who shall violate any of the rules regulations or requirements of any department or board or bureau of health regarding the construction or re-construction of plumbing or house drainage shall be liable for every such offense to a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars which fines shall be recoverable before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace in said cities or boroughs by summary proceedings and shall be sued for in the name of such cities or boroughs and when collected shall be paid into the treasury thereof In default of the payment of any fine or penalty imposed by any police magistrate or justice of the peace under the provisions of this act the person or persons so offending may be committed to the jail workhouse or other penal institution of the county in which said city is situated for a period not exceeding thirty days

Section 4 The department or board or bureau of health are hereby authorized and directed to make such rules and regulations as to the construction of plumbing and house drainage work as such department board or bureau of health may from time to time deem advisable for the better protection of the health or safety of the community and that may be approved by the councils or commissioners of the said cities or boroughs

Section 5 The members of the State Board of Health shall be ex officio members of the department or board or bureau of healtth in every city or borough within the Commonwealth and a copy of all rules and regulations relating to the construction of plumbing and house drainage work that may be adopted from time to time shall be forwarded to their office at Harrisburg as soon as possible after adoption

Section 6 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act or supplied thereby are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1, as follows:

An Act relating to the holding of a Constitutional convention providing for the submission of the question of holding such a convention to the electors regulating the time and manner of nominating and electing delegates fixing their number and compensation providing for the organization and constitution of the convention defining its powers providing for the publication of the Constitution proposed by the convention and for its submission to the electors and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of this act

Section 1 Time of Submitting the Question of a Constitutional Convention to the Electors
Section 2 Time of Electing Delegates Number of Delegates
Section 3 Manner of nominating delegates
Section 4 Time and Manner of Organization of the Convention Members ex-officio
Section 5 Filling Vacancies
Section 6 Power of Convention
Section 7 Filing and Publication of the Proposed Constitution
Section 8 Time and Manner of Submitting the Constitution to the People
Section 9 Compensation of Members and Officers Appropriation for Expenses

TIME OF SUBMITTING THE QUESTION OF A CONSTITUTION CONVENTION TO THE ELECTORS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That at the municipal election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the question of holding a convention to revise the Constitution shall be submitted to the electors of this Commonwealth

TIME OF ELECTING DELEGATES NUMBER OF DELEGATES

Section 2 At the same election delegates to the Constitutional Convention shall be elected

The number of delegates shall be one hundred and sixty-five three delegates to be elected from each of the fifty Senatorial districts of the Commonwealth and fifteen delegates selected and chosen by the Governor of the Commonwealth

In choosing such delegates each elector shall be entitled to vote for three district delegates

Immediately after the election in November the Governor shall apoint the fifteen delegates hereinbefore mentioned and shall call them to Harrisburg at such time as he shall fix and the said fifteen delegates shall at said meeting organize and begin at once to prepare and make up various drafts of the proposed constitution When the convention assembles the said fifteen delegates shall merge with and become part of the general convention after reporting the various drafts constructed and made up by them

MANNER OF NOMINATING DELEGATES

Section 3 Nominations for delegates to the convention shall in all cases be made by petition

Nominating petitions for district delegates shall be signed by at least two hundred qualified electors and shall set forth that the signers thereof are qualified electors of the district in which the candidates reside and from which he desires to be elected and that they will support the candidate whose petition they are signing

Every signer of a nomination petition shall add his accupation and residence giving city borough village or township with street and number if any and the date of signing the petition No petition for nomination shall be circulated prior to sixty days before the date on which such petition must be filed and no signature shall be counted unless it shall have been affixed to such petition and bear date within sixty days prior to the time of filing the same

Petitions shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth at least thirty days prior to the date of the election at which delegates are to be chosen

The Secretary of the Commonwealth immediately after the last day for filing of said petitions with him shall forward to the county commissioners of each county a correct list of the candidates for delegates as contained in such petitions

TIME AND MANNER OF ORGANIZATION OF THE CONVENTION MEMBERS MEMBERS EX OFFICIO

Section 4 If a majority of the electors voting on the aforesaid question shall be in favor of holding a constitutional convention the delegates elected as herein provided shall meet in the hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol in the city of Harrisburg at twelve o'clock noon on the first Monday in January in the year one thousand nine hundred and sixteen with general powers of adjournment as to time and place

The members of any commission which may be appointed to study constitutional questions prior to the election of delegates to such convention shall be members ex officio of the convention with all the rights and privileges of delegates except the right to vote

It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth to call the convention to order at the time of its assembling and to read the proclamation of the Governor setting forth the names of the delegates to the convention The convention shall then proceed to organize by electing one of its number as president and after the delegates are sworn in such other officers as may be needed for the transaction of business

FILLING VACANCIES

Section 5 In case of vacancies in the membership of the convention occurring prior or subsequent to its organization delegates shall be elected to fill the same by the members of the convention Provided That any delegate elected to fill a vacancy in the representation of any senatorial district shall be a resident of such senatorial district

POWER OF THE CONVENTION

Section 6 Said convention shall have power to propose to the citizens of this Commonwealth for their approval or rejection a new constitution

FILING AND PUBLICATION OF THE PROPOSED CONSTITUTION

Section 7 The constitution proposed by the convention shall be engrossed and signed by the president and chief clerk of convention and delivered to the Secretary of the Commonwealth who shall enter it on record in his office and shall publish the same in convenient form and send a copy thereof by mail to every elector in the Commonwealth

TIME AND MANNER OF SUBMITTING THE CONSTITUTION TO THE PEOPLE

Section 8 The constitution proposed by the convention shall be submitted to the qualified electors of this Commonwealth for their approval or rejection at an election to be held at such time as the convention shall prescribe Such election shall be conducted in the manner in which general and municipal elections are by law conducted The constitution shall be submitted to the electors in such manner as the Convention shall direct

The majority vote of the electors voting thereon shall be necessary to the adoption of the constitution proposed by the convention or any part thereof separately submitted

COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS AND OFFICERS APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES

Section 9 The entire compensation and allowance to each member and to each member ex officio of the convention shall be as follows For salary seven hundred and fifty dollars ($750) for mileage ten cents per circular mile not to be allowed at more than two sessions for postage stationery and contingencies one hundred dollars ($100)

The clerks and other officers shall be allowed such compensation as the convention shall direct

Warrants for compensation of members and officers and for all proper expenses of the convention shall be drawn upon the State Treasurer by the president and countersigned by the chief clerk of the convention and shall be paid when audited by the Auditor General out of moneys specifically appropriated for the purpose

The sum of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1387, as follows:

An Act to provide funds for the Department of City Planning in cities of the third class conferring upon said department the power of veto upon certain city ordinances regulating the manner in which vacancies in said department shall be filled conferring powers upon the said department in regard to mausoleums cemeteries burying grounds plots and drafts of land and building lines and also imposing certain duties upon city council in its relationship to said department

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an additional executive department in the government of cities of the third class is hereby created to be known as the department of City Planning which shall be in charge of a city planning commission consisting of five persons to be appointed by the mayor and councils their terms of office to commence the first Monday of January In the first instance one member of said commission shall be appointed for one year one member for two years one member for three years one member for four years and one member for five years and annually thereafter a member of said commission shall be appointed for a term of five years Provided that the present members of any city planning commission heretofore appointed shall continue to serve out their terms and at the expiration of their terms their successors shall be appointed under the conditions of this act An appointment to fill a casual vacancy shall be only for the unexpired portion of the term In the event of vacancy or expiration of term of office in the membership of the commission it shall be proper for the remaining members of the commission to file with city council a list of five or more names from which list council may or may not elect a member of the commission Provided That it shall be lawful for council to name the "Commissioner of Parks and Public Property" as a member of the City Planning Commission either active or ex-officio as the resolution of council may designate All members of the said commission shall reside within the zone of jurisdiction of said commission as hereinafter defined They may make and alter rules and regulations for their own organization and procedure consistent with the ordinances of the city and the laws of the Commonwealth They shall serve without compensation and shall make annually to the mayor and council a report of their transactions The mayor and council of cities of the third class shall upon the requisition of the department appropriate annually for the use of the department a sum not less than the proceeds of one-twentieth of one mill per dollar of the assessed valuation of the taxable property in said city The department shall have full authority to contract for the expenditure of such funds including the employment of official engineering clerical and similar assistants

Should the said commission fail to make such requisition it shall be proper for council to provide funds by appropriation or transfer for the use of the commission under the terms of this act

Section 2 If in any such city an ordinance is presented in council in relation to the location of any public building the location extension widening narrowing enlargement ornamentation or parking of any street boulevard parkway park playground or other public ground or in relation to the relocation vacation curtailment changes of use or any other alteration of the city plans in relation to the same or in relation to the location of any bridge or tunnel or subway or any surface underground or elevated railway the ordiance shall within five days after its introduction be submitted to the department for its approval or disapproval If the department does not approve an ordinance it shall return it to council within two weeks with the reasons in writing for its disapproval in which case such ordinance shall require the affirmative vote of three of the five members of council before the same shall become effective

Section 3 The city planning commission may make or cause to be made and lay before council and at the discretion of the commission cause to be published maps of the city or any portion thereof including all the territory extending three miles beyond the city limits and that portion of the territory extending three hundred feet in width along the line of any boulevard or proposed boulevard showing the streets and highways and other natural and artificial features and also locations proposed by it for any new public buildings civic center street parkway park playground or any other public ground or public improvement or any widening extension or relocation of the same or any change in the city plan by it deemed advisable and it may make recommendations to councils from time to time concerning any such matters and things aforesaid for action by council thereto and in so doing have regard for the present conditions and future needs and growth of the city and the distribution and relative location of all the principal and other streets and railways waterways and all other means of public travel and business communications as well as the distribution and relative location of all public buildings public grounds and open spaces devoted to public use Any formal recommendations made to city council by the city planning commission in writing relative to city planning shall be passed upon formally by council within sixty days after receipt and returned to the commission by council within that time with its approval disapproval or recommendation

Section 4 The city planning commission may make recommendations to any public authorities or any corporations or individuals in said cities with reference to the location of any buildings structures or works to be erected or constructed by them

Section 5 All plans plots or re-plots of lands laid out in building lots and the streets alleys or other portions of the same intended to be dedicated to public use or for the use of purchasers or owners of lots fronting thereon or adjacent thereto and located within the city limits for a distance of three miles outside thereof or for a width of not over three hundred feet along the line of any boulevard or proposed boulevard for a distance of six miles outside the city limits shall be submitted to the city planning commission and approved by it before they shall be recorded And it shall be unlawful to receive or record any such plan in any public office unless the same shall bear thereon by endorsement or otherwise the approval of the city planning commission The disapproval of any such plan by the city planning commission shall be deemed a refusal of the proposed dedication shown thereon The approval of the commission shall be deemed an acceptance of the proposed dedication but shall not impose any duty upon the city concerning the maintenance or improvement of any such dedicated parts until the proper authorities of the city shall have made actual appropriation of the same by entry use or improvement No sewer water or gas-main or pipes or other improvement shall be voted or made within the area under the jurisdiction of said commission for the use of any such purchasers or owners nor shall any permit for connection with or other use of any such improvement existing or for any other reason made be given to any such purchasers or owners until such plan is so approved Where the jurisdictional limit of three miles outside of the city limits as provided in this section may conflict with the zone of similar character connected with another city of the third class the jurisdiction of said commission shall extend only to the point equilistant between the city limits and the limits of said municipality

Section 6 No one shall sell any lot or parcel of land in pursuance of a plotted plan hereafter made unless the said plot shall have first received the approval of the city planning commission and be recorded Every deed of conveyance of a lot or parcel of land sold from the area of a plan approved by the city planning commission shall set forth the name and page of the book in the recorder's office where said plan has been recorded or else the same may not be recorded and it shall be unlawful to record hereafter any deed to any lot or parcel of land included in the jurisdiction of the city planning commission that is not contained in a plan or plot of record it being understood that this section shall not apply to sale of land except in lots or in subdivisions for the purpose of having residences erected thereon

Section 7 No mausoleum cemetery or burying ground shall hereafter be permitted within the city limits or within the zone over which the city planning commission has jurisdiction without the previous written consent and approval of the said city planning commission

Section 8 The city planning commission by and with the consent of the mayor and city council shall have the right and is hereby authorized to establish a building line for the streets of said city and no building may hereafter be erected and no porch or other structure appurtenant and appertaining to such building shall be permitted to approach the street beyond the said building line without the consent of the commission first had in writing The council shall enforce this provision by appropriate legislation

Section 9 It shall be proper for said cities to provide by ordinance for the exercise of all rights and powers herein conferred upon the city planning commission by a park commission or kindred municipal bureau or commission authorized under existing laws And no person holding office under the government of any of said cities except the mayor members of council or commissioners shall be ineligible to serve as a member of a city planning commission

Section 10 That the act of assembly entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine creating a city planning department defining its jurisdiction and extending the same so as to regulate the laying out and recording of plans of lots within the limits of the city and for three miles beyond the city limits and to regulate the making and use of certain public improvements until said plans are approved by said department and authorizing the exercise of the powers herein provided by a park or other municipal commission" approved the sixteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred fifty-two) together with all other laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1161, as follows:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to secure to laborers within this Commonwealth the benefit of the exemption laws of this Commonwealth and to prevent assignment of claims for the purpose of securing their collection against laborers outside of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven regulating the practice in trials on actions of debt instituted under the terms and provisions of the said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That upon the trial of any action of debt instituted under and by virtue of the terms and provisions of the act to which this is a supplement the assignment or transfer of any claim against the plaintiff and the commencement of prosecution in a court outside of this Commonwealth of proceedings in attachment or garnishment thereon which might could or do deprive the plaintiff of the benefit of the right to have his personal earnings or property exempt from application to the payment of his debts according to the laws of this Commonwealth shall be prima facie evidence of an intention and purpose to violate the provisions of the said act to which this act is a supplement

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 831, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof is proposed

AMENDMENT

Strike out from section one of article eight the fourth paragraph of said section which reads as follows

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election" so that section one of the said article eight which reads as follows

"Section 1 Qualifications of Electors Every male citizen twenty-one years of age possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact

First He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month

Second He shall have resided in the State one year (or if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned then six months immediately preceding the election

Third He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election

Fourth If twenty-two years of age or upwards he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election" shall be amended to read as follows

Section 1 Qualifications of Electors Every male citizen twenty-one years of age possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact

First He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month

Second He shall have resided in the State one year (or if having previoiusly been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned then six months) immediately preceding the election

Third He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1251 (Senate Bill No. 31), entitled:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the number duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1545 (Senate Bill No. 633), entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate money to hospitals

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1595 (Senate Bill No. 726), entitled:

An Act for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1401 (Senate Bill No. 492), entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1451 (Senate Bill No. 644), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six).

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1610 (Senate Bill No. 634), entitled:

An Act giving to banks bankers and trust companies in case of insolvency of any depositor therein or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositor or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency assignment for the benefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank banker or trust company upon any promissory note bill of exchange letter of credit or other indebtedness in any form whether or not the same has then matured

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1653 (Senate Bill No. 661), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consent of the local authorities of all of the cities and boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1438 (Senate Bill No. 461), entitled:

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report of the engineer's commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1437 (Senate Bill No. 458), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1606 (Senate Bill No. 613), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1592 (Senate Bill No. 308), entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 816 (Senate Bill No. 116), entitled:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1546 (Senate Bill No. 653), entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 496 (Senate Bill No. 28), as follows:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 2 The judges of said court shall be learned in the law shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county of Allegheny shall hold office for a period of ten years if they shall so long behave themselves well and shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum payable monthly except the presiding judge whose salary shall be five thousand five hundred dollars per annum The term of office of the elected judges of the court shall begin on the first Monday of January following their election The first judge or judges of said court shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate if then in session and shall hold office until the first Monday of January following the next municipal election at which his or their successor or successors shall be elected The first elected judges of the court shall be chosen at the municipal election next following such appointment Succeeding elections for the said office shall be held at the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of any judge or at the following election in case of vacancy by death or otherwise where such vacancy occurs not less than two calendar months before such municipal election The vote for said judge shall be cast and counted according to law and return thereof shall be made without delay by the prothonotary of said county to the secretary of the Commonwealth who shall ascertain and certify the result to the Governor who in turn shall issue a commission to the person or persons so elected Whenever a vacancy occurs by death or otherwise in the office of judge or when upon the taking of any new census the said county shall be entitled to an additional judge or judges the Governor shall appoint in the manner provided by law At the organization of the court the Governor shall designate one of the persons appointed by him as presiding judge of the court and shall designate the priorities of the expirations of the respective commissions of the other judges and upon other judges being elected to said court for the same term they shall draw lots for priority of expiration of commission the result of which they shall certify to the Governor and the judge holding the original commission first expiring shall at all times thereafter be commissioned as the presiding judge of said court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The judges of said court shall be learned in the law shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county of Allegheny shall hold office for a period of ten years if they shall so long behave themselves well and shall receive a salary of six thousand dollars per annum payable monthly except the presiding judge whose salary shall be six thousand five hundred dollars per annum The term of office of the elected judges of the court shall begin on the first Monday of January following their election The first judge or judges of said court shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate if then in session and shall hold office until the first Monday of January following the next municipal election at which his or their successor or successors shall be elected The first elected judges of the court shall be chosen at the municipal election next following such appointment Succeeding elections for the said office shall be held at the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of any judge or at the following election in case of vacancy by death or otherwise where such vacancy occurs not less than two calendar months before such municipal election The vote for said judges shall be cast and counted according to law and return thereof shall be made without delay by the prothonotary of said county to the secretary of the Commonwealth who shall ascertain and certify the result to the Governor who in turn shall issue a commission to the person or persons so elected Wherever a vacancy occurs by death or otherwise in the office of judge or when upon the taking of any new census the said county shall be entitled to an additional judge or judges the Governor shall appoint in the manner provided by law At the organization of the court the Governor shall designate one of the persons appointed by him as presiding judge of the court and shall designate the priorities of the expirations of the respective commissions of the other judges and upon other judges being elected to said court for the same term they shall draw lots for priority of expiration of commission the result of which they shall certify to the Governor and the judge holding the original commission first expiring shall at all times thereafter be commissioned as the presiding judge of said court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 874 (Senate Bill No. 56), entitled:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1547 (Senate Bill No. 654), as follows:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met by virtue of the power vested in it by section eleven of article first of the Constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow O. H. Watts and Maude Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county for any sum or sums of money that may be legally due either jointly or severally the said O. H. Watts and Maude Watts his wife by reason of an accident which occurred on the State highway leading from Millersburg to Halifax in Dauphin county Pennsylvania on the first day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1627 (Senate Bill No. 454), entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide for the violation of this act" approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by the act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any person who has been in the practice of osteopathy in this State for two continuous and consecutive years immediately prior to the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and who is the holder of a diploma granted unto him or her from a legally incorporated school or college of osteopathy shall be allowed to continue in such practice provided he or she shall have been registered prior to the date of the approval of this amendment by the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she practices as originally provided for in the section hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania" be and the same is hereby amended and made to read as follows

Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any registered osteopath who has been engaged in the practice of osteopathy in this State for eight continuous and consecutive years prior to the approval of this act who shall exhibit his or her certificate of registration to the Secretary of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners and shall satisfy said Board that he or she has actually attended a post-graduate course of osteopathic instruction at some college recognized as reputable by said Board said course to consist of not less than one term of nine continuous months with not less than an average of twenty-four hours instruction a week and that said applicant has passed the examinations of said course under the supervision of said Board Upon the payment by the applicant of the fee of twenty-five dollars the said Board shall forthwith issue to such applicant a license to practice osteopathy in this State which license shall be subscribed by every member of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners and shall have a like effect for all purposes as a license issued after examination by said Board Such licensee shall register in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county Board Such licensee shall register in the office of the required by section thirteen of the act hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Mr. Palmer moves to amend: On page 4, line 86, by striking out the word "Upon" and insert the word "upon."

Also on page 5, line 94, strike out the word "porthonotary" and insert the word "prothonotary." Also strike out the second line number 93 and insert number 95 and strike out all of line 93 or 95 as it should be, which reads as follows: "Board Such licensee shall register in the office of the" and insert in lieu thereof "or counties in which he or she desires to practice as."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Section two and the title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1542 (Senate Bill No. 807), entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1533 (Senate Bill No. 460), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or parts of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1532 (Senate Bill No. 365), entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Philadelphia county the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by and paid by him to the treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by virtue of the power vested in it by the Constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county the amount of such part of the fee for wholesale liquor license for premises number nine hundred nine South street seventh ward city and county of Philadelphia as required by and paid by said Louis Gumbiner to Murrell Dobbins treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia on or about November twenty-first one thousand nine hundred twelve in excess of or over and above the amount of and for said fee that was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1398 (Senate Bill No. 22), entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroners physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications duties and salary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1654 (Senate Bill No. 711), entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation theerof and of the banners posters and other like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

The first, second, third, fourth and fifth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "film" used in this act means what is usually known as a motion-picture film

The word "view" used in this act means what is usually known as a stereopticon view or slide

The word "person" includes an association co-partnership or a corporation

USE OF FILMS REELS OR VIEWS PROHIBITED

Section 2 It shall be unlawful to sell lease lend exhibit or use any motion-picture film reel or view in Pennsylvania unless the said film reel or view has been submitted by the exchange owner or lessee of the film reel or view and duly approved by the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors hereinafter in this act called the Board

BOARD OF CENSORS

Section 3 The Board shall consist of three residents and citizens of Pennsylvania two males and one female well qualified by education and experience to act as Censors under this act One male member of the Board shall be Chairman the female member shall be Vice-Chairman and one male member shall be Secretary They shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of three years Those first appointed under this act shall be appointed for three years two years and one year respectively the respective terms to be designated by the Governor

Section 4 A vacancy in the membership of the Board shall be filled for the unexpired term by the Governor A vacancy shall not impair the right and duty of the remaining members to perform all the functions of the Board

SEAL

Section 5 The Board shall procure and use an official seal which shall contain the words "Pennsylvania State Board of Censors" together with such design engraved thereon as the Board may prescribe

The sixth section was read as follows:

APPROVALS BY BOARD

Section 6 The Board shall examine or supervise the examinations of all films reels or views to be exhibited or used in Pennsylvania and shall approve or withhold approval from such films reels or views The Board shall approve such films reels or views which are moral and proper and shall disapprove such as are sacrilegous obscene indecent or immoral or such as tend in the judgment of the Board to debase or corrupt the morals incite to riot or prejudice the public mind This section shall not apply to announcement or advertising slides

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 6, line 10, by striking out after the word "riot" the five words "or prejudice the public mind."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth, thirtieth and thirty-first sections and the title, were separately read and agreed to as follows:

STAMPING FILMS REELS AND VIEWS

Section 7 Upon each film reel or view which has been approved by the Board there shall be furnished and stamped by the Board the following certificate or statement

"Approved by
Pennsylvania State Board
of Censors"

and shall also furnish a certificate in writing to the same effect which certificate shall be exhibited to any member of the Board or employe thereof upon demand of the holder thereof

In the case of motion-pictures such statement shall be shown on the screen to the extent of approximately four feet of film

In the case of slides or views each set shall have at least two slides or views shown with a similar statement

RECORD OF EXAMINATIONS

Section 8 The Board shall keep a record of all examinations made by it of films reels or views noting on the record all films reels or views which have been approved and those which have not been approved with the reason for such disapproval

REPORT

Section 9 The Board shall report in writing annually to the Governor on or after the first day of November of each year The report shall show

1 A record of its meetings and a summary of its proceedings during the year immediately preceding the date of the report

2 The results of all examinations of films reels or views

3 A detailed statement of all prosecutions for violation of this act

4 A detailed and itemized statement of all expenditures made by or on behalf of the Board

5 Such other information as the Board may deem necessary or useful in explanation of the operations of the Board

6 Such other information as shall be requested by the Governor

OATH AND BOND

Section 10 The Chairman Vice-Chairman and Secretary shall before assuming the duties of their respective offices take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the Constitution of Pennsylvania and shall enter into bonds to the Commonwealth in the sum of three thousand dollars two thousand five hundred dollars and two thousand four hundred dollars respectively conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties

SALARIES

Section 11 The Chairman shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars the Vice-Chairman an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars and the Secretary an annual salary of two thousand four hundred dollars The salaries shall be payable manthly

EXPENSES

Section 12 Each member and employe of the Board shall be allowed all expenses of whatsoever nature actually and necessarily incurred by him or her in carrying out the purposes of this act

EMPLOYES

Section 13 The Chairman shall appoint with the approval of the Governor the following employes One chief clerk at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of one thousand dollars each two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one chief inspector at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars three inspectors at salaries of fourteen hundred dollars each three inspectors at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator who shall be an electrician at a salary of fourteen hundred dollars two operators at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator at a salary of one thousand dollars two messengers at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one assistant operator or patcher at a salary of six hundred dollars one assistant patcher at a salary of four hundred and eighty dollars The salaries provided for above shall be annual and payable monthly

In addition to the employes enumerated above the Chairman may with the approval of the Governor appoint such additional employes as the work of the Board may necessarily require The salaries of such additional employes shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of five thousand dollars annually

OFFICES

Section 14 The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide adequate offices for the Board in Harrisburg and in such other cities of the Commonwealth as the Board may require in carrying out the intent and provisions of this act Adequate projecting or inspecting rooms shall be provided in Philadelphia and maintained by the Board

SUPPLIES

Section 15 Upon requisition of the Board the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall furnish to the Board all furniture books stationery supplies machines and paraphernalia necessary in the work of the Board

PRINTING AND BINDING

Section 16 The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the Board or the proper preservation of the records of the Board including the printing of two thousand copies of the Annual Report and the binding thereof shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the Board

FEES

Section 17 For the examination of each film reel or set of views of one thousand two hundred lineal feet or less the Board shall receive in advance a fee of one dollar and one dollar for each duplicate or print thereof if such examination of the duplicate or print thereof is applied for at the same time and by the same person

FEES AND FINES

Section 18 All fees received by the Board and all fines imposed for violation of this act shall be by the Board paid into the State Treasury

Section 19 The money necessary to carry out the purpose of this act shall be appropriated by the General Assembly to the Board bienially as an item in the General Appropriation Bill

REGULATIONS OF EXHIBITIONS

Section 20 Any member or employe of the Board may enter any place where films reels or views are exhibited and such member or employe is hereby empowered and authorized to prevent the display or exhibition of any film reel or view which has not been duly approved by the Board

REGULATION OF BANNERS POSTERS AND ADVERTISING MATTER

Section 21 No banner poster or other like advertising matter shall contain anything that is immoral or improper A copy of such banner and poster shall be submitted to the Board

RULES

Section 22 This act shall be enforced by the Board In carrying out and enforcing the purposes of this act it may adopt such reasonable rules as it may deem necessary Such rules shall not be inconsistent with the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 23 All disbursements of such a nature as to make it impracticable for the Board to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expense shall be paid out of money specifically appropriated for that purpose in the manner provided by an act entitled "An Act prescribing the method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to the departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State Government" approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

DUTIES OF PERSONS WHO SELL LEASE EXHIBIT OR USE FILMS REELS OR VIEWS

Section 24 Every person intending to sell lease exhibit or use any film reel or view in Pennsylvania shall furnish the Board when the application for approval is made a description of the film reel or view to be exhibited sold or leased and the purposes thereof and shall submit the film reel or view to the Board for examination and shall also furnish a statement or affidavit that the duplicate film reel or view is an exact copy of the original film reel or view as submitted for examination to the Board and that all eliminations changes or rejections made or required by the Board in the original film reel or view has been or will be made in the duplicate

INTERFERENCE WITH EMPLOYES OF BOARD

Section 25 It shall be unlawful for any person to hinder or interfere in any manner with any member or employe of the Board while performing any duties in carrying out the intent or provisions of this act

RE-EXAMINATION AND APPEAL

Section 26 If any elimination or disapproval of a film reel or view is ordered by the Board the person submitting such film reel or view for examination will receive immediate notice of such elimination or disapproval and if appealed from such film reel or view will be properly re-examined in the presence of such person by two or more members of the Board and the same finally approved or disapproved promptly after such re-examination with the right of appeal from the decision of the Board to the court of common pleas of the proper county

PENALTIES

Section 27 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act and is convicted thereof summarily before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for the first offense For any subsequent offense the fine shall be not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars In default of payment of a fine and costs the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the prison of the county where such offense was committed for not less than ten days and not more than thirty days All fines shall be paid by the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace to the Board and by it paid into the State Treasury

Section 28 If any person shall fail to display or exhibit on the screen the approval seal as issued by the Board of a film reel or view which has been approved and is convicted summarily before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five dollars and not more than ten dollars in default of payment of a fine and costs the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the prison of the county where such offense was committed for not less than two days and not more than five days

LIMITATION OF SCOPE OF ACT

Section 29 This act does not apply to any exhibition of or use of films reels or views for purely educational charitable fraternal or religious purpose by any religious association fraternal society library museum public school or private school institution of learning or by any corporation of the first class

Section 30 The several sections and provisions of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and it is the legislative intent that if any of said sections or provisions are declared to be unconstitutional such section or provision shall not effect any other portion of this act

REPEAL

Section 31 The act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving-pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 717, as follows:

An Act to provide in certain cases a uniform procedure in the exercise of the right of eminent domain

TITLE OF ACT

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That this act shall be known and may be cited as the "Eminent Domain Procedure Act"

DEFINITIONS

Section 2 The word "owner" includes "owners"

The word "property" includes real property and personal property

The word "corporation" includes any public corporation quasi public corporation and private corporation now or hereafter having the right of eminent domain

Masculine words include the feminine

SOLE PROCEDURE

Section 3 Within the scope of section four of this act the procedure for the ascertainment of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and the procedure for securing possession of such property shall be as prescribed in this act and not otherwise

SCOPE OF ACT

Section 4 This act applies to every taking injuring or destroying of property by right of eminent domain except in the case of municipal improvements where the whole or any part of the damages costs or expenses of the taking injuring or destroying is (1) assessed or charged against real property adjacent to the property taken injured or destroyed or against the real property benefited by the taking injuring or destroying or (2) assessed or charged against the owner of such adjacent or benefited real property

PETITION FOR VIEWERS

Section 5 If an agreement cannot be had between the owner and the corporation as to the value of the property proposed to be taken injured or destroyed and if a bond has been filed as provided in section nineteen the owner or the corporation or any duly authorized person in behalf of the owner or of the corporation may file a petition in the court of common pleas of the county reciting the intention to take injure or destroy the property and the failure to agree upon a price and praying for the appointment of viewers to assess and award damages for such taking injuring or destroyed During the vacation of the court the petition may be presented to and acted upon by any law judge of the court

The petition shall set forth a description of the property by metes and bounds together with a description of any building erected thereon

VIEWERS

Section 6 Thereupon the court shall appoint a board of view consisting of three disinterested members of the board of viewers of the county and appoint a time when the board of view shall meet upon the property proposed to be taken injured or destroyed Such time shall not be less than twenty days nor more than thirty days from such appointment

The court of its own initiative or on motion may discharge a member of the board of view for any reason that shall seem good to the court and shall appoint another similarly qualified viewer in his stead

NOTICE OF MEETING

Section 7 The board of view shall cause at least ten day's notice of the time and place of such first meeting to be given to the owner and to the corporation and otherwise as the court may direct

GUARDIAN OR COMMITTEE

Section 8 When an owner is under legal disability and has no guardian or committee the court on the petition of any one interested may appoint ad litem a guardian or committee who shall protect the interest of such owner and upon whom all notices in the proceedings shall be served as directed by the court

SERVICE OF NOTICE

Section 9 The notice shall be served on the owner if he is resident within the county and can be found

If the owner is under legal disability the notice shall be served on the proper guardian or committee if such guardian or committee is resident within the county and can be found

SERVICE OF NOTICE

Section 10 When the owner is otherwise incapacitated or resides out of the county or is unknown or has no known residence the notice shall be published once in at least two newspapers of general circulation in the county where the property is situated Such further notice in the proceedings including posting on the premises shall be given as directed by the court

MEETINGS

Section 11 At the time appointed by the court the board of view shall meet upon the premises

If necessary the board may hold additional hearings on the premises or elsewhere

At any meeting after the first two of the board shall constitute a quorum

ASCERTAINMENT OF DAMAGES

Section 12 The board of view shall hear all parties interested and all witnesses and evidence produced before them

The board shall faithfully justly and impartially estimate and determine the value of the property taken injured or destroyed and the damages if any that may have been sustained or that may likely be sustained by reason of the taking injury or destruction and to whom the damages are payable The board shall faithfully justly and impartially estimate and determine the benefits that will accrue or that shall have accrued to the owner of any property affected by the taking injuring or destroying

REPORT

Section 13 When the board of view has estimated and determined the value of the property to be taken or injured or destroyed and the damages to be sustained it shall within ten days prepare a report The report shall be signed by them or any two of them It shall thereupon forthwith be filed in the court The report shall set forth (a) a description of the property as contained in the petition (b) to whom and in what amount damages should be paid on account of the proposed taking injuring or destroying including all damages to any lessee if any of the property affected (c) against whom and in what amount benefits should be assessed for the taking When the report is filed it shall be marked as confirmed nisi

EXCEPTIONS

Section 14 Exceptions to the report of the board of view may be filed within thirty days after the filing by any person interested

ACTION ON REPORT

Section 15 After thirty days from the filing of the report and not before the court may confirm it absolutely or change it in any way if it is not confirmed absolutely nor changed the court shall refer it back to the same or to other viewers If it is referred back to the same or to other viewers they shall have the same power as if the proceedings were de novo When the report is confirmed absolutely a summary thereof shall be entered in the appearance docket and a reference made to the proper entry in the ejectment docket

JURY TRIAL

Section 16 Within thirty days after the filing of the report of the board of view or within thirty days after the disposal by the court of exceptions to the report any party to the record may appeal to the court and demand a trial by jury according to the course of the common law The appellant or the person making the appeal in his or its behalf shall make an affidavit that the appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay

APPEAL TO SUPERIOR OR SUPREME COURT

Section 17 Upon the entry of final judgment on any issue had on such appeal or after thirty days from an order or decree affirming or dismissing exceptions to the report either party may appeal to the Superioir Court or Supreme Court as in other cases

JUDGMENT—EXECUTION

Section 18 The award of damages shall become a judgment (a) if no exceptions to the report are filed within thirty days after the filing of the report or (b) if exceptions are filed to the report and are disposed of by the court and no appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court is entered within thirty days after the disposal of exceptions or (c) if no appeal for a jury trial is entered within thirty days after the filing of the report or within thirty days after the disposal of exceptions to the report If the judgment is not paid within thirty days from the entry thereof execution thereon may issue

If no appeal from a judgment entered on the verdict of a jury be taken perfected and bail entered within three weeks from such entry and the judgment is not paid execution thereon may issue A judgment had under the provisions of this section shall be entered and indexed as other judgments in the prothonotary's office

BOND

Section 19 If the corporation desiring to take injure or destroy the property desires immediate possession thereof and for any reason an agreement as to price or damages cannot be made with the owner the corporation shall tender its bond to the owner in double the estimated value of the property intended to be taken injured or destroyed The condition of the bond shall be that the corporation shall cause to be paid to the owner such sum or amount of damages as the owner shall be entitled to receive after the same shall be agreed on between the corporation and the owner or assessed and awarded in the manner provided by this act and shall contain a description of the property

If the owner is absent from the county or he is under legal disability the bond may be tendered to the agent of the owner or to his guardian or committee

If the bond is refused it shall be presented to the court of common pleas or to a law judge thereof in vacation At least five days' written notice of the time when the bond is to be presented shall be served on the owner or his agent guardian or committee If the bond is approved by the court it shall be filed therein for the use of those interested

If the title to the property is doubtful disputed or defective or if for any reason the owner cannot be bargained with or have a bond tendered to him within the county the court or any law judge thereof in vacation on petition of the corporation may direct that a bond to the Commonwealth be made and filed in the court in an amount to be fixed by the court or judge The bond shall be for the use of those who may be entitled to damages for the taking injury or destruction of the property and shall be conditioned as above required

When the bond is accepted or is filed as herein provided for the corporation may take injure or destroy the property mentioned in the bond

REFUSAL OF POSSESSION

Section 20 If after the bond is accepted or filed as provided in this act possession of the property is refused by the owner or by anyone acting for him or by the person in possession the corporation may serve a written notice on the owner agent or person in possession refusing possession setting forth the intention of the corporation to take possession and requiring the owner agent or person in possession to deliver up posession within fifteen days from the date of the service of the notice If after the expiration of such period possession is still refused the court on petition of the corporation and proof of service of the notice as aforesaid shall order the issuance of a writ of habere facias possessionem in the usual form directed to the sheriff of the county commanding him to cause possession of the real estate to be taken from the owner agent or person in possession The sheriff shall immediately demand possession of the premises and if the owner agent or person in possession neglects or refuses to deliver the premises to the sheriff within three days after such demand the sheriff shall forthwith execute the writ and put the corporation in possession of the premises

COSTS AND EXPENSES

Section 21 The costs and expenses of all proceedings under this act shall be paid by the corporation taking injuring or destroying the property If however after the award of the viewers the corporation tenders to the owner the amount of the award with interest accrued to the date of tender the corporation shall not be liable for further costs or expenses (a) of obtaining possession or (b) of any appeal unless on the appeal the owner obtains a judgment or verdict for an amount greater than the award

ABANDONMENT OF PROCEEDINGS

Section 22 A corporation may with leave of court discontinue the proceedings and abandon the intention to take injure or destroy the property prior to an actual entry upon and taking of such property and the vesting of the title in the corporation In such event the corporation shall not be liable for any damages that may have been agreed upon or awarded or allowed The costs and expenses of such proceedings together with actual loss or injury sustained if any and together with an allowance to the owner for attorney's fees to be fixed by the court shall be paid by the corporation The amount of the loss or damage if any shall be ascertained by the court and where so ascertained shall be a judgment against the corporation subject to appeal and trial by jury as otherwise herein provided

INDEX OF PROCEEDINGS

Section 23 Each proceeding under this act shall be indexed and set forth at length in the ejectment docket in the office of the prothonotary

NO RIGHTS GRANTED

Section 24 This act grants no right of any nature It is intended solely to provide a uniform method of proceedure in eminent domain in certain cases

WHEN ACT BECOMES EFFECTIVE

Section 25 This act shall become effective on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

REPEALS

Section 26 (a) All of the following acts and parts of acts are totally repealed

Section ten of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Butler County Mutual Insurance Company and for other purposes" approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 359)

Section five of an act entitled "An Act further to regulate proceedings in courts of justice and for other purposes" approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 564)

Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act regulating railroad companies" approved the nineteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 79)

An Act entitled "An Act extending the right of trial by jury in certain cases" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 365)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating railroad companies' approved the nineteenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 288)

Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of gas and water companies" approved eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 77)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act regulating lateral railroads' passed May fifth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (P. L. 361)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to enable railroad canal and slack-water navigation companies to straighten widen deepen and otherwise improve their lines of railroads canals and slack-water navigation and the bridges aqueducts piers and structures thereof" approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 12)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act to provide for the incorporation of gas and water companies approved March eleventh one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven" approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L 93)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to the acts relating to lateral railroads" approved the seventeenth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 56)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act to enable railroad canal and slack-water navigation companies to straighten widen deepen and otherwise improve their lines of railroads canals and slack-water navigation and the bridges aqueducts piers and structures thereof approved the seventeenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine" approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 248)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damage for the appropriation of land for public use" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 391)

Section forty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 73)

An Act entitled "An Act providing a mode by which the title to all estates and interests in lands in the State of Pennsylvania may be vested in the United States when no agreement can be made with the owners of the same for the purchase thereof" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 280)

An Act entitled "An Act for further regulation of appeals from assessments of damages to owners of property taken for public use" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 283)

Sections two three and four of an act entitled "An Act relating to the operations of the United States Coast Survey in the State of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 11)

An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the taking and purchase of ground for school purposes in cities of the first class of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 50)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for future regulations of appeals from assessment of damages to owners of property taken for public use' approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 172)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing cities of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to enter upon take use and appropriate private property for the construction of piers abutments fills slopes and approaches for bridges crossing rivers within the corporate limits thereof and providing the manner in wrich compensation shall be made" approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 139)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend and extend an act entitled 'An Act further to regulate proceedings in courts canal companies to connect the great lakes with points of May one thousand eight hundred and forty-four authorizing the judges in vacation or when court is not in session to approve bonds of railroads and canal companies for land damages" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 110)

Sections two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages in all cases where municipalities of this Commonwealth may hereafter be authorized by law to take use and appropriate private property for the purpose of making enlarging and maintaining public parks within the corporate limits of such municipality" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 188)

Sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of ship canal companies to connect the great lakes with points on navigable rivers of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 221)

Section four of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to rebuild bridges on sites owned by corporations or by private persons or built by public subscriptions over any stream or river forming the boundary line between two counties where the same have been destroyed by ice flood or otherwise at any time or which have been or may be abandoned by the owners thereof and rebuilt on another site and which were previously used exclusively for vehicles and foot purposes and providing for the cost of reconstructing the same" approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 46)

Sections two three and four of an act entitled "An Act authorizing borough councils or school boards of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire take use and appropriate private property for public library purposes and providing the manner in which damages sustained thereby shall be assessed and collected" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 169)

Section eight of an act entitled "An Act relating to railroad crossings of highways and for the regulation alteration and abolition of grade crossings except in cities of the first and second classes" approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 531)

Section three of an act entitled "An Act giving all cities in Pennsylvania the right to take lands under the power of eminent domain for the purpose of building sewers either within or without their corporate limits and providing a method of compensation" approved the tenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 125)

Sections five six seven eight nine ten and eleven of an act entitled "An Act authorizing townships of the first class and boroughs of this Commonwealth to acquire by taking and appropriating under right of eminent domain and by gift devise purchase lease and otherwise private property for the purpose of making enlarging extending and maintaining public parkways and playgrounds requiring the consent of the qualified electors to such acquiring in certain cases and providing the procedure for obtaining such consent authorizing the said townships and boroughs to improve maintain and regulate such parks parkways and playgrounds and providing for the manner of securing ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages where property is taken used and appropriated for the said purposes" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 401)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section four of an act approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled 'An Act to empower railroad companies to change the location and grade or either of bridges and their approaches belonging to bridge corporations' to accommodate the location and construction of their railroad or the changing relocating widening straightening or improvement thereof" by fixing the number of the viewers at three" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 96)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section forty-one of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' by fixing the number of viewers at three" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 112)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act providing a mode by which the title to all estates and interests in lands in the State of Pennsylvania may be vested in the United States when no agreement can be made with the owners of the same for the purchase thereof' by fixing the number of viewers at three" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1034)

Sections seven eight nine and ten of an act entitled "An Act empowering cities of the first class to purchase lease locate construct and equip or otherwise acquire transit facilities and to own maintain use and operate the same within their corporate limits and within the limits of adjacent cities boroughs and townships to exercise the right of eminent domain in connection therewith and prescribing the manner of ascertaining the damages sustained in connection with such exercise to sell pledge or lease transit facilities to grant licenses for the use of the same to enter into agreements for the construction and operation of the same to connect the tracks of railways with the tracks of railroad or railway companies and under certain conditions to use portions of the tracks of the latter and empowering railroad railway and motor power companies to sell purchase and lease transit facilities to and from said cities and to contract with said cities respecting the acquisition construction operation and use of transit facilities" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 520)

(B) All of the following acts and parts of acts are totally repealed insofar as they relate to procedure in the exercise of the right of eminent domain

Sections one to five both inclusive of an act entitled "An Act regulating lateral railroads" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred thirty-two (P. L. 501)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to canal and navigation companies" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 450)

An Act entitled "An Act to allow the improvement of creeks and rivulets" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 237)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to allow the improvements of creeks and rivulets approved twenty-eighth of March one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-two (P. L. 41)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the acquisition by the several counties of this Commonwealth for the use of the county of bridges erected over rivers creeks and rivulets and for the abolition of tolls thereon" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 131)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the assessment of damages and benefits caused by the altering or changing of the channels of water courses in cities of the fifth class" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 104)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering and directing the county commissioners of any county to purchase ground at the county seat for the erection thereon of such building or buildings as may be necessary for the accommodation of the courts and of the several officers of the county and for the reception and safe keeping of the records and other papers in charge of such officers and also such other building or buildings as may be necessary and proper for the purposes of a county jail or workhouse when occasion shall require the erection of such building or buildings and in case the said ground cannot be obtained by agreement with the owner or owners at a reasonable price in the estimation of said commissioners then to resort to condemnation" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three (P. L. 58)

Section three of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act for the incorporation and regulation of corporations' approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four authorizing the incorporation of pipe lines for the transportation of petroleum and providing for the exercise of the right of eminent domain in taking lands and property for such purposes" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 62)

Section ten of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of natural gas companies" approved the twenty-ninth dav of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 29)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the acquisition of turnpikes roads or highways heretofore or hereafter constructed near or through any borough or township in this Commonwealth upon which tolls are charged the traveling public" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 170)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 267)

Section two of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act empowering and directing the county commissioners of any county to purchase ground at the county seat for the erection thereon of such building or buildings as may be necessary for the accommodations of the courts and of the several officers of the county and for the reception and safe keeping of the records and other papers in charge of such officers and also such other building or buildings as may be necessary and proper for the purposes of a county jail or workhouse when occasion shall require the erection of such building or buildings and in case the said ground cannot be obtained by agreement with the owner or owners at a reasonable price in the estimation of said commissioners then to resort to condemnation' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three repealing the second proviso to the third section of said act and regulating the manner of procedure where there are adverse claimants to the ground condemned" approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 55)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four amending the second and thirty-fourth sections thereof providing for the incorporation of additional corporations extending the provisions thereof and authorizing companies incorporated for the supply of water to the public or for the supply of water and water power for commercial and manufacturing purposes to condemn property and rights for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water or water power" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 226)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 31)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize state lunatic hospitals and state hospitals for the insane to acquire lands adjoining hospitals for hospital purposes" approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 43)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act to authorize any borough now incorporated or that may hereafter be incorporated to manufacture electricity for commercial purposes for the use of the inhabitants of said boroughs and for this purpose to erect purchase or condemn electric-light plants and apparatus and making valid the acts of any borough which has heretofore manufactured the same or incurred any indebtedness thereby in accordance with the provisions of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 90)

Sections three four and five of act entitled "An Act authorizing cities of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to purchase maintain use and condemn bridges erected and in use over rivers and streams separating or dividing any part or district of such cities and providing the manner in which compensation shall be made" approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 154)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the courts of common pleas to direct the filing of bonds to the Commonwealth by railroad and canal companies to secure payment of damages for taking land and materials in cases where there is a disputed doubtful or defective title or where any party interested is absent unknown covert not of full age of unsound mind or from any cause cannot be bargained with or served with notice or have a bond tendered to them and appoint guardians ad litem or trustees for such persons" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 350)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to accept take charge of and enter upon the records as a county bridge any bridge over any stream or river running into or through any county and authorizing the county commissioners of any two adjoining counties to accept take charge of and enter upon the records of each of said counties as a joint county bridge any bridge over any stream forming the boundary line between said counties such bridge in either case having been erected and constructed at the expense of private persons or by public subscriptions and opened to free public travel used by the public and become necessary and convenient for public use when the same is offered to be donated to such county or counties and providing the proper proceedings to determine the question of necessity and convenience of such bridge and for the payment of the costs of such proceedings" approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 103)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act approved June twenty-sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled 'An Act authorizing the cities of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire take use and appropriate private property for public park purposes' by providing the manner in which damages sustained shall be assessed and collected" approved the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 273)

Section eight of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights" approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 523)

Sections four five six and seven of an act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 555)

Sections three and four of an act entitled "An Act to empower railroad companies to change the location and grade or either of bridges and their approaches belonging to bridge corporations to accommodate the location and construction of their railroad or the changing relocating widening straightening or improvement thereof" approved the fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 380)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section one (1) of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and empowering the several cities of this Commonwealth to purchase or acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate within the city limits as they may need upon which to erect or construct municipal buildings fire engine houses gas and electric light works and within or without the city limits upon which to erect hospitals water-works and poorhouses and for the purpose of a poor farm' approved the twenty-sixth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three so as to provide for the acquiring by purchase or condemnation proceedings of sufficient real estate within or without the city limits as may be necessary for present and future use upon which to erect and construct workhouses or houses of detention poorhouses garbage or incinerating furnaces sewage disposal works or plants with the necessary filter-beds appliances drains and sewers and for extentions thereof" approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 12)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the location construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in boroughs and adjacent territory empowering the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over rivers creeks streams railroads and private land or over and cross railroads and any of them or over and across railroads for public highways and to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the borough limits authorizing said boroughs to unite and enter into a contract or contracts with the county commissioners of the proper county and with railroad street railway and other companies and parties interested or with any of them for the erection construction and maintenance of said viaducts and bridges and for the payment of the damage caused by their location and erection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under or upon any such viaduct or bridge without contributing to the cost of maintenance thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 240)

Sections two three four and five of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth' approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to locate or relocate their lines of railway so that the same may be either in whole or in part on public highways or in whole or in part on private property and conferring upon them the right of eminent domain and providing the method for the assessment of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and making them common carriers of certain kinds of freight" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 368)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase or condemn public toll-bridges crossing rivers or streams within the limits thereof and giving power to municipalities to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary public foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such municipality" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 67)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase condemn maintain and use public toll-bridges crossing rivers or streams within the limits thereof and to enter into a contract with the county commissioners of the proper county—when said commissioners are duly authorized thereto by the court of quarter sessions on petition of twenty or more taxpayers of such county—whereby the said county shall pay a portion of the cost thereof and giving power to the municipalities to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary public foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such municipality" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 69)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing counties to purchase or condemn public toll-bridges crossing rivers or streams within the limits thereof when duly authorized thereto by the court of quarter sessions on petition of at least twenty taxpayers of such county and giving power to the counties to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary public foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such county" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 73)

Sections two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to purchase and acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate within or without the borough limits as may be necessary for present and future use upon which to erect construct and maintain garbage or incinerating furnaces sewage-disposal works or plants with the necessary filter-beds appliances' drains and sewers and for the extensions thereof" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 79)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania to acquire certain real estate by purchase or condemnation providing for the consent of the municipal authorities prescribing the procedure and manner of service and providing for evidence of title" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 388)

Sections five six seven eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act providing for the construction operation and maintenance of public highways bridges and tunnels in the several counties of this Commonwealth authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for the compensation thereof and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in such construction operation and maintenance and authorizing the levy of a tax and the issuance of bonds to provide a fund for said purpose" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 506)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the fifteenth section of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five creating a Department of Wharves Docks and Ferries for the improvement regulation and supervision of the construction extension alteration maintenance and use of wharves piers bulkheads docks slips basins ferries harbors and harbor structures in cities of the first class and providing for the making and enforcement of rules and regulations and fixing certain penalties for violation thereof and providing for the acquisition of property in said cities by purchase and by condemnation for certain purposes' by fixing the number of the jury at three" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 92)

Sections two three four five six and seven of an act entitled "An Act authorizing counties to purchase or condemn public toll-bridges crossing rivers rivulets streams or ravines within the limits of such county where the same connect different municipal divisions of such county when duly authorized thereto by the court of quarter sessions on petition of at least twenty taxpayers of such county and giving power to counties to charge and collect tolls or rentals for use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such county" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 109)

Sections six hundred eight to six hundred fourteen inclusive of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 309)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eight-seven entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water' by fixing the number of the viewers at three" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (P. L. 1033)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act empowering and directing the county commissioners of any county to purchase ground at the county-seat for the erection thereon of such building or buildings as may be necessary for the accommodation of the courts and of the several officers of the county and for the reception and safe keeping of the records and other papers in charge of such officers and also such other building or buildings as may be necessary and proper for the purpose of a county jail or workhouse when occasion shall require the erection of such building or buildings and in case the said ground cannot be obtained by agreement with the owner or owners at a reasonable price in the estimation of said commissioners then to resort to condemnation' by fixing the number of the viewers at three" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1039)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for and regulating the purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing-places and docks" approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1099)

Section three of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five creating a Department of Wharves Docks and Ferries for the improvement regulation and supervision of the construction extension alteration maintenance and use of wharves piers bulkheads docks ships basins ferries harbors and harbor structures in cities of the first class and providing for the making and enforcement of rules and regulations and fixing certain penalties for violations thereof and providing for the acquisition of property by said cities by purchase and by condemnation for certain purposes' approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven as amended by an act entitled 'An Act to amend the fifteenth section of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five creating a Department of Wharves Docks and Ferries for the improvement regulation and supervision of the construction extension alteration maintenance and use of wharves piers bulkheads docks slips basins ferries harbors and harbor structures in cities of the first class and providing for the making and enforcement of rules and regulations and fixing certain penalties for violation thereof and providing for the acquisition of property by said cities by purchase and by condemnation for certain purposes" by fixing the number of jury at three' approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven" approved the twenty-ninth day of ay one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 380)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to damages in case of taking of property for use as a public wharf pier or bulkhead" approved the twentieth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 543)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled 'An Act making it lawful for any municipality in which a corporation created and existing under and by virtue of the laws of this Commonwealth have constructed and are maintaining or may hereafter construct and maintain sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances for surface under surface and sewage drainage to become the owner of such sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances aforesaid providing the amount to be paid for the same and the manner of ascertaining such amount in case of disagreement between the municipality and the corporation owning the same approved April nineteenth one thousand nine hundred and one by extending the provisions thereof to sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances owned by individuals and unincorporated associations and providing for the assessment of the costs and expenses of the property so acquired upon the properties benefited thereby or upon the proper municipality" approved the twenty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 865)

(C) All of the following acts and parts of acts are totally repealed insofar as they relate to procedure in the exercise of the right of eminent domain except where the damages costs or expenses of the taking injuring or destroying or any part thereof are (1) assessed or charged against real property adjacent to the property taken injured or destroyed or against the real property benefited by the taking injuring or destroying or (2) assessed or charged against the owner of such adjacent or benefited real property

Sections fifty-three fifty-four and fifty-five of an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 230)

Article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 277)

An Act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 75)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one providing for assessment of damages where streets and alleys are changed in grade or location" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 459)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to jurors or viewers appointed by the courts of any county co-extensive in boundary with a city of the first class to assess damages or benefits for public or municipal improvements requiring the jurors or viewers to complete their duties and to file the report within six months from the date of their appointment" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 87)

Sections six seven and eight of an act entitled "An Act authorizing any borough or city within this Commonwealth to vacate change alter or relocate the course or channel of any creek run or natural waterway other than navigable streams and for this purpose to enter upon condemn and take property and materials necessary to such vacation change alteration or relocation and providing for the ascertainment and assessment of costs damages and expenses as well as the levy and collection of benefits arising therefrom and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 74)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 294)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing any borough within this Commonwealth on the written request of the Board of Health to confine and pave or completely enclose any creek run or natural water way other than navigable streams and for this purpose to enter upon condemn and take property and material necessary to such confining and paving or complete enclosure and providing for the ascertainment and assessment of costs damages and expenses as well as the levy and collection of benefits arising therefrom and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed" approved the tenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 634)

An Act entitled "An Act providing the security to be given or tendered by the several cities of this Commonwealth in the taking appropriation or injury of lands and property for any public use or purpose authorized by law" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 25)

An Act entitled "An Act regulating the filing of reports of viewers or juries of view appointed by the courts of this Commonwealth to assess damages and benefits for the taking injury or destruction of private property in the construction or enlargement of public works highways or improvements" approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 28)

Sections two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several cities of this Commonwealth to purchase or acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate within the city limits as they may need upon which to erect or construct municipal buildings fire engine houses gas and electric light works and within or without the city limits upon which to erect hospitals waterworks and poorhouses and for the purpose of a poor-farm" approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 63)

Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the confirmation of the reports of viewers or juries of view appointed by the courts of quarter sessions to assess damages and benefits and for the collection of damages in such proceedings" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 83)

An Act entitled "An Act amending sections two and six of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-one" approved the second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 124)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work of said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' by fixing the number of viewers at three" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 117)

Article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 568)

(d) The act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act providing a method to secure possession of lands buildings or other property acquired under the power of eminent domain" is repealed in so far as it is inconsistent with this act

(e) The repeal by this act of any act or part of an act of assembly is not intended to revive any act or part of an act heretofore repealed or superseded Any proceeding begun prior to the date when this act goes into effect shall continue as if the act under which the proceeding started were not repealed This act is not intended to affect any act done liability incurred or right accrued or vested

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 221, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to create Suburban Metropolitan Districts of the areas within twenty-five miles of the limits of cities of the first class to provide for the creation of a Department of Suburban Metropolitan Planning and the appointment of Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commissions for such districts to prescribe their powers and duties and to provide for assessment upon the cities boroughs and townships within the limits thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to create Suburban Metropolitan Districts of the areas within twenty-five miles of the limits of cities of the first class to provide for the creation of a Department of Suburban Metropolitan Planning and the appointment of suburban Metropolitan Planning Commissions for such districts to prescribe their powers and duties and to provide for assessment upon the cities boroughs and townships within the limits thereof" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 635, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the National Convention of the United Spanish War Veterans to be held in the city of Scranton Pennsylvania August thirty and thirty-one and September one and two one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and providing for the appointment of a commission to disburse the same or so much thereof as may be necessary

Whereas The National Convention of the United Spanish War Veterans is to be held in the city of Scranton Lackawanna county this State on August thirty and thirty-one and September one and two of the present year and

Whereas It has been customary wherever conventions of this character have been held for the State and municipality to join in advancing or contributing funds for the entertainment of these devoted and patriotic men therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated for the entertainment and other general expenses incident thereto of the delegates to the National Convention of the United Spanish War Veterans to be held in the city of Scranton Pennsylvania on August thirty and thirty-one and September one and two of the present year

Section 2 For the proper expenditure of this appropriation the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint a commission of five citizens of Lackawanna county who shall serve without compensation The appropriation here made to be paid by warrant of the Auditor General drawn upon the State Treasurer upon specifically itemized vouchers duly approved by the officers of said commission Any balances remaining after payment of bills shall be returned to the State immediately after the adjournment of the National Convention

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1309. as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the maintenance of tuberculosis Sanatoria and Dispensaries necessary additions furnishings and repairs for educational work and other necessary work in curing and preventing tuberculosis

Whereas In accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly of the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven the Department of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has established and in maintaining three sanatoria for the reception and treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis sanatorium number one located at Mont Alto Franklin county with a capacity of one thousand one hundred and forty beds sanatorium number two located at Cresson Cambria county with a present capacity of three hundred and fifty-six beds to be increased after January one one thousand nine hundred and sixteen to a capacity of six hundred and thirty-six beds an additional wing thereto being under contract and in course of construction which when completed and furnished will add an extra capacity of two hundred and eighty beds sanatorium number three located at Hamburg Berks county with a capacity of five hundred and sixty beds and

Whereas The Department of Health in its tuberculosis work has established and is maintaining one hundred and fifteen (115) dispensaries in charge of physicians and trained nurses for the free treatment at their homes of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for educational and general sociological work for the prevention of the said disease through which dispensaries patients make application and are admitted to the several sanatoria and from which dispensaries there are at present waiting lists for admission to the several sanatoria numbering over four hundred and fifty (450) patients and

Whereas The Department of Health has established and is maintaining a Tuberculosis Exhibit which visits the various parts of the State county fairs et cetera giving in connection therewith free illustrated lectures on the care and prevention of tuberculosis and is doing other educational work therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of maintaining its sanatoria and dispensaries for the free treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for necessary additions furnishings and repairs thereto and for educational work in curing and preventing tuberculosis and for the purchase of food supplies and other necessities and for the payment of salaries and wages and all other necessary expenses incident thereto the sum of two million nine hundred and seventy-five thousand eight hundred and seven ($2,975,807) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Department of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 2 All expenditures made by the Department of Health shall be approved by the Governor and the amounts shall be paid to the Commissioner of Health by warrant of the Auditor General upon requisition of said Commissioner of Health but all sums so paid shall be accounted for as expended by properly itemized vouchers

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 363, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary are hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following specific purposes

For salaries of officers and employes and for the payment of the traveling expenses of the board of managers as provided by law the sum of two hundred thirty-one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six dollars ($231,976) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For insurance the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For library and school books school supplies stationery and postage the sum of two thousand two hundred dollars ($2,200) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For tools materials and necessary supplies for mechanical instruction and for special mechanical instruction the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For lectures entertainments and special school instruction the sum of seven hundred dollars ($700) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For purchase of machinery equipment and supplies for use in trade school classes and departments the sum of two thousand thirty-nine dollars ($2,039) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For making repairs and improvements the sum of two thousand seven hundred and ninety-five dollars ($2,795) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For purchase of lumber posts and nails for building fences the sum of one thousand five hundred and thirty dollars ($1,530) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For purchase of necessary slate lumber and nails for putting slate roofs on buildings now covered with shingles the sum of seven hundred and twenty-one dollars ($721) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For reimbursing the reformatory the amount expended for the payment of the traveling expenses of the board of managers for the two years ending June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen which was disallowed by the Auditor General because the act did not specifically state it was for that purpose it likewise covers the payment of the traveling expenses of the board of managers as required by the act of one thousand nine hundred nine the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For installing one refrigerating and ice machine plant with freezing tank the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars ($3,200) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For each discharged or paroled inmate whose residence is within fifty miles of Huntingdon five dollars ($5) and for each discharged or paroled inmate whose residence is more than fifty miles from Huntingdon the sum of ten dollars ($10) the total amount not to exceed in the aggregate the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requirng bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1526 (Senate Bill No. 657), as follows:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk in the Department of Mines

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the compensation of the Chief Clerk in the Department of Mines shall be twenty-four hundred dollars per annum which compensation shall be paid in monthly installments upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 772, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight hundred forty-five thousand dolars ($845,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania for the following purposes namely

For the purchase of engines and dynamos and the erection of an addition to the power plant to accommodate said engines and dynamos the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For alterations and improvements in hospital building to replace dilapidated wooden porches and wooden stairways with fire-proof construction to lessen the danger from fire the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necesary

For the erection completion and equipment of an isolating hospital for the isolation of cases of contagious disease the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the maintenance of inmates at the rate of two hundred dollars per annum for each inmate for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of eight hundred thousand ($800,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 804, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital of Brownsville Fayette County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Asemsbly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-five thousand dollars ($45,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Brownsville General Hospital of Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

The sum of twelve thousand five hundred dollars ($12,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of erecting new buildings and additions

The sum of seven thousand five hundred ($7,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary for equipment of hospital

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1474, as follows:

An Act appropriating to "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania" the moneys now accumulated in the State Treasury to the credit of the special fund composed of proceeds derived from the State forestry reservations of the Commonwealth

Whereas It is provided inter alia in and by the Act of Assembly approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three (Pomphlet Laws two hundred and one) entitled "An Act to limit the amount of money expended each year by the State Forestry Reservation Commission in the purchase of lands for the Commonwealth" that "all proceeds derived from the lands purchased by the said commission shall be paid into the State Treasury and shall be held as a special fund and shall be paid by the State Treasurer to the said commission from time to time upon warrants drawn by the Commissioner of Forestry and countersigned by the Auditor General for the purpose of assisting in defraying the necessary expenses of protecting and improving the said lands or for the purchase of additional land" and

Whereas It is provided by section two thousand seven hundred and one of the act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and nine) commonly called the School Code that "Eighty per centum of the net receipts and proceeds derived in any way from or on account of the forest reservation now or hereafter acquired by this Commonwealth together with all water-powers and water-rights belonging to this Commonwealth in the streams rivers lakes or other waters of this Commonwealth and all real estate owned by this Commonwealth which is not used for State or other public purposes all escheated estates in this Commonwealth and all other property or money which shall in any way accrue to such fund whether by Act of Assembly devise gift or otherwise shall belong to and constitute a fund to be known and designated as 'The State School Fund of Pennsylvania' which is to be maintained as herein provided Provided however That the forest reservations shall continue to be wholly under the control of the State Forest Reservation Commission as now provided by law" and

Whereas The said special fund created by said act of April fifteenth one thousand nine hundred and three and composed of proceeds derived from lands belonging to State Forestry Reservations now amounts to eighty thousand eight hundred and fourteen dollars and thirty-one cents ($80,814.31) and

Whereas It has been found impracticable to calculate and ascertain how much of said fund of eighty thousand eight hundred and fourteen dollars and thirty-one cents ($80,814.31) may accurately be said to be "net receipts and proceeds" derived from or on account of said State Forestry Reservations and

Whereas None of said special fund created by said act of April fifteenth one thousand nine hundred and three has been expended for the purposes stated in said act and it is now deemed advisable by the State Forestry Reservation Commission and the State Board of Education that all of said fund be made available for school purposes now therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the entire amount of the special fund created as aforesaid by the act of April fifteenth one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and one) from proceeds derived from State Forestry Reservations and now accumulated in the State Treasury in the sum of eighty thousand eight hundred and fourteen dollars and thirty-one cents ($80,814.31) be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to and made a part of "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania" created as aforesaid by the act of May eighteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and nine) and the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to transfer said sum of eighty thousand eight hundred and fourteen dollars and thirty-one cents ($80,814.31) from said Special Forestry Reservation Fund to said "State School Fund of Pennsylvania"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 768, as follows:

An Act providing for the further carrying out of the provisions of a joint resolution approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing for the appointment of a commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same" providing for the dispositon of certain property in the hands of the commission appointed to carry out the provisions of said resolution and making an appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of further carrying out the provisions of a joint resolution approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing for the appointment of a commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same" The money hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any moneys in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated to be expended on vouchers duly certified to the Auditor General by the President of the Commission

Section 2 That when said Exposition shall have been closed all the property belonging to said commission shall be transferred to the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings of the State of Pennsylvania to be disposed of as said board shall deem fit and proper

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 508, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital Philipsburg Centre County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-three thousand dollars ($43,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Cottage State Hospital located at Phillipsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For improvements to houses and grounds the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For mattress sterilizer eight hundred dollars ($800.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For new operating table and surgical instruments four hundred dollars ($400.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For deficit five hundred dollars ($500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For nurses home ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For new laundry machinery and repairs to old three hundred dollars ($300.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 558, as follows:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in order to carry into effect the act of Congress approved July second one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two granting public lands to the several states for educational purposes and the act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three accepting the provisions and conditions of said act of Congress and pledging the faith of the State to carry the same into effect the following sums are hereby specifically appropriated for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to the trustees of the Pennsylvania State College for the following purposes namely

For the general maintenance of the School of Agriculture the Agriculaural Experiment Station Institute of Animal Nutrition School of Engineering and Experiment Station School of Liberal Arts School of Mines School of Natural Science the Department of Home Economics the Carnegie Library and the Department of Military Instruction for two years including instruction investigation equipment fuel insurance interest repairs campus janitor service sewage system and for the purchase of additional land and such other necessary expenditures as the trustees may deem necessary and practicable the sum of nine hundred thousand ($900,000) dollars

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 645, as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase or the appropriation from the State forest reserves of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary making an appropriation therefor authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary and the buildings and materials thereon" approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven making an additional appropriation for erection construction and equipment

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred thousand ($200,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Inspectors of the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania for continuation of the erection construction and equipment of the said Western Penitentiary in Centre county authorized by an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase or the appropriation from the State forest reserves of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary making an appropriation therefor authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary and the buildings and materials thereon" approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 904, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in eneral Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight hundred and eighty-seven thousand five hundred dollars ($887,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania located at Spring City Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For maintenance training and treatment of feeble-minded and epileptic persons the sum of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($350,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary at the annual rate of two hundred dollars ($200.00) per capita

For repairs to buildings and for the improvement fertilization and irrigation of land the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the construction and equipment of cannery the sum of five hundred dollars ($500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchasing of furniture the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of additional farm land to be added to the institution farms the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the construction of buildings and corridors the sum of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($450,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Appropriations for buildings improvements and equipment provided for in this act shall remain in full force and be available until such buildings and improvements are completed furnished and equipped

The title was read as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title in first line by inserting before the word "State," the words "Eastern Pennsylvania."

Amend title second line, strike out "of Eastern Pennsylvania" and insert in lieu thereof "and epileptic at Spring City Pa."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1497, entitled:

An Act authorizing the exoneration of John McSorley from the payment of certain taxes erroneously assessed

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1530 (Senate No. 574), entitled:

An Act to amend rule eighteen of the General Rules in article twenty-five of the act of June nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six) entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 390, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act granting an annuity to J. H. Pershing"

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1206, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by the provisions of this act"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1323, entitled:

An Act to provide for utilizing rock and other materials existing upon the land owned by the Commonwealth used for the Western Penitentiary in Centre county and affording occupation to the inmates thereof by permitting the Board of Inspectors by the said inmates to mine quarry or dig such materials and make the same into such products and by such means as may be found desirable and authorizing the use of said materials or products for the purposes of said penitentiary and the sale of the surplus if any for the maintenance of said institution

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 617, entitled:

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road in Adams county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1467, entitled:

An Act authorizing the attachment of wages or salary on judgments obtained for necessaries limiting the amount of exemption to be claimed and providing for the payment of the costs

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1489, entitled:

An Act to provide for just compensation to the Commonwealth and to persons and corporations for loss or damage to property by fire proximately caused by the operation of locomotive engines on railroads in this State by making railroad corporations responsible for all such loss and damage irrespective of the existing or non-existence of negligence on their part, in cases where such fires arises within one hundred feet of the railroads or rights of way owned or operated by such corporations outside of the territorial limits of cities and boroughs

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 649, entitled:

An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation; creating and establishing a public service bureau in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania for the regulation thereof; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such bureau and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolishment of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies, providing for the ascertainment by the bureau of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolishment and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the bureau, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such bureau, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the bureau, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of orders of said bureau; making it the duty of the Public Service Bureau to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, which provided for the creating and establishing of the Public Service Commission, and the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and coroporations or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the provise of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1324, entitled:

An Act to amend the tenth and fourteenth sections of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts, instead of imposing sentences; the appointment of probation and parole officers, and the payment of their salaries and expenses; regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases, and providing for their release on parole; their conviction of crime during parole, and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole; and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries," approved the 19th day of June, A D. one thousand nine hundred eleven, so that a convict sentenced to a penitentiary for a crime committed during his period of parole shall begin to serve the said sentence after having first served the remainder of the term which such convict would have been compelled to serve but for the commutation authorizing said parole; and so that a convict violating his or her parole may be arrested and confined by authority of the board of inspectors of the penitentiary from which such convict shall have been released on parole, and investigation and report upon said case made by said board before the Governor shall issue his mandate for the recommittment of such convict.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1292, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1103, entitled:

An Act validating divorces heretofore procured in the United States of America in jurisdictions outside the State of Pennsylvania where the libellant has been a resident of the State in which said divorce was procured and the respondent a resident of the State of Pennsylvania and validating marriages subsequently contracted by either of such divorced persons and legitimizing the issue thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1515, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of writ servers and process servers in the office of the sheriff in counties containing a population of more than one million four hundred thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1345, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws six hundred ninety-four entitled "An Act providing for and regulating the incorporation into a third class city of a borough or of two or more contiguous boroughs"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1414, entitled:

An Act to create a Civil Service Commission and to regulate the employment promotion and discharge of certain county employes in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and making a violation of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor punishable by fine or imprisonment

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1596 (Senate No. 731), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1665 (Senate No. 914), entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1617 (Senate No. 738), entitled:

An Act validating certain proceedings appraising and setting aside of property under article two of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estate of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1540 (Senate No. 795), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or maving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed to form a part

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1585 (Senate No. 797), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1522 (Senate No. 304), entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of school districts of the second third and fourth classes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1586 (Senate No. 798), entitled:

An Act to legalize the erection construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part

And said bill having been read at length the first time.
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1541 (Senate No. 796), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providng for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed from a part and exempting buildings in actual use for such exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibiions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1544 (Senate No. 614), entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1550 (Senate No. 136), entitled:

An Act providing for a State association of county controllers and deputy county controllers and for the meetings thereof and providing for the payment by the counties of the expenses thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time.
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 991 (Senate No. 370), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1623 (Senate No. 819), entitled:

An Act authorizing Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer his wife citizens of Cambria county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1625 (Senate No. 842), entitled:

An Act authorizing Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1431 (Senate No. 52), entitled:

An Act relating to the sale of goods

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1536 (Senate No. 756), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to redeem outstanding bonds and for that purpose issue and sell new interest-bearing bonds and to provide a fund for the redemption thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1634 (Senate No. 35), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1686 (Senate No. 1017), entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

And said bill having been read at length the first time.
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1446 (Senate No. 477), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1597 (Senate No. 749), entitled:

An Act to permit a married woman whose husband has lived separate and apart from her for one year or more and who during that time has not been supported by her husband to become a feme sole trader

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading,

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1608 (Senate No. 366), entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three so as to fix the compensation of the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 698, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Duquesne University of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1070, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home Hospital and Infirmary of Lancaster county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1124, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania State College for educational extension work and for maintaining a summer school for teachers

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 559, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of the William Penn Memorial Bridge Commission defining its duties and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1371, entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the Board of Public Charities to prepare and report to the Legislature at the opening of the next regular session a plan whereby the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can support and care for all its dependent insane in institutions owned and controlled by it with a view to the establishment of this policy at the earliest possible date

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 787, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis County Home located in Darby Delaware county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 290, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Sheltering Home and Home for the Homeless and Aged in Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 864, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence General Hospital located between Germantown and Roxborough Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1657 (Senate No. 965), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1655 (Senate No. 989), entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton Pennsylvania the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 720, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lebanon Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1658 (Senate No. 961), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford Adams county Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1107, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Maternity Association of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1207, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of this Commonwealth for paying such expenditures as may be incurred to protect property and the public health and to promote the safety of its citizens of this Commonwealth and others from loss and danger from mine fires when such fires become a public nuisance in the judgment of the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth and providing how such expenditures shall be made how the Commonwealth shall be repaid and authorizing the condemnation destruction and appropriation of property material and compensation and the entering of liens against the property upon which the fires may be burning for the expense of removing such nuisance or putting out or controlling the same therefor to carry into effect the purposes of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1648 (Senate No. 920), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which Senate Bill No. 654, File Folio 3195, entitled:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin County Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally passed on Second Reading today, be reconsidered.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to..

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the bill on second reading?

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend title, line 1, by striking out the word "fo" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

TIME EXTENDED ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1320.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend the time on House Bill No. 1320, entitled:

An Act regulating and defining the relations between the operators of coal mines and the mine foremen and assistants thereof employed by such operators

on page 28 of today's calendar, Third Reading Postponed for five days.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection and the time on this bill is extended five days.

TIME EXTENDED ON HOUSE BILL NO. 897.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend the time on House Bill No. 897, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard-tables pool-tables and bagatelle boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for the punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act"

on page 27 of todays calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed for five days.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection and the time on this bill is extended five days.

TIME EXTENDED ON HOUSE BILL NO. 865.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend the time of House Bill No. 865, entitled:

An Act relating to the assessment of real estate for taxation

on page 27 of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed, for five days.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection and the time is extended five days.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 278, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love.
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 479, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association of Pittston Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones.
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,

Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 526, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Western Pennsylvania, located at Pittsburgh.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets, in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 332, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners, of the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz.
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangier,
Spencer,
Statier,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 138, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber.
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 137, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital, Roaring Spring, Blair County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn;
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,

Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

QUESTION OF INFORMATION.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to make an inquiry in regard to Appropriation Bill No. 138 being an appropriation for a hospital and is one of the first bills that has in it an amendment in regard to equipping the hospital with these laboratories. I raised that question yesterday in regard to these appropriation bills with this amendment because I wanted to know what would be the actual cost to the hospitals by having this amendment inserted. Some tell me it will be five hundred dollars and some tell me that it will be as high as two thousand dollars. I now want the information whether it is mandatory on the hospital to have this thing, and if it is it is going to make a very large cut in the appropriation for the maintenance of these various hospitals. There is nobody here to tell me about this but I would like to know.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, under the act passed in 1913 it is necessary to provide for this, but the appropriation puts it in this manner, as printed in the appropriation bills, for the purpose that the trustees of hospitals may install laboratories out of their maintenance at whatever cost they may get one for. It is not mandatory at all.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, in reply to my good friend from Lackawanna I want to say, in regard to the Act of 1913, applying to the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure. It is not in that act compelling hospitals to have this in their hospital; it does not compel the hospital to do it. I only want to have the assurance that this would not be necessary. I think we ought to know.

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman from Philadelphia desire to be recorded against this appropriation?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I want to call attention to the members of the House who are interested in these appropriation bills, if it is to be compulsory, as this does not say so.

The SPEAKER. What action does the gentleman desire to take?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, the only action is that I will offer an amendment to these bills to strike out that part.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objection.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy, Roxborough, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir.
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the City and County of Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman.
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones. E. E.,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill.
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh.
Walter,
Walton.
Watson.
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,

Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 39, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital, of Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert.
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips.
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the maintenance to the Hahnemann Hospital, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,

Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hapgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 140, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital, Altoona, Blair County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 415, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 640, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Almira Home, of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 231, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital, of Lewistown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 409, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanitarium, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,

Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Rich,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 408, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital, located at Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 145, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of Scranton Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 127, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless Women and Children of the City of Scranton.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd, Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,

Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 13, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert.

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 445, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 15, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 377, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan.
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,

Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 343, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Kunkle,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 705, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 584, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 712, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 569, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,

Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women of the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 898, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 808, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital of Sharon, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,

Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 510, entitled:

Act Act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich.
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 286, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville Childrens' Aid Society and Home for the Aged located at the corner of Grove street and Williamson Road, Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 796, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 307, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg, General Hospital Association at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
nan,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,

Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria, at Spangler, in Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the Borough of Braddock, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Home for the Friendless, situated in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 823, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd, Penn and Chew streets, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,

Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,

Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 523, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bloomsburg Hospital (formerly Joseph Ratti Hospital), located at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 809, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown, Fayette county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts.
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 585, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital of Waynesburg, Greene county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,

Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,

Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 154, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics, at Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman.
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 188, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Phoenixville Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 183, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman.
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 187, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Grove City Hospital at Grove City, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,

Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 581, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 355, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home, Department of Pennsylvania, at Hawkins Station Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans.
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin.
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 361 entitled,:

An Act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital, Clearfield, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
Shaffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,

Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton.
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering.
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer.
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather.
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler.
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W W.
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner.
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher.
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers.
Neville.
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones.
Spangler,
Spencer.
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker.
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward.
Wylie,
Young.
Wynne,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman.
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No .399, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital, New Castle, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker;
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 521, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,

Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 32, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 400, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ellwood City Hospital, Ellwood City, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 357, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged, one thousand eight hundred and nine Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch.
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson.
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 359, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.;
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 19, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital, in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,

Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 453, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hayes Mechanics' Home, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer.
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters.
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne.
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 35, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne.
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 612 ,entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,

Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 396, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Charity Hospital of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 391, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital, of Lock Haven, Clinton county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 388, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Spencer Hospital, located at Meadville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 226, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies, of West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 387, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases, of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benning,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,

Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 440, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Hospital and Dispensary.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benning,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 190, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benning,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner.
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 327, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,

Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the United Charities, of Hazleton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton.
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 321, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKees Rocks, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 633, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 258, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Friends' Home for Children, situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen Street, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 451, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Home for Babies.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,

Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Leighner,
Luppert

Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 469, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 31, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Altoona, Blair county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,

Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 299, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital at Washington, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 734, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd, Lincoln Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 362, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benning,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
[illegible]erman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 448, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Orphan Asylum of the Holy Family, located at Emsworth, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benning,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
[illegible]
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 450, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benning,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,

Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 115, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seaman's Friend Society, of Philadelphia, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benning,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,

Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 118, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benning,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 128, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital, of Ridgway, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benning, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O., Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz,

Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert,

Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters. Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, A. C., Scott, Shaaber,

Shaffer, C. A., Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith; Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 574, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Mount Lebanon township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were a follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benning, Bergy,

Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham,

Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar,

Shaffer, C. A., Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith. Jeff. W., Smith. L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern,

Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O., Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds. Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz,

Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert,

Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell. Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, A. C., Scott, Shaaber,

Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 288, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benning, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O., Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn,

Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle,

Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn,

Shaffer, C. A., Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams,

Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 122, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the City of Scranton.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benning,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
erman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 589, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Messiah Rescue and Benevolent Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 292, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Germantown Dispensary and Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,

Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis.
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters.
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan.
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women, at Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis.
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 443, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital in the City of Easton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis.
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 454, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Francis Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 461, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital, of Susquehanna, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,

Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 354, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Hess,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell.
Rudisill.
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A.C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Urich.
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson.
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West.
Wettach.
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 236, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Hess,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Heffernan,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads
Rich,
Richards.
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A.C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home, at Brookville, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,

Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood.
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Hess,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A.C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 269, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, for use in the hospital department, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Hess,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A.C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 279, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Indiana Hospital of Indiana County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Hess,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 261, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Hess,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 81, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 67, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. Mary's Keller Memorial Hospital, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,

Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 632, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 810, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard.
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1045, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Union Day Nursery, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,

Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert

McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 80, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Artnur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,

Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,

Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,

Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Mission and Rescue Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
[illegible]
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,

Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,

Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny, Lowrie Street, Troy Hill, North Side, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster.
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn.
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh.
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 82, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian Home, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher.
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,

Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer.
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 155, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital, at Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 159, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans.
Fackler.
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz.
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts.
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Williams,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 467, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,

Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples and Old Men, at Bala, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer.
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 124, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital, of Warren, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 107, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. John's General Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gormley,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Lindsey.
Lipschutz,
Leighner,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron.
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster.
Fretz,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Mearkle,
Mellott.
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne.
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 442, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children, at Easton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack.
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner.
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,

Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 395, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body.
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis.
Lanius,
Lauer.
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy.
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop.
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein.
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman.
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh.
Walter.
Walton,
Watson.
Weaver,
Weimer.
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie.
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 328, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 312, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital, Pottstown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn.
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary.
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass.
Glenn.
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,

Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 311, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City, Washington County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz.
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons, formerly the Christian Home, of York, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz.
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 531, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School, at Paradise Township, York county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 707, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,

Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 690, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses, in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 618, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 263, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Coleman Industrial Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter.

Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 73, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Coatesville Hospital, Coatesville, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 669, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania, located at Oakdale, Allegheny county.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 750, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 264, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,

Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gormley,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 65, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rosella Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburgh.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,

Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 811, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburgh.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams.
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 189, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 170, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,

Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin;
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 229, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Julia White Priscilla Home for Aged Colored People, of LaMott, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold.
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker.
Baldwin.
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker.
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers.
Neville,
Neider,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds.
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman.
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 171, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Powell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter.
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 86, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital Association and Training School for Nurses, of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 53, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,

Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 51, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharin's Orphan Asylum in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich.
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 158, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Reading, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,

Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 524, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital, Berwick, Columbia county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 568, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 309, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington, Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 616, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hamor Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 266, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, for maintenance in handicraft employment.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,

Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 822, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 503, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association of the Borough of Taylor, Lackawanna county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideraing of House Bill No. 754, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nesbitt West Side Hospital, Dorranceton, Luzerne county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert.
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideraing of House Bill No. 659, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the McKeesport Hospital, McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideraing of House Bill No. 911, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital Corporation, Bellefonte, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hapgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,

Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaabber,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 562, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic College for Graduates of Medicine.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna county.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 749, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,

Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O. Campbell, T. Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Shaeffer, Scott, Shaaber, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 310, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital, Latrobe, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O. Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz, Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert, Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, Scott, Shaaber, Shaffer, Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 298, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Charleroi-Monessen Hospital, Charleroi, Washington county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O. Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz, Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert, Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, Scott, Shaaber, Shaffer, Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 54, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home Day Nursery for Children, in the County of Philadelphia, incorporated.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 303, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital, Oil City, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,

Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 52, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children, of Pittsburgh.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,

Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women, located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,

Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary, of York, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 794, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys, Protectory Station, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn.
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle.
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Kunkle,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 812, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 899, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital, of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Urich.
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,

Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 901, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 917, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1064, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton, Pennsylvania, Somerset county.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 826, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 435, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Pottstown, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,

Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Sarig,
Scott,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 425, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital, Pottsville, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger.
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 417, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital located at Frankford Avenue and Palmer Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 217, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women, at Easton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,

Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle.
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 474, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of the City of Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 472, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 858, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the DuBois Hospital of DuBois, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 643, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,

Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1005, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Chester county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Infants' Home and Hospital at Erie, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 356, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants, located at four thousand six hundred eighteen Westminster Avenue, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,

Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O., Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz,

Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert.

Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, Scott, Shaaber,

Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 374, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association, of Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O., Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith,

Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman,

Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer,

Shaffer, Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh,

Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz,

Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert,

Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, Scott, Shaaber,

Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 389, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Renovo Hospital, at Renovo, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O., Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz,

Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert,

Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, Scott, Shaaber,

Shaffer, Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 439, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital, at New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 428, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanatorium, located at Austin, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 477, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,

Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 922, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Chester County, located at West Chester, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 244, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Fairfax Babies' Home, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 475, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans.
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin.
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 235, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin County.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron.
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser.
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney.
Shaffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,

Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,

Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 358, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,

Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,

Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer.
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Wynne,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,

Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,

Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,

Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman.
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 195, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital, at Butler, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,

Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 828, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman.
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 588, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital, Sayre.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 583, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association, at Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 487, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Grand View Hospital, located near Sellersville, Bucks county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,

Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 333, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home, of the City of Pittsburgh, North Side.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 368, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Colored Children of Allegheny, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 682, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Settlement Association, Petosky Street, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer.
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward.
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 571, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Protestant Home for Aged at Fair Oaks, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer.
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne.
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 570, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Sunshine Children's Home, located at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee.
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn.
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius.
Lauer,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters.
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads.
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,

Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 148, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Citizens' General Hospital, of New Kensington, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby.
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans.
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 142, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital in the City of Chester.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans.
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn.
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle.
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin.
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks.
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer.
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 147, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital, at Titusville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter.
Sinclair.
Smith. J. W..
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,

Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 518, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the agricultural experiment station of Pennsylvania State College to maintain substations for the purpose of making experiments in the improvement culture curing and preparation of tobacco and providing for the publication of the report thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years beginning on the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the agricultural experiment station of the Pennsylvania State College for the purpose of conducting experiments in the improvement culture curing and preparation of tobacco in collaboration with the Tobacco Growers Societies duly incorporated et cetera of Lancaster and Clinton counties and with such other responsible associations as may desire to engage in such work or with the United States Department of Agriculture The management of the experiments shall be conducted by said experiment station and the results of the experiments together with an itemized statement of the expenditures hereunder shall be published in the annual report presented by said station to the Governor of the Commnowealth Provided That no part of the appropriation herein made shall be used for the purchase of land

Section 2 That an amount not exceeding five per centum of the sum appropriated by this act may be used by the station for the purpose of printing and distributing the results of the experiments herein provided for in the form of bulletins one copy of each of which shall be sent to every newspaper published in the State and to such individuals as may request the same so far as the means of the station may permit

Section 3 The money hereby appropriated shall be paid to the said trustees by the State Treasurer on the warrant of the Auditor General in such sums as may from time to time be required and as the condition of the treasury will allow on the presentation of a sworn statement showing in detail the purposes for which said sums have been expended under the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 29, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Fields

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,

Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 114, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 940, as follows:

An Act authorizing the State Highway Department to fulfill certain contracts with Lawrence county and Hickory township in said county and thereunder to finish the construction of Eastbrook road in said township

Whereas By contract number four hundred seventy-eight of the State Highway Department of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a record of the payments under which may also be found in the office of the State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at page forty-six in the ledger called the "Highway Contract Ledger" the State Highway Department of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the years of one thousand nine hundred seven and one thousand nine hundred nine constructed a certain State-aid highway in the township of Hickory in Lawrence county known as the Eastbrook road of the length of six thousand nine hundred seventy-five feet and

Whereas It was originally proposed to construct State-aid highway of the length of twelve thousand five hundred feet and

Whereas The total cost of construction inspection engineering and advertising of the part of said road so built was the sum of fifteen thousand eight hundred fifty-four dollars and three cents ($15,854.03) and under the terms of the contract existing between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the county of Lawrence and the township of Hickory dated May first one thousand nine hundred seven the share of the same payable by the county of Lawrence and township of Hickory was the sum of three thousand nine hundred sixty-three dollars and fifty cents ($3,963.50) which was the total due from the county of Lawrence and the township of Hickory for the number of feet of the road actually constructed namely six thousand nine hundred seventy-five feet and

Whereas The county of Lawrence and the township of Hickory in order to secure the construction in the year one thousand nine hundred seven of a certain part of said road when the State Highway Department was without funds for the construction thereof paid for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the sum of six thousand seven hundred fifty-two dollars and fifty cents ($6,752.50) being its total share for the construction of said road for the length of twelve thousand five hundred feet as originally agreed upon the same having been done under agreement with the State Highway Department of Pennsylvania that said road should be completed under said contract for the said distance of twelve thousand feet and

Whereas Said road has never been completed beyond the length of six thousand nine hundred seventy-five feet and the Act of Assembly namely the act of May first one thousand nine hundred five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred eighteen) under which said contract was made has been repealed and no provisions made for the completion of said road and the said county of Lawrence and township of Hickory has therefore paid for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on account of said road its full share on the original contract of twelve thousand five hundred feet therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Highway Department is hereby authorized to fulfill its contract with the county of Lawrence and township of Hickory in said county wherein the said county and township have advanced moneys toward the construction of a portion of the Eastbrook road in said township in excess of what thev were legally required to do and said department may finish as agreed upon without expense to said county and township so much of said Eastbrook road as was originally agreed to be constructed as aforesaid the expenditure not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) which the said department may expend from any funds appropriated for state highways or for State-aid highways

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,

Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert

Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 565, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton.
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 335, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Associations Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 775, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment removal and maintenance of the indigent insane for the two years ending the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1196, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for the payment of expenses incurred in completing certain surveys and estimates of cost of the canal or waterway authorized to be constructed by the board in preparing and printing reports in doing certain things preparatory to beginning the work of construction and in securing contributions in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway for the payment of incidental office expenses and for the payment of salaries fees and expenses

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
[illegible]
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,

Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1328, as follows:

An Act providing for and regulating and maintenance and government of a county home in each county for indigent orphans and for delinquent incorrigible indigent dependent and neglected children under sixteen years of age and providing for their commitment thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners of any county by and with the approval of the grand jury and of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county shall have the authority and are hereby authorized to purchase a farm or plot of ground within the county and erect buildings thereon or add to and improve buildings already erected and make such improvements thereon and thereto as may be convenient and necessary for the use and purpose of providing a home within the county for the keeping care education and training of all indigent orphans delinquent incorrigible indigent dependent and neglected children of either sex under sixteen years of age who shall be committed to said home by the court of quarter sessions of the peace juvenile court of the county county commissioners poor directors of said county or the poor directors of any poor district within the county and pay for the same out of the public funds belonging to the said county

Section 2 That said land when purchased shall be deeded to the county and shall be known as "County Home" and shall be thereafter supported and maintained by the county out of the public funds of the said county

Section 3 The said county commissioners are hereby authorized to receive from time to time donations gifts legacies endowments devises and conveyance or conveyances of property either real or personal that may be made given or granted towards the support and maintenance of said "County Home" and use the same for said purpose

Section 4 Said county commissioners shall have full control of said "County Home" and of the inmates therein and may in their discretion place the said inmates or any one or more of them in private homes to be kept and maintained in said private homes for such time and under such circumstances as shall be agreed upon by the said parties and the county commissioners without any expense to the county and may discharge from said home any inmate when in their discretion they consider him or her capable and able to care for themselves or for any other sufficient reason

Section 5 Said county commissioners shall have authority and they are hereby authorized in the support conduct and management of said "County Home" to employ a superintendent and sufficient help and assistance to keep said children or inmates properly clothed fed and cared for in sickness and in health and to make proper provisions for giving said inmates instructions in reading writing arithmetic drawing duties of citizenship and such branches as may be deemed requisite for a good English education

Section 6 It shall be lawful for said county commissioners to employ and require the inmates committed in said "County Home" to do and perform any work in said home or on said farm not beyond their strength and not interfering with their attendance at school during school hours established by said institution

Section 7 Said county commissioners shall have authority to adopt all necessary by-laws and regulations not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth for the control conduct and management of said "County Home"

Section 8 Said county commissioners shall have authority and are hereby authorized at any time after the purchase of said farm or property to buy and purchase any additional land and erect additional buildings from time to time as the circumstances and requirements of the said "County Home" shall require and pay for the same out of the funds of the said county by and with the approval of the grand jury and the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the said county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Aron,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn.
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1265, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation refunding to Paul O. Wolff executor of the estate of Thomas H. Lane certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold.
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker.
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass.
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,

Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1229, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Cromer,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,

Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1228, entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty-eight dollars and thirty-four cents ($58.34) is hereby specifically appropriated to refund to Bella Hershenson of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania being part of the money paid by her for a license to sell oleomargarine which she was unable to use Said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on due proof that such moneys were as aforesaid erroneously and actually paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver.
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie.
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1190, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Robinson Furniture Company a corporation of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, L.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School at Morganza Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton.
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 627, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,

Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks.
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 862, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the liquidation of certain mortgage indebtedness assumed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the purchase of certain State Normal Schools

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E..
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts.
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Rothenberger,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 861, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Lock Haven State Normal School

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler.
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback.
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper.
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers.
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney.
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones.
Spangler.
Spencer.
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson.
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1024, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purchase by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of State Normal Schools in this Commonwealth and for liquidating the indebtedness of the same existing at the time of the purchase thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather.
Maurer,
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich.
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber.
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 146, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Dayton Normal Institute of Dayton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 101, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett.
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.

Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 778, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh for the general maintenance of the University for the purchase of apparatus and equipment for an addition to the School of Mines building for an addition to the School of Medicine building and for the erection of a building for the School of Education of the University

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks.
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1111, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University for the use of Garretson Hospital Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin.
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber.
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer.
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1127, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University for the use of the Samaritan Hospital Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,

Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 69, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cheyney Training School for Teachers (formerly the Institute for Colored Youth) at Cheyney Delaware county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 557, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Philadelphia Museums

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 541, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 209, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
erman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,

Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 692, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 449, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of school age at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 759, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to be used in deepening straightening widening and otherwise improving Turtle Creek so as to prevent damage and danger from floods and overflows and granting to the said State Highway Department the authority to make such improvements

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,

Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Epplev,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1418, entitled:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane to be erected west of the Allegheny Mountains and to be known as the Western State Hospital for the Insane providing for the management of the same and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 629, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for providing erecting completing regulating and maintaining armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 938, entitled:

An Act amending section three of an act approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals, providing for the regulation thereof the committment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto" as amended by the third section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto providing for the payment of expenses of maintenance and treating persons received therein other than those committed by court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
ckerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 650, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital at Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhoxse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1044, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,

Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 567, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 908, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were a follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 799, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for two deaf dumb and blind pupils

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,

Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman.
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 177, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 507, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and payment of deficiency existing and providing that all moneys received from the United States Government by the Governor of Pennsylvania on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis.
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop.
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 603, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 805, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Welmer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 594, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to further carry into effect the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,

Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1417, entitled:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane to be erected east of the Allegheny Mountains and to be known as the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane providing for the Management of the same and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and the preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 376, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to carry out further the provisions of the act approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State canal basins at the port of Erie by dredging the said basins for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of the said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basins shall be used by the pupils and kept in repairs"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1171 (Senate No. 456), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary.
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill.
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A.C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 478, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern district of Pennsylvania located at Norristown

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Heffernan,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A.C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 709, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital at Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood.
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,

Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O., Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz,

Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert,

Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, A.C., Scott, Shaaber,

Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind at Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O., Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz,

Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert,

Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, A.C., Scott, Shaaber,

Shaffer, C. A., Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the eastern district of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams, Albee, Alcorn, Alexander, Arnold, Aron, Arthur, Baker, Baldwin, Barnett, Bauerle, Beck, Becker, Benn, Benninger, Bergy, Berntheizel, Beyer, Blackburn, Body, Bovee, Brosius, Brownlee, Brumbaugh, Bungard, Campbell, J. O., Campbell, T., Christman, Coldsmith, Conner, Corbin, Cox, Cromer, Cummins, Curry, Davis, Dawson, Dell, Diefenderfer, Dodds, Drinkhouse, Dunn, Eby, Ehrhardt, Eppley, Erdman, Evans, Fackler, Finnerty, Flynn, Forster, Fretz,

Fruit, Gallagher, Gans, Garner, Geary, Geiser, Gibson, Gingery, Glass, Glenn, Gompers, Goodnough, Goodwin, Goodyear, Gormley, Graham, Gransback, Greenwood, Habgood, Hackett, Haggerty, Hamilton, Harper, Heffernan, Herman, Hess, Heyburn, Hibshman, Hoffman, Hollern, Hollingsworth, Horton, Howarth, Hubler, Jack, Jones, E. E., Jones, W. W., Kaiser, Kitts, Klinger, Kuhn, Kunkle, Lafferty, Landis, Lanius, Lauer, Lauler, Leighner, Lindsey, Lipschutz, Love, Luppert,

Luxemburger, Lynch, Mangan, Marvin, Mather, Maurer, McArdle, McCaig, McClintock, McClure, McConnell, McCurdy, McDermott, McKay, McNichol, McVicar, Mearkle, Mellott, Metzenbacher, Milliron, Murdoch, Murphy, Myers, Neville, Nieder, Nissley, Oaks, Ostrander, Palmer, Perry, Peters, Phillips, Pickering, Powell, Ramsey, Reel, Reynolds, Rhoads, Rich, Richards, Rininger, Rinn, Robertson, Roney, Rothenberger, Rowell, Rudisill, Sampsel, Sarig, Schaeffer, A. C., Scott, Shaaber,

Shaffer, C. A., Shoop, Showalter, Sinclair, Smith, J. W., Smith, Jeff. W., Smith, L., Snyder, Sones, Spangler, Spencer, Statler, Staving, Steedle, Stein, Stern, Stone, Sullivan, Swan, Swartz, Taylor, Thomas, Trach, Twibill, Urich, Vickerman, Vogdes, Wagner, Walsh, Walter, Walton, Watson, Weaver, Weimer, Weir, West, Wettach, Whitaker, Whitten, Wildman, Willard, Williams, Wilson, H. I., Wilson, W. H., Wobensmith, Wood, Woodward, Wylie, Wynne, Young, Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 670, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the eastern district of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting and furnishing an additional cottage a school house for the enlargement and improvement of the sewage disposal plant and for the purchase and improvement of additional land in connection with the Girls' Department and to defray the expenses of an extension of the sewage water and electric light for the new hospital and for a new fire escape for the assembly room in connection with the boys' department

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 438, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 44, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn.
Robertson,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone.
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H I.,

Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1603, entitled:

An Act providing that moneys heretofore appropriated to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the southeastern district of Pennsylvania located at Norristown for the purpose of running a twelve-inch iron main from the hospital buildings to the sewage disposal plant and for recovering settling tanks heretofore appropriated may be expended for the purpose of changing the internal form of said settling plants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E..
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 520, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and the naval militia of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills unpaid and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of an annual allowance to commissioned officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and naval militia of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing at the disposal of the Governor of this Commonwealth the sum of five hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary and making same available to replace or repair armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should such armory buildings be destroyed in whole or in part by fire flood or storm and to replace or repair military stores or supplies stored in such armory buildings and destroyed in whole or in part in like manner and to pay for services and expenses of the National Guard incident to actual service under orders of the Governor in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger.
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard.
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphans Schools approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1062, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview Wayne county and authorizing the board of trustees to perform certain work in connection therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred and eighty thousand five hundred dollars ($380,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Far View for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For erecting and constructing ward "H" the sum of one hundred and twenty-six thousand dollars ($126,000)

For erecting and constructing a dining room "K-1" the sum of thirty-three thousand dollars ($33,000)

For erecting and constructing a kitchen "L" the sum of fifty-seven thousand dollars ($57,000)

For erecting and constructing corridors "H-F" the sum of twenty-nine thousand dollars ($29,000)

For erecting and constructing a generator room the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For purchasing equipment for kitchen and generator house including boilers the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)

For the completion of the tuberculosis hospital the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500)

For furnishing and equipping for occupancy and use the buildings of said institution the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For erecting and constructing barn farm and out buildings purchasing seeds fertilizers trees shrubbery plants implements and greenhouses and for stocking and equipping the farm the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For brick making machinery and equipment constructing sewage disposal plant reservoirs dams pipe lines sewers roads walks fences conduits ducts mains grading and clearing land and necessary equipment therefore the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the maintenance treatment and care of the patients in said institution for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)

It is further provided that by reason of the natural resources at Far View such as stone lumber and brick clay and the equipment of tools and machinery which the said board of trustees have on hand the said board may and are hereby authorized and empowered to construct and build farm and out buildings buildings roads walks fences pipe lines conduits ducts mains reservoirs dams and greenhouses sewage disposal plant and the work of clearing land and grading as they may deem advisable by the employment of such inmate labor as is available and employ such other labor skilled and unskilled as may be necessary and purchase such other materials machinery and equipment as may be required and pay for the same out of the money appropriated in this act for such purposes for which itemized bills shall be rendered to the Auditor-General the same as heretofore has been done by said board of trustees

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,

Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act making an apropriation to the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 398, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-eight thousand dolars ($28,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the folowing purposes namely —

The sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance of the hospital for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

The sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the balance due for an addition to hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lindsey,
Luppert,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Lauer,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 512, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bupreau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Artnur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 181, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred eighty-eight thousand one hundred and fifty dollars ($188,150) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

The sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000) for the future care preservation and maintenance of land already taken or yet to be taken by purchase or condemnation for park purposes for painting of fences cannon markers observatory repairs to buildings uniforms for guards tools machinery and fire extinguishing apparatus for the necessary expenses of the employment of superintendent guards and workmen payment of freights and legal expenses for flagpoles purchase of flags printing of reports and maps rules and photographs benches and tables fences and other incidental expenses and the improvement of lands and buildings

The sum of one hundred and five thousand dollars ($105,000) for the purchase or condemnation of lands for the necessary expenses incident thereto and grading and improving the same

The sum of twenty-three thousand six hundred and fifty dollars ($23,650) for laying out and building macadamizing paving grading and maintaining avenues roads paths already built or to be built by the Commission and repairs to inlets and gutters

The sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) for the payment of the incidental necessary expenses of the Commission that is salary of clerk six hundred dollars ($600) rent three hundred dollars ($300) and stationery one hundred dollars ($100)

The sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) for the purchasing of trees and to replace trees killed by the Chestnut Blight and planting same purchasing fertilizers seeds weed killers plowing mowing et cetera in order to preserve lawns and keep the same in condition

The sum of forty-five hundred dollars ($4,500) for the erection of two shelter houses at a distance from the railway station for the comfort of the increasing numbers of visitors and their protection and shelter

The sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) for the purchase of cannon cannon carriages and markers

The sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) for the incidental expenses necessary to appropriately dedicate the completed Memorial Arch erected by the United States

The sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the restoration of the forts and redoubts as nearly as possible to their original condition

The said appropriation to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on a settlement made by him and the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn in payment of land acquired either by purchase or condemnation until the Commissioners of the said Park shall either by its president or treasurer have filed with the Auditor General an itemized statement of the cost of said land taken by purchase or under condemnation proceedings during the previous quarter and the same is approved by the said Auditor General and the State Treasurer not until the Treasurer shall have sufficient money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay the quarterly installments due said Commissioners and unexpired balances of sums appropriated for specific purposes shall not be used for other purposes whether specific or general and shall revert to the State Treasury at the close of the fiscal year

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedix Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster.
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 293, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eagleville Montgomery county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eagleville Montgomery county for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard.
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood.
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 625, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lying-In-Charity Hospital, Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gormley,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,

Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question ,was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 55.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 55, entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to amend section two entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the prinicpal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed' approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 104.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 104, entitled "An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 249.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 249, entitled "An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine entitled 'An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in th ecounties of Indiana and Clearfield' so far as it relates to Indiana county."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 513.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 513, entitled "An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 572.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 572, entitled "An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1098.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1098, entitled "A Supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled 'An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 867.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No.

867, entitled "An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1012.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1012, entitled "An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties of such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1050.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1050, entitled "An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 780.

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller

House Bill No. 1147.

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges not learned in the law of the Courts of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 961.

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or willful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

House Bill No. 760.

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

House Bill No. 1134.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

House Bill No. 610.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation thereof"

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BROWNLEE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1319, entitled:

An Act lengthening the term of office of Commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth, and extending the term of office of Commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth, and extending the term of office of Commissioners representing the odd numbered election districts.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1255, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Osteopathic Hospital of Philadelphia.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1342, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Edinboro State Normal School.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1605 (Senate Bill No. 152), entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment erection equipment and management of a Pennsylvania home for boys and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years and making an appropriation.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON, from the Committee on Manufactures, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1119 (Senate Bill No. 470), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to telephone operators and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1468, entitled:

An Act providing for and defining the powers and duties of a Banking Law Commission and making an appropriation.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 360, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Ridley Park Delaware county, Pennsylvania.

BILL REPLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. RAMSEY offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to.

Moved by Mr. Ramsey, seconded by Mr. Geary, that House Bill No. 746, File Folio 3909, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and seventy-four prohibiting magistrates aldermen or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offences dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respective homes and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases

which was on the third reading postponed calendar and which was dropped from the calendar be replaced on the calendar.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. HUBLER. I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11:00 o'clock A. M.) the House adjourned to meet on Monday evening, May 3rd, 1915, at 8:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MAY 3, 1915. No. 52.

SENATE.

MONDAY, May 3, 1915.

The Senate met at 8 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for the privilege, the comfort, and the inspiration that comes to us in prayer. We thank Thee for that inward monitor, our conscience, given to us to be our guide. We thank Thee for Thy Word, which is a light unto our pathway and a lamp unto our feet. We pray Thee that we may so avail ourselves of the light that comes to us from within and also that which comes to us from Thy Word, that we may live at all times so that we may glorify Thy name, and live to the very best interests of our fellowmen. May we always have a conscience void of offense, both towards God and man, we ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. SALUS, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING MEMORIAL TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. THOMPSON presented two petitions of citizens of Beaver County, Pennsylvania, favoring the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. THOMPSON presented two petitions of citizens of Beaver County favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 199 (Senate Bill No. 1096), entitled:

An Act to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate real estate not heretofore taxable as such of railroad companies street railway companies canal companies bridge companies gas companies pipeline companies ferry companies electric light heat and power companies water companies telegraph companies telephone companies express companies and all other public service corporations or so called quasi public corporations of the same or other kinds

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1030 (Senate Bill No. 1097), entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of and titles to seated and unseated lands sold by county treasurers and county commissioners for the non-payment of taxes

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1152 (Senate Bill No. 1098), entitled:

An Act to further amend section one thousand four hundred twelve of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 1200 (Senate Bill No. 1099), entitled:

An Act relating to open air schools

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 1252 (Senate Bill No. 1100), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to change the plans and specifications for buildings grounds plants machinery and repairs of certain charitable and penal institutions and requiring such buildings grounds plants machinery and repairs to be constructed or made in accordance with such plans and specifications

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1421 (Senate Bill No. 1101), entitled:

An Act providing for the removal to and return from hospitals for the insane of persons committed to county jails or prisons and awaiting trial charged with criminal offenses not amounting to felony which persons are found to be insane and further providing for the payment of the expense of such removal and return and for the cost of the maintenance and care of such persons in such hospitals

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1033 (Senate Bill No. 1102), entitled:

An Act to encourage the establishment of public marine schools

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 1113 (Senate Bill No. 1103), entitled:

An Act to amend section five hundred and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 1136 (Senate Bill No. 1104), entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for the commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to contract to repair build or rebuild any county bridge without due advertisement for sealed proposals and the employment of a competent engineer Making it mandatory that location plans be submitted in duplicate to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania and requiring the Attorney General to defend all suits where any county within this Commonwealth is made defendant in a suit for the recovery of damages where infringements on patents royalties designs and patented processes or features are alleged where a county has complied with the provisions of this act excepting contracts not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1154 (Senate Bill No. 1105), entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid Highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act"

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 1189 (Senate Bill No. 1106), entitled:

An Act to permit farmers to hawk peddle and sell their own products without a license fee in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 1273 (Senate Bill No. 1107), entitled:

An Act to amend section three hundred and three of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 1455 (Senate Bill No. 1108), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1473 (Senate Bill No. 1109), entitled:

An Act to amend sections two thousand seven hundred and one and two thousand seven hundred and two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and nine) by providing that all receipts and proceeds derived in any way from or on account of the State forests now or hereafter acquired by this Commonwealth shall belong to and form a part of "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 7 (Senate Bill No. 1110), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples and Old Men at Bala Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 9 (Senate Bill No. 1111), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at sixty-fifth and Vine streets in the City of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 13 (Senate Bill No. 1112), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 14 (Senate Bill No. 1113), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 15 (Senate Bill No. 1114), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medican and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 18 (Senate Bill No. 1115), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 19 (Senate Bill No. 1116), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 28 (Senate Bill No. 1117), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the United Charities of Hazleton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 29 (Senate Bill No. 1118), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Fields

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 31 (Senate Bill No. 1119), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 32 (Senate Bill No. 1120), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 35 (Senate Bill No. 1121), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 36 (Senate Bill No. 1122), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 39 (Senate Bill No. 1123), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital of Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 42 (Senate Bill No. 1124), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for maintenance to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 44 (Senate Bill No. 1125), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 45 (Senate Bill No. 1126), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphans Schools approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 46 (Senate Bill No. 1127), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 47 (Senate Bill No. 1128), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the City and County of Lancaster Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 50 (Senate Bill No. 1129), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital of Johnstown Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 51 (Senate Bill No. 1130), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharine's Orphan Asylum in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 52 (Senate Bill No. 1131), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 53 (Senate Bill No. 1132), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 54 (Senate Bill No. 1133), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia incorporated

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 61 (Senate Bill No. 1134), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 62 (Senate Bill No. 1135), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 63 (Senate Bill No. 1136), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 65 (Senate Bill No. 1137), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburgh

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 67 (Senate Bill No. 1138), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. Mary's Keller Memorial Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 69 (Senate Bill 1139), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 73 (Senate Bill No. 1140), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Coatesville Hospital Coatesville Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 80 (Senate Bill No. 1141), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital of the City of Johnstown Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 81 (Senate Bill No. 1142), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 82 (Senate Bill No. 1143), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian Home of Johnstown Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 84 (Senate Bill No. 1144), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 86 (Senate Bill No. 1145), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 101 (Senate Bill No. 1146), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 107 (Senate Bill No. 1147), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. John's General Hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 111 (Senate Bill No. 1148), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb

Which was commited to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 113 (Senate Bill No. 1149), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital Association and Training School for Nurses of Huntingdon Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 114 (Senate Bill No. 1150), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 115 (Senate Bill No. 1151), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seaman's Friend Society of Philadelphia Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 118 (Senate Bill No. 1152), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 122 (Senate Bill No. 1153), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the City of Scranton

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 124 (Senate Bill No. 1154), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 125 (Senate Bill No. 1155), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 126 (Senate Bill No. 1156), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna county

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 127 (Senate Bill No. 1157), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless Women and Children of the City of Scranton

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 128 (Senate Bill No. 1158), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital Ridgway Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 129 (Senate Bill No. 1159), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 136 (Senate Bill No. 1160), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind at Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 137 (Senate Bill No. 1161), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 138 (Senate Bill No. 1162), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 140 (Senate Bill No. 1163), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital Altoona Blair county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 141 (Senate Bill No. 1164), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy Roxborough Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 142 (Senate Bill No. 1165), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital in the City of Chester

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 145 (Senate Bill No. 1166), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of Scranton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 146 (Senate Bill No. 1167), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Dayton Normal Institute of Dayton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 147 (Senate Bill No. 1168), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital at Titusville Crawford county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 148 (Senate Bill No. 1169), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Citizens General Hospital of New Kensington Westmoreland county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 154 (Senate Bill No. 1170), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 155 (Senate Bill No. 1171), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 158 (Senate Bill No. 1172), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Reading Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 159 (Senate Bill No. 1173), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 161 (Senate Bill No. 1174), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Infants' Home and Hospital at Erie Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 162 (Senate Bill No. 1175), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 164 (Senate Bill No. 1176), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Home for the Friendless situated in the City of of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 167 (Senate Bill No. 1177), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 170 (Senate Bill No. 1178), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh in the City of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 171 (Senate Bill No. 1179), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 177 (Senate Bill No. 1180), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 181 (Senate Bill No. 1181), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Commisisoners of Valley Forge Park

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 183 (Senate Bill No. 1182), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 187 (Senate Bill No. 1183), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 188 (Senate Bill No. 1184), entiteld:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Phoenixville Hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 189 (Senate Bill No. 1185), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 190 (Senate Bill No. 1186), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 195 (Senate Bill No. 1187), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 201 (Senate Bill No. 1188), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 207 (Senate Bill No. 1189), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women of the City of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 209 (Senate Bill No. 1190), entitled:

An Act makinig an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 215 (Senate Bill No. 1191), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital Mount Pleasant Westmoreland county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 216 (Senate Bill No. 1192), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 217 (Senate Bill No. 1193), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 226 (Senate Bill No. 1194), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of West Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 229 (Senate Bill No. 1195), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Julia White Priscilla Home for Aged Colered People of LaMott Montgomery county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 231 (Senate Bill No. 1196), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 235 (Senate Bill No. 1197), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin county

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 236 (Senate Bill No. 1198), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1603 (Senate Bill No. 1109), entitled:

An Act providing that moneys heretofore appropriated to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania located at Norristown for the purpose of running a twelve-inch iron main from the hospital buildings to the sewage disposal plant and for recovering settling tanks heretofore appropriated may be expended for the purpose of changing the internal form of said settling plants

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 237 (Senate Bill No. 1200), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Altoona Blair county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 244 (Senate Bill No. 1201), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Fairfax Babies Home of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 258 (Senate Bill No. 1202), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Friends' Home for Children situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen street Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 261 (Senate Bill No. 1203), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 263 (Senate Bill No. 1204), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Coleman Industrial Home of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 264 (Senate Bill No. 1205), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 266 (Senate Bill No. 1206), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 269 (Senate Bill No. 1207), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania for use in the hospital department Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 276 (Senate Bill No. 1208), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville Jefferson county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 278 (Senate Bill No. 1209), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 279 (Senate Bill No. 1210), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Indiana Hospital of Indiana county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 286 (Senate Bill No. 1211), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville Children's Aid Society and Home for the Aged located at the corner of Grove street and Williamson Road Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 287 (Senate Bill No. 1212), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 288 (Senate Bill No. 1213), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 292 (Senate Bill No. 1214), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Germantown Dispensary and Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 293 (Senate Bill No. 1215), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eaglesville Montgomery county

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 298 (Senate Bill No. 1216), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Charleroi-Monessen Hospital Charleroi Washington county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 299 (Senate Bill No. 1217), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital at Washington Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 303 (Senate Bill No. 1218), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital Oil City Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 307 (Senate Bill No. 1219), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association at Canonsburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 309 (Senate Bill No. 1220), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 310 (Senate Bill No. 1221), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital Latrobe Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 311 (Senate Bill No. 1222), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City Washington county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 312 (Senate Bill No. 1223), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital Pottstown Montgomery county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 321 (Senate Bill No. 1224), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital McKees Rocks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 327 (Senate Bill No. 1225), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 328 (Senate Bill No. 1226), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 332 (Senate Bill No. 1227), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for discharged prisoners of the City of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 333 (Senate Bill No. 1228), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home of the City of Pittsburgh North Side

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 335 (Senate Bill No. 1229), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Associations Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill county

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 338 (Senate Bill No. 1230), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 340 (Senate Bill No. 1231), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of Pittsburgh

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 342 (Senate Bill No. 1232), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 343 (Senate Bill No. 1233), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 344 (Senate Bill No. 1234), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 354 (Senate Bill No. 1235), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 355 (Senate Bill No. 1236), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania at Hawkins Station Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 356 (Senate Bill No. 1237), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants located at four thousand six hundred eighteen Westminster avenue Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 357 (Senate Bill No. 1238), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine Mount Vernon street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 358 (Senate Bill No. 1239), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 359 (Senate Bill No. 1240), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 361 (Senate Bill No. 1241), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital Clearfield Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 362 (Senate Bill No. 1242), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 365 (Senate Bill No. 1243), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria at Spangler in Cambria county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 368 (Senate Bill No. 1244), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Colored Children of Allegheny Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 369 (Senate Bill No. 1245), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 373 (Senate Bill No. 1246), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the Borough of Braddock Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 374 (Senate Bill No. 1247), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 375 (Senate Bill No. 1248), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny Lowrie street Troy Hill North Side Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 376 (Senate Bill No. 1249), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to carry out further the provisions of the act approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State canal basins at the port of Erie by dredging the said basins for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of the State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basins shall be used by the pupils and kept in repairs

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 377 (Senate Bill No. 1250), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenden Home of Erie Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 386 (Senate Bill No. 1251), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Mission and Rescue Home of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 387 (Senate Bill No. 1252), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 388 (Senate Bill No. 1253), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Spencer Hospital located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 389 (Senate Bill No. 1254), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Renovo Hospital at Renovo Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 391 (Senate Bill No. 1255), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital of Lock Haven Clinton county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 395 (Senate Bill No. 1256), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 396 (Senate Bill No. 1257), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Charity Hospital of Montgomery county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 398 (Senate Bill No. 1258), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 399 (Senate Bill No. 1259), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital New Castle Lawrence county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 400 (Senate Bill No. 1260), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Ellwood City Hospital Ellwood City Lawrence county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 402 (Senate Bill No. 1261), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 408 (Senate Bill No. 1262), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation in the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital located at Scranton Lackawanna county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 409 (Senate Bill No. 1263), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanitarium of Scranton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 415 (Senate Bill No. 1264), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 417 (Senate Bill No. 1265), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital located at Frankford avenue and Palmer street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 423 (Senate Bill No. 1266), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the eastern district of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 425 (Senate Bill No. 1267), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital Pottsville Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 428 (Senate Bill No. 1268), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanatorium located at Austin Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 435 (Senate Bill No. 1269), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Pottstown Montgomery county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 438 (Senate Bill No. 1270), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 439 (Senate Bill No. 1271), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 440 (Senate Bill No. 1272), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Hospital and Dispensary

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 442 (Senate Bill No. 1273), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children at Easton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 443 (Senate Bill No. 1274), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital in the City of Easton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 445 (Senate Bill No. 1275), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 448 (Senate Bill No. 1276), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Orphan Asylum of the Holy Family located at Elmsworth Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 449 (Senate Bill No. 1277), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of school age at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 450 (Senate Bill No. 1278), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 451 (Senate Bill No. 1279), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Home for Babies

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 453 (Senate Bill No. 1280), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hayes Mechanics' Home of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 454 (Senate Bill No. 1281), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to St. Francis Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 461 (Senate Bill No. 1282), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 467 (Senate Bill No. 1283), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 468 (Senate Bill No. 1284), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 469 (Senate Bill No. 1285), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 472 (Senate Bill No. 1286), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School of Williamsport Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 474 (Senate Bill No. 1287), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of the City of Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 475 (Senate Bill No. 1288), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 477 (Senate Bill No. 1289), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital Wilkinsburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 478 (Senate Bill No. 1290), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern district of Pennsylvania located at Norristown

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 479 (Senate Bill No. 1291), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association of Pittston Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 487 (Senate Bill No. 1292), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Grand View Hospital located near Sellersville Bucks county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 503 (Senate Bill No. 1293), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association of the borough of Taylor Lackawanna county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No 507 (Senate Bill No. 1294), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and payment of deficiency existing and providing that all moneys received from the United States Government by the Governor of Pennsylvania on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 510 (Senate Bill No. 1295), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 512 (Senate Bill No. 1296), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 518 (Senate Bill No. 1297), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the agricultural experiment station of the Pennsylvania State College to maintain substations for the purpose of making experiments in the improvement culture curing and preparation of tobacco and providing for the publication of the report thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 520 (Senate Bill No. 1298), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and the naval militia of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills unpaid and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of an allowance to commissioned officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and naval militia of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing at the disposal of the Governor of this Commonwealth the sum of five hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary and making same available to replace or repair armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should such armory buildings be destroyed in whole or in part by fire flood or storm and to replace or repair military stores or supplies stored in such armory buildings and destroyed in whole or in part in like manner and to pay for services and expenses of the National Guard incident to actual service under orders of the Governor in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 521 (Senate Bill No. 1299), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 523 (Senate Bill No. 1300), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bloomsburg Hospital (formerly Joseph Ratti Hospital) located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 524 (Senate Bill No. 1301), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital Berwick Columbia county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 526 (Senate Bill No. 1302), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Western Pennsylvania located at Pittsburgh

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 531 (Senate Bill No. 1303), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise township York county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 538 (Senate Bill No. 1304), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frederick Dougless Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 541 (Senate Bill No. 1305), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Act of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 549 (Senate Bill No. 1306), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Scranton Lackawanna county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 557 (Senate Bill No. 1307), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Philadelphia Museums

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 562 (Senate Bill No. 1308), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic College for Graduates of Medicine

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 565 (Senate Bill No. 1309), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 567 (Senate Bill No. 1310), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 568 (Senate Bill No. 1311), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 569 (Senate Bill No. 1312), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 570 (Senate Bill No. 1313), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Sunshine Children's Home located at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 571 (Senate Bill No. 1314), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Protestant Home for Aged at Fair Oaks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 574 (Senate Bill No. 1315), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Mount Lebanon township Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 581 (Senate Bill No. 1316), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 583 (Senate Bill No. 1317), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association at Punsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 584 (Senate Bill No. 1318), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 585 (Senate Bill No. 1319), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital of Waynesburg Green county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 588 (Senate Bill No. 1320), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital Sayre

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 589 (Senate Bill No. 1321), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Messiah Rescue and Benevolent Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 594 (Senate Bill No. 1322), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to further carry into effect the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums or agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 603 (Senate Bill No. 1323), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 612 (Senate Bill No. 1324), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the aged at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 616 (Senate Bill No. 1325), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hamor Hospital Association of the City of Erie Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 618 (Senate Bill No. 1326), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 625 (Senate Bill No. 1327), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lying-In-Charity Hospital Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 627 (Senate Bill No. 1328), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 629 (Senate Bill No. 1329), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for providing erecting completing regulating and maintaining armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 632 (Senate Bill No. 1330), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 633 (Senate Bill No. 1331), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 640 (Senate Bill No. 1332), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 643 (Senate Bill No. 1333), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 650 (Senate Bill No. 1334), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital at Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 655 (Senate Bill No. 1335), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 659 (Senate Bill No. 1336), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the McKeesport Hospital McKeesport Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 669 (Senate Bill No. 1337), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania located at Oakdale Allegheny county

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 670 (Senate Bill No. 1338), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the eastern district of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting and furnishing an additional cottage a school house for the enlargement and improvement of the sewage disposal plant and for the purchase and improvement of additional land in connection with the Girls' Department and to defray the expenses of an extension of the sewage water and electric light for the new hospital and for a new fire escape for the assembly room in connection with the boys' department

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 682 (Senate Bill No. 1339), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Settlement Association Petosgy street North Side Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 690 (Senate Bill No. 1340), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the City of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 692 (Senate Bill No. 1341), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 705 (Senate Bill No. 1342), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 707 (Senate Bill No. 1343), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital ot Tarentum Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 709 (Senate Bill No. 1344), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital at Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 711 (Senate Bill No. 1345), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cheyney Training School for Teachers (formerly the Institute for Colored Youth) at Cheyney Delaware county

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 712 (Senate Bill No. 1346), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 734 (Senate Bill No. 1347), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd Lincoln avenue Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 749 (Senate Bill No. 1348), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 750 (Senate Bill No. 1349), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 754 (Senate Bill No. 1350), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nesbitt West Side Hospital Dorranceton Luzerne county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 759 (Senate Bill No. 1351), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to be used in deepening straightening widening and otherwise improving Turtle Creek so as to prevent damage and danger from floods and overflows and granting to the said Highway Department the authority to make such improvements.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 775 (Senate Bill No. 1352), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment removal and maintenance of the indigent insane for the two years ending the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 778 (Senate Bill No. 1353), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh for the general maintenance of the University for the purchase of apparatus and equipment for an addition to the School of Mines building for an addition to the School of Medicine building and for the erection of a building for the School of Education of the University

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 794 (Senate Bill No. 1354), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys Protectory Station Montgomery county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 796 (Senate Bill No. 1355), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 799 (Senate Bill No. 1356), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for two deaf dumb and blind pupils

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 806 (Senate Bill No. 1357), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 808 (Senate Bill No. 1358), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital of Sharon Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 809 (Senate Bill No. 1359), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown Fayette county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 810 (Senate Bill No. 1360), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 811 (Senate Bill No. 1361), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburgh

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 812 (Senate Bill No. 1362), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 822 (Senate Bill No. 1363), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 823 (Senate Bill No. 1364), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd Penn and Chew streets Germantown Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 826 (Senate Bill No. 1365), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 828 (Senate Bill No. 1366), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 858 (Senate Bill No. 1367), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 861 (Senate Bill No. 1368), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Lock Haven State Normal School

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 862 (Senate Bill No. 1369), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the liquidation of certain mortgage indebtedness assumed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the purchase of certain State Normal Schools

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 898 (Senate Bill No. 1370), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 899 (Senate Bill No. 1371), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 901 (Senate Bill No. 1372), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 908 (Senate Bill No. 1373), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 911 (Senate Bill No. 1374), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital Corporation Bellefonte Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 917 (Senate Bill No. 1375), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia Lancaster county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 922 (Senate Bill No. 1376), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Chester county located at West Chester Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 938 (Senate Bill No. 1377), entitled:

An Act amending section three of an act approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for the regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto" as amended by the third section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto providing for the payment of expenses of maintaining and treating persons received therein other than those committed by court' "

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 940 (Senate Bill No. 1378), entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Highway Department to fulfill certain contracts with Lawrence county and Hickory township in said county and thereunder to finish the construction of Eastbrook road in said township

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1005 (Senate Bill No. 1379), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm Chester county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1014 (Senate Bill No. 1380), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1024 (Senate Bill No. 1381), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purchase by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of State Normal Schools in this Commonwealth and for liquidating the indebtedness of the same existing at the time of the purchase thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1044 (Senate Bill No. 1382), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1045 (Senate Bill No. 1383), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Union Day Nursery Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1062 (Senate Bill No. 1384), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview Wayne county and authorizing the Board of Trustees to perform certain work in connection therewith

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1064 (Senate Bill No. 1385), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton Pennsylvania Somerset county

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1111 (Senate Bill No. 1386), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University for the use of Garretson Hospital Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1127 (Senate Bill No. 1387), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University for the use of the Samaritan Hospital Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1190 (Senate Bill No. 1388), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Robinson Furniture Company a corporation of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1196 (Senate Bill No. 1389), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for the payment of expenses incurred in completing certain surveys and estimates of cost of the canal or waterway authorized to be constructed by the board in preparing and printing reports in doing certain things preparatory to beginning the work of construction and in securing contributions in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway for the payment of incidental office expenses and for the payment of salaries fees and expenses

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1197 (Senate Bill No. 1390)) entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School at Morganza Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1265 (Senate Bill No. 1391), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation refunding to Paul C. Wolff executor of the estate of Thomas H. Lane certain monies erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1328 (Senate Bill No. 1392), entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating and maintenance and government of a county home in each county for indigent orphans and for delinquent incorrigible indigent dependent and neglected children under sixteen years old and providing for their commitment thereto

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1417 (Senate Bill No. 1393), entitled:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane to be erected east of the Allegheny Mountains and to be known as the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane providing for the management of the same and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and the preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1418 (Senate Bill No. 1394), entitled:

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane to be erected west of the Allegheny Mountains and to be known as the Western State Hospital for the Insane providing for the management of the same and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 610.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 452, RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

with information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 347, RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities

with information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE ADOPTS REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 245.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the Committee of Conference to consider the differences existing between the two Houses on Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 668.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 668, entitled:

An Act establishing counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes prescribing their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 329.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 329, entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 612.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 612, entitled:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 380.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 380, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 473.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 473, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the term of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 550.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 550, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the extension of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 551.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 551, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 456.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 456, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 567.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 567, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 563 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which were laid over one day under the rules.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, The Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk in the interim, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 423.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 423 entitled "An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 462.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 462, entitled "An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations' approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 503.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber. Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 503, entitled "An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and elemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 847.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 30, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 847 entitled "An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 369.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 369 entitled "An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets and trays therefor and imposing penalties."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 373.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 373 entitled

"An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled 'An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation.'"

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 430.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 430 entitled "An Act relating to the holding of magistrates courts in Philadelphia."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 459.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 459 entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person' approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 507.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 507 entitled "An Act authorizing John E. Joos a resident of the City of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 538.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 538 entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language' approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, The Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Robert L. Wickline, Pittsburgh, May 14, 1915.
R. S. Abezynski, Pittsburgh, May 17, 1915.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Charles H. Howell, Jr., Phoenixville, May 16, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Roy M. Jamison, New Castle, May 22, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Michele Lauria, Philadelphia, May 7, 1915.
Samuel Goldstein, Philadelphia, May 24, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

John J. McInerney, Pittsburgh.
A. Bert Brown, Pittsburgh.

ELK COUNTY.

Alois J. Hauber, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY.

Miss Ethel G. Flint, Erie.
Jacob O. Hertzler, Erie.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

I. T. Hartzog, South Bethlehem.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

J. N. Ash, Philadelphia.
David Morris Green, Philadelphia.
Harry A. Guy, Philadelphia.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

George Kondor, Paint.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Miss Ida Hoffman, Oil City.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. HERBST.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. HERBST.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 326.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, May 3, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 326, entitled, "An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

Mr. BEIDLEMAN from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 723, entitled:

An Act validating annexations and extensions of the limits of boroughs and incorporated towns, made prior to the 22d day of April, A. D. 1903, notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements of the Act of Assembly covering annexations and extensions of boroughs or corporate town limits in force at the time of said annexation or extension; and providing for the filing of a plot or plan of lots or part so annexed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions when the same has not originally been done.

Mr. GERBERICH from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 1090 (House Bill No. 1415), entitled:

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting quarantining and control of certain communicable diseases and for the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violations of the act.

Also, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill, No. 976 (House Bill No. 1266), entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Department of Health to establish and maintain a place of detention and treatment for lepers on the State forest reserve or elsewhere and making an appropriation therefor.

Also, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 346, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the manufacture or sale or offering for sale or advertising for sale or having in possession with intent to sell adulterated or misbranded alcoholic liquors, providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof.

Also, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 565, entitled:

An Act defining malt liquors, providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the manufacture or sale or the offering for sale or the having in possession with intent to sell, of adulterated or misbranded malt liquors, and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Also, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 925 (House Bill No. 1123), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting Union Chapels at Tuberculosis Sanitorium Number Two and Number Three located at Cresson and Hamburg in this Commonwealth and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said sanitorium properties or either of them a suitable building or buildings for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health.

Also, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 840, entitled:

An Act providing for the sale, distribution and use for the promotion of biological science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery of unclaimed animals in the public pounds and providing penalties for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of this act.

Also, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1106 (House Bill No. 1189), entitled:

An Act to permit farmers to hawk peddle and sell their own products without a license fee in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth.

Also, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 733, entitled:

A supplement to an act, entitled, "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons, and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania," approved May 24th, A. D. 1887.

Mr. HOKE from the Committee on Education, reported as commited, Senate Bill No. 699 (House Bill No. 708), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 18th day of May 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. CLARK from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 466, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draftsman, superintendent of highways and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance, and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decided the work to be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State-aid in the improvement, maintenance, and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid Highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways; making applications to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act," approved the 31st day of May, A. D. 1911, as amended by the first section of an act approved the 11th day of April, A. D. 1913, entitled "An Act to amend section nine of the act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief enginer, chief drafsman, superintendent of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of improvement of any State Highway and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid Highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways; making applications to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act,' approved the 31st day of May, A. D. 1911, by defining the method of taking testimony in proceedings for the condemnation of turnpikes and toll-roads; providing for the appointment of stenographers therefor, and the compensation of the same, and the compensation of viewers; providing a method for compelling the Commonwealth to pay the damages assessed for the taking of the same" by extending the Act to include toll bridges less than five hundred feet in length.

Mr. VARE from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 952 (House Bill No. 1286), entitled:

An Act to further amend section one of an act approved the 14th day of April, 1881, entitled "An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached" by providing for refunding certain indebtedness nad changing rate of interest.

Also, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 875 (House Bill No. 1052), entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth.

Mr. W. W. SMITH from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1076, entitled:

An Act further amending an act approved the 3d day of June, 1911, (P. L. six hundred and twenty-six), entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class,' approved the 28th day of April, Anno Domini 1891, as to townships of the first class; providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of Commissioners; invalidating contracts, hirings purchases or orders not provided for by, or in excess of appropriations; providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers, and the method of making contracts."

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1395, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Agricultural Industrial School for Colored Boys and Girls of Jumonville, Fayette county.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 1396, entitled:

An Act to prescribe the conditions under which public vaults, crypts or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1397, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds and other conveyances of real estate made in this Commonwealth by mechanical, mining, quarrying, manufacturing and other corporations to residents of this Commonwealth for a valuable consideration, prior to the passage of this act without the consent of a majority in value of the stockholders thereof.

Wihch was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. HOKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1398, entitled:

An Act to further amend section one thousand four hundred and twelve of an act approve the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," as amended by an act approved the ninth day of May, Anno Domini 1913, entitled "An Act amending section one thousand four hundred and twelve in article fourteen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, 1911, entitled, 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith by requiring the free education in the public schools of children who are inmates of institutions for the care or training of orphans or other children."

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1399, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act amending paragraphs one and two of section three of article nineteen of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class,' approved the 7th day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, as amended respectively by sections thirteen and fourteen of an act approved the 20th day of June, Anno Domini 1901, defining the subject of taxation and providing for certain exemptions."

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1400, entitled:

An Act to authorize the insertion in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose, either originally or by amendment, of a provision that the rector or minister chosen by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex-officio president of the vestry, board of trustees, board of directors or governing body by whatever name designated, of such corporation, and to validate similar provisions in the charters of such corporations theretofore granted.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also, read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1401, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police; providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof, together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force; defining their powers and duties, and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith," approved the 2d day of May, Anno Domini 1905; and to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police; providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof, together with officers and men who shall constitute the force, defining their powers and duties, and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith,' approved the 2d day of May, Anno Domini 1905, by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police; also the salaries of the officers and the men of the State Police," approved the 1st day of June, Anno Domini 1911, so as to fix the salaries of the superintendent and deputy superintendent of State Police.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. TOMPKINS (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1402, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing, house drainage and cess pools in cities of the second class, and imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof," approved the 7th day of June, 1901, as amended.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1403, entitled:

An Act to protect life and property in cities, boroughs and townships by regulating the sale, storage and use of fireworks and substances intended for pyrotechnic display and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1404, entitled:

An Act to regulate and license itinerant purchasers, venders and traders in glass, rags, paper, scrap iron, scrap metals, old rubbers, old clothing and all other waste materials and refuse matter.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. KLINE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1405, entitled:

An Act providing for and defining the powers and duties of a building and loan association law commission, and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1406, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 156, as follows:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no person firm or corporation shall knowingly sell or expose for sale within this Commonwealth any paint putty turpentine or any substitute therefor marked in any manner so as to tend to deceive the purchaser as to its nature or composition or which is not labeled as hereinafter provided

Section 2 The term "paint" as used in this act shall include oxide of zinc red lead and white lead (Basic carbonate or Basic sulphate) dry or in any kind of oil or any compound intended for the same use colors ground in oil paste or semi-paste paint and liquid or mixed paint ready for use

Section 3 The label required by this act shall clearly and distinctly state the name and residence of manufacturer of the paint or of the distributor thereof or of the party for whom the same is manufactured Such label shall be printed in plain legible type and so far as possible common English words shall be used instead of technical terms

Section 4 The label on all liquid or mixed paint shall show the net measure of the contents of the container and on all paste and semi-paste paint sold by weight the net weight of the contents of the package or if sold by measure the net measure of such contents

Section 5 The provisions of this act shall not apply to any articles hereinbefore described which are in this State in the hands of the jobbers and dealers at the time this act takes effect

Section 6 The having in possession by any person firm or corporation dealing therein of any of the articles hereinbefore described and improperly marked or not correctly labeled as provided in this act shall be considered prima facie evidence that the same are kept by such person firm or corporation in violation of the provisions of this act

Section 7 For the purpose of this act an article shall be deemed to be improperly labeled or misbranded (1) If it be an imitation of or offered for sale under the name of another article (2) If the contents of the package as originally put up shall have been removed in whole or in part and other contents shall have been placed in such package (3) If the package containing it or its label shall bear any statement design or device regarding the ingredients or the substances contained therein which statement design or device shall be false or misleading in any particular

Section 8 The Secretary of Agriculture of the Commonwealth is hereby charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this act

Section 9 The Secretary of Agriculture and his assistants experts chemists and agents shall have access to all places of business stores and buildings used for the sale of paint putty turpentine or any substitute therefor and shall have power and authority to open any package can jar tub or other receptacle containing articles subject to the provisions of this act which may there be sold or kept for sale

Section 10 Any violator of any of the provisions of this act or any person knowingly assisting or taking part in the violation of any of said provisions shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished for each offense by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars

Section 11 This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that the Senate resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 522 (House Bill No. 653), on final passage postponed for the present, on page 1 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State board of examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 206, as follows:

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of this act "cold storage" shall mean the storage or keeping of articles of food at or below a temperature above zero of thirty degrees Fahrenheit in a cold storage warehouse "cold storage warehouse" shall mean any place artificially cooled to or below a temperature above zero of thirty degrees Fahrenheit in which articles of food are placed and held for sixty days or more "articles of food" shall mean fresh meat and fresh meat products and all fresh food fish game poultry eggs and butter

Section 2 No person firm or corporation shall maintain or operate a cold storage warehouse without a license so to do issued by the Dairy and Food Commissioner Any person firm or corporation desiring such a license shall make written application to the Dairy and Food Commissioner for that purpose stating the location of the warehouse The Dairy and Food Commissioner thereupon shall cause an examination to be made of said warehouse and if it be found by him to be in a proper sanitary condition and otherwise properly equipped for its intended use he shall issue a license authorizing the applicant to operate the same as a cold storage warehouse during one year. The license shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of a license fee of twenty-five dollars to the Treasurer of the State

Section 3 In case any cold storage warehouse or any part thereof shall at any time be deemed by the Dairy and Food Commissioner to be in an unsanitary condition or not properly equipped for its intended use he shall notify the license of such condition and upon the failure of the license to put such cold storage warehouse in a sanitary condition or to properly equip the same for its intended use within a time to be designated by the Dairy and Food Commissioner he shall revoke such license

Section 4 Every such license shall keep accurate records of the articles of food received in and of the articles of food withdrawn from his cold storage warehouse and the Dairy and Food Commissioner shall have free access to such records at any time

Section 5 The Dairy and Food Commissioner shall inspect and supervise all cold storage warehouses and make such inspection of articles of food therein as he may deem necessary to secure the proper enforcement of this act and he shall have access to all cold storage warehouses at all reasonable times The Dairy and Food Commissioner may appoint such persons as he deems qualified to make any inspection under this act

Section 6 No article of food intended for human consumption shall be placed received or kept in any cold storage warehouse if diseased tainted otherwise unfit for human consumption or in such condition that it will not keep wholesome for human consumption No article of food for use other than for human consumption shall be placed received or kept in any cold storage warehouse unless previously marked in accordance with forms to be prescribed by the Dairy and Food Commissioner in such a way as to indicate plainly the fact that such article of food is not to be sold or used for human food

Section 7 No person firm or corporation shall place receive or keep in any cold storage warehouse in this State articles of food unless the same shall be plainly marked stamped or tagged either upon the container in which they are packed or upon the article of food itself with the month and year when placed therein or in the case of articles of food being stored therein in bulk the month and year of original storage shall be marked upon the doors or walls of the rooms in which the same are stored and when such articles are removed such month and year shall be marked upon the container in which the same shall be removed and no person firm or corporation shall remove or allow to be removed such article of food from any cold storage warehouse unless the same shall be plainly marked stamped or tagged either on the container in which it is enclosed or upon the article of food itself with the month and year of such removal and such marks stamps and tags shall be "prima facie" evidence of such receipt and removal and of the dates thereof All articles of food in any cold storage warehouse at the time this act goes into effect shall before being removed therefrom be plainly marked stamped or tagged with the month and year when this act goes into effect and the date of removal therefrom

Section 8 No person firm or corporation shall hereafter keep or permit to remain in any cold storage warehouse any article of food which has been held in cold storage either within or without the State for a longer aggregate period than twelve months except with the consent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner as hereinafter provided The Dairy and Food Commissioner shall upon application during the twelfth month extend the period of cold storage beyond twelve months for any particular article of food provided the same is found upon examination to be in proper condition for further cold storage The length of time for which such further storage is allowed shall be specified in the order granting the permission A report on each case in which such extension of storage may be permitted including information relating to the reason for the action of the Dairy and Food Commissioner the kinds and amounts of the articles of food for which the storage period was extended and the length of time for which this continuance was granted shall be filed open to public inspection in the office of the Dairy and Food Commissioner and shall be included in his annual report Such extension shall be not more than sixty days a second extension of not more than sixty days may be granted upon a re-examination but the entire extended period shall be not more than one hundred and twenty days in all

Section 9 It shall be unlawful to sell or to offer for sale any article of food which has been held for a period of sixty days or over in cold storage either within or without the State without notifying persons purchasing or intending to purchase the same that it has been so held by the display of a placard plainly and conspicuously marked "Cold Storage Goods" on the bulk mass or articles of food and it shall be unlawful to represent or advertise as fresh any article of food which has been held in cold storage for a period of sixty days or over

Section 10 It shall be unlawful to return to any cold storage warehouse any article of food which has been once released from storage for the purpose of placing it on the market for sale It shall be unlawful to transfer any article of food from one cold storage warehouse to another if such transfer is made for the purpose of avoiding any provision of this act and such transfer shall be unlawful unless all prior stampings markings and taggings upon such article shall remain thereon

Section 11 The Dairy and Food Commissioner may make all necessary rules and regulations to carry this act into effect Such rules and regulations shall be filed in the Commissioner's office and shall not take effect until thirty (30) days after such filing

Section 12 Any person firm or corporation violating any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be punished for the first offense by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) and for the second or any subsequent offense by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars ($200.00) or by imprisonment of not more than six months or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court

Section 13 This Act shall be so interpreted and construed as to effect its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it

Section 14 This act may be cited as the Uniform Cold Storage Act

Section 15 All Acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution ,and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—1.

Burke,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 360 (House Bill No. 304), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 381, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture to prevent control and eradicate diseases of bees

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), as follows:

An Act to amend section two clause one of section three and section four of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of the act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five Pamphlet Laws two hundred twelve two hundred twenty-one which reads as follows

"Section 2 As soon as convenient after the first election the successful candidates shall cast lots for the priority of commission and certify the result to the Governor who shall issue their commission in accordance therewith and the same course shall be pursued whenever thereafter two or more judges are elected at the same time

The rank title and position of president judge of the said Superior Court shall be held by that elected member of the Court whose commission shall have priority either in time or as the result of the lot And if the President Judge shall be re-elected or if any succeeding President Judge shall be re-elected he shall continue to hold the rank title and position

Whenever it is reasonably possible the full bench of seven judges shall sit at the hearing and shall also take part in the examination and decision of each appeal but four judges shall be a quorum and may conduct the business of the Court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 As soon as convenient after the first election the successful candidates shall cast lots for priority of commission and certify the result to the Governor who shall issue their commission in accordance therewith and the same course shall be pursued whenever thereafter two or more judges are elected at the same time Provided however that the judges who is re-elected shall not cast lots for priority of commission but shall retain the position and rank as to priority of commission which he held at the time of his re-election Provided however That nothing herein contained shall be construed to displace or interfere with the seniority of any of the judges now occupying this bench whose continuous length of service would give him as a member of said court from its inception or afterwards

The rank title and position of the President Judge of the said Superior Court shall be held by that elected member of the court whose commission shall have priority either in time or as the result of the lot And if the President Judge shall be re-elected or if any succeeding president judge shall be re-elected he shall continue hold the rank title and position

Whenever it is reasonably possible the full bench of seven judges shall sit at the hearing and shall also take part in the examination and decisions of each appeal but four judges shall be a quorum and may conduct the business of the court Provided however That the said court may at its discretion direct and appoint or designate two of their members to write opinions during the sessions of said court and when this is done these members shall not be required to sit at the hearings and take part in the examination and decision of any appeal being heard during that time

Section 2 That clause one of section three of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 The said Superior Court may fix the time and places when and where it will meet except that it must meet at least once a year in the cities of Philadelphia Pittsburgh Harrisburg Scranton and Williamsport" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The said Superior Court may fix a time and place where it may meet except that it may meet at least once a year in the Cities of Philadelphia Pittsburgh Harrisburg Scranton and Williamsport

Section 3 That section four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 The prothonotaries of the Supreme Court at Philadelphia Harrisburg and Pittsburgh shall be ex-officio the prothonotaries of the Superior Court and at each of the other places where the said court may sit the said court may appoint a prothonotary who shall hold office during the pleasure of the court They shall perform such duties and exercise such powers in reference to its records and business as the court may direct Their compensation shall be as follows namely

For all services whatever rendered by them in connection with any appeal to the Superior Court the sum of ten dollars shall be paid to them at the time the record from the court below is filed in said court No further charge shall be made for preparing and certifying the remititur and record to the court below with a copy of the opinion or for preparing and ceritfying the record to the Supreme Court in case of an appeal thereto

There shall be no State tax on appeals to the said Superior Court or in any process thereof or on appeals therefrom" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 The judges of the Superior Court shall appoint the prothonotaries of said court at Philadelphia Harrisburg and Pittsburgh and at such other places where the said court may sit who shall hold office during the pleasure of the court and the deputy prothonotaries and clerks of the Supreme Court shall be ex-officio deputy prothonotaries and clerks of the Superior Court The prothonotaries deputy prothonotaries and clerks shall perform such duties and exercise such powers in reference to the acts and business as the court may direct The compensation of the prothonotaries of the Superior Court shall be as authorized by the act of May nineteen one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act regulating the practice bail costs and fees on appeals to the Supreme Court and Superior Court" There shall be no State tax on appeals to the said Superior Court or on any process thereof or on appeals therefrom

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. MILLS. I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill in section 1, in line 36, by striking out all after the word "but" down to and including the word "afterwards" in line 42, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the rank, priority and seniority of each judge of said Court shall be determined by his continuous length of service as a member of said Court."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading andconsideration of Senate Bill No. 509 (House Bill No. 414), as follows:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compiliations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein and making an appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Legislative Reference Bureau is directed to continue the work commenced by it under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compliations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" and to report to the next session of the General Assembly for adoption or rejection such codes codification and compliations as shall have been completed by the bureau

Section 2 The bureau is authorized to employ such experts learned in the law or otherwise and such clerical and stenographical help s the bureau may deem necessary in carrying ou the provisions of this act

The printing and binding deemed necessary by the director in the proper performance of the duties herein imposed shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the director of the bureau

Section 3 To enable the bureau to continue said work the further sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) in addition to the balance unexpended from the sum appropriated by said act of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 525 (House Bill No. 404), entitled:

An Act providing a system of government for boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs

And said bill having been read at length the third time,
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I would know the purpose of this motion.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Bradford, Mr. Mills, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, will the Senator from Bradford kindly state what the purpose of the motion is?

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, my purpose in making this motion to postpone further consideration of this bill for the present is this: that a number of borough solicitors and borough officials in my district have requested me to take this action until they could further look into the merits of this bill. As the Senator from Schuylkill already knows, this is a comprehensive measure upon the Government of boroughs in the Commonwealth and should have the careful perusal of all persons both in and out of the Senate who are interested. I am waiting until I hear from those gentlemen before the bill is called up.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, will the Senator inform me whether it can be taken up this week?

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I will inform the Senator from Schuylkill that I can see no reason why it should not be taken up.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, will the Senator inform whether or not it will be taken up before the Senate adjourns this week?

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, the bill will be upon the postponed calendar, and I understand under the rules of the Senate it can be called up at any time should this motion prevail.

And the question recurring.
Will the Senate agree to the motion?
It was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGF.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 568, entitled:

An Act for the relief of indigent war veterans and their families; and imposing certain powers and duties upon poor authorities organizations composed of war veterans and the officers thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 606 (House Bill No. 704), entitled:

An Act to enlarge the limit of purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes

And said bill having been read at length the third time,
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 769 (House Bill No. 306), entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 770 (House Bill No. 713), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of the "Star" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 771 (House Bill No. 742), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 773 (House Bill No. 1023), entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 794 (House Bill No. 730), entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be established as therein provided and to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of special amendment.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The amendments were read as follows:

Amend section 3 on page 4, by striking out on line 30, the words, "eight hours" and inserting in lieu thereof, the words, "one school day."

Amend section 4, by striking out the entire section and insert the following: Section 4. (a) No minor under sixteen years of age shall be permitted to work in about or in connection with any establishment or in any occupation for more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any day or before six o'clock in the morning of after eight o'clock in the evening of any day. In computing the maximum number of hours per day or per week permitted under this act the hours spent in school by said minors shall be considered as part of the working day or working week. Provided that during weeks in which a legal holiday occurs and is observed by an establishment any minor may be employed by such establishment during three days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but no minor shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor more than the maximum hours per week specified in this act. The employment of such minors at any time other than as stated herein shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost on a previous day of the same week in consequence of the stopping of machinery upon which he was employed or dependent for employment but no stopping of machinery for less than thirty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be lawful unless a written report of the day and hours of its occurence and its duration is promptly sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry.

(b) A different apportionment of the hours of labor may be made for the sole purpose of making shorter days work for one day of the week but in no case shall the hours of labor exceed fifty-four in a week. Nor shall any minor be permitted to work before six o'clock in the morning or after eight in the evening of any day

Amend section 5 on page 6, by striking out on lines 3 and 4 the words, "of the following machines which for the purposes of this act are considered dangerous." and insert in lieu thereof the following: "machine in the following industries which machine may be found to be dangerous by the Department of Labor and Industry."

Also further amend section 5, by striking out on lines 22 and 23 the words, "nor in stripping, assorting or manufacturing tobacco."

Amend section 11 on page 10, by striking out the entire section and insert in lieu thereof the following: Section 11 Employment certificates shall be of two classes general employment certificates and vacation employment certificates. General employment certificates shall entitle the minor fourteen to sixteen years of age to work during the entire year. Vacation employment certificates may at the discretion of the school authorities be issued to children either below the age of fourteen years or between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years permitting suitable employment in the school districts in which they reside at occupations not prohibited by section 5, 6 and 7 of this act only during the hours or days in which the public schools are not in session or during vacations and such child may be lawfully employed notwithstanding any other provision contained in this act. All the condition and requirements prescribed in this act for the issuing of employment certificates shall apply to the issuing of vacation employment certificates except that in the issuing of vacation employment certificates the school record and all educational requirements shall be waived. Such vacation employment certificates shall be good only for the time stated therein and shall bear a conspicious printed statement of the dates upon which that may become effective and the words, "vacation employment certificate". They shall be of a color distinct from the regular employment certificates

Amend section 7 in line 1, after the word "under", by striking out the word "twelve" and inserting the word "ten"

Amend section 13 on page 10 by striking out on line 7 the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "five" Also further amend section 13 by adding after the word "school" on line 13 the following: "Provided however, that these educational requirements shall not apply to foreign born children who have not resided in the United States prior to attaining the age of ten years."

Amend section 16 clause C. by striking out the entire line 15 and line 16 to and including the word "which"

Amend section 17 by adding on line 9 after the word "after" the words "knowledge of"

Amend on page 14 after section 19 by adding a new section numbered section 20

Section 20. Whenever the Board of Poor Directors of any poor district within this Commonwealth shall petition to the judge of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county in which said poor district is located that it is necessary for the proper support and maintenance of any family residing in said poor district because of the death or physical disability of the parents or of the father of such family for any healthy minor over 12 years of age of such family to become a wage earner the said judge shall consider said petition and if he approves of the same by endorsement thereon the said petition or copy thereof with the endorsement of said judge or copy of such endorsement shall be handed to the proper school authorities of the said poor district who shall ascertain if said minor has obtained the equivalent of a third-grade school education. If the said authorities find that the said minor has not obtained the equivalent of a third-grade school education the petition shall be returned to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the peace to be filed If the said school authorities find that the said minor has obtained the equivalent of a third-grade school education they will forward the said petition at once to the authorized school physician of said district who will ascertain if said minor is physicially able to perform the duties of the employment in which he intends to engage. If the said physician finds that he is not physicially able to perform the duties of the employment of which he intends to engage, the said petition with said information annexed thereto shall be filed by the said physician with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the peace. But if the said physician finds that such minor is physicially able to perform the duties of the employment in which he intends to engage the petition with said information shall be returned to the proper school authorities who will issue either a general or a vacation certificate of employment as the case may require and forward the same to the prospective employer of the said minor who may then lawfully employ said minor to work at any employment not prohibited by sections five, six and seven of this act.

Amend section 22 in line 18 by striking out the word "not"

Amend section 23 by striking all after the word "dollars" on line 8

Amend section 24 by striking out in line 7 the words "or police officer" and also by strking out in line 9 the word "criminal" also add on line 6 after the word inspector the word "or"

Amend section 2, page 3 by adding on line 1 after figure 2 "Except as hereinafter provided"

Amend by changing the numbers of present sections 20 to 21 21 to 22 22 to 23 23 to 24 24 to 25 25 to 26 26 to 27.

Amend section six by inserting in line one (1) after the word "minor" the phrase "Under eighteen years of age."

Amend section 6 by striking out the word "eight" in line four (4) and insert the word "ten" in lieu thereof.

Amend section 6 by adding after the word "day" at the end of line four (4), the following: "Provided, however, that the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry may, upon proper petition and hearing, authorize any telegraph or telephone company, lawfully transacting business in Pennsylvania, to employ as messengers minors of eighteen years of age or over between the hours of 8 P. M. and 6 A. M.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, so that the Senate may be properly informed as to what the amendments are, and the purpose, I deem it proper at this time to state as briefly as I can why the Senate of Pennsylvania should adopt these amendments. Before I do that, however, I wish to read from the Journal of the people instead of from the Journal of the House, in order to explain why I make the motion for special amendment, instead of a motion for unanimous consent, to go into a Committee of the Whole. And in order to relieve the gentlemen who gave the information to the Evening Ledger I have changed my mind so that this painful duty need not be imposed upon the gentleman from Schuylkill and others. When the famous 'pickling committee' of the Senate was forced to report the measure without amendment last week, the members of the Committee who forced Senator Snyder to bring the bill out onto the floor of the Senate agreed that he could offer the amendments to-night. They also agreed not to oppose the offering of the amendments. This, however, does not mean anything, as there are only 15 members of the committee, and under the rules of the Senate amendments cannot even be considered on third reading if any member of that body objects to their being presented. None of the members of the Committee will object tonight, but the Senators who have been leading the fight for the passage of the child labor bill before the Senate in the form in which it passed the House have said that it has been arranged that some member of the Senate will offer objections and thus prevent a fight being taken on the amendments desired by the manufacturers. Now for the information of that Journal you may state that, as usual, on the Child Labor case the truth has not been stated, because so far no motion has been made to go into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of general amendment. The interest in this bill, it seems to me, to be somewhat multiplied not so much on account of what is in the bill but for the sponsors of the bill. With that I have nothing to deal with at this time, except for the information of the people and this is a people's movement. We went through a people's movement two years ago, but it seems to me that this people's movement has been continued to to-night and so that it may be better understood, it strikes me that it is only proper that the whole Senate should know what the famous pickling committee did in order to facilitate the voting upon this bill, and whoever reported the proceedings of that Committee, it strikes me, he should have reported them correctly instead of leaving the reporter get his news from the editor who overwrites it and who has it printed.

Now, if I remember correctly, at the first meeting of the Committee on Judiciary Special there was no efforts made to keep the bill in Committee by anybody in favor of the amendments, and I am not violating any secret when I say that in that Committee there were nine votes for the amendments and six against them, and nobody who was in favor of the amendments asked that the bill be kept in the Committee. At the next meeting, for the information of the Senate another vote was taken on the amendments and at that time the amendments were voted for by a vote of eight to six and nobody that was in favor of the amendments asked that it be kept in Committee. And so, gentlemen, whoever was in favor of keeping the bill in Committee for two weeks was not in favor of the amendments, because the bill could have been reported out as amended. However, the Chairman of the Committee has always been, and I hope we will always be in a condition of mind to render every Senator upon this floor a due courtesy and a privilege when it is requested, and when that privilege was asked that the bill stay in Committee until such time as Senators could perhaps be seen and persuaded, if it was not satisfactory, why the Chairman of that Committee at the request of a dear friend of that Committee permitted it to stay there and be pickled unil that time and he was not in favor of the bill as it was committeed either. Now then, so far as the Chairman of the Committee is concerned, and so far as the Senator from Schuylkill is concerned, I wish to impress upon the mind of the Senators that he simply expresses when he favors these amendments, the will of his constituents without regard to whether it favors the manufacturers or any particular interest in the Commonwealth. I appear not for the manufacturers when I make the plea for the adoption of these amendments, I assure you. I appear rather for the thousands of boys and girls who work, and, by the way, I have not a reputation of being an uplifter either,—who work for a living and when they work for a living they work so that the families that they belong to may be kept together and that they may not be committed to the tender mercies of the juvenile courts wherever established, and, if it is not established that their children may not be sent to Darlington, or Glen Mills, or to Huntingdon. Now, let me say to you first, that I am going to to take a little time in saying what these amendments mean. The principal amendment is first on the school day. The proponents of the bill say that the boy or girl who works in the factory should have the right to go to school eight hours out of the fifty-one hours that they are permitted to work, which means really that any boy or girl who works in the factory, that he or she under this bill loses two days because there are no eight hour schools, which means a boy or girl who works in a factory would work only on Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday, and would have to go to school on Thursday or Friday, because on Saturday they could not work. Now, then, that is hardly fair to the boy and it is not fair to the girl. True, it is said that where there are no continuation schools, and I will be frank to say that so far as I have been able to learn, there are none in Pennsylvania, and this bill would not apply in that case, and it would not matter; but it would matter, gentlemen of the Senate, if the boy or girl is only permitted, under sixteen, to work fifty-one hours so far the talk about Philadelphia but if down in the busy City of Carlisle, a telegram, if this bill is adopted and goes into force after January 1, 1916, a telegram is sent to somebody in Carlisle and comes there after half-past eight o'clock, the telegraph company must have some big husky boy, a man not a boy, over twenty-one years of age, to deliver that telegram. Of course, Carlisle, Harrisburg or any other small village in Pennsylvania, is full of pitfalls for the young. Over in New York City, a city which any man can go through without having a guide, there the law is fixed that a man in order to be a messenger he must be twenty-one years of age to deliver messages after ten o'clock at night, but a boy, under twenty-one years, is permitted to deliver messages in New York City up to ten o'clock at night. After ten o'clock he must be twenty-one years of age. In Pennsylvania, we are going at such a fast pace that to deliver a message in Hummelstown after eight o'clock you must have a man twenty-one years of age to do it. I submit to the Senate of Pennsylvania that these provisions are not sound provisions for the State of Pennylvania and the Senate should not vote for them.

Coming back to the fifty-four hour provisions, if I am correctly informed, gentlemen of the Senate, there are about thirty thousand boys and girls under the age of sixteen employed in the wool and textile mills of this State. There are about ten thousand boys and girls under the age of sixteen, making about thirty thousand boys and girls. As I have said before, I am very much concerned about these boys and girls and for this reason I am only going to speak of facts I know of my own knowledge. There are families in the County of Schuylkill, and in the City of Pottsville whose livelihood depends upon the earnings of the boy and girl under sixteen years of age. Oh, it is argued, it will adjust itself and that these boys and girls will be retained after the first blush of excitement. I believe, in Massachusetts, it has been tried out for years and the majority of the Senate reported after investigation in 1914, after the adoption of the bill in 1913, that in order to try out the bill and to see whether it would not work out better one or more years should be granted before a repeal should be presented to the Senate. The minority of the Senate reported it should be repealed for the reason that in that State thirty-two boys and girls were suspended and no trace has been found of those boys and girls in the public schools where they are intended to be after they are thrown out of these factories in the State of Pennsylvania. Oh, it is argued the State will take care of these boys and girls. I am not going to give you an uplift argument. I am not going to talk to you about those boys and girls; I am not going to talk to you how they appeal to my affection and my heart, I am going to talk to you about facts that exist. I was in Schuylkill County this morning and whatever may be said about the county which I have the privilege to represent, let me say to you it is intensely human; it is so human that in every pain and every anguish and every desire for betterment someone responds in Schuylkill County to help; and I was in Court in Schuylkill County when nine little boys between the ages of eight and twelve were brought before the Court for the purpose of punishment because they had broken into a freight car to get various things in order to enjoy themselves and every one of those boys had a father and mother who were so poor that they could not come to Court to plead for them. The youngest was twelve years of age, one of them was only in this country for one year with his father and his mother was in Russia. Now, that boy was permitted to run around the Streets of Shenandoah because he had no one to look after him. If that boy, he was only ten years old, of course, but if these boys have grown up, or will grow up and have the right to work in the factory and become somebody, as they will have to under this bill, everybody has a fair chance—not a fair chance but a double chance of being sent to Glen Mills or to Huntingdon Reformatory and a girl to Drlington. I want to say to you that I have been in Court in Schuylkill County in the last six weeks, and a father was brought into Court for stealing a ham and in order to justify himself he said "I had two boys working in the factory, working in the mines, rather picking slate, but the collieries no work, me no work, me had to steal, me stole a ham so that the children could live." If there had been a factory in McAdoo where the two boys could have been working in the factory and the factories working regularly that man would not have been compelled to steal the ham in order that the children might live. Another miner was brought into court two weeks ago on acount of stealing coal. He had a boy fifteen years old working, picking slate in the colliery, and it was adduced by testimony that that man came to the mines for two weeks with nothing but boiled potato peelings in his can and the only money that came into that house was the money earned by him and the little boy picking slate. The man was sentenced to jail, of course, and then, under this great parole law, which I think together with the juvenile court business is more uplifting than anything else to-day more in the newspapers than on the statute books.—if he had not been paroled under this law, that boy would have been allowed to work to keep his mother. I think these boys and girls are earning in the factories no less than five dollars a week. If there are two boys and two girls that means forty dollars, that will pay the rent, coal, and keep the family together. Those boys and girls will grow up into useful manhood. There isn't a Senator on this floor, I could name them by name, I have spoken to every one, who did not work before fourteen years of age. Of course, it was said they would be much bigger men if they had not worked before fourteen. I would say not one of them would be here Senators today, because they would not have had enough get-up about themselves to get here. Let me say to you unless to get here. Let me say to you unless you instil habits of industry into a boy or girl before they are sixteen, unless you keep them employed even in school or at work, that boy or girl will amount to very little afterwards. It is said it is too young. Well, I don't know about that. If you read the war news, and everybody reads some in these days, the great things emblazened across the pages of things performed, of meritorious and heroic things performed, were not by great brawny men; a boy the other day, ten years of age, was decorated with the cross of the legion of honor because of great meritorious service. In Russia a girl only nine years of age, who had served with a regiment for six weeks was voted a pension for life, and her father and mother were given a home so that she could live, because of her service. Bless you, the war of 1860, was fought by one-third of the men under sixteen years of age. Out of the two millions seven hundred and eighty-five thousand men, eight hundred and forty thousand were only sixteen years of age, and yet they say if a boy works before he is sixteen years of age, he is an anemic, he will not be able to do anything. They were able enough to go down below Gettysburg and defend the Constitution of the United States, that you and I could be here and legislate so that boys of their age could not work before they were sixteen years of age. Why, Sir, in the United States, under the late census there are thirty-five thousand boys and girls who were married under the age of fourteen, and under the blessed laws of this Commonwealth and other Commonwealths four thousand have been divorced out of the thirty-five thousand. This Senate is going to pass this law because it is a humane measure. You say the manufacturer has no business to throw the boy out, but the manufacturer will do it. There are two Senators, who, upon this floor, and I am looking into their faces, one will suspend and discharge one hundred from his factory, and the other seventy-five. Why? Because he cannot use them under the hours they are working. "What is to become of those boys and girls?" I have said to one of them. "Why,'" he said, "that is not up to me." "Who is it up to?" "To the community in which they live." "What kind of a community?" The hard working community without hearts where every man must earn a living. Who will take care of these boys? The humane society, the mother's pension act. Under the mother's pension act a mother gets sixty-five cents a month, and the bill that gives the mother sixty-five cents a month will not allow them to get one dollar more. In the State of Pennsylvania, there are one hundred and seventy-nine thousand boys and girls, according to the census of 1910, in the State of Pennsylvania, between the ages of six and fourteen, who do not go to school. "Oh," you say, "those are statistics, and they can be handled any way you want." Put them in school if you please, but they are not in the school now. In the City of Philadelphia, where the gentlemen whom I love come from, there are sixteen thousand boys and girls who have no school room to go to. There are several thousand more out of the factories because you are going to send them to continuation schools, but there are none there, but you are going to send them under this act, I don't know where. The two Senators said they are going to discharge the boys and they don't know what is going to become of them. Now, there is Mr. Stetson, Mr. Folwell and Mr. Brown, down in that Folwell factory, where three generations have been working, father and son and grandson. The boys and girls in Mr. Folwell's factory you are going to turn out. Somebody must take care of them, but you must remember you are throwing away the chances of those boys to become efficient, to get the cunning hand and the cultivated brain. You say you are going to cultivate their brain, but where are they going to learn the cunning of the hand. A boy over sixteen years of age is not going to be a messenger boy. There are employed in Harrisburg about ten boys and under this bill those boys will no longer be employed. Ninety percent. of the six hundred boys in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company are train despatchers, auditors, and supervisors on the roads. Ninety per cent. become fixtures on the Pennsylvania Road and under this act every one will have to be discharged, and no more will be a messenger boy employed over sixteen because when they become sixteen he does not want to be a messenger boy, he is too big for that. In Mr. Brown's factory the same condition exists. In Mr. Stetson's factory on the first of January there was a distribution of cash dividends to all the boys who worked in that factory and some below sixteen years of age. You are going to take that away from them, you are going to throw them out of the public schools because they do not go there, half of them. One hundred and seventy-five thousand do not go there these days. Then the uplift society must look after them. Judge Bonniwell, of Philadelphia, said, I said if there ever was a farce enacted in any court of justice, it was the juvenile court in the way they are handled, but the law says how it shall be done, and, of course, he carries out the law. Warden McKenty told the Appropriation Committee when they were up in the penitentiary,—a fine place, too, for the Senators to go, it may be a reminder where these boys may yet go,—Warden McKenty said "for heaven's sake do not pass this bill. It will prohibit a boy under sixteen years of age from working, and they are coming in here faster than we have room for them." Against that all you say it is a humane movement, you say it is for the benefit of the State, look at Massachusetts. Yes, look at Massachusetts, if you please. The greatest industrial and the worst industrial strike that has ever been forced upon people. Who works in Massachusetts? I will tell you who works. The Canadian, the Greek, the Hungarian and the Slav. Those are the only men who work. They say their children can't work and become loafers and the juvenile courts are full of children in Boston, where it was shown that so many newspaper boys were thrown out of employment because they could not distribute newspapers under the law. And yet the desire for work was so keen upon them that they began to sell newspapers and they had to establish a newspaper court to convict boys under the age of twelve years for selling newspapers and Johnny Jones and Johnny Smith are arraigned before this court and your high-brow juvenile court officers make records against Johnny Jones and Johnny Smith and give their records to every employer that they were once in the juvenile court. Every Reformatory institution, every prison is getting fuller every day of boys, due in a large measure to this humanitarian cry, "No boy shall work." Let me tell you, when want and desolation stack about the families of the poor in this State, when they find out in northern Pennsylvania, where they have a shoe factory and stocking factory or knitting mill that their boys and girls will go out under this act, and they do not know it yet, those boys who will suffer, I hope the names of the Senators who will vote for this bill will be graven upon the hand of every child who is seeking for work, so that when work will be denied them that he will know why he cannot get work. Let me say to you I know what want is, I know where it stalks over the hills and vales of Schuylkill where large families have only been working for two or three days a week for the last six months. If it were not for the little shirt factories and stocking factories in that community there would be starvation as it is in Belgium, and no American hand to relieve it because the Pennsylvania Senate says "you cannot work, you cannot enter anywhere where you can get labor." That is the proposition, and it is no sentiment. Let me say to you, gentlemen, that you have passed a law in this Senate that a woman, it matter not whether she be ten or twenty or thirty, can work seventy-three hours a day, passed this Senate and went to the House. You passed a law in this Senate,—when you talk about humane laws, when you opened the doors to divorce and a man can come into this State from Japan, Kamchatka, and live here and after six months get a divorce. Do you know who is in favor of this law? I will tell you. "The humanitarians," you say. Well when these statues were erected in front of the capitol and there was a great deal of talk about their beauty and that some of their beauty should be shut off from the eyes of the public, Mr. Bernard told me he said "Strange to say, my friend, that of the thousand of letters I have had about these statues, I did not receive a letter from a woman, they were all from men, who are setting up their ideals of what a woman ought to see." And just so with this law. It is not from the men and women who must work, Oh, no, it is from the men and the women who have gone beyond that point, to whom ease and luxury have come and they want to do something for their fellowmen and they want to say "Here we have made it easy for you to work, we have made it easy for your son and daughter to become idlers in this Commonwealth. But, on the other hand let me read to you a little from an uplifter, and he is a part of that journal that seems to think child labor is a great thing in this century, and who is called forth upon every occasion, and this is what he said: "I believe in poverty"—this is a part of the auxilliary of the Philadelphia Ledger, who I believe is spreading the gospel for child labor,—"I believe in poverty as the richest experience that can come to a boy." Just think of it! The Ladies' Home Journal, that uplift paper that goes all over the United States advertising pink pajamas for men who do not work and cucumber dinners for men who do work, says that the greatest experience and richest experience that can come to a boy is poverty. Now this is an uplift paper, and by the way, in order to supplement that we have that beautiful picture on the other side "Suffer little children to come unto Me, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven." Consistency Thou are a jewel. It is the desire of men who want to place this law upon the statute books to say "we placed it there. This is a work in the interest of the children of this Commonwealth not to work." The people most interested in twilight sleep,—and we read about it in the Ladies' Home Journal,—are not the sufferers of Child Labor, Oh, no, it is by men who want to do these things and always attribute it to somebody else, like the man who has lived a life, regardless of how he has lived, and accumulated a rich treasury on earth, and then, before he dies, he erects for himself a beautiful monument so that he can see it himself, somewhere in church, and say, "I did it for propitiation to the God for things I should have done in earlier youth." They do not say anything about their getting forgiveness for their sins. Oh, no, but they want to establish a little God and religion of their own. Moral ethics,—that is something, and vanity, enters into this a great deal.

Now the State of Pennsylvania did not get rich, did not get powerful because of legislation of this sort. Let me tell you another thing, gentlemen: If the boys and girls who work could talk to you they would say that they want to have the opportunity to work and help the widow and mother and sickly father, "Oh, no," you will say, we can't do that. We will not let you do it in the Senate of Pennsylvania." Let me tell you, you pass a compensation bill, although my friend, Senator Sensenich, thinks you will not, better forget that—but you pass a compensation bill in which you say that no man who has a large family—moral, do not have large families,—no man who has a large family shall be employed in any industrial works because when an employer looks for a man he will ask under that bill, "Have you a large family, because if you have a large family, I am not going to keep your boys and girls until they are sixteen years of age." If he has ten children, under that bill,—I am going to vote for it, so that you understand, I am going to be right somewhere as the uplift movements go. I am going to vote for it, and yet you say in that bill to a man with a family of ten children, "you cannot get any work because an employer wants a family of two children, because, if anything happens to the man of the house, he needs to take care of two children until they are sixteen years of age. That is good arithmetic and good business. Then you are going to pass a coal tax law and put a tax upon the coal and make coal dearer. You say to the poor man who is stiff, perhaps, and blind, and under this compensation bill you cannot be employed and you say to him "we are going to raise the tax upon coal and the operator he has a way of working that out, and he puts it upon the coal. There are two boys sixteen years of age, who work in the factory at ten dollars a month to keep the family together. You say, "No, we will pass a law so that they cannot work." That way it works out and you cannot get away from it. I am not talking for the manufacturers. When I was a boy I lived near a family who came from Germany. They had five boys and every one was under the age of fourteen. They lived in a house with but two rooms in it, they had no carpets upon the floor and no chairs in the kitchen, they had benches and had one table and every meal they sat around that table with a bowl in the center. Not even an oil cloth upon it, and all ate out of that bowl. Every one of those boys went to work at the colliery and today by reason of their industry and thrift one of those boys is a general manager of a railroad out west, another is superintendent of a railroad there, another is a good lawyer, and another lives in another city of this Commonwealth, is a prosperous business man and when his father died at the age of sixty-five, he left not a fortune, but a substantial earning of thirty thousand dollars to that family, all from 1878 on. Why? Because he had the privilege of letting his boys and his family and himself work together. Under this bill if they would come here after the first of January those boys would soon be in the juvenile court, those boys would be looked after by some high brow association with a record and let me tell you you can get a record in the juvenile court quicker than anywhere else. There was some reason for this excitement during the last two weeks, and let me say to you I do not describe it to the importance of this bill, either, but there was another reason and that was the reason of right stirring in each man's breast. Truth loves a quiet rest and a quiet breast, and conscience was stirred. And you know the story of Elijah, how the wind came and the mountain was rent and there was nothing; how the earth quaked and there was nothing; how the storm came and still nothing was heard, and after that the sill voice. Every Senator here who worked before he was sixteen that voice said to him, "Here this law would have prevented me from helping my father and my mother and my brother and to-day, instead of being in the Senate of Pennsylvania, I might be in some court, because of the opportunity not given me to work. There is a pathetic story about Frances Willard, who for the first time made the trip to the Yosemite Valley and looking over the trees of the beautiful forest, broke into tears and somebody asked her "Why these tears, Miss Willard?" She said "these tears are because the blind will never be able to behold such a scene as this on earth." Let me say to you, in after years, when you men who vote for this bill after it will become a law when some boy will stand up in some court of record and say "I did not have the opportunity to work when I was a boy, I was prohibited from working under the law, and to-day I stand here a victim of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Let me say to you, gentlemen of the Senate of Pennsylvania, as a body, you ought to consider well and much more than any other body that had this bill in charge, and I am going to read this so that you may understand what I say and you will remember it, the privileges of a Senator are very important and the privileges of a Senator are to be respected. As to the rights, privileges, prerogatives and duties of the Senate, I am old fashioned enough to believe that they are paramount and above every other department of the government of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. As we all know, a Senate has been a part of the government of Republics from the earliest time, and history records that the Roman Senate was perhaps the most imperious and yet the most important body of government that has stood for law and order since law has been established. It is the only body in all the departments of government that has continuous life and effective readiness for action. Where ever a Senate exists in any government, it has contained the first statesmen, lawyers and soldiers of the State, and has a knowledge of affairs and traditions of authority and achievements, and of sustained and concerted purposes, such as temporary office holders, councils and meetings of the people which come together for a short time cannot possibly have. For that reason, in our Commonwealth the origin of the Senate is to be found in the Governors council of colonial times, and ever since then we have been used to having the acts of the popular branch of the Legislature reviewed by the Senate. This position has been attained after long and continuous experiment, and even at so early a date as the formation of the Constitution of the United States, when I dare say, the people were as much concerned for the rights of the common man as they are in our day when so many self-appointed prophets of the people stand at the Legislative doors proclaiming their commandments as the only true doctrine for the people. At that early period the Senate was established to represent not only all the people, but more particularly that part of the people which possessed wealth and consideration. Pennsylvania in the formation of its government was one of the last and that only after investigation and consideration of all the governments of the colonies to adopt a second or upper house known as the Senate. Ever since then the Senate of Pennsylvania has been a defense of the people against all manner of assault, and its proceedings have been thought to be free from external influences, and every Senator untrammeled in the rights conferred upon him. Now for some reason or other, the spirit of Executive encroachment has been breathed upon us. This, however, is not a new departure in the government of the people of the United States, as the history of the last decade will show, beginning with the altruistic attempts in Wisconsin, followed by some of the more Western States, reaching its climax perhaps, in the most pronounced assault upon the constitutional rights of the people by the invasion of the Chief Executive into the jurisdictions of the House and Senate at Washington, in a manner unheard of in the annals of our history. And it strikes me that we are to-night witnessing a like intrusion in a lesser degree a similar performance in this Commonwealth, not in the person of the Executive, but in the champions of the Executive's will in the persons of the two senior Senators from the City of Philadelphia whose zealous activities upon the floor of this Chamber has been in glaring contrast to all that is vital to the rights of all the people for all the time. In order to show how far a field these gentlemen have gone in carrying out the so called purpose of his Excellency, and contrary to the spirit which animated the adoption of the customs, traditions and laws of England by this Country, as the fundamental law of this government, let me read to you a resolution passed by the House of Commons on December 17th, 1783, only a few years prior to the framing of the Constitution of the United States, and subsequent to the Proclamation of the Declaration of Independence from the town hall of the city from which these gentlemen come:

"To report any opinion or pretended opinion of his Majesty (meaning George III) upon any bill or other proceeding depending in either House of Parliament, within a view to influencing the votes of the Members, is a high crime and misdemeanor, derogatory to the Honor of the Crown, a breach of the fundamental privilege of Parliament, and subversive of the Constitution of the country."

Reading this with the story of the Liberty Bell ringing in our ears, and the sufferings of Valley Forge, committed to memory, as well as the crucial moments while the Constitution of the United States was being adopted, how can we do otherwise than register our protest to this encroachment upon the rights of the Senate of Pennsylvania and in defense of the liberties that were transmitted to us by our forefathers.

Are Senators just to become mere local agents to secure offices, fish, maps, etc., for constituents? Are we to permit a few Senators, who chance to come from the most populous district of the Commonwealth, to do our thinking, and to graft laws upon our Statute books inimicable to the welfare of the people of this Commonwealth? Has any Senator upon this floor heard of any other reason why this bill should be exacted into a law save that it is the will of his Excellency? Surely a Senator of Pennsylvania has fallen from the seats of the mighty if he is to become a mere automaton upon a Senatorial Board. If this be so, verily I say unto you people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, "come to Harrisburg and see how you are governed."

As for myself, I believe in the traditions, in the customs and the laws of this Commonwealth, I hold to the faith that the Constitution of Pennsylvania, with its three departments, the Legislative, The Executive and the Judiciary, working jointly together are necessary for the perpetuation of those principles which stand for representative government. I for one will not give to any man, or any set of men, the power to cast my vote upon any proposition that involves what I believe, a fundamental principle of government, and one that is necessary for the transmission of constitutional liberty to generations unborn, regulated by the legislature, approved by the Executive, and confirmed by the Judiciary, of this Commonwealth.

Let me say to you gentlemen, in presenting these amendments, we ask for the constitutional right of every boy and girl who is willing to work in order that he or she may stamp upon the community the effect of her endeavors to build up this state. Now let me say to you in conclusion, it has been urged and strongly proclaimed in the newspapers that the Chairman of the Judiciary Special Committee represents the manufacturer. He does not represent the manufacturer in the person of Joseph Grundy any more than you do. The activities of Mr. Grundy I find upon investigation were altogether at the request of the combined manufacturers in this state. The conditions in his mill are such as cannot be compared to any other in the United States so far as health and sanitation and the welfare of every child person in that factory are concerned. The tenements around him are model and the conditions in his city are better than any other in the state of the Union so far as factory conditions are concerned and in his factory, let me say to you, employes in his factory, numbering over a thousand there are only ninety boys and girls employed under the age of sixteen and yet it seems to me the strictures cast upon the gentlemen who represents the manufacturers of Pennsylvania are as uncalled for as they are unjust and I simply say to you and make this statement to justify the position the gentleman has taken. For myself, if I have unwittingly or in my rage done aught to offend I surely desire to redeem myself to your friendly peace and I wish to say after you vote upon this bill, I surely hope and pray for each Senator a peace that is greater than the earthly dignity and still and quiet conscience.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President and members of the Senate, after hearing my learned lawyer friend from Schuylkill county mention that this bill was going to be enacted for the purpose of hurting working children of the State rather than helping them, I want to say that ever since I have been in the Senate every proposition that came to Harrisburg for the purpose of helping our working children and for their welfare has been opposed by some part of the manufacturers of this State, and usually they were championed by my friend from Schuylkill county. It seems to me that it is about time that some of us have the courage to come out and say to the people and to our working children under what fair and decent restriction they could be employed and it seems to me that now is the opportune time for the Senate of Pennsylvania to act on the working children proposition. I am not going to take up a whole lot of the time of the Senate in answering that splendid speech of my friend from Schuylkill, except to say that the Governor of this State probably has handled more children than any other man within its borders. This bill was drawn after being considered from time to time for the last five years. This bill was drawn and presented in the House and passed the House by one hundred and seventy-eight to eight. That is what the House thought of this bill, with the Governor's approval after all the years of experience he has had with our children, in education and working. I would just like to read in conclusion the report of the labor and industrial department in this state as to what they are doing in other states and then we leave it to the Senate to decide if it is not time that we should do something to compare with the other surrounding states in the way of working children. The report says:

STATES IN WHICH THE 8-HOUR LAW FOR MINORS BETWEEN THE AGES OF 14 AND 16 YEARS IS IN FORCE.

There are altogether 21 states in which the 8-hour law is in force, among which are New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Massachusetts.

AGE LIMIT FOR NIGHT MESSENGER SERVICE.

In New York, Massachusetts, New Jersey and 5 other states, no person under the age of 21 years may be employed as night messenger. This service has proven very satisfactory in New York City. There are a number of other states in which the age limit for this service is 18 years.

AGE OF CHILDREN ENGAGED IN STREET TRADES.

The average age of children engaged in trades in 21 states is 12 years. In 2 of these states an age limit of 14 years is required. The Pennsylvania State Editorial Association at its meeting in Harrisburg, which was held since the legislature convened, adopted a resolution endorsing the 12-year age limit for newsboys, and presented a copy of this resolution to the Governor. This association is made up of the publishers of the leading daily newspapers of the various counties of this Commonwealth.

OPPOSITION TO CHILD LABOR BILL.

There are in Pennsylvania more than 27,000 manufacturers. There are in the Manufacturers' Association of Pennsylvania, which association is the only active opponent of this bill, 2,600 members less than 10% of all the manufacturers in the state There are in the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association quite a number of manufacturers who are either entirely in favor of this bill, or not actively opposed to it.

MEDICAL OPINION ON THE NUMBER OF HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN.

The question of employment of children has attracted a large amount of attention before the medical profession throughout the country. In June, 1914, the American Medical Association passed a resolution endorsing an 8-hour day for children under 16 years of age. The National Associations of practically all the other recognized schools of medicine have gone on record as endorsing the 8-hour day for the employment of children under 16 years of age. Nearly all of the county medical societies of Pennsylvania have passed resolutions endorsing the 8-hour day for the employment of children. It is unquestionably the consensus of medical opinion that 8 hours is as long as it is advisable to allow minor children under 16 years of age to work in any one day. The Governor has consented to the 9-hour day, as provided in this bill, because it provides 8 hours per week for children to be in school.

CONTINUATION SCHOOLS.

The value of such a vocational educational arrangement as is made in this bill has been thoroughly proven in this and other countries. In Cincinnati the manufacturers voluntarily joined together and established continuation schools, paying the entire expense, and also paying the children wages while at school. Such great corporations as the Westinghouse Electric, Pennsylvania Railroad, New York Central, the United States Steel Corporation, and others of similar character, are in like manner, at their own expense, carrying on such schools, paying for teachers, supplies, rooms, etc., and the wages of the children while at school. This is done by those manufacturers by reason of the fact that it is a paying proposition.

In Germany, where all children between 14 and 17 years of age go to two periods of school per week, each of three hours' duration, the manufacturers are a unit in claiming that these schools have done more than any other one element of German government to produce the skilled workmen which has enabled Germany to forge to the head as an industrial nation.

In the bill under consideration, the manufacturers get the advantage of the increased skill of their children, while at the same time no additional financial burden is placed upon them by reason of the fact that they neither have to support the school nor pay the children during the time they are in the school.

EFFECT OF THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE 8-HOUR LAW IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Letters were received from practically every manufacturer in the State of Massachusetts, one-third of these manufacturers going on record as saying that the 8-hour day worked no hardship in their industries by making it necessary to employ adults one set of hours and children another set of hours. The majority of the other manufacturers stated that it was not profitable to employ children under 16 years of age. The number of children at work between 14 and 16 years of age in Boston has decreased from 4,800 in January, 1914, to 3,370 in January, 1915. The children who are not at work are in school. The Boston High schools have shown an unusual increase of 1,400 this year. The superintendent's report will show that as against 2,298 children between 14 and 16 years of age out of employment and not at school in December, 1913, there are now only 526 not accounted for. Of these, 215 are cases not yet investigated by the truant officers, leaving a balance of only 311 who have not been returned to school. The increase in the children of all ages at school in the State shows the effects of these laws. In 1911-1912, the increase was 8,000; in 1912-1913, 10,000; in 1913-1914, 19,000.

NECESSITY OF EMPLOYING CHILDREN BETWEEN 14 AND 16 YEARS OF AGE.

Two investigations of the necessity of employing children between 14 and 16 years of age have been made; one by the United States Government, and one by the State of New York. These investigations show that, giving a basis of $2.50 a week per person in families of the employed children, only one-third of the children under 16 years of age were working because of necessity. This disposes of the argument that children work to support widowed mothers or helpless fathers.

PUBLIC HEARINGS HELD ON THIS BILL.

The Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association has had 5 public hearings on this bill, either before the Governor or before committees of the House and Senate. Their demands before the Governor were that the bill be changed in three particulars. The first was that prosecutions by private persons be eliminated. The second was that in communities where schools such as this bill provides have not been established, the employer be permitted to work the children 9 hour per day without being penalized for failure to send them to school. The third was that the hours of children under 16 years of age be increased to 10 hours per day and 54 hours per week. The Governor yielded entirely on the first two propositions, eliminating prosecutions by private persons, and inserting a proviso in the bill that where there is no school the employer will not be penalized for failing to send the children to school. On the third proposition, as to the length of the working day, he took a stand of middle ground between the demand of the Manufacturers' Association and the Pennsylvania Child Labor Association. The Child Labor Association demanded a 8-hour day, and 48 hours per week. The Manufacturers' Association demanded 10 hours a day, and 54 hours per week. The Governor met them half way by agreeing upon a 9-hour day, and 51 hours per week.

Gentlemen, everything has been granted to the manufacturers that was reasonable and fair to grant. If we are going to do anything for our working children in this state, and as I have said before, every time there is an attempt made to improve their conditions somebody comes along with these fire brand speeches and tries to scare the Senate to death and the result is that nothing is done. The manufacturers at my earnest request refused to grant them a half hour off a ten hour day two years ago, showing that there is no intention on the part of the manufacturers to grant the children any request at all that is being made in their interest. Out of a total of thirty-six thousand manufacturers in this State some twenty-six hundred belong to this association and when every Senator around here has been made to believe that all the manufacturers want this thing. I represent a manufacturing district, Mr. President, that probably has as many manufacturing establishments in it as most any other district in this state, and out of all the manufacturers I have had only one request not to pass this bill, all the other manufacturers are satisfied with the bill and it seems to me it is time for this Senate to act.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, it is entirely evident that this proposed act is a compromise act and when the zealous, able, and eloquent Senator spoke aganist this proposed act he was speaking against the public opinion of this age. As has been well said by the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Vare, twenty-one states of this Union have adopted a child labor act in advance of the one now proposed. In those twenty-one states the labor of children is confined to eight hours per day and among those States are the great industrial competitors of Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, Illinois, and Massachusetts. Now the child labor association wanted but eight hours a day in Pennsylvania. The children today in Pennsylvania work ten hours per day. That is in great contrast to our neighbors. This bill is a compromise, it supplies the difference. Compromise is always the essence of good politics. It is the utilized measure of every prudent statesmanship. it is the foundation stone of government. Sixteen years is the limit fixed upon because it is a reasonable limit. There were arbitrary sections in this bill. Eighteen years is arbitrarily fixed upon as the age prior to which no boy may be a fireman, engineer or chauffeur or engaged in certain dangerous occupations. Fourteen years is the age below which no one may work at all. Sixteen years is fixed upon as the age at which boys and girls may do the work of adults, because it is the concensus of medical opinion that by that time they have passed all the dangers of puberity by both boys and girls. Then they are fit to compete with adults in labor, and they resemble adults in everything excepting growth, time and experience. Now the children of Pennsylvania are entitled before they reach this age of competition with adults to a period of preparation. A period that shall fit them for the work. They should have conservation of energy in the early years. We take the greatest care of our streams and forests, we are solicitous about them, spend time, money, sympathy and other things. We have sympathy for the lower animals, for our dogs, cats and horses, why should we be indifferent about the welfare of our youth. Let us see to it that the future mothers and fathers of Pennsylvania shall profit owing to the fact that our boys and girls are not stunted in mental faculities and do not have the seeds of premature decay implanted in their bodies by too early and too lasting work at tasks that should only belong to an adult as far as duration at least is concerned. Now the manufacturers say "it does not matter one mite, we are indifferent to the children;" they can do without the child, but the child cannot do without them, and what they do with reference to this bill and the agitation that they have pursued arises out of the love for the child. That is a matter very creditable to them. That love of theirs for the child may help in the solution of some of the problems that this legislation brings about; If all the manufacturers of Pennsylvania are so solicitous for the welfare of the child. The railroads and the steam mills kill people in the course of their business unavoidably and if in a suit for damages they can defend by a plea of negligence of a fellow workman or risks of employment or contributory negligence on the part of the decedent, they are entirely indifferent about the welfare of the orphan children, whom they make destitute. I say to these Pennsylvania Manufacturers that it is high time that they are concerned about the children; why is it that they show this solicitude? Perhaps they have been closer to the child than the other manufacturers. Let me tell you gentlemen of the Senate that it is a fact that the factories rely upon child labor. You say it is the present we are concerned about. My eloquent friend from Schuylkill seems to think that it is an act aimed to prevent child labor. In dwelling upon that he effectually misinterprets the spirit. It is true it aims to prevent child labor in preventing a child from laboring like a horse; like an adult with whom he is not able to compete; but it does not prevent any child in the Commonwealth from the age of fourteen and after sixteen up to the full limit of nine hours, and I believe if this act is passed those children who do not go to school will find employment. I do not believe the Pennsylvania Manufacturers will be so indifferent to the interests of the children as to refuse them labor. I believe they will change their schedule of hours to employ children who may work nine hours. Now this is a universal question. It has occurred in England and Germany. They managed the thing very well over there. In England the school children are divided into two groups, one goes to school in the morning and works in the factory in the afternoon but no child is worked over nine hours. The other group is worked vice versa and so all the children are employed and all the children go to school. Now, I have great confidence in the intelligence, the adaptibility, the ingenuity and patriotism, of the manufacturers of Pennsylvania, and I think they will work out a proper solution of this question. I think we are just as able to take care of our children of tender years as the people of Europe. I have not heard anybody refuse work for nine hours a day for the child over sixteen years of age. The only person who has intimated it will not give them work has been these very manufacturers. I feel confident they will get work. Suppose these children cannot find work, what remains to be done? I say there is nothing else, the State must take care of them. When the public companies of Pennsylvania pension the aged of their employes, all the large railroads, the telephone companies, and the other large employers of labor give a pension to their faithful employes who have been with them in the failing years of service, that their declining days may not be in poverty, and this Senate has passed a pension bill for state employees who have had long terms of service and have been agents of the Commonwealth. Now I would not extinguish a single spark of gratitude in a man's breast but let me assure you that far better than pensioning the aged is to give attention to childhood so that the boys and girls of Pennsylvania may be fitted adequately for the duties of manhood and womanhood. The future of this Commonwealth is dependent upon the childhood of this community, what is it able to do. The result of this will be it would save a vast amount of time in the aggregate by putting the man to doing one task instead of having that man do half a dozen different tasks during the day. Why is the factory labor so hard upon the minor under sixteen? It is the constant concentration of the mind upon a single operation for a long time that deadens the faculties and he is not able to do anything else if he be only the average workman, and then this continuous monotonous work impairs the faculty.

Now this bill seeks to deprive the boys and girls who are not matured in intellect and body from the damaging effects of this monotony. Now I am the last person who would give anything but honor to the manufacturers of Pennsylvania. This great State of ours has the most abundant resources of any state in the Union. Our agricultural products would be the pride of any empire, and owing to the enterprise, industry, skill and perserverance of our manufacturers, our manufactured products in celebrity equal the reputation of the products of our fields and our mines. The factory system has been a wonderful benefit to mankind. It produces great numbers of useful articles at a very cheap cost so that the home of every day laborer to-day is more attractive and more comfortatble in many respects than the palaces of the kings in middle ages. The manufacturers have brought this about. They and their employes gather great sums of money that formerly could only be obtained by ability and aristocracy and they benefit to the utmost degree any community in which they reside. But the chief aim and product of a state is not the creation of wealth, is not the spirit of material comfort; the chief and principal aim of every state is to produce the highest possible type of manhood and womanhood, and this bill aims at that particular thing. It hopes by taking care of the children under sixteen to see to it that he and she are kept from matters of detriment of environment and toil, and not given tasks of men and women until they are fitted in physique, intelligence and able to perform those tasks.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask the pardon of the Senators for their indulgence. One of the amendments, I think it is the twenty-third, strikes out the penal clause against the manufacturer who may unwittingly employ a minor, boy or girl under sixteen years of age. If this bill is adopted, under that section, if a factory inspector should go into the factory and find a boy or girl employed under sixteen, although the employer had a certificate certified to by the proper and required authority as indicated in the section, that employer for having that boy or girl under sixteen years of age in his employ is per se, without any further proof, liable to arrest and conviction, because the act does not give him a defense, liable to conviction and fine and imprisonment. This section says that a man that will employ a girl or boy under sixteen years of age, it matters not how, if he is prosecuted by the Department of Labor, and we know not in the future what may sway the minds of men, if a manufacturer is prosecuted under that section he will have to be convicted and the court must fine him and must sentence him to prison. I for one cannot stand for that kind of impugning of the manufacturers of Pennsylvania. In answer to the gentleman from Philadelphia, I am rather at a loss to understand his position. Several weeks ago in the freshness of this Senate the gentleman arose from his seat and with a gallantry like a sixteenth century cavalier stood up and asked the Senate to vote for a bill that would permit the damsel of the family, whether she was sixteen or fourteen or ten at all hours, to wait upon him and his lady and serve them with ice cream. Now he changes his position. The answer is why. Then he talks about the strength and vigor of the young man of sixteen, if he knows history, if he has read the history of Napoleon, who covered every inch of ground from Madrid to Moscow with a soldiery compose of boys only sixteen years of age, and who made every king of Europe tremble on his throne, and but for the icy cold of Russia, he would have been unconquered. Yet he says it enervates the boys and makes them anemic. Let me tell you the boys who are anemic are the boys who would be messengers at twenty-one years of age, and the boys who would carry your messages after twelve o'clock are these sisters. That is the kind of man you are raising under this bill. Talk to me about men of vigor and strength. They are the men in the workshop, mine, farm and every place where muscle or brawn can be used. It is no argument to say that a boy will be destroyed because he works. Rather let me say to you it will be impossible under this act to get young boys to ever join the army under sixteen years of age, because there will not be any recruiting officer let any sister into company with able bodied men, and that is the kind of men you are going to get under this bill, and you may as well prepare for it now under this kind of bill. This may not be a serious reply, but I think it is on a level with the gentlemen's argument.

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I feel that I would not be doing justice to those I represent if I would not make some remarks on this impending bill. I represent a district that is mostly industrial that is on the borders of New Jersey. We have a great many textile manufacturers, silk mills, glass industries, shoe factories and anthracite coal mines. Therefore, this bill means a great deal to my district. I am safe in saying that it would throw eight hundred children out of employment at once if this bill would pass, and it would make a great many people dependent upon charity for their support. In my own village there are one hundred and thirty-five people who would be thrown out of employment as soon as this bill passed. In the City of Hazleton, which is not in my district, but within a few miles of my home, one factory would suspend two hundred and fifty-seven people at once. In Hazleton to-day there is not nearly enough accommodations for their school children. They have what they call double sessions. In our own town children of six years are only permitted to go to school two hours a day, and our taxes in our town are 26 mills to support the schools, the limit of taxation. Therefore, I would like to know by what means possible we could increase our school facilities to accommodate the children who are expected to take advantage of this law. We hear a great deal about schooling. Gentlemen, when you come to consider, we know the histories of all great men. The accomplishments of men who have revolutionized and made the progress of this country, were people that did not attend college, and most of them had no school advantages after they were ten years of age. Washington did not go in a school-house after he was ten years old, and we know what he accomplished His brother was sent through the colleges of the old world. You never heard from him. Jackson, we know the history of him, you all know the "Rail-splitter" Abraham Lincoln. You know the history of him You know the history of James A. Garfield, the "Towpath Mule Driver" Then you go to Andrew Carnegie, Thomas A. Edison, John Rockefellar, Commodore Vanderbilt John Wannamaker, and lots of others. They were people that were educated in the little red school houses. They never had the advantage of a college education. Gentlemen, when we look over this Senate we find that four-fifths of the Senators of this body did not have educational advantages after they were fifteen years old. As far as my own experience is concerned, I was raised on a farm, which you all can see if you look at me, and had no school advantages after I was fifteen years old. I had three months schooling a year only. I worked on the farm. I had blue denim trousers, brogan shoes and a flannel shirt and a half brim straw hat. I went to the town to get plough shares. There the town boys of fourteen years and sixteen years in there village were lying under the shade trees, ridiculing me and poking their fingers at me. I hated to go to town. To-day, I am running an automobile those people who had those clothes are wearing clothes similar to what I had when I was a boy. Now friends, education procured by self-effort is a blessing. Education forced, frequently is a curse, because education can only be appreciated by self-effort after a boy works and realizes the hardship of toil. Then he gets a taste for education, and then only, education will do him the good that education is intended for. Education to make a drone which is the intention of to-day, is the curse of our people. Gentlemen, we are getting too many drones in this country. Who do I mean by drones? The people who want to live at the expense of the producer. We find that the men who are the children that get an education that is of value procured it after they were virtually done working. I believe that a law ought to be passed to compel every child first in a certain period, and no time is better than about the age of sixteen, to know what toil is in order to sympathize with the man that does toil, because unless he does toil he can never appreciate what it means to toil and work. Now, friends, I don't like to burden you with this talk there has been a great deal said upon this question, and I hope that this Senate which is the representative of the people will exercise their right without domination of any one. I am sent here by the people of my district to represent them, and as such I represent, and what I believe is to the benefit of my constituents, and I believe that if every Senators was to do the same, this bill would go down to defeat. We call it propressive legislation. It is retrogressive.

Now, friends, you hear a great deal of the manufacturer. We hear the manufacturer indicted as though he was an undesirable necessity. When you consider that every lawyer, every doctor, every merchant, even the farm itself depends upon the success of the manufacturer, why should we not encourage them instead of discourage them. Gentlemen, this Commonwealth has nearly all our towns and cities paid bonus for manufacturers to come into this State from the City of New York, Patterson, and the State of New Jersey, to establish industries. You are making legislation for a bonus to leave the state, which is coming sure as the world, because no man in New Jersey or New York will come to establish industries in the State of Pennsylvania if these laws are enacted. I have heard in this body resolutions passed condemning the democratic administration for enacting legislation against business. The legislation that this Legislature is enacting does more against business than all the democratic legislation in Washington has done against this state. Friends, to-day you get into a conversation with the manufacturer. His answer is "If I would only have my money out of manufactures." If you ask the man with money to contribute towards an industry he will say "No, I will keep my money in my pockets because legislation is detrimental to the manufacturing industries of the state. Gentlemen, the time is coming when you will be glad to change your vote on legislation if you want prosperity. Prosperity wants a fair chance, and unless you give it, you wont get it, and consequently, you know who will suffer,—those who can least afford it. I have said enough. I hope you will do your duty, and vote without dictation of anyone as to how you should vote here, which is your prerogative.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, gentlemen, I hesitate about taking up your time again, but the thrusts of the eloquent gentleman from Schuylkill County seems to be telling, and so well directed that I think it calls upon me to say something in defense. It is entirely true that I advocated the labor of minors in a restaurant operated by the owner when the minor was the daughter of the owner. The trouble with my friend from Schuylkill County and the men who stand with him in attacking this bill lies in the fact that they are unable to discriminate between the kinds of labor and the persons who do labor. They are blind to the differences between adults and minors, to the differences between general labor, factory labor, labor upon the farm, domestic labor, and labor in the hospitals. Indeed, they have attacked this very bill, and also the Act of 1913 to regulate the employment of females, because both that Act and this bill exempt from its provisions the labor of domestic servants and of the boy from the farm. Now, the monotony of the labor in a manufactory is altogether different from the freedom of life and labor that attaches to a domestic servant. She has the variety that is the spice of life. She is a member of a household, and goes through the weekly routine of the household. The ladies here know that there is a washing day, an ironing day, a baking day, a sweeping day, and so on and in every one of these days when different tasks are done, the much abused girl has a multitude of duties and she performs them all over the house, upstairs, downstairs and in my ladies' chamber, and there is nothing comparable whatever to her duties and to the duties of the girl of the same age who sits or stands ten hours a day at a machine doing one thing continuously, and no other thing day in and day out. Now it is the same thing with the boy on the farm. He is more removed than ever from the monotony and drudgery of the boy in the factory. The boy on the farm works long hours. Now, we are not to get confused in this matter. It is not a question of who works the longer hours or earns the most money. It is the question of the effect of the work upon the health of the minor, and I think the variety of the work done by these other people is beneficial to their health, while the monotony of the factory works injury to the minor. The boy on the farm gets up before sun light and continues to work until after sunset. He goes to his work and has the care and attention of the cattle and sheep, and has as he moves around every gentle influence of nature with him—the stream, the sunshine, the hills, the forests, the storms, all these are in his day's work and part of it. Even the little urchin, whose daily toil it is to feed the poultry, he partakes so much of the responsibility of the farm labor that he is like a little monarch in his realm, scattering abundantly from a smiling hand.

Now it is the farm boys who work these long hours who are the vigor and the health of the State. If they can get no work in the neighborhood where they live they go to the large cities, and the stamina, morality and backbone in the cities would die out in a generation if not recuperated and rejuvenated by this young blood from the country, whose circulation has never been lowered or lessened or affected by factory labor. And then this pamphlet, this pamphlet that the manufacturers put out also finds fault with the physicians who say that sixteen is the proper age for minors to begin to labor, because they say the physicians work the nurses in the hospital a whole day—not a whole day, but very long hours. I am not opposed to this bill because they say that sixteen is the age at which a boy may do a man's work, but now as for nurses, how can my friends conceive that their work is mechanical work. Their environment is humane. These ministering angels have all the aspirations and inspirations of professional work, and their task or drudgery alters with the altering stage of the disease of their patients, and they take care of all ages and both sexes, and there is nothing whatever in their lives to compare with the life of a fifteen year old girl who stands for ten hours feeding buttons to a machine that puts eyes in the buttons, or feeding sheets to a machine to be riveted, or spends the same time picking up broken threads at the loom or spindle in any factory as they sometimes do or that stands in any factory occupied day after day ten hours a day doing one thing in one spot on one machine. Now I think there is a distinction that is very clear, and I think you will find a big difference between general labor on the one side, and domestic labor and labor of the nurses and of the farm, and any other kind of labor compared with the monotony of factory labor on the other. That is the distinction I wish to express.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I am not desirous of making reply to the distinguished Senator from Schuylkill, but I desire to congratulate him upon the magnificient presentation of his case. He has pictured a scene that is about to be enacted in this Senate and what is to take place in the great State of Pennsylvania during the next two years as one almost bewildering in its effect, and the condition that has stirred up the Senators from the respective counties they represent. I have a different view of this present bill that is now before the Senate, because I have sufficient confidence in the intelligence, integrity and qualifications of the manufacturers of the State of Pennsylvania that they, as in other States, will adjust themselves to the conditions of this bill without the hair of one child being hurt or disturbed in its employment. That being the case, if it should happen that in the period of the eighteen months that will transpire of elapse between these sessions that if this terrible calamity that the Senator from Schuylkill has pictured so ably to the Senate there is nobody in the United States that will more readily accede as has been the custom of this Senate for the past eleven years that I have been a member of it to correct and rectify these conditions. The conditions as existing to-day in the factories as told to me by one of the most prominent manufacturers of Philadelphia, that these children, between fourteen and sixteen years, even under conditions as they now exist, at the 58 hours they are working are taking three or four hours rambling around the factory and having conversation that is sort of an amusement for young children of that age, so that if that is the case, I believe that these manufacturers, and there is only one-half hour difference between the bill as desired by the Manufacturers' Association and the bill that the Senate is about to consider, that the manufacturers themselves, within ninety days after this bill is a law, will adjust themselves to the conditions so that the poverty such as has been pictured is about to take place will absolutely be forgotten. Now, as to the State of Pennsylvania why should not we, if competiting States as represented by Massachusetts, Ohio, New York and Illinois and Indiana, because that was the main argument for the past five years as to why Pennsylvania should not enact or amend the child labor law, because of competition from these States. If they have passed into the era of the fortyeight hours, or fifty-one hours week, why should not Pennsylvania experiment at least for two years and see what beneficial results are going to accrue from it. The question of the inspector coming into a place and finding a child there that is possibly there with a certificate at sixteen years working, and these dire results by imprisonment and fine, why in the State of New York the regulations enacted by the House and Senate of the State of New York provide that in the employment of grown persons over 21 years of age working over eight hours even to the highest type of mechanic you are not only penalized but you forfeit your contract, no matter whether that contract is one hundred dollars or four million dollars, but I have faith and confidence in the integrity of the Executive now sitting at Harrisburg, and with the employees who are under him, that there will be a fair and impartial interpretation of this law, and that every manufacturer that would be found to have one, two or a half-dozen girls or boys under the age of sixteen working in that shop, would have an opportunity to make a proper explanation, and the explanation be received and acted upon in a fair and impartial manner.

Now as to the educational features, Senator Warner has stated that there is too much education. I agree with him, but this is education so far as I can interpret it that the children in and about the mill and factory shall have a certain number of hours every week to be more proficient in the particular kind of work they are engaged in, and surely if they are fifteen years of age engaged in whatever trade they have in the factories, just as a bricklayer, taking a young boy fourteen years of age and he is seeing continually for a period of a year or 18 months a demonstration from the superintendent or the efficient head of the factory the particular parts of the work that the child is engaged in, and is going to see that the child is going to be more efficient in the performance of that duty as he grows up to 15, 16, 17 or 18 years of age. That is the kind of education. If we had more of it in this Commonwealth and this country, this is the kind of education that would make better men and better women of this population, because that is what we are looking to-day that young America or the children of our generation who are being taught that the only education necessary is that they go through the Grammar School, then through the High School and graduate, walk the streets and become a gentleman. We have the vocational schools under the provisions of this bill, but we have our trade school in Philadelphia, and what we call a manual training school, and from these schools are educated the young men to-day taking their places as carpenters, brick-layers, as mechanics of all kind, and making efficient, trustworthy men, and I trust that the Senate while there are some features of this bill in the main that I would not subscribe to in its entirety, I think that under the pledge that the Republican Party in the State of Pennsylvania has given to the voters, we are entitled to enact a Child Labor Bill and I think this bill after the due consideration that has been given it by both sides, aided by him who has backed it, has acted wisely, fairly and justly in meeting the contention for forty-eight hours and those who are desirous of retaining the fifty-four hours, and met them on a middle ground so that in the next eighteen months, with the proper supervision that he has declared he will exercise over conditions, that if all this condition that is about to befall humanity I do not think there will be anybody in this Senate, that is here at the time, that will be more ready to correct and rectify the mistakes than will be the gentleman who is sitting in the Executive Chamber.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, with these amendments as offered now, we are compelled to take our choice between the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association's idea of a Child Labor Law, and that of the Governor and others who have made a great study of this question. The bill as presented, what we call the Cox Bill, is the Governor's bill, and backed by the Pennsylvania Child Labor Association. These amendments are backed up by the Manufacturers' Association. I understand that there are nine or ten manufacturers in this Senate and I think that they will agree with me that the Manufacturers' Association has studied the question more with an idea of the profit of that business than any consideration for labor. For that reason labor is compelled to either get their protection from Unions or else through legislation. And for that reason we cannot depend upon the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association's amendments to be the right kind of amendments. We have a pamphlet gotten up by the manufacturers's Association in which is Mr. Grundy's argument, which I have read very carefully, and it is a splendid argument for the manufacturers. Mr. Grundy appears to be the proper man in the proper place, but as carefully as I read it over, I cannot find a line of it that shows that Mr. Grundy has made one-tenth the study of child labor conditions that he has for the profit end of the manufacturers. I believe we ought to pass this bill as it is now without any amendments, not simply because it is the Governor's bill, but because the Governor has promised to place upon the statute books of this State a proper law.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentlemen from McKean, Mr. Hilton.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from McKean permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HILTON, Mr. President, I will.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, in the alleged manufacturers' amendment, as the gentleman claims, does he know that the child would only be compelled to work forty-six hours a week, two hours less than the eight hour day.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, how is that, again?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, do you know that in the alleged amendments of the manufacturers, that the child or girl or the boy would only be compelled to work forty-four hours?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I wish to state this, that I have been before all the Committee meetings, and I have listened to the arguments of the Manufacturers' Association and Mr. Grundy and others, and I cannot see any difference between them and the amendment offered here tonight. I think the amendments offered here tonight are the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association amendments possibly some little changes, but not any that I can see.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I will repeat the question. Does the gentleman from McKean know that in the alleged manufacturers' amendments, and I am speaking legally in order to be properly recorded, that in that amendment a boy and girl would only be required to work forty-four hours a week.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I cannot tell you.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, for the information of the Senator, he is required to attend one school day. Now surely, if you give six hours of that day to school purposes, three in the morning, and three in the afternoon, he cannot work, and you can't take the ten hours for that day and it is only forty-four hours.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I wish to state I think I made myself very clear that I would rather take the bill that was gotten up by the Governor and the Pennsylvania Child Labor Association, than that of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association, who have been watching the profits closer than the other people, and that is my object in taking the Governor's bill instead of the others. I believe the bill is gotten up more in the interests of the child.

Mr. VARE: Mr. President, I would just like to detain the Senate about two minutes, and then I am through. In answer to my colleague from Schuylkill county in relation to the prosecution clause. It remains exactly the same as under the present law, only the fine is less and the imprisonment shorter. Now the eight hour child labor law passed the House of Representatives at Washington by a unanimous vote of all the Republicans in the House, and of the Northern Democrats. I want to call the attention of the Senate to the fact that this child labor law is not only in the Republican platform, but in the Democratic platform, and I therefore ask the Senate to vote the motion down.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER: Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Vare.

The PRESIDENT: Will the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Vare, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr VARE: Mr. President, I will.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER: Mr. President, does the gentleman from Philadelphia claim that because it is in the Democratic platform, we ought to pass it?

Mr. VARE: Mr. President, that is one of the reasons along with all the merits that are in this bill that the Democrats ought to support it.

Mr. GRAFF: Mr. President, I am glad to hear to-night that a number of our Senators are willing to back the Governor in his reform movements. I am reminded to-night by the bill that we have before us of a speech that was made by one of our rural members at a School Directors Convention. He said that the medical inspection that they had did not go far enough. He said he spent fifteen dollars to find out that children had head lice, and then we were unwilling to spend fifteen cents to buy fish oil to kill them. The great trouble, Mr. President, is this: we have heard here to-night that the Constitution is undermined and the children are the victims, that those who work in the mills have their constitutions undermined and the victims follow. In other words the iniquities of the fathers are visited upon the children. We have scripture for this, that they are visited upon the children down to the third and fourth generations. The reason that I am glad to hear these Senators this evening speak about this subject, and they are willing to rectify it, is this. I want to say that of one hundred cases of children who come into this world handicapped in the race through life, possibly ninety-nine are handicapped through the saloon and not through the manufacturer's work, or the work of the factory, and if we are going to support this movemnet to back the Governor in his moral uplift, when the Senate convenes here two years hence I hope they will back him in all his legislation to carry out the moral uplift of the children, and we find studying the institutions, the penal and all the institutions of the State, that they are being filled not from the wrongs of the children of those who have constitutional weakness from the manufacturing establishments but from the saloons of this State.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER: Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Graff.

The PRESIDENT: Will the gentleman from Armstrong permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. GRAFF: Mr. President, as it seems to be the business of the gentleman from Schuylkill, I will try to be accommodating.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER: Mr. President, are you a manufacturer?

Mr. GRAFF: Mr. President, I am.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER: Mr. President, do you employ boys and girls under sixteen years of age?

Mr. GRAFF: Mr. President, I do.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER: Mr. President, what will you do when this goes into effect in January 1916 with the boy or girl under sixteen years of age? What will they do then?

Mr GRAFF: Mr. President, I do not know.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. BUCKMAN and Mr. C. A. SNYDER, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—13.

Buckman,
Clark,
Crow,
DeWitt,,
Herbst,
Kurtz.
Lynch,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—37.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore.
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,

So the question was determined in the negative.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate go into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of special amendment.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The amendment was read as follows:

Amend section 4 by adding the following as an additional paragraph thereto: "The Commissioner of Labor and Industry may, on application therefor in writing, issue permits to persons engaged in the business of canning or preserving or both allowing such persons to employ minors under sixteen years of age for a greater number of hours per day than as prescribed in this act."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I hope that this amendment will not prevail. There is no more reason why the canners should have a different law from the other manufacturers and employers of child labor. It seems to me the fact that they are only employed for a short length of time is no reason why the children should be overworked five or six or ten weeks any more than they should be overworked the year round. I hope the Senate will vote this down.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I have offered this amendment for this reason: The canneries of the state are subject to entirely different conditions from other manufacturers and consequently the children who are employed by them are under entirely different condition. Those employed in manufactories that work the whole year around are necessarily engaged during every working day in the year. If it be true that labor in the factory injures the children of the State, that is true of those who work the entire year around but not true of those who in the rural districts are asked to work in those canning factories for a period of from six to ten weeks. Now, these canneries must do their work at a particular time of the year. The raw material with which they work are fruits and vegetables. The raw material is prepared for them by nature in her own time and they must work on that raw material when it comes to their hands, and the consequence is, it being a perishable commodity they must manufacturer it and put it into the finished product as rapidly as possible to keep it from spoiling, and for this reason they employ the women and children in those rural communities, and they are necessarily compelled to work as many hours of the day as possible, and for this reason this amendment exempting canneries was put in the woman's labor law of 1913, and I think it is only fair that it should be put into this law. It will be noticed by the Senate that it does not entirely exempt the canneries but it enables them to go to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, and on this certificate permitting them to work for fair compensation as is regulated by this bill.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I have listened this evening with considerable attention to the various reasons promulgated as to the whys and wherefores for their different views. I want to say on the floor of this Senate that many of the conditions and many of the clauses in the child labor bill do not appeal to me, but I feel that in this age of progress where times from day to day are changing, when conditions arise that are different than they were yesterday, where the intelligence industry and wisdom of our great men are working from day to day to better the conditions of all our places under the conditions to make Pennsylvania if possible a greater state than she has been in the years gone by, and it is making her the Utopian state regarding which we hear much, that it behooves us and other members of this Senate to give this bill a chance along the lines laid down by those who are students and who have been students and who have at last succeeded in getting through the Legislature, the House at least, the bill that meets with the demands and when that bill comes here it should at least be past by the Senate in such a form that it shall be constitutional under the law. If we are to listen to special amendments such as offered by the Senator from Franklin I am very much afraid that this will be classed as special legislation and therefore spoil the benefits of the labor and all the work of these people and of the Governor of this Commonwealth. What is sauce for one should be sauce for the other and if the manufacturers are to suffer as they say they are then the canneries and all other peoples interested in the employment of child labor should suffer along the same line. It is my thought that no man, no woman, no manufacturer, or anybody else is going to suffer by the passage of this act. They told us some forty thousand children are going to be out of employment if this act becomes a law The work must be done, labor must be hired, and if forty thousand go out of work, forty thousand unemployed go into work, so there can not be any loss and I can't see where anybody is going to lose and I feel, gentlemen, that if this act is to go on the statute books it should go on the books along the lines laid down by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the members of this Child Labor Association. Let us have a whole law, not a patched up one. Let us do nothing that may tend to render this law unconstitutional because of the fact that it may contain special legislation.

And the question recurring.

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,

NAYS—6.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Warner.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 809, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,

NAYS—2.

Smith, R. E.,
Stewart.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 811, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by restricting the right to kill dogs

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Herbst,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 836 (House Bill No. 1131), on third reading, entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney-General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 841, as follows:

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the word "inspector" is used in this act it shall mean either a boiler inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry or an inspector of a casualty company authorized to insure boilers in this Commonwealth and that wherever the word "pressure" is used it shall mean gauge pressure in pounds per square inch

Section 2 The Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall appoint and may at pleasure remove one Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection who shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars and in addition shall receive the expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his official duties which expenses shall be paid in the same manner as similar expenses of the other inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry are paid He shall under the direction of the mechanical engineer of the Department of Labor and Industry have charge of the inspection of steam boilers in this Commonwealth and perform such other duties as the Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall direct The Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall also appoint five boiler inspectors in the Division of Boiler Inspection each of whom shall provide himself with the necessary gauges pumps and other instruments for properly conducting the business of boiler inspecting The annual salary of each of these boiler inspectors shall be eighteen hundred dollars and in addition they shall receive the expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their official duties which expenses shall be paid in the same manner as similar expenses of the other inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 3 The owner or user of a boiler or boilers inspected by a boiler inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry shall pay to such inspector a fee of five dollars for each inspection of each boiler so inspected which fee shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry who shall pay the same into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 4 All steam boilers and their appurtenances except boilers under the jurisdiction of the United States Government boilers of automobile vehicles or trucks boilers of steam fire engines brought into the State for temporary use in times of emergency for the purpose of checking conflagration and boilers used solely for heating and operating under a gauge pressure not exceeding fifteen pounds per square inch and having a grate surface not exceeding four square feet shall be inspected by an inspector once each year Provided That nothing in this section shall refer to boilers in cities of the first second and third classes and in those counties for which special laws have been enacted for the inspection of steam boilers and boilers in use or connection with coal mines

Section 5 Boilers used solely for heating purposes which are exempted from annual inspection as provided in section four of this act shall be inspected by an inspector as soon as practicable after the approval of this act and such boilers shall not thereafter be subject to inspection Such boilers installed after September one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen shall be inspected when installed and shall not be subject to further inspection The inspection provided for in this section shall include a hydrostatic test of the boiler at a gauge pressure of twenty-five pounds per square inch

Section 6 Boilers used solely for heating purposes which are exempt from annual inspection as provided for in section four of this act shall be equipped with safety valve which shall be locked and sealed by the inspector so that the pressure in the boiler cannot exceed fifteen pounds per square inch and with water gauge or water glass for determining the water level in the boiler with an accurate steam gauge and the necessary check and stop valves in the feed water and condensation pipes for the proper operation of the boiler

Section 7 The Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry shall adopt and may alter amend and repeal a code of boiler regulations which shall apply to all boilers in this Commonwealth and no person firm or corporation shall operate any boiler in this Commonwealth except as provided in this code of boiler regulations the Board shall further make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to adapt the requirements of this act in such a manner that their intent and purpose will be accomplished in a reasonable manner

Section 8 The Commissioner of Labor and Industry may from time to time divide the State into districts and may assign to such districts such boiler inspectors as may in his judgment appear expedient and may from time to time assign and transfer such inspectors from one district to another district and may transfer employes of the Department from other work to this Division and may transfer employes of this Division to other work as the conditions may in his opinion render such changes essential to the most economical and effective performance of the duties assigned to the Department

Section 9 Each boiler inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry shall carefully examine into the cause of all disasters and explosions occurring to boilers in the district to which he is assigned and shall fully and promptly report his findings to the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection.

Section 10 It shall be the duty of the inspector in making an inspection to enter each boiler that has a man-hole eleven inches by fifteen inches in size or larger He shall note carefully the material of which the boiler is constructed and if such material is corroded or pitted he shall have it drilled at the weakest point to determine its thickness and shall permit of the operation of the boiler only at such pressure as will conform to the rules contained in the code of boiler regulations as established by the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 11 If upon the inspection of any boiler the inspector finds that the boiler is in a safe working condition and that it complies in all respects to the provisions of the code of boiler regulations he shall issue to the owner or user thereof a certificate of inspection which certificate shall state the maximum pressure at which the boiler may be operated The certificate of inspection shall contain over the signature of the inspector the name of the owner or user the location the size and number of the boiler the date of inspection and a statement that such certificate shall apply for only one year from the date of inspection unless sooner withdrawn If such inspection is made by an inspector of a casualty company the certificate shall contain the name of the company All certificates of inspection shall contain such quotations from the statutes as may be deemed necessary by the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection The certificate of inspection shall be so placed as to be easily read in the boiler plant where the boiler is located except that the certificate of inspection of a portable boiler shall be kept on the premises and shall be exposed to view at all times

Section 12 If upon the inspection of any boiler the inspector finds that the boiler is not in a safe working condition or that it does not comply in all respects to the provisions of the code of boiler regulations he shall immediately notify the owner or user and the person in charge of the boiler and shall withdraw or withhold the certificate of inspection upon such boiler until the boiler and its fittings are made to conform with the code of boiler regulations and the owner or used of such boiler shall not operate the boiler or permit it to be operated until such certificate has been granted or restored

Section 13 Each boiler which has been inspected shall be numbered either by stamping the number on the boiler or by attaching a numbered metal tag by a seal or otherwise to the boiler or its fittings No person except an inspector shall deface or remove any such number or tag

Section 14 The owner or user of any stationary boiler herein required to be inspected who moves the same shall report to the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection the new location of said boiler and shall not operate the boiler until it shall be inspected in the new location The owner or user of any boiler herein required to be inspected shall immediately notify the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection in case any defect affecting the safety of the boiler

Section 15 Within three months after the approval of this act every person firm or corporation in this Commonwealth owning or operating any steam boiler or boilers which are herein required to be inspected shall notify the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection of the number type size and location of such boiler or boilers and if the boiler or boilers are insured and inspected by a causalty company the name of such company and thereafter whoever installs or intends to use any boiler other than those of which the Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection has been notified shall notify the said Division in the manner provided for in this section before such boiler shall be operated

Section 16 Nothing in this act and no inspection or report of any inspector shall relieve the owner or user of a steam boiler of the duty of using due care himself in the inspection operation and repair of said boiler or of any liability for damages for his failure to inspect or repair or operate said boiler safely

Section 17 Whoever being the owner or operator of any steam boiler herein required to be inspected operates the same in violation of any provision of the law or of any provision of the code of boiler regulations adopted by the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry or without having the same inspected and a certificate issued therefor as provided in this act or who hinders or prevents a duly qualified inspector from entering any premises in or on which a steam boiler is situated for the purpose of inspection or who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars and not more than five hundred dollars or an imprisonment in the county jail for a term not less than ten days nor more than sixty days for each and every such violation

Section 18 All acts or parts of acts inconsitent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

Section 19 Each section of this act and every part thereof is hereby declared to be an independent section or part of a section If any section sentence clause or phrase of this act shall for any reason be held unconstitutional the validity of the remaining phrases clauses sentences and sections of this act shall not be affected thereby

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill as follows:

In section 1, line 6, by inserting after the word "Industry" the words "an inspector approved by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry"; also by striking out Section 2 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Section 2. The inspection required in this act shall either be made by inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry, designated by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry in which case the fees provided for in this act shall be transferred by the inspector to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, by whom they shall be paid into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth; or the inspection shall be made by inspectors approved by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, in which case the fees provided for in this act shall be retained by the inspector as his pay for making such inspections." Also by striking out section 3 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Section 3. The owner or user of a boiler or boilers inspected by an inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry, or by an inspector approved by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, shall pay to such inspector a fee of five dollars for each inspection of each boiler so inspected, which fee shall be disposed of as elsewhere provided for in this act." Also by striking out sections 5, 8 and 9 and by renumerating the following sections accordingly. Also in section 11, in line 17, by striking out the words "Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Commissioner of Labor and Industry" Also in section 14, in lines 3, 4 and 7 and 8, by striking out the words "Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Commissioner of Labor and Industry." Also in section 15, lines 5, 9 and 10, by striking out the words "Chief of the Division of Boiler Inspection" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Commissioner of Labor and Industry." Also in section 4, in lines 8 and 9, by striking out the words "and having a grate surface not exceeding four square feet" Also in section 6, in line 4, by striking out the words "and sealed by the inspector"; also in lines 8 and 9 by striking out the words "check and stop" Also in section 15, in line 4, by striking out the words "which are herein required to be inspected."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objections? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 951 (House No. 1099), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies of the City of Harrisburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee. C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 957 (House Bill No. 906), on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objections? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 967, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the plotting by cities of the first class of parks and parkways in built-up sections thereof

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objections? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 971, entitled:

A joint resolution providing for a commission to investigate and report the increase in the cost of anthracite coal alleged to be due to the tax imposed thereon, empowering said commission to issue subpoenas and providing for the attendance of witnesses and the penalty for failure to obey such subpoenas and making an appropriation for the cost and expense of said commission

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Herbst,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1006 (House No. 1032), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1021, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession within this Commonwealth of bull-frogs and tad-poles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix.
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1022, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to regulate the catching or taking within this Commonwealth of bull-frogs and terrapin and providing a penalty therefor"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1047, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for and giving power to the board of trustees or managers of Cemetery corporations in this Commonwealth to improve keep in order clean and fence cemetery and generally take care of the lots in said cemetery by providing money and means for such improving keeping in order cleaning fencing and generally taking care of the lots in said cemetery corporation by assessing lot owners their pro rata share of such general up keep and collecting the same

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1050, entitled:

A Join Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gygor,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 1051, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to encourage the further development of the mineral resources of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1065, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of companies not for profit organized to encourage and promote improvements in the breeding and management of poultry, pigeons and game and the protection and preservation of forests fish game and wild-life

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch.
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1067, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two deputy State Highway Commissoiners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for the taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth fixing certain existing public roads connecting public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decided the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough or incorporated towns and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways, making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol.
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majoirty of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1068, entitled:

An Act fixing the width of sidewalks along public highways

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW from the Committee on Corporations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1400, entitled:

An Act to authorize the insertion in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose, either originally or by amendment, of a provision that the rector or minister chosen by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex-officio president of the vestry, board of trustees, board of directors or governing body by whatevername designated, of such corporation, and to validate similar provisions in the charters of such corporation heretofore granted.

Also, from the Committee on Corporations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1401, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An act creating the Department of State Police; providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof, together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force; defining their powers and duties, and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith," approved the 2d day of May, Anno Domini 1905, and to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act to amend sections two and three of an act, entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police; providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof together with officers and men who shall constitute the force, defining their powers and duties, and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith,' approved the 2d day of May, Anno Domini 1905, by fixing the salaries of the employees of the Department of State Police; also the salaries of the officers and men of the State Police," approved the 1st day of June, Anno Domini 1911, so as to fix the salaries of the Superintendent and Deputy Superintendent of State Police.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 54, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Capital Park Extension Commission

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for carrying on the work of the Capitol Park Extension Commission as authorized by an act approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide within the following boundaries namely on the west by the present eastern line of Capitol Park on the north by the southern line of North street on the east by the western line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and on the south by the northern line of Walnut street for the extension of Capitol Park in the city of Harrisburg and for the acquiring taking and condemnation of the real estate in connection therewith and within said boundaries and for the demolition of the buildings and structures thereon and making an appropriation therefor and also for the expenses and cost in connection therewith"

Payment of the moneys hereby appropriated shall be made in the same manner and shall be subject to the same conditions as prescribed in said act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 68, as follows:

An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River between Herndon and Port Treverton and making an appropriation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Highway Department is authorized and directed to construct a bridge over the Susquehanna River from the village of Herndon Northumberland county to the post village of Port Treverton Snyder county connecting with the State Highways on both sides of the river

The cost of such bridge shall not exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000)

Section 2 To carry out the purpose of this act the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated Payment of the moneys hereby appropriated and the preparation and execution of all contracts shall be subject to such conditions as may be imposed by the Auditor General No part of this appropriation shall be available until it be shown to the satisfaction of the Auditor General that sites for piers abutments and approaches to said bridge have been provided without expenses to the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 168, as follows:

An Act to amend article XIV section one of an act approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one of Article XIV of an act approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commbnwealth" which provides as follows "All contracts relating to city affairs shall be in writing signed and executed in the name of the city by the officer authorized to make the same after due notice and in cases not otherwise directed by law or ordinance such contracts shall be made and entered into by the mayor No contract shall be entered into or executed directly by the city councils or their committees but some officer shall be designated by ordinance to enter into and execute the same All contracts shall be countersigned by the controller and filed and registered by number date and contents in the mayor's office and attested copies furnished to the controller and to the department charged with the work Every contract for public improvements shall be based upon estimate of the whole cost furnished by the proper officer through the department having charge of the improvement and no bid in excess of such estimate shall be accepted Every such contract shall contain a clause that it is subject to the provisions of this act and the liability of the city thereon shall be limited by the amounts which shall have been or may be from time to time appropriated for the same" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows "All contracts relating to city affairs shall be in writing signed and executed in the name of the city by the officer authorized to make the same after due notice and in cases not otherwise directed by law or ordinance such contracts shall be made and entered into by the Mayor No contract shall be entered into or executed directly by the city councils or their committees but some officer shall be designated by ordinance to enter into and execute the same All contracts shall be countersigned by the controller and filed and attested copies furnished to the controller and to the department and registered by number date and contents in the mayor's office charged with the work Every such contract shall contain a clause that it is subject to the provisions of this act and the liability of the city thereon shall be limited by the amounts which shall have been or may be from time to time appropriated for the same"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 619 (House Bill No. 545), as follows:

An Act to supervise the operation of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner Prohibiting discrimination in fixing and collecting fire insurance rates Requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate making bureaus Requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements between companies or other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Insurance Commissioner may address inquiries to any individual association or bureau which is or has been engaged in making rates or estimates for rates for fire insurance upon property in this Commonwealth in relation to the organization maintenance or operation or any other matter connected with its transactions and may require the filing of schedules rates forms rules regulations and such other information as may be required and it shall be the duty of every such individual association or bureau or some officer thereof to promptly make such filing or reply to such inquiries in writing Provided however surveys and completed schedules may be required only upon specific complaint being registered with the Insurance Commissioner on specified risks

Section 2 The Insurance Commissioner shall have power to examine any such rating bureau as often as he deems it expedient to do so and shall do so not less than once every three years A report thereof shall be filed in his office The Insurance Commissioner may waive such examination upon the filing with him of a report of such examination made by some other insurance department or proper supervising officers within such three years A statement with regard to such examinations shall be made in the annual report of the Insurance Commissioner

Section 3 No fire insurance company or other insurer against the risk of fire or lightning nor any rating bureau shall fix or charge any rate for fire insurance upon property in this Commonwealth which discriminates unfairly between risks in the application of like charges and credits or which discriminate unfairly between risks of essentially the same hazards territorial classification and having substantially the same degree of protection against fire

Section 4 Every such company or other insurer shall at least fifteen days in advance of any variation by it from the bureau rate file with the bureau of which it is a member a schedule showing such variations

Section 5 Except as contained in the policy and the usual agreement for other insurance no such insurance company or insurer or rating bureau shall make any contract or agreement with any person insured or to be insured that the whole or any part of any insurance shall be written by or placed with any particular company insurer agent or any group of companies insurers or agents

Section 6 Every fire insurance company or other insurer authorized to effect insurance against the risk of loss or damage by fire or lightning in this Commonwealth shall maintain or be a member of a rating bureau No such insurer shall be a member of more than one rating bureau for the purpose of rating the same risk

Section 7 A rating bureau may consist of one or more insurers and when consisting of two or more insurers shall admit to membership any fire insurance company authorized to do business within this Commonwealth applying therefor who shall agree to abide by the rules and regulations of such association or bureau The expenses of the bureau shall be shared in proportion to the gross premiums received in this Commonwealth by each member during the preceding year to which may be added a reasonable annual fee which shall not exceed fifty ($50.00) dollars

Section 8 Every fire insurance company or other insurer aforesaid shall in its annual application for license specify each rating bureau making rates upon property located within this Commonwealth of which it is a member and during the year file written notice of any other such rating bureaus of which it shall become a member

Section 9 Every rating bureau engaged in making rates or estimates for rates for fire insurance on property in this Commonwealth shall inspect every risk specifically rated by it upon schedule and make a written survey of such risk which shall be filed as a permanent record in the office of such bureau A copy of such survey shall be furnished to the owner or his authorized agent upon request

Section 10 No fire insurance company or any other insurer and no rating bureau or any representative of any fire insurance company or other insurer or rating bureau shall enter into or act upon any agreement with regard to the making fixing or collecting of any rate for fire insurance upon property within this Commonwealth except in compliance with this act

Section 11 Any such agreement may be made and enforced provided the same be not contrary to prohibitions conforming to law and practice of this Commonwealth and be in writing and prior to its taking effect a copy thereof be filed with the Insurance Commissioner and with each rating bureau of which any of the parties thereto shall be a member or subscriber

Section 12 The Insurance Commissioner may after due notice and hearing upon complaint or upon his own motion make an order disapproving any such agreement or any part of such agreement No such agreement shall be in force nor shall any rights be based thereon after service of a copy of such order upon each of the parties to such agreement and upon each bureau with which such agreement is required to be filed Service may be made by mail and shall be completed upon the expiration of a reasonable time for transmission fixed in such order The action of the Insurance Commissioner in making or refusing to make any such order shall be subject to summary review before a court of competent jurisdiction of this Commonwealth The provisions of this act shall not apply to mutual insurance companies doing business without purpose of profit

Section 13 All acts or parts of acts insofar as the same are inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 619 (House Bill No. 545), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Insurance for further consideration.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 676 (House Bill No. 889), entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 685, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the granting of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile' approved June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established and for attachment of such will to letters of administration granted in the case" by providing for the issuance of letters testamentary to the executor named in such will in the same manner and form as if such supposed decedent were actually dead

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the granting of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile' approved June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established and for attachment of such will to letters of administration granted in the case" which reads as follows

"Section 3 Upon the return of the writ of citation if the register of wills shall be satisfied from all the evidence that may be adduced that the proposed will was in fact the last will and testament left by the decedent before his departure or disappearance from his residence the said will shall be admitted to probate as if the testator were in fact dead and a certificate of said will shall be directed to the administrator and attached to the letters of administration theretofore issued or to a certified copy of such letters and thereafter the administrator shall execute the said will according to its terms and all property of the decedent shall be vested as provided by said will in the several legatees and devises named therein Provided That nothing herein shall prevent the orphans' court from revoking the said letters as provided in the act to which this is a supplement upon satisfactory proof that the supposed decedent is in fact alive after which revocation the powers of the administrator and the rights of the legatees and devisees under said will shall cease and all receipts and disbursements of assets and other acts previously done by them shall remain as valid as if the said letters were unrevoked and providing that legatees and devisees may be called upon at any time by the supposed decedent to account for any property which they may have received remaining in their hands exactly as in the act to which this is a supplement the administrator may be called upon to account for such property or assets And provided further That if upon probate of the last will and testament of the decedent it appears that an executor is named in the will the letters of administration granted to such administrator by the register of wills shall be revoked and letters of administration shall be issued in due form of law to the executor named in said last will and testament" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 3 Upon the return of the writ of citation if the register of wills shall be satisfied from all the evidence that may be adduced that the proposed will was in fact the last will and testament left by the decedent before his departure or disappearance from his residence the said will shall be admitted to probate as if the testator were in fact dead and a certificate of said will shall be directed to the administrator and attached to the letters of administration theretofore issued or to a certified copy of such letters and thereafter the administrator shall execute the said will according to its terms and all property of the decedent shall be vested as provided by said will in the several legatees and devisees named therein Provided That nothing herein shall prevent the orphans' court from revoking the said letters as provided in the act to which this is a supplement upon satisfactory proof that the supposed decedent is in fact alive after which revocation the powers of the administrator and the rights of the legatees and devisees under said will shall cease and all receipts and disbursements of assets and other acts previously done by them shall remain as valid as if the said letters were unrevoked and providing that legatees and devisees may be called upon at any time by the supposed decedent to account for any property which they hay have received remaining in their hands exactly as in the act to which this is a supplement the administrator may be called upon to account for such property or assets And provided further That if upon probate of the last will and testament of the decedent it appears that an executor is named in the will the letters of administration granted to such administrator by the register of wills shall be revoked and letters testamentary shall be issued to the executor named in said last will in the same manner and form as if the said supposed decedent were actually dead"

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KURTZ: Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 31, by striking out "legateees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "legatees"; also in line 38, by striking out "exactely" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "exactly"

Mr. CATLIN: Mr President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the granting of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile approved June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established and for attachment of such will to letters of administration granted in the case" by providing for the issuance of letters testamentary to the executor named in such will in the same manner and form as if such supposed decedent were actually dead

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 686, as follows:

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act relating to the grant of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five by authorizing the several orphan's courts of this Commonwealth to accept refunding bonds from the distributees without sureties in certain cases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of an act aproved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to the grant of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile" which reads as follows

"Section 5 The orphan's court may revoke the said letters at any time on due and satisfactory proof that the supposed decedent is in fact alive after which revocation all the powers of the administrators shall cease but all receipts or disbursements of assets and other acts previously done by him shall remain as valid as if the said letters were unrevoked and the administrator shall settle an account of his administration down to the time of such revocation and shall transfer all assets remaining in his hands to the person as whose administrator he had acted or to his duly authorized agent or attorney Provided Nothing in this act contained shall validate the title of any person to any money or property received as widow next of kin or heir of such suposed decedent but the same may be recovered from such person in all cases in which such recovery would be had if this act had not been passed

Provided further That before any distribution of the proceeds of the estate of such supposed decedent the persons entitled to receive the same shall respectively give sufficient real personal security to be approved of by the orphans' court having jurisdiction in such sum and form as the court shall direct with condition that if the said supposed decedent shall in fact be at the time alive they will respectively refund the amounts received by each on demand with interest thereon but if the person or persons entitled to receive the same is or are unable to give the security aforesaid then the money shall be put at interest on security approved by said court which interest is to be paid annually to the person entitled to it and the money to remain at interest until the security aforesaid is given or the orphans' court on application shall order it to be paid to the person or persons entitled to it" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The orphans' court may revoke the said letters at any time on due and satisfactory proof that the supposed decedent is in fact alive after which revocation all the powers of the administrator shall cease but all receipts or disbursements of assets and other acts previously done by him shall remain as valid as if the said letters were unrevoked and the administrator shall settle an account of his administration down to the time of such revocation and shall transfer all assets remaining in his hands to the person as whose administrator he had acted or to his duly authorized agent or attorney Provided Nothing in this act contained shall validate the title of any person to any money or property received as widow next of kin or heir of such supposed decedent but the same may be recovered from such person in all cases in which such recovery would be had if this act had not been passed

Provided further That before any distribution of the proceeds of the estate of such supposed decedent the persons entitled to receive the same shall respectively give sufficient real personal security to be approved of by the orphans' court having jurisdiction in such sum and form as the court shall direct with condition that if the said supposed decedent shall in fact be at the time alive they will respectively refund the amounts received by each on demand with interest thereon but if the person or persons entitled to receive the same is or are unable to give the security aforesaid then the money shall be put at interest on security approved by said court which interest is to be paid annually to the person entitled to it and the money to remain at interest until the security aforesaid is given or the orphans' court on application shall order it to be paid to the person or persons entitled to it

Provided further however That if the said orphans' court shall be satisfied from the evidence adduced at the hearing to have the supposed decedent declared legally dead that there is no likelihood of his being still alive then the said court may at its discretion acept refunding bonds from the distributees of the supposed decedent's estate without requiring sureties thereon

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 708, as follows:

An Act making incompatible the offices of councilmen in municipalities and school directors

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a member of council in any municipality shall not be eligible to the office of school director A school director shall not be eligible to the office of member of council in any municipality

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 718 (House Bill No. 962), as follows:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander brought in any court of common pleas the procedure shall be as herein provided

THE PLEADINGS GENERALLY

Section 2 The pleadings shall consist of the plaintiff's statement of claim the defendant's affidavit of defense and where a set-off or counter-claim is pleaded the plaintiff's reply thereto When the affidavit of defense or where a set-off or counter-claim is pleaded the plaintiff's

reply thereto is filed the pleadings shall be closed the case shall be deemed to be at issue and no replication or formal joinder of issue shall be required

Section 3 Pleas in abatement pleas of the general issue payment payment with leave set-off the bar of the statute of limitations and all other pleas are abolished Defences heretofore raised by these pleas shall be made in the affidavit of defence

Section 4 Demurrers are abolished Questions of law heretofore raised by demurrer shall be raised in the affidavit of defence as provided in section twenty

Section 5 Every pleading shall contain and contain only a statement in a concise and summary form of the material facts on which the party pleading relies for his claim or defence as the case may be but not the evidence by which they are to be proved or inferences or conclusions of law and shall be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively each of which shall contain but one material allegation Every pleading shall have attached to it copies of all notes contracts book entries or a particular reference to the records of any court within the county in which the action is brought if any upon which the party pleading relies for his claim or defence as the case may be and a particular reference to such record or to the record of any deed or mortgage or other instrument of writing recorded in such county shall be sufficient in lieu of a copy thereof

Section 6 Every allegation of fact in the plaintiff's statement of claim or in the defendant's set-off or counter claim if not denied specifically or by necessary implication in the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply as the case may be or if no affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply be filed shall be taken to be admitted except as against an infant a person of unsound mind or one sued in a representative capacity as provided in section seven and except as provided in section thirteen

Section 7 When the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply is made by an executor administrator guardian committee or other person acting in a representative capacity he need only state the facts he admits to be true and that he believes there is a just and legal defence to the remainder and the facts upon which he bases his belief

Section 8 It shall not be sufficient for a defendant in his affidavit of defence to deny generally the allegations of the statement of claim or for a plaintiff in his reply to deny generally the allegations of a set-off or counter-claim but each party shall answer specifically each allegation of fact of which he does not admit the truth except as provided in sections seven and thirteen

STATEMENT OF CLAIM

Section 9 The statement of claim shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit In actions on contracts it shall state whether the contract was oral or in writing It shall be sworn to by the plaintiff of some person having knowledge of the facts and if there be an attorney shall be signed by his attorney

Section 10 The statement of claim shall be endorsed as follows

"To the within defendant

"You are required to file an affidavit of defence to this statement of claim within fifteen days from the service thereof

This notice shall be followed by the name of the plaintiff's attorney or by his own name if he sues in person and an address within the county where all papers are to be served

Section 11 If the plaintiff avers that the defendant has received moneys as agent trustee or in any other capacity for which he is bound to account to the plaintiff or if the plaintiff is unable to state the exact amount due him by the defendant by reason of the defendant's failure to account to him the plaintiff may ask for an account

AFFIDAVIT OF DEFENCE

Section 12 The defendant shall file an affidavit of defence to the statement of claim within fifteen days from the day when the statement was served upon him The affidavit of defence shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit It shall be sworn to by the defendant or some person having knowledge of the facts It shall be served upon the plaintiff or his attorney at the address for the service of papers indorsed on the statement of claim and shall be indorsed with the name of the defendant's attorney or of the defendant if he defends in person and an address within the county where all papers are to be served

Section 13 In actions of trespass the averments in the statement of the person by whom the act was committed the agency or employment of such person the ownership or possession of the vehicle machinery property or instrumentality involved and all similar averments if not denied shall be taken to be admitted in accordance with section six the averments of the other facts on which the plaintiff relies to establish liability and averments relating to damages claimed or their amount need not be answered or denied but shall be deemed to be put in issue in all cases unless expressly admitted

SET-OFF AND COUNTER-CLAIM

Section 14 In actions of assumpsit a defendant may set off or set up by way of counter-claim against the claim of the plaintiff any right or claim for which an action of assumpsit would lie and a verdict may be rendered in his favor for the amount found to be due and judgment entered thereon. If in any case in which the defendant sets up a counter-claim the action of the plaintiff is discontinued dismissed or a voluntary non-suit suffered the counter-claim nevertheless may be proceeded with

PLAINTIFF'S REPLY

Section 15 When the defendant in his affidavit of defence sets up a set-off or counter-claim against the plaintiff the plaintiff within fifteen days from the day of service of the affidavit of defence upon him shall file an answer underoath which shall be called "Plaintiff's Reply" which shall be served upon the defendant or his attorney at the address for the service of papers indorsed on the affidavit of defence In such cases the affidavit of defence shall be indorsed as follows

"To the within plaintiff

"You are required to file a reply to the within set-off (or counterclaim as the case may be) within fifteen days from the service thereof

The set-off or counter-claim shall be regarded as the defendant's statement of claim and the plaintiff's reply as an affidavit of defence thereto

Section 16 Neither party shall be permitted at the trial to make any defence which is not set forth in the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply as the case may be except as provided in sections seven and thirteen

MOTION FOR JUDGMENT

Section 17 In actions of assumpsit the prothonotary may enter judgment for want of an affidavit of defence or for any amount admitted or not denied to be due The plaintiff may take a rule for judgment for want of a sufficient affidavit of defence to the whole or any part of his claim and the court shall enter judgment or discharge the rule as justice may require When the defendant sets up a set-off or counter-claim he may move for judgment against the plaintiff for want of a reply or for want of a sufficient reply to the whole or any part of the set-off or counter-claim and the court may enter judgment in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant for such amount as shall be found due with leave to proceed for the balance

Section 18 In actions of trespass when the defendant fails to file an affidavit of defence within the required time the case shall be deemed to be at issue and may be ordered upon the trial list

Section 19 When the plaintiff asks for an account and moves for judgment for want of an affidavit of defence or for want of a sufficient affidavit of defence the court may enter an order for an account which may be enforced by attachment or otherwise and judgment may be entered for the amount shown to be due in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant

PROCEEDINGS IN LIEU OF DEMURRER

Section 20 The defendant in the affidavit of defence may raise any question of law without answering the averments of fact in the statement of claim and any question of law so raised may be set down for hearing and disposed of by the court If in the opinion of the court the decision of such question of law disposes of the whole or any part of the claim the court may enter judgment for the defendant or make such other order as may be just If the court shall decide the question of law so raised against the defendant he may file a supplemental affidavid of defence to the averments of facts of the statement within fifteen days

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 21 The court upon motion may strike from the record a pleading which does not conform to the provisions of this act and may allow an amendment or a new pleading to be filed upon such terms as it may direct

Section 22 The court in its discretion upon motion and notice to the opposite party or his attorney may extend the time fixed by this act for the filing or service of any pleading

Section 23 The courts of common pleas shall make such rules as they deem advisable for the proper enforcement of this act

Section 24 This act may be cited as "Practice Act nineteen fifteen"

Section 25 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions hereof are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 739, as follows:

An Act relating to real estate brokers or agents and providing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in the buying or selling or renting of real estate or collecting rent thereupon or in negotiating loans upon real estate security it shall be unlawful for any real estate broker or agent to allow or pay any brokerage or commission or anything of value in the nature of brokerage or commission to any person who is not a licensed real estate broker or agent in the county and who has not paid the license tax as such

Section 2 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of section one of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or in default of payment thereof shall be sentenced to undergo imprisonment not exceeding thirty days

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 755, as follows:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the State Board of Education to inquire into and report to the Governor upon the advisability and desirability of the erection at Harrisburg by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a suitable building for the use of educational departments and interest of the State Government which building shall also serve as a memorial to the founders of the Public School System and former distinguished educators of the Commonwealth and authorizing the State Board of Education to expend out of any moneys appropriated to it at the Legislative Session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen such sum or sums as may be necessary to secure preliminary plans and designs not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met that upon the approval of this resolution by the Governor the State Board of Education shall inquire into and report to the Governor on or before the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen upon the advisability and desirability of the erection at Harrisburg by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a suitable building for the use of the educational departments and interests of the State Government which building shall also serve as a memorial to the founders of the public school system and former distinguished educators of this Commonwealth If the report of said State Board of Education be in favor of the erection of such building and the Governor shall approve the same then the said State Board of Education is authorized to prepare or have prepared the necessary preliminary plans and designs for such building to the end that said plans and designs may be submitted to the Governor and to the next session of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 2 For the purpose of securing the said plans or designs the said State Board of Education is hereby authorized to expend out of any moneys appropriated to it at the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen such sum or sums not exceeding in the aggregate five thousand dolars as may be necessary and if the said State Board of Education deem it advisable so to do it is hereby authorized to offer such portion of said sum of five thousand dollars as it may consider expedient as a prize to be paid under such rules and regulations as it may prescribe to architects residing in Pennsylvania competing for the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 784, as follows:

An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received for recording and exemplifying deeds and other writings in this Commonwealth in counties containing a population from two hundred fifty thousand to five hundred thousand

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fees to be received by the recorder of deeds for recording and exemplifying deeds and other writings in this Commonwealth in counties containing a population from two hundred fifty thousand to five hundred thousand shall be the same as hereinafter ascertained and appointed

Section 2 For recording and exemplifying deeds and other writings for every six words one cent

For recording and exemplifying deeds and other writings the minimum rate for recording same shall be two dollars

For recording and exemplifying deeds mortgages and other writings with more than four names to be indexed the rate to be charged shall be ten cents extra for each additional name

For indexing the first description or parcel of land fifteen cents and for each additional description or parcel ten cents extra

Entering satisfaction thirty cents certificates thirty cents

Taking acknowledgment of a deed or other writing each person twenty-five cents

That the fees hereinbefore enumerated shall be exclusive of any state tax now levied or that may hereafter be levied

All fees for services to be performed under this act shall be considered due and payable to the officer in advance by the party requiring the service

Section 3 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 793, as follows:

An Act providing for watchers male and female at elections where constitutional amendments are submitted extending right of suffrage and imposing duties on election officers and county commissioners and providing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when at any election there is submitted to the electors of Pennsylvania for adoption or rejection a proposed amendment to the State Constitution extending to females the right of suffrage each county chairman of the State body organization association club or society advocating the adoption of the amendment shall be entitled to appoint two watchers and each county chairman of the State body organization association club or society opposing the adoption of the amendment shall be entitled to appoint two watchers in each election district The watchers may be qualified electors or adult women residents of the election district

Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners stating his or her name the district in which he or she is authorized to act and the name of the body association club or society appointing him or her and shall have the right to remain in the room outside of the enclosed space Watchers shall be required to show their certificates when requested to do so

Section 2 It is unlawful for any person

(a) Being an election officer officiating at an election to refuse to permit any such watcher to be present at provided in section one of this act

(b) To threaten or drive away or attempt to drive away from the polling-place any such watcher

Section 3 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof such person shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both in the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 810, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act to establish a Department of Mines in Pennsylvania defining its purposes and authority providing for the appointment of a Chief of said Department and assistants and fixing their salaries and expenses"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a Department of Mines in Pennsylvania defining its purposes and authority providing for the appointment of a Chief of said department and assistants and fixing their salaries and expenses" which reads as follows

"Section 2 The chief officer of this department shall be denominated Chief of the Department of Mines and shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate within thirty days after the final passage of this act and every four years thereafter who shall be commissioned by the Governor to serve a term of four years from the date of his appointment and until his successor is duly qualified and shall receive an annual salary of four thousand dollars and traveling expenses and in case of a vacancy in the office of Chief of said Department by reason of death resignation or otherwise the Governor shall appoint a qualified person to fill such vacancy for the unexpired balance of the term" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The chief officer of this Department shall be denominated Chief of the Department of Mines and shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate within thirty days after the final passage of this act and every four years thereafter who shall be commissioned by the Governor to serve a term of four years from the date of his appointment and until his successor is duly qualified and shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars and traveling expenses and in case of a vacancy in the office of Chief of said Department by reason of death resignation or otherwise the Governor shall appoint a qualified person to fill such vacancy for the unexpired balance of the term

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 883 (House Bill No. 806), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 888 (House Bill No. 1175), entitled:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne county to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 891 (House Bill No. 1181), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 892 (House Bill No. 970), entitled:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also section four five twelve thirteen twenty twenty-two thirty thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the Fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paragraph of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 897 (House Bill No. 437), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate owner by said decedent at the date of his death

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 909 (House Bill No. 1202), entitled:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registrations of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 924 (House Bill No. 662), on second reading, entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Northampton, Mr. Hackett.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Northampton, Mr. Hackett, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I would like to know the purpose for this bill being referred back to committee.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, for further consideration.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I would like to withdraw my second; I made the second under a misapprehension.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, this is for the purpose of a hearing.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 934, entitled:

An Act providing a method of establishing title to land acquired at a sale for unpaid taxes or municipal claims

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where land has been heretofore sold by the sheriff for unpaid taxes or municipal claims under any acts or acts of Assembly the purchaser (including a municipality in case it be the purchaser) at such sale or his or its successor in title may present his or its petition under oath to the court of common pleas of the county wherein the land is situate setting forth (a) the location of the lands by metes and bounds or if it be in a recorded plan of lots the plan number of the lot and the place of record of the plan (b) the names of the former owners reputed owners persons in possession or any other person having or claiming to have a right to interest in or claim against said land if any there be and (c) that upon diligent inquiry no person has been found who has or claims to have any right title or interest in or claim against said land unless it be those named in the petition Thereupon a rule shall be granted upon the persons named in the petition and upon any other person or persons who have any right title or interest in or claim against the said land to appear within sixty days from service of the rule and show cause why the title of the petitioner to said land should not be adjudicated and decreed valid and indefeasible as against all right for claims whatsoever The rule may be made returnable to such term or return day as may be fixed by the court and shall be entered of record in the appearance docket of said court and duly indexed therein and also in the ejectment index of said court As to persons domiciled within the county the rule shall be served and returned as writs of summons are served and returned As to those persons who do not have their domicile within the county in which the rule is issued or those whose domicile is outside the State the rule may be served by mailing a true and attested copy of the petition and rule by registered letter to his or their last known address if any

In addition thereto the court shall direct that notice by one advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the land is situate be given to all persons including those named in the petition to appear on or before the return day of the rule and show cause why the title of the petitioner should not be adjudicated and decreed valid and indefeasible as against all rights or claims whatsoever The advertisement shall be made at least sixty days before the return day of the said rule

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move to amend the section in line 5 by inserting before the word "for" the words "on claims;" also by striking out the word "acts" where it first occurs and inserting in lieu thereof the word "act;" also in line 19 by inserting before the word "upon" the word "generally;" also by striking out the word "any" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "all;" also by striking out the words "person or;" also by inserting after the word "persons" the words "not named in the petition;" also in line 20 by inserting after the word "have" the words "or claim to have."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 In case no person or persons shall appear within the time hereinbefore stipulated or in case he shall appear and does not make answer to said rule within fifteen days after appearance the court shall make the rule absolute as to all persons who do not appear or answer as the case may be Thereafter all rights and claims of those against whom the rule is made absolute with respect to said land shall be totally barred and any deficiency or defects in procedure whatever shall not thereafter be asserted and the title of the petitioner shall be adjudicated and decreed valid and indefeasible as against all such persons If any person or persons shall appear and make answer to said petition the court shall thereupon order and decree that such person or persons shall begin proceedings to establish his or their title or interest in or claim against said land within ninety days thereafter and if such person or persons shall fail to comply with said order or decree the court shall thereupon make the rule absolute with the same force and effect as hereinbefore stated

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move to amend the section, in line 8, by striking out the words "in procedure whatever" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "whatever in the procedure whereby the land was acquired at sheriff's sale as aforesaid from the filing of the claim up to and including the actual sale."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth, fifth and sixth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 3 The court may make such other or further orders or decrees in the premises as it may deem necessary or proper

Section 4 The remedy herein provided is not intended as an exclusive method of establishing title to land acquired at a sheriff's sale on a tax claim or municipal claim

Section 5 The provisions of this act shall not affect the right of redemption as now provided by law

Section 6 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act providing a method of establishing title to land acquired at a sale for unpaid taxes or municipal claims

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 948 (House Bill No. 1239), entitled:

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 966, as follows:

An Act amending section one of an act entitled "An Act amending section seven of an act entitled 'An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children' approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five providing that married men or women in case of drunkenness or profligacy of husbands or wives may consent to the adoption of their children" approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one of an act entitled "An Act amending section seven of an act entitled 'An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children' approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five providing that married men or women in cases of drunkenness or profligacy of husbands or wives may consent to the adoption of their children" approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty seven which reads as follows

Section 7 That it shall be lawful for any person desirous of adopting any child as his or her heir or as one of his or her heirs to present his or here petition to such court in the county where he or she may be resident declaring such desire and that he or she will perform all the duties of a parent to such child and such court if satisfied that the welfare of such child will be promoted by such adoption may with the consent of the parents or surviving parent or such child or if the mother or father from drunkenness profligacy or other cause shall have neglected or refused to provide for his or her child or children for the period of one year or upawrds proven to the court with the consent of the non-neglecting father or mother alone or if none of the next friend of such child or of the guardians or overseers of the poor or of such charitable institution as shall have supported such child for at least one year decree that such child shall assume the name of the adopting parent and have all the rights of a child and heir of such adopting parent and be subject to the duties of such child of which the record of the court shall be sufficient evidence Provided That if such adoption parent shall have other children the adopted shall share inheritance only as one of them in case of intestacy and he she or they shall respectively inherit from and through each other as if all had been the lawful children of the same parent be amended so as to read as follows

Section 7 That it shall be lawful for any person desirous of adopting any child as his or her heir or as one of his or her heirs to present his or her petition to such court in the county where her or she may be a resident declaring such desire and that he or she will perform all the duties of a parent to such child and such court if satisfied that the welfare of such child will be promoted by such adoption may with the consent of the parents or surviving parent of such child or if the father or mother from drunkenness profligacy or other cause shall have neglected or refused to provide for his or her child or children for the period of one year or upwards proven to the court with the consent of the non-neglecting father or mother alone or if none of the next friend of such child or the guardians or overseeers of the poor or of such charitable institution as shall have scupported such child for at least one year decree that such child shall assume the name of the adopting parent and be subject to the duties of such child "and said adopting parent and said child shall respectively inherit and take by devolution from and through each other personal estate as next of kin and real estate as heirs in fee simple or otherwise under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth as fully as if the person adopted had been born a lawful child of the adopting parent" of which the record of the court shall be sufficient evidence Provided That if such adopting parent shall have other children the adopted shall share inheritance only as one of them in case of intestacy and he or they shall respectively inherit from and through each other as if all had been lawful children of the same parent

Section 2 This act shall apply to all cases now pending where the estate of any decedent has not been actually distributed as well as of all such cases happening after the passage of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 970, as follows:

An Act amending the act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section ten of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" which reads as follows

"Section 10 This act shall go into effect the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Provided however That no penalty shall be enforced for any violation of its provisions as to domestic products prepared or foreign products imported prior to eighteen months after its passage" shall be amended so as to read as follows

Section 10 This act shall go into effect the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Provided however That no penalty shall be enforced for any violation of its provisions as to domestic products prepared or foreign products imported prior to eighteen months after its passage and further that this act shall not apply to the marking of the net quantity of the contents on containers or packages handled sold or offered for sale by wholesalers jobbers or commission merchants

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 983, as follows:

An Act to provide that assessments of damages for the opening or widening of any street or highway in any city or borough or other municipality in this Commonwealth shall include all damages for the opening or widening of the street or highway at the existing confirmed grade of such street or highway

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases of assessment of damages for the opening or widening of any street or highway in any borough city or other municipality in this Commonwealth the award of damages if any shall include all damages due to the grade at which said street or highway is to be opened or widened and the plan attached to the report of the viewers awarding the damages shall have therein a profile plan showing the existing grade as well as the grade to which said street is to be opened and widened

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 984, as follows:

An Act authorizing William C. Dietrich a resident of Indiana Township county of Allegheny to bring suits in the court of common pleas of Allegheny county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That William C. Dietrich a resident of Indiana township county of Allegheny is authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Allegheny county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due the said William C. Dietrich in his own right arising out of certain injuries occurring to him and his property while lawfully driving along State highway route number seventy-two in the county of Allegheny State of Pennsylvania This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 990 (House Bill No. 563), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives friends or representatives of a fraternal society or charitable organization within a reasonable time after death

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 996 (House Bill No. 954) entitled,

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1002, as follows:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to provide at the expense of the county a telephone typewriter and stenographer for the use of the county superintendent of schools

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in each county in the Commonwealth the county superintendent of schools shall be provided at the expense of the county with a telephone a typewriter and a stenographer In counties having more than three hundred teachers in the public schools the stenographer shall be employed by the year In counties having less than three hundred teachers in the public schools the stenographer shall be employed for three day of each week or the equivalent of such time during the year

Section 2 The stenographer shall be chosen by the superintendent and the compensation shall be fixed by the superintendent and county commissioners and shall be paid out of the county treasury

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1009 (House Bill No. 1518), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1012, as follows:

An Act to amend the second third fourth fifth sixth seventh eighth eleventh twelfth and fifteenth sections of an act entitled "An Act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the powers and duties of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants and providing penalties for violations of said act as amended and to repeal the fourteenth section of said act and substitute a new section fourteen therefor providing that said act and this amendment thereto shall not apply to cities having a popuation of five hundred thousand or over

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act entitled "An Act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which now reads as follows

"Section 2 The State Fire Marshal shall appoint a chief assistant fire marshal who shall receive an annual salary of four thousand ($4,000) dollars and a first and second deputy fire marshal each of whom shall receive an annual salary of three thousand ($3,000) dollars each Such assistant and deputy shall also be paid his actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the duties of his office The State Fire Marshal shall also appoint one or more stenographers at an annual salary not to exceed one thousand two hundred ($1,200) dollars each and such other clerks and assistants as may be needed at a cost of not exceeding three ($3) dollars per day each In case of the absence of the State Fire Marshal or his inability for any cause to discharge the duties of his office such duties shall devolve upon the chief assistant fire marshal In case of the absence or inability for any cause of both the State Fire Marshal and chief assistant fire marshal their duties and powers shall devolve upon the first deputy and failing him upon the second deputy" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The State Fire Marshal shall appoint a chief deputy marshal who shall receive an annual salary of four thousand ($4,000) dollars an assistant chief deputy fire marshal who shall receive an annual salary of three thousand ($3,000) dollars and a first second third and fourth special deputy fire marshals who shall each receive an annual salary of three thousand ($3,000) dollars He may also appoint such deputies as may be deemed necessary from time to time not to exceed forty (40) at an annual salary not to exceed fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars and said State Fire Marshal chief deputy assistant chief deputy special deputies and deputies and assistants shall also be paid their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the duties of their offices The State Fire Marshall shall appoint a statistician at an annual salary of twenty-five hundred ($2,500) dollars also a chief clerk at an annual salary of two thousand ($2,000) dollars and he may also appoint one or more stenographers at an annual salary not to exceed twelve hundred ($1,200) dollars each also a messenger at an annual salary of one thousand one hundred dollars also such clerks as the work of the department may require at an annual salary not to exceed fourteen hundred ($1,400) dollars In case of the absence of the State Fire Marshal or his disability for any cause to discharge the duties of his office such duties shall devolve upon the chief deputy fire marshal In the case of the absence or disability for any cause of both the State Fire Marshal and chief deputy marshal their duties shall devolve upon the assistant chief deputy and failing him upon the first special deputy and failing him upon the second special deputy and failing him upon the fourth special deputy fire marshal

Section 2 That the third section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 3 The chief of the fire department in any county city borough township school district or other municipality or incorporated district where such fire department is established or where no such fire department exists the burgess of any borough or president or chairman of the board of supervisors of any township or other municipality or incorporated district shall be by virtue of such office held by them assistants to the State Fire Marshal and subject to the duties and obligations imposed by this act and subject to the directions of the State Fire Marshal in the execution of the provisions hereof The State Fire Marshal may also appoint individual citizens as assistants who shall be subject to the duties and obligations aforesaid and to directions of the State Fire Marshal immediately upon taking office the State Fire Marshal shall prepare instructions to the assistant fire marshals and forms for their use in the reports required by this act and shall cause them to be printed and sent together with a copy of this law to each such officer in the Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The chief of the fire department of any county city borough township or other municipality or incorporated district where such fire department is established or where no such fire department exists the burgess of any borough president or chairman of the board of supervisors of any township or other municipality or incorporated district shall by virtue of such office held by them be assistants to the State Fire Marshal and subject to the duties and obligations imposed by this act and subject to the directions of the State Fire Marshal in the execution of the provisions thereof The State Fire Marshal may also appoint individual citizens as assistants who shall be subject to the duties and obligations aforesaid and to the directions of the State Fire Marshal The State Fire Marshal shall have power to prescribe rules and regulations governing the having using storage sale and keeping of gasoline naphtha kerosene or other substance of like character blasting powder gunpowder dynamite or any explosives or other inflammable or combustible chemical products or substances or materials whatsoever He shall also have power to make rules and regulations requiring the placing of chemical or liquid gas fire extinguishers in garages and other buildings He shall also prepare instructions for the special deputy fire marshals deputy fire marshals and assistant fire marshals and shall prescribe the form and manner in which the reports required by this act shall be made and shall cause such instructions and forms of reports to be printed and sent together with a copy of this act and of the act which this act is an amendment to each officer and assistant having official duties to perform as herein provided

Section 3 That the fourth section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 4 The assistants of the State Fire Marshal shall investigate the cause origin and circumstances of every fire occurring in this State by which life or property has been destroyed damaged or endangered and so far as possible shall determine whether the fire was the result of design or carelessness Such investigation shall be begun immediately upon the occurrence of the fire by the assistant in whose territory it has occurred and if it appears to the assistant making such investigation to be of suspicious origin the State Fire Marshal shall be immediately notified of such fact Every fire occurring in this State shall be reported in writing to the State Fire Marshal within ten days after its occurrence by the assistant in whose jurisdiction it occurred Such report shall be in the form prescribed by the State Fire Marshal and shall contain a statement of all facts relating to the cause and origin of such fire that can be ascertained the extent of damage thereof the insurance upon the property injured or destroyed with such other information as may be required Provided however That the duties to be performed by the assistant fire marshals or any of them may be limited by the State Fire Marshal so as to reasonably accord with their pre-existing public duties" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the aforesaid assistants to the State Fire Marshal and of each of them to investigate the origin cause and other circumstances of every fire by which any property or life has been destroyed damaged or endangered occurring within the territorial limits of their respective counties boroughs townships towns or other municipality or incorporated districts respectively and make every effort to determine whether such fires were of incendiary origin or the result of design carelessness or accident Upon the occurrence of any fire such assistant shall report the same to the State Fire Marshal within ten days of its occurrence and shall begin the investigation thereof and if it appears to the assistant making such investigation to be of such character and origin as shall require thorough and exhaustive investigation he shall immediately notify the State Fire Marshal to that effect and shall under the directions of the State Fire Marshal aid and assist in the making of such investigation The aforesaid reports of the occurrence of any fire shall be made in writing and in the manner and form prescribed by the State Fire Marshal on the blanks furnished by the latter to such assistants for that purpose Such reports shall in every case contain a statement of all the facts relating to the cause of such fire that can be ascertained the extent of the loss and damage to property as well as the loss of life and personal injuries caused thereby or resulting therefrom the amount of insurance upon the property destroyed or damaged and such other information as may be required by the State Fire Marshal Provided however That such assistants shall notify the State Fire Marshal at his office in Harrisburg immediately by telephone or telegraphic message of not more than ten words of the occurrence of any incendiary fire And provided further That the duties hereinabove prescribed to be performed by the said assistant fire marshals or any of them may be limited by the State Fire Marshal at his discretion when requested in writing so to do

Any of the aforesaid deputies or assistants of the State Fire Marshal who shall neglect or refuse to report to the State Fire Marshal or to make reports or investigations of fires as hereinabove prescribed shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding ten days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 4 That the fifth section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 5 The State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants upon the complaint of any person or whenever he or they shall deem it necessary shall inspect the buildings and premises within their jurisdiction Whenever any of the said officers shall find any building or structure which for want of repairs or by reason of age or dilapidated condition or for any other cause is especially liable to fire and so situated as to endanger other property he or they shall order the same to be removed or remedied if the same is reasonably practicable thereby lessening the danger from fire Whenever such officer shall find in any building combustible or explosive matter or inflammable conditions which are in violation of any law or ordinance applicable thereto or are dangerous to the safety of such buildings thereby endangering other property he or they shall order the same to be removed or remedied and such order shall forthwith be complied with by the owner or occupant of such premises or building If such order is made by a deputy or assistant of the State Fire Marshal such owner or occupant may within five days appeal to the State Fire Marshal who shall within ten days review such order and file his decision thereon and unless by his authority the order is revoked or modified it shall remain in full force and be obeyed by such owner or occupant Provided however That any such owner or occupant who feels himself aggrieved by such order may within five days after the same has been affirmed by the State Fire Marshal file his petition with the court of common pleas of the proper county praying a review of such order and it shall be the duty of the court to hear the same at the first convenient day and to make such order in the premises as right and justice may require

Any owner or occupant failing to comply with such order within ten days after said appeal shall have been determined or if no appeal is taken then within twenty days after the service of said order shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each day's neglect thereafter The service of any such order shall be made upon the occupant of the premises to whom it is directed by either delivering a true copy of same to such occupant personally or by delivering the same to and leaving it with any person in charge of the premises or in case no such person is found upon the premises by affixing a copy thereof in a conspicuous place on the door to the entrance of the said premises Whenever it may be necessary to serve such an order upon the owner of premises such order may be served either by delivering to and leaving with the said person a true copy of the said order or if such owner is absent from the jurisdiction of the officer making the order by mailing such copy to the owner's last known post office address The penalties herein provided may be recovered as debts are by law collectible in any courts having jurisdiction of the parties Such action shall be brought in the name of the Commonwealth under the direction of the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants by the Attorney General or by any district attorney or legally constituted law officer of any county city borough township or other municipality who may be designated by the Attorney General or at the option of the Attorney General he may designate any attorney to bring such action" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The State Fire Marshal on his own motion or upon complaint in writing shall inspect any buildings premises or property which in his judgment require inspection The said deputies or assistants shall likewise upon their own motion or upon complaint in writing inspect any buildings premises or property within their respective territories which in their judgment may require inspection and shall make inspection of any buildings premises or property whenever directed by the State Fire Marshal so to do within their respective territories Whenever the State Fire Marshal or any of the said officers shall find any building premises or property which for want of repairs or by reason of age or dilapidated condition defective or poorly installed electric wiring or equipment defective chimneys defective gas connection defective heating apparatus or for any other cause or reason is especially liable to fire or shall find that any building premises or property is so situate as to endanger any other building premises or property said State Fire Marshal or said officer shall order such building or buildings premises or property to be repaired and all dangerous conditions remedied and that such buildings premises or property be placed in a safe condition within such reasonable time as may be specified in said order If said State Fire Marshal or any of said officers shall find in any building or upon any premises any material rubbish rags waste oils naphtha gasoline kerosene blasting powder gunpowder dynamite or any other explosive or highly inflammable combustible substance or shall find any condition whatsoever which endangers the safety as against fire or explosion in such building premises or property he shall order the same removed or the conditions remedied within such reasonable time as may be specified in said order so that the same shall be in a safe condition as against such danger

Whenever the State Fire Marshal or any of the said officers shall find any building or part thereof which for any cause or reason constitutes a fire menace which cannot be removed by repairs to said building or in any other way than by the demolition thereof said State Fire Marshal or said officer shall order said building or any part thereof to be demolished specifying in said order the reason or reasons therefore and specifying a reasonable time within which the work of tearing down and removing said building shall be commenced and prosecuted to completion

All such orders shall be in writing and shall be made and served upon the owner life tenant lessee or bailee of such building premises or property or upon the agent for any of the same either

(a) By handing a true copy to such owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent or

(b) By posting a copy thereof in a conspicuous place on the said building premises or property and mailing a copy thereof to the said owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent whose address is known or can with reasonable diligence be ascertained by said State Fire Marshal or any of said officers making such order In case such address is not known or cannot be ascertained as aforesaid then in lieu of such mailing a copy of said order shall in addition to the above mentioned posting thereof be handed to the responsible occupant or person if any in charge of said building premises or property

Any owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent upon whom any such order may be made or served by any of the aforesaid officers other than the State Fire Marshal may within five days from the service of said initial order appeal to the State Fire Marshal by petition in writing setting forth succintly under oath or affirmation the facts and reasons upon which said appeal is based whereupon the State Fire Marshall forthwith investigate the facts upon which such order was made and the grounds or reason for such appeal and make his final order in writing affirming revoking or modifying the original order appeal from said final order of said State Fire Marshal and any initial orders made by him shall be filed in his office and shall be open to the inspection of the appellant or any person against whom the same may have been made

If the said initial order be affirmed upon such appeal the same shall be and remain in full force against and in all respects be complied with by such owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent named therein within the time therein specified and in the event that such initial order be modified the same shall remain in full force and be in all respects complied with as modified

Any owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent aggrieved by any initial or final order of the State Fire Marshal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the county in which the real or personal property in question is situate within five days after the making and filing of such orders of the State Fire Marshal provided that such owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent shall be a conditon precedent to such right of appeal first give notice in writing to said State Fire Marshal of his intention to take such appeal to said court of common pleas Such notice of intention to appeal shall be given by mailing the same by registered mail to the office of the State Fire Marshal in the City of Harrisburg

Said appeal to said court of common pleas shall be taken by presenting to and filing in said court by the appellant of a petition in writing certified by the oath or affirmative of the appellant setting forth succinctly the facts and reasons upon which said appeal is based and there shall be filed with said appeal proof of service upon the State Fire Marshal in the manner aforesaid of the said notice of intention to take such appeal A copy of such petition shall be mailed by registered mail to the State Fire Marshal at his office in the city of Harrisburg on the same day upon which said petition is presented and filed in said court of common pleas

Upon the presentation of such petition the court shall proceed summarily to hear and determine at a date to be fixed by the court as early as possible the reasonableness and lawfulness of the said final order of the State Fire Marshal appealed from Of the date so fixed for said hearing the said appellant shall give immediate notice in writing by registered mail to the State Fire Marshal at his office in the city of Harrisburg Upon the presentation of said petition the court may in its discretion enter an order superseding the order of the State Fire Marshal appeal from pending the final hearing and judgment of the court upon said appeal upon the appellant filing a bond with surety or sureties approved by said court in such amount not less than one hundred dollars as said court shall direct conditioned as the court may deem proper and direct under the circumstances of the case including however the condition that the appellant shall pay all the costs of such appeal in the event that the same is dismissed

The appellant at the time of the presentation of said petition shall have the right to demand by writing presented and filed with his appeal a trial by jury and if the order of the State Fire Marshal appealed from shall in effect be of such a character that its enforcement would affect any rights of the petitioner concerning the determination of which trial by jury is secured by the Constitution of the Commonwealth the court shall direct an issue to be framed to determine such matters as may be within such right of trial by jury and shall advance said case to the head of the next trial list of said court for final determination Pending such trial by jury and the final judgment thereon the court may enter on order superseding the said order of the State Fire Marshal appealed from in the same manner as is herein provided in cases where no trial by jury is demanded and in the event that trial by jury is not demanded at the time and in the manner aforesaid the court shall proceed summarily to hear and determine said appeal at a date as early as possible

The judgment of said court of common pleas upon said appeal affirming modifying or revoking the order of the State Fire Marshal appealed from shall be final and in the event that said judgment is against the appellant or in the event that said appeal be dismissed for any cause judgment for costs shall be entered against the appellant

Any owner life tenant lessee or bailee against and upon whom or against or upon whose agent any initial or final order of the State Fire Marshal or any order of the officers aforesaid shall have been made and served as aforesaid who shall neglect fail or refuse to comply with the terms of such order within thirty day after the service thereof or in the event that an appeal be taken as herein provided them within thirty days after the final order of the State Fire Marshal or the final judgment of the court of common pleas as the case may be shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dolars for each day's neglect or to be imprisoned in the county jail of the proper county for a period not exceeding thirty days or both or either at the discretion of the court

In case any initial or final order shall direct the repair of any building or part thereof or the removal of any building or part thereof and the owner or owners shall fail neglect or refuse to comply with such order then the State Fire Marshal is authorized and empowered to cause such building to be repaired or demolished and the materials removed as the case may be at the expense of the owner or owners The initial expense of such repairs or removal shall be paid by the State Fire Marshal out of funds appropriated for such purposes and if the owner or owners shall thereafter fail neglect or refuse to pay the costs and expenses thus incurred into the State Treasury within thirty days from the receipt of notice of the amount thereof said State Fire Marshal shall forwith certify said costs and expenses together with twenty–five per centum penalty thereon to the prothonotary of the county in which said real estate is situate for entry as a lien against the property in question and such lien shall have priority to and be fully paid and satisfied out of the proceeds of any judicial sale of said property before any other obligation judgment claim lien or estate with which said property may become charged or for which it may become liable save and except only the costs of the sale and of the writ upon which it is made Said lien shall be revived and collected as municipal liens are now by law revived and collected and when the amount of said lien penalty and costs has been paid to the State Fire Marshal he shall cause such lien to be satisfied of record and proceeds paid into the treasury of this Commonwealth

Section 5 That the sixth section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 6 The State Fire Marshal or his deputies in addition to the investigation made by any of the assistants may at any time investigate the origin or circumstances of any fire occuring in this Commonwealth The State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants shall have the power to summon witnesses and compel them to attend before them or either of them to testify in relation to any matter which is by the provisions of this act a subject of inquiry and investigation and may reguire the production of any books papers or documents deemed pertinent or necessary to the inquiry and shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations to any person appearing as a witness before them Such examination may be public or private as the officers conducting the investigation may determine

No person shall be excused from attending before the said Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants when summoned so to attend nor when ordered so to do shall he be excused from testifying or producing any books papers or documents before such officer upon any investigation proceeding or inquiry instituted under the provisions of this act upon the ground or for the reason that the testimony or the evidence documentary or otherwise required of him may tend to convict him of a crime or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to a penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he may have been required so to testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise and no testimony so given or produced shall be received against him upon any criminal investigation or proceeding If after any such examination the State Fire Marshal or or any of his deputies or assistants is of the opinion that the facts in relation to such fire indicate that a crime has been committed he shall present the testimony taken on such examination together with any other data in his possession to the district attorney of the proper county with the request that he institute such criminal proceedings as such testimony or data may warrant

The State Fire Marshal or his deputies or his assistants may at all reasonable hours enter any building or premises within his or their jurisdiction for the purpose of making an inspection which under the provisions of this act he or they may deem necessary to be made" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 The State Fire Marshal or his deputies in addition to any investigation made by any of the assistants may at any time investigate the origin or circumstances of any fire occurring in this Commonwealth The State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants shall have the power to summon witnesses and compel them to attend before them or either of them and to testify in relation to any matter which is by the provisions of this act a subject of inquiry and investigation and may require the production of any books papers or documents deemed pertinent or necessary to the inquiry and shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmation to any person appearing as a witness before them Such examination may be public or private as the officers conducting the investigation may determine and persons other than those required to be present may be excluded from the place where such examination is held and witnesses may be kept separate and apart from each other and not allowed to communicated with each other until they have been examined and false swearing in any matter aforesaid shall be deemed perjury and prosecuted as such

No person shall be excused from attending before the said State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants when summoned so to attend nor when ordered so to do shall he be excused from testifying or producing any books papers or documents before such officer upon any investigation proceeding or inquiry instituted under the provisions of this act upon the ground or for the reason that the testimony or the evidence documentary or otherwise required of him tend to convict him of a crime or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture but no person shall be prosecuted or subject to a penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he may have been required so to testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise and no testimony so given or produced shall be received against him upon any criminal investigation or proceeding If after any such examination the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants is of the opinion that the facts in relation to such fire indicate that a crime has been committed he shall present the testimony taken on such examination together with any other data in his possession to the district attorney of the proper county who shall institute such criminal proceedings as such testimony or data may warrant

Each witness who shall appear at any such investigation in compliance with a notice to attend shall be entitled to receive from the Commonwealth through the said State Fire Marshal such fees and milage as are naf allowed by law to witnesses in courts of record of this Commonwealth

If after any examination the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants shall be of the opinion that the facts in relation to such fire indicate that the same has been of incendiary origin the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants shall be and are hereby authorized and empowered to arrest without warrant any person or persons whose guilt of arson may be indicated by the evidence in the possession of the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants

In the event of such an arrest the person or persons so arrested shall be forthwith taken before a justice of the peace alderman or magistrate of the county in which said crime is alleged to have been committed and an information there made against said person or persons which information shall be proceeded with according to law

Any constable who shall refuse or neglect to execute any warrant of the Fire Marshal his deptuy or assistants directed to him for the arrest of any person or persons on the charge of arson or any person or persons who shall wilfully hinder or obstruct the Fire Marshal his deputy or assistants in the performance of their duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred ($100.00) dollars and imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding one year or both at the discretion of the court

The State Fire Marshal may at his discretion employ from time to time one or more competent attorneys to represent the Commonwealth in any investigation hearing or trial instituted or conducted at the instance of said State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants He may also employ detectives when in his opinion it becomes necessary so to do Such attorneys and detectives shall receive such compensation as may be fixed by the State Fire Marshal to be paid out of the funds appropriated to the State Fire Marshal for such purpose

The State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants may at all reasonable hours enter any building or premises within his or their jurisdiction for the purpose of making any inspection he or they may deem necessary in order to carry into effect the provisions of this act and any owner life tenant or lessee of said premises or any agent or representative of any of the same in possession thereof who refuses permission for such inspection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00) or undergo an imprisonment not exceeding thirty days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 6 That the seventh section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 7 Any witness who refuses to obey a summons of the State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants or who refuses to be sworn or to testify or who disobeys any lawful order of the State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants in relation to any investigation instituted by him or them or who fails or refuses to produce any books papers or documents touching any matter under investigation or examination or who is guilty of any contempt after being summoned to appear before him or either of them to give testimony in relation to any matter or subject under examination or investigation as aforesaid may be punished as for contempt of court For this purpose application may be made to any court within whose jurisdiction the contempt in question took place and for which purpose the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth are hereby given jurisdiction be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 Any person who shall refuse to obey a summons or notice of the State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants to appear and testify or who when duly notified shall refuse to be sworn or to testify in relation to any investigation instituted by him or them or who shall fail or refuse to produce any books papers or documents touching any matter under investigation or examination shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200.00) or to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months either or both at the discretion of the court

Section 7 That the eighth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 That State Fire Marshal shall keep in his office all records which may be sent him in accordance with the law relative to the physical condition of buildings whether the laws and ordinances have been complied with so far as the same relates to fire protection records of application for fire insurance upon any buildings or other information relating thereto which may be sent him in compliance with law and shall also keep a record of all fires occurring in this State and of all the facts concerning the same including statistics as to the extent of such fires and the damage caused thereby and whether such losses were covered by insurance and if so in what amount Such records shall be made daily from the reports made to him by his assistants under the provisions of this act All such records shall be public except that any testimony taken in investigation under the provisions of this act may be withheld from the public at the discretion of the State Fire Marshal

It shall be the duty of the State Fire Marshal to prepare blank forms for the furnishing of information by owners or occupants of buildings throughout the Commonwealth of the condition of such buildings with regard to fire protection The said blank shall contain notice of such property owners or occupiers of proper rules and regulations to minimize the danger of fire and to suppress fire waste and shall contain certain questions requesting information of a definite character to show the conditions of the buildings as aforesaid These blanks forms shall be furnished by the fire marshal to officers whose duty it is to receipt for taxes on real property in every part of the Commonwealth to be given by them to property owners together with their tax bills (two forms for each property) with the requirements that one properly filled out be forwarded to the State Fire Marshal at once for filing among the records of his office and that the other be so forwarded six months thereafter" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 The State Fire Marshal shall keep and preserve in his office a record of all fires occurring in this Commonwealth and of all the facts concerning the same which to the State Fire Marshal shall seem pertinent and important including however in all cases statistics showing the extent of such fires and the damage caused thereby and whether such losses were covered by insurance and if so in what amount Such records shall be made daily from the reports made to him by his assistants under the provisions of this act All such records shall be public except that any testimony taken in investigations conducted by the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants under the provisions of this act may at the discretion of the State Fire Marshal be withheld from the public

Section 8 That the eleventh section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 11 The State Fire Marshal shall make an annual report to the Governor of the Commonwealth on or before the first day of February of each year setting forth a full report of the work of his office during the preceding calendar year including such statistics as he may desire to include therein He shall also recommend in his report such legislation if any as in his judgment may be desirable to further carry out the purpose of this law for the prevention of fire waste Such recommendation shall include a draft of an act providing for a standard fire insurance policy for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which drafts shall be reported on or before January first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 11 The State Fire Marshal shall make an annual report to the Governor of the Commonwealth on or before the first day of September of each year setting forth a full report of the work of his office during the preceding year including such statistics as he may desire to include therein He shall also recommend in his report such additional or other legislation if any as in his judgment may be desirable to more effectually accomplish the purpose of this act

Section 9 That the twelfth section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 12 The assistants of the State Fire Marshal not receiving a salary for the performance of public duties shall receive upon the audit of the State Fire Marshal fifty cents for each report of each separate fire reported to the State Fire Marshal under this act and in addition thereto shall be paid the sum of fifteen cents for each mile traveled to the place of fire and at the discretion of the State Fire Marshal where an investigation has been made a sum not to exceed three ($3) dollars for each day's services spent in such investigation" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 12 The assistants of the State Fire Marshal shall receive quarterly upon the audit and certificate of the State Fire Marshal for each report of each separate fire made to the State Fire Marshal under the provisions of this act the following fees

In all cities boroughs towns or townships fifty (50) cents for each fire reported

In addition to said fees each assistant located in a township shall receive the sum of fifteen (15) cents for each mile actually traveled to and from the place of the fire reported and at the discretion of the State Fire Marshal where an investigation has been made each assistant shall receive a sum not to exceed three dollars ($3.00) for each day during which he was necessarily employed in said investigation In no case shall a report of fire or investigation be paid for unless the same shall be made out in the manner and form prescribed by the State Fire Marshal under the provisions of this act

Section 10 That the fourteenth section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 14 This act shall not be construed to repeal an act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of a fire marshal for Allegheny county" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four (Pamphlet Laws four hundred sixty-five) It is further hereby declared to be the true intention and meaning of this act that the same shall not apply or be operative in any city or a county of this Commonwealth where under existing laws whether special or general the position and duties of a fire marshal are provided for be and the same is hereby repealed and the following new section fourteen is hereby substituted therefor to read as follows

Section 14 The provisions of this act and the act to which this act is an amendment shall not be operative in cities having a population of five hundred thousand and over

Section 11 That the fifteenth section of this act which now reads as follows

"Section 15 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 15 All acts or parts of acts general local or special inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

Section 16 Construction—It is hereby declared that this act and the act to which this is an amendment is necessary for the public safety health peace and welfare is remedial in nature and shall be construed liberally and this act shall not be declared unconstitutional and void for the reason that any section or provision thereof may be in contravention of the Constitution

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1016, as follows:

An Act for the relief of Canfield Dorwin Freeman refunding the sum of one hundred fifty-five dollars and one cent ($155.01) collateral inheritance tax paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the presumption that he was dead

Whereas In proceedings for the partition of real estate which was of Charles D. Freeman deceased Walter C. Blakely was appointed trustee durante absentia for Canfield Dorwin Freeman and as trustee received the amount of the award to the said Canfield Dorwin Freeman in said proceedings and

Whereas The said Walter C. Blakely trustee durante absentia filed his account for the amount of said award in the Orphans' Court for the county of Philadelphia and the said court acting on the presumption that the said Canfield Dorwin Freeman was deceased he having been absent and unheard from for more than seven years awarded the amounts in said trustee's hands to be paid to the next or kin of the said Canfield Dorwin Freeman to wit to his three sisters and a sister-in-law and

Whereas In said proceedings collateral inheritance tax was paid on the said awards to the three sisters and sister-in-law of Canfield Dorwin Freeman totaling one hundred and fifty-five dollars and one cent ($155.01) and

Whereas the said Canfield Dorwin Freeman was not deceased but has returned and received from the respective distributees the amount of said awards to his sisters and sister-in-law

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay the sum of one hundred and fifty-five dollars and one cent ($155.01) to the said Canfield Dorwin Freeman

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1019, as follows:

An Act relative to the sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of a stock of merchandise and fixtures or merchandise or fixtures not in the ordinary course of business providing certain requirements therefor imposing certain duties upon the seller and making their violation a misdemeanor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of a stock of merchandise and fixtures or merchandise or fixtures pertaining to any kind of business whatsoever otherwise than in the ordinary course of trade and in the regular and usual prosecution of the seller's business shall be deemed fraudulent and voidable as against the creditors of the seller unless the purchaser shall in good faith and for the purpose of giving the notice herein required make inquiry of the seller and receive from him a list in writing of the names and places of residence or business of each and all of his creditors and unless the purchaser shall at least ten days before the consummation of the sale deposit in the mail a registered letter of notice postage prepaid addressed to each of the seller's said creditors at his postoffice address according to the written information furnished Said notice shall designate a time and place of meeting of said creditors which place of meeting shall be in the same city borough or township where said place of business is located and said notice shall also contain the names and addresses of the creditors of the seller with the amounts owing and at which meeting the creditors representing a majority in number and amount of all claims shall elect a trustee who shall receive the consideration of said sale and divide same proportionately among all the creditors whose claims have been properly probated filed with the trustee and allowed The creditors at this meeting shall also designate a committee of two persons from their number who shall in conjunction with said trustee pass upon the allowance of all claims The vote of any two of these persons shall be sufficient for the allowance and payment of any claim filed Whenever in the judgment of a majority of creditors at said meeting the trustee shall be required to furnish a bond for the faithful performance of his duties he shall execute a bond of the two members of the committee chosen at said meetings for the benefit of all the creditors The trustee shall receive as compensation for his services an amount agreed upon by the majority of the creditors at said meeting and he shall also be reimbursed for the cost of his bond and for any other expenditures in connection with the performance of his duties all of which expenses shall be borne by the creditors Provided however That no proceedings at law or equity shall be brought against the purchaser to invalidate any such voidable sale after the expiration of ninety days from the consummation thereof

Section 2 The trustee shall immediately after the creditors meeting file a report showing all monies and securities received by him with the names and addresses of the creditors whose claims have been allowed and the amounts of said claims and also a list of the claims of the creditors whose claim have been disallowed and the amounts A copy of this report shall be mailed to each creditor whether his claim has been allowed or not Exceptions may be filed to the report of the trustee by any person in interest within ten days after the issuing of same whereupon the trustee shall certify his report with the exceptions filed thereto to the common pleas court of the county wherein the creditors meetings was held The court may direct an issue framed to pass upon the claims to which exceptions have been filed and the trustee shall withhold from distribution an amount sufficient to cover the claims to which exceptions have been filed If no exceptions are filed to the trustees report he shall make distribution to all the creditors within thirty days after the filing of his report

Section 3 Nothing contained in this act shall apply to sales made under any order of a court or to any sales made by executors court

Section 4 Any act or part of act inconsistent herewith is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1029 (House Bill No. 1290), entitled:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1035 (House Bill No. 1214), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That return of taxes assessed by the authorities of any county poor district borough incorporated town or township against seated lands in such county poor district borough town or township shall be made whenever personal property cannot be found thereon sufficient to pay such taxes in the same manner and at the same time that return is now made for unpaid county taxes on unseated lands and whenever any such tax against said lands in any such county poor district borough town or township shall not be paid within two years after the date of the assessment thereof such seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs towns or townships shall be advertised and sold by the proper county treasurer at the time and in the same manner and under the same conditions and with the same effect as unseated lands are now sold by such treasurer for unpaid county taxes" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That return of taxes assessed by the authorities of any county school district borough incorporated town or township against seated lands shall be made whenever personal property cannot be found thereon sufficient to pay such taxes in the same manner and at the same time that return is now made for unpaid county taxes on unseated lands Whenever any such taxes are not paid within two years after the date of the assessment such seated lands shall be advertised and sold by the county treasurer at the time and in the manner and with the same conditions and effect as unseated lands

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 53, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act making it unlawful for the commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to contract to repair build or rebuild any county bridges without due advertisement for sealed proposals excepting contracts not amounting to two hundred and fifty dollars"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 400, entitled:

An Act to provide for a survey of Militia Hill and Fort Hill as a site for a public park with an approach thereto from Philadelphia and to make an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 596 (House Bill No. 723), entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and affected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 625 (House Bill No. 738), entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to contruct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines either or both providing for the use thereof by public service corporations and others having their tracks conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances on the public streets conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 658, entitled:

An Act relating to the guardianship of minor children making father and mother joint guardians of minor children providing for the custody of the person and estate of minor children upon the death of either parent and giving father and mother equal rights in the appointment of testamentary guardians

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 660, entitled:

An Act amending the first paragraph of the fourth section of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 692, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of services which have been or shall be performed for a borough validating the claim therefor under certain conditions and requiring the payment thereof by the borough to the person rendering the services or surcharged for the payment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 706 (House Bill No. 925), entitled:

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 724, entitled:

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River between Millersburg and Crow's Landing and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 748, entitled:

An Act providing that whenever hereafter any trial judge in any court in this Commonwealth shall express approval or disapproval of a verdict of a jury either in the presence of the jury rendering the verdict or in the presence of other jurors in attendance on the court the said trial judge shall be required on the application of any litigant whose cause is listed for trial before the said jurors and who deems that such approval or disapproval may have injuriously affected the fair trial of his cause to discharge the said jurors and to order a new venire

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order.
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 788, entitled:

An Act relating to the Department of Banking and to the compensation of the employes thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 812, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purpose of liquidating the balance of the unsecured indebtedness of the Northwestern State Normal School for the Twelfth District of Pennsylvania located at Edinboro Erie county Pennsylvania at the date of its transfer to the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 878 (House Bill No. 1128), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order.
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 921, entitled:

An Act relating to dealers in poultry for the market requiring the giving of information by such dealers concerning where and from whom such poultry was purchased or received and the kinds and amount of the same to policemen detectives or constables and providing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 973 (House Bill No. 586), entitled:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 992 (House Bill No. 624), entitled:

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over counties cities boroughs towns and townships school and poor districts in certain matters relating to their duties powers contract and public service and vesting the same in the courts of common pleas

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1036 (House Bill No. 1334), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1056 (House Bill No. 1480), entitled:

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the chief clerk of his department to do certain official acts" by authorizing the Auditor General to empower certain other employes of his Department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1057 (House Bill No. 1283), entitled:

An Act relating to the trial of civil cases by jury in the courts of this Commonwealth and providing that in any civil cause now pending or hereafter to be brought in any of the courts of this Commonwealth where the damages are by reason of the subject matter of the case unliquidated and in which a trial by jury is had and the verdict of a jury awarding damages is rendered no new trial shall either by the court in which the said cause was tried or by any appellate court in this Commonwealth be granted because the opinion of the court differs from the verdict of the jury as to the amount of the damages and no such damages as awarded shall by any such court be increased reduced or changed

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1057 (House Bill No. 1283), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1072 (House Bill No. 1406), entitled:

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1074, entitled:

An Act to repeal section four of an act entitled "An Act to amend the Charter of the borough of Catasauqua" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and ninety-five)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chairs hears none.

Mr. CLARK from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1406, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1402, entitled:

An Act amending an act, entitled "An Act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the second class, and imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof," approved the 7th day of June, Anno Domini 1901, as amended

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1397, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds and other conveyances of real estate made in this Commonwealth by mechanical, mining, quarrying, manufacturing and other corporations to residents of this Commonwealth for a valuable consideration, prior to the passage of this act without the consent of a majority in value of the stockholders thereof.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1024 (House Bill No. 260), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," approved the 11th day of May, 1911, as amended by the act, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the 11th day of May, 1911, entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof.'" approved July 24th, 1913, by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committees at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 1062 (House Bill No. 314), entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks, tellers and employes in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1064 (House Bill No. 1213), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations of appointments on such boards of visitation.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 548, entitled:

An Act providing for the election of conucilman in all boroughs of this Commonwealth wherein the election of councilmen held in November one thousand nine hundred and thirteen has been declared void and wherein councilmen serving at the time of said election held over.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1400, entitled:

An Act to authorize the insertion in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose, either originally or by amendment, of a provision that the rector or minister chose by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex officio president of the vestry board of trustees, board of directors or governing body by whatever name designated, of such corporation, and to validate similar provisions in the charters of such corporations heretofore granted.

be read the first time.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1400, entitled:

An Act to authorize the insertion in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose, either originally or by amendment, of a provision that the rector or minister chosen by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex-officio president of the vestry board of trustees, board of directors or governing body by whatever name designated, of such corporation, and to validate similar provisions in the charters of such corporations heretofore granted.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1401, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police; providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof, together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force; defining their powers and duties, and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith," approved the 2d day of May A. D. 1905; and to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police; providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof, together with officers and men who shall constitute the force, defining their powers and duties, and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith,' approved the 2d day of May, A. D. 1905, by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police; also the salaries of the officers and the men of the State Police", approved the 1st day of June, A. D. 1911, so as to fix the salaries of the superintendent and deputy superintendent of State Police.

be read the first time.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1401, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police; providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof, together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force; defining their powers and duties, and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith," approved the second day of May, Anno Domini 1905; and to amend section one of an act entitled "An act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police; providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof, together with officers and men who shall constitute the force, defining their powers and duties, and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith,' approved the second day of May, Anno Domini 1905, by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police; also the salaries of the officers and the men of the State Police," approved the first day of June, Anno Domini 1911, so as to fix the salaries of the superintendent and deputy superintendent of State Police.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1402, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing, house drainage and cess pools in cities of the second class, and imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures for violations thereof," approved the seventh day of June, 1901, as amended.

be read the first time.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1402, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing, house drainage and cess pools in cities of the second class, and imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures for violations thereof," approved the seventh day of June, 1901, as amended.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1406, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

be read the first time.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1406, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1397, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds and other conveyances of real estate made in this Commonwealth by mechanical, mining, quarrying, manufacturing and other corporations to residents of this Commonwealth for a valuation consideration, prior to the passage of this act, without the consent of a majority in value of the stockholders thereof.

be read the first time.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1397, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds and other conveyances of real estate made in this Commonwealth by mechanical, mining, quarrying, manufacturing and other corporations to residents of this Commonwealth for a valuation consideration, prior to the passage of this act, without the consent of a majority in value of the stockholders thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1024 (House Bill No. 260), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years

be read the first time.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1024 (House Bill No. 260), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1064 (House Bill No. 1213), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations or appointments on such Boards of Visitation

be read the first time.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1064 (House Bill No. 1213), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations or appointments on such Board of Visitation

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CROFT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROFT, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1044, entitled:

An Act providing that any and all damages sustained by a person or corporation by the laying out opening altering narrowing vacating extending grading or widening of any street road, avenues, highway, thoroughfare, lane or alley within the limits of any borough within the Commonwealth shall be recoverable against the municipality or borough corporation wherein such streets, roads, etc., are laid out, opened, etc., and not against the county or counties wherein such borough is situated.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE AND REPORT TO THE NEXT SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE ALL MATTERS PERTAINING TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SHIP CANAL ACROSS THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY CONNECTING THE PORT OF PHILADELPHIA WITH THE ATLANTIC OCEAN AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION TO MEET EXPENSES OF SAID COMMISSION.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chairs hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Whereas, The suggestion has been made by members of the Board of Strategy of the Navy Department of the United States, that a ship canal across New Jersey connecting the port of Philadelphia with the Atlantic Ocean would make the Philadelphia Navy Yard the greatest naval station in the world, and

Whereas, Such a ship canal of the width and depth of the Panama Canal would increase greatly the commercial and manufacturing prospertiy of the State of Pennsylvania, therefore be it

Resolved (if the House concurs), That a committee of six members of the General Assembly be appointed, three to be appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate and three by the Speaker of the House of Representatives to investigate and to report at the next session of the General Assembly their findings upon the following questions:

1. The feasibility and advisability of a ship canal across New Jersey.
2. The route of such canal.
3. The total cost of its construction.
4. The share that should be borne by the State of Pennsylvania, Provided, That the actual expenses incurred by the committee in this investigation shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) which shall be provided for in the General Appropriation Bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collcet taxes on the assessment complained of

Senate Bill No. 329, entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries

Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities

Senate Bill No. 380, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third clsas regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Senate Bill No. 456, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Senate Bill No. 473, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the term of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen

Senate Bill No. 550, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness

Senate Bill No. 551, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same.

Senate Bill No. 567, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Senate Bill No. 612, entitled:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes

Senate Bill No. 668, entitled:

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes prescribing their power duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors

House Bill No. 418, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violations thereof"

House Bill No. 464, entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

House Bill No. 536, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

House Bill No. 546, entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

House Bill No. 582, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

House Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

House Bill No. 619, entitled:

An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for certain purposes to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes

House Bill No. 637, entitled:

An Act validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred ten without such corporations first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts or obligations upon the payment of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 760, entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

House Bill No. 780, entitled:

A Supplement to an act, entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs," approved the 12th day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report, the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him, making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury, providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controller's report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals, fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller.

House Bill No. 789, entitled:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

House Bill No. 961, entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or willful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordiance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof provdiing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

House Bill No. 1004, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

House Bill No. 1013, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the jury commissioners county jailor and jail physician in counties having over eighteen hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

House Bill No. 1053, entitled:

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

House Bill No. 1129, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships

House Bill No. 1134, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

House Bill No. 1143, entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

House Bill No. 1147, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges not learned in the law of the courts of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 1168, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' "

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. GYGER. Mr. President, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator from Chester, Mr. Gyger, will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. GYGER. Mr. President, I see by the Legislative Journal of April 28th, that I am recorded as voting "aye" on Senate Bill No. 531, known as the "Non-Partisan Judges Bill." I voted "No" and wish to be recorded as voting "No."

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 921 (Senate Bill No. 1407), entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 1025 (Senate Bill No. 1408), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, viz:

FIRST DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate

William H. Keller, of the County of Lancaster, to be First Deputy Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania until superceded by lawful authority, vice Jesse E. B. Cunningham, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 28, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Ralph D. Baker, to be Commissioner of Deeds for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with residence at Camden, New Jersey, for the term of five years to compute from the date of confirmation.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. HOMSHER.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. HOMSHER.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1409, entitled:

An Act amending section four of article nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith, approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1911, providing that Mine Inspectors, who have served for eight years and have passed two examinations, shall be exempt from any further examinations, and providing for their suspension or removal.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:59 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday morning, May 4, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, May 3, 1915.

The House met at 8:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that we have our exalted citizenship in a great nation, protected by a powerful government. We thank Thee that we have our happy homes in a great State, surrounded with farms and industries and schools and colleges and churches, over which the dove of peace has spread its broad, white wings. It is not so on the other side of the waters; great nations are in dreadful conflict; millions of men are dead, millions more are wounded and dying.

Oh, God, tonight pity the mothers, pity the wives, pity the orphaned children, who are making the sacrifices and who are paying the awful price for such a cruel war. Oh, God, hasten the day when this war shall end, when all nations shall become one great brotherhood, over which shall rest the fatherhood of God, and Thy great name, Oh, God, shall have all the praise in that world without end. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, April 29th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, April 29th, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Scott, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 225.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Equity Council, No. 91, Frackville, protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 225.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Daughters of Liberty, Philadelphia, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MYERS presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 829, Patriotic Order Sons of America favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Mr. MYERS presented the petition of Magnolia Council No. 183, Daughters of Liberty, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENTS TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. MYERS presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 829, Patriotic Order Sons of America favoring the erection of monuments to Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Mr. MYERS presented the petition of Magnolia Council No. 183, Daughters of Liberty, favoring the erection of monuments to public schools and founders thereof.

Mr. MYERS presented the petition of citizens of Washington County favoring the erection of monuments to public schools and founders thereof.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Daughters of Liberty, Philadelphia, favoring the erection of monuments to public schools and founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. DIEFENDERFER asked and obtained leave of absence for his colleague, Mr. Rinn, on account of sickness.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 326 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. WYLIE offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (If the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 326, File Folio 5649, entitled: "An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 488, entitled: A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed on final passage be reconsidered.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion

The motion was agreed to

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 2, line 4, by striking out the word "weeks" and in serting in lieu thereof the word "months."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be prepared for final passage.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 291.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 291, entitled "An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion."

This bill contemplates granting reduced rates of travel on railroads to ministers of religion. These ministers merit at the hands of the people and of the Commonwealth the highest consideration. But they must, like all other citizens, conform to constitutional and statutory provisions. They have no legal status other than that of citizens, however high they should be esteemed by all persons for their unselfish and holy services.

Section 2, Article 17, of the Constitution clearly intends to prohibit absolutly any undue or unreasonable discrimination between individuals. No special concessions to anyone are permissible. The Act of May 31, 1907 (P. L. 354) indicates clearly that this permission is mandatory by making it a misdemeanor even to attempt its violation. Moreover the Supreme Court has specifically held (Mercur vs. Media Electric Co. 19 Supreme Court 519) the class of people does not fall within the catagory of items in which reasonable discrimination is permissible. The mandatory provision of section 7 of the same article of the Constitution directly opposes the purpose of this bill.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. HEFFERNAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto together with the bill be laid upon the table.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 248.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 248, entitled "An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases."

This bill empowers the proper court to the turning over of estate of a resident decedent to a non-resident personal representative. It permits personal property to be taken out of the State without bond. This is of doubtful propriety. The function of a State law should be to protect the people of the State.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto together with the bill be laid upon the table.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 247.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 247, entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries."

This bill amending the act of April 21, 1856, permits property of a non-resident to be taken out of the State at any time before the limitations for proving claims have expired. This may work to the prejudice of resident creditors since it would require such creditors to go to a court of domicile to prove claims. It would seem wise to protect creditors at home.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto together with the bill be laid upon the table.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 89.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 89, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled 'An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors' as amended."

This bill sets aside a per centum of the liquor licenses in cities of the first and second class for the police pension funds of said cities. The pension fund of policemen is a sacred and should be a secure and certain fund. It should not rest for its integrity, upon the uncertainty of a changing and uncertain sum such as these license fees are, and are more likely to be. Moreover, it is unfair to the police force of these cities to be embarrassed in the performance of their duties or in the giving of testimony before a court of record by the effect of such action upon a fund so vital to their own heirs and those of their colleagues who with them have done fearlessly a notable service.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto together with the bill be laid upon the table

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 913.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 913, entitled: "An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing the penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith.'"

This bill proposes to validate certain permanent certificates issued prior to one thousand nine hundred and eleven, and mandamuses the Department of Public Instruction to do this.

When the School Code became operative, every provision that was necessary and proper was made to care for the professional spirit of our teachers and to safeguard them in their rights.

A new method has been set forth in that Code, by which every worthy teacher may without trouble establish his rights and secure suitable certificate for services in the public schools of this Commonwealth. To admit to the professional corps at this time a body of teachers which professional judgment at that time did not admit would be reactionary and contrary to the best interests of the children taught and to be taught in the schools.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Mr. DIEFENDERFER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this veto together with the bill be laid upon the table.

Mr. LOVE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1137.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1137, entitled: "An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1105.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1105, entitled: "An Act authorizing Jennie Cly Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1100.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1100, entitled: "An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BIL NO. 1061.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1061, entitled: "An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1009.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1009, entitled: "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 955.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 955 entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled 'An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children.'"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 910.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 910 entitled "An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 870.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 870 entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith.'"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 756.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 756 entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled 'An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council.'"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 743.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 743 entitled "An Act authorizing the orphans court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 517.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 517 entitled "An Act prohibiting any city county of municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee upon insurance companies of their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 912.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 912, entitled "An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act' approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 628.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 626, entitled "An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled 'An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions.'"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 416.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 416, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled 'An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salaries and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants' by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section one of the act."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 747.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 747, entitled "An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 767.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 767, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 785.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 785, entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1110.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1110, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1011.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 1011, entitled "An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1119 (Senate No. 470), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to telephone operators and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1468, entitled:

An Act providing for and defining the powers and duties of a Banking Law Commission and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1319, entitled:

An Act lengthening the term of office of Commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and extending the term of office of commissioners representing the odd numbered election districts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1255, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Osteopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1342, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Edinboro State Normal School

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1605 (Senate No. 152), entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment erection equipment and management of a Pennsylvania home for boys and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 921, as follows:

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years of service in said city excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus No employ under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

Section 2 Cities of the second class shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the salary received for the two years previous to their retirement Provided however the pension shall not exceed on hundred dollars per month

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill.
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—12.

Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Dell,
Garner,
Maurer.
McVicar,
Palmer,
Sones.
Spencer,
Wilson, H. L,
Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1348, File Folio 7259, on page 22 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof, and authorizing and requiring cities of the second and third class, and boroughs to provide for the appointment and payment of plumbing inspectors and authorizing masters and employing journeymen plumbers who are licensed in one city or borough to receive a license to work in any other city or borough of the Commonwealth.

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. MYERS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1408, File Folio 6643, entitled:

An Act providing for the installation and maintenance of safety devices or fenders upon motor vehicles regulating the use thereof and prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of the same

was defeated on Wednesday, April 28th, be reconsidered.

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1025, as follows:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore the council of any incorporated borough of this Commonwealth has required by ordinance and caused to be curbed with stone or other suitable material any public street or thoroughfare or part thereof either cartway or footway or both or is now causing such curbing pursuant to such odinance but owing to some defect in the ordinance or other proceedings necessary under existing law and ordinance to give jurisdiction to such council or owing to the notice to the property owners to set or construct said curbing in pursuance of said ordinance not being served personally upon the property owner or his agent or person in possession of the property as required under existing laws or owing to said notice or the service thereof or other notices necessary under existing laws and ordinances to give proper jurisdiction to such council being defective for any other reason the cost charges and expenses of such improvement or portion thereof cannot be legally assessed upon the property fronting upon the street or part thereof improved as contemplated by the act or acts of the General Assembly under which the improvement was attempted to be made or whenever heretofore the council of any borough aforesaid has assessed the cost charges and expenses of said improvement upon the properties fronting upon the improvement as contemplated by the law under which the impovement was made but liens therefor were not filed in the office of the prothonotary of the county wherein the property lies within the time required by the act or acts of the General Assembly in such cases made and provided or where said assessments are invalid for any or all of the reasons set forth above now by this act such improvements and such assessments are made valid and binding and where the assessment has not heretofore been made the council of such incorporated borough may cause the property fronting upon the street or part thereof upon which the improvement has been made or is now being made to be assessed in the manner now provided by law with such a portion of the cost charges and expenses of such improvement as is contemplated by the law under which the improvement was made or is now being made such assessment heretofore made as aforesaid or now made in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be a lien upon the property assessed The lien shall date from the completion of the improvement for which the assessment is made and shall remain a lien until fully paid and satisfied Provided That a writ of scire facias is issued to revive the same during every period of five years after lien is filed as hereinafter provided The said borough may collect such claims or assessments or any of them by action in assumpsit in manner now provided by law

Section 2 The council of any incorporated borough of this Commonwealth entitled to a lien under this act shall file a lien therefor in the office of the prothonotary of the county within which the property lies within six months after the completion of the work where the improvement is now in progress or within six months after the approval of this act where an improvement is now completed and the same shall be entered upon record as other municipal claims Such liens shall state the name of the party claimant which shall be the corporate name of the borough making the improvement the name of the owner or reputed owner of the property assessed a reasonable description of the property assessed the amount or sum claimed to be due which shall include interest on the assessment from the completion of the improvement an attorney's commission of five per centum for collecting for what improvement the claim is made the date of its completion the date of the assessment for which the lien is filed Such lien when so filed shall be prima facie evidence of all matters therein set forth and the right of the borough to recover the amount therein claimed to be due together with interest from the date of the lien or completion of the improvement costs charges and an attorney's commission of five per centum for collecting

Section 3 The lien when so filed shall be proceeded upon for collection by writ of scire facias The said writ shall be made returnable to the monthly or other return day in the respective courts and shall be served upon the owner or reputed owner personally or by leaving a copy thereof duly attested with an adult member of his family or the family in which he resides at least ten days before the return day thereof If the owner of the property cannot be found or has no residence within the county in which the property lies the sheriff shall thereupon return the said writ nihil and thereupon an alias scire facias may issue which shall be served by notice posted upon the premises stating the substance of the writ at least ten days prior to the return day and also by advertisement in at least two newspapers published in the county in which the premises are located once a week for three successive weeks Such posting and publication shall be equivalent to a service

Section 4 If the writ shall have been served and no appearance entered on or before the return day thereof the plaintiff therein shall be entitled to judgment after the return day thereof for the debt interest costs and attorney's commission if an appearance be entered the plaintiff shall also be entitled to judgment unless a sufficient affidavit of defense be filed within fifteen days after the return day If such affidavit be filed the case shall be proceeded with in accordance with the rules of law and the practice of the courts

Section 5 When the final judgment shall have been entered upon such lien the plaintiff therein may have a writ of levari facias and upon the same the sheriff shall cause the said property to be advertised for sale in at least two newspapers of the proper county once a week for three weeks before the day of sale and shall also give notice by at least ten handbills posted in conspicuous places one of which shall be posted upon the property of the time and place of sale and thereupon shall proceed to sell the same The place of sale shall be the sheriff's office The proceeds of sale shall be distributed according to law

Section 6 The term "owner or reputed owner" as used in this act shall mean any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of property Remaindermen or other persons interested in expectancy not having been heard and aggrieved by such final judgment upon petition presented in the proper court may have the judgment opened at any time before the sale of the property and be allowed to defend when in the judgment of the court such opening is necessary to secure justice to all parties Sale of the property shall preclude all persons from setting up anything contrary to the record

Section 7 Nothing in this act shall be taken to restrict the right of either plaintiff or defendant in proceeding under it to appeal as in other cases

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Doll,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer.
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair.
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Erdman,
Wettach,
Wilson, W. H.,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which Senate Bill No. 432 (House Bill No. 949), File Folio 709, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

was defeated on April 27th be reconsidered.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the motion which is now before the House is to reconsider the vote by which the bill repealing the present cold storage law was defeated on third reading. I sincerely hope that this motion will not prevail. While I do not desire any remarks which I might make to appear in criticism of the gentlemen who have made this motion, because we all know that every motion to reconsider must be made by those who vote in the majority, yet I do desire to state that this very motion bears out in detail the argument which I made against this bill when it was before this House for its consideration last week. Ah that time I called the House's attention to the fact that there had been two bills dealing with the cold storage question introduced in the Senate. One bill was the so-called Uniform Cold Storage Law which was introduced on the ninth of March, or sometime in February rather, reported out of committee and had two hearings and then was recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation of the Senate on the same day on which this cold storage repealer was introduced in the Senate; that cold storage repealer, the present bill, being hurried through the Senate on three successive readings and then sent over to this House.

Now, Mr. Speaker, there is no doubt in my mind but that this attempt to reconsider this repealing bill, after it was once defeated, bears out conclusively the statement which I made last week, that this was nothing more than legislative jugglery. I showed to the House, and I thing conclusively,—certainly the result as shown by the vote bore me out in that respect—that the Senate was not acting fairly with this House on this proposition; that if this House would pass this repealer that nothing further would be heard of the amended bill known as the Uniform Cold Storage law. The desperate efforts made by those who are interested in this business is conclusive proof to my mind of the justification of my remarks of last week. If this vote is reconsidered and this repeal bill comes before this House and if passed tonight I repeat, as I stated last week, that nothing further would be heard of that Uniform Cold Storage Law. I have been advised tonight, although I have not had time to verify the report, that since the defeat of this measure last week the Uniform Cold Storage Law has again been sent from the Committee on Health and Sanitation in the Senate and is on the Senate calendar; and I say, Mr. Speaker, that to reconsider the vote by which this repealer was defeated last week is stultifying this House, especially in view of the fact that there has been no argument advanced by any one, either inside or outside of the cold storage business, in which they advocated a complete repeal of the present existing cold storage law; that all of their arguments have been based upon the assertions that the present existing law contains certain drastic features, most notably, those dealing with the time limits in which cold storage products may be kept in cold storage; and that they are satisfied with regulations under the Dairy and Food Commissioners; that they are satisfied that cold storage goods should be so marked; and their sole fight on this proposition is to so eliminate the drastic features, if they exist, of the present existing law so that that law may be put out as they term it, upon a working basis.

Now, for this House, with all the energy that has been placed in this proposition, with all the strings which have been pulled in dealing with this repealer, to say that we will fly in the face of the very argument advanced by those who are interested in the cold storage business; that we will fly in the face of the communities of this Commonwealth who consume these goods and say to you, Mr. Consumer, irrespective of the position which is taken by those who advocate a change in the cold storage law, that we, by the reconsideration of this vote, that we, by the passage of this repealer, intend to wipe away from our Statute Books all of the regulations which have been thrown about this business for the good of the community at large, I repeat, Mr. Speaker, is to put this House in a stultifying position. If the Senate is fair with this House, if those who are advocating a change in the cold storage law are fair with you men who are sent here to represent the best interests of your constituents, and when I say that, I say the interests of your constituents at large and not any particular man who may be engaged in any particular business,—then I say, Mr. Speaker, that we are unfaithful to our trust if we, with our eyes open, permit the Senate of Pennsylvania to resort to such tactics as are resorted to in the advocacy of this repealing law, to place ourselves upon record as reconsidering the vote by which that repealing law was defeated last week and then go on record by passing that repealer, it is not fair to ourselves; it is not fair to our constituents at home, and especially in view of the fact that no further argument can be advanced than as shown here last week in support of this general repealer; I say that the fair thing for this House to do, and the honest thing for this House to do, is not to put a bill of this kind up to the Governor of this Commonwealth where there can be no arguments advanced for his signing it and which, to my judgment, would result in the veto of the bill; and to put ourselves upon the record by saying, no, we will not reconsider this bill, we will not pass this repealed bill; but if you gentlemen of the Senate want to act fair with the people of the Commonwealth, send along your amending bill and if your amendments are proper and fair, under the circumstances we will join you in doing whatever is right and just. And, Mr. Speaker, I ask, in all sincerity, that the members of this house support us in voting down this motion.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I do not feel very able to take up this argument but if you will bear with me I will try to give you my views on this proposition. I am not going to speak to you from the standpoint of an attorney who has never had anything to do or never been brought in contact with this business. I am going to speak to you from the standpoint of a man who has been in contact with this business and knows exactly how this law is operating that is on the Statute Books.

First, I want to remove from your minds, this, perhaps, delusion: There is nothing whatever in this particular bill that we are about to submit to the House on the question of repealing it, that protects the public health of the citizenship of the State of Pennsylvania in any way whatever, that is not already provided by the Statutes of Pennsylvania; and, my friends, provided for in a manner which is so much more exhaustive and so much more thorough than anything that is contained in this bill, that this bill is simply a feeble repetition of the Statute of 1909. Now, to prove my statement conclusively to you I will read to you the Statute of 1909 on the subject of pure foods and unwholesome foods as they are provided for in the Statute of 1909 and then I will call your attention to exactly what this particular act says and does that will in any way protect the health of the citizenship of the State of Pennsylvania. If I can satisfy you that this bill is not needed in any way to protect the health of the people, to prevent their being defrauded by unwholesome foods being thrust upon them through deception, if I can show you that the Statute of 1909 more thoroughly and more carefully and more fully covers that than this Statute, the repealing of this Statute then will not involve the question of public health; it will not involve the question of deception or fraud upon the public but it will bring the question down to where it actually belongs.

I was extremely disappointed that I was unable to be here last week. I had been looking ahead to this proposition and examining it very thoroughly. So soon as the House adjourned last week I, by telephone, asked for the remarks that were made upon the bill. I read the remarks of the gentleman who advocated the repeal of this act. I read the remarks of those who opposed the repeal. I was under the impression myself that those who opposed the repeal made their greatest impression upon the membership of this House by leading them to believe that the public health was endangered by the repeal of this act.

I would like to hurry, but I hope you will have patience with me, because, my friends, I want to say this to you, this is a matter of very grave importance to the citizenship of Pennsylvania. This is not a bill of just passing interest, but it is a bill that after being placed upon the statute books was found to work the exact opposite from what, no doubt, the friends who passed it, believed that it would. Therefore, I am going to try to conserve my strength as much as possible, and explain the matter as thoroughly as I am capable of.

Of course, in passing a Pure Food law it is essential to define the word "Food." It is essential at the start. Now, the act we are about to repeal does define the word "Food" as it is to be taken and considered in that act. The Pure Food Law, as known in the State of Pennsylvania,—the Act of 1909, you all, no doubt, know better than I do, that it was really a revision of the first Pure Food law placed on the Statute Books, which was placed there in 1895. It was found that the Act of 1895 was deficient in many, many respects. It was to repeal that act that this particular act was placed upon the Statute Books. The term "Food," as construed, and shall be considered under the law of Pennnsylvania, and this particular act shall include not only every article used for food by man, but also every article used for, or entering into the composition of, or intended for use as an ingredient in the preparation of food, for man.

Now, that is the Act of 1909. It was on the statute books before the Act of 1913 was thought of. It gave the Dairy and Food Commissioner of the State of Pennsylvania the power to protect the public not only from unwholesome food, but from any,—perhaps I had better read it to you, so it will be just as it appears in the Statute—"If any substance has been mixed or packed with it so as to reduce or lower, or injuriously affect its quality, strength or purity, if any valuable constituent of an article has been wholly or in part abstracted"—or in other words, if there has anything been added to it of a deleterious character, or anything abstracted from the product commonly known as a food,—and as an illustration we will take lard—you realize they abstract the oil from it. As an illustration this act allowed nothing to be put into it,—no dilution, but it did not allow anything to be taken from it. Now, you see the definition of the word "Food," under the Act of 1909, is so broad and so sweeping, that it is the last word on that subject. How is the word "Food" defined in the act we are now asking you to repeal? Why the word "Food" in the Act of 1913,—"The term 'Food' as used in this act shall mean fresh flesh of animals, fresh products therefrom, fresh flesh of fowls, fresh food, fish, eggs and butter, every one of which, insofar as it may be put upon the market, either diluted or in an unwholesome manner, is absolutely protected by the Act of 1909.

I think that ought to satisfy the members of this House, that insofar as the public health is endangered by the passage of this repealer, no man need hesitate a moment to vote "Aye" when the roll is called. If it be admitted that the public health is absolutely protected, even though this act be repealed, the question is, what is the intention of the act and what will it accomplish and what will be its benefits. If the public health will be better protected by that particular statute staying on the statue books, in your judgment you should vote no, provided the harm that is done, as compared with the good that might be done, means that the good to be accomplished is so infinitesimally small, that the great injury to the interests of our own State stand paramount to it, then you should vote "Aye."

I want to say to you that having been in contact with this business, and having had a knowledge of how the business is conducted for a period of over twenty years, that I say most emphatically to you,—and I propose to prove it and show it to you—that there is not one atom of public good has ever come out of that act and there will not one atom of public good to the citizenship of Pennsylvania, come out of that act if you keep it on the Statute books. That is, when you come to read it, one of the most peculiarly drawn bills I have ever had the fortune to examine,—this particular Act of 1913. I venture you have not read the act closely and studied it carefully. The most remarkable feature of this bill, if you will read it, is the fact that there are seventeen sections of the bill that have hamstrung and hogtied the citizenship of the State of Pennsylvania and have opened the markets of the cold storage people outside the State of Pennsylvania wide open, wide open. If that is true, is there a man in this House will vote to keep this bill on the statutes? I don't believe there is. I don't believe that my friends, the three attorneys, who, I noticed in the Legislative Journal of last week, opposed this repeal,—there was not a thought in their argument that indicated to me that they are intimately and personally acquainted with how this bill affected the interests of the people of Pennsylvania.

I am not going to allow you by reading the provisions surrounding those men who are citizens of our own State, because I believe, in a general way, you know well enough what it does. Section three of this act starts out and says, "The term "Cold Storage warehouse,"—you realize it must define what is a cold storage warehouse before the Food Commissioner would know that somebody was violating the cold storage law—they define the word "Food" as it is to be taken in this act, they define the word "Cold storage warehouse" as it is to be taken in this act, and to be enforced and administered by the Dairy and Food Commissioner,—the term "Cold storage warehouse" as used in this act shall mean an establishment employing refrigerating machinery or ice for the purpose of refrigeration"—now, watch, mark what I told you, not only refrigerating machinery, but ice for the purpose of refrigeration,—"or a place otherwise artificially cooled, in which articles of food are stored for a period of thirty days or longer."

What do you suppose was the idea of putting it in there, if you had a cold storage warehouse and did not store for more than thirty days, if you had a refrigerating plant and did not store anything in it for over thirty days, why should it not still be a refrigerating plant? Why is it that unless it is used as a refrigerating plant, to store products for more than thirty days, it is not to be known as a refrigerating plant. I would like somebody to tell me, and I will venture that there is not a man in the House that can answer, because we have not given enough thought to the subject. I will tell you what that is in there. It is that ebony-hued gentleman we talk so much about being in the wood-pile. That is why it is in there.

There is not a cold storage plant in the State of Pennsylvania,—there is none in Philadelphia at least—that is owned and operated by your so-called great packing houses outside of the State of Pennsylvania that has been declared to be a cold storage plant. They can take their products coming in on a refrigerating car, and put them in their cold storage plants,—no, no, it isn't a cold storage plant. It is cooled just the same, and operated just the same, but it is not a cold storage plant.

Why, Why? Because then they would be brought down into competition with the people,—the small dealers of the State of Pennsylvania. You have none of that class of institutions in the State of Pennsylvania. Just let me read something to you. Now, you heard what I said about the cold storage plant, as defined in this act, Section three, and then it went along and hamstrung and hogtied the Pennsylvania small dealer and the Pennsylvania warehouse man for the benefit of the warehouses from outside of the State of Pennsylvania and for the benefit of the great packing trust outside the State of Pennsylvania. But, hold, on, there might be a mistake. After the bill had been written,—the author wrote along section after section, tieing everything up tighter and tighter against the Pennsylvania citizen, and then when he got done he thought to himself,—he said "Hold on here, oh, my goodness, I have my friends tied up, these great packing trusts are tied up too. I will have to let them out somewhere. What can I put in this bill? I have got the idea. Down in section 20, there is where I will take care of them. "Nothing is this act shall be construed to prohibit the shipping, consigning or transporting of fresh food in properly refrigerating cars."—No, not refrigerating, they change it now; they call it a "cooling room" for the purpose of the accommodation to make it perfectly safe for those people to get into Pennsylvania to the disadvantage of those Pennsylvanians. That is the way it reads. Section three, so far as Pennsylvanians are concerned, any ordinary man that cannot afford to build a storage plant of his own, when he is in the Philadelphia market and he has something left over for the next week and desires to have goods from any cold storage plant, when it comes out he must put a tag on it and he must tell the people that it is "wholesome cold storage food. That is a peculiarity, isn't it? Did you ever see anything else on the statute books of Pennsylvania that required a man, before he could sell an article but that he has to say it was wholesome. That is the only act of this kind in any state of the Union. Is there a member of the Dairy and Food Commission there to watch these goods come out? No. Most likely there is nobody there when they went in, but the warehouse man has to tag a record of it upon the goods and the dairy and food commissioner don't know whether it was wholesome when it went in, but the act does provide that the dairy and food commissioner can go through this warehouse and examine these goods at any time and see whether they are properly stamped and labeled and also to see whether they are in a room that is in good sanitary condition. Mark you, that is a cold storage warehouse owned by the citizenship of the State of Pennsylvania, when eggs are put into it for the protection of the public health of the people of Pennsylvania. At least that is what it says in the bill; that is what it says here. That is what the title says in the bill and that is what it is here for and for no other purpose. Yet at the very same time, within the self same statute they allow the people outside of the State of Pennsylvania to bring their eggs in and put them into—well, we will give it the new name, not cold storage but the "cooling room." Well, if anybody ever took the trouble to go into this cooling room that they are talking about here in section 17, as they exist in the State of Pennsylvania and operated by these outside packing men, they would get so cold that it would freeze whatever you put into them and I don't know why it should not have taken the same name, that it does in Pennsylvania when products are put into it. I realize that my young friends, the attorneys from the City of Philadelphia, go astray in their argument on this bill. I fully realize why a man who does not have an intimate knowledge of a business may draw a wrong conclusion. I have not any doubt at all; in fact I know it that if I was to walk into one of the great courts in the City of Philadelphia or any other court room in the State of Pennsylvania and try, as an attorney, to defend some one in that court room that I would make a fool of myself because I don't know anything about the business or profession. I don't know anything about the rules of the court; I don't know anything about the conducting of law suits and the management of suits in the courts and I never will know by reading books. I will have to go into the business to learn. I want to say to my friends, the attorneys of the City of Philadelphia, that written all through your remarks of last week is that evidence. One of the gentlemen of Philadelphia stated something which was evidence that he did not intimately understand the proposition, by the fact that he was quoting something that had been told him. The result was that he said or read it and I don't know whether he held the paper before you gentlemen in this House, but it is in his remarks as published in the Journal of the proceedings, that there was a certain publication in

Philadelphia that had made some statement in regard to how the cold storage law had reduced the prices. My friend here from Philadelphia told that with great emphasis that that is a publicatioin of their own. Why, my dear friends, the egg and butter produce organization of the City of Philadelphia has not and never did have a publication of its own since it has been organized. That is a little penny sheet that a certain publisher down there sells among the commission men because he pays particular attention or paid particular attention to the markets in regard to those particular products, butter and eggs. In other words, the produce men dealt with him and out of it I suppose he was making something of a compensation to live on. My friend, the attorney from Philadelphia, was utterly, utterly mistaken. Now, I recollect, well, that in his remarks he spoke about conditions two or three years ago and he said, "The conditions in the City of Philadelphia were horrible." Now, the word "horrible" is a horrible word it is calculated I believe when it is sent out by the vocal organs of an ordinary man, to give the public the impression—and I don't know of any modifying word or any defining word—but I just say it gives the impression that the conditions in Philadelphia were "horrible." Nobody else ever heard of it. I was down there in the City of Philadelphia in this particular business and was closely associated with them and I went down over the line and bought the very same products myself and I never saw what the gentleman refers to as being "horrible," and I don't believe any other person did see anything that was horrible. The trade was going along then just as it is going along now, namely: Every man that had anything to sell was getting the best price he could get for it and any man that wanted to buy anything could buy it as cheap as he could. In this definition of the word "horrible" then, whatever the conditions were, if they were horrible at that time as my friend says and talks about that the conditions were horrible, I say they were not and they are not today.

Now, my friends, I just want to picture to you why this law—and I cannot cover it all, it is such a big proposition—should be repealed. I do want to draw your minds to some vivid pictures. I want everyone of you to put yourselves in the position of a man who is doing an honest business and is trying to make an honest livelihood; a man who is honest and is doing business in the City of Philadelphia in the produce business. Now, just imagine that you are this man and just imagine that when you have a surplus in the flush when the conditions are above the normal in the production of eggs, which I will take as the illustration, and everybody knows that the production of eggs fluctuates a great deal. There are about three months in the year when the production of the eggs in the State of Pennsylvania fall to at least twenty per cent below the normal. In certain other seasons of the year, in April, May and June, they will probably reach two hundred per cent above the normal. That goes on all over the United States north of what is commonly known as the Mason and Dixon Line, where the variation with the temperature are very great. If you are in business in the City of Philadelphia and are handling this particular commodity, under that law in the State of Pennsylvania when you put your eggs into cold sctorage to carry them for one month, two months or three months or five months, they have to be branded "wholesome cold storage food." There is not one of you that don't know that the average public unfortunately believe that when these eggs are put into a cold storage plant they deteriorate and they become unwholesome and dangerous. Imagine yourself bringing your product out of this cold storage plant and putting them on sale in the market house and having to put a great big tag in front of that marked "cold storage eggs." Right over there beside you stands a man whom you know, having that knowledge of your trade and your own personal judgment of the facts, when you examine the eggs, that he is selling, in all probabilities, that they have been in cold storage longer than yours, but because they have come in from the State of Iowa or from the State of Ohio or from Indiana or Illinois or Michigan or Minnesota, and they are set up on the stand alongside of yours and on it there is a card which says "Fresh Eggs." Where will the people buy? O my God, to think that you have gone and put on the statute books of Pennsylvania a law that effects the price of a commodity that perhaps is fresher than that commodity that came from outside of the State. That affects the price of a commodity that the agriculturalists of this great State have, in part, to depend upon. That exists in the egg business, the business a man is engaged in in your great city and then to claim that there is no reason to repeal this law? Another thing, there is not a man in this room dare deny but that my statement is absolutely true; it it absolutely what is going on in this State of Pennsylvania. I was much amused at my friend from Philadelphia by his remarks when he stated that in the spring of the year, along in the months of February and March, down there from North Carolina and South Carolina and Virginia and Tennessee and Alabama and Georgia and Florida, fresh eggs and fresh butter commences to come in. Ha, ha, ha. Who ever heard of any butter coming out of North Carolina, South Carolina or Virginia, or Alabama, or Georgia? Nobody at all. You never saw a pound of it. Why, they buy only oleomargarine down there. They have no facilities for making butter and the butter down there is nothing more than hog fat. They don't have the facilities to make it. They don't have the pasture. The things however which they desire to put upon a market, these particular commodities they do not have.

But you must recollect, my friends, that there are only a few States in this great Union that make what the average man would call butter—a nice palatable grease to spread upon your bread. There are only a few States that do it.

Now let me draw you another picture, and see whether you won't vote to send this bill down where it will never be heard from, or else you are not true to your own people in your own State. A creamery in my county that has to put its butter in cold storage, the day it goes in under that statute, the box has to be marked as it goes in—the butter comes out in a month—it has to be marked "cold storage." There is no cold storage room for Pennsylvanians. That word was coined for the great packing combinations. There is no cold storage room. They keep it in 48 hours and as much longer as they please, because nobody takes a record of it, when it goes in and nobody knows when it comes out. But if the Pennsylvanian puts his butter in there, it has to be marked "cold storage butter." One month later, my neighbor and the produce man of the City of Philadelphia, that is handling his goods, when he takes his butter out, he puts it before the public, but there has to be a card upon it, "wholesome cold storage butter"; but when the State of Ohio, or the State of Indiana, or the State of Illinois or any other State in this Union sends their butter in here to the great packing houses it has been in cold storage in Chicago, probably six months, nobody knows, there is no attempt in this bill to get information; no affidavit required from anybody; not even a statement is required in that act so far as the product that comes from the outside of the State of Pennsylvania is concerned, but the Pennsylvanian must mark his thus. Here is what the Pennsylvania product, probably three months fresher than the Illinois or Ohio product, set on stalls side by side, must meet—on the Pennsylvania product are the words "cold storage;" on that that comes from other States is "fresh butter" Now that is right; that is true; that is a fact. No man can deny it. I know what I am talking about. I have seen it, and I know what I am telling you. And that is that law, they call protection to the people. Now what protection is there in that law? What protection is there in it? I am going to be perfectly frank. I will tell you all that there is in it, and I will tell you all sides of it. There are some people who think that when certain foodstuffs, and they are enumerated in this bill, which I will not read again, there are many people who really think that when those products go into cold storage houses they deteriorate and they will not pay the same price for them. There went abroad in the land a few years ago through the public press, more through misinformation than anything else, that cold storage people were putting away these particular products for long periods. I think my friend from Philadelphia, told you that 27,000 dozen eggs were held for two years. Yes, I suppose that was in the paper. There isn't much doubt about it. I have heard him say a great deal worse things about me. I have heard the papers say a great deal worse about my friend from Philadelphia, but I didn't believe it. I have heard the newspapers say a whole lot of things in which they were mistaken, because newspaper people are, after all, only human, and it is fortunate sometimes they do make mistakes, because a whole lot of us would be entirely lost sight of if they didn't say things like that about us sometimes, and then we get up and make a fuss about it, and then we get a whole page about the fuss we make, and thus we get before the public. They advertise us. They are the best friends we have, but they make mistakes, and there is not a particle of doubt in my mind that that newspaper which said somebody kept 27,000 dozen eggs for two years did not know anything about the business—in fact they didn't know the first law, the first principles, the first rules of business. The idea of a man putting his money in 27,000 dozen of eggs and then putting them in cold storage, and then waiting until they were worth only onehalf as much as they were when he put them in.

Most likely a business man would do that? You can trust the business man to take care of that himself. Well, this law goes on and says that so many months you can keep beef in; so many months you can keep pork in. I am not going to tire you by reading it, you know generally what its provisions are. Now, my friends, I am not prepared to say to you that it is not possible that some man somewhere, sometime, occasionally may have kept some of these food products longer than he should have kept them, but it is true that there are some people in the State of Pennsylvania who really do not know anything about this. I judge from the remarks of another of my friends—from his remarks of the other evening—that he wants the Dairy and Food Commissioner to come in and tell him whether an egg is good before he will eat it, and of course if the Dairy and Food Commissioner would say that it is good, and that he could eat it, why then he would eat the egg. Well, I have another way of saying whether an egg is good or not. I have half an idea that there are others, outside of my friends from Philadelphia, who seem to think that only the Dairy and Food Commissioner can tell them how long foodstuff has been in a cold storage plant. Well, I saw a lot of stuff that never saw a cold storage plant, that smelled very loud to me. In the country we often speak of butter that has been kept for a week or two as "strong enough to come out of the cellar itself," and there is no cold storage plant down there. The unfortunate part of it is simply this, that we do not think right, we do not keep close enough to the situation; the unfortunate part of it is, that my friends from Philadelphia, being attorneys, do not understand the practical side of this proposition—they have gone away on a fishing expedition. My friends from Philadelphia say that bait in the Senate is dead, that the bait in the bill was canned, but my friends, the bait is out of the can over in the Senate, and they have a good live bill but my friends, it does not make any difference in my judgment, insofar as what you will do with this bill as to whether the bait comes out of the can in the Senate or not.

There is no man that is acquainted with the business, I believe, that can be found in the State of Pennsylvania that will come forward and say that he believes that this particular act gives the public one particle of security or one particle of protection. For the reason that when that bill was drafted, whoever drew it, threw the bars open, left the gate wide open for every other State in the Union to send their goods in here for us. There is no thoughtful man, in my judgment, that for a moment believes that the cold storage law on the statute books in the State of Pennsylvania like that with no national regulation—there is not a practical man that will come to but one conclusion, he cannot come to but one conclusion, namely, that it will harass and handicap the business interests of our own State and it will not protect the public one iota. There is no person can say that this is not the absolute condition now. To me it is preposterous. I do not know, but I suppose I voted for that bill two years ago. My friends from Philadelphia, the other night, said there was a terribly hard fight here to get that bill passed. I do not recollect if that was so. I do not know whether I voted for it or against it. He did tell you and iterated and reiterated and reiterated, and he iterated and reiterated it to-night, how thoroughly and how carefully and how exhaustively the whole subject was gone into before that statute was put upon the books; the last word was said on cold storage in the act of 1913. Why of course it was. It was so carefully arranged, so thoroughly considered! Ha, Ha! That before the Legislature adjourned they had to amend it to fit into the conditions. Now let me tell you what they did. Why, I destroy every atom of his argument, when he tells you that this act was carefully considered, thoroughly considered; they have three of four bills they put in together, and all fixed up so they would be absolutely right for the pubuic, and yet if you will turn back to the page—I forget the page, but as a matter of fact it was such a carefully drawn bill on the statute books, that before the Legislature adjourned, they had to amend it.

Because when they sent it out the people that were engaged in the fish business, said, "Why you have paralyzed the fish business; you have ruined us." And they came back and showed the Legislature that they had. So far as the egg business was concerned, so far as the butter business was concerned, so far as the mutton business was concerned, so far as the pork business was concerned, and so far as the beef business was concerned, it took more time to develop the weakness, and the hardship that it was putting upon the people of the State. They have developed now, and I do not think the bill now, to be frank with my friends, is at all objectionable to the beef interests of our State, because of the fact that we do not in this business have abnormal periods of production in the year. They run along about just as the market demands, so naturally, as far as the mutton industry is concerned, makes little difference whether it is on or whether it is off the statute books; because those products are not especially abundant or superfluous but are about normal in all periods of the year, and four months is about all that is needed in the act. And as a mater of fact, scarcely that is taken advantage of. The same can be said of the beef and of the pork business; but, my friends, look at it when you come to put in the great butter and egg industry in this great State of ours. There is where it strikes so hard. And it matters not what my young attorney friends from the city of Philadelphia say to you, I hope you will believe me. I know what it is doing to the men who produce these particular products in this State.

Now, I took entirely too much time and I am beginning to feel the strain, but my friends, I hope you will put this bill on the calendar, and if you love and want to aid the man, the small man, that is trying to build up a big business in our great cities and protect him from those great packing organizations of the West, in God's name, put this bill on the calendar and pass it.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman from Delaware is through, the thought I had in mind is that if they kept the gentleman from Delaware in the hospital a little while longer he would develop into quite a speechmaker.

Unfortunately for me, but fortunately for you, I was detained last Tuesday evening when the main fireworks came off on this bill. I would have liked to have been present and to have answered some of the arguments which I read this morning, with some degree of interest in the Legislative Journal. In looking at the roll call it struck me the membership was light that evening, and a few moments ago when the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson, was sort of criticising the Senate for their inactivities and their juggling tactics they were showing their activity by calling the roll at the very time the gentleman was speaking on the Uniform Cold Storage bill; and while they were getting slammed over here they were passing that bill by a vote of forty-three to one and it is now or will be shortly, as I am informed by the Senate Clerk, relayed to the House for final action. Now, if that does not wash away the argument of legislative jugglery I desire to fall dead in my tracks. I do not believe it is necessary to say anything further on this bill. Perhaps I could not change a vote; but I do desire to say that it has been my experience up in my end of the State, that this cold storage law has worked irreparable damage to the farming public. If it were an act that the farming public of this State were in favor of, then I ask you why the Grange, which is so strong an organization in the State, was almost unanimously in favor of the repeal of this act.

The gentleman from Delaware has covered this question thoroughly and you gentlemen of this House who were here two years ago well remember the fight we had at the close of the session in fixing up the matter of the fish industry. The same thing has been true about the matter of butter and eggs, and it is a very peculiar thing to me why most of the criticism, or why most of this spirit against the repeal of this act comes from the City of Philadelphia. We people from the country feel that this act ought to be repealed, and inasmuch as that bill which I spoke of, the amending act known as the Uniform Cold

Storage Act, has just passed the Senate almost unanimously, I think that reason alone ought to prompt the membership of this House into reconsideration of the action taken last Tuesday evening and to place this bill on the calendar.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it was with considerable interest that I sat back here and listened to the remarks of my friend from Delaware County. It is peculiar to me, indeed, that at no time has there been a request coming from the people of Pennsylvania for the repeal of the present Cold Storage Act until it comes tonight so forcibly from my friend from Delaware and my friend from Erie saying that the people of their section of the State are unanimously in favor of the repeal of this act.

I stated before when this bill was under consideration that I was a member of the Commission appointed to investigate the cold storage business and report back to this session in which we are now engaged; and I want to say now that at no time, notwithstanding the fact that we went from one end of the State to another, was there a request for the repeal of this act. The testimony that was presented to the Commission showed that the probabilities were that some of the features of the present cold storage law were drastic; but at no time was there ever a call for the repeal; and in answer to my friend from Erie I would say that Mr. Hendricks, who represented the cold storage men in that section, emphatically said that they wanted a supervision; they did not want a repeal of the present law; they were glad to be placed under a supervision and that every honest cold storage man in the State of Pennsylvania would be satisfied to come under the provisions of legislative enactment.

My friend from Delaware claims that there is sufficient legislation on the Statute Books covering the conditions under which foodstuffs might be sold. If he dont know, I do know that there were foodstuffs exposed for sale that were not fit to be handled, let alone eaten by human beings, prior to the enactment of this legislation. I said before, when debating on this bill, that it was the unanimous agreement of the newspapers of Philadelphia that there should not be a repeal of the present law, but that there should be a regulation and that regulation, if necessary, we men can enact. Why totally repeal the law when the drastic features complained of, if they are found to be drastic, can be remedied? It seems to me, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of this House,—and a reference has been made to the steam roller—that there is not a man, I will venture to say, that has not been approached, since he left the legislative halls last week to go to his home, in reference to this bill; and who comes here to ask for the repeal of the present law. We have never seen before any commission an appeal made from the interests, the cold storage interests, asking for the repeal of this law. Unanimously almost do they say that they welcome a just and equitable supervision coming from legislative authority, and to say tonight that it is the unanimous consent of the people of the State of Pennsylvania that this bill should be repealed—the idea must have sprung up very suddenly because the Commission that I was a member of did not come in contact with it notwithstanding the fact that we traveled over the State of Pennsylvania from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh; and I ask the gentlemen of this House not to go back on the stand that they took last week, but to stand firmly and say you will not pass the repeal of the Cold Storage Law and leave the people in the hands of the unscrupulous men who would take advantage of them and retain the law on the statute books. We have an opportunity, if it requires an amendment, to amend it; but under no consideration repeal the act and leave the people of the State of Pennsylvania at the mercy of the unscrupulous cold storage men as they were prior to the enactment of the law of 1913.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FORSTER. I would like to ask the gentleman from Delaware if I was correct in the understanding I got from his remarks that he believed the Pure Food Act of 1909 was sufficient protection to the public with respect to cold storage products?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I tried my best to give the House that impression and that is my belief, that it offers a protection vastly, vastly superior to this particular act, and nothing in this act gives the public any where near the protection afforded by the Act of 1909 and this act does not add one particle of protection to the Act of 1909.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman from Delaware further, is there any provision in the Act of 1909 which requires dealers to give notice to the public whether they are selling fresh or cold storage foods?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I tried to show and I know I gave the House truthful information, that so far as the Pennsylvania product is concerned they are required to do just as I illustrated. I made it so plain that I thought any child could understand what I said. I said so far as Pennsylvania products are concerned that this act makes it necessary the moment you place the products in a cold storage plant to place a card on your goods "cold storage." I said immediately afterwards that if they come from Iowa, Ohio or any other State in the Union there was no provision in this act that required anybody, anywhere in the State of Pennsylvania, to even say that it had been in cold storage; and the consequence was and is that in practice, the products of these other States ar now, and have been ever since this act was put on the statute books, set out on the stalls and counters and marked "fresh"; consequently, of course, the public get no protection. The truth of the matter is that the Pennsylvania article may have been in cold storage for thirty days and the Iowa article may have been in cold storage six months and yet, under the laws of Pennsylvania, I am compelled to advertise my eggs as an artcle which the trade takes in practice to be inferior to the article that is clearly, if cold storage is injurious, much worse. Now, that is what the statute does. That is the absolute condition.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, just one question more. I would like to ask the gentleman if he believes that there should be any cold storage regulations at all?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would be very glad to repeat what I said before. Now I tried—

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I am through; I withdraw my question.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I am not the least surprised to see attorneys who cannot grasp this question. It is a technical question. It is no reflection that I say that at all because I would not grasp what a medical man is saying when he is explaining a medical question and using technical terms, and I would not understand what the electrical engineer says when he begins to deal with technical terms. It is no reflection against my education or ability at all. We all are in exactly the same position. I would not consider it in the least a reflection if some gentleman would say, we are going to talk about a matter, Dick, we are going into technical terms that you don't understand; and I will say, of course, I do not. If two medical men begin to talk about a matter, using Latin words, and say to me, Dick, I don't suppose you understand, why, of course, I would say I did not understand it. Now I can readily understand why my young attorney friends from Philadelphia conclude that this cold storage law—when they go and see the men in the beef business and they say we are satisfied with it and then they come back and say all the people are satisfied; but he never went to see the butter and egg men and he never went to see the poultrymen.

I have a friend in Philadelphia and he called me on the 'phone and wanted to know if I would not like to have one chicken or one loin of pork here to-night that had been taken out of the cooling room, mark you, frozen as stiff as it culd be frozen when the thermometer was at zero, and yet allowed to be sold to the public when it comes from another State as something that is cooled, but not a cold storage product. Now, I don't think I have to tell you again, I know I don't, that the pure food law,—and I read the statute to you,—of 1909 is the last word on fresh food products that is up before the people, but one of my best friends in this country just talked about there being no regulation if we took the statute off. These attorneys will consistently get it into their minds that with that statute off the books the public has no protection whatever from unwholesome foods, adulterated foods and unhealthy foods. Why, this bill only applied to five different subjects and the Act of 1909 covers absolutely everything that goes into human food. Now, you heard me read the statute, and if you take this off—now, don't be misled, gentlemen, don't think that the bars are being thrown down and that the food products offered to the public in the State of Pennsylvania will no longer have any supervision. Why, my friends, do you know how long we have had a Dairy and Food Commissioner in the State of Pennsylvania? Do you know why all this was created? Do you know it has been here for twenty years? Do you know it has dealt entirely with protecting the public against having thrust upon them unwholesome, deleterious and adulterated food products?

Why, not only in the Act of 1909, but in 1897 the Act of 1895 was reinforced, in 1899 it was amended and reinforced by other statutes, in 1901 it was again reinforced by other statutes, in 1905 it was again reinforced, and in 1907 again reinforced, and then to clean up this patchwork legislation that had arisen since the law of 1895, which created the Dairy and Food Commission, the Act of 1909 was made so broad and so sweeping, that the man that gets up in this House and tells you that the public is left to the mercy of unscrupulous dealers in produce, is simply misinformed, and so far as that goes I do not think I ought to excuse my friends from Philadelphia that are attorneys, for they ought to know what the statute is better than I do, and I do not believe that they are just exactly playing fair in the thing. I believe that they have got themselves so wrapped up in this thing, that they are disinclined to back down, like all of us, myself amongst them, that we do not like to surrender when we know we are half wrong.

I am very much inclined to think from the very remarks of my friend from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, that he was weakening and weakening, and was pretty near ready to vote the way I advocate, because I know he has a pretty good opinion of my opinion on subjects of this character. I think it is the only time in the history of this House that we have ever differed, and I am thoroughly satisfied that if I had had a talk with him before he started wrong last week, that he would have been with me, as he knows that I am a practical man, knowing all about this business, and therefore understand it better.

Now, just for the benefit of my young attorney friends from the City of Philadelphia, I would like them to go and look over the statutes, and then I would like them to come in to-morrow morning or some other time and say, "Well, Dick, you were absolutely right when you quoted the law."

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, there has been considerable discussion on the merits of the motion before the House to-night, but I wish to say, in answer to the gentleman from Delaware, that the general pure food act of 1909 has absolutely no application to a cold storage bill. The cold storage act that was placed upon the statute books of this State last session, means that the people of Pennsylvania shall know whether an egg is six, seven or eight months old. Why shouldn't they know, Mr. Speaker? Why shouldn't the people of Pennsylvania know that when they buy a product in the open market it is either fresh or it has been in cold storage?

The Act of 1909 that my friend speaks about only provides that where a food is deleterious, or injurious to the public health, it cannot be sold. But the act that relates to cold storage says this: That if an egg, or a fish, or a loin of pork is placed in cold storage, when it comes out, it shall bear the mark "Wholesome Cold Storage Food." My friend says that the cold storage houses in Illinois, Ohio and Iowa do not mark their food. He never read the act. The act provides where a piece of foodstuff is in cold storage it shall be marked, so that who buys that particular product shall know whether in Illinois, Ohio, Iowa or any other State it was in a cold storage house.

Mr. Speaker, it is an outrage on public policy, it is an outrage against the consumer, it is an outrage against every man in Pennsylvania to repeal this cold storage act. I remember last session the influences that came to work to try to defeat the pasage of this act, and I know to-night the influences that stand beyond the bar of this House trying to ask you men to repeal this cold storage act. It is an outrage. It is an affront to public decency. It is an outrage against every consumer of foodstuffs. This bill should no more be repealed than any bill that has to do with the welfare of the people, and I trust, Mr. Speaker, that to-night this House, realizing its responsibility for the public weal, appreciating its obligation to all of the people of Pennsylvania, shall not listen to the whip that cracks from the cold storage houses, but shall know that all the people of Pennsylvania desire that their foodstuff shall be so protected that you and I, who eat at our table, shall know that we are eating that for which we pay and that the law of this State shall protect us in our meals. Mr. Speaker, I trust that this House will refuse to put this bill upon the calendar.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to know whether the gentleman wants the House to infer from his remarks that "they should pay no attention to the crack of the whip," that he felt that I was speaking in their interests or influenced by them?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Delaware needs no apology from me.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I rise with some apologies and some regrets. It seems that the gentleman from Delaware thinks that attorneys are not fit to discuss this matter and I trust, even though I be an attorney, not a Philadelphia attorney, and not a young attorney, that I may be permitted to make a few observations along the line of argument,—the exhaustive argument of the gentleman from Delaware. To my mind he showed this,—and I want to say in passing, that it was about as clever a specimen of special pleading as I have ever heard in the court or out of it. It amounts to this: That the act of 1909 is a very good pure food act; that the act of 1913 ought to be repealed because it permits outsiders to deceive the public and prevents Pennsylvanians from deceiving the public. That is what his argument amounts to in that line. He says the Pennsylvania cold storage man has to label his goods for what they are and he says the Iowa, Indiana and Ohio cold storage man can label his fresh. Well, I say, Mr. Speaker, that if that be the state of the law the thing to do is not to repeal it, but to amend it; patch it up so it will serve the purpose intended.

It seems to me, sir, the day has come in Pennsylvania and elsewhere that things ought to be sold for what they are, and not for what they are not. We have some control over the storage business of Pennsylvania; we have no direct control over the storage business of other States, but if this act be as the gentleman from Delaware says it is, if it permits those from outside the State to sell as fresh that which is cold storage, amend the act, but let us, even if it is permitted to do wrong in other States, even if it is permitted to fool the public in other States and that of our own by outsiders, let us clean our own State; let us see that the citizens of Pennsylvania observe good faith toward the consuming public, and if the act of 1909 is an excellent pure food act, and I believe it is because the gentleman from Delaware says so, if it is such an excellent act, do not put any more burden upon the Dairy and Food Department of Pennsylvania, prevent the admission of deleterious food older than that put out from our cold storage houses. As I observed when this bill was up on final passage before, it seems to me that it is not a medical question, or a legal question, but a question of common sense. If anybody wants to buy an egg a year old, let him buy it, but for heaven's sake let him know what it is he is buying and that is what this act requires to be done. It it does not require the man who ships eggs from China, Iowa or elsewhere,—if it does not require him to tell whether they were stored, then for heaven's sake make him say so and make the person who sells them say so. That is all we ask.

Now, I have been informed within a very few minutes that the other bill so much talked about has passed the Senate finally tonight and when that comes over here, and I presume that it will, if it is a good bill let us pass it, but why should we wipe all regulations and restrictions off the Statute books and how is it that so many gentlemen of this House are anxious to do it.

Now, relative to the State Grange. It has been said that the State Grange is in favor of this bill. It may be, but I don't know whether they are or not. I had a letter from a well-known commission house in Philadelphia this evening, stating that the Grange did back this bill. My experience with the Grange in this House this session has convinced me that the Grange is often wrong, and if the farmers of this State, represented by the Grange, are for a law that will permit a man to sell something for what it is not, then the Grange is wrong and I sincerely hope this House will go on record as upholding the vote which was taken last week.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I regret very much being obliged to take up any more of the time of the House on this question, but the remarks of the gentleman from Delaware makes it necessary that I at least make some reply to them. The gentleman from Delaware has tried to convey to the minds of the members of this House that the act of 1913 was passed in derogation to the rights of the Pennsylvanians engaged in the cold storage business and in favor of those engaged in that business outside of the State.

I want to say to the gentleman from Delaware that he was never further from the truth. I, as one of the sub-committee who had to deal with this act of 1913 know whereof I speak when I say that the most active of our opponents of the 1913 law were the so-called packers of the west. They not only came to this Legislature and interviewed members of the committee including myself and endeavored to get us to let up upon this cold storage question but they followed me to Philadelphia and to my office with the same object in view. When this cold storage repealer was introduced in the Senate the same influences were put to work with the same object in view to get the support of the Philadelphia members including myself, in favor of this repealer. Now, my friend, the gentleman from Delaware, says that this present law militates against the Pennsylvania man. I called the attention of this House last week to Section 18 of this Act which my friend from Delaware, I know, has not read together with what he has read although he has read some other sections of the bill, and for the benefit of those members who were not here last week I will again go over it and quote and call it to their attention.

"No food shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale in this State which shall have been placed or stored in any cold storage warehouse outside of this State unless it first shall have been marked as provided in section fifteen (15) of this act. Provided however, That no such food shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale in this State if the total length of time that such food has remained in cold storage shall exceed that specified in section sixteen (16) of this act."

Any one having anything to do with legislation knows that one State cannot pass laws which shall be binding upon some other State and the only thing that that State can do is to pass such laws in the matter of products, as will regulate products which come in from an outside State and under the powers and duties given to the Dairy and Food Commissioner under this Act of 1913, it is entirely up to him to ascertain, and he is vested with full power to ascertain what length of time they have been in cold storage elsewhere and if it exceeds the time limit specified in this act, under this law they cannot be sold or exposed for sale. My friend quoted Section 20 of this Act. I will read that section:

"Nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit the shipping consigning or transporting of fresh food in properly refrigerated cars within this State to points of destination nor when received to prohibit the same being held in a cooling room for a period of forty-eight (48) hours and provided further that nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit the keeping of fresh food in ice-boxes or refrigerators in retail stores while the same is offered or exposed for sale."

The purpose of that provision is in order that the law shall not apply to a small storekeeper when he has up for sale or exposed products for sale when the time limit does not run against him. This section must be taken in connection with the other sections of the act and if the goods shall have been in there and have exceeded the time limit in cold storage, or are not wholesome or don't bear the tag which this law requires that they shall bear, then the Dairy and Food Commissioner shall say that these goods shall not be exposed for sale. That is the purpose of this act. It has nothing whatever to do with the Act of 1909 as has been said here by previous speakers upon this question. It is an act of itself. The Act of 1909 deals with deleterious foods. I am not here for the purpose of arguing that goods kept in cold storage are not fit to be consumed by the public, **but I am here to argue, and sincerely** argue that the purpose of this act is to give to the public of this State notice of the length of time that they have been kept in cold storage and to put out of existence the practices which have been engaged in by those in this particular line of business, and taking a cold storage product and selling it at fresh price rate and that is just exactly what this act prevents; that is why the shoe pinches; that is where it hurts the cold storage dealers. My friend says that the question of this repeal has nothing whatever to do with the passage of the uniform act. I say it has. The repeal of the existing law wipes out all regulation. I don't know what the provisions of the uniform law are but I will call your attention to an advertisement that was inserted in the Philadelphia Press, a Philadelphia newspaper, the Inquirer, on Thursday, last. You gentleman will recall that I called your attention to the fact that the Corn Exchange National Bank of Philadelphia, is the financial institution back of the cold storage business in Philadelphia and elsewhere who were advocating the existing law in the open, but under cover they were advocating its repeal and they inserted this advertisement in the Philadelphia Inquirer on Thursday, April 29th.

OUR POSITION—REGARDING COLD STORAGE

has not been altered by the refusal of the House to repeal the present drastic law.

From the first this Bank has recommended the adoption of the Uniform Cold Storage Law drafted by the National Commissioners of Uniform State Laws.

The decided vote by the Senate and the vote in the House of 86 to 81 in favor of the unconditional repeal of the present Cold Storage Law, while not sufficient to repeal, proves that the majority of our State Legislators are not in favor of laws that unnecessarily hamper business.

As business men to business men we again appeal to our Senators and Representatives for the adoption of the Uniform Law. We know the present law hurts everyone in Pennsylvania, including the Consumers, and benefits none except merchants in Chicago and outside cities.

CORN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
Chestnut at Second Street, Philadelphia.

That is their answer and, Mr. Speaker, again I reiterate that if the gentleman from Delaware questions the article **which I read from the Produce Bulletin which is the** mouthpiece of the men engaged in this business in Philadelphia **and I quoted as saying besides the stringent cold** storage law of this State not working against the interests **of the people I propose to add to that and go further and** if the existing law is not for the benefit of the consumer then I don't know what is. There is one thing that the gentleman from Delaware has stated and if he ever said anything in his discussion on any bill which should go for the purpose of carrying the position of the opponents of this measure the remarks which he made tonight bear me out: When he said that eggs put in cold storage plants deteriorate and become dangerous. I quote him verbatim; that is exactly what he said. If that be true I am willing to accept the statement of the gentleman from Delaware who knows all about this business, but I ask why repeal a law which limits the time they shall be kept in cold storage.

Mr. BADWIN. Mr. Speaker, I just wish to correct an impression that the **gentleman from Philadelphia has made. I said that the general public believe erroneously in my judgment I added, the general public believes and I think erroneously in most instances that goods deteriorate when** they are put in cold storage and because the Pennsylvanians has put the card "Cold Storage" on his eggs while beside him the Cleveland Provision Company (showing a paper) and this was wrapped around a piece of loin that was frozen as hard as ice and it is put before the public "Home Cut Loins," but there was no "Cold Storage" on it. Of course, that don't mean anything, when you come to analyze it, but the general public will conclude that it is home production, nice and fresh and never been in a refrigerator. Now, my friend says that the pure food law of 1909 does not have anything to do with it, with the wholesomeness and the purity of food. If it didn't, then the repeal of this law will let the bars down and it ought not to be repealed. It works against the interests of the people of Pennsylvania to have a foreign product come in to some extent and permit the public health through this commercial interest to suffer as it will be suffering to put on the public an unwholesome food. The Act of 1909 gives the Dairy and Food Commissioner relating to food, providing for the protection of public health and the prevention of fraud authority in this respect. Well, how are you going to provide for the public health if the Dairy and Food Commissioner is going to permit the market to be stocked with unwholesome food, be panned out to the public. I don't misrepresent our position in the least. My friend from Philadelphia says that it only deals with the question of health. It does not do anything of the kind. It deals with every phase of unhealthy food. My friend read section 18 of the bill of 1913 and it is true I didn't read it, but I will tell you just exactly what it did. In other words, I will tell you how it worked out. I am going to show you the fine Italian hand that is written there in section 18, that my friend didn't appear to be able to discover. A practical man can understand it and right now I want to say to this House that my friend from Philadelphia no doubt honestly thinks that the great packing interests outside of the State of Pennsylvania don't want this bill. I have the most absolute and positive evidence that they do want this bill to stay on the statute books and the fact is backed up by the very thing that they can sell their product for fresh and we have to sell ours for cold storage. I have not said that cold storage products are unhealthy, but I say it does affect the value of the goods on the market because the public through their impressions given by those who have not studied the subject very seriously have believed this; they have led the public to believe so. Let me show you the fine Italian hand in section 18 that my friend talks about. I have told you in the first place that the first seventeen sections hobbled, tied and ham-strung the Pennsylvanian. Now, I am going to show you that section 18 just merely says this that "no food shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale in this State which shall have been placed or stored in any cold storage warehouse outside of the State unless it first shall have been marked." It looks pretty good, don't it? But do you know what I would have said if I had been writing that section? I would have provided in that section that when a carload of cold storage goods comes to Philadelphia, somebody would have to say under oath that it hadn't been in cold storage, but what they have said in that act could not be unloaded until some public official say what its condition was before it was put into a Pennsylvania branch.

Branches of these great outside packing corporations are distributed over the City of Philadelphia. There is nobody to inspect the goods when they come in, nobody to require it to be marked when it went into that "cooling room." The fine Italian hand in section 18, who have drawn that section—he would not have thought that there should have at least been some requirements in section 16, in section 18, similar to the requirements that are in the other sections when they deal with Pennsylvania products. You know and I know why it is not in there. It is not in there so as to make it easy for those people. It is remarkable that it took seventeen sections to tie up Pennsylvania. I reiterate, for I want to impress you with it, it is peculiarly strange that it took 17 sections to tie the Pennsylvanian up, and only one little bare section which says it shall not be done, but providing none of the necessary precautions that the people of Pennsylvania would be protected when it comes to deal with their product. And mark you, at no time in that statute anywhere is there a provision for the Pennsylvanian to put his product in a "cooling room." The fine Italian hand again in section 20,—that when goods come in refrigerator cars from beyond the borders of the State of Pennsylvania, then they can go in the cooling room; they do not have to make a record when they are put in there. There is a book kept of them as to when they go in, but when they will be taken out, nobody shall have any information of it. The truth of it is that four-fifths of these particular products, probably that are consumed in the State of Pennsylvania, come from ouside of the State. I am well within the facts when I say to you that that bill does not give the people of Pennsylvania any protection whatever on the question of how long these particular products have been in a cold storage room, and that is all there is in the bill. So far as unwholesome food, adulterated foods, are concerned, that has all been taken care of, as I told you, in the Act of 1909. The public is amply protected. So far as foreign products are concerned, my colleague sits ready to make an affirmation that the facts exist in the City of Philadelphia as I have stated them to you. How can you deny it?

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. W. H. Wilson and Mr. Roney were as follows:

YEAS—109.

Adams,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
[illegible]ir.
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walton.
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitten,
Wildman.
Wilson, H. I.,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—73.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur.
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Bergy.
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dell,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Glass,
Gormley,
Graham,
Hackett,
Herman,
Jack,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz.
Love,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Reel,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Taylor,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Ambler,
Speaker.

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—114.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McKay,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Myers,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,

Body,
Bovee,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer;
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Geary,
Geiser.
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walton,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Wilson, H. I.,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—74.

Albee,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dell,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Glass,
Goodwin,
Graham,
Hackett,
Herman,
Jack,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Marvin,
Maurer
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Reel,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Taylor,
Vickerman,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Ambler,
Speaker.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

TIME LIMIT EXTENDED ON HOUSE BILL NO. 554.

Mr. BALDWIN asked and received unanimous consent for the extension for three days of the time limit on House Bill No. 554, entitled:

An Act to provide a standard form of policy contract to be issued by fire insurance companies transacting business in Pennsylvania designating the provisions thereof exempting certain policies and prescribing penalties for any violations

on page five of to-night's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed for the present.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

The SPEAKER. The hour of ten o'clock has arrived, the time for the consideration, by special order, on Third Reading of House Bill No. 1106, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. STERN. I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE BILL NO. 839 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. WHITAKER offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Whitaker, seconded by Mr. Hibshman, that House Bill No. 839, File Folio 7311, entitled:

An Act creating a department of agriculture defining its powers and duties charging the department with the enforcement of laws heretofore enforced by the department of agriculture or any bureau or division thereof and the State livestock sanitary board and abolishing the State livestock sanitary board and certain offices in the department of agriculture

known as the Agricultural Commission Bill, which is on today's Third Reading Calendar be made a special order for Third Reading and Final Passage for Wednesday at eleven o'clock A. M.

COMMUNICATION PROTESTING AGAINST HOUSE BILL NO. 1387.

The SPEAKER. The following telegram has been received by the Chair.

The Clerk read as follows:

Erie, Pa., May 3rd, 1915.

Hon. Charles A. Ambler,
Speaker House of Representatives,
Harrisburg, Pa.

City Council, by unanimous vote, requests me to protest against the passage of amended City Planing Bill, House Bill No. 1387.

(Signed) W. J. STERN, Mayor.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 331.

Mr. DUNN. I offer the Conference report on House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the treasury of said cities and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions

The SPEAKER. The same will be printed.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. MILLIRON offered the following motion which was twice read and considered:

Moved by Mr. Milliron, seconded by Mr. Phillips, that House Bill No. 1245 (Senate No. 28), be placed on the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Committee.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask what bill that is.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the title of the bill.

The Clerk read as follows:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to make this explanation to the members of the House. This bill was reported out from the Educational Committee, with a negative recommendation. The committee felt at that time that it was not right to set aside a whole day as "Bird Day." The Governor has asked us to amend this bill, so that "Bird Day" might be observed along with Arbor Day, and we are having it placed on the calendar for the purpose of making that amendment.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 206 (House Bill No. 1688).

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DIEFENDERFER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 493, Senate Bill No. 93, File Folio 2799, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

was defeated on final passage on Wednesday last, be reconsidered.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the nays appeared to have it.

Whereupon, a division was called for and 90 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and 53 in the negative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring?

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PERRY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the ayes appeared to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for and 90 gentlemen having voted in the affirmative and 20 in the negative, the question was decided in the affirmative and the motion was agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1629, entitled:

An Act authorizing the commission appointed to investigate the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf to accept the said school, including all buildings, grounds and equipment, taking an assignment of the surface rights of said grounds only; providing for the payment of all claims, debts and liens against said institution not exceeding the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and making an appropriation for that purpose.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 644, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary

Mr. CHAS. A. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 473, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1667, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to James Joseph Grassi of Altoona, Pennsylvania certain moneys paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1471, entitled:

An Act amending an act "Relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, etc." approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (P. L. 672), by increasing the registration fees provided in section six thereof.

Mr. DUNN, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 251, entitled:

An Act defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure as a Bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 315, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the City of Bradford.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 699, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane, McKean county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 641, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission near the City of Bradford Pennsylvania

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed, House Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League for the Grandview Sanatorium and the Bonair Sanatorium.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. PHILLIPS asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a joint resolution at this time.

Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 1689.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section four of article two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. WALSH asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. WALSH. House Bill No. 1690.

An Act to authorize the insertion in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose, either originally or by amendment of a provision that the rector or minister chosen by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex-officio president of the vestry, board of trustees, board of directors or governing body by whatever name designated of such corporation, and to validate similar provisions in the charters of such corporations heretofore granted.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 668.

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes prescribing their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors

Senate Bill No. 245.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

Senate Bill No. 329:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries

Senate Bill No. 347.

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities

Senate Bill No. 380.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

Senate Bill No. 452.

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Senate Bill No. 456.

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company

Senate Bill No. 473.

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen

Senate Bill No. 550.

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness

Senate Bill No. 551.

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same

Senate Bill No. 567.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the Estate of Joseph B. Sheppard Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Senate Bill No. 612.

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes

House Bill No. 546.

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11.00 P. M.) the House adjourned to meet at 10.00 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1915. No. 53.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, May 4, 1915.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for the preservation of our lives. The laws of our land are not hostile to us, and they have no fears for us when we obey them. It is when we violate these laws that we must suffer their penalties. It is also true with Thy laws, that when we obey them they are helpful to us in every way, but when we disregard them it is at that time that we feel the sorrows that come from such violations. We pray Thee then to help us to remember that whatsoever a man sows, that shall he also reap. So guide us that we may live to our own best interests, and to the highest good of our fellows. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. JENKINS, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING LAW PERMITTING SUNDAY FISHING.

Mr. McCONNELL presented petition of citizens of the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District favoring the passage of a law permitting Sunday fishing.

Which was referred to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

FAVORING HOUSE BILLS NOS. 547, 511, AND SENATE BILL NO. 340.

Mr. McCONNELL presented two petitions of citizens of Northumberland County favoring the passage of House Bills Nos. 547 and 511, and Senate Bill No. 340.

Which were referred to the Committee on Education.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO MOLLY PITCHER.

Mr. JENKINS presented petition of citizens of Philadelphia County favoring the erection of a memorial to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. JENKINS presented petition of citizens of Philadelphia favoring the erection of a memorial to the Public Schools and the Founders thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. HILTON asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Clarion, Mr. Hindman, for to-day's session.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. KURTZ, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 1407 (House Bill No. 921), entitled:

An Act requiring cities of the second class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 831 (House Bill No. 1068), entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the several clerks of the courts of oyer and terminer general jail delivery and quarter sessions of the peace in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census.

Also from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 823, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships abutting on navigable lakes forming boundaries of the Commonwealth and providing for an equitable distribution of the road funds therein.

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1048, entitled:

An Act fixing the method of sale of bonds issued by counties cities boroughs townships school districts or other municipalities or incorporated districts.

Mr. SEMMENS, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 516 (House Bill No. 544), entitled:

An Act authorizing the adoption of an amortized basis for valuing the bond investments of life insurance companies or fraternal beneficiary societies.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 506, entitled:

An Act to amend section seventy-five of the act, entitled "An Act to consolidate, revise and amend the penal laws of this Commonwealth," approved the 31st day of March, A. D. 1860, by providing that the penalty for murder of the first degree shall be either death or life imprisonment at the discretion of the jury or of the court, as the case may be.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1082 (House Bill No. 1424), entitled:

An Act authorizing Christian Gerz, administrator of the estate of Alexander Gerz, late of the City of Lancaster, County of Lancaster, deceased to sue the Commonwealth.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1030 (House Bill No. 1341), entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sleighter and Mary E. Sleighter citizens of Green Township, Franklin County, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 1070 (House Bill No. 1238), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the clerks and messenger in the Department of Public Instruction.

Mr. SCHANTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1058 (House Bill No. 638), entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions," approved the 17th day of April, A. D. 1876.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 81, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 11th day of July, 1901, entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in this Commonwealth, and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same."

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1045, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances or mortgages made by or to corporations and judicial sales or sheriff's sales had on any corporate obligation or mortgage, after letters patent are issued, and before the recording of their charters.

Also from the Committee on Game and Fisneries, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 877 (House Bill No. 928), entitled:

An Act to classify the fish in the water within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artifically propagated for profit and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 709, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three, six and seven of an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof," by making certain exemptions relative to operators train dispatchers or other employes who by use of the telegraph or telephone dispatch reports transmit receive or deliver orders pertaining to or affecting train movements and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1038 (House Bill No. 1375), entitled:

An Act providing that whenever in any civil cause in any court of this Commonwealth the verdict of a jury is set aside and a new trial ordered the reason or reasons for the order of court shall be stated of record and if such reason or reasons be only that the damages awarded by the verdict are excessive or inadequate the new trial shall be restricted to the question of the damages and the verdict shall stand in all other respects.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 903 (House Bill No. 1209), entitled:

An Act regulating the disposition of dockets of justices of the peace and aldermen and providing penalties.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1013, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Lebanon Sanatorium located at Lebanon, Lebanon County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County any sum or sums of money legally and justly due it for treatment given Private Albert Greener late a member of Company K, Fourth Infantry, National Guard of Pennsylvania.

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Forestry, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 995 (House Bill No. 890), entitled:

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on lands purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located.

Mr. SEMMENS, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 896 (House Bill No. 180), entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to wild birds and animals and game within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, prohibiting the hunting for or capture or killing of such wild birds or animals or game by unnaturalized foreign-born residents, forbidding the ownership or possession of dogs by any unnaturalized foreign-born resident within the Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1071 (House Bill No. 1263), entitled:

An Act requiring all State officials and employes who receive and disburse public moneys to give bond for the faithful performance of their official duties.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 977 (House Bill No. 1311), entitled:

An Act supplementing an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes, prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties, fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward, borough and township assessors insofar as respects the assessment of State and county taxes" impoing certain duties on the board and on burgesses of boroughs township commissioners and supervisors and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 899 (House Bill No. 528), entitled:

An Act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census and repealing all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent therewith.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 873 (House Bill No. 1155), entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the 8th day of April, 1833, entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates."

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 994 (House Bill No. 406), entitled:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of assembly which are obsolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 485, entitled:

An Act to make an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, and providing for the expenditure thereof, and for the appointment by the Governor of a competent engineer to assist and co-operate therein.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 485, entitled:

An Act to make an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, and providing for the expenditure thereof, and for the appointment by the Governor of a competent engineer to assist and co-operate therein

be read the first time.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 485, entitled:

An Act to make an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, and providing for the expenditure thereof, and for the appointment by the Governor of a competent engineer to assist and co-operate therein.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 783, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities owning water-works or electric light, heat or power plants to lease the same with the consent of the Public Service Commission.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 922, entitled:

An Act authorizing the employment of architects and draughtsmen in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, prescribing their powers fixing their duties and compensation requiring the preparation of uniform contracts and providing the method of payment of sums due upon contracts entered into by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings and carried out under the supervision of the said architects.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1410, entitled:

An Act prohibiting the furnishing by gift, sale or otherwise to minors under the age of eighteen years, of rifles, air rifles, air guns, spring guns, or any other implements which impel with force metal pellets or shot, requiring such minors to divulge where and from whom such rifles, air rifles, air guns, spring guns, or any other implements which impel with force metal pellets or shot have been obtained, and providing penalties for violation of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1411, entitled:

An Act to enable the commission on the statutes at large and the compiler and editor appointed under the act of July 25th, 1913 (P. L. 1273), to complete their work and re-appropriating the amount withheld.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1412, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to expend in constructing, maintaining and repairing public roads certain funds collected from bicycle license tax.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Bill No. 1413, entitled:

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April, 1915, entitled "An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages, and other claims, which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

BILL RETURNED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read, as follows:

In Section 1, line 8, by inserting after the word "use" the words: "Said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on due proof that such moneys were as aforesaid erroneously and actually paid into the State Treasury."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 449 (House Bill No. 540), as follows:

An Act to amend section two clause one of section three and section four of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of the act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five Pamphlet Laws two hundred twelve two hundred twenty-one which reads as follows

"Section 2 As soon as convenient after the first election the successful candidates shall cast lots for the priority of commission and certify the result to the Governor who shall issue their commission in accordance therewith and the same course shall be pursued whenever thereafter two or more judges are elected at the same time

The rank title and position of president judge of the said Superior Court shall be held by that elected member of the Court whose commission shall have priority either in time or as the result of the lot And if the President Judge shall be re-elected or if any succeeding President Judge shall be re-elected he shall continue to hold the rank title and position

Whenever it is reasonably possible the full bench of seven judges shall sit at the hearing and shall also take part in the examination and decision of each appeal but four judges shall be a quorum and may conduct the business of the Court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 As soon as convenient after the first election the successful candidates shall cast lots for priority of commission and certify the result to the Governor who shall issue their commission in accordance therewith and the same course shall be pursued whenever thereafter two or more judges are elected at the same time Provided however that the judges who is re-elected shall not cast lots for priority of commission but the rank priority and senority of each judge of said court shall be determined by his continuous length of service as a member of said court

The rank title and position of the President Judge of the said Superior Court shall be held by that elected member of the court whose commission shall have priority either in time or as the result of the lot And if the President Judge shall be re-elected or if any succeeding president judge shall be re-elected he shall continue hold the rank and position

Whenever it is reasonably possible the full bench of seven judges shall sit at the hearing and shall also take part in the examination and decisions of each appeal but four judges shall be a quorum and may conduct the business of the court Provided however That the said court may at its discretion direct and appoint or designate two of their members to write opinions during the sessions of said court and when this is done these members shall not be required to sit at the hearings and take part in the examination and decision of any appeal being heard during that time

Section 2 That clause one of section three of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 The said Superior Court may fix the time and places when and where it will meet except that it must meet at least once a year in the cities of Philadelphia Pittsburgh Harrisburg Scranton and Williamsport" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The said Superior Court may fix a time and place where it may meet except that it may meet at least once a year in the Cities of Philadelphia Pittsburgh Harrisburg Scranton and Williamsport

Section 3 That section four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 The prothonotaries of the Supreme Court at Philadelphia Harrisburg and Pittsburgh shall be ex-officio the prothonotaries of the Superior Court and at each of the other places where the said court may sit the said court may appoint a prothonotary who shall hold office during the pleasure of the court They shall perform such duties and exercise such powers in reference to its records and business as the court may direct Their compensation shall be as follows namely

For all services whatever rendered by them in connection with any appeal to the Superior Court the sum of ten dollars shall be paid to them at the time the record from the court below is filed in said court No further charge shall be made for preparing and certifying the remititur and record to the court below with a copy of the opinion or for preparing and ceritfying the record to the Supreme Court in case of an appeal thereto

There shall be no State tax on appeals to the said Superior Court or in any process thereof or on appeals therefrom" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 The judges of the Superior Court shall appoint the prothonotaries of said court at Philadelphia Harrisburg and Pittsburgh and at such other places where the said court may sit who shall hold office during the pleasure of the court and the deputy prothonotaries and clerks of the Supreme Court shall be ex-officio deputy prothonotaries and clerks of the Superior Court The prothonotaries deputy prothonotaries and clerks shall perform such duties and exercise such powers in reference to the acts and business as the court may direct The compensation of the prothonotaries of the Superior Court shall be as authorized by the act of May nineteen one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act regulating the practice bail costs and fees on appeals to the Supreme Court and Superior Court" There shall be no State tax on appeals to the said Superior Court or on any process thereof or on appeals therefrom

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House in requested.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 841, on final passage, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers and providing penalties for the violation thereof

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 54, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Capitol Park Extension Commission

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 68, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River between Herndon and Port Trevorton and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to amend Article fourteen section one of an act approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,

Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Hilton,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 360 (House Bill No. 304), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

go over in its order,

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 676 (House No. 889), entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Graff,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 685, as follows:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the granting of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile' approved June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established and for attachment of such will to letters of administration granted in the case" by providing for the issuance of letters testamentary to the executor named in such will in the same manner and form as if such supposed decedent were actually dead

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the granting of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile' approved June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established and for attachment of such will to letters of administration granted in the case" which reads as follows

"Section 3 Upon the return of the writ of citation if the register of wills shall be satisfied from all the evidence that may be adduced that the proposed will was in fact the last will and testament left by the decedent before his departure or disappearance from his residence the said will shall be admitted to probate as if the testator were in fact dead and a certificate of said will shall be directed to the administrator and attached to the letters of administration theretofore issued or to a certified copy of such letters and thereafter the administrator shall execute the said will according to its terms and all property of the decedent shall be vested as provided by said will in the several legatees and devises named therein Provided That nothing herein shall prevent the orphans' court from revoking the said letters as provided in the act to which this is a supplement upon satisfactory proof that the supposed decedent is in fact alive after which revocation the powers of the administrator and the rights of the legatees and devisees under said will shall cease and all receipts and disbursements of assets and other acts previously done by them shall remain as valid as if the said letters were unrevoked and providing that legatees and devisees may be called upon at any time by the supposed decedent to account for any property which they may have received remaining in their hands exactly as in the act to which this is a supplement the administrator may be called upon to account for such property or assets And provided further That if upon probate of the last will and testament of the decedent it appears that an executor is named in the will the letters of administration granted to such administrator by the register of wills shall be revoked and letters of administration shall be issued in due form of law to the executor named in said last will and testament" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 3 Upon the return of the writ of citation if the register of wills shall be satisfied from all the evidence that may be adduced that the proposed will was in fact the last will and testament left by the decedent before his departure or disappearance from his residence the said will shall be admitted to probate as if the testator were in fact dead and a certificate of said will shall be directed to the administrator and attached to the letters of administration theretofore issued or to a certified copy of such letters and thereafter the administrator shall execute the said will according to its terms and all property of the decedent shall be vested as provided by said will in the several legatees and devisees named therein Provided That nothing herein shall prevent the orphans' court from revoking the said letters as provided in the act to which this is a supplement upon satisfactory proof that the supposed decedent is in fact alive after which revocation the powers of the administrator and the rights of the legatees and devisees under said will shall cease and all receipts and disbursements of assets and other acts previously done by them shall remain as valid as if the said letters were unrevoked and providing that legatees and devisees may be called upon at any time by the supposed decedent to accounty for any property which they may have received remaining in their hands exactly as in the act to which this is a supplement the administrator may be called upon to account for such property or assets And provided further That if upon probate of the last will and testament of the decedent it appears that an executor is named in the will the letters of administration granted to such administrator by the register of wills shall be revoked and letters testamentary shall be issued to the executor named in said last will in the same manner and form as if the said supposed decedent were actually dead"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 686, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act relating to the grant of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five by authorizing the several orphans' courts of this Commonwealth to accept refunding bonds from the distributees without sureties in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 708, entitled:

An Act making incompatible the offices of councilman in municipalities and school director

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman,
Croft,
Crow,
Farley,
Graff,
Herbst,
Hoke,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Martin,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—2.

Buckman,
Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 718 (House Bill No. 962), entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A
Snyder, P. W.,
Thompson,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—4.

Phipps,
Smith, R. E.,
Stewart,
Tompkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL from the Committee on Finance reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 505, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act approved the 1st day of June, 1889, entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the 7th day of June A. D. 1879," as amended by an act approved the 22d day of July, A. D. 1913, P. L. of 1913, page 903.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 505, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand nine hundred and thirteen page nine hundred and three

be read the first time.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 505, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand nine hundred and thirteen page nine hundred and three

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideraeration of Senate Bill No. 739, entitled:

An Act relating to real estate brokers or agents and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 755, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the State Board of Education to inquire into and report to the Governor upon the advisability and desirability of the erection at Harrisburg by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a suitable building for the use of educational departments and interests of the State Government, which building shall also serve as a memorial to the founders of the Public School System and former distinguished educators of the Commonwealth, and authorizing the State Board of Education to expend out of any money appropriated to it at the Legislative Session of 1915 such sum or sums as may be necessary to secure preliminary plans and designs not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell.
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul.
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner.
Wasbers.
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 784, entitled:

An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received for recording and exemplifying deeds and other writings in this Commonwealth in counties containing a population from two hundred fifty thousand to five hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley.
Farley,
Graff,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W..
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 793, entitled:

An Act providing for watchers male and female at elections where constitutional amendments are submitted extending right of suffrage and imposing duties on election officers and county commissioners and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—22.

Endsley,
Graff,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Magee, C. J.,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Mills,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Sensenich.
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,

NAYS—12.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
DeWitt,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Kurtz,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sones,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 810, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act to establish a Department of Mines in Pennsylvania defining its purposes and authority providing for the appointment of a Chief of said department and assistants and fixing their salaries and expenses"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Catlin,
Clark,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell.
McKee, W. S.
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson.
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—2.

Smith, R. E., Stewart.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 836 (House Bill No. 1131), entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—28.

Catlin,
Daix,
DeWitt,,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Salus,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 883 (House Bill No. 806), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 888 (House Bill No. 1175), entitled:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne county to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 12, by striking out the words: "Said suit or suits shall be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence and appeal as other suits brought in the said court are subject," and insert in lieu thereof the following: This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence as in other cases between individuals. The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 891 (House Bill No. 1181), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 892 (House Bill No. 970), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also section four five twelve thirteen twenty twenty-two thirty thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and sixty-four) as one of said paragraphs of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 897 (House Bill No. 437), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate owned by said decedent at the date of his death

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 909 (House Bill No. 1202), entitled:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Graff,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 934, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing a method of establishing title to land acquired at a sale for unpaid taxes or municipal claims

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 948 (House Bill No. 1239), entitled:

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 957 (House Bill No. 906), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 966, entitled:

An Act amending section one of an act entitled "An Act amending section seven of an act entitled 'An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children' approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five providing that married men or women in case of drunkenness or profligacy of husbands or wives may consent to the adoption of their children" approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Herbst,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin,
McConnell.
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A..
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart.
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 967, as follows:

An Act relating to and regulating the plotting by cities of the first class of parks and parkways in built-up sections thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when a city of the first class shall hereafter superimpose upon the confirmed plan of streets of

said city any park or parkway in an entirely built-up section of said city the placing of such park or parkway on the city plan shall be considered as an appropriation to public use of the land within the lines of said park or parkway at the expiration of five years from the date of confirmation of the plan showing such park or parkway by the board of surveyors of said city with the same effect as if the land within the boundary of said park had been appropriated for public park purposes or the said parkway had been opened to public use by ordinance of councils unless an ordinance actually appropriating said land to public use shall have been previously passed or the ordinance placing such park or parkway on the city plan shall have been previously repealed

Section 2 Where any park or parkway has been heretofore superimposed upon the confirmed plan of streets of such city in an entirely built-up section, such superimposing shall be an appropriation for public use of the land within the lines of said park or parkway at the expiration of three years from the approval of this act.

Section 3 From the date of confirmation of the plan of said park or parkway in an entirely built-up section of said city until the expiration of said period of five years or until the passage of an ordinance to appropriate to public use the land within the lines of such park or parkway the owners of said land may alter their buildings thereon in accordance with plans approved by the Bureau of Building Inspection and other municipal authorities having jurisdiction thereof and upon the assessment of damages for the appropriation of their property to public use they shall be entitled to compensation therefor including the buildings so altered computed as of the date of said appropriation

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.
Martin.
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills.
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R E
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.
Sones,
Sproul.
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Smith, W. W..

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 970, entitled:

An Act amending the act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol.
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich.
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 983, entitled:

An Act to provide that assessment of damages for the opening or widening of any street or highway in any city or borough or other municipality in this Commonwealth shall include all damages for the opening or widening of the street or highway at the existing confirmed grade of such street or highway

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W..
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 984, entitled:

An Act authorizing William O. Dietrich a resident of Indiana Township County of Allegheny to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Allegheny county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix.
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher.
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 990 (House Bill No. 563), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives friends or representatives of a fraternal society or charitable organization within a reasonable time after death

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 996 (House No. 954), entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1002, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to provide at the expense of the county a telephone typewriter and stenographer for the use of the county superintendent of schools

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

Buckman,
McKee, W. S.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1009 (House No. 1518), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays wer taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act to amend the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, eleventh, twelfth and fifteenth sections of an act entitled "An Act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office; giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste," approved the 3rd day of June, 1911, by extending the powers and duties of the State Fire Marshal, his deputies and assistants and providing penalties for violations of said act as amended and to repeal the fourteenth section of said act and substitute a new section fourteen therefor providing that said act and this amendment thereto shall not apply to cities having a population of five hundred thousand or over.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill in section 1, in line 7, by striking out the word "the" where it occurs the second time and inserting in lieu thereof the word "to;" also in line 40, by inserting after the word "dollars" the word "each"; also in line 52, by inserting after the word "dollars" the word "each"; also in section 2, line 45, by inserting after the word "act" where it occurs the second time the word "to"; also in section 4, in line 14, by striking out the words "or law" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "law or;" also in line 57, by striking out "complant" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "complaint"; also in line 59, by striking out "complant" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "complaint"; also in line 66, by inserting after the word "condition" the word "is"; also in line 66, by inserting after the word "or" where it last occurs the words "because of"; also in line 80, by striking out "conbustible" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "combustible"; also in line 134, by striking out the word "be" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "as"; also in line 162, by striking out the word "direct" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "correct"; also in line 162, by striking out the word "them" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "then"; also in section 5, in line 8, by inserting after the word "them" where it occurs the second time the word "and"; also in section 7, in line 4, by striking out the word "the"; also in line 16, by striking out the word "investigation" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "investigations"; also in line 17, by striking out the word "at" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "in"; also in line 25, by striking out the word "conditions"; and inserting in lieu thereof the word "condition;" also in section 9, line 8 by striking out the word "at" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "in"; also in section 10, in line 7, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1016, entitled:

An Act for the relief of Canfield Dorwin Freeman refunding the sum of one hundred and fifty-dollars and one cent collateral inheritance tax paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the presumption that he was dead

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1019, entitled:

An Act relative to the sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of a stock of merchandise and fixtures or merchandise or fixtures not in the ordinary course of business providing certain requirements therefor imposing certain duties upon the seller and making their violation a misdemeanor

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD ERADING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1029 (House No. 1290), entitled:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1035 (House No. 1214), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1051, entitled:

An Act to encourage the further development of the mineral resources of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1080, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith by creating Assistant Mine Inspectors, defining their duties and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1080, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith by creating Assistant Mine Inspectors, defining their duties and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

be read the first time.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No 1080, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith by creating Assistant Mine Inspectors, defining their duties and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that Senate bill No. 1070 (House Bill No. 1238), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the clerks and messenger in the Department of Public Instruction.

be read the first time.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1070 (House Bill No. 1238), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the clerks and messenger in the Department of Public Instruction.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 53, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act making it unlawful for the commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to contract to repair build or rebuild any county bridges without due advertisement for sealed proposals excepting contracts not amounting to two hundred and fifty dollars

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any county commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to make any contract to repair build or rebuild any county bridge or bridges without first making due advertisement for at least three weeks or in case of emergency one week for sealed bids or proposals to repair erect build or rebuild any county bridge or bridges in at least three newspapers published in the county where said proposals or bids are asked for said advertisement to contain the description of the repairs or plans of the kind of bridge required and fixing the time when the proposals or bids shall be closed and when said bids or proposals shall be opened" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 It is unlawful for county commissioners to enter into a contract for the construction repair or rebuilding of a county bridge until they shall have complied with the following conditions

1 They shall cause to be prepared a survey and profile of location and a plan and specifications of the proposed work setting forth the required loading and water discharge capacity of the bridge

2 They shall expose such plans survey profile and specifications to public inspection for at least three weeks immediately prior to the time fixed for opening bids or proposals

3 They shall advertise for sealed bids or proposals for doing the work once a week for at least three weeks in at least three newspapers of general circulation in the county

4 The advertisement shall contain a general description of the work to be done and shall fix a time and place for opening bids or proposals

If repairs to a bridge are emergency repairs it shall not be necessary to prepare a survey and profile and the advertisement shall be for only one week during which time the plans and specifications shall be exposed to public inspection

If a bridge is to be constructed or is to be entirely rebuilt the commissioners shall accept any competitive designs and specifications therefor presented which they shall expose to public inspection for at least five days immediately prior to the time set for opening the bids They shall consider bids or proposals upon such competitive designs and specifications but it shall not be lawful for them to make any contract based on any such design which does not comply with the general requirements of the survey profile plans and specifications which they have caused to be made or which has not been exposed to public inspection as above required Any contract shall be unlawful which is based on any plan or specification calling for or making use of any patented process or patented design unless such design and specifications are accompanied by an offer in writing signed by the person owning or controlling the patented design or patented process or by his legal representative setting forth the terms upon which such patented design or process may be obtained or used by any successful bidder in constructing the bridge under such contract

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 400, as follows:

An Act to provide for a survey of Militia Hill and Fort Hill as a site for a public park with an approach thereto from Philadelphia and to make an appropriation therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of preserving the historic sites of Militia Hill and Fort Hill upon which was erected Fort Washington in Whitemarsh Township Montgomery County with a view to there being laid out as a public park and maintained with their fortifications as nearly as possible in their original condition as military sites for the benefit of the people of this Commonwealth as well as for the purpose of securing an adequate approach thereto from the City of Philadelphia extending from said park along both sides of Wissahickon Creek to a point near its entrance into Fairmount Park in the City of Philadelphia to be laid out and maintained as a public parkwoy connection between said parks for the health and enjoyment of the people of this Commonwealth the commissioners hereinafter named shall as soon as possible cause a survey of all of said ground to be made fixing the boundary lines thereof and shall file a plan thereof in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of said county with a view to the ultimate acquisition by the Commonwealth through purchase or condemnation of the title to all the ground embraced within said boundaries for the purposes aforesaid In case of the subsequent condemnation of any ground within said boundaries by the Commonwealth for the purposes aforesaid the owners thereof shall not be entitled to any damages for the taking of any buildings or parts thereof that may have been erected on said ground after the date of the filing of said plan as aforesaid

Section 2 The commissioners hereinafter named are hereby authorized to accept on behalf of the Commonwealth any gift or gifts of money or of lands included within or situated near the boundaries of said park and parkway approach to be held and used for the purposes thereof

Section 3 For the purpose of carrying into effect the foregoing provisions the commissioners of Fairmount Park constituted under the Act of Assembly approved March twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven are hereby constituted commissioners to establish said park and parkway approach and the sum of ten thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to the said commissioners to defray the cost of making said survey and filing said plan and the necessary expenses incident thereto

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 548, as follows:

An Act providing for the election of councilmen in all boroughs of this Commonwealth wherein the election of councilmen held in November one thousand nine hundred and thirteen has been declared void and wherein councilmen serving at the time of said election held over

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in all boroughs of this Commonwealth wherein the election of councilmen held on the first Tuesday following the first Monday of November one thousand nine hundred and thirteen has been declared to have been void with the result that the councilmen serving at the time of said election are holding over two additional years the qualified electors of each of said boroughs shall at the general election to be held on the first Tuesday following the first Monday of November one thousand nine hundred and fifteen elect the whole number of councilmen to which each of said boroughs is entitled one-half of said whole number for full terms of four years and the other half of said whole number for a term of two years all beginning the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen Provided That where the whole number of councilmen to which any of said boroughs is entitled is any number not equally divisible by two then the majority of said whole number of councilmen shall be elected at said election for full four-year terms and the remainder which shall be one less than the majority shall be elected at said election for terms of two years and thereafter at each biennial election following the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the electors of each of said boroughs shall elect a sufficient number of councilmen for full terms of four years to fill the places of those whose terms shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election and in addition thereto shall elect the required number of councilmen to fill any vacancy or vacancies which may exist in said offices for the balance of the unexpired term or terms thereof

Section 2 The purpose of this act is to enable all boroughs of this Commonwealth wherein the election of councilmen held on the first Tuesday following the first Monday of November one thousand nine hundred and thirteen has been declared void as aforesaid (with the result that the councilmen then serving whose regular terms expired on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen are holding over for two additional years) to come within the expressed purpose of the act of the General Assembly approved on the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand forty-seven) and the amendment to section four of said act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and sixty-eight) The said expressed purpose being that as nearly as possible one-half of the councilmen of each borough of this Commonwealth shall be elected at each biennal election

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 596 (House Bill No. 723), entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and affected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 625 (House Bill No. 738), entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines either or both providing for the use thereof by public service corporations and others having their tracks conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances on the public streets conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class are hereby authorized and empowered to construct and maintain underground tubes or subways under or through the public streets of said cities and in addition thereto when necessary to extend the said tubes or subways under or through private property the compensation to be paid therefor to be fixed as hereinafter provided The said tubes or underground subways may be used for any one or more of the following purposes For the placing therein of the conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances of public service corporations or others having their pipes conduits cables wires or other appliances in the public streets of said cities the tracks poles wires and other appliances of street passenger railway companies or of the said cities the pipes sewers conduits or wires belonging to said cities or belonging to any person firm or corporation having the right to place the same in the public streets of said city

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

That cities of the second class may construct and operate and maintain underground tubes or tunnels or subways under public highways and public property and private property. Such tubes, tunnels or subways may be used for such lawful purposes as shall be designated from time to time by ordinance.

The city may provide for entrances and exits to and from any such tunnel, tube or subway, and may grant rights of entrances to any part of such tube, tunnel or subway to individuals, copartnerships, corporations or associations. Entrances and exits may be on public highways, public property and on private property.

The city may construct and maintain the necessary openings, entrances, vaults and manholes, and may construct, install and maintain tracks, platforms, stations, equipment and appliances therein and connected therewith as may be useful and necessary for the full and complete use thereof by the general public, the said city and the said persons, firms and corporations using or intending to use the same.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 The said cities shall have the right to enact ordinances providing for the laying out of routes or locations for said underground tubes or subways under through and on to the streets and highways thereof and also under through and on to private property when necessary and to make and construct the necessary openings entrances vaults and manholes and to construct and install the equipment and appliances therein and connected therewith as may be useful and necessary for the full and complete use thereof by the general public the said city and the said persons firms and corporations having their said appliances in said streets and highways

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2, in line 1, by striking all after the figure 2 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

When any such tube, tunnel or subway, together with the equipment and appliances therein is constructed, they may be leased in whole or in part to individuals, copartnerships associations or corporations and rights therein may be so leased. No such leasing shall be for a longer period than twenty-five years.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 Said cities shall have the right to charge a reasonable rental for the use of said underground tubes or subways the amounts to be charged for the various uses thereof to be fixed from time to time by ordinance and they shall also have power to charge for any special use that may be made thereof such as for entrances from and to private property advertising or otherwise

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3, in line 1, by striking out all after the figure 3, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Whenever any structure or appliance of any public service company exists under any highways at the time of the construction of such tube, tunnel or subway and the construction of such tube, tunnel or subway requires the removal and relocation of the said structure and appliance, the city may provide in the construction of such tube, tunnel or subway sufficient accommodations to provide for the location of such structures and appliances in such tube, tunnel or subway. If the situation resulting from the location and construction of the said tube, tunnel or subway and the number and extent of the structures and appliances of public service companies under said highway is such that in the discretion of the corporate authorities of the said city in the exercise of the police powers of said city that such structures and appliances should be re-located in the said tube, tunnel or subway, then the corporate authorities of such city shall have the power to provide by ordinance that the said structures and appliances shall be re-located in such places as may be determined in said tube, tunnel or subway, subject to such reasonable conditions and charge or rental, as the city may by ordinance impose. No discrimination shall be made by the city within the same class of users of any such tube, tunnel or subway.

Such city shall also have power to require that all new structures and appliances and all new installations shall be placed in said tube, tunnel or subway.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 4 Whenever said cities shall have entered into an agreement with a street passenger railway company for the operation of its cars in a proposed underground tube or subway they shall have the right to construct in conjunction therewith an additional or larger underground tube or subway and the same shall be used for the conduits pipes cables wires and other appliances located in said street or streets and said cities shall have the right to compel any one or more of the public service corporations and others using the public streets to utilize the said underground tube or subway and to take such locations therein as may be assigned by the proper corporate authorities to the respective persons firms or corporations and to pay therefor a reasonable rental The said cities in such cases may by ordinance require any one or more classes of users of the public highways as aforesaid to utilize the said underground tubes or subways as may be deemed expedient and necessary by the proper corporate authority and as they may find necessary for the public safety welfare and convenience provided however that no unreasonable discrimination may be made by said cities within the same class of users in requiring them to place their appliances and fixtures in said underground tubes or subways

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 4, in line 1, by striking out all after the figure 4, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Such city shall also have power to enter into agreements with any individual, copartnership, association or corporation having any structure or appliance located under, on or above the highways of said city or intending to construct the same either prior to the construction of such tube, tunnel or subway or subsequent thereto for the location or re-location of such structures and appliances in such tube, tunnel or subway.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 5 The said cities shall also have the right to construct pipe galleries and compel the persons having their wires pipes conduits and other appliances and equipment in said streets and highways to use the same whenever the proper corporate authorities deem it for the public welfare and interest to permit new and additional appliances to be placed in said highways and the number and extent of the existing appliances and the congestion resulting therefrom makes such a course advisable and expedient in the judgment of the corporate authorities in the interest of the public safety welfare and convenience and also in any other situation when the number and extent of the existing appliances the character location and users of the public highway makes such a course advisable and expedient in the judgment of the corporate authorities in the interest of the public safety welfare and convenience No unreasonable discrimination may be made by said cities within the same class of users in requiring them to place their appliances and fixtures in said underground tubes or subways and the rentals to be charged shall be fair and reasonable

The said cities shall in all cases have the right to compel all new users of the highways and all new installations to be placed in said pipe galleries and to charge therefor fair and reasonable rentals

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 5, in line 1, by striking out all after the figure 5, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

In case any property is damaged by the construction of such subway or tunnel or in case any such city desires to enter upon any land to make any investigation or desires to take, use or appropriate the fee of any lesser estate in any lands or properties necessary for the construction of such subway or tunnel and is unable to agree with the owner or owners upon the price to be paid therefor the damages caused by such construction shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages to abutting properties caused by the grading or otherwise improving of streets in such cities and the damages caused by such entry on taking, using and appropriation of land shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages for the taking, occupation or injury of property necessary in the laying out, opening, widening and grading of streets in the municipal corporations of this Commonwealth.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 6 Any legal damages that may accrue to abutting properties or to any property by reason of the construction of the aforesaid improvements or any of them on the streets and highways of said cities shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages to abutting properties caused by the grading or otherwise improving of streets in such cities and any damages that may accrue by reason of the passing of said underground tube or subway under through or on to any property or by reason of the said improvements any or all of them shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages for the taking injury or destruction of property

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 6, in line 1, by striking out all after the figure 6, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Such city shall have the power with respect to all of the rights and powers hereinbefore conferred to impose such reasonable terms and conditions, including a reasonable rental or charge as may be fixed from time to time by ordinance.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend the bill by adding two sections, to be known as sections 7 and 8, as follows:

Section 7. Should any section or provision of this act be held by the courts to be invalid or unconstitutional the same shall not impair the grant of power herein to cities of the second class to locate, construct, own and maintain subways or tunnels and their appurtenances, nor shall it be held to affect any other section or provision of this act.

Section 8. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines either or both providing for the use thereof by public service corporations and others having their tracks conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances on the public streets conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. Presidest, I move to amend the title by striking out the entire title and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

An Act granting certain powers to cities of the second class in relation to underground tunnels, tubes and subways, including powers of eminent domain and powers over certain public service corporations.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 658, as follows:

An Act relating to the guardianship of minor children making father and mother joint guardians of minor children providing for the custody of the person and estate of minor children upon the death of either parent and giving father and mother equal rights in the appointment of testamentary guardians

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the father and mother of a minor child shall jointly be guardians of the person and estate of such child unless the orphans' court of the county in which the child resides or in which the child's estate is situated shall for cause shown remove either parent and disqualify such parent from further acting as guardian In any such case the parent not removed and disqualified shall be the guardian of the person and estate of the child unless the court shall in its discretion appoint another person to act jointly with such parent

Section 2 In case of the death of either parent of a minor child the surviving parent shall be the guardian of the person and estate of such child subject to removal for cause shown by the orphans' court of the county in which the child resides or in which the estate of such child is situated Whenever the court shall determine that the surviving parent is no longer a proper guardian for the minor child it shall appoint such guardian as to it shall seem proper to act during its pleasure

Section 3 Both the father and the mother of any minor child shall have the right by last will or testament to appoint a guardian or guardians of such minor child but where either parent has by will appointed a guardian or guardians and dies leaving the other parent surviving the guardian or guardians named shall not have the custody of the person and estate of such child during the life of the surviving parent

If the surviving parent shall by will appoint a guardian or guardians for a minor child and shall die during the minority of such child the guardian or guardians named in such surviving parent's will shall have full custody of the person and estate of such minor child and in any such case the appointment of a guardian or guardians by the will of the parent first dying shall be wholly null and void

If the surviving parent shall die without naming a guardian or guardians for any minor child then and only in such case the guardian or guardians named in the will of the parent first dying shall have custody of the person and estate of such minor child

Section 4 Parents shall become guardians under the provisions of this act without appointment by the orphans' court or otherwise but nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the removal of any guardian or testamentary guardian for any cause for which guardians or testamentary guardians may now be removed under the laws of this Commonwealth

Section 5 "Minor child" as used in this act shall mean minor child or minor children

Section 6 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 660, entitled:

An Act amending the first paragraph of the fourth section of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first paragraph of section four of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" which reads as follows

"Section 4 In townships of the first class the following township officers shall be chosen by the qualified voters at the township election on the third Tuesday in February

"First In the first year of its organization and in every second year thereafter five township commissioners and if the population of the township exceeds five thousand then an additional commissioner each two thousand of population in excess of five thousand The said commissioners shall hold office for the term of two years No township commissioner shall receive any salary or shall be eligible to any other township office" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 In townships of the first class the following township officers shall be chosen by the quaified voters at the township election on the first Tuesday following the first Monday of November of each odd numbered years

First That at the next regular election for township officers after the passage of this act or at the time that any township of the first class of this Commonwealth is organized there shall be chosen by the qualified voters of the township one township commissioner from each election district of said township and in townships of the first class of this Commonwealth having five or less election districts the number of commissioners of such township shall be five The qualified voters of each election district shall elect one commissioner who need not reside in the district for which he is elected and where there are less than five election districts each district shall elect one commissioner as aforesaid and the remaining number of township commissioners to which the said township is entitled shall be elected by vote of the qualified voters of the whole township The said commissioners shall hold office for the term of two years and shall each receive a salary of sixty dollars per year payable quarterly out of the treasuries of the respective townships which shall be in full and in lieu of all other compensation in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon township commissioners of townships of the first class Provided however that a proportionate amount shall be deducted from the salary of any township commissioner for each and every regular meeting of the board which he shall fail or neglect to attend And provided further that no township commissioner shall be eligible to any other township office

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 6, by inserting after the word "of" the word "the;" also in line 24, by striking out the word "years" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "years;" also in line 38, by striking out the word "votes" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "voters."

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I second the motion.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 All general and special acts and parts thereof inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act amending the first paragraph of the fourth section of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 692, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of services which have been or shall be performed for a borough validating the claim therefor under certain conditions and requiring the payment thereof by the borough to the person rendering the services or surcharged for the payment thereof

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where services have been or shall be performed for a borough though for sufficient reasons payment of the claim therefor may not be enforceable under existing law or where there be but a moral obligation on the part of the borough to pay the claim for such services is hereby made a valid one and shall be paid to the person rendering the services or in case a borough officer is surcharged for the payment of such claim the amount of such surcharge and expenses thereunder shall be paid to such surcharged officer Provided that no other person claims to have been employed and no other person has been paid for the services and the actual performance of the services and the reasonableness of the charges therefor are not questioned

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I move to amend esction 1, in line 8, by inserting after the word 'services" the words "such claim."

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I second the motion.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question.
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act relating to the payment of services which have been or shall be performed for a borough validating the claim therefor under certain conditions and requiring the payment thereof by the borough to the person rendering the services or surcharged for the payment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 706 (House Bill No. 925), entitled:

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 724, as follows:

An Act entitled an act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna river between Millersburg and Crow's Landing and making an appropriation therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Highway Department is authorized and directed to construct a bridge over the Susquehanna river from the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county to the place known as Crow's Landing Perry county connecting with the State Highways on both sides of the river

The cost of such bridge shall not exceed two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars ($275,000)

Section 2 To carry out the purpose of this act the sum of two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars ($275,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated Payment of the moneys hereby appropriated and the preparation and execution of all contracts shall be subject to such conditions as may be imposed by the Auditor General No part of this appropriation shall be available until it be shown to the satisfaction of the Auditor General that sites for piers above low water mark abutments and approaches to said bridge have been provided without expense to the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 748, as follows:

An Act providing that whenever hereafter any trial judge in any court in this Commonwealth shall express approval or disapproval of a verdict of a jury either in the presence of the jury rendering the verdict or in the presence of other jurors in attendance on the court the said trial judge shall be required on the application of any litigant whose cause is listed for trial before the said jurors and who deems that such approval or disapproval may have injuriously affected the fair trial of his cause to discharge the said jurors and to order a new venire

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever hereafter any trial judge in any court in this Commonwealth shall express approval or disapproval of a verdict of a jury either in the presence of the jury rendering the verdict or in the presence of other jurors in attendance on the court the said trial judge shall be required on the application of any litigant whose cause is listed for trial before the said jurors and who deems that such approval or disapproval may have injuriously affected the fair trial of his cause to discharge the said jurors and to order a new venire

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 788, as follows:

An Act relating to the Department of Banking and to the compensation of the employes thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each examiner in the Banking Department shall receive an annual salary not to exceed three thousand dollars in the discretion of the Commissioner of Banking and also the actual expenses incurred in the performance of the work assigned to said examiners by the said Commissioner of Banking which salary and expenses shall be paid monthly by warrants drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 812, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purpose of liquidating the balance of the unsecured indebtedness of the Northwestern State Normal School for the Twefth District of Pennsylvania located at Edinboro Erie county Pennsylvania at the date of its transfer to the Commonwealth

Whereas Out of the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) appropriated to the State Board of Education by the act approved the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purchase by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of State Normal Schools in this Commonwealth and for liquidating the indebtedness of the same existing at the time of the purchase thereof" the State Board of Education apportioned the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) for the purchase of the Northwestern State Normal School for the Twelfth District of Pennsylvania located at Edinboro Erie county Pennsylvania subject to a mortgage indebtedness of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) which said appropriation of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) was further apportioned as follows—eight thousand five hundred dollars ($8,500) to the trustees of said corporation to be distributed to the stockholders thereof and sixteen thousand five hundred dollars ($16,500) for the payment of the unsecured indebtedness of said corporation it having been represented to the State Board of Education by the trustees of said corporation that said sum of sixteen thousand five hundred dollars ($16,500) would be sufficient to pay said unsecured indebtedness taking into consideration the cash on hand the amount of current bills and the amount of current receipts and

Whereas It has been made to appear upon a thorough examination of the financial affairs of said school in the course of legal proceedings for the dissolution of said corporation that the unsecured indebtedness of said school at the date of its transfer to the Commonwealth was twenty-four thousand nine hundred and ninety-seven dollars and nine cents ($24,997.09) instead of the said sum of sixteen thousand five hundred dollars ($16,500) now therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand four hundred and ninety-seven dollars and nine cents ($8,497.09) is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Board of Education for the purpose of liquidating the additional unsecured indebtedness of said Northwestern State Normal School for the Twelfth District of Pennsylvania located at Edinboro Erie County Pennsylvania

Section 2 The moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid to the State Board of Education by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn upon him by the Auditor General which warrants shall be based upon requisitions made upon the Auditor General by the State Board of Education and approved by the Governor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 840, as follows:

An Act providing for the sale distribution and use for the promotion biological science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery of unclaimed animals in the public pounds and providing penalties for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act any or every duly incorporated medical pharmacological or veterinary school or college within the Commonwealth shall have the right for the protection of biological and medical science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery and for the welfare of humanity to obtain from the public pounds any or all animals which shall remain unclaimed by the owners in such pounds after the time provided by law for the redemption of the same by their owners by paying to the master of the pound or such other official as may be duly authorized by law to receive such moneys the fee or sum of one dollar ($1.00) for each and every animal so obtained provided that such purchaser shall provide for the transportation of said animal or animals from the public pounds in such manner that the said transportation shall not constitute a public nuisance

Section 2 All public officers agents servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county township borough district and other municipality and all officers agents and servants of any society having charge or control over the public pounds of the Commonwealth shall upon payment of the fees aforesaid and without any further fees or reward deliver such living animal or animals and permit and allow such any or every duly incorporated medical school or college and any or every duly incorporated pharmacological or veterinary school or college within the Commonwealth which may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove any or all such living animal or animals to be used within this State for the protection of biological and medical science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery and for the welfare of humanity Provided That neither the Commonwealth nor any county or municipality or any officer agent or servant thereof shall be at any expense by reason of the delivery or distribution of such animals but all expenses thereof shall be paid by those receiving the animals

Section 3 No incorporated scientific body school or college shall be entitled to obtain animals from any public pound in pursuance of the provisions of this act until a bond shall have been given to the Commonwealth by it or in its behalf to be approved by the prothonotary of the court of common pleas in and for the county in which such pound is located to be filed in the office of the said prothonotary which bond shall be in the penal sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) conditioned that all animals which the said scientific body school or college shall obtain from such pound in pursuance of the provisions thereof shall be used as provided in section one hereof only under the supervision of a duly appointed and responisble officer professor assistant professor or instructor of such scientific body school or college and only in the laboratory hospital or other buildings of such scientific body school or college

Section 4 That any person having duties enjoined upon him or her by the provisions of this act who shall neglect refuse or omit to perform the same as hereby required shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25) and not more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each offense

Section 5 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 840, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 878 (House Bill No. 1128), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 921, as follows:

An Act relating to dealers in poultry for the market requiring the giving of information by such dealers concerning where and from whom such poultry was purchased or received and the kinds and amount of the same to policemen detectives or constable and providing penalties for violation of its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every person firm or corporation within this Commonwealth dealing in poutry for the market shall upon request being made by any policeman detective or constable answer such questions as may be asked concerning where and from whom such poultry was purchased or received and the kind and amount of the same so far as may be in the knowledge of such person firm or corporation

Section 2 Any person firm or corporation who shall violate fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this act or any of them shall be deemed guilty of a misdemanor and upon conviction thereof before an alderman or justice of the peace shall be subject to a fine of not over ten dollars and in defulat of payment thereof shall undergo an imprisonment of not exceeding ten days

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 973 (House Bill No. 586), entitled:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorney and clerks

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven as follows "If the register shall discover that any collateral inheritance tax has not been paid over according to law the orphans' court shall be authorized to cite the executors or administrators of the decedent whose estate is subject to the tax to file an account or to issue a citation to the executors administrators or heirs citing them to appear on a certain day and show cause why the said tax should not been paid and when personal service cannot be had notice shall be given for four weeks once a week in at least one newspaper published in said county and if the said tax shall be found to be due and unpaid the said delinquent shall pay said tax and costs And it shall be the duty of the register or of the Auditor General to employ an attorney of the proper county to sue for the recovery and amount of such tax and the Auditor General is authorized and empowered in settlement of accounts of any register to allow him costs of advertising and other reasonable fees and expenses incurred in the collection of taxes" be amended so as to read as follows namely

If the register shall discover that any collateral inheritance tax has not been paid over according to law the orphans' court shall be authorized to cite the executors or administrators of the decedent whose estate is subject to the tax to file an account or to issue a citation to the executors administrators or heirs citing them to appear on a certain day and show cause why the said tax should not be paid and when personal service cannot be had notice shall be given for four weeks once a week in at least one newspaper published in said county and if the said tax shall be found to be due and unpaid the said delinquent shall pay said tax and costs And it shall be the duty of the register subject to the approval control and direction of the Attorney General to employ and fix the salary of an attorney or attorneys of the proper county to sue for or to take such other action as may be required for the collection of the amount of any and all collateral inheritance taxes as shall be due and unpaid together with the penalty interest and costs and to employ and fix the salary of such clerk or clerks as the register may deem neecssary for the proper and speedy collection of the taxes herein provided for and the Auditor General is required and directed in settlement of accounts of any register to allow him costs of advertising salaries of attorneys and clerk and other reasonable fees and expenses incurred in the collection of taxes

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 7, by inserting after the word "eighty-seven" the words "which reads"; also in line 7, by inserting before the word "If" the words and figures "Section 15" and starting a new paragraph with the word "Section"; also in line 28, by inserting before the word "If" the word and figures "Section 15"; also in line 42, by inserting after the word "county" the words "who shall be subject to the direction and control of the Attorney General."

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 992 (House Bill No. 624), on second reading, entitled:

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over counties cities boroughs towns and townships school and poor districts in certain matters relating to their duties powers contract and public service and vesting the same in the courts of common pleas

be recommitted to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1024 (House Bill No. 260), on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof,'" approved July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years.

be recommitted to the Committee on Finance for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1036 (House Bill No. 1334), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1056 (House Bill No. 1480), entitled:

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled

"An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the chief clerk of his department to do certain official acts" by authorizing the Auditor General to empower certain other employes of his Department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1064 (House Bill No. 1213), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations of appointments on such boards of visitation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1072 (House Bill No. 1406), entitled:

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1074, as follows:

An Act to repeal section four of an act entitled "An Act to amend the charter of the borough of Catasauqua" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eigh hundred and sixty-one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and ninety-five)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of the act entitled "An Act to amend the charter of the Borough of Catasauqua" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and ninety-five) be and the same is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1397, as follows:

An Act to validate deeds and other conveyances of real estate made in this Commonwealth by mechanical mining quarrying manufacturing and other corporations to residents of this Commonwealth for a valuable consideration prior to the passage of this act without the consent of a majority in value of the stockholders thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore any conveyance of real estate situate in this Commonwealth has been made without the consent of the majority in value of the stockholders of any mechanical mining quarrying manufacturing or other corporation of this Commonwealth for a valuable consideration to any resident of this Commonwealth such conveyance of real estate shall be indefeasible in the grantee or grantees thereof and they shall hold and may convey an indefeasible title in the same Provided That this act shall not be construed so as to affect any suit or suits now pending

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1400, as follows:

An Act to authorize the insertion in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose either originally or by amendment of a provision that the rector or minister chosen by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex-officio president of the vestry board of trustees board of directors or governing body by whatever name designated of such corporation and to validate similar provisions in the charters of such corporations heretofore granted

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful to insert in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose either originally or by amendment duly allowed a provision that the rector or minister chosen by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex-officio president of the vestry board of trustees board of directors or governing body by whatever name designated of such corporation

Section 2 All provisions of the character hereinbefore specified which now appear in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose heretofore granted whether said provisions were inserted in said charte oiginally or by amendment allowed by the Supreme Court or any court of common pleas shall be deemed and taken to be as valid to all intents and purposes as though the granting of such charter with said provisions therein had been theretofore expressly authorized by Act of Assembly of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1401, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith" approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five and to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof together with officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith' approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police also the salaries of the officers and men of the State Police" approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven so as to fix the salaries of the Superintendent and Deputy Superintendent of State Police

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith" approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is created and established the Department of State Police the head of which shall be the Superintendent of State Police to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to serve for a term of four years from the date of his appointment and who shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars per annum to be paid quarterly upon warrant of the Auditor General drawn on the State Treasurer" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby created and established the Department of State Police the head of which shall be the Superintendent of State Police to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to serve for a term of four years from the date of his appointment and who shall receive a salary of six thousand dollars per annum to be paid quarterly upon warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer

Section 2 That section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two and three of an act entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof together with officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith' approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police also the salaries of the officers and men of the State Police" approved the first day of June Anno Domini nineteen hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith' approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five which reads as follows

'Section 2 The Superintendent of State Police shall be provided by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings with suitable offices at the Capitol in Harrisburg and shall give a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of twenty thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his duties He is authorized to appoint a deputy at a salary of two thousand dollars per annum one clerk who shall be a competent bookkeeper at a salary of fourteen hundred dollars per annum and a competent stenographer at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum' be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

'Section 2 The Superintendent of State Police shall be provided by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings with suitable offices at the Capitol in Harrisburg and shall give a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of twenty thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his duties He is authorized to appoint a deputy superintendent at a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum one bookkeeper at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum and one stenographer at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum' " be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith" approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five which reads as follows

"Section 2 The Superintendent of State Police shall be provided by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings with suitable offices at the Capitol in Harrisburg and shall give a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of twenty thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his duties He is authorized to appoint a deputy at a salary of two thousand dollars per annum one clerk who shall be a competent bookkeeper at a salary of fourteen hundred dollars per annum and a competent stenographer at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The Superintendent of State Police shall be provided by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings with suitable offices at the Capitol in Harrisburg and shall give a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of twenty thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his duties He is authorized to appoint a deputy superintendent at a salary of three thousand dollars per annum one bookkeeper at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum and one stenographer at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1402, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporation's engage or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house-drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing housedrainage and cesspools in cities of the second class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section ten of an act entitled "An Act providing for examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or housedrainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing housedrainage and cesspools in cities of the second class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one which reads as follows

Fresh Air Inlet

Section 10 A fresh air inlet must be connected with the house drain just inside of the house trap Where underground it must be of extra heavy cast-iron Said inlet must lead to the outer air and finish with an automatic device approved by the board or bureau of health at a point just outside the front wall of building The fresh air inlet must be of the same size as the drain up to four inches For five and six-inch drains it must not be less than four inches in diameter for seven and eight-inch drains not less than six inches in diameter or its equivalent and for larger drains not less than eight inches in diameter or its equivalent" is hereby amended to read as follows

Fresh Air Inlet

Section 10 A fresh air inlet must be connected with the house drain just inside of the house trap Where underground it must be of extra heavy cast-iron vitrified clay or terra cotta Said inlet must lead to the outer air and finish with an automatic device approved by the board or bureau of health at a point just outside the front wall of building The fresh air inlet must be of the same size as the drain up to four inches For five and six-inch drains it must not be less than four inches in diameter for seven and eight-inch drains not less than six inches in diameter or its equivalent and for larger drains not less than eight inches in diameter or its equivalent

Section 2 That section thirteen of said act which reads as follows

Drains Outside of Buildings

"Section 13 Where the ground is of sufficient solidity for a proper foundation cylindrical terra cotta pipe of the best quality free from flaws splits or cracks perfectly burned and well glazed over the entire inner and outer surfaces may be used if laid on a smooth bottom with a special groove cut in the bottom of the trench for each hub in order to give the pipe a solid bearing on its entire length and the soil well rammed on each side of the pipe The spigot and hub ends shall be connected The space between the hub and the pipe must be thoroughly filled with cement mortor made of equal parts of the best American natural cement and bar sand thoroughly mixed dry and enough water afterwards added to give proper consistency The mortar must be mixed in small quantities and used as soon as made The joints must be carefully wiped out and pointed and all mortar that may be left inside removed and the pipe left clean and smooth throughout for which purpose a swab may be used It must not be laid closer than five feet to any exterior wall of a building or less than three and one-half feet below the surface of the ground or when the sewer passes near a well nor will it be allowed in bad or made ground" is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Terra Cotta House Drains

Section 13 Where the ground is of sufficient solidity for a proper foundation cylindrical terra cotta pipe of the best quality free from flaws splits or cracks perfectly burned and well glazed over the entire inner and outer surfaces may be used if laid on a smooth bottom with a special groove cut in the bottom of the trench for each hub in order to give the pipe a solid bearing on its entire length and the soil well rammed on each side of the pipe The spigot and hub ends shall be connected The space between the hub and pipe must be thoroughly filled with cement mortar made of equal parts of the best American natural cement and bar sand thoroughly mixed dry and enough water afterwards added to give proper consistency The mortar must be mixed in small quantities and used as soon as made The joints must be carefully wiped out and pointed and all mortar that may be left inside removed and the pipe left clean and smooth throughout for which purpose a swab may be used All terra cotta drains and branches inside of buildings shall be tested by a water test of one pound pressure and said test shall be made in the presence of the plumbing inspector

Section 3 That section fourteen of said act which reads as follows

Material of Sewers Between Buildings

"Section 14 Where a sewer is laid between buildings in a passage-way alley or courtyard at a less distance than five feet from the buildings it must be constructed of extra heavy cast-iron pipe for a distance corresponding to the length of the foundation of said buildings" be stricken out

Section 4 That section nineteen of said act which reads as follows

Use of Old House Drains and Sewers

"Section 19 Old house drains and sewers may be used in connection with new buildings or new plumbing only when they are found on examination by the Board or Bureau of Health to conform in all respects to the requirements governing new sewers and drains All extensions to old house drains must be of extra heavy cast-iron pipe" is hereby amended to read as follows

Use of Old House Drains and Sewers

Section 19 Old house drains and sewers may be used in connection with new buildings or new plumbing only when they are found on examination by the Board or Bureau of Health to conform in all respects to the requirements governing new sewers and drains

Section 5 That section twenty-two of said act which reads as follows

Trapping of Leaders

"Section 22 All leaders must be trapped with cast-iron running traps so placed as to prevent freezing" is hereby amended to read as follows

Trapping of Leaders

Section 22 All leaders must be trapped with running traps so placed as to prevent freezing

Section 6 That section two of said act as amended by the act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 2 All and every person or persons engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing and housedrainage in said cities shall apply in writing to the said director of the department of public safety department or board or bureau of health for such certificate of license and if after proper examination made by the department or board or bureau of health of said cities such person or persons so applying shall be found competent the same shall be certified to the director of the department of public safety department or board or bureau of health who shall thereupon issue a certificate or license to such person or persons which shall for the period of one calender year or fractional part thereof next ensuing the date of such examination entitle him or them to engage in or work at the business of plumbing and housedrainage The mayor of said cities is hereby authorized to appoint a board of examiners to consist of the health officer or superintendent of the department or board or bureau of health one plumbing inspector and two competent plumbers in no wise connected with the city government who shall examine all applicants for license under the provisions of this act The said board shall make all reasonable rules regulations and examinations which shall be approved by the said director of the department or board or bureau of health An examination of any one member of a firm or corporation or of the superintendent or foreman therefor shall be deemed sufficient Such person or persons firm or corporation engaged or engaging in the business of plumbing or housedrainage shall pay for each examination the sum of five dollars and each journeyman or person engaged in the work shall pay the sum of fifty cents which sum shall be paid into the city treasury for the use of said cities The proper officers of said cities are hereby authorized to pay to the plumbers acting on said board the sum of five dollars per day for each day or sessions thus actually employed

Every registered master plumber shall have a bona fide place of business in said cities and shall display on the front of his or their place of business a sign "Registered Plumber" bearing the name or names of the person or corporation in letters not less than three inches high

No person other than a registered master plumber shall be allowed to carry on or engage in the business nor shall any person or persons expose the sign of plumbing of housedrainage or any advertisement pertaining thereto unless he or they have first secured a license or certificate and been registered in the office of the board or bureau of health of such cities nor shall any person or persons other than a registered master plumber or person in his or their employ or under his or their supervision be allowed to alter repair or make any connection with any drain soil waste or vent-pipe or any pipe connected therewith

Every registered master plumber firm or corporation shall give immediate notice of any change in his their or its place of business and upon his their or its retirement from business shall surrender his their or its certificate of registry to the board or bureau of health Every person ,firm corporation or representative thereof in registering shall give the full name or names of the person firm or officers' names of the corporation for which he or they shall register

At the expiration of each calendar year said certificate or license shall be null and void A licensed master or journeyman plumber desiring to continue in or work at the business of plumbing and house drainage for the ensuing year shall between the first and thirty-first days of December of each and every year surrender the said certificate or license for the current year to the department or board or bureau of health and re-register his their or its name or names and business or home address upon such form or forms as may from time to time be furnished by said department or board or bureau of health

A re-examination will not be necessary for re-registration unless the licensed master or journeyman plumber should have failed to make application for re-registration at the specified time The sum of one dollar shall be paid by master plumbers firms or corporations and the sum of twenty-five cents by journeymen plumbers for re-registration which sum shall be paid into the city treasury for the use of said cities A register of all such applicants and the license or certificates issued shall be kept in said department board or bureau of health which said register shall be open to the inspection of all persons interested therein Any person firm or corporation holding a license or certificate granted by any first second or third class city of this Commonwealth to engage in or work at the business of plumbing and housedrainage desiring to do plumbing and drainage work in any other city than the one in which said license or certificate was granted shall without examination be registered before entering upon such work Provided however That such registration shall be restricted and limited to such plumbing and drainage work as he they or it shall have contracted for at the time of registry On the completion of such contract or contracts the registration of such person firm or corporation shall be null and void and no further permit shall be issued to such person firm or corporation until he they or it shall have first registered his or its name or their names and address as hereinbefore provided" is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 2 All and every person or persons engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing and housedrainage in said cities shall apply in writing to the said director of the department of public safety department of board or bureau of health for such certificate or license and if after proper examination made by the department or board or bureau of health of said cities such person or persons so applying shall be found competent the same shall be certified to the director of the department of public safety department or board or bureau of health who shall thereupon issue a certificate or license to such person or persons which shall for a period of one calendar year or fractional part thereof next ensuing the date of such examination entitled him or them to engage in or work at the business of plumbing and housedrainage The mayor of said cities is hereby authorized to appoint a board of examiners to consist of the health officer or superintendent of the department or board or bureau of health one plumbing inspector and two competent plumbers in no wise connected with the city government who shall examine all applicants for license under the provisions of this act The said board shall make all reasnoable rules regulations and examinations which shall be approved by the said director of the department or board or bureau of health An examination of any one member of a firm or corporation or of the superintendent or foreman therefor shall be deemed sufficient Said person or persons firm or corporation engaged or engaging in the business of plumbing or housedrainage shall pay for each examination the sum of five dollars and each journeyman or person engaged in the work shall pay the sum of fifty cents which sum shall be paid into the city treasury for the use of said cities The proper officers of said city are hereby authorized to pay to the plumbers acting on said board the sum of five dollars per day for each day or session thus actually employed

Every registered master plumber shall have a bona fide place of business in said cities and shall display on the front of his or their place of business a sign "Registered Plumber" bearing the name or names of the person firm or corporation in letters not less than three inches high

No person other than a registered master plumber shall be allowed to carry on or engage in the business nor shall any person or persons expose the sign of plumbing or housedrainage or any advertisement pertaining thereto unless he or they have first secured a license or certificate and been registered in the office of the board or bureau of health of such cities nor shall any person or persons other than a registered master plumber—or person in his or their employ or under his or their supervision—be allowed to alter repair or make connection with and drain soil waste or vent-pipe or any pipe connected therewith

Every registered master plumber firm or corporation shall give immediate notice of any change in his their or its place of business and upon his their or its retirement from business shall surrender his their or its certificate of registry to the board or bureau of health Every person firm corporation or representative thereof in registering shall give the full name or names of the person firm or officers' names of the corporation for which he or they shall register

At the expiration of each calendar year said certificate or license shall be null and void A licensed master or journeyman plumber desiring to continue in or work at the business of plumbing or housedrainage for the ensuing year shall between the first and thirty-first days of December of each and every year surrender the said certificates or license for the current year to the department or board of bureau of health and re-register his their or its name or names and business or home address upon such form or forms as may from time to time be furnished by said department or board or bureau of health

A re-examination will not be necessary for re-registration unless the licensed master or journeyman plumber should have failed to make application for re-registration at the specified time The sum of one dollar shall be paid by master plumbers firms or corporations and the sum of twenty-five cents by journeyman plumbers for re-registration which sum shall be paid into the city treasurer for the use of said cities A register of all such applicants and the license or certificates issued shall be kept in said department board or bureau of health which said register shall be open to all persons interested therein Any person firm or corporation holding a license or certificate granted by any first second or third class city of this Commonwealth to engage in or work at the business of plumbing and housedrainage desiring to do plumbing and drainage work in any other city than the one in which said license or certificate was granted shall without examination be registered before entering upon such work Provided however That such registration shall be restricted and limited to such plumbing and drainage work as he they or it shall have contracted for at the time of registry. On the completion of such contract or contracts the registration of such person firm or corporation shall be null and void and no further permit shall be issued to such person firm or corporation until he they or it shall have first registered his or its name or their names and addresses as hereinbefore provided

No person or persons firm or corporation shall be permitted to construct lay or install any terra cotta house drains or make any extensions to same until a license to engage in the business of drain laying has been granted by the department or board or bureau of health The qualifications of such drain layer to be determined by said department or board or bureau of health The fee paid for such license shall be five dollars and one dollar for each annual renewal which sums shall be paid into the city treasury for the use of said city

Section 7 That section eight of said act as amended by the act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

Material of House Drains

"Section 8 The main drainage system of every house or building shall be separtely and independently connected with the street sewer where such sewer exists except where two houses are built together on a lot with a frontage of thirty feet or less when one connection with the main sewer will be allowed but there shall be a separate house drain for each house connected by a "Y" connection in front of such houses at the property line with main house sewer or where one building exists or is erected in the rear of another on an interior lot of single ownership and no private sewer is available or can be made for the rear building through an adjoining alley courtyard or driveway the house drain from the front building may be extended to the rear building and the whole will be considered as one house drain Where it is necessary to construct a private sewer to connect with the sewer on adjacent street such plans may be used as may be approved by the department or board or bureau of health but in no case shall joint drains be laid in cellars parallel with the street or alley

House drains or soil-pipes laid beneath floor must be extra heavy cast-iron pipe (as per table in section sixteen) with leaked and caulked joints and carried five feet outside cellar wall All drains or soil-pipes connected with main drain where it is above the cellar floor shall be of extra heavy cast-iron pipe with leaded and caulked joints or of heavy wrought-iron pipe with screw joints properly secured and carried five feet outside cellar wall and all arrangements of soil or wastepipes shall be as direct as possible Wrought-iron pipes shall be galvanized Changes of direction on pipes shall be made with "Y" branches both above and below the ground and where such pipes pass through a new foundation-wall a relieving arch shall be built over it with two-inch space on either side of main pipe

The size of the main house drain shall be determined by the total area of the buildings and paved surfaces to be drained according to the following table if iron pipe is used If the pipe is terra cotta the diameter shall be one size larger for the same amount of area drainage

Diameter Fall ¼ Inch Per Foot Fall ½ Inch Per Foot

4 inches 1,800 square feet drainage area 2,500 square feet drainage area

5 inches 3,000 square feet drainage area 4,500 square feet drainage area

6 inches 5,000 square feet drainage area 7,500 square feet drainage area

8 inches 9,100 square feet drainage area 13,600 square feet drainage area

10 inches 14,000 square feet drainage area 20,000 square feet drainage area

The main house drains may be decreased in diameter beyond a rain-water conductor or surface inlet by permission of the department or board or bureau of health where the plans show that conditions are such as to warrant such decrease but in no case shall the main house drain be less than four inches (4) in diameter" is hereby amended to read as follows

Material of House Drains

Section 8 The main drainage system of every house or building shall be separately and independently connected with the street sewer where such sewer exists except where two houses are built together on a lot with a frontatge of thirty feet or less when one connection with main sewer will be allowed but there shall be a separate house drain for each house connected by a "Y" connection in the front of such house at the property line with main house sewer or where one building exists or is erected in the rear of another on an interior lot of single ownership and no private sewer is available or can be made for the rear building through an adjoining alley court-yard or driveway the house drain from the front building may be extended to the rear building and the whole will be considered as one house drain Where it is necessary to construct a private sewer to connect with sewer on adjacent street such plans may be used as may be approved by the department or board or bureau of health but in no case shall joint drains be laid in cellars parallel with the street or alley

House drains or soil-pipes laid beneath floors must be extra heavy cast-iron pipe (as per table in section sixteen) with leaded and caulked joints and carried five feet outside of cellar wall or vitrified clay of terra cotta pipe of the quality and laid in the manner provided in section two of this act All drains or soil-pipes connected with main drainage where it is above the cellar floor shall be of extra heavy cast-iron pipe with leaded and caulked joints or of heavy wrought-iron pipe with screw joints properly secured and carried five feet outside cellar wall and all arrangements of soil or waste-pipe shall be as direct as possible Wrought iron pipe shall be galvanized Changes of direction on pipe shall be made with "Y" branches both above and below the ground and where such pipes pass through a new foundation wall a relieving arch shall be built over it with two-inch space on either side of the main pipe

The size of the main house drain shall be determined by the total area of the buildings and paved surfaces to be drained according to the following table if iron pipe is used if the pipe is terra cotta the diameter shall be one size larger for the same amount of area drainage

Diameter	Fall 1-4 inch per foot	Fall 1-2 inch per foot
4 inches	1,800 square feet drainage area	2,500 square feet drainage area
5 inches	3,000 square feet drainage area	4,500 square feet drainage area
6 inches	5,000 square feet drainage area	7,500 square feet drainage area
8 inches	9,100 square feet drainage area	13,600 square feet drainage area
10 inches	14,000 square feet drainage area	20,000 square feet drainage area

The main house drains may be decreased in diameter beyond a rain-water conductor or surface inlet by permission of the department or board or bureau of health where the plans show that conditions are such as to warrant such decrease but in no case shall the main house drain be less than four inches in diameter

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1406, as follows:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof

AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE NINE SECTION EIGHT

That section eight of article nine of the Constitution be amended by striking out the said section and inserting in place thereof the following

Section 8 The debt of any county city borough township school district or other municipality or incorporated district except as herein provided shall never exceed seven (7) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein but the debt of the City of Philadelphia may be increased in such amount that the total debt of said city shall not exceed ten per centum (10) upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debtor increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two (2) per centum upon such assessed valuation of property without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law In ascertaining the borrowing capacity of the said City of Philadelphia at any time there shall be excluded from the calculation and deducted from such debt so much of the debt of said city as shall have been incurred and the proceeds thereof invested in any public improvements of any character which shall be yielding to the said city an annual current net revenue. The amount of such deduction shall be ascertained by capitalizing the annual net revenue from such improvement during the year immediately preceding the time of such ascertainment and such capitalization shall be estimated by ascertaining the principal amount which would yield such annual current net revenue at the average rate of interest and sinking fund charges payable upon the indebtedness incurred by said city for such purposes up to the time of such ascertainment The method of determining such amount so to be deducted may be prescribed by the General Assembly In incurring indebtedness for any purpose the City of Philadelphia may issue its obligations maturing not later than fifty (50) years from the date thereof with provision for a sinking fund sufficient to retire said obligations at maturity the payment to such sinking fund to be in equal or graded annual or other periodical installments Where any indebtedness shall be or shall have been incurred by said City of Philadelphia for the purpose of the construction or improvement of public works of any character from which income or revenue is to be derived by said city or for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves or docks owned or to be owned by said city such obligations may be in an amount sufficient to provide for and may include the amount of interest and sinking fund charges accruing and which may accrue thereon throughout the period of construction and until the expiration of one year after the completion of the work for which said indebtedness shall have been incurred and said city shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking fund charges as required by section ten article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania until the expiration of said period of one year after the completion of said work

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 877 (House Bill No. 928), entitled:

An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid

be read the first time.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 877 (House Bill No. 928), entitled:

An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1064 (House Bill No. 1213), on page 14, of today's calendar, bill on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations or appointments on such Boards of Visitation

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 934, at the bottom of page 5 of today's calendar, entitled:

An Act providing a method of establishing title to land acquired at a sale for unpaid taxes or municipal claims

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 934, entitled:

An Act providing a method of establishing title to land acquired at a sale for unpaid taxes or municipal claims

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Hackett,
Homsher,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson
Tompkins,
Vare,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time?

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1412, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to expend in construction, maintaining and repairing public roads certain funds collected from bicycle license tax.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill N.o 1413, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 14th day of April 1915 entitled "An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain."

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1412, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to expend in constructing, maintaining and repairing public roads certain funds collected from bicycle license tax.

be read the first time.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1412, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to expend in constructing, maintaining and repairing public roads certain funds collected from bicycle license tax.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1413, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 14th day of April, 1915, entitled "An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of right of eminent domain."

be read the first time.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1413, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 14th day of April, 1915, entitled "An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 851, entitled:

An Act relating to the indebtedness of municipalities and providing for carrying into operation section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 851, entitled:

An Act relating to the indebtedness of municipalities and providing for carrying into operation section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

be read the first time.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 851, entitled:

An Act relating to the indebtedness of municipalities and providing for carrying into operation section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL, from the Committee on Railroads, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 997 (House Bill No. 842), entitled:

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require railroad corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to appeal an act, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," approved the 19th day of June, 1911.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1079, entitled:

An Act relating to police pension funds in cities of the first and second classes, and directing such cities to appropriate certain moneys thereto.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1079, entitled:

An Act relating to police pension funds in cities of the first and second classes, and directing such cities to appropriate certain moneys thereto.

be read the first time.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1079, entitled:

An Act relating to police pension funds in cities of the first and second classes, and directing such cities to appropriate certain moneys thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committees at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 747, entitled:

An Act amending an act, entitled "An Act amending an act, entitled 'An Act providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers; grade, sub-grade and pave streets and alleys; pay the costs thereof by the issue of bonds, and collect the same from the property benefited, in installments,' approved June 15th, A. D. 1911, by extending the provisions thereof so as to include the acquisition by boroughs and incorporated towns of existing sewers and sewer systems," by extending the provisions thereof so as to include the costs of the permanent paving and improvement or any streets alleys or highways.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, Senate Bill No. 1066, entitled:

An Act to repeal section twenty-six of an act, entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny county," approved May 1st, 1861, and also repealing section nine of an act, entitled "An Act supplementary to an act relating to county treasurer, and prescribing further duties in Allegheny county," approved March 11th 1870.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MARTIN from the Committee on Agriculture reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1084 (House Bill No. 1002), entitled:

An Act relating to domestic animals and their destruction to prevent spread of disease and the compensation therefor.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MOORE from the Committee on Game and Fisheries reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1043, entitled:

An Act for the licensing, protection and keeping of dogs and for the protection of game birds, rabbits, non-noxious wild life, horses, cattle, sheep and other livestock, domestic fowls and swine; creating the office of Dog Commissioner in every county; defining his duties; providing methods for the enforcement of this act; and prescribing penalties for its violation and repealing certain acts.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection, The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOMSHER from the Committee on Mines and Mining re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 931, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four, section one of article five and section nine of article twenty-four of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the 9th day of June, A. D., 1911, permitting operators managers and superintendents free selection of mine foremen assistant mine foremen and fire bosses and placing mine employes under the supervision and control of the operator.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DAIX from the Committee on Judicial Apportionment re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 874 (House Bill No. 1192), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law," approved the 18th day of July, 1901, by designating the Counties of Cameron and Elk as the twenty-fifth district and attaching the County of Clinton to the Fifty-fifth district.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 346, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the manufacture or sale or offering for sale or advertising for sale or having in possession with intent to sell adulterated or misbranded alcoholic liquors providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 466, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of the act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Engineer, Chief Draftsman, Superintendent of highways and Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, Chief a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department; and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expenses of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein, providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decided the work to be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining Highways and State-aid Highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties townships borough and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State aid Highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways, making applications to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act," approved the 31st day of May, A. D. 1911, as amended by the first section of an act approved the 11th day of April, A. D. 1913, entitled "An Act to amend section nine of the act, entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, Chief Engineer, Chief Draftsman, Superintendent of Highways and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees, providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same, requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repair to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways; making applications to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act,' approved the 31st day of May, A. D. 1911; by defining the method of taking testimony in proceedings for the condemnation of turnpikes and toll roads; providing for the appointment of stenographers therefor and the compensation of the same, and the compensation of viewers; providing a method for compelling the Commonwealth to pay the damages assessed for the taking of the same," by extending the act to include toll bridges less than five hundred feet in length.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 565, entitled:

An Act defining malt liquors providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the manufacture or sale or the offering for sale or the having in possession with intent to sell of adulterated or misbranded malt liquors and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 669 (House Bill No. 708), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 723, entitled:

An Act validating annexations and extensions of the limits of boroughs and incorporated towns, made prior to the 22d day of April, A. D. 1903, notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements of the act of assembly governing annexations and extensions of boroughs or corporate town limits in force at the time of said annexation or extension; and providing for the filing of a plot or plan of lots or part so annexed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions when the same has not originally been done.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 733, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 875 (House Bill No. 1052), entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 925 (House Bill No. 1123), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting Union Chapels at Tuberculosis Sanatoria Number two and number three located at Cresson and Hamburg in this Commonwealth and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said sanatorium properties or either of them a suitable building or buildings for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 976 (House Bill No. 1266), entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Department of Health to establish and maintain a place of detention and treatment for lepers on the State forest reserve or elsewhere and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 952 (House Bill No. 1286), entitled:

An Act to further amend section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached" by providing for refunding certain indebtedness and changing rate of interest

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1044, entitled:

An Act providing that any and all damages sustained by a person or corporation by the laying out opening altering narrowing vacating extending grading or widening of any street road avenue highway thoroughfare lane or alley within the limits of any borough within the Commonwealth shall be recoverable against the municipality or borough corporation wherein such streets roads et cetera are laid out opened et cetera and not against the county or counties wherein such borough is situated

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1062 (House Bill No. 314), entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks tellers and employes in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1076, entitled:

An Act further amending an act approved the 3d day of June, 1911, (P. L. six hundred and twenty-six), entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class,' approved the 28th day of April, Anno Domini 1891, as to townships of the first class; providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of Commissioners; invalidating contracts, hirings purchases or orders not provided for by, or in excess of appropriations; providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers, and the method of making contracts."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1090 (House Bill No. 1415), entitled:

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting quarantining and control of certail communicable diseases and for the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violations of the act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1106 (House Bill No. 1189), entitled:

An Act to permit farmers to hawk peddle and sell their own products without a license fee in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL from the Committee on Judiciary Special re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1064 (House Bill No. 1213), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations of appointments on such boards of visitation

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1414, entitled:

An Act regulating hawking and peddling.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 817.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 817, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 199.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate. Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making and remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labeled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second-hand mattresses to be sterilized and labeled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 282 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 282, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 432.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 414.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 414, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation

HOUSE BILL NO. 488 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate House Bill No. 488, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendments. The votes had on third reading and final passage were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution were twice read as follows:

In section 2, in line 4, by striking out the word "weeks" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "months"; also in section 7, in line 5, by striking out the words "The shares of stock of any bank may continue to be for the same amount each as they were before the conversion and the directors may continue to be directors of the company until others are elected" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "The capital stock shall be divided into shares of not less than fifty dollars each."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas anu nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

PETITION OF THE READING JITNEY COMPANY ASSOCIATION AGAINST THE PASSAGE OF BILL GIVING TO TRANSIT COMPANIES THE RIGHT TO OPERATE MOTOR BUSSES OR AUTOMOBILES.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate petition which was read as follows and referred to the Committee on Municipal Affairs:

To the Honorable, the President and Members of the Senate of the State of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—The undersigned, the duly appointed representatives of citizens of Reading, the individual owners and operators of motor cars in said city, for the purpose of carrying passengers, and united together in an association known as the "Reading Jitney Company Association," hereby respectfully protest against the passage of a bill which, we are informed, has passed the House of Representatives giving to Transit Companies the right to operate motor busses or automobiles in connection with the operation of street passenger railways by motor power, for the following reasons:

First: The act will suppress a wholesome competition by enabling the Transit Companies to operate two competing lines upon the same street and running in the same direction, which is manifestly contrary to the spirit of the constitutional prohibition as contained in Section IV, Article XVII of the Constitution of 1874, forbidding any corporation from having any control over a parallel or competing line.

Second. It will be impossible for the individual owners of automobiles or motor cars to engage in competition with the corporations controlling the Transit Companies. The result will be that the members of this association and the citizens of the Commonwealth elsewhere engaged in the same line of business will be thrown out of work at a time, when, by reason of the industrial conditions throughout the Commonwealth, they were forced, in order to earn a living, to seek a new source of income; and the travelling public will be deprived of the benefit of the low rates and long routes which the jitney service provides.

We, therefore, respectfully petition your honorable body that it does enlarge the powers and franchises of service corporations by giving them the right to do a business foreign to that for which they were chartered.

THE READING JITNEY COMPANY ASSOCIATION

By W. A. ROMBERGER, President.

Attest: ROY F. HEFFELFINGER, Secretary.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 4, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Daniel C. Dillon, Pittsburgh.
John Porreca, Pittsburgh.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Clarence Balentine, Scranton.
Miss P. A. Thomas, Scranton.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Paul Azary, Mt. Carmel Township.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

John F. Basford, Philadelphia.
Sigmund J. Marx, Philadelphia.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins.
Kline,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 141.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval Senate Bill No. 141 entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith."

This bill is designed to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania.

It aims to do this by creating a new examining board to license optometrists. This board is created in a way that is contrary to all precedent. To limit the Executive in his appointment to a professional body to whom is entrusted the conservation of human vision by compelling and directing him to appoint only those selected by the Executive Committee of a society that has no obligation or responsibility to the people, and a society whose members are in no legal way related to the people at large is contrary to the policy of law. Only members of said society would be eligibile to a place on the board, notwithstanding the fact that there may now be and in the future there may arise other societies whose function it is or may be with equal competence to administer to the human eye. In the formation of other state boards the Executive is not so limited and no reason has been given me why this limitation should be made. The judgment and the discretion of the Executive cannot be delegated to legally irresponsible bodies. This restriction is fundamentally wrong.

There is no convincing reason who these practitioners should not voluntarily place themselves under the existing licensing body of the Commonwealth

Under section four one number of this proposed board can secure the granting of a license, a situation wrought with grave menace. Unless a commanding reason is manifest no additional examining boards for professional regulation should be created.

The standards of professional service in this Commonwealth are and have been high. We are a center of professional services of the most commendable standards. These standards must be safeguarded and exaulted. No official act of the Commonwealth should in any way lessen the standards of admission to a professional career in this Commonwealth nor the standards of professional training to fit for is the sacred service The sanction of the state which is the sanction of the people cannot be lightly bestowed.

For these reasons this bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

On the question,

Shall the bill pass the objections of the Governor notwithstanding?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President. I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 1306 (Senate Bill No. 1415), entitled:

An Act to provide for the regulation of the business of handling dead animals or animal refuse other than for food purposes and of the manufactring of products therefrom in cities of the first class and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 1307 (Senate Bill No. 1416), entitled:

An Act to provide in cities of the first class for the registration of any person co-partnership association or corporation engaging in the business or preparing exposing or offering for sale or exchange articles used for human food and providing for the regulation and inspection of the conduct of such business and providing a penalty for the violation thereof or the regulations made in conformity therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 1404 (Senate Bill No. 1417), entitled:

An Act validating municipal liens filed by boroughs for paving and curbing the public highways thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1405 (Senate Bill No. 1418), entitled:

An Act amending the second section of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relative to verdicts and judgments in ejectment and to regulate the procedure in such cases" Approved May eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing that the court may enter judgment on the pleadings in favor of the party appearing to be entitled thereto or for the plaintiff in default of an answer for the defendant

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1361 (Senate Bill No. 1419), entitled:

An Act relating to the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City and the admission of inmates thereto

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1088 (Senate Bill No. 1420), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to revoke the certificate of authority of and to refuse admission to companies or associations from any state which refuses to permit like companies or associations organized and operating under the laws of this State and to do a like business in said State and designating who may and who may not make examination of said companies or associations and providing who shall pay the expenses of examinations of such companies or associations

Which was committee to the Committee on Insurance.

House Bill No. 1195 (Senate Bill No. 1421), entitled:

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law providing for the burial of certain honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines at the expense of the counties in which they shall die or have a legal residence at the time of their death to provide a system for effecting the burial of such soldiers sailors and marines to provide head stones and markers for the graves of such soldiers sailors and marines and to authorize the county commissioners of the several counties to purchase plots of ground for the burial of such soldiers sailors and marines

Which was committed to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

House Bill No. 1241 (Senate Bill No. 1422), entitled:

An Act amending section four of an act approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nominations of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation"

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

House Bill No. 1258 (Senate Bill No. 1423), entitled:

An Act relating to the maintenance of insane feeble-minded and other persons confined in the various institutions of the Commonwealth fixing liability for their support providing for the collection of the moneys due the Commonwealth therefor and for proceedings relating thereto

Which was committed to the Committees on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1301 (Senate Bill No. 1424), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act requiring bills and answers in equity to be sworn to and abolishing the rule that the averments of a responsive answer must be overcome by the testimony of two witnesses or of one witness sustained by corroborating circumstances equivalent to the testimony of another witness in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree except in certain cases"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1335 (Senate Bill No. 1425), entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 784 (Senate Bill No. 1426), entitled:

An Act to require the reporting by physicians to the State Department of Health of certain occupational diseases and providing penalties for violations thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 1370 (Senate Bill No. 1427), entitled:

An Act amending section 21 of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county, borough, city, incorporated town or township, establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles, providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom, providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act, prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed," approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, providing for waiver of summary trial and limiting time for bringing complaints and service of process.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 1383 (Senate Bill No. 1428), entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 1390 (Senate Bill No. 1429), entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF MEMORIAL SERVICES.

The PRESIDENT. For the information of the Senate the Chair would state that when the Senate adjourns it will be to meet at eight o'clock to-night to hold a memorial service in memory of the late Senator J. K. P. Hall, and at nine o'clock for memorial service in memory of the late Senator John T. Fisher.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until eight o'clock this evening.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 2.06 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday evening, May 4, 1915, at 8 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

MEMORIAL SERVICES ON THE DEATH OF HONORABLE JAMES K. P. HALL, LATE SENATOR FROM THE TWENTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The Senate met at 8 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. This being the time fixed by resolution for holding memorial services on the death of Honorable James K. P. Hall, late Senator from the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District, the Senate will be in order and will be opened with prayer by the Chaplain.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Our heavenly Father we are assembled here because our Senate has set apart this evening as a memorial tribute to one of its most congenial and efficient members. One of the most striking characteristics of the late Senator was his intense interest in the welfare of young manhood. He was ever ready to give them sound advice and started many young men in their business careers by rendering them financial assistance. He was a public spirited man, a born leader. To his energies there were no limitations. He was a tireless worker from boyhood to ripe manhood. His influence in the halls of legislation was not confined to our own state but was nation wide. His charities were widespread, but not widely published. We pray that the memory of his broad-minded, large-hearted life may be a source of comfort and consolation to his widow, his sisters, brother, daughters, sons, and many friends. We pray that our Senate, in paying this historical tribute, may realize that the God of nations commends their brotherly action. These blessings we ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

RESOLUTION ON THE DEATH OF HONORABLE JAMES K. P. HALL, LATE SENATOR FROM THE TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

Mr. SONES offered the following resolution, which was twice read:

RESOLUTION.

Whereas, Almighty God in his wisdom removed from among us on January 15, 1915, our friend and associate, the Honorable James K. P. Hall, Senator from the Twenty-Sixth District; and

Whereas, This Body desires to enter its testimony in appreciation of the sterling qualities of our late member;

Therefore, Be it Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania hereby records its high estimate of our late associate as a citizen, a legislator and a man;

Resolved, That in the death of Senator Hall the Commonwealth has lost one of its most substantial citizens, the Senate a faithful and efficient member and we, his associates, an honored and trustworthy friend;

Resolved, That we tender to his family our sincere and heartfelt sympathy in the great loss they have sustained;

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions, signed by the President and attested by the clerk be sent to the family of the deceased.

C. W. SONES.
ASA K. DeWITT.
JOHN G. HOMSHER.
STERLING R. CATLIN.
W. C. McCONNELL.
JOHN W. HOKE.
W. WAYNE HINDMAN.
FRANKLIN MARTIN.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

Mr. SONES. Mr. President and members of the Senate: We are assembled here tonight for the purpose of paying tribute to two of our members who have passed to the Great Beyond.

The Senator to whom I shall refer, was one of our older members, the late J. K. P. Hall who died at Tampa, Florida, January 15, 1915.

Senator Hall was born at Milesburg, Penna., September 30, 1844; he was admitted to the bar in November, 1866; was District Attorney from 1868 to 1877; Member of Congress from 1899 to 1903 and represented the 26th Senatorial District in the Senate of Pennsylvania for twelve consecutive years, 1903 to 1915. Owing to his growing business interests, which demanded his entire time, and which later assumed immense proportions, he retired from the practice of law in 1883. His interests were varied as well as large. He was extensively engaged for many years in the banking, lumber, tanning, mining, mercantile and railroad business, as well as various other enterprises, and it is perhaps, not too much to say, that more than any other man in Elk county, he was instrumental in developing the natural resources of this section of the State and in furnishing profitable employment to labor. He was still actively engaged in these lines of business at the time of his death, that is the banking, lumber and mercantile business.

He was a public spirited man of great courage and wonderful energy. Much of his time was devoted to public affairs in which he was intensely interested. Very early in his career he took an active part in politics and soon rose to a position of State-wide leadership in the Democratic party with which he had always been affiliated. He maintained this position for a number of years. How well he was regarded by his fellow citizens, in this and adjoining counties, is attested by his long and continuous public service in both Congress and the State Senate, and the estimate placed on his ability, character and attainments by his Democratic associates in the latter body, is shown by the fact that from the moment he took his seat in 1903 until the close of the last session of the Legislature, he was recognized by them as their leader. Owing to ill health he did not seek re-election to the Senate last fall. He was the candidate of his party for United States Senator in 1904 and served as Chairman of the Democratic State Committee in 1904 and 1905, and in other ways had been repeatedly and signally honored by his party and the people. As a legislator he rendered efficient and valuable service, being influential as well in the enactment of constructive and beneficial legislation as in the prevention of much that could not have proved otherwise than destructive and harmful. His sincerity was unquestioned; he made no false promises either to obtain or retain office. He was honest, conservative and able, and these qualities added to his legal attainments and his vast business experience, gave him a place of promise and influence among the lawmakers of the State seldom attained by a member of the minority party.

He was a natural leader of men, and this was because he possessed many attractive qualities. He was kind, generous, sociable, sympathetic and a most agreeable companion. He was a man of the people, acquainted with their trials and wants and ever ready to lend a helping hand to those in trouble and distress. His charities were greater and more widely extended than is generally known, for he was one of those truly charitable men who do not let their left hand know what their right doeth. He had been ill for several months; he endured surgical treatment of a most radical character, and before the final summons came, his life was several times despaired of, but he fought against death as he had fought the battles of life, with courage and indomitable will, and his heroic struggle to live, excited the unbounded admiration of his friends, who were legion. He did not want to die; he wanted to live and enjoy the friendships of the past, and to do, if possible, a little longer, his share of the work of the world, but the Great Judge, from whose decision there is no appeal, and to whom we herewith submit, had decreed otherwise and it was not to be.

In common with nearly all the members of this body, and with all its members as it was constituted in the two proceding sessions of the Legislature, I knew the late Senator Hall. Having been his colleague in those sessions it may be assumed that this statement is so obviously true and so well known as to be of no importance. As your associate and mine during the period covered by those sessions it would seem strange indeed if we did not know him. With many of you he served in this Chamber for a much longer time, and the opportunities of the older members to know him were of course greater than mine. But when I say that I knew him, I do not refer to mere acquaintanceship; we are all acquainted with many people, but we know only a few. Senator Hall was one of a few men whom to meet, even infrequetly, is to know. He was frank; expressed his sentiments openly, sometimes bluntly. One did not have to study the man in order to interpret his speech and actions. He spoke plainly, not evasively, or in words susceptible of different meanings, and what he said he meant. His actions followed his words, so that having heard him express himself on any subject before the Legislature, one did not need to inquire how he would vote. Frankness, I should say, was his dominant characteristic, and it was the possession of this quality that made it so easy to know him. He possessed many other admirable qualities. He was courageous, public spirited, honest and energetic. He did not favor or oppose legislation from any selfish motive. Although a man of large means he took a broad view of pending legislation, and was in no sense the advocate or representative of a class. He was a man of the people, acquainted with their trials and their needs, and his action here was always dictated by a desire to promote the common good of all. He was able and experienced, and during his long term of service in this Chamber he occupied a position of prominence and influence which is not often attained by a member of the minority party. This fact attests the esteem in which he was held, both as a man and as a legislator, not only by the members of his own party, but by the members of this body generally. He was a natural leader of men and this was because, in addition to his other good qualities, he had a kind and generous disposition and was a most charming companion. If he sometimes seemed to speak harshly to a friend, his apparent ill humor could always be safely attributed to a naturally aggressive manner, and never to a wanton desire to wound or hurt one's feelings, and he was so prompt and quick to reverse his outward attitude of severity, and his amends were always so whole hearted and gracious, that any unpleasant incident of this sort seemed only to be the means of cementing tighter the bonds of friendship. He was my friend, and because he was my friend, I mourn his death and offer this poor tribute to his memory.

> There is no death; what seems so is transition.
> This life of mortal breath
> Is but a suburb of the life elysian,
> Whose portal we call Death.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I only knew Mr. Hall as a Senator and therefore I can speak of him entirely uninfluenced by any contact of personal relationship. I sat near to him here and only met him in our association as Senators. But I was impressed with his keen insight into and knowledge of public affairs and with the natural kindness and sympathy of his disposition. He had grown up with and lived in the period of the world's greatest progress and development and was part and passed of the mighty evolution of the times in which he lived. His humanity made him loved and his abilities commanded respect and success in the material things of life. He was the kind of a man in whom our interest and regard increases as we know him better; one of the kind of men whose memory will longer undure and whose impress will be implanted longest amid the scenes and activities in which they moved. I was impressed with him as a man of action rather than of sentiment, one whose kindly actions were told in deeds as silent as they were substantial This is the way I was impressed with the character of Senator Hall during the several sessions I was associated with him here and I deem it a privilege at this time to pay this tribute to his memory.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, in addition to what has been said in regard to the loss sustained by the death of Senator Hall, I merely wish to state a word or two about his well known reputation and my personal knowledge of him in his own county. Senator Hall lived most of his life in Elk county, the county adjoining McKean county, where I live. Ever since I was a boy I have heard of his splendid deeds, his great business ability, and the great charitable work he has done in that county. In fact to visit his county was only to learn the history of the great work he had done in that county during his long and useful career. Every man who went to his funeral will recall the many kind remarks made by the old residenters of that county, of the great good he had done. During the session of 1913, I served as a member with him and I found during that time that whether he was with you or against you on the different measures that came up in that body that when the fight was over and the vote was counted, regardless of the result, he came around with the same smile the same friendly feeling, with no signs of any broken friendship. These are grand traits in any man's character and it is a pleasant recollection for us to have of his life and our association with him.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, it was only a few hours ago that I was personally acquainted with the fact that this memorial service was to be held this evening. I had not intended to make any remarks, but coming as I do from the western end of the State and living as I did within the sphere of the Senator's acquaintance and activity, and knowing him as I did, and knowing his friends, I feel that were I to remain silent in my chair, I would be neglectful of a duty, though sad and solemn as it may be. I think we do well to pause for a little while from the hurrying activities of this body in contemplation of the life and the character of him who was so recently one of us. His life was typical of the life of many successful men. In his chosen profession in his earlier years he attained distinction and won his spurs in the profession of the law. In the broader field of commercial activities in which he engaged he met with great success; in the halls of legislation in the State and the Nation he was a factor to be reckoned with his mental processes were quick, his vision was not obscured, his judgment was unerring and he possessed the faculty of brushing aside obscure phraseology in any bill under consideration and getting at the purpose and the purport of the measure according to his view point. It was my pleasure, though a sad one, to attend the funeral ceremonies at his home last January. If I remember it correctly he expired about the time that this Senate was convening. At that funeral, I learned much of the private character and generosity of the late Senator. I recall a little incident of a man of middle age, stalwart in form, forcible in expression, standing near me and saying to me that he had lost the best friend that he ever had, that Senator Hall had started him in business and I know that that man was only a representative of a very large class of men whom the Senator had aided. All men, I presume, like to project their lives as far into the future as possible. Some men like to live so that when they are gone they will be held in grateful remembrance by those who are left. Such was the desire, the wish, and the accomplishment of Senator Hall. His friends can take great satisfaction in the many successes of his varied career and his family comfort from the good deeds that he wrought. May he rest in peace.

And the question recurring,
Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

The yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until 9 o'clock P. M.

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 8.30 o'clock until 9 o'clock P. M., May 4, 1915.

MEMORIAL SERVICES ON THE DEATH OF HONORABLE JOHN T. FISHER, LATE SENATOR FROM THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The Senate met at 9 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. This being the time fixed by resolution for holding memorial services on the death of Honorable John T. Fisher, late Senator from the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, the Senate will be in order and will be opened with prayer by the Chaplain.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Our heavenly Father we realize that in the midst of life we are in death. To whom can we turn for comfort and help but to Thee. On every side we see our loved ones, our friends, and our companions passing from us into the great life beyond. We deeply regret the departure of our fellow-member of this Senate. We thank Thee for the beautiful characters and widely useful lives of his daughter and sons. They are in every true sense an honor to their beloved parents and a great credit and blessing to their State and Nation. We pray that this tribute paid by our Senate to the memory of their father may be a sweet and blessed consolation to them as they bow beneath the burden of their great sorrow. We commend them our Saviour to Thy love and guidance. May their lives be precious in Thy sight always. May Thy guiding spirit be realized in the lives of all our Senators and employees, and in the lives of their beloved families. These blessings we ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

RESOLUTION ON THE DEATH OF HONORABLE JOHN T. FISHER, LATE SENATOR FROM THE TWENTY-SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Mr. DeWITT offered the following resolution, which was twice read:

Whereas, The Omnipotent Ruler of all things did on January 15, 1914, call from among us John T. Fisher, a member of the Senate of Pennsylvania for the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District; and,

Whereas, His services to his constituents and the State of Pennsylvania entitle him to commemoration by the members of this Senate; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvania hereby enter upon its minutes the appreciation of the services of the late Senator Fisher, as a member of this body. He was at all times esteemed for his fidelity to duty and for the honest endeavor which he brought to the solution of questions of legislation submitted to the Senate during the session of 1913; and, be it

Resolved, That we hereby express our sympathy to his family and direct that a copy of these resolutions properly attested be communicated with our respect to the members of his family.

ASA K. DeWITT,
HENRY WASBERS,
J. FRANK GRAFF,
CHESTER D. SENSENICH,
HENRY A. CLARK,
JOHN P. MOORE,
W. CLAYTON HACKETT,
DANIEL P. GERBERICH.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President and members of the Senate of Pennsylvania, we are to-day called upon to do honor to the memory of a deceased public servant, the late Senator John T. Fisher.

I, perhaps had a better acquaintanceship and knowledge of the traits and character of Senator Fisher than any other member of this August body, for the decedent spent the latter days of his life in the town where I live.

Mr. Fisher was not an orator and made no pretense to leadership or superior statesmanship. He was free from all vindictive forces. These qualities fitted him to become what he was, a most faithful public servant. The work he did was in a quiet unostentatious manner,—no bluster, no threats, no attempt at dictation. It is well known that in his public life he was ever vigilant, diligent, faithful and conscientious. The fact that he was twice elected to the General Assembly, and then to the high office of State Senator, speaks louder for his popularity and ability than any eulogistic phrases that might fall from your humble servant's lips, or from the lips of any one who chooses to deliver an encomium to his memory. He came from a wonderfully cosmopolitan community, where perhaps every nationality on the face of the globe is represented. A part of the district is rich in agriculture, but a larger part is industrial and is located in the heart of the anthracite coal fields: So he represented the most varied and diversified trades and occupations imaginable.

He came up from the ranks of the common people, again proving that birth, however humble, is no barrier to any boy born within the borders of this, the greatest of nations, to prevent him from climbing the ladder, rung over rung, which he builds himself out of indomitable will power, pluck, energy and honesty, until he reaches the portals of fame and enters therein.

In his private life he was kind and gentle. He was a man of noble, generous impluses, firmly and warmly attached to his family and acquaintances. His death was mourned by a large circle of friends, and the sorrow was evinced by those who attended his funeral, coming as they did from all stations in life and from every part of his district, which was a lasting tribute to his memory.

After all, wealth, learning and power cannot of themselves make a man great, for true greatness consists in love, and true love manifests itself in the smile, the kind deed, the sympathetic word, the courteous handshake we give to a passing neighbor. Therefore, Senator Fisher, who had this greatest of all qualities, although dead, still lives in the memory of those who knew him best.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President and gentlemen of the Senate, my first and only acquaintance with Senator Fisher was in the session of 1913. At that time he had the seat now occupied by Senator Hackett and I had the seat now occupied by Senator Stewart. I became very well acquainted with Senator Fisher during that session and found him to be a man of very many splendid qualifications. In that session he had a great deal of sickness and attended to his duties the best he could under the circumstances. He was a man of very keen mind and had a very quick way of grasping the practical side of all legislation that came before him. I am convinced had he had the health so that he could have stayed in the session of 1913 more than he did that many more would have become better acquainted with him and appreciated the strong personality and keen intellect that he had. While I have never known anything of his life outside of the session of 1913, from the kind remarks I have heard from the people of his home county, I am convinced that he was one of the strong men in that county and one of the well-liked men in that county.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, gentlemen of the Senate, it is hard in a case of this kind to do justice, to speak words appropriate to our departed fellow Senator. During the session of 1913, I learned to know the deceased John T. Fisher exceptionally well. I remember on one occasion an interesting bill coming up in the Senate and going over and speaking to him. With his great big, brawny hand, developed by hard, honest toil, he said in his homely way, "Joe, I will be glad to give you a lift." And I remember just a few days before he crossed the bar, I happened to be in Shamokin, and I went to the hospital to see him. He was there lying semiconscious, and in his feeble way he reached up his hand, partially smiling. And the Doctor said, "I believe he recognizes you, Joe." That was the last I saw of John T. Fisher.

There are many lessons to be learned from John T. Fisher. We all remember of the meeting of last evening, the sons of toil and those who want to toil, and those who cannot toil. John T. Fisher, with a limited education in all the great principles of life that many people are favored with, surmounted all these difficulties, and from the very bottom came up to be an honored member of this body. We miss the homely, kindly handshake of John T. Fisher, because we learned to know him, to love him as a man whose word was as good as his bond. We surely miss him.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President and gentlemen of the Senate, I hardly expected that on this evening I would be called upon to say anything regarding our late departed fellow-member, the Honorable John T. Fisher; but after listening to the other members, and listening attentively and some of them being in the position wherein they are not quite competent to extol the virtues of our late departed member in the manner that they should be, owing to the fact that his association with us here in the Senate was but for a short period of time, they were no doubt put to some disadvantage. I have a very full and fresh recollection of the Honorable John T. Fisher. I recollect him as being a member of this Senate. I also remember his kindly ways and the manner in which he attended to his duties in the short time in which he was in our midst. As has been said before, early in the session he became ill and was unable to attend fully to his duties. I have one recollection, however, of the Senator in one of our committee meetings, in which he tried, to the utmost of his ability, to have those members of the Grand Army, known, I think, as the Hundred Days Men, receive a pension from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the services they had rendered during the days of the Rebellion in their effort to save the honor and glory of this Commonwealth. I can well remember how urgently and how persistently he worked in the effort to have this bill come out of our Pension Committee and how he went on in his humble way to show all the valiant services of these men, who are not and have not been recognized by this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in their old days, and how he went on to say the great value they were to this Commonwealth. And as I sat here to-night the mystic chords of memory carried me back to the days of 1903, when I was but a youth and a member of the House of Representatives; and as I sat here while the other men spoke I started to have new and fonder recollections of the Honorable John T. Fisher.

I recall that in that session there were a number of young men new in the field that did not know the ways and manner in which to conduct themselves in their legislative duties, and I can recall a number of these young men in the session of 1903 time after time going to the late Senator Fisher to receive instructions as to the proper manner and the method wherein and whereby they should conduct themselves in their legislative duties.

He must have been a remarkable man in the community in which he lived. I know nothing of the community, but I say he must have been a remarkable man for this reason, if for no other—for on two occasions when the voters of this Commonwealth were in a tumult and uprising and uncertain as to whether or not their interests were best being cared for by the representatives in the Houses of this Commonwealth, they took it upon themselves to elect John T. Fisher. In the 1901 session he was elected by the constituents of the district wherein he resided, and those of you who can look back to the sessions of 1899 and 1901 can well remember that during those times tumult, dissatisfaction and discontent existed in this great Commonwealth and people were uncertain as to whom they should elect; that men different from the ordinary types of men were elected to these two bodies, particularly the sessions of 1899 and 1901, and John T. Fisher was elected by the people in his particular county at that time. That proves to me that in the hour of need and uncertainty they elected a man who at least they were convinced was absolutely honest, and to their satisfaction could perform the duties of a member of the House in such a manner that they would be selfcontented and satisfied. It is quite fresh in the memory of us all that two years ago in 1912 and 1913 political conditions in Pennsylvania were such as were never known or heard of before in our time, and again in these uncertain days when people with new ideas, new conditions and new thoughts in political activity were uncertain as to who should be sent to represent them in the Senate of Pennsylvania they again turned to the man whom they had depended upon in the tumultuous times of 1901 and 1903 and elected him to this body. I say these two elections at these two different times convince me beyond a doubt that he must have been a remarkable man in the community in which he lived. He must have been a man who had the good-will, the faith and the respect of the people in that particular community, and these things of themselves are sufficient for me to say that he must have been well loved in his life time and that his loss was a loss that that community will not overcome for a long time yet to come.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

The yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 9.30 o'clock P. M. until Wednesday morning, May 5, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

TUESDAY, May 4, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that Thou art our Father and that we can approach Thee and talk to Thee as a little child talks to a parent. We can talk to Thee about our problems. We have personal problems, we have home problems, we have social problems, moral problems and spiritual problems. We thank Thee that we can talk to Thee about our struggles, the struggles against discouragement, struggles against disappointment, struggles against the losses of friends, losses of property and losses of money. We can talk to Thee about our mastership. We pray Thee that Thou wouldst help us to be masters over ourselves; over all these struggles, over all discouragements and in all things come off more than conquerors through Him that loved us. Bless us in this days work; may it be to us all a great delight and a great privilege and may the State be benefited and Thy name honored. We ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Beyer, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 414, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the Genearl Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein and making an appropriation

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by striking out in the 11th line after the word "therein" the words "fixing the duties and the compensation of the assistant director."

Strike out all of section 3.

Change section 4 to section 3, and striike out in line two after the word "the" the words "sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000)" and insert "further sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) in addition to the balance unexpended from the sum appropriated by said act of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

The SPEAKER. The Chair is informed that the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney, is entirely satisfied with the amendments.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,

Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
[illegible]schutz,
Love,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That tne Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY THE SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 704.

An Act to enlarge the limit of purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes

House Bill No. 306.

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

House Bill No. 713.

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of "The Star" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 742.

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1023.

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

House Bill No. 730.

An Act to provide for the health, safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be established as therein provided and to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

House Bill No. 1099.

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies of the City of Harrisburg

House Bill No. 1032.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War

with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 488, as follows:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful for any co-operative banking association which has been incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth and engaged in business for more than seven years and within three years next previous to the date of the expiration of its corporate existence to become a bank of discount and deposit as provided for under the act entitled "An Act for the incorporation and regulation of banks of discount and deposit" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six and supplements thereto In making such conversion the name of the association may be changed subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Banking and all its property real personal and mixed shall thereafter be vested in the bank of discount and deposit

Section 2 Notice of the intended conversion shall be given by the directors in two newspapers of general circulation in the county or place of business where the said association is located once a week for three months which notice shall be in the same form as now required for corporations originally organized as banks of discount and deposit

Section 3 The board of directors of the co-operative banking association making application for such change shall draw up articles of association and an organization certificate in the same form and manner as required for corporations originally organized as banks of discount and deposit which shall be signed and executed by the majority of the directors under the seal of the association A copy of the articles of association shall be forwarded to the Attorney-General for his inspection and approval and if approved by him he shall endorse his approval thereon and transmit the same to the Commissioner of Banking to be filed in his office

Section 4 The certificate shall contain a statement that such certificate is made to enable the co-operative banking association to become a bank of discount and deposit and shall declare that the full paid capital stock of the association is not less than fifty thousand dollars and that two-thirds of the holders thereof have authorized the directors to make such certificate to change and convert the co-operative banking association into a bank of discount and deposit

Section 5 This certificate shall be acknowledged before a judge or notary public which certificate with the acknowledgment certified and authenticated by the seal of such court or notary public shall be transmitted after approval by the Attorney- General of the articles of association as hereinbefore directed to the commissioner of banking to be filed and recorded in his office Copies of said certificate duly certified by the comissioner of banking shall be conclusive evidence in all courts of the Commonwealth of the existence of such corporation and of every other matter or thing which could be proved by the production of the original certificate

Section 6 The Commissioner of Banking upon receipt of the articles of association with the approval thereon of the Attorney-General as aforesaid and the certificate hereinbefore provided shall cause an examination to be made in order to determine the condition of such association and after such examination it appears to him that the said association is in a satisfactory condition and that its full paid capital is not less than fifty thousand dollars he shall certify a copy of said certificate with his approval thereon endorsed to the Governor who shall upon receiving the same direct letters patent to issue in the usual form to the said association which shall thereupon have the same powers and privileges and be subject to the same duties responsibilities and regulations in all respects as other associations originally incorporated as banks of discount and deposit under the act of May thirteenth one thousand eight hundred seventy-six and the supplements thereto

Section 7 A majority of the directors after executing the articles of association and organization certificate shall have power to execute all other papers and to do whatever may be required to make its organization perfect and complete as a bank of discount and deposit The capital stock shall be divided into shares of not less than fifty dollars each

Section 8 That after any co-operative banking association has been converted or changed into a bank of discount and deposit and the Governor has issued letters patent any shareholder not assenting to such conversion may give notice in writing to the directors within thirty days from the date of the letters patent of his desire to withdraw from the said association in which case he shall be entitled to receive from the said bank the value of the shares so held by him and in case of a dispute as to such value the same shall be ascertained by an appraisal made by a committee of three persons one to be selected by such shareholder one by the directors and the third by the first two and in case the value so fixed shall not be satisfactory to any such shareholder he may appeal to the Commissioner of Banking who shall cause a re-appraisal to be made which shall be final and binding and should the said re-appraisal exceed the value fixed by said committee the bank shall pay the expense of the said re-appraisal and otherwise the appellant shall pay the said expense The value so ascertained and determined shall be deemed to be a debt due and be forthwith paid to said shareholder by said bank and the shares so surrendered and appraised shall be sold at not less than the par value within thirty days of such surrender or shall be cancelled and deducted from the capital stock of the association In case any such cancellation and deduction shall reduce the capital stock of the bank below the minimum of the capital required by law the capital stock shall within sixty days from date of such cancellation be increased to the required amount in default of which the Commissioner of Banking shall have authority to proceed as in other cases of impairment of capital of banking companies

Section 9 All claims liabilities and rights of actions which have accrued against the co-operative banking association may be prosecuted against the bank of discount and deposit in its new name to which it shall have been changed and all assets suits judgments choses and rights of action owned by said co-operative banking association may be collected and prosecuted in the name of the bank of discount and deposit to which it has been changed

Section 10 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn.
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn.
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius.
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell. T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell.
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass.
Gompers.
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham.
Gransback.
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett.
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess.
Heyburn.
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern.
Hollingsworth
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack.
Jones, E. E..
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer.
Lauler,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder.
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry.
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey.
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich.
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney.
Rowell.
Scott,
Shaaber.
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith. J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones.
Spangler,
Spencer.
Staving.
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh.
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir.
West.
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard.
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Rudisill.
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1581 (Senate No. 652), entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 4, line 8, by striking out the word "does" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "do"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1170 (Senate No. 435), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—75.

Adams,
Albee,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Beck,
Becker,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Reynolds,

Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Curry,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lipschutz,
Mangan,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
Richards,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Stern,
Twibill,
Walton,
Weir,
West,
Wobensmith,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—75.

Alcorn,
Alexander,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Cox,
Dell,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Flynn,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Greenwood,
Hamilton,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauler,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Watson,
Weimer,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1528 (Senate No. 754), entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealtn situated in Cresson township Cambria county Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, if there is a gentleman in the House who represents the sponsor of this bill in the Senate, where it originated, I would like to have its provisions explained to the House.

Now, so far as I understand it, the way the bill reads, there is an absolute grant of an easement or right of way through the property of the State. Now, it also provides for the reversion, after thirty years, of what is left. Whatever it may be, it comes back. There is no consideration fixed. It may be one dollar or it may be more.

And now it does not provide that any lateral support shall be furnished to hold up the surface or if the lateral support is supplied, whether it shall be left when the property comes back. We would like to have a little light on this subject and I may go along with the measure, but we ought to know where we are at.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 393, entitled:

An Act relating to the powers duties and fees of coroners and their officers or assistants

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading

Mr. BUNGARD. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, with due regard and respect to the honorable gentleman, Mr. Neville, the sponsor of this bill, I wish to state to this House at this time that they had better look over this bill carefully before they vote upon it. I believe that this is not a good bill. This bill, to my mind, has some provisions in it that would tend to commercialize dead bodies. And then, if you will look on page three of this bill and see the provisions set forth there as to costs, you will find that this would cost our ciunties, it will cost Westmoreland county at least ten thousand dollars, and perhaps other counties in accordance. For instance, it fixes the mileage here at six cents and the regular rate of mileage in the State is two and one-half cents. And then these additional fees—gentlemen of the House, you can easily see from these additional fees here that are set forth that this will create an enormous expense on the counties. Therefore, gentlemen, I wish that you would carefully look over this bill before you vote and if you think it is a bad bill, then, gentlemen, let us vote it down. I am opposed to this bill.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, the only interest I have in this bill is merely to explain it to my friend, who is laboring under a misapprehension. These fees enumerated in the Neville bill are merely for the purpose that the Coroner of each and every county may be enabled to earn sufficient money to pay his salary. If there is any excess he does not receive that money; as in Philadelphia and in other counties, each one of the Coroners must first earn his salary, otherwise he does not get it.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GOODWIN. Mr. Speaker, it appears to me as though this bill tends unduly to increase the fees of Coroners. One objection I have to this bill is that it provides that the Coroner may make an investigation in all cases where death has occurred in less than twenty-four hours' sickness. The only object of a Coroner's inquest at the present day is to aid in the detection of crime, and in the majority of instances where death occurs, from heart disease and such causes, in less than twenty-four hours' sickness, a Coroner's investigation is entirely unnecessary.

The next objection I have to this bill is that it provides in all cases of suspicious circumstances the Coroner may make an investigation. This opens a wide door for unscrupulous men. I hold here a letter from C. E. Zimmerman, one of the most reliable undertakers in the western part of the State, which says, in part, as follows: "All reliable undertakers are, to a man, against this bill, and we want the family, and not a political appointee, to decide who shall bury their dead."

The next objection I have to this bill is the large amount of fees that may be taxed. For instance, for investigating each cause of death and viewing each dead body, where no inquest is held, $5.50; for investigating each case and viewing each dead body and holding each inquest, $10.00. Another instance, "For performing, or causing to be performed, each autopsy, except in case of murder, $25.00; for performing, or causing to be performed, each autopsy, in a case of murder, $50.00. This is to much. In many of the cases the Coroner can secure these services for one-half or one-third of this amount. The county is liable to the Coroner for the services of a physician. Under this bill, in an ordinary homicide case, the Coroner can tax seventy-five to a hundred dollars against the county; therefore, I am against this bill.

Mr. HACKETT in the Chair.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—92.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Beyer,
Bovee,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Cummins,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
McCaig,
McClintock,
Mearkle,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Sullivan,
Thomas,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Weimer,

Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Forster,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rininger,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—40.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Barnett,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Davis,
Dunn,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fruit,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Herman,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Leighner,
Love,
Luppert,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Reel,
Rich,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Statler,
Trach,
Twibill,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
West,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1256, File Folio 5825, entitled:

An Act fixing the pay of assessors in cities of the third class and in boroughs and townships of the second class

was defeated on third reading on Wednesday evening, April 28th, be reconsidered.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, this is a bill fixing the pay of assessors in cities of the third class and in boroughs and townships of the second class, which was defeated in a very light House last Wednesday evening, a large number of the members of this House friendly disposed to this bill not being here. It simply fixes the pay of assessors in cities of the third class and boroughs and townships of the second class. My idea is simply to equalize the pay of these assessors. In order to secure good men they should be sufficiently paid. In my opinion the labor is certainly worthy of his hire and I trust the House will pass this bill.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, this bill increases the pay of the rural assessors to five dollars a day. Now, it may be all right for opulent cities, like Easton, represented by the gentleman from Northampton, who is sponsor of this bill, to pay that if they want to, but for goodness sake don't wish it on townships all over the State of Pennsylvania, many of which have an assessed valuation of from only one hundred thousand to two hundred thousand dollars. I submit, gentlemen of the House, that this would be an unwise and unfortunate thing. It makes five dollars a day for eight hours' work, and for farmers, who are accumtomed to work fifteen hours a day, to let officials work for them eight hours for five dollars a day, would be unjust and ill-advised, and I hope the House will adhere to its position taken last week.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—79.

Adams,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Lynch,
Mangan,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Steedle,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Christman,
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Goodwin,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Horton,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Nissley,
Perry,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Spangler,
Staving,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williard,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—75.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Davis,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fruit,
Garner,
Glenn,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Jack,
Kuhn,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Luppert,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, L.,
Spencer,
Stone,
Twibill,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Williams,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 351, as follows:

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all records of criminal actions against juveniles under the age of sixteen shall be entered in each county in a special docket only to be kept for that purpose exclusively Such docket shall not be open to public inspection and the records therein shall not be used in any subsequent proceeding against any such offender who is dependent therein

Section 2 Such docket shall be furnished by the juvenile court of each county at the expense of the county and shall be in such form as the court shall direct The docket shall be kept by a probation officer or some other person appointed by the court The court shall direct the manner in which such docket shall be kept and fix the fees and expenses in connection therewith

Section 3 All magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace shall hereafter without hearing discharge all juveniles under the age of sixteen or make return of all cases against such juveniles directly to the probation officer or person in charge of juvenile offenders in the county No record of any case against any such juvenile offender and no record of any such return shall be kept by any committing magistrate alderman or justice of the peace All such returns shall be entered in a docket provided for in section one

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 9, by striking out the word "dependent" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "defendant"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 981 (Senate No. 282), as follows:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when a borough ordinance has heretofore been duly enacted and approved by the burgess and has been published in a newspaper published in the borough or county and transcribed in the ordinance book of the borough but when the president of council has failed to sign his name to the ordinance in the ordinance book of the borough any such ordinance shall be in full force and effect without further signing or publication if the borough council passes a resolution accepting the provisions of this act and if the resolution is signed by the burgess and is published and is transcribed in the ordinance book as ordinance of boroughs are by law required to be published and transcribed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the proviisons of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Snyder,
Sones,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—8.

Maurer,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Shaffer,
Spencer,
Twibill,
West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed he same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1397 (Senate No. 375), as follows:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks in certain counties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county treasurer in counties having a population not exceeding one hundred and twenty thousand inhabitants shall not deposit county funds in any bank until the bank agrees to pay on any such account in excess of one thousand dollars interest at a rate not less than two per centum per annum on daily balances such interest to be paid to the county treasurer for the use of the county

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire before you vote on this bill to call your attention to it in this particular. You will notice that this bill went through a very careful process of elimination.

The larger counties have been taken out of this bill. It simply refers to the smaller counties, or the smallest counties in the State and it provides that in those counties where the funds and the balances are the smallest that they must first require from the banks in which they put out that money interest, or they cannot put it in any bank, and if no bank is willing, with the small deposits in these smaller counties, to pay interest they must keep them in their socks and there is no way whereby they can have the banking facilities in the smaller counties and the smaller banks. They are going to be compelled to pay interest for small balances, whereas larger counties and larger banks having the larger balnces pay no interest whatever. Now, I submit that this is not fair, gentlemen, and I ask the members from the larger counties to vote as they did before they had this bill amended so that their counties were stricken out, and vote against it. In the smaller banks throughout these smaller counties, very frequently the cost of handling these accounts does not leave any balance for interest or any great profit, but in the larger counties and the larger banks where the profit may be, have very properly seen fit that, and I do not judge your judgment of the matter, they will be eliminated. Now, therefore, I ask you to vote as you did in having your counties eliminated by these amendments in this bill. There is another one of the House bills on the calendar applying only to the smaller counties, for as you have had it amended it does not apply to your county. It is not fair, gentlemen of the House, to make a sauce for one county and a different sauce for another. Let us be fair and let us do it for all or for none, and not only make it apply to the smaller counties and the smaller banks. I ask you to vote against this bill.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I will have to take exception to the remarks made by these gentlemen on the floor. There has been scarcely a piece of legislation passed during this session, but what the same objections have been made to it and along the same lines that the gentleman is making. We come before you with matters of this kind wherein the larger cities, the larger counties and larger districts in this State shall be exempt from any of these measures, and I have never heard the gentleman, who just left the floor, get up and make any remarks in direct opposition to a measure of that kind. We are coming before you this morning, gentlemen of the House, and asking you to assist us in the smaller counties of this state; we are coming before you and asking that the funds placed in the various banks in the various counties be placed in such a position that they will draw for us a certain percentage, as they should. I do not think we ask too much to ask that each of you, who are members from the various larger districts of the State of Pennsylvania to come to our assistance who are struggling in the smaller districts. Time after time have we voted on legislation wherein the larger cities of one million and not over one million and a half, and cities of three hundred thousand and not over five hundred thousand, have come to us and asked us to support these measures. Now, gentlemen of the House, we come to you and are asking you to support this measure, assisting us in the smaller districts of this great State of Pennsylvania. There is no discrimination, there is nothing in it that will interfere with these larger counties or these larger districts, and I think that it is only fair, right and equitable that you vote to help the smaller counties who are struggling for this assistance and to get their benefit from the funds that may be placed in the various banks and various institutions which will draw for us an interest. I ask you, gentlemen, of this House, to help us put this measure through.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I want to call your attention to a statement made by the gentleman from McKean. He spoke of these bills having been amended to eliminate to help along the larger counties leaving the impression with the House that it was done with the purpose of securing their votes toward the passage of this bill. You gentlemen will notice that the bill in its original form included all counties under one hundred and fifteen thousand, and it was amended to include all counties under one hundred and twenty thousand, instead of its having been amended to eliminate larger counties, the reverse is true—it was raised five thousand. We had the other day before us, for our consideration, a bill covering practically the same subject with the exception that the treasure was not given permission to select the bank in which he was to place his deposits. To my mind, this is the better bill of the two. You notice that it calls for two per cent. on daily balances. That, to my mind, is in keeping with conservative banking, and I do not believe you will find, or will find very few banks who will not agree to that proposition. The difference between this bill and the other bill, is that it eliminates the expenses of advertising; it eliminates that feature that takes away from the county treasurer, whom we bond for the security of the money, the right to select his own bank. I ask the members of this House to vote in favor of this bill. The principle of both bills is right, but, to my mind, this is the better bill of the two.

Mr. OAKS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend to include counties up to (250) two hundred and fifty thousand.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears objection and unanimous consent is not granted.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, that proposition completely refutes every word which the gentleman from Armstrong has just said, that this bill has been refused to be amended to include larger counties. We also know that there is a bill on the calendar now introduced by a gentleman of the House which started in to provide for this regulation of county deposits to cover every county in the State. If you will look over the records of that bill, as it is in your File Folio to-day, you will see that it was amended in the House Committee, and each time it was amended to a smaller number of population, so that more counties would be eliminated, and you have refused to include even large counties of twice the population that is called for in this bill as it stands to-day. Now, I submit to you, let us be fair in this proposition, and if it is right to require county funds to secure interest upon the same as they are deposited in the banks, then, in the name of fairness and justice and good business, why is it not right to require it when the deposit is two, three, four, five or ten times as much as these deposits in the smaller counties throughout the State? Why is it, that we are simply limiting it to these small counties and these small balances and banks, and allowing the larger ones and larger balances and banks who are able and willing to pay this interest where the smaller ones cannot and will not? Why eliminate them and compel the county treasurer to go around and beg and ask some bank to please pay him interest for the smaller counties in this State. They will have absolutely no place to deposit their funds under this bill. Now, I wish to read to you gentlemen, a letter from a bank in one of the small counties, from McKean County, if you please, on this very question, and it is as follows:

"Our attention has been called to Senate Bill No. 375" ———this is the bill whose merits we are now discussing ———"requiring interest to be paid on county funds." ———which would necessarily be by the smaller banks of the State———"We believe this bill should be defeated, because the present cost of taking care of the account, added to the proposed interest charge, would in many cases cause a positive loss to the depository bank.

The general public does not understand the cost of taking care of a bank account. This includes: First, loss of interest on checks payable in other towns of from two to six days. Second, exchange charged on these items by collecting banks. Third, cost of check books, clerk hire and all the expenses incidental to running a bank.

"From the fact that many thousand dollars worth of checks are in transit, and cannot be counted as cash until advice of payment is received, a bank balance is more apparent than real. This fact can be verified by calling" on any bank in Harrisburg.

"I am sorry I did not know of this bill before, so as to have an opportunity of going over the matter with you in detail."

Now, gentlemen, the facts are these—that this bill which originally included the larger banks and larger counties includes only the smallest county and the smallest bank. Therefore, let us do it right or not at all; and I ask you to vote down this bill as you have already done on the other bill, and for the same reason that you voted down the amendments including other counties.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Dell,
Evans,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gibson,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gransback,
Herman,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lipschutz,
Lynch,
McClure,
McKay,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Myers,
Rich,
Rudisill,
Shaffer.
Sinclair,
Spencer,
Staving,
Swan,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
West,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,

NAYS—112.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gingery,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Trach,
Twibill,
Watson,
Weimer,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Wobensmith,
Wynne,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls..

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 203, entitled:

An Act requiring all locomotives operated by common carriers to be equipped with head lights of a certain candle power and providing a penalty for violation thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill provides for a power headlight on all locomotives. As I understand the provisions of this bill, in two otner States they have passed power headlight provisions. Mr. Speaker, I have been informed by members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers that they cannot see thirty feet ahead of the engine at times. The semaphor signal is set to stop the engineer and the signal tower man tells them that the headlight is not lit. This bill provides that there shall be on all locomotives an equipped headlight which shall show a light for six hundred feet in order as these men plow through the darkness at night there shall be at least some regard had that ahead of the engine they shall be able to see a respectable distance so that if there is danger ahead they can see the signal light; I think it is entirely right and proper and that it is a fair bill and I ask the House to support it.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, we had on our committee a gentleman who is a practical engineer and I am informed that this is a bad bill, especially where there is a double track system and where there are curves in the road. Now, we have just passed through a siege of full crews and it seems to me that we would make a serious mistake in putting another measure upon the statute books of Pennsylvania that required an effort similar to that of the Full Crew measure to repeal at the next session of the Legislature. It even is more vicious that the Full Crew Law for the reason that the railroad companies would leave off the extra man when they came to the State line and go on through the next State, where it was not in vogue, and come back and pick him up. But when you compel them to put this headlight on it will be a very difficult matter to take it off when they come to the State line and leave it there until they come back and take it on again in order to comply with the law of Pennsylvania.

Now, I am informed by a number of engineers on our road, near our home, that this bill should not pass. Personally, I am in favor of doing anything that will give any relief to the workingmen or to the trainmen, and I think I have recorded my vote accordingly on other questions; but when it comes to a measure that affects the safety of the traveling public like this, it is only necessary to call attention to the strong headlights on automobiles, when you meet one coming around a bend in the road and see how it blinds the driver of either machine. The same thing is true of the engine. This requires a headlight of such candlepower that will enable the engineer to see a man or an object the size of a man six hundred feet ahead of the train. We have had hearing after hearing before the committee and we are convinced—at least some of us are,—that it is a bad measure and ought not to go on the statute books of Pennsylvania. I appeal to you again to defeat this bill and I hope you will do better than you did on similar occasions.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I recall very well in my own locality when the railroad had these powerful headlights on the locomotives and they were in operation for less than a year or about a year. They were taken off, and the impression was when they were first put on that they would be a protection to the traveling public. The information that I have received from railroad men as to why they were taken off was because with that vivid bright light it was almost impossible to read the signals. In the operation of railways you know very well that all along the line they use various colored lights as signals which tell the engineer what there is in front of him. I think you will all agree with me that under a very intense light on a locomotive it would make it very much more difficult to read a warning light. My own judgment is that the members of this House—none of us, I am frank to say that I know nothing about the proposition personally, except that under a vivid light shining in front of me I cannot see well to read the warning light. This bill, as I read it, calls only for a light sufficient to show certain objects six hundred feet distant. I think every member of the House realizes that if a locomotive run at the speed of forty miles or more, that it cannot be stopped, even though every brake responds automatically under air pressure, in six hundred feet. Now, it may be that from one standpoint that it is possible for a certain class of accidents to be eliminated. I don't say that they should not; but I do know to my satisfaction that from another standpoint, namely, a light so bright that it would interfere with the reading of the signals that probably while in the one instance you might get a moiety of protection, in the other you would get none; and that agrees with what my friend, Mr. Milliron has said; and it is for that reason and the information we all get that I think it would be very unwise to pass an act forcing the various railway companies to put a light on the locomotive such as we members of the Legislature might think wise and we not knowing anything about the subject. I really think it would be much wiser to leave that matter to the men who are experienced in the operation of trains to operate them in a way to produce the greatest degree of safety. It seems to me that if I were operating a railway that I certainly would prefer a light that would lead to a greater degree of safety to the public. Even if I cared nothing for the public, yet I would at least care for the property that was at hazzard all the time, and I think it would be very unwise for this Legislature to undertake to say what kind of light shall be on the head of the locomotive. It seems to me we could much better leave the matter as it is.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, it seems that I can approach the question of headlights on locomotives with some degree of propriety because of the fate that met the fender bill that I had in this House, and it seems to me that the House at least ought to be logical and defeat this bill. The strong headlight on the locomotive is baffling to the engineer and it is no good to any one else because, as the gentleman from Delaware says, that locomotive could not be stopped quickly enough anyhow. Besides that, the signals are of various colors and this headlight, if placed on the automobile, would make it almost impossible for the locomotive engineer to discern the various colors.

Furthermore, Mr. Speaker, there is a Federal regulation on this subject now. On April 1st of this year President Wilson signed a bill giving the Interstate Commerce Commission the right to regulate the running of locomotives, the equipment thereof, whether they need bells, headlights, or any other apparatus that may make for safety and security. Therefore, I think this bill ought to be voted down.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Albee,
Becker,
Berntheizel,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Diefenderfer,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Forster,
Garner,
Glass,
Graham,
Hackett,
Harper,
Klinger,
Lipschutz,
Maurer,
McClure,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Murphy,
Palmer,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Thomas,
Walsh,
Weir,
Wilson, W. H.,

NAYS—127.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
walter,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 714, as follows:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four which reads

"The by-laws of every corporation created under the provisions of this statute or accepting the same shall be deemed and taken to be its law subordinate to this statute the charter of the same the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth and the constitution of the United States They shall be made by the stockholders or members of the corporation at a general meeting called for that purpose unless the charter prescribes another body or a different mode They shall prescribe the time and place of meeting of the corporation and powers and duties of its officials and such other matters as may be pertinent and necessary for the business to be transacted and may contain penalties for the breach thereof not exceeding twenty dollars

OFFICERS AND THEIR DUTIES

The business of every corporation created hereunder or accepting the same shall be managed and conducted by a president a board of directors or trustees a clerk a treasurer and such other officers agents and factors as the corporation authorizes for that purpose The directors or trustees shall be chosen annually by the stockholders or members at the time fixed by the by-laws and shall hold their office until others are chosen and qualified in their stead the manner of such choice and of the choice or appointment of all other agents and officers of the company shall be prescribed by the by-laws The number of directors or trustees shall not be less than three one of them shall be chosen president by the directors or by the members of the corporation as the by-laws shall direct The members of said corporation may at a meeting to be called for that purpose determine fix or change the number of directors or trustees that shall thereafter govern its affairs and a majority of the whole number of such directors or trustees shall be necessary to constitute a quorum The clerk shall be sworn and shall record all the votes of the corporation and the minutes of its transactions in a book to be kept for that purpose The treasurer shall give bond in such sum and with such sureties as shall be required by the by-laws for the faithful discharge of his duties and he shall keep the moneys of the corporation in a separate book account to his credit as treasurer and if he shall neglect or refuse so to do he shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars for every day he shall fail to do so to be recovered at the suit of any informer in an action of debt" shall hereafter read as follows

The by-laws of every corporation created under the provisions of this statute or accepting the same shall be deemed and taken to be its laws subordinate to this statute the charter of the same the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth and the constitution of the United States They shall be made by the stockholders or members of the corporation at a general meeting called for that purpose unless the charter prescribes another body or a different mode They shall prescribe the time and place of meeting of the corporation the powers and duties of its officials and such other matters as may be pertinent and necessary for the business to be transacted and may contain penalties for the breach thereof not exceeding twenty dollars

OFFICERS AND THEIR DUTIES

The business of every corporation created hereunder or accepting the same shall be managed and conducted by a president a board of directors or trustees a clerk a treasurer and such other officers agents and factors as the corporation authorizes for that purpose The whole body of directors or trustees shall be elected annually by the stockholders or members at the time fixed by the by-laws and shall hold their office for the term of one year or until their successors shall be duly chosen and qualified unless such term be sooner terminated by death or resignation in which case the director chosen or elected to fill such vacancy caused by such death or resignation shall only hold office until the end of the term of the remaining directors or trustees then in office The manner of election or choice or appointment of all directors or trustees and of the choice or appointment or election of all other agents and officers of the company shall be prescribed by the by-laws In case for any reason directors are not chosen at the annual meeting then the directors theretofore chosen shall hold over until their successors are elected The number of directors or trustees shall not be less than three one of them shall be chosen president by the directors or by the members of the corporation as the by-laws shall direct The members of said corporation may at a meeting to be called for that purpose determine fix or change the number of directors or trustees that shall thereafter govern its affairs and a majority of the whole number of such directors or trustees shall be necessary to constitute a quorum The clerk shall be sworn and shall record all the votes of the corporation and the minutes of its transactions in a book to be kept for that purpose The treasurer shall give bond in such sum and with such sureties as shall be required by the by-laws for the faithful discharge of his duties and he shall keep the moneys of the corporation in a separate book account to his credit as treasurer and if he shall neglect or refuse so to do he shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars for every day he shall fail to do so to be recovered at the suit of any informer in an action of debt

And all other acts and parts of acts general special or local appertaining to the subject matter covered by this act and inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—72.

Arnold,
Baker,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Corbin,
Cox,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Evans,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Graham,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Jones, W. W.,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
Milliron,
Myers,
Nissley,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Roney,
Scott,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Stone,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—79.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Bungard,
Conner,
Curry,
Dell,
Eppley,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Garner,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Horton,
Jack,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Love,
McArdle,
McClure,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitten,
Wynne,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1307, entitled:

An Act to provide in cities of the first class for the registration of any person co-partnership association or corporation engaging in the business or preparing exposing or offering for sale or exchange articles used for human food and providing for the regulation and inspection of the conduct of such business and providing a penalty for the violation thereof or the regulations made in conformity therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,

Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,

McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,

Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Baldwin,
Heyburn,
Marvin,
Ramsey,
Roney,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. HACKETT in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1306, entitled:

An Act to provide for the regulation of the business of handling dead animals or animal refuse other than for food purposes and of the manufacturing of products therefrom in cities of the first class and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,

Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,

Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,

Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1405, entitled:

An Act amending the second section of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relative to verdicts and judgments in ejectment and to regulate the procedure in such cases" approved May eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing that the court may enter judgment on the pleadings in favor of the party appearing to be entitled thereto or for the plaintiff in default of an answer for the defendant

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,

Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,

Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,

Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1404, entitled:

An Act validating municipal liens filed by boroughs for paving and curbing the public highways thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS--186.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Brosius,
Brownlee,
Twibill,
Wilson, W. H.,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1361, entitled:

An Act relating to the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City and the admission of inmates thereto

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
[illegible]
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1370, as follows:

An Act amending section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder" approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen providing for waiver of summary trial and limiting time for bringing complaints and service of process

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder" approved the seventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 21 Any person except as provided in sections sixteen and seventeen violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less less than ten dollars ($10) nor more than twenty-five dollars ($25) to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace as like fines and penalties are now by law collected or in case of non-payment of a fine within forty-eight (48) hours bail in double the amount of fine and costs being first entered to undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding ten (10) days Provided That any person so accused may waive such summary trial or hearing and secure the right of trial by jury before the court of quarter sessions of the peace for the county in which the offense is alleged to have been committed by depositing with the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace to whom complaint has been made or before whom he is taken a sum in double the amount of the fine and costs which might be imposed or by entering security to pay the same Any person or persons previously convicted before a court of quarter sessions or magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of this Commonwealth for any violation of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction of a second offense within a period of one year be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars ($25) nor more than fifty dollars ($50) or in case of non-payment of such fine to undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding twenty days Any person or persons previously convicted before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of this Commonwealth for any violation of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction of a third or subsequent offense within a period of one year be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200) or in case of non-payment of such fine to undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days Any person or persons accused of a second or subsequent offense shall have the right to a trial by jury in the same manner and upon the same condition as is provided for in the case of persons accused of a first offense provided that if after conviction before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace the accused desires to appeal to the court of quarter sessions he shall be entitled to do so according to law as in other cases of summary conviction provided he gives a bond conditioned upon securing and prosecuting the appeal with affect or otherwise to secure payment of the fine imposed Proceedings under this act may also be commenced by the issuance of a warrant in the name of the Commonwealth which warrant may be served by a constable policeman or other officer having authority to serve warrants in any part of the Commonwealth and a copy of the affidavit or information shall be served with such warrant Any officer serving such warrant shall take the defendant before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of the county in which the defendant is found who shall take bail for his appearance before the magistrate or justice of the peace who issued the warrant or for trial by jury in accordance with the provisions of this act

All money articles of value or motor vehicles deposited with any magistrate or justice of the peace as provided in this act shall be returned to the defendants upon the termination of the cause or upon the certificate of the district attorney of the county in which the action is brought" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 21 Any person except as provided in sections sixteen and seventeen violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than ten ($10.00) dollars nor more than twenty-five ($25.00) dollars to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace as like fines and penalties are now by law collected or in case of non-payment of a fine within forty-eight (48) hours bail in double the amount of fine and costs being first entered to undergo imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding ten (10) days Provided however That any person summarily convicted and sentenced may immediately enter bail with said magistrate alderman or justice of the peace in double the amount of the fine and costs and may within five (5) days after such conviction and sentence the day of conviction and sentence to be excluded in reckoning the five (5) days appeal from the sentence of said magistrate alderman or justice of the peace to the court having jurisdiction to entertain appeals from summary convictions for the county in which the offense is adjudged to have been committed and upon conviction the said court shall affirm with costs the sentence of the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace and shall order the record remitted and said sentence carried into effect but if the appellant shall be acquitted of the offense or violation charged the costs accrued in the court below shall not be allowed but the court shall determine whether the county prosecutor or appellant shall pay the costs of prosecution of the appeal accruing in the said court or in lieu of summary conviction as aforesaid any person so accused may appear before the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace and may waive summary trial or hearing and enter bond with said magistrate alderman or justice of the peace in a sum not less than one hundred ($100.00) dollars for his or her appearance for trial in the court having jurisdiction to entertain appeals from summary convictions for the county in which the offense is alleged to have been committed and thereupon said magistrate alderman or justice of the peace shall return the complaint or information to said court for trial or hearing before the judge of said court and if any person so accused shall be convicted in said court of the offense or violation charged he shall be subject to pay a fine of not less than ten ($10.00) dollars nor more than twenty-five ($25.00) dollars or in case of non-payment of a fine within forty-eight (48) hours to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than ten (10) days

Any person or persons previously convicted before any court magistrate alderman or justice of the peace shall upon conviction of any second or subsequent offense within a period of one year be sentenced by the court magistrate alderman or justice of the peace to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five ($25.00) dollars nor more than fifty ($50.00) dollars or in case of non-payment of a fine within forty-eight (48) hours to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding twenty (20) days Provided however Any person or persons accused of any second or subsequent offense or violation shall have the same right of appeal or may waive the summary trial or hearing before the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace in the same manner and upon the same conditions as provided for in case of persons accused of the first offense Proceedings under this act may be commenced by the issuance of a warrant in the name of the Commonwealth which warrant may be served by a constable policeman or other officer having authority to serve warrants in any part of the Commonwealth and a copy of the affidavit of information shall be served with such warrant Any officer serving such warrant shall take the defendant before the nearest magistrate alderman or justice of the peace of the county in which the defendant is found who shall take bail for defendant's appearance before the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace who issued the warrant of for defendant's appearance in the proper court if summary trial or hearing is waived All complaints or information charging violations of any of the provisions of this act except as provided in sections sixteen and seventeen shall be brought or made within one week after the commission of the offense or violation charged and not after and any warrant or process issued and based upon any such complaint or information shall be executed or served upon defendant within one week from the date thereof and not after Provided however That should the accused be absent from the Commonwealth on the date of the issuance of said warrant the same may be served within one week after the return of the accused to his usual place of residence

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

The bill was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Mercer, Mr. Fruit, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman explain to the House the contents of this bill, what it does. It may be that we are not thoroughly acquainted with it and we want to know about it.

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, this bill is an amendment to what is known as the 21st section of the Automobile Act of 1913. Under the law of 1913, after a summary conviction before a Justice of the Peace, in the two instances of exceeding the speed limit and failure to blow a horn at crossings, the present method of procedure is, that after having been found guilty by a Justice of the Peace, he sends the information to the District Attorney, who then presents it to the Grand Jury. If the Grand Jury finds a true bill for a fine of ten dollars, it then goes to the Court of Quarter Sessions and the Petit Jury. Suppose the Petit Jury then finds the man guilty. The Court has ruled, I believe in Allegheny county, that it has no right then to impose a fine on this person who has either exceeded the speed limit or has failed to blow his horn at a crossing. The result is, that this man who has violated the law, the result is that this man who has violated the law is allowed to go scot free. In addition to that, they have a great deal of trouble in getting Grand Juries and Petit Juries to convict, on account of the reason that the offense is so small and the fine involved is from ten to twenty-five dollars. The result has been that the Automobile Association of the State as well as the Justices of the Peace and the constables are never exactly certain what is going to happen. This bill was introduced to clarify the procedure with regard to that section. The procedure now is, if this bill is passed, by what is known as an allequater by the Court of Quarter Sessions, which is, in case a man is found guilty by a magistrate, the case is then laid before the Court of Quarter Sessions or the appropriate Court. That eliminates the question of the expenses of the Grand Jury. It also eliminates the question of expenses of the Petit Jury and allows the Court himself to determine, from the evidence, what the facts are. If he finds that the man has violated either the speed limit or failed to blow his horn, it then gives him the right, which the present act does not clearly give him, to impose the fine. The fines are not changed under this amendment. It is simply a question of procedure.

There is a further slight amendment in this section which says that the prosecution shall be commenced within one week from the time the offence is committed. This may seem a trifle short, and if it is passed here this morning, I am going to have it amended to ten days or two weeks in the Senate. My reason for not amending it now, is that it will hold the bill over for an extra day and may, in some way, impede its progress through the Senate on account of the great amount of business during the last few days of this session.

The whole purpose of the bill, in conclusion, is simply to clarify the procedure in summary conviction cases. It does not apply in any way to any of the other cases of trespass, such as if a person is run down by an automobile and injured. He still has his right within two years to start proceedings. It does not apply to the revocation of licenses either for drunkenness or the continued misuse of the speed laws. It merely applies to the summary conviction cases in this section, and I hope that the House will vote for the bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—138.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—6.

Aron,
Christman,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Whitten,
Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1138, as follows:

An Act providing for the escheat of deposits of money or property of another received for storage or safe keeping the dividends profits debts and interest on debts of corporations companies banks trust companies insurance companies limited partnerships and partnership associations organized under the laws of this Commonwealth except building and loan associations and property held for the benefit of another by the same and the profits accretions and interest on such property as well as interest thereon accrued or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every person bank savings institution saving fund society safe deposit company trust company and corporation organized or doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth which receives or has received deposits of moneys shall make a report to the Auditor General under oath in the month of January of each year hereafter of such deposits of money which shall have not been increased or decreased or if not increased or decreased on which interest shall not have been credited in the pass book at the request of the depositor within fourteen or more consecutive years next preceding the first day of said month

Section 2 Every trustee guardian committee executor administrator assignee receiver or other person or corporation acting in any fiduciary capacity whatever and every person corporation partneship limited patnership or partnership association which has received and holds any money or property of any other person of any kind whatsoever for storage or safe keeping in any manner whatsoever whether as warehouseman or keeper of safe deposit vaults or otherwise shall make a report under oath to the Auditor General in the month of January of each year hereafter of all such money or property so far as known and how the same is held to which actual access shall not have been had by the person for whom the same is held within seven or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month

Section 3 Every corporation company bank trust company insurance company limited partnership and partnership association organized or doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth except building and loan associations shall make a report to the Auditor General in the month of January of each year hereafter of all dividends or profits declared by it to any stockholder or member and not paid for three or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month and all debts and interest on debts due by it to any creditor and not paid for three or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month and of all property held by it for the benefit of another person which property shall have been demandable by such other person for seven or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month and shall not have been received by such other person

Section 4 Such report shall show the names and addresses of the depositors of such money or the owners of such property received for storage or safekeeping of the said stockholders members or creditors and of the persons entitled to demand the property held for the benefit of another in the cases respectively and the nature and amount of such deposits of money property dividends profits debts and interest on debts and property held for the benefit of another so far as known and if any such particulars be not known it shall be so stated and such particulars as are known shall be stated and such reports shall be in the form prescribed by the Auditor General and shall be verified by affidavit of the persons making the same and in the case of a corporation or other person not a natural person shall be made and verified by affidavit of the treasurer thereof or chief financial officer if there be no treasurer said affidavit to declare that the report is true and contains all the facts required by law to be reported

Section 5 The Auditor General shall prepare and keep an alphabetical index of the names of all persons which shall appear upon such reports which index shall contain a reference to the reports from which said names are derived and the Auditor General shall open said index and reports to public inspection and shall furnish a search of said index when requested upon payment of a fee of twenty-five cents and ten cents additional for each item shown by the search for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 6 When any particular deposit of money or property received for storage or safekeeping or held for the benefit of another dividend profit debt or interest on debt shall be first reported to the Auditor General he shall notify the person entitled thereto of such fact by mail so far as possible

Section 7 After any particular deposit of money shall not have been increased or decreased or if not increased or decreased shall not have been credited with interest in the pass book at the request of the depositor for seventeen successive years altogther the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth with all interest thereon After any particular dividend or profit debt or interest on debt shall remain unpaid for six successive years altogether the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth with all interest thereon Such escheat may be determined and enforced by action in the nature of a bill in equity by the Commonwealth under the direction of the Attorney General against the debtor and its creditors Any number of items may be joined in one action against one debtor though owed to different creditors If service of the bill can not be had on the creditors defendant within the State service shall be made in the manner prescribed by law for service on non-resident defendants in equity cases except that the advertisement shall be in the form directed by the court and need not contain any order or other paper in full If such creditors or their legal representatives shall appear in the cause within the time limited by the court and establish their right to recover said sums from the debtor but for the provisions of this act and if this right shall not be barred by the statutes of limitation or presumptions of payment a decree shall be made for the payment of said sums to them after paying their proportionate part of the costs of the cause and of said advertising provided that such persons on demand may have any issue of fact determined by a jury and if they shall not so appear and establish such right a decree shall be made that said sums have escheated and shall be paid by the debtor to the State Treasurer for the use of the Commonwealth and the amount of such decree shall bear interest at the rate of twelve per centum per year from sixty days after the same is made and such decree shall be effectual to bar the creditors from claiming the said sums from the debtor An action may be begun in the nature of a bill for discovery merely with respect to the subject matter of this act whether in this or other sections hereof against the debtor without the necessity of specifying the items which should escheat with the right to compel an answer under oath to subpoena all persons as witnesses and to compel the production of all books papers and records and from time to time the bill may be amended to pray for the escheats of specific items under this section seven and to make parties to the bill the creditors as ascertained

Section 8 At any time within ten years after the payment into the State Treasury of any deposit of money under the provisions of section seven of this act the persons who would have been the lawful owners thereof or their legal representatives if the same had not been so paid upon making satisfactory proof to the Auditor General of such ownership shall receive the amount thereof out of the State Treasury out of moneys to be appropriated for the purpose upon the warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer provided they have not appeared or had actual notice in the proceedings to escheat

Section 9 After any such property received for storage or safe keeping shall have remained without actual access thereto by the owner for ten successive years the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth After any such property so received and held for the benefit of another person shall have been demandable by such other person for ten successive years and shall not have been received by such other person the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth An escheator shall be appointed and proceedings had in the proper court to determine and enforce such escheat in the manner provided by law as though the person receiving or holding such property was a trustee seized thereof by deed in a fiduciary capacity and the beneficial owner thereof had been unknown for a period of seven years and still remained unknown provided that in any case in which it shall be deemed to be for the public interest the Attorney General may at the request of the Auditor General prosecute such escheats with like force and effect and with all the powers and duties of an escheator appointed under existing laws and in all such cases escheators shall not be appointed And provided further That if the lawful owner shall appear in said court and claim the same no escheat shall occur but the same shall be awarded to the lawful owner

Section 10 If it shall appear that any person failed at any time to make report of any item as he should have done under this act he shall be liable to pay to the Commonwealth interest at the rate of twelve per centum per year from the time when such report should first have been made to be computed upon the value of said item as finally established in escheat proceedings and to be recovered in said proceedings

Section 11 The word "debtor" in this act shall include persons who have received deposits of money declared dividends or profits or owe debts or interest on debts

The word "creditor" in this act shall include persons who have made deposits of money persons to whom dividends or profits have been declared and persons to whom debts and interest on debts are or have been owed or to whom property in storage or safe-keeping belongs

The word "person" in this act shall include every person persons co-partnership and unincorporated association and every company corporation bank savings institution saving fund society safe deposit company trust company insurance company joint stock company or association limited partnership and partnership association organized or doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth

The word "property" in this act shall include property and the profits accretions and interest thereon as well as interest thereon accrued or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof and the owner of such property shall be deemed entitled to demand such profits accretions and interest for the purposes of this act notwithstanding such award and notwithstanding any settlement with or release by him

Section 12 The making of a wilful false oath in any report required by this act shall be perjury and punishable as such according to law If any natural person liable to make such report or the officer of any person other than a natural person who is liable to make such report shall fail to make any report when and as required by this act he shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding one year either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 13 Every person liable to make such report shall permit the Auditor General or any deputy clerk accountant or attorney designated by him for that purpose to inspect the records books and papers of such person relating to the subject matter of this act and when required by the Auditor General by subpoena signed by him designating a certain time and place any person whether liable to make such report or not shall attend as a witness before him or any deputy clerk accountant or attorney designated by him for that purpose with such records books and papers as the Auditor General may require and shall anwser fully such questions as may then be put to him concerning the subject matter of this act and permit full inspection of such records books and papers Any person who shall neglect or refuse to attend and testify or to answer any lawful question or to produce or permit the inspection of books papers and records if in his power to do so in obedience to such subpoena shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding one year either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 14 No person shall be excused from answering or from attending and testifying or from producing books papers and records in any proceeding under the provisions of this act or in any proceeding criminal or otherwise relating to the subject matter of this act for the reason that the answer or testimony or evidence documentary or otherwise required of him may tend to criminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he may answer or testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise in any such proceeding provided that no person so testifying shall be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying

Section 15 The bar of the statutes of limitation and presumptions of payment between persons shall not affect the duty to make report and liability to escheat under this act or the interpretation of this act

Section 16 No fee or reward shall be paid to any person for information which shall result in the escheat of any property which is the subject matter of this act

Section 17 All acts and parts of acts supplied by or inconsistent with the terms of this act be and the same are hereby repealed particularly the following

An Act entitled 'An Act requiring banks and other corporations to give notice of unclaimed dividends deposits and balances in certain cases' approved March six one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and twenty-two)

Section fifty-two of an act entitled 'An Act regulating banks' approved April sixteen one thousand eight hundred and fifty (Pamphlet Laws four hundred seventy-seven)

Sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act relating to unclaimed deposits in savings banks and transfer of stock' approved April seventeen one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two (Pamphlet Laws sixty-two)

An Act entitled 'An Act relating to the return of moneys escheated to the Commonwealth' approved June four one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (Pamphlet Laws seventy-three)

An Act entitled 'An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the return of moneys escheated to the Commonwealth' approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five extending the same to certain other cases of escheat' approved June twenty-five one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-three)"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Insert on page 3, in section six (6), after the word "possible," in line five (5), the following:

"and shall publish forthwith, once a week for four successive weeks, in one or more general newspapers having the largest circulation published in the city or county in which such corporataions, companies, banks, trust companies, insurance companies, limited partnership and partnership association may be located, and the legal periodical, if any, designated by rules of court for the publication of legal notices, a true and accurate statement containing the names, addresses and amount of money or character of property belonging to such persons or for whose benefit the same is held."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1241, as follows:

An Act amending section four of an act approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nominations of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation."

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—148.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger.
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby.
Ehrhardt,
Eppley.
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher.
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts.
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry.
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—8.

Gingery,
Kuhn,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Smith. J. W.,
Spencer,
Trach,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1088, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to revoke the certificate of authority of and to refuse admission to companies or associations from any State which refuses to permit like companies or associations organized and operating under the laws of this State to do a like business in said State and designating who may and who may not make examination of said companies or associations and providing who shall pay the expenses of examinations of such companies or associations

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the Insurance Department of any State refuses authority to do business to any life fire marine accident liability casualty fidelity or surety company or association chartered and operating under the laws of this Commonwealht the Insurance Commissioner is authorized to prohibit all such companies or associations from such state from doing a like business in the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 That whenever any Insurance Department of another State requires an examination of any life fire marine accident liability casualty fidelity or surety company or association chartered and operating under the laws of this Commonwealth doing business within said State or having made application for admission to do business therein said Department shall have the right to examine such company or association of this State said examinations to be made by a regularly appointed examiner of said State who is not employed regularly or from time to time by any State excepting that one requiring the examination or by any life fire marine accident liability casualty fidelity or surety company or association and the expenses of said examination shall be borne by the State making the same Provided however That the valuation made or accepted by the Insurance Department of this State upon property located within this State shall be accepted by said examiner for the State making such examinations

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—133.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker.
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Richards,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig.
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Statler.
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach.
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—11.

Dell,
Eby,
Kuhn,
Palmer,
Rich.
Rininger,
Robertson,
Schaeffer,
Sones,
Spencer,
Willard,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1043, as follows:

An Act to provide for the establishment and government of six correctional institutions to be known as the Pennsylvania State Farm of the First Second Third Fourth Fifth and Sixth Districts respectively providing for the care and confinement of prisoners therein and the transfer of prisoners thereto and making an appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there are hereby established under the provisions of this act six correctional institutions for violators of the law to be known as the Pennsylvania State Farm of the First District the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Second District the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Third District the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Fourth District the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Fifth District and the Pennsylvania State Farm of the Sixth District

Section 2 The first district shall comprise the County of Philadelphia

The second district shall comprise the County of Allegheny

The third district shall comprise the Counties of Berks Bucks Chester Dauphin Delaware Lancaster Lebanon Lehigh Montgomery Northampton and Schuylkill

The fourth district shall comprise the Counties of Bradford Carbon Columbia Lackawanna Luzerne Lycoming Monroe Montour Northumberland Pike Sullivan Susquehanna Tioga Wayne and Wyoming

The fifth district shall comprise the Counties of Adams Bedford Blair Cambria Cameron Center Clearfield Clinton Cumberland Elk Franklin Fulton Huntingdon Juniata McKean Mifflin Perry Potter Snyder Somerset Union and York

The Sixth district shall comprise the Counties of Armstrong Beaver Butler Clarion Crawford Erie Fayette Forest Greene Indiana Jefferson Lawrence Mercer Venango Warren Washington and Westmoreland

Section 3 Upon the approval of this act a commission shall be created which shall be composed of five reputable citizens of the Commonwealth to be appointed by the Governor not more than three of whom shall be members of the same political party and such commission is hereby authorized by a majority vote to select suitable sites for the State Farms The commission shall serve without compensation but all of their expenses actually and necessarily incurred shall be paid The commission shall purchase six tracts of not more than five hundred acres of land in each tract the title to which shall be good and sufficient and approved by the Attorney General and such title shall be taken in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 4 In the selection of sites the commission shall take into consideration the objects and purposes of the institutions and all or as many as practicable of the following enumerated advantages and resources the land selected and purchased shall be of varied topography with natural resources and advantages for varied forms of husbandry fruit growing and stock raising for brick making and for the preparation of road and paving material and shall have good railroad drainage sewage and water facilities

Section 5 Upon the selection of locations and sites and the purchase of land for the State Farms the Governor shall appoint a board of trustees for each of said institutions to consist of five members who shall be reputable citizens of Pennsylvania not more than three of whom shall belong to the same political party Such trustees shall serve without compensation but their expenses actually and necessarily incurred shall be paid One member of each board shall be appointed for one year one for two years one for three years one for four years and one for five years Thereafter all appointments shall be for a term of five years respectively in case of a vacancy from any cause the appointment to fill such vacancy shall be made by the Governor for the unexpired term The Governor may remove any of the trustees for misconduct incompetency or neglect of duty after opportunity shall be given him or them to be heard upon written charges

Section 6 All buildings constructed in pursuance of this act shall be plain and inexpensive in character and the labor in constructing such buildings improvements and facilities shall be supplied by the persons committed to the institution or confined in the State penal and reformatory institutions so far as found practicable

The boards of trustees shall procure all necessary materials erect and equip such buildings employ such skilled labor as cannot be furnished by the prisoners committed thereto or by prisoners in the State penitentiaries or the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon and provide all proper facilities for their use and for the practical use of the institution

When the board of trustees of the State farms shall have made all preliminary arrangements for the construction of the buildings and equipment they shall notify the Governor who shall issue a proclamation thereon and thereafter prisoners having more than thirty days to serve may be transferred to the State farm from any jail or workhouse in that district on the order of the Governor

Section 7 The boards of inspectors of the Pennsylvania State Penitentiaries and of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon on request from a board of trustees of a State farm are authorized to transfer to a State farm from their respective institutions any prisoners of special or mechanical ability therein who may be found in the judgment of such board and the board of trustees of the State farm suitable for the purpose and provide transportation and proper guards therefor and while such prisoners remain at a State farm they shall be subject to the orders of the managers or inspectors of the institution from which they were transferred as to their return and in all other respects except as to discipline and government While at such State farm they shall be under the control discipline and government and subject to the orders of the boards of trustees of the State farm and its executive officers

The prisoners transferred for the purpose of supplying labor as aforesaid from the State Penitentiaries and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon shall be apportioned as to number by agreement of the managers or inspectors of said institutions respectively and in case they cannot agree thereon the Governor is authorized to determine the number and kind of mechanics or prisoners of special ability to be transferred from each of said institutions and cause the same to be so transferred

The expense of transportation and transfer of the prisoners used in the construction of building and equipment to and from the State farms shall be paid on bills rendered to the Auditor General out of the fund provided for the establishment of the State farms

The maintenance of such prisoners as are transferred from the State Penitentiaries or Reformatory shall be paid by the institution from which they are transferred but the cost of such maintenance in excess of the average per capita cost of the prisoners at the institution from which they are transferred shall be refunded to the said institution from the funds appropriated for the State farm

Section 8 When any State farm shall be equipped with buildings and other facilities sufficient in the opinion of its board of trustees to receive prisoners such board of trustees shall notify the governor and upon such notification the governor shall by proclamation declare the State farm ready to receive prisoners and thereafter it shall be the duty of all judges of courts of record of that district to commit thereto all persons convicted of the violation of any law of this State the punishment for which now consists of imprisonment in any county jail or workhouse All such commitments shall be to the State farm of the respective district

Section 9 The cost of transportation of persons committed to the State farms shall be paid by the counties respectively from which the prisoner is committed and the sheriff of the county shall receive the same mileage and fees for prisoners committed to the State farm as are now allowed by law for transporting prisoners committed to the State Penitentiaries and reformatory When any prisoner is discharged from a State farm the superintendent or warden thereof shall procure for him a railroad ticket to any point to which said prisoner may desire to go not farther from said State farm than the point from which he was sentenced and it shall be the duty of the superintendent or warden or his duly authorized agent to accompany the prisoner to the railroad station deliver the ticket to the proper railroad conductor and formally release the prisoner on the train which he takes for his destination

Section 10 In case at any time it shall be found that a State farm can accommodate and care for more prisoners than are of the class above designated the Governor may order to be transferred to the State farm from the State penitentiaries of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon or both such prisoners as he and the board of such institutions shall find can be better cared for at the State farm Such prisoners so transferred may be returned to the institution from which they were transferred whenever the Governor and the board of trustees of the State farm shall find such return for the benefit of the prisoners of the institution

Section 11 It shall be the purpose of the State farms to employ the prisoners committed or transferred thereto in work on or about the buildings and farm and in growing produce and supplies for its own use and for the other institutions of the State in preparation of road material and in making brick tile paving material and such other products or material as may be found practicable for the use of the State or any political sub-division therein and for the proper and healthful employment of such prisoners

Section 12 For the purchase of the land contemplated in this act there is hereby appropriated for the use of the commission and boards of trustees created by this act the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary twenty thousand dollars ($20,000.00) of which shall be made available June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the taking of options and the balance January first one thousand nine hundred sixteen For the erection of buildings and other construction and development contemplated by this act and the running expenses of the commission and the boards and the salaries and expenses of executive officers of the institution and the expense incident to the transfer of prisoners to the institution the sum of eighty thousand dollars ($80,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to be available June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen Any part of the appropriation for the purchase of land which shall not be needed therefor shall be placed in the fund for the erection of building and other construction and development Payment of such moneys shall be on requisition of the commission and on warrant of the Auditor General

Section 13 The six boards of trustees acting as a body shall adopt and may amend or revoke or add to at any time rules governing the State farms Such rules shall be subject to the approval of the Governor and shall not be inconsistent with the Constitution or laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States

Section 14 Each board of trustees shall appoint a superintendent of the farm and such other employes as the board may deem proper all of whom shall be bona fide citizens of Pennsylvania The compensation and duties of the superintendent and employes shall be fixed by the board

On the question.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BEYER offered the following motion which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Beyer, seconded by Mr. Graham, that House Bill No. 1043, File Folio 7351, be postponed for the present.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1054, entitled:

An Act providing for the purchase of a tract of land to be used for the benefit of the Eastern Penitentiary regulating the operation of the tract and the duties of the Secretary of Agriculture and the Commission of Forestry and making an appropriation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BEYER offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Beyer, seconded by Mr. Curry, that further consideration of House Bill No. 1054, File Folio 6561 be postponed for the present.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1084, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection of life and property by the examination and licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers steam engines and appliances connected therewith in cities of the second and third class of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five with amendments thereto

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the bill now before us is the bill to repeal the engineers license law. I think it would be a mistake to repeal this act. I consider it would be, in fact, dangerous. If this bill would pass it would simply mean that people could tend boilers in buildings where there were hundreds of people employed, whether they qualified as engineers or not. I consider this a mistake to repeal an act of this kind and I hope the bill will be voted down.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of the bill I move that further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1301, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act requiring bills and answers in equity to be sworn to and abolishing the rule that the averments of a responsive answer must be overcome by the testimony of two witnesses or of one witness sustained by corroborating circumstances equivalent to the testimony of another witness in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree except in certain cases"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kuhn,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
[illegible]
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Linschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—6.

Diefenderfer,
Hollern,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Rothenberger,
Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1055, entitled:

An Act continuing the work of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BEYER offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Beyer, seconded by Mr. Curry, that further consideration of House Bill No. 1055, File Folio 6571, be postponed for the present.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1195, as follows:

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law providing for the burial of certain honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines at the expense of the counties in which they shall die or have a legal residence at the time of their death to provide a system for effecting the burial of such soldiers sailors and marines to provide head stones and markers for the graves of such soldiers sailors and marines and to authorize the county commissioners of the several counties to purchase plots of ground for the burial of such soldiers sailors and marines

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the coutny commissioners of each county in this State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each city township borough and ward in their county other than those prescribed by law for the care of paupers and the custody of criminals whose duty it shall be upon application made to them to look after and cause to be buried in a decent and respectable manner in any cemetery or burial ground other than those used exclusively for the burial of the pauper dead at an expense to their county not exceeding fifty ($50.00) dollars the body of any honorable discharged soldier sailor and marine who served or who shall hereafter serve in the army or navy of the United States during any war in which the United States was or shall hereafter be engaged or who served or shall hereafter serve in the army or navy of the United States where a state or condition of war existed or shall hereafter exist in the United States or any foreign country or territory or upon the high seas or who was in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from such service and shall hereafter die within their county or shall die beyond their county and shall have had a legal residence within their county at the time of his death And the persons who shall be so apointed shall hold their offices at the pleasure of the county commissioners and shall serve without compensation

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the persons so appointed in each city township borough and ward in each county before assuming the charge and expense of the burial of the body of and deceased soldier sailor or marine under the provisions of this act first to satisfy themselves by a careful inquiry into and examination of all the circumstances in the case of such deceased soldier sailor or marine whose body they are called upon to bury that he served in the army or navy of the United States during a war in which the United States was engaged or served in the army or navy of the United States where a state or condition of war existed in the United States or any foreign country or territory or upon the high seas or was in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and was honorably discharged or relieved from such service and died in their county or having died beyond their county shall have had a legal residence within their county at the time of his death whereupon if they are satisfied that such facts exist they shall take charge of the body of such deceased soldier sailor or marine and cause it to be buried in the manner mentioned in the first section of this act and thereupon they shall immediately report their action in the case to the county commissioners of their county setting forth the facts ascertained by them together with the name rank and command to which such deceased soldier sailor or marine belonged at the time of his service the character of his occupation immediately preceding his death the date of his death and place of burial and also an accurately itemized statement of the expenses incurred in and about the said burial which report shall be duly attested by three reputable persons of full age who have knowledge of the facts

Section 3 It shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each county in this State upon receiving the reports and statements of expenses from their appointees under the provisions of this act to transcribe in a book to be kept for the purpose all the facts contained in such reports and statements and to draw warrants upon the treasurer of their county for the payment of such expenses not exceeding however the said sum of fifty ($50.00) dollars on each body buried in accordance with the provisions of this act to be paid out of the funds of the county and such warrants shall be made payable to the persons appointed under the provisions of this act who shall have buried the bodies for which the warrants are to be so drawn

Section 4 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any county city township borough district or other municipality or of any almshouse prison morgue hospital home or other public institution having the control over the body of a deceased honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine whose body is entitled to be buried under the provisions of this act shall immediately on the death of any such soldier sailor and marine notify the person or persons in the immediate or adjoining district who has or have been appointed by the county commissioners under the provisions of this act to take charge of the burial of such honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines of the death of such soldier sailor and marine whereupon it shall be the duty of the said person or persons to take charge of the said body and bury it in accordance with the provisions of this act

Section 5 It shall also be the duty of the county commissioners of each county in this State upon the death of any soldier sailor or marine who shall be buried within their counties under the provisions of this act to cause a headstone to be placed at the head of the grave of each such deceased soldier sailor or marine containing his name and if possible the organization to which he belonged or in which he served to be of such material and design as they may deem suitable and the expense for the same shall be paid out of the funds of the county in which such soldier sailor or marine died or shall have had his legal residence Provided however That the expense shall not exceed the sum of fifteen dollars for each headstone and the county commissioners of each county acting under this section shall draw a warrant on the treasurer of their county for the payment of said expense in favor of the party or parties furnishing such headstone

Section 6 The county commissioners of the several counties of this State shall upon the petition of any ten reputable free holders of any city township borough or district in said county procure for and furnish to said petitioners some suitable and appropriate metal terra cotta or other suitable markers for the grave of each and every soldier sailor and marine who served with honor in the military or naval forces of the United States during any war or where a state or condition of war existed or in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any proclamation issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and buried within the limits of said city township borough or district to be placed upon the grave of such soldier sailor or marine for the purpose of permanently marking and designating said grave for memorial purposes

Section 7 The county commissioners of the several counties of this State are hereby authorized to purchase plots of ground in any cemetery or burial ground in their respective counties for the interment of honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines whose bodies are entitled to be buried under the provisions of this act and to draw their warrant on their county treasurer for the payment of the same Provided however That the purchase price of said plots of ground shall not be charged against or allotted as part of the cost of burial of any soldier sailor or marine who may be buried in any of said plots under the provisions of this act

Section 8 The following acts of Assembly are intended to be supplied by this act and the same are therefore repealed by this act to wit

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late rebellion or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses" which became a law on the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (Pamphlet Laws seventeen)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the burial of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who served in the United States in any war who die in almshouses and like institutions and to authorize county commissioners to purchase plots of ground for the burial of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who served the United States in any war who die in indigent circumstances" approved March eighteenth one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws fifty)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first and third sections of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late rebellion or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses' approved May thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five" approved March twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to furnish on petition appropriate metal markers for the graves of soldiers and sailors who served with honor in the military forces of the United States" approved April twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred three (Pamphlet Laws two hundred ninety-nine)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to furnish metal markers for graves of soldiers and sailors' approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three providing that the county commissioners of the several counties of this State shall furnish markers for certain deceased soldiers and sailors" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty-nine)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first and second sections of the act entitled 'An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late rebellion or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses' which became a law on the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five so as to extend the application of said act to honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who served in the war with Spain" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws eight)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary buriel expenses" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and fifty-two)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the late rebellion or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses' approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five by increasing the amount appropriated therein and extending its provisions to soldiers sailors or marines of any American war" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twelve)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first and second section of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses' by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines who shall die in their county and to all who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and shall hereafter die in their county or in any hospital asylum soldiers' home almshouse prison or house of detention in this Commonwealth or shall die beyond the State of Pennsylvania and shall have had legal residence within their county at the time of their death" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws eight hundred and seventy-five)

All other acts or parts of acts supplied by or inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1258, entitled:

> An Act relating to the maintenance of insane feeble-minded and other persons confined in the various institutions of the Commonwealth fixing liability for their support providing for the collection of the moneys due the Commonwealth therefor and for proceedings relating thereto

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Brownlee,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Blackburn

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. GOODNOUGH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 117, File Folio 5109, from page 18 of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 117, entitled:

> An Act requiring the payment of not more than fifty dollars for the burial of the body of any honorably discharged soldier or marine who heretofore served or shall hereafter serve in the army the navy or the marine corps of the United States in any war or insurrection and of any person who was in active service in the militia of Pennsylvania during the civil war under and in pursuance of any proclamation of the Governor not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from said service having a legal residence in this Commonwealth at the time of his death who shall hereafter die either within or without the State by the county in which said soldier sailor marine or militiaman had a legal residence at the time of his death providing for the appointment of committees to execute the provisions of this act and fixing the powers and duties of said committees

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL STRICKEN FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. GOODNOUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. CUMMINS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1335, entitled:

> A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Eby,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1390, as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That to carry out the purpose of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania no obligations which have been heretofore issued or which may hereafter be issued by any county or municipality other than Philadelphia to provide for the construction or acquisition of water-works subways underground railway or street railways or the appurtenances thereof shall be considered as a debt of a municipality within the meaning of section eight or section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania if the net revenue derived from said property for a period of five years before or after the acquisition thereof or where the same is constructed by a county or municipality after completion thereof shall have been sufficient to pay interest and sinking fund charges during said period upon said obligations or if the said obligations shall be secured by liens upon the respective properties and shall impose no municipal liability

Section 2 Whenever any municipality or county other than Philadelphia issues obligations to provide for the construction of water-works subways underground railways or street railways and the appurtenances thereof such municipalities or counties may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking fund charges accruing thereon until said properties shall have been completed and in operation for a period of one year

Section 3 The procedure and conditions set forth in sections two three and four of the act to which this act is a supplement and relating to the incurring and increasing of indebtedness and to the extinguishment of such indebtedness shall govern in all respects in any such incurring of indebtedness except that such municipalities and counties shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking fund charges until after said properties shall have been operated by said counties or municipalities during said period of one year

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Eby,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1383, as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any municipality or county may incur indebtedness for the purpose of constructing or acquiring water works subways underground railways or street railways and the appurtenances thereof and for the purpose of securing such indebtedness may issue bonds or other evidences of indebtedness which shall be secured solely or partly by liens upon such water-works subways or railways and the property and revenues thereof

The bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued under this section and which are made a lien on such water-works subways or railways and the property and revenues thereof shall not impose any liability on the part of the municipality or county

Section 2 The procedure and conditions set forth in sections two three and four of the act to which this is a supplement and relating to the incurring and increasing of indebtedness and to the extinguishment of such indebtedness shall govern in all respects in any such incurring of indebtedness

Section 3 The word "indebtedness" as used in this act shall be deemed held and taken to include all and all manner of debt as well floating as funded of the county or municipality

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter.
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
ng,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Eby,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrnce.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1514, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act supplementary to 'An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep' approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be attached thereto showing payment of tax said tag to be provided by the county commissioners imposing certain duties upon constables tax collectors and county commissioners and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended so that assessors of the several cities wards boroughs townships or other assessment districts of this Commonwealth shall collect an annual license fee for said dogs at the time of the annual assessment and issue a receipt and a tag therefor providing for the publication of the assessor's list of licensed dogs requiring that all unlicensed dogs be killed and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to 'An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep' approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be attached thereto showing payment of tax said tag to be provided by the county commissioners imposing certain duties upon constables tax collectors and county commissioners and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 2 The county commissioners of the several counties shall prepare and furnish annually to the several tax collectors of the county metal tags to be given by said tax collectors to the owners of dogs when said owners shall pay the tax assessed upon said dogs Upon one side of said tags shall be stamped in raised letters the following 'Dog tax for .... (naming the year) paid' be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 2 The county commissioners of the several counties shall prepare and furnish annually to the several assessors of the county metal tags to be given by said assessors to the owners of dogs when said owners shall pay the license assessed upon said dogs It shall be the duty of the assessor at the time payment is made by the owners of dogs as herein provided to deliver to each of said owners a license receipt also a metal tag bearing a serial number corresponding with the number on the receipt issued to said owner as hereinbefore provided and said tag shall also have impressed thereon the calendar year for which such tag is issued said tag to be not less than one inch wide or less than one inch in length and the general shape of said tag shall be changed from year to year

Section 2 Section three of said act as amended by the act of May twentieth one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and fifty-nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first and third sections of an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act supplementary to "An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be attached thereto showing payment of tax said tag to be provided by the county commissioners imposing certain duties upon constables tax collectors and county commissioners and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act' by making its provisions apply to all dogs of four months old and upwards and to provide that the payment of the proper tax and the giving of a tag by the collector shall be sufficient assessment for all purposes" which reads as follows

"Section 3 At the time of payment of dog tax by the owner of such dog the tax collector shall give to said owner one of said tags prepared for the year for which said tax is paid which said tag shall thereupon be attached to the collar of the dog for which said tax was paid by the owner of said dog and in case the assessor has failed for any reason at the time of making the general assessment to assess any dog it shall be lawful for the owner thereof to pay to the tax collector the dog tax for the current year the same as though such dog had been regularly assessed and in such case it shall be the duty of the tax collector to furnish to such owner a tax tag to be attached to collar of such dog as above provided Provided however That nothing herein contained shall be construed as lessening the responsibility and duty of all assessors to assess all dogs that he is able to assess at the time of making the general assessment" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 3 That the assessor be required at the time of assessing the property of every property holder of his district as now required by law to make diligent inquiry as to the number of dogs owned harbored or kept by the person so assessed that such person so assessed shall pay immediately to the assessor the license fee to be fixed by the county commissioners borough or city officials said fee for each male dog or spayed female dog shall not exceed two dollars the fee for the female dog shall not exceed four dollars That the said sum sum shall be paid on all dogs over four months of age That the assessor shall make a memorandum of any dogs on any premises that are not claimed by the owner of said premises At the time of payment of the dog license by the owner of such dog the assessor shall give to said owner one of said tags prepared for the year for which said license is paid which said tag shall thereupon be attached to the collar of the dog for which said license was paid by the owner of said dog

Section 3 Section four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 Should the owner of any dog or dogs neglect to pay the tax assessed for said dog or dogs and to comply otherwise with the provisions of this act it shall immediately thereafter be the duty of the proper tax collector to give written notice to said owner that if he fails to pay said tax and also to comply with the provisions of sections one and three of this act as to the collar and tag required to be worn within ten days or to kill his dog himself within said time that said dog will thereupon be killed by the constable of the proper district Provided That for the notice written and mailed or delivered under this provision the said tax collector shall be entitled to receive the sum of twenty-five cents which amount shall be paid to him by the county commissioners at the time of the next settlement of accounts between said officer and the county commissioners For failure of the tax collector to perform his duty under the requirements of this section he shall be liable to a penalty of two dollars in each case which amount shall be deducted in any settlement occurring between said officer and the county commissioners" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the assessor to publish in one or more county papers (expense to be met by the general dog fund) a list of the dogs so assessed giving the name and address of the owner of each dog together with the sex of each dog and the number on the tag therefor If upon publication of the assessor's report any reputable citizen of such district shall furnish conclusive proof to the county commissioners of one or more dogs in the community that were not reported as assessed the county commissioners shall be required to make an investigation of the accuracy of this assessor's work and see that the penalty of the law is carried out for such failure either of the assessor or owner to make a true report

Section 4 Section five of said act which reads as follows

"Section 5 In cases of default by any such owner as to complying with the requirements of this act and particularly with section four as to payment of tax wearing collar and tag and killing his said dog it shall thereupon be the duty of the tax collector of said district and shall also be the right and privilege of any citizen of the proper district to notify the proper constable of the said district of such failure and default and that it thereupon becomes the duty of said constable to kill said dog And in either case it shall thereupon be the duty of such contable to kill all such dogs and for such service said constable shall be entitled to receive for each dog killed and buried cremated or otherwise legally disposed of by him from the county commissioners out of the fund realized from the taxation of dogs the sum of one dollar For failure to perform his official duty under the provisions of this section the constable shall be liable to a penalty of two dollars for each offense which said amount shall be deducted from any amount due such constable from the county at the next settlement between such officer and the county commissioners" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 5 Upon completion of the assessor's report the county commissioners shall be empowered to call upon constables or State constabulary to kill all dogs not wearing a license tag regardless of whose property they may be and such officers shall not be liable to criminal or civil prosecution in the discharge of this duty Provided however That before such action is taken they give thirty days notice through one or more papers that such action will be taken That upon any citizen furnishing to the county commissioners exclusive evidence of one or more dogs running at large in any district or community the county commissioners shall be required to have the unlicensed dogs in such community killed Upon receipt of said notice from the county commissioners it shall thereupon be the duty of such constable to kill all such dogs and for such service said constable shall be entitled to receive for each dog killed and buried cremated or otherwise legally disposed of by him from the county commissioner out of the fund realized from the licensing of dogs the sum of one dollar For failure to perform his official duty under the provisions of this section the constable shall be liable to a penalty of two dollars for each offense which said amount shall be deducted from any amount due such constable from the county at the next settlement between such officer and the county commissioners

Section 5 Section six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 6 Every person keeping a dog or dogs about his house or premises permitting such dog or dogs to stay about his house or premises shall be taken and deemed to be the owner of such dog or dogs for all the purposes of this act and shall be liable for the assessed valuation of such dog or dogs as the case may be the same to be recovered as are other taxes imposed in this Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 6 Every person keeping a dog or dogs about his house or premises permitting such dog or dogs to stay about his house or premises shall be taken and deemed to be the owner of such dog or dogs for all the purposes of this act and shall be liable for the license of such dog or dogs as the case may be the same to be recovered as are other licenses imposed in this Commonwealth

Section 6 The following section shall be added to said act and shall be known as section eight

Section 8 For failure of the assessor to perform his duties under the requirements of the act he shall be liable to a penalty of two dollars in each case which amount shall be deducted in any settlement occuring between said officer and the county commissioners

Section 7 Section eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed" be and the same is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts providing for the assessment of dogs for purposes of taxation and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed Provided That all taxes now levied and assessed against dogs under any previous act and remaining unpaid shall be collected under the provisions of the acts in force at the time said taxes were levied

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BROWNLEE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. BOVEE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1598 (Senate No. 817), entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—114.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Love,
Mangan,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McKay,
Mearkle,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Swan,
Trach,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—24.

Brosius,
Coldsmith,
Dell,
Eppley,
Garner,
Goodyear,
Howarth,
Kunkle,
Leighner,
Maurer,
McCurdy,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Peters,
Reel,
Rininger,
Sarig,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Walter,
Wilson, H I.,
Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1434 (Senate No. 199), entitled:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labeled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second hand mattresses to be sterilized and labelled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,

Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 784, entitled:

An Act to require the reporting by physicians to the State Department of Health of certain occupational diseases and providing penalties for violations thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. C. A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to ask the sponsor of this bill for an explanation of it.

The SPEAKER. Will the Gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir. The bill now before us provides that when a physician discovers a case of lead poisoning or any other occupational disease that after forty-eight hours after he has diagnosed the case he shall report to the State Board of Health—to the Department of Health of the State. The purpose is that the Department of Labor and Industry and the State Board of Health will be able to gather and keep statistics relative to occupational disease. That is all there is to it. The bill was amended in committee extending the time in which the physicians are requested to make their report. The original bill provided that they should make their report immediately. As amended it provides that the report be made forty-eight hours after they take up the case. The bill was amended in committee by the consent of myself and the Department of Labor and Industry to read "forty'eight hours after the diagnosis of the case." I hope the bill will go through.

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman in case of anthrax, who is to determine what the occupational disease was and if the physician knows whether the disease was contracted in his occupation?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, that is left solely to the judgment of the physician who has the determining factor in the case.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—106.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Luppert,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stone,

Coldsmith,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hollern,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Murphy,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Powell,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Weaver,
Willard,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—16.

Arnold,
Aron,
Barnett,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Eby,
Heyburn,
Horton,
Phillips,
Ramsey,
Sampsel,
Walter,
Wildman,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE AND REPORT TO THE NEXT SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE ALL MATTERS PERTAINING TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SHIP CANAL ACROSS THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY AND CONNECTING THE PORT OF PHILADELPHIA WITH THE ATLANTIC OCEAN, AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION TO MEET THE EXPENSES OF SAID COMMISSION.

Whereas, The suggestion has been made by members of the Board of Strategy of the Navy Department of the United States, that a ship canal across New Jersey, connecting the port of Philadelphia with the Atlantic Ocean would make the Philadelphia Navy Yard the greatest naval station in the world; and,

Whereas, such a canal of the width and depth of the Panama Canal would increase greatly the commercial and manufacturing prosperity of the State of Pennsylvania; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House concurs), That a committee of six members of the General Assembly be appointed, three to be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate and three by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to investigate and to report at the next session of the General Assembly their findings upon the following questions:

1. The feasibility and advisability of a ship canal across New Jersey;
2. The route of such a canal;
3. The total cost of its construction;
4. The share that should be borne by the State of Pennsylvania, provided that the actual expenses incurred by the committee in this investigation shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) which shall be provided for in the General Appropriation bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will lie over for printing.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 1180.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1180 passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1180 passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend preamble, line 1, by inserting after the word "whereas" the following words "in cities of the second class."

Amend line 4, section 1, by inserting after the word "hereafter" the following words "in cities of the second class."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill lie over for printing.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I move that Senate Bill No. 978, File Folio 2915, entitled:

An Act fixing the number compensation mileage and duties of the officers and employes of the General Assembly and providing for their election or appointment term of office and manner of filling vacancies

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION NO. 17 RECOMMITTED.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that resolution No. 17 be recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. CONNOR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. ARON asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 1704.

An Act to repeal an act, entitled "An Act for the assignment of judges to districts other than thier own, for the purpose of expediting business with provision for their compensation," approved the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

The Chair refers the following special bill to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr SPANGLER. House Bill No. 1703.

An Act to amend an act entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the erection of a house of employment and support of the poor in the County of York,'" approved the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and five; to enlarge the powers and duties of the Directors of the Poor and of the House of Employment for the County of York, and to authorize the said Directors of the Poor and of the House of Employment for the County of York to purchase lands and erect buildings thereon for the employment and support of the poor in the County of York, and to authorize the County Commissioners of the County of York to levy and collect taxes necessary to pay for the said lands so purchased by the Directors of the Poor and of the House of Employment for the County of York and the buildings erected thereon; to authorize the payment of the expenses of the Directors of the Poor and of the House of Employment for the County of York and the employment of an attorney by the said Directors of the Poor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 156 (House Bill No. 1691).

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee an Manufactures.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. OAKS asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Lindsey on account of illness.

Mr. DAWSON asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Haggerty o naccount of illness.

Mr. FRUIT asked and obtianed leave of absence for Mr. McConnell.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CONNER asked and received unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 634, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment and prescribing the duties of a commission to aid in celebrating each year in Philadelphia the anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence, and making an appropriation.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. With the consent of the House, it is the Chairs desire to hold a session at four o'clock to-day, from four to six, and meet again at 8.15.

If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess until four o'clock. The Chair hears none.

Whereupon, at 1.15 the House took a recess until four o'clock this afternoon.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at four o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PETITIONS.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 714.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Commercial Exchange of Philadelphia protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 714.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1471.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Montgomery county protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 1471.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 381 (House Bill No. 1692).

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture to prevent control and eradicate diseases of bees.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 568 (House Bill No. 1693).

An Act for the relief of indigent war veterans and their families and imposing certain powers and duties upon poor authorities organizations composed of war veterans and the officers thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

Senate Bill No. 809 (House Bill No. 1694).

An Act fixing the salary of the Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 811 (House Bill No. 1695).

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by restricting the right to kill dogs

Referred to the Committee on Game.

Senate Bill No. 971 (House Bill No. 1696).

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate and report the increase in the cost of anthracite coal alleged to be due to the tax imposed thereon empowering said commission to issue subpoenas and providing for the attendance of witnesses and the penalty for failure to obey such subpoenas and making an appropriation for the cost and expense of said commission

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 1021 (House Bill No. 1697).

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

Senate Bill No. 1022 (House Bill No. 1698).

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to regulate the catching or taking within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and terrapin and providing a penalty therefor

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

Senate Bill No. 1050 (House Bill No. 1699).

A Joint Resolution providing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 1065 (House Bill No. 1700).

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of companies not for profit organized to encourage and promote improvements in the breeding and management of poultry pigeons and game and the protection and preservation of forests fish game and wildlife.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

Senate Bill No. 1067 (House Bill No. 1701).

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the 31st day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for the taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads, connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

Senate Bill No. 1068 (House Bill No. 1702).

An Act fixing the width of sidewalks along public highways.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

Senate Bill No. 54 (House Bill No. 1705).

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Capitol Park Extension Commission.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 68 (House Bill No. 1706).

An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River between Herndon and Port Trevorton and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 168 (House Bill No. 1707).

An Act to amend Article XIV section one of an act approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 685 (House Bill No. 1708).

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the granting of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile' approved June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established and for attachment of such will to letters of administration granted in the case" by providing for the issuance of letters testamentary to the executor named in such will in the same manner and form as if such supposed decedent were actually dead.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 686 (House Bill No. 1709).

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act relating to the grant of letters of administration upon the estates of persons presumed to be dead by reason of long absence from their former domicile" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five by authorizing the several orphans' courts of this Commonwealth to accept refunding bonds from the distributees without sureties in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 708 (House Bill No. 1710).

An Act making incompatible the offices of councilman in municipalities and school directors.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 755 (House Bill No. 1711).

A Joint Resolution authorizing the State Board of Education to inquire into and report to the Governor upon the advisability and desirability of the erection at Harrisburg by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a suitable building for the use of educational departments and interests of the State Government which building shall also serve as a memorial to the founders of the Public School System and former distinguished educators of the Commonwealth and authorizing the State Board of Education to expend out of any money appropriated to it at the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen such sum or sums as may be necessary to secure preliminary plans and designs not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 784 (House Bill No. 1712).

An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received for recording and exemplifying deeds and other writings in this Commonwealth in counties containing a population from two hundred fifty thousand to five hundred thousand

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 810 (House Bill No. 1713).

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act to establish a Department of Mines in Pennsylvania defining its purposes and authority providing for the appointment of a chief of said department and assistants and fixing their salaries and expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Senate Bill No. 966 (House Bill No. 1714).

An Act amending section one of an act entitled "An Act amending section seven of an act entitled 'An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children' approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five providing that married men or women in case of drunkenness or profligacy of husbands or wives may consent to the adoption of their children" approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 967 (House Bill No. 1715).

An Act relating to and regulating the plotting of cities of the first class of parks and parkways in built-up sections thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 970 (House Bill No. 1716).

An Act amending the act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 983 (House Bill No. 1717).

An Act to provide that assessments of damages for the opening or widening of any street or highway in any city or borough or other municipality in this Commonwealth shall include all damages for the opening or widening of the street or highway at the existing confirmed grade of such street or highway

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 984 (House Bill No. 1718).

An Act authorizing William C. Dietrich a resident of Indiana Township County of Allegheny to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Allegheny county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 1002 (House Bill No. 1719).

An Act requiring the county commissioners to provide at the expense of the county a telephone typewriter and stenographer for the use of the county superintendent of schools

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 1016 (House Bill No. 1720).

An Act for the relief of Canfield Dorwin Freeman refunding the sum of one hundred fifty-five dollars and one cent ($155.01) collateral inheritance tax paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the presumption that he was dead

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 563.

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 889.

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

House Bill No. 806.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

House Bill No. 1181.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

House Bill No. 437.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death

House Bill No. 1202.

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the asessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

House Bill No. 1239.

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties of the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

House Bill No. 906.

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

House Bill No. 563.

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives friends or representatives of a fraternal society or charitable organization within a reasonable time after death

House Bill No. 954.

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities of the first class

House Bill No. 1518.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 1290.

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

House Bill No. 1214.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1687 (Senate Bill No. 610), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1689, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section four of article two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 1703, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the erection of a House of Employment and Support of the Poor in the County of York,'" approved the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and five; to enlarge the powers and duties of the directors of the poor and of the House of Employment for the County of York and to authorize the said directors of the poor and of the House of Employment for the County of York to purchase lands and erect buildings thereon for the employment and support of the poor in the County of York, and to authorize the County Commissioners of the County of York to levy and collect taxes necessary to pay for the said lands so purchased by the directors of the poor and of the House of Employment for the County of York and the buildings erected thereon; to authorize the payment of expenses of the Directors of the Poor and of the House of Employment for the County of York and the employment of an attorney by the said Directors of the Poor.

Mr. JACOB W. SMITH, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1391, entitled:

An Act regulating corporations furnishing electricity for light heat or power purposes and imposing penalties.

Mr. KUHN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1704, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act, entitled "An Act for the assignment of judges to districts other than their own, for the purpose of expediting business with provisions for their compensation," approved the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred eleven.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1289, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act of assembly, entitled "An Act to provide for the alteration of the boundaries of townships and boroughs in certain cases, and the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof," approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 177).

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1490, entitled:

An Act prohibiting trespassing on the tracks, rights of way, locomotive engines, or cars, of railroad companies operating within this State, and providing punishment for such trespassing.

Mr. LANIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1459, entitled:

An Act repealing section four of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the Auditor General to institute suit for the collection of any balance which may be found due from Lawrence L. Milnor, late Clerk of the Senate and for other purposes," approved April fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight; and also repealing an act entitled "An Act relating to the office of interpreter for the several courts in the County of Allegheny," approved March twenty-fifth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; and also repealing an act entitled "An Act relating to the office of interpreter for the several courts in the County of Allegheny," approved the sixteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1015 (House Bill No. 1685), entitled:

An Act to provide that the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by cities of the first class shall constitute a consolidated loan fund which may be appropriated and used for any purpose for which loans shall have been authorized or issued by such cities.

Mr. HABGOOD, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 845 (House Bill No. 1615), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder.

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 861 (House Bill No. 1669), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 391 (House Bill No. 1081), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of interest on damages caused by the taking injury or destruction of private property for public use.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1677 (Senate Bill No. 936), entitled:

An Act authorizing township school districts which entirely surround a city or borough to acquire in such city of borough lands and to erect thereon buildings for high-school purposes and exempting property so acquired from taxation by such city borough or school district thereof and authorizing such township school directors to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground for such high school purposes and providing for the determination of damages done and suffered by the owners of the land by reason of the taking thereof for such high school purposes.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee of Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1223 (Senate Bill No. 387), entitled:

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders directors officers or employes of banks banking institutions trust companies or other corporations.

Mr. WOBENSMITH, from the Committee of Judiciary Special, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 1514, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act supplementary to 'An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep' approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be attached thereto showing payment of tax said tax to be provided by the county commissioners imposing certain duties upon constables tax collectors and county commissioners and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act and the act to which this is a supplement and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended so that assessors of the several cities wards boroughs townships or other assessment districts of this Commonwealth shall collect an annual license fee for said dogs at the time of the annual assessment and issue a receipt and a tag therefor providing for the publication of the assessor's list of licensed dogs requiring that all unlicensed dogs be killed and fixing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1428, entitled:

An Act repealing part of section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny County" approved May first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one in so far as the same relates to the salary of the Chief Clerk of the Controller; also repealing sections eleven and thirteen of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act approved the first May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, entitled 'An Act relating to Allegheny County," passed April eighth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; also repealing section two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled An Act relating to Allegheny Count, approved the first day of May, Anno Domini ane thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and the supplement thereto, approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two," passed April twenty-second one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; also repealing section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny County" approved May seventh one thousand eight hundred and sixty four; also repealing an act entitled "An Act to increase the salary of the assistant warden of the Allegheny County prison" approved April sixteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six; also repealing section three of an act entitled "A Further Supplement to an act, entitled An Act for the better management of the Allegheny County prison approved twenty-third of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five" passed April fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven; also repealing an act entitled "An Act to increase the salary of the Clerk to the county commissioners in and for the County of Allegheny" approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy; also repealing an act entitled "A Further Supplement to an act, entitled An Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one" passed April eighteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy; also repealing section nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to the fees, salaries and duties of certain county officers in Allegheny County" approved April sixth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one also repealing An Act entitled "An Act increasing the salaries of the Chief and Assistant Clerks in the office of the controller of Allegheny County," approved April first one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1531 (Senate Bill No. 272), entitled:

An Act creating a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection and defining the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania excepting the cities of the first class providing for the appointment of a chief inspector an assistant chief inspector and as many elevator inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act and providing salaries for the same providing laws for the protection of the public elevator operators and attendants Empowering the chief of said bureau to make, alter amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto and providing a penalty for the violation of any provision or provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of said Bureau.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Manufactures, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1691 (Senate Bill No. 156), entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation hereof

Mr. H. I. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1678 (Senate Bill No. 972), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches."

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1453 (Senate Bill No. 694), entitled:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the canal board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the canal board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds made by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expense incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1454 (Senate Bill No. 695), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a Commission Board or other agency thereof of canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. McNICHOL asked and obtained unanimous consent to have a bill read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1687 (Senate No. 610), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. WOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 1721.

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances or mortgages made by or to corporations and judicial sales or sheriff's sales had on any corporate obligations or mortgage, after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1497, as follows:

An Act authorizing the exoneration of John McSorley from the payment of certain taxes erroneously assessed

Whereas In the county assessment for the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the assessor of county taxes for Allegheny county erroneously assessed John McSorley with a mortgage dated the twenty-third day of February one thousand nine hundred and twelve which mortgage was executed and delivered to the said John McSorley and was recorded in the recorder's office of Allegheny county on April twelfth one thousand nine hundred and twelve in mortgage book one thousand four hundred and sixty-five page five hundred and thirty-nine and

Whereas The tax on said mortgage together with the amount of the penalty imposed for failure to make return of the said mortgage amounted to five hundred and ten dollars ($510.00) and

Whereas The said John McSorley did not own the mortgage at the time of the assessment or any time subsequent thereto he having assigned such mortgage to the Wilkinsburg Real Estate and Trust Company on March twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and twelve which assignment was made on the back of said mortgage recorded on the date aforesaid and

Whereas The county commissioners being convinced that the said John McSorley should not have been assessed with the said mortgage exonerated the said John McSorley from the payment of three-fourths of the amounts of the tax or three hundred and eighty-two dollars and fifty cents ($382.50) and

Whereas The said county commissioners were without authority of law to exonerate the said John McSorley from the remaining one-fourth of said tax or one hundred and twenty-seven dollars and fifty cents ($127.50) as this represented the portion of the whole tax claimed by the Commonwealth as State taxes and

Whereas It is proper that the Commonwealth should exonerate the said John McSorley from the payment of any money claimed by the Commonwealth by reason of the said erronous assessment therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Auditor General is authorized to exonerate John McSorley of the fourteenth ward City of Pittsburgh County of Allegheny from the payment of any tax to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania imposed on the mortgage dated February twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and twelve executed and delivered to the said John McSorley recorded in the recorder's office of Allegheny county in mortgage book volume one thousand four hundred and sixty-five page five hundred and thirty-nine which tax was imposed pursuant to the county assessment of Allegheny county for the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1530 (Senate Bill No. 574), entitled:

An Act to amend rule eighteen of the General Rules in article twenty-five of the act of June nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six) entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 390, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act granting an annuity to J. H. Pershing"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act granting an annuity to J. H. Pershing" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Treasurer be and is hereby directed to pay to J H Pershing of Tyrone county of Blair an annuity at the rate of one hundred and twenty dollars per year commencing the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven payable semi-annually during his natural life Provided That should the said J H Pershing receive during his lifetime a pension from the federal government then the provisions of this act are to become a nullity" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Treasurer is hereby directed to pay to J H Pershing of Tyrone in county of Blair an annuity at the rate of three hundred dollars a year commencing the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen payable semi-annually during his natural life Should the said J H Pershing receive during his lifetime a pension from the federal government then the provisions of this act are to become a nullity

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1323, as follows:

An Act to provide for utilizing rock and other minerals existing upon the land owned by the Commonwealth used for the Western Penitentiary in Centre county and affording occupation to the inmates thereof by permitting the board of inspectors by the said inmates to mine quarry or dig such materials and make the same into such products and by such means as may be found desirable and authorizing the use of said materials or products for the purposes of said penitentiary and the sale of the surplus if any for the maintenance of said institution

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in order to utilize the natural resources of the land now owned by the Commonwealth used for the Western Penitentiary in Centre county to afford occupation for the inmates thereof and to assist in the development and maintenance of said institution it shall be lawful for the board of inspectors of the said penitentiary by the inmates thereof to cause to be mined quarried or dug any rock or other minerals (other than coal) existing upon the said land and to make the same into such products and by such means as said board may find desirable and the said board is further authorized to use the said materials or the said products thereof in all such ways as may be found useful for the purposes of the said penitentiary and the improvement and development of the lands thereof and to sell the surplus if any and devote the proceeds thereof to the maintenance of the said institution

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 617, as follows:

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road in Adams county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a certain section of public road commencing at a point on the Tawneytown Road at the limits of the Gettysburg National Military Park and running thence along the said Tawneytown Road by way of Barlow to a point on the Maryland State Line shall be adopted by the Commonwealth as a "State Highway" to be constructed and maintained at the sole expense of the Commonwealth under the provisions of the existing laws governing main highways

Section 2 The cost and expense of the construction improvement and maintenance of the highway herein described shall be paid out of any moneys appropriated to the State Highway Department for the maintenance construction reconstruction or improvement of State highways

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1467, as follows:

An Act authorizing the attachment of wages or salary on judgments obtained for necessaries limiting the amount of exemption to be claimed and providing for the payment of the costs

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever a judgment is obtained in any court of record or before an alderman magistrate or justice of the peace upon a contract for furnishing the necessaries of life and the defendant is a laborer or person engaged in public or private employment the wages of such laborer or the salary of such person shall be subject to attachment in the hands of the employer

Section 2 When an attachment execution is issued upon such judgment and wages or salary are attached in the hands of the employer if the amount in the hands of the employer shall be less than the amount of exemption allowed the defendant by law the debtor shall be entitled in his claim to an exemption for a sum amounting to ninety per centum and no more of the money so attached No deduction from the fund so attached shall be permitted for costs but said costs shall be paid by the attahcnig creditor

Section 3 No attachment shall issue or be levied under this act unless the debtor has been given thirty (30) days previous notice by registered mail at his last known address of the intention to issue such writ and shall have failed within said period of thirty days to adjust such judgment to the satisfaction of his creditor

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall apply only to judgments secured upon contracts for the necessaries of life furnished after the passage of this act

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. DELL offered the following motion, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. Dell, seconded by Mr. Lipschutz, that House Bill No. 1467, File Folio 7511, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1489, as follows:

An Act to provide for just compensation to the Commonwealth and to persons and corporations for loss or damage to property by fire proximately caused by the operation of locomotive engines on railroads in this State by making railroad corporations responsible for all such loss and damage irrespective of the existence or non-existence of negligence on their part in cases where such fires arise within one hundred feet of the railroads or rights of way owned or operated by such corporations outside the territorial limits of cities and boroughs

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every railroad corporation owning or operating a railroad in this State shall irrespective of the existence or non-existence of negligence on its part be liable for all damages to the property of the Commonwealth or of any person or corporation resulting from fire communicated directly or indirectly by locomotive engines in use upon the railroad owned or operated by such railroad corporation in this State except in cities and boroughs Provided That the fire so communicated arise within one hundred feet of the railroad or right of way owned or operated by such railroad corporation And provided also That such damages are proximately caused by such railroad corporation

Section 2 Every such railroad corporation shall have an insurable interest in the property for the damages to which it may become liable under the provisions of section one of this act and may procure insurance thereon in its own behalf for its protection against such damages

Section 3 The provisions of section one of this act shall not impair or abridge the liability of railroad corporations for negligence under existing law but are cumulative and independent of such negligence

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 649, as follows:

An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining ther duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation creating and establishing a public service bureau in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania for the regulation thereof prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such bureau and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilitits of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the bureau of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and of rthe payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensations of the members of the bureau its officers counsel and employees prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such bureau and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the bureau and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of orders of said bureau making it the duty of the Ppublic Service Bureau to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven eneitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employees on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which provided for the creating and establishing of the public Service Commission and the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That

ARTICLE I

this act shall be known and may be cited as "The Public Service Company Law"

The term "Public Service Company" when used in this act includes all railroad corporations canal corporations street railway corporations stage line corporations express corporations baggage transfer corporations pipe line corporations ferry corporations common carriers Pullman car corporations dining car corporations tunnel corporations turnpike corporations bridge corporations wharf corporations incline plane corporations grain elevator corporations telegraph corporations telephone corporations natural gas corporations artificial gas corporations electric corporations water corporations water-power corporations heat corporations refrigerating corporations sewage corporations doing business within this State and also all persons engaged for profit in the same kind of business within this Commonwealth Provided however Such persons and corporations shall not be subject to the provisions of this act with respect to any business transacted or any property owned by them outside of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania nor shall the provisions of this act be so construed as to extend to any matter or thing which under the Federal Constitution the Congress of the United States has the exclusive power to regualte or which the Congress has under said Constitution in the exercise of its concurrent power in fact regulated to the exclusion of the concurrent power of the several states And provided further That none of the provisions of this act shall apply to the generation transmission or distribution of electricity to the manufacture or distribution of gas to the furnishing or distribution of water or to the production delivery or furnishing of steam or any other substance for heat or power by a producer who is not otherwise a public service company for the sole use of such producer or for the use of tenants of such producer and not for sale to others

The term "Corporation" as used in this act shall be construed to include all bodies corporate joint stock companies or associations domestic or foreign their lessees assignees trustees receivers or other succesors in interest having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships and shall not include municipal corporations except as otherwise provided in this act

The term "Municipal Corporation" as used in this act shall include all cities boroughs towns townships school districts and poor districts or counties created or organized under any general or special law of this Commonwealth

The term "Person" as used in this act means all individuals partnerships or associations other than corporations

The term "Railroad Corporation" as used in this act includes every corporation owning leasing operating or managing or controlling any railroad for public use within this Commonwealth.

The term "Railroad" as used in this act includes every railroad other than a street railway by whatsoever power operated for public use in the conveyance of passengers or property or both with all bridges ferries tunnels facilities plant and equipment thereof

The term "street railway corporation" as used in this act includes every corporation owning leasing operating or managing or controlling any street railway within this Commonwealth

The term "street railway" as used in this act includes every railroad and railway by whatsoever power operated or any extension or extensions thereof for public use in the conveyance of passengers or property or both being mainly or in part located upon over above below across through or along any street avenue road highway bridge or public place including the facilities plant and equipment thereof

The term "Common Carrier" as used in this act includes any and all common carriers whether corporations or persons engaged for profit in the conveyance of passengers or property or both between points within this Commonwealth by through over above or under land or water or both

The term "Conveyance of passengers or property" as used in this act includes any and all service in connection with the receiving transportation elevation transfer in transit ventilation refrigeration icing storage handling and delivering or property baggage or freight as well as any and all service in connection with the transportation or carrying of passengers

The term "Service" is used in this act in its broadest and most inclusive sense and includes any and all acts done rendered or performed and any and all things furnished or supplied and all and every the facilities used or furnished or supplied by public service companies in the performance of their duties to their patrons employes and the public as well as the interchange of facilities between two or more public service companies

The term "Facilities" as used in this act includes all plant and equipment of a public service company which includes all tangible real and personal property buildings materials easements rights of way rights of trackage subways tunnels railroads street railways tracks canals and all animals locomotives apparatus appliances devices instruments appurtenances freight cars refrigerator cars baggage cars express cars passenger cars drawing-room cars parlor cars sleeping cars dining cars rolling-stock carriages cabs hansoms taxicabs vehicles boats ships vessels bridges barges cables conduits converters transformers condensers wires poles structures telegraph lines telephone lines crossbars engines machines dynamos boilers motors storage batteries switch-boards waterfalls water-power stations power stations pumping stations reservoirs purifiers oil tanks gas tanks holders retorts ducts pipes galleries pipe lines mains meters lamps scrubbers wharves piers docks ferries incline planes side tracks spurs turn outs switches systems stations depots terminals terminal facilities water or gas jet wells and any and all other means and instrumentalities in any manner owned operated leased licensed used controlled furnished or supplied for by or in connection with the business of any public service company Provided however That no property owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or municipality or subdivision thereof shall be subject to the Bureau or to any of the terms of this act except as elsewhere provided herein

The term "Bureau" when used in this act means the Public Service Bureau created by this act

The term "Commissioner" when used in this act means one of the members of such bureau

ARTICLE II

Duties and Liabilities of Public Service Companies

Section 1 It shall be the duty of every public service company

(a) To furnish and maintain such service including facilities as shall in all respects be just reasonably adequate and practically sufficient for the accommodation and safety of its patrons employees and the public and in conformity with such reasonable regulations or orders as may be made by the bureau

(b) To render and furnish all such service at prices charges rates tolls fares or compensation that shall be just and reasonable and in conformity with such reasonable regulations or orders as may be made by the bureau

(c) To make all such repairs changes alterations and improvements in or to such service including facilities as shall be reasonably necessary for the accommodation or safety of its patrons employees and the public

(d) Whenever and in the form required by the bureau to file with the bureau tariffs and schedules showing prices charges rates fares tolls or other compensation asked demanded or received for any service rendered or furnished by said company and if a common carrier showing the method of distribution of trains cars vehicles boats motive power or other facilities operated or owned by said common carrier It shall also be the duty of every public service company to post and publish such tariffs and schedules including if a common carrier schedules showing the method of distribution of trains cars vehicles boats motive power or other facilities in every office or station of said public service company open to the public where payments are made by shippers consumers users or patrons in such manner form and place in such office or station as to be readily accessible and so that the said tariffs and schedules may be conveniently inspected by the public and similarly in such other places as the bureau may require In case of railroad or other common carriers telegraph and telephone corporations such tariffs and schedules shall conform to those required by the Interstate Commerce Commission Every public service company shall also file with and as a part of such tariffs and schedules and post as directed all rules and regulations that in any manner affect the said prices charges rates fares tolls or other compensation or the distribution of trains cars vehicles boats motive power or other facilities Upon application the bureau may limit and restrict the number and character of such tariffs and schedules and the number of offices or stations at which the same are required to be posted as aforesaid

(e) Where any public service company jointly acts or participates or connects with any other public service company in the performance of any service to make and file with the bureau when so required by it and post and publish as hereinbefore provided the tariffs or schedules of the joint rates prices charges fares or tolls adopted or in force between them (including when directed the rules and regulations contracts and practices affecting or relating to the same) which must be just and reasonable and not more in the aggregate nor in the appointionment thereof between said companies than may be prescribed by any order of the bureau

Provided however That the tariffs or schedules of such joint rates prices charges fare or tolls need only be filed by one of the said public service companies and the other company or companies with the consent and approval of the bureau need only file such evidence of concurrence therein or acceptance thereof as may be required by the bureau Provided That whenever any public service company shall file any tariffs or schedules under the provisions of this act or shall participate in any such tariff or schedule so filed the rates fares and charges and the rules regulations and practices therein contained as against such public service company its officers agents and employees shall be deemed to be the legal rate fare or charge and the rules regulations and practices otherwise the published rate rules regulations and practices if any shall be the legal rate fare or charge rules regulations and practices

(f) To make no change in any tariff or schedule which shall have been filed or published or posted by any public service company in compliance with the preceding sections except after thirty days' notice to the bureau and to the public posted and published in the manner form and places required with respect to the original tariffs or schedules which shall plainly state the exact changes proposed to be made in the tariffs or schedules then in force and whether an increase or decrease and the time when the proposed changes will go into effect and all such changes shall be shown by filing posting and publishing new tariffs or schedules or shall be plainly indicated upon the tariffs or schedules in force at the time and kept upon to the public inspection Provided That the bureau may in its discretion and for good cause shown allow changes in such tariffs or schedules upon less than thirty days' notice herein specified or upon other conditions And provided further That no rate practice or classification which shall have been determined by the bureau shall be changed or discontinued by the public service company directly or through any change in classifications rules regulations contracts or practices within a period of three years after such determination without application to and the approval of the bureau of which application thirty days' prior notice shall be given in the said tariffs or schedules to the public And provided further That it shall be the duty of every public service company when required by the bureau to issue to its shippers consumers or other patrons a certificate or other evidence of payments made by them to it in excess of the prior established rate of an increase in which rate notice has been given to the bureau and the public as aforesaid

(g) To file with the bureau when required by it verified copies of any and all contracts writings agreements leases arrangements or other engagements entered into by such public service company with any person corporation municipal corporation any State Government the Federal Government or any branch or subdivision thereof or other public service company in relation to its public service

(h) To make and file when and in the manner and form required by the bureau any and all reports to the bureau which shall contain such facts accounts and information as may be prescribed by the bureau and generally to furnish any and all information required by the bureau in the performance of its duties under this act

(i) To adopt use and keep in conducting its business such form method system or systems of accounts records and memoranda as shall be prescribed by the bureau to carry no charges in any operating account which should properly be charged to the capital account or vice versa to carry a proper and reasonable depreciation account if required so to do by order of the bureau and to obey and abide by all the regulations and orders of the bureau concerning such accounts records and memoranda and the keeping of the same Provided That this subsection shall also apply to all municipal corporations with respect to the accounts records and memoranda relating to the rendering or furnishing by them to the public of any service of the kind or character rendered or furnished by public service companies and to the making of reports in relation thereto And provided further That all corporations and persons operating under lease or other contract any such plant or other facilities owned by such municipal corporation shall adopt use and keep in respect to such operation of such plant or other facilities under such lease or contract such form or system of accounts as shall be adapted to and reasonable under the circumstances and consistent with the obligations of such lease or contract or of any contract made in pursuance thereof and shall conform to such orders as the bureau on hearing may make in respect to such form or system of accounts and shall make such reports in relation thereto as may be required by the bureau

(j) To keep all books accounts papers records and memoranda as shall be required by the bureau in an office within this Commonwealth and not to remove the same or any of them from the Commonwealth except upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the bureau but the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to a public service company of another State engaged in interstate commerce whose accounts are kept at its principal place of business without the State in the manner prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission Provided That such public service company when required by the bureau shall furnish to the bureau within such reasonable time as it shall prescribe certified copies of its books accounts papers records and memoranda relating to the business done by such public service company within this Commonwealth

(k) To furnish to the bureau from time to time and as the bureau may require all maps profiles reports of engineers books papers records and other documents or memoranda or copies of any and all of them in aid of any inspection examination inquiry investigation or hearing or in aid of any determination of the value of its property or any portion thereof and to co-operate with the bureau in the work of the valuation of its property or any portion thereof and to furnish any and all other information to the bureau as the bureau may require in any inspection examination inquiry investigation hearing or determination of such valuation of its property and facilities

(l) To account or report to the bureau when required by it so to do for the disposition and application of the proceeds of all sales or pledges of all stocks trust certificates bonds notes and other evidences of indebtedness and other securities which accounts and reports shall be made in such form and detail verified by affidavit of the proper officer or officers of such company having knowledge thereof as to the bureau may seem advisable and in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations which may be adopted by the bureau to use and apply the proceeds thereof to the purpose or purposes certified to the bureau under the provisions of this act and to no other purpose or purposes whatsoever

(m) If a railroad corporation or street railway corporation or other common carrier to furnish a reasonably sufficient number of safe trains cars vehicles boats or other facilities and to run and operate the same with such motive power as may reasonabily be required in the conveyance of àll such passengers or property as may seek or be offered to it for such conveyance and to run and operate its said trains cars vehicles boats or other facilities with sufficient frequency at such reasonable and proper times and to and from such stations or points as the bureau having regard to the general convenience and safety of the public may require and when reasonably required by the bureau to change the time schedule for the running and operation of its trains cars vehicles boats or other facilities and generally make any other arrangements and improvements in its service which the bureau may lawfully and reasonably determine and require Provided That nothing herein contained shall interfere with any contract heretofore or hereafter made between any street railway company and a municipal corporation

(n) If a railroad corporation or other common carrier engaged in the transportation of freight or property to furnish upon reasonable request to all persons and corporations who may apply therefor and offer freight or property for transportation sufficient and suitable cars vehicles boats motive power or other facilities as may be reasonably required for the transportation of such freight or property or in case at any particular time it may not have sufficient cars boats vehicles motive power or other facilities to meet the requirements for the transportation of property then lawfully to distribute all available cars vehicles boats motive power or other facilities among the several applicants therefor without discrimination between shippers localities or competitive or non-competitive points in accordance with the rule of distribution of the Interstate Commerce Commission But preferences may always be given in the supply of cars boats vehicles motive power or other facilities for shipment of livestock or perishable matter

(o) If a railroad corporation upon application of any owner or operator of any lateral railroad or any private side track or of any shipper tendering property or traffic for transportation or of any consignee to construct maintain and operate at a reasonable place and upon reasonable terms a switch connection with any such lateral railroad or private side track which may be constructed to connect with it railroad where such connection may be reasonably practicable and can be put in with safety and will furnish sufficient business to justify the construction and maintenance of the same Provided That whenever any lateral line of railroad or private side track has been so connected with a line of any railroad or whenever any owner of such lateral railroad or any private side track has at any time heretofore sold or leased or shall hereafter sell or lease such lateral railroad or side track to any railroad corporation any person or corporation shall be entitled to connect therewith or to use the same upon payment to the party incurring the primary expense thereof of a reasonable proportion of the cost of the said lateral railroad or private side track and of the maintenance thereof which shall be determined in case of disagreement among the parties by the bŭreau after notice to the interested parties and a hearing Provided that such connection and use can be made without unreasonable interference with the use thereof by the party incurring the primary expense or owning or leasing said lateral railroad or side track

(p) If a telephone or tlegraph corporation or person or persons engaged in like business to cause the transmission of dispatches messages or communications by it to be reasonably continuous and without unreasonable interruption or delay and if a common carrier to cause the conveyance of passengers and property by it to be reasonably continuous and without unreasonable interruptions or delay

(q) Whenever a common carrier receives property for transportation between points within this Commonwealth it shall issue a receipt or bill of lading therefore and shall be liable to the lawful holder thereof for any loss damage or injury to said property caused by it or any other common carrier to which said property may be delivered or over whose line or lines such property may pass No contract receipt rule or regulation shall exempt such common carrier from the liability hereby imposed Provided That nothing in this section shall deprive any lawful holder of such receipt or bill of lading of any remedy or right of action which he has under existing laws And provided further That any common carrier issuing such recipt or bill of lading shall in the event of a recovery of a judgment against or of a satisfaction made by such carrier for such loss or damage be entitled to recover from the common carrier on whose line the loss or damage shall have been sustained an amount not in excess of the loss or damage to said property which the lawful holder of said bill of lading or receipt would otherwise have been entitled to recover against such last-mentioned carrier and not in excess of the amount actually paid to the holder of such receipt or bill of lading

(r) If a street railway corporation or incline plane corporation whenever the bureau shall deem necessary or proper for the accommodation convenience or safety of the public in the conveyance of passengers to transfer such passengers to or from another part of the system of the said street railway corporation or incline plane corporation and to this end and object shall make proper and convenient arrangement or adjustment of the time schedules of the said street railway corporation or incline plane corporation and shall also make such proper and convenient arrangement or adjustment of its time schedules with those of other contiguous or connecting street railway corporations or incline plane corporations as to the bureau shall seem necessary or proper for the accommodation convenience or safety of the public

(s) If a railroad corporation or a street railway corporation to construct and maintain whenever the bureau may require the same such switch or other connections with or between the lines of other companies of the same character where the same is reasonably practical and can readily be connected to form a continuous line of transportation and to cause the conveyance of persons and property between points within this Commonwealth to be without unreasonable interruption or delay and to establish through routes and service therein and just and reasonable joint rates fares and charges applicable thereto and where practicable transport freight over the same without transfer from the originating cars and shall not discriminate in the said rates fares charges or in any rules or regulations applicable thereto between any such connecting lines Provided That no railroad corporation or street railway corporation shall be required to give the use of its tracks or terminal facilities to any other common carrier And provided That this section shall not apply to a street railway corporation engaged in the business of carrying passengers but not engaged in the general business of transporting freight and which does not generally solicit the transportation of freight as a main branch of its business

(t) To obey and abide by all lawful orders and regulations of the bureau made under the provisions of this act regulating the manner in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation street railway corporation or any other public service company may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation street railway corporation or any other public service company at grade or above or below grade or at any prescribed level or in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation may be constructed across any public highway at grade or above or below grade or in which any public highway may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railmay corporation at grade or above or below grade or regulating the manner in which such crossings shall be operated maintained and protected including the stationing of watchmen thereat installation and regulation of lights blocks or other system of signalling safety appliances devices or such other means or instrumentalities as the bureau may prescribe as well as to obey and abide by all lawful orders and regulations of the bureau made under the provisions of this act requiring the alteration relocation removal or abolition of any such crossings—to the end intent and purpose that accidents may be prevented and also to bear and pay the expenses damages or compensation incident thereto either severally on in such proportions as the bureau may determine under the provisions of this act

(u) If a telegraph corporation or person engaged in the public telegraph business to connect whenever the bureau may require it or him so to do its or his lines of telegraph with the lines of any other such telegraph corporation or person engaged in the public telegraph business and thereupon it shall be and become the reciprocal duty of each of such connecting telegraph corporations or persons upon the payment of the usual charges to individuals for transmitting dispatches as established by the rates and regulations of such telegraph corporations or persons or by the bureau as hereinafter provided to receive and to transmit dispatches from and for each other with impartiality and good faith and likewise for any individual or individuals

(v) If a telephone corporation or person engaged in the telephone business whose lines together with the lines of another telephone corporation or person engaged in the telephone business form a continuous line of communication between different localities which are not reached by lines facilities or connections of either alone and could be made to do so by the construction and maintenance of suitable connections between the several lines at common points for the transmission of conversation between different localities to jointly arrange for the interchange and transfer of conversations at such common points when it can reasonably be done and efficient service can be obtained without injustice to either company and without substantial impairment or detriment to the service to be rendered by either company and when necessity exists therefor in order to supply through traffic communication between different localities not otherwise provided for by the companies in question or either of them and shall operate and conduct a joint through traffic over the several lines so connected and shall make the proper rules and regulations governing the same and shall establish just and reasonable rates and charges for the joint through service thereby rendered and shall make among themselves an equitable apportionment of the costs and revenues appertaining to the joint facilities and service

(w) If a gas corporation water corporation or other public service company furnishing its service or product upon meter or other similar measurement or electric corporation to provide and keep in and upon its premises suitable and proper apparatus to be approved from time to time and stamped or marked by the bureau for testing and proving the accuracy of gas water electric or other meters furnished by it for use and by which apparatus every meter may be tested upon the written request of the consumer to whom the same shall be furnished and in his presence if he shall so desire If the meter so tested shall be found to be accurate within such commercially resonable limits as the bureau may by general or special order fix for such meters or class of meters a reasonable fee to be fixed by the bureau by standing order sufficient to cover the cost of such test shall be paid by the consumer requiring such test but if not so found then the cost thereof shall be borne by the public service company furnishing said meter

(x) To give immediate notice to said bureau of the happening of any accident in or about or in connection with the operation of its property facilities or service wherein any person shall have been killed or injured and to furnish such full and detailed report of such accident within such time and in such manner as the bureau shall by general rule or special order or otherwise require Such report shall not be open for public inspection except by order of the bureau and shall not be admitted in evidence for any purpose in any suit or action for damages growing out of any matter or thing mentioned in said report

(y) To observe and obey all and singular the lawful orders and regulations which may be issued or made by the bureau in the exercise of the powers conferred upon it by this act

ARTICLE III

Creation Powers and Limitation of Powers of Public Service Companies

Section 1 It shall be lawful for every public service company

(a) To demand collect and receive fair just and reasonable prices rates fares tolls charges or other compensation for each and every service rendered or to be rendered by it to any person or corporation or to any other public service company with whom it interchanges facilities and services

To establish a sliding scale of rates fares or charges provided that a schedule showing such scale of rates fares or charges shall first have been filed with the bureau and approved by it Provided That nothing in this act contained shall deprive any consumer or user of a public service utility from appealing from the decision of the bureau by bill or petition to the court or common pleas of the proper county to adjust rates within such county or to compel proper service the hearing on such appeal to be heard de novo and said court is hereby vested with full authority and power to inquire into all questions arising within such county and make and enforce subject to the right of appeal to the Supreme Court such orders and decrees as to it may seem just and reasonable

To participate to such an extent as may be permitted by the bureau and deemed by the bureau wise for the purpose of encouraging economics efficiencies or improvements in methods or service in the additional profits which will be afforded by such economics efficiencies or improvements in methods or service

(b) To employ in the conduct and management of its business suitable and reasonable classification of its service patrons and rates and such classification may in any proper case take into account the nature of the use and quantity used the time when used the purpose for which used the kind bulk value and facility of handling of commodities and any other reasonable consideration

(c) To have reasonable rules and regulations subject to existing law and the provisions of this act governing the conduct of its business and the conditions under which it shall be required to render service

It may require the payment of charges in advance the making of reasonable minimum payments and deposits to secure fuaure payments of such charges or it may allow discounts for prompt payments of the same or impose penalties for failure to pay promptly Provided That such advance charges minimum payments deposits discounts or penalties are reasonable and apply equally and without discrimination or preference to all shippers con sumers and patrons under like conditions and under similar circumstances

(d) To apply to the bureau by complaint in the manner hereinafter provided in this act whenever such company claims to be aggrieved by any ruling regulation classification or order which it is or has been required by the bureau to observe or carry into effect and thereupon such public service company shall be entitled to a full and fair hearing and a speedy determination of its complaint on the merits by the bureau and to all just and reasonable relief consistent with the rights and duties of such public service company

(e) Whenever any owner of property transported by any common carrier or any user or patron of any other public service company renders directly or indirectly any service connected with such transportation or other public service the charge and allowance therefor shall be no more than is just and reasonable and the bureau may after hearing on its own motion or upon complaint determine what is a reasnoable charge as a maximum to be paid by the carrier or other public service company for the use of the service so furnished or rendered and what is a proper proportion of the said cost and fix the same by appropriate order to be observed and enforced by the parties concerned

Section 2 Upon the approval of the bureau evidence by its certificate of public convenience first had and oobtained and not otherwise it shall be lawful for any proposed public service company

(a) For a foreign public service company upon compliance with existing laws if any there be permitting such foreign company to exercise its powers and franchises with this Commonwealth to obtain the right to do business within this Commonwealth

(b) For any public service company to sell assign transfer lease consolidate or merge its property powers franchises or privileges or any of them to or with any other corporation or person

Section 3 It shall be lawful for any public service company

(a) To issue stocks trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities or make any increase in the issue thereof in the manner prescribed by law for and only for money labor done or money or property actually received in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution and the laws of the Commonwealth

All stocks trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities issued in violation of this subsection and all fictitious increase of stock trust certificates bonds notes or other indebtedness or securities shall be void

Application as hereinafter provided may be made by such public service companies to the bureau for a certifificate of valuation to the effect that the provisions of this section have been compiled with as to any stocks trust certifificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities issued after the passage of this act such application shall certify as to the number and amount thereof to be issued and the purpose of such issue and shall contain such other facts and detailed information and be in such form as the bureau shall determine and prescribe and shall be signed and verified by the affidavit of the treasurer auditor controller or other acting fiscal head of the public service company

(b) Every public service company shall file with the bureau on or prior to the date of issuance of any stock trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities payable at periods of more than twelve months after the date thereof and now or hereafter to be authorized (unless upon application as aforesaid a certificate of valuation shall have been obtained in accordance with the provisions of this act) a certificate to be known as a Certificate of notification in such forms as the bureau may from time to time determine and prescribe which among other things that may be required by the bureau shall show—

I The total amount thereof

II The number and amount thereof outstanding prior to the date of such certificate the amount thereof theretofore retired the amount thereof theretofore undisposed of and whether such amount is held in the treasury of the public service company as a free asset or pledge and if pledged the terms and conditions of such pledge

III The number and amount thereof to be issued and the purpose of such issue and whether to be sold pledged or held in the treasury of the public service company as a free asset if such securities are to be sold the terms of sale if a contract for such sale has been made and if any part of the consideration to be received therefor is other than money an accurate and detailed description thereof if such securities are to be pledged the terms and conditions of such pledge

IV The number and amount thereof remaining un-issued

V If the issue is of shares of stock the certificate shall also show the par value thereof and the number of then outstanding shares previously issued

VI The preference or privilege granted to the holders of any such shares of stock the dates of maturity rates of interest of any such bonds notes or other evidences or indebtedness or other securities and any conversion rights granted to the holders thereof and the price if any at which such shares or such securities may be redeemed

(c) Whenever any securities set forth and described in any Certificate of Notification as pledged or held as a free asset in the treasury of the public service company shall subsequent to the filing of such certificate be sold or repledged or otherwise disposed of by the public service company such company shall file a further Certificate of Notification to that effect setting forth therein all such facts as are required by sub-division III sub-section (b) of this section four

(d) All Certificates of Notification furnished to the bureau shall be signed and verified by the affidavit of the treasurer auditor controller or other acting fiscal head of the public service company Such certificates of notification shall at all times be deemed to be public records and open to inspection and may be given such further publicity as the bureau may deem to be for the public interest or welfare

The provisions of this act contained in regard to certificates of valuation and unless so required by the bureau in regard to certificates of notification shall not apply to the issuance of bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness payable at periods of twelve months or less nor to the pledging or repledging of stocks trust certificates bonds or other evidences of indebtedness to secure such bond notes or evidences of indebtedness payable at periods of twelve months or less but if such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness shall in whole or in part directly or indirectly be refunded by any issue of bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness running for more than twelve months then the said mentioned provisions with regard to certificates of notification and valuation shall apply

Neither the filing with the bureau of any certificate of notification nor the issuing by the bureau of any certificate of public convenience or certificate of valuation and nothing therein or in this act contained nor any hearing had nor finding nor order nor decree made by the bureau nor any act or thing or thing done by the bureau under the provisions of this act shall in anywise affect the invalidity if any of any stocks trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities issued or assumed or guaranteed prior to the date when this act shall become effective by any public service company

Section 4 Upon the approval of the bureau evidenced by its certificate of public convenience first had and obtained and not otherwise it shall be lawful for any railroad corporation or street railway corporation to construct its tracks or other facilities across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation or street railway corporation or across any public highway at grade or above or below grade or for any public highway to be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corportation or street railway corporation at grade or above or below grade or for any public service company to construct any of its facilities across the facilities of any other public service company at the same or different levels And it shall be lawful upon like approval first had and obtained and not otherwise for any public service company to alter relocate remove or abolish any such crossing Provided however That in all cases in which the tracks or other facilities of a railroad corporation or street railway corporation cross the tracks or other facilities of another railroad corporation or street railway corporation or a public highway at grade and such crossings is at the time this act becomes effective in process of abolition under and in accordance with an agreement or contract entered into with any municipality providing for such abolition it shall be lawful to proceed with the consummation of such abolition as provided in such agreement or contract without the aforesaid approval of the bureau first being obtained Provided further That any municipality affected by any order or decree of the bureau shall have the right to appeal to the court of common pleas of the proper county and from the said court to the Supreme Court as to the reasonableness of said order or decree

Section 5 It shall be unlawful for any public service company

(a) To capitalize its franchises rights powers privileges or right to own and operate or enjoy any such framshises rights powers or privileges in excess of the amount paid to the Commonwealth or any political sub-division thereof as the consideration for the grant thereof or to capitalize any lease of contract of sale or contract for consolidation or merger of two or more public service companies or to issue by way of substitution any capital stock trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities for any consolidated or merged company exceeding the aggregate values of the properties of the companies so consolidated or merged and any additional sum actually paid in in cash and any additional property or labor actually contributed Provided That any such public service company or companies may apply to the bureau to determine such consideration or value aforesaid

(b) In the case of any re-organization under the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one entitled "An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads" or any supplement thereto or amendment thereof to issue any stock trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities in excess of the amount paid or agreed to be paid to the Commonwealth or any political sub-division thereof as the consideration for the grant of any franchises rights powers or privileges and the value of the property of such reorganized corporation (and any additional sum actually paid in cash and any additional property or labor actually contributed) Provided That any such public service company may apply to the bureau to determine such consideration or value aforesaid

(c) To purchase acquire take or hold either in absolute ownership or in pledge or as collateral security directly or indirectly any controlling right title or interest legal or equitable in the capital stock bonds trust certifificates or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities issued by or other controlling right title or interest whatsoever in any other public service company conducting business within this Commonwealth without the consent and approval of the bureau but the purchase taking and holding aforesaid of any right title or interest in any such capital stock bonds trust certificates or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities or of any other right title or interest in any other public service company which shall amount to less than the aforesaid controlling right title or interest of any nature or kind shall be lawful without the approval of the bureau so far as the same may be lawful under existing laws Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to affect the holding of stock bonds trust certificates or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities heretofore legally acquired and held or in any way diminish lessen or impair the rights of any public service company in virtue of the holding by said company of such stocks trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities heretofore acquired and held or to prevent the future acquisition of such stocks trust crtificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities of a public service company where the major interest therein has been acquired and held by a public service company prior to the date when this act shall become effective or to prevent the future acquisition holding or cancellation by a public service company of trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities secured by stock theretofore legally acquired and owned by a public service company and pledged as security therefor

Section 6 It shall be unlawful for any public service company to render or furnish or to offer to render or furnish within this Commonwealth any service of the kind or character rendered or furnished by it until it shall have filed and posted its tariffs and schedules in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (d) of section one of article two

Section 7 It shall be unlawful for any public service company

(a) To charge demand collect or receive directly or indirectly by any special rate rebate drawback abatement or other device whatsoever from any person or corporation for any service rendered or to be rendered a greater or less compensation or sum than it shall demand charge collect or receive from any other person or corporation for a like and contemporaneous service under substantially similar circumstances and conditions

Provided however That where as the result of a bona fide mistake or error of a common carrier the full tariff charges are not collected in the first instance and the balance is subsequently found to be due and outstanding the collection of such balance may be waived by the carrier provided the matter is submitted to the bureau and its approval of such waiver is first had and obtained

(b) To make or give any undue or unreasonable preference or advantage in favor of or to any person or corporation or any locality or any particular kind or description of traffic or service in any respect whatsoever or to subject any particular person or corporation or locality or any particular kind or description of traffic or service to any undue or unreasonable prejudice or disadvantage in any respect whatsoever

Section 8 It shall be unlawful for any common carrier

(a) To charge or receive any greater compensation in the aggregate for the conveyance of passengers or property of the same class for a shorter than for a longer distance over the same line in the same direction the shorter being included within the longer distance or unless specially authorized by the bureau to charge any greater compensation as a through rate than the agggregate of the intermediate rates but this shall not be construed as authorizing any common carrier to charge and receive as great a compensation for a shorter as for a longer distance Provided however That nothing in this section contained shall prohibit common carriers from establishing reasonable zone systems of charges

(b) To knowingly assist suffer or permit any person or corporation to obtain transportation for any passengers or property between points within this Commonwealth at less than the rates established by such common carrier or by order of the bureau by means of false billing false classification false weight or weighing or false report of weight or by any other means or device whatsoever

Any common carrier may however issue at special rates of fare excursion and commutation tickets but before any common carrier may issue any such excursion or commutation tickets it shall file with the bureau and shall post in the same manner as required by this act in the case of other rates or charges copies of the tariffs or schedules of the rates fares or charges on which such tickets are to be based and issued and any common carrier may grant free passes or passes at a discount to any officer or employee of such carrier Nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent telephone telegraph express or railroad corporations from entering into contracts with each other for the exchange of service at free or reduced rates which contracts however shall be filed with the bureau

Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any telephone or telegraph corporation or person or persons engaged in like business to charge or receive any greater compensation in the aggregate for the transmission of any message or conversation for a shorter than for a longer distance over the same line or route in the same direction the shorter being included within the longer distance or unless specially authorized by the bureau to charge any greater compensation as a through rate than the aggregate of the intermediate rates but this shall not be construed as authorizing any such telephone or telegraph corporation person or persons engaged in like business to charge and receive as great a compensation for a shorter as for a longer distance Upon application the bureau may in special cases after investigation authorize such tlephone or telegraph corporation or person or persons engaged in like business to charge less for a longer than for a shorter distance but the order must specify and prescribe the extent to which relief from the operation of this section is given Provided That nothing in this section contained shall prohibit telephone or telegraph corporations from establishing reasonable zone systems of charges

Section 10 Every public service company shall be entitled to the full enjoyment and exercise of all and every the rights powers and privileges which it lawfully possesses or might possess at the time of the passage of this act except as herein otherwise expressly provided

The several duties rights powers and limitations of rights and powers of public service companies as enumerated in article two and this article three respectively or contained in any of the provisions of this act or the performance exercise or enforcement thereof by or in favor of or against any public service company shall in every proper case be subject to section twelve of article sixteen sections one and four of article seventeen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth and to any other applicable provisions of the Constitution of the Commonwealth or of the United States

ARTICLE IV

CONSTITUTION OF BUREAU

Section 1 For the purpose of regulating public service companies and of carrying out the provisions of this act there is hereby created and established in the Department of Internal Affairs a bureau to be known as The Public Service Bureau of Pennsylvania and in that name it shall issue its orders and certificates and may become or be made a party to legal proceedings It shall have an official seal which shall be prepared and furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth with the words "The Public Service Bureau of Pennsylvania" and such other design as the bureau may prescribe engraved thereon by which seal it shall authenticate its proceedings and of which seal the courts shall take judicial notice

Section 2 Said bureau shall have five members who shall be denominated Public Service Commissioners who shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate one of whom shall be a lawyer having had at least ten years' practical experience in the practice of law who shall be chairman of the bureau one other shall be a practical railroad man having had at least ten years' practical experience in the operation of a railroad and one other shall be a railroad employe having had at least ten years' practical experience in working on a railroad Each commissioner at the time of his appointment and qualification shall also be a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall have been a qualified elector therein for a period of at least one year next preceding his appointment and shall also be not less than thirty years of age He shall devote the whole of his time to the duties of his office

The commissioners first appointed under this act shall continue in office for the terms of four five six seven and eight years respectively from the first day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and until their respective successors shall be duly appointed and shall have qualified but their successors shall each be appointed for a term of eight years

The chairman of the bureau shall when present preside at all meetings and in his absence the member whose term shall first expire shall preside

Section 3 When a vacancy shall occur in the office of any commissioner a commissioner shall in the manner aforesaid be appointed for the residue of the term If the Senate shall not be in session when this act is approved or when any vacancy occurs the original appointments or any appointment made by the Governor to fill a vacancy shall be subject to the approval of the Senate when convened

A quorum of the bureau shall be three members who for all purposes including the making of any order or the ratification of any act done or order made by one or more of the commissioners must act unanimously

No vacancy in the bureau shall impair the right of a quorum of the commissioners to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the bureau

Section 4 Any investigation inquiry or hearing which the bureau has power to undertake or hold may be undertaken or held by or before any one of the commissioners upon condition however that such commissioner shall have been authorized by the bureau to undertake or hold such investigation inquiry or hearing All investigations inquiries or hearings before or by any such commissioner shall be and be deemed to be the investigations inquiries and hearings of the bureau Any determination ruling or order of a commissioner upon any such investigation inquiry or hearing undertaken or held by him shall not become and be effective until approved and confirmed by at least a quorum of the bureau and ordered to be filed in its office Upon such confirmation and order such determination ruling or order shall be the determination ruling or order of the bureau

Section 5 The bureau shall have a secretary to be appointed by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and to hold office at his pleasure It shall be the duty of the secretary to keep a full and true record of all the proceedings of the bureau and of all determinations rulings and orders made by the bureau or by any of the commissioners and of the approval and confirmation by the bureau of determinations rulings or orders made by individual members thereof

The secretary shall be the custodian of the records of the bureau and file and preserve at its office all books maps profiles tariffs schedules reports and documents and papers whatsoever filed with it or entrusted to its care and shall be responsible to the bureau for the same

Under the direction of the bureau the secretary shall be its chief executive officer have general charge of its office superintend its clerical business conduct its correspondence give notice of all determinations rulings and orders of the bureau prepare for service such papers and notices as may be required of him by the bureau and perform such other duties as the bureau may prescribe He shall have power and authority to administer oaths in all parts of the Commonwealth in all proceedings by or before the bureau or any commissioner and in all cases or matters appertaining to the duties of his office

The secreary shall have power to designate from time to time one of the clerks appointed by the Secretary of Internal affairs to perform the duties of the secretary during his absence and the clerk so appointed shall possess for the time designated the powers of the secretary of the bureau

The secretary shall be the disbursing officer of the bureau subject to the approval of the Secretary of Internal Affairs with respect to both requisition and expenditures and before entering upon the duties of his office he shall file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth a bond to the Commonwealth with corporate security in the sum of ten thousand dollars to be approved by the Governor conditioned for the faithful performance of his official duties

Section 6 The Secretary of Internal Affairs shall appoint two attorneys who shall be learned in the law as counsel and assistant counsel respectively for the bureau The said counsel or assistant counsel shall attend the hearings before the bureau or a commissioner conduct the examination of witnesses when requested so to do by the bureau or a commissioner represent the bureau upon appeals and other hearings in the courts of common pleas and in the Superior and Supreme Courts or other courts of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or in any Federal court and in actions instituted to recover penalties and to enforce orders of the bureau Said counsel and assistant counsel shall also assist the Attorney General in conducting all mandamus injunction and quo warranto proceedings at law or in equity instituted by him for the enforcement of the determinations rulings and orders of the bureau and shall perform such other professional duties as may be required of them or either of them by the bureau

Section 7 The Secretary of Internal Affairs shall appoint a marshall to serve during his pleasure He shall attend the hearings of the bureau preserve order thereat superintend the serving of subpoenas orders of the bureau and such other papers as the bureau may direct make such reports and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the bureau

Section 8 The Secretary of Internal Affairs shall appoint an investigator of accidents whose duty it shall be to have charge of the investigation of and to investigate subject to the orders and direction of the bureau the cause of any accident in or about or in connection with the operation of the property facilities or service of any public service company wherein any person shall have been killed or injured or property shall have been destroyed or injured which may be assigned to him for investigation by the bureau or of the happening of which he may by due diligence obtain knowledge and to make a full and complete report thereon to the bureau and also to report to the bureau whether any public service company has failed to perform the duties prescribed by article two section one (X) of this act with relation to accidents of the happening of which in the exercise of due diligence he may obtain knowledge and also to collate and tabulate all data statistics and other pertinent information for the use of the bureau obtained by him as the result of such investigations and to make an annual report of such investigations to the bureau with recommendations as to means or methods whereby such accidents may be averted and to perform all such other duties concerning said accidents as to the bureau may seem advisable for the promotion of the safety of patrons and employes of public service companies and of the safety and welfare of the public Such reports statistics data or information shall not be upen for public inspection except by order of the bureau and shall not be admitted in evidence for any purpose in any suit for damages growing out of any matter or thing mentioned therein

Section 9 The bureau shall have power to employ during its pleasure and at such rates of compensation as it may determine subject to the approval of the Secretary of Internal Affairs such officers experts engineers statisticans accountants inspectors clerks and employes as it may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this act or to perform the duties and exercise the powers conferred upon the bureau

Section 10 Each of the commissioners shall receive an annual salary of six thousand dollars except the chairman who shall receive an annual salary of six thousand five hundred dollars

The secretary shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars

The counsel for the bureau shall receive an annual salary of four thousand dollars

The assistant counsel for the bureau shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars

The marshall shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars

The investigator of accidents shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars

The salaries hereinbefore mentioned and the salaries of all other officers agents appointees and employees of the bureau shall be payable monthly

Each member of the bureau its secertary attorneys marshal and investigator of accidents and other officers agents employees and appointees shall be paid in addition to their stipulated salary or compensation the railroad fare board lodging and other traveling expenses necessarily and actually incurred by each of them in the performance of the duties required by this act or performed by direction of the bureau

Section 11 The salaries when properly certified by the secretary of the bureau shall be audited by the Auditor General and when audited and allowed shall be paid out of moneys specifically appropriated for that purpose by warrants drawn therefor by the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer

All disbursements of such a nature as to make it impracticable for the bureau to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expenses shall be paid out of money specifically appropriated for that purpose in the manner provided by an act entitled "An Act prescribing the method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to the departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State government" approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

The moneys necessary to carry this act into effect shall be appropriated to the bureau biennially as an item in the general appropriation bill

Section 12 No person shall be appointed a member of the bureau or hold any place position or office under it who occupies any relation to any public service company doing business in this Commonwealth or who holds any other appointive or elective office of the Commonwealth or any municipality thereof No commissioner shall during his term be a candidate for any such office

No Commissioner and no employee appointee or official engaged in the service of or in any manner connected with said bureau shall hold any office or position or be engaged in any business employment or vocation the duties of which are incompatible with the duties of his office or employment as commissioner or in the service or in connection with the work of the bureau No commissioner shall participate in any hearing or proceeding in which he has any direct or indirect pecuniary interest Every commissioner the said secretary attorneys marshal and investigator of accidents and every individual employed or appointed to office under in the service of or in connection with the work of the bureau is hereby forbidden to solicit suggest request or recommend directly or indirectly to any public service company or to any officer attorney agent or employee thereof the appointment of any individual to any office place or position in or the employment of any individual in any capacity by said public service company.

Section 13 Every public service company and every officer attorney agent or employee thereof is hereby forbidden to offer to any commissioner the said secretary attorneys marshal or investigator of accidents or to any person appointed or employed by the bureau any office place appointment or position or to offer to give any commissioner the said secretary attorneys marshal or investigator of accidents or to any person employed in the service of the bureau or in connection with the work of the bureau any free pass or transportation or any reduction in fares to which the public generally is not entitled or any free carriage of property or any present gift or gratuity money or valuable thing of any kind

Section 14 If the secretary marshal or investigator of accidents or any person employed or appointed in the service of the bureau shall violate any provision of tnis act the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall forthwith remove him from the office or employment held by him

Section 15 Each commissioner the said secretary attorneys marshal and investigator of accidents shall qualify before entering upon the duties of their respective offices or appointments by taking and subscribing before the Secretary of the Commonwealth the oath prescribed by article seven of the Constitution of this Commonwealth

Section 16 The bureau or a quorum thereof shall hold stated meetings at least twice a month during the year at its office and may hold meetings at any time and at any place within this Commonwealth

Section 17 The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall upon requisition of the secretary of the bureau furnish the bureau with such books stationery furniture and supplies as may be needed properly to conduct the affairs of the bureau

The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the bureau or the proper preservation of books documents and papers filed with the bureau shall be done by the State Printer upon the order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the secretary of the bureau

Section 18 The office of the bureau at Harrisburg shall be open for business between the hours of nine ante meridian and five post meridian every business day in the year and one or more responsible persons to be designated by the bureau or by the secreary under the direction of the bureau shall be on duty at all times in immediate charge thereof

ARTICLE V

Powers and Duties of Bureau

Section 1 The bureau shall have general administrative power and authority as provided in this act to supervise and regulate all public service companies doing business within this Commonwealth

Said power and authority shall include the power to inquire into and regulate the service rates fares tolls or charges of any and all public service companies including individual and joint rates the charges for long and short transmission of messages and conversations by telegraph and telephone companies the making of repairs alterations and improvements in and to such service as shall be reasonably necessary for the accommodation or safety of its patrons employees and the public the granting of transfers to or from one part of the system of the same common carrier to another part the routing of the lines of street railways under the provisions of the act entitled "An Act authorizing traction or motor power companies and street passenger railway companies owning leasing controlling or operating different lines of street railways to operate all of said lines as a general system and to lay out such new routes or circuits over the whole or any part of any street or streets occupied by such different companies and to run cars thereon for such distances and in such directions as will in the opinion of the operating company best accommodate public travel" approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) or otherwise the just and equitable distribution of trains cars vehicles and motive power or other facilities of all common carriers the granting construction operation or discontinuance of switches sidings and crossings the construction operation or diccontinuance of switch connections with or between lines of railroad corporations the location or abolition of freight and passenger stations wharves docks or piers the use and compensation for cars owned or controlled by persons other than the carrier the safety adequacy and sufficiency of the facilities plant and equipment for the carrying on of their business by said public service companies the quantity or quality of water gas electricity or light heat or power supplied and as specifically provided in this act the issuing of stocks trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness of other securities by public service companies

Section 2 Whenever the bureau shall determine after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint as hereinafter provided that the service facilities rules regulations practices or classifications of any public service company in respect to or in connection with or employed by or in the performance of its public duties within this Commonwealth are unsafe inadequate insufficient unjust or unreasoanble the bureau shall determine and specify by an order in writing to be made and filed as hereinafter provided and to be served upon every public service company to be affected thereby the just reasonable safe adequate and sufficient service facilities rules regulations or practices thereafter to be put in force observed rendered used or furnished in the performance of its public duties by said public service company or companies and there upon it shall be the duty of every public service company affected by said order to observe and obey said order and all and every the mandates and requirements thereof

Section 3 Whenever the bureau shall determine after hearing had upon it own motion or upon complaint that the rates fares tolls or charges established demanded exacted charged or collected by any public service company or companies for any service rendered or furnished are unjust or unreasonable or inadequate or are unjustly discriminatory or unduly or unreasonably preferential or that the facilities or service furnished or rendered by any public service company or companies are unjustly discriminatory or unduly unreasonably preferential in favor of or against any particular person corporation locality or any particular kind of description of traffic or service—then the bureau shall determine and prescribe by a specific order the maximum just due equal and reasonable rates fares tolls and charges to be thereafter established demanded exacted charged or collected for the service to be performed and the just due equal reasonable and proper regulations and practices as affecting such rates to be observed by the public service company and the bureau may classify such rates The said order shall be served as hereinafter provided upon all public service companies by which such rates fares tolls and charges and such regulations and practices affecting the same are thereafter to be charged and observed The power to fix minimum rates or charges shall include the power to fix joint rates or charges where joint service is rendered by two or more public service companies or where other public service companies may be interested in the rate or charge Provided That the right of appeal is hereby given as provided in section one article three of this act

Section 4 Whenever the bureau receives notice of any change proposed in any tariff or schedule filed or posted under the provisions of this act it shall have power either upon complaint or upon its own motion and if it so orders without answer or other formal pleading by the interested public service company after notice to hold a public hearing and make investigations as to the propriety of such proposed change and of the new rate practice of classification After such hearing and investigation whether completed before or after such change goes into effect the buseau may make such order in reference to the new rate practice and classification as would be proper in a proceeding initiated after the same had become effective At any such hearing involving any proposed increase in any rate the burden of proof to show that such increased rate is just and reasonable shall be upon the public service company

The bureau shall have power in its discretion and for good cause shown to permit changes in the tariffs or schedules filed and publised upon less than the thirty days' notice specified in article two section one (g) of this act or upon other conditions which shall be just and reasonable

The bureau shall also have power in its discretion where any notice of increase in any rates fares tolls or charges of a public service company has been filed to require by general rule or special order that such company shall furnish to its shippers consumers or other patrons a certificate or other evidence of payments made by them in excess of the prior established rate

Section 5 If after hearing upon complaint or upon its own motion the bureau shall determine that any rates which have been collected or any acts which have been done or omitted to be done or any regulations classifications or practices which have been enforced for or in relation to any service rendered after this act becomes effective by any public service company complained of were in violation of any order of the bureau or were unjust and unreasonable or unjustly discriminatory or unduly or unreasonably preferential or in like manner shall find that the rates so collected are in excess of the rates contained in the tariffs or schedules of any such public service company on file or posted and in effect and applicable at any time the said service was rendered—the bureau shall upon petition have the power and authority to make an order for reparation awarding and directing the payment to any such complainant petitioner within a reasonable time specified in the order of the amount of damages sustained in consequence of said unjust unreasonable or unlawful collection acts or commissions regulations classifications or practices of such public service company

The bureau shall state in said order the exact amount to be paid as well as its findings upon pertinent questions of fact

If the public service company does not comply with the aforesaid order for the payment of money within the time fixed therein the person named therein to whom such payment is directed to be made may sue therefor in any court of common pleas of this Commonwealth and said order made by the bureau shall be prima facia evidence of the facts therein stated and that the amount awarded is justly due the plaintiff in such suit and the defendant public service company shall not be permitted to avail itself of the denfense that the service was in fact rendered to the plaintiff at the rate contained in its tariffs or schedules in force at the time payment was made and received

No reparation as herein provided shall be awarded by the bureau unless the complaint or petition shall have been filed with it within two years from the time when the cause of action accrued A suit for the enforcement of an order directing such payment shall be filed in the said court of common pleas within one year from the date of the order and not after

Section 6 In the case of any street railway corporation or incline plane corporation the bureau may also wheneven it may deem it necessary or proper for the accommodation convenience or safety of the public in the conveyance of passengers after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint require such street railway corporations or incline plane corporations to transfer such passengers to or from another part of the system of the said street railway corporation or incline plane corporation and to this end and object to make proper and convenient arrangement or adjustment of the time schedules of said street railway corporation or incline plane corporation and also to make such proper and convenient adjustment of its time schedules with those of other contiguous or connecting street railway corporations or incline plane corporations as the bureau shall deem necessary or proper for the accommodation convenience and safety of the public

Section 7 The bureau shall have power to require railroad corporations and street railway corporations to construct and maintain such switch or other connections with or between the lines of other companies of the same character as are reasonably practicable and as the bureau shall deem necessary and proper for the service accommodation and convenience of the public and shall also have power to establish through routes and joint rates and classifications for the conveyance of persons and property between any two or more points within this Commonwealth whenever the railroad corporations concerned shall have refused or neglected voluntarily to establish such through routes and joint rates and classifications and to prescribe the just terms and conditions under which said through routes shall be operated Provided That in establishing such through routes the bureau shall not require any railroad company without its consent to embrace in such route substantially less than the entire length of its railroad and of any intermediate railroad operated in conjunction and under a common management or control therewith which lies between the termini of such proposed through route unless to do so would make such through route unreasonably long as compared with another practicable through route which would otherwise be established

The bureau shall in case of failure of the railroad corporations or street railway corporations concerned to agree among themselves upon the division of the cost of construction maintenance and operation of the connections thus provided for or the allowance to be made for the interchange of service or the apportionment of any joint rates ascertain and by order prescribe and fix the equitable and just apportionment and division of the same

Nothing in this section shall give the bureau power over street railway corporations engaged in the business of carrying passengers but not engaged in the general business of transporting freight and which do not generally solicit the transportation of freight as a main branch of their business

Section 8 In the case of a telegraph corporation or person engaged in the public telegraph business the bureau may also whenever it may determine it to be necessary or proper for the accommodation or convenience of the public so to do after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint require any such telegraph corporation or person to permit any other such telegraph corporation or person engaged in the public telegraph business to connect its or his lines of telegraph with the lines of telegraph of such first name telegraph corporation or person and interchangeably to receive dispatches from and for each other and from and for any individual or individuals and on payment of its or his usual charges to individuals for transmitting dispatches as established by the rates and regulations of such telegraph corporation or person or by the bureau as hereinafter provided to transmit such dispatches with impartiality and good faith

Section 9 Whenever the bureau shall find that there are any two or more telephone companies whose lines form a continuous line of communication or could be made to do so by the construction and maintenance of suitable connections between the several lines at common points for the transmission of conversations between different localities which are not reached by the lines of either company alone and that such connections and facilities for the through transmission of conversations jointly over the several lines can reasonably be made and an efficient service can be obtained without injustice to either company and wihout substantial impairment or detriment to the service to be rendered by either company and that a public necessity exists therefor or find that any two or more telephone companies have failed to establish just and reasonable joint rates or charges for through service by or over their several lines so connected and that such joint rates or charges ought to be established in order to supply a through traffic and communication between different localities not otherwise provided for or proffered by the companieis in question of either of them the bureau may by its order require that such connection be made and facilities supplied and that through conversations be transmitted thereby and may prescribe the through line and joint rates and charges to be made and to be used and in force in the future and shall appoint or approve necessary and proper conditions rules and regulations for the joint through traffic and an equitable apportionment between the several companies of the costs and revenues in connection therewith and the bureau may fix the same by its order to be duly served upon the company or companies affected

Section 10 Where the public service companies entitled to share in any joint rate or charge shall be unable to agree upon the division thereof or shall make any unjust unreasonable or unduly discriminatory or preferential division or apportionment thereof the bureau may after hearing upon its own motion or upon complaint fix the proportion to which every such public service company shall be entitled

Section 11 The bureau may investigate the rates or inter-State traffic facilities or service of common carriers within this Commonwealth and when such rates facilities or service are in the determination of the bureau unjust unreasonable or unjustly discriminatory or unduly or unreasonably preferential or in violation of the interstate commerce law or in conflict with the rulings orders or regulations of the Interstate Commerce Commission the bureau may apply by petition to the said Interstate Commerce Commission for relief or may present to the said Interstate Commerce Commission all facts coming to its knowledge as to the violation of the rules orders or regulations of that commission or as to the violation of the interstate commerce law

Section 12 Except in cases in which grade crossings are in process of abolition at the time of the passage of this act under agreement or contract with a municipality as set forth in the proviso of section five or article three of this act the bureau shall have power to subject to the right of appeal to the courts of common pleas of the proper county to determine order and prescribe in accordance with plans and specifications to be approved by it the just and reasonable manner including the particular point of crossing in which the tracks or other facilities of any public service company may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other public service company at grade or above or below grade or at the same or different levels or in which the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any other railroad corporation or other street raiway corporation or across any public highway at grade or above or below grade or in which any public highway may be constructed across the tracks or other facilities of any railroad corporation or street railway corporation at grade or above or below grade and to determine order and prescribe the terms and conditions of installation and operation maintenance and protection of all such crossings which may now or hereafter be constructed including the stationing of watchmen thereat or the installation and regulation of lights block or other system of signaling safety appliances devices or such other means or instrumentalities as may to the bureau appear reasonable and necessary to the end intent and purpose that accidents may be prevented and the safety of the public promoted No such crossing shall be constructed without the approval of the bureau evidenced by its "Certificate of Public Convenience" as provided in section five of article three of this act It shall be proper however for the bureau by general rule or order whenever the same can be properly regulated by suitable general rule to prescribe the terms and conditions under which such crossing may be constructed operated maintained or protected without the particular approval of the bureau

The bureau shall also have power subject to the approval of the court of common pleas of the proper county upon its own motion or complaint and after hearing as hereinafter provided (of which all the parties in interest including the owners of adjacent property shall have due notice) to order any crossing aforesaid now existing or hereafter constructed at grade or at the same or different levels to be relocated or altered or to be abolished according to plans and specifications to be approved and upon just and reasonable terms and conditions to be prescribed by the bureau

The compensation for damages which the owners of adjacent property taken injured or destroyed may sustain in the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any such crossing specified in this section (for which compensation the said owners are hereby invested with warrant of authority upon appeal from the determination of the bureau to sue the Commonwealth) shall after due notice and hearing be ascertained and determined by the bureau and such compensation as well as the expense of the said construction relocation alterationor abolition of any such crossing shall be bourne and paid as hereinafter provided by the public service company or companies or municipal corporations concerned or by the Commonwealth either severally or in such proper proportions as the bureau may after due notice and hearing in due course determine which award or decision of the bureau shall be final unless appeal therefrom be taken to the court of common pleas of the county wherein said crossing is located within thirty days from the filing of said award or decision

In prescribing the terms and conditions upon which any such crossing may be constructed or relocated or altered or abolished and the proportionate contributions to the expense thereof including the damages or compensation to the owners of adjacent property as aforesaid among other things taken into consideration the relative importance to the public of the services rendered by the public service companies concerned as well as the priority of location shall be considered Provided That where any portion of the cost and expenses thereof shall have been or shall be borne in the future by the Commonwealth or any municipal corporation such portion shall not be taken into account by the bureau in fixing any valuation for any purpose under any of the provisions of this act And provided further That where the order of the bureau shall as part of the regulation of the construction relocation alteration of abolition of any crossing aforesaid require as incidental thereto a relocation changes in or the removal of any adjacent structures equipment or other facilities of any telegraph telephone gas electric light water-power water pipe-line or other public service company said company shall at its own expense relocate change or remove such structures equipment or other facilities in conformity with the order of the bureau and in default of compliance with such order the bureau shall cause the work and materials to be done and furnished in accordance with the said order and may recover the cost and expense thereof from the said public service company

Before the bureau shall make final order relative to the construction relocation alteration or abolition of any crossing involving any public highway or street an effort shall be made by the bureau to reach an agreement with the proper officials of the municipal corporations concerned determining the plans and specifications governing such crossings and in default of such agreement the bureau shall exercise the power vested in it under this section and shall determine and adopt the complete plans and specifications and locate all lines and grades in said public highways and streets subject to the approval of the court of common pleas of the county wherein said crossings are located and may permit the public service company or companies or the municipal corporation to do the whole or any portion of the work in accordance therewith otherwise the bureau shall do the work by contract or contracts to be awarded after due advertisements to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with the said plans and specifications

The said contractor shall be authorized in the name of the bureau to collect by due process of law from the public service company or companies or the said municipal corporations or from the Commonwealth either severally or proportionately as may be determined by the court the amount which may be justly due him under the terms of his said contract with the bureau and any amount so determined to be paid the said contractor by the Commonwealth as well as the amount of damages or compensation determined and awarded to be paid the owners of adjacent property as aforesoaid shall in each instance be paid by the State Treasurer on a warrant drawn by the Auditor General upon the presentation to that officer of a statement setting forth the amount determined to be paid as aforesaid duly certified by the bureau said payments to be paid out of any funds specifically appropriated for the improvement of the roads or highways of the Commonwealth and in case of a verdict and judgment thereon for the damages or compensation recorded by any such adjacent property owners upon appeal the same shall be paid out of any funds appropriated as aforesaid and any court of common pleas hearing and determining said appeal is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a writ of madamus to said bureau the Auditor General and the State Treasurer or any of them as the case may require for the payment of such judgment

The bureau shall have the right to recover for and on behalf of the Commonwealth by due process of law as debts of like amount are now by law recoverable from the public service company or companies or municipal corporations in such amounts or proportions against each as may be determined by the court as aforesaid the amount of the damages or compensation awarded to the owners of adjacent property by the bureau or by the court of the proper county on appeal and the amounts so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury for the improvement of the roads of the Commonwealth Provided That all appeals or exceptions taken or filed from the determinaation and decision of the bureau shall follow the procedure governing appeals and exceptions to viewers reports in street improvement cases unless otherwise herein provided

Section 13 The bureau may after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint establish such standards of facilities and service of public service companies as shall be reasonably necessary for the safety accommodation or convenience of its patrons employes and the public and require by an order to be served in the manner hereinafter provided upon every public service company affected thereby the facilities of service of such public service companies to conform to such standards The bureau shall also have power after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint to require public service companies to make all such repairs changes alterations additions extensions and improvements in and about their facilities and service as shall be reasonably necessary and proper for the safety accommodation convenience and service of their patrons employes and the public

Section 14 The bureau shall have power of its own motion or upon complaint to institute any inquiry or investigation and to determine upon hearing or rehearing had for that purpose whether any public service company has after the date when this act shall become effective issued or made any increase in the issue of any stocks trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities whether such bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities be payable at periods of more or less than twelve months in violation of any of the provisions or requirements of this act and if so to determine and find the nature and extent of such violation and subject to the provisions for rehearing and appeal shall certify the record of such hearing and finding to the Attorney General to institute in the name of the Commonwealth such proceedings in equity or law civil or criminal as shall be necessary or proper to enforce the provisions of this act and to restrain and prevent such public service company from consummating or continuing any act or acts alleged to have been done or to be contemplated in violation of the provisions or requirements of this act or of the laws or Constitution of the Commonwealth

Section 15 The bureau may and shall after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint establish by an order to be served as hereinafter provided upon every public service company affected thereby a system of accounts to be used by such public service companies and may also in its discretion prescribe the manner and form in which accounts records and memoranda shall be kept by public service companies including the accounts records and memoranda of the conveyance of passengers and property and a proper and reasonable depreciation account as well as the receipts and expenditures of money And the bureau may classify public service companies and prescribe the system of accounts to be adopted and used by each class and may prescribe the manner and form in which such accounts shall be kept and may subdivide each class according to the volume of business transacted or otherwise And the bureau shall have power upon application to relieve any public service company from the duty of carrying a depreciation account

The bureau may and shall after hearing had as aforesaid prescribe the accounts in which particular outlays and receipts shall be entered charged or credited

The bureau may also after hearing as aforesaid require that no expenditures shall be charged to any operating account that should properly be charged to the capital account or vice versa and require that all and every the receipts and expenditures of public service companies be properly apportioned among the various accounts which it may establish

The bureau shall at all times have access to all accounts records and memoranda kept by public service companies and may designate any of its officers or employes who shall thereupon have authority to inspect and examine any and all accounts records and memoranda kept by such public service companies The bureau shall also have power to require the making and filing with it of all report records maps documents data and information whenever it deems the same necessary and proper in the public interest or to carry out the provisions of this act Provided That where any municipal corporation is engaged in rendering or furnishing to the public any service of the kind or character rendered or furnished by public service companies the provisions of this section shall apply to said municipal corporation with respect to such service And provided further That in case of any public service company subject to the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission the system of accounts records and memoranda prescribed by the bureau shall conform to those prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission

Section 16 The bureau shall have power to prescribe the form of the tariffs and schedules required to be filed and posted and published by public service companies under this act and the rules and regulations as to the filing posting and publishing and the manner and places of posting and publishing thereof in the case of public service companies also subject to the Interstate Commerce Commission shall conform as nearly as practicable to those prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission

Section 17 If the bureau shall find it necessary and proper to the rendering of reasonablely safe and adequate or sufficient service it may and shall after hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint make an order to be served as hereinafter provided upon every common carrier to be affected thereby requiring all such common carriers to revise and change the time schedules of such common carriers to alter the running time of trains cars vehicles or boats or changes in the routes of street railway lines or systems or regulating or requiring the furnishing and distribution of cars trains vehicles boats motive power or other facilities without undue or unreasonable discrimination or preference between shippers localities or competitive or non-competitive points and the switching loading and unloading of said trains cars vehicles boats or other facilities the weighing or billing of cars and of property offered for shipment or regulating demurrage charges track-storage charges package-room or baggage-room charges and package or baggage transfer rates and charges and generally to make such other arrangements and improvements in service and facilities as shall be just and reasonable having due regard to the needs of the public under all the circumstances presented

Section 18 When application shall be made to the bureau by any public service company for the approval by said bureau of the sale assignment transfer lease consolidation or merger of any of its powers franchises or privileges with any other corporation or person or when application shall be made to the bureau by any public service company for the approval by the bureau of the purchase acquisition taking or holding either in absolute ownership or in pledge or as collateral security directly or indirectly of any controlling right title or interest legal or equitable to or in the capital stock trust certificates bonds or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities or other controlling right title or interest whatsoever in any other public service company or when application shall be made to the bureau by any telegraph corporation or person or persons engaged in the public telegraph business for the approval by the bureau of the connection of its or his lines of telegraph with the lines of any other such telegraph corporation or person engaged in the public telegraph business or when application shall be made to the bureau by any telephone corporation or person engaged in the public telephone business to connect use and interchange its or his lines facilities and service with the lines facilities and service of any other such telephone corporation or person engaged in the public telephone business and for the determination by the bureau of the just compensation terms and conditions of such connection use and interchange or when application shall be made to the bureau for the approval of the construction alteration relocation or abolition of any crossing at grade or above or below grade or when application shall be made to the bureau by any public service company for any approval under any of the provisions of this act such approval in each and every such case or kind of application shall be given only if and when the said bureau shall find or determine that the granting or approval of such application is necessary or proper for the service accommodation convenience or safety of the public

Section 19 For the purpose of enabling the bureau to make such finding or determination it shall hold such hearings which shall be public and subpoena and examine such witnesses and compel the production of and examine such books papers contracts or other documents and make such inquiries physical examinations valuations and investigations as it may deem necessary or proper in enabling it to reach a determination Due notice of every such hearing shall be given and in every case the bureau shall make a finding or determination in writing stating whether or not its approval is given and if given shall issue its certificate to be known as its certificate of publice convenience under its seal and file among its records a duplicate of every such certifficate

Section 20 (a) The bureau shall have power upon application or upon its own motion to ascertain and determine the fair value of the property of every public service company in this Commonwealth and to determine any matter in connection therewith and shall exercise the said power whenever the same is required or whenever it shall deem such valuation or determination necessary or proper under any of the provisions of this act

In ascertaining and determining such fair value the bureau may determine every fact matter or thing which in its judgment does or may have any bearing on such value and may take into consideration among other things the original cost of construction particularly with reference to the amount expended in the existing and useful permanent improvements with such consideration for the amount in market value of its bonds and stocks the brobable earning capacity of the property under particular rates prescribed by statute or ordinance or other municipal contract or fixed or proposed by the bureau and for the items of expenditures for obsolete equipment and construction as the circumstances and the historical development of the enterprise may warrant the reproduction costs of the property based upon the fair average price of materials property and labor and the development and going concern value of such public service company and these and any other elements of value shall be given such weight by the bureau as may be just and right in eact case

(b) The bureau shall also have power to make revaluations of the property of any public service company from time to time and to ascertain and determine the value of new construction extensions and additions to the same

(c) The bureau shall have power to establish reasonable general or special rules with respect to the preparation of such valuations the forms to be followed the inventories and statements and proofs of original cost to be made and all other matters figures data and information in connection therewith

Section 21 When application shall be made to the bureau by any public service company for the ascertainment and determination of the amount paid or agreed to be paid to the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof as the consideration for the grant of any franchises rights powers privileges or right to own or operate or enjoy any such franchises rights powers or privileges or for the ascertainment and determination of the agrregate values of the properties of any public service companies consolidated or merged or for the ascertainment and determination of the value of the property of any public service company reorganized under the provisions of an act of Assembly approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one entitled "An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads" or any supplement thereto or amendment thereof or for a certificate that the provisions of paragraph (a) of section four of article three of this act relating to the issuing of stocks or making any increase in the issue thereof by public service companies have been complied with or for the ascertainment and determination of the value of any property or labor for which any bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness running for more than twelve months are issued or for the ascertainment and determination of the value of any other fact matter or thing of which the bureau is authorized to ascertain and determine the value under the terms of this act—then and in every such case for the purpose of making such ascertainment or determination of value the bureau shall hold such hearings which shall be public and subpoena and evamine such witnesses and compel the production of and examine such books papers or other documents and make such inspection inquiries physical examinations valuations and investigations as it may deem necessary or proper to enable it to reach a determination Due notice of every such public hearing shall be given and in every such case the bureau shall make a finding or determination in writing stating the value ascertained by the bureau and shall issue its certificate to be known as its certificate of valuation under its seal and file among its papers a duplicate of every such certificate Any such findings or determinations shall be subject to the right or rehearing and appeal as hereinafter provided

The issuing by the bureau of any certificate of public convenience or any certificate of valuation enumerated or provided for in this act or any finding determination or order made by the bureau refusing or granting such certificates shall not be construed to revive or validate any lapsed terminated invalidated or void powers franchises rights or privileges or to enlarge or add to the rights powers franchises or privileges contained in any charter or in the grant of any franchises or any supplement or amendment to any charter or to waive or remit any forfeiture The issuing by the bureau of any certificate of valuation enumerated or provided for in this act shall be deemed to certify only to the fact that said securities were issued for money labor done or money or property actually received and shall not be taken as requiring the bureau in any subsequent valuation of the property of any public service company for the purpose of ascertaining the amount to be paid to said public service company for its property to fix a valuation which shall be sufficient to yield a return to the holders of said securities neither shall said certificate of valuation be deemed to require the bureau in subsequently determining the rates to be charged for the service of said public service company to provide a rate which shall be sufficient to yield a return on said securities

Section 22 The bureau shall have full power and authority to require public service companies to report or account to the bureau for the disposition and application of the proceeds of all sales or pledges of all stocks trust certificates bonds notes and other evidences of indebtedness or other securities which accounts and reports shall be made in such form and detail as to the bureau may seem advisable and in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations which may be adopted by the bureau

Section 23 The bureau shall have full power and authority either by or through its members agents or employes duly authorized by it whenever it shall deem it necessary or proper for the purposes of determining whether it shall issue any certificate of public convenience or certificate of valuation or for the purpose of investigating the safety adequacy and sufficiency or reasonableness of any service or rates fares or charges of any public service company or in carrying out any of the provisions of this act to enter upon the premises buildings machinery system plant and equipment and make any inspection valuation physical examination inquiry or investigation of any and all plant and equipment facilities property and pertinent books papers memeoranda documents or effects whatsoever of any public service company and to hold any hearing for such purposes In making such valuations or revaluations the bureau may have access to and use any books documents or records in the possession of any department or board of the Commonwealth or any political sub-division thereof

Section 24 The bureau shall as a bureau or by its individual members have the power in any part of the Commonwealth to subpoena witnesses to administer oaths to examine witnesses or to take such testimony or compel the production of such books papers and documents as it may deem necessary or proper in and pertinent to any proceeding investigation or hearing held or had by it and to do all necessary and proper things and acts in the lawful exercise of its powers or the performance of its duties

Section 25 The bureau may require every public service company subject to its jurisdiction to file with it a copy of its reports as filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission of the United States and as to all public service companies subject to this act and not subject to the Interstate Commerce Commission may require that such public service companies file reports in the form prescribed by the bureau

Section 26 The bureau may make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the law as may be necessary or proper in the exercise of its powers or for the performance of its duties

Section 27 In addition to the foregoing expressly enumerated powers the bureau shall have full power and authority and it shall be its duty to enforce execute and carry out by its orders rulings regulations or otherwise all and singular the provisions of articles two and three of this act relating respectively to the duties and limitations and to the creation and the powers and limitations of the powers of public service companies and all and singular the other provisions of this act and the full intent thereof and shall have the power to rescind or modify any such orders rulings or regulations

Section 28 The enumeration of the powers of the bureau as herein set forth shall not exclude any power which the bureau would otherwise have under any of the provisions of this act

Section 29 Except as herein otherwise expressly provided none of the powers or duties conferred or imposed by this act upon the bureau and none of the orders regulations rules or certificates made or issued by the bureau and none of the duties powers or limitations of the powers conferred or imposed by this act upon public service companies or the performance or exercise thereof shall be construed in anywise to abridge or impair any of the obligations duties or liabilities of any public service company in equity or under the existing common or statutory law of the Commonwealth but all such obligations duties and liabilities shall be and remain as heretofore And except as herein otherwise provided nothing in this act contained shall in any way abridge or alter the existing rights of actions or remedies in equity or under the sommon or statutory law of the Commonwealth it being the intention that the provisions of this act shall be cumulative and in addition to such rights of action and remedies

ARTICLE VI

Practice and Procedure Before the Bureau and Upon Appeal

Section 1 All hearings before the bureau or before any commissioner shall be public and all hearings investigations and proceedings by the bureau shall be governed by such rules not inconsistent with this act as shall be adopted and prescribed by the bureau No individual shall be excused from testifying or from producing any books papers documents or other evidence in any investigation or inquiry by or upon any hearing before the bureau or any commissioner when ordered to do so by the bureau or such commissioner upon the ground or for the reason that the testimony books papers documents or other evidence required of him may tend to criminate him or subject him to penalty or forfeiture But no individual shall be prosecuted punished or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he shall testify or produce books papers documents or other evidence No individual so testifying shall however be exempt from prosecution or punishment for any perjury committed in so testifying and nothing herein contained shall give or shall be construed as in any manner giving unto any individual immunity of any kind from the law except as herein expressly provided or as giving unto any corporation immunity of any kind from the law Any person who shall wilfully and corruptly give any false testimony under oath or affirmation in any hearing investigation or proceeding before or by the bureau or any commissioner or before any notary public or other person authorized by the provisions of this act to take such testimony shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding one year either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 2 The bureau may require copies of books papers or abstracts therefor to be sent to it in any part of the Commonwealth in all cases in which it would have the right to examine the originals or compel their production before it All subpoenas issued by the bureau shall be under its seal and shall be signed by a commissioner or by the secretary and may be served by any adult in any part of this Commonwealth

Each witness required to attend before the bureau or a commissioner shall receive for each day's attendance the sum of one dollar and fifty cents and shall receive in addition the sum of three cents for each mile circular traveled by such witness by the usual route between his home and the place where his presence is required

All disbursements made in the payment of such fees shall be included in and paid in the same manner as is provided for the payment of other expenses of the bureau

The fees for serving a subpoena shall be the same as those paid the sheriff for similar services The fees expenses and costs of or in connection with any hearing may be imposed by the bureau upon any party to the record or may be divided between any or all parties to the record in such proportions as the bureau may determine

Section 3 If any individual who shall be subpoenaed to attend before the bureau or a commission shall fail to obey the command of such subpoena or if any individual in attendance before the bureau or a commission shall refuse to be sworn or to be examined or to answer any relevant question or to produce any relevant book paper or document when ordered so to do by the bureau a commissioner the bureau or commissioner may invoke the aid of any court of common pleas within this Commonwealth to enforce such attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books papers and documents and such court on due cause shown shall issue an order requiring any person to appear before said bureau or commissioner and produce books papers and other documents if so ordered and give testimony touching the matter in question and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by said court as contempt thereof in the same manner as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from such courts or a refusal to testify or produce evidence therein

Section 4 If such person be an officer director or employee of a public service company being a party to the proceeding before the bureau or commissioner or if any person being an officer director or employe of such public service company shall absent himself from the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth or conceal himself for the purpose of avoiding service of a subpoena or shall remove relevant books papers or other documents out of this Commonwealth for the purpose of preventing their examination by the bureau or shall destroy or conceal any such books papers or other documents for such purpose he shall be adjudged guilty of contempt and the said court of common pleas may impose a fine not less than one hundred dollars for each day during the continuance of such refusal neglect concealment or removal and if the said court shall find that the neglect refusal or concealment or the removal or destruction of books papers or other documents by such witness has been occasioned by the advice or consent of such public service company or in anywise aided or abetted by it then in default of payment of said fine by the person in contempt the same shall be paid by said public service company and may be recovered from it by an action in the name of the Commonwealth in the said court of common pleas as other like fines and penalties are now by law recoverable Imprisonment for contempt shall be by commitment to the county jail of the county in which such hearing is had

Section 5 The testimony of any aged infirm going or non-resident witness may be taken before any commissioner at any time or place upon not less than forty-eight hours' notice or before any notary public or other person authorized by the laws of this Commonwealth or by any general or special rule of the bureau

Section 6 Any person or corporation public service company or municipality complaining or anything done or about to be done omitted or about to be omitted by any public service company in violation of any of the requirements or provisions of this act or of any lawful determination or ruling or order of the bureau may apply to the bureau by petition duly verified sideration of the complaint and answer or otherwise that concise statement of all the material facts upon which the complaint is founded Said petition shall be filed of record with the bureau whereupon a copy of the petition thus presented and filed shall forthwith be forwarded by registered mail by the bureau to any officer or agent of the public service company or public service companies complained against accompanied by a notice from the bureau calling upon the public service company or public service companies complained against to satisfy the complaint or to answer the same in writing within such reasonable time as may be specified by the bureau in said notice

Section 7 If such public service company within the time specified shall satisfy the complaint the bureau shall dismiss the petition but said public service company shall be relieved from responsibility only for the specific matter complained of If such public service shall not satisfy the complaint within the time specified and it shall appear to the bureau from a consideration of the complaint and answer or otherwise that reasonable ground exists for investigating said complaint it shall be the duty of the bureau to fix a time and place for a hearing and to investigate the matter complained of in accordance with the provisions of this act Notice of the time and place of such hearing shall be given to the petitioner and to the public service company or companies complained against in such manner as the bureau may prescribe The testimony shall taken down by the stenographer appointed by the bureau and a full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings had before the bureau or any commissioner on any hearing or investigation

Section 8 The bureau may also upon its own motion and upon such notice as it may deem reasonable under the circumstances institute any similar inquiry or investigation and fix a time and place for a hearing with the same effect as though complaint had been made as aforesaid and satisfaction thereof refused

Section 9 Where the petition complains as aforesaid of any violation of any lawful determination ruling or order of the bureau (to be made as hereinafter provided) and it shall appear to the bureau that reasonable ground exists for investigating said complaint and a hearing or investigation is had upon said complaint the burden of proof shall be upon the public service company complained against to show that the determination ruling or order of the bureau has been complied with

Section 10 Whenever the bureau shall investigate any matter complained of under the provisions of this act it shall be its duty to make and file of record a written finding determination or order either dismissing the complaint or directing the public service company or companies complained against to satisfy the cause of complaint in whole or to such extent and within such time as the bureau may specify require or order No complaint shall at any time be dismissed merely because of the absence of direct damage to the complainant except in cases of petitions for an order directing the payment of damages alleged to have been actually sustained as provided in article five section five of this act

Section 11 The bureau shall likewise make and file a written finding determination or order in all hearings or investigations instituted on its own motion The bureau may also prepare and file a written opinion with and determination or order

Section 12 The bureau shall have the power to rescind or modify findings determinations or orders made under the provisions of this act upon such notice and in such manner as it shall deem proper and grant rehearing for cause shown

Section 13 Eevry final order of the bureau shall be served in any county of the Commonwealth upon each public service company affected thereby either by the marshal of the bureau or by an adult person who may be deputized by said marshal for the purpose in the manner now provided by law for serving a writ of summons upon individuals or corporations and return of said service shall be made by the person serving said order to the secretary of the bureau in the manner and form now provided by law for making return of the service of a writ of summons and a certificate copy of said order shall be mailed by registered mail to all other parties to the proceedings in which such order is issued or their respective attorneys but the failure of any public service company or of any party to the proceedings to receive such copy shall not prevent the said order from being conclusive and taking effect on the date specified therein in accordance with its terms

Section 14 After any finding determination or order shall have been made by the bureau any public service company or municipal corporation affected thereby or any party complainant in the proceedings or any person corporation or public service company or association duly permitted by the bureau on proper petition and cause shown to intervene may apply within fifteen days after the service of said order for a rehearing in respect to any matter determined by the bureau in or by its hearing or investigation and order issued therein and the bureau may grant and hold such rehearing if in its judgment sufficient cause therefor be shown All applications for rehearing shall be by petition specifically setting forth the grounds upon which such application is based

Section 15 No application for a rehearing shall in anywise operate as a supersedeas or in any manner stay or postpone the enofrcement of the original or existing order except as the bureau may by its order direct

Section 16 After such rehearing should the same be granted the bureau may affirm rescind modify or amend its original order Any order so made after such rehearing shall have the same force and effect as an original order

Section 17 Within thirty days after the filing of any finding order or determination by the bureau or after the date of service of any order unless an application for a rehearing may be pending and then within thirty days after the refusal of such application or the entry of an order modifying amending rescinding or affirming the original finding determination or order any party to the proceedings affected thereby may appeal therefrom to the court of the proper county wherein the matter appealed from arises Provided That the matter appealed from shall not be local then said appeal shall be to the common pleas of Dauphin county and Provided further That there shall be no appeal from any order reparation made by the bureau but the suit may be brought as hereinbefore provided If an appeal be made to any court the case shall be proceeded with therein in accordance with the practice and procedure made and provided in such cases In case of any appeal from the award by the bureau of damages or compensation for property taken injured or destroyed where the bureau shall have power to apportion the amount or direct the payment thereof by any public service companies or municipal corporations concerned any such public service company or municipal corporation may intervene and be heard in the trial of such appeal under such rules and regulations as the court in which the said appeal may be pending shall prescribe All appeals to the court of common pleas shall be by petition to said court setting forth specifically and concisely the error or errors assigned to the finding determination or order of the bureau which petition shall be accompanied by a copy of the original complaint if any filed with the bureau as well as a copy of the ruling determination or order of the bureau appealed from shall also be accompanied by an affidavit of the party or parties appellant or of its his her or their agent or attorney that the appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the appellant or appellants verily believe that injustice has been done Such error relied on must be specified particularly and set forth in a separate numbered paragraph of the petition

Section 18 The bureau shall be immediately notified in writing by the appellant or appellants of the taking of an appeal and within thirty days after services of such notice shall certify under its official seal to the proper court of common pleas as hereinabove provided the record of the said proceedings which record shall include the testimony taken therein the findings of fact if any of the bureau based upon such testimony a copy of all orders made by the bureau in said proceedings and a copy of the opinion if any filed by the bureau The cost of preparing and certifying such record shall be paid to the bureau by the appellant or appellants and taxed as part of the costs in the case to be paid as directed by the court upon the final determination of the appeal

Section 19 No appeal from any order of the bureau (except as hereinafter provided) shall in any case operate as a supersedeas of the order appealed from unless the aforesaid proper court of common pleas shall by an interlocutory order make said appeal a supersedeas which interlocutory order shall be made only after such notice to the bureau and other parties of record as the court may direct and after a hearing upon said application for an interlocutory order of supersedeas Upon the granting of a supersedeas upon the application of a public service company in any case (except as hereinafter provided) the court may in its discretion require the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth for the use of all parties aggrieved in such sum and conditioned as the court may by its order direct or may grant the supersedeas upon such other terms and conditions as the court in its discretion may prescribe Provided however That in all cases of appeal by a public service company from an order of the bureau establishing changing or altering or in any manner affecting the prices rates joint rates tolls or charges for any service such appeal shall operate as a supersedeas upon the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth in the said court by said public service company for the use of all parties so damaged by the failure of such company to comply with the order appealed from during the period of such supersedeas Said bond to be in such sum as shall be fixed by the court and with sureties to be approved by the court shall be conditioned for the repayment to all such aggrieved parties of any excess over the rate or charge fixed by the bureau which shall be received by such public service company after the making of such order by the bureau if the said order shall be finally affirmed and may also contain such further conditions as the court may order and direct

Section 20 Upon the petition of the bureau the said court may order the complainant or complainants in the original complaint to be added to the record as a party or parties defendant and such parties shall be permitted to join in the defense of the order of the bureau at issue

The court may also upon application by petition and cause shown permit any person or corporation to intervene in the said proceeding and be added as a party plaintiff or defendant therein

Section 21 An answer shall be filed by the bureau within thirty days after the service of notice upon it of the taking of an appeal Leave may also be given by the court to any other party to the record to file an answer Upon the filing of an answer by the bureau the case shall be considered at issue and a hearing shall be held before said court as hereinafter provided without further pleadings Copies of the petition and answer shall be served upon the opposite party or parties within five days after filing the same

Section 22 At the hearing of the appeal the said court shall upon the record certified to it by the bureau determine whether or not the order appealed from is reasonable and in conformity with law

Section 23 In all such cases the orders of the bureau shall be prima facie evidence of the reasonableness thereof and the burden of proving the contrary shall be upon the appellant or appellants and the notes of testimony taken before the bureau or any of the members thereof duly certified under its seal and filed as aforesaid as a part of the record shall be considered by the court as the testimony in the case

Section 24 If the court shall upon the record find that the order appealed from is reasonable and in conformity with law it shall enter a decree dismissing the appeal and affirming the order of the bureau If the court shall upon the record find that the order appealed from is unreasonable or based upon incompetent evidence materially affecting the determination or order of the bureau or is otherwise not in conformity with law it may enter a final decree reversing the order of the bureau or in its discretion it may remand the record to the bureau with directions to reconsider the matter and make such order as shall be reasonable and in conformity with law In case the said court shall reverse an order of the bureau dismissing a complaint after an investigation and hearing thereon before the bureau it shall remand the record and proceedings to the bureau with directions to reinstate the complaint proceed to another hearing and investigtaion and make such order as shall be reasonable and in conformity with law In making any final decree on any appeal the court shall have full power to dispose of all costs

Section 25 No evidence shall be received at the hearing on any appeal but if any party shall satisfy the court that evidence has been discovered since the hearing before the bureau that could not have been obtained for use at that hearing by the exercise of reasonable diligence and will materially affect the merits of the case the court may in its discretion remand the record and proceedings to the bureau with directions to take such after-discovered evidence and after consideration thereof enter and file such order as shall in the opinion of the bureau be reasonable and in conformity with law from which order an appeal shall lie as in the case of any other final order

Section 26 In all actions and proceedings in said court arising under this act process shall be served and the practice and rules of evidence shall be the same as in civil actions except as otherwise herein provided

Section 27 Every sheriff or other officer empowered to execute civil process shall execute any process issued under the provisions of this act and shall receive such compensation therefor as may be prescribed by law for similar services

Section 28 All appeals from the orders of the bureau to the said court shall take precedence upon the calendars of the said court over all other civil actions except election cases and suits for wages

Section 29 Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to deprive any party upon any such appeal and judicial review of the proceedings and orders of the bureau of the right to trial by jury of any issue of fact raised thereby or therein where such right is secured either by the Constitution of the Commonwealth or of the United States but in every such case such right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate Provided however That when any appeal is taken such right shall be deemed to be waived upon all issues unless expressly reserved in such reasonable manner as shall be prescribed by the court of common pleas of the proper county

Section 30 Any party to the record aggrieved by the final judgment order or decree of the aforesaid proper court of common pleas may appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court Such appeal shall be taken and prosecuted in the same manner and form and with the same effect as is provided in other cases of appeal to the Supreme Court

Section 31 No injunction shall issue modifying suspending staying or annulling any order of the bureau or of a commissioner except upon notice to the bureau and after cause shown upon hearing The court of common pleas of Dauphin county is hereby clothed with exclusive jurisdiction throughout the Commonwealth of all proceedings for such injunctions subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court as aforesaid Whenever the bureau shall make any rule regulation finding determination or order under the provisions of this act the same shall be and remain conclusive upon all parties affected thereby unless set aside annulled or modified in an appeal or proceeding taken as provided in this act

Section 32 Every public service company its officers agents and employes affected by any final order of the bureau or any final order of the court of common pleas of the proper county or of the Supreme Court shall obey observe and comply with such order and with the terms and conditions thereof so long as the same shall be and remain in force

Section 33 Whenever the bureau shall be of opinion that any public service company is violating or is about to violate any provisions of this act or has done or is about to do any act matter or thing herein prohibited or declared to be unlawful or has omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or has failed omitted neglected or refused or is about to fail omit neglect or refuse to obey any lawful requirement or final order made by the bureau or any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county or by the Supreme Court then and in every such case the bureau may by its counsel or assistant counsel institute in the name of the bureau in the court of common pleas of the proper county injunction mandamus or other appropriate legal proceedings to restrain such violations of the provisions of this act or of the orders of the bureau and to enforce obedience thereto and the said court of common pleas is hereby clothed with jurisdiction to hear and determine all such actions

Section 34 The Attorney General in addition to the exercise of the powers and duties now conferred upon him by law shall also upon request of the bureau or of his own motion proceed in the name of the Commonwealth by mandamus injunction or quo warranto or other appropriate remedy at law or in equity to restrain violations of the provisions of this act or of the orders of the bureau or of the judgment orders or decrees of said courts or to enforce obedience thereto

Section 35 If any public service company shall violate any of the provisions of this act or shall do any matter or thing herein prohibited or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined upon it by this act or shall fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final direction requirement determinataion or order made by the bureau or to comply with any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas of the proper county or the Supreme Court—such public service company for such violation omission failure neglect or refusal shall forfeit and pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the sum of fifty dollars to be recovered by an action of assumpsit instituted in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the said court of common pleas

In construing and enforcing the provisions of this section the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of any officer agent or other person acting for or employed by any such public service company acting within the scope of his employment shall in every case be deemed to be the violation omission failure neglect or refusal of such public service company

Section 36 Each and every day's continuance in the violation of any final direction requirement determination or order of the bureau or of any final judgment order or decree made by the court of common pleas of the proper county or by the Supreme Court shall be a separate and distinct offense Provided however That if any interlocutory order of supersedeas or preliminary injunction be granted no penalties shall be incurred or collected for or on account of any act matter or thing done in violation of such final direction requirement determination or order or decree so superseded or enjoined for the period of time such order or supesedeas or injunction is in force

Section 37 Any president secretary treasurer or other officer of any public service company who shall knowingly affix his name or attestation to any certificate of stock trust certificate corporate bond note or other evidence of indebtedness or other security issued by any public service company or any director who shall knowingly assent to the issue of any such certificate of stock trust certificate corporate bond note or other evidence of indebtedness or other security of any such public service company in violation of any of the provisions or requirements of this act or of section seven of article sixteen of the Constitution or any officer or director knowingly making or assenting to any false statement in any certificate of notification required to be made to the bureau by subsections (b) or (c) of section four of article three of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding five years either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 38 Each and every director president secretary treasurer or other officer agent or employe of any public service company who shall knowingly make or assent to any application or disposition of any stocks trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness of other securities or the proceeds of the sale or pledge thereof or any part thereof in violation of any statement or contrary to any purpose in relation thereto set forth or contained in any certificate of notification or who shall by any false statements oral or written knowingly make procure or seek to procure of the bureau the making or issuing of any certificate herein provided or who shall knowingly make or assent to any false statement in any report or account to the bureau as to the disposition or application of the proceeds of any part thereof of any sale or pledge of any stocks trust certificates bonds notes or other evidences of indebtedness or other securities shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding five years either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 39 Any person whether an officer agent or employe of any public service company or not or any corporation who shall knowingly fail omit neglect or refuse to obey observe and comply with any final order direction or requirement of the bureau or with any final order or decree of the said court of common pleas of the proper county or of the Supreme Court or who shall knowingly procure aid or abet any such violation omission failure neglect or refusal shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of competent jurisdiction shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than one month nor more than twelve months either or both at the discretion of the court and upon conviction of any subsequent offense shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than three months nor more than eighteen months either or both at the discretion of the court

Section 40 If any public service company shall do or cause to be done any act matter or thing prohibited or declared to be unlawful by this act or shall refuse neglect or omit to do any act matter or thing enjoined or required to be done by this act such public service company shall be liable to the person or corporation injured thereby in the full amount of damages sustained in consequence thereof Provided That the liability of public service companies for negligence as heretofore established by statute or by common law shall not be held or construed to be altered or repealed by any of the provisions of this act And provided further That the recovery in this section authorized shall in no manner affect a recovery by the Commonwealth of the penalty prescribed for the aforesaid violation of this act

Section 41 No public service company nor any officer agent or employe thereof shall be liable for any penalty or forfeiture or be subject to any prosecution on account of demanding collecting or receiving any rate fare or charge for any service or product rendered or furnished by it or for enforcing any rule regulation or practice when such rate fare charge rule regulation or practice is contained in the tariff and schedules properly filed with the bureau and posted or published as herein provided and is applicable by the terms thereof at the time to the said service or product rendered or furnished although such rate may be found by the bureau to be unjust unreasonable unjustly discriminatory or unduly preferential

Section 42 All suits remedies prosecutions penalties and forfeitures provided for or accruing under this act shall be cumulative

Section 43 All fines imposed and all penalties recovered under the provisions of this act shall be paid to the secretary of the bureau and by him paid into the State Treasury

Section 44 No action for the recovery of any penalties or forfeitures incurred under the provisions of this act and no prosecutions on account of any matter or thing concerned in this act shall be maintained unless brought within three years from the date at which the liability therefor arose except as otherwise herein provided

Section 45 Nothing in this act shall be construed to deprive the Department of Health of this Commonwealth or the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania of any jurisdiction powers or duties now vested in them or either of them by the laws of this Commonwealth

Section 46 Copies of all official documents filed or deposited according to law in the office of the bureau certified by the secretary under the seal of the bureau shall be received in evidence in like manner and with the same effect as the original and a like certified copy of the testimony and proceedings or of any specific part thereof shall be received in evidence in any court with the same effect as if the said secretary were present and testified to the facts set forth in his certificate

Section 47 The bureau shall charge and collect the following fees for copies of all official orders documents papers records et cetera

For copies of papers and records not required to be certified or otherwise authenticated by the bureau ten cents for each folio of one hundred words

For certified copies of official documents and orders filed in its office fifteen cents for each folio of one hundred words and one dollar for each certificate under seal affixed thereto

For copies of testimony and proceedings taken or had before the bureau or a commissioner not required to be certified or otherwise authenticated by the bureau ten cents for each folio of one hundred words

For certified copies of testimony and proceedings taken or had before the bureau or a commissioner fifteen cents for each folio of one hundred words and one dollar for each certificate under seal affixed thereto

For certifying a copy of any report made by any public service company to the bureau two dollars

For each certified copy of the annual report of the bureau one dollar and fifty cents

No fee shall be charged or collected for copies of papers records official documents testimony or proceedings furnshed to public officers for use in their official capacity nor for the annual report of the bureau in the ordinary course of distribution All fees charged and collected by the bureau shall be paid into the State Treasury

Section 48 The bureau shall at all times be accountable to the Secretary of Internal Affairs for the faithful discharge of the duties imposed upon it by law and the rules and regulations pertaining to said bureau shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of Internal Affairs

Section 49 The bureau shall make an annual report on or before the second Monday of March in each year to the Secretary of Internal Affairs a copy of which shall be transmitted to the Governor and the General Assembly of this Commonwealth which report shall contain

First A record of its meetings and an abstract of its proceedings during the preceding year

Second The results of any examinations or investigations made by it

Third Such statements facts and explanations as will disclose the actual workings and operations of public service companies in their relation to the business and prosperity of the Commonwealth and such suggestions as to the general policy of the Commonwealth or the amendment of its laws in respect to said companies or the conditions affairs or conduct of any public service company as may seem to it appropriate

Fourth Drafts of all bills suggested or recommended by it and the reasons therefor

Fifth Such tables and abstracts of the reports of public service companies as it may deem expedient

Sixth A statement in detail of the traveling and other expenses and disbursements of the commissioners and other officers and employes of the bureaus

Five thousand copies of the report shall be printed and bound in cloth as a public document of the Commonwealth for the use of the commissioners and to be distributed by them in their discretion to the officers of the public service companies and other persons interested therein

Section 50 The provisions of this act except when specifically so provided shall not apply or be construed to apply to commerce with foreign nations or among the several states except insofar as the same may be permitted under the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and the acts of Congress nor shall they apply to municipal corporations unless said municipal corporations shall by petition duly authorized by the local authorities approved by its chief executive officer request the bureau to examine into decide and determine any particular question or dispute between the said municipal corporation and a public service company as set forth in said petition

Section 51 It is hereby declared that the provisions of this act are severable one from another and severable as to the public service companies and subject-matters respectfully dealt with thereby and if for any reason one or more of such provisions be judicially held to be unconstitutional as applicable to any particular public service company or subject-matter dealt with by such provision or be held unconstitutional in anywise for any reason such holding or decision shall not affect the validity of such provision or provisions as applicable to other public service companies or subject-matters dealt with thereby or the validity of the remaining provisions of this act It is hereby declared that the said provision and the said remaining provisions would have been enacted notwithstanding such judicial determination of the invalidity of any of said particular provision or provisions in any respect

Section 52 The act entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin county exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act provided the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars" approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act" approved the twenty-sixth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws one thousand three hundred seventy-four) be and the same is hereby repealed said repeal to take effect the first day of July nineteen hundred and fifteen and the act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of a Railroad Commission prescribing the membership of said commission the manner and term of the appointment of its members defining their powers and duties with reference to common carriers and in relation to making recommendations to the Attorney General and Secretary of Internal Affairs concerning the regulation control and management of common carriers within the Commonwealth defining what the term "common carrier" shall include providing for the appointment of subordinate officers and the employment of expert and clerical employes by said commission fixing the salaries of the members of said commission and its subordinate offiicers providing for the compensation of its employes limiting the annual expense of said commission and making an appropriation for the payment thereof" approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws three hundred thirty-seven) be and the same is hereby repealed said repeal to take effect the first day of July nineteen hundred and fifteen and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals" and the act approved May twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading of cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed after unloading cars" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby or appertaining to the subject matter covered by this act be and the same are also hereby repealed Provided That the repeal of sections one and two of said act of June four one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three shall not affect actions for violations of said act of June four one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three instituted prior to the passage of this act

Section 53 The Public Service Commission shall on June first nineteen hundred and fifteen transfer and deliver to the Public Service Bureau hereby created all property books maps papers files records pleadings in pending cases reports and other documents in its possession and belonging to it The Public Service Bureau is hereby authorized to take possession thereof

Section 54 This act shall take effect the first day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and not before except that it shall be lawful for the appointment of the commissioners to be made and for the bureau to organize The bureau shall be appointed and shall organize and make such general rules and orders under this act effective when this act becomes effective as it may deem wise or proper from and after which it shall be the duty of every public service company to file with the bureau if required and publish and post its tariffs or schedules and its rules and regulations affecting its contracts and classifications as hereinbefore provided Provided That the said bureau shall when appointed as aforesaid shall have power to hear and determine any pending cases transferred to it by the Public Cervice Commission and to dispose of the unfinsihed business of said Public Service Commission And provided That section eleven of article three shall become effective upon the approval of this act The salaries of the commissioners shall begin on July first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen or on such later date as they may respectively qualify as such commissioners and the salaries and compensations of the officers and employes of the bureau shall begin when such officers and employes respectively are appointed or employed and enter upon the discharge of their duties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1324, as follows:

An Act to amend the tenth and fourteenth sections of an Act entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and re-conviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" approved the nineteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven so that a convict sentenced to a penitentiary for a crime committed during his period of parole shall begin to serve the said sentence after having first served the remainder of the term which such convict would have been compelled to serve but for the commutation authorizing said parole and so that a convict violating his or her parole may be arrested and confined by authority of the board of inspectors of the penitentiary from which such convict shall have been released on parole and investigation and report upon said case made by said board before the Governor shall issue his mandate for the recommitment of such convict

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the tenth section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" approved the nineteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 10 If any convict released on parole as provided for in this act shall during the period of parole be convicted of any crime punishable by imprisonment under the laws of this Commonwealth such convict shall in addition to the penalty imposed for such crime committed during the said period and after expiration of same be compelled by detainer and remand as for an escape to serve in the penitentiary to which said convict had been originally committed the remainder of the term (without commutation) which such convict would have been compelled to serve but for the commutation authorizing said parole and if not in conflict with the terms and conditions of the same as granted by the Governor" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 10 If any convict released on parole as provided for in this act shall during the period of parole be convicted of any crime punishable by imprisonment under the laws of this Commonwealth and sentenced to any place of confinement other than a penitentiary such convict shall in addition to the penalty imposed for such crime committed during the said period and after expiration of same be compelled by detainer and remand as for an escape to serve in the penitentiary to which said convict had been originally committed the remainder of the term (without commutation) which such convict would have been compelled to serve but for the commutation authorizing said parole and if not in conflict with the terms and conditions of the same as granted by the Governor but if sentenced to a penitentiary then the service of the remainder of the said term originally imposed shall proceed the commencement of the term imposed for said crime

Section 2 That the fourteenth section of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 14 Whenever it shall appear to the Governor that a person who has been sentenced under this act and released on parole by commutation containing a condition that the convict shall be subject to this act has violated the terms of his or her parole he may issue his mandate reciting the date of commutation for the arrest and recommitment of such convict for breach of parole to the penitentiary of original commitment and upon being so returned for said breach of parole said convict shall be imprisoned in said penitentiary for a period equal to the unexpired maximum term of such prisoner as originally sentenced unless sooner released on parole or pardoned" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 14 Whenever it shall appear to the board of inspectors of a penitentiary that a person who has been sentenced thereto under this act and released on parole by commutation containing a condition that the convict shall be subject to this act has violated the terms of his or her parole the secretary of said board of inspectors may issue a warrant for the arrest of said person in the same manner as in the case of an escaped convict Upon said convict being returned to the penitentiary he or she shall be given an opportunity to appear before its board of inspectors and if said board shall find that said parole has not been broken the prisoner shall be released and continue subject to the terms of said parole but if it be found that said parole has been broken said board shall declare such convict delinquent after which a full report of the said case shall be forwarded immediately to the Governor who thereupon may issue his mandate reciting the date of commutation for the recommitment of such convict for breach of parole to the penitentiary of original commitment to be imprisoned in said penitentiary for the remainder of a period equal to the unexpired maximum term of such prisoner as originally sentenced (computing the same from the date of arrest for breach of parole) unless sooner released on parole or pardoned but if the Governor shall disapprove the finding of the board of inspectors the said prisoner shall be released upon the conditions of his original parole

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1292, as follows:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first clause of section seven of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" as amended by an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act entitled 'A supplement to an act "To provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' amending the seventh section thereof and authorizing the township commissioners of townships of the first class to enter into a contract with any one or more taxpayers of the township for making amending and repairing the public highways and bridges in said townships" reads as follows

"First To open grade construct and pave all public highways in the township which shall or may be at any time laid out by lawful authority and to keep the same in good order and repair To construct footways along said highways and to establish lights thereon where it may be deemed expedient to do so To accept the dedication of public highways and alleys Provided That when any one or more taxpayers of any township or road district of the first class shall apply to the court of quarter sessions of the county in which said township or road district is situate for the right to furnish all the material and labor necessary for opening making amending and repairing the public highways and bridges of said township or road district—under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act enabling the taxpayers of townships and road districts to contract for making at their own expense the roads and paying salarics of townships or road district officers and thereby preventing the levy and collection of road tax therein' approved June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three —the township commissioners of such township be and hereby authorized and required to enter into such contract under the directions of the court of quarter sessions of the county in which said township is situate under the provisions of said act in the same manner as the supervisors have heretofore been authorized and directed to enter into such contracts" is further amended to read

First To open grade construct and pave all public highways in the townships which shall or may be at the time laid out by lawful authority and to keep the same in good order and repair To construct footways along said highways and to establish lights thereon where it may be deemed expedient to do so To accept the dedication of public highways and alleys

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1103, as follows:

An Act validating divorces heretofore procured in the United States of America in jurisdictions outside the State of Pennsylvania where the libellant has been a resident of the state in which said divorce was procured and the respondent a resident of the State of Pennsylvanai and validating marriages subsequently contracted by either of such divorced persons and legitimizing the issue thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases wherein heretofore a divorce has been procured in a state of the United States of America outside of the State of Pennsylvania in a court of competetent jurisdiction of that state by a person resident in that state who has been the libellant in such divorce action and where the respondent has been a resident of the State of Pennsylvania such divorces are hereby validated and declared to be lawful and valid divorces to all intents and purposes the same as though they had been lawfully procurred by decree of a court of competent jurisdiction within the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 That wherever heretofore a person who has procured a divorce outside the State of Pennsylvania in such manner as is referred to in the preceding section of this act and has subsequently been married within the State of Pennsylvania such marriage is hereby declared to be a lawful and valid marriage and the parties thereto shall have all the rights and claims upon each other and upon the estates of each other as though neither had before been married and any children of such marriage are hereby declared to be legitimate and to have all the rights upon their parents and the estates of their parents that they would have had in case neither parent had been married prior to the marriage to each other Provided however That nothing in this act shall operate to deprive a former husband or wife of such rights in the estate of a deceased wife or husband as he or she may have had under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania prior to the enactment of this law

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1515, as follows:

An Act fixing the salaries of writ servers and process servers in the office of the sheriff in counties containing a population of more than one million four hundred thousand inhabitants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the salaries of all deputy sheriffs clerks to deputy sheriffs and of all writ servers and process servers in the office of the sheriff in counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants are hereby fixed at one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum for each deputy sheriff one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum for each clerk to such deputy sheriffs one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum for each writ server and process server

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1345, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws six hundred ninety-four entitled "An Act providing for and regulating the incorporation into a third class city of a borough or of two or more contiguous boroughs"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet laws six hundred ninety-four) entitled "An Act providing for and regulating the incorporation into a third class city of a borough or of two or more contiguous boroughs" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the third class may be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any borough having at least ten thousand inhabitants according to the preceding Federal census or of any two or more continuous boroughs situate within the limits of the same county and having together a population of at least ten thousand according to such census shall each separately vote at any special election in favor of the same The council or corporate authorities of any such borough or of any such contiguous boroughs as the case may be may of their own motion or within seven days after receipt of a petition of one hundred or more qualified electors thereof shall by resolution duly passed and recorded among the minutes submit the question of whether any such borough or whether any such contiguous boroughs shall become a city of the third class to the qualified electors thereof Such question shall be submitted to the electors not more than fifteen days after the passage of such resolution They shall give notice by the publication of said resolution daily during at least one week immediately prior to the said special election in all of the newspapers published in said borough or boroughs and if no newspapers be published in said borough or boroughs then publication shall be made in not more than two newspapers published in the county wherein the borough or boroughs are located that such an election will be held The time and place when and where such special election shall be held shall be designated in said resolution They shall certify said resolution to the county commissioners of the proper county who shall thereupon cause the said question to be printed on the ballot to be used at the said special election in the borough or boroughs aforesaid in the following form 'Proposed city charter' and below shall be printed on two lines with a square at the right of each the words 'for city charter' and 'against city charter' and the electors shall designate with a cross-mark (X) in one of said squares their desire to vote for or against such city charter The county commissioners shall cause such ballots to be printed and distributed to the various polling-places designated in such resolution It shall be the duty of the election officers within said borough or boroughs to receive the ballots so marked and to count the votes cast for and against city charter and make return thereof on blanks to be furnished by the corporate authorities of said borough or boroughs to the clerk of the court of quarter session of the proper county who shall compute the same and certify the result thereof to the corporate authorities aforesaid and a duplicate return to the Secretary of the Commonwealth each duly certified in the manner required by law and in receiving counting and marking return of the votes cast the inspectors judges and clerks of the said elections shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth regulating general elections and all the electors inspectors judges and clerks voting at and in attendance upon the election to be held under the provisions of this act shall be subject to the penalties imposed by the election laws of this Commonwealth The judges inspectors and clerks shall receive the same compensation as at general elections The expense of holding such elections including the printing and distribution of ballots shall be paid by such borough or share and share alike by such boroughs or as agreed upon between such boroughs" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the third class may be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any borough having at least ten thousand inhabitants according to the preceding Federal census or of any two or more contiguous boroughs situate within the limits of the same county and having together a population of at least ten thousand according to such census shall each separately vote at any general election in favor of the same The council or corporate authorities of any such borough or of any such contiguous boroughs as the case may be may of their own motion or within seven days after the receipt of a petition of one hundred or more qualified electors thereof shall by resolution duly passed and recorded among the minutes submit the question of whether any such borough or whether any such contiguous boroughs shall become a city of the third class to the qualified electors thereof at a general election to be held not less than thirty days after the passage of such resolution They shall give notice by the publication of said resolution daily during at least one week immediately prior to the said general election in all of the newspapers published in said borough or boroughs and if no newspapers be published in said borough or boroughs then publication shall be made in not more than two newspapers published in the county wherein the borough or boroughs are located that such a question will be submitted to the electors of said borough or boroughs at the next general election They shall certify said resolution to the county commissioners of the proper county who shall thereupon cause the said question to be printed on the ballot to be used at the said general election in the borough or boroughs aforesaid in the form now provided by law for the submission of the approval of a constitutional amendment or other question to the vote of the people It shall be the duty of the election officers within said borough or boroughs to count the votes cast for and against the city charter and make return thereof to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county who shall compute the same and certify the result thereof to the corporate authorities aforesaid and a duplicate return to the Secretary of the Commonwealth duly certified in the manner required by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1414, entitled:

An Act to create a Civil Service Commission and to regulate the employment promotion and discharge of certain county employes in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and making a violation of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor punishable by fine or imprisonment.

The first, second, third, fourth and fifth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen appointments to and promotions in the civil service of all counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census shall be made only according to qualification and fitness to be ascertained by examinations which so far as practicable shall be competitive as hereinafter provided on and after that date no person shall be appointed transferred re-instated or promoted as an officer clerk employe or laborer in the civil service under the government of any such county in any manner or by any means other than those prescribed in this act The term "civil service" of such a county shall include all offices positions and employments in which the officers or employes are paid by the county treasurer provided that the power of the sheriff to appoint deputies in times of emergencies or riot shall remain in the manner provided by existing laws

Section 2 There shall be a civil service commission in every such county consisting of three commissioners chosen from the county officers who are elected by the people who shall be elected by the ballot of the various county officers elected by the people The persons so appointed commissioners shall be so far as possible in full sympathy with the purposes of this act

On the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the three commissioners shall be so elected and shall serve during their term of office and until their successors are appointed The three commissioners shall choose one of their number president of the commission At the expiration of the term of the commissioners the county officers aforesaid shall elect the commissioners to serve for the full term of the county officers elected at such succeeding election The members of the commission shall serve without salary The civil service commission in each of such counties may employ a chief examiner who shall act as secretary and such other clerks examiners or employes as it may deem necessary or proper to carry out the purposes of the act who shall receive such salaries as the salary board of such county shall prescrbe

Section 3 The civil service commission in every such county shall prescribe and enforce rules for carrying into effect the provisions of this act and enforce such rules and keep minutes of its meetings

Section 4 The civil service in every such county shall be divided into the classified and the unclassified service The unclassified service shall comprise the officers elected by the people attorneys physicians engineers and all persons filling positions created by statutes and the classified service shall comprise all persons not included in the unclassified service

Section 5 The civil service in every such county shall make rules and regulations providing for examinations for positions in the classified service and for appointments to and promotions therein and for such other matters as may be necessary to fully carry out the purposes of the act The character of the examination and the method of conducting it the requirements of the commission regarding the applicants and the method of redress of an applicant in case he finds himself aggrieved by the action of the commission in refusing to examine him or after the examination in refusing to certify him as eligible shall be governed by the provisions of the law now in force relating to civil service in cities of the second class

The sixth section was read as follows:

Section 6 The positions and employment in the classified service of every such county shall be arranged by the commission into three classes to be designated as the exempt class the competitive class and the labor class which are defined as follows

The exempt class shall include the chief clerks of the various county officers and the various clerks of the different courts who are appointed by the court and also shall include those positions except laborers for the filling of which competitive examinations shall be found impracticable by the commission Every such position in the exempt class shall be so stated in the rules of the commission with the reasons therefor

The competitive class shall include all positions or employments in every branch of the classified service except those positions in the exempt class and the labor class Appointments shall be made to all positions in the competitive class that are not filled by promotion or transfer The names of those persons eligible for appointments shall always be listed and certified in the order of their standing beginning with the highest Every position or employment in the competitive class unless filled by promotion or transfer shall be filled in the following manner The appointing officer shall notify the commission of any vacancy which he desires filled and shall request the certification of eligibles The commission shall forthwith certify from the appropriate eligible list the names of three persons thereon who received the highest averages at the examinations held under the provisions of this act The appointing officer shall thereupon with sole reference to the relative merit and fitness of the candidates make an appointment from the three names so certified As each specific vacancy occurs in the same or similar position precisely the same method of procedure shall be followed Where the services to be rendered are of a temporary character and for a limited period not to exceed six months the appointing officer shall advise the commission stating the duration of such period the rate of compensation and other conditions of employment and may select for such temporary employment one of the persons on the appropriate eligible list who have expressed a willingness to accept a temporary appointment Successive temporary appointments shall not however be made

Vacancies in positions in the competitive class shall be filled so far as practical by promotion from among persons holding positions in a lower grade in the department or office in which the vacancy exists Such promotion shall be based upon merit as shown by his previous service and experience The commission shall promulgate rules relating to transfers from one department or office to another and rules relating to reinstatement in the service

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 6, in line 41, by striking out the word "promition" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "promotion"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The seventh, eight, ninth and tenth sections and title were separately read and agred to as follows:

Section 7 The labor class shall include all ordinary unskilled laborers and vacancies therein shall be filled by appointment from lists of applicants registered by the commission Preferences in the employment from such list shall be given according to the regulations to be prescribed by the commission The commission may establish separate labor lists for the various offices or departments The commission may require of an applicant for registration for labor service before he can be registered such evidence with respect to his age physical condition capacity for labor sobriety industry and experience which will justify the belief that he is a proper person to be placed in such class

Section 8 No officer clerk or employe in the competitive class who shall have been appointed under the provisions of this act or of the rules made pursuant thereto shall be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for just cause which will not be religious or political and the method of removal and the causes therefor shall be the same as that prescribed for the removal of an officer clerk or employe in the act providing a civil service commission for cities of the second class The provisions of this act shall not apply to county employes who at the time it becomes operative are in the employ of the county

Section 9 No person shall be appointed to or employed in any position in the competitive class in any such county until he has passed an examination in conformity with the provisions of this act and the rules made pursuant thereto The examination shall not be conducted in such a way as to elicit information from the applicant concerning the political or religious opinions or affiliations of him nor shall any inquiry be made of him concerning such opinions or affiliations and no favor or disfavor shall be shown to any applicant because of his political or religious opinions or affiliations No person shall appoint promote discharge remove reduce or discriminate in any way against any official or employe in the classified list because he has made or given or because he has refused or neglected to make or give any contributions assessments or payment for any campaign for political purpose or for the benefit or promotion of any political party and for the use of any political party in connection with any general or primary election

Section 10 Whoever makes any appointment to office or selects any person for employment in wilful violation of this act or wilfully violates any of the provisions of this act or wilfully refuses or neglects to comply with any of its provisions shall be deemed quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punishable by a fine of not less than fifty ($50.00) dollars nor more than five hundred ($500.00) dollars or shall be imprisoned for a period not exceeding one year in the discretion of the court

An Act to create a civil service commission and to regulate the employment promotion and discharge of certain county employes in counties having a population of over eight hundred thouasnd and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and making a violation of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor punishable by fine or imprisonment

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1596 (Senate Bill No. 731), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1665 (Senate Bill No. 914), entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

The first, second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealtn of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of creating a fund for the rebuilding restoration and replacement of any structures buildings equipment or other property owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty the following funds income and revenue of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are hereby specifically dedicated appropriated and set apart to constitute a fund separate and apart from all other funds of the Commonwealth and to be known as the Insurance Fund to wit

(a) All moneys now in the custody of the State Treasurer heretofore "Appropriated and set apart for the purpose of paying the present indebtedness and the interest thereon and such further indebtedness as may hereafter be contracted on the part of the Commonwealth" and commonly known as the Sinking Fund in excess of the total amount of the funded obligations or indebtedness of the Commonwealth chargeable thereto the amount of such excess in the Sinking Fund to be determined by the State Treasurer audited by the Auditor General and approved by the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners as of the date of the approval of this act

(b) All revenues of the Commonwealth received by the State Treasurer after the date of the approval of this act which under existing laws are appropriated and set apart to the Sinking Fund

(c) One-half of all taxes received upon premiums of foreign fire insurance companies after the date of the approval of this act

(d) All payments hereafter made by insurance companies on account of loss or damage to property of the Commonwealth caused by fire or other casualty or on account of the cancellation of existing policies of insurance

(e) All income received from interest upon deposits in bank or upon securities in which the said fund may be invested

Section 2 The said fund and all interest increment and additions thereto shall be and remain in the custody of the State Treasurer and shall be invested and reinvested by him under the supervision and direction of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners in lawfully issued interest-bearing securities of the United States of America the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any other of the United States or any county city borough or school district of this Commonwealth or any obligations of municipalities of other states but preferably in such securities issued by municipalities within this Commonwealth Provided however that current receipts and income applicable to said fund shall be deposited at interest in legal depositories of the public funds until the same shall accumulate in sufficient amount to justify the investment thereof in interest-bearing securities as hereinbefore provided

Section 3 The said fund hereby created shall be available for expenditure in the manner hereinafter provided for the rebuilding restoration or replacement of buildings structures equipment or other property owned by the Commonwealth and damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and for no other purpose whatsoever And for such purpose the State Treasurer is authorized and directed by and with the consent and approval of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners to make sale from time to time of such part of such securities as may be necessary for the purpose of this act

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 Whenever the total amount of said fund shall exceed the sum of one million dollars no further investment in securities shall be made on account thereof but all additional income and receipts applicable thereto shall be deposited in legal depositories of public funds and the excess over and above the said sum of one million dollars shall be transferred annually on the thirty-first day of December to the general fund of the State Treasury

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, line 2, by striking out the word "mililon" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "million"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth sections and the title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 Whenever loss or damage by fire or other casualty shall occur to any structure building equipment or other property owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the department board of trustees overseers commisioners or other branch of the State government having control or custody thereof shall make report of such loss or damage to the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings setting forth specifically the use and character of the structure building equipment or other property damaged or destroyed the original cost thereof the estimated amount of the loss or damage and cost of restoration rebuilding replacement and such other data and information as may be required by the said Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings who shall make such examination and investigation as may be necessary and report the result thereof to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings whereupon the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings may in its discretion authorize the rebuilding restoration or replacement of the property damaged or destroyed and for that purpose is hereby authorized to have plans and specifications prepared and contracts executed and to supervise the erection construction or replacement thereof under the supervision of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings or other duly authorized agent of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings such rebuilding restoration or replacement to be in substantial accord with the original character use and purpose of the property damaged or destroyed Provided That the provisions of this act shall not apply to armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and under the supervision of the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania

Section 6 All expenditures on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings and if found correct he shall certify to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings that the materials have been furnished and the work and labor have been performed in accordance with the plans specifications and contracts approved by the said board and after having been so certified by him shall be approved by the Executive Controller and when so approved shall be audited settled and paid by the Auditor General and the State Treasurer in the manner provided by law Provided that whenever the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall have taken such action as will involve expenditures from said fund they shall forthwith certify the probable amount of expenditure to the State Treasurer and Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners who shall forthwith take such action as is necessary to provide funds sufficient to meet the obligations so entered into

Section 7 That from and after the adoption and approval of this act it shall be unlawful for any Department Bureau Commission or other branch of the State Government or any Board of Trustees overseers managers or other person or persons or custodians of State property to purchase secure or obtain any policy of insurance on any property owned by the Commonwealth the term of which policy of insurance shall extend beyond the thirty-first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twenty or to purchase obtain or secure any such policy of insurance for any amount in excess of the amount of insurance outstanding at the date of the approval of this act after deducting from such amount twenty per centum thereof for each calendar year which shall have elapsed from and after the thirty-first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to the date of purchasing securing or obtaining such policy of insurance

Section 8 The State Treasurer and his bondsman shall be responsible for the safe keeping of and accounting for said funds in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe keeping of and accounting for the other funds of this Commonwealth

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time considered and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1617 (Senate Bill No. 738), entitled:

An Act validating certain proceedings appraising and setting aside of property under article two of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estate of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestates" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the second time, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1540 (Senate Bill No. 795), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudevlle acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1585 (Senate Bill No. 797), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements and places used therefor requiring and regulating the licensing thereof restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1522 (Senate Bill No. 304), entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of school districts of the second third and fourth classes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1586 (Senate Bill No. 798), entitled:

An Act to legalize the erection construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May twentieth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part

And said bill having been read at length the second time. and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1541 (Senate Bill No. 796). entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part and exempting buildings in actual use for such exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibitions.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1544 (Senate Bill No. 614), entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person committed by an alderman magistrate or justice of the peace to a county prison or city or borough or township lockup in default of payment of a fine and costs may pay such fine and costs to any duly elected alderman magistrate or justice of the peace of said county and shall be discharged and released by the warden or keeper of any prison station house or any place wherein said defendant is incarcerated upon the presentation of a discharge signed and sealed by the said alderman magistrate or justice of the peace

The title was read as follows:

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, lines 2 and 3 by striking out the words "with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "and their discharge"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1550 (Senate Bill No. 136), entitled:

An Act providing for a State association of county controllers and deputy county controllers and for the meetings thereof and providing for the payment by the counties of the expenses thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 991 (Senate Bill No. 370), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine so as to include lots inlots outlots reserve lots and other lands sold by the Commonwealth under Acts of Assembly or by commissioners appointed under Acts of Assembly" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where it shall appear from the records of the Department of Internal Affairs that there have been applications made or warrants granted by the Commonwealth for lands or lots inlots outlots, reserve lots or other lands sold under acts of Assembly or by commissioners appointed under acts of Assembly the titles to which have not been completed by the granting of patents and where liens have been entered of record against such unpatented lands for unpaid purchase money interest and fees pursuant to the act approved May twentieth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four and its supplements the Secretary of Internal Affairs be and he is hereby authorized to make settlement as provided in the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven with the owners of such unpatented lands upon the payment of the patent fees amounting to fifteen dollars and upon the presentation of applications with satisfactory proofs of ownership to grant the patent of the Commonwealth which shall operate as a release of all claims of the Commonwealth under said liens the same as if the entire amount of purchase money and interest had been paid" is further amended to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where it shall appear from the records of the Department of Internal Affairs that there have been applications made or warrants granted by the Commonwealth for lands or lots inlots outlots reserve lots or other lands sold under acts of Assembly or by commissioners appointed under acts of Assembly the titles to which have not been completed by the granting of patents and where liens have been or have not been entered of record against such unpatented lands for unpaid purchase money interest and fees pursuant to the act approved May twentieth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four and its supplements the Secretary of Internal Affairs be and he is hereby authorized to make settlement as provided in the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven with the owners of such unpatented lands upon the payment of the patent fees amounting to fifteen dollars and upon the presentation of applications with satisfactory proofs of ownership to grant the patent of the Commonwealth which shall operate as a release of all claims of the Commonwealth under said liens the same as if the entire amount of purchase money and interest has been paid Provided That nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal the act of March twelfth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen entitled "An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the records thereof when full payment has been made" which said last mentioned act is intended to authorize the Attorney General to enter satisfaction upon the record of mortgages as therein stated and is not intended to apply to or interfere with the right of the Secretary of Internal Affairs to enter satisfaction on the lien of the docket of the Department of Internal Affairs and to issue a certificate showing said payment and satisfaction of liens for patented of unpatented lands as now provided by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1623 (Senate Bill No. 819), entitled:

An Act authorizing Gilbert H. Springer and Frances Springer his wife citizens of Cambria county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1625 (Senate Bill No. 842), entitled:

An Act authorizing Francis J. Boas a citizen of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consiueration of House Bill No. 1431 (Senate Bill No. 52), entitled:

An Act relating to the sale of goods

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That

First A contract to sell goods is a contract whereby the seller agrees to transfer the property in goods to the buyer for a consideration called the price

Second A sale of goods is an agreement whereby the seller transfers the property in goods to the buyer for a consideration called the price

Third A contract to sell or a sale may be absolute or conditional

Fourth There may be a contract to sell or a sale between one part owner and another

Section 2 Capacity to buy and sell is regulated by the general law concerning capacity to contract and to transfer and acquire property

Where necessaries are sold and delivered to an infant or to a person who by reason of mental incapacity or drunkenness is incompetent to contract he must pay a reasonable price therefor or return the goods in substantially the same condition as when received within reasonable time

Necessaries in this section mean goods suitable to the condition in life of such infant or other person and to his actual requirement at the time of delivery

Section 3 Subject to the provisions of this act and of any statute in that behalf a contract to sell or a sale may be made in writing (either with or without seal) or by word of mouth or partly in writing and partly by word of mouth or may be inferred from the conduct of the parties

Section 4 First A contract to sell or a sale of any goods or choses in action of the value of five hundred dollars or upwards shall not be enforceable by action unless the buyer shall accept part of the goods or choses in action so contracted to be sold or sold and actually receive the same or give something in earnest to bind the contract or in part payment or unless some note or memorandum in writing of the contract or sale be signed by the party to be charged or his agent in that behalf

Second The provisions of this section apply to every such contract or sale notwithstanding that the goods may be intended to be delivered at some future time or may not at the time of such contract or sale be actually made procured or provided or fit or ready for delivery or some act may be requisite for the making or completing thereof or rendering the same fit for delivery but if the goods are to be manufactured by the seller especially for the buyer and are not suitable for sale to others in the ordinary course of the seller's business the provisions of this section shall not apply

Third There is an acceptance of goods within the meaning of this section when the buyer either before or after delivery of the goods or any part thereof expresses by words or conduct his assent to becoming the owner of those specific goods

Section 5 First The goods which form the subject of a contract to sell may be either existing goods owned or possessed by the seller or goods to be manufactured or acquired by the seller after the making of the contract to sell in this act called "future goods"

Second There may be a contract to sell goods the acquisition of which by the seller depends upon a contingency which may or may not happen

Third Where the parties purport to effect a present sale of future goods the agreement operates as a contract to sell the goods

Section 6 First There may be a contract to sell or a sale of an undivided share of goods If the parties intend to effect a present sale the buyer by force of the agreement becomes an owner in common with the owner or owners of the remaining shares

Second In the case of fungible goods there may be a sale of an undivided share of a specific mass though the seller purports to sell and the buyer to buy a definite number weight or measure of the goods in the mass and though the number weight or measure of the goods in the mass is undetermined By such a sale the buyer becomes owner in common of such a share of the mass as the number weight or measure bought bears to the number weight or measure of the mass If the mass contains less than the number weight or measure bought the buyer becomes the owner of the whole mass and the seller is bound to make good the deficiency from similar goods unless a contrary intent appears

Section 7 First Where the parties purport to sell specific goods and the goods without the knowledge of the seller have wholly perished at the time when the agreement is made the agreement is void

Second Where the parties purport to sell specific goods and the goods without the knowledge of the seller have perished in part or have wholly or in a material part so deteriorated in quality as to be substantially changed in character the buyer may at his option treat the sale

(a) As avoided or

(b) As transferring the property in all of the existing goods or in so much thereof as have not deteriorated and as binding the buyer to pay the full agreed price if the sale was indivisible or to pay the agreed price for the goods in which the property passes if the sale was divisible

Section 8 First Where there is a contract to sell specific goods and subsequently but before the risk passes to the buyer without any fault on the part of the seller or the buyer the goods wholly perish the contract is thereby avoided Second Where there is a contract to sell specific goods and subsequently but before the risk passes to the buyer without any fault of the seller or the buyer of the goods perish or the whole or a material part of the goods so deteriorate in quality as to be substantially changed in character the buyer may at his option treat the contract

(a) As avoided or

(b) As binding the seller to transfer the property in all of the existing goods or in so much thereof as have not deteriorated and as binding the buyer to pay the full agreed price if the contract was indivisible or to pay the agreed price for so much of the goods as the seller by the buyer's option is bound to transfer if the contract was divisible

Section 9 First The price may be fixed by the contract or may be left to be fixed in such manner as may be agreed or it may be determined by the course of dealing between the parties

Second The price may be made payable in any personal property

Third, Where transferring or promising to transfer any interest in real estate constitutes the whole or part of the consideration for transferring or for promising to transfer the property in goods this act shall not apply

Fourth Where the price is not determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions the buyer must pay a reasonable price What is a reasonable price is a question of fact dependent on the circumstances of each particular case

Section 10 First Where there is a contract to sell or a sale of goods at a price or on terms to be fixed by a third person and such third person without fault of the seller or the buyer cannot or does not fix the price or terms the contract or the sale is thereby avoided but if the goods or any part thereof have been delivered to and appropriated by the buyer thereof have been delivered to and appropriated by the buyer he must pay a reasonable price therefor

Second Where such third person is prevented from fixing the price or terms by fault of the seller or the buyer the party not in fault may have such remedies against the party in fault as are allowed by sections fifty-two to seventy of this act

Section 11 First Where the obligation of either party to a contract to sell or a sale is subject to any condition which is not performed such party may refuse to proceed with the contract or sale or he may waive perfomance of the condition If the other party has promised that the condition should happen or be performed such first-mentioned party may also treat the non-performance of the condition as a breach of warranty

Second Where the property in the goods has not passed the buyer may treat the fulfillment by the seller of his obligation to furnish goods as described and as warranted expressly or by implication in the contract to sell as a condition of the obligation of the buyer to perform his promise to accept and pay for the goods

Section 12 Any affirmation of fact or any promise by the seller relating to the goods is an express warranty if the natural tendency of such affirmation or promise is to induce the buyer to purchase the goods and if the buyer purchases the goods relying thereon no affirmation of the value of the goods nor any statement purporting to be a statement of the seller's opinion only shall be construed as a warranty

Section 13 In a contract to sell or a sale unless a contrary intention appears there is

First An implied warranty on the part of the seller that in the case of a sale he has a right to sell the goods relying thereon No affirmation of the value of the goods nor any statement purporting to be a statement of is to pass

Second An implied warranty that the buyer shall have and enjoy quiet possession of the goods as against any lawful claims existing at the time of the sale

Third An implied warranty that the goods shall be free at the time of the sale from any charge or encumbrance in favor of any third person not declared or known to the buyer before or at the time when the contract or sale is made

Fourth This section shall not however be held to render liable a sheriff auctioneer mortgagee or other person professing to sell by virtue of authority in fact or law goods in which a third person has a legal or equitable interest

Section 14 Where there is a contract to sell or a sale of goods by description there is an implied warranty that the goods shall correspond with the description and if the contract or sale be by sample as well as by decription it is not sufficient that the bulk of the goods correspond with the sample if the goods do not also correspond with the description

Section 15 Subject to the provisions of this act and of any statute in that behalf there is no implied warranty or condition as to the quality or fitness for any particular purpose of goods supplied under a contract to sell or a sale except as follows

First Where a buyer expressly or by implication makes known to the seller the particular purpose for which the goods are required and it appears that the buyer relies on the seller's skill or judgment (whether he be the grower or manufacturer or not) there is an implied warranty that the goods shall be reasonably fit for such purpose

Second Where the goods are bought by description from a seller who deals in goods of that description (whether he be the grower or manufacturer or not) there is an implied warranty that the goods shall be of merchantable quality

Third if the buyer has examined the goods there is no implied warranty as regards defects which such examination ought to have revealed

Fourth In the case of a contract to sell or a sale of a specified article under its patent or other trade name there is no implied warranty as to its fitness for any particular purpose

Fifth An implied warranty or condition as to quality or fitness for a particular purpose many be annexed by the usage of trade

Sixth an express warranty or condition does not negative a warranty or condition implied under this act unless inconsistent therewith

Section 16 In a case of a contract to sell or a sale by sample

(a) There is an implied warranty that the bulk shall correspond with the sample in quality

(b) There is an implied warranty that the buyer shall have a reasonable opportunity of comparing the bulk with the sample except so far as otherwise provided in section forty-seven sub-section third

(c) If the seller is a dealer in goods of that kind there is an implied warranty that the goods shall be free from any defect rendering them unmerchantable which would not be apparent on reasonable examination of the sample

Section 17 Where there is a contract to sell unascertained goods no property in the goods is transferred to the buyer unless and until the goods are ascertained but property in an undivided share of ascertained goods may be transferred as provided in section six

Section 18 First where there is a contract to sell specific or ascertained goods the property in them is transferred to the buyer at such time as the parties to the contract intend it to be transferred

Second For the purpose of ascertaining the intention of the parties regard shall be had to the terms of the contract the conduct of the parties usages of trade and the circumstances of the case

Section 19 Unless a different intention appears the following are the rules for ascertaining the intention of the parties as to the time at which the property in the goods is to pass to the buyer

Rule 1 Where there is an unconditional contract to sell specific goods in a deliverable state the property in the goods passes to the buyer when the contract is made and it is immaterial whether the time of payment or the time of delivery or both be postponed

Rule 2 Where there is a contract to sell specific goods and the seller is bound to do something to the goods for the purpose of putting them into a deliverable state the property does not pass until such thing be done

Rule 3 First when goods are delivered to the buyer "on sale or return" or on other terms indicating an intention to make a present sale but to give the buyer an option to return the goods instead of paying the price the property passes to the buyer on delivery but he may revest the property in the seller by returning or tendering the goods within the time fixed in the contract or if no time has been fixed within a reasonable time

Second When goods are delivered to the buyer on approval or on trial or on satisfaction or other similar terms the property therein passes to the buyer

(a) When he signifies his approval or acceptance to the seller or does any other act adopting the transaction

(b) If he does not signify his approval or acceptance to the seller but retains the goods without giving notice of rejection then if a time has been fixed for the return of the goods on the expiration of such time and if no time has been fixed on the expiration of a reasonable time What is a reasonable time is a question of fact

Rule 4 Where there is a contract to sell unascertained or future goods by description and goods of that description and in a deliverable state are unconditionally appropriated to the contract either by the seller with the assent of the buyer or by the buyer with the assent of the seller the property in the goods thereupon passes to the buyer Such assent may be expressed or implied and may be given either before or after the appropriation is made

Second Where in pursuance of a contract to sell the seller delivers the goods to the buyer or to a carrier or other bailee (whether named by the buyer or not) for the purpose of transmission to do holding for the buyer he is presumed to have unconditionally appropriated the goods to the contract except in the case provided for in the next rule and in section twenty This presumption is applicable although by the terms of the contract the buyer is to pay the price before receiving delivery of the goods and the goods are marked with the words Collect on Delivery or their equivalents

Rule 5 If the contract to sell requires the seller to deliver the goods to the buyer or at a particular place or to pay the freight or cost of transportation to the buyer or to a particular place the property does not pass until the goods have been delivered to the buyer or reached the place agreed upon

Section 20 First Where there is a contract to sell specific goods or where goods are subsequently appropriated to the contract the seller may by the terms of the contract or appropriation reserve the right of possession or property in the goods until certain conditions have been fulfilled The right of possession or property may be thus reserved notwithstanding the delivery of the goods to the buyer or to a carrier or other bailee for the purpose of transmission to the buyer

Second Where goods are shipped and by the bill of lading the goods are deliverable to the seller or his agent or to the order of the seller or his agent the seller thereby reserves the property in the goods But if except for the form of the bill of lading the property would have passed to the buyer on shipment of the goods the seller's property in the goods so shipped and delivered shall be deemed to be only for the purpose of securing performance by the buyer of his obligations under the contract

Third Where goods are shipped and by the bill of lading the goods are deliverable to the order of the buyer or of his agent but possession of the bill of lading is retained by the seller or his agent the seller thereby reserves a right to the possession of the goods as against the buyer

Fourth Where the seller of goods draws on the buyer for the price and transmits the bill of exchange and a negotiable bill of lading together to the buyer to secure acceptance or payment of the bill of exchange the buyer is bound to return the bill of lading if he does not honor the bill of exchange and if he wrongfully retains the bill of lading he acquires no added right thereby If however the bill of lading provides that the goods are deliverable to the buyer or to the order of the buyer or is endorsed in blank or to the buyer by the person to whose order the bill of lading is drawn one who purchases in good faith for value the bill of lading or goods from the buyer will obtain the property in the goods although the bill of exchange has not been honored provided that such purchaser has received delivery of the bill of lading indorsed by the consignee named therein or of the goods without notice of the facts making the transfer wrongful but delivery to the endorsee of the bill of lading shall discharge the carrier from all resposibility for the goods

Section 21 In the case of a sale by auction

First Where goods are put up for sale by auction in lots each lot is the subject of a separate contract of sale

Second A sale by auction is complete when the auctioneer announces its completion by the fall of the hammer or in other customary manner Until such announcement is made any bidder may retract his bid and the auctioneer may withdraw goods from sale unless the auction has been announced to be without reserve

Third A right to bid may be reserved expressly by or on behalf of the seller

Fourth Where notice has not been given that a sale by auction is subject to a right to bid on behalf of the seller it shall not be lawful for the seller to bid himself or to employ or induce any person to bid at such sale on his behalf or for the auctioneer to employ or induce any person to bid at such sale on behalf of the seller or knowingly to take any bid from the seller or any person employed by him Any sale contravening this rule may be treated as fraudulent by the buyer

Section 22 Unless otherwise agreed the goods remain at the seller's risk until the property therein is transferred to the buyer but when the property therein is transfrred to the buyer the goods are at the buyer's risk whether delivery has been made or not except that

(a) Where delivery of the goods has been made to the buyer or to a bailee for the buyer in pursuance of the contract and the property in the goods has been retained by the seller merely to secure the performance by the buyer of his obligations under the contract the goods are at the buyer's risk from the time of such delivery

(b) Where delivery has been delayed through the fault of either buyer or seller the goods are at the risk of the party in fault as regards any loss which might not have occurred but for such fault

Section 23 First Subject to the provisions of this act where goods are sold by a person who is not the owner thereof and who does not sell them under the authority or with the consent of the owner the buyer acquires no better title to the goods than the seller had unless the owner of the goods is by his conduct precluded from denying the seller's authority to sell

Second Nothing in this act however shall affect

(a) The provisions of any factors act recording acts or any enactment enabling the apparent owner of goods to dispose of them as if he were the true owner thereof

(b) The validity of any contract to sell or sale under any special common law or statutory power of sale or under the order of a court of competent jurisdiction

Section 24 Where the seller of goods has a voidable title thereto but his title has not been avoided at the time of the sale the buyer acquires a good title to the goods provided he buys them in good faith for value and without notice of the seller's defect of title

Section 25 Where a person having sold goods continues in possession of the goods or of negotiable documents of title of the goods the delivery or transfer by that person or by an agent acting for him of the goods or documents of title under any sale pledge or other dispostion thereof to any person receiving and paying value for the same in good faith and without notice of the previous sale shall have the same effect as if the person making the delivery or transfer were expressly authorized by the owner of the goods to make the same

Section 26 Where a person having sold goods continues in possession of the goods or of negotiable documents of title to the goods and such retention of possession is fraudulent in fact or is deemed fraudulent under any rule of law a creditor or creditors of the seller may treat the sale as void

Section 27 A document of title in which it is stated that the goods referred to therein will be delivered to the bearer or to the order of any person named in such document is a negotiable document of title

Section 28 A negotiable document of title may be negotiated by delivery

(a) Where by the terms of the document the carrier warehouseman or other bailee issuing the same undertakes to deliver the goods to the bearer or

(b) Where by the terms of the document the carrier wareshouseman or other bailee issuing the same undertakes to deliver the goods to the order of a specified person and such person or a subsequent indorsee of the document has indorsed it in blank or to bearer

Where by the terms of a negotiable document of title the goods are deliverable to bearer or where a negotiable document of title has been indorsed in blank or to bearer any holder may indorse the same to himself or to any other specified person and in such case the document shall thereafter be negotiated only by the indorsement of such indorsee

Section 29 A negotiable document of title may be negotiated by the indorsement of the person to whose order the goods are by the terms of the document deliverable Such indorsement may be in blank to bearer or to a specified person If indorsed to a specified person it may be again negotiated by the endorsement of such person in blank to bearer or to another specified person Subsequent negotiation may be made in like manner

Section 30 If a document of title which contains an undertaking by a carrier warehouseman or other bailee to deliver the goods to the bearer to a specified person or order or to the order of a specified person or which contains words of like import has placed upon it the words "not negotiable" "non-negotiable" or the like such a document may nevertheless be negotiated by the holder and is a negotiable document of title within the meaning of this act But nothing in this act contained shall be construed as limiting or defining the effect upon the rights and obligations of the carrier warehouseman or other bailee issuing a document of title or placing thereon the words "not negotiable" non-negotiable" or the like

Section 31 (a) A document of title which is not in such form that it can be negotiated by delivery may be transferred by the holder by delivery to a purchaser or donee A non-negotiable document cannot be negotiated and the indorsement of such a document gives the transferee no additional right

(b) Nothing in this section nor in any other provision of this act shall be construed to impose upon any common carrier any obligation to require the surrender of the bill of lading or shipping receipt before making delivery of the goods where by the terms of said bill of lading or shipping receipt the goods are deliverable to the consignee without surrender of such bill of lading or shipping receipt

Section 32 A negotiable document of title may be negotiated

(a) by the owner thereof or

(b) By any person to whom the possession or custody of the document has been entrusted by the owner if by the terms of the document the bailee issuing the document undertakes to deliver the goods to the order of the person to whom the possession or custody of the document has been entrusted or if at the time of such entrusting the document is in such form that it may be negotiated by delivery

Section 33 A person to whom a negotiable document of title has been duly negotiated acquires thereby

(a) such title to the goods as the person negotiating the document to him had or had ability to convey to a purchaser in good faith for value and also such title to the goods as the person to whose order the goods were to be delivered by the terms of the document had or had ability to convey to a purchaser in good faith for value and

(b) The direct obligation of the bailee issuing the document to hold possession of the goods for him according to the terms of the document as fully as if such bailee had contracted directly with him

Section 34 A person to whom a document of title has been transferred but not negotiated acquires thereby as against the transferor the title to the goods subject to the terms of any agreement with the transferor

If the document is non-negotiable such person also acquires the right to notify the bailee who issued the document of the transfer thereof and thereby to acquire the direct obligation of such bailee to hold possession of the goods for him according to the terms of the document

Prior to the notification of such bailee by the transferor or transferee of a non-negotiable document of title the title of the transferee to the goods and the right to acquire the obligation of such bailee may be defeated by the levy of the attachment or execution upon the goods by a creditor of the transferor or by a notification to such bailee by the transferor or a subsequent purchaser from the transferor or of a subsequent sale of the goods by the transferor

Section 35 Where a negotiable document of title is transferred for value by delivery and the indorsement of the transferor is essential for negotiation the transferee acquires a right against the transferor to compel him to indorse the document unless a contrary intention appears The negotiation shall take effect as of the time when the indorsement is actually made

Section 36 A person who for value negotiates or transfers a document of title by indorsement or delivery including one who assigns for value a claim secured by a document of title unless a contrary intention appears warrants

(a) That the document is genuine

(b) That he has a legal right to negotiate or transfer it

(c) That he has knowledge of no fact which would impair the validity or worth of the document and

(d) That he has a right to transfer the title to the goods and that the goods are merchantable or fit for a particular purpose whenever such warrants would have been implied if the contract of the parties had been to transfer without a document of title the goods represented thereby

Section 37 The indorsement of a document of title shall not make the indorser liable for any failure on the part of the bailee who issued the document or previous indorsers thereof to fulfill their respective obligations

Section 38 The validity of the negotiaation of a negotiable document of title is not impaired by the fact that the negotiation was a breach of duty on the part of the person making the negotiation or by the fact that the owner of the document was induced by fraud mistake or duress to entrust the possession or custody thereof to such person if the person to whom the document was negotiated or person to whom the document was subsequently negotiated paid value therefor without notice of the breach of duty or fraud mistake or duress

Section 39 If goods are delivered to a bailee by the owner or by a person whose act in conveying the title to them to a purchaser in good faith for value would bind the owner and a negotiable document of title is issued for them they cannot thereafter while in the possession of such bailee be attached by garnishment or otherwise or be levied upon under an execution unless the document be first surrendered to the bailee or its negotiation enjoined The bailee shall in no case be compelled to deliver up the actual possession of the goods until the document is surrendered to him or impounded by the court

Section 40 A creditor whose debtor is the owner of a negotiable document of title shall be entitled to such aid from courts of appropriate jurisdiction by injunction and otherwise in attaching such document or in satisfying the claim by means thereof as is allowed at law or in equity in regard to property which cannot readily be attached or levied upon by ordinary legal process

Section 41 It is the duty of the seller to deliver the goods and of the buyer to accept and pay for them in accordance with the terms of the contract to sell or sale

Section 42 Unless otherwise agreed delivery of the goods and payment of the price are concurrent conditions that is to say the seller must be ready and willing to give possession of the goods to the buyer in exchange for the price and the buyer must be ready and willing to pay the price in exchange for possession of the goods

Section 43 First Whether it is for the buyer to take possession of the goods or for the seller to send them to the buyer is a question depending in each case on the contract express or implied between the parties Apart from any such contract express or implied or usage of trade to the contrary the place of delivery is the seller's place of business if he have one and if not his residence but in case of a contract to sell or a sale of specifis goods which to the knowledge of the parties when the contract or the sale was made were in some other place then that place is the place of delivery

Second Where by a contract to sell or a sale the seller is bound to send the goods to the buyer but no time for sending them is fixed the seller is bound to send them within a reasonable time

Third Where the goods at the time of the sale are in the possession of a third person the seller has not fulfilled his obligation to deliver to the buyer unless and until such third person acknowledges to the buyer that he holds the goods on the buyer's behalf but as against all others than the seller the buyer shall be regarded as having received delivery from the time when such third person first has notice of the sale Nothing is this section however shall affect the operation of the issue or transfer of any document or of title to goods

Fourth Demand or tender of delivery may be treated as ineffectual unless made at a reasonable hour What is a reasonable hour is a question of fact

Fifth Unless otherwise agreed the expenses of and incidental to putting the goods into a deliverable state must be borne by the seller

Section 44 One Where the seller delivers to the buyer a quantity of goods less than he contracted to sell the buyer may reject them but if the buyer accepts or retains the goods so delivered knowing that the seller is not going to perform the contract in full he must pay for them at the contract rate If however the buyer has used or disposed of the goods delivered before he knows that the seller is not going to perform his contract in full the buyer shall not be liable for more than the fair value to him of the goods so received

Second Where the seller delivers to the buyer a quantity of goods larger than he contracted to sell the buyer may accept the goods included in the contract and reject the reject or he may reject the whole If the buyer accepts the whole of the goods so delivered he must pay for them at the contract rate

Third Where the seller delivers to the buyer the goods he contracted to sell mixed with goods of a different description not included in the contract the buyer may accept the goods which are in accordance with the contract and reject the rest or he may reject the whole

Fourth the provisions of this section are subject to any usage of trade special agreement or course of dealing between the parties

Section 45 First Unless otherwise agreed or it is to be implied from the nature of the contract the buyer of goods is not bound to accept delivery thereof by installments

Second Where there is a contract to sell goods to be delivered by stated installments which are to be separately paid for and the seller makes defective deliveries in respect of one or more installments or the buyer neglects or refuses to take delivery of or pay for one or more installments it depends in each case on the terms of the contract and the circumstances of the case whether the breach of contract is so material as to justify the injured party in refusing to proceed further and suing for damages for breach of the entire contract or whether the breach is severable giving rise to a claim for compensation but not to a right to treat the whole contract as broken

Section 46 First Where in pursuance of a contract to sell or a sale the seller is authorized or required to send the goods to the buyer delivery of the goods to the carrier whether named by the buyer or not for the purpose of transmission to the buyer is deemed to be a delivery of the goods to the buyer except in the case provided for in section nineteen rule five or unless a contrary intent appears

Two Unless otherwise authorized by the buyer the seller must make such contract with the carrier on behalf of the buyer as may be reasonable having regard to the nature of the goods and the other circumstances of the case If the seller omit so to do and the goods are lost or damaged in course of transit the buyer may decline to treat the delivery to the carrier as a delivery to himself or may hold the seller responsible in damages

Three Unless otherwise agreed where goods are sent by the seller to the buyer under circumstances in which the seller knows or ought to know that it is usual to insure the seller must give notice to the buyer as may enable him to insure them during their transit and if the seller fails to do so the goods shall be deemed to be at his risk during such transit

Section 47 Where goods are delivered to the buyer which he has not previously examined he is not deemed to have accepted them unless and until he has had a reasonable opportunity of examining them for the purpose of ascertaining whether they are in conformity with the contract

Second Unless otherwise agreed when the seller tenders delivery of goods to the buyer he is bound on request to afford the buyer a reasonable opportunity of examining the goods for the purpose of ascertaining whether they are in conformity with the contract

Third Where goods are delivered to a carrier by the seller in accordance with an order from or agreement with the buyer upon the terms that the goods shall not be delivered by the carrier to the buyer until he has paid the price whether such terms are indicated by marking the goods with the words collect on delivery or otherwise the buyer is not entitled to examine the goods before payment of the price in the absence of agreement and proper written authority to the carrier permitting such examination

Section 48 The buyer is deemed to have accepted the goods when he intimates to the seller that he has accepted them or when the goods have been delivered to him and he does any act in relation to them which is inconsistent with the ownership of the seller or when after the lapse of a reasonable time he retains the goods without intimating to the seller that he has rejected them

Section 49 In the absence of express or implied agreement of the parties acceptance of the goods by the buyer shall not discharge the seller from liability in damages or other legal remedy for breach of any promise or warranty in the contract to sell or the sale But if after acceptance of the goods the buyer fail to give notice to the seller of the breach of any promise or warranty within a reasonable time after the buyer knows or ought to know of such breach the seller shall not be liable therefor

Section 50 Unless otherwise agreed where goods are delivered to the buyer and he refuses to accept them having the right so to do he is not bound to return them to the seller but it is sufficient to if he notifies the seller that he refuses to accept them

Section 51 When the seller is ready and willing to deliver the goods and requests the buyer to take delivery and the buyer does not within a reasonable time after such request take delivery of the goods he is liable to the seller for any loss occasioned by his neglect or refusal to take delivery and also for a reasonable charge for the care and custody of the goods If the neglect or refusal of the buyer to take delivery amounts to a repudiation or breach of the entire contract the seller shall have the rights against the goods and on the contract hereinafter provided in favor of the seller when the buyer is in default

Section 52 First The seller of goods is deemed to be an unpaid seller within the meaning of this act

(a) When the whole of the price has not been paid or tendered

(b) When a bill of exchange or other negotiable instrument has been received as conditional payment and the condition on which it was received has been broken by reason of the dishonor of the instrument the insolvency of the buyer or otherwise

Two In sections fifty-two to sixty-two of this act the term "seller" includes an agent of the seller to whom the bill of lading has been endorsed or a consignor or agent who has himself paid or is directly responsible for the price or any other person who is in the position of a seller

Section 53 One Subject to the provisions of this act notwithstanding that the property in the goods may have passed to the buyer the unpaid seller of goods as such has

(a) A lien on the goods or right to retain them for the price while he is in possession of them

(b) In case of the insolvency of the buyer a right of stopping the goods in transit after he has parted with the possession of them

(c) A right of resale as limited by this act

(d) A right to rescind the sale as limited by this act

Two Where the property in goods has not passed to the buyer the unpaid seller has in addition to his other remedies a right of withholding delivery similar to and co-extensive with his rights of lien and stoppage in transit where the property has passed to the buyer

Section 54 One Subject to the provisions of this act the unpaid seller of goods who is in possession of them is entitled to retain possession of them until the payment or tender of the price in the following cases namely

(a) Where the goods have been sold without any stipulation as to credit

(b) Where the goods have been sold on credit but the term of credit has expired

(c) Where the buyer becomes insolvent

Two The seller may exercise his right of lien notwithstanding that he is in possession of the goods as agent or bailee for the buyer

Section 55 Where an unpaid seller has made part delivery of the goods he may exercise his right of lien on the remainder unless such part delivery has been made under such circumstances as to show an intent to waive the lien or right of retention

Section 56 One The unpaid seller of goods loses his lien thereon

(a) When he delivers the goods to a carrier or other bailee for the purpose of transmission to the buyer without reserving the property in the goods or the right to the possession thereof

(b) When the buyer or his agent lawfully obtains possession of the goods

(c) By waiver thereof

Two The unpaid seller of goods having a lien thereon does not lose his lien by reason only that he has obtained judgment or decree for the price of the goods

Section 57 Subject to the provisions of this act when the buyer of goods is or becomes insolvent the unpaid seller who has parted with the possession of the goods has the right of stopping them in transit that is to say he may resume possession of the goods at any time while they are in transit and he will then become entitled to the same rights in regard to the goods as he would have had if he had never parted with the possession

Section 58 One Goods are in transit within the meaning of section fifty-seven

(a) From the time when they are delivered to a carrier by land or water or other bailee for the purpose or transmission to the buyer until the buyer or his agent in that behalf takes delivery of them from such carrier or other bailee

(b) If the goods are rejected by the buyer and the carrier or other bailee continues in possession of them even if the seller has refused to receive them back

Two Goods are no longer in transit within the meaning of section fifty-seven

(a) If the buyer or his agent in that behalf obtains delivery of the goods before their arrival at the appointed destination

(b) If after the arrival of the goods at the appointed destination the carrier or other bailee acknowledges to the buyer or his agent that he holds the goods on his behalf and continues in possession of them as bailee for the buyer or his agent and it is immaterial that further destination for the goods may have been indicated by the buyer

(c) If the carrier or other bailee wrongfully refuses to deliver the goods to the buyer or his agent in that behalf

Three If the goods are delivered to a ship chartered by the buyer it is a question depending on the circumstances of the particular case whether they are in the possession of the master as a carrier or as agent of the buyer

Four If part delivery of the goods has been made to the buyer or his agent in that behalf the remainder of the goods may be stopped in transit unless such part delivery has been made under such circumstances as to show an agreement with the buyer to give up possession of the whole of the goods

Section 59 One The unpaid seller may exercise his right of stoppage in transit either by obtaining actual possession of the goods or by giving notice of his claim to the carrier or other bailee in whose possession the goods are Such notice must state that the buyer is insolvent and has not paid the seller of the goods and may be given by either to the person in actual possession of the goods or to his principal In the latter case the notice to be effectual must be given at such time and under such circumstances that the principal by the exercise of reasonable diligence may prevent a delivery to the buyer

Two When notice of stoppage in transit is given by the seller to the carrier or other bailee in possession of the goods he must redeliver the goods to or according to the directions of the seller The expenses of such redelivery must be borne by the seller If however a negotiable document of title representing the goods has been issued by the carrier or other bailee he shall not be obliged to deliver or justify in delivering the goods to the seller unless such document is first surrendered for cancellation

Section 60 One Where the goods are of a perishable nature or where the seller expressly reserves the right of resale in case the buyer should make default or where the buyer has been in default in the payment of the price an unreasonable time an unpaid seller having a right of lien or having stopped the goods in transit may resell the goods He shall not thereafter be liable to the original buyer upon the contract to sell or the sale or for any profit made by such resale but may recover from the buyer damages for any loss occasioned by the breach of the contract or the sale

Two Where a resale is made as authorized in this section the buyer acquires a good title as against the original buyer

Three It is not essential to the validity of a resale that notice of an intention to resell the goods be given by the seller to the original buyer But where the right to resell is not based on the perishable nature of the goods or upon an express provision of the contract or the sale the giving or failure to give such notice shall be relevant in any issue involving the question whether the buyer has been in default an unreasonable time before the resale was made

Four It is not essential to the validity or a resale that notice of the time and place of such resale should be given by the seller to the original buyer

Five The Seller is bound to exercise reasonable care and judgment in making a resale and subject to this requirement may make a resale either by public or private sale

Section 61 One An unpaid seller having a right of lien or having stopped the goods in transit may rescind the transfer of title and resume the property in the goods where he expressly reserved the right to do so in case the buyer should make default or where the buyer has been in default in the payment of the price an unreasonable time The seller shall not thereafter be liable to the buyer upon the contract to sell or the sale but may recover from the buyer damages for any loss occasioned by the breach of the contract or the sale

Two The transfer of title shall not be held to have been rescinded by an unpaid seller until he has manifested by notice to the buyer or by some other overt act an intention to rescind It is not necessary that such overt act should be communicated to the buyer but the giving or failure to give notice to the buyer of the intention to rescind shall be relevant in any issue involving the question whether the buyer had been in default an unreasonable time before the right of rescission was asserted

Section 62 Subject to the provisions of this act the unpaid seller's right of lien or stoppage in transit is not affected by any sale or other disposition of the goods which the buyer may have made unless the seller has assented thereto

If however a negotiable document of title has been issued for goods no seller's lien or right of stoppage in transit shall defeat the right of any purchaser for value in good faith to whom such document has been negotiated whether such negotiation be prior or subsequent to the notification to the carrier or other bailee who issued such document of the seller's claim to a lien or right of stoppage in transit

Section 63 One Where under a contract to sell or a sale the property in the goods has passed to the buyer and the buyer wrongfully neglects or refuses to pay for the goods according to the terms of the contract or the sale the seller may maintain an action against him for the price of the goods

Two Where under a contract to sell or a sale the price is payable on a day certain irrespective of delivery or of transfer of title and the buyer wrongfully neglects or refuses to pay such price the seller may maintain an action for the price although the property in the goods has not passed and the goods have not been appropriated to the contract But it shall be a defense to such an action that the seller at any time before judgment in such action has become unable to perform the contract or the sale on his part or has manifested an intention not to perform it

Three Although the property in the goods has not passed if they cannot readily be resold for a reasonable price and if the provisions of section sixty-four (four) are not applicable the seller may offer to deliver the goods to the buyer and if the buyer refuses to receive them may notify the buyer that the goods are thereafter held by the seller as bailee for the buyer Thereafter the seller may treat the goods as the buyer's and may maintain an action for the price

Section 64 One Where the buyer wrongfully neglects or refuses to accept and pay for the goods the seller may maintain an action against him for damages for non-acceptance

Two The measure of damages is the estimated loss directly and naturally resulting in the ordinary course of events from the buyer's breach of contract

Three Where there is an available market for the goods in question the measure of damages is in the absence of special circumstances showing proximate damage of a greater amount the difference between the contract price and the market or current price at the time or times when the goods ought to have been accepted or if no time was fixed for acceptance then at the time of the refusal to accept

Four If while labor or expense of material amount are necessary on the part of the seller to enable him to fulfill his obligations under the contract to sell or the sale the buyer repudiates the contract or the sale or notifies the seller to proceed no further therewith the buyer shall be liable to the seller for no greater damages than the seller would have suffered if he did nothing towards carrying out the contract or the sale after receiving notice of the buyers repudiation or countermand The profit the seller would have made if the contract or the sale had been fully performed shall be allowed for in estimating such damages

Section 65 Where the goods have not been delivered to the buyer and the buyer has repudiated the contract to sell or sale or has manifested his inability to perform his obligations thereunder or has committed a material breach thereof the seller may totally rescind the contract or the sale by giving notice of his election so to do to the buyer

Section 66 Where the property in the goods has passed to the buyer and the seller wrongfully neglects or refuses to deliver the goods the buyer may maintain any action allowed by law to the owner of goods of similar kind when wrongfully converted or withheld

Section 67 One Where the property in the goods has not passed to the buyer and the seller wrongfully neglects or refuses to deliver the goods the buyer may maintain an action against the seller for damages for non-delivery

Second The measure of damages is the loss directly and naturally resulting in the ordinary course of events from the sellers breach of contract

Three Where there is an available market for the goods in question the measure of damages in the absence of special circumstances showing proximate damages of a greater amount is the difference between the contract price and the market or current price of the goods at the time or times when they ought to have been delivered or if no time was fixed then at the time of the refusal to deliver

Section 68 Where the seller has broken a contract to deliver specific or ascertained goods a court having the powers of a court of equity may if the remedy at law be inadequate on the application of the buyer by its judgment or decree direct that the contract shall be performed specifically without giving the seller the option of retaining the goods on payment of damages The judgment or decree may be unconditional or upon such terms and conditions as to damages payment of the price and otherwise as to the court may seem just

Section 69 One Where there is a breach of warranty by the seller the buyer may at his election

(a) Accept or keep the goods and set up against the seller the breach of warranty by way of recoupment in diminution or extinction of the price

(b) Accept or keep the goods and maintain an action against the seller for damages for breach of warranty

(c) Refuse to accept the goods if the property therein has not passed and maintain an action against the seller for damages for breach of warranty

(d) Rescind the contract to sell or the sale and refuse to receive the goods or if the goods have already been received return them or offer to return them to the seller and recover the price or any part thereof which has been paid

Two When the buyer has claimed and been granted a remedy in any one of those ways no other remedy can thereafter be granted

Three Where the goods have been delivered to the buyer he cannot rescind the sale if he knew of the breach of warranty when he accepted the goods or if he fails to notify the seller within a reasonable time of the election to rescind or if he fails to return or to offer to return the goods to the seller in substantially as good condition as they were in at the time the property was transferred to the buyer But if the deterioration or injury of the goods is due to the breach of warranty such deterioration or injury shall not prevent the buyer from returning or offering to return the goods to the seller and rescinding the sale

Four Where the buyer is entitled to rescind the sale and elects to do so the buyer shall cease to be liable for the price upon returning or offering to return the goods If the price or any part thereof has already been paid the seller shall be liable to repay so much thereof as has been paid concurrently with the return of the goods or immediately after an offer to return the goods in exchange for repayment of the price

Five Where the buyer is entitled to rescind the sale and elects to do so if the seller refuse to accept an offer of the buyer to return the goods the buyer shall thereafter be deemed to hold the goods as bailee for the seller but subject to a lien to secure the repayment of any portion of the price which has been paid and with the remedies for the enforcement of such lien allowed to an unpaid seller by section fifty-three

Six The measure of damages for breach of warranty is the loss directly and naturally resulting in the ordinary course of events from the breach of warranty

Seven In the case of breach of warranty of quality such loss in the absence of special circumstances showing proximate damage of a greater amount is the difference between the value of the goods at the time of delivery to the buyer and the value they would have had if they had answered to the warranty

Section 70 Nothing in this act shall affect the right of the buyer or the seller to recover interest or special damages in any case where by law interest or special damages may be recoverable or to recover money paid where the consideration for the payment of it has failed

Section 71 Where any right duty or liability would arise under a contract to sell or a sale by implication of law it may be negatived or varied by express agreement or by the course of dealing between the parties or by custom if the custom be such as to bind both parties to the contract or the sale All implications from surrounding circumstances or from the nature of a contract or agreement shall be regarded as forming part of the contract or agreement

Section 72 Where any right duty or liability is declared by this act it may unless otherwise by this act provided be enforced by action

Section 73 In any case not provided for in this act the rules of law and equity including the law merchant and in particular the rules relating to the law of principal and agent and to the effect of fraud misrepresentation duress or coercion mistake bankruptcy or other invalidating cause shall continue to apply to contracts to sell and to sales of goods

Section 74 This act shall be so interpreted and construed if possible as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it

Section 75 The provisions of this act relating to contracts to sell and to sales do not apply unless so stated to any transaction in the form of a contract to sell or a sale which is intended to operate by way of mortgage pledge charge or other security

Section 76 One In this act unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires

"Action" includes counterclaim set-off and suit in equity

"Buyer" means a person who buys or agrees to buy goods or any legal successor in interest of such person

"Defendant" includes a plaintiff against whom a right of set-off or counterclaim is asserted

"Delivery" means voluntary transfer of possession from one person to another

"Divisible contract to sell or sale" means a contract to sell or a sale in which by its terms the price for a portion or portions of the goods less than the whole is fixed or ascertainable by computation

"Document of title to goods" includes any bill of lading dock warrant warehouse receipt or order for the delivery of goods or any other document used in the ordinary course of business in the sale or transfer of goods as proof of the possession or control of the goods or authorizing or purporting to authorize the possessor of the document to transfer or receive either by endorsement or by delivery goods represented by such document

"Fault" means wrongful act or default

"Fungible goods" means goods of which any unit is from its nature or by mercantile usage treated as the equivalent of any other unit

"Future goods" means goods to be manufactured or acquired by the seller after the making of the contract of sale

"Goods" include all chattels personal other than things in action money The term includes implements industrial growing crops and things attached to or forming part of the land which are agreed to be severed before sale or under the contract of sale

"Order" in sections of this act relating to documents of title means an order by indorsement on the document

"Person" includes a corporation or partnership or two or more persons having a joint or common interest

"Plaintiff" includes defendant asserting a right of set-off or counterclaim

"Property" means the general property in goods and not merely a special property

"Purchaser" includes mortgagee and pledgee

"Purchasers" includes taking as a mortgage or as a pledgee

"Quality of goods" includes their state or condition

"Sale" includes a bargain and sale as well as a sale and delivery

"Seller" means a person who sells or agrees to sell goods or any legal successor in interest of such person

"Specific goods" means goods identified and agreed upon at the time a contract to sell or a sale is made

Goods which are not specific are unascertained within the meaning of this act

"Value" is any consideration sufficient to support a simple contract An antecedent or pre-existing claim whether for money or not constitutes value where goods or documents of title are taken either in satisfaction thereof or as security therefor

Two A thing is done "in good faith" within the meaning of this act when it is in fact done honestly whether it be done negligently or not

Three A person is insolvent within the meaning of this act who either has ceased to pay his debts in the ordinary course of business or cannot pay his debts as they become due whether he has committed an act of bankruptcy or not and whether he is insolvent within the meaning of the federal bankruptcy law or not

But the failure to pay particular debts shall not of itself constitute insolvency nor is any one insolvent who is able to pay his debts as they mature in current bankable funds though such medium of payment is not a legal tender for the payment of debts

Four Goods are in a "deliverable state" within the meaning of this act when they are in such a state that the buyer would under the contract be bound to take delivery of them

Section 77 The following act of Assembly namely

An Act entitled "An Act relative to sales by sample" approved April thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven Pamphlet Laws page twenty-one and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

Section 78 This act shall not be construed to repeal or limit any of the provisions of the act entitled "An Act relating to warehouse receipts" approved March eleventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page nineteen) nor the act approved June ninth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws eight hundred and thirty-eight) entitled "An Act to make uniform the law of Bills of Lading and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

Section 79 This act shall take effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and shall not apply to any contracts or sales made before that day

Section 80 This act may be cited as the sales act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1536 (Senate Bill No. 756), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to redeem outstanding bonds and for that purpose issue and sell new interest-bearing bonds and to provide a fund for the redemption thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1634 (Senate Bill No. 35), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1686 (Senate Bill No. 1017), entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holdings of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1446 (Senate Bill No. 477), entitled:

A suplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1597 (Senate Bill No. 749), entitled:

An Act to permit a married woman whose husband has lived separate and apart from her for one year or more and who during that time has not been supported by her husband to become a feme sole trader

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1608 (Senate Bill No. 366), entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three so as to fix the compensation of the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1119 (Senate Bill No. 470), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to telephone operators and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1468, as follows:

An Act providing for and defining the powers and duties of a banking law commission and making an appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor is authorized to appoint a commission of five citizens of Pennsylvania to be known as the banking law commission The members shall be citizens experienced in finance and in banking It shall be the duty of the commission to revise the banking laws of Pennsylvania including the laws governing trust companies and to prepare for introduction in the General Assembly such legislative measures as they shall deem necessary relative to banking in Pennsylvania The commission shall organize within thirty days after its appointment by the election of a chairman and of a secretary The commission shall report in writing to the Governor not later than the first day of November one thousand nine hundred sixteen The members of the commission shall serve without compensation but each shall be allowed expenses actually and necessarily incurred by him in the performance of his duties

Section 2 To carry out the purpose of this act the sum of five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the use of the commission Payment of such moneys shall be on order of the chairman countersigned by the secretary and on warrant of the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1319, entitled:

An Act lengthening the terms of office of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and extending the term of office of commissioners representing the odd numbered election districts.

The first, second, third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That immediately after the approval of this act the county commissioners in each county containing a township of the first class shall officially number consecutively from one upwards the respective election districts in each such township which districts shall thereafter respectively bear such numbers for the purpose of electing township commissioners When any new elective district is formed in such township the county commissioners shall officially give it its proper number following consecutively after the last numbered election district

Section 2 At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and quadrennially thereafter the qualified electors in each even numbered election district in such township shall elect one township commissioner who shall serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 3 At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the qualified electors of the odd-numbered districts in such township shall elect one township commissioner to serve for a term of two years from the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and quadrennially thereafter the qualified electors in each odd-numbered election district in such township shall elect one township commissioner to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act lengthening the term of office of Commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and extending the term of office of commissioners representing the odd numbered election districts

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WHITTEN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title by striking out the title and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "An Act regulating the term and election of township commissioners in townships of the first class and imposing incidental duties on county commissioners."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 251, as follows:

An Act defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examining and Licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Whereas the eyesight of the citizens of this Commonwealth is endangered by incompetent persons practicing optometry and due regard for the safety and protection of the citizens demands that only authorized and qualified optometrists shall be permitted to practice optometry

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the practice of optometry is hereby defined to be the employment of any means other than the use of drugs for the measurement of the powers of vision and the adaption of lenses for the correction and aid of the vision of human beings

Section 2 That on and after January first one thousand nine hundred sixteen it shall not be lawful for any person in this Commonwealth to engage in the practice of optometry or to hold himself out as a practitioner of optometry or to attempt to determine by an examination of the eyes the kind of glasses needed by any person or to hold himself out as a licensed optometrist when not so licensed or to hold himself out as able to examine the eyes of any person for the purpose of fitting the same with glasses excepting those hereinafted exempted unless he has first fulfilled the requirements of this act and has received a certificate of licensure from the Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure created by this act nor shall it be lawful for any person in this Commonwealth to represent that he is the lawful holder of a certificate of lecensure such as is provided for in this act when in fact he is not such lawful holder or to impersonate any licensed practitioner of optometry or to fail to deliver the certificate provided for in section six of this act

Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed to be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be subject upon his first offense to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than six months in the county prison or both or either at the discretion of the court and upon conviction on second or later offence shall be subject to a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than one year at the discretion of the court

Section 3 For the purpose of carrying out and enforcing the provisions of this act there shall be established in this Commonwealth a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction which shall be known as the Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The said bureau shall consist of seven members one of whom the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be ex-officio a member thereof the six remaining members shall be appointed by the Governor of the Commonwealth on or before September first nineteen hundred and fifteen Each member shall receive a certificate of his appointment signed by the Governor and attested by the Secretary of the Commonwealth Only optometrists citizens of this Commonwealth who possess the requisite qualifications to practice optometry under this act and who shall have been so practicing in this State during the five years next previous to their appointment shall be eligible to appointment Two members of the bureau first appointed under this act shall serve for one year two for two years and two for three years after which the successor of each member shall be appointed for the term of three years but no member of said bureau shall be a member of the faculty of any undergraduate school or college teaching optometry The first appointees shall by virtue of such appointment receive certificates of licensure without examination The Governor shall by appointment fill all vacancies caused by death resignation or otherwise and may remove any member of said bureau for continued neglect of his duties in connection therewith or for any unprofessional or dishonorable conduct but only upon due proof of such neglect or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct and after an opportunity has been given such member for a hearing Appointments to fill vacancies shall be for the unexpired term of the deceased or retiring member

Section 4 Said bureau shall effect its organization immediately after the appointment of its members by the Governor by holding a meeting at which it shall elect from its membership a president and a secretary who shall also be treasurer It shall have authority to make rules and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of this Commonwealth for the transaction of its business and for the registration of all optometrists of this Commonwealth and for conducting examinations of applicants Said rules shall be printed in phamplet form for public distribution and may be published in such newspapers in Philadelphia Pittsburgh and Harrisburg as may be designated by the bureau Five members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business except for the consideration of the revocation or suspension of a certificate of licensure or the refusal to grant a certificate of licensure or the determination of the fitness of any college to render eligible its graduates for licensure when the unanimous consent of all seven members shall be necessary No license shall be granted under this act except with the approval of at least four members of the bureau Said bureaus shall meet at least twice a year at Harrisburg Any member may administer oaths and take testimony when appointed so to do by the bureau The appointed members shall receive compensation at the rate of ten dollars per day and necessary expenses for each day actually devoted to the work of the bureau

Section 5 Every person desiring to commence the practice of optometry or if now in practice to continue the practice thereof after January first one thousand nine hundred sixteen except as herein otherwise provided shall take the examination provided in this act and satisfy the other requirements hereof as herein provided Any person who has been engaged in the practice of optometry in this Commonwealth for two full years prior to the passage of this act or for one year in this and for the year preceding it in another State and is of good character shall be entitled to take a limited examination covering the following matters only

(a) The limitations of the sphere of optometry
(b) The necessary scientific instruments used
(c) The form and power of lenses used
(d) A correct method of measuring presbyopia hypermetropia myopia and astigmatism
(e) The writing of formulas or prescriptions for the adaptation of lenses in aid of vision

Any person over the age of twenty-one years of good moral character who has had a preliminary education equivalent to two years of the course of a high school whose standard is approved by the Department of Public Instruction which preliminary education shall be ascertained by examination or by acceptable certificate as to credentials for work done in such approved institution and has graduated from a school of optometry approved by said bureau which maintains a course in optometry of not less than two years and has afterwards studied optometry for at least one year in a licensed optometrist's office shall be entitled to take a standard examination Said standard examination shall consist of tests in practical theoretical and physiological optics in theoretical and practical optometry and in the anatomy and physiology of the eye and in pathology as applied to optometry Provided however that any person not less than twenty-one years of age who is actually engaged in the practice of optometry at the time of the passage of this act shall be entitled to take the standard examination merely upon proof to the bureau that he is of good moral character and is not addicted to the intemperate use of alcohol or narcotic drugs

Section 6 Every person desiring to be licensed as in this act provided shall file with the secretary of said bureau upon appropriate blank to be furnished by said secretary an application verified by oath setting forth the facts which entitle the applicant to examination and licensure under the provisions of this act The said bureau shall hold at least two examinations each year In case of failure at any standard examination the applicant after the expiration of six months and within two years shall have the privilege of a second examination by the bureau without the payment of an additional fee In case of failure at any limited examination the applicant shall have the privilege of continuing the practice of optometry and of taking a second and third examination without the payment of an additional fee But in the event of his failure to pass the examination on or before January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen he shall thereafter cease to practice optometry in this Commonwealth Every applicant who shall pass the standard examination or the limited examination as the case may be and who shall otherwise comply with the provisions of this act shall receive from the said bureau under its seal a certificate of licensure entitling him to practice optometry in this Commonwealth which certificate shall be duly registered in the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction of this Commonwealth in a record book to be properly kept for that purpose which shall be open to public inspection and a duly certified copy of said record shall be received as evidence in all courts of this Commonwealth in the trial of any case Each person to whom a certificate shall be issued by said bureau shall keep said certificate displayed in a conspicuous place in the office or place of business wherein said person shall practice optometry together with the photograph of said person attached to the lower right hand corner of said certificate and shall whenever required exhibit the said certificate to any member or agent of said bureau Whenever any such person shall practice optometry outside or away from his office or place of business he shall deliver to each person fitted with glasses by him a certificate signed by him wherein he shall set forth the amount charged his post-office address and the number of his certificate Each person to whom a certificate has been issued by said bureau shall before practicing under the same register said certificate in the office of the prothonotary in each county wherein he proposes to practice optometry and shall pay therefor such fee as may be lawfully chargeable for such registry The prothonotary in each county shall keep a book for registering such certificates in the manner now provided by law for the registry of certificates of licensure of practitioners of medicine and surgery

Section 7 Said Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure shall charge the following fees for all examinations that may be conducted by it The sum of twenty-five dollars for a standard examination ten dollars for a limited examination one dollar per annum for a revision of the record of each certificate issued by it so long as the person to whom it was issued continues to practice optometry It shall adopt a seal and certificate of suitable design and shall have an office at Harrisburg in this Commonwealth where examinations may be held and where all its permanent records shall be kept which records shall be open to public inspection It shall have power to make requisition upon the proper State officials for offices rooms and supplies including stationery and furniture All printing and binding necessary for the work of the said bureau shall be done by the State printer upon an order issued by said bureau through its president and secretary to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

Section 8 All fees received by said bureau for examinations or from any other source shall be utilized in regulating the practice of optometry and paying the expenses of the bureau as provided for in this act any surplus to be turned over to the State Treasurer at least once in twelve months An annual audit of the accounts of the bureau shall be made by theAuditor General of the Commonwealth The treasurer of said bureau shall give a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars for the faithful performance of his duties said bond to be approved by the Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure and by the Attorney General of the Commonwealth who shall be custodian of the bond

Section 9 The Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure shall refuse to grant a certificate of licensure to any applicant and may cancel revoke or suspend the operation of any certificate by it granted for any or all of the following reasons to wit The conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude habitual intemperance in the use of ardent spirits or stimulants narcotics or any other substance which impairs the intellect and judgment to such an extent as to incapacitate for the performance of the duties of an optometrist the certificate of licensure of any person convicted of a violation of section two of this act shall be ipso facto revoked

Any person who is the holder of a certificate of licensure or who is an applicant for examination for a certificate of licensure against whom is preferred any charges shall be furnished by the bureau with a copy of the complaint and shall have a hearing before the bureau at which hearing he may be represented by counsel At such hearing witnessesses may be examined for and against the accused respecting the said charges which examination shall be conducted in the manner usually followed in the taking of testimony before commissions in this Commonwealth The suspension of a certificate of licensure by reason of the use of stimulants or narcotics may be removed when the holder thereof shall have been adjudged by the said bureau to be cured and capable of practicing optometry

Section 10 An applicant for a certificate of licensure who has been examined by the State Board of Optometrical Examiners of another state which through reciprocity similarly accredits the holder of a certificate issued by the Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure of this Commonwealth to the full privilege of practice within such state shall on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to the said bureau and on filing in the office of the bureau a true and attested copy of the said license certified by the president or secretary of the State board issuing the same and showing also that the standard of requirements adopted and enforced by said board is equal to that provided for by this act shall without further examination receive a certificate of licensure provided that such applicant has not previously failed at an examination held by the Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure of this Commonwealth

Section 11 Nothing in this act shall be construed as conferred on the holder of any certificate of licensure issued by said bureau the title of doctor oculist ophthalmologist or any other word or abbreviation indicating that he is engaged in the practice of medicine or surgery or the treatment or the diagnosis of diseases of or injuries to the human eye or the right to use drugs or medicines in any form for the treatment or examination of the human eye

Section 12 The provisions of this act shall not apply to physicians or surgeons practicing under authority of licenses issued under the laws of this Commonwealth for the practice of medicine or surgery or persons who shall sell spectacles and eye-glasses who neither practice nor profess to practice optometry

Section 13 This act shall take effect and be in full force from the date of the appointment of the said bureau by the Governor as herein provided

Section 14 Wherever in this act the singular number is used it shall be interpreted as meaning both singular and plural if compatible with the sense of the language used and vice versa and wherever in this act the masculine gender is used it shall be construed as comprehending also the feminine gender

Section 15 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed it being intended that this act shall furnish a complete and exclusive system of and in itself for obtaining the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for the regulation of the practice of optometry therein

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

The SPEAKER asked and received unanimous consent to dispense with the Committee of the Whole on all appropriation bills on second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 698, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Duquesne University of Pittsburgh Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty- thousand dollars ($20,000) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Duquesne University of Pittsburgh for the purpose of maintenance for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1070, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home Hospital and Infirmary of Lancaster County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the United Zion Home Hospital and infirmary of Lancaster county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1124, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania State College for educational extension work and for maintaining a summer school for teachers

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in order to extend to the people of the State the work of The Pennsylvania State College along useful and practical lines the following sums are hereby specifically appropriated for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to the trustees of The Pennsylvania State College as they may deem necessary for the following purposes namely

For meeting the provisions of the Act of Congress approved May eighth nineteen hundred and fourteen providing for extension work in agriculture and home economics the sum of eighty thousand ($80,000.00) dollars

For organizing and maintaining apprentice trade and night schools and classes in co-operation with public school boards boards of trade chambers of commerce mining institutes mine workers community organizations and other institutions and organizations including lecture courses reading clubs instruction printing information equipment and other forms of organized education effort the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars

For maintaining at the college a summer session for teachers including instruction printing equipment supplies janittor service et cetera the sum of twelve thousand ($12,000.00) dollars

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 11, by striking out the words "provided for" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "and for other forms of."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania State College for educational extension work and for maintaining a summer school for teachers.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No 559, as follows:

An Act providing for the appointment of the William Penn Memorial Bridge Commission defining its duties and making an appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor is authorized to appoint a commission to be known as the William Penn Memorial Bridge Commission It shall consist of three citizens of Philadelphia each of whom shall serve without compensation but each of whom shall be allowed expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his duties

Section 2 The commission shall determine upon a site for a bridge between the City of Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania and the City of Camden in the State of New Jersey to be known as the William Penn Memorial Bridge in memory of William Penn the founder of Pennsylvania It shall be the further duty of the commission to prepare a plan for the proposed bridge together with suitable designs and specifications therefor

Section 3 The commission shall proceed promptly after its appointment upon the execution of the duties hereby imposed upon them and shall report in writing to the Governor not later than the first day of November one thousand nine hundred and sixteen The report shall be accompanied by the plans designs and specififications herein authorized to be prepared Accompanying the report shall be a detailed estimate of the proposed cost of the bridge including approaches

Section 4 The sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to carry out the purposes of this act Payment of the moneys hereby appropriated shall be on order of the chairman of the commission accompanied by itemized and verified vouchers and on warrant of the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1371, as follows:

A Joint Resolution directing the Board of Public Charities to prepare and report to the Legislature at the opening of the next regular session a plan whereby the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can support and care for all its dependent insane in institutions owned and controlled by it with a view to the establishment of this policy at the earliest possible date

Whereas There are some eighteen thousand (18,000) dependent insane persons confined in the various municipal county and State hospitals almshouses and other institutions in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of whom more than seven thousand (7,000) are in institutions other than State hospitals for the insane therefore

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby directs the Board of Public Charities

To prepare and report to the Legislature at the opening of the next regular session a plan whereby the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can support and care for all its dependent insane in institutions owned and controlled by it with a view to the establishmnet of this policy at the earliest possible date

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 787, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Country House located in Darby Delaware county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Francis Country House located in Darby Delaware county Pennsylvania for the following purposes namely

The sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 290, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Sheltering Home and Home for the Homeless and Aged of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Jewish Sheltering Home and Home for the Homeless and Aged of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No 864, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence General Hospital located between Germantown and Roxboro Philadelphia Pennsylvania.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is specifically appropriated to the Providence General Hospital located between Germantown and Roxboro Phailadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requirng bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1657 (Senate Bill No. 965), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1655 (Senate Bill No. 989), entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton Pennsylvania the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 720, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lebanon Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Lebanon Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1658 (Senate Bill No. 961), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford Adams county Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1107, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Maternity Association of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Jewish Maternity Association located at Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1207, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of this Commonwealth for paying such expenditures as may be incurred to protect property and the public health and to promte the safety of its citizens of this Commonwealth and others from loss and danger from mine fires when such fires become a public nuisance in the judgment of the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth and providing how such expenditures shall be made how the Commonwealth shall be repaid and authorizing the condemnation destruction and appropriation of property material and compensation and the entering of liens against the property upon which the fires may be burning for the expense of removing such nuisance or putting out or controlling the same therefor to carry into effect the purposes of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ninety thousand dollars ($90,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Department of Health of this Commonwealth for the payment of such expenditures as the Commissioner of the said Department of Health may approve and deem necessary and which he is hereby authorized and directed to make in the protecting of property and the public health and promoting the safety of the inhabitants of this Commonwealth affected and likely to be affected by said mine fires where such fires become a public nuisance and endanger the public health in the judgment of the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth

Section 2 The money by this act appropriated shall be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in favor of and upon the requisition of the Commissioner of the said Department of Health which requisition shall be itemized Properly itemized vouchers for all disbursements shall be returned to the Auditor General

Section 3 The said Commissioner of the said Department of Health is hereby authorized and empowered and directed for and in the name of this Commonwealth by his agents and employes to enter upon and to condemn such land and to destroy appropriate and use such material and property as in his opinion may be required to carry into effect the provisions of this act compensation therefor to be made as provided by law or to protect such expenditures by the entering of lines for the money so spent against the property or properties on which the fire may be burning

Section 4 The Attorney General of this Commonwealth is hereby authorized directed and required for and in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to sue for and recover from the property saved from loss or danger or from any individual or corporation liable all or any of them or so much as may be lawfully recoverable of the expenditures made under the provisions of this act

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1648 (Senate Bill No. 920), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1255, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Osteopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the Philadelphia Osteopathic Hospital of Philadelphia for the following purpose namely

The sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years begining July first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1342, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Edinboro State Normal School

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Trustees of the Edinboro State Normal School now owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the purpose of erecting and completing the north wing of Haven Hall of said Edinboro State Normal School including the installation of a laundry store house dining room and kitchen together with the necessary machinery and equipment for the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1605 (Senate Bill No. 152), entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment erection equipment and management of a Pennsylvania home for boys and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years and making an appropriation

The first, second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint a commission which shall consist of five citizens of Pennsylvania and which shall be known as the building commission for a State institution to be called the Pennsylvania Home for Boys The purpose and character of said home shall be the erection and maintenance of an institution for the care education and culture of boys between the ages of six and eighteen years of age and in which shall be taught and developed those traits of citizenship that will conspire to the ends of intelligent and patriotic manhood

Section 2 The commission so appointed shall organize within thirty days after its appointment by the election from its membership of a chairman secretary and treasurer The members of the commission shall receive no compensation but each member shall be allowed his expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of the duties herein prescribed

Section 3 The commission shall acquire in the name of the Commonwealth by purchase or condemnation as a site for the said home a tract of land in Manchester and East Manchester townships York county on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad from Harrisburg to Washington and located about four miles northward from York comprising approximately one hundred and seventy acres known as "Green acres" Provided That the price of said land if acquired by purchase from the owner shall not exceed the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) If the said land shall be acquired by purchase from the owner the title shall be approved by the Attorney General The commission may receive a deed to the Commonwealth in fee for any land donated for the purpose aforesaid

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 If the commission and the owner cannot agree upon the price for the land the commission is authorized to take the land with all fixtures thereon by proceedings in eminent domain

In acquiring said lands if the commission cannot agree with the owner thereof or if the owner cannot be found or is not sui juris the commission may file its petition in the court of common pleas of the county wherein the lands are situated praying for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the fair value of such land Thereupon the court shall appoint from among the members of the board of viewers of the county three viewers who by personal inspection and otherwise of the lands proposed to be acquired shall ascertain and fix the fair value thereof The court shall fix a time not less than ten days nor more than twenty days thereafter for the viewers to meet either upon said lands or otherwise Notice of the time and place of meeting of such viewers shall be given where practicable by personal service upon the owner or by such other service as the court may direct When the viewers shall have completed their labors they shall file their report in writing in the said court If no exceptions shall be filed thereto within thrity days from the filing of the report or if no appeal therefrom be filed within said time demanding a trial by jury the said report shall be confirmed absolutely After final judgment on any appeal from the award of viewers an appeal may be had to either the Supreme Court or Superior Court as the case may require If upon any appeal the award of the viewers is not increased or modified in favor of the appellant the entire cost of the proceedings subsequent to such award shall be paid by the appellant

In any proceedings under this section the court may appoint such guardians or committees or trustees as the case may require and may in all cases prescribe the form and manner of service of any notice required in any proceedings under this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, line 30, by striking out the second word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth and seventeenth sections, and the title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 The commission may employ an architect and cause plans to be prepared with specifications for the home Such plans and specifications shall embrace buildings for the teaching manual training horticulture husbandry and the liberal arts as well as for such other subjects as the development and progress of the coming years may demand

Section 6 The plans and specifications for the home shall be such that the entire cost of the home shall not exceed for the site and buildings the sum of six hundred thousand dollars ($600,000.00) The plans shall not only be approved by the commission but also by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction The buildings to be erected shall be without expensive architectural or large and costly administration adornments

Section 7 When the plans and specifications have been adopted by the commission and approved by the Board of Public Charities and by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction no change therein shall be made unless on the express written recommendation of the commission approved by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction Upon the execution of any contract the commission shall furnish to the Auditor General certified copies thereof

Section 8 In the construction of the buildings or in the improvement of the site no contract involving an expenditure of more than five hundred dollars shall be made unless the same shall be duly advertised and the competitive bids thereon received All contracts shall be made and let by the commission

A superintendent of construction for the said buildings shall be appointed by the commission The commission may employ such other persons as it may deem necessary to secure the speedy and economical construction of the home and the improvement of the site The compensation of all persons employed or appointed shall be fixed by the commission

Section 9 To provide for the purchase of the said site and for the preparation of necessary plans for any structure or structures to be erected thereon and for the necessary expenses of the commission the sum of eighty-five thousand dollars ($85,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the use of the commission

The buildings shall be constructed along lines approved by modern authorities on the architectural necessities for school and academic requirements

Section 10 The institution shall receive such delinquent boys of the Commonwealth between the ages of six and sixteen years as may be committed by the several courts of quarter sessions throughout the State The term "delinquent" shall not be held as synonymous with the term "incorrigible" but shall be held to include such boys as do not have proper parental care or control or who have parents that are incapable or incompetent to care for and educate them The purpose of this act shall be held to include such commitments as are specifically defined by the juvenile act of the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three for delinquent boys and its real intent is to give the boys of the Commonwealth who are between the ages of six and eighteen years and who do not have proper or advantageous home surroundings the benefits of an education in such branches and on such subjects as may from time to time be prescribed by the State Department of Public Instruction for the common schools as well as in the varied branches of manual training and along such other lines as may fit them for the active duties of life The home shall ever be kept and maintained as a non-sectarian institution

Section 11 The courts of quarter sessions may upon proper petition commit boys to the said home after proper hearing and in their findings shall determine the places of legal settlement of such boys and shall in their judgment decree by whom the expense of the commitment and of their support and maintenance shall be borne whether by the county the poor district where the legal settlement may be or by the relatives of the boys and the decree so made shall have all the force and effect of judgments entered in pursuance of other process and in the case of individuals shall be enforceable by attachment

Section 12 Boys committed to the home shall be subject to the rules and regulations prescribed by the trustees of the institution and shall remain in the institution until they reach the age of eighteen years unless it shall be found before they reach such age that their presence may be detrimental and injurious to the morals of the home If however in the judgment of the superintendent of the home it appears to be to the interest and welfare of the boy to remain in the home his term may be extended by the trustees for an added two years or until he may reach the age of twenty years

During the years of their commitment to the said home each boy shall be subject to such military training as may be prescribed by the trustees of the home

Section 13 After the buildings of the home shall have been completed and accepted by the commission and by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction the Governor shall appoint a board of trustees composed of nine citizens of the Commonwealth The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall at all time be ex-officio a member of the board with voice and vote on all matters coming before the board The members of the board shall be appointed for the following terms and shall serve until their successors are appointed three persons to serve for three years three persons to serve for two years and three persons to serve for one year and thereafter the Governor shall annually appoint three persons to fill the vacancies occasioned by the expiration of the terms of appointment and he shall fill by appointment for the unexpired term any other vacancy in the board

The members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services as such but each shall receive the exexpenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his duties

Section 14 Upon the appointment of the board of trustees the building commission shall turn over to the board of trustees the home with all personal property connected therewith including all books papers and documents pertaining thereto Thereafter the board and their duly appointed successors shall have sole charge and management of the institution The board shall prepare rules and regulations for the government of the home

Section 15 All contracts for the equipment of the home shall be entered into only after competitive bidding and upon the contract or executing a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount with surety or sureties to be approved by the board of trustees conditioned for the faithful performance of the terms of the contract

Section 16 All payments made on account of the purchase of land or on account of any contract for the erection of the buildings comprising said home shall be by warrants drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer but no warrant shall be drawn until the building commission or a majority thereof shall have certified to the Auditor General in writing that the terms of the contract have been faithfully complied with and that the work for which payment is to be made by the warrant has been approved and accepted by the commission or a majority thereof No work done in pursuance of any contract shall be approved and accepted until a majority of the members of the board shall have personally inspected the work Payments shall be made for expenses maintenance and other purposes only by warrants similiary drawn and certified to

Section 17 The board of trustees shall elect annually from its membership a president a secretary and a treasurer and a superintendent who shall be under its direction and control The superintendent shall have authority to make temporary appointments and to suspend any employe subject to the ratification of the board at its next meeting All teachers and other employes shall be selected by the board of trustees and their compensation shall be fixed by the board

An Act providing for the establishment erection equipment and management of a Pennsylvania home for boys and for the commitment thereto of deliquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years and making an appropriations

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 250, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League for the Grandview Sanatorium and the Bonair Sanatorium

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League for the Grandview Sanatorium located at Oil City Pennsylvania and the Bonair Sanatorium located at Bells Camp McKean county Pennsylvania maintained by said league for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time, from page 31 of to-day's calendar, House Bill No. 1206, File Folio 7501.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1206, entitled

A Supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking the property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein poviding for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner to submit to the Legislature at the beginning of each session a special report which shall contain an estimate of the amount of money which in his judgment is necessary for the adequate systematic and economical maintenance and repair of

(1) Every mile of so-called unimproved State Highway for the maintenance of which the State Highway Department is responsible and the general average amount per mile needed

(2) Every mile of so-called permanently improved State highway for the maintenance of which the State Highway Department is responsible and the general average amount per mile needed for the various types of road

(3) Every mile of State-aid highway for the maintenance of which which the State Highway Department is responsible the State's share of such maintenance cost and the general everage amount per mile needed for the various types of road and

(4) An estimate of the amount of appropriation necessary for the next two years to pay townships the State-aid due them for township roads under the provisions of our laws governing second class townships

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 20, by striking out the word "estmiate" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "estimate"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 The State Highway Commissioner shall also recommend to the Legislature the amount of money which in his judgment could be efficiently and economically expended during the ensuing two or more years

(1) In the construction of State-aid highways and

(2) In making preliminary improvements of a permanent character (such as re-locating widening and underdraining road reducing grades building concrete bridges and culverts et cetera) on State highways and (so-called) permanently improved State highways

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 9, by striking out the word "improved" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "improving"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third and fourth sections and the title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 All money appropriated to the State highway Department for State highway construction work whether from direct appropriation automobile license fees or other sources shall be equitably apportioned among the counties coming under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement in the following manner

One-third according to the proportion which the mileage of unimproved State highways of each county bears to the total mileage of unimproved State highways in the State The State Highway Commissioner shall prescribe standards and determine the number of miles of so-called permanently improved State highways in each county and the remainder shall constitue the mileage of unimproved State highways

One-third according to the proportion which the population of each county as determined by the last preceding federal census bears to the population of the counties coming under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement

One-third according to the proportion which the mileage of county and township highways of each county bears to the total mileage of county and township highways in the Commonwealth Provided however That the State Highway Commissioner shall have the authority to deduct from the total amount thus apportioned to the several counties for permanent construction work an average amount of not more than ten per centum which he may set aside in a separate fund to be used at his discretion in adjustment inequalities among the counties for aiding in the completion of certain definite stretches of State highways that he may deem essential for the proper internal development of the State as a whole for the purchase of construction machinery and equipment or for other miscellaneous purposes subject however to the general approval of the Governor

Section 4 All money appropriated to the State Highway Department for the maintenance and repair of all State highways improved and unimproved whether from direct appropriation automobile license fees or other sources shall be equitably apportioned among the counties entitled to receive it according to the fair and jpst needs and requirements of every mile of such State highways and such apportionments shall be held separately and used by the State Highway Department for the benefit of such county until proper provision has been made for the adequate repair and systematic all-the-year-round- maintenance of every mile of State highway within such county for the maintenance of which the State Highway Department is responsible Provided however That the State Highway Commissioner shall have the authority to deduct from the total amounts thus apportioned to the several counties an average amount of not more than ten per centum which he may set aside in a separate fund which together with any unused and unneeded balances remaining from amounts apportioned to any county may be used if necessary in whole or in part at his discretion for the purchase of maintenance machinery and equipment for extraordinary repairs made necessary by floods storms et cetera and for other unforseen contingencies Provided further however That in the repair or resurfacing of any so-called permanently improved State highway in any county involving an expenditure per mile of an amount in excess of thirty per centum of the original cost of the road per mile such amount in excess of thirty per centum shall be charged to and paid out of any appropriation apportioned to such county for permanent construction work on State highways as hereinbefore provided for

A Supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to iprove or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in patr requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State-aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways and kind of material to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1245 (Senate No. 428), entitled:

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day" and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1471, entitled:

An Act amending an act "Relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, et cetera" approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws 672) by increasing the registration fees provided in section six thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1471 MADE SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1471, File Folio 8003, which just passed first reading, be made a special order on second reading on May 5, 1915, at 10.30, A. M.

Mr. VODGES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1629, entitled:

An Act authorizing the commission appointed to investigate the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf to accept the said school including all buildings grounds and equipment taking an assignment of the surface rights of said grounds only providing for the payment of all claims debts and liens against said institution not exceeding the sum of thirty thousand dollars and making an appropriation for that purpose

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 644, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 473, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1667, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to James Joseph Grassi of Altoona Pennsylvania certain moneys paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 134, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" by adding a section thereto to be known as section eight

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to the insertion of amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 24, by striking out the word "first" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fifteenth"

Amend section 1, line 25, by striking out the words "that it" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "It"

Amend section 1, line 26, by striking out the word "September" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "August"

Amend section 1, line 26, by striking out the word "thirteenth" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fourteenth"

Amend section 1, line 27, by striking out the word "November" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "December"

Amend section 1, line 56, by striking out the words "raceways and mills excepted" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "This proviso does not apply to raceways and mills"

Amend section 1, line 101, by adding after the word "Falls" the following: "No fish basket shall be located in any stream at a point where the width of the stream is less than two thousand feet."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? The Chair hears objection and the amendments will not be inserted.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House go into a Committee of the Whole for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides for the use of fish-baskets for the catching of eels in the streams of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The purpose of my amendments was to confine the use of fish-baskets to streams at a point where the streams were two thousand feet or more broad, but in view of the fact that a number of members have expressed themselves in opposition to this amendment it is my purpose to fight this bill on the floor of the House in an effort to have justice done to the constituents whom I have the honor to represent in this measure.

Under the Act of 1909, fish-baskets were permitted to be used in the streams of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the catching of eels. In the Southern part of Pennsylvania, particularly in York County and Lancaster County the eel fishing by the use of fish-baskets has been for years past a great industry. As a result of the Act of 1913 those fishermen in the southern part of York County were compelled to abandon the use of fish-baskets in catching of eels with the result that they were forced to give up vested rights which they had in property for the fishing rights in the catching of eels. These rights, included property rights, which represented the livelihood of these fisherman. I can see no objections or no reason why we should not permit the use of fish-baskets in the streams of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the catching of eels. If we don't permit the use of these baskets the eels go down into Maryland waters and are there caught by the hundreds of thousands and the fishermen of York County and other counties bordering on the Susquehanna River are not only deprived of the livelihood but the people around surrounding waters are deprived of a necessity of food. It has been shown before the Committee on Fisheries that the use of fish-baskets does not interfere with the game fish of the streams. It is in the interests of the fishermen of Pennsylvania, especially of York County who have large investments in this industry that by act of law they have been deprived of, together with a livelihood that I am making my voice heard in behalf of the passage of this bill which carried with it justice. I ask you gentlemen, in all fairness to pass this bill.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, the gentlemen from York would have you believe that his people from his district—would have the committee believe that the catching of eels by fish-baskets does not in any way interfere with the catching of game fish. I want to declare openly that that is not true. I want to say further that drawing from my experience as a member of this House I have never once seen a man who was discourteous enough to take advantage of a Chairman of a Committee during his absence and ask the House to vote in favor of his proposition and discharge that committee from the consideration of the further consideration of such bill. I hold this to be breach of ethics in parliamentary practice. This was done by the gentleman from York last week, during my absence, and as Chairman of that Committee and appealing to the honest intent of every member of this House I hope they will vote "No" on his bill.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from York.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from York, Mr. Spangler, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, did I understand the gentleman from York to say that this law destroyed a great industry of the citizens of York County?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman did so understand.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to call your attention to a report of York county for the years of 1911 and 1912 bearing on this question, which is as follows: "The total number of license issued in York county for the year of 1911—7. The total number of eels reported caught in York county was 475, for the year 1911. The total weight was 276 pounds and the value was $29.31. In 1912 the total number of eels caught was 952. The total weight was 650 pounds and the total value $64.30. There were 12 licenses issued." Now, Mr. Speaker, for the life of me I cannot see where this law destroys a great industry.

Mr. PHILLIPS., Mr. Speaker, I have a letter here in my hand which I want to read. It will take but two or three minutes. This letter comes from the Norristown Fish and Game Protective Association, of Montgomery county.

We beg to call attention to House Bill No. 134, Folio 469, by Mr. Spangler, which provides for the wanton destruction of fish life within the streams of this Commonwealth by commercializing the fishing interests to gratify the selfish aims of a few fishermen, properly termed pot hunters, to the detriment of the masses, by the use of traps, commonly called fish baskets.

We sincerely trust that you will see that Montgomery county does not belong to the pot hunter's class and that you will use your every effort to uphold our recognized reputation for the enactment of only such laws that are for the best interest of the entire State, and urge your utmost influence for the defeat of such a vicious measure.

It is said that ‘every dog has his day"; the dog this season has had many days, in fact, there have been five bills presented for the protection, destruction and purification of that animal. The Allied sportsmen have presented Senate Bill No. 1043, Folio 2903, by Mr. Thompkins, and we trust that you will give this bill your earnest consideration, recommitting or defeating House Bill 1514, Folio 7379, by Mr. Brownlee.

May we ask that you kindly interview Mr. Miles A. Milliron, of Armstrong county, urging him to have reported out from the House Special Educational Committee, at the earliest opportunity, Senate Bill No. 428, Folio 1371, by Senator Buckman ("Bird Day") with the amendment as suggested and agreed upon by the Governor.

Thanking you for your co-operation, and with best wishes, we are,

Respectfully yours,
THE NORRISTOWN FISH & GAME PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.
JOHN R. PRUFF, Secretary.

For this reason we ask you to vote against this bill.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I just want to answer the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Powell, to say that when the members of the Committee of Fishermen from York county appeared for a public hearing, that same question that he asked was put up to the Fish Commissioner and that he had the statistics there and this man at that time stated that the reports that had been made were inaccurate. The men who do the fishing in the lower end of York county are men who probably never get above that locality; they are ignorant men and don't understand the making and filing of reports so that there are very many instances where these reports are erroneous.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

The Speaker announced that the Nays had it.

Whereupon, a division was called for, 50 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and 70 in the negative.

The question was determined in the negative and the bill was not agreed to on third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 783, as follows:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the clay quarries or mines of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act the clay quarries or mines of Pennsylvania in which bituminous coal is also mined shall be operated under the supervision of the State Department of Mines and shall be subject to such rules and methods of operation as may be recommended by the chief of the Department of Mines in accordance wtih such provisions of the Coal mine laws of the State as may be found applicable to the supervision of clay quarries or mines

Section 2 The inspection of the mines and quarries as set forth in section one of this act shall be made by certain district State coal mine inspectors who shall be designated for the work by the chief of the Department of Mines and who shall make and forward to the Department of Mines such reports from time to time as the chief of the Department may demand

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—131.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Blackburn,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—14.

Arnold,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Body,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Garner,
Klinger,
Landis,
Perry,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Wobensmith.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1479, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-three of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations;" approved April twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, as amended by the fifth section of an act, entitled "A Supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations," approved April seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, requiring the filing of all the reports required by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth and the payment of all taxes due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by certain corporations up to and including the date of the proposed sale, assignment, disposition and conveyance of the franchises and property of such corporations before the returns authorizing such sale, assignment, disposition and conveyance shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Leighner,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Richards,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

CONFERENCE REPORT WITHDRAWN.

Mr. DUNN asked and obtained unanimous consent to withdraw Conference Report on House Bill No. 331.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced ,informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to House Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 488.

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading were re-considered in the House of Representatives and amended, in which amendments the Senate has concurred.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1131.

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by adding after the word "salaries" the words "and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year"

Section two line three after the words "Attorney General" add the following "and provided that this act shall not affect the present officers and employes of the Attorney General's Department until they are superseded by appointments made hereunder"

Insert section three as follows:

"Section 3 In addition to the sum now appropriated to the Attorney General's Department the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) is hereby appropriated for the salaries of the officers and employes of the Attorney General's Department for the balance of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen (1915)"

Change section three to section four.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—155.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 962.

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section Six, line four, after the word "be" insert the words "or if no affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply be filed."

Section Seven, line three, strike out the word "sued" and insert the word "acting"

Section Eight, line four, after the word "allegations" strike out the words "in a defence by way of" and insert in lieu thereof the words "of a set-off or"

Before Section Nine insert "Statement of Claim"

Section Nine, line five, after the word "of" strike out the word "by"

Section Ten, line five, after the word "statement" insert "of claim;" line five, after the word "hereof" strike out "the day of service to count as the first day"

Section Twelve, line four, after the word "him" strike out the words "the day of service to count as the first day"

Strike out all of Section Thirteen, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 13 In actions of trespass the averments in the statement of the person by whom the act was committed the agency or employment of such person the ownership or possession of the vehicle machinery property or instrumentality involved and all similar averments if not denied shall be taken to be admitted in accordance with section six the averments of the other facts on which the plaintiff relies to establish liability and averments relating to damages claimed or their amount need not be answered or denied but shall be deemed to be put in issue in all cases unless expressly admitted"

Section Fourteen, line seven, after the word "if" insert the word "in"

Section Fifteen, line five, after the word "him" strike out the words "the day of service to count as the first day;" line thirteen, after the word "the" strike out the word "defendants" and insert the word "within;" line fifteen, after the word "hereof" strike out the words "the day of service to count as the first day"

Strike out all of Section twenty and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 20 The defendant in the affidavit of defence may raise any question of law without answering the averments of fact in the statement of claim and any question of law so raised may be set down for hearing and disposed of by the court If in the opinion of the court the decision of such question of law disposes of the whole or any part of the claim the court may enter judgment for the defendant or make such other order as may be just If the court shall decide the question of law so raised against the defendant he may file a supplemental affidavit of defence to the averments of fact of the statement within fifteen days

Before Section twenty-one, insert "General Provisions"

Section Twenty-one, line one, after the word "motion" strike out "or of his own motion"

Insert new Section twenty-four as follows:

"Section twenty-four, this act may be cited as "Practice Act nineteen fifteen"

Change Section twenty-four to Section twenty-five

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 540.

An Act to amend section two clause one of section three and section four of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

In line 1 of the title after the word "amend" strike out the words "the second" and after the word "section" insert the words "two clause one of section three and section four"

Section one, line 12, add the words "as follows"

Line 36, after the word "but" strike out the words "shall retain the position and rank as to priority of commission which he held at the time of his re-election Provided however That nothing herein contained shall be construed to displace or interfere with the seniority of any of the judges now occupying this bench whose continuous length of service would give him as a member of said court from its inception or afterwards" and insert the words "but the rank priority and seniority of each judge of said court shall be determined by his continuous length of service as a member of said court."

Line 53, after the word "court" insert the following: "Provided however That the said court may at its discretion direct and appoint or designate two of their members to write opinions during the sessions of said court and when this is done these members shall not be required to sit at the hearings and take part in the examination and decision of any appeal being heard during that time

Section 2 That clause one of section three of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 The said Superior Court may fix the time and places when and where it will meet except that it must meet at least once a year in the Cities of Philadelphia Pittsburgh Harrisburg Scranton and Williamsport" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The said Superior Court may fix a time and place where it may meet except that it may meet at least once a year in the Cities of Philadelphia Pittsburgh Harrisburg Scranton and Williamsport

Section 3 That section four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 The prothonotaries of the Supreme Court at Philadelphia Harrisburg and Pittsburgh shall be ex-officio the prothonotaries of the Superior Court and at each of the other places where the said court may sit the said court may appoint a prothonotary who shall hold office during the pleasure of the court They shall perform such duties and exercise such powers in reference to its records and business as the court may direct Their compensation shall be as follows namely

For all services whatever rendered by them in connection with any appeal to the Superior Court the sum of ten dollars shall be paid to them at the time the record from the court below is filed in said court No further change shall be made for preparing and certifying the remitter and record to the court below with a copy of the opinion or for preparing and certifying the record to the Supreme Court in case of an appeal thereto

There shall be no State tax on appeals to the said Superior Court or in any process thereof or on appeals therefrom" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 The judges of the Superior Court shall appoint the prothonotaries of said court at Philadelphia Harrisburg and Pittsburgh and at such other places where the said court may sit who shall hold office during the pleasure of the court and the deputy prothonotaries and clerks of the Supreme Court shall be ex-officio deputy prothonotaries and clerks of the Superior Court The prothonotaries deputy prothonotaries and clerks shall perform such duties and exercise such powers in reference to the acts and business as the court may direct The compensation of the prothonotaries of the Superior Court shall be as authorized by the act of May nineteen one thousand nine eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act regulating the practice bail costs and fees on appeals to the Supreme Court and Superior Court" There shall be no State tax on appeals to the said Superior Court or on any process thereof or on appeals therefrom

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I have examined the amendments and they are entirely satisfactory.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 590, as follows:

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restrictions under which public vaults crypts or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That

After the passage of this act no person firm or corporation shall build construct or erect any mausoleum vault crypt or structure intended to hold or contain the bodies of the dead which shall be wholly or partially above the surface of the ground unless and until the following requirements and conditions have been fully complied with and fulfilled in every particular

2 Before commencing the building construction or erection of the same full detailed plans and specifications of such structure shall be presented to the State Department of Health of this State for the examination and approval of said Commissioner of Health Before approving such plans and specifications said Commissioner of Health shall be satisfied as to the following facts (a) that the same provide for a structure so arranged that every part thereof may be readily examined at any time by such Department of Health or by the health officer of any county or city wherein such structure may be erected (b) that proper provision is made for hermetically and permanently sealing each individual crypt or cell after the placing of the deceased body therein in such a way that no injurious or offensive odor or effluvia may escape therefrom (c) that the materials of which it is intended to construct the same shall be of the best quality obtainable and of the character best suited for the respective purposes for which they are intended The approval of said plans materials and specifications by the said Department of Health shall be evidenced by a certificate in writing signed by the State Commissioner of Health and such signed approval together with the detailed plans and specifications so approved shall before commencing work on such structure be filed in the office of the prothonotary of the county wherein such structure is to be erected and there remain as a public record

3 The erection of such structure manusoleums or crypts shall at all times be under the supervision of an inspector competent to perform such work and with a knowledge of such construction such inspector shall be appointed by the State Department of Health and his compensation shall be fixed and determined by the Commissioner of Health said compensation however not to exceed seven and one-half dollars per day for each and every day actually employed in such inspection Said compensation to be paid on demand to the Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania by the firm or corporation erecting such structure and credited by said State Treasurer and the money so derived from time to time under the provisions of this act is hereby permanently dedicated to the payment of the compensation of the inspector aforesaid and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State Treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer and his bondsmen shall be responsible for the safe-keeping of and accounting for said fund in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe-keeping of and accounting for other revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer shall on the first business day of each and every month make report to the State Department of Health of the money in said fund available for the use of the State Departmnet of Health and the State Treasurer and Auditor General shall credit the amount so certified as available to an amount for the payment of the inspector in this section provided when so certified by the State Treasurer the funds shall be available for requisition and expenditure and shall be requisitioned expended settled and vouched as provided by general law for funds appropriated from the general revenues of the Commonwealth It shall be the duty of such inspector to see that the approved plans are followed in every detail and that the approved specifications are complied with in every particular No departure or deviation from the original plans and specifications shall be permitted except upon approval of the State Department of Health evidenced and filed in like manner and form as the approval of the original plans and specifications

4 No mausoleum vault crpyt or structure so erected as aforesaid shall be used for the purpose of interring or depositing therein any dead body until there shall have been obtained from the State Department of Health a final certificate signed by the Commissioner of Health and also the inspector who inspected the construction thereof stating that the plans and specifications as filed have been complied with and followed in every particular and until such certificate shall be filed with the prothonotary of the county

5 Before or at the time of the completion of any structure aforesaid the person firm or corporation so constructing same shall pay to a trustee which shall be a trust company appointed by the court of common pleas of the county in which the same is located and which has given security as directed by the court a sum equal to fifteen per centum of the price fixed for each crypt to be sold said trustee to permanently invest the said fund and use the interest arising therefrom in the care and maintenance of said structure and also any necessary expense and services of the said trustee or salary for person to permanently care for the structure

6 It is distinctly understood that the Department of Health of the State shall be in no way held responsible for any liability resulting from permission by it given as hereinbefore provided

7 Any person member of a firm or any officer or director of a corporation which or who shall fail to comply with each and every provision of this act shall be personally liable therefor and shall upon conviction thereof be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and sentenced to pay all costs and a fine of not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) nor more than the fifteen per centum required to be paid to said trustee as provided in section five of this act or be imprisoned in the county jail of the respective county for a term of not less than six months or more than one year Provided however That the provisions of the act shall not apply to temporary receiving vaults and Provided further that the provisions of this act shall not apply to vaults crypts or mausoleums intended only for one person or family or the relatives thereof by blood or marriage

8 The fine when collected as aforesaid shall be paid to the trustee and be used as provided in section five of this act

9 No community mausoleum vault crypt or structure for the burial of the dead shall be erected within one mile of the corporate lines of any city or borough except it be on the property of an incorporated cemetery

10 This act shall take effect immediately excepting however that it shall not apply to or affect any mausoleum now in the course of construction or where twenty-five per centum of the total number of crypts to be therein contained have actually been sold to the public

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, we are not opposed to proper restrictions on mausoleums. We are not opposed to the principle of this bill; but we are opposed to the measure of this bill as it is drawn. As chairman of the sub-committee that had this bill in charge we held a public hearing and at that time the only men who appeared in advocacy of this measure were the monument men, and they appeared for a selfish reason and for a selfish reason only. The Health Department of the State of Pennsylvania was represented at that hearing and the Health Department of the State of Pennsylvania was opposed to this measure because the Health Department said, we have all the powers now in our possession, under existing law, that we need in order to protect the health of the community against the construction of mausoleums that might be a menace to the health of the community.

This bill, if it were confined to the one section, would be a very excellent bill; and there is one section that I will commend and that is section nine, which says that:

> "9 No community mausoleum vault crypt or structure for the burial of the dead shall be erected within one mile of the corporate lines of any city or borough except it be on the property of an incorporated cemetery"

In other words, that section prevents blackmailers from threatening to place a mausoleum in a residential section; but the rest of the bill is bad. Now the question is: "Are we going to burn down the house in order to catch a few mice in the House?" I do not think that is policy.

Another provision of this bill that is bad is the fifteen per cent. clause, the fifteen per cent. reserve clause in this bill which provides for the depositing of fifteen per cent., which is absolutely bad, is entirely too excessive.

There is one other provision that I wish to call attention to in this measure and that is, in section two the bill states that the mausoleum shall be constructed the best quality of granite. Now, under that provision alone, any mausoleum that has been constructed could be condemned because the "best quality" might be any quality.

Now, I feel that this bill, as I have said, is bad in the whole. It is bad because it is not fair to the men who are putting up mausoleums at the present time. The Health Department is amply protected under existing law and there is no reason, other than the selfish reason, for the passage of this measure.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I presume that you have all read this bill and are familiar with its provisions. It is to regulate certain buildings that are intended to contain the bodies of dead people. These buildings are practically new in the State of Pennsylvania. They are in operation in the West, in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa, and they have not proven a success in those States. The provisions of this bill are to regulate the construction of these buildings. The bill makes provisions to take care of the building after it is constructed. The plan upon which many of them have been built was that after they were built and the crypts therein were sold, the parties who had gotten the money left the sections of the State where they were located and there was no one to care for the maintenance of the crypts.

Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, I am doing the best I can to be heard and I cannot do any better; I cannot speak any louder.

Now, the provisions of this bill are not too drastic for persons who want to build right and do an honest business; but the history of these buildings, so far as we have learned—a large percentage of them—is that they have been thrown together and put up in such a manner that in a few years they begin to crumble and the parties who have purchased places for the burial of their dead or the depositing of dead bodies—the buildings have fallen to pieces and they are not in position to use them and their money is gone.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—6.

Campbell, T.,
Hess,
Jack,
Nissley,
Powell,
Rininger,
Walton,
Wildman

NAYS—169.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Geary,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,

Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I voted "no" on this bill for the purpose of moving a reconsideration of this vote, as I feel sure that the members of this House do not understand this bill. Unfortunately, I was interrupted when I desired to speak in regard to it and do my best to explain it; and I move that this bill be reconsidered. If the members will kindly reconsider the vote and then we can put it on the postponed calendar until we have had full opportunity to examine and explain it.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The gentleman's motion is not now in order.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 742.

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 713.

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of "The Star" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1032.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War

House Bill No. 1099.

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies of the City of Harrisburg

House Bill No. 704.

An Act to enlarge the limit of purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes

House Bill No. 306.

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

House Bill No. 414.

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein and making an appropriation

House Bill No. 1023.

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

House Bill No. 730.

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be established as therein provided and to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER in the presence of the House signed the same.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1605 (Senate Bill No. 152), File Folio 2445, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment erection equipment and management of a Pennsylvania home for boys and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years and making an appropriation

on page 40 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CUMMINGS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I now desire to move for a reconsideration of the vote by which House Bill No. 590, File Folio 7531, entitled:

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restrictions under which public vaults, crypts or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith

was defeated on final passage, and I would ask some other member of the House who voted "no" on the bill, to second the motion. I do not believe the members of the House understand the proposition. They could not hear the sponsor of the bill when he made his explanation and only heard the remarks of the gentlemen who objected to it, the gentleman from York, Mr. Spangler. I therefore move for a reconsideration of the vote, as it is a very important question.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the "Nays" appeared to have it, whereupon a division was called for and 46 gentlemen having voted in the affirmative, and 82 in the negative, the question was determined in the negative and the motion was not agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1096 (Senate No. 291), as follows:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no female shall be employed or permitted to work inor in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant more than sixty-three hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day The term "week" when used in this act shall mean any seven consecutive days and the term "day" shall mean any twenty-four consecutive hours

Section 2 No female under twenty-one years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant before the hour of six o'clock in the morning or after the hour of nine o'clock in the evening of any day

Section 3 No female shall be employed or permitted to work for more than six hours continuously in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant without an interval of at least forty-five minutes and no period of less than forty-five minutes shall be deemed to interrupt a continuous period of work Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant for less than eight hours in any one day the interval between working periods may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Section 4 Every person employing or permitting females to work in any hotel boarding house or restaurant shall provide suitable wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies for their use so located as to be accessible to such females In any hotels boarding house or restaurant in which males and females shall be employed or permitted to work separate wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies shall be provided for each sex and such wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies shall be entirely separate from those provided for the other sex All water-closets or privies shall be properly lighted and shall be separated from the rooms in which employes shall be permitted to work by partitions extending from floor to ceiling and the compartments containing such water-closets or privies shall have sufficient direct outside ventilation by window or other means All water-closets or privies shall at all times be kept clean sanitary and free from obscene writing or marking

Section 5 Every person employing or permitting any female to work in any hotel boarding house or restaurant shall keep posted in a conspicuous place a printed abstract of the provisions of this act and a schedule of the hours of labor of such female

Section 6 No person shall hinder or delay the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or any of his deputies in the performance of his duties in the enforcement of this act or refuse to admit or lock out any inspector from any place while females are employed therein and which said inspector shall be authorized to inspect or refuse to give any inspector information required for the proper enforcement of this act

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and his deputies to enforce all the provisions of this act They shall visit and inspect hotels boarding houses and restaurants and shall have power at any reasonable time to visit and inspect any hotel boarding house or restaurant in or in connection with which any female shall be employed or permitted to work They shall investigate all complaints of violations of this act received by them and shall institute prosecutions for violations of the provisions thereof

Section 8 All prosecutions for violation of this act shall be instituted by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or his deputy before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace who shall issue a summons commanding the person charged with the violation of the act to appear within not less than five nor more than eight days Upon conviction after hearing the penalties in this act shall be imposed and shall be final unless an appeal be taken to the court of proper jurisdiction within twenty days after the imposition of the penalties aforesaid in the manner already provided by law in appeals from penalties

Section 9 Any person who whether by himself or for another or through an agent servant or foreman shall violate any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor

Upon conviction for a wilful violation of any provision of this act he shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than ten dollars or more than fifty dollars for a second or subsequent offense by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars or more than one hundred dollars at the discretion of the court and whenever any person shall have been notified by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or his deputy or by the service of a summons in a prosecution that he is violating such provision he shall be punished by like penalties in addition for each and every day that such violation shall have continued after such notification

Section 10 All fines imposed and collected for any violation of this act shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry who shall pay the same into the office of the State Treasurer for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 11 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. McARDLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then twice read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 11 by striking out all the words therein and insert instead the following words "This act shall not apply to establishments maintained or conducted by religious, charitable and educational institutions."

Amend by adding the following section:

"Section 12 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading House Bill No. 746, as follows:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within the Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and seventy-four prohibiting magistrates aldermen or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offenses dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respective homes and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no magistrate alderman or justice of the peace shall sentence commit or hold for trial any dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child under the age of sixteen years but in all cases in which any such child shall be charged with any offense before such magistrate alderman or justice of the peace he shall give such child into the custody of a probation officer of the proper juvenile court the duty of which officer shall be to thereupon petition the said court setting forth the facts in the case whereupon such court shall take such action agreeably to existing law as it deems proper

Section 2 Whenever the jurisdiction of a juvenile court shall attach to any dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child the said jurisdiction shall continue notwithstanding that the child may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of the court with the same force and effect and for the same length of time as if the said child had continued to reside within the said territorial limits

Section 3 Whenever any dependent child under the age of sixteen years brought before any juvenile court shall have a mother maintaining a home the court may in its discretion commit such child to the custody of its mother under the supervision of said court and make an order upon the proper county for such sum for its maintenance payable to the mother as the court may direct which order shall thereupon be paid by the said county In all such cases such mother shall make a monthly report of the condition and behavior of such child to a probation officer of such court in such form as the court may prescribe which officer shall make a report to the court once in three months upon a form similarly prescribed

Section 4 Whenever there is any question in the mind of the court as to whether or not a child brought before a juvenile court is defective the said court may appoint a medical expert to examine the child and report whether it is in fact defective or not the expense of which examination and report shall be paid by the proper county on the order of said court

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend House Bill No. 746, File Folio 3909, on page 2, section 1, line 14, after the word "proper" insert the words "and if upon the hearing, such court shall be of the opinion that the offense charged is of such a character that the case of the delinquent should be disposed of by a court of criminal jurisdiction it shall be the duty of such court to return same to the care of the court of quarter sessions and the delinquent proceeded against as in other cases in which there is a binding over to said court by committing magistrates."

Section three (3), line nine (9), after the word "County," add the following: "unless such county shall have a mother's pension fund in operation in which case the court shall refer the dependent child for the consideration of the trustees of the mother's pension fund of said county."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Mr. STEEDLE in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 560, entitled:

An Act relating to the animal commonly known as the muskrat and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Mangan,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McCaig,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—9.

Blackburn,
Eppley,
Lynch,
Palmer,
Rich,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Twibill,
Watson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1423, as follows:

An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of birth and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics as required to be established by the State Department of Health and in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of births marriages deaths and diseases of practitioners of medicine and surgery of midwives nurses and undertakers and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births deaths marriages and diseases throughout the State as provided in section ten of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties" approved the twenty-seventh day of April nineteen hundred and five and providing penalties for violations of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the State Department of Health to have charge of the State system of registration of births deaths marriages and disease to prepare the necessary methods forms and blanks for obtaining and preserving such records and to insure the faithful registration of the same in the townships boroughs cities counties and in the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capitol of the State The said department shall be charged with the uniform and thorough enforcement of the law throughout the State and shall from time to time recommend any additional forms and amendments that may be necessary for this purpose

Section 2 That the Commissioner of Health of the State Department of Health shall have general supervision over the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics which is hereby authorized to be established by said department and which shall be under the immediate direction of the State Registrar of Vital Statistics whom the said Commissioner of Health shall appoint and who shall be a medical practitioner of not less than ten years practice in his profession and a competent vital statistician The term of appointment of the State Registrar of Vital Statistics shall be four years beginning with the first day of January nineteen hundred and thirteen and any vacancy occurring in the office of the State Registrar of Vital Statistics shall be filled by appointment of the said Commissioner of Health The State Registrar of Vital Statistics shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars per annum The State Department of Health shall provide for such clerical and other assistance as may be necessary for the purposes of this act and may fix the compensation of persons thus employed within the amount appropriated therefor by the Legislature Suitable apartments shall be provided for the State Bureau of Vital Statistics in the State Capitol at Harrisburg which shall be properly equipped with fireproof vault and filing cases for the permanent and safe preservation of all records made and returned under this act

Section 3 That for the purposes of this act the State shall be divided into registration districts as follows Each city borough and township shall constitute a primary registration district but two or more primary registration districts may be united into one registration district

Section 4 That the Commissioner of Health shall appoint a local registrar of vital statistics for each registration district of the State The term of office of local registrars shall be for four years beginning with the first day of January of the year nineteen hundred and thirteen and their successors shall be appointed at least ten days before the expiration of their term of office Provided however That all local registrars now serving under appointment of the Commissioner of Health shall continue to serve until the expiration of their term for which they have been appointed Any local registrar appointed by the said Commissioner of Health who fails or neglects to efficiently discharge the duties of his office or who fails to make prompt and complete returns of births and deaths as required hereby shall be forthwith removed from his office by the said Commissioner of Health and his successor appointed in addition to any other penalties that may be imposed under other sections of this act for failure or neglect to perform his duty Each local registrar appointed by the Commissioner of Health shall immediately upon his acceptance of appointment as such appoint a deputy whose duty it shall be to act in his stead in case of absence illness or disability and who shall accept such appointment in writing and who shall be subject to all rules and regulations governing the actions of local registrars and when it may appear necesasry for the convenience of the people in any township a local registrar is hereby authorized with the approval of the State Registrar to appoint one or more suitable and proper persons to act as sub-registrars who shall be authorized to receive certificates and to issue burial or removal permits in and for such portions of the township as may be designated and each sub-registrar shall note over his signature the date on which each certificate was filed and forward all certificates to the registrar of the township within ten days and in all cases before the third day of the following month Provided That all sub-registrars shall be subject to the supervision and control of the State Registrar and may be by him removed for neglect or failure to perform their duties in accordance with the provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of the State Registrar and they shall be liable to the same penalties for neglect of duties as the local registrar

Section 5 That the body of any person whose death occurs in the State shall not be interred deposited in a vault or tomb cremated or otherwise disposed of or removed from or into any registration district until a permit for burial removal or other disposition shall have been properly issued by the local registrar of the registration district in which the death occurs And no such burial or removal permit shall be issued by any registrar until a complete and satisfactory certificate of death has been filed with him as hereinafter provided Provided That when a dead body is transported by common carrier into a registration district in Pennsylvania for burial then the transit and removal permit issued in accordance with the law and health regulations of the place where the death occurred when said death occurs outside of the State of Pennsylvania shall be accepted by the local registrar of the district into which the body has been transported for burial or other disposition as a basis upon which he shall issue a local burial permit in the same way as if the death occurred in his district but shall plainly enter upon the face of the burial permit the fact that it was a body shipped in for interment and give the actual place of death but a burial permit shall not be required from the local registrar of the district in which interment is to be made when a body is removed from one district in Pennsylvania to another district in the State for purpose of burial or other disposition either by common carrier hearse or other conveyance and no local registrar shall as such require from undertakers or persons acting as undertakers any fee for the privilege of burying dead bodies

Section 6 That stillborn children or those dead at birth shall be registered as births and also as deaths and a certificate of both the birth and the death shall be filed with the local registrar in the usual form and manner the certificate of birth to contain in place of the name of the child the word "stillbirth" The medical certificate of the cause of death shall be signed by the attending physician if any and shall state the cause of death as "stillborn" with the cause of the stillbirth if known whether a premature birth and if born prematurely the period of uterogestation in months if known and a burial or removal permit in usual form shall be required Midwives shall not sign certificates of death for stillborn children but such cases and stillbirths occurring without attendance of either physician or midwife shall be treated as deaths without medical attendance as provided for in section eight of this act

Section 7 That the certificate of death shall contain the following items

(1) Place of death including State county township borough or city If in a borough or city the ward street and house number If in a hospital or other institution the name of the same to be given instead of the street and the house number If in an industrial camp the name to be given

(2) Full name of decedent If an unnamed child the surname preceded by "unnamed"
(3) Sex
(4) Color or race as white black (negro or negro descent) Indian Chinese Japanese or other
(5) Conjugal condition as single married widowed or divorced
(6) Date of birth including the year month and day
(7) Age in years months and days
(8) Place of birth State or foreign country
(9) Name of father
(10) Birthplace of father State or foreign country
(11) Maiden name of mother
(12) Birthplace of mother State or foreign country
(13) Occupation The occupation to be reported of any person who had any remunerative employment women as well as men
(14) Signature and address of informant
(15) Date of death including the year month and day
(16) Statement of medical attendance on decedent fact and time of death including the time last seen alive

(17) Cause of death including the primary and immediate causes and contributory causes or complications if any and duration of each
(18) Signature and address of physician or official making the medical certificate

(19) Special information concerning deaths in hospitals and institutions and of persons dying away from home including the former or usual residence length of time and place of death and place where the disease was contracted
(20) Place of burial or removal
(21) Date of burial or removal
(22) Signature and address of undertaker
(23) Official signature of registrar with date when certificate was filed and registered number

The personal and statistical particulars (items one to thirteen) shall be authenticated by the signature of the informant who may be any competent person acquainted with the facts

The statement of facts relating to the disposition of the body shall be signed by the undertaker or person acting as such

The medical certificate shall be made and signed by the physician if any last in attendance on the deceased who shall specify the time in attendance the time he last saw the deceased alive and the hour of the day at which death occurred And he shall further state the cause of death so as to show the course of disease or sequence of causes resulting in death giving the primary and immediate causes and also the contributory causes if any and the duration of each Indefinite and unsatisfactory terms indicating only symptoms of disease or conditions resulting from disease will not be held sufficient for issuing a burial or removal permit and any certificate containing only such terms as defined by the State Registrar shall be returned to the physician for correction and definition Causes of death which may be the result of either disease or violence shall be carefully defined and if from violence its nature shall be stated and whether (probably) accidental suicidal or homicidal And in case of deaths in hospitals institutions or away from home the physician shall furnish the information required under this head (item nineteen) and shall state where in his opinion the disease was contracted

Section 8 That in case of any death occurring without medical attendance it shall be the duty of the undertaker to notify the registrar of such death and when so notified the registrar shall inform the local health officer and refer the case to him for immediate investigation and certification prior to issuing the permit Provided That when the local health officer is not a qualified physician or when there is no such official and in such cases only the registrar is authorized to make the certificate and return from the statement of relatives or other persons having adequate knowledge of the facts Provided further That if the circumstances of the case render it probable that the death was caused by unlawful or suspicious means the registrar shall then refer the case to the coroner for his investigation and certification And in the city and county of Philadelphia it shall be the duty of the coroner to hold an inquest on the body of any deceased person who shall have died a violent death or whose death shall be sudden if said sudden death shall be after an illness of less than twenty-four hours and no physician shall have been in attendance within said time or if suspicious circumstances shall render the same necessary which said suspicion shall first be sworn to by one or more citizens of said city And any coroner whose duty it is to hold an inquest on the body of any deceased person and to make the certificate of death required for a burial permit shall state in his certificate the nature of the disease or the manner of death and if from external causes or violence whether (probably) accidental suicidal or homicidal as determined by the inquest and shall in either care furnish such information as may be required by the State Registrar to properly classify the death

Section 9 That the undertaker or person acting as undertaker shall be responsible for obtaining and filing the certificate of death with the local registrar of the district in which the death occurred and securing a burial or removal permit prior to any disposition of the body He shall obtain the personal and statistical particulars required from the person best qualified to supply them over the signature and address of his informant He shall then present the certificate to the attending physician if any or to the health officer or coroner as directed by the local registrar for the medical certificate of the cause of death and other particulars necessary to complete the record as specified in section eight He shall then state the facts required relative to the date and place of burial over his signature and with his address and present the completed certificate to the local registrar who will issue a permit for burial removal or other disposition of the body The undertaker shall deliver the burial permit to the sexton or other person in charge of the place of burial before interring or otherwise disposing of the body or shall attach the transit permit containing the registrar's removal permit to the box containing the corpse when the same is to be shipped by any transportation company which permit shall accompany the corpse to its destination and if the same be within the State of Pennsylvania it shall be delivered to the sexton or other person in charge of the place of burial

Section 10 That if the interment or other disposition of the body is to be made within the State the wording of the burial permit may be limited to a statement by the registrar and over his signature that a satisfactory certificate of death having been filed with him as required by law permission is granted to inter remove or otherwise dispose of the deceased stating the name age sex cause of death and other necessary details upon the form prescribed by the State Registrar

Section 11 That no sexton or person in charge of any premises in which interments are made shall inter or permit the interment or other disposition of any body unless it is accompanied by a burial removal or transit permit as herein provided And each sexton or person in charge of any burial ground shall indorse upon the permit the date of interment over his signature and shall return all permits so indorsed to the local registrar of his district within ten days from the date of interment He shall also keep a record of all interments made in the premises under his charge stating the name of the deceased person place of death date of burial and name and address of the undertaker which record shall at all times be open to public inspection

Section 12 That all births that occur in the State shall be immediately registered in the districts in which they occur as hereinafter provided

Section 13 That it shall be the duty of the attending physician or midwife to file a certificate of birth properly and completely filled out giving all of the particulars required by this act with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred within ten days after the date of birth And if there be no attending physician or midwife then it shall be the duty of the father or mother of the child householder or owner of the premises manager or superintendent of public or private institution in which the birth occurred to notify the local registrar within ten days after the birth of the fact of such a birth having occurred It shall then in such case be the duty of the local registrar to secure the necessary information and signature to make a proper certificate of birth

Section 14 That the certificate of birth shall contain the following items

(1) Place of birth including State county township or town village or city If in a city the ward street and house number if in a hospital or other institution the name of the same to be given instead of the street and house number

(2) Full name of child If the child dies without a name before the certificate is filed enter the words "died unnamed" If the living child has not been named at the date of filing the certificate of birth the space for "full name of child" is to be left blank to be filled out subsequently by a supplemental report as hereinafter provided

(3) Sex of child

(4) Whether a twin triplet or other plural birth A separate certificate shall be required for each child in a case of plural birth giving number of child in order of birth

(5) Whether legitimate or illegitimate
(6) Full name of father
(7) Residence of father
(8) Color or race of father
(9) Birthplace of father
(10) Age of father at last birthday in years
(11) Occupation of father
(12) Maiden name of mother in full
(13) Residence of mother
(14) Color or race of mother
(15) Birthplace of mother
(16) Age of mother at last birthday in years
(17) Occupation of mother
(18) Number of child of this mother and number of children of this mother now living

(19) Certificate of attending physician or midwife as to attendance at birth including statement of year month day and hour of birth and whether the child was alive or dead at birth This certificate shall be signed by the attending physician or midwife with date of signature and address if there is no physician or midwife in attendance then the father or mother of the child householder or owner of the premises or manager or superintendent of public or private institution or other competent person whose duty it shall become to notify the local registrar of such a birth as required by section thirteen of this act

(20) Exact date of filing in office of local registrar attested by his official signature and registered number of birth as hereinafter provided

All certificates either of birth or death shall be written legibly in unfading ink and no certificate shall be held to be complete and correct that does not supply all of the items of information called for therein or satisfactorily account for their omission

Section 15 That when any certificate of birth of a living child is presented without the statement of the given name then the local registrar shall make out deliver to the parent of the child a special blank for the supplemental report of the given name of the child which shall be filled out as directed and returned to the local registrar as soon as the child shall have been named

Section 16 That every physician midwife and undertaker shall without delay register his or her name address and occupation with the local registrar of the district in which he or she resides or may hereafter establish a residence and shall thereupon be supplied by the local registrar with a copy of this act together with such rules and regulations as may be prepared by the State Registrar relative to its enforcement Within thirty days after the close of each calendar year each local registrar shall make a return to the State Registrar of all physicians and midwives who have been registered in his district during the whole or any part of the preceding calendar year Provided That no fee or other compensation shall be charged by local registrars to physicians midwives or undertakers for registering their names under this section or making returns thereof to the State Registrar

Section 17 That all superintendents or managers or other persons in charge of hospitals almshouses lying-in or other institutions public or private to which persons resort for treatment of diseases confinement or are committed by process of law are hereby required to make a record of all of the personal and statistical particulars relative to the inmates in their institutions at the date of approval of this act that are required in the form of certificate provided for by this act as directed by the State Registrar and thereafter such record shall be by them made for all future inmates at the time of their admission And in case of persons admitted or committed for medical treatment of disease the physician in charge shall specify for entry in the record the nature of the disease and where in his opinion it was contracted The personal particulars and information required by this section shall be obtained from the individual himself if it is practicable to do so and when they cannot be obtained they shall be secured in as complete manner as possible from the relatives friends or other persons acquainted with the facts

Section 18 That the State Registrar shall prepare print and supply to all registrars all blanks and forms used in registering recording and preserving the returns or in otherwise carrying out the purposes of this act and shall prepare and issue such detailed instructions as may be required to secure the uniform observance of its provisions and the maintenance of a perfect system of registration And no other blanks shall be used than those supplied by the State Registrar He shall carefully examine the certificates received monthly from the local registrars and if any such are incomplete or unsatisfactory he shall require such further information to be furnished as may be necessary to make the record complete and satisfactory And all physicians midwives informants or undertakers connected with any case and all other persons having knowledge of the facts are hereby required to furnish such information as they may possess regarding any birth or death upon demand of the State Registrar in person by mail or through the local registrar He shall further arrange bind and permanently preserve the certificates in a systematic manner and shall prepare and maintain a comprehensive and continuous index of all births and deaths registered the cards to show the name of child or deceased place and date of birth or death number of certificate and the volume in which it is contained He shall inform all registrars what diseases are to be considered as infectious contagious or communicable and dangerous to the public health as provided by law and by the regulations of the State Department of Health in order that when deaths occur from such diseases proper precautions may be taken to prevent the spreading of dangerous diseases It shall also be the duty of the State Registrar to collect preserve and tabulate records of all marriages performed within the State and to tabulate and compile statistics of morbidity reports received by the Department of Health after such necessary methods and forms as shall be from time to time directed by the Commissioner of Health

Section 19 That it shall be the duty of the local registrar to supply blank forms of certificates to such persons as require them And he shall carefully examine each certificate of birth or death when presented for record to see that it has been made out in accordance with the provisions of this act and the instructions of the State Registrar and if any certificates of death is incomplete or unsatisfactory it shall be his duty to call attention to defects in the return and to withhold issuing the burial or removal permit until they are corrected If the certificate of death is properly executed and complete he shall then issue a burial or removal permit to the undertaker Provided That in case the death occurs from some disease that is held by the State Department of Health to be infectious contagious or communicable and dangerous to the public health no permit for the removal or other disposition of the body shall be granted by the registrar except under such conditions as may be prescribed by the State Department of Health If a certificate of birth is incomplete he shall immediately notify the informant and require him to supply the missing items if they can be obtained He shall then number consecutively the certificates of birth and of death in two separate series beginning with "number one" for the first birth and the first death in each calendar year and sign his name as registrar in attest of the date of filing in his office He shall also make a complete and accurate copy of each birth and death certificate registered by him upon a form identical with the original certificate to be filed and permanently preserved in his office as the local record of such death in such manner as directed by the State registrar And he shall on the fifth day of each month transmit to the State Registrar all original certificates of death registered by him during the preceding month And he shall on the tenth day of each month transmit to the State Registrar all original certificates of birth registered by him during the preceding month And if no deaths or births occur in any month he shall on the fifth and the tenth days of the following month report that fact to the State Registrar on a card provided for that purpose for the proper conduct of health affairs within their respective districts local health authorities shall have free access at all times to the records received and permanently filed by local registrars

Section 20 That each local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each birth or death certificate properly and completely made out and registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act Provided That in cities of the first and second class if the local registrar appointed by the Commissioner of Health occupies the office of city clerk health officer or any other local office and receives a fixed salary as local officer he shall be entitled to seven cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act or if the local registrar in any of such cities is not a local official and does not receive a salary from the city but is furnished by the city with suitable office room for carrying out the duties of his office as local registrar he shall in lieu of fees be entitled to ten cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act and in case no births or deaths were registered during any month the local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each report to that effect promptly made in accordance with this act All amounts payable to local registrars in cities of the first and second class where such registrars are receiving fixed salaries as local officers or are furnished with office room as provided in this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon certification by the State Registrar and the State Registrar shall certify monthly to the State Treasurer and Auditor General the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein All amounts payable to registrars except in cities of the first and second class as provided in this section shall be paid by the treasurer of the county in which the registration districts are located upon certification by the State Registrar and the State Registrar shall annually certify to the treasurers of the several counties the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein

Section 21 That the State Registrar shall upon request furnish any applicant a certified copy of the record of any birth death or marriage registered under provisions of this act for the making and certification of which he shall be entitled to a fee of fifty cents to be paid by the applicant And any such copy of the record of a birth or death or marriage when properly certified by the State Registrar to be a true copy thereof shall be prima facie evidence in all courts and places of the facts therein stated For any such search of the files and records when no certified copy is made the State Registrar shall be entitled to a fee of fifty cents for each hour or fractional hour of time of search to be paid by the applicant And the State Registrar shall keep a true and correct account of all fees by him received under these provisions and turn the same over to the State Treasurer

Section 22 That if any physician who under the provisions of this act is responsible for the medical certificate of death shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver to the undertaker sexton or other person in charge of the interment removal or other disposition of the body upon request the said medical certificate of cause of death hereinbefore provided for he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars And if any physician shall knowingly make a false certification of the cause of death in any case he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars

And any physician or midwife in attendance upon a case of confinement or any other person charged with responsibility for reporting births in the order named in section thirteen of this act who shall neglect or refuse to file a proper certificate of birth with the local registrar within the time required by this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars

And if any undertaker sexton or other person acting as undertaker shall inter remove or otherwise dispose of the body of any deceased person without having received a burial or removal permit as herein provided he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than twenty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars

And any registrar deputy registrar or sub-registrar who shall neglect or fail to enforce the provisions of this act in district or shall neglect or refuse to perform any of the duties imposed upon him by this act or by the instructions and directions of the State Registrar shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars

And any person who shall wilfully alter any certificate of birth or death or the copy of any certificate of birth or death or the copy of any certificate of birth or death on file in the office of the local registrar shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars or be imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding sixty days or suffer both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court

And any other person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this act or shall wilfully neglect or refuse to perform any duties imposed upon them by the provisions of this act or shall furnish false information to a physician undertaker midwife or informant for the purposes of making incorrect certification of births or deaths shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be fined not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars

And any transportation company or common carrier transporting or carrying or accepting through its agents or employes for transportation or carriage the body of any deceased person without an accompanying permit issued in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars Provided That in case the death occurred outside of the State and the body is accompanied by a certificate of death burial or removal or transit permit issued in accordance with the law or board of health regulations in force where the death occurred such death certificate burial or removal or transit permit may be held to authorize the transportation or carriage of the body into or through the State

Section 23 That local registrars are hereby charged with the strict and thorough enforcement of the provisions of this act in their districts under the supervision and direction of the State Registrar And they shall make an immediate report to the State Registrar of any violations of this law coming to their notice by observation or upon complaint of any person or otherwise The State Registrar is hereby charged with the thorough and efficient execution of the provisions of this act in every part of the State and with supervisory power over local registrars to the end that all of the requirements shall be uniformly complied with He shall have authority to investigate cases of irregularity or violation of law personally or by accredited representative and all registrars shall aid him upon request in such investigations When he shall deem it necessary the Commissioner of Health shall report cases of violation of any of the provisions of this act to the Department of Justice of the Commonwealth

Section 24 That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed and no system for the registration of births and deaths shall be continued or maintained in any of the several municipalities of this Commonwealth other than the one provided for and established by this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—168.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis.
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Mellott,
Reel,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1279, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment of a Board of Recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities in cities of the second and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 2, line 25, by inserting after the word "second" the words "and third."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1280, entitled:

An Act defining physical education providing for the appointment of assistants in physical education defining the qualifications and duties of such assistants and providing for their compensation and the reimbursement by the State to certain school districts

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER' The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 7, line 29, by striking out the word "approve" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "approved."

Amend section 7, line 30, by striking out the word "provision" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "provisions."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1282, entitled:

An Act amending section six hundred twenty-seven of the School code, of one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and providing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"; providing that the board of school directors of any district shall permit the use of school grounds and buildings for civic, social, recreational and other purposes under certain conditions

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask for unanimous consent to insert amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, lines 1 and 2, by striking out the words "of the school code of one thousand nine hundred eleven," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "of an act."

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the first word "providing" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "prescribing."

Amend title, line 9, by inserting after the word "therewith" the words "approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven."

Amend section 1, line 7, by striking out the word "providing" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "prescribing."

Amend section 1, line 22, by striking out the word "seem" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "see."

Amend section 1, line 26, by striking out the first word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1284, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a recreational and educational inquiry commission for the studying investigating and reporting with recommendations upon the recreational and educational conditions and needs of the children in farming districts country mining and manufacturing towns defining its duties and making an appropriation therefor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 4, by striking out the word "country"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordence with the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, inasmuch as this is one of a series of bills, I ask that further consideration of the same be postponed for the present so that all four bills may come up at the same time.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, this bill will be prepared for final passage.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1157, as follows:

An Act imposing a State Tax on anthracite coal providing for the assessment and collection of the said tax annually and dedicating the fund received from said tax and appropriating fifty per centum of the same to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of State Highways and the remaining fifty per centum to the several cities boroughs and townships from which the said tax is derived and providing penalties for the violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act each and every ton of anthracite coal of the weight of two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds avoirdupois mined in this Commonwealth shall be subject to a tax of two and one-half (2½%) per centum of the value thereof when prepared for market which said tax shall be assessed at the time when said coal has been mined and is ready for shipment or market

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the individual or of the superintendent or other officer in charge of any anthracite mine or mines or washery to assess the tax hereby imposed from time to time as the coal is mined or washed and is ready for shipment or market and to ascertain and assess daily the number of gross tons of anthracite coal so mined or washed and to fix the value thereof The said individual superintendent or other officer in charge of any such mine or mines or washery shall make report in writing under oath on the first day of each month and a total report on the first day of January in each and every year hereafter to the Auditor General on blanks prepared by the Auditor General of the number of gross tons of anthracite coal hereby made taxable and the assessed value thereof during the calendar year then next preceding the time when the same was mined or washed and made ready for shipment for market and the amount of tax assessed by him thereon Provided That the report made on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen shall be for the portion of the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen after the approval of this act The said individual superintendent or other officer in charge of any such mine or mines or washery shall be entitled to receive as compensation for the services herein imposed upon him one (1%) per centum of the amount of tax collected which said sum shall be paid upon the warrant of the Auditor General out of the taxes so collected

If the individual superintendent or other officer in charge of any anthracite mine or mines or washery shall fail or refuse to assess the said tax or to make the monthly and annual reports as herein provided the Auditor General is hereby authorized to appoint some person to go upon the ground and to assess from time to time coal made taxable by this act who shall make report to him of the same The Auditor General may require the production of such books papers and reports as may be necessary for the ascertainment valuation assessment and settlement of the tax as now provided by law and may make an estimated settlement of the said tax either with or without the production of said books papers and reports For every failure to assess said tax and to make report as required by this act the Auditor General shall disallow the compensation for the said assessment and shall add ten (10%) per centum to the tax when settled as a penalty for such failure If any individual superintendent or other officer in charge of any anthracite mine or mines or washery shall fail to assess the said tax or if any person firm corporation limited partnership or joint stock association or any other owners operators or lessees of any anthracite mine or mines or washery or the members officers or directors thereof shall fail to cause the same to be done or make the reports required by this act he or they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred ($500) dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 3 The tax hereby authorized shall be settled and collected as now provided by law for the settlement and collection of other State taxes

Section 4 Fifty per centum of the moneys derived from time to time from the tax collected under the provisions of this act is hereby permanently dedicated to the construction maintenance improvement and repairs of the State highways of the Commonwealth and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State Treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer and his bondmen shall be responsible for the safe keeping of and accounting for said fund in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe keeping of and accounting for other revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer shall on the first business day of each and every month make report to the State Highway Commissioner of the money in said fund available for the use of the State Highway Department and the State Treasurer and Auditor General shall credit one-half (½) of the amount so certified as available to an account for the construction and improvement of State highways and one (½) half to an account for the maintenance and repair of State highways When so certified by State Treasurer the funds shall be available for requisition and expenditure and shall be requisitioned expended settled and vouched as provided by general law for funds appropriated from the general revenues of the Commonwealth

Section 5 The remaining fifty per centum of the moneys derived from time to time from the tax collected under the provisions of this act is hereby permanently dedicated to the several cities boroughs and townships in which anthracite coal is mined or washed and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State Treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth and shall be paid yearly by the State Treasurer upon warrant of the Auditor General to the treasurers of the several counties from which said tax was received in proportion to the amount of tax received from each of said counties and the treasurer of each of the said counties shall within thirty (30) days thereafter pay the same to the treasurers of the several cities boroughs and townships from which anthracite coal is mined or washed in said county pro rata according to population by the last preceding United States census All moneys paid into the State Treasury in pursuance of this act when so certified are hereby specifically appropriated to the purposes hereinbefore mentioned

Section 6 The several sections or provisions of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and it is the intent of the Legislature that if any of said provisions shall be declared invalid it shall not effect any other section or provision hereof

Section 7 This act shall not effect any settlements for taxes heretofore made under the act of June twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws six hundred thirty-nine) entitled "An Act laying a tax on anthracite coal and providing for the collection and distribution of the same" and said act of June twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred thirteen shall remain in force for the settlement and collection of the tax due thereunder for the portion of the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen (1915) up to the time of the approval of this act

Section 8 Except as herein provided the act of June twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws six hundred thirty-nine) entitled "An Act laying a tax on anthracite coal and providing for the collection and distribution of the same" is hereby repealed and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are also hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—174.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Gallagher,
Klinger,
Lindsey,
Trach,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1291, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL STRICKEN FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. MURPHY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be stricken from the celendar.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1315, entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation of county auditors

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,

Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Roney,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—10.

Dodds,
Kuhn,
Marvin,
Maurer,
Reel,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Spencer,
Williams,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 755, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—164.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—21.

Blackburn,
Campbell, J. O.,
Eby,
Erdman,
Finnerty,
Kuhn,
Marvin,
Mather,
Mellott,
Reel,
Richards,
Robertson,
Sarig,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Swan,
Vickerman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Young.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. The Chair declares a recess until 8:15 o'clock this evening.

Whereupon, the House at 5:50 P. M. took a recess until 8:15 o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 8:15 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

Mr. GEISER presented the petition of citizens of Easton, Pa., favoring the erection of a Monument to Molly Pitcher.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Mines and Mining. reported as amended, House Bill No. 1624 (Senate Bill No. 160), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve section four or article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as said act now stands as heretofore amended by Acts of Assembly approved on the twentieth day of April eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-five) the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and fifty-nine) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and sixty-three) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and twenty) and the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty).

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 934 (House Bill No. 1722).

An Act providing a method of establishing title to land acquired at a sale for unpaid taxes or municipal claims.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1463, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the deputies in the offices of the clerks of the courts county controller recorder of deeds county treasurer chief deputy sheriff and chief clerk to the county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth having over two hundred and fifty thousand population and less than three hundred and twenty-five thousand population

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—111.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Dodds,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Luppert,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,

Benn,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Garner,
Geary,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Horton,
Mather,
McArdle
McCaig,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Staving,
Stone,
Swan,
Trach,
Twibill,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker,

NAYS—6.

Barnett,
Kuhn,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Statler,
Thomas,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1162, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 21st day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-five, entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth,' as amended by an act approved the second day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-one, entitled 'An act to amend section nine of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth," by providing the time in which tax collectors shall pay over tax and make settlements,' by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum commissions which may be fixed by the authorities, for the collection of taxes in boroughs and in townships of the second class.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—124.

Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Rich,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Sullivan,
Thomas,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—11.

Barnett,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Eppley,
Mellott,
Ramsey,
Rininger,
Rothenberger,
Smith, J. W.,
Stone,
Trach,
Williams,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 604, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the employment of stenographers by the district attorneys of certain counties" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—129.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Evans.
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stern,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—13.

Campbell, J. O.,
Eby,
Jack,
Leighner,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Sones,
Stone,
Trach,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1548, entitled:

An Act providing for a commission to determine what portions of the Constitution of this Commonwealth need revision to gather liteurature statistics and other information and to make report embodying its recommendations and the result of its inquiries defining the power and duties of such Commission providing for its organization and the filling of vacancies in its membership fixing its compensation and making an appropriation for its compensation and expenses

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—114.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walton,

Brosius,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heyburn,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mather,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Statler,
Staving,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—22.

Alexander,
Baker,
Blackburn,
Eby,
Jack,
Kunkle,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Palmer,
Rich,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,
Sinclair,
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Stone,
Walter,
Watson,
Williams,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1344, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violations for the provisions hereof" by including instruments and devices for weighing at coal mines

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Walter,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. GLENN. I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 1156, File Folio 5355, on page twenty-nine of tonight's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1156, entitled:

An Act granting to parties litigant in cases involving the reasonableness of the rates or regulations of the adequacy of the services or facilities furnished or offered by public service corporations in this State the right to examine the accounts books papers records vouchers letters contracts memoranda and documents and to enter upon and examine the properties of said public service corporation or corporations

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like the author of this bill to explain it to the House.

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, the bill very largely explains itself. It simply means that parties litigant in cases involving the reasonableness of the rates or regulations of the adequacy of the services or facilities furnished or offered by public service corporations in this State shall have the right to examine the accounts, books, papers, records and so on.

It was gotten up by the Municipal Home League and has been amended to suit all parties concerned and there has been no objection to it and I think it is a good proposition and should pass.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—79.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker.
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dunn.
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Harper,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Jack,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Love,
Maurer,
McClintock,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Oaks,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Shoop,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Steedle,
Stone,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Watson,
Whitten,
Wobensmith,
Wynne,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—41.

Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Campbell, T.,
Eby,
Geiser,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Horton,
Kuhn,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
Milliron,
Ostrander,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Sones,
Stein,
Sullivan,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Weir,
West,
Wildman,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 563.

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives friends or representatives of a fraternal society or charitable organization within a reasonable time after death

House Bill No. 1290.

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

House Bill No. 962.

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

House Bill No. 1131.

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

House Bill No. 954.

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities of the first class

House Bill No. 1202.

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes thereon in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

House Bill No. 437.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the state and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death

House Bill No. 1181.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

House Bill No. 806.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

House Bill No. 1239.

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

House Bill No. 1518.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 906.

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

House Bill No. 1214.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school tax

House Bill No. 889.

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER in the presence of the House signed the same.

BILL STRICKEN FROM THE CALENDAR.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 493 (Senate Bill No. 93), on page 30 of today's calendar, be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the title of the bill.

The Clerk then read the title as follows:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion

The SPEAKER declared the "ayes" appeared to have it.

Whereupon,

A division was called for, and 105 gentlemen having voted in the affirmative, the question was decided in affirmative, and the motion was agreed to.

Mr. WILDMAN in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1506, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of mine inspectors in this Commonwealth and the expenses incident to the office

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—135.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,

Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—7.

Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Eby,
Garner,
Marvin,
Jones,
Williams,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from page 18 of today's calendar, House Bill No. 1320, Bills on Third Reading Postponed, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on Third Reading of House Bill No. 1320, entitled:

An Act regulating and defining the relations between the operators of coal mines and the mine foremen and assistants thereof employed by such operators

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend line five (5) by adding the words "and fire bosses" after the word "assistants"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 897, File Folio 3593, on page 18 of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 897, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard-tables pool-tables and bagatelle boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for the punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—133.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones.
Spencer,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—19.

Arnold,
Baker,
Barnett,
Brumbaugh,
Eby,
Eppley,
Leighner,
McCurdy,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Palmer,
Rich,
Robertson,
Shaffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, L.,
Twibill,
Watson,
Williams,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of nine o'clock having arrived, the Chair lays before the House Special Order on Third Reading, House Bill No. 1041, File Folio 7359.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1041, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" as originally enacted and as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act amending sections one and two of an act entitled 'An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods' " reads as follows

"That the officers of the various county prisons work houses and reformatory institutions within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall not employ more than five per centum of the whole number of inmates in said institutions in the manufacture of brooms and brushes and hollow ware and ten per centum in the manufacture of any other kinds of goods wares articles or other things that are manufactured elsewhere in the State except mats and matting in the manufacture of which twenty per centum of the whole number of inmates may be employed Provided This act shall not apply to goods manufactured for use of the inmates of such institutions" is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2 The officers of the various county prisons workhouses and reformatory institutions within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall not employ more than five per centum of the whole number of inmates in said institutions in the manufacture of brooms and brushes and hollow ware and ten per centum in the manufacture of any other kind of goods wares articles or other things that are manufactured elsewhere in the State except mats and matting in the manufacture of which twenty per centum of the whole number of inmates may be employed Provided This act shall not apply to goods manufactured for use of the inmates of such institution or for any institution or the inmates of any institution supported wholly or in part by the county in which the prison workhouse or reformatory institution is located or for the use of the county itself

Section 2 Section three of said act is hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, the two bills on Special Order tonight, Numbers 1041 and 1042 are so closely related together in principle that it seems absurd to discuss them separately, so that with the permission of the Speaker and of the House I will take the two bills up at once with the idea of saving time. I have already discussed these bills so fully with the various members of the House that I propose tonight to simply confine myself to an explanation of the terms of the bills.

First of all, gentlemen, House Bill No. 1041 is merely an enabling act. The bill is an amendment to the Act of June 18th, 1897. That bill is the bill which restricts labor in county prisons. The particular amendment which I offer relates to section two of that Act which provides that five per cent of the prisoners in county prisons may be employed in the manufacture of brooms and brushes. It also provides that ten per cent of the prisoners in county prisons may be engaged in the manufacture of general articles. It also provides that twenty per cent of the prisoners may be engaged in the manufacture of mats and matting. It also provides that the restrictions contained in that section shall not apply to the manufacture of goods for use except in these institutions. In other words, under the provisions of the Act of 1897, the only thing that prisoners in county prisons can do is to work on the particular things I have outlined and also to work in the manufacture of supplies for the prison itself. The amendment that I offer provides that in addition to manufacturing supplies for their own institution they may also manufacture supplies for the county institutions and for the county offices. It does not provide that they must be engaged in that kind of work but that if the authorities in the local counties desire to have that kind of work done by the prisoners they may do so. In other words, it is purely an enabling act putting in the hands of the purely local authorities the power to employ their prisoners in the manufacture of supplies for county institutions and for county offices. It does not provide that they must be engaged in that kind of work but that if the authorities in the local counties desire to have that kind of work done by the prisoners they may do so. In other words, it is purely an enabling act putting in the hands of the purely local authorities the power to employ their prisoners in the manufacture of supplies for county institutions and for county offices. That is the first bill.

The second bill on Special Order, House Bill No. 1042, provides what is known as the "State Use System." These bills were prepared by a commission which was appointed by authority of an act of Assembly passed at the session of 1913 . Last June, Governor Tener appointed a Commission of seven men; Four lawyers from different parts of the State, Mr. Robert McKenty, who is the Warden of the Eastern Penitentiary; Mr. Gilday, who was the representative of organized labor on the Commission and Mr. Robinson, who is instructor of Political Economy at Swarthmore College. This Commission, consisting of seven men, made a very, very thorough investigation of laws relating to prison labor and in the course of their investigation examined all the laws of the various states of this Union. They also went out and examined into the operation of those laws and they found that the Ohio system was the best. That system is what is known as "The State Use System" and following the example of the State of Ohio they prepared this Act which is now before you for passage.

Section one of the act provides that the prisoners in the Eastern and Western Penitentiary and in the Huntingdon Reformatory who are physically capable of manual labor, may be employed in the manufacture of useful articles for the use of the State. Understand, none of these articles are to be put out on the public market for sale. The articles are to be sold to the State or to the county or to State supported institutions. The act also provides that the prisoners shall be paid a wage ranging from ten cents a day to fifty cents a day, depending upon the amount of work and the nature of the work they do. In other words, a man who does more skilful labor than another will be paid more, but in no case will a man receive less than ten cents a day and in no case more than fifty cents a day. Of that money seventy-five per cent. will be paid to his dependents, if it appears that he has a wife or children who are entitled to his support while he is confined in prison; seventy-five per cent. of the money he earns, or if he so desires, all of the money he so earns, will be paid to his wife or his children. The balance of the money will be placed in a saving fund for him and when he comes out of prison at the end of his term that money will be given to him with the accrued interest on it and will be paid to him in three instalments of six months periods intervening. The idea of that is that he will have a little money ahead of him until he can get a position. In order to carry this out and in order to make an executive body to put this law into effect we have provided for a Prison Labor Commission which will consist of one represenative of the Board of Governors from the Eastern Penitentiary, one representative from the Board of Governors of the Western Penitentiary and one representative from the Huntingdon Reformatory. These men will serve without compensation and they will decide what kind of industries will be carried on the various institutions, having regard for the location of the institution and the demand for various articles in that particular neighborhood. They will also decide what kind of machinery will be installed with the same idea in view. As I said, gentlemen, these men will serve entirely without compensation. They will attend to the sale of the articles and to their distribution either in the State offices, in he county offices or in the State institution. The bill carries with it an appropriation for the purchase of machinery and for the purchase of supplies and material in order to start this work. You can understand, gentlemen, that this work cannot be started, that these men cannot manufacture goods unless they have the money with which to buy the raw product and with which to install machinery and with which to buy tools. I might say while I am on that point that I have asked that if this bill pass the House and goes to the Senate, it be referred to the Senate Committee on Appropriations where that idea in the bill may be thoroughly threshed out and carefully considered.

I think gentlemen that I have covered the entire bill and that it is sort of useless for me to stand here and argue with you as to the advisability of adopting this system. To-day we send our men to prison, bad men, and we bring them out worse. You men can understand if we take a normal man and lock him up for a year or three years where he has no opportunity to use either his mind or his body that he is bound to come out a less useful citizen. Now, we believe that the passage of this bill and the inauguration of this system is going to be of great benefit to the dependents of the prisoners. We believe that the innocent people who are obliged to suffer when a man goes to prison are going to be greatly benefitted by this income which they will derive from his labor. We believe that, in addition to that, when the prisoner comes out he will come out a more useful citizen than he was when he went in. He will come out having learned a trade which will be of use to him in obtaining employment when he gets out, and, in any case, he will come out with a habit of labor instilled in him and will be better able to undertake the duties of citizenship. I trust that you men will vote for these bills.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, we have heard from my friend, the gentleman from Philadelphia, what we representatives feel about this bill. In order that we might know what the other side, the managers of our penal institutions think, I sent copies of this bill to the lawyer on the Board of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, one to their attorney, and one to the Superintendent of the Reformatory. We all know that the main object of the Reformatory is to reform boys, and the best way to reform them is to give them useful employments. Last week I had a conference with Mr. Patton, Superintendent of the Reformatory, and he begged me to say to this House that he is in hearty accord with both these bills, and believes they will work very great good to the boys in the Reformatory, and that I should ask you to vote for these measures.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—199.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,

Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Barnett,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The Chair lays before the House the special order on House Bill No. 1042, File Folio 6695.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1042, entitled:

An Act providing a system of employment for the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary Western Penitentiary and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon and for such other correctional institutions as shall be hereafter established by the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—193.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Love,
Luppert.
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Oaks,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,

Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn;
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act relating to the holding of a Constitutional convention providing for the submission of the question of holding such a convention to the electors regulating the time and manner of nominating and electing delegates fixing their number and compensation providing for the organization and constitution of the convention defining its powers providing for the publication of the constitution proposed by the convention and for its submission to the electors and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, owing to the absence of the sponsor of this bill I move that further consideration of same be postponed for the present.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would suggest that a special order be fixed. I would like to know the time when this bill will be taken up.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I prefer to leave that to the sponsor. I have no objection to a special order being made but think the sponsor should specify the time.

On the question recurring,

Shall the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. COX offered the following motion which was twice read and considered.

Moved by Mr. Cox, seconded by Mr. Rinninger, that the vote by which Senate Bill No. 435, House Bill No. 1170, File Folio 1307, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor veihcles upon public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder

was defeated on third reading today, be reconsidered.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1387, entitled:

An Act to provide funds for the department of city planning in cities of the third class conferring upon said department the power of veto upon certain ordinances regulating the manner in which vacancies in said department shall be filled conferring powers upon the said department in regard to mausoleums cemeteries burying grounds plots and drafts of land and building lines and also imposing certain duties upon city council in its relationship to said department

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GLENN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the sponsor of this bill to explain it to the House.

Mr. ALEXANDER. Mr. Speaker, House Bill No. 1387, which is before this body for final passage, has been drawn out of a desire to make city planning effective in third class cities of Pennsylvania. The present law is the Act of July 1913. Two years' experience with this law has demonstrated that it does not carry with it sufficient authority for city planning commissions to warrant the existence of such bodies in cities of the third class. In preparing the bill that is before you, therefore, there has been inserted several provisions as follows:

1. That it shall be the duty of city council to appropriate, upon the annual requisition of the city planning department a sum of money not less than the proceeds of one-twentieth of a mill for the use of the department, the city planning commission having full authority to expend this money for administrative and contingent purposes.

2. The present law gives the commission supervision over the development of a zone of three miles surrounding the city. It is proposed to extend this zone to six miles along the line of any boulevard or proposed boulevard, but not in any other particular.

3. The present law provides that when a new allotment or development of a new section is contemplated, it shall be the duty of the owner to submit, for the approval of the city planning commission, a plan or plot, showing the proposed development of streets and lots. It has been discovered, however, in the operation of this law in some third class cities during the past two years, that the commission has no power to make this effective, and so there has been written into the new act before you a section, providing that it shall not be lawful for the recorder of deeds to accept for record any deed to a lot in a newly developed section unless that deed shall bear reference to a plot on file in his office, approved officially by the city planning commission. It must be understood that it is not the intention of the commission to approve deeds. The bill only insist that promoters of land sales shall first have their plots approved by the city planning commission before they attempt to sell to the public, and the section I am discussing provides the weapon that is to be used to compel real estate dealers and promoters to first submit their plots.

4. It is provided that cemeteries and mausoleums shall not be located hereafter without the permission of the city planning commission, a proposition so clearly reasonable and proper that it need no defence.

5. The present law provides that city council shall refer to the city planning commission all ordinances relating to the large structural matters that have to do with the physical development of a city, such as the widening or extension of streets, the development of parkways or playgrounds, and the locating of subways. There is nothing in the present law, however, to require that an important criticism or objection on the part of the city planning commission, from its expert standpoint, shall have any attention by city council, and it is proposed in the new bill before you that in every case in which such an ordinance receives the disapproval of the city planning commission, it shall be the duty of the commission to return it to council within two weeks, and it shall be the duty of council, in order to make the ordinance a city law, to pass it over the disapproval of the commission by an affirmative vote of three out of the five members of the council. I want to make it clear that this in no way curtails the proper power of council. There are only a limited number of ordinances which, under the law, reach the city planning commission. The purpose of this section is to fix responsibility and to give some dignity and proper importance to the recommendation of a commission which is devoting itself, in a patriotic way, to the safeguarding of the interests of the future of its city. There is absolutely nothing in this section that threatens the indepedence of city council. In this connection it is also provided that when the planning commission makes a recommendation to council that council shall report thereon within sixty days in some form or other.

6. With a view to protecting the interests of the community and to guard against a sort of wildcat property development which is growing up in some of our cities, it is proposed to lodge with both the commission and city council the right to establish a building line. The purpose of this is evident. It means to promote a logical and harmonious development of cities, with some thought to beauty of arrangement in residence sections and with the hope that our American cities will, in the course of time, provide larger open areas. In many cities we have narrow streets. It is possible, by a reasonable exercise of the power encompassed in this section, to enlarge the space between residences without widening the street itself.

7. With a view to a recognition of the principles of the Clark Third Class City Act, it is provided in this bill that one member of council may be designated as a member of the city planning commission so that the commission may not appear to operate as a body independent from the city government and so that, too, council shall, in this manner, become identified with this important work of town planning.

This bill expresses a growing demand on the part of thoughtful citizens for the protection of the American city of the future. We have been a rapidly growing country since the organization of the government and have had so many other larger problems that it is only recently that we have found time to think about directing the growth of the cities in which our homes are located. City growth has been more or less haphazzard, with the result that we find slums, congested communities, narrow streets, unsanitary alleys grade crossings and the necessity of paying heavy damages out of city treasuries to correct the mistakes of plotting that have been made through the neglect of earlier years. The money that is provided in section one of the bill would not require, in the City of Harrisburg or Erie, for example, more than $2500 per year out of the city treasury, and yet I know of instances where third class cities have paid, in the opening of single squares, $25,000 to $50,000 in direct and consequential damages, and I submit to you that an expenditure of the sum of $2500 a year or better is economy in its best sense. It is time that we gave serious thought to the duty that we owe to the future. Much of what we are enjoying today in the way of conveniences and comforts and rights have come down to us through the far-sighted action of men who lived generations ago. It becomes our duty to so legislate that the interests of the generations to come may be properly safeguarded. This bill provides only for legal and business methods in the development of cities. It proposes to guard against the selfish activities of land promoters: it hopes to so influence the growth of cities that the day of the slum may gradually disappear, and that the community shall feel the necessity, as one great family, of providing a home for its members that will give every convenience and every protection and every comfort that the modern conception of home suggests.

I appeal for your support of this bill because I know it is a constructive measure that will do more to develop the third class cities of Pennsylvania along right lines and to save these cities from ultimate expense than any bill that is before this body for consideration at this session.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—10.

Barnett,
Brownlee,
Diefenderfer,
Eppley,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Kuhn,
Metzenbacher,
Rothenberger,
Sarig,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Speaker AMBLER in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1161, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to secure to laborers within this Commonwealth the benefit of the exemption laws of this Commonwealth and to prevent assignment of claims for the purpose of securing their collection against laborers outside of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven regulating the practice in trials on actions of debt instituted under the terms and provisions of the said act

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend Title, line 6, by striking out the word "Domnii" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Domini"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 831, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an assignment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like the author of this resolution to explain to the House its effect.

Mr. ARON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Chair withdraws the decision of agreeing to the bill on third reading.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ARON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 10, by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and"
Amend Section 1, line 22, by striking out the word "First" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "1"
Amend Section 1, line 24, by striking out the word "Second" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "2"
Amend Section 1, line 25, by striking out the word "if"
Amend Section 1, line 27, by inserting after the word "months" a parenthesis
Amend Section 1, line 29, by striking out the word "Third" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "3"
Amend Section 1, line 32, by striking out the word "Fourth" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "4"
Amend Section 1, line 32, by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1251 (Senate No. 31), entitled:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the manner appointment and of determining the number duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,

Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty.
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on Third Reading of House Bill No. 1545 (Senate No. 633), entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate money to hospitals

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—163.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer.
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wvnne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Brosius,
McCurdy,
Sones.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on Third Reading of House Bill No. 1595 (Senate No. 726), entitled:

An Act for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—155.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—9.

Beck,
Dodds,
Eppley,
Herman,
McCurdy.
Palmer,
Rininger,
Spencer,
Whitten,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1401 (Senate No. 492), entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Heyburn,
Hoffman.
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,

Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler.
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—9.

Dodds,
Dunn,
Glenn,
Habgood,
Herman,
Horton,
Kuhn,
Spencer,
Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1451 (Senate No. 644), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six).

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—163.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1610 (Senate No. 634), entitled:

An Act giving to banks bankers and trust companies in case of insolvency of any depositor therein or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositor or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency assignment for the benefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank banker or trust company upon any promissory note bill of exchange letter of credit or other indebtedness in any form whether or not the same has then matured

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1653 (Senate No. 661), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consent of the local authorities of all of the cities and boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—136.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer.
Leighner,
Lipschutz
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—39.

Arthur,
Baker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Campbell, J. O.,
Eby,
Glenn,
Goodyear,
Greenwood,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Jack,
Kuhn,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Maurer
McCurdy,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Peters,
Reel,
Richards,
Sampsel,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Statler,
Steedle,
Swan,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H,
Wobensmith,
Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1438 (Senate No. 461), entitled:

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report of the engineer's commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Eby.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Mr. MILLIRON in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1437 (Senate No. 458), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—173.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Garner,
Glenn,
Mellott,
Spencer,
Walter,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1606 (Senate No. 613), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for the violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W
Smith, L.,

Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Eppley.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1592 (Senate No. 308), entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Brosius,
Bungard,
Diefenderfer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 816 (Senate No. 116), entitled:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, if there is any member in the House who can give an explanation of the purposes of this bill I would be glad to hear it.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, the bill is not very hard to understand. It is a very short bill. At the present time, as I understand the law, the collateral inheritance taxes are collected even though the money by bequest is given to this class of charitable institutions. It is not a very large sum, probably, that the State will be interested in at any time. The money being for charity, and the State constantly appropriating a very large sum of money for various charitable associations, and it is the thought no doubt of the author as well as my own that so far as the collateral inheritance tax is concerned, the State probably could not act any more wisely than to exempt that class of bequests from the five per cent. tax. That is in the case of a private individual, the inheritance going to an individual will be exempt in this class of charitable institution, provided the same be not chartered by any organization or incorporated by any organization outside of the State of Pennsylvania. It seems to me that as it is purely in the interest of charity and that he revenue to the State is so very small, probably giving assistance to that class of institutions that are just as deserving of the charity of the State as most any of those that are now receiving such large sums in the way of charity from our State, that I am inclined to agree with the author of this bill that the legislature can well afford to pass it.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr Speaker, can the gentleman from Delaware inform this House how much the revenues of the State will be reduced by the passage of this bill?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, it would take a few minutes for me to tell exactly what the inheritance tax revenue amounts to in the State, but I am thoroughly satisfied that this act would affect the State revenues on an average, I doubt, twenty-five thousand dollars a year. In a few minutes I can answer the gentleman and tell him exactly what the collateral inheritance tax is in the whole State. Probably the gentleman from Philadelphia has already looked it up.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, under ordinary circumstances I would have no objection to the passage of a bill of this kind. But this Commonwealth is confronted with a condition that it has to meet, and that condition is that instead of depleting the State revenues, we are obliged to increase them in order to meet the demands which are made upon this Commonwealth, both as to the ordinary expenses of running this government, as well as making charitable bequests. Now this bill operates not only as against charitable institutions which are receiving State aid, but also charitable institutions which do not receive State aid, or do not ask State aid. I am advised, while I have not the exact figures, that to pass this bill would mean a depletion of the State revenues to a very considerable extent, and we think that at this time it is unwise to pass any measure that is going to reduce the State revenue.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BALDWIN Mr. Speaker, with the consent of the gentleman from Philadelphia, I would suggest that at the present time that the bill be postponed and I will assure the House that I will give them full information on the matter and then if the House feels that it will deplete the revenues of the State to any considerable extent that they will have my support in trying to defeat the act. But if it is a very small matter I do not think the House will desire to defeat the act. Certainly no harm can come from the postponement of the act. I just happened to notice that the author of this bill was the Senator from my own county. I know that he is a man of first class judgment, and I do not believe that he would introduce a bill of this character, a man who knows the affairs of this State so well and who knows that the revenues at this time cannot afford to be depleted, that he would introduce a bill that would seriously affect the revenue. Now, surely the House can afford to postpone action on this bill until to-morrow at least, and I will guarantee to have full information on the subject by then. Therefore, I move, Mr. Speaker, that the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I am only one of the 207 members here and I certainly have no objection, if it is the sense of the House, that this bill ought to be postponed.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1546 (Senate No. 653), entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin County Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugn,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,

Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,

Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,

Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,

Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,

Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,

Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,

Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler.
Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Baker,
Brownlee,
Jack,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate witn information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 496 (Senate No. 28), entitled:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—155.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,

Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,

Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reynolds,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaffer,

Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stein,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—17.

Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,

Jack,
Kuhn,
Mearkle,
Mellott,

Metzenbacher,
Palmer,
Reel,
Rothenberger,

Rowell,
Rudisill,
Wettach,
Williams,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 874 (Senate No. 56), entitled:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL STRICKEN FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1547 (Senate No. 654), as follows:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Maude Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met by virtue of the power vested in it by section eleven of article first of the Constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow O. H. Watts and Maude Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county for any sum or sums of money that may be legally due either jointly or severally the said O. H. Watts and Maude Watts his wife by reason of an accident which occurred on the State highway leading from Millersburg to Halifax in Dauphin county Pennsylvania on the first day of September Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy.
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty.
Flynn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1627 (Senate No. 454), as follows:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide for the violation of this act" approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by the act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any person who has been in the practice of osteopathy in this State for two continuous and consecutive years immediately prior to the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and who is the holder of a diploma granted unto him or her from a legally incorporated school or college of osteopathy shall be allowed to continue in such practice provided he or she shall have been registered prior to the date of the approval of this amendment by the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she practices as originally provided for in the section hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania" be and the same is hereby amended and made to read as follows

Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any registered osteopath who has been engaged in the practice of osteopathy in this State for eight continuous and consecutive years prior to the approval of this act who shall exhibit his or her certificate of registration to the Secretary of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners and shall satisfy said Board that he or she has actually attended a post-graduate course of osteopathic instruction at some college recognized as reputable by said Board said course to consist of not less than one term of nine continuous months with not less than an average of twenty-four hours instruction a week and that said applicant has passed the examinations of said course under the supervision of said Board upon the payment by the applicant of the fee of twenty-five dollars the said Board shall forthwith issue to such applicant a license to practice osteopathy in this State which license shall be subscribed by every member of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners and shall have a like effect for all purposes as a license issued after examination by said Board Such licensee shall register in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice as required by section thirteen of the act hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The Speaker declared the "ayes" appeared to have it.

Whereupon, a division was called for, ninety voting in the affirmative and twenty-four in the negative and the motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1542 (Senate No. 807), entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering.
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1533 (Senate No. 460), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or parts of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—147.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1532 (Senate No. 365), entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Philadelphia county the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by and paid by him to the treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beck,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,

Becker,
Benn,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on Third Reading of House Bill No. 1398 (Senate No. 22), entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroners physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications duties and salary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call attention to this bill No. 1398. It calls for the appointment of a Coroner's Physician in certain counties and fixes the salary at eighteen hundred dollars. Now there may be counties where the Coroner's Physician would have a good deal to do, but in the majority of the counties he would have very little to do. In my own county he would hardly have ten days a year of service to perform and yet his salary is fixed at eighteen hundred dollars,—one hundred and eighty dollars a day, and the balance of the people to put up the money. We are too loose in spending other people's money. When it comes to our own we would not be so liberal, and in this case I do not think we ought to force this upon the counties requiring them to pay eighteen hundred dollars a year for five or ten days service in a whole year, and sometimes not so much.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Albee,
Aron,
Arthur,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Cox,
Curry,
Dodds,
Eby,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Glass,
Graham,
McArdle,
McClintock,
Perry,
Reynolds,
Rowell,
Scott,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Stern,
Twibill,
Walton,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—79.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Becker,
Bergy,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Habgood,
Harper,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Jack,
McCurdy,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron.
Murdoch,
Neville,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Peters,
Shaffer.
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stone,
Taylor,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Dawson,
Dell,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Love,
Lynch,
Maurer,
McClure,
Phillips,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Trach,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitten,
Wood,
Wylie,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Mr. AMBLER in the Chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on Third Reading of House Bill No. 1654 (Senate No. 711), as follows:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "film" used in this act means what is usually known as a motion-picture film

The word "view" used in this act means what is usually known as a stereopticon view or slide

The word "person" includes an association co-partnership or a corporation

USE OF FILMS REELS OR VIEWS PROHIBITED

Section 2 It shall be unlawful to sell lease lend exhibit or use any motion-picture film reel or view in Pennsylvania unless the said film reel or view has been submitted by the exchange owner or lessee of the film reel or view and duly approved by the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors hereinafter in this act called the Board

BOARD OF CENSORS

Section 3 The Board shall consist of three residents and citizens of Pennsylvania two males and one female well qualified by education and experience to act as Censors under this act One male member of the Board shall be Chairman the female member shall be Vice-Chairman and one male member shall be Secretary They shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of three years Those first appointed under this act shall be appointed for three years two years and one year respectively the respective terms to be designated by the Governor

Section 4 A vacancy in the membership of the Board shall be filled for the unexpired term by the Governor A vacancy shall not impair the right and duty of the remaining members to perform all the functions of the Board

SEAL

Section 5 The Board shall procure and use an official seal which shall contain the words "Pennsylvania State Board of Censors" together with such design engraved thereon as the Board may prescribe

The sixth section was read as follows:

APPROVALS BY BOARD

Section 6 The Board shall examine or supervise the examinations of all films reels or views to be exhibited or used in Pennsylvania and shall approve or withhold approval from such films reels or views The Board shall approve such films reels or views which are moral and proper and shall disapprove such as are sacrilegious obscene indecent or immoral or such as tend in the judgment of the Board to debase or corrupt the morals incite to riot or prejudice the public mind This section shall not apply to announcement or advertising slides

STAMPING FILMS REELS AND VIEWS

Section 7 Upon each film reel or view which has been approved by the Board there shall be furnished and stamped by the Board the following certificate or statement

"Approved by
Pennsylvania State Board
of Censors"

and shall also furnish a certificate in writing to the same effect which certificate shall be exhibited to any member of the Board or employe thereof upon demand of the holder thereof

In the case of motion-pictures such statement shall be shown on the screen to the extent of approximately four feet of film

In the case of slides or views each set shall have at least two slides or views shown with a similar statement

RECORD OF EXAMINATIONS

Section 8 The Board shall keep a record of all examinations made by it of films reels or views noting on the record all films reels or views which have been approved and those which have not been approved with the reason for such disapproval

REPORT

Section 9 The Board shall report in writing annually to the Governor on or after the first day of November of each year The report shall show

1 A record of its meetings and a summary of its proceedings during the year immediately preceding the date of the report

2 The results of all examinations of films reels or views

3 A detailed statement of all prosecutions for violation of this act

4 A detailed and itemized statement of all expenditures made by or on behalf of the Board

5 Such other information as the Board may deem necessary or useful in explanation of the operations of the Board

6 Such other information as shall be requested by the Governor

OATH AND BOND

Section 10 The Chairman Vice-Chairman and Secretary shall before assuming the duties of their respective offices take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the Constitution of Pennsylvania and shall enter into bonds to the Commonwealth in the sum of three thousand dollars two thousand five hundred dollars and two thousand four hundred dollars respectively conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties

SALARIES

Section 11 The Chairman shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars the Vice-Chairman an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars and the Secretary an annual salary of two thousand four hundred dollars The salaries shall be payable manthly

EXPENSES

Section 12 Each member and employe of the Board shall be allowed all expenses of whatsoever nature actually and necessarily incurred by him or her in carrying out the purposes of this act

EMPLOYES

Section 13 The Chairman shall appoint with the approval of the Governor the following employes One chief clerk at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars one assistant clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of one thousand dollars each two stenographers and typewriters at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one chief inspector at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars three inspectors at salaries of fourteen hundred dollars each three inspectors at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator who shall be an electrician at a salary of fourteen hundred dollars two operators at salaries of twelve hundred dollars each one operator at a salary of one thousand dollars two messengers at salaries of seven hundred and twenty dollars each one assistant operator or patcher at a salary of six hundred dollars one assistant patcher at a salary of four hundred and eighty dollars The salaries provided for above shall be annual and payable monthly

In addition to the employes enumerated above the Chairman may with the approval of the Governor appoint such essarily require The salaries of such additional employes shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of five thousand dollars annually

OFFICES

Section 14 The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide adequate offices for the Board in Harrisburg and in such other cities of the Commonwealth as the Board may require in carrying out the intent and provisions of this act Adequate projecting or inspecting rooms shall be provided in Philadelphia and maintained by the Board

SUPPLIES

Section 15 Upon requisition of the Board the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall furnish to the Board all furniture books stationery supplies machines and paraphernalia necessary in the work of the Board

PRINTING AND BINDING

Section 16 The printing and binding necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the Board or the proper preservation of the records of the Board including the printing of two thousand copies of the Annual Report and the binding thereof shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the Board

FEES

Section 17 For the examination of each film reel or set of views of one thousand two hundred lineal feet or less the Board shall receive in advance a fee of one dollar and one dollar for each duplicate or print thereof if such examination of the duplicate or print thereof is applied for at the same time and by the same person

FEES AND FINES

Section 18 All fees received by the Board and all fines imposed for violation of this act shall be by the Board paid into the State Treasury

Section 19 The money necessary to carry out the purpose of this act shall be appropriated by the General Assembly to the Board bienially as an item in the General Appropriation Bill

REGULATIONS OF EXHIBITIONS

Section 20 Any member or employe of the Board may enter any place where films reels or views are exhibited and such member or employe is hereby empowered and authorized to prevent the display or exhibition of any film reel or view which has not been duly approved by the Board

REGULATION OF BANNERS POSTERS AND ADVERTISING MATTER

Section 21 No banner poster or other like advertising matter shall contain anything that is immoral or improper A copy of such banner and poster shall be submitted to the Board

RULES

Section 22 This act shall be enforced by the Board In carrying out and enforcing the purposes of this act it may adopt such reasonable rules as it may deem necessary Such rules shall not be inconsistent with the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 23 All disbursements of such a nature as to make it impracticable for the Board to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expense shall be paid out of money specifically appropriated for that purpose in the manner provided by an act entitled "An Act prescribing the method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to the departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State Government" approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

DUTIES OF PERSONS WHO SELL LEASE EXHIBIT OR USE FILMS REELS OR VIEWS

Section 24 Every person intending to sell lease exhibit or use any film reel or view in Pennsylvania shall furnish the Board when the application for approval is made a description of the film reel or view to be exhibited sold or leased and the purposes thereof and shall submit the film reel or view to the Board for examination and shall also furnish a statement or affidavit that the duplicate film reel or view is an exact copy of the original film reel or view as submitted for examination to the Board and that all eliminations changes or rejections made or required by the Board in the original film reel or view has been or will be made in the duplicate

INTERFERENCE WITH EMPLOYES OF BOARD

Section 25 It shall be unlawful for any person to hinder or interfere in any manner with any member or employe of the Board while performing any duties in carrying out the intent or provisions of this act

RE-EXAMINATION AND APPEAL

Section 26 If any elimination or disapproval of a film reel or view is ordered by the Board the person submitting such film reel or view for examination will receive immediate notice of such elimination or disapproval and if appealed from such film reel or view will be properly re-examined in the presence of such person by two or more members of the Board and the same finally approved or disapproved promptly after such re-examination with the right of appeal from the decision of the Board to the court of common pleas of the proper county

PENALTIES

Section 27 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act and is convicted thereof summarily before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for the first offense For any subsequent offense the fine shall be not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars In default of payment of a fine and costs the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the prison of the county where such offense was committed for not less than ten days and not more than thirty days All fines shall be paid by the alderman magistrate or justice of the peace to the Board and by it paid into the State Treasury

Section 28 If any person shall fail to display or exhibit on the screen the approval seal as issued by the Board of a film reel or view which has been approved and is convicted summarily before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five dollars and not more than ten dollars in default of payment of a fine and costs the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the prison of the county where such offense was committed for not less than two days and not more than five days

LIMITATION OF SCOPE OF ACT

Section 29 This act does not apply to any exhibition of or use of films reels or views for purely educational charitable fraternal or religious purpose by any religious association fraternal society library museum public school or private school institution of learning or by any corporation of the first class

Section 30 The several sections and provisions of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and it is the legislative intent that if any of said sections or provisions are declared to be unconstitutional such section or provision shall not effect any other portion of this act

REPEAL

Section 31 The act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving-pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call the attention of the members to a few facts in connection with this bill. I find in running over the list of salaries of the officials and employes, that they total $32,460 per year. From figures furnished by the Chief Clerk of the Bureau of Censors, the estimated revenues per month from that Bureau are $7,500.00.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on Third Reading of House Bill No. 717, entitled:

An Act to provide in certain cases a uniform procedure in the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Tracy,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 221, entitled

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to create Suburban Metropolitan Districts of the areas within twenty-five miles of the limits of cities of the first class to provide for the creation of a Department of Suburban Planning and the appointment of Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commissioners for such districts to prescribe their powers and duties and to provide for assessment upon the cities boroughs and townships within the limits thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1686, Senate Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body incorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

on page 37 of today's calendar passed second reading be reconsidered.

Mr. LANDIS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer an amendment to this bill.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 2, line 7, by striking out the word "thirty" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fifty."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be transcribed for third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 904, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE BILL NO. 914 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1665 (Senate Bill No. 914), on page 35 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

be made a special order on third reading for Wednesday, May 5th, at 10:40 A. M.

Mr. SWARTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1138 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1138, entitled:

An Act providing for the escheat of deposits of money, of property of another received for storage or safekeeping, the dividends profits debts and interest on debts of corporations companies banks trust companies insurance companies limited partnerships and partnership associations organized under the laws of this Commonwealth, except building and loans associations, and property held for the benefit of another by the same, and the profits accretions and interest on such property as well as interest thereon accrued, or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof.

be made a special order on final passage for Wednesday May 5th at 10:45 A. M.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1330 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1330, entitled:

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of a tax for State purposes on the loans of private and public corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the construction and maintenance of State highways

on page 22 of today's calendar be made a special order on final passage for Wednesday, May 5th, at 10:35 A. M.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 635, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the National Convention of the United Spanish War Veterans to be held in the City of Scranton Pennsylvania August thirtieth and thirty-first and September first and second one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and providing for the appointment of a commission to disburse the same or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Speneer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1309, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the maintenance of Tuberculosis Sanatoria and Dispensaries necessary additions furnishings and repairs for educational work and other necessary work in curing and preventing tuberculosis

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1526 (Senate No. 657), entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the chief clerk in the Department of Mines

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,

Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 772, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
man,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 804, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital of Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis.
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1474, entitled:

An Act appropriating to "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania" the moneys now accumulated in the State Treasury to the credit of the special fund composed of proceeds derived from the State forestry reservations of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,

Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Heffernan,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A.C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 768, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of further carrying out the provisions of a joint resolution approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing for the appointment of a commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood.
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor;
Thomas,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A.C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 508, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital Philipsburg Centre county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis.
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters.
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich.
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson.
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,

Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 558, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Snowalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 645, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase or the appropriation from the State forest reserves of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary making an appropriation therefor authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary and the buildings and materials thereon" approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven making an additional appropriation for erection construction and equipment

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, by inserting after the word "two" the word "hundred."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment as read Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 360, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Ridley Park Delaware County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Taylor Hospital located at Ridley Park Delaware County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were a follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,

Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 315, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the City of Bradford

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Bradford Hospital at Bradford Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 699, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eleven thousand five hundred dollars ($11,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen for the following purposes

For the purpose of maintenance for the equipment of a pathological and clinical laboratory and for the maintenance of a department of anaesthesia said laboratory and department to be approved by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure the sum of eleven thousand five hundred dollars ($11,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 641, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission near the city of Bradford Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Beacon Light Mission located near the City of Bradford Pennsylvania for the following purpose namely

The sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June the first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 671, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the completion of a new main building authorized by an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July 1913; for the construction of a retaining wall and the construction if improved driveways on the State Arsenal Grounds, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Mr. LEE SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1609 (Senate Bill No. 491), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to marriage licenses providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry" as amended.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1690, entitled:

An Act to authorize the insertion in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose, either originally or by amendment of a provision that the rector or minister chosen by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex officio president of the vestry board of trustees board of directors or governing body by whatever name designated, of such corporation and to validate similar provisions in the charters of such corporations heretofore granted.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 1629, entitled:

An Act authorizing the commission appointed to investigate the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf to accept the said school including all buildings grounds and equipment taking an assignment of the surface rights of said grounds only providing for the payment of all claims debts and liens against said institution not exceeding the sum of thirty thousand dollars and making an appropriation for that purpose.

Mr. HORTON, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 953, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful to use any type of mining machine in retreat mining in the removal of ribs stumps or pillars in any bituminous coal mine in the State of Pennsylvania.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, I move the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11:00 P. M.) the House adjourned to meet at 10:00 o'clock tomorrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1915. No. 54.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, May 5, 1915.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for all the great powers with which we are endowed and for the splendid energies given to us through which we can develop those powers. We thank Thee for the possibilities of human fellowship, and for the fact that the great Fatherhood of God and Brotherhood of Man is being realized in this our generation. May Thy blessing be with this Senate and with its President, and with all the employes. Grant that we may so live from day to day that we may be pleasing in our lives to Thee and helpful to each other. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. HACKETT, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 580 (House Bill No. 459), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 24th day of May, 1887, entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended.

Also from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 840, entitled:

An Act providing for the sale distribution and use for the promotion of biological science and for the discovery of new methods of treatment in medicine and surgery of unclaimed animals in the public pounds, providing inspections thereof the preparation and publication of report and providing penalties for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of this act.

Mr. W. W. SMITH, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 412 (House Bill No. 452), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the 4th day of April, A. D. 1907, entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of the register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over,' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over," approved the 5th day of May, A. D. 1911, so as to change the salaries of the said deputy register clerks and employes of the office of register of wills of said counties.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1053 (House Bill No. 1300), entitled:

An Act permitting the Commonwealth to intervene in any proceeding at law or in equity in which the Commonwealth may have an interest without giving security.

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1108 (House Bill No. 1455), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1042 (House Bill No. 1038), entitled:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the new Western Penitentiary in Centre county so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Forestry, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 1037 (House Bill No. 1347), entitled:

An Act to establish a Bureau of Forest Protection within the Department of Forestry designating the officers who shall constitute the Bureau their duties and salaries prescribing penalties for the violation thereof and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that may be inconsistent with or supplied by this act.

Mr. GYGER, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 1041 (House Bill No. 1507), entitled:

An Act for the protection of sheep and the incidental destruction of certain dogs.

Mr. HINDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1026 (House Bill No. 1093), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of interpreters to act as such for assessors and assistant assessors in certain counties defining their powers and duties fixing their compensation and providing for their expenses.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 904 (House Bill No. 1211), entitled:

An Act requiring the prothonotaries of the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to provide an Adsectum Judgment Index and fixing the fees of the prothonotaries therefor.

Mr. SCHANTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1097 (House Bill No. 1030), entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of and titles to seated and unseated lands sold by county treasurers and county commissioners for the non-payment of taxes.

Mr. W. W. SMITH, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1095, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1874, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," in relation to notice of applications for charters and further in relation to contents of certificates of application for charters for corporations of the second class.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Corporations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 862 (House Bill No. 929), entitled:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 863 (House Bill No. 930), entitled:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry, providing for the establishment of a Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into Workmen's Compensation districts and the appointment of Workmen's Compensation Referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the Workmen's Compensation Referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board the Workmen's Compensation Referees and certain of their employes and assistants.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 864 (House Bill No. 931), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto declaring false oaths by the subscribers to be misdemeanors and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 865 (House Bill No. 932), entitled:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915, providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Also from the Committee on Corporations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 866 (House Bill No. 933), entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies and declaring the false oaths of officers thereof to be perjury.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 867 (House Bill No. 934), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915" to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 868 (House Bill No. 935), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act to amend and revise an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class, regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, enlarging changing modifying and defining certain of the powers of cities of the third class.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1388 (House Bill No. 1190), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Robinson Furniture Company a corporation of DuBois Clearfield County, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1391 (House Bill No. 1265), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation refunding to Paul C. Wolff executor of the estate of Thomas H. Lane certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1430, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum, of Tacony, Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1431, entitled:

An Act providing for a plan to include in and make part of Valley Forge Park the site of Sullivan's Bridge and certain other land and of ways thereto and for report thereof and its publication and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1432, entitled:

An Act requiring the proprietors of all places used for selling, storing and repairing motor vehicles, in cities of the first and second class, to report daily to the Bureau of Police the name, maker's number, license number and owner of all motor vehicles contained therein, and providing penalties therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1433, entitled:

An Act to amend part of section six of an act approved the thirty-first day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance, and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract, except where the State highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance, and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough, or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways; making appropriation to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act," as amended.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1434, entitled:

An Act to prevent the wearing of the badge of the Bureau of Police in cities of the first class by unauthorized persons and providing a penalty therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PRINTING OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEMORIAL SERVICES HELD IN HONOR OF THE LATE HONORABLE JAMES K. P. HALL.

Mr. SONES offered the following resolution, which was twice read:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That one thousand (1,000) copies of the proceedings of the memorial services held in honor of the late Honorable James K. P. Hall be printed for the use of the Senate.

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider at this time the resolution just read.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PRINTING OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEMORIAL SERVICES HELD IN HONOR OF THE LATE HONORABLE JOHN T. FISHER.

Mr. DeWITT offered the following resolution, which was twice read:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That one thousand (1,000) copies of the proceedings of the memorial services held in honor of the late Honorable John T. Fisher be printed for the use of the Senate.

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider at this time the resolution just read.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RETURNED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 282, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

On section 1, in line 5, by striking out after the word "burgess" the words "or passed over his veto or has become a law without his veto;" also in line 9, by striking out after the word "but" the words "has not been further published by advertisements thereof put up in public places in the borough or if so further published proof thereof cannot be made or;" also in line 12, by striking out after the word "the" the words "Burgess or;" also in line 12, by striking out after the word "council" the words "or both have" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "has;" also in line 13, by striking out after the word "sign" the words "their names" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "his name."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 709, as follows:

An Act to amend sections three six and seven of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to operators train dispatchers or other employes who by use of the telegraph or telephone dispatch reports transmit receive or deliver orders pertaining to or affecting train movements and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" which reads as follows

"Hours of Labor

Section 3 (a) No female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for more than six day in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day

Provided That during weeks in which a legal holiday occurs and is observed by an establishment any female may be employed by such establishment during three days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor more than the maximum hours per week specified in this act

The employment of such persons at any other time than as stated herein shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost in the same week in consequence of the alteration repairs or accidents to machinery or plant upon which she was employed and dependent for employment but no stoppng of machnery for less than thrty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be legal unless a written report of the same is sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one day nor for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act Provided That aforesaid restrictions as to hours shall not apply to females engaged in the canning of fruit and vegetable products

(b) Whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with more than one establishment in any one week or in any on day the aggregate number of hours during which she shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with such establishment shall not exceed the number of hours prescribed in this section for such females in any one week or any one day

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the work of nurses in hospitals" is amended to read as follows

Hours of Labor

Section 3 (a) No female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for more than six day in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day

Provided That during weeks in which a legal holiday occurs and is observed by an establishment any female may be employed by such establishment during three days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor more than the maximum hours per week specified in this act

The employment of such persons at any other time than as stated herein shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost in the same week in consequence of the alteration repairs or accidents to machinery or plant upon which she was employed and dependent for employment but no stoppng of machnery for less than thrty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be legal unless a written report of the same is sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one day nor for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act Provided That aforesaid restrictions as to hours shall not apply to females engaged in the canning of fruit and vegetable products

(b) Whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with more than one establishment in any one week or in any one day the aggregate number of hours during which she shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with such establishment shall not exceed the number of hours prescribed in this section for such females in any one week or any one day

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the work of nurses in hospitals

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any operator train dispatcher or other employe who by use of the telegraph or telephone dispatches reports transmits receives or delivers orders pertaining to or affecting train movements Such operators train dispatchers or other employes shall not be required or permitted to be or remain on duty for a longer period than nine hours in any twenty-four hour period in all towers offices places and stations continuously operated night and day nor for a longer period than thirteen hours in all towers offices places and stations operated only during the daytime In cases of emergency however any such operator dispatcher or employe may be permitted to be and remain on duty for four additional hours in a twenty-four hour period on not exceeding three days in any week

(e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to establishments maintained and conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions

Section 2 Section six of said act which reads as follows

"Mid-Day Meal Periods

Section 6 Not less than forty-five minutes shall be allowed to every female employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for the mid-day meal which period shall not be considered a part of the hours of labor Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for less than eight hours in any one day the time allowed for the mid-day meal may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Employes shall not be required to remain in the work-rooms during the time allowed for meals" is amended to read as follows

Mid-Day Meal Periods

Section 6 Not less than forty-five minutes shall be allowed to every female employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for the mid-day meal which period shall not be considered a part of the hours of labor Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for less than eight hours in any one day the time allowed for the mid-day meal may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Employes shall not be required to remain in the work-rooms during the time allowed for meals

The provisions of this section shall not apply to any operator train dispatcher or other employe who by the use of the telegraph or telephone dispatches reports transmits receives or delivers orders pertaining to or affecting train movements

Section 3 Section seven of said act which reads as follows

"Intervals Between Work Periods

Section 7 No female shall be employed or permitted to work for more than six hours continuously in or in connection with any establishment without an interval of at least forty-five minutes and no period of less than forty-five minutes shall be deemed to interrupt a continuous period of work Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for less than eight hours in any one day the interval between work-periods may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Employes shall not be required to remain in the work-rooms during the rest periods required by this section" is amended to real as follows

Intervals Between Work Periods

Section 7 No female shall be employed or permitted to work for more than six hours continuously in or in connection with any establishment without an interval of at least forty-five minutes and no period of less than forty-five minutes shall be deemed to interrupt a continuous period of work Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for less than eight hours in any one day the interval between work-periods may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Employes shall not be required to remain in the work-rooms during the rest periods required by this section

The provisions of this section shall not apply to any operator train dispatcher or other employe who by the use of the telegraph or telephone dispatches reports transmits receives or delivers orders pertaining to or affecting train movements

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Martin,
Mills,
Moore,
Phipps,
Salus,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—5.

Schantz
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Stewart,
Thompson,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 841, as follows:

An Act creating a Division of Boiler Inspection in the Department of Labor and Industry requiring and regulating the inspection of steam boilers and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the word "inspector" is used in this act it shall mean either a boiler inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry and inspector approved by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or an inspector of a casualty company authorized to insure boilers in this Commonwealth and that wherever the word "pressure" is used it shall mean gauge pressure in pounds per square inch

Section 2 The inspections required in this act shall either be made by inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry designated by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry in which case the fees provided for in this act shall be transferred by the inspector to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry by whom they shall be paid into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth or the inspections shall be made by inspectors approved by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry in which case the fees provided for in this act shall be retained by the inspector as his pay for making such inspections

Section 3 The owner or user of a boiler or boilers inspected by an inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry or by an inspector approved by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall pay to such inspector a fee of five dollars for each inspection of each boiler so inspected which fee shall be disposed of as elsewhere provided for in this act

Section 4 All steam boilers and their appurtenances except boilers under the jurisdiction of the United States Government boilers of automobile vehicles or trucks boilers of steam fire engines brought into the State for temporary use in times of emergency for the purpose of checking conflagration and boilers used solely for heating and operating under a gauge pressure not exceeding fifteen pounds per square inch shall be inspected by an inspector once each year Provided That nothing in this section shall refer to boilers in cities of the first second and third classes and in those counties for which special laws have been enacted for the inspection of steam boilers and boilers in use or in connection with coal mines

Section 5 Boilers used solely for heating purposes which are exempt from annual inspection as provided for in section four of this act shall be equipped with safety valve which shall be locked so that the pressure in the boiler cannot exceed fifteen pounds per square inch and with water gauge or water glass for determining the water level in the boiler with an accurate steam gauge and the necessary valves in the feed water and condensation pipes for the proper operation of the boiler

Section 6 The Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry shall adopt and may alter amend and repeal a code of boiler regulations which shall apply to all boilers in this Commonwealth and no person firm or corporation shall operate any boiler in this Commonwealth except as provided in this code of boiler regulations the Board shall further make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to adapt the requirements of this act in such a manner that their intent and purpose will be accomplished in a reasonable manner

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the inspector in making an inspection to enter each boiler that has a man-hole eleven inches by fifteen inches in size or larger He shall note carefully the material of which the boiler is constructed and if such material is corroded or pitted he shall have it drilled at the weakest point to determine its thickness and shall permit of the operation of the boiler only at such pressure as will conform to the rules contained in the code of boiler regulations as established by the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 8 If upon the inspection of any boiler the inspector finds that the boiler is in a safe working condition and that it complies in all respects to the provisions of the code of boiler regulations he shall issue to the owner or user thereof a certificate of inspection which certificate shall state the maximum pressure at which the boiler may be operated The certificate of inspection shall contain over the signature of the inspector the name of the owner or user the location the size and number of the boiler the date of inspection and a statement that such certificate shall apply for only one year from the date of inspection unless sooner withdrawn If such inspection is made by an inspector of a casualty company the certificate shall contain the name of the company All certificates of inspection shall contain such quotations from the statutes as may be deemed necessary by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry The certificate of inspection shall be so placed as to be easily read in the boiler plant where the boiler is located except that the certificate of inspection of a portable boiler shall be kept on the premises and shall be exposed to view at all times

Section 9 If upon the inspection of any boiler the inspector finds that the boiler is not in a safe working condition or that it does not comply in all respects to the provisions of the code of boiler regulations he shall immediately notify the owner or user and the person in charge of the boiler and shall withdraw or withhold the certificate of inspection upon such boiler until the boiler and its fittings are made to conform with the code of boiler regulations and the owner or user of such boiler shall not operate the boiler or permit it to be operated until such certificate has been granted or restored

Section 10 Each boiler which has been inspected shall be numbered either by stamping the number on the boiler or by attaching a numbered metal tag by a seal or otherwise to the boiler or its fittings No person except an inspector shall deface or remove any such number or tag

Section 11 The owner or user of any stationary boiler herein required to be inspected who moves the same shall report to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the new location of said boiler and shall not operate the boiler until it shall be inspected in the new location The owner or user of any boiler herein required to be inspected shall immediately notify the Commissioner of Labor and Industry in case any defect affecting the safety of the boiler is discovered

Section 12 Within three months after the approval of this act every person firm or corporation in this Commonwealth owning or operating any steam boiler or boilers shall notify the Commissioner of Labor and Industry of the number type size and location of such boiler or boilers and if the boiler or boilers are insured and inspected by a causalty company the name of such company and thereafter whoever installs or intends to use any boiler other than those of which the Commissioner of Labor and Industry has been notified shall notify the said Division in the manner provided for in this section before such boiler shall be operated

Section 13 Nothing in this act and no inspection or report of any inspector shall relieve the owner or user of a steam boiler of the duty of using due care himself in the inspection operation and repair of said boiler or of any liability for damages for his failure to inspect or repair or operate said boiler safely

Section 14 Whoever being the owner or operator of any steam boiler herein required to be inspected operates the same in violation of any provision of the law or of any provision of the code of boiler regulations adopted by the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry or without having the same inspected and a certificate issued therefor as provided in this act or who hinders or prevents a duly qualified inspector from entering any premises in or on which a steam boiler is situated for the purpose of inspection or who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars and not more than five hundred dollars or an imprisonment in the county jail for a term not less than ten days nor more than sixty days for each and every such violation

Section 15 All parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

Section 16 Each section of this act and every part thereof is hereby declared to be an independent section or part of a section If any section sentence clause or phrase of this act shall for any reason be held unconstitutional the validity of the remaining phrases clauses sentences and sections of this act shall not be affected thereby

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 888 (House Bill No. 1175), as follows:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne County to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of Common pleas of Dauphin County

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Emma Lorah of Luzerne County is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to recover such sum or sums of money as may be legally due the said Emma Lorah arising out of the death of her son Bruce L. Lorah Assistant Range Master in the Ninth Regiment of the National Guard of Pennsylvania who was accidently killed while at target practice at the Rifle Range of said regiment This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1012, as follows:

An Act to amend the second third fourth fifth sixth seventh eighth eleventh twelfth and fifteenth sections of an act entitled "An Act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the powers and duties of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants and providing penalties for violations of said act as amended and to repeal the fourteenth section of said act and substitute a new section fourteen therefor providing that said act and this amendment thereto shall not apply to cities having a popuation of five hundred thousand or over

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act entitled "An Act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste" approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which now reads as follows

"Section 2 The State Fire Marshal shall appoint a chief assistant fire marshal who shall receive an annual salary of four thousand ($4,000) dollars and a first and second deputy fire marshal each of whom shall receive an annual salary of three thousand ($3,000) dollars each Such assistant and deputy shall also be paid his actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the duties of his office The State Fire Marshal shall also appoint one or more stenographers at an annual salary not to exceed one thousand two hundred ($1,200) dollars each and such other clerks and assistants as may be needed at a cost of not exceeding three ($3) dollars per day each In case of the absence of the State Fire Marshal or his inability for any cause to discharge the duties of his office such duties shall devolve upon the chief assistant fire marshal In case of the absence or inability for any cause of both the State Fire Marshal and chief assistant fire marshal their duties and powers shall devolve upon the first deputy and failing him upon the second deputy" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The State Fire Marshal shall appoint a chief deputy marshal who shall receive an annual salary of four thousand ($4,000) dollars an assistant chief deputy fire marshal who shall receive an annual salary of three thousand ($3,000) dollars and a first second third and fourth special deputy fire marshals who shall each receive an annual salary of three thousand ($3,000) dollars He may also appoint such deputies as may be deemed necessary from time to time not to exceed forty (40) at an annual salary not to exceed fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars and said State Fire Marshal chief deputy assistant chief deputy special deputies and deputies and assistants shall also be paid their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the duties of their offices The State Fire Marshall shall appoint a statistician at an annual salary of twenty-five hundred ($2,500) dollars also a chief clerk at an annual salary of two thousand ($2,000) dollars and he may also appoint one or more stenographers at an annual salary not to exceed twelve hundred ($1,200) dollars each also a messenger at an annual salary of one thousand one hundred dollars also such clerks as the work of the department may require at an annual salary not to exceed fourteen hundred ($1,400) dollars In case of the absence of the State Fire Marshal or his disability for any cause to discharge the duties of his office such duties shall devolve upon the chief deputy fire marshal In the case of the absence or disability for any cause of both the State Fire Marshal and chief deputy marshal their duties shall devolve upon the assistant chief deputy and failing him upon the first special deputy and failing him upon the second special deputy and failing him upon the fourth special deputy fire marshal

Section 2 That the third section of said act which now reads as follows

“Section 3 The chief of the fire department in any county city borough township school district or other municipality or incorporated district where such fire department is established or where no such fire department exists the burgess of any borough or president or chairman of the board of supervisors of any township or other municipality or incorporated district shall be by virtue of such office held by them assistants to the State Fire Marshal and subject to the duties and obligations imposed by this act and subject to the directions of the State Fire Marshal in the execution of the provisions hereof The State Fire Marshal may also appoint individual citizens as assistants who shall be subject to the duties and obligations aforesaid and to directions of the State Fire Marshal immediately upon taking office the State Fire Marshal shall prepare instructions to the assistant fire marshals and forms for their use in the reports required by this act and shall cause them to be printed and sent together with a copy of this law to each such officer in the Commonwealth” be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The chief of the fire department of any county city borough township or other municipality or incorporated district where such fire department is established or where no such fire department exists the burgess of any borough president or chairman of the board of supervisors of any township or other municipality or incorporated district shall by virtue of such office held by them be assistants to the State Fire Marshal and subject to the duties and obligations imposed by this act and subject to the directions of the State Fire Marshal in the execution of the provisions thereof The State Fire Marshal may also appoint individual citizens as assistants who shall be subject to the duties and obligations aforesaid and to the directions of the State Fire Marshal The State Fire Marshal shall have power to prescribe rules and regulations governing the having using storage sale and keeping of gasoline naphtha kerosene or other substance of like character blasting powder gunpowder dynamite or any explosives or other inflammable or combustible chemical products or substances or materials whatsoever He shall also have power to make rules and regulations requiring the placing of chemical or liquid gas fire extinguishers in garages and other buildings He shall also prepare instructions for the special deputy fire marshals deputy fire marshals and assistant fire marshals and shall prescribe the form and manner in which the reports required by this act shall be made and shall cause such instructions and forms of reports to be printed and sent together with a copy of this act and of the act which this act is an amendment to each officer and assistant having official duties to perform as herein provided

Section 3 That the fourth section of said act which now reads as follows

“Section 4 The assistants of the State Fire Marshal shall investigate the cause origin and circumstances of every fire occurring in this State by which life or property has been destroyed damaged or endangered and so far as possible shall determine whether the fire was the result of design or carelessness Such investigation shall be begun immediately upon the occurrence of the fire by the assistant in whose territory it has occurred and if it appears to the assistant making such investigation to be of suspicious origin the State Fire Marshal shall be immediately notified of such fact Every fire occurring in this State shall be reported in writing to the State Fire Marshal within ten days after its occurrence by the assistant in whose jurisdiction it occurred Such report shall be in the form prescribed by the State Fire Marshal and shall contain a statement of all facts relating to the cause and origin of such fire that can be ascertained the extent of damage thereof the insurance upon the property injured or destroyed with such other information as may be required Provided however That the duties to be performed by the assistant fire marshals or any of them may be limited by the State Fire Marshal so as to reasonably accord with their pre-existing public duties” be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the aforesaid assistants to the State Fire Marshal and of each of them to investigate the origin cause and other circumstances of every fire by which any property or life has been destroyed damaged or endangered occurring within the territorial limits of their respective counties boroughs townships towns or other municipality or incorporated districts respectively and make every effort to determine whether such fires were of incendiary origin or the result of design carelessness or accident Upon the occurrence of any fire such assistant shall report the same to the State Fire Marshal within ten days of its occurrence and shall begin the investigation thereof and if it appears to the assistant making such investigation to be of such character and origin as shall require thorough and exhaustive investigation he shall immediately notify the State Fire Marshal to that effect and shall under the directions of the State Fire Marshal aid and assist in the making of such investigation The aforesaid reports of the occurrence of any fire shall be made in writing and in the manner and form prescribed by the State Fire Marshal on the blanks furnished by the latter to such assistants for that purpose Such reports shall in every case contain a statement of all the facts relating to the cause of such fire that can be ascertained the extent of the loss and damage to property as well as the loss of life and personal injuries caused thereby or resulting therefrom the amount of insurance upon the property destroyed or damaged and such other information as may be required by the State Fire Marshal Provided however That such assistants shall notify the State Fire Marshal at his office in Harrisburg immediately by telephone or telegraphic message of not more than ten words of the occurrence of any incendiary fire And provided further That the duties herein above prescribed to be performed by the said assistant fire marshals or any of them may be limited by the State Fire Marshal at his discretion when requested in writing so to do

Any of the aforesaid deputies or assistants of the State Fire Marshal who shall neglect or refuse to report to the State Fire Marshal or to make reports or investigations of fires as hereinabove prescribed shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding ten days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 4 That the fifth section of said act which now reads as follows

“Section 5 The State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants upon the complaint of any person or whenever he or they shall deem it necessary shall inspect the buildings and premises within their jurisdiction Whenever any of the said officers shall find any building or structure which for want of repairs or by reason of age or dilapidated condition or for any other cause is especially liable to fire and so situated as to endanger other property he or they shall order the same to be removed or remedied if the same is reasonably practicable thereby lessening the danger from fire Whenever such officer shall find in any building combustible or explosive matter or inflammable conditions which are in violation of any law or ordinance applicable thereto or are dangerous to the safety of such buildings thereby endangering other property he or they shall order the same to be removed or remedied and such order shall forthwith be complied with by the owner or occupant of such premises or building If such order is made by a deputy or assistant of the State Fire Marshal such owner or occupant may within five days appeal to the State Fire Marshal who shall within ten days review such order and file his decision thereon and unless by his authority the order is revoked or modified it shall remain in full force and be obeyed by such owner or occupant Provided however That any such owner or occupant who feels himself aggrieved by such order may within five days after the same has been affirmed by the State Fire Marshal file his petition with the court of common pleas of the proper county praying a review of such order and it shall be the duty of the court to hear the same at the first convenient day and to make such order in the premises as right and justice may require

Any owner or occupant failing to comply with such order within ten days after said appeal shall have been determined or if no appeal is taken then within twenty days after the service of said order shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each day’s neglect thereafter The service of any such order shall be made upon the occupant of the premises to whom it is directed by either delivering a true copy of same to such occupant personally or by delivering the same to and leaving it with any person in charge of the premises or in case no such person is found upon the premises by affixing a copy thereof in a conspicuous place on the door to the entrance of the said premises Whenever it may be necessary to serve such an order upon the owner of premises such order may be served either by delivering to and leaving with the said person a true copy of the said order or if such owner is absent from the jurisdiction of the officer making the order by mailing such copy to the owner’s last known post office address The penalties herein provided may be recovered as debts are by law collectible in any courts having jurisdiction of the parties Such action shall be brought in the name of the Commonwealth under the direction of the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants by the Attorney General or by any district attorney or legally constituted law officer of any county city borough township or other municipality who may be designated by the Attorney General or at the option of the Attorney General he may designate any attorney to bring such action” be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The State Fire Marshal on his own motion or upon complaint in writing shall inspect any buildings premises or property which in his judgment require inspection The said deputies or assistants shall likewise upon their own motion or upon complaint in writing inspect any buildings premises or property within their respective territories which in their judgment may require inspection and shall make inspection of any buildings premises or property whenever directed by the State Fire Marshal so to do within their respective territories Whenever the State Fire Marshal or any of the said officers shall find any building premises or property which for want of repairs or by reason of age or dilapidated conditions is defective or because of poorly installed electric wiring or equipment defective chimneys defective gas connection defective heating apparatus or for any other cause or reason is especially liable to fire or shall find that any building premises or property is so situate as to endanger any other building premises or property said State Fire Marshal or said officer shall order such building or buildings premises or property to be repaired and all dangerous conditions remedied and that such buildings premises or property be placed in a safe condition within such reasonable time as may be specified in said order If said State Fire Marshal or any of said officers shall find in any building or upon any premises any material rubbish rags waste oils naphtha gasoline kerosene blasting powder gunpowder dynamite or any other explosive or highly inflammable combustible substance or shall find any condition whatsoever which endangers the safety as against fire or explosion in such building premises or property he shall order the same removed or the conditions remedied within such reasonable time as may be specified in said order so that the same shall be in a safe condition as against such danger

Whenever the State Fire Marshal or any of the said officers shall find any building or part thereof which for any cause or reason constitutes a fire menace which cannot be removed by repairs to said building or in any other way than by the demolition thereof said State Fire Marshal or said officer shall order said building or any part thereof to be demolished specifying in said order the reason or reasons therefore and specifying a reasonable time within which the work of tearing down and removing said building shall be commenced and prosecuted to completion

All such orders shall be in writing and shall be made and served upon the owner life tenant lessee or bailee of such building premises or property or upon the agent for any of the same either

(a) By handing a true copy thereof to such owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent or

(b) By posting a copy thereof in a conspicuous place on the said building premises or property and mailing a copy thereof to the said owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent whose address is known or can with reasonable diligence be ascertained by said State Fire Marshal or any of said officers making such order In case such address is not known or cannot be ascertained as aforesaid then in lieu of such mailing a copy of said order shall in addition to the above mentioned posting thereof be handed to the responsible occupant or person if any in charge of said building premises or property

Any owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent upon whom any such order may be made or served by any of the aforesaid officers other than the State Fire Marshal may within five days from the service of said initial order appeal to the State Fire Marshal by petition in writing setting forth succintly under oath or affirmation the facts and reasons upon which said appeal is based whereupon the State Fire Marshall forthwith investigate the facts upon which such order was made and the grounds or reason for such appeal and make his final order in writing affirming revoking or modifying the original order appeal from said final order of said State Fire Marshal and any initial orders made by him shall be filed in his office and shall be open to the inspection of the appellant or any person against whom the same may have been made

If the said initial order be affirmed upon such appeal the same shall be and remain in full force against and in all respects be complied with by such owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent named therein within the time therein specified and in the event that such initial order be modified the same shall remain in full force and be in all respects complied with as modified

Any owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent aggrieved by any initial or final order of the State Fire Marshal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the county in which the real or personal property in question is situate within five days after the making and filing of such orders of the State Fire Marshal provided that such owner life tenant lessee bailee or agent shall as a condition precedent to such right of appeal first give notice in writing to said State Fire Marshal of his intention to take such appeal to said court of common pleas Such notice of intention to appeal shall be given by mailing the same by registered mail to the office of the State Fire Marshal in the City of Harrisburg

Said appeal to said court of common pleas shall be taken by presenting to and filing in said court by the appellant of a petition in writing certified by the oath or affirmative of the appellant setting forth succinctly the facts and reasons upon which said appeal is based and there shall be filed with said appeal proof of service upon the State Fire Marshal in the manner aforesaid of the said notice of intention to take such appeal A copy of such petition shall be mailed by registered mail to the State Fire Marshal at his office in the city of Harrisburg on the same day upon which said petition is presented and filed in said court of common pleas

Upon the presentation of such petition the court shall proceed summarily to hear and determine at a date to be fixed by the court as early as possible the reasonableness and lawfulness of the said final order of the State Fire Marshal appealed from Of the date so fixed for said hearing the said appellant shall give immediate notice in writing by registered mail to the State Fire Marshal at his office in the city of Harrisburg Upon the presentation of said petition the court may in its discretion enter an order superseding the order of the State Fire Marshal appeal from pending the final hearing and judgment of the court upon said appeal upon the appellant filing a bond with surety or sureties approved by said court in such amount not less than one hundred dollars as said court shall direct conditioned as the court may deem proper and correct under the circumstances of the case including however the condition that the appellant shall pay all the costs of such appeal in the event that the same is dismissed

The appellant at the time of the presentation of said petition shall have the right to demand by writing presented and filed with his appeal a trial by jury and if the order of the State Fire Marshal appealed from shall in effect be of such a character that its enforcement would affect any rights of the petitioner concerning the determination of which trial by jury is secured by the Constitution of the Commonwealth the court shall direct an issue to be framed to determine such matters as may be within such right of trial by jury and shall advance said case to the head of the next trial list of said court for final determination Pending such trial by jury and the final judgment thereon the court may enter on order superseding the said order of the State Fire Marshal appealed from in the same manner as is herein provided in cases where no trial by jury is demanded and in the event that trial by jury is not demanded at the time and in the manner aforesaid the court shall proceed summarily to hear and determine said appeal at a date as early as possible

The judgment of said court of common pleas upon said appeal affirming modifying or revoking the order of the State Fire Marshal appealed from shall be final and in the event that said judgment is against the appellant or in the event that said appeal be dismissed for any cause judgment for costs shall be entered against the appellant

Any owner life tenant lessee or bailee against and upon whom or against or upon whose agent any initial or final order of the State Fire Marshal or any order of the officers aforesaid shall have been made and served as aforesaid who shall neglect fail or refuse to comply with the terms of such order within thirty day after the service thereof or in the event that an appeal be taken as herein provided then within thirty days after the final order of the State Fire Marshal or the final judgment of the court of common pleas as the case may be shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dolars for each day's neglect or to be imprisoned in the county jail of the proper county for a period not exceeding thirty days or both or either at the discretion of the court

In case any initial or final order shall direct the repair of any building or part thereof or the removal of any building or part thereof and the owner or owners shall fail neglect or refuse to comply with such order then the State Fire Marshal is authorized and empowered to cause such building to be repaired or demolished and the materials removed as the case may be at the expense of the owner or owners The initial expense of such repairs or removal shall be paid by the State Fire Marshal out of funds appropriated for such purposes and if the owner or owners shall thereafter fail neglect or refuse to pay the costs and expenses thus incurred into the State Treasury within thirty days from the receipt of notice of the amount thereof said State Fire Marshal shall forwith certify said costs and expenses together with twenty-five per centum penalty thereon to the prothonotary of the county in which said real estate is situate for entry as a lien against the property in question and such lien shall have priority to and be fully paid and satisfied out of the proceeds of any judicial sale of said property before any other obligation judgment claim lien or estate with which said property may become charged or for which it may become liable save and except only the costs of the sale and of the writ upon which it is made Said lien shall be revived and collected as municipal liens are now by law revived and collected and when the amount of said lien penalty and costs has been paid to the State Fire Marshal he shall cause such lien to be satisfied of record and proceeds paid into the treasury of this Commonwealth

Section 5 That the sixth section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 6 The State Fire Marshal or his deputies in addition to the investigation made by any of the assistants may at any time investigate the origin or circumstances of any fire occuring in this Commonwealth The State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants shall have the power to summon witnesses and compel them to attend before them or either of them to testify in relation to any matter which is by the provisions of this act a subject of inquiry and investigation and may reguire the production of any books papers or documents deemed pertinent or necessary to the inquiry and shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations to any person appearing as a witness before them Such examination may be public or private as the officers conducting the investigation may determine

No person shall be excused from attending before the said Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants when summoned so to attend nor when ordered so to do shall he be excused from testifying or producing any books papers or documents before such officer upon any investigation proceeding or inquiry instituted under the provisions of this act upon the ground or for the reason that the testimony or the evidence documentary or otherwise required of him may tend to convict him of a crime or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to a penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he may have been required so to testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise and no testimony so given or produced shall be received against him upon any criminal investigation or proceeding If after any such examination the State Fire Marshal or or any of his deputies or assistants is of the opinion that the facts in relation to such fire indicate that a crime has been committed he shall present the testimony taken on such examination together with any other data in his possession to the district attorney of the proper county with the request that he institute such criminal proceedings as such testimony or data may warrant

The State Fire Marshal or his deputies or his assistants may at all reasonable hours enter any building or premises within his or their jurisdiction for the purpose of making an inspection which under the provisions of this act he or they may deem necessary to be made" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 The State Fire Marshal or his deputies in addition to any investigation made by any of the assistants may at any time investigate the origin or circumstances of any fire occurring in this Commonwealth The State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants shall have the power to summon witnesses and compel them to attend before them or either of them and to testify in relation to any matter which is by the provisions of this act a subject of inquiry and investigation and may require the production of any books papers or documents deemed pertinent or necessary to the inquiry and shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmation to any person appearing as a witness before them Such examination may be public or private as the officers conducting the investigation may determine and persons other than those required to be present may be excluded from the place where such examination is held and witnesses may be kept separate and apart from each other and not allowed to communicated with each other until they have been examined and false swearing in any matter aforesaid shall be deemed perjury and prosecuted as such

No person shall be excused from attending before the said State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants when summoned so to attend nor when ordered so to do shall he be excused from testifying or producing any books papers or documents before such officer upon any investigation proceeding or inquiry instituted under the provisions of this act upon the ground or for the reason that the testimony or the evidence documentary or otherwise required of him tend to convict him of a crime or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture but no person shall be prosecuted or subject to a penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he may have been required so to testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise and no testimony so given or produced shall be received against him upon any criminal investigation or proceeding If after any such examination the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants is of the opinion that the facts in relation to such fire indicate that a crime has been committed he shall present the testimony taken on such examination together with any other data in his possession to the district attorney of the proper county who shall institute such criminal proceedings as such testimony or data may warrant

Each witness who shall appear at any such investigation in compliance with a notice to attend shall be entitled to receive from the Commonwealth through the said State Fire Marshal such fees and milage as are naf allowed by law to witnesses in courts of record of this Commonwealth

If after any examination the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants shall be of the opinion that the facts in relation to such fire indicate that the same has been of incendiary origin the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants shall be and are hereby authorized and empowered to arrest without warrant any person or persons whose guilt of arson may be indicated by the evidence in the possession of the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants

In the event of such an arrest the person or persons so arrested shall be forthwith taken before a justice of the peace alderman or magistrate of the county in which said crime is alleged to have been committed and an information there made against said person or persons which information shall be proceeded with according to law

Any constable who shall refuse or neglect to execute any warrant of the Fire Marshal his deptuy or assistants directed to him for the arrest of any person or persons on the charge of arson or any person or persons who shall wilfully hinder or obstruct the Fire Marshal his deputy or assistants in the performance of their duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred ($100.00) dollars and imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding one year or both at the discretion of the court

The State Fire Marshal may at his discretion employ from time to time one or more competent attorneys to represent the Commonwealth in any investigation hearing or trial instituted or conducted at the instance of said State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants He may also employ detectives when in his opinion it becomes necessary so to do Such attorneys and detectives shall receive such compensation as may be fixed by the State Fire Marshal to be paid out of the funds appropriated to the State Fire Marshal for such purpose

The State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants may at all reasonable hours enter any building or premises within his or their jurisdiction for the purpose of making any inspection he or they may deem necessary in order to carry into effect the provisions of this act and any owner life tenant or lessee of said premises or any agent or representative of any of the same in possession thereof who refuses permission for such inspection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) nor more than fifty dollars ($50.00) or undergo an imprisonment not exceeding thirty days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 6 That the seventh section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 7 Any witness who refuses to obey a summons of the State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants or who refuses to be sworn or to testify or who disobeys any lawful order of the State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants in relation to any investigation instituted by him or them or who fails or refuses to produce any books papers or documents touching any matter under investigation or examination or who is guilty of any contempt after being summoned to appear before him or either of them to give testimony in relation to any matter or subject under examination or investigation as aforesaid may be punished as for contempt of court For this purpose application may be made to any court within whose jurisdiction the contempt in question took place and for which purpose the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth are hereby given jurisdiction be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 Any person who shall refuse to obey a summons or notice of the State Fire Marshal his deputies or assistants to appear and testify or who when duly notified shall refuse to be sworn or to testify in relation to any investigation instituted by him or them or who shall fail or refuse to produce any books papers or documents touching any matter under investigation or examination shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars ($50.00) nor more than two hundred dollars ($200.00) or to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months either or both at the discretion of the court

Section 7 That the eighth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 That State Fire Marshal shall keep in his office all records which may be sent him in accordance with law relative to the physical condition of buildings whether the laws and ordinances have been complied with so far as the same relates to fire protection records of application for fire insurance upon any buildings or other information relating thereto which may be sent him in compliance with law and shall also keep a record of all fires occurring in this State and of all the facts concerning the same including statistics as to the extent of such fires and the damage caused thereby and whether such losses were covered by insurance and if so in what amount Such records shall be made daily from the reports made to him by his assistants under the provisions of this act All such records shall be public except that any testimony taken in investigations under the provisions of this act may be withheld from the public in the discretion of the State Fire Marshal

It shall be the duty of the State Fire Marshal to prepare blank forms for the furnishing of information by owners or occupants of buildings throughout the Commonwealth of the condition of such buildings with regard to fire protection The said blank shall contain notice of such property owners or occupiers of proper rules and regulations to minimize the danger of fire and to suppress fire waste and shall contain certain questions requesting information of a definite character to show the condition of the buildings as aforesaid These blanks forms shall be furnished by the fire marshal to officers whose duty it is to receipt for taxes on real property in every part of the Commonwealth to be given by them to property owners together with their tax bills (two forms for each property) with the requirements that one properly filled out be forwarded to the State Fire Marshal at once for filing among the records of his office and that the other be so forwarded six months thereafter" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 The State Fire Marshal shall keep and preserve in his office a record of all fires occurring in this Commonwealth and of all the facts concerning the same which to the State Fire Marshal shall seem pertinent and important including however in all cases statistics showing the extent of such fires and the damage caused thereby and whether such losses were covered by insurance and if so in what amount Such records shall be made daily from the reports made to him by his assistants under the provisions of this act All such records shall be public except that any testimony taken in investigations conducted by the State Fire Marshal or any of his deputies or assistants under the provisions of this act may at the discretion of the State Fire Marshal be withheld from the public

Section 8 That the eleventh section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 11 The State Fire Marshal shall make an annual report to the Governor of the Commonwealth on or before the first day of February of each year setting forth a full report of the work of his office during the preceding calendar year including such statistics as he may desire to include therein He shall also recommend in his report such legislation if any as in his judgment may be desirable to further carry out the purpose of this law for the prevention of fire waste Such recommendation shall include a draft of an act providing for a standard fire insurance policy for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which drafts shall be reported on or before January first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 11 The State Fire Marshal shall make an annual report to the Governor of the Commonwealth on or before the first day of September of each year setting forth a full report of the work of his office during the preceding year including such statistics as he may desire to include therein He shall also recommend in his report such additional or other legislation if any as in his judgment may be desirable to more effectually accomplish the purpose of this act

Section 9 That the twelfth section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 12 The assistants of the State Fire Marshal not receiving a salary for the performance of public duties shall receive upon the audit of the State Fire Marshal fifty cents for each report of each separate fire reported to the State Fire Marshal under this act and in addition thereto shall be paid the sum of fifteen cents for each mile traveled to the place of fire and in the discretion of the State Fire Marshal where an investigation has been made a sum not to exceed three ($3) dollars for each day's services spent in such investigation" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 12 The assistants of the State Fire Marshal shall receive quarterly upon the audit and certificate of the State Fire Marshal for each report of each separate fire made to the State Fire Marshal under the provisions of this act the following fees

In all cities boroughs towns or townships fifty (50) cents for each fire reported

In addition to said fees each assistant located in a township shall receive the sum of fifteen (15) cents for each mile actually traveled to and from the place of the fire reported and at the discretion of the State Fire Marshal where an investigation has been made each assistant shall receive a sum not to exceed three dollars ($3.00) for each day during which he was necessarily employed in said investigation In no case shall a report of fire or investigation be paid for unless the same shall be made out in the manner and form prescribed by the State Fire Marshal under the provisions of this act

Section 10 That the fourteenth section of said act which now reads as follows

"Section 14 This act shall not be construed to repeal an act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of a fire marshal for Allegheny county" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four (Pamphlet Laws four hundred sixty-five) It is further hereby declared to be the true intention and meaning of this act that the same shall not apply or be operative in any city or a county of this Commonwealth where under existing laws whether special or general the position and duties of a fire marshal are provided for be and the same is hereby repealed and the following new section fourteen is hereby substituted therefor to read as follows

Section 14 The provisions of this act and the act to which this act is an amendment shall not be operative in cities having a population of five hundred thousand and over

Section 11 That the fifteenth section of this act which now reads as follows

"Section 15 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 15 All acts or parts of acts general local or special inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

Section 16 Construction—It is hereby declared that this act and the act to which this is an amendment is necessary for the public safety health peace and welfare is remedial in nature and shall be construed liberally and this act shall not be declared unconstitutional and void for the reason that any section or provision thereof may be in contravention of the Constitution

And the amendment made thereto having been made as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I see no reason why this bill should be recommitted. This bill is what is known as the "State Firemen's Bill." This bill has been fully considered by the Insurance Committee, or whatever committee it came from. There is no reason that I know of, or that I believe the Senator can explain to this Senate why it should be referred back to committee, other than possibly to try to keep it in the committee for some motive which I know nothing about. This bill should be considered at this time and either passed or be defeated. For the benefit of the members of the Senate, I wish to state that this is a sort of an amendment to the Fire Marshal Bill and the intention is to have some additional deputies appointed in order to go through the State for the purpose, if possible, of preventing fires. In these days it seems to be that accord with the progress of the times that the various departments of the State take it upon themselves to try and prevent the occurrence of certain disasters in communities. For instance, the Health Department is spending large sums of money at this time to prevent disease. All the Departments of this State are spending money at this time to prevent waste in the different communities and why anybody should object to the State Fire Marshal having inspectors going around throughout the Commonwealth visiting the various farmhouses and business houses and other institutions to prevent a fire and waste in those communities I cannot understand, and the only objection that I can see anywhere from anybody in reference to this bill is the fact that possibly the head of some fire department, particularly in the City of Pittsburgh, may feel that the State Fire Marshal may do better and greater work and work that may be for the benefit of Pennsylvania far in excess of what he may do, and there is no man who can not honestly and sincerely and conscientiously say that the passage of this bill places in the hands of the Fire Marshal adequate servants or employes to prevent fires in this Commonwealth, or do other than be a benefit to this community, and it is high time that men should not allow their desires to shine bigger than their neighbors, should not interfere with the progress of the people of this State. This is a fair bill, an honest bill, and it is for no man's particular glory it is for the benefit of all the people, and I hope the members of this Senate will see to it that this bill will not go back to committee, and will vote for it at this ime.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I think this bill is a fit subject to be considered by the Insurance Committee. This bill was sent to another committee and not sent to the Insurance Committee. At this time, when you are talking about economy and cutting down appropriations to the schools, I think it should be fully considered. This bill as I understand it, takes an immense sum of money. The bill comes along and I understand there are forty deputies to be appointed at a salary of $1,500.00 each, there are two or three additional deputies at $3,000.00 each, there are stenographers and messengers and everything of that kind. It takes an immense sum of money and for that reason I think it ought to be fully considered before it is voted on.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, in reference to the immense amount of money involved in this bill, it will mean an expenditure of a sum total in addition to the present expenditure of $40,000.00. There are now thirteen deputies together with the special deputies hired from time to time. In this bill the twenty-seven new deputies will cost $40,000.00 more, and if that is a great amount of money, $40,000.00, on a case like this, then we are living in a very small state, because if the work of the twenty-seven deputies saves a single scar on the body of a single man, woman or child in this Commonwealth by the prevention of one fire in one year, then the $40,000.00 will be well spent, and if it saves a single life in this community and we spend a million dollars, it is money well spent. This is one bill in which the lives of our citizens are involved, and if the paltry sum of $40,000.00 is a thing that can be put in the scales as against the life of one man, then it is high time to say, shame on Pennsylvania, shame on the Senators, or any Senator who will have the effrontery to come on this floor and compare that paltry sum with the life of any one of our citizens, and I do not believe there is a man on this floor or in this body who would place himself in that position for such a small amount.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, in addition to the reasons Mr. Salus advanced for the passage of this bill, there is another and equally important reason and that is the fact that it calls for the investigation of incendiary and suspicious fires after the occurrence. He fails to mention that and I feel it is equally as important as the fact of their being an annual inspection.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion.

It was not agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Lynch,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—13.

Gyger,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Kurtz,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.,
Mills,
Moore,
Phipps,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Stewart,
Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 1032, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American war.

House Bill No. 1023, entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

House Bill No. 962, entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

House Bill No. 954, entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities of the first class

House Bill No. 906, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense and providing for the collection thereof

House Bill No. 889, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

House Bill No. 806, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

House Bill No. 742, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be established as therein provided and to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

House Bill No. 713, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of the "Star" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennylvania

House Bill No. 704, entitled:

An Act to enlarge the limit of purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes

House Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives friends or representatives of a fraternal society or charitable organization within a reasonable time after death

House Bill No. 540, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and niney-five

House Bill No. 488, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

House Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate owned by said decedent at the date of his death

House Bill No. 414, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the 20th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly, fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor," fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein, fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation.

House Bill No. 306, entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

House Bill No. 1202, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registrations of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

House Bill No. 1181, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

House Bill No. 1131, entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

House Bill No. 1099, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies of the City of Harrisburg

House Bill No. 1214, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties poor districts boroughs incorporated towns and townships for county poor borough town or township taxes respectively and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes" so as to include school taxes

House Bill No. 1239, entitled:

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

House Bill No. 1290, entitled:

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein and the bonds obligations or securities issued or to be issued in pursuance thereof

House Bill No. 1518, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 53, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act making it unlawful for the commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to contract to repair build or rebuild any county bridges without due advertisement for sealed proposals excepting contracts not amounting to two hundred and fifty dollars"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 360 (House Bill No. 304), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 400, entitled:

An Act to provide for a survey of Militia Hill and Fort Hill as a site for a public park with an approach thereto from Philadelphia and to make an appropriation therefor

An said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 548, entitled:

An Act providing for the election of councilmen in all boroughs of this Commonwealth wherein the election of councilmen held in November one thousand nine hundred and thirteen has been declared void and wherein councilmen serving at the time of said election held over

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 596 (House Bill No. 723), entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 625 (House Bill No. 738), on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines either or both providing for the use thereof by public service corporations and others having their tracks conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances on the public streets conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 658, entitled:

An Act relating to the guardianship of minor children making father and mother joint guardians of minor children providing for the custody of the person and estate of minor children upon the death of either parent and giving father and mother equal rights in the appointment of testamentary guardians

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin.
McConnell.
McKee, W S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 660, as follows:

An Act amending the first paragraph of the fourth section of the act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first paragraph of section four of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" which reads as follows

"Section 4 In townships of the first class the following township officers shall be chosen by the qualified voters at the township election on the third Tuesday in February

"First In the first year of its organization and in every second year thereafter five township commissioners and if the population of the township exceeds five thousand then an additional commissioner each two thousand of population in excess of five thousand The said commissioners shall hold office for the term of two years No township commissioner shall receive any salary or shall be eligible to any other township office" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 In townships of the first class the following township officers shall be chosen by the quaified voters at the township election on the first Tuesday following the first Monday of November of each odd numbered years

First That at the next regular election for township officers after the passage of this act or at the time that any township of the first class of this Commonwealth is organized there shall be chosen by the qualified voters of the township one township commissioner from each election district of said township and in townships of the first class of this Commonwealth having five or less election districts the number of commissioners of such township shall be five The qualified voters of each election district shall elect one commissioner who need not reside in the district for which he is elected and where there are less than five election districts each district shall elect one commissioner as aforesaid and the remaining number of township commissioners to which the said township is entitled shall be elected by vote of the qualified voters of the whole township The said commissioners shall hold office for the term of two years and shall each receive a salary of sixty dollars per year payable quarterly out of the treasuries of the respective townships which shall be in full and in lieu of all other compensation in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon township commissioners of townships of the first class Provided however that a proportionate amount shall be deducted from the salary of any township commissioner for each and every regular meeting of the board which he shall fail or neglect to attend And provided further that no township commissioner shall be eligible to any other township office

Section 2 All general and special acts and parts thereof inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 692, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of services which have been or shall be performed for a borough validating the claim therefor under certain conditions and requiring the payment thereof by the borough to the person rendering the services or surcharged for the payment thereof

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 706 (House No. 925), entitled:

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Beidleman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—4.

Jenkins,
Miller,
Snyder, P. W..
Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 724, entitled:

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River between Millersburg and Crow's Landing and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 748, entitled:

An Act providing that whenever hereafter any trial judge in any court in this Commonwealth shall express approval or disapproval of a verdict of a jury either in the presence of the jury rendering the verdict or in the presence of other jurors in attendance on the court the said trial judge shall be required on the application of any litigant whose cause is listed for trial before the said jurors and who deems that such approval or disapproval may have injuriously affected the fair trial of his cause to discharge the said jurors and to order a new venire

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—22.

Burke,
DeWitt,
Farley,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Patton,
Salus,
Smith, W. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—23.

Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Martin,
McConnell,
Miller,
Mills,
Phipps,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,

Less than the majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 788, entitled:

An Act relating to the Department of Banking and to the compensation of the employes thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. W. W. SMITH. For the benefit of those who are continually watching the finances of the Commonwealth, permit me to say that this is not a salary raiser. This bill is to place the bank examiners of this Commonwealth on an annual pay instead of a per diem pay. At the present time they are on a salary of $10 per day, and if they lose any time through sickness or for a vacation, it comes off their salary. The salary is not allowed to exceed $3,000 per year, and they manage to work steadily enough to receive that amount of remuneration, so I see no reason why we should not place them on an annual basis instead of per diem.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hilton,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considtion of Senate Bill No. 812, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purpose of liquidating the balance of the unsecured indebtedness of the Northwestern State Normal School for the Twelfth District of Pennsylvania located at Edinboro Erie County Pennsylvania at the date of its transfer to the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 873 (House Bill No. 1155), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates"

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 874 (House No. 1192), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred and one by designating the counties of Cameron and Elk as the twenty-fifth district and attaching the county of Clinton to the fifty-fifth district

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Buckman,
Burke,
Croft,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Graff,
Hackett,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. B.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Hilton,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 878 (House No. 1128), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McNichol,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

McKee, W. S.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 892 (House No. 970), entitled:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also section four five twelve thirteen twenty twenty-two thirty thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and sixty-four) as one of said paragraphs of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend by striking out Section 3 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Section 3 That section five of the said act which as amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini nineteen hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-three) reads as follows

"Section 5 Public property used for public purposes shall not be subject to tax claims or municipal claims and actual places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity shall not be subject to tax or municipal claims except for removal of nuisances for sewer claims and sewer connections or for the recurbing paving repaving or repairing the footways in front thereof All other real estate by whomsoever owned and for whatsoever purposes used shall be subject to all tax claims and municipal claims herein provided for Provided however that nothing in this act contained shall hinder or prevent any city borough or township of the first class from providing that any municipal work may be done at the expense of the public generally and be paid out of the general city borough or township funds" be and the same is further amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 All real estate by whomsoever owned and for whatsoever purpose used shall be subject to all taxes and municipal claims herein provided for except that all property owned by the State county city or other municipal division and actual places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity shall not be subject to tax or municipal claims except for removal of nuisances for sewer claims and sewer connections or for the recurbing paving repaving or repairing the footways in front thereof All other real estate by whomsoever owned and for whatsoever purpose used shall be subject to all tax claims and municipal claims herein provided for Provided however that nothing in this act contained shall hinder or prevent any city borough or township of the first class from providing that any municipal work may be done at the expense of the public generally and be paid out of the general city borough or township funds"

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 921, entitled:

An Act relating to dealers in poultry for the market requiring and giving of information by such dealers concerning where and from whom such poultry was purchased or received and the kinds and amount of the same to policemen detectives or constables and providing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones.
Sproul,
Thompson,

Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
Salus,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline.
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Jenkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmaitve.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 922, on third reading, entitied:

An Act authorizing the employment of architects and draughtsmen in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prescribing their powers fixing their duties and compensation requiring the preparation of uniform contracts and providing the method of payment of sums due upon contracts entered into by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings and carried out under the supervision of the said architects

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 931, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of article four section one of article five and section nine of article twenty-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven permitting operators managers and superintendents free selection of mine foremen assistant mine foremen and fire bosses and placing mine employees under the supervision and control of the operator

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of article four section one of article five and section nine of article twenty-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven be and the same are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 That section one of article four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 1 In order to secure efficient management and proper ventilation of the mines to promote the health and safety of the persons employed therein and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith the operator or the superintendent shall employ a competent and practical mine foreman for every mine where ten or more persons are employed The mine foreman shall have full charge of all the inside workings and of the persons employed therein in order that all the provisions of this act so far as they relate to his duties shall be complied with and the regulations prescribed for each class of workmen under his charge carried out in the strictest manner possible If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman must possess a first grade mine foreman's certificate If the mine is non-gaseous the mine foreman must possess either a first grade mine foreman's certificate or a second grade mine foreman's certificate

When the mine workings become so extensive that the mine foreman is unable personally to carry out the requirements of this act pertaining to his duties he shall have the right to employ a sufficient number of competent persons to act as his assistants who shall act under his instructions in carrying out the provisions of this act If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman's assistants must possess first grade assistant mine foreman's certificates

In case of the necessary temporary absence of the mine foreman he may deputize his work for the time being to his assistant who shall perform all the duties of the mine foreman" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 In order to secure efficient management and proper ventilation of the mines to promote the health and safety of the persons employed therein and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith the operator or the superintendent shall employ a competent and practical mine foreman for every mine where ten or more persons are employed who shall be under the supervision and control of the operator The mine foreman shall have full charge of all the inside workings and the persons employed therein subject however to the supervision and control of the operator in order that all the provisions of this act so far as they relate to his duties shall be complied with and the regulations prescribed for each class of workmen under his charge carried out in the strictest manner possible If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman must possess a first grade mine foreman's certificate or be a person who in the judgment of the operator is a person equally competent with the holders of such certificates If the mine is non-gaseous the mine foreman must possess either a first grade mine foreman's certificate or a second grade mine foreman's certificate or be a person who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the holders of such certificates

When the mine workings become so extensive that the mine foreman is unable personally to carry out the requirements of this act pertaining to his duties he shall have the right to employ a sufficient number of competent persons to act as his assistants who shall be under his instructions and the operator's instructions in carrying out the provisions of this act If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman's assistants must possess first grade assistant mine foremen's certificates or be a person who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the holders of such certificates

In case of the necessary temporary absence of the mine foreman he may deputize his work for the time being to his assistant who shall perform all the duties of the mine foreman the right to hire and discharge employes the management of the mine and the direction of the working forces are vested exclusively in the operator and no person or persons association or associations organization or organizations corporation or corporations shall interfere with or attempt to interfere with abridge or attempt to abridge in any manner whatsoever such right Provided That this act shall not invalidate any existing contract

Section 3 That section one of article five of said act which reads as follows

"Section 1 In such portions of a mine wherein explosive gas has been generated within one year before the passage of this act or shall be generated after the passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall employ a fire boss or fire bosses whose competency to act as such shall be evidenced by a certificate of qualification from the Department of Mines on the recommendation of the examining board as provided for in section six article twenty-four of this act It shall be the duty of the fire boss to examine carefully before each shift enters the mine every working place without exception all places adjacent to live workings every roadway and every unfenced road to abandoned workings and falls in the mines but before proceeding with the examination he shall see that the air current is traveling in its proper course In making the examination he shall use no light other than that enclosed in an approved safety lamp The examination shall begin within three hours prior to the appointed time for each shift to enter the mine The fire boss shall examine for all dangers in all portions of the mine under his charge and after each examination he shall leave at the face and side of every place examined the date of examination as evidence that he has performed his duty He shall also examine the entrance or entrances to all worked out and abandoned portions adjacent to the roadways and working places under his charge where explosive gas is likely to accumulate and he shall place a danger signal across the entrance to every working place and every other place where explosive gas is discovered or where immediate danger is found to exist from any other cause and said signal shall be sufficient warning for persons not to enter The meaning of all danger signals shall be explained to the non-English speaking employes of the mine in their several languages by the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss through an interpreter" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 In such portions of a mine wherein explosive gas has been generated within one year before the passage of this act or shall be generated after the passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall employ a fire boss or fire bosses whose competency to act as such shall be evidenced by a certificate of qualification from the Department of Mines on the recommendation of the examining board as provided for in section six article twenty-four of this act or a person or persons who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the holders of such certificates It shall be the duty of the fire boss to examine carefully before each shift enters the mine every working place without exception all places adjacent to live workings every roadway and every unfenced road to abandoned workings and falls in the mines but before proceeding with the examination he shall see that the air current is traveling in its proper course In making the examination he shall use no light other than that enclosed in an approved safety lamp The examination shall begin within three hours prior to the appointed time to enter the mine The fire boss shall examine for dangers in all portions of the mine under his charge and after each examination he shall leave at the face and side of every place examined the date of the examination as evidence that he has performed his duty He shall also examine the entrance or entrances to all worked out and abandoned portions adjacent to the roadways and working places under his charge where explosive gas is likely to accumulate and he shall place a danger signal across the entrance to every working place and every other place where explosive gas is discovered or immediate danger is found to exist from any other place where explosive gas is discovered or immediate danger is found to exist from any other cause and said signal shall be sufficient warning for persons not to enter The meaning of all danger signals shall be explained to the non-English speaking employes of the mine in their several languages by the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss through an interpreter

Section 4 That section nine of Article twenty-four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any operator manager or superintendent to employ as mine foreman in any mine or as assistant mine foreman in any gaseous mine any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification or service required by this act provided That all persons holding certificates of qualification as mine foreman granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve and provided further That any person acting as mine foreman by virtue of holding a certificate of service granted previous to the passage of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve at any mine where the general conditions affecting the health and safety of the persons employed do not differ materially from those at the mine in which he was employed when said certificate was granted which question shall be decided by the inspector of the district and it shall be unlawful for any operator manager superintendent or mine foreman to employ as fire boss any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification required by this act provided That all persons holding certificates of qualification as fire bosses granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any operator manager or superintendent to employ as mine foreman in any mine or as assistant mine foreman in any gaseous mine any person who has obtained the proper certificate of qualification or service required by this act or a person who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the person or persons who are the holders of such certificates Provided That all persons holding certificates of qualification as mine foremen granted under the provisions of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve And provided further That any person acting as mine foreman by virtue of holding a certificate of service granted previous to the passage of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve at any mine where the general conditions affecting the health and safety of the persons employed do not differ materially from those at the mine in which he is employed when said certificate was granted which question shall be decided by the inspector of the district and it shall be unlawful for any operator manager superintendent or mine foreman to employ as fire boss any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification re quired by this act or a person who in the judgment of the operator is equally competent with the person or persons who are the holders of such certificates Provided That all persons holding certificates of qualification as fire bosses granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve

This act shall not go into force or become operative until the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred sixteen

All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Croft,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Gerberich,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher.
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the tion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 973 (House Bill No. 586), entitled:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers.
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1036 (House No. 1334), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmaitve.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1056 (House No. 1480), entitled

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the chief clerk of his department to do certain official acts" by authorizing the Auditor General to empower certain other employes of his Department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hindman,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1064 (House No. 1213), entitled

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations of appointments on such boards of visitation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1072 (House No. 1406), entitled:

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Herbst,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
Phipps,
Salus,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

Schantz, Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1074, entitled:

An Act to repeal section four of an act entitled "An Act to amend the charter of the Borough of Catasauqua" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and ninety-five)

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1397, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds and other conveyances of real estate made in this Commonwealth by mechanical mining quarrying manufacturing and other corporations to residents of this Commonwealth for a valuable consideration prior to the passage of this act without the consent of a majority in value of the stockholders thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—2.

Smith, R. E., Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1400, entitled:

An Act to authorize the insertion in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purpose either originally or by amendment of a provision that the rector or minister chosen by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex-officio president of the vestry board of trustees board of directors or governing body by whatever name designated of such corporation and to validate similar provisions in the charters of such corporations heretofore granted

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,	Farley,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Sones,
Burke,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hackett,	Miller,	Thompson,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Vare,
Crow,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Warner,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline, Pres. pro tem
Endsley,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1401, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof together with the officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith" approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five and to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a superintendent thereof together with officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith' approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thiusand nine hundred and five by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police also the salaries of the officers and men of the State Police" approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven so as to fix the salaries of the superintendent and deputy superintendent of State Police

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideratio nof Senate Bill No. 1402, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the second class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Miller,	Sones,
Burke,	Homsher,	Mills,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Thompson,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Vare,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Warner,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Kline,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1406, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,	Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hindman,	McNichol,	Sones,
Burke,	Homsher,	Miller,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Thompson,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Vare,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Warner,
Daix,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline, Pres. pro tem
Endsley,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RULE NO. 21 SUSPENDED FOR BALANCE OF SESSION.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that Rule 21, requiring amended bills to be placed on the calendar, be suspended for the balance of the session.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 326.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, May 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concurs), That House Bill No. 326, entitled An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety be returned to the Governor without amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PRINTING OF PROCEEDINGS OF MEMORIAL SERVICES HELD IN HONOR OF THE LATE HONORABLE JOHN T. FISHER.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, May 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That one thousand (1,000) copies of the proceedings of the memorial services held in honor of the late Honorable John T. Fisher be printed for the use of the Senate.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PRINTING OF PROCEEDINGS OF MEMORIAL SERVICES HELD IN HONOR OF THE LATE HONORABLE JAMES K. P. HALL.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, May 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That one thousand (1,000) copies of the proceedings of the memorial services held in honor of the late Honorable James K. P. Hall be printed for the use of the Senate.

SENATE BILL NO. 914 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The said amendment having been printed as required by the Constitution was twice read as follows:

Section 4, line 2, by striking out "millon" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "million."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 365 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Philadelphia county the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by and paid by him to the treasurer of the City and County of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

Section 1, in line 18, by striking out the words "Said suit or suits to be subject to the rules of pleading practice evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court are subject" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

NAYS—0.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

YEAS—41.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 711 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In line 4 of the title by inserting after the word "other" the word "like;" in section 6, in line 10, by striking out the words "or prejudice the public mind."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I hope that the members of the Senate will not concur in the amendments of the House, the purpose being this, that we want to have a conference committee appointed to arrange the several details of the bill which have been agreed upon by everybody, and because of this I would ask that the Senate do not concur in the amendments.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate concur in the amendments?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Semmens,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 657 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk in the Department of Mines.

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In the title in line 2 by striking out the words "and the five clerk;" also in section 1 in line 7 by striking out the words "and of the five clerks therein shall be one thousand six hundred dollars each per annum."

On the question,
Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sproul,
Sones,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 28 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a County Court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a County Court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the Municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In section 1, in line 61, by striking out the word "nine" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six;" also in line 63 by striking out the word "nine" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six."

On the question,
Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 654 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 654, entitled:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin County Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally.

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution were twice read as follows:

In the title in line 1 by striking out the word "olive" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Maude;" also in section 1 in line 8 by striking out the word "Olive" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Maude;" also in line 13, by striking out the word "Olive" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Maude;" also in line 21 by striking out the "availabl" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "available."

On the question,
Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 540.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 540, entitled:

An Act to amend section two clause one of section three and section four of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 962.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 962, entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1131.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1131, entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney-General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries and making an appropriation therefor to the end of the fiscal year

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 31.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 31, entitled:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the number duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 492.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 492, entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 644.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 644, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the Bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the Director and Assistant Director and increasing the powers and duties of the Director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws page one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six).

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 633.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 633, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to hospitals.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 726.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 726, entitled:

An Act providing for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 460,

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 460, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting and fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 807.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 807, entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 461.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 461, entitled:

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report by the Engineers' Commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 653.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 653, entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 308.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 613.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 613, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measures within the provisions of said act

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 661.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 661, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities of cities boroughs and townships are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consent of the local authorities of all the cities boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 458.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 458, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisors of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 458, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisors of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine

Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making and remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labeled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second-hand mattresses to be sterilized and labeled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses

Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

Senate Bill No. 817, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of less than one million five hundred thousand and over one million to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

Senate Bill No. 31, entitled:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the number duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants

Senate Bill No. 492, entitled:

An Act validating certai ndivorces

Senate Bill No. 807, entitled:

An Act authorizing A. K. Cassel of Philadelphia to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 461, entitled:

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report by the Engineers' Commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report

Senate Bill No. 653, entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

Senate Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor

Senate Bill No. 633, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to hospitals

Senate Bill No. 613, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measured within the provisions of said act

Senate Bill No. 661, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities of cities boroughs and townships are located within the limits of the public streets roads or bridges or other highways of such cities boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consent of the local authorities of all the cities boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines

Senate Bill No. 282, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

Senate Bill No. 644, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the Bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the Director and Assistant Director and increasing the powers and duties of the Director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws page seventy-six)

Senate Bill No. 460, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties of any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

Senate Bill No. 726, entitled:

An Act providing for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 1051, on page 10 of to-day's calendar, bill on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to encourage the further development of the mineral resources of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1051, entitled:

An Act to encourage the further development of the mineral resources of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And the question recurring,
Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1501, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 525 (House Bill No. 404), at the bottom of page eight of to-day's calendar, bill on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act providing a system of government for boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 525 (House No. 404), entitled:

An Act providing a system of government for boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Herbst,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kline,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 599 (House Bill No. 727), on page 9 of today's calendar, bill on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 599 (House Bill No. 727), entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Catlin,
Clark,
Croft,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1408 (House Bill No. 1025), entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1033 (House Bill No. 1067), entitled:

An Act providing for the formation and regulation of stock corporations having shares without nominal or par value and authorizing such corporations to issue shares without par value upon reorganization merger or consolidation.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1086 (House Bill No. 1385), entitled:

An Act to validate acts done by corporations before the recording of their charter.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1091 (House Bill No. 1029), entitled:

An Act conferring authority on street passenger railway companies and motor power or other companies lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways to own lease and operate lines of self propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1435, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the 8th day of June, A. D. 1901, entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the 2d day of June, A. D. 1891," increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses.

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1436, entitled:

A Joint Resolution relating to the commission appointed to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park, extending the time when the commission is to report, and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 860, entitled:

An Act to further regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and defining the term "basement" in cities of the first class.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1010 (House Bill No. 1293), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of employes of the board of revision of taxes in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SEMMENS, from the Committee on Finance, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1085 (House Bill No. 1164), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 8th day of May, A. D. 1909, (P. L. 474) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the 26th day of June, A. D. 1885, entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth,' so as to fix the amount of bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes" by providing for the payment of the premium charged for the bond of a trust or bonding company by the authorities of boroughs or townships.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 696, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first class to make contracts for lighting, telephone service, removal of garbage, removal of ashes, or for street cleaning, for a period not exceeding five years; providing for annual appropriations for payments for successive years; prescribing the extent to which such contracts shall be included in statements and estimates of current liabilities and current income, tax levies, and determination of the borrowing capacity of such cities; and repealing inconsistent acts.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 697, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first class to make contracts for the removal of garbage for a period not exceeding five years; providing for annual appropriations for payments for successive years; prescribing the extent to which such contracts shall be included in statements and estimates of current liabilities and current income, tax levies, and determination of the borrowing capacity of such cities; and repealing inconsistent acts.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An Act providing for and giving power to the board of trustees or managers of cemetery corporations in this Commonwealth to improve keep in order clean and fence cemetery and generally take care of the lots in said cemetery by providing money and means for such improving keeping in order cleaning fencing and generally taking care of the lot in said cemetery corporation by assessing lot owners their pro rata share of such general up-keep and collecting the same.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 641, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the susquehanna river between Dalmatia and McKees Half Falls and making an appropriation therefor.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 830 (House Bill No. 1034), entitled:

An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 1435, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the 8th day of June, A. D. 1901, entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the 2d day of June, A. D. 1891," increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1435, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the 8th day of June, A. D. 1901, entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the 2d day of June, A. D. 1891," increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses.

be read the first time.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1435, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the 8th day of June, A. D. 1901, entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the 2d day of June, A. D. 1891," increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 346, as follows:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the manufacture or sale or offering for sale or advertising for sale or having in possession with intent to sell of adulterated or misbranded alcoholic liquors providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture sell offer for sale or advertise for sale or have in possession with intent to sell any article known or which may hereafter be known as alcoholic liquor which is adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act

Section 2 That the term "person" as used in this act shall include individuals firms co-partnerships limited partnerships joint stock companies and bodies corporate as well as all officers agents servants employes or others acting for any of the same and shall be taken as applying in the singular or plural as the case may require

Section 3 For the purpose of this act an alcoholic liquor shall be deemed to be adulterated if it contains any added deleterious or poisonous substance

Section 4 That the term "misbranded" as used herein shall apply to all alcoholic liquor now used or which may hereafter be used by man or which enters into the composition of an article so used the package or label or advertisement of which shall bear any statement design or device regarding such article or the ingredients or substances contained therein which shall be false or misleading and to any alcoholic liquor so used the package containing which is falsely branded or tagged or advertised or otherwise marked as to the place state territory or country in which it is manufactured or produced

Section 5 That for the purpose of this act the following definitions shall be deemed as correctly defining the products named

First Whiskey is the products derived by distillation from the properly prepared and fermented mash of malted sound cereals or sound cereals the starch of which has been hydrolized by malt and which distillate has the flavors of the grain left in it and has been stored in wood not less than four years and shall be labeled true to name

Second Cologne or neutral spirits is a product derived by fermentation and distillation from any of the following substances sound or unsound cereals beet root sugar molasses potatoes watermelons saw-dust or in fact any substance containing sugar or starch from which all or practically all of its constituents except ethyl alcohol and water are separated

Third Rum is spirits made by distillation from clean sound juice of the sugar cane and the clean sound massecuite made therefrom clean sound molasses massecuite or any sound clean intermediate product save sugar properly fermented and which has been stored in wood not less than four years under normal conditions for aging

Fourth Brandy is the properly distilled spirits made from wine or cider and stored in wood for not less than four years and kept under normal conditions during the process of aging

Fifth Malt liquor or malt is a beverage made by alcoholic fermentation of an infusion in potable water or barley malt and hops with or without unmalted grains decorticated and degerminated grain

Sixth Beer is malt liquor produced by bottom fermentation and lager beer is beer stored in casks for a period of at least three months

Seventh Malt beer is beer made of an infusion in potable water or barley malt and hops

Eighth Ale is a malt liquor produced by top fermentation

Ninth Porter and stout are varieties of malt liquors made in part from highly roasted malt

Tenth Wine is a product made from the normal fementation of the juice of sound ripe grapes and the usual cellar treatment fortified or unfortified when properly labeled to show its true character

Eleventh The terms "compound whiskey" "compound brandy" "compound rum" shall apply to the products composed of or prepared from cologne or neutral spirits and whiskey cologne or neutral spirits and brandy cologne or neutral spirits and rum with or without color or flavor

Twelfth The terms "imitation whiskey" "imitation brandy" "imitation rum" shall apply to that product prepared from cologne or neutral spirits with or without flavor

Thirteenth The term "blend" as used herein shall be construed to mean a mixture of two or more like substances as defined in this act provided that it does not contain cologne or neutral spirits

Section 6 There shall be shown on the face or main label to be attached to each container a statement indicating the contents showing the age the alcoholic strength the amount by measure and the true name and address of the manufacturer and specifically naming any and all added substances water excepted

Section 7 The Dairy and Food Commissioner shall be charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this act and if it shall appear that any article of alcoholic liquor obtained by the Dairy and Food Commissioner or his agents is adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act the Dairy and Food Commissioner shall cause notice thereof to be given to the person from whose store hotel restaurant or other place of business said article shall have been obtained and any person so notified shall be given an opportunity to be heard by the Dairy and Food Commissioner under such rules and regulations as may be by him prescribed And if it shall appear that the provisions of this act have been violated the Dairy and Food Commissioner shall cause a prosecution to be commenced against the person from whose store hotel restaurant or other place of business said article shall have been obtained

Section 8 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon the conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than two hundred and fifty dollars and not more than one thousand dollars for each offense or be confined for not less than six months or more than one year in jail or both at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 466, as follows:

An Act to amend section nine of the act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendent of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decided the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways making applications to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act" approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend section nine of the act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draftsman superintendent of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining the duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making applications to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act' approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the method of taking testimony in proceedings for the condemnation of turnpikes and toll-roads providing for the appointment of stenographers therefor and the compensation of the same and the compensation of viewers providing a method for compelling the Commonwealth to pay the damages assessed for the taking of the same" by extending the act to include all bridges less than five hundred feet in length

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to amend section nine of the act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer draftsman superintendent of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expenses of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract except where the Sate Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making applications to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act" approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the first section of an act approved eleventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend section nine of the act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draftsman superintendent of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioners and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for per centage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making applications to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act' approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by defining the method of taking testimony in proceedings for the condemnation of turnpikes and toll-roads providing for the appointment of stenographers therefor and the compensaiton of the same and the compensation of viewers providing a method for compelling the Commonwealth to pay the damages assessed for the taking of the same" which as amended reads as follows

"Where a turnpike or toll-road company or other private corporation shall own or control the whole or any part of a road or route forming all or any portion of a State highway as hereinbefore described and defined it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner for and in behalf of the Commonwealth by amicable agreement to purchase said turnpike or toll-road or such part thereof owned by such company or corporation and if a fair and reasonable price which shall be approved by the Governor for said road or part thereof cannot be agreed upon it shall then be lawful for the State Highway Commissioner to petition the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the State highway or any part thereof owned or controlled by said turnpike company or other private corporation is located setting forth that such turnpike or toll-road or part thereof is a State highway within the designation and description of this act and that no agreement as to price or damage can be reached and thereupon said court shall appoint a jury of view consisting of five reputable citizens of the county in which the road or part thereof is located and the said jury having been sworn or affirmed to perform their duties faithfully justly and impartially shall after due notice to the company or corporation and the State Highway Commissioner view and condemn the said turnpike toll-road or highway or part thereof as a State Highway or part thereof and shall appraise and report the damages which the owner or owners shall be entitled to receive therefor And for the purpose of appraising the damages as aforesaid the said jury shall first hear evidence on the part of the said owner or owners and afterwards shall hear evidence on the part of the State Highway Commissioner after which evidence shall be heard in rebuttal and in sur-rebuttal as prescribed for trials at law Said report shall be presented for confirmation nisi at the term of said court next succeeding said appraisement and view unless by order of said court the same be continued to a later term and if no exceptions are filed thereto said report shall at the expiration of thirty days after confirmation nisi be confirmed absolutely and an appeal therefrom by the Commonwealth or the company or corporation shall lie to the court of common pleas of said county within thirty days after confirmation absolutely upon issue framed by the court of common pleas the damages shall then be ascertained as in similar cases subject to an appeal to the Superior or Supreme Courts as the case may be The said court of quarter sessions may in its discretion appoint a competent stenographer to keep a faithful record of all proceedings before the viewers and to furnish a full copy of his notes to be attached to and form a part of the record And the said stenographer shall be allowed the same compensation as that paid in their respective county to court stenographers and each viewer shall be allowed the sum of two dollars and fifty cents each for each day necessarily employed which together with the compensation allowed the said stenographer shall be taxed as part of the costs of the proceeding and be paid as hereinafter provided Immediately upon agreement reached or upon completion of any court proceedings and acceptance of the appraisement or verdict by the commissioner the damages so determined or awarded shall be paid by the Commonwealth together with the costs and expenses of the proceedings in condemnation and the said turnpike toll-road or part thereof shall become a State Highway or part thereof free from tolls Provided That if the amount of damages as finally awarded shall be deemed excessive by the State Highway Commissioner he may refuse to accept the appraisement or verdict and may then omit said turnpike or toll-road or part thereof from the aforesaid route of State Highway and all court costs and costs of jury proceedings shall thereupon be paid by the State Highway Department and by necessary divergence therefrom he may select and adopt the next best and most suitable and convenient route or road in order to connect-up and complete a continuous State Highway and thereafter such diverged route or road shall be taken and remain and be as much a part of the State Highway of the Commonwealth as though otherwise particularly described in this act Provided further That at any time during the proceedings in condemnation after the filing of the original petition of the State Highway Commissioner the said State Highway Commissioner with the consent and approval of the Governor may after ten days written notice to the owner or owners of said turnpike toll-road or highway present to the said court of quarter sessions of the proper county a declaration of his intention to immediately enter upon and take the said turnpike toll-road or part thereof and to pay or cause to be paid to the said owner or owners such amount of damages as shall be assessed in the manner provided for by this act and all costs and expenses of the said proceedings which declaration shall contain certificate of State Highway Commissioner that sufficient sums to pay all possible damages costs and expenses of said proceedings have been appropriated by the Legislature and available for this specific purpose and upon presentation of said declaration the said court shall mark the same filed of record in said proceedings whereupon the funds in the hands of the State Highway Commissioner or in the State Treasury and specifically appropriated to the use of the State Highway Commissioner shall be pledged and deemed as security for all damages done or suffered or which shall accrue by reason of the taking of said turnpike toll-road or part thereof and the said turnpike toll road or part thereof shall immediately become a State Highway or part thereof free from tolls and the same may then be improved and maintained by the State Highway Commissioner in the manner provided by this act and upon completion of the proceedings in condemnation the State Highway Commissioner shall accept the appraisement and verdict and the damages so determined or awarded shall be paid by the Commonwealth together with the costs and expenses and in case the said damages and costs and expenses are not paid within thirty days from final adjudication and judgment thereon the owner or owners of said turnpike toll-road or highway may enforce the payment of the same by writ of mandamus which shall be issued by the court of common pleas of the county in which the seat of government is or may be located and shall be proceeded in as provided by law And provided further That where any existing turnpike or toll-roads or parts thereof owned by turnpike companies or private corporations shall be or form any part of any State Highway hereinbefore designated described or defined the same are not hereby immediately taken over for improvement or repair but the purchase thereof shall be deferred by the State Highway Commissioner and the same shall remain and be operated and controlled by the owners thereof as heretofore until such time as the work of improvement of all other State Highways and parts or portions thereof shall have been completed And provided further If in the judgment of the State Highway Commissioner local or special conditions of any of said turnpike or toll-roads or any part or parts thereof are such as tend to interfere with or inconvenience travel thereon and shall sooner require the purchase improvement and control thereof by the State then upon the approval of the Governor such turnpike or turnpikes toll-road or toll-roads or part or parts thereof so affected by such local or special conditions shall be taken over in accordance with the provisions of this act" is amended to read as follows

Where a turnpike toll-road or toll-bridge company or other private corporation shall own or control the whole or any part of a road route or bridge forming all or any portion of a State Highway as hereinbefore described and defined it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner for and in behalf of the Commonwealth by amicable agreement to purchase said turnpike toll-road or such part thereof or toll-bridge owned by such company or corporation and if a fair and reasonable price which shall be approved by the Governor for said road or part thereof or toll-bridge cannot be agreed upon it shall then be lawful for the State Highway Commissioner to petition the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the State Highway or any part thereof owned or controlled by said turnpike company bridge company or other private corporation is located setting forth that such turnpike or toll-road or part thereof or toll-bridge is a State Highway within the designation and description of this act and that no agreement as to price or damage can be reached and thereupon said court shall appoint a jury of view consisting of five reputable citizens of the county in which the road or part thereof or toll-bridge is located and the said jury having been sworn or affirmed to perform their duties faithfully justly and impartially shall after due notice to the company or corporation and the State Highway Commissioner view and condemn the said turnpike toll-road or part thereof or toll-bridge as a State Highway or part thereof and shall appraise and report the damages which the owner or owners shall be entitled to receive therefor And for the purpose of appraising the damages as aforesaid the said jury shall first hear evidence on the part of the said owner or owners and afterwards shall hear evidence on the part of the State Highway Commissioner after which evidence shall be heard in rebuttal and in sur-rebuttal as prescribed for trials at law Said report shall be presented for confirmation nisi at the term of said court next succeeding said appraisement and view unless by order of said court the same be continued to a later term and if no exceptions are filed thereto said report shall at the expiration of thirty days after confirmation nisi be confirmed absolutely and an appeal therefrom by the Commonwealth or the company or corporation shall lie to the court of common pleas of said county within thirty days after confirmation absolute and upon issue framed by the court of common pleas the damages shall then be ascertained as in similar cases subject to an appeal to the Superior or Supreme Courts as the case may be The said court of quarter sessions may in its discretion appoint a competent stenographer to keep a faithful record of all proceeding before the viewers and to furnish a full copy of his notes to be attached to and form a part of the record And the said stenographer shall be allowed the same compensation as that paid in their respective county to court stenographers and each viewers shall be allowed the sum of two dollars and fifty cents for each day necessarily employed which together with the compensation allowed the said stenographer shall be taxed as part of the costs of the proceeding and be paid as hereinafter provided Immediately upon agreement reached or upon completion of any court proceedings and acceptance of the appraisement or verdict by the Commissioner the damages so determined or awarded shall be paid by the Commonwealth together with the costs and expense of proceedings in condemnation and the said turnpike toll-road or part thereof or toll-bridge shall become a State Highway or part thereof free from tolls Provided That if the amount of damages as finally awarded shall be deemed excessive by the State Highway Commissioner he may refuse to accept the appraisement or verdict and may then omit said turnpike or toll-road or part thereof or toll-bridge from the aforesaid route of State Highway and all court costs and costs of jury proceedings shall thereupon be paid by the State Highway Department and by necessary divergence therefrom he may select and adopt the next best and most suitable and convenient route or road in order to connect-up and complete a continuous State Highway and thereafter such diverged route or road shall be taken and remain and be as much part of the State Highways of the Commonwealth as though otherwise particularly described in this act Provided further That at any time during the proceedings in condemnation after the filing of the original petition of the State Highway Commissioner the said Highway Commissioner with the consent and approval of the Governor may after ten days written notice to the owner or owners of said turnpike toll-road highway or toll-bridge present to the said court of quarter sessions of the proper county a declaration of his intention to immediately enter upon and take the said turnpike toll-road or part thereof or toll-bridge and to pay or cause to be paid to the said owner or owners such amount of damages as shall be assessed in the manner provided for by this act and all costs and expense of the said proceedings which declaration shall contain certificate of State Highway Commissioner that sufficient funds to pay all possible damages costs and expenses of said proceedings have been appropriated by the Legislature and are available for this specific purpose and upon presentation of said declaration the said court shall mark the same filed of record in said proceedings whereupon the funds in the hands of the State Highway Commissioner or in the State Treasury and specifically appropriated to the use of the State Highway Commissioner shall be pledged and deemed as security for all damages done or suffered or which shall accrue by reason of the taking of said turnpike toll-road or part thereof or toll-bridge and the said turnpike toll-road or part thereof or toll-bridge shall immediately become a State Highway or part thereof free from tolls and the same may then be improved and maintained by the State Highway Commissioner in the manner provided by this act and upon completion of the proceedings in condemnation the State Highway Commissioner shall accept the appraisement and verdict and the damages so determined or awarded shall be paid by the Commonwealth together with the costs and expenses and in case the said damages and costs and expenses are not paid within thirty days from the final adjudication and judgment thereon the owner or owners of said turnpike toll-road highway or toll-bridge may enforce the same by jayment of the same by writ of mandamus which shall be issued by the court of common pleas of the county in which the seat of government is or may be located and shall be proceeded in as provided by law And provided further That where an existing turnpike or toll-roads or parts thereof or toll-bridges owned by turnpike or toll-bridge companies or private corporations shall be or form any part of any State Highway hereinbefore designated described or defined the same are not hereby immediately taken over for improvement or repair but the purchase thereof shall be deferred by the State Highway Commissioner and the same shall remain and be operated and controlled by the owners thereof as heretofore until such time as the work of improvement of all other State Highways and parts or portions thereof shall have been completed And provided further If in the judgment of the State Highway Commissioner local or special conditions of any of said turnpikes or toll-roads or any part or parts thereof or toll-bridges are such as tend to interfere with or inconvenience travel thereon and shall sooner require the purchase improvement and control thereof by the State then upon the approval of the Governor such turnpike or turnpikes toll-road or toll-roads or part or parts thereof or toll-bridge or toll-bridges so affected by such local or special conditions shall be taken over in accordance with the provisions of this act Provided however That the toll bridges included in this act must be less than five hundred feet in length

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 485, as follows:

An Act to make an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia and providing for the expenditure thereof and for the appointment by the Governor of a competent engineer to assist and co-operate therein.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Department of wharves docks and ferries of the City of Philadelphia

For dredging in the Delaware and Schuylkill rivers within the limits of the State of Pennsylvania

For the improvement of harbor facilities dockage system reclaiming waste lands the purchase or condemnation of waste lands or lands that are partially waste the purchase of desirable sites upon which to erect piers bulkheads or other harbor improvements for the dredging of docks and for the removal of shoals in the Delaware River between the channel and the pier-head line and the pier-head and bulkhead lines along the Delaware and Schuylkill rivers within the limits of the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 The moneys so appropriated shall only be expended as authorized and directed by the councils of the City of Philadelphia A competent engineer shall be appointed by the Governor for a further term of two years at a salary of four thousand dollars per year payable out of said appropriation Said engineer shall assist and cooperate in the said work with the Director of the Department of Wharves Docks and Ferries of the said city and report to the Governor from time to time as to the expenditure of said moneys No such moneys shall be drawn out of the State Treasury except upon warrants drawn by the Auditor-General upon requisitions by the Director of the Department of Wharves Docks and Ferries of said city.

Section 3 All work and materials necessary to be furnished in order to carry into effect the purpose for which the said appropriation is hereby made shall be performed and furnished under contract to be given to the lowest responsible bidder under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the councils of said city

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 505, as follows:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen page nine hundred and three

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the twenty-first section of an act approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen page nine hundred and three which reads as follows

"Section 21 That every corporation joint stock association limited partnership and company whatsoever from which a report is required under the twentieth section hereof shall be subject to and pay into the treasury of the Commonwealth annually a tax at the rate of five mills upon each dollar of actual value of its whole capital stock of all kinds including common special and preferred as ascertained in the manner prescribed in said twentieth section and it shall be the duty of the treasurer or other officers having charge of any such corporation joint stock association or limited partnership upon which a tax is imposed by this section to transmit the amount of said tax to the treasury of the Commonwealth within thirty days from the date of the settlement of the account by the Auditor-General and the State Treasurer Provided That for the purposes of this act interest in limited partnerships or joint stock associations shall be deemed to be capital stock and taxable accordingly Provided also That corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations liable to tax on capital stock under this section shall not be required to pay any further tax on the mortgages bonds and other securities owned by them and in which the whole body of stockholders or members as such have the entire equitable interest in remainder but corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations owning or holding such securities as trustees executors administrators guardians or in any other manner than for the whole body of stockholders or members thereof as sole equitable owners in remainder shall return and pay the tax imposed by this act upon all securities so owned or held by them as in the case of individuals And provided further That the provisions of this section shall not apply to the taxation of the capital stock of corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations organized for laundering or manufacturing purposes which is invested in and actually and exclusively employed in carrying on laundering or manufacturing within the State excepting companies engaged in the brewing or distilling of spirits or malt liquors and such as enjoy and exercise the right of eminent domain but every laundering or manufacturing corporation limited partnership or joint stock association shall pay the State tax of five mills herein provided upon such proportion of its capital stock if any as may be invested in any property or business not strictly incident or appurtenant to its laundering or manufactring business in addition to the local taxes assessed upon its property in the district where located it being the object of this proviso to relieve from State taxation only so much of the capital stock as is invested purely in the laundering or manufacturing plant and business. Provided further In case of fire and marine insurance companies the tax imposed by this section shall be at the rate of three mills upon each dollar of the actual value of the whole capital stock Provided That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to apply to building and loan associations chartered by the State of Pennsylvania" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 21 That every corporation joint stock association limited partnership and company whatsoever from which a report is required under the twentieth section hereof shall be subject to and pay into the treasury of the Commonwealth annually a tax at the rate of five mills upon each dollar of the actual value of its whole capital stock of all kinds including common special and preferred as ascertained in the manner prescribed in said twentieth section and it shall be the duty of the treasurer or other officers having charge of any such corporation joint stock association or limited partnership upon which a tax is imposed by this section to transmit the amount of said tax to the treasury of the Commonwealth within thirty days from the date of the settlement of the account by the Auditor General and the State Treasurer Provided That for the purpose of this act interest in limited partnerships or joint stock associations shall be deemed to be capital stock and taxable accordingly And provided further That the provisions of this section shall not apply to the taxation of the capital stock of corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations organized for laundering or manufacturing purposes which is invested in and actually and exclusively employed in carrying on laundering or manufacturing within the State excepting companies engaged in the brewing or distilling of spirits or malt liquors and such as enjoy and exercise the right of eminent domain but every laundering or manufacturing corporation limited partnership or joint stock association shall pay the State tax of five mills herein provided upon such proportion of its capital stock if any as may be invested in any property or business not strictly incident or appurtenant to its laundering or manufacturing business in addition to the local taxes assessed upon its property in the district where located it being the object of this proviso to relieve from State taxation only so much of the capital stock as is invested purely in the laundering or manufacturing plant and business Provided further In case of fire and marine insurance companies the tax imposed by this section shall be at the rate of three mills upon such dollar of the actual value of the whole capital stock Provided further That in the case of mercantile corporations subject to the payment of mercantile license tax the tax imposed by this section shall be at the rate of one mill upon each dollar of the actual value of the whole capital stock Provided That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to apply to building and loan associations chartered by the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 565. as follows:

An Act defining malt liquors providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the manufacture or sale or the offering for sale or the having in possession with intent to sell of adulterated or misbranded malt liquors and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That that it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture sell offer for sale or have in possession with intent to sell any malt liquor which is adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this act

Section 2 That the term "Person" as used in this act shall include individuals firms copartnerships limited partnerships joint-stock companies and bodies corporate as well as all officers agents servants employes or others acting for any of the same and shall be taken as applying in the singular or plural as the case may require

Section 3 For the purposes of this act the terms "malt liquor" "beer" "lager beer" "malt beer" "ale" "porter" and "stout" respectively are defined as follows

(1) Malt liquor is a beverage made by the alcoholic fermentation of an infusion in potable water of barley male and hops with or without unmalted grains or decorticated and degerminated grains

(2) Beer is a malt liquor produced by bottom fermentation

(3) Lager beer stored beer is beer which has been stored for a sufficient period to produce approximate end fermentation

(4) Malt beer is beer made of an infusion in potable water of barley malt and hops

(5) Ale is a malt liquor produced by top fermentation

(6) Porter and stout are varieties of ale made in part from highly roasted malt

Section 4 For the purposes of this act a malt liquor shall be deemed adulterated

First If any substance has been mixed with it so as to reduce or lower or injuriously affect its quality strength or purity

Second If any substance has been substituted wholly or in part for the article

Third If it contains any added sulphurous acid sulphur dioxide or sulphites benzoic acid or benzoates salicylic acid or salicylates formaldehyde hydrofluoric acid or fluorides fluoborates fluos ilicates or other fluorine compounds dulcin glucin saccharin betanapthol hydronaphthol abrastol asaprol or other added ingredients injurious to health

Section 5 For the purposes of this act a malt liquor shall be deemed to be misbranded

First If it be an imitation of or offered for sale under the name of another article Provided however That any malt liquor which does not conform to the legal definition established by section three of this act shall not be deemed to be misbranded if the package barrel keg or bottle in which it is sold offered for sale or held in possession with intent to sell shall have plainly printed or branded upon it the correct names of each ingredient used in the manufacture of such male liquor

Second If it be labeled or branded so that it may deceive or mislead the purchaser or purport to be a foreign product when not so or if the contents of the package as originally put up shall have been removed in whole or in part and other inferior contents shall have been placed in such package

Third If the package containing it or its label shall bear any statement design or device regarding the substances or ingredients contained therein which statement design or device shall be false or misleading in any particular

Section 6 Every person firm or corporation and every officer agent servant or employe of such person firm or corporation who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions of the proper county shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than sixty nor more than one hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding sixty days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 7 The Dairy and Food Commissioner shall be charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this act

Section 8 All fines and penalties imposed and recovered for any violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be paid to the Dairy and Food Commissioner or his agent and when so collected and paid shall thereafter by by the Dairy and Food Commissioner paid into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 669 (House Bill No. 708), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 723, as follows:

An Act validating annexations and extensions of the limits of boroughs and incorporated towns made prior to the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements of the Act of Assembly governing annexations and extensions of boroughs or corporate town limits in force at the time of said annexation or extension and providing for the filing of a plot or plan of lots or part so annexed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions when the same has not originally been done

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all annexations of lots or outlots or extensions of the limist of any borough or incorporated town in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania made by ordinance by the burgess and town council of said borough or incorporated town prior to April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and three are hereby validated and made good in law although the said borough authorities have not filed a plot or plan of such extension or annexation in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or otherwise complied with the act or acts of Assembly governing the annexation of territory or extension of the limits of boroughs in force at the time of said annexation or extension Provided nevertheless that such annexation or extension has been recognized by the authorities of such borough or incorporated town by the assessment and collection of taxes on the annexed or extended territory for a period of not less than ten years from the date of said annexation or extension

Section 2 In order that a proper record of the same shall be made when no plan has been filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county it shall be the duty of the council of any borough or incorporated town upon the application of one or more of the taxpayers of any tract or part of land annexed as above set forth to have said annexed or extended territory duly surveyed and a plot or plan of the said annexed or extended part filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county within sixty days after said application is filed with said council with the same effect as if it had originally been filed therein Provided that any one affected by such survey shall have the right to file exceptions within thirty days thereafter to said plot or plan in order that the same may be corrected by the said court if any error shall be made to appear in the boundaries of the plot so filed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 733, as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

Whereas A number of persons who were actually engaged in the retail drug and apothecary business in this State at the date of the approval of the act of May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven failed to apply for registration within the limited period of ninety days provided for that purpose therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person who was more than twenty-one years old and entitled to registration as a pharmacist as provided in section three of the act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and who failed to apply for registration within the ninety days as provided in said act may make such application at any time within thirty days after the passage of this act with the force and effect as if such application had been made within the ninety days provided in the act of May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven Provided That the applicant has been continuously employed in the drug business since the approval of the aforesaid act and pays to the State Pharmaceutical Board the application certificate and renewal fees which would be due and owing the said board had the applicant become registered as provided in section three of the act hereinbefore mentioned

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 851, as follows:

An Act relating to the indebtedness of municipalities and providing for carrying into operation section fifteen of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That obligations which have been heretofore issued or which may hereafter be issued by any municipality other than Philadelphia to provide for the construction or acquisition of water works subways underground railways or street railways or appurtenances thereof shall not be considered as a debt of the municipality within the meaning of any act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing or limiting the incurring of debt or indebtedness or the increasing of debt or indebtedness by any municipality whether with or without the assent of the electors thereof if the net revenue derived from said property for a period of five years either before or after the acquisition theeof (or where the same is constructed by the municipality after the completion thereof) shall have been sufficient to pay interest and sinking fund charges during said period upon said obligations or if the said obligations shall be secured by liens upon the respective properties and shall impose no municipal liability

Section 2 Where a municipality shall issue obligations to provide for the construction of water-works subways underground railways or street railways or appurtenances thereof the municipality may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking fund charges accruing thereon until said properties shall have been completed and in operation for a period of one year and said municipality shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking fund charges until after said properties shall have been operated by the municipality during the said period of one year

Section 3 Any of the said municipalities may incur indebtedness in excess of seven per centum and not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein if said increase of indebtedness shall have been assented to by three-fifths of the electors voting at a public election in such manner as shall have been or may hereafter be provided by law for the increase of indebtedness by municipalities with the assent of the electors

Section 4 Said municipalities shall have all the rights and powers necessary and needful to carry out the provisions of this act

Section 5 Should any section or provision of this act be held by the court to be invalid or unconstituional it shall not be held to affect any other section or provision of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 875 (House Bill No. 1052), entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 877 (House Bill No. 928), as follows:

An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wastful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artifically propagated for profit and to provide penalties and puishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fish within this Commonwealth are hereby designated and classified for the purposes of this act as follows to wit The following are classified as game fish Charr commonly called brook trout all species of trout and of the salmon family blue pike pike-perch otherwise known as Susquehanna salmon or wall-eyed pike pickerel western pike muscallonge fall fish small mouth bass otherwise called black bass large mouth bass otherwise called Oswego green or yellow bass crappie grass strawberry or calico, bass white bass rock bass otherwise known as red eye or goggle eye and all other species or varieties of fresh water fish called or commonly known as bass except striped bass or rock fish The following are classified as bait fish namely All forms of minnows all forms of killifishes and stone catfish That all other species or varieties of fish whatsoever in the waters within this Commonwealth are hereby classified as food fish

Section 2 That it shall be unlawful to use any device means or method whatsoever for taking fish from the waters within this Commonwealth except the following namely For game fish with rod hooks and line or with hand line with not more than three hooks attached to each line for bait fish at any time of the year with rods hooks and lines in waters inhabited by Charr or trout and in waters not inhabited by Charr or trout with a minnow trap with not more than one opening which shall not be larger than one inch in diameter or with a dip net not over three feet square or with rods hooks and lines with not more than three hooks attached to each line for food fish with rods hooks and lines and hand line at any time of the year with not more than three hooks attached to each line except as provided in section thirty-three of this act and with seines and dip nets as provided in section five of this act and Provided further That nothing herein shall be held to apply to fishing with rods hooks and lines or hand lines unless the person fishing therewith shall have in possession any fish which may not lawfully be caught And Provided further That no device except a single rod and line with not more than three hooks attached shall be used by any person in waters inhabited by charr or trout or any species of trout except lake trout and Provided also That no person shall use more than three rods and lines or hand lines or more than three of the combined kinds of rods and lines or hand lines with not more than three hooks attached to each line for the taking of any game fish other than charr brook trout or any species of trout except lake trout and Provided also That all rods and lines or hand lines used in the taking of game fish must be under the immediate control of the person using same Provided also That a burr of three hooks shall be considered as three single hooks and no combination of hooks shall be considered as one hook but each prong or barb be considered as a separate and independent hook Provided That nothing herein shall be held to forbid the use of the gaff or landing net to assist in landing fish already caught by lawful devices Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars except as hereinafter otherwise provided Provided further That no fishing of any kind or with any device shall be done by any person or persons on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars except as hereinafter otherwise provided

Section 3 That it shall be unlawful to fish for or have in possession the same being killed any game fish from the thirty-first day of December to the fifteenth day of June both dates inclusive except charr or brook trout or any species of trout and except as provided in section nine of this act and it shall be unlawful also to catch and kill or have in possession the same being killed any white bass rock bass crappie strawberry or calico bass less than six inches in length any black bass or small mouth bass large mouth bass otherwise called Oswego green or yellow bass striped bass otherwise called rock fish lake or salmon trout less than nine inches in length or any blue pike less than eight inches in length pike-perch otherwise called wall-eyed pike or Susquehanna salmon or any pickerel less than twelve inches in length or any muscallonge or western pike less than twenty-four inches in length or any sturgeon less than five feet in length the measurement of said fish shall be from the tip of the nose to the tip of the tail and it shall be unlawful for any one person to catch kill or have in possession the same being killed more than twelve small or large mouth bass or more than twenty-five rock bass white bass calico bass crappie pickerel blue pike or pike perch or more than four muscallonge or western pike or more than fifty sunfish in any one day Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each and every fish so caught taken or had in possession provided however that no penalty shall be imposed if any fish caught in violation of any provision of this section is returned at once to the water from which it was taken in the condition in which it was captured

Section 4 That it shall be unlawful to fish for or have in possession the same being killed charr commonly called brook trout or any species of trout except lake trout from the thirty-first day of July to the fifteenth day of April next ensuing both inclusive except as provided in section nine of this act and it shall be unlawful for any one person to catch kill or have in possession the same being killed more than forty charr or trout in any one day or return to the water during the open season any charr or trout after once being hooked Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each and every fish returned to the water or for each and every fish over forty provided however that no penalty in the aggregate shall exceed one hundred dollars

Section 5 It shall be unlawful to fish for shad herring or alewife excepting with rods hooks and lines or hand line or with a haul seine sometimes called a shore seine or with a dip net or with a hold in net sometimes called a moon rake the meshes of which shall not be less than two and a half inches stretched fishing measure or one and one-quarter inches from knot to knot while being fished or for sturgeon with nets the meshes of which shall not be less than thirteen inches while being fished and it shall be unlawful to use said seines or nets for shad herring or alewife in any waters within this Commonwealth from the twentieth day of June to the first day of March of the year next ensuing or in the waters other than the Susquehanna River from McCall's Ferry Dam to the Maryland line or in tidal streams wholly within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and in the limit of tide water of said streams Provided however That nothing in this act shall forbid the catching of carp suckers mullets and eels in such seines or nets while being legally used for the catching of shad herring or alewife and provided further That it shall be unlawful for any person to set or use any seine or net from six o'clock Saturday night until twelve o'clock Sunday night of each and every week Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars and shall forfeit to the Department of Fisheries all nets boats and appliances used

Section 6 That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to place any device or object in the waters within this Commonwealth in such a manner as to obstruct the migration or passage of fish therein or to obstruct any fishway Fishing except with rod hook and line shall not be permitted within one hundred feet of the lower end of any fishway or dam or such distance as may be determined by the Commissioner of Fisheries such determination to be plainly posted upon the fishway or adjacent shores and any obstruction not permitted by existing laws when found shall be removed forthwith by any fish commissioner fish warden sheriff or other peace officer Any person violating any provision of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars

Section 7 That any person company or corporation owning or maintaining a dam or dams or who may hereafter erect or maintain a dam or dams in the waters of this Commonwealth shall immediately on a written order from the Commissioner of Fisheries erect therein such chutes slopes fishways gates or other device as the Board of Fishery Commissioners may decide necessary to enable the fish to ascend and descend the waters at all seasons of the year and every such chute and other device as aforesaid shall be maintained open and in good order and repair by the person company or corporation owning or maintaining such dam until such dam is removed raised or rebuilt and any person company or corporation refusing or neglecting to comply with the provisions of this section within three months from the date of such notice shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars for every month he or they so neglect which sum or sums shall be recovered by civil suit and process in the name of the Commonwealth and when collected shall be paid by the Commissioner of Fisheries into the treasury of the Commonwealth where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries If after the lapse of three calendar months the person company or corporation owning or maintaining said dam or dams still neglect or refuse to erect or place or maintain unchanged open and in good order and repair the appliance or appliances as directed by the Commissioner of Fisheries the said Commissioner is empowered to enter upon such dam or dams and erect such slopes chutes fishways or gates and cause such repairs to be made as may have been directed as aforesaid and the cost thereof shall be charged against the person company or corporation owning or maintaining such dam or dams by the Commissioner of Fisheries by civil suit and process in the name of the Commonwealth provided where by reason of any dam or dams having been constructed prior to any requirements by law of the placing of chutes slopes or fishways therein or for any other reason the owner or owners or person or persons maintaining such dam or dams cannot be compelled by law to pay the costs of erecting such slopes chutes and fishways by the Commissioner of Fisheries as provided in this section shall be paid by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania out of such fund as may be appropriated therefor And provided further that the chutes and other devices aforesaid may be closed for repair or in time of low water but such closing will only be for a period of thirty days at any one time

Section 8 That from and after the passage of this act any person company or corporation owning or operating a raceway flume or inlet pipe leading to a water wheel turbine pump or canal shall place and maintain a bar rack of not less than one inch nor more than one and one-half inch space between the bars in or near such raceway flume or inlet pipe sufficient to prevent fish from entering Any person company or corporation failing to comply with the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars

Section 9 That hereafter before any person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall engage in the artificial propagation of any species of game fish or food fish for the purpose of selling the same the said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall first apply to the Department of Fisheries for a license and said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall fill out blanks supplied by the Department of Fisheries setting forth answers to any questions which the Department of Fisheries may put with reference to the size character and purpose of said plant and if such answers promise and undertake that the applicant will conduct the business applied for according to law and that no dams ponds or other device which will prevent the free migration of fish are to be erected or placed by such applicant in any stream flowing over his or their property and that the ponds on said plant are to be for commercial purposes the said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall then pay a license fee of ten dollars to the Department of Fisheries and by it deposited in the State Treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries whereupon the said Department of Fisheries shall issue a license to said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited to carry on the business of propagation and selling any and all species of game fish or food fish or the eggs thereof during the calendar year that the holder or holders of such license may catch and kill game fish from the ponds on their property in any manner whatsoever except with explosives or poisonous substances or they may sell or dispose of them in any manner whatsoever any species of game fish or food fish or the eggs thereof at any time of the year and express or railroad companies may carry and transport the same Provided That no fish shall be caught out of any stream flowing over the property of such person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited holding such license except in accordance with the provisions of sections two and three of this act Provided That with each sale of any species of game fish or food fish there shall be furnished the purchaser a certificate or invoice of sale bearing the date of sale the number of the license the number of fish and the number of pounds sold which said certificate or invoice must be shown by the holder on demand to any fish warden clerk of the market constable or person authorized to make arrests for violation of the laws relating to fish and fishing within this Commonwealth and the said certificate or invoice shall hold good for the period of six days from the date thereof Any person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited holding a license for conducting an establishment for the propagation of any species of game fish or food fish shall mail a sworn statement in writing to the Department of Fisheries annually on the first day of December of the number of pounds and the number and value of game fish and food fish or the eggs thereof sold and disposed of during the year and the property and books of said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited engaged in the propagation and sale of any species of game fish or food fish or the eggs thereof under the provisions of this section shall be open to inspection by the Commissioner of Fisheries at all times and said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall not in any manner stock or maintain their establishments by any species of game or food fish eggs taken from any waters within this Commonwealth not owned occupied or controlled by them excepting that they may exchange such eggs or the fry of any species of trout or other game or food fish with the Department of Fisheries Any person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each and every offense as provided in section twenty-three of this act

Section 10 That from and after the passage of this act any person company or corporation owning or operating a raceway flume or inlet pipe leading to a water wheel turbine pump or canal shall immediately upon receipt of a written order from the Commissioner of Fisheries place and maintain a bar rack of not less than one inch nor more than one and one-half inch space between the bars in or near such raceway flume or inlet pipe sufficient to prevent fish from entering therein Any person company or corporation refusing or neglecting to comply with such order for a period of one month shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars which shall be recovered by civil suit and process in the name of the Commonwealth and when collected shall be paid by the Commissioner of Fisheries into the State Treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries If one month after notification the person company or corporation owning or operating such raceway flume or inlet pipe has not placed such bar rack as may have been directed the Commissioner of Fisheries is empowered to enter upon such raceway flume or inlet pipe and place such bar rack of not less than one-half inch nor more than one and one-half inch space between the bars the costs thereof shall be charged against the said person company or corporation and if not promptly paid such costs may be recovered by civil suit and process in the name of the Commonwealth

Section 11 That it shall be unlawful for any proprietor manager clerk or agent of any market hotel boarding house eating house restaurant or saloon or any person company or corporation in this Commonwealth to purchase sell or expose for sale whether caught within or without this Commonwealth any game fish as enumerated in section one of this act excepting lake trout and blue pike pike-perch Susquehanna salmon or wall-eyed pike or contract with or employ any person or persons to catch and keep such fish for him or them by the day or otherwise Provided That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent any person company or corporation from selling game fish as enumerated in section one of this act bred or raised artificially under the provisions of section nine of this act and Provided further That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prohibit any person or persons from employing a guide to accompany him or them when fishing or to prevent any officer authorized to enforce the provisions of this act from either buying or selling fish for the purpose of securing evidence Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of fifty dollars for each and every offense so committed

Section 12 That it shall be unlawful to have in possession any fresh dead game fish except pike-perch blue-pike whether caught within or without this Commonwealth or any fresh dead food fish caught in the waters of this Commonwealth excepting during the lawful period for catching the same and the space of six days after such period has expired Provided however That nothing herein shall be construed as to prohibit the sale of food or game fish artificially propagated by any person or persons under the provisions of section nine of this act Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each fish

Section 13 That it shall be unlawful to fish or trespass with intent to fish in or upon any waters or beds or banks of any waters or any lands controlled owned or occupied by the Department of Fisheries or owned or occupied by persons corporations or partnerships for artificially propagating fish or wilfully and maliciously destroy or damage any ponds property or appliances whatsoever of the said Department or such propagating plant or to interfere or obstruct pollute or diminish the natural flow of water into or through such State hatchery or such propagating plant or lands Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof in accordance with section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars or six months imprisonment or both

Section 14 That any domestic birds or fowls trespassing on any waters or lands controlled used or occupied entirely for the artificial propagation of fish may be killed by the owner or occupant thereof or his agent in charge of the same after being given five days notice to the owners of said birds or fowls to prevent such trespassing Provided further That said owner or owners occupant or agent shall have the right to kill any wild birds or wild animals destructive to fish life whenever found on such grounds

Section 15 That it shall be unlawful for any person to put or place in any waters within this Commonwealth any electricity or any explosive or poisonous substances whatsoever or any drug or any poison bait for the purpose of catching taking killing or injuring fish or to allow any dye stuff coal or gas tar coal oil sawdust tan bark coccuplus indicus (otherwise known as fish berries) lime vitriol or any of the compounds thereof refuse from gas houses oil tanks pipes or vessels or any deleterious destructive or poisonous substances of any kind or character to be turned into or allowed to run flow wash or be emptied into any of the waters aforesaid unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Fisheries or the court that every reasonable and practicable means have been used to abate and prevent the pollution of waters in question by the escape of deleterious substances In the case of thé polution of the waters by substances known to be injurious to fishes or to fish food it shall not be necessary to prove that such substances have actually caused the death of any fish Provided That nothing in this section shall prohibit the use of explosives for engineering purposes when a written permit has been given therefor by the proper national state or municipal government Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction therefor as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of one hundred dollars

Section 16 That the Commissioner of Fisheries shall have the right to catch fish in any of the waters of this Commonwealth at any season of the year and with any kind of nets or devices not poisonous or explosive and also the right to grant written permission to do so for a period not longer than one year to persons engaged in scientific research and also to corporations associations person or persons for the purpose of propagation of fish or stocking waters therewith or the removal of fish found by the Commissioner of Fisheries to be hurtful or injurious to other fish life Provided that those persons who are permitted to catch fish as aforesaid shall make return in writing to the said Commissioner of Fisheries of all fish caught by them and of the use made by them of the fish so caught

Section 17 That it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Fisheries to make free distribution or planting of the fish produced at the State fish hatcheries or otherwise acquired in the following order or preference First to the public waters of the Commonwealth within the forestry reserves belonging to the Commonwealth Second to the public school authorities and persons connected with institutions of learning who may apply for the same for educational purposes or for scientific research and to persons applying for fish cultural and aquarium purposes and show ponds Third to the waters within this Commonwealth of which the bed and banks are the subject of private ownership upon the written application of one or more of the owners or lawful occupants thereof provided that such waters are suitable for the fish applied for and that the applicant or applicants shall agree in such application to allow lawful fishing by the public in the waters over their lands which are planted with fish upon such application and that the said applicants shall have and claim no right to reject or molest any persons lawfully fishing over their lands on the banks of or over such waters in a peaceful and orderly manner provided that during the open season for game or food fish the owner lessee or occupant of the real estate through which or over which the stream inhabited by game or food fish shall pass or the owner lessee or occupant of the bank of any natural lake or pond so inhabited with game or food fish shall hereafter not have the authority to forbid fishing along the banks or waters but the person or persons so fishing shall be liable in trespass for any and all damage which he or they may do to the said real estate or other property Fourth to the waters last aforesaid whose owners are non-residents and unknown or who by habit and custom permit the public to fish therein Provided That such planting may at the discretion of said Commissioner be made without application therefor

That it shall be unlawful to apply to the Commissioner of Fisheries for any fish if such applicant prohibits or prevents fishing by the general public in the waters flowing over his land but nothing in this section shall be held to prevent the Commissioner of Fisheries from planting fish in suitable waters without application Any person who shall by false representation receive fish from the Department of Fisheries and plant the same in waters where the public are not allowed to fish shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of twenty-five dollars for each offense Provided That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to prevent lawful fishing in waters that have heretofore been stocked with fish supplied by the Commonwealth

Section 18 That the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to set aside at his discretion such small streams and lakes as he may judge best as nursery streams or lakes in which fishing shall be prohibited at all times in the year Provided That said Commissioner of Fisheries shall first give public notice of such closing by posting such streams or waters with notices of such prohibition and the period thereof and publish the same in two newspapers published in the county or counties where such stream or water is located for a period of three consecutive weeks one time in each week said stream or lakes to be posted by the Department of Fisheries at the outlet by a conspicuous notice and also at intervals of three hundred yards Provided That if after any stream or lake has been set aside under the provisions of this section any person fishing therein or catching and killing any fish from any stream of water closed under the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars

Section 19 That before any person shall use or fish with a seine or net he shall first take out a license therefore from the Department of Fisheries and for which he or they shall pay annually for each seine or net two dollars On making payment to the Department of Fisheries of the sum named such license fee shall be paid by the Department of Fisheries into the State Treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries and such license shall hold good for the calendar year in which it is issued The Department of Fisheries on receiving said license fee or fees shall issue to the person or persons paying the same a certificate on one of the forms supplied to him by the Department of Fisheries bearing the name and place or residence of each applicant or applicants and the name and number of the seine or nets permitted and authorized properly filled out which said certificate or license shall permit the owner or owners thereof to use the device named for the next lawful season in accordance with the provisions of section five of this act The certificate shall be shown to any fish warden constable or any other person or persons authorized to make arrests for any violation of any of the laws relating to fish and fishing in this Commonwealth Any person or persons who shall use the above described devices without first taking out a license shall upon conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of twenty-five dollars

Section 20 That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to remove fish from any licensed net without the authority of the owner or owners thereof except that any person may return to the water any fish not authorized to be taken by such device or to remove fish from any pond or tank of any fish hatchery without authority as aforesaid Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall upon conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of fifty dollars

Section 21 That any fish commissioner fish warden special warden sheriff constable or any special officer or any peace office in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and commanded to proceed with such force of the county as may be necessary to destroy any device for catching fish used contrary to or prohibited by law in any of the waters within this Commonwealth and they are hereby authorized and commanded to arrest forthwith and without warrant any person or persons owning placing or using such devices or violating any of the provisions of this act and they are further authorized and commanded to apprehend and arrest and immediately take any person or persons who may be guilty of such violations before any justice of the peace magistrate or other legally constituted authority and thereupon make charge of such violation of the law or any provision thereof and the magistrate shall forthwith hear and determine the charge as provided in section twenty-three of this act and in case any fish commissioner fish warden or any other officer named above fails to prove his case the defendant or defendants are discharged or in case the defendant or defendants are convicted and are sent to jail in lieu of the payment of fine or fines penalty or penalties the county in which the case and is heard shall pay the costs Such arrests may be made on Sunday or any holiday in which case the person or persons so arrested shall be taken before the proper officer and proceeded against on the first lawful day following the arrest Any sheriff deputy sheriff constable special officer or other peace officer of this Commonwealth who shall refuse or neglect to proceed with sufficient force of the county to forthwith remove and destroy any existing device illegally used for the catching of fish within his jurisdiction after being notified in writing of the existence of such illegally used devices by the Commissioner of Fisheries or who shall refuse or neglect to remove or destroy any such illegal devices for catching fish within this Commonwealth of which he shall have cognizance shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of fifty dollars or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than three months nor more than six months

Section 22 Any person or persons who shall by threat menace or force or in any manner attempt to deter or prevent any fish warden or other person authorized to make arrests for violation of the fish laws from enforcing or carrying into effect any provision of this act or who shall resist the seizure of boats devices or nets illegally used shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars or in default of payment of said fine be committed to the county jail for a period of one hundred days

Section 23 That any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate upon information or compliant made to him by affidavit of one or more persons charging any person or persons with having violated any of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the Commissioner of Fisheries pursuant to this act is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable peace officer or warden and cause such person or persons to be arrested and brought before such justice alderman or magistrate who shall hear and determine the guilt or innocence of the person or persons so charged and if convicted upon such charge shall be sentenced by said justice alderman or magistrate severally to pay the fine or fines penalty or penalties provided in this act for such violation together with the costs of suit the whole of said fine shall be paid over forthwith to the treasurer of the county in which the prosecution was brought and said county treasurer shall pay over the same forthwith to the Commissioner of Fisheries who shall deposit the same into the State Treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries Provided That in case the defendant or defendants shall neglect to pay at once the fine or fines so imposed said defendant or defendants shall forthwith be sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the county jail of the county where such conviction takes place for a period of one day for each dollar of fine so imposed and unpaid unless the defendant or defendants upon conviction shall give notice of intention to appeal when such defendant or defendants shall be permitted to enter into good and sufficient recognizance to appear before such justice alderman or magistrate on or before the expiration of five days if such appeal is not taken by them or on the final determination of such appeal if it be not sustained for execution of sentence Provided also That all actions for any violation of any of the provisions of this act must be taken within one year from the time the offense was committed and when necessary to properly conduct any case for any alderman justice of the peace magistrate or any court the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to employ legal counsel

Section 24 That in all cases of arrest made for the violation of any of the provisions of this act the possession of the fishes or of the nets or the possession of or operation of any other devices herein prohibited shall be prima facie evidence of the violation of this act

Section 25 That for the purpose of this act any stream or water or part thereof within this Commonwealth in which charr or trout are commonly fished for and caught whether through the stocking of the stream or whether native to such stream or water or part thereof shall be deemed water or streams inhabited by trout In case of a conflict of statement on this point as to any stream or water the matter shall be investigated by the Board of Fishery Commission and its decision shall be final

Section 26 The Commissioner of Fisheries by and with the advice and consent of the Board of Fishery Commission shall have power and authority to appoint thirty competent citizens of this Commonwealth as fish wardens Wardens so appointed shall hold office during the pleasure of the Commissioner of Fisheries who may summarily remove any of their number and appoint another competent citizen in his place by and with the advice and consent of the Board of Fishery Commission The wardens shall enforce all the laws of the Commonwealth relating to fish and fishing and the provisions supplementary thereto and shall have power to execute all warrants and search warrants issued for the violation of the fish laws and to serve subpoenas issued for the examination investigation or trial of all offenses against said laws and said wardens shall be permitted to carry and use arms in the performance of their duties They shall have power without warrant to search and examine any boat conveyance vehicle fish box basket bag coat or other receptacle for fish when they have reason to believe that any of the provisions of any law relating to fish have been violated any court having jurisdiction of the offense upon receiving proof of the probable cause for believing in the concealment of any game or food fish in any building apartment car or locker contrary to any provisions of this act shall issue a search warrant and cause a search to be made in any place and to that end may after demand and refusal cause any building apartment car or locker to be broken open and entered and the contents thereof to be examined and said wardens shall seize and take possession of any and all fish which may have been caught taken or killed at any time in any manner or for any purposes or had in possession or under control or on sale or offered for sale or have been shipped or about to be shipped contrary to any of the laws of this Commonwealth and such fish shall be disposed of according to the order of the Commissioner of Fisheries Each warden shall keep a record of his official acts receipts and expenditures and at the close of each month a summary of such record with such information in detail as may be necessary for the information of or be required by the Department of Fisheries All wardens when in the performance of their duties shall have the power and authority to enter upon any land or water and they shall have the power to demand and secure proper assistance in case of emergency That each fish warden appointed in accordance with this section shall receive as compensation for his service seventy-five dollars per month and such allowance for expenses as may be deemed by the board of Fishery Commission as just and reasonable

Section 27 The Commissioner of Fisheries may on the written application of a properly organized fish protective association or of any association or individual owning or leasing waters appoint one or more special wardens for the county in which the application is made or at his discretion appoint special fish wardens to act anywhere within the Commonwealth and all such appointments shall expire on the thirty-first day of May of each year Provided also That no special fish warden shall be entitled to any salary or to any expenses or compensation from the Commonwealth for his services unless such special fish warden should be detailed for duty by the Commissioner of Fisheries in writing in which case the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to make a per diem allowance for compensation and reasonable expenses out of any appropriation which may be made for the payment of wardens The special fish wardens so appointed shall be clothed with the same power as the regular salaried wardens and shall make report of the performance of their duties in the same manner

Section 28 That the Commissioner of Fisheries shall have the right to issue bulletins relating to fish culture and fish protection as in his judgment may be deemed for the best interests of the work of the Department of Fisheries and he shall make report annually to the Governor of the operations of the Department

Section 29 That persons engaged in catching fish for the market or who may be engaged in the sale of fish on demand of the Commissioner of Fisheries shall furnish at the close of each year a tabulated statement of their sales of fish and the gross amount of money realized the said figures to be used by the Department of Fisheries entirely for statistical purposes and no individual statement received by the Department of Fisheries shall be made public without the written consent of the owner Any person who shall refuse to furnish such information shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each and every offense

Section 30 That all boats and legal devices used unlawfully and forfeited to the Department of Fisheries under any provision of this act shall be sold by the Commissioner of Fisheries or destroyed by his order and the moneys received from such sales be paid by him into the State treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries All unlawful nets or devices not preserved for exhibition purposes by the Department of Fisheries shall be destroyed by the Commissioner of Fisheries Record shall be made of all such sales or destruction on the books of the Department

Section 31 The several sections of this act are to be deemed independent of each other and in the event of any section hereof being declared unconstitutional it is hereby declared as the intention of the Legislature that such section shall be eliminated therefrom without affecting any other portion of this act

Section 32 The Fish Commissioner or any fish warden or deputy warden if making an arrest in good faith for violation of any of the provisions of this act shall not be liable for prosecution for false arrest or suit for damages

Section 33 That it shall be unlawful to fish for fish of any kind in the waters of this Commonwealth with outlines commonly called set lines or lines fastened or anchored at both ends from the first day of December until the thirtieth day of June in the year next ensuing both dates inclusive It shall be lawful for any person to use and operate such outlines as described in this section from the first day of July to the thirtieth day of November next ensuing both dates inclusive for the capture of carp suckers mullets catfish and eels only Provided That said outlines be sunk to the bottom and so weighted that the hooks shall rest upon the bottom and that cut or dead bait only shall be used Provided further That no person shall use more than three outlines or attach to said outlines in the aggregate more than one hundred snoods with not more than one hook attached to each And Provided That during the season or period when it shall be lawful to operate outlines for the capture of the fishes aforesaid it may only be done from five o'clock in the evening until seven o'clock in the morning next ensuing when said outlines must either be removed entirely from the water or the snoods or bait be detached and removed unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the court that it was a physical impossibility to comply with this provision And Provided further That the owner or operator of such outlines must either be present and exercise supervision over them or have attached to each line thereof a metallic tag bearing the name and address of the owner Provided further That any fish other than those named in this section when caught on such lines shall be immediately removed therefrom and set free into the waters from which they were taken And Provided further That no outline shall be set or operated in any waters inhabited by trout Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars and shall forfeit to the Department of Fisheries all lines boats and other appliances used

Section 34 The following acts of Assembly are intended to be supplied by this act and the same are hereby repealed

1 "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game which are food and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the water within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

2 "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and fish" approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight

3 "A supplement to 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight changing the time for hunting and killing deer squirrels rabbits wild turkeys pheasants prairie chickens" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-one each and all the several sections thereof so far as they relate to fish

4 "An Act for the protection of salmon black bass and other food fishes newly introduced into the rivers Delaware and Susquehanna and their tributaries for the protection of these classes also against unlawful fishing and to prohibit the introduction of predatory fishes into trout streams and for other germane purposes" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one

5 "An Act to provide for the appointment of a Board of Fish Commissioners for construction of fishways and for the propagation and protection of fish and appropriating money for the same" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three

6 "An Act regulating the appointment and pay of fish wardens or water bailiffs" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

7 "An Act to provide for the propagation and protection of fish and appropriating money therefor" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine

8 "An Act to prevent the catching killing exposing for sale or having in possession of speckled trout except from the fifteenth day of April to the fifteenth day of July" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five

9 "An Act for the protection of shad and game fish in the State of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so much thereof as relates to fish and fishing in the waters within the Commonwealth

10 "An Act to provide for the appointment and increase the efficiency of the Commissioner of Fisheries of this Commonwealth" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

11 "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act for the protection of shad and game fish in the State of Pennsylvania' approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine extending the time in which pike and pickerel may be caught" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

12 "An Act to permit the use of eel pots in the rivers and waters of the Commonwealth other than trout streams" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five

13 "An Act to prevent the placing in the waters of Pennsylvania of any torpedo giant powder nitro glycerine dynamite electricity lime or any poisonous or explosive substances of any kind for the purpose of catching or taking fish providing for a penalty for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

14 "An Act to declare the species of fish which are game fish and the species of fish which are commercially valuable for food and to regulate the catching and encouraging the propagation of the same to define the public waters within the State to protect the waters within the State from improper and wasteful fishing to provide for the appointment of fish commissioners and fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the artificial propagation of game and food fish by said State Fish Commissioners to regulate the distribution of the same in the waters of the Commonwealth to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act" approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

15 "An Act permitting the taking of carp suckers and mullets by means of seine nets from the waters of this Commonwealth upon certain conditions" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five

16 "An Act to amend an act approved May twenty-ninth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled 'An Act to declare the species of fish which are game fish and the species of fish which are commercially valuable for food and to regulate the catching and encourage the propagation of the same to define the public waters within the State to protect the waters within the State from improper and wasteful fishing to provide for the appointment of fish commissioners and fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the artificial propagation of game and food fish by said State Fish Commissioners to regulate the distribution of the same in the waters of the Commonwealth to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act by prescribing the number of tip ups to be used and the amount of fish to be taken in any one day and by any one man' approved the fourteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

17 "An Act to regulate the taking of carp suckers mullets and eels in the waters of the Commonwealth by means of gigs or spears prohibiting the taking of all other fish by such means and providing penalties for the violation of this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

18 "An Act authorizing the taking of suckers catfish carp and eels in the waters of this Commonwealth through the use of fish baskets and prescribing penalties by violations of its provisions" approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

And in addition to the above all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 925 (House Bill No. 1123), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting Union Chapels at Tuberculosis Sanatoria Number Two and Number Three located at Cresson and Hamburg in this Commonwealth and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said sanatorium properties or either of them a suitable building or buildings for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting Union chapels at Tuberculosis Sanitoria Number Two and Number Three situated at Cresson Cambria County and at Hamburg Berks County Pennsylvania or either of them

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 The said Commissioner of Health is hereby further authorized and empowered after receiving sufficient donation or donations for the purpose set forth in section one of this act to have plans and specifications prepared for a building to be used as a Union Chapel which said plans and specifications shall be submitted to the Governor of this Commonwealth for his consideration and approval and upon the approval of plans and specifications for such building by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the Commissioner of Health to have such a building or buildings erected under said plans and specifications at a suitable place or places on the property purchased and owned by the Commonwealth for sanatorium purposes at Cresson and Hamburg or at other places provided however that the entire cost of the construction and equipment of said chapel or chapels shall be covered by the said donation or donations and no plans shall be prepared or building done until such donation or donations have been received by the Commissioner of Health

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2, in line 13, by striking out the words "other places" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "either place."

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting Union Chapels at Tuberculosis Sanatoria Number Two and Number Three located at Cresson and Hamburg in this Commonwealth and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said sanatorium properties or either of them a suitable building or buildings for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 952 (House Bill No. 1286), entitled:

An Act to further amend section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest-bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached" by providing for refunding certain indebtedness and changing rate of interest

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 976 (House Bill No. 1266), entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Department of Health to establish and maintain a place of detention and treatment for lepers on the State forest reserve or elsewhere and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 977 (House Bill No. 1311), entitled:

An Act supplementing an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors insofar as respects the assessment of State and county taxes" imposing certain duties on the board and on burgesses of boroughs townships commissioners and supervisors and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1013, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Lebanon Sanatorium located at Lebanon Lebanon county Pennsylvania to bring suit against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county any sum or sums of money legally and justly due it for treatment given Private Albert Greener late a member of Company K Fourth Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met by virtue of the power vested in it by section eleven of article first of the Constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow the Lebanon Sanatorium located at Lebanon in Lebanon county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county any sum or sums of money that may be legally and justly due the Lebanon Sanatorium for treatment given to Private Albert Greener late a member of Company K Fourth Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania on the first second and third days of August Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Said suit or suits to be subject to the rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suit or suits in said court are subject

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading,

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1044, as follows:

An Act providing that any and all damages sustained by a person or corporation by the laying out opening altering narrowing vacating extending grading or widening of any street road avenue highway thoroughfare lane or alley within the limits of any borough within the Commonwealth shall be recoverable against the municipality or borough corporation wherein such streets roads et cetera are laid out opened et cetera and not against the county or counties wherein such borough is situated

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter any person or persons company or corporation who shall sustain any damages by the laying out opening altering narrowing vacating extending grading or widening of any street road evenue highway thoroughfare lane or alley within the limits of any borough within the Commonwealth shall be entitled to recover the said entire damages against the municipality or borough corporation wherein such street road avenue highway thoroughfare lane or alley shall be laid out opened altered narrowed vacated extended graded or widened and that in no instance shall the county wherein such borough is situated be liable for any damages incurred by the laying out opening altering narrowing vacating extending grading or widening of any street road avenue highway thoroughfare lane or alley within the limits of any borough within the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1062 (House Bill No. 314), as follows:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in

General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That after the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred fifteen the compensation of the clerks and employes in the office of the county treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over shall be as follows

Paying teller Three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant paying teller Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant paying teller Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Third assistant paying teller One thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Receiving teller Three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant receiving teller Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant receiving teller Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Book-keeper Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

First assistant book-keeper two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Second assistant book-keeper One thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600) per annum

Third assistant book-keeper One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Executive clerk three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

Warrant clerk Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

First assistant warrant clerk One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Second assistant warrant clerk One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

State clerk three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant State clerk two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant State clerk one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Third assistant State clerk one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Fourth assistant State clerk one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Fifth assistant State clerk one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

All other clerks not herein mentioned or provided for one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) each per annum

Messengers One thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Stenographer One thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Telephone operator One thousand dollars ($1,000) per annum

Watchman One thousand one hundred dollars ($1,100) per annum each

Janitors Nine hundred dollars ($900) per annum each

Such compensation as herein provided for shall be paid monthly or otherwise as provided by law

Section 2 All laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1070 (House Bill No. 1238), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the clerks and messenger in the Department of Public Instruction

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1076, as follows:

An Act further amending an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and twenty-six) entitled "A Further Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of an act approved the third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and twenty-six) entitled "A Further Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to provide the form of government for the townships of each class' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts" as amended by the act of May twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and six) which reads as so amended as follows

"Section 4 That from and after the passage of this act all contracts or purchases made by any tawnship of the first class involving the expenditure of over five hundred dollars shall be in writing and shall not be made except with the lowest and best bidder after due notice by the secretary published once a week for three weeks in one or more newspapers of the county in which such township shall be situated Provided That this section shall not apply to the operation or use by any township of the first class of its own tools implements crushers or other adequate machinery necessary for repairing public highways" is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 That from and after the passage of this act all contracts or purchases made by any township of the first class involving the expenditure of over five hundred dollars shall be in writing and shall not be made except with the lowest and best bidder after due notice by the secretary published once a week for three weeks in one or more newspapers of the county in which such township shall be situated Provided That this section shall not apply to the operation or use by any township of the first class of its own tools implements crushers or other adequate machinery necessary for constructing or repairing public highways"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1079, as follows:

An Act relating to police pension funds in cities of the first or second classes and directing such cities to appropriate certain moneys thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there shall be paid over to the organization or association constituting and having in charge the distribution of police pension funds in every city of the first or second class one-half of one per centum of all city taxes collected by the city

Section 2 The organizations herein mentioned shall consist only such as are by city ordinance designated as the official and authorized organization or association to hold receive and distribute the funds of moneys for the purpose of pensioning the police officers of said cities

Section 3 It shall be the duty of the city treasurer collecting said taxes to pay over to the proper officials of the said organization or association constituting the police pension funds annually the amount designated in this act taking his or their receipt for same which said receipt shall constitute a voucher and quittance for the amount so paid

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1080, as follows:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith by creating assistant mine inspectors defining their duties and providing a penalty for violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act there shall be created in this Commonwealth the position of assistant mine inspector to be distributed in the various inspection districts of the anthracite coal fields as follows First Inspection District six assistant mine inspectors Second Inspection Dis-

trict five assistant mine inspectors Third Inspection District one assistant mine inspector Fourth Inspection District four assistant mine inspectors Fifth Inspection District two assistant mine inspectors Sixth Inspection District one assistant mine inspector Seventh Inspection District one assistant mine inspector Eighth Inspection District one assistant mine inspector

Section 2 The person who shall fill the position of assistant mine inspector must be a citizen of Pennsylvania and have attained the age of thirty years He must have had ten years experience working in the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth and must have been engaged at least five years as a miner cutting coal at the face of breasts gangways or other openings in an anthracite coal mine

Section 3 The assistant mine inspector shall see that the laws relative to ventilation in anthracite coal mines are obeyed and he shall pay particular attention to the circulation of air at working faces where men are employed and he shall have the right and it is hereby made his duty to enter inspect and examine any mine or colliery in his district relative to ventilation and the workings and machinery belonging thereto at all reasonable times either by day or night but not so as to impede or obstruct the working of the colliery and he shall make a record of each visit noting the time and material circumstances of the inspection

Section 4 The salary of each of the said assistant mine inspectors shall be two thousand dollars per annum which salary together with the expense incurred in carrying into effect the provisions of this act shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the treasury of the Commonwealth upon the warrant of the Auditor General

Section 5 In case an assistant mine inspector becomes incapacitated to perform the duties of his office for a longer period than two weeks it shall be the duty of the judges of the court of common pleas who preside in the Inspection District to deputize some competent person who must have the qualifications of an assistant mine inspector to fill the office of assistant mine inspector until the said assistant mine inspector shall be able to fulfill the duties of his office and the persons so appointed shall be paid in the same manner as assistant mine inspectors are paid under this act

Section 6 Candidates for the office of assistant mine inspector shall file with the county commissioner a statement sworn to by three citizens of the Inspection District wherein he resides to the effect that he is thirty years of age and has worked ten years in the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth and at least five years of this experience was employed as a miner cutting coal at the face of chambers gangways or other openings in an anthracite coal mine and the filing of such affidavit will be sufficient to have the applicant's name placed upon the ballot by the county commissioners for the election of assistant mine inspector and the county commissioner shall not place the name of any person upon the official ballot except such as have filed the affidavit as herein required and no person shall be qualified to act as such assistant mine inspector unless such affidavit has been previously filed with the county commissioner of his county

Section 7 Each of said assistant mine inspectors to hold office for the term of four years from the first Monday of January immediately succeeding his election to said office and until his successor is duly elected and qualified

Section 8 At the next general election in November the qualified voters of the first Inspection District shall elect six qualified persons to act as assistant mine inspectors of this Commonwealth The qualified voters of the second Inspection District shall elect five qualified persons to act as assistant mine inspector of this Commonwealth and the qualified voters of the third Inspection District shall elect one qualified person to act as assistant mine inspector of this Commonwealth The qualified voters of the fourth inspection District shall elect four qualified persons to act as assistant mine inspectors of this Commonwealth The qualified voters of the fifth Inspection District shall elect two qualified persons to act as assistant mine inspectors of this Commonwealth The qualified voters of the sixth Inspection District shall elect one qualified person to act as assistant mine inspector of this Commonwealth The qualified voters of the seventh Inspection District shall elect one qualified person to act as assistant mine inspector of this Commonwealth The qualified voters of the eighth Inspection District shall elect one qualified person to act as assistant mine inspector of this Commonwealth

Section 9 After the passage of this act the judges of the court of common pleas in the various Inspection Districts shall appoint qualified persons to act as assistants mine inspectors and the person so appointed shall hold office until the first Monday in January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen or until their successors are duly elected and qualified

Section 10 Before an assistant mine inspector enters upon his duties under this act he shall take an oath or affirmation before an officer properly qualified to administer the same that he will perform his duties with fidelty and impartiality which oath or affirmation shall be filed in the office of the prothonotary of the county of the Inspection District wherein he resides He shall provide himself at the cost of the Commonwealth with the most modern instruments and appliances for carrying out the intentions of this act

Section 11 The nomination and election of assistant mine inspectors shall be under the general election laws of this Commonwealth

Section 12 No person who shall act or practice as a land agent or as a manager or agent of any coal mine or colliery who is pecuniarily interested in operating any coal mine or colliery shall at the same time hold the office of assistant mine inspector under this act

Section 13 Whenever a petition signed by fifty or more coal miners or by fifty or more coal operators or both setting forth that any assistant inspector of the mines neglects his duties or is incompetent or is guilty of malfeasance it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas in the district where said assistant mine inspector was elected to issue a citation in the name of the Commonwealth to the said assistant mine inspector to appear at not less than five days' notice on a day fixed before said court and the court shall then proceed to inquire into and investigate the allegations of the petitioner If the court finds that the said inspector is neglectful of his duties or is incompetent to perform the duties of his office for any cause that existed previous to his election or that has arisen since his election or that he is guilty of malfeasance in office the court shall declare the said inspector removed from office and proceed to fill the vacancy by appointment for the unexpired term The cost of said investigation shall be borne by the removed assistant mine inspector but if the allegations in the petition are not sustained the cost shall be paid by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth upon warrant of the Auditor General or by the petitioners in case the court finds that there was no probable ground for said charge

Section 14 Any person who files with the county commissioners an affidavit as required by this act representing that he is qualified to have his name placed on the ballot and be a candidate for assistant mine inspector who does not have the qualification prescribed by this act for assistant mine inspector or any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a of five hundred dollars to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for the term and period of one year

Section 15 Assistant mine inspector elected or appointed under the provisions of this act shall be assigned territory in which to perform their services by the Chief of the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth and the assistant mine inspector after he is assigned such territory shall see that the laws relative to ventilation in anthracite coal mining are obeyed in his bailiwick and he shall report to the Chief of the Department of Mines on the first of each month the condition of the mines and collieries under his charge for the preceding month on a blank to be furnished him by the Chief of the Department of Mines

Section 16 All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1090 (House Bill No. 1415), as follows:

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting quarantining and control of certain communicable diseases and for the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violations of the act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every physician practicing in any portion of this Commonwealth who shall treat or examine any person suffering from or afflicted with actinomycosis anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotter fever) chicken pox Asiatic cholera diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) epidemic dysentery (bacillary or amebic dysentery) erysipelas German measles glanders (farcy) rabies (hydrophobia) leprosy malarial fever measles mumps pneumonia (true) puerperal fever relapsing fever scarlet fever (scarlantina scarlet rash) small pox (variola varioloid) tetanus trachoma trichiniasis tuberculosis in any form typhoid fever para typhoid fever typhus fever whooping cough yellow fever anterior poliomyelitis impetigo contagiosa, pellagra scabies or uncinariasis shall if said case shall be located in a township of the first class a borough or a city forthwith make a report in writing to the health authorities of said township city or borough and if said case shall be located in a township of the second class or a city borough or township of the first class not having a board of health or body acting as such to the health officer appointed by the State Department of Health for such district upon blanks supplied for that purpose in which report he shall over his or her own signature state the name of the disease and the name age sex color nativity and occupation if any of the person suffering therefrom together with the street and house number of the premises in which said person may be located or otherwise sufficiently designate the same the date of the onset of the disease the name and occupation of the householder in whose family the disease may have occurred the number of children in said household attending school and the name or names of the school or schools so attended together with such information relating to said case as may be required by said health authorities and the State Department of Health

Section 2 Upon receipt by the health authorities of any township of the first class borough or city or by the health officers of the State Department of Health of a report the existence of a case of anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) chicken pox Asiatic cholera diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) German measles glanders (farcy) leprosy malarial fever measles mumps relapsing fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) small pox variola varioloid) typhoid fever para typhoid fever typhus fever whooping cough or yellow fever the said health authorities or the health officer of the State Department of Health as the case may be shall quarantine or cause to be quarantined the premises in which such disease exists and any person or persons who has or have been exposed thereto in the manner prescribed by the rules and regulations both of said health authorities and the State Department of Health and shall post or cause to be posted in a conspicuous place or places upon the placards upon which shall be printed in conspicuous letters the name of the disease from which the person or persons in said house or premises is or are suffering with the warning that the said premises are quarantined that no person or persons other than the attending physician and trained nurse shall enter or leave the said premises except by permission of the health authorities and setting. forth the penalties prescribed by this act for violations of quarantine Provided That variola or varioloid shall be placarded as "small pox" and that diphtheritic croup membranous croup and putrid sore throat shall be placarded as "diphtheria" that scarlatina and scarlet rash shall be placarded as "scarlet fever" and that para typhoid fever shall be placarded as "typhoid fever" Provided further That in addition to the placarding aforesaid said health authorities may for the purpose of enforcing quarantine regulations place a guard or guards over said house or premises

Section 3 That the said placard or placards shall remain in place until the expiration of the quarantine period fixed by the health authorities and the recovery death or removal of the person or persons affected and shall only be removed by the health officer at which time he shall disinfect the premises except for typhoid fever and para typhoid fever in accordance with the rules and regulations of the health authorities and the State Department of Health regarding the destruction and disinfection of infected bedding clothing and other articles which have been exposed to infection and the disinfection of rooms premises and inmates

Section 4 The quarantine period for anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) Asiatic cholera typhus fever yellow fever relapsing fever leprosy and whooping cough shall be until the recovery death or removal of the patient so suffering and shall be determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the health authorities The quarantine period for small pox (variola varioloid) and scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) shall be a minimum period of thirty days or until such time thereafter as the last person in the premises so suffering shall have fully recovered or until death or removal The quarantine period for diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) shall be a minimum period of twenty-one days or until complete recovery or the death or removal of the patient Provided That if antitoxin has been used for curative purposes for the patient and for the immunizing of all of the inmates of the premises and two negative bacteriological cultures have been secured from the diseased area of each patient on the premises for two successive days the minimum period of quarantine may be fourteen days the quarantine period for measles German measles chicken pox and mumps shall be for a minumum period of sixteen days or until the recovery of the last person on the premises so suffering or until complete recovery or the death or removal of the patient

Section 5 No child or other person suffering from anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) Asiatic cholera small pox (variola varioloid) typhus fever yellow fever relapsing fever leprosy diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) measles German measles glanders farcy chicken pox mumps or whooping cough shall be permitted to attend any place of amusement or any church or any other public gathering or to be exposed on any public street or in any store shop factory or other place of business or be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other school and the teachers of public schools and the charge of private parochial Sunday or other similar schools are hereby required to exclude any of such persons from said schools such exclusion to continue until the case has recovered the quarantine lifted and the premises thoroughly disinfected

Section 6 No child or other person suffering from scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) shall be permitted to attend any place of amusement or any church or other public gathering or to be exposed on any public street or in any store shop factory or other place of business or be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other school and the teachers of public schools and the principals superintendents teachers or other persons in charge of private parochial Sunday or other schools are hereby required to exclude any and all such persons and children from said school such exclusion to continue for a period of ten days following the removal of quarantine and a thorough disinfection of the premises subject to a certificate of complete recovery furnished to the health authorities by the attending physician

Section 7 No child or other person residing in the same premises with any person suffering from anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) Asiatic cholera small pox (variola varioloid) typhus fever yellow fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) relapsing fever leprosy diphtheria (diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) measles German measles chicken pox or mumps shall be permitted to attend any place of amusement or any church or other public gathering or to be exposed except by permission of the health authorities on any public street or in any store shop factory or other place of business or be permitted to attend any public private parochial Sunday or other schools and the teachers of public schools and the principals superintendents teachers or other persons in charge of private parochial Sunday or other similar schools are hereby required to exclude any and all such persons from said schools such exclusion to continue until quarantine is lifted and the premises thoroughly disinfected

Section 8 Any child or person residing on the same premises with any person suffering from anthrax cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebro-spinal refer spotted fever) or typhus fever may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after such removal be admitted into any of the said schools and any child or person residing on the same premises with anyone suffering from diphtheria (diphtheric croup membranous croup putric sore throat) may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing and after antitoxin has been administered for immunizing purposes to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises occupied only by adults and may after five days from said removal be admitted into any of the said schools and any child or person residing on the same premises with any child suffering from scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) measles German measles mumps or chicken pox may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises occupied only by adults or by children who are immune to the disease (scarlet fever scarlatina scarlet rash measles German measles mumps or chicken pox) existing on the said premises from which the said child or person has removed such immunity being shown by the official health records and may fourteen days after such removal be admitted to any of the said schools provided that if the child or person residing on the same premises with any person suffering from any of the said diseases (scarlet fever scarlatina scarlet rash measles German measles mumps or chicken pox) and removing therefrom as above provided is himself or herself immune from the disease existing on the said premises by virtue of a former attack this fact being shown by the official health records or by other evidence satisfactory to the health authorities such immune child or person may on the day following such removal be admitted to any of the said schools and any child or person residing on the same premises with any person suffering from relapsing fever may be allowed after taking a disinfecting bath and putting on disinfected clothing to remove from the said premises and take up his or her residence on other premises and may after ten days from such removal be admitted to any of the said schools

Section 9 That every teacher principal superintendent or other person or persons in charge of any public private parochial Sunday or other school having in any such school any child or person showing any unusual rash or skin eruption or complaining of soreness in the throat or having symptoms of whooping cough or any disease of the eye shall immediately exclude such child or other person from the schools pending the action of the health authorities and shall report such fact to the health authorities and shall report such fact to the health officer of the city borough or township giving the name and residence of such child or other person.

Section 10 No child or other person excluded from any school by the provisions of this act shall be re-admitted thereto unless he or she or some person on his or her behalf shall furnish to the principal superintendent or teacher or other person in charge of said school a certificate setting forth that the conditions for such readmission prescribed by this act have been complied with which certificate shall be signed by a person to be designated for that purpose in cities boroughs and townships of the first class by the health authorities thereof exclusively and in townships of the second class and cities boroughs and townships of the first class not having boards of health or bodies acting as such by the State Department of Health and the registry of all public private parochial Sunday and other schools shall exhibit the names and residences of all children and persons excluded therefrom or readmitted thereto agreeably to the provisions of this or any other Act of Assembly and said register shall be open at all times to the inspection of the city borough or township authorities and the State Department of Health and their respective officer and agents

Section 11 Blanks whereon to make the reports and certificates required by this act shall be supplied in cities boroughs and townships of the first class by the health authorities thereof respectively and in townships of the second class and in cities boroughs and townships of the first class not having boards of health or bodies acting as such by the State Department of Health

Section 12 It shall be the duty of the health authorities of cities boroughs and townships of the first class respectively to furnish daily by mail or otherwise to principals superintendents teachers and other persons in charge of public private parochial Sunday and other schools a printed or written bulletin containing the name location and disease of all persons suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in sections five and six of this act upon receipt by them of reports of such cases from physicians as required by section one of this act and such bulletin shall be daily furnished to such persons in charge of such schools in townships of the second class and in cities boroughs and townships of the first class not having boards of health or bodies acting as such by the health officer for the State Department of Health

Section 13 Upon the removal to a hospital or other place or upon the discharge by the recovery or death of any person or persons who has or have suffered from tuberculosis or any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act all premises which have been occupied by the said person or persons while suffering any of the said diseases shall be fumigated and disinfected or destroyed at such time and in such manner as may be authorized and required by the health authorities

Section 14 No person suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act nor anyone who has charge of the persons so suffering shall enter any hired vehicle or other public conveyance or permit anyone in his or her charge who is suffering therefrom to enter such vehicle without previously securing the consent of health authorities and notifying the owner or driver thereof that he or she or the person in his or her charge is so suffering and the owner or driver of such vehicle shall immediately provide for the disinfection of such conveyance under the direction of the health authorities after it has with the knowledge of such owner or driver conveyed any such sufferer

Section 15 No person suffering from anthrax bubonic plague cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) chicken pox Asiatic cholera diphtheria (Diphtheritic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) measles German measles glanders (faray) mumps relapsing fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) small pox (variola varioloid) typhus fever typhoid fever yellow fever or whooping cough shall wilfully expose himself or herself in any street or public place or public conveyance nor shall any person in charge of anyone so suffering thus expose the sufferer

Section 16 No person shall without previous disinfection give lend sell transmit or expose any bedding clothing rags or other articles which have been exposed to infection from any of the diseases mentioned in section one of this act Provided That such restriction shall not apply to the transmission of articles with proper precaution for the purpose of having the same disnifected

Section 17 No person shall let any room house or part of a house in which there has been a person suffering from tuberculosis or any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act without having such room house or part of a house and all articles therein previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the health authorities The keeping of a hotel boarding-house or apartment-house shall be deemed as letting a part of a house to any person who shall be admitted as a guest into such hotel boarding-house or apartment-house

Section 18 The health authorities of the several townships boroughs and cities of this Commonwealth may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to establish additional rules and regulations regarding the isolation and quarantine of persons who may be suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section one of this act and for the destruction disinfection and fumigation of bedding clothing or other infected articles and for the disinfection and fumigation of houses and premises and for the carrying out of the provisions of this act as they may in good faith declare the public safety and health demand which rules and regulations they may from time to time alter or amend but in no instances shall such rules abridge in any way the provisions of this act or the regulations of the State Department of Health

Section 19 In the preparation for burial of the body of any person who has died of Asiatic cholera glanders (farcy) bubonic plague small pox (variola varioloid) yellow fever typhus fever scarlet fever (scarlatina scarlet rash) relapsing fever cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic) (cerebrospinal fever spotted fever) diphtheria (diphtehitic croup membranous croup putrid sore throat) tetanus or leprosy it shall be the duty of the undertaker or person acting as such to thoroughly disinfect and place such body in the coffin or casket in which it is to be buried within six hours after being first called upon to take charge of the same Provided said call is made between the hours of five ante meridian and eleven post meridian otherwise such body shall be placed in such coffin or casket within twelve hours the coffin or casket then to be closed tightly and not again opened unless permission be granted by the health authorities for special and satisfactory cause shown

Section 20 The body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall not remain unburied for a longer period of time than thirty-six hours after death unless special permission be granted by the health authorities extending the time during which said body shall remain unburied for special and satisfactory cause shown The undertaker or person acting as such shall be responsible for any violation of the provisions of this section

Section 21 All services held in connection with the funeral of the body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall be private and the attendance thereat shall include only the immediate adult relatives of the deceased who may not at the time be under absolute quarantine restrictions and the necessary number of adult pallbearers and any advertisement of such funeral shall state the cause of death

Section 22 The body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall in no instance be taken into any church chapel public hall or public building for the holding of funeral services The undertaker or person acting as such and the sexton janitor or other person having control of such church chapel public hall or public building shall be responsible for any violation of the provisions of this section

Section 23 No undertaker or person acting as such at the funeral or burial of the body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall furnish or provide for such funeral or burial more than the necessary number of conveyances for such adult relatives as are mentioned in section twenty-two of this act and pall-bearers and all such conveyances shall be fumigated and disinfected at such time and in such manner as may be directed and required by the health authorities

Section 24 The body of a person who has died of any of the diseases mentioned in section twenty of this act shall not be conveyed from any dwelling or other building or place to any cemetery or other point or place except in a hearse or other vehicle used for the purpose of conveying corpses only or in such vehicles as shall be satisfactory to the health authorities and under such regulations as they may in any case adopt The undertaker or person acting as such having charge of the funeral or transportation of such body shall be responsible for any violation of the provisions of this section

Section 25 The health authorities of the several cities boroughs and townships of the first class shall at the end of each week and for the fraction of each week occurring at the end of each month report to the State Department of Health upon blanks supplied for that purpose a list of all cases of communicable diseases mentioned in section one of this act which have been reported to them during said period which report shall contain the name of each person suffering therefrom respectively and his or her age sex color and nativity together with the name of the disease and the date of the onset thereof and in the event of no reports of any of said diseases having been received by the aforesaid health authorities respectively during any said period that fact shall be reported to the State Department of Health

Section 26 Any person who shall remove deface cover up or destroy or cause to be removed defaced covered up or destroyed any placard relating to any of the diseases mentioned in section two of this act shall for every such offense upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein such offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten ($10) dollars or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to the use of said county and costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than ten days or more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court any person other than the attending physician or trained nurse who shall enter or leave any quarantined premises without having secured permission from the health authorities or who shall violate any of the quarantine restrictions imposed by this act or by the rules and regulations of the health authorities of any city borough or township of the first class or the rules and regulations of the State Department of Health or who shall interfere with a health officer or any other duly qualified agent of the State Department of Health or of any local board or department of health in the discharge of his official duties in the placarding quarantining disinfecting or releasing from quarantine of any premises or in the investigation of any alleged case of a quarantinable disease shall for every such offense upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein said offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty ($50) dollars or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to the use of the said county and costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than ten or more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court

Any physician undertaker teacher of a public school principal of a school superintendent of a Sunday school sexton janitor parent or guardian or any other person or persons who shall fail neglect or refuse to comply with or who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall for every such offense upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein said offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty ($20) dollars or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to the use of said county and costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than ten or more than thirty days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 27 Section one (except the enacting clause thereof) and sections two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the more effectual protection of the public health in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth" approved June eighteenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and the act of May fourteenth Anno Domini nineteen hundred and nine entitled "An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing regulations for the control of certain communicable diseases and the prevention of infection therefrom and prescribing penalties for violation of said regulations" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1106 (House Bill No. 1189), entitled:

An Act to permit farmers to hawk peddle and sell their own products without a license fee in an dabout the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 977 (House Bill No. 1311), on page 15 of today's calendar, bill on second reading, entitled:

An Act supplementing an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors insofar as respects the assessment of State and county taxes imposing certain duties on the board and on burgesses of boroughs township commissioners and supervisors and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury.

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.'

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1412, as follows:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to expend in constructing maintaining and repairing public roads certain funds collected from bicycle license tax

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the commissioners of any county having funds derived from bicycle license tax may expend such funds upon the contsruction maintenance or repair of any township road in the county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1413, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen entitled "An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred fifteen entitled "An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all proceedings hereafter instituted for the condemnation and appropriation of land and property by the exercise of the right of eminent domain or to ascertain damages and benefits by reason of public improvements the petition for the appointment of viewers therein shall contain allegations specify any judgments mortgages or other claims (hereinafter designated 'liens') which are liens upon the land and property sought to be appropriated" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all proceedings hereafter instituted for the condemnation and appropriation of land and property by the exercise of the right of eminent domain the petition for the appointment of viewers therein shall contain allegations specifying any judgments mortgages or other claims (hereinafter designated "liens") which are liens upon the land and property sought to be appropriated or condemned

Section 2 Section three of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 Where it appears that liens exist as aforesaid which are liens upon property sought to be condemned and appropriated or which is effected by public improvements as aforesaid shall be made to the court having jurisdiction of the proceedings which report shall be subject to exceptions in manner to be regulated by the Supreme Court by general rule prescribed amended and published from time to time and upon the findings in relation to said liens being finally found by said court having jurisdiction of said proceedings said court shall make an order directing the payment and distribution of the amount found to be payable as compensation damages or benefits to the parties entitled thereto First to owners of said liens then to the owners of the property damages or appropriated as aforesaid Provided however That the parties interested shall have the right of appeal from said order of distribution to the Superior and Supreme Courts of the Commonwealth as shall be determined by the amount distributed to said parties respectively in manner now provided by law Payment in accordance with said order of distribution shall absolutely discharge the party making said payment from all claims of whatsoever nature by any person firm or corporation or claimant when the payment thereof shall be evidenced by a receipt of record in said proceedings and in said receipt and on the record thereof any claimant may reserve the right to pursue the owner of said property for any balance due upon his lien which shall not be divested against said owner unless the same be paid in full and as between said claimant and owner said payment made pursuant to said order of court shall absolutely discharge said owner to the extent of payment made which amount shall be a credit upon said lien" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 Where it appears that liens exist as aforesaid which are liens upon property sought to be condemned and appropriated as aforesaid a report of the facts found as aforesaid shall be made to the court having jurisdiction of the proceeding which report shall be subject to exceptions in manner to be regulated by the Supreme Court by general rule prescribed amended and published from time to time and upon the findings in relation to said liens being finally found by said court having jurisdiction of said proceedings said court shall make an order directing the payment and distribution of the amount found to be payable as compensation to the parties entitled thereto First to the owners of said liens then to the owners of the property appropriated as aforesaid Provided however That the parties interested shall have the right to appeal from said order of distribution to the Superior and Supreme Courts of the Commonwealth as shall be determined by the amount distributed to said parties respectively in manner now provided by law Payment in accordance with said order of distribution shall absolutely discharge the party making said payment from all claims of whatsoever nature by any person firm corporation or claimant as against said property when the payment thereof shall be evidenced by a receipt of record in said procedenigs and in said receipt and on the record thereof any claimant may reserve the right to pursue the owner of said property for any balance due upon his lien against any other property or assets of the said owner

Section 3 Section four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 Upon payment of the damages or compensation for land or property appropriated as aforesaid in accordance with said order of distribution title to the land or property appropriated shall vest in the taker thereof in accordance with provisions of the law under which such appropriation is made and all claims for damages shall be deemed paid and satisfied as herein provided" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Upon payment of the compensation for land or property appropriated as aforesaid in accordance with said order of distribution title to the land or property appropriated shall vest in the taker thereof in accordance with provisions of the law under which such appropriation is made and all claims for compensation shall be deemed paid and satisfied as herein provided

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 81, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be cha [illegible] in this Commonwealth and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same."

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 506, entitled:

An Act to amend section seventy-five of the act entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the penal laws of this Commonwealth" approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty by providing that the penalty for murder of the first degree shall be either death or life imprisonment at the discretion of the jury or of the court as the case may be.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 516 (House Bill No. 544), entitled:

An Act authorizing the adoption of an amortized basis for valuing the bond investments of life insurance companies or fraternal beneficiary societies.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 747, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers grade sub-grade and pave streets and alleys pay the costs thereof by the issue of bonds and collect the same from the property benefited in installments' approved June fifteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by extending the provisions thereof so as to include the acquisition by boroughs and incorporated towns of existing sewers and sewer systems" by extending the provision thereof so as to include the costs of the permanent paving and improvement of any streets alleys or highways

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 783, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities owning water-works or electric light heat or power plants to lease the same with the consent of the Public Service Commission.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 823, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships abutting on navigable lakes forming boundaries of the Commonwealth and providing for an equitable distribution of the road funds therein

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 831 (House Bill No. 1068), entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the several clerks of the courts of oyer and terminer general jail delivery and quarter sessions of the peace in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 896 (House Bill No. 180), entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to wild birds and animals and game within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the hunting for or capture or killing of such wild birds and animals or game by unnaturalized foreign-born residents forbidding the ownership or possession of dogs by any unnaturalized foreign-born resident within the Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 899 (House Bill No. 528), entitled:

An Act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census and repealing all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 903 (House Bill No. 1209), entitled:

An Act regulating the disposition of dockets of justices of the peace and aldermen and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 994 (House Bill No. 406), entitled:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of Assembly which are absolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 995 (House Bill No. 890), entitled:

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on lands purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 997 (House Bill No. 842), entitled:

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require railroad corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to repeal an act entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1030 (House Bill No. 1341), entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sleighter and Mary E. Sleighter citizens of Green township Franklin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1038 (House Bill No. 1375), entitled:

An Act providing that whenever in any civil cause in any court of this Commonwealth the verdict of a jury is set aside and a new trial ordered the reason or reasons for the order of court shall be stated of record and if such reason or reasons be only that the damages awarded by the verdict are excessive or inadequate the new trial shall be restricted to the question of the damages and the verdict shall stand in all other respects

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1038 (House Bill No. 1375), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1043, entitled:

An Act for the licensing protection and keeping of dogs and for the protection of game birds rabbits non-noxious wild life horses cattle sheep and other livestock domestic fowls and swine creating the office of Dog Commissioner in every county defining his duties providing methods for the enforcement of this act and prescribing penalties for its violation and repealing certain acts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1043, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Game and Fisheries for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1045, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances or mortgages made by or to corporations and judicial sales or sheriff's sales had on any corporate obligation or mortgage after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1048, entitled:

An Act fixing the method of sale of bonds issued by counties cities boroughs townships school districts or other municipalities or incorporated districts.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1058 (House Bill No. 638), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1066, entitled:

An Act to repeal section twenty-six of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny county" approved May first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and also repealing section nine of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act relating to county treasurer and prescribing further duties in Allegheny county" approved March eleventh one thousand eight hundred and seventy

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1071 (House Bill No. 1263), entitled:

An Act requiring all State officials and employes who receive and disburse public moneys to give bond for the faithful performance of their official duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1082 (House Bill No. 1424), entitled:

An Act authorizing Christian Gerz administrator of the estate of Alexander Gerz late of the city of Lancaster county of Lancaster deceased to sue the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1084 (House Bill No. 1002), entitled:

An Act relating to domestic animals and their destruction to prevent spread of disease and the compensation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1407 (House Bill No. 921), entitled:

An Act requiring cities of the second class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

SENATE BILL NO. 125 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board of its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution were twice read as follows:

Amend section 2 in line 26 by striking out after the word "Any" the words "county city township town or borough and of any almshouse prison morgue hospital or any other public institution and all other persons having charge and control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify immediately the said board or notify such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come into the possession charge or control of any such public officer agent servants or other person And each such public officer agent servant or other person shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit the board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within this State for the advancement of medical science Notice shall be given in all cases No such body shall be delivered if any person shall show to the satisfaction of the authorities in charge of the body that he or she is of kindred or is related by marriage to the deceased and such person within twenty-four hours after death claims the said body for burial at his or her expense In such case the body shall be surrendered for interment at the expense of such claimant There shall not be delivered to said board the body of any deceased honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine of the United States who served the same in any war or who was in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into service of the United States but such body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of existing acts" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospital or other municipality or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within the State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any relative by blood or marriage shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be less than forty-eight hours after death but the body shall be surrendered to said claimant for interment and no such notice shall be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any friend or any representative of a fraternal society of which diseased was a member or a representative of any charitable organization shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be limited to less than forty-eight hours said burial to be at the expense of such friend fraternal society or charitable organization nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if said person was a traveler who died suddenly or was an honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine of the United States or of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania in which case said body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of existing laws"

On the question,
Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Thompson,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 732 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 732, entitled:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game fish which are food fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen may be clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size.

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution were twice read as follows:

In the title, line 7, by inserting after the word "which" where it occurs the first time the word "fish"; also in section 1, line 35, by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"; also in section 1, line 68, by striking out the word "fifteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sixteen"

On the question,
Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,
Buckman,
Burke,
Catlin,
Clark,
Crow,
Daix,
DeWitt,
Endsley,
Farley,
Gerberich,
Graff,
Gyger,
Hackett,
Hilton,
Hindman,
Hoke,
Homsher,
Jenkins,
Kurtz,
Lynch,
Magee, C. J.,
Martin,
McConnell,
McKee, W. S.,
McNichol,
Miller,
Mills,
Moore,
Patton,
Phipps,
Salus,
Schantz,
Semmens,
Sensenich,
Smith, R. E.,
Smith, W. W.,
Snyder, C. A.,
Snyder, P. W.,
Sones,
Sproul,
Stewart,
Tompkins,
Vare,
Warner,
Wasbers,
Kline,
Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 600 (House Bill No. 150), entitled:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the police engineering electrical and fire departments in cities of the third class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said departments and providing a method for fixing compensation of a secretary.

RECESS.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 839 (Senate Bill No. 1437), entitled:

An Act creating a department of agriculture defining its powers and duties charging the department with the enforcement of laws heretofore enforced by the department of agriculture or any bureau or division thereof and the State livestock sanitary board and abolishing the state livestock sanitary board and certain offices in the department of agriculture

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

House Bill No. 175 (Senate Bill No. 1438), entitled:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 797 (Senate Bill No. 1439), entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the employment of convicts and prisioners on the public highways.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 1193 (Senate Bill No. 1440), entitled:

An Act defining conditional sales or personal property attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real and regulating the recording and effect thereof and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 783 (Senate Bill No. 1441), entitled:

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the clay ore and graphite mines and stone slate marble and granite quarries of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

House Bill No. 560 (Senate Bill No. 1442), entitled:

An Act relating to the animal commonly known as the musk-rat and providing penalties

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

House Bill No. 1157 (Senate Bill No. 1443), entitled:

An Act imposing a State tax on anthracite coal providing the assessment and collection of said tax annually and dedicating the fund received from said tax and appropriating two-thirds of the same to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of State highways and the remaining one-third to the several cities boroughs and townships from which the said tax is derived and providing penalties for the violation of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1423 (Senate Bill No. 1444), entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics as required to be established by the State Department of Health and in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of births marriages deaths and diseases of practitioners of medicine and surgery of midwives nurses and undertakers and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births deaths marriages and diseases throughout the State as provided in section ten of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties" approved the twenty-seventh day of April nineteen hundred and five and providing penalties for violation of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 1479 (Senate Bill No. 1445), entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four as amended by the fifth section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' providing for the further regulation of such corporations and for the incorporation and regulation of certain additional corporations" approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six requiring the filing of all the reports required by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth and the payment of all taxes due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by certain corporations up to and including the date of the proposed sale assignment dispositions and conveyance of the franchise and property of such corporation before the returns authorizing such sale assignment disposition and conveyance shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 755 (Senate Bill No. 1446), entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 1315 (Senate Bill No. 1447), entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation of county auditors

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 315 (Senate Bill No. 1448), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the City of Bradford.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 360 (Senate Bill No. 1449), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Taylor Hospital Ridley Park Delaware county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 363 (Senate Bill No. 1450), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 508 (Senate Bill No. 1451), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the Cottage state Hospital Phillipsburg Centre county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 558 (Senate Bill No. 1452), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 635 (Senate Bill No. 1453), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the National Convention of the United Spanish War Veterans to be held in the City of Scranton Pennsylvania August thirtieth and thirty-first and September first and second one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and providing for the appointment of a Commission to disburse the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 641 (Senate Bill No. 1454), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission near the City of Bradford Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 699 (Senate Bill No. 1455), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 768 (Senate Bill No. 1456), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of further carrying out the provisions of a joint resolution, approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing for the appointment of a commission and making an appropriation to defray expenses of the same"

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 722 (Senate Bill No. 1457), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 804 (Senate Bill No. 1458), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospitatl, of Brownsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1309 (Senate Bill No. 1459), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the maintenance of Tuberculosis Sanatoria and Dispensaries, necessary additions furnishings and repairs for educational work and other necessary work in curing and preventing tuberculosis

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1474 (Senate Bill No. 1460), entitled:

An Act appropriating to "The State School Fund of Pennsylvania" the moneys now accumulated in the State Treasury to the credit of tthe Special Fund composed of proceeds derived from the State forestry reservations of the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 604 (Senate Bill No. 1461), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the employement of stenographers by the district attorneys of certain counties" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1162 (Senate Bill No. 1462), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-four) entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled 'An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth' as amended by an act approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one entitled 'An Act to amend section nine of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth" by providing the time in which tax collectors shall pay over tax and make settlements' by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum commissions which may be fixed by the authorities for the collection of taxes in boroughs and in townships of the second class

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1344 (Senate Bill No. 1463), entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violations of the provisions hereof" by including instruments and devices for weighing at coal mines

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1463 (Senate Bill No. 1464), entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the deputies in the offices of the clerk of the courts county controller recorder of deeds county treasurer chief deputy sheriff and chief clerk to the county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth having over two hundred and fifty thousand population and less than three hundred and twenty-five thousand population

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 1548 (Senate Bill No. 1465), entitled:

An Act providing for a commission to determine what portions of the Constitution of this Commonwealth need revision to gather literature statistics and other information and to make report embodying its recommendations and the result of its inquiries defining the power and duties of such Commission providing for its organization and the filling of vacancies in its membership fixing its compensation and making an appropriation for its compensation and expenses

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

House Bill No. 897 (Senate Bill No. 1466), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard-tables pool-tables and bagatelle boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for the punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1506 (Senate Bill No. 1467), entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of mine inspectors in this Commonwealth and the expenses incident to the office

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1041 (Senate Bill No. 1468), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons penitentiaries State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods" as originally enacted and as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1042 (Senate Bill No. 1469), entitled:

An Act providing a system of employment for the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary Western Penitentiary and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon and for such other correctional institutions as shall be hereafter established by the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1387 (Senate Bill No. 1470), entitled:

An Act to provide funds for the department of city planning in cities of the third class conferring upon said department the power of veto upon certain city ordinances regulating the manner in which vacancies in said department shall be filled conferring powers upon the said department in regard to mausoleums cemeteries burying grounds plots and drafts of land and building lines and also imposing certain duties upon city council in its relationship to said department

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 221 (Senate Bill No. 1471), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to create Suburban Metropolitan Districts of the areas within twenty-five miles of the limits of cities of the first-class to provide for the creation of a Department of Suburban Planning and the appointment of Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commissioners for such districts to prescribe their powers and duties and to provide for assessment upon the cities boroughs and townships within the limits thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 717 (Senate Bill No. 1472), entitled:

An Act to provide in certain cases a uniform procedure in the exercise of the right of eminent domain

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1330 (Senate Bill No. 1473), entitled:

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of a tax for State purposes on the loans of private and public corporations and appropriating and dedicating the same to the construction and maintenance of state highways

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 1:57 o'clock P M. until Thursday morning, May 6, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, May 5, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for this beautiful May morning, we thank Thee for the rest that we have had during the past night. We have laid ourselves down and have slept, and have awaked because Thou hast sustained us. We thank Thee for the gift of a Saviour who came to seek and to save that which was lost; who founded His church and declared that the gates of hell should not prevail against it.

We pray Thee for the Governor of this State and his cabinet, and that Thou wouldst give him wisdom that he may deliberate wisely upon all subjects. Continue to crown the Speaker with success and bless every member and employe of this General Assembly. May we be faithful servants to the State and faithful servants to Thee, we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Barnett, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING THE ERECTION OF A MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

Mr. WHITTEN presented the petition of the citizens of Duquesne, Pa., favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher Monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills has passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 540.

An Act to amend section two clause one of section three and section four of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five

House Bill No. 488.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requirng bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1687 (Senate Bill No. 610), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1245 (Senate Bill No. 428), entitled:

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day" and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the third Tuesday of March of each year shall be known as "Bird Day" in Pennsylvania and it shall be the duty of every teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth under penalty of reprimand or dismissal as the case may require to devote together with their pupils at least two hours of such school day to the study of wild birds and especially to consider the value of the life work of such birds to the people and the best methods through which the conservation and increase of useful birds may be secured and it shall be the duty of all school superintendents within this Commonwealth either county city or otherwise to see to it that the requirements of this act are complied with

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, by striking out the words, "the third Tuesday of March of each year shall," as found in lines four (4) and five (5), and insert in lieu thereof the following: "those several days of each year that may be set apart by the Governor as Arbor Days shall also."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day" and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1629, as follows:

An Act authorizing the commission appointed to investigate the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf to accept the said school including all buildings grounds and equipment taking an assignment of the surface rights of said grounds only providing for the payment of all claims debts and liens against said institution not exceeding the sum of thirty thousand dollars and making an appropriation for that purpose

Whereas By an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for an examination of the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf at Scranton Lackawanna county Pennsylvania providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said Oral School for the Deaf to the Commonwealth regulating said school in the event of such transfer and making an appropriation to carry out the purpose of this act" a commission was appointed to investigate and examine the said school together with all the buildings grounds equipment affairs and accounts thereof with a view to acceptance by the Commonwealth of the said school buildings grounds and equipment and

Whereas The said commission has ascertained and reported that the said institution its property and affairs comply with the requirements in said act specified but that the said institution does not own the minerals under the grounds occupied by it and hence can convey only the surface rights in and to said real estate therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the commission appointed under authority of the said act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen is hereby authorized and empowered to accept the said school including all its buildings grounds and equipment upon the execution by said institution to the Commonwealth of an assignment of the surface rights in and to the said grounds of the said institution and the assignment and transfer to the Commonwealth of all its builidngs equipment affairs and accounts All claims debts and liens against said institution including all buildings equipment and grounds not exceeding the sum of thirty thousand dollars shall thereupon be paid to the said institution by the Commonwealth and the sum of thirty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of making said payment out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 644, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Wetsern State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania for the several purposes hereinafter named for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

For salaries of officers and parole work and electrocution department and expenses necessary thereto the sum of three hundred and twenty thousand ($320,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For extraordinary repairs the sum of ten thousand ($10,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For insurance the sum of five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For hospital equipment the sum of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars or so much theerof as may be necessary

For books and stationery for prisoners the sum of one thousand ($1,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For each discharged or paroled convict from the penitentiary a sum not to exceed ten ($10.00) dollars and for clothing for each discharged or paroled convict a sum not to exceed ten ($10.00) dollars and appropriating therefor the sum of sixteen thousand ($16,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 473, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Boys' Industrial Home located at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance during the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1667, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to James Joseph Grassi of Altoona Pennsylvania certain moneys paid into the State Treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to James Joseph Grassi of Altoona Pennsylvania being a part of a pool room license fee paid into the State Treasury which said license although an annual license was used for only two months the pool room being transferred to another person and another license taken out for the same place and a fee therefor paid Payment of the moneys hereby appropriated shall be subject to such conditions as the Auditor General may impose

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will take up the first reading calendar.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1689, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section four of article two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1703, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the erection of a house of employment and support of the poor in the county of York'" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and five to enlarge the powers and duties of the directors of the poor and of the house of employment for the county of York and to authorize the said directors of the poor and of the house of employment for the county of York to purchase lands and erect buildings thereon for the employment and support of the poor in the county of York and to authorize the county commissioners of York to levy and collect taxes necessary to pay for the said lands so purchased by the directors of the poor and of the house of employment for the county of York and the buildings erected thereon to authorize the payment of expenses of the directors of the poor and of the house of employment for the county of York and the employment of an attorney by the said directors of the poor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1391, entitled:

An Act regulating corporations furnishing electricity for light heat or power purposes and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1704, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act for the assignment of judges to districts other than their own for the purpose of expediting business with provision for their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1289, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the alteration of the boundaries of townships and boroughs in certain cases and the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and seventy-seven)

And said bill having been read at length the first time.
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1490, entitled:

An Act prohibiting trespassing on the tracks rights of way locomotive engines or cars of railroad companies operating within this State and providing punishment for such trespassing

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1459, entitled:

An Act repealing section four of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the Auditor General to institute suit for the collection of any balance which may be found due from Lawrence L. Milnor late clerk of the Senate and for other purposes" approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight and also repealing an act entitled "An Act relating to the office of interpreter for the several courts in the county of Allegheny" approved March twenty-fifth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and also repealing an act entitled "An Act relating to the office of interpreter for the several courts in the county of Allegheny" approved the sixteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1685 (Senate No. 1015), entitled:

An Act to provide that the proceeds of loans heretofore or hereafter issued by cities of the first class shall constitute a consolidated loan fund which may be appropriated and used for any purpose for which loans shall have been authorized or issued by such cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1615 (Senate No. 845), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1669 (Senate No. 861), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1081 (Senate No. 391), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of interest on damages caused by the taking injury or destruction of private property for public use

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1677 (Senate No. 936), entitled:

An Act authorizing township school districts which entirely surround a city or borough to acquire in such city or borough lands and to erect thereon buildings for high school purposes and exempting property so acquired from taxation by such city borough or school districts thereof and authorizing such township school directors to enter upon and occupy sufficient ground for such high school purposes and providing for the determination of damages done and suffered by the owners of the land by reason of the taking thereof for such high school purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1223 (Senate No. 387), entitled:

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders directors officers or employes of banks banking institutions trust companies or other corporations

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1428, entitled:

An Act repealing part of section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny County" approved May first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one in so far as the same relates to the salary of the Chief Clerk of the Controller; also repealing sections eleven and thirteen of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, entitled 'An Act relating to Allegheny County," passed April eighth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; also repealing section two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to Allegheny County' approved the first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and the supplement thereto, approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two," passed April twenty-second one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; also repealing section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny County" approved May seventh one thousand eight hundred and sixty four; also repealing an act entitled "An Act to increase the salary of the assistant warden of the Allegheny County prison" approved April sixteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six; also repealing section three of an act entitled "A Further Supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act for the better management of the Allegheny County prison' approved twenty-third of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five" passed April fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven; also repealing an act entitled "An Act to increase the salary of the Clerk to the county commissioners in and for the County of Allegheny" approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy; also repealing an act entitled "A Further Supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act relating to Allegheny County' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one" passed April eighteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy; also repealing section nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to the fees, salaries and duties of certain county officers in Allegheny County" approved April sixth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one also repealing An Act entitled "An Act increasing the salaries of the Chief and Assistant Clerks in the office of the controller of Allegheny County," approved April first one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1531 (Senate No. 272), entitled:

An Act creating a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection and defining the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania excepting the cities of the first class providing for the appointment of a Chief Inspector an Assistant Chief Inspector and as many elevator inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act and providing salaries for the same providing laws for the protection of the public elevator operators and attendants empowering the chief of said bureau to make alter amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto and providing a penalty for the violation of any provision or provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of said bureau

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1691 (Senate No. 156), entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation hereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time.
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1678 (Senate No. 972), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several counties of this Commonwealth to purchase bridges already erected or to erect and maintain bridges or culverts with the necessary approaches joining cities and boroughs which are separated by a river creek or rivulet and providing for the condemnation of land necessary for the said approaches"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1624 (Senate No. 160), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article sevnteen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as said act now stands as heretofore amended by acts of Assembly approved on the twentieth day of April eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-five) the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and fifty-nine) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and sixty-three) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and twenty) and the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1609 (Senate No. 491), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to marriage licenses providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1690, entitled:

An Act to authorize the insertion in the charter of any corporation for the support of public worship or for any like religious purposes either originally or by amendment of a provision that the rector or minister chosen by such corporation to take charge of the religious services by it maintained shall during his continuance in said office of rector or minister be ex-officio president of the vestry board of trustees board of directors or governing body by whatever name designated of such corporation and to validate similar provisions in the charters of such corporations heretofore granted

And said bill having been read at length the first time.
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 634, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment and prescribing the duties of a commission to aid in celebrating each year in Philadelphia the anniversary of the singing of the Declaration of Indpeendence and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time.
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 671, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the completion of a new main building authorized by an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for the construction of a retaining wall and the construction of improved driveways on the State Arsenal grounds Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1094 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. LOVE offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:
Moved by Mr. Love, seconded by Mr. Snyder, that House Bill No. 1094, File Folio 7187, entitled:

An Act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits

on page three of today's calendar, Bills on Final Passage, be made a Special Order for Monday, May 10th at nine o'clock P. M.

SENATE BILL NO. 694 AND SENATE BILL NO. 695 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. W. H. WILSON offered the following motion which was twice read considered and agreed to:
Moved by Mr. W. H. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Myers that House Pill No. 1453 (Senate Bill No. 694), File Folio 3555, entitled:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the canal board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the canal board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds made by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expense incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts

and House Bill No. 1454 (Senate Bill No. 695), File Folio 3543, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a Commission Board or other agency thereof of canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation

be made Special Orders of business on third reading for Tuesday, May 11th at eleven o'clock A. M., to be disposed of in their consecutive order.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,
The House resumed the consideration on final passage passage of House Bill No. 1180, as follows:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

Whereas, In cities of the second class it is deemed inimical to public policy and public health for sanitary and civic reasons to permit the construction or erection of public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums (that is to say vaults crypts mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no person firm or corporation shall hereafter in cities of the second class commence build construct or erect any public or community vault or mausoleums that is to say vaults crypts or mausoleums wherein such vaults crypts or parts of mausoleums are intended to be sold or offered for sale to the public for the interment therein of human bodies where such public or community vaults crypts or mausoleums are in a building or buildings wholly or partially above the surface of the ground

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Benn,
Campbell, T.,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Gans,
Glass,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Marvin,
McCaig,
Murdoch,
Powell,
Rich,
Richards,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Weir,
Wettach,
Wildman,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—87.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Horton,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger
Lynch,
Mather,
McCurdy,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Myers,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stone,
Taylor,
Trach,
Urich,
Watson,
West,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 242, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League, for the Grand View Sanatorium and the Bonair Sanatorium

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time on page 17 of to-day's calendar, House Bill No. 865, File Folio 5207, Bills on Third Reading Postponed

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 865, entitled:

An Act relating to the assessment of real estate for taxation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I introduced this bill at the request of some of my friends in Philadelphia. I believed at that time that the bill had some merit in it and still so believe in regard to certain sections of this State. When the bill appeared upon the third reading calendar there was some objection raised to it by some of the members of the House, and I believe those objections are, in the main, well founded. The purpose of the bill was to cure a condition which existed under the Act of 1844. Under that act tools and machinery were made part of the real estate for the purpose of assessment for taxation for local purposes. In Philadelphia county that act has never been enforced. Subsequent to the passage of the Act of 1844, there was local legislation which passed the Legislature of this State exempting the City of Pittsburgh from the provisions of the Act of 1844, also the City of Scranton.

I am advised by some of the members of the House that the passage of this bill would seriously affect the taxation in some boroughs and townships where the manufacturing establishments largely consist of machinery only, and to exempt that from taxation for local purposes would leave next to nothing for that purpose. I am going to vote for the bill, but I wanted to explain my position to you gentlemen, so you would be guided accordingly and I do not ask anybody to vote for it who comes from a district which it would affect.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Aron,
Arthur,
Barnett,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Forster,
Gans,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Heffernan,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Phillips,
Richards,
Rowell,
Urich,
Weimer,
Weir,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—104.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Blackburn,
Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gingery,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Greenwood,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellot,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stone,
Taylor,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Watson,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Wylie,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILL ON SECOND READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The Chair lays before the House Special Order for 10.30 o'clock, House Bill No. 1471, page 1 of to-day's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1471, entitled:

An Act amending an act "Relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, et cetera" approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws 672) by increasing the registration fees provided in section six thereof

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section six of an act "Relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles et cetera" approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and seventy-two) which provides for the registration fees under said act be and the same is hereby amended by increasing the registration fees therein provided so as to read as follows

REGISTRATION FEES

Section 6 The fee for registration of a motor cycle shall be four dollars fifty cents

The fee for the registration of motor vehicles equipped with pneumatic tires except motor cycles and as is provided for in the sealer's class (when registration is issued prior to July of any year) shall be seven dollars fifty cents for each motor vehicle of less than twenty horse-power fifteen dollars for each motor vehicle of twenty and less than thirty-five horse-power twenty-two dollars fifty cents for each motor vehicle of thirty-five and less than fifty horse-power thirty dollars for each motor vehicle of fifty horse-power or more

The fee for the registration of motor vehicles equipped with solid tires other than traction-engines shall be

Seven dollars fifty cents for each motor vehicle of less than four thousand pounds gross maximum weight of load and vehicle

Fifteen dollars for each motor vehicle of four thousand pounds and less than five thousand pounds gross maximum weight of load and vehicle

Twenty-two dollars fifty cents for each motor vehicle of five thousand and less than ten thousand pounds gross maximum weight of load and vehicle

Thirty dollars for each motor vehicle of ten thousand and less than fifteen thousand pounds gross maximum weight of load and vehicle

Thirty-seven dollars fifty cents for each motor vehicle of fifteen thousand and not more than twenty-four thousand pounds gross maximum weight of load and vehicle The fees for registration of vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles shall be four dollars fifty cents for each such vehicle of less than ten thousand (10,000) pounds gross maximum weight of vehicle and load combined and seven dollars fifty cents for each such vehicle or more than ten thousand (10,000) pounds and less than twenty-four thousand pounds gross maximum weight of vehicle and load combined

The fee for the registration of traction-engines equipped with metal wheels shall be fifteen dollars up to and including twenty thousand (20,000) pounds gross weight and thirty dollars over twenty thousand (20,000) pounds and not exceeding twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds gross weight

But no motor vehicle shall be registerable which shall exceed ninety (90) inches outside over all width of vehicle and load combined—except that motor-buses for carrying passengers to be used within the city limits only in cities of the first second and third classes may be registered up to one hundred (100) inches outside over all width of vehicle and load combined—or shall exceed a maximum of twenty-four thousand (24,000) pounds gross weight of vehicle and load combined or shall exceed eighteen thousand (18,000) pounds maximum gross weight of vehicle and load combined upon any axle or shall exceed seven hundred and fifty (750) pounds maximum gross weight of vehicle and load combined upon any one wheel for each nominal inch of width or solid tire upon the wheel No motor vehicle self propelled and equipped with metal tires shall be licensed as aforesaid but the owner shall upon application to the Highway Commissioner upon payment of the proper fee be given a special license subject to the rules and requirements to be established by the Highway Commissioner as provided by law Any violation of such rules shall constitute sufficient cause for revocation of such special permit

Provided however That the Highway Commissioner shall not make restrictions prohibiting the use of traction engines of less than twenty-six thousand (26,000) pounds gross weight and one hundred (100) inches in width over all and equipped with metal cleats of a width of not less than two and one-half (2½) inches and of a height not to exceed one and one-fourth (1¼) inches so placed on the drivers that not less than two cleats shall touch the ground at all times

The fees for registration when issued on or after July first shall be one-half those required above All registrations shall expire after December thirty-first of the year for which issued

The fee shall be fifteen dollars for each certificate and pair of number tags issued to persons registered in the dealer's class

No license to operate shall be required nor shall any fee be charged for the registration of motor ambulances owned and used by any hospital or anti cruelty society nor for motor fire engines or other fire apparatus motor patrol wagons motor cycles and motor ambulances owned and used by the United States the State of Pennsylvania or any city county incorporated town borough township or duly authorized volunteer fire departments but all such vehicles shall be registered and shall display number tags as provided for in case of privately owned vehicles

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, lines 4, 5 and 6, by striking out the words "Relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles et cetera" and inserting in lieu thereof the following, entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration, and licensing of certain operators, by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles, by any county, borough, city, incorporated town, or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, with the permission of the House, I desire to make a statement at this time. The amendments, as prepared by the sponsor of this bill, are proper so far as I am able to determine. Yesterday there was a conference of what is known as the Legislative Committee of Conference and it was at that conference decided that certain revenue bills would receive the immediate attention of the Legislature. Among those bills was the bill that is now before us, on second reading, known as the Lipschutz Bill. After considering the matter from various standpoints it was decided that it would be proper and right to amend this bill and reduce the fees as proposed by us in the amended bill as it came out of the Senate. It was left to me to prepare such amendments and I am about to offer these amendments to the House, so if the gentlemen of the House will permit the amendments to the title and section one as prepared by the sponsor of the bill to pass, I will immediately offer the amendments that we substantially agreed on yesterday for the consideration of the House. I may say, in passing, that I believe that the amendments will be nearly, if not entirely, satisfactory to those who have been in opposition to the bill, so if you will kindly endorse the proposition of the sponsor of the bill, and these amendments immediately following, as I will offer these amendments, then you can consider the bill in its entirety as planned.

I desire to make the further statement that if this bill passes on second reading, as to the amendments we are now proposing, it will give you an opportunity to take the bill home, as amended, and have it finally decided next week so that no hasty action either for or against this bill will be taken on second reading.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would suggest that the members allow the proposed amendments to go in as the probabilities are that they did not fully understand them.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendments offered by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Lipschultz?

The SPEAKER declared the yeas had it.

Whereupon, a division was called for, 104 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and 26 in the negative.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, at this time I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 13, by striking out the words '"fifty cents"

Amend section 1, line 15, by striking out the words "as is" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "those included in what is known as the dealer's class," and by inserting after the word "for" the word "hereinafter"

Amend section 1, line 16, by striking out the words "in dealer's class"

Amend section 1, line 17, by striking out the words "seven dollars fifty cents" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "six dollars"

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the word "fifteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twelve"

Amend section 1, line 20, by striking out the words "twenty-two" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twenty" and by striking out the words "fifty cents"

Amend section 1, line 25, by striking out the words "seven dollars fifty cents" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "ten dollars"

Amend section 1, line 30, by striking out the words "twenty-two dollars fifty cents" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "twenty dollars"

Amend section 1, line 33, by striking out the word "thirty" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "twenty-five"

Amend section 1, line 36, by striking out the words "thirty-seven" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "thirty-five" and striking out the words "fifty cents"

Amend section 1, line 40, by striking out the words "fifty cents"

Amend section 1, line 42 by striking out the words "seven dollars fifty cents" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "eight dollars"

Amend section 1, by striking out lines 45 to 49 both inclusive

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments offered by the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. H. I. Wilson?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, for fear that the sentiment raised against this bill may take such hold upon the members of the House that they may reject even the amendments that are now being offered to the House by myself, I am about to take the responsibility of making a specific statement to this House. In the first place I want to call your attention to the fact that it is not a pleasant duty for any member of the House to stand here and fight for any revenue bill against which there is opposition, but there are a few things that we must do. We have been here an entire session to pass legislation and stand for certain things that will require money to meet the expenses thereof. Among the things for which we have almost stood for, is the taking care of the roads of this State in the proper manner and along new lines. Now, then, it was proposed in the first instance by this bill to tax the automobiles and others that are included in this bill about twice what they had already been taxed before. Very naturally a protest from all over the State came in and the bill came out of Committee amended to reduce this raise about 50 per cent. Now, then, the protests still come in and it has been decided that it would be better to reduce them still more. Now, before you decide that this bill shall be defeated on second reading I want to say to you that being committed to the general improvement of the roads and to make as many new roads as we can, this Legislature, being backed by the Executive, will carry that out. The money will be expended, and if we have not enough money to take care of the other appropriation bills before the House and Senate, the other appropriation bills will suffer. I am giving fair warning to this House that the roads will not suffer. I am in a position to say that if a sufficient amount of revenue is not provided that the roads will not suffer, but the other appropriation bills will. Therefore, I ask you to listen to these amendments and see what they will do. I ask you to pass the bill on second reading and take it home with you and come in touch with those who are interested and see, after you have this word, whether they are willing to submit to it, and whether you are willing to vote for it on third reading.

Now, then, just a word in explanation as to what the bill, if it is amended as proposed by the amendments which I have sent to the desk will do; under the present law, motorcycles of the State are taxed three dollars. It was proposed to tax them six dollars. As the bill came out of committee it was amended, or rather it was not amended, and we reduce it to four dollars. From six to four dollars. The raise is only one dollar. That increase will bring us $11,429, and only mean a dollar to the owner of each motorcycle in the State. As to the pneumatic tired vehicles divided into four classes:—the first class being up to 20-horse power, the old law provided a fee of five dollars. The new bill as it originally stood provided that that should be increased to ten dollars. As it came out amended from the committee, it was reduced to seven dollars and fifty cents. My amendment proposes to reduce it to six dollars, making a raise of only one dollar. That raise of only one dollar will bring to the State $10,754 in a single year and will only mean one dollar extra expense to the owners of automobiles in that particular class. In the second class are embraced the machines that are above 20-horse power to 35-horse power. As the old law stood, the fee was ten dollars for this class. It was proposed by the bill originally to raise it to twenty dollars. It came out of the Committee amended to fifteen dollars. The amendments now sent to the desk will reduce it to twelve dollars, meaning a raise for those in that class of only two dollars. The raise will bring to the State an increase of $173,494. The third class embraces all vehicles above 35-horse power to 50- horse power. The original law was fifteen dollars license fee. It was proposed to double it by the original bill, making it thirty dollars. The amendment sent to the desk will make it twenty dollars, a raise of five dollars. That will bring an increase to the State of $47,375.00. The fourth class embraces all those of more than 50-horse power. It was proposed to tax them forty dollars. These amendments will let them through for thirty dollars. And so, all through, this bill has been amended along those lines. I am not sure whether the automobile people of this State will be in favor of this bill or not, as it is about to be amended with your consent, but this much we do know that the amendments will very greatly reduce the changes that were set forth in the original bill and the total estimate now as to what the whole amount, if we put in these moderate raises, is as follows: The total increase for a single year will be $304,288. That seems a tremendous sum to come from one class of people, but remember there are thousands in the first class, a raise of only one dollar. As to motorcycles the raise is only one dollar. In the second class, the largest class of all, a raise of only two dollars. I cannot conceive that the automobile people of this State can object to the bill as it may be amended here to-day, and I feel that they will meet upon this basis if you carry the facts back home to them, and let them consider it. If they don't, if they want to assume the responsibility as standing against any increase whatever, then it will be up to each member to represent his constituents and vote accordingly.

This bill has been very unpopular because, in the first instance, it proposed to double the fees, and it is very hard now to get people to approve of anything along the line of raising the license fee at all on automobiles, but I have given you the additional warning as to what may happen if some of these bills that are proposed to raise revenue for us do not go through. Now, I am going to leave it with you, merely with the request that you approve of these amendments, pass the bill on second reading take it home with you and come back next week, and we will compare notes and see whether the people of this State are willing to meet us on this basis. If they do not, then it will be up to raise revenue somewhere else. There are several bills before us for our consideration along this line, but remember you this, that revenue must come from some source and there will be no place at all that we can reach out that the particular calss of citizens that may be affected by the bill that will raise their taxes will protest against it, and you have the same opposition on every bill that comes before us that is proposed to raise revenue. Without revenue, the charitable institutions, the schools and the many projects that are before the State will suffer. There is no use of going into details. I have a list of those many bills and as to how they may affect other interests. This is not a proper time to go into them, but you may rest assured that the interests affected by these various bills will be heard from when it comes to the time for us to cast our votes on these bills. Now, all we ask is your fair consideration of this bill along with the others, with the warning that the roads will be taken care of in any event, and if a loss is to fall, if appropriations are to be reduced, it will fall somewhere else, let it be where it may. I am authorized to make that statement on the floor of the House.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, as sponsor of the bill, I want to just add a word to the words uttered by the gentleman from Jefferson. The protests against the bill, that you gentleman have received, no doubt, apply to the bill in its original shape. At that time, after careful consideration, I thought that the bill was too drastic. I took the matter up with people in that line of business, and they also said it was too drastic. I, myself, have received numerous letters applicable to the bill in its original shape. After conferences with the Governor, the Attorney-General and other members of this legislative body, we took the matter up and again we said the bill was too drastic, even though it contemplated an increase of only 50 per cent. The gentleman, from Jefferson, Mr. Wilson, very kindly volunteered that he would take the matter up and give it careful consideration. He has given this matter most painstaking consideration, and I say to you gentlemen there is nothing unfair in this bill; that all these protests are against the bill in its original form. Now, what harm can be done? We merely ask you to withhold your judgment in abeyance for a few days, and give you an opportunity to take this bill, as it is emasculated by the gentleman from Jefferson, home with you, digest it, take it up with your various interests do not only consult automobile owners, do not only consult the men who handle automobiles but consult those also who are desirous of having good roads. When we go to a dance, we must pay for the tune of the fiddler. If we want good roads we must pay for them. We only ask the automobile man to contribute his proportionate share for the purposes of good roads. Now I ask you what harm can there be done: I ask you gentlemen to let these amendments go through, and then after careful consideration, if you are of the opinion that it is for the best interests of the majority of your constitutents to vote against this bill, you will then have your opportunity.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. Wilson.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. Wilson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, for my own information as well as the information of the other members of the House, I desire to ask the gentleman from Jefferson what the difference in the revenues would be in the bill as originally introduced, and after his amendments are put into the bill.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I am unable to give the exact figures but in the original bill, as presented, the increase would have been one hundred per cent.; this increase will only be about twenty-four and six-tenths per cent. so that the reduction will be about 75 per cent. on a million and a quarter of dollars.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman further for information.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. Wilson, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. Wilson, whether he wishes us to understand that in these amendments, he himself proposed to strike off 75 per cent. of the revenues of the State, and then to severely criticise us if we should strike the other 25 per cent. off?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, indeed I do not criticise anybody for striking out the entire amount of increase. That is up to him, each individual member. I am here merely as the spokesman of the committee that has been trying to work out something along the line of increase of the revenues generally of the State. This is one of the bills that is proposed to raise revenue. So many protests came in from clubs and individuals throughout this State with regard to the bill that it was deemed wise to amend it and it was amended in committee, reducing it one-half. So many protests still came in that it was deemed wise to amend it further and the amendments submitted here carry out the directions as they were given by those who were in this conference on the question of revenue bills. Now, I am not urging the gentlemen to pass this bill finally. I am only urging them to accept the amendments and pass it on second reading and if then they ascertain, after three or four days' time, that the bill is desirable, then we will ask their support for it; if not, vote it down in its entirety. But it would seem that no further amendments or no further reduction would be worth while. The amendments should be accepted substantially as submitted or the entire bill dropped and then take the responsibility of that act. I am not urging anybody to do anything. I am only here, as I said before, to carry out the instructions as they were given to me.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Jefferson.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Jefferson permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Jefferson how much revenue the owners of automobiles pay under the present law.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, they pay under the present law $1,236,936.00.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I realize the fact that we must have revenue and if we cannot get it in any other way we must get it off the owners or some of the owners of automobiles. From the statement of the gentlemen from Jefferson you can see that a large amount of revenue of this State is derived from the automobiles. We have other resources in this State that should pay something. We have natural resources—crude oil—if I am informed correctly, they don't pay a cent of revenue and yet they are removing from the State these natural resources. I make that suggestion to the gentleman from Jefferson as another means of raising revenue.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, it is not my purpose, it is not my position in this House to oppose the raising of revenue. I want that understood at the start; but I do want you to understand this, gentlemen, and I think that every gentleman in the House knows that the rate of taxation upon the automobiles to-day is more than the rate that the State has fixed upon corporate property. Now I was told, no longer ago than this morning, that we have already taken in through the Highway Department $1,300,000, and that, at four mills, the rate on corporate property, would make the valuation of the automobiles of the State of Pennsylvania about $325,000,000.

Now it seems to me that with only eight thousand or ten thousand miles of State road upon which this tax is to be expended, when taken into consideration with the other eighty thousand miles of road in the State of Pennsylvania over which these automobiles travel, the township roads, that some provision ought to be made for those township roads; and the people back home in our district are asking why we don't tax these automobiles locally, and if they were taxed locally then they would get some tax for the township roads. But now, when you raise this increase for the State, you lessen the chances in the time to come when these automobiles will be taxed locally. Gentlemen, I do not think it is fair. I do not think it is an honest proposition to destroy this automobile bill of 1913 and that is what this bill practically does.

I realize that we can let these amendments go through and that the bill can stand until next week and that we can vote upon it at that time; but I want to say to you that it has been my experience in this House in the two years I have been here that powerful interests are brought to bear upon the members of this House whenever a measure of this kind comes before the House and the minds and judgment and right decisions of the members are imposed upon. And I want to say to you further, that I believe that that will take place in this case and that we will no more get a correct idea of the wishes of our constituents next week than we will this week. I am sure that we have heard from home, every last one of us. We know that they object to any increase upon the automobile licenses. My people, as I said before, don't object to the local tax but they do object to any more State tax and I hope the members of this House will take these matters into consideration when they come to agree on this bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

The SPEAKER declared the "ayes" appeared to have it.

Whereupon, a division was called for and one hundred and twenty-seven voting in the affirmative the amendments were agreed to.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to thank the members of the House for their action and I wish to say this: That the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Walter, has called my attention to the fact that my amendment does not strike out enough lines with relation to the traction engine and he has suggested that a few more lines of the bill be taken out and we wish that you would take this further amendment along with those adopted as it will not affect the bill.

I therefore offer the following amendment:

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 6 by striking out in line 62 all after the word "wheel" down to 77 inclusive.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker you will remember that the traction engine proposition was taken care of by the Spangler Bill and this amendment eliminates from the present bill all the provisions relating to traction engines embraced in the Spangler Bill and I trust you will support the amendment.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was then read as follows:

An Act amending an act "Relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles et cetera" approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and seventy-two) by increasing the registration fees provided in section six thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, lines 1 and 2, by striking out the words "Relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles et cetera" and inserting in lieu thereof the following, entitled: "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration, and licensing of certain operators, by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration or motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles, by any county, borough, city, incorporated town, or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

MOTION TO PRINT EXTRA COPIES OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1471.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that one thousand extra copies of this bill, as amended, be printed for distribution.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, does the gentleman mean that they can be printed and distributed in the short time we have? It seems to me it would almost be a waste of money on account of the shortness of the time, although I am satisfied if they will really be of any benefit.

The SPEAKER. The idea is to have the bills for the members to take home with them.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1471 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1471, the bill just passed on second reading, be made a Special Order for third reading and final passage on next Monday evening at nine thirty o'clock.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I would suggest that instructions be given to the State Printer to have this bill printed as soon as possible, so we can get it and send it out.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman's suggestion is referred to the Chief Clerk, who will be guided accordingly.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 10.35 having arrived, the House will now take up the consideration of the special order set for that hour.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1330, as follows:

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of a tax for State purposes on the loans of private and public corporations joint stock associations limited partnerships and companies and appropriating and dedicating the same to the construction and maintenance of State highways

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every public corporation and every other corporation joint stock association limited partnership and company whatsoever incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth shall be subject to and pay annually a tax of four (4) mills for State purposes on the nominal value of all mortgages bonds scrip certificates of indebtedness car trust securities and every other security or loan of every kind whatever issued by it bearing interest except ordinary commercial paper or notes for annual indebtedness issued and discounted or negotiated by any bank banking institution savings institution or trust company

Section 2 The treasurer of every such corporation shall report under oath annually on the thirty-first day of December to the Auditor General on forms prepared by the Auditor-General the amount and character of the indebtedness of such corporation If the Auditor-General be dissatisfied with such report he may demand further reports or information or the production of any books documents or papers and for this purpose shall have all the powers now provided by law for the settlement of other accounts by the Auditor General

Section 3 Upon the filing of the report by any corporation under the provisions of this act or upon obtaining the additional information by the Auditor-General for that purpose the Auditor-General and State Treasurer shall assess a tax of four (4) mills upon each dollar of the nominal value of the amount of the loans of said corporation and settle an account against the said corporation for the amount of said tax in the manner now provided by law for the settlement of other public accounts.

Section 4 After the settlement of said account and a notice given in writing by the Auditor-General to the corporation of such settlement the corporation shall pay into the State Treasury the amount of said tax within sixty days after the date of such settlement Upon the failure of any corporation to pay the tax as required by this act within sixty (60) days after said settlement interest at the rate of twelve (12) per centum shall be added as now required by law in the case of other settlements of public accounts In the event that any corporation shall fail or refuse to file the reports required by this act the Auditor-General shall have the right to make an estimated settlement and to impose the penalties as required by law

Section 5 No person firm corporation partnership association or limited partnership owning or holding any of the obligations which are required to be reported to the Auditor-General and taxed under the provisions of this act shall be required to return to the local authorities any such loans or obligations or to pay any tax to the local authorities thereon Provided That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to relieve the owners and holders of every other kind of personal property to return the same and pay the tax thereon as now requird by law And provided further That every corporation making the report and paying the tax imposed by this act shall be relieved from making any report or paying any tax upon its loans or other obligations held by corporations or individuals in whose hands the same would have been taxable except for the provisions of this act

Section 6 The money derived from time to time from the tax collected under the provisions of this act is hereby permanently dedicated to the construction maintenance improvement and repair of the State highways of the Commonwealth and shall be kept in a special fund for such purpose in the State treasury separate and apart from the general revenues of the Commonwealth the State Treasurer and his bondsmen shall be responsible for the safe-keeping of and accounting for said fund in the same manner and under the same penalty as for the safe-keeping and accounting for the other revenues of the Commonwealth The State Treasurer shall on the first business day of each and every month certify to the State Highway Commissioner the money in said fund available for the use of the State Highway Department and the State Treasurer and Auditor General shall credit one-half of the amount so certified as available to an account for the construction and improvement of State highways and one-half to an account for the maintenance and repair of State highways When so certified by the State Treasurer the funds shall be available for requisition and expenditure and shall be requisitioned expended settled and vouched as provided by general laws for funds appropriated from the general revenues of the Commonwealth

Section 7 This act shall not apply to fire companies fire relief associations secret and benefit societies labor unions and labor union relief associations and all other beneficial organizations paying sick or death benefits or either or both from the funds received from voluntary contributions or assessments on members of such associations societies or unions

Section 8 Wherever the word "corporations" appears in this act it shall include joint stock associations limited partnerships and every other company whatsoever

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby be and the same are hereby repealed saving reserving and excepting unto the Commonwealth the right to collect any taxes interest penalty or penalties due owing or accruing under the said laws or parts of laws and saving also the right to settle and collect the tax for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen under existing laws

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, this is another one of those unpopular revenue raisers. We all seem to want appropriations for our charitable institutions, and for our schools and road, but we are very loath to vote for bills which produce the money. As I stated to the House some weeks ago, we cannot build roads without the money, or have proper schools without the money. This is one of the bills which will produce in revenue to the Commonwealth around a million and a half of dollars, without adding any additional tax to any interest or to any people. It merely provides for a Four Mill tax on the items mentioned in the bill, and it is not an additional Four Mills as some people seem to think. It is merely a change in the method of collecting this Four Mills corporate tax, and I assure you this is a most worthy bill and for a most worthy cause, and I ask you gentlemen to vote for it.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Robertson,
Wilson, H. I.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—13.

Barnett,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Glenn,
Gormley,
Maurer,
McCurdy,
Mellot,
Palmer,
Rininger,
Shaaber,
Statler,
Trach,
Urich,
Watson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 10:40 A. M. having arrived, the House will take up the special order of business set for that hour.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1665 (Senate Bill No. 914), as follows:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures equipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of creating a fund for the rebuilding restoration and replacement of any structures buildings equipment or other property owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty the following funds income and revenue of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are hereby specifically dedicated appropriated and set apart to constitute a fund separate and apart from all other funds of the Commonwealth and to be known as the Insurance Fund to wit

(a) All moneys now in the custody of the State Treasurer heretofore "Appropriated and set apart for the purpose of paying the present indebtedness and the interest thereon and such further indebtedness as may hereafter be contracted on the part of the Commonwealth" and commonly known as the Sinking Fund in excess of the total amount of the funded obligations or indebtedness of the Commonwealth chargeable thereto the amount of such excess in the Sinking Fund to be determined by the State Treasurer audited by the Auditor General and approved by the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners as of the date of the approval of this act

(b) All revenues of the Commonwealth received by the State Treasurer after the date of the approval of this act which under existing laws are appropriated and set apart to the Sinking Fund

(c) One-half of all taxes received upon premiums of foreign fire insurance companies after the date of the approval of this act

(d) All payments hereafter made by insurance companies on account of loss or damage to property of the Commonwealth caused by fire or other casualty or on account of the cancellation of existing policies of insurance

(e) All income received from interest upon deposits in bank or upon securities in which the said fund may be invested

Section 2 The said fund and all interest increment and additions thereto shall be and remain in the custody of the State Treasurer and shall be invested and reinvested by him under the supervision and direction of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners in lawfully issued interest-bearing securities of the United States of America the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any other of the United States or any county city borough or school district of this Commonwealth or any obligations of municipalities of other states but preferably in such securities issued by municipalities within this Commonwealth Provided however that current receipts and income applicable to said fund shall be deposited at interest in legal depositories of the public funds until the same shall accumulate in sufficient amount to justify the investment thereof in interest-bearing securities as hereinbefore provided

Section 3 The said fund hereby created shall be available for expenditure in the manner hereinafter provided for the rebuilding restoration or replacement of buildings structures equipment or other property owned by the Commonwealth and damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and for no other purpose whatsoever And for such purpose the State Treasurer is authorized and directed by and with the consent and approval of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners to make sale from time to time of such part of such securities as may be necessary for the purpose of this act

Section 4 Whenever the total amount of said fund shall exceed the sum of one million dollars no further investment in securities shall be made on account thereof but all additional income and receipts applicable thereto shall be deposited in legal depositories of public funds and the excess over and above the said sum of one million dollars shall be transferred annually on the thirty-first day of December to the general fund of the State Treasury

Section 5 Whenever loss or damage by fire or other casualty shall occur to any structure building equipment or other property owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the department board of trustees overseers commisioners or other branch of the State government having control or custody thereof shall make report of such loss or damage to the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings setting forth specifically the use and character of the structure building equipment or other property damaged or destroyed the original cost thereof the estimated amount of the loss or damage and cost of restoration rebuilding replacement and such other data and information as may be required by the said Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings who shall make such examination and investigation as may be necessary and report the result thereof to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings whereupon the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings may in its discretion authorize the rebuilding restoration or replacement of the property damaged or destroyed and for that purpose is hereby authorized to have plans and specifications prepared and contracts executed and to supervise the erection construction or replacement thereof under the supervision of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings or other duly authorized agent of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings such rebuilding restoration or replacement to be in substantial accord with the original character use and purpose of the property damaged or destroyed Provided That the provisions of this act shall not apply to armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and under the supervision of the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania

Section 6 All expenditures on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings and if found correct he shall certify to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings that the materials have been furnished and the work and labor have been performed in accordance with the plans specifications and contracts approved by the said board and after having been so certified by him shall be approved by the Executive Controller and when so approved shall be audited settled and paid by the Auditor General and the State Treasurer in the manner provided by law Provided that whenever the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall have taken such action as will involve expenditures from said fund they shall forthwith certify the probable amount of expenditure to the State Treasurer and Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners who shall forthwith take such action as is necessary to provide funds sufficient to meet the obligations so entered into

Section 7 That from and after the adoption and approval of this act it shall be unlawful for any Department Bureau Commission or other branch of the State Government or any Board of Trustees overseers managers or other person or persons or custodians of State property to purchase secure or obtain any policy of insurance on any property owned by the Commonwealth the term of which policy of insurance shall extend beyond the thirty-first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twenty or to purchase obtain or secure any such policy of insurance for any amount in excess of the amount of insurance outstanding at the date of the approval of this act after deducting from such amount twenty per centum thereof for each calendar year which shall have elapsed from and after the thirty-first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to the date of purchasing securing or obtaining such policy of insurance

Section 8 The State Treasurer and his bondsman shall be responsible for the safe keeping of and accounting for said funds in the same manner and under the same penalties as for the safe keeping of and accounting for the other funds of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, If there is any gentlemen in the House who can thoroughly explain this bill, I would be glad to have it done. Otherwise, I think it ought to be postponed for a couple of hours. Now, this is an important measure and I have not had the time to take it up myself. I see it provides for certain moneys that are now in the Sinking Fund to be turned over for certain other purposes. What the amount of that fund is and whether it will be able to take care of the provisions of this bill ought to be explained to the House before it finally passes. It is a Senate bill and action upon it now decides whether it shall be finally passed by the two bodies.

I do not want to be understood to be in the position of opposing the bill at the present time, but I really have not had the time to give it consideration myself and I presume there is some one in the House that can explain it thoroughly.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, as I understand it, Senate Bill No. 914, now before us for consideration, will permit the State to carry its own insurance. Now, that is the object of the bill; to permit the State to carry its own fire insurance. It provides for a Sinking Fund to meet any of these losses. It has been demonstrated by the Attorney General's Department, and those who have studied the subject, that this can be done much more cheaply and at a great saving to the State. It will save the State $125,000 a year, it is estimated, if the State carries its own insurance on its buildings.

Now, this harms nobody, except perhaps the insurance companies,—three or four insurance companies, of course, will lose that amount of business, but we are doing business for the citizens of Pennsylvania rather than for some particular insurance companies. This is along the line of taking care of the revenues of the State, only it may be said for this that it levies no taxes up on anybody, but it saves the expenses. It is along the line of economy. This bill is one of the bills that was considered at the conference with relation to the revenues of the State. It appealed to me and it was the concensus of opinion of the gentlemen present at this conference, that this bill was a wise step. I would ask that the members of the House vote for the bill.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I am very much in sympathy with anything that will save the State money, but I am not going to sit here and vote for a proposition that appears beyond doubt to me to be impracticable, unless it is explained. Now, because I happen to take a part in the insurance legislation of this House is largely due to the fact that I am the chairman of the Insurance Committee. I, perhaps, have more knowledge than many members of the House on insurance subjects, but perhaps there are some here who know more about the subject than I do, but I do not think there is any member of the House who does not realize that if you make a promise to do something you ought to be able to do it.

I have no interest in any insuranec company, either in the United States or abroad. I realize that if the State undertakes to take care of its own insurance, it is not a new proposition. It has been done in other States and it has been suggested in the Legislature of Pennsylvania a number of times before, but we have never yet seen the time when we were able to set aside a sum that would give the State the protection that fire insurance is presumed to give, namely: if this Capital should burn ,at the least calculation there would be a loss of eight or ten millions of dollars. There are a number of buildings in the State of Pennsylvania of very large value. The very moment that the State feels it can set aside a sum sufficient to indemnify it against that loss, that particular moment the State ought to do it if it works out as a matter of economy to the State, but in the absence of any evidence whatever, from any source, as to the amount of money available to make a reserve fund which will protect the State against a fire loss, to my mind it would be very unwise for this Legislature to do it.

It is because I cannot see where there is money enough at the present time to embark in this proposition that I enter this objection. At the present time we are crowded for immediate revenue. I, just by casually glancing at this bill, find that one-half of the revenues now that are going into the State from a tax on premiums collected in the State of Pennsylvania are going to be diverted out of the immediate revenues of the State. Now, that is going to amount to a good deal more than one hundred thousand dollars a year. I have not the time to give you the figures, but they are available and can be quickly obtained.

I am in sympathy with the same proposition that my friend from Jefferson is, and I think every member of the House is in sympathy with it, but certainly unless some one can show us that it will in no way affect the current revenues to embark in this proposition, we will have to look at it like any other man in business, namely: things we much desire to do, we do not have the means available to do them. Much as we may desire for the State to avoid paying premiums of insurance on her property, can we afford to allow all of that to be cancelled, so far as the protection the State now has, and have it placed in the hands of the State with no reserve to give the protection.

For the provisions of this bill diverts more money from the Treasury, two or three times over, than the amount of their premiums, and that is all there is to it. The House had better know what it is doing; it is immaterial to me, but as a legislator and a member of this House I am presumed to try to protect the State and the State's property and with my knowledge of the business I make these suggestions to you. I do think that we had better postpone action on this bill until we do know something more about it. It is a Senate Bill which can be postponed for a few days and not endanger the passage of it. It may be possible that it can be corrected in some features and it may be put in a form that I myself will support it and vote for it, but in its present form I doubt whether I could. I suggest that the bill be postponed and be made a special order for next Monday evening.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, There has been no plan or no thought that I should be the champion of these revenue bills, but I have this to say in answer to the remarks by the gentleman from Delaware. I am informed that the State now has three hundred thousand dollars as a reserve fund along this particular line. I am also informed that this matter has been under consideration by the heads of the different departments of the State for a long time and that inasmuch as modern architecture is on such a basis that the State can afford to carry its own insurance it has been deemed advisable, after a great deal of research, to have just such a bill as this. I am assured by the head of the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings that the State will not lose by this proposition and that it is a wise step. It does seem that it would not be proper to postpone the consideration of this bill at this time. So far as I am concerned, personally, I have not given the subject enough consideration to deal with it intelligently. However, it was discussed in my presence in such a manner as to thoroughly satisfy me that the idea was proper and right and is one of the things that we agreed upon that we should try to carry through. It was discussed in the presence of the gentleman from Delaware. I may further add that large private concerns have tried this plan and it is working out to their advantage. Wanamaker of Philadelphia has it and it would appear that if private concerns can assume the responsibility of such an idea as this or even if an insurance company can afford that kind of a risk that the State itself ought to be big enough, financially, to take care of its own risk and take chances on carrying its own insurance.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Jefferson.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. H. I. Wilson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, yes sir. I will allow myself to be interrogated, of course. However, I feel that I am not such an expert along insurance lines and I may not be able to give him any satisfaction.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, did I understand the gentleman to say that I was present at a discussion of this subject yesterday?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I was informed that the gentleman from Delaware was present while this matter was being considered.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I was present when the matter was suggested but not discussed. When it was spoken about I was there but there was no discussion of the subject at all as to the mater of detail. It is true that the Attorney General made some remarks about the proposition but nobody else made any remarks about the matter. There was no time, I thought, to go into the details of the subject and so I didn't put it up to them at that time. I am not saying now that the State ought not to do these things, but I am saying, since my friend from Jefferson says that there is a reserve of but three hundred thousand dollars and having some knowledge of the State of Pennsylvania and its buildings, I know that three hundred thousand dollars would not be a bagatelle as a reserve to recover insurance. Why, I want to tell my friend from Jefferson that if he will go over and look at the Norristown Asylum alone, he will find a property there worth over a million dollars. The structural part of it is from thirty to fifty years old and it does not approach being fire-proof. I am not going to be put on record as having supported a measure of this type and then find that the State is up against a million dollar loss and that I was one of the parties who voted for this condition. I do know that insurance is intended to insure and protect against an unusual loss; that is all there is in insurance; the protection is not here in this proposition. My friend from Jefferson, himself, says three hundred thousand dollors is the amount of the reserve fund. Where would that protect? If we had no buildings in the State of Pennsylvania that are worth over three hundred thousand dollars, I would vote that there be no insurance on any of it. That would be no kind of a loss and the State would not need any protection, as it is considered no risk if it does not exceed three hundred thousand dollars, nor if a risk don't exceed a half a million, but, unfortunately, scattered over the State there is a lot of State property that runs into millions and that sort of property, in my judgment, ought to be protected. It is simply a plain practical business proposition.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman from Delaware: At the beginning of this discussion did you ask for an explanation of the bill before the House?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir. And the explanation, I might add, the explanation that was given did not evidence to me that it was wise to pass it. The evidence divulged, as explained, that there was not over three hundred thousand dollars as a reserve fund to protect properties of the State if the State attempts to carry its own insurance. It also developed in the argument on the bill that one-half of the premiums—

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, did the gentleman or did he not, later in the discussion, say that this was a matter that had been before this Legislature in preceding years.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, did not the gentleman first ask to have this bill explained to the House and then declare that it was an old measure that had been before the Legislature during previous sessions? I want to say this for the benefit of the members of the House: A number of us were asked to go in and see the Governor yesterday and this matter was discussed then and the gentleman from Delaware participated in the discussion so that he should be familiar with every detail of this bill.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Armstrong is mistaken when he says that I entered into any discussion of this bill. There was no question asked or no evidence given except that the principle was a good principle, to which I subscribed, but as to how it would work in detail, there was no explanation given. It is true that it was said at that little gathering that lasted perhaps a half hour in which several matters were suggested as being wise, but this was only a good principle and accepted as such and nobody went into detail as to whether there would be a sufficient reserve fund to protect the State.. I would not say that this is an old bill; I say it is a proposition that has been considered in previous Legislatures and the reason always why it would not pass was because we would not find the reserve fund to give the protection. As soon as my friend will show me a sufficient reserve fund, I will vote for the bill both handsup, but three hundred thousand dollars is not a sufficient reserve. It is alright to say that buildings will never burn. I recently thought it was not necessary to carry much insurance, but my buildings burnt down and I was to a certain extent, caught napping. Here is a case which is similar to this State going into this proposition with a reserve fund of three hundred thousand.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, this bill merely creates a reserve fund or a certain fund and with the understanding that the insurance will not be cancelled until the sum of one million dollars is in the fund. The fact that we have three hundred thousand dollars to-day has nothing to do with the case, and we will not assume this risk and this responsibility of carrying our own insurance until there is a reserve fund of one million dollars created under the provisions of this bill. The insurance as we now carry it will not be cancelled for five years. It will go on just as it is until this fund of one million dollars has been created and when once the fund of one million dollars has been created, then that fund surely would take care of this risk as has been provided in this bill. All these questions were gone over very carefully and it was stated to us that the average loss a year is about ten thousand dollars. Therefore, it would be wise to adopt such a policy as this. If in two years from now we find the fund has not been working out as we planned, it will be very easy to take back what we have done and repeal this bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellot,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Twibill,
Uricr,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—10.

Albee,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Becker,
Kaiser,
Mangan,
Mearkle,
Ramsey,
Sampsel,
Stein,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 10.45 having arrived, the Chair lays before the House the special order on final passage on House Bill No. 1138, File Folio 8075.

Agreeably to order,

The House preceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1138, as follows:

An Act providing for the escheat of deposits of money of property or another received for storage or safe keeping the dividends profits debts and interest on debts of corporations companies banks trust companies insurance companies limited partnerships and partnership associations organized under the laws of this Commonwealth except building and loan associations and property held for the benefit of another by the same and the profits accretions and interest on such property as well as interest thereon accrued or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every person bank savings institution saving fund society safe deposit company trust company and corporation organized or doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth which receives or has received deposits of moneys shall make a report to the Auditor General under oath in the month of January of each year hereafter of such deposits of money which shall have not been increased or decreased or if not increased or decreased on which interest shall not have been credited in the pass book at the request of the depositor within fourteen or more consecutive years next preceding the first day of said month

Section 2 Every trustee guardian committee executor administrator assignee receiver or other person or corporation acting in any fiduciary capacity whatever and every person corporation parteneship limited patnership or partnership association which has received and holds any money or property of any other person of any kind whatsoever for storage or safe keeping in any manner whatsoever whether as warehouseman or keeper of safe deposit vaults or otherwise shall make a report under oath to the Auditor General in the month of January of each year hereafter of all such money or property so far as known and how the same is held to which actual access shall not have been had by the person for whom the same is held within seven or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month

Section 3 Every corporation company bank trust company insurance company limited partnership and partnership association organized or doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth except building and loan associations shall make a report to the Auditor General in the month of January of each year hereafter of all dividends or profits declared by it to any stockholder or member and not paid for three or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month and all debts and interest on debts due by it to any creditor and not paid for three or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month and of all property held by it for the benefit of another person which property shall have been demandable by such other person for seven or more successive years next preceding the first day of said month and shall not have been received by such other person

Section 4 Such report shall show the names and addresses of the depositors of such money or the owners of such property received for storage or safekeeping of the said stockholders members or creditors and of the persons entitled to demand the property held for the benefit of another in the cases respectively and the nature and amount of such deposits of money property dividends profits debts and interest on debts and property held for the benefit of another so far as known and if any such particulars be not known it shall be so stated and such particulars as are known shall be stated and such reports shall be in the form prescribed by the Auditor General and shall be verified by affidavit of the persons making the same and in the case of a corporation or other person not a natural person shall be made and verified by affidavit of the treasurer thereof or chief financial officer if there be no treasurer said affidavit to declare that the report is true and contains all the facts required by law to be reported

Section 5 The Auditor General shall prepare and keep an alphabetical index of the names of all persons which shall appear upon such reports which index shall contain a reference to the reports from which said names are derived and the Auditor General shall open said index and reports to public inspection and shall furnish a search of said index when requested upon payment of a fee of twenty-five cents and ten cents additional for each item shown by the search for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 6 When any particular deposit of money or property received for storage or safekeeping or held for the benefit of another dividend profit debt or interest on debt shall be first reported to the Auditor General he shall notify the person entitled thereto of such fact by mail so far as possible and shall publish forthwith once a week for four successive weeks in one or more general newspapers having the largest circulation published in the city or county in which such corporations companies banks trust companies insurance companies limited partnership and partnership association may be located and the legal periodical if any designated by rules of court for the publication of legal notices a true and accurate statement containing the names addresses and amount of money or character of property belonging to such persons or for whose benefit the same is held

Section 7 After any particular deposit of money shall not have been increased or decreased or if not increased or decreased shall not have been credited with interest in the pass book at the request of the depositor for seventeen successive years altogther the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth with all interest thereon After any particular dividend or profit debt or interest on debt shall remain unpaid for six successive years altogether the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth with all interest thereon Such escheat may be determined and enforced by action in the nature of a bill in equity by the Commonwealth under the direction of the Attorney General against the debtor and its creditors Any number of items may be joined in one action against one debtor though owed to different creditors If service of the bill can not be had on the creditors defendant within the State service shall be made in the manner prescribed by law for service on non-resident defendants in equity cases except that the advertisement shall be in the form directed by the court and need not contain any order or other paper in full If such creditors or their legal representatives shall appear in the cause within the time limited by the court and establish their right to recover said sums from the debtor but for the provisions of this act and if this right shall not be barred by the statutes of limitation or presumptions of payment a decree shall be made for the payment of said sums to them after paying their proportionate part of the costs of the cause and of said advertising provided that such persons on demand may have any issue of fact determined by a jury and if they shall not so appear and establish such right a decree shall be made that said sums have escheated and shall be paid by the debtor to the State Treasurer for the use of the Commonwealth and the amount of such decree shall bear interest at the rate of twelve per centum per year from sixty days after the same is made and such decree shall be effectual to bar the creditors from claiming the said sums from the debtor An action may be begun in the nature of a bill for discovery merely with respect to the subject matter of this act whether in this or other sections hereof against the debtor without the necessity of specifying the items which should escheat with the right to compel an answer under oath to subpoena all persons as witnesses and to compel the production of all books papers and records and from time to time the bill may be amended to pray for the escheats of specific items under this section seven and to make parties to the bill the creditors as ascertained

Section 8 At any time within ten years after the payment into the State Treasury of any deposit of money under the provisions of section seven of this act the persons who would have been the lawful owners thereof or their legal representatives if the same had not been so paid upon making satisfactory proof to the Auditor General of such ownership shall receive the amount thereof out of the State Treasury out of moneys to be appropriated for the purpose upon the warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer provided they have not appeared or had actual notice in the proceedings to escheat

Section 9 After any such property received for storage or safe keeping shall have remained without actual access thereto by the owner for ten successive years the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth After any such property so received and held for the benefit of another person shall have been demandable by such other person for ten successive years and shall not have been received by such other person the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth An escheator shall be appointed and proceedings had in the proper court to determine and enforce such escheat in the manner provided by law as though the person receiving or holding such property was a trustee seized thereof by deed in a fiduciary capacity and the beneficial owner thereof had been unknown for a period of seven years and still remained unknown provided that in any case in which it shall be deemed to be for the public interest the Attorney General may at the request of the Auditor General prosecute such escheats with like force and effect and with all the powers and duties of an escheator appointed under existing laws and in all such cases escheators shall not be appointed And provided further That if the lawful owner shall appear in said court and claim the same no escheat shall occur but the same shall be awarded to the lawful owner

Section 10 If it shall appear that any person failed at any time to make report of any item as he should have done under this act he shall be liable to pay to the Commonwealth interest at the rate of twelve per centum per year from the time when such report should first have been made to be computed upon the value of said item as finally established in escheat proceedings and to be recovered in said proceedings

Section 11 The word "debtor" in this act shall include persons who have received deposits of money declared dividends or profits or owe debts or interest on debts

The word "creditor" in this act shall include persons who have made deposits of money persons to whom dividends or profits have been declared and persons to whom debts and interest on debts are or have been owed or to whom property in storage or safe-keeping belongs

The word "person" in this act shall include every person persons co-partnership and unincorporated association and every company corporation bank savings institution saving fund society safe deposit company trust company insurance company joint stock company or association limited partnership and partnership association organized or doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth

The word "property" in this act shall include property and the profits accretions and interest thereon as well as interest thereon accrued or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any court and the actual distribution thereof and the owner of such property shall be deemed entitled to demand such profits accretions and interest for the purposes of this act notwithstanding such award and notwithstanding any settlement with or release by him

Section 12 The making of a wilful false oath in any report required by this act shall be perjury and punishable as such according to law If any natural person liable to make such report or the officer of any person other than a natural person who is liable to make such report shall fail to make any report when and as required by this act he shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding one year either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 13 Every person liable to make such report shall permit the Auditor General or any deputy clerk accountant or attorney designated by him for that purpose to inspect the records books and papers of such person relating to the subject matter of this act and when required by the Auditor General by subpoena signed by him designating a certain time and place any person whether liable to make such report or not shall attend as a witness before him or any deputy clerk accountant or attorney designated by him for that purpose with such records books and papers as the Auditor General may require and shall anwser fully such questions as may then be put to him concerning the subject matter of this act and permit full inspection of such records books and papers Any person who shall neglect or refuse to attend and testify or to answer any lawful question or to produce or permit the inspection of books papers and records if in his power to do so in obedience to such subpoena shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars or imprisonment not exceeding one year either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 14 No person shall be excused from answering or from attending and testifying or from producing books papers and records in any proceeding under the provisions of this act or in any proceeding criminal or otherwise relating to the subject matter of this act for the reason that the answer or testimony or evidence documentary or otherwise required of him may tend to criminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction matter or thing concerning which he may answer or testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise in any such proceeding provided that no person so testifying shall be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying

Section 15 The bar of the statutes of limitation and presumptions of payment between persons shall not affect the duty to make report and liability to escheat under this act or the interpretation of this act

Section 16 No fee or reward shall be paid to any person for information which shall result in the escheat of any property which is the subject matter of this act

Section 17 All acts and parts of acts supplied by or inconsistent with the terms of this act be and the same are hereby repealed particularly the following

An Act entitled 'An Act requiring banks and other corporations to give notice of unclaimed dividends deposits and balances in certain cases' approved March six one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and twenty-two)

Section fifty-two of an act entitled 'An Act regulating banks' approved April sixteen one thousand eight hundred and fifty (Pamphlet Laws four hundred seventy-seven)

Sections two and three of an act entitled 'An Act relating to unclaimed deposits in savings banks and transfer of stock' approved April seventeen one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two (Pamphlet Laws sixty-two)

An Act entitled 'An Act relating to the return of moneys escheated to the Commonwealth' approved June four one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (Pamphlet Laws seventy-three)

An Act entitled 'An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the return of moneys escheated to the Commonwealth' approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five extending the same to certain other cases of escheat' approved June twenty-five one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-three)"

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1138, File Folio 8075, passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. CURRY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out words "saving fund society"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill lie over for printing.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1138 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, this is a bill of considerable importance. I knew tnat it was going to be made a special order of business, but I dod not know that it was going to be made a special order of business this morning. I feel that I ought to be prepared to discuss the Bill in answer to interrogations, and I am not this morning.

I therefore move you Mr. Speaker that this bill House Bill No. 1138, be made a special order of business for next Monday evening at 10 o'clock.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 11 o'clock having arrived, the Chair lays before the House the special order on third reading on House Bill No. 839, File Folio 7311.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration of House Bill No. 839, as follows:

An Act establishing a State Commission of Agriculture defining its powers and duties including its powers relative to the Department of Agriculture and the State Livestock Sanitary Board

COMMISSION OF AGRICULTURE.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is ereby enacted by the authority of the same That a State Commission of Agriculture is hereby established It shall consist of seven commissioners five of whom shall be farmers to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate The first Commission shall be appointed as follows Two for a term of two years two for a term of four years two for a term of six years and one for a term of eight years After the first appointments each appointment other than to fill a vacancy shall be for a term of eight years Any vacancy shall be filled by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate for the unexpired term The commissioners shall receive no compensation but shall be allowed all expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties Each commissioner before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution of Pennsylvania

ORGANIZATION

Section 2 Immediately after the first appointments and biennially thereafter the commissioners shall meet and organize as a Commission by the election of one of their members as chairman and one as secretary

MEETINGS QUORUM APPOINTMENTS

Section 3 The commissioners shall meet as often as may be necessary A majority of the commissioners shall constitute a quorum No appointments of officers or employes of the Department of Agriculture or of the State Livestock Sanitary Board shall be made except with the approval of the Commission

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

Section 4 The Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate shall appoint one Secretary of Agriculture He shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per year and shall be allowed all expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of his duties He shall give bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of ten thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the Commission conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office The first Secretary of Agriculture shall be appointed for a term of four years and thereafter the Secretary of Agriculture appointed shall hold his office at the pleasure of the Governor

DEPUTIES OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES

Section 5 The Secretary of Agriculture with the approval of the Commission shall appoint one Deputy Secretary of Agriculture one Dairy and Food Commissioner one Economic Zoologist one State Veterinarian and one Deputy State Veterinarian and fix their respective duties and salaries The salary of any of said officers shall not exceed four thousand dollars per annum Such officials may be removed only by the Commission with the consent of the Governor The Secretary of Agriculture with the approval of the Commission shall appoint such officers and employes of the Department of Agriculture and State Livestock Sanitary Board as may be necessary and fix their respective duties and salaries

Section 6 All officers and employes of the Department of Agriculture and the several departments divisions bureaus and boards thereof and of the State Livestock Sanitary Board as the same existed prior to the passage of this act shall continue in the performance of their duties and shall receive the same compensation until they are removed or their duties or compensation are changed

ESTIMATES OF EXPENSES

Section 7 The Commission shall prepare and submit to each session of the General Assembly an itemized estimate showing specifically the funds required to meet the expenses of the maintenance of the Department of Agriculture and the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the two fiscal years next following

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, this bill is known as the Agricultural Commission Bill—The purpose of it is to add to the efficiency and increase the results that may be obtained by scientific investigation and experimentation in governmental work in the line of agriculture and stock raising. Although this is the oldest industry in the world nevertheless, it is only within the last few years, within a comparatively late time, that we have begun to appreciate the importance and the necessity of scientific investigation and research. Serious efforts at passing laws to increase the efficiency of agriculture and stock raising begin, practically, with the Act of 1895 creating an Agricultural Department. That law is still in force, is efficient, and has been only modified from time to time as experience has dictated. The purpose of the present bill is merely to add another element of efficiency to that plan which has been outlined in the Act of 1895. The law which is now in force provides for a Secretary of Agriculture, A State Economic Zoologist, a State Veterinarian and a Dairy and Food Commissioner. Those officials are capable and efficient and are doing good work as far as I know. But it is quite natural that with these independent departments bureaus and officials that there should be considerable conflict as in fact there is, and an overlapping of the duties of the officials and agents of the different departments, and in some rare cases, friction between the departments. It is with the idea of overcoming that condition that this bill provides for a Commission to make the work seem more smoothly and in harmony and coöperation.

The bill provides for a Commission composed of seven men, five of whom shall be farmers, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor for different terms. They are given the power to appoint all of the officers and employees of the various departments with the exception of the Secretary of Agriculture, who is to be still appointed by the Governor as at present. They will have the fixing of the salaries and the defining of the duties of all the employes and agents; they will have the power to discharge them and regulate their activities, and most important of all, in the interest of harmony,. it will be the Commission's duty to report to every Session of the Legislature an estimate of the expenditures that will be needed for two fiscal years. With that power it is anticipated that they will be able to overcome all of the conflict of activities and duplication of work that now occasionally takes place. This bill will not legislate any official out of office. It will not add any expenditure to the State, as the Commissioners are not to be paid any compensation. It will not interfere with the executive or administrative powers which are now vested in the heads of these departments. The authority of the different heads to declare quarantines and other matters which require prompt, and effective action is not taken away. It is merely a step forward in the progress of scientific and intelligent agricultural education, and assistance on behalf of the State government, to those engaged in the industry and will go far, I fell sure, to keep the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in the front rank and enable it to meet the competition that is daily growing greater and greater among the great producing Commonwealths of the Nation.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitutions, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—202.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith. L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,

Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A.C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Diefenderfer.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 331.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to call up the report of the Committee on Conference on House Bill No. 331.

The report was read by the Clerk as follows:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 331.

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the treasury of said cities and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions

respectfully submit the following bill as our report:

WM. W. SMITH,
OWEN B. JENKINS,
RICHARD V. FARLEY,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAMES A. DUNN,
WARREN C. GRAHAM,
JOHN M. FLYNN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An Act requiring cities of the first class to establish a pension fund for employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the treasury of said cities and regulating the administration and the payment of such pensions

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all cities of the first class shall create a pension fund for the pensioning of employes of said cities and all county or other public employes if any paid by appropriation of the city councils thereof and out of the city treasury thereof in the manner under the conditions and subject to the qualifications following

Section 2 In every such city of the first class there shall be created a board to be known as the pension board consisting of the mayor the city treasurer the city controller one member of select council and one member of common council of said city to be selected annually by the respective bodies It shall be the duty of said board to register all persons employed by the said city and all other public employes paid out of the treasury thereof as aforesaid if any and to administer the collection and distribution of the fund herein provided for and to do such acts and make such reasonable rules in the premises as such board may deem necessary to effectually carry into effect the provisions of this act

Section 3 Every person now or herafter employed by the said cities or paid out of the city treasury thereof as herein above provided if any of the age of sixty years and upwards who shall have been so employed for a period of twenty years or more shall upon application to the board of pensions herein created be retired from service and shall during the remainder of his or her life receive the pension or compensation fixed by this act subject to such qualifications as are herein contained

Section 4 During the lifetime of the said person he or she shall be entitled to receive as a pension annually from the fund set aside for the purpose fifty per centum of the amount which would constitute the average annual salary or wages which he or she received during the last five years of his or her employment by the said city or other public employment as aforesaid Said pension to be paid in monthly payments Should any person so employed after twenty years of service be dismissed voluntarily retire or be in any manner deprived of his position or employment before attaining the age of sixty years upon continuing a monthly payment to the fund equal to the last amount due and paid monthly while in active service said person shall be entitled to the pension above mentioned notwithstanding he or she has not attained the age of sixty years at the time of his or her separation from the public service but said person shall not commence until he or she has attained the age of sixty years Should any employe however become totally and permanently disabled after twenty years of service and before attaining the age of sixty years he or she shall be entitled to the said pension Proof of total and permanent disability shall consist of the sworn statement of three practicing physicians designated by the board that the employe is in a permanent condition of health which would totally disable him or her from performing the duties of his or her position or office The pension paid to any one employe shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month

Section 5 The city county or other public employes if any herein mentioned shall after the passage of this act pay unto the board of pensions monthly an amount equal to two percentum of their monthly salaries or wages in no event however paying at a rate greater than four dollars a month which shall be applied to the purposes of this act Payment of the monthly amount or contribution herein mentioned shall cease and be discontinued at the time the beneficiary receives the pension herein provided If for any cause an employe contributing to the pension fund shall cease to be an employe of any such cities of the first class or other county or public employes paid out of the treasury of such cities before said employe becomes entitled to the pension conferred by this act the total amount of the contributions paid into the pension fund by such employe shall be refunded to him in full without interest Provided however If any such employe shall have returned to him or her the amount contributed as aforesaid and shall afterward re-enter such public employment said employe shall not be entitled to the pension designated until twenty years after the said re-employment unless he or she shall return to the pension fund the amount withdrawn in which event the period of twenty years shall be computed from the time said employe first entered the such public service In the event of the death of any employe before the said employe becomes entitled to the pension aforesaid the said total amount of contributions aforesaid shall be paid over to the estate of said deceased employe

Section 6 Should any person holding position in said cities of the first class or any county or other public employes if any paid out of the treasury of such cities as aforesaid be paid a per diem wage he or she shall not be compelled to pay or contribute toward the pension fund herein provided for but shall have the option or choice of so doing and in that event only of becoming entitled to the pension provided by this act

Section 7 The heads of every department and office employing persons entitled under the provisions of this act to receive a pension shall certify to the board of pensions all persons so employed and the amount of salary or wages which is paid to said employe together with dismisals resignations changes or terminations of services and from the records of their office or department furnish such other relative information as the board of pensions shall require

Section 8 It shall be the duty of the board of pensions to receive and retain and when deemed advisable to invest the funds payable in accordance with the provisions of this act and to pay over by warrant or check the amount due to said employes

Section 9 The public authorities of every city of the first class charged with the disbursements expenditures and appropriations shall annually set aside apportion and appropriate out of all taxes and income of the said cities unto the board of pensions a sum sufficient to maintain the pensions or compensations due under this act

Section 10 The benefits conferred by this act shall apply to all persons employed in any capacity by or holding positions in the cities included in its provisions or paid out of the treasury thereof as aforesaid and the city or cities therein Provided That this act shall not apply to employes of such departments bureaus or offices as are now protected by pension authorized by the laws of this State and in force at the time of the passage of this act

Section 11 The time of service herein specified namely twenty years shall be computed from the time of the first or original employment said employment to consist of service either to such cities or to the county or other public service paid out of the city treasury or both as aforesaid and need not be continuous No pensions shall be paid under the provisions of this act however until after January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 12 The compensation or pension herein mentioned shall not be subject to attachment or execution shall be payable only to the beneficiary designated in this act and shall not be subject to assignment or transfer

Section 13 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this is a municipal pension bill for the City of Philadelphia and the Conference Committee reports unanimously on it.

On the question recurring,

Will the House adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS—173.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellot,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Ulrich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Maurer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and report adopted.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 3, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 326 entitled "An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled 'A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for' approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

The SPEAKER. This message will lie upon the table.

RESOLUTION RETURNING HOUSE BILL NO. 326 TO THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. MEARKLE offered the following resolution which was twice read considered and agreed to:

In the House of Representatives, May 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 326 entitled: "An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety"

which was recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment, be returned to the Governor without amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That one thousand (1,000) copies of the proceedings of the memorial services held in honor of the late Honorable John T. Fisher be printed for the use of the Senate.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That one thousand (1,000) copies of the proceedings of the memorial services held in honor of the late Honorable James K. P. Hall, be printed for the use of the Senate.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1193, as follows:

An Act defining conditional sales and regulating the recording and effect thereof and providing penalties

DEFINITION

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "conditional sale" when used in this act means any contract whereby goods or chattels attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real are sold or delivered upon condition that the said goods or chattels shall belong to the person to whom they are sold or delivered when the amount paid is a certain sum or the value of the property or any part thereof or on the occurrence of a future event or contingency The term "conditional vendor" when so used means the person who so sells or delivers such goods or chattels to another The term "conditional vendee" when so used means the person to whom such goods or chattels are so sold or delivered

CONTRACT FOR CONDITIONAL SALE.

Section 2 When personal property attached or to be attached to real property or chattels real is sold or delivered to any person on condition that it shall belong to the person purchasing or receiving it when the amount paid is a certain sum or the value of the property or any part thereof or upon the occurrance of a future event or contingency the title to it to remain in the conditional vendor until such sum or value has been paid or until the occurrence of such future event or contingency such condition in regard to the title so remaining until payment or until the occurrence of such future event or contingency shall be void as to all subsequent purchasers of such real property or chattels real for a valuable consideration mortgagees and judgment creditors without notice unless the contract with its conditions is evidenced by writing signed by the parties thereto or their respective agents and recorded as hereinafter provided

This act is not to apply to any contract concerning railroad equipment and rolling stock or to any persons firms or corporations engaged in the business of selling house furnishings

NOT TO BECOME FIXTURES

Section 3 Every such contract for the conditional sale of any goods or chattels attached or to be attached to any real property or chattels real shall be void as against subsequent bona fide purchasers or encumbrances of such real property or chattel real without notice and as to them the sale shall be deemed absolute unless such contract shall have been recorded and indexed as herein provided before such goods or chattels are so attached or before the date of such purchase or encumbrance of such real estate or chattel real

Except as above provided said goods or chattels shall not by reason of their being attached to any real property or chattels real become an accession thereto but shall be treated as severable and subject to removal as against the conditional vendee his heirs executors administrators successors and assigns and also as against all other persons having any interest in or liens against such real property or chattels real upon the tender of a sufficient bond to all such persons holding prior interests in or liens against the same conditioned for repairing all damage caused by such severance and removal

CONTENTS OF CONTRACT

Section 4 Every such contract shall set forth clearly

A The date of the contract

B The names of the conditional vendor and the conditional vendee

C A description of the chattels by name or otherwise sufficient to identify them

D A statement of the conditions upon which the conditional sale is based

E The amount of the purchase price that is the certain sum or value to be paid before title is to pass and when payable or due

F A description sufficient for identification and location of such real property or chattels real

The contract shall be signed by the conditional vendor and the conditional vendee or their respective agents and shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the conditional vendor his agent or attorney to the effect that it is an existing bona fide contract and showing the amount of the purchase price remaining unpaid and when payable or due as well as all other of the said conditions which remain unperformed

RECORDING PLACE—TIME

Section 5 Such contracts or all of the terms required by section four hereof shall be recorded and shall be notice from the date of such recording in the miscellaneous docket and indexed in the judgment index the name of the conditional vendee in the column of defendants and the name of the conditional vendor in the column of plaintiffs in the prothonotary's office of the county wherein such real property or chattels real is situate

EFFECT OF RECORDING

Section 6 Every such contract hereafter recorded pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be valid against the creditors of the conditional vendee and against his subsequent purchasers mortgagees or judgment creditors from the time of the recording thereof until the same be cancelled of record in the manner now provided by law for cancelling judgments

PENALTY FOR NOT DISCHARGING

Section 7 If a conditional vendor assignee or the executor or administrator of either after the title to such goods or chattels shall have passed to the conditional vendee either before or after breach of the conditions does not within ten days after being thereto requested and after tender of reasonable charges discharge such lien as provided herein he shall forfeit to the person entitled to redeem the sum of ten dollars and damages occasioned thereby to be recovered as debts of like amount are by law recoverable

VENDOR'S RIGHTS.

Section 8 Upon the breach of the said conditions or any of them by the conditional vendee the conditional vendor may after five days' written notice to the conditional vendee his agent or attorney of his intention so to do (unless the provisions of said contract are before complied with) repossess himself of the property so conditionally sold or delivered but the same is not to be taken out of the county in which it then is within fifty days after such taking

Said notice shall name the amount due and owing on said contract and shall be served personally upon the conditional vendee or his successor in interest if he is within the county where the sale is to be held and if not within such county or he cannot be found therein such notice must be mailed to him at his last known place of residence

Should the conditional vendee demand it by written notice properly served on the conditional vendor his agent or attorney within ten days after such taking it shall be the duty of the conditional vendor his agent or attorney after thirty days and not more than forty days after such taking to cause such property to be exposed at public sale at a convenient place in the county where located after giving notice by publication once a week for three successive weeks in one newspaper published in the county and by at least ten printed or written hand bills posted in public and conspicuous places in the vicinity where the sale is to take place

At such sale the conditional vendor may become the purchaser if he is the highest and best bidder

The proceeds of the sale shall be distributed first to the costs and expenses incident to the sale secondly to the debt secured and lastly the surplus if any shall be paid over to the conditional vendee his executors administrators or assigns any time before sale had the conditional vendee or his successors in interest shall have the right to redeem said property by complying with the terms of such contract and paying the legal costs then accrued as herein provided

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, this bill does not apply to personal property generally but only to property attached or to be attached to real estate; in other words, all big machinery. For instance, in the City of York we have a big ice machine plant and big water wheel plant. This machinery runs into the thousands of dollars and is attached to real estate. Now this bill merely defines the rights of the purchaser and the rights of the buyer. It preserves the rights of the purchaser and the rights of the buyer when machinery attached or to be attached to real estate is sold. In pracically every State in the Union there is a law of this character on the statute books. In Pennsylvania the law relative to a matter of this kind is very much confused and very frequently results in great loss both to the seller and buyer of machinery subject to the provisions of this act.

I believe that all the manufacturers and all the purchasers of property of this kind are heartily in favor of this measure and I therefore ask for it the support of the House at this time.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—107.

Adams,
Albee,
Aron,
Arthur,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn.
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Corbin,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Geary,
Geiser,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hibshman,
Hollingsworth.
Horton,
Hubler,
Kaiser,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellot,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Statler,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Wildman,

Gibson,
Glass,
Goodyear,
Mangan,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Williams,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—13.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Brosius,
Christman,
Jack,
Palmer,
Pickering,
Robertson,
Sarig,
Sones,
Wobensmith,
Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time from the third reading postponed calendar, on page 19, House Bill No. 1654 (Senate Bill No. 711), File Folio 3347.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1654 (Senate Bill No. 711), entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or steropticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other-like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, when this bill was under consideration last evening, I was in doubt about the fees for the examination of the motion picture films being sufficient to meet the salary and the expenses of the Board of Censors, but the information I am now in possession of convinces me that the Governor and the Attorney General are satisfied that the Board will, under the provisions of the bill, be more than self-sustaining, which satisfies me and I shall vote "Aye."

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
hrhardt,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1356, File Folio 6609, entitled:

An Act to provide revenue by the imposition of a tax upon the transfer of stock of domestic and foreign corporations copartnership associations and joint stock associations providing the manner of collecting such tax and prescribing penalties for violation of the provisions of this act

was defeated on final passage on Wednesday last, be reconsidered.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

HOUSE BILL NO. 1356 MADE SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be made a special order of business for next Monday evening, at 8:30 o'clock.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. RAMSEY in the Chair.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1432 (Senate Bill No. 125), as follows:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the professors of anatomy the professors of surgery the demonstrators of anatomy and the demonstrators of surgery of the medical and dental schools and colleges of this Commonwealth which are now or may hereafter become incorporated together with one representative from each of the unincorporated schools of anatomy or practical surgery within this Commonwealth in which there are from time to time at the time of the appointment of such representatives shall be not less than five scholars shall be and hereby are constituted a board for the distribution and delivery of dead human bodies hereinafter described to and among such persons as under the provisions of this act are entitled thereto The professor of anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia shall call a meeting of said board for organization at a time and place to be fixed by him within thirty days after the passage of this act The said board shall have full power to establish rules and regulations for its government and to appoint and remove proper officers and shall keep full and complete minutes of its transactions and records shall also be kept under its direction of all bodies received and distributed by said board and of the persons to whom the same may be distributed which minutes and records shall be open at all times to the inspection of each member of said board and of any district attorney of any county within the Commonwealth" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 The professors of anatomy the professors of surgery the demonstrators of anatomy and the demonstrators of surgery of the medical and dental schools and colleges of this Commonwealth which are now or may hereafter become incorporated together with one representative from each of the unincorporated schools of anatomy or practical surgery within this Commonwealth in which there are or from time to time at the time of the appointment of such representatives shall be not less than five scholars shall be and hereby are constituted a board for the distribution and delivery of dead human bodies hereinafter described to and among such persons as under the provisions of this act are entitled thereto The professor of anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia shall call a meeting of said board for organization at a time and place to be fixed by him within thirty days after the passage of this act The said board shall have full power to establish rules and regulations for its government and to appoint and remove proper officers and shall keep full and complete minutes of its transactions and records shall also be kept under its direction of all bodies received and distributed by said board and of the persons to whom the same may be distributed which minutes and records shall be open at all times to the inspection of each member of said board and of any district attorney of any county within this Commonwealth The name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 Section two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospital or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within this State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any person claiming to be and satisfying the authorities in charge of said body that he or she is of kindred or is related by marriage to the deceased shall claim the said body for burial but it shall be surrendered for interment nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if such deceased person was a traveler who died suddenly in which case the said body shall be buried" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almhouse prison morgue hospital or other municipality or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his of their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within the State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any relative by blood or marriage shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be less than forty-eight hours after death but the body shall be surrendered to said claimant for interment and no such notice shall be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any friend or any representative of a fraternal society of which diseased was a member or a representative of any charitable organization shall claim the said body for burial within a reasonable time which shall not be limited to less than forty-eight hours said burial to be at the expense of such friend fraternal society or charitable organization nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if said person was a traveler who died suddenly or was an honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine of the United States or of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania in which case said body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of existing laws" In case of the death of any person whose body is required to be buried at the public expense and the duly authorized officer or agent of the board deems such body unfit for anatomical purposes he shall notify in writing the poor directors overseers or in counties in which there are no poor directors or overseers then the county commissioners of the county where such person died who shall direct some person to take charge of the body of such deceased indigent person and cause it to be buried and draw warrants upon the treasurer of their county for the payment of such expenses not exceeding however the sum of thirty-five dollars on each body buried in accordance with the provisions of this act Such warrants shall be made payable to the persons so authorized and directed who shall have buried the bodies for which the warrants are to be drawn No warrants for the payment of the expenses of the burial of any person whose body is required to be buried at the public expense shall be drawn or paid except upon the certificate of the duly authorized officer or agent of the board to the effect that such body is unfit for anatomical purposes or that the body is that of a soldier sailor or marine required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with Wherever through the failure of any person to deliver the body of a deceased indigent as required by this act such body shall become unfit for anatomical purposes and is so certified by the duly authorized officer or agent of said board of distribution such body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of this act and the person so failing to deliver such body shall pay to the county treasurer the expense so incurred and upon the refusal or failure of such person on demand to pay such expense the poor directors or overseers or in counties in which there are no poor directors or overseers then the county commissioners shall bring suit to recover the same to be recovered as debts of like amount are by law collectible

Section 3 The said act is hereby amended by adding the following to be known as section nine

Section 9 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven and "An Act to amend an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act providing for the burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes' " approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and all other acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—159.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Benn.
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads.
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Alexander,
Eby,
Garner.
Gingery,
Lanius,
Rothenberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 657, as follows:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sesisons and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts" by more specifically defining the duties of auditors in regard to the report of settlement and audit

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for the appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme courts" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which as amended by an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend the title the first section the second section and the third section of an act of Assembly entitled 'An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by repealing so much thereof as applies to school districts" reads as follows

"Section 2 That the auditors of every borough township and poor district created or incorporated by any general or special law of this Commonwealth shall file a report or statement of said settlement and audit in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the county within which such municipality or district shall be situated or within which shall be the greater portion of its population within a period of ten days after the completion of said settlement and audit which report shall contain an itemized list of all receipts expenditures and credits of the said several officers for the preceding fiscal year" be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 2 That the auditors of every borough township and poor district created or incorporated by any general or special law of this Commonwealth shall file a report or statement of their said settlement and audit in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the county within which such municipality or district shall be situated or within which shall be the greater portion of its population within a period of ten days after the completion of said settlement and audit which report shall contain an itemized list of all receipts showing the dates and sources thereof all expenditures and credits allowed showing the number of the voucher the dates the names of persons to whom payment was made or credit given the purpose and the amount thereof of the several officers for the preceding fiscal year One such report shall be filed also and remain with the senior auditor for the inspection of all persons concerned and also within said period of ten days said auditors shall publish by posting written typewritten or printed hand bills in at least three public places not hotels or saloons a summary of said report

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 9, by inserting after the word "Courts" the following: "approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven"

Amend section 1, line 27, by striking out the brackets

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1535 (Senate Bill No. 732). as follows:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game fish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen may be clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eleven or an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game-fish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 11 That it shall be unlawful to fish in any part of the waters described in this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction with any gill-net having a mesh of less than three inches stretched mesh fishing measure and more than thirty meshes deep and all gill-nets used in fishing for trout shall have meshes at least five and one-half (5½) inches in size stretched mesh fishing measure or with any pound-net with the net at the back side of the crib having a mesh of less than two and one-half (2½) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and the net of the balance of the crib having a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure Any person or persons fishing at any time of the year with gill-nets or pound-nets having meshes of less size than herein described shall on conviction be subject to a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars or in default of payment each person convicted shall be confined in the county jail for a period of three months and all boats nets and other appliances used together with any fish caught shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries Provided further That the provisions in regard to size of meshes in pound-nets shall not become affective until the year one thousand nine hundred fourteen" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 11 That it shall be lawful to fish for food fish in any part of any lake described in the first section of this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction subject to the other provisions of modifications in this act contained with gill-nets having a mesh not less than three (3) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and not more than thirty meshes deep provided that gill-nets used in fishing for trout shall have meshes at least five and one-half (5 1-2) inches in size stretched mesh fishing measure and with pound-nets the cribs of which shall have a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and with trap-nets over seventeen miles from the entrance to any bay described in the first section of this act measured in a direct line and over one-half mile from the entrance to the lake of any stream having a mesh of not less than two and one-half (2 1-2) inches stretched mesh fishing measure and with set lines with hooks attached called night-lines Any person or persons fishing at any time of the year with gill-nets pound-nets or trap nets having meshes of less size than herein described shall on conviction be subject to a fine of one hundred ($100) dollars or in default of payment each person convicted shall be confined in the county jail for a period of three months and all boats nets and other appliances used together with any fish caught shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries Provided further That the provisions in regard to size of meshes in trap nets shall not become effective until August first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

Section 2 That section twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any person persons company or corporation to operate for the purpose of catching fish any boat boats net nets or any device whatsoever except a rod and line having not more than three hooks or handline having not more than three hooks or a spear used for catching carp and suckers only with a trolling-line with spoon-hooks attached in any part of any lakes described in this act over which this Commonwealth has jurisdiction without having first paid into the hands of the Department of Fisheries the following amounts as license fees to wit For each row or sail-boat used in fishing with gill-nets five dollars for each boat of any other kind under ten tons gross burden so used ten dollars for each boat of any kind of from ten to twenty tons gross burden so used fifteen dollars for each boat of any kind over twenty tons gross burden so used twenty dollars for each pound-net ten dollars for any other form of net or device not less than one dollar nor more than five dollars as the Department of Fisheries may determine and in addition to the license fees above set forth the operators of each boat so licensed shall permit a man designated by the Commissioner of Fisheries to accompany such boat at any time when it is engaged in fishing under and by virtue of such license for the purpose of securing for the Department of Fisheries from the fish caught so much of their spawn as the Department may desire to secure and any person operating or employing others to operate or any member of a partnership or officer of a corporation that employs or consents to the employment of any person to operate any boat net nets device or devices without having procured from the Department of Fisheries a license as provided in this section authorizing him them or it to do shall on conviction be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars or in default of payment be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of one day for each dollar of fine unpaid and all fish and nets shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 12 That it shall be unlawful for any person persons company or corporation to operate for the purpose of catching fish any boat boats net nets or any device whatosever except a rod and line having not more than three hooks a hand-line having not more than three hooks a spear used for catching carp and suckers only and a trolling-line with spoon-hooks attached in any part of any lake described in this act over which this Commonwealth his jurisdiction without having first paid into the hands of the Department of Fisheries the following amounts as license fees to wit For each row or sail-boat used in fishing with gill-nets five dollars for each boat of any kind under ten tons gross burden so used ten dollars for each boat of any kind of from ten to twenty tons gross burden so used fifteen dollars for each boat of any kind over twenty tons gross burden so used twenty dollars for each pound-net ten dollars for any other form of authorized and not excepted net or device not less than fifty cents nor more than five dollars as the Department of Fisheries may determine and in addition to the license fees above set forth the operators of each boat so licensed shall permit a man designated by the Commissioner of Fisheries to accompany such boat at any time when it is engaged in fishing under and by virtue of such license for the purpose of securing for the Department of Fisheries from the fish so caught so much of their spawn as the Department may desire to secure and any person operating or employing others to operate or any member of a partnership or officer of a corporation that employs or consents to the employment of any person to operate any boat net nets device or devices without having procured from the Department of Fisheries a license as provided in this section authorizing him them or it so to do shall on conviction be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars or in default of payment be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of one day for each dollar of the fine unpaid and all fish and nets shall be forfeited to the Department of Fisheries

On the question?

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Baker,
Lauler,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 175, as follows:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act any person arrested or held in custody on or by virtue of any process issued on a judgment obtained in any civil action in this Commonwealth may present his petition to the Court or any law judge thereof out of which the process or execution issues praying for his discharge from arrest The petition shall set forth the nature of the proceedings out of which the process upon which the petitioner is held issued the amount of the judgment therein obtained a schedule of all the assets of the petitioner a list of the creditors of the petitioner with the amounts of their claims the addresses of the creditors and the nature of the debts owing to them a statement as to why the petitioner is unable to pay the judgment and shall be verified by the affidavit of the petitioner

Section 2 The court to which the petition is presented shall grant a rule to show cause why the petitioner shall not be discharged from arrest returnable at some convenient time and shall discharge the petitioner pending the hearing of the said rule upon his entering such security for his appearance surrender and compliance with the decree of the court as the court shall deem requisite

Section 3 Actual notice of the hearing of the rule shall be given to the plaintiff in the process or his counsel of record and to all the creditors whose addresses are known to the petitioner and publication of the hearing of the said rule shall be made twice in a daily newspaper in the county and once in the legal periodical if any designated by the court and an affidavit of the service of the notices upon the creditors and of the publication shall be filed at or before the time fixed for the hearing of the rule

Section 4 Upon the hearing of the rule the petitioner shall be required to answer all questions put to him and shall produce all books and papers required of him and if it shall appear to the court that the petitioner is without means or property with which to pay the judgment and that he has not secreted or assigned any of his property so as to avoid the payment of the judgment the court may discharge him from arrest and in said proceedings but such discharge shall not in any way affect the judgment entered against him Any person arrested or held in custody on or by virtue of any process issued on a judgment obtained in any civil action in this Commonwealth shall be discharged at the expiration of sixty days from the date of the commitment if compliance is had with all the requirements of this act and all other acts of Assembly relating to insolvency

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question?

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—164.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—6.

Mellott,
Palmer,
Sones,
Twibill,
Walter,
West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from page 19 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed, House Bill No. 816, Senate Bill No. 116.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 816 (Senate No. 116), entitled:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devices to institutions of purely public charity

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, this is the bill which was under consideration last night and was then placed upon the postponed calendar. There was some question last night as to how much the passage of this bill would deplete the State revenue. At the Auditor-General's office this morning I was advised that for the year 1914 there was collected from this source over two million five hundred thousand dollars and as near as they can estimate between eight hundred thousand and one million dollars came from bequests made to purely charitable institutions.

BILL STRICKEN FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 797, as follows:

An Act authorizing and regulating the employment of convicts and prisoners on the public highways

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That as used in this act the term "jail" means penitentiary jail prison or workhouse

"Warden" means any person in charge of a jail

"Highway" means any highway road street or alley

"Convict" means any inmate of a jail

"Municipality" means any municipal corporation or quasi municipal corporation

ROAD WORK FOR CONVICTS

Section 2 The warden of any jail is hereby authorized and directed to detail for work on the public highways such convicts as he may deem advisable excepting prisoners under sentence of death upon the written request of the State Highway Commissioner for all State roads the county commissioners for all county roads the township commissioners or township supervisors as the case may be for township roads the mayor or burgess as the case may be for all municipal streets The detail shall be voluntary on the part of the convict and shall in no way be compulsory

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Section 3 Convicts detailed to highway work shall while so engaged be under the general direction of the warden or overseers appointed by him and shall be subject to such rules and regulations with respect to their hours of labor conduct and control as the warden shall establish

VIOLATION OF RULES AND REGULATIONS

Section 4 The convicts shall not be required to wear stripes For any infraction or violation of the rules and regulations the maximum punishment of any convict shall be his summary return to confinement in the jail and loss of all deductions from the time of his sentence which he may have been entitled to up to the time of such infraction or violation

REMUNERATION

Section 5 Each convict shall be allowed the sum of twenty-five cents for each day's labor This sum shall accumulate as a fund to be paid the convict on the termination of his sentence or on his release by pardon or parole and which shall be in addition to the sum of money ordinarily given discharged convicts The sum shall be paid by State county township or municipality having the work done

DISPOSAL OF FUND

Section 6 On petition of any convict the warden may pay out from any sum so accumulated a portion or all thereof in support of a dependent wife children or parent of such convict in need or distress

SUPERVISION OF WORK

Section 7 The warden on the written requests for convicts by the State Highway Commissioner in the construction of State roads or the county commissioners of each county in the construction of county roads or the township supervisors or township commissioners as the case may be in the construction of township roads or the municipal authorities in construction of municipal streets shall determine upon what highway convicts so detailed shall be employed whether in the improvement of existing highways or in the construction of new highways The State Highway Commissioner shall have general supervision and direction of all State road work and the county commissioners of all county roads the township commissioners or township supervisors as the case may be of all township roads and the municipal authorities of all municipal streets to the improvement or construction of which convicts have been detailed

PROVIDING FOR THE GRANTING OF ADDITIONAL GOOD TIME

Section 8 Hereafter convicts of any jail undergoing sentence in accordance with law who shall or may be engaged in work on any highway and who shall conduct himself in accordance with the rules of the prison and perform his work in a creditable manner shall be granted such good time in addition to that allowed by law as the Governor may order not to exceed ten (10) days in any one calendar month The Governer shall not execute any of the rights or powers herein granted unto him until the Lieutenant Governor Secretary of the Commonwealth Attorney General and Secretary of Internal Affairs or any three of them after full hearing upon due public notice and in open session upon such rules as they shall provide shall have recommended the commutation of sentence

SKILLED LABOR NOT INTERFERED WITH

Section 9 Convicts employed under this act shall not be used for the purpose of building any bridge or other structure of like character or to do any work in connection therewith which requires the employment of skilled labor

DISBURSEMENT AND EXPENDITURES

Section 10 All disbursements for expenditures for convict labor shall be on warrants certified to by the officer or person in charge of the highway work and upon approval by the State Highway Commissioner county commissioners township commissioners township supervisors or proper municipal authorities be paid to the warden for the use of such convicts on warrants drawn by the State Treasurer county treasurer or treasurer of the board of township commissioners township supervisors or of the municipality from such funds as may be designated for labor for such convicts to be used in the repair and construction of such highways

Section 11 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take a few moments of your time in attempting to explain this bill. You have probably ascertained that this is a bill of similar nature to the ones that were passed yesterday. This bill authorizes and regulates the employment of convicts and prisoners on the public highways. The bill defines very clearly what is meant by the public highway and jail and warden or a prison. The bill also provides the method in which prisoners of any jail or penitentiary may be detailed for work on the public roads. This bill also provides that every prisoner so detailed for work on the public roads shall receive, as compensation for his services, the sum of 25 cents a day. The prisoners so detailed are not compelled to go on the public roads for work and they go there under their own volition and they are not compelled to wear stripes or to be punished for any infractions of the rules. They are to receive no extra sentence, only to be returned to the prison from whence they were taken and there to obey the prison rules. This bill is a bill that has been tried out in about ten of our western states. Colorado has tried it. Up to a few years ago I had the report of that State and they had completed at that time over one thousand miles of roads. The State of Nevada had built several hundred miles of public roads with prison labor. In conversation with one of the convicts I was informed in Nevada that during the whole period of time only three men had attempted to escape from the convict camp. The honor system prevails and they are put upon their honor which this system provides, together with the fact that the warden shall make all the arrangements for the governing of the convicts. I have taken this matter up with officials of our State and with wardens of penitentiaries and they have recommended this bill; the State Grange has recommended this bill; the agricultural organizations of our State have recommended it and I have had numerous recommendations from the labor organizations. I feel that this is a good bill and I think that these men who by some misfortune are confined within the dead walls of the penitentiary should be given a chance that they might breath the free air that God has given to them. I can see no reason in this age where Pennsylvania is making every effort to build and repair our public roads why these men should not be taken upon the public roads and help to build them and bear this expense.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, no man desires more than I do to see the roads of Pennsylvania in good shape, but if Pennsylvania's roads are to be improved by putting your convicts on the roads to the utter disregard of the laboring men of Pennsylvania, who live decent and respectable lives and try to earn a living for their families, then I hope Pennsylvania stays in the mud. A mere pittance of twenty-five cents a day to a man who happens to be in jail for crime should not be recognized. This will put many of our laboring men out of work. If the Highway Commissioner would exercise his right under this bill, hundreds and hundreds of men would be put out of work in Pennsylvania who now receive $1.50 and two dollars a day, and this would be for the benefit of a few men who are put in jail and the others are disregarded. I believe that Pennsylvania is big enough and broad enough and rich enough to have decent laborers on her roads. I have no fault to find with the system which would give to the prisoner more sunshine, but I say that it is high time that we consider somebody else; it is high time that we consider the honest laborer who toils and not have all our consideration for some man who on the highway knocks down his brother man, or for somebody who in the middle of the night sneaks in and cuts the throat of some little boy or some little girl. I protest against this measure and I ask that House to vote it down.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, permit me to say that if this bill sould become a law, it would in no way affect the laborer of this State. This bill provides specifically that no labor coming from the convicts shall in any interfere where it might deprive a single individual of anything, or interfere with the skilled laborer. Skilled labor is deprived from taking any part in the work that we are trying to bring about here in these provisions. I want to say to you here sir, that I do not believe that it can bring disgrace upon a single individual or upon the State to allow these unfortunate to go forth and help sustain themselves by the way of working out a just compensation upon our public roads. I want to go further and say in explanation that the money so earned is to be used for the maintenance of the dependent wife or children of those who may be left behind. If there are none, then that amount is to be left placed in a fund from which it is turned over to that convict when he leaves the prison walls. When he steps down to the earth a free man he does not have to go out and commit a crime or a depredation in order that he may live and exist. I say to you, sir, there has not been a more just measure, a more equitable bill presented to this House during this session, and for that reason, sir, I am going to ask this House to help sustain this bill and place it upon our statute books.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call the attention of the House to the argument of the gentleman from Schuylkill, that a large portion of the rough work of this State is performed by aliens and not by naturalized foreigners or by Americans. Nearly all the sewer work, and the public work and the road work of the State generally is performed by aliens. If this is done, that is the first place that it will strike, and it seems to me that the welfare of the convicts would be enhanced by the passage of this measure, and for that reason, the House ought to vote aye.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I wish to say a word in favor of this bill. We have wrestled here for some time over the question of finance, to get money to build public roads, and establish State Highways. Here is a remedy. Here is a partial solution of this trouble, that will relieve the Governor and will relieve this Legislature of some of its trouble to raise money. This system proposed by this bill is not a new thing. It has been tried in different parts of the country, notably in North Carolina, where they have miles and miles and miles of good roads made by the prisoners. I say they are good roads; they are made very cheap and they are better roads than are made in Pennsylvania at twelve to twenty thousand dollars per mile. They stand more travel, are better for travelling on; they are in better condition, and it is done by prisoners. I say it will save the State of Pennsylvania a large amount of revenue; it will also save the taxpayers of the districts, because these roads will pass through different parts of the country and will make the roads that would otherwise have to be made by the districts. It is not only a matter of economy and a matter of benefit for the State and for the public and for the highways but it is a benefit to the prisoners themselves. The gentleman from Schuylkill, says we do not take care of those fellows who go around and rob people's houses and cut their throats. Well, this is a measure of protection, This is a remedy for those things. Those prisoners who are kept in a prison, what do they do? They plot mischief. A man goes into a jail comparatively an innocent man, —he comes out full of iniquity and full of plans to do ugly work, and to do it in a sharper way than he had done it before. These prisoners are benefitted by the work, benefitted physically, benefitted morally, and benefitted mentally. I have heard them talk about it. One tall fine looking young man from Tenneesee got into North Carolina and he got into some trouble, and they put him on the highway to work, and they work them hard. Those prisoners do more work in a day than I ever saw a man on the highway do in Pennsylvania. Well, this young man, he was working there from sunrise in the morning till sundown at night. He worked hard. Tossed more dirt than three men on our highways do. He said, "this is just the best thing that could have happened; a fellow gets into this thing once, he will never want to get in again."

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Greene, Mr. Kuhn.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. KUHN. Yes, sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman how much this bill provides that a laborer shall be paid for a day's work.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, Twenty-five cents.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman how much a free man is entitled to for the same kind of work.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker. I could not tell that, but I should judge about a dollar and a quarter to a dollar and a half a day.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, then I desire to ask the gentleman if he does not think that this is unfair competition with the free laborers who have families to support?

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I cannot see, sir where it can be in any way. Every prisoner is provided with food, clothing, and shelter. Very frequently the laborer who does a day's work for one dollar and twenty-five cents after he has provided himself with food, and sugar and clothing, has very little left.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to interrogate the gentleman from Greene, Mr. Kuhn.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Greene, Mr. Kuhn, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. KUHN. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman, since he has mentioned that he has received letters from labor organizations in favor of this bill, to tell me from what labor organizations or from whom he has received these letters, if he will be kind enough to tell me.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman must have misunderstood me. I stated that I had received letters from laboring people that they were favorable to the bill. I have a number of letters from people in the western part of Pennsylvania, laboring people, and men who belong to labor organizations, favoring and agreeing that this bill should be passed. I could not give the gentleman names because I do not have my mail here.

Mr. MAURER. I should like to ask the gentleman another question. Are these letters from the officials of organizations or from individuals?

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, they were not from officials of organizations.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I did not intend to say anything on this bill. I would not have done so had not the question arisen as to the opposition of labor organization. I have the honor to represent various labor organizations in this State and I feel it my duty to inform the members of this House that labor organizations have been very much in opposition to this kind of legislation. Personally, I feel that if this bill, if enacted into a law, will come into criminal competition with free labor. You know my position, and I want you to understand the position of organized labor as organized labor.

Mr. PHILLIPS. I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman to state what labor organizations have expressed themselves as against the passage of this bill and why. He stated that he had the honor of being the leader of several organizations and I would like to know what they are and how they are affected.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I will answer the gentleman in this way. This particular bill has not been, to my knowledge, objected to by any labor organization, but in this very building down in the House caucus room, last December, the State Federation of Labor held a legislative conference which I presided over at that time. At that conference this very question arose as to what our position should be on the question of having convicts work on the public highway, and we had that question under discussion for at least an hour and it was finally disposed of by being objected to by the delegations present at that conference. I might further add that this question in the years past was much in the minds of organized labor and in each case it has received a negative recommendation on the part of the delegates who considered the proposition on account of coming into competition with free labor. Personally I do not believe society should be guilty of parading a man's disgrace before the eyes of the public,—that is my private opinion. We have a right to do what we can for the unfortunate but we should consider the welfare of his wife and children, his relative and his friends before we take this unfortunate out where the public can see him constantly and not forget his disgrace.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, now as I understand it we are at liberty so far as the labor organizations are concerned to draw our own conclusions as to whether this bill interferes with the organized labor of the State of Pennsylvania. It has been stated that the men who work on State roads in Pennsylvania would take away from some laboring man a chance to have a job. Now, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I appeal to your personal knowledge that there are enough roads in Pennsylvania for every man to work on. We need the good roads. This does not take a cent away from the laboring man. We need more men on our public roads. We put a man in the penitentiary for some crime and he sits in there for six or eight months in idleness and he courts that and wants to get in a place of that kind. You say to this man you have got to go out and on the roads of Pennsylvania and help build them. He is not usually anxious to get there. Gentlemen, I ask you in all fairness to vote for this bill. We are not opposed to organized labor, but we are trying to build up the roads of the State of Pennsylvania. This surely is a fair measure.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, the antiquated idea in regard to a man who unfortunately has been incarcerated in a penal institution was to put the "mark of Cain upon his brow" and also the "scarlet letter." We are now getting more progressive. Society has seen the error of its way and the desire of society is to advance that unit, to try and make this business self-supporting, to show him by means of labor that this individual can come back to society at the expiration of his term and be a useful citizen. I say here on the floor of this House, as the friend of labor, that good intending labor is not against this class of legislation. I want to say that in the City of Holmesburg you will find men incarcerated in the House of Correction and in the County Prison, each day fixing the roads. I will say further, that it is a difficult matter to get self-respecting American citizens to do this class of work. I want to say to the gentlemen of the House that this is a class of legislation that we should be proud of. We should be proud of the sponsor of this bill that he thought out legislation of this character. I want to say that my friend from Berks is not voicing the sentiments of the respectable labor element in this community or elsewhere.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—106.

Adams,
Albee,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Love.
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
Mearkle,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Twibill,

Body,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Davis,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Evans,
Fackler,
Graham,
Gransback,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hollingsworth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Myers,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Phillips,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
walter,
Urich,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—36.

Arnold,
Alexander,
Aron,
Baker,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Garner,
Gompers,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Landis,
Lauler,
Maurer,
Murdoch,
Luxemburger,
Murphy,
Neville,
Palmer,
Powell,
Robertson,
Schaeffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Staving,
Steedle,
Thomas,
Trach,
Wagner,
Weimer,
Whitten,
Wynne,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE BILL NO. 610 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. H. I. WILSON offered the following motion which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Moved by Mr. H. I. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Lipschutz, that Senate Bill No. 610, House Bill No. 1687, File Folio 2837, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections

on page two of today's calendar be made a Special Order for Third Reading and Final Passage on next Monday evening at ten thirty o'clock.

The SPEAKER (Mr. Ambler) in the Chair.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1633, entitled:

An Act to repeal the first section of an act approved the second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy entitled "An Act extending the provisions of the act of the eleventh of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six relative to the fees of county treasurers in Luzerne and Clearfield to the county of Clinton" insofar as it relates to the fees of the county treasurer of Clinton county on mercantile licenses.

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1584 (Senate Bill No. 786), entitled:

An Act amending section number one thousand four hundred and two of Article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 847, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the education of blind children.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1322, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase or the appropriation from the State Forest reserves of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary; making an appropriation therefor; authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary; and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary, and the buildings and materials thereon" approved the 30th day of March 1911 providing for the exercise of the right of eminent domain in acquiring additional real estate for the purposes of said penitentiary and prescribing the procedure therein.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1411, entitled:

An Act creating in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania a bureau of Building and Loan Associations, defining the organization, powers and duties thereof, providing for the examination and supervision of mutual savings fund or building and loan associations, levying a tax upon such associations for defraying the expenses of said bureau and providing for the collection thereof, and providing for the re-organization or winding up of the business domestic mutual savings fund or building and loan associations in cases of insolvency

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1594 (Senate Bill No. 715), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of appraisers appointed by the registers of wills of the several counties to appraise the value of estates subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax and of experts employed to assist such appraisers" by increasing the compensation of appraisers.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Game, reported as commited, House Bill No. 1695 (Senate Bill No. 811), entitled:

An Act to amend section 21 of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of Game, game quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by restricting the right to kill dogs.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1433 (Senate Bill No. 169), entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing that persons firms or corporations who are operating or conducting hotels restaurants dining cars or other public eating places in this Commonwealth shall not employ or keep in their employ as cooks waiters kitchen help chambermaids or other house servants any person or persons who are suffering from trachoma active tuberculosis of the lungs open skin tuberculosis syphilis gonorrhea open external cancer or barber itch or who are carriers of typhoid fever and further providing that no dishes receptacles or utensils used in eating or drinking shall be furnished to patrons or customers or any such public eating place unless the same have been thoroughly cleansed since used by another individual and further providing that no towels shall be furnished in any wash room in connection with any such public eating place unless such towels be laundered or discarded after each individual use and further providing that no common drinking cups shall be furnished at any public drinking place operated in connection with any such public eating place and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. EHRHARDT asked and obtained unanimous consent to have a bill read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1633, entitled:

An Act to repeal the first section of an act approved the second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy entitled 'An Act extending the provisions of the act of the eleventh of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six relative to the fees of County Treasurers in Luzerne and Clearfield, to the County of Clinton' in so far as it relates to the fees of the County Treasurer of Clinton county on mercantile licenses.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH asked and obtained unanimous consent to have a bill read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1584 (Senate No. 786), entitled:

An Act amending section number one thousand four hundred and two of article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent there-with" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. With the consent of the House the Chair will declare a recess until 7.30 o'clock this evening. The Chair requests that as many as possible be present as we desire to take up the bills on third reading and dispose of them in order that we can adjourn at noon tomorrow.

Whereupon, at 1.15 o'clock P. M. the Chair declared a recess until 7.30 o'clock this evening.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 7.30 o'clock P. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MONUMENTS TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FOUNDERS THEREOF.

Mr. BROWNLEE presented the petition of Camp No. 199, Patriotic Order of Americans, favoring the erection of monuments to public schools and founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WOBENSMITH presented the petition of Commandery No. 51, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of monuments to public schools and founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HESS presented the petition of citizens of Lancaster, Pa., favoring the erection of monuments to public schools and founders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MOLLY PITCHER MONUMENT.

Mr. BROWNLEE presented the petition of Camp No. 199, Patriotic Order of Americans, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WOBENSMITH presented the petition of Commandery No. 51, Patriotic Order Sons of America, favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HESS presented the petition of citizens of Lancaster, Pa., favoring the erection of a Molly Pitcher monument.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. NEVILLE presented the petition of Washington Camp, No. 121, Montgomery County, favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Also the petition of Washington Camp No. 51, of Bridgeport, Montgomery Count, favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GEISER presented the petition of sundry citizens of Easton, Pa., favoring the erection of a monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING ERECTION OF MEMORIAL TO PUBLIC SCHOOL FOUNDERS.

Mr. NEVILLE presented the petition of Washington Camp No. 51, Bridgeport, Montgomery County, favoring the erection of a monument to the Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Mr. NEVILLE also presented the petition of Washington Camp, No. 121, of Montgomery County, favoring the erection of a monument to the Public Schools and Founders thereof.

Which were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1631, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act, approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-two, entitled, "An Act relating to the collection of taxes in the County of Indiana."

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1270, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one two three and four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "To provide for the the taking of testimony of witnesses, on behalf of defendants in criminal cases, to be read in evidence at trial any of the criminal courts of this Commonwealth when such witnesses may reside beyond the limits of the Commonwealth, but within the United States, and providing for the costs and expenses of same;" by providing for the taking and perpetuating of the testimony of aged or infirm witnesses for any defendant residing within this Commonwealth and the reading of the same in evidence at trial in any of the criminal courts of this Commonwealth when such witnesses are dead or incapacitated from testifying.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1537, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven, entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a Poor House by the Township of Jenkins, Borough of Pittsburgh and Township of Pittston, in the County of Luzerne."

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1721, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances for mortgages by or to corporations and judicial sales or sheriff's sales had on any corporate obligation or mortgage, after letters patent are issued, and before the recording of their charters.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1376, entitled:

An Act providing that it shall be an offence for any person to contribute to the delinquency of any minor to whom the jurisdiction of any Juvenile Court has attached or to assist or encourage said minor in violating his or her parole, or to interfere with the probation officer assigned to such child, and providing penalties therefor.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1488, entitled:

An Act prohibiting all persons or charitable institutions having the care, custody or control of minor children under the age of sixteen years from selling, apprenticing, giving away, or otherwise disposing of such children to any person other than the parent, brother, sister, uncles or aunt of such child, except upon approval of the Juvenile Court or Directors of the Poor, and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1587 (Senate Bill No. 799), entitled:

A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the Second Regiment Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held at San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing that such officers and enlisted men of said regiment as participate in said exposition shall be paid the same per diem pay of officers and men and such allowances in connection with the annual encampment as are paid from State funds which they would receive at the annual encampment.

Mr. STATLER, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1701 (Senate Bill No. 1067), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for the taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads, connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the paymnet of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1646 (Senate Bill No. 688), entitled:

An Act to give exclusive jurisdiction to the municipal court of Philadelphia over all houses of detention established within the limits of the City of Philadelphia providing that the board of managers of the said houses of detention shall be appointed and removed by the president judge of the municipal court of Philadelphia and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1578 (Senate Bill No. 527), entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed under and by the authority of an act approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" and authorizing the passage of an ordinance amending an original ordinance where the route of any sewer has been changed during the course of its construction.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1710 (Senate Bill No. 708), entitled:

An Act making incompatible the offices of councilmen in municipalities and school directors.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed House Bill No. 1445 (Senate Bill No. 540), entitled:

An Act repealing section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1443 (Senate Bill No. 534), entitled:

An Act to amend section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1448 (Senate Bill No. 631), entitled:

An Act to provide for the creation by bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections and giving such parties the right to participate in primaries and elections providing the manner in which such parties may be created providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies providing a method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitle them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petitions or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties under the law in the matter of the nomination of candidates providing for the payment of costs incident to objections to such petitions and also for the expense incident to holding such primaries providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and the punishment for certain offences hereunder and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1525 (Senate Bill No. 628), entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1663 (Senate Bill No. 700), entitled:

An Act to amend the act entitled "An Act authorizing commissioners of public parks within cities of the first class of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire enter upon take use and appropriate farmlands and woodlands adjoining any public park within said cities for park purposes wherever in their opinion such lands shall be necessary for the improvement of said parks and providing that the total acreage of land so taken shall not exceed one thousand acres" approved April twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and three

Mr. ERDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1714 (Senate Bill No. 966), entitled:

An Act amending section one of an act entitled "An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children' approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five providing that married men or women in case of drunkenness or profligacy of husbands or wives may consent to the adoption of their children" approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1613 (Senate Bill No. 821), entitled:

An Act establishing under the Department of Labor and Industry a system of regulation of employers seeking employes and of persons seeking employment and prescribing as incidental thereto certain duties of employers and of county municipal township and school authorities and of agencies procuring employes for others and prescribing penalties

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1620 (Senate Bill No. 820), entitled:

An Act relating through the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the business of assisting employers to obtain employes and persons to secure employment including the business of collecting information to the same end and prescribing penalties

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1684 (Senate Bill No. 1014), entitled:

An Act authorizing the sale by cities of the first class of their bonds to the sinking fund commissioners of such cities without advertisement in certain cases.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1696 (Senate Bill No. 971), entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate and report the increase in the cost of anthracite coal alleged to be due to the tax imposed thereon empowering said commission to issue subpoenas and providing for the attendance of witnesses and the penalty for failure to obey such subpoenas and making an appropriation for the cost and expense of said commission.

Mr. PICKERING, from the Committee on Public Road, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1702 (Senate Bill No. 1068), entitled:

An Act fixing the width of side walks along public highways.

Mr. WILDMAN, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1529 (Senate Bill No. 469), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including the damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as amended by providing for the placing of footwalks curb parking space shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in said streets lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1442 (Senate Bill No. 533), entitled:

An Act to amend sections fifteen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commssioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen"

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1449 (Senate Bill No. 627), entitled:

An Act to amend sections one two and eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1549 (Senate Bill No. 225), entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten (10) and twelve (12) of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the County of City of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to one thousand dollars ($1,000) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims divorce and all habeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve (12) wherever it appears to the word "clerk"

Mr. ERDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as committed, House Hill No. 993 (Senate Bill No. 379), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved foutreenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred sixty-two)

Mr. POWELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Local, reported as amended, House Bill No. 967, entitled:

An Act to provide for the erection, maintenance and regulation of public morgues in every county of this Commonwealth having a population of at least one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants.

Mr. BARNETT, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1630, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred four, entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a House for the employment and support of the poor in the County of York," by regulating the term and election of directors of the poor.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended House Bill No. 1087, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide for the pay and mileage of coroners for viewing a dead body where no inquest is held"

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1543 (Senate Bill No. 286), entitled:

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties with half pay under certain conditions during the remainder of their lives except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement.

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 904, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution of the House of Representatives, as follows:

In the House of Representatives, May 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 326, entitled: "An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety"

which was recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment, be returned to the Governor without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 586:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 7, after the word "Seven" by inserting the words "which reads"; also in line 8, before the word "if" insert the following "Section 15"; also in line 28, before the word "if" insert "Section 15"; also in line 40 after the word "register" insert the following "subject to the approval control and direction of the Attorney General"; also in line 42, after the word "county" insert the following "who shall be subject to the direction and control of the Attorney General"

On the question?

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. G.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass.
Gompers.
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers.
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaffer,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled, as follows:

House Bill No. 1175.

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne county to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, by striking out, line 12 the following "Said suit or suits shall be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence and appeal as other suits brought in the said court are subject" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipsehutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell.
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber.
Showalter,
Sinclair.
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Williard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Eby,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has non-concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act relating to motion-pictures films reels or steropticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other-like advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House adhere to the amendments non-concurred in by the Senate.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments of the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 732, entitled:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are game fish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen may be clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food-fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments of the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments of the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act creating a fund for the purpose of rebuilding restoring and replacing buildings structures euqipment or other property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania damaged or destroyed by fire or other casualty and regulating the placing of insurance thereon and providing penalties for any violation of the provisions of this act

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments of the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Philadelphia county the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by and paid by him to the treasurer of the City and County of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments of the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk in the Department of Mines

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments of the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments of the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 654, entitled:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Maude Watts his wife residents of the borough of Millersburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments of the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 282, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

SENATE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 723,

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 925,

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employs in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each

House Bill No. 1192 (Senate Bill No. 874).

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one by designating the counties of Cameron and Elk as the twenty-fifth district and attaching the County of Clinton to the fifty-fifth district

House Bill No. 1128,

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House Bill No. 1334,

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 1480,

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the chief clerk of his department to do certain official acts" by authorizing the Auditor General to empower certain other employes of his department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate

House Bill No. 1213,

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations of appointments on such boards of visitation

House Bill No. 1406.

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused

House Bill No. 727.

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

RESOLUTION NO. 18.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Senate Resolution No. 18, File Folio 8249.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the resolution.

The Clerk read the resolution as follows:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 18.

For the appointment of a commission to investigate and report to the next session of the Legislature all matters pertaining to the construction of a ship canal across the State of New Jersey and connecting the port of Philadelphia with the Atlantic Ocean and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission

Whereas The suggestion has been made by members of the Board of Strategy of the Navy Department of the United States that a ship canal across New Jersey connecting the port of Philadelphia with the Atlantic Ocean would make the Philadelphia Navy Yard the greatest naval station in the world and

Whereas Such a ship canal of the width and depth of the Panama Canal would increase greatly the commercial and manufacturing prosperity of the State of Pennsylvania therefore be it

Resolved (if the House concurs) That a committee of six members of the General Assembly be appointed three to be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate and three by the Speaker of the House of Representatives to investigate and to rport at the next session of the General Assembly their findings upon the following questions

1 The feasibility and advisability of a ship canal across New Jersey
2 The route of such a canal
3 The total cost of its construction
4 The share that should be borne by the State of Pennsylvania provided that the actual expenses incurred by the committee in this investigation shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) which shall be provided for in the general appropriation bill

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT BILL.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I move that Senate Bill No. 160 (House Bill No. 1624), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as said act now stands as heretofore amended by acts of Assembly approved on the twentieth day of April eighteen hundred and ninety-nine (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-five) the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and fifty-nine) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and sixty-three) the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and twenty) and the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty)

be recommitted to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the nays had it.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, the reason for asking to have this bill recommitted is that there are ten errors in the printing of the bill. It was suggested from the transcribing room that they could be corrected to advantage in the committee and that it would be difficult to correct them on the floor of the House. In addition to that the bituminous code has passed the Senate and has come to the Committee of the House.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order. This matter is not before the House. The Chair has rendered his decision.

The SPEAKER. The Chair did not render his decision. He said "The Nays appear to have it."

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I call for a division.

Whereupon, a division was taken, 46 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and 60 in the negative, the motion was not agreed to.

HOUSE BILL NO. 554 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 554, File Folio 5037, entitled:

An Act to provide a standard form of policy contract to be issued by fire insurance companies transacting business in Pennsylvania designating the provisions thereof exempting certain policies and prescribing penalties for any violations

be made a special order on Final Passage for Tuesday, May 11th, at 12:00 o'clock.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1581 (Senate Bill No. 652), as follows:

An Act to amend the sixth eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationary supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the state government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings defining the powers of the Commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same" which reads as follows

"Section 6 The superintendent shall receive from the contract or contractors the articles mentioned in the schedule It shall be his duty to reject all articles not up to the standard required and if a contractor shall fail to exchange them for articles that meet the requirements prescribed the Board may go in to the open market and purchase articles to take the place of those adjudged to be of inferior quality and deduct the expense from the amount due him from the Commonwealth or if the amount due said contractor be not sufficient to pay for the articles purchased the Board may proceed against the contractor or his sureties under the bond aforesaid by proper action through the Attorney General's Department Provided That in all cases it shall be the duty of the Auditor General to withhold from the contractor the warrant for one-fourth part of the entire contract until the superintendent shall certify that the contract has been fully complied with" is amended to read as follows

Section 6 The superintendent shall receive from the contractor or contractors the articles mentioned in the schedule It shall be his duty to reject all articles not up to the standard required and if a contractor shall fail to exchange them for articles that meet the requirements prescribed the Board may go into the open market and purchase articles to take the place of those adjudged to be of inferior quality and deduct the expense from the amount due him from the

Commonwealth or if the amount due said contractor be not sufficient to pay for the articles purchased the Board may proceed against the contractor or his sureties under the bond aforesaid by proper action through the Attorney General's Department Articles must be furnished promptly as ordered On the failure of the contractor to deliver any article within a reasonable time after it is ordered and of satisfactory quality the right is reserved by the Board to purchase such articles in the open market or to declare the contract forfeited and if a greater price than that of the contract be paid for such articles the difference in the total amount of the purchase will be charged to the contractor and the sureties on the bond Provided That in all cases where a lump sum contract containing a provision for a partial payments on account of materials delivered and work done is entered into by the Board a percentage to be fixed by the Board of the amount due as set forth in the contract shall be withheld from the contractor by the Auditor General until the superintendent shall certify that the contract has been fully complied with

Section 2 The eighth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide suitable storage rooms for the furniture stationery and supplies that may be procured and shall also provide proper offices for the superintendent and his clerks and shall cause the same to be supplied with suitable furniture Whenever the heads of the departments the executive officers of the State boards and commissions and the chief clerks aforesaid shall require any portion of the furniture stationery or supplies named in their original lists a requisition therefor shall be made upon the superintendent who shall cause the articles to be delivered taking proper receipt therefor" is amended to read as follows

Section 8 The Board of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide suitable storage rooms for the furniture stationery and supplies that may be procured and shall also provide proper offices for the Superintendent and subordinate officers and shall cause the same to be supplied with suitable furniture Whenever the heads of departments the executive officers of the State boards and commissions and the chief clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives shall require any portion of the stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings repairs alterations improvements and other matters or things appearing in the annual schedule for which contracts have been awarded by the Board a requisition giving number and description of the item needed shall be made on the superintendent who shall cause the article to be delivered taking proper receipt therefor

Section 3 The eleventh section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 11 All bids on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the superintendent and if found correct he shall certify that the materials have been furnished or that the work or labor has been performed in accordance with the contract and after having been so certified to by him shall be presented to the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings for their examination and approval and when so approved shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in the usual form" is amended to read as follows

Section 11 All bills on account of contracts entered into under the provisions of this act shall be examined by the Superintendent and if found correct he shall certify that the materials have been furnished or that the work or labor has been performed in accordance with the contract and after having been so certified to by him shall be approved by the Executive Controller and when so approved shall be audited settled and paid by the Auditor General and State Treasurer in the manner provided by law

Section 4 The sixteenth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 16 That for the purpose of making purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the Superintendent the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby annually appropriated which amount shall be known as the Board's general fund Provided That no expenditure of said amount shall be made by the Superintendent without first receiving authority from the Board so to do Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the Board" is amended to read as follows

Section 16 That for the purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the Superintendent such sum as may be appropriated by the General Assembly in the general appropriation bill which appropriation shall be known as the Board's general fund Provided That no expenditure from said fund shall be made by the Superintendent without first receiving authority from the Board so to do and Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the Board and Provided also That in awarding contracts under this schedule proposals for such contracts shall be invited by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings in such manner and at such times as the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings in their discretion may direct

Section 5 The seventeenth section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 17 That nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the contracts for State printing and binding or supplies for the State printing or for the Legislative Record or Record wrappers" is amended to read as follows

Section 17 That nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the contracts for State printing and binding and the distribution of public documents or supplies for the State printing or for the Legislative Record or Record wrappers

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—163.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds.
Drinkhouse,
Eby.
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans.
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman.
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler.
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty.
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney.
Rothenberger.
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

TIME EXTENDED ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1469.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the time on House Bill No. 1469, File Folio 6661, entitled:

An Act to amend section two thousand two hundred and twenty-nine of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

on page 8 of today's calendar be extended five days.

Mr. MARVIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 351, as follows:

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all records of criminal actions against juveniles under the age of sixteen shall be entered in each county in a special docket only to be kept for that purpose exclusively Such docket shall not be open to public inspection and the records therein shall not be used in any subsequent proceeding against any such offender who is defendant therein

Section 2 Such docket shall be furnished by the juvenile court of each county at the expense of the county and shall be in such form as the court shall direct The docket shall be kept by a probation officer or some other person appointed by the court The court shall direct the manner in which such docket shall be kept and fix the fees and expenses in connection therewith

Section 3 All magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace shall hereafter without hearing discharge all juveniles under the age of sixteen or make return of all cases against such juveniles directly to the probation officer or person in charge of juvenile offenders in the county No record of any case against any such juvenile offender and no record of any such return shall be kept by any committing magistrate alderman or justice of the peace All such returns shall be entered in a docket provided for in section one

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Body,
Brosius,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans.
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Horton,
Howarth,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Luppert,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter.
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1096 (Senate Bill No. 291), as follows:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no female shall be employed or permitted to work inor in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant more than sixty-three hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day The term "week" when used in this act shall mean any seven consecutive days and the term "day" shall mean any twenty-four consecutive hours

Section 2 No female under twenty-one years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant before the hour of six o'clock in the morning or after the hour of nine o'clock in the evening of any day

Section 3 No female shall be employed or permitted to work for more than six hours continuously in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant without an interval of at least forty-five minutes and no period of less than forty-five minutes shall be deemed to interrupt a continuous period of work Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant for less than eight hours in any one day the interval between working periods may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Section 4 Every person employing or permitting females to work in any hotel boarding house or restaurant shall provide suitable wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies for their use so located as to be accessible to such females In any hotels boarding house or restaurant in which males and females shall be employed or permitted to work separate wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies shall be provided for each sex and such wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies shall be entirely separate from those provided for the other sex All water-closets or privies shall be properly lighted and shall be separated from the rooms in which employes shall be permitted to work by partitions extending from floor to ceiling and the compartments containing such water-closets or privies shall have sufficient direct outside ventilation by window or other means All water-closets or privies shall at all times be kept clean sanitary and free from obscene writing or marking

Section 5 Every person employing or permitting any female to work in any hotel boarding house or restaurant shall keep posted in a conspicuous place a printed abstract of the provisions of this act and a schedule of the hours of labor of such female

Section 6 No person shall hinder or delay the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or any of his deputies in the performance of his duties in the enforcement of this act or refuse to admit or lock out any inspector from any place while females are employed therein and which said inspector shall be authorized to inspect or refuse to give any inspector information required for the proper enforcement of this act

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and his deputies to enforce all the provisions of this act They shall visit and inspect hotels boarding houses and restaurants and shall have power at any reasonable time to visit and inspect any hotel boarding house or restaurant in or in connection with which any female shall be employed or permitted to work They shall investigate all complaints of violations of this act received by them and shall institute prosecutions for violations of the provisions thereof

Section 8 All prosecutions for violation of this act shall be instituted by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or his deputy before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace who shall issue a summons commanding the person charged with the violation of the act to appear within not less than five nor more than eight days Upon conviction after hearing the penalties in this act shall be imposed and shall be final unless an appeal be taken to the court of proper jurisdiction within twenty days after the imposition of the penalties aforesaid in the manner already provided by law in appeals from penalties

Section 9 Any person who whether by himself or for another or through an agent servant or foreman shall violate any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor Upon conviction for a wilful violation of any provision of this act he shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than ten dollars or more than fifty dollars for a second or subsequent offense by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars or more than one hundred dollars at the discretion of the court and whenever any person shall have been notified by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or his deputy or by the service of a summons in a prosecution that he is violating such provision he shall be punished by like penalties in addition for each and every day that such violation shall have continued after such notification

Section 10 All fines imposed and collected for any violation of this act shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry who shall pay the same into the office of the State Treasurer for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 11. This act shall not apply to establishments maintained or conducted by religious, charitable, and educational institutions.

Section 12 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill aims to amend the Woman's Labor Bill. The title of the bill says, "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels, boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employement." This bill, the title of it, would lead one to believe that it aimed to better or improve the conditions of women who work in hotels, boarding houses and restaurants, but when you read the bill, the bill provides that the working week of a woman in a hotel, restaurant or boarding house shall be 63 hours a week and no more than 7 days in any one week. I do not see how they are going to make her work any more than that. They are very modest, they want all of that week there is. Seven days a week in any one week and 63 hours a week total! It may be of interest to some of you to know that the present labor law affecting women workers provides that a working week shall consist of 54 hours and six days in any one week. The law that prevailed prior to 1848 was no more drastic, than this one, proposed in this bill. In 1848 a law was enacted providing that 60 hours should constitute a week's work for women workers in the State. This act would take us back to the dark ages, as it were, back beyond the period of 1848, but it only provides, understand, that this particular bill that is before us to-night shall apply to women workers in hotels, restaurants and boarding houses. It provides further that if any of these employers of women in any of these establishments violate this particular act they shall be subject to a fine at no time, under no conditions, to exceed one hundred dollars. The other law which to-day still exists and which affects manufacturers employing women and merchants employing women and all other classes of employment which employ women, the provision therein is that anyone violating that particular part of the act, which means 54 hours a week and six days a week shall be subject to two hundred dollars fine and imprisonment if necessary if the crime warrants conviction. Now hotel keepers say they only want one hundred dollars fine and no penalty of imprisonment on conviction. I fail to understand why these people should be picked out as pets, or the pets of society, what particular benefit or greater benefit are they to the Commonwealth than the employers of women in our industries? Why this discrimination in favor of the hotel people and restaurant keepers, who in the main pay very little for their hired help; whose hired help is in the main supported by tips and every one of us here knows that is the fact, and it is these people they are working seven days a week? If this bill should pass and stand the scrutiny of the courts which it will not, it in the first place is glaringly unconstitutional and would not stand in any court I am sure, yet why pass an act that is so glaringly in contradiction with the Constitution? Why punish the Commonwealth with long court proceedings on something that is so glaring as this by passing it. Gentlemen, in conclusion, I merely want to say this: Some speakers may get up here to-night who favor this bill and tell you that the working women want it. Now I am here to tell you that I am in pretty close touch with the working women of this State and know them perhaps better than most of us. I have not had a single woman employed in a single hotel, restaurant or boarding house to tell me that she was opposed to the present law which provides for 54 hours and six days a week. Not a single woman has told me she liked to work more than this. I tell you gentlemen if any one takes the floor after I am through and tries to show you what a benefit it will be to the poor woman who would like to work seven days a week. I am here to tell you that no woman or man wants to work seven days a week. Such a creature needs a caretaker. There is something wrong with him and it is the duty of society to take care of such unfortunates. I have had plenty of women to write me and come to my office, and to meet me in the various organizations that I visit throughout the State, and express their thanks and their gratification to the Legislature for passing the Act of 1913 giving them a chance to live, giving them a chance to be on earth like they should have.

What kind of an existence does any one have who must work every day, Sundays and holidays, from one end of the year to the other? No time for social recreations; no time for physical or mental development on the level but working like the galley slave. Are we going, at this age, in the twentieth century, to pass an act like that? I don't believe you will, gentlemen.

I have attended the commission that sat in Pittsburgh, that sat in Philadelphia, and that sat in Harrisburg. We have had members of the Department of Labor and Industry and hotel men attend those hearings. I have been there when the hotel men were there and the park men and the restaurant keepers and when this bill came in it was a surprise to me because when this commission sat in Pittsburgh and in Philadelphia the hotel men said that in the beginning it had worked a hardship, but they had arranged their affairs so that they felt satisfied they can get along. They may show you to-night that at the Bellevue-Stratford it has cost them a couple of thousand dollars a year more in wages. If it has, who pays it? The patrons of that hotel pay that and so does any man who wants to pay the price to stop at the Bellevue-Stratford and have servants wait on him who work seven days in the week at the price he pays for his accommodation.

Now Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, I hope that you will vote this bill down and let the women enjoy the present act, which provides for six days a week and fifty-four hours a week. Sometime ago I had a fish bill in this House legalizing fishing on Sunday, and some of the gentlemen said: No; that is ungodly; that is unchristian-like; that conflicts with the Ten Commondments to have such an act passed, they said, because the sabbath day thou shalt keep holy; and yet here is a bill by the hotel men asking us that the women shall not keep the sabbath. Down with it.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it is unnecessary for me to remind this Assembly that I have stood by the laboring men in my two terms of experience in this House. I come from a district where perhaps eighty-five to ninety per cent. of my constituents belong to some of the labor unions and I am proud of the fact that I have voted with them on every occasion in my two terms in this House; in fact, I am attorney for a good many of them.

Now, last session, after I got home from this Assembly, I was accosted by some of the hotel keepers and by some of the help where I eat my meals and particularly in one hotel where I go steadily to get my dinners. One of the ladies who has been in charge of the dining-room service for over thirteen years, when I stopped in that hotel on week-ends would ask me how this bill was getting on; and every one of those young women, many of them coming out of very fine families, whenever they waited on me would ask me how this bill is getting on; and they have gone so far from the other hotels as to come into the office and ask about it. Now I have the greatest desire to protect the children. I have voted for all of the Child Labor bills. I have voted for the Workmen's Compensation bills; but I tell you that it is impossible to frame any sort of legislation so ironclad that we must not give or take in any line of industry. It cannot be done. It will in the end, if we hew strictly to the line, work irreparable injury to certain classes of people. Why, I have had some of that kind of help which I spoke about come to me and tell me that there were certain occasions when they desired to work a few hours over time, and, by the way, here is a little illustration. There were six young ladies in one dining-room service in the City of Erie—I am giving this as a practical illustration, because I have talked with them and know the facts. One young woman became ill and was sent to the hospital. Immediately the other five went to the proprietor of the hotel and asked for permission that they might take relays, one at a time, and work for this young woman and fill her position so that she might hold her job when she became better and could come back. An inspector from the Department of Labor and Industry here was in Erie at the time and he happened to come to the hotel and was consulted. Those ladies were all of mature age. I do not say twenty-one years of age, but all were large girls from eighteen to nineteen, or at least seventeen years of age, and the head waitress and the proprietor and this inspector from the Department of Labor were obliged to refuse them that privilege. The proprietor had to go out and advertise in the newspaper for some one to come in to take this young woman's place. Now in the case of the small summer resorts which are only open for a few months a year, much of the female help that comes to those summer resorts, whether they come as waitresses or chambermaids or cooks or dish washers or anything you may term it, go out there, nine out of ten, for a little vacation, and they earn their livelihood and they earn their keep at the hotels and at nearly all of these boarding places, working only a few hours a day, to give themselves this recreation. I was born on a farm and you hear people speaking about being brought up in the country. I have seen the time when I was delighted if I had the opportunity by a little extra work and overtime to make enough to get through boarding school, and I know the time when I worked twelve hours a day for fifty cents a day and I think I have as much muscular energy in my body now as if I sat around and tried to shirk work a part of the time. I do not say that we should compel the children to be at the mercy of a manufacturer. There are some industries on which we need legislation. The Child Labor Bill of my friend, Mr. Cox, was a meritorious measure, and I supported it and I will support it if it be vetoed, but I know it will not. I will support, so long as I am in this Assembly, that kind of legislation, and vote for the labor union and the men that toil and the women that toil. This is the first time in my two years here that I have arisen in my place to take issue with some of the people who are back of the opposition against this bill. The hotel proprietors are as anxious to protect their help and to have efficient servants and give the people something for their money, as we are to protect the girl who works in the factory or shop, and, as I say, I don't want to accuse any one of you, but I have given this bill some little consideration, and, honestly, sir, I think that we ought to pass it.

Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I feel that I should say something on this bill. It is a meritorious bill. I am in position to tell you the facts as a commercial salesman. All over this State the hotel people tell us, and the women and the ladies of the dining-room, that they want this bill. I have been in charge of a summer resort in the summer time for the last few years employing about thirty-five help and they are off over three hours in the forenoon and three hours in the afternoon, but the law as it stands today says six days, and when the day comes which is known as the Sabbath day, you cannot get extra help, and these same ladies who come there for the summer want to and ask to do the work on that Sabbath day, which is the seventh day. Now, what are we going to do? Get extra help? Impossible. Teherefore, this bill is no hardship at all upon this kind of help, and I hope that you will pass this measure.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—114.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hubler,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Myers,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Walter,
West,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—43.

Baker,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Coldsmith,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Evans
Graham,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Lanius,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Maurer,
McClintock,
Metzenbacher,
Murphy,
Palmer,
Powell,
Reel,
Rich,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Snyder,
Sones,
Thomas,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wynne,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 746, as follows:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within the Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and seventy-four prohibiting magistrates aldermen or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offenses dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respective homes and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no magistrate alderman or justice of the peace shall sentence commit or hold for trial any dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child under the age of sixteen years but in all cases in which any such child shall be charged with any offense before such magistrate alderman or justice of the peace he shall give such child into the custody of a probation officer of the proper juvenile court the duty of which officer shall be to thereupon petition the said court setting forth the facts in the case whereupon such court shall take such action agreeably to existing law as it deems proper and if upon the hearing such court shall be of the opinion that the offence charged is of such a character that the case of the delinquent should be disposed of by a court of criminal jurisdiction it shall be the duty of such court to return same to the care of the court of quarter sessions and the delinquent proceeded against as in other cases in which there is a binding over to said court by committing magistrates

Section 2 Whenever the jurisdiction of a juvenile court shall attach to any dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child the said jurisdiction shall continue notwithstanding that the child may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of the court with the same force and effect and for the same length of time as if the said child had continued to reside within the said territorial limits

Section 3 Whenever any dependent child under the age of sixteen years brought before any juvenile court shall have a mother maintaining a home the court may in its discretion commit such child to the custody of its mother under the supervision of said court and make an order upon the proper county for such sum for its maintenance payable to the mother as the court may direct which order shall thereupon be paid by the said county unless such county shall have a mothers' pension fund in operation in which case the court shall refer the dependent child for the consideration of the trustees of the mothers pension fund of said county In all such cases such mother shall make a monthly report of the condition and behavior of such child to a probation officer of such court in such form as the court may prescribe which officer shall make a report to the court once in three months upon a form similarly prescribed

Section 4 Whenever there is any question in the mind of the court as to whether or not a child brought before a juvenile court is defective the said court may appoint a medical expert to examine the child and report whether it is in fact defective or not the expense of which examination and report shall be paid by the proper county on the order of said court

On the question?

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Fackler,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Linschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

McClintock,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bil No. 404.

"An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law relating to boroughs"

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title by striking out title and inserting the following: "Providing a system of government for boroughs, and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs."

In Article 1, chapter 2, section 4, line 13, after the word "applicants" insert the following: "who shall also pay all other expenses and costs in connection therewith."

In chapter 2, article 2, section 2, after the word "borough" in line 49, add the following:

(f) All costs and expenses incurred in such consolidation or proposed consolidation except those incurred in any general election at which the question of consolidation is submitted shall be paid by the consolidated borough if such consolidation takes place and if not such costs and expenses shall be paid in equal shares by each of the boroughs proposing to consolidate."

In article 3, add the following as section 6:

Section 6 All costs and expenses incurred in any proceedings under this article to re-establish a borough except the costs and expenses of the election shall be paid by the re-established borough if such re-establishment is made and if not then such costs and expenses shall be paid by the petitioners."

In article 4, section 2, line 13, strike out the following: "at the expense of the petitioners" and add "The costs and expenses of the proceedings for the division of a borough shall be paid by the new borough if there be one and if not then by the petitioners."

In article 5, section 3, after the word "applicants" in line 15, add the following: "who shall pay all other expenses and costs in connection with said application."

In chapter 3, article 1, section 6, line 11, after the word "petitioners" add the following: "who shall pay all other expenses and costs in connection with said petition and decree." In section 12, line 9, after the word "petitioners" add the following: "who shall pay all other expenses and costs in connection with said petition and decree." Add the following as section 26: "All costs and expenses in proceedings for the annexation of territory on petition to council or in proceedings for the change of borough limits by the detachment of territory shall be paid by the petitioners for such ennexation or detachment."

In article 2, section 5, line 5, after the word "traveled" strike out the following "to be paid by the county." In section 6, line 4, after the word expense insert "of establishing said boundary and the placing of said monuments; also in line 5, strike out the word "thereof."

In article 8, section 5, line 5, after the word "petition" add the following: "And other costs and expenses incurred in the erection division or alteration of wards shall be paid by the petitioners without liability upon the county."

In chapter 4, article 1, section 12, line 5, after the word "borough" add the following: "The costs of the proceedings shall be paid by the borough re-established." Also in section 16, line 6, after the word "collected" add the following: "The costs and expenses of the proceedings shall be paid as the court shall direct." Also in section 19, line 4, after the word "interest" add the following: "The costs and expenses of the proceedings shall be paid as the court shall direct."

In Chapter 5, article 1, section 2, line 23, strike out the following: "at an expense not exceeding twenty dollars," also in line 69, strike out the word "combustible" and insert the word "non-combustible."

In chapter 6, article 2, section 1, line 11, after the word "works" insert the words "filtration plants"; also in section 2, insert at the beginning of the section the following: "Except as is in this act otherwise provided"; also in section 4, at the beginning of the section insert the following: "Except when otherwise in this act provided"; also in section 4, line 4, after the word "county" insert "and by handbills posted upon the premises or otherwise as the court shall direct"; also in section 4, line 7, by striking out the following: "and by handbills posted upon the premises or otherwise as the court shall direct." Also in section 14, by inserting at the beginning of the section the following: "Except when in this act otherwise provided"; also in section 34, line 4, by striking out "and within thirty days after the filing of the report of the viewers."

In article 4, section 9, line 10, by striking out the word "sixty" and inserting the word "thirty."

In article 7, section 6. line 7, by striking out the word "sixty" and inserting the word "thirty"; also in section 7, line 1, by striking out "sixty" and inserting "thirty." Also in section 10, line 13, by striking out "sixty" and inserting "thirty"; also in section 11, line 1, by striking out "sixty" and inserting "thirty"; also in section 14, line 4, by striking out "thirty" and inserting the words "twenty-eight." Also by striking out the first subheading designated "(d) Grading Paving Curbing Macadamizing Connecting Streets." Also by striking out the letter "e" in the brackets and inserting the following "(d)." Also in section 25, line 29, by striking out "councils" and inserting "council"; also in line 37, by striking out "councils" and inserting "council."

In article 8, section 8, line 2, strike out "secretary" and insert "treasurer."

In article 9, strike out all of section, and insert in lieu thereof the following as section 1:

"Section 1 Every borough constructing a highway across a railroad shall construct the same above or below the grade thereof unless permitted by the Public Service Commission to construct the same at grade."

Strike out all of section 2, and insert the following as section 2:

"Section 2 Any such crossing of a railroad by a highway or any vacation of any highway crossing a railroad shall be constructed only in the manner prescribed by and under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission The compensation for damages to the owners of adjacent property taken injured or destroyed shall be ascertained fixed and paid in the manner prescribed in the Public Service Company law"

Strike out all of sections three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve.

In article 16, section 10, line 4, strike out "and within thirty days after the filing of the report of viewers."

In article 17, section 7, line 1, after "or" insert "any corporation organized subsequent to the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven;" also in line 3 strike out "corporation;" also in section 8, after the word "therewith" insert "and the contracts or agreements with municipalities or townships."

In article 18, section 1, line 6, after "land" insert "heretofore;" also in line 7, after "use" insert or other use" and strike out "prior to the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one;" also in line 9, after "dedicated" insert "and also lands where the title is defective disputed or doubtful."

Strike out all of sections three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, and insert the following:

"Section 3 Whenever the municipal authorities desire to acquire enter upon take use and appropriate any such private property or lands for any of such purposes they shall declare such intention by an ordinance duly enacted

Section 4 The compensation and damages arising from such taking using and appropriating of private property for the purposes aforesaid shall be considered ascertained determined awarded and paid in the manner hereinafter provided

Section 5 In cases where the municipal authorities and the owner or owners thereof cannot agree as to the price or damages to be paid or where land is held by any borough and the title of the borough is disputed by one or more claimants or where any claimant or owner or owners are unknown or where there are two or more owners or claimants and one or more of said owners or claimants are known and reside within the county within which the borough is situate and any other owner or owners or claimants are unknown or do not reside within the said county and in cases where the title to the real estate to be taken used and appropriated as aforesaid is defective disputed or doubtful or any of the persons owning claiming or interested in said real estate are absent not of full age of unsound mind or from any cause cannot be bargained with and after the enactment of an ordinance as aforesaid declaring the intention of the borough to take use and appropriate any such real estate the borough shall present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county where the real estate to be taken is situated or to any judge thereof in vacation setting forth the facts and said petition of the borough shall state who the owner or owners or claimants of said real estate are if known together with their residence and address if the same can be ascertained or if the owners or claimants of said lands are unknown said petition shall state that the officers who make oath to the truth of the facts set forth in said petition have inquired of the tax assessor of the ward or borough in which said lands are situated as well as of three reputable and disinterested freeholders who reside in the vicinity of said lands as to who the owners or claimants of said real estate are and said petition shall be verified by the affidavit of either the burgess or the president of the council of the petitioning borough and upon presentation of such petition said court or judge thereof shall direct the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount to be fixed and approved by said court or in vacation by a judge thereof for the use of those entitled to damages for said taking and appropriation the condition of which bond shall be that the borough shall pay or cause to be paid to any person or persons such amount of damages as he or they shall have suffered by reason of such taking and appropriation after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided by this article

Section 6 Where any owner or owners or claimants or the persons claiming or entitled to damages are known and reside within the county where said real estate is situated or are absent from said county but have a known agent or attorney residing within said county or are under legal disability but have a guardian or committee within said county or are a corporation and have an agent or officer residing within said county the borough shall serve upon said owners attorneys officers or agents guardians and committees as the case may be a copy of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond together with notice that said bond has been filed Where minors have no guardians and lunatics or persons of unsound or feeble mind have no guardian or committees the said court or a judge thereof in vacation shall have power to appoint a guardian or committee ad litem and direct that said petition order and notice and all other notices required by this article shall be served upon them As to all other persons who may be interested or claim to be interested in said real estate the said court or said judge thereof in vacation shall upon the filing of said bond direct such notice to be given by publication in at least two newspapers of the county in which said real estate is situated as the said court shall deem proper provided that said notice shall be so published at least twenty days prior to the limit of the time for filing exceptions and shall state the time within which such exceptions may be filed and if no exceptions are filed to said bond within ten days after service of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond by persons upon whom the same are served or by other persons on or before the day fixed in said published notices as the case may be the court shall approve said bond The said court shall have power to increase the amount of said bond and to hear and determine all exceptions that may be filed against the approval thereof

Section 7 Upon the approval of said bond the municipal authorities may enter upon and take said lands for the purposes expressed in this article and take hold use and enjoy said lands thereafter forever and the title of said borough to the lands shall be in fee simple The bond shall remain on file for the use of any person or persons who may be legally entitled to damages by reason of the taking of said lands The damages which may be recovered by the condition of the bond shall not be more than the fair market value of the land at the time of such entry and taking by the borough

Section 8 In case the damages for said taking and appropriation have not for any reason been agreed upon between the borough and the owners of said land the court of common pleas of the county or any judges thereof in vacation upon application thereto by a petition of the borough or any person interested shall appoint three members of the board of viewers as a board of view and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter and said board of view shall meet upon the premises or lands taken or appropriated and view the same and the premises affected thereby The board of view shall give or cause to be given at least ten days' notice of said meeting to the owner or owners of the said lands taken if it appears by the petition filed for the order directing the filing of a bond as aforesaid or by exceptions filed to said bond that said owner or owners reside within the county where said real estate is situated and can be found which notice shall be served in the same manner as provided in section six of this article for the service of the petition and order directing the filing of a bond Where any owner owners or persons interested are unknown or do not reside within the county where said real estate is situated or where service of such notice can not be made upon a proper person or persons within the county as provided for the service of the petition and order for the filing of the bond as provided in section six herein such notice shall be given in at least two newspapers of general circulation printed and published in the proper borough or county not less than ten days prior to said meeting and they shall give such other or further notice as the court shall direct

Section 9 The proceedings before such viewers for the assessment of damages for property taken injured or destroyed the powers and duties of the viewers with reference to such proceedings and the proceedings on the report of the viewers shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Also in section 24, line 1, strike out the word "article" and insert the word "act."

In article 19, section 1, line 8, strike out the word "to."

In chapter 7, article 1, add the following as section 17:

"Section 17 Where in the conduct of its business a borough has received the benefits of services performed in good faith and the charges therefor are considered reasonable by the council or where there is a moral obligation on the part of the borough to pay for services rendered the council of the borough may pay to the person officer or employe the amount in question or any proportion thereof."

In article 2, section 10, line 7, strike out the word "criminal."

In article 3, section 1, line 8, strike out the word "he" and insert the words "The high constable."

In article 4, section 3, line 5, strike out the word "they" and insert the word "They." In section 15, line 2, strike out the words "for each" and insert the words "of eight hours for each such"; also in line 3, strike out the word "udties" and insert the word "duties."

In article 5, section 11, after the word "article" insert the following: "When any borough accepts the provisions of this article the court of quarter sessions upon petition of council shall appoint a controller to hold office until the first Monday of January next succeeding the next municipal election at which a controller may be elected under the provisions of this act."

In article 6, section 10, line 7, after the word "sixteen" insert the following: "and all borough solicitors holding office at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteen shall continue to hold their office until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteen." Also in section 24, line 2, strike out the words "twenty-two" and insert the words "twenty-one." Also in section 25, line 4, strike out the first word "funds."

In chapter 13, line 2017, after the word "act" add the following: "Nothing in this act shall be construed to repeal any of the provisions of the Public Service Company Law."

On the question?

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I am the sponsor of this bill, known as the Borough Code. I have examined the amendments made by the Senate, and I find them to be satisfactory.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Beck,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,

Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H I.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. WOODWARD asked and received unanimous consent to report a bill from Committee at this time.

Mr. WOODWARD, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 642, entitled:

An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the executive, judicial and legislative departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years begining June first, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 153 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. GIBSON offered the following concurrent resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

In the House of Representatives, May 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 153, File Folio 3847, entitled "An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture, preparation, handling, storage, sale, transportation and possession of meat and meat food products, prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1279, as follows:

An Act providing for the establishment of a board of recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities in cities of the second and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there shall be esetablished in the cities of the second and third classes boroughs and townships of the first class a board of recreation

Members and Terms of Members

Section 2 (1) The board of recreation shall consist of five (5) members the assistant superintendent in charge of physical education in the public schools of the district in which the said cities boroughs or townships are situated shall be a member of that board of recreation and in addition thereto the members shall be

(a) In the cities of the second class the mayor the director of the department of public health and charities and two (2) resident citizens who shall be appointed by the mayor

(b) In cities of the third class the mayor the superintendent of the department of parks and public property and two (2) resident citizens who shall be appointed by the mayor

(c) In the boroughs the burgess and three (3) resident citizens who shall be appointed by the burgess

(d) In the townships of the first class the chairman of the board of commissioners and three (3) resident citizens who shall be appointed by the chairman of the board of commissioners

(2) The members appointed shall serve for a term of three (3) years from the date of their appointment except in case of appointment to fill vacancies during the term which shall be for the unexpired term

(3) All appointees may be removed by and at the pleasure of

(a) The mayor in the cities of the first and second and third class

(b) The burgess in the boroughs

(c) The chairman of the board of commissioners in the townships of the first class

Organization

Section 3 (1) The members of the board of recreation shall serve without compensation and from their own numbers shall elect a president secretary and other necessary officers to serve for one (1) year or until their successors are elected and qualified

(2) The board of recreation shall have power to adopt rules of procedure and prescribe regulations for the conduct of all business within its jurisdiction Three (3) members shall constitute a quorum The president shall have power to sign all warrants and perform such other executive duties for the board of recreation as it shall authorize him to perform

Supervision and Charge of Playgrounds Et Cetera

Section 4 (1) The board of recreation shall have power

(a) To create organize manage and supervise the various playgrounds recreation centers public floating baths bathing grounds and recreation piers which are established or which may be authorized by such cities boroughs or townships or donated by private individuals or associations and accepted by such cities boroughs or townships

(b) To plan and recommend by regular reports to the city borough or township governments and after appropriate action by such government to create and develop an adequate and complete system of playgrounds and recreation-centers and related activities

(2) The board of recreation shall also care for conduct manage and supervise such public bath houses and related activities as may form constituent parts of or be used in connection with or be used as auxiliary to a recreation center

Section 5 The said cities boroughs and townships may by ordinance transfer to the jurisdiction of the board of recreation any parkways grounds or other properties adaptable for recreation purposes or portions of such parks parkways grounds and properties

Section 6 The board of recreation may

(a) On its own initiative take charge of any grounds and the buildings erected thereon the use of which is offered to it temporarily by individuals or corporations for the purpose of using such grounds for public playgrounds and recreation activities

(b) Assume the charge and care of school playgrounds during vacation periods if so requested by resolution of the board of school directors of the district

Section 7 The board of recreation shall annually three (3) months prior to the close of the financial year make a report of its proceedings during the preceding year to the mayors burgesses and chairman of the boards of commissioners respectively with such recommendations for the development of playgrounds and recreation facilities including additions thereto as it may deem advisable

Section 8 This act shall not limit or affect in any way the authorities heretofore conferred by law upon any commission to lay out and improve any public park parkways or grounds in any of the said cities boroughs or townships now under control of such commissions nor shall it restrict in any way the full discretion of any commission in the execution of any trust by deed or will But any such commission may delegate to the board of recreation and the board of recreaiton may accept legal charge of any grounds under the control of such commission to be used for playgrounds and recreation purposes

Appropriations

Section 9 The councils of the said cities and boroughs and the boards of commissioners of the said townships shall appropriate annually the funds they deem necessary for the maintenance and operation of the board of recreation and such additional funds as may be necessary to carry out the purpose of this act

Section 10 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question?

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—112.

Adams,
Albee,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Curry,
Davis,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Evans,
Fackler,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gans,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Hackett,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Love,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
West,
Whitten,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—37.

Alexander,
Beck,
Blackburn,
Brownlee,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Fruit,
Gingery,
Habgood,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Jack,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
McClintock,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Rich,
Robertson,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Walter,
Walton,
Weaver,
Wildman,
Wood,
Woodward,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. WHITTEN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 1319, from page 16 of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1319, as follows:

An Act regulating the term and election of township commissioners in townships of the first class and imposing incidental duties on county commissioners

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That immediately after the approval of this act the county commissioners in each county containing a township of the first class shall officially number consecutively from one upwards the respective election districts in each such township which districts shall thereafter respectively bear such numbers for the purpose of electing township commissioners When any new election district is formed in such township the county commissioners shall officially give it is proper number following consecutively after the last numbered election district

Section 2 At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and quadrennially thereafter the qualified electors in each even numbered election district in such township shall elect one township commissioner who shall serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 3 At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the qualified electors of the add-numbered districts in such township shall elect one township commissioner to serve for a term of two years from the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and quadrennially thereafter the qualified electors in each odd-numbered election district in such township shall elect one township commissioner to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

On the question?

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WHITTEN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 7, by inserting after the word "districts" the following: "Entitled to a Commissioner."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment as read? The Chair hears no objection and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question?

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1280, as follows:

An Act defining physical education providing for the appoint of assistants in physical education defining the qualifications and duties of such assistants and providing for their compensation and the reimbursement by the State to certain school districts

DEFINITION

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following words and phrases as used in this act shall unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context have the following meaning

(a) "Physical education" shall mean organized recreation and play as well as the systematic training of the bodily organs and powers with a view to the promotion of health and vigor

(b) "Physical education department" shall mean a distinctive organization of courses and teachers approved by the State Board of Education designed to give physical education as herein defined

STATE ADMINISTRATION AND SUPERVISION

Section 2 (1) The State Board of Education is hereby authorized and empowered

(a) To aid in the introduction of physical education to assist in the establishment of the physical education departments and to inspect and approve such departments

(b) To make a report annually to the Governor and Legislature describing the condition and progress of physical education and to make such recommendations as it may deem advisable

(2) The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be the executive officer of the State Board of Education for the administration of this act

APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANTS

Section 3 (1) The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall appoint an assistant in physical education and all clerical and other agents necessary to carry out the provisions of this act

(2) Every county superintendent shall appoint an assistant in physical education

(3) Every district superintendent of the first and second classes shall and of the third and fourth classes may appoint an assistant in physical education

(4) The appointment of all assistants in physical education shall be subject to the same regulation as are now or hereafter may be provided by law for the appointment of other assistant superintendents in the public school system

QUALIFICATIONS

Section 4 Only those persons shall be eligible for appointment as assistants under the provisions of this act as shall have had special training in physical education

DUTIES

Section 5 (1) Such assistant to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have general supervision over physical education in all the public and normal schools of the State

(2) Such assistant county and district superintendents appointed under this act shall have subject to the control and authority of such assistant to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction the supervision over physical education within their respective jurisdictions

(3) All assistants in physical education shall be subject to the same duties as now or hereafter may be imposed on other assistant superintendents Provided The duties are not inconsistent with the performance of the duties imposed by this act

COMPENSATION

Section 6 (1) The salary of the assistant to the Superintendent of Public Instruction authorized by this act shall be determined and provided for in the same manner as the salaries of those expert assistants appointed under the provisions of section two paragraph two of an act of May first nineteen hundred thirteen entitled "An act defining vocational education providing for the establishment and regulation of vocational schools and providing for State aid in the maintenance thereof and for the payment of tuition by certain school districts and reimbursement thereof by the State"

(2) The salaries of the assistant county and district superintendents authorized by this act shall be determined and provided for in the same manner as the salaries of other assistant county and district superintendents are authorized respectively in sections one thousand one hundred thirty and one thousand one hundred thirty-five of the school laws of one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for revenue to establish and maintain the same and the methods of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

REIMBURSEMENT

Section 7 (1) Physical education departments if they are approved by the State Board of Education as to organization location control equipment qualification of teachers method of instruction heating lighting ventilation sanitation and any other conditions of the building in respect to health and safety of the pupils and teachers and expenditures of money shall constitute approved physical education departments School districts of the second third and fourth classes maintaining such approved physical education departments shall receive reimbursements as hereinafter provided

(2) The Commonwealth in order to aid in the establishment and maintenance of approved physical education departments shall pay annually from the State Treasury to the said districts an amount equal to two-thirds the sum which has been expended during the previous school year by the said school districts for the instruction in physical education which is necessary for the proper application of this act Provided No one school district shall receive more than five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) in any one year

(3) On or before the first Wednesday of January of any year in which the regular session of the Legislature is held the State Board of Education shall present to the Legislature an estimate of the amount of money necessary to meet the expenditures to be incurred in the administration of this act for the two school years beginning with the first day of the ensuing July and of the amount necessary to meet the claims of school districts maintaining approve physical education departments under the provision of this act for the two school years beginning with the first day of the ensuing July on the basis of such statement the Legislature shall make an appropriation of such amounts as may be necessary to meet the expenses of carrying this act into effect and of reimbursing such school districts for such school years as herein provided

(4) On or before the tenth day of July of each year the school authorities for each district as herein provided shall present to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction a statement of the amount expended during the school year previous to such first day of July for instruction and equipment in approved physical education departments as herein provided On the basis of such a statement the statement the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall by requisition upon the State Treasurer pay such school districts such reimbursements for the previous year as is provided for in this act

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question?
Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. CONNOR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1282, as follows :

An Act amending section six hundred twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing that the board of school directors of any district shall permit the use of school grounds and buildings for civic social recreational and other purposes under certain conditions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section six hundred twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and nine) which reads as follows

(Section 627) The board of school directors of any district may permit the use of its school grounds and buildings for social recreation and other proper purposes under such rules and regulations as the board may adopt and shall make such arrangements with any city borough or township authorities for the improvement care protection and maintenance of school buildings and grounds for school park play or other recreation purposes as it may see proper and any board of school directors may make such arrangements as it may see proper with any association or individual for the temporary use of school property for schools playgrounds social recreation or other proper educational purposes" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 627 The board of school directors of any district shall permit the use of its school grounds and buildings for civic social recreation and other proper purposes under such rules and regulations as the board may adopt whenever any ten (10) citizens who are property owners and residents of the district may petition and shall make such arrangements with any city borough or township authorities for the improvement care protection and maintenance of school buildings grounds for school park play or other recreation purposes as shall seem proper and any board of school directors shall make such arrangements as it may seem proper with any association or individual for the temporary use of school property for schools playgrounds civic recreation or other proper educational purposes

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, as far I have observed in the examination of this bill the only change from the code is putting the word "shall" for the word "may" that the Board of School Directors shall give the school house or the school grounds to those demanding it. Whereas, in the code it is they "may" give the school house or the school grounds to people requesting it. It appears to me that this bill would take out of the hands of the School Board that which ought to remain in their hands. They are the custodians of the school property; they are held responsible by the people for the property put in their care and this property ought to remain under their control. If the word "shall" is put in it for the word "may" the people, a part of the people, a handfull of people can over-rule the board and acquire the school building, grounds or property for any purpose they may wish. As the code is now, while these people may request the use of the school property, it is up to the board to decide and say whether it is to the best interests of the schools and the public that such request be granted or not. I say the property ought to remain in the hands and under the control of the School Board and not taken out of their hands and put into the hands of a few irresponsible people.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, it appears to me that my friend from York is laboring under a slight misapprehension with respect to this bill. It is true that the bill does say that the School Directors "shall" permit the use of the school grounds and buildings, but it also says "It shall be permitted for civic, social recreation purposes," and it also provides that it "shall be used under the proper rules and regulations as the board may prescribe." Further, it says, "Whenever ten citizens who are property owners and residents of the district shall make petition." It seems to me when you are putting these restrictions around it that it is not quite proper to say that it is to be used by a lot of irresponsible people who take the control of the property away from the directors. The purpose of the bill is to have the use of the school buildings—of course, I am more familiar with conditions in Philadelphia than any place else—but the object is that the buildings be used for recreation purposes. One of the greatest difficulties that social workers find is in getting young men and young women away from saloons and dancing clubs as there is nothing in our social system to take its place. This bill is presented to help them correct this evil. I submit to you that the use of the school property and buildings for this purpose is perfectly proper and the regulations imposed by this bill render it practically impossible for the right to be abused.

On the question recurring,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—66.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Beck,
Benn,
Beyer,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Fackler,
Forster,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Maurer,
McClintock,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Palmer,
Peters,
Spangler,
Swartz,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,

Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Curry,
Dawson,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lipschutz,
Luxemburger,
Pickering,
Powell,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—68.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Barnett,
Becker,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Bungard,
Christman,
Davis,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Eby,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Flynn,
Fruit,
Gingery,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Love,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McClure,
McCurdy,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Myers,
Reel,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Shaaber,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
West,
Wood,
Wylie,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. MANGAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 297, File Folio 4879 on page 17 of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 297, entitled:

An Act to regulate the hours of employment of signalmen towermen gatemen agents train despatchers telegraphers or telephone operators in signal towers or public railroad stations of any railroad operated by steam electricity or other motive power in this State and providing for compensation for extra service performed by such employes

On the question?

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire before the bill is agreed to on third reading, to raise the point of constitutionality.

This bill provides a law for allowing two days' rest for certain classes of labor. Now if it is constitutional it will make a difference in the vote in this House. That question ought to be discussed somewhat, and I raise the question that it violates Section 7 of Article Three, being class legislation, which provides that there shall be no act passed "regulating labor trade, mining or manufacturing." This appears to violate that section and I rise to the question of the constitutionality of this bill.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is of the opinion that the point of order is well taken. However it being a constitutional point of order the Chair will submit it to the House.

Mr. MANGAN. Mr. Speaker, as sponsor of this bill by request, I can only say to you as a member of the Railroad Committee that we gave this bill a public hearing and both sides were heard, the men on one side and the railroads on the other, and the Committee submitted it to you for your consideration.

On the question?

Will the House sustain the point of order raised by the gentleman from Jefferson as to the constitutionality of the bill?

The point of order was sustained and the bill dropped.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1284, as follows:

An Act providing for the appointment of a recreational and educational inquiry commission for the studying investigating and reporting with recommendations upon the recreational and educational conditions and needs of the children in farming districts mining and manufacturing towns defining its duties and making an appropriation therefor

CREATION

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a commission shall be appointed for the purpose of studying investigating and reporting upon the recreational and educational conditions and needs of the children in the farming districts mining and manufacturing towns and shall be known as the recreational and educational inquiry commission

MEMBERS AND APPOINTMENTS

Section 2 The said commission shall consist of five (5) persons One (1) member of the Senate who shall be appointed by the President of the Senate one (1) member of the House who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House and three (3) other persons one (1) of whom shall be a woman who shall be appointed by the Governor The commission shall be appointed promptly and shall serve without compensation

ORGANIZATION

Section 3 (1) The initial meeting of the commission shall be called by the Senate member and at such meeting the commission shall choose from its own members a chairman

(2) The commission shall have power to adopt rules of procedure and prescribe regulations for the conduct of all business within its jurisdiction Three (3) members shall constitute a quorum

DUTIES

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the commission ,

(a) To make a thorough study and investigation of the educational and recreational conditions and needs of the children of the farming districts and towns and mining and manufacturing towns

(b) To appoint a suitable person who shall make a survey of these matters and report to the commission the facts found and his or her recommendations and to fix his or her compensation

(c) To make a full and accurate report from this survey and the information obtained by its study and investigation of the conditions found and its recommendations for the better adaptation of the schools to the educational and recreational needs of the children of the farming district mining and manufacturing towns

(d) To submit this report to the Governor on or before the first day of November one thousand nine hundred sixteen

APPROPRIATION

Section 5 The sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to pay for the making of the investigation and report The payment of the money appropriated shall be on the order of the chairman of the commission and upon a warrant of the Auditor General and subject to such regulations as may be imposed by the Auditor General

On the question?

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of House Bill No. 1248 be postponed for the present.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1161, as follows:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to secure to laborers within this Commonwealth the benefit of the exemption laws of this Commonwealth and to prevent assignment of claims for the purpose of securing their collection against laborers outside of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven regulating the practice in trials on actions of debt instituted under the terms and provisions of the said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That upon the trial of any action of debt instituted under and by virtue of the terms and provisions of the act to which this is a supplement the assignment or transfer of any claim against the plaintiff and the commencement of prosecution in a court outside of this Commonwealth of proceedings in attachment or garnishment thereon which might could or do deprive the plaintiff of the benefit of the right to have his personal earnings or property exempt from application to the payment of his debts according to the laws of this Commonwealth shall be prima facie evidence of an intention and purpose to violate the provisions of the said act to which this act is a supplement

On the question?
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—66.

Adams,
Alexander,
Beck,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Eby,
Forster,
Fretz,
Geary,
Gibson,
Goodyear,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Howarth,
Jack,
Kaiser,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Marvin,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Milliron,
Myers,
Neville,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Rudisill,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Spangler,
Staving,
Stern,
Swan,
Swartz,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weaver,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,

NAYS—52.

Albee,
Alcorn,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Campbell, J. O.,
Eppley,
Evans,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodwin,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Horton,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lanius,
Lindsey,
Luxemburger,
McCurdy,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Perry,
Peters,
Rhoads,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Smith, J. W.,
Spencer,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
West,
Wood,
Ambler,
Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 831, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof is proposed

AMENDMENT

Strike out from section one of article eight the fourth paragraph of said section which reads as follows

"If twenty-two years of age and upwards he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election" so that section one of the said article eight which reads as follows

"Section 1 Qualifications of Electors Every male citizen twenty-one years of age possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact

1 He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month

2 He shall have resided in the State one year (or having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned then six months) immediately preceding the election

3 He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election

4 If twenty-two years of age and upwards he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election" shall be amended to read as follows

Section 1 Qualifications of Electors Every male citizen twenty-one years of age possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact

First He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month

Second He shall have resided in the State one year (or if having previoiusly been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned then six months) immediately preceding the election

Third He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election

On the question?
Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. ARON. Mr. Speaker, as sponsor of House Bill No. 831, I move that it be postponed for the present.

Mr. CONNOR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1320, as follows:

An Act regulating and defining the relations between the operators of coal mines and the mine foremen and assistants thereof employed by such operators

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act mine foremen and their assistants and fire bosses employed in and about the coal mines of this Commonwealth shall be the agents and employes of the operators of such mines shall be employed and discharged as are other agents and employes of such operators and said operators shall be responsible for the acts and neglects of such mine foremen and their assistants as in the case of other agents and employes of such operators and notwithstanding the employment of such mine foremen and their assistants such mines and the operation thereof shall at all times be under the supervision management and control of such operators

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question?
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—161.

Adams,
Albee,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Sullivan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Statler.
Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 645, as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase or the appropriation from the State forest reserves of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary making an appropriation therefor authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary and the buildings and materials thereon" approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven making an additional appropriation for erection construction and equipment

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred thousand ($200,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Inspectors of the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania for continuation of the erection construction and equipment of the said Western Penitentiary in Centre county authorized by an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase or the appropriation from the State forest reserves of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary making an appropriation therefor authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary and the buildings and materials thereon" approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven

On the question?

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Bungard.
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Albee,
Brownlee,
Eby,
Leighner,
Whitten,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. BEYER. I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 1055, File Folio 6571, on page eighteen of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed for the present.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1055, entitled:

An Act continuing the work of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill simply continues the commission appointed at the last session of the legislature to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of this Commonwealth. It is the same subject matter that our friend from Philadelphia, Mr. Graham, discussed last evening. The House voted almost unanimously on the bills then before us providing for certain kinds of labor to be done by inmates of our penal institutions. The bill now before you continues that commission which recommended that line of work. The time that they have had to work in has been very short, and it is hoped that they will be permitted to continue their labors until the next session of the legislature and recommend further legislation.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—155.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey.
Lipschutz,
Love.
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville.
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig.
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—6.

Baldwin,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Walter,
Whitten,
Williams,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 1054, Filo Folio 6561, on page eighteen of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed for the present.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1054, entitled:

An Act providing for the purchase of a tract of land to be used for the benefit of the Eastern Penitentiary regulating the operation of the tract and the duties of the Secretary of Agriculture and the Commission of Forestry and making an appropriation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL STRICKEN FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. CURRY. Mr Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

TIME EXTENDED ON HOUSE BILL NO. 26.

Mr. Dawson asked and received unanimous consent to extend the time limit for five days on House Bill No. 26, File Folio 6623, entitled:

An Act to protect public life and safety by regulating and prohibiting the manufacture sale use offering giving away disposing lending leasing carrying and possession of certain weapons arms and firearms fixing duties of the district attorney and county commissioners and providing penalties

on page seventeen of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed for the present.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1497, entitled:

An Act authorizing the exoneration of John McSorley from the payment of certain taxes erroneously assessed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox.
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dell.
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans.
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McKay,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weimer,
Weir,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. ADAMS in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1530 (Senate No. 574), entitled:

An Act to amend rule eighteen of the General Rules in article twenty-five of the act of June nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six) entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—151.

Adams,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Arthur,
Baker,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Dawson,
Dell,
Drinkhouse,
Eby,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Marvin,
Mather,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Neville,
Nieder,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Rhoads,
Richards,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Schaeffer,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weir,
West,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 390, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act granting an annuity to J. H. Pershing."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BUNGARD. Mr. Speaker, as the sponsor of this bill it is necessary for me at this time to explain the merits of the bill. However, I think that a speech on this bill is needless and unnecessary. As a special act of this Legislature in 1897 Reverend Doctor Pershing, of Greensburg, was granted an annuity of ten dollars per month, or one hundred and twenty dollars per year. Since that time he has been in the hospital three times and is at this present time in the hospital as the result of injuries received while in the line of battle.

Doctor Pershing was one of the emergency men and fought on the fields of Gettysburg during those perilous times and has helped to transfer that great battlefield from a river of blood into a paradise. Now he comes asking this Legislature to grant him an increase in that annuity from one hundred and twenty dollars to three hundred dollars a year. Doctor Pershing and his wife are unable to live on this one hundred and twenty dollars a year and in the few days that he has to live yet, I would ask that this body of gentlemen vote for this increase. He has no other pension and no other resources, therefore, gentlemen, I trust that the love of patriotism will actuate you at this time, and that you will vote favorably upon this bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanfus,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McConnell,
McDermott,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Weimer,
West,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wobensmith,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1206, as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner to submit to the Legislature at the beginning of each session a special report which shall contain an estimate of the amount of money which in his judgment is necessary for the adequate systematic and economical maintenance and repair of

(1) Every mile of so-called unimproved State highway for the maintenance of which the State Highway Department is responsible and the general average amount per mile needed

(2) Every mile of so-called permanently improved State highway for the maintenance of which the State Highway Department is responsible and the general average amount per mile needed for the various types of road

(3) Every mile of State-aid highway for the maintenance of which the State Highway Department is responsible the State's share of such maintenance cost and the general average amount per mile needed for the various types of road and

(4) An estimate of the amount of appropriation necessary for the next two years to pay townships the State-aid due them for township roads under the provisions of our laws governing second class townships

Section 2 The State Highway Commissioner shall also recommend to the Legislature the amount of money which in his judgment could be efficiently and economically expended during the ensuing two or more years

(1) In the construction of State-aid highways and

(2) In making preliminary improvements of a permanent character (such as re-locating widening and underdraining road reducing grades building concrete bridges and culverts et cetera) on State highways and (so-called) permanently improving State highways

Section 3 All money appropriated to the State Highway Department for State highway construction work whether from direct appropriation automobile license fees or other sources shall be equitably apportioned among the counties coming under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement in the following manner

One-third according to the proportion which the mileage of unimproved State highways of each county bears to the total mileage of unimproved State highways in the State The State Highway Commissioner shall prescribe standards and determine the number of miles of so-called permanently improved State highways in each county and the remainder shall constitute the mileage of unimproved State highways

One-third according to the proportion which the population of each county as determined by the last preceding federal census bears to the population of the counties coming under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement

One-third according to the proportion which the mileage of county and township highways of each county bears to the total mileage of county and township highways in the Commonwealth Provided however That the State Highway Commissioner shall have the authority to deduct from the total amount thus apportioned to the several counties for permanent construction work an average amount of not more than ten per centum which he may set aside in a separate fund to be used at his discretion in adjusting inequalities among the counties for aiding in the completion of certain definite stretches of State highways that he may deem essential for the proper internal development of the State as a whole for the purchase of construction machinery and equipment or for other miscellaneous purposes subject however to the general approval of the Governor

Section 4 All money appropriated to the State Highway Department for the maintenance and repair of all State highways improved and unimproved whether from direct appropriation automobile license fees or other sources shall be equitably apportioned among the counties entitled to receive it according to the fair and just needs and requirements of every mile of such State highways and such apportionments shall be held separately and used by the State Highway Department for the benefit of such county until proper provision has been made for the adequate repair and systematic all-the-year-round maintenance of every mile of State highway within such county for the maintenance of which the State Highway Department is responsible Provided however That the State Highway Commissioner shall have the authority to deduct from the total amounts thus apportioned to the several counties an average amount of not more than ten per centum which he may set aside in a separate fund which together with any unused and unneeded balances remaining from amounts apportioned to any county may be used if necessary in whole or i npart at his discretion for the purchase of maintenance machinery and equipment for extraordinary repairs made necessary by floods storms et cetera and for other unforseen contingencies Provided further however That in the repair or resurfacing of any so-called permanently improved State highway in any county involving an expenditure per mile of an amount in excess of thirty per centum of the original cost of the road per mile such amount in excess of thirty per centum shall be charged to and paid out of any appropriation apportioned to such county for permanent construction work on State highways as hereinbefore provided for

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Becker,
Benn,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaffer,
Shoop.
Showalter,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—1.

West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1323, entitled:

An Act to provide for utilizing rock and other minerals existing upon the land owned by the Commonwealth used for the Western Penitentiary in Centre county and affording occupation to the inmates thereof by permitting the Board of Inspectors by the said inmates to mine quarry or dig such materials and make the same into such products and by such means as may be found desirable and authorizing the use of said materials or products for the purpose of said penitentiary and the sale of the surplus if any for the maintenance of said institution

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McConnell,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer.
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jones, E. E.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
McCurdy,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mellot,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Watson,
Weimer,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wynne,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 617, entitled:

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road in Adams county

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Adams, Mr. Rudisill, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. RUDISILL. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman to explain how it occurs that this one particular bill creating a new State highway, or a section of a new State Highway, is on the calendar here to the exclusion of any other bill, if he knows the reason.

Mr. RUDISILL. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides for the State to take over a section of the town road beginning at the limits of the Military Park, south of Gettysburg, on the American line. Part of this road has already been built by the Battlefield Commission. They desire to complete that line and want assurance that Pennsylvania will do something in the future to take care of this section. This road begins right below the Round Top and is on a direct line to Washington and is on a direct route to Frederick, Maryland. I would ask the members of this House to pass this bill. It is four miles long and it is of national interest and not local.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, how long will it be that the State will have to build

Mr. RUDISILL. Mr. Speaker, between four or five miles.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I dislike to oppose any gentleman's bill, particularly a bill of this character, but as you all know, the road question is a very serious one and all during this session I have put my best effort forward to try to take care of roads that are already on the system. There were plenty of roads throughout the State, little sections of roads, that were of importance and it was really necessary that they should be included in this general highway scheme. I have no real objection to this one particular road. However, it does not seem to me that it would be wise at this session to allow one single bill to go though that will create an entirely new highway. As a matter of sentiment the expressions of the gentleman who is the sponsor of this bill are exactly right; but it does seem to me that if this road is of so much importance, and we will agree that it is, that it might be proper for the National Government to take up the matter and relieve us of the embarrassment involved in this particular session. As you all ought to know, and I believe you do know, that there has been a little danger with regard to the system in its entirety as it now exists. If we open the door even to this little extent I greatly fear the result. I am only expressing my own sentiment in the matter and I regret exceedingly that I feel obliged to express any opposition to this bill, but, for my own part, I feel that it would not be wise to allow even a small road to be created at this time and not permit any of the other members to have roads of theirs taken care of. If I am wrong in this I am willing to be corrected, but it seems to me that this bill should be stricken off the calendar. Therefore, in order to bring this to a focus, I move that this bill be stricken off the calendar.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, this bill appears to be on the calendar after the Roads Committee has given the thing very careful consideration. It is only four miles in length and the public will accordingly desire to see this piece of road constructed. It does seem to me that the House can well afford to pass this bill. Naturally, there have been some mistakes made in the State in this great road system. Now, the Public Roads Committee has O. K'd. this proposition and it is in a county that is not one of the richest counties in our State and I, therefore, feel that we can afford to say to this county that we can add these four miles.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to this bill, in the first place, for the reason that the State does not have the money to build the roads that we already have, and I am opposed to it, in the second place, because I have a number of bills prepared to introduce to have new roads made, but the chairman of the Committee on Roads assured me that there will be no new roads reported out of the committee. For that reason I seconded the motion and that is why I am opposed to this bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question?

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as fellows, viz:

YEAS—119.

Adams,
Alexander,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Beyer,
Body,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Cox,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Forster,
Fruit,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Goodnough,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Howarth,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Neville,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Staving,
Stern,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Walsh,
Walter,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—21.

Alcorn,
Arnold,
Baker,
Bergy,
Blackburn,
Brosius,
Campbell, J. O.,
Corbin,
Eby,
Jack,
Lanius,
Leighner,
Marvin,
McClintock,
Pickering,
Sones,
Thomas,
West,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1489, entitled:

An Act to provide for just compensation to the Commonwealth and to persons and corporations for loss or damage to property by fire proximately caused by the operation of locomotive engines on railroads in this state by making railroad corporations responsible for all such loss and damage irrespective of the existence or non-existence of negligence on their part, in cases where such fires arise within one hundred feet of the railroads or rights of way owned or operated by such corporations outside of the territorial limits of cities and boroughs

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—23.

Brosius,
Campbell, T.,
Conner,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Forster,
Gibson,
Glass,
Gormley,
Habgood,
Klinger,
Lipschutz,
Maurer,
McCurdy,
Murphy,
Myers,
Reel,
Rinn,
Sarig,
Whitaker,
Williams,
Wilson, H. L.,
Wynne,

NAYS—104.

Adams,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baldwin,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee,
Brownlee,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Coldsmith,
Corbin,
Curry,
Dodds,
Dunn,
Eby,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Fruit,
Geary,
Gingery,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hollern,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kuhn,
Lafferty,
Lauler,
Leighner
Love,
Luxemburger,
Marvin,
Mather,
McCaig,
McDermott,
McVicar,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Neville,
Ostrander,
Peters,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Walsh,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
West,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Wylie,
Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

MR. ADAMS ENDORSED FOR SHERIFF.

Mr. EBY. Mr. Speaker, I move that it is the consensus of opinion of this House that the Speaker Pro. Tem. the Honorable General Bill Adams, on account of his efficient services as Speaker be and is hereby unanimously endorsed by this body as the logical candidate for Sheriff of Luzerne County.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 649, entitled:

An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation; creating and establishing a public service bureau in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania for the regulation thereof; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such bureau and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolishment of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies, providing for the ascertainment by the bureau of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation, or abolishment and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the bureau, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such bureau, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the bureau, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of orders of said bureau; making it the duty of the Public Service Bureau to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, which provided for the creating and establishing of the Public Service Commission, and the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and coroporations or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved the twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the provise of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SWARTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title by striking out of the seventh line thereof, after the word "the" the word "exclusive."

Further amend the title by striking out after the word "of" in the twenty-fourth line thereof, the following: "Dauphin County exclusive" and insert in lieu thereof the following, "the proper county."

Further amend the title by striking out after the word "bureau" in the thirty-first line the following, "making it the duty of the Public Service Bureau to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employees on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" by amending section nine thereof."

Further amend the title by striking out after the word "seven" in the fifty-third line the following, "and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four."

Article 1

Amend Section 1, line 53, by striking out the word "Corportation" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Corporation"

Amend Section 1, line 72, by striking out the word "brdige" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "bridge"

Amend Section 1, line 83, by striking out the first word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"

Amend Section 1, line 86, by striking out the word "is" and inserting in lieu thereof the word 'as"

Amend Section 1, line 88, by striking out the word "rendreed" and inserting, in lieu thereof the word "rendered"

Amend Section 1, line 119, by inserting before the word "municipality" the letter "a"

Article II

Amend Section 1, line 62, by striking out the word "fare" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fares"

Amend Section 1, line 74, by striking out the word "rate" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "rates"

Amend Section 1, line 75, by striking out the words "rate fare" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "rates fares"

Amend Section 1, line 76, by striking out the word "charge" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "charges"

Amend Section 1, line 203, by striking out the word "Privoded" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Provided"

Amend Section 1, line 304, by striking out the word "originating" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "original"

Article III

Amend Section 1, line 31, by striking out the word "to" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "To"

Amend Section 2, lines 3 and 4, by striking out the words "for any proposed public service company."

Amend Section 3, line 59, by striking out the second word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"

Amend Section 10, line 3, by striking out the word "provileges" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "privileges"

Article IV.

Amend section 9, line 4, by striking out the word "Statisticians" and in serting in lieu thereof the word "statistician."

Amend section 11, line 13, by striking out the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the letter "a."

Amend section 11, line 16, by striking out the word "Anna" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Anno."

Article V.

Amend section 1, line 20, by striking out the word "streeet" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "street."

Amend section 9, line 19, by striking out the first word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or."

Amend section 133, line 27, by striking out the word "ultaion" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ulation."

Amend section 12, line 44, by striking out the word "whcih" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "which."

Amend section 13, line 56, by striking out the word "pensation" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sation."

Amend section 12, line 157, by striking out the word "determniation" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "determination."

Amend section 18, line 30, by striking out the word "croporation" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "corporation."

Amend section 18, line 44, by striking out the word "accommdoation" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "accommodation."

Amend section 20, line 8, by striking out the word "vadlue" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "value."

Article VI.

Amend section 3, line 7, by striking out the letter "a" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or."

Amend section 6, line 2, by striking out the second word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of."

Amend section 6, line 7, by striking out the first word "sideration" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "by the affidavit"; also by striking out the last five words and inserting in lieu thereof the words "which shall contain a."

Amend section 6, line 13, by striking out the word "camplained" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "complained."

Amend section 7, line 14, by inserting after the word "shall" the word "be."

Amend section 13, line 10, by striking out the word "certificate" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "certified."

Amend section 33, line 11, by striking out the word "Dauphin" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the proper."

Amend section 53, line 35, by striking out the word "provided" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "approved."

Amend section 52, line 88, by striking out the word "of."

Amend section 52, line 89, by striking out the word "after" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "for."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1324, entitled:

An Act to amend the tenth and fourteenth sections of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" approved the nineteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven so that a convict sentenced to the penitentiary for a crime committed during his period of parole shall begin to serve the said sentence after having first served the remainder of the term which such convict would have been compelled to serve but for the commutation authorizing said parole and so that a convict violating his or her parole may be arrested and confined by authority of the board of inspectors of the penitentiary from which such convict shall have been released on parole and investigation and report upon said case made by said board before the Governor shall issue his mandate for the recommitment of such convict

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the sponsor of this bill explain the purpose of it.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of the bill, I move that further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1292, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. A. C. SCHAEFFER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No 1103, entitled:

An Act validating divorces heretofore procured in the United tSates of America in jurisdictions outside the State of Pennsylvania where the libellant has been a resident of the State in which said divorce was procured and the respondent a resident of the State of Pennsylvania and validating marriages subsequently contracted by either of such divorced persons and legitimizing the issue thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. KAISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SWAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1515, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of writ servers and process servers in the office of the sheriff in counties containing a population of more than one million four hundred thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur.
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Bovee.
Brosius,
Gans,
Geary,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
Mearkle,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Myers,
Nieder,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Swan,
Swartz,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmitn,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnertv,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kunkle,
Laffertv,
Landis,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luxemburger,
Mangan,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weir,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wvlie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 698, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Duquesne University of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir.
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER (Mr. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1070, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home Hospital and Infirmary of Lancaster county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1124, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania State College for educational extension work and for maintaining a summer school for teachers

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in order to extend to the people of the State the work of The Pennsylvania State College along useful and practical lines the following sums are hereby specifically appropriated for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to the trustees of The Pennsylvania State College as they may deem necessary for the following purposes namely

For meeting the provisions of the Act of Congress approved May eighth nineteen hundred and fourteen and for forms of extension work in agriculture and home economics the sum of eighty thousand ($80,000.00) dollars

For organizing and maintaining apprentice trade and night schools and classes in co-operation with public school boards boards of trade chambers of commerce mining institutes mine workers community organizations and other institutions and organizations including lecture courses reading clubs instruction printing information equipment and other forms of organized education effort the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars

For maintaining at the college a summer session for teachers including instruction printing equipment supplies janitor service et cetera the sum of twelve thousand ($12,000.00) dollars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 559, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of the William Penn Memorial Bridge Commission, defining its duties and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1371, entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the Board of Public Charities to prepare and report to the Legislature at the opening of the next regular session a plan whereby the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can support and care for all its dependent insane in institutions owned and controlled by it with a view to the establishment of this policy at the earliest possible date

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer, A. C.,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer, C. A.,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 787, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Country Home located in Darby Delaware County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,

Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams.
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,

Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,

Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 290, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Sheltering Home and Home for the Homeless and Aged of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay.
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
erman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 864, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence General Hospital located between Germantown and Roxborough Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Leighner,
Luppert

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Nieder,
Neville,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1657 (Senate No. 965), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of the salaries and traveling expenses of its officers the establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation purchase and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses necessary to the efficient performance of its work

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,

Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,

Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,

Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith. Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,

Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1655 (Senate No. 989), entitled:

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Clarence Balentine of Scranton Pennsylvania the amount paid by him as his commission for notary public and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 720, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lebanon Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Willard,
Wildman,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1658 (Senate No. 961), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to R. D. Myers of New Oxford Adams county Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1107, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Maternity Association of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern.
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1207, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of this Commonwealth for paying such expenditures as may be incurred to protect property and the public health and to promote the safety of its citizens of this Commonwealth and others from loss and danger from mine fires when such fires become a public nuisance in the judgment of the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth and providing how such expenditures shall be made how the Commonwealth shall be repaid and authorizing the condemnation destruction and appropriation of property material and compensation and the entering of liens against the property upon which the fires may be burning for the expense of removing such nuisance or putting out or controlling the same therefor to carry into effect the purposes of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Fruit.
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Luxemburger,
Lynch.
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy.
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,

Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer.
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1648 (Senate No. 920), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1255, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Osteopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gormley,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1342, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Edinboro State Normal School

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius,
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby,
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton.
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
McArdle.
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell.
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott.
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz,
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League for the Grandview Sanatorium and the Bonair Sanatorium

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—207.

Adams,
Albee,
Alcorn,
Alexander,
Arnold,
Gallagher,
Gans,
Garner,
Geary,
Geiser,
Lynch,
Mangan,
Marvin,
Mather,
Maurer,
Shoop,
Showalter,
Sinclair,
Smith, J. W.,
Smith, Jeff. W
Aron,
Arthur,
Baker,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Bauerle,
Beck,
Becker,
Benn,
Benninger,
Bergy,
Berntheizel,
Beyer,
Blackburn,
Body,
Bovee,
Brosius
Brownlee,
Brumbaugh,
Bungard,
Campbell, J. O.,
Campbell, T.,
Christman,
Coldsmith,
Conner,
Corbin,
Cox,
Cromer,
Cummins,
Curry,
Davis,
Dawson,
Dell,
Diefenderfer,
Dodds,
Drinkhouse,
Dunn,
Eby.
Ehrhardt,
Eppley,
Erdman,
Evans,
Fackler,
Finnerty,
Flynn,
Forster,
Fretz,
Fruit,
Gibson,
Gingery,
Glass,
Glenn,
Gompers,
Goodnough,
Goodwin,
Goodyear,
Gormley,
Graham,
Gransback,
Greenwood,
Habgood,
Hackett,
Haggerty,
Hamilton,
Harper,
Heffernan,
Herman,
Hess,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hoffman,
Hollern,
Hollingsworth,
Horton,
Howarth,
Hubler,
Jack,
Jones, E. E.,
Jones, W. W.,
Kaiser,
Kitts,
Klinger,
Kuhn,
Kunkle,
Lafferty,
Landis,
Lanius,
Lauer,
Lauler,
Leighner,
Lindsey,
Lipschutz,
Love,
Luppert,
Luxemburger,
McArdle,
McCaig,
McClintock,
McClure,
McConnell,
McCurdy,
McDermott,
McKay,
McNichol,
McVicar,
Mearkle,
Mellott,
Metzenbacher,
Milliron,
Murdoch,
Murphy,
Myers,
Neville,
Nieder,
Nissley,
Oaks,
Ostrander,
Palmer,
Perry,
Peters,
Phillips,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reel,
Reynolds,
Rhoads,
Rich,
Richards,
Rininger,
Rinn,
Robertson,
Roney,
Rothenberger,
Rowell,
Rudisill,
Sampsel,
Sarig,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shaaber,
Shaffer,
Smith, L.,
Snyder,
Sones,
Spangler,
Spencer,
Statler,
Staving,
Steedle,
Stein,
Stern,
Stone,
Sullivan,
Swan,
Swartz.
Taylor,
Thomas,
Trach,
Twibill,
Urich,
Vickerman,
Vogdes,
Wagner,
Walsh,
Walter,
Walton,
Watson,
Weaver,
Weimer,
Weir,
West,
Wettach,
Whitaker,
Whitten,
Wildman,
Willard,
Williams,
Wilson, H. I.,
Wilson, W. H.,
Wobensmith,
Wood,
Woodward,
Wylie,
Wynne,
Young.
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. DELL offered the following motion which was twice read and considered.

Moved by Mr. Dell, seconded by Mr. Gingery, that the vote by which House Bill No. 758, File Folio 6621, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs towns and first class townships to form and to join associations for certain purposes and to appropriate moneys therefor

was defeated on third reading and final passage on Wednesday, April 28th, be reconsidered.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

TIME EXTENDED ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1075.

Mr. GIBSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to extend for five days the time limit on House Bill No. 1075 (Senate Bill No. 288), File Folio 783, entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons

on page eight of to-day's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed for the present.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills have passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 404.

An Act providing a system of government for boroughs and revising amending and consolidating the law relating to boroughs

House Bill No. 1480.

An Act amending an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing the Auditor General to empower the chief clerk of his department to do certain official acts" by authorizing the Auditor General to empower certain other employes of his Department to do such official acts as the Auditor General may designate

House Bill No. 1334.

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 1213.

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations or appointments on such Boards of Visitation

House Bill No. 1406.

An Act requiring magistrates upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused

House Bill No. 586.

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

House Bill No. 1175.

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne County to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County

House Bill No. 1128.

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House Bill No. 1192.

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one by designating the counties of Cameron and Elk as the twenty-fifth district and attaching the county of Clinton to the fifty-fifth district

House Bill No. 925.

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each

House Bill No. 723.

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and affected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 727.

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other States where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the State line of any State adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. GINGERY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10:30 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10:00 o'clock.

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS-URBANA
3 0112 073268721